



# MICROCHIP

# 25AA080A/B, 25LC080A/B

## 8K SPI Bus Serial EEPROM

### Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Page Size	Temp. Ranges	Packages
25LC080A	2.5-5.5V	16 Byte	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS
25AA080A	1.8-5.5V	16 Byte	I	P, SN, ST, MS
25LC080B	2.5-5.5V	32 Byte	I, E	P, SN, ST, MS
25AA080B	1.8-5.5V	32 Byte	I	P, SN, ST, MS

### Features

- Max. clock 10 MHz
- Low-power CMOS technology
- 1024 x 8-bit organization
- 16 byte page ('A' version devices)
- 32 byte page ('B' version devices)
- Write cycle time: 5 ms max.
- Self-timed ERASE and WRITE cycles
- Block write protection
  - Protect none, 1/4, 1/2 or all of array
- Built-in write protection
  - Power-on/off data protection circuitry
  - Write enable latch
  - Write-protect pin
- Sequential read
- High reliability
  - Endurance: 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
  - Data retention: > 200 years
  - ESD protection: > 4000V
- Pb-free and RoHS compliant
- Temperature ranges supported;
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

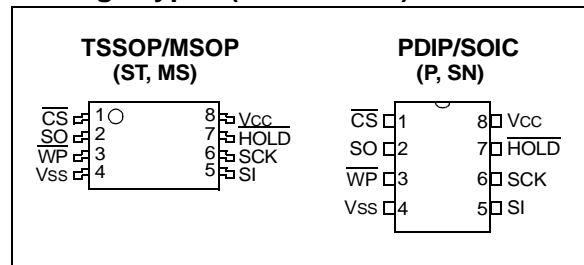
### Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 25AA080A/B, 25LC080A/B (25XX080A/B\*) are 8 Kbit Serial Electrically Erasable PROMs. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select ( $\overline{CS}$ ) input.

Communication to the device can be paused via the hold pin (HOLD). While the device is paused, transitions on its inputs will be ignored, with the exception of chip select, allowing the host to service higher priority interrupts.

The 25XX080A/B is available in standard packages including 8-lead PDIP and SOIC, and advanced packaging including 8-lead MSOP, and 8-lead TSSOP. All packages are Pb-free and RoHS compliant.

### Package Types (not to scale)



### Pin Function Table

Name	Function
$\overline{CS}$	Chip Select Input
SO	Serial Data Output
$\overline{WP}$	Write-Protect
Vss	Ground
SI	Serial Data Input
SCK	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{HOLD}$	Hold Input
Vcc	Supply Voltage

\*25XX080A/B is used in this document as a generic part number for the 25AA080A/B, 25LC080A/B.

# 25XX080A/B

## 1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (†)

V <sub>CC</sub> .....	7.0V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. V <sub>SS</sub> .....	-0.6V to V <sub>CC</sub> +1.0V
Storage temperature .....	-65°C to 150°C
Ambient temperature under bias .....	-65°C to 125°C
ESD protection on all pins .....	4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

**TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS**

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C to +85°C		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V to 5.5V	
			Automotive (E): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C to +125°C		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V	
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
D001	V <sub>IH1</sub>	High-level input voltage	2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> +1	V	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.7V ( <b>Note</b> )
D002	V <sub>IH2</sub>		0.7 V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> +1	V	V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.7V ( <b>Note</b> )
D003	V <sub>IL1</sub>	Low-level input voltage	-0.3	0.8	V	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.7V ( <b>Note</b> )
D004	V <sub>IL2</sub>		-0.3	0.2 V <sub>CC</sub>	V	V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.7V ( <b>Note</b> )
D005	V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	—	0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA
D006	V <sub>OL</sub>		—	0.2	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
D007	V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.5	—	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA
D008	I <sub>LI</sub>	Input leakage current		±1	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$ , V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> TO V <sub>CC</sub>
D009	I <sub>LO</sub>	Output leakage current		±1	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC}$ , V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub> TO V <sub>CC</sub>
D010	C <sub>INT</sub>	Internal Capacitance (all inputs and outputs)	—	7	pF	T <sub>AMB</sub> = 25°C, CLK = 1.0 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V ( <b>Note</b> )
D011	I <sub>CC</sub> Read	Operating Current	—	6	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V; F <sub>CLK</sub> = 10.0 MHz; SO = Open
			—	2.5	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V; F <sub>CLK</sub> = 5.0 MHz; SO = Open
D012	I <sub>CC</sub> Write		—	3	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V
D013	I <sub>CCS</sub>	Standby Current	—	5	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , Inputs tied to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> , T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C TO +125°C
			—	1	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , Inputs tied to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> , T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C TO +85°C

