

Internal oscillator circuit mode Figure 1. Typical application circuit

SEG0 SEG1

SEG34

OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

SCL

OSCIN TEST VSS LCD

Block Diagrams / Pin Configurations / Pin Descriptions



Figure 2. Block Diagram

36 COM0 ECOM0 ECOM 37 24 _____ SEG23 COM1 COM2 SEG22 СОМЗ SEG21 VLCD SEG20 SEG19 VDD vss 🔲 SEG18 OSCIN SEG17 CSB SEG16 SEG15 SCL SEG14 SD Ш TEST SEG13 11 SEG12 13 INHb 1 SEG1 SEG2 SEG3 SEG4 SEG5 SEG6 SEG7 SEG7 SEG8 SEG8 SEG9 SEG10 SEG0



Pin name	Pin No.	I/O	Function
INHb	48	I	Input terminal for turn off display H : turn on display L : turn off display
TEST	47	I	Test input (ROHM use only) Must be connected to VSS
OSCIN	43	I	External clock input External clock and Internal clock can be selected by command. Must be connected to VSS when using internal oscillation circuit.
SD	46	I	Serial data input
SCL	45	I	Serial data transfer clock
CSB	44	I	Chip select : "L" active
VSS	42		GND
VDD	41		Power supply
VLCD	40		Power supply for LCD driving
SEG0 to 34	1 to 35	0	SEGMENT output for LCD driving
COM0 to 3	36 to 39	0	COMMON output for LCD driving

Table	1	Pin	Description
Table			Description

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Block Diagrams / Pin Configurations / Pin Descriptions - continued

BU9795AFV



Figure 4. Block Diagram



Figure 5. Pin Configuration (TOP VIEW)

Pin name	Pin No.	I/O	Function
INHb	36	Ι	Input terminal for turn off display H : turn on display L : turn off display
TEST	35	Ι	Test input (ROHM use only) Must be connected to VSS
OSCIN	31	Ι	External clock input Ex clock and Int clock can be changed by command. Must be connected to VSS when using internal oscillation circuit.
SD	34	Ι	Serial data input
SCL	33	Ι	Serial data transfer clock
CSB	32	Ι	Chip select : "L" active
VSS	30		GND
VDD	29		Power supply
VLCD	28	Ι	Power supply for LCD driving
SEG4 to 30	1 to 23, 37 to 40	0	SEGMENT output for LCD driving
COM0 to 3	24 to 27	0	COMMON output for LCD driving

Table 2 Pin Description

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Block Diagrams / Pin Configurations / Pin Descriptions - continued

BU9795AGUW



Figure 6. Block Diagram

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
G	(NC)	SEG13	SEG15	SEG18	SEG20	SEG22	(NC)
F	SEG11	SEG12	SEG16	SEG17	SEG21	SEG23	SEG24
E	SEG9	SEG10	SEG14	SEG19	SEG25	SEG27	SEG26
D	SEG7	SEG6	SEG8	SEG5	SEG30	SEG28	SEG29
С	SEG4	SEG3	SEG2	CSB	СОМЗ	SEG32	SEG31
В	\times	INHb	SD	vss	VDD	COM1	COM0
A	(NC)	TEST2	SCL	OSCIN	VLCD	COM2	(NC)

Figure 7. Pin Configuration (BOTTOM VIEW)

		-
Pin name	I/O	Function
INHb	I	Input terminal for turn off display H : turn on display L : turn off display
TEST	I	Test input (ROHM use only) Must be connected to VSS
OSCIN	I	External clock input Ex clock and Int clock can be changed by command. Must be connected to VSS when using internal oscillation circuit.
SD	I	Serial data input
SCL	I	Serial data transfer clock
CSB	I	Chip select : "L" active
VSS		GND
VDD		Power supply
VLCD	I	Power supply for LCD driving
SEG2 to 32	0	SEGMENT output for LCD driving
COM0 to 3	0	COMMON output for LCD driving

Table 3 Pin Description

Block Diagrams / Pin Configurations / Pin Descriptions – continued



BU9795AKS2

Figure 8. Block Diagram



Figure 9. Pin Configuration (TOP VIEW)