**Note:** This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

**TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C to +85°C V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C to +125°C V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	—	10	MHz	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			—	5	MHz	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			—	3	MHz	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
2	T <sub>CSS</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Setup Time	50	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			100	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			150	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
3	T <sub>CSH</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Hold Time	100	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			200	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			250	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
4	T <sub>CSD</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ Disable Time	50	—	ns	—
5	T <sub>SU</sub>	Data Setup Time	10	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			20	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			30	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
6	T <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold Time	20	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			40	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			50	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
7	T <sub>R</sub>	CLK Rise Time	—	500	ns	(Note 1)
8	T <sub>F</sub>	CLK Fall Time	—	500	ns	(Note 1)
9	T <sub>HI</sub>	Clock High Time	50	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			100	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			150	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
10	T <sub>LO</sub>	Clock Low Time	50	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			100	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			150	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
11	T <sub>CLD</sub>	Clock Delay Time	50	—	ns	—
12	T <sub>CLE</sub>	Clock Enable Time	50	—	ns	—
13	T <sub>V</sub>	Output Valid from Clock Low	—	50	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			—	100	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			—	160	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
14	T <sub>HO</sub>	Output Hold Time	0	—	ns	(Note 1)
15	T <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time	—	40	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V (Note 1)
			—	80	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V (Note 1)
			—	160	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V (Note 1)
16	T <sub>HS</sub>	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Setup Time	20	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			40	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			80	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V

**Note 1:** This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

**2:** This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from our web site: [www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com).

**3:** T<sub>wc</sub> begins on the rising edge of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

# 25XX080A/B

**TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)**

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C to +85°C V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V to 5.5V Automotive (E): T <sub>AMB</sub> = -40°C to +125°C V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V			
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
17	T <sub>HH</sub>	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Hold Time	20	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			40	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			80	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
18	T <sub>HZ</sub>	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ Low to Output High-Z	30	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V <b>(Note 1)</b>
			60	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V <b>(Note 1)</b>
			160	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V <b>(Note 1)</b>
19	T <sub>HV</sub>	$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ High to Output Valid	30	—	ns	4.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5V
			60	—	ns	2.5V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V
			160	—	ns	1.8V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> < 2.5V
20	T <sub>WC</sub>	Internal Write Cycle Time	—	5	ms	<b>(Note 3)</b>
21	—	Endurance	1,000,000	—	E/W Cycles	<b>(Note 2)</b>

**Note 1:** This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

**2:** This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from our web site: [www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com).

**3:** T<sub>WC</sub> begins on the rising edge of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

**TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS**

AC Waveform:	
V <sub>LO</sub> = 0.2V	—
V <sub>HI</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2V	<b>(Note 1)</b>
V <sub>HI</sub> = 4.0V	<b>(Note 2)</b>
Timing Measurement Reference Level	
Input	0.5 V <sub>CC</sub>
Output	0.5 V <sub>CC</sub>

**Note 1:** For V<sub>CC</sub> ≤ 4.0V

**2:** For V<sub>CC</sub> > 4.0V

**FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING**



**FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING**



**FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING**



# 25XX080A/B

## 2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 Principles of Operation

The 25XX080A/B are 1024 byte Serial EEPROMs designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC<sup>®</sup> microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in Synchronous Serial Port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly with the software.

The 25XX080A/B contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the rising edge of SCK. The  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  pin must be low and the HOLD pin must be high for the entire operation.

Table 2-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and format for device operation. All instructions, addresses, and data are transferred MSB first, LSB last.

Data (SI) is sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  goes low. If the clock line is shared with other peripheral devices on the SPI bus, the user can assert the HOLD input and place the 25XX080A/B in 'HOLD' mode. After releasing the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  pin, operation will resume from the point when the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  was asserted.

### 2.2 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low. The 8-bit read instruction is transmitted to the 25XX080A/B followed by the 16-bit address, with the six MSBs of the address being don't care bits. After the correct read instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address is shifted out on the SO pin. The data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses. The internal address pointer is automatically incremented to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (03FFh), the address counter rolls over to address 0000h allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  pin (Figure 2-1).

### 2.3 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 25XX080A/B, the write enable latch must be set by issuing the WREN instruction (Figure 2-4). This is done by setting  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low and then clocking out the proper instruction into the 25XX080A/B. After all eight bits of the instruction are transmitted, the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  must be brought high to set the write enable latch. If the write operation is initiated immediately after the WREN instruction without  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  being brought high, the data will not be written to the array because the write enable latch will not have been properly set.

Once the write enable latch is set, the user may proceed by setting the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  low, issuing a WRITE instruction, followed by the 16-bit address, with the six MSBs of the address being don't care bits, and then the data to be written. Up to 16 bytes (25XX080A) or 32 bytes (25XX080B) of data can be sent to the device before a write cycle is necessary. The only restriction is that all of the bytes must reside in the same page.

**Note:** Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, **regardless** of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and, end at addresses that are integer multiples of page size - 1. If a Page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

For the data to be actually written to the array, the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  must be brought high after the Least Significant bit (D0) of the  $n^{\text{th}}$  data byte has been clocked in. If  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is brought high at any other time, the write operation will not be completed. Refer to Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 for more detailed illustrations on the byte write sequence and the page write sequence respectively. While the write is in progress, the Status Register may be read to check the status of the WPEN, WIP, WEL, BP1 and BP0 bits (Figure 2-6). A read attempt of a memory array location will not be possible during a write cycle. When the write cycle is completed, the write enable latch is reset.

## Block Diagram



**TABLE 2-1: INSTRUCTION SET**

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Description
READ	0000 0011	Read data from memory array beginning at selected address
WRITE	0000 0010	Write data to memory array beginning at selected address
WRDI	0000 0100	Reset the write enable latch (disable write operations)
WREN	0000 0110	Set the write enable latch (enable write operations)
RDSR	0000 0101	Read Status Register
WRSR	0000 0001	Write Status Register

**FIGURE 2-1: READ SEQUENCE**



# 25XX080A/B

**FIGURE 2-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE**



**FIGURE 2-3: PAGE WRITE SEQUENCE**





## 2.4 Write Enable (WREN) and Write Disable (WRDI)

The 25XX080A/B contains a write enable latch. See Table 2-4 for the Write-Protect Functionality Matrix. This latch must be set before any write operation will be completed internally. The WREN instruction will set the latch, and the WRDI will reset the latch.

The following is a list of conditions under which the write enable latch will be reset:

- Power-up
- WRDI instruction successfully executed
- WRSR instruction successfully executed
- WRITE instruction successfully executed

**FIGURE 2-4: WRITE ENABLE SEQUENCE (WREN)**



**FIGURE 2-5: WRITE DISABLE SEQUENCE (WRDI)**



# 25XX080A/B

## 2.5 Read Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

The Read Status Register instruction (RDSR) provides access to the Status Register. The Status Register may be read at any time, even during a write cycle. The Status Register is formatted as follows:

**TABLE 2-2: STATUS REGISTER**

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
W/R	-	-	-	W/R	W/R	R	R
WPEN	X	X	X	BP1	BP0	WEL	WIP
W/R = writable/readable. R = read-only.							

The **Write-In-Process (WIP)** bit indicates whether the 25XX080A/B is busy with a write operation. When set to a '1', a write is in progress, when set to a '0', no write is in progress. This bit is read-only.

The **Write Enable Latch (WEL)** bit indicates the status of the write enable latch and is read only. When set to a '1', the latch allows writes to the array or the Status Register, when set to a '0', the latch prohibits writes to the array or the Status Register. The state of this bit can always be updated via the WREN or WRDI commands regardless of the state of write protection on the Status Register. These commands are shown in Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5.

The **Block Protection (BP0 and BP1)** bits indicate which blocks are currently write-protected. These bits are set by the user issuing the WRSR instruction, which is in Figure 2-7. These bits are nonvolatile and are shown in Table 2-3.

See Figure 2-6 for the RDSR timing sequence.

**FIGURE 2-6: READ STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (RDSR)**



## 2.6 Write Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

The Write Status Register instruction (WRSR) allows the user to write to the nonvolatile bits in the Status Register as shown in Table 2-2. The user is able to select one of four levels of protection for the array by writing to the appropriate bits in the Status Register. The array is divided up into four segments. The user has the ability to write-protect none, one, two or all four of the segments of the array. The partitioning is controlled as shown in Table 2-3.

The Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit is also a nonvolatile bit that is available as an enable bit for the WP pin. The Write-Protect (WP) pin and the Write-Protect Enable (WPEN) bit in the Status Register control the programmable hardware write-protect feature. Hardware write protection is enabled when WP pin is low and the WPEN bit is high. Hardware write protection is disabled when either the WP pin is high or the WPEN bit is low. When the chip is hardware write-protected, only writes to nonvolatile bits in the Status Register are disabled. See Table 2-4 for a matrix of functionality on the WPEN bit.

See Figure 2-7 for the WRSR timing sequence.

**TABLE 2-3: ARRAY PROTECTION**

BP1	BP0	Array Addresses Write-Protected
0	0	none
0	1	upper 1/4 (0300h - 03FFh)
1	0	upper 1/2 (0200h - 03FFh)
1	1	all (0000h - 03FFh)

**FIGURE 2-7: WRITE STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (WRSR)**



# 25XX080A/B

## 2.7 Data Protection

The following protection has been implemented to prevent inadvertent writes to the array:

- The write enable latch is reset on power-up
- A write enable instruction must be issued to set the write enable latch
- After a byte write, page write or Status Register write, the write enable latch is reset
- $\overline{CS}$  must be set high after the proper number of clock cycles to start an internal write cycle
- Access to the array during an internal write cycle is ignored and programming is continued

## 2.8 Power-On State

The 25XX080A/B powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode ( $\overline{CS} = 1$ )
- The write enable latch is reset
- SO is in high-impedance state
- A high-to-low-level transition on  $\overline{CS}$  is required to enter active state

**TABLE 2-4: WRITE-PROTECT FUNCTIONALITY MATRIX**

WEL (SR bit 1)	WPEN (SR bit 7)	$\overline{WP}$ (pin 3)	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	Status Register
0	x	x	Protected	Protected	Protected
1	0	x	Protected	Writable	Writable
1	1	0 (low)	Protected	Writable	Protected
1	1	1 (high)	Protected	Writable	Writable

x = don't care

## 3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

**TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE**

Name	Pin Number	Function
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	1	Chip Select Input
SO	2	Serial Data Output
$\overline{\text{WP}}$	3	Write-Protect Pin
Vss	4	Ground
SI	5	Serial Data Input
SCK	6	Serial Clock Input
$\overline{\text{HOLD}}$	7	Hold Input
Vcc	8	Supply Voltage

### 3.1 Chip Select ( $\overline{\text{CS}}$ )

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle which is already initiated or in progress will be completed, regardless of the  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  input signal. If  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is brought high during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode as soon as the programming cycle is complete. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. A low-to-high transition on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  after a valid write sequence initiates an internal write cycle. After power-up, a low level on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is required prior to any sequence being initiated.

### 3.2 Serial Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 25XX080A/B. During a read cycle, data is shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

### 3.3 Write-Protect ( $\overline{\text{WP}}$ )

This pin is used in conjunction with the WPEN bit in the Status Register to prohibit writes to the nonvolatile bits in the Status Register. When  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  is low and WPEN is high, writing to the nonvolatile bits in the Status Register is disabled. All other operations function normally. When  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  is high, all functions, including writes to the nonvolatile bits in the Status Register operate normally. If the WPEN bit is set,  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  low during a Status Register write sequence will disable writing to the Status Register. If an internal write cycle has already begun,  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  going low will have no effect on the write.

The  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  pin function is blocked when the WPEN bit in the Status Register is low. This allows the user to install the 25XX080A/B in a system with  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  pin grounded and still be able to write to the Status Register. The  $\overline{\text{WP}}$  pin functions will be enabled when the WPEN bit is set high.

### 3.4 Serial Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses and data. Data is latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

### 3.5 Serial Clock (SCK)

The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a master and the 25XX080A/B. Instructions, addresses or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin is updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

### 3.6 Hold ( $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ )

The  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  pin is used to suspend transmission to the 25XX080A/B while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to retransmit the entire sequence again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  pin must be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the HOLD function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-to-low transition. The 25XX080A/B must remain selected during this sequence. The SI, SCK and SO pins are in a high impedance state during the time the device is paused and transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication,  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  must be brought high while the SCK pin is low, otherwise serial communication will not resume. Lowering the HOLD line at any time will tri-state the SO line.

# 25XX080A/B

## 4.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

### 4.1 Package Marking Information

8-Lead MSOP (150 mil)



Example:



MSOP 1st Line Marking Codes

Device	Code
25AA080A	5A8A
25AA080B	5A8B
25LC080A	5L8A
25LC080B	5L8B

8-Lead PDIP



Example:



8-Lead SOIC



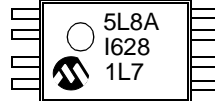
Example:



8-Lead TSSOP



Example:



TSSOP 1st Line Marking Codes

Device	Code
25AA080A	5A8A
25AA080B	5A8B
25LC080A	5L8A
25LC080B	5L8B

<b>Legend:</b>	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	e3	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

**Note:** In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

## 8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS or UA) [MSOP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	0.65 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	0.00	–	0.15
Overall Width	E	4.90 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.00 BSC		
Overall Length	D	3.00 BSC		
Foot Length	L	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint	L1	0.95 REF		
Foot Angle	$\phi$	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.08	–	0.23
Lead Width	b	0.22	–	0.40

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111B

# 25XX080A/B

## 8-Lead Plastic Dual In-Line (P or PA) – 300 mil Body [PDIP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packageing>



Dimension Limits	Units	INCHES		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	.100 BSC		
Top to Seating Plane	A	–	–	.210
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.195
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015	–	–
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.290	.310	.325
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.280
Overall Length	D	.348	.365	.400
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.115	.130	.150
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.010	.015
Upper Lead Width	b1	.040	.060	.070
Lower Lead Width	b	.014	.018	.022
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	–	–	.430

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located with the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-018B



## 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN or OA) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



		Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits			MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8		
Pitch	e		1.27 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	–	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2		1.25	–	–
Standoff §	A1		0.10	–	0.25
Overall Width	E		6.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1		3.90 BSC		
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC		
Chamfer (optional)	h		0.25	–	0.50
Foot Length	L		0.40	–	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF		
Foot Angle	$\phi$		0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c		0.17	–	0.25
Lead Width	b		0.31	–	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	$\alpha$		5°	–	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	$\beta$		5°	–	15°

**Notes:**

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

# 25XX080A/B

## 8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

**Note:** For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N	8		
Pitch	e	0.65 BSC		
Overall Height	A	–	–	1.20
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
Standoff	A1	0.05	–	0.15
Overall Width	E	6.40 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.45	0.60	0.75
Footprint	L1	1.00 REF		
Foot Angle	$\phi$	0°	–	8°
Lead Thickness	c	0.09	–	0.20
Lead Width	b	0.19	–	0.30

**Notes:**

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-086B

## **APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY**

### **Revision C (10/2006)**

Updated Package Drawings and Product ID System.

### **Revision D (2/2007)**

Replace Package Drawings; Revise Product ID System (SOIC-SN package).

# 25XX080A/B

---

NOTES:

## THE MICROCHIP WEB SITE

Microchip provides online support via our WWW site at [www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com). This web site is used as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. Accessible by using your favorite Internet browser, the web site contains the following information:

- **Product Support** – Data sheets and errata, application notes and sample programs, design resources, user's guides and hardware support documents, latest software releases and archived software
- **General Technical Support** – Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
- **Business of Microchip** – Product selector and ordering guides, latest Microchip press releases, listing of seminars and events, listings of Microchip sales offices, distributors and factory representatives

## CUSTOMER CHANGE NOTIFICATION SERVICE

Microchip's customer notification service helps keep customers current on Microchip products. Subscribers will receive e-mail notification whenever there are changes, updates, revisions or errata related to a specified product family or development tool of interest.

To register, access the Microchip web site at [www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com), click on Customer Change Notification and follow the registration instructions.

## CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Users of Microchip products can receive assistance through several channels:

- Distributor or Representative
- Local Sales Office
- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support
- Development Systems Information Line

Customers should contact their distributor, representative or field application engineer (FAE) for support. Local sales offices are also available to help customers. A listing of sales offices and locations is included in the back of this document.

**Technical support is available through the web site at: <http://support.microchip.com>**

# 25XX080A/B

---

---

## READER RESPONSE

It is our intention to provide you with the best documentation possible to ensure successful use of your Microchip product. If you wish to provide your comments on organization, clarity, subject matter, and ways in which our documentation can better serve you, please FAX your comments to the Technical Publications Manager at (480) 792-4150.

Please list the following information, and use this outline to provide us with your comments about this document.

To: Technical Publications Manager  
RE: Reader Response  
Total Pages Sent \_\_\_\_\_

From: Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Company \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City / State / ZIP / Country \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone: (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_ FAX: (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_\_

Application (optional):

Would you like a reply? \_\_\_Y \_\_\_N

Device: 25XX080A/B

Literature Number: DS21808D

Questions:

1. What are the best features of this document?

---

---

2. How does this document meet your hardware and software development needs?

---

---

3. Do you find the organization of this document easy to follow? If not, why?

---

---

4. What additions to the document do you think would enhance the structure and subject?

---

---

5. What deletions from the document could be made without affecting the overall usefulness?

---

---

6. Is there any incorrect or misleading information (what and where)?

---

---

7. How would you improve this document?

---

---

## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

<u>PART NO.</u>	<u>X</u>	-	<u>X</u>	<u>/XX</u>																																				
Device	Tape & Reel		Temp Range	Package																																				
<table border="1"> <tr> <td><b>Device:</b></td> <td>25AA080A</td> <td>8 Kbit, 1.8V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>25AA080B</td> <td>8 Kbit, 1.8V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>25LC080A</td> <td>8 Kbit, 2.5V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>25LC080B</td> <td>8 Kbit, 2.5V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Tape &amp; Reel:</b></td> <td>Blank</td> <td>= Standard packaging</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>T</td> <td>= Tape and Reel</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Temperature Range:</b></td> <td>I</td> <td>= -40°C to+85°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>E</td> <td>= -40°C to+125°C</td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Package:</b></td> <td>MS</td> <td>= Plastic MSOP (Micro Small Outline), 8-lead</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>P</td> <td>= Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>SN</td> <td>= Plastic SOIC (3.90 mm body), 8-lead</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>ST</td> <td>= TSSOP, 8-lead</td> </tr> </table>					<b>Device:</b>	25AA080A	8 Kbit, 1.8V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM		25AA080B	8 Kbit, 1.8V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM		25LC080A	8 Kbit, 2.5V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM		25LC080B	8 Kbit, 2.5V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM	<b>Tape &amp; Reel:</b>	Blank	= Standard packaging		T	= Tape and Reel	<b>Temperature Range:</b>	I	= -40°C to+85°C		E	= -40°C to+125°C	<b>Package:</b>	MS	= Plastic MSOP (Micro Small Outline), 8-lead		P	= Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead		SN	= Plastic SOIC (3.90 mm body), 8-lead		ST	= TSSOP, 8-lead
<b>Device:</b>	25AA080A	8 Kbit, 1.8V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM																																						
	25AA080B	8 Kbit, 1.8V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM																																						
	25LC080A	8 Kbit, 2.5V, 16 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM																																						
	25LC080B	8 Kbit, 2.5V, 32 Byte Page SPI Serial EEPROM																																						
<b>Tape &amp; Reel:</b>	Blank	= Standard packaging																																						
	T	= Tape and Reel																																						
<b>Temperature Range:</b>	I	= -40°C to+85°C																																						
	E	= -40°C to+125°C																																						
<b>Package:</b>	MS	= Plastic MSOP (Micro Small Outline), 8-lead																																						
	P	= Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead																																						
	SN	= Plastic SOIC (3.90 mm body), 8-lead																																						
	ST	= TSSOP, 8-lead																																						
<b>Examples:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) 25AA080A-I/MS = 8 Kbit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., MSOP package</li> <li>b) 25AA080AT-I/SN = 8 Kbit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape &amp; Reel, SOIC package</li> <li>c) 25LC080BT-I/SN = 8 Kbit, 32-byte page, 2.5V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape &amp; Reel, SOIC package</li> <li>d) 25LC080BT-I/ST = 8 Kbit, 32-byte page, 2.5V Serial EEPROM, Industrial temp., Tape &amp; Reel, TSSOP package</li> </ul>																																								

# 25XX080A/B

---

---

NOTES:



---

---

**Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:**

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

---

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights.

**Trademarks**

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, Accuron, dsPIC, KEELOQ, KEELOQ logo, microID, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PRO MATE, PowerSmart, rfPIC, and SmartShunt are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

AmpLab, FilterLab, Linear Active Thermistor, Migratable Memory, MXDEV, MXLAB, PS logo, SEEVAL, SmartSensor and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Application Maestro, CodeGuard, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, dsPICworks, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, FlexROM, fuzzyLAB, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, ICEPIC, Mindi, MiWi, MPASM, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, PICkit, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICLAB, PICtail, PowerCal, PowerInfo, PowerMate, PowerTool, REAL ICE, rfLAB, rfPICDEM, Select Mode, Smart Serial, SmartTel, Total Endurance, UNI/O, WiperLock and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2007, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

 Printed on recycled paper.

*Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2002 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona, Gresham, Oregon and Mountain View, California. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC<sup>®</sup> MCUs and dsPIC<sup>®</sup> DSCs, KEELOQ<sup>®</sup> code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.*

**QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM  
CERTIFIED BY DNV  
== ISO/TS 16949:2002 ==**



---

---

## WORLDWIDE SALES AND SERVICE

---

---

### AMERICAS

**Corporate Office**  
2355 West Chandler Blvd.  
Chandler, AZ 85224-6199  
Tel: 480-792-7200  
Fax: 480-792-7277  
Technical Support:  
<http://support.microchip.com>  
Web Address:  
[www.microchip.com](http://www.microchip.com)

**Atlanta**  
Duluth, GA  
Tel: 678-957-9614  
Fax: 678-957-1455

**Boston**  
Westborough, MA  
Tel: 774-760-0087  
Fax: 774-760-0088

**Chicago**  
Itasca, IL  
Tel: 630-285-0071  
Fax: 630-285-0075

**Dallas**  
Addison, TX  
Tel: 972-818-7423  
Fax: 972-818-2924

**Detroit**  
Farmington Hills, MI  
Tel: 248-538-2250  
Fax: 248-538-2260

**Kokomo**  
Kokomo, IN  
Tel: 765-864-8360  
Fax: 765-864-8387

**Los Angeles**  
Mission Viejo, CA  
Tel: 949-462-9523  
Fax: 949-462-9608

**Santa Clara**  
Santa Clara, CA  
Tel: 408-961-6444  
Fax: 408-961-6445

**Toronto**  
Mississauga, Ontario,  
Canada  
Tel: 905-673-0699  
Fax: 905-673-6509

### ASIA/PACIFIC

**Asia Pacific Office**  
Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor  
Tower 6, The Gateway  
Harbour City, Kowloon  
Hong Kong  
Tel: 852-2401-1200  
Fax: 852-2401-3431

**Australia - Sydney**  
Tel: 61-2-9868-6733  
Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

**China - Beijing**  
Tel: 86-10-8528-2100  
Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

**China - Chengdu**  
Tel: 86-28-8665-5511  
Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

**China - Fuzhou**  
Tel: 86-591-8750-3506  
Fax: 86-591-8750-3521

**China - Hong Kong SAR**  
Tel: 852-2401-1200  
Fax: 852-2401-3431

**China - Qingdao**  
Tel: 86-532-8502-7355  
Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

**China - Shanghai**  
Tel: 86-21-5407-5533  
Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

**China - Shenyang**  
Tel: 86-24-2334-2829  
Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

**China - Shenzhen**  
Tel: 86-755-8203-2660  
Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

**China - Shunde**  
Tel: 86-757-2839-5507  
Fax: 86-757-2839-5571

**China - Wuhan**  
Tel: 86-27-5980-5300  
Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

**China - Xian**  
Tel: 86-29-8833-7250  
Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

### ASIA/PACIFIC

**India - Bangalore**  
Tel: 91-80-4182-8400  
Fax: 91-80-4182-8422

**India - New Delhi**  
Tel: 91-11-4160-8631  
Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

**India - Pune**  
Tel: 91-20-2566-1512  
Fax: 91-20-2566-1513

**Japan - Yokohama**  
Tel: 81-45-471-6166  
Fax: 81-45-471-6122

**Korea - Gumi**  
Tel: 82-54-473-4301  
Fax: 82-54-473-4302

**Korea - Seoul**  
Tel: 82-2-554-7200  
Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or  
82-2-558-5934

**Malaysia - Penang**  
Tel: 60-4-646-8870  
Fax: 60-4-646-5086

**Philippines - Manila**  
Tel: 63-2-634-9065  
Fax: 63-2-634-9069

**Singapore**  
Tel: 65-6334-8870  
Fax: 65-6334-8850

**Taiwan - Hsin Chu**  
Tel: 886-3-572-9526  
Fax: 886-3-572-6459

**Taiwan - Kaohsiung**  
Tel: 886-7-536-4818  
Fax: 886-7-536-4803

**Taiwan - Taipei**  
Tel: 886-2-2500-6610  
Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

**Thailand - Bangkok**  
Tel: 66-2-694-1351  
Fax: 66-2-694-1350

### EUROPE

**Austria - Wels**  
Tel: 43-7242-2244-39  
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

**Denmark - Copenhagen**  
Tel: 45-4450-2828  
Fax: 45-4485-2829

**France - Paris**  
Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20  
Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

**Germany - Munich**  
Tel: 49-89-627-144-0  
Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

**Italy - Milan**  
Tel: 39-0331-742611  
Fax: 39-0331-466781

**Netherlands - Drunen**  
Tel: 31-416-690399  
Fax: 31-416-690340

**Spain - Madrid**  
Tel: 34-91-708-08-90  
Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

**UK - Wokingham**  
Tel: 44-118-921-5869  
Fax: 44-118-921-5820



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

**Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42

**Электронная почта:** [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.