Table	4	Pin	Descri	otion
10010			000011	

Pin name	Pin No.	I/O	Function					
INHb	13	I	Input terminal for turn off display H : turn on display L : turn off display					
TEST	12	I	Test input (ROHM use only) Must be connect to VSS					
OSCIN	7	I	External clock input Ex clock and Int clock can be changed by command. Must be connect to VSS when use internal oscillation circuit.					
SD	10	I	serial data input					
SCL	9	I	serial data transfer clock					
CSB	8	I	Chip select : "L" active					
VSS	6		GND					
VDD	5		Power supply					
VLCD	4		Power supply for LCD driving					
SEG0-34	14-28, 30-36 38-50	0	SEGMENT output for LCD driving					
COM0-3	51-52, 1-2	0	COMMON output for LCD driving					

Absolute Maximum Ratings (VSS=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Remark
Power supply voltage1	VDD	-0.5 to +7.0	V	Power supply
Power supply voltage2	VLCD	-0.5 to VDD	V	LCD drive voltage
		0.6	W	When use more than Ta=25°C, subtract 6mW per degree.(BU9795AKV) (Package only)
Power dissipation	Pd	0.7		When use more than Ta=25°C, subtract 7mW per degree (BU9795AFV) (Package only)
		0.27	W	When use more than Ta=25°C, subtract 2.7mW per degree (BU9795AGUW) (Package only)
		0.85	W	When use more than Ta=25°C, subtract 8.5mW per degree (BU9795AKS2) (Package only)
Input voltage range	VIN	-0.5 to VDD+0.5	V	
Operational temperature range	Topr	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	

Recommended Operating Ratings(Ta=-40°C to +85°C,VSS=0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings			Unit	Remark
Falanielei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Kenlark
Power Supply voltage1	VDD	2.5	-	5.5	V	Power supply
Power Supply voltage2	VLCD	0	-	VDD -2.4	V	LCD drive voltage

* Please use VDD-VLCD \geq 2.4V condition.

•Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics (VDD=2.5V to 5.5V, VSS=0V, Ta=-40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol				Unit	Conditions
		Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Conditions
"H" level input voltage		VIH	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V	
"L" level input voltage		VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDD	V	
"H" level input current		ШΗ	-	-	1	μA	
"L" level input current		IIL	-1	-	-	μA	
LCD Driver	SEG	RON	-	3.5	-	kΩ	lload=±10µA
on resistance	COM	RON	-	3.5	-	kΩ	
VLCD supply voltage		VLCD	0	-	VDD -2.4	V	VDD-VLCD≥2.5V
Standby current		lst	-	-	5	μA	Display off, Oscillator off
Power consumption 1		IDD1	-	12.5	30	μA	VDD=3.3V, Ta=25°C, Power save mode1, FR=70Hz 1/3 bias, Frame inverse
Power consumption 2		IDD2	-	20	40	μA	VDD=3.3V, Ta=25°C, Normal mode, FR=80Hz 1/3 bias, Line inverse

Electrical Characteristics - continued

Oscillation Characteristics (VDD=2.5V to 5.5V,VSS=0V, Ta=-40°C to +85°C)

Baramatar	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Conditions
Frame frequency	fclк	56	80	104	Hz	FR = 80Hz setting
Frame frequency1	fclk1	70	80	90	Hz	VDD=3.5V, 25°C

MPU interface Characteristics(VDD=2.5V to 5.5V,VSS=0V, Ta=-40°C to +85°C)

Deremeter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Conditions
Input rise time	tr	-	-	80	ns	
Input fall time	tf	-	-	80	ns	
SCL cycle time	tSCYC	400	-	-	ns	
"H" SCL pulse width	tSHW	100	-	-	ns	
"L" SCL pulse width	tSLW	100	-	-	ns	
SD setup time	tSDS	20	-	-	ns	
SD hold time	tSDH	50	-	-	ns	
CSB setup time	tCSS	50	-	-	ns	
CSB hold time	tCSH	50	-	-	ns	
"H" CSB pulse width	tCHW	50	-	-	ns	



Figure 10. Interface Timing

●I/O equivalent circuit



Figure 11. I/O equivalent circuit

•Example of recommended circuit

<BU9795AKV/BU9795AKS2>







Using external oscillator mode

Figure 12. BU9795AKV/BU9795AKS2 recommended circuit

Example of recommended circuit - continued

<BU9795AFV>







Using external oscillator mode



Example of recommended circuit - continued

<BU9795AGUW>







Using external oscillator mode



Function Description

OCommand and data transfer method

O3-SPI (3wire Serial interface)

This device is controlled by 3-wire signal (CSB, SCL, and SD).

First, Interface counter is initialized with CSB="H", and CSB="L" makes SD and SCL input enable.

The protocol of 3-SPI transfer is as follows.

Each command starts with Command or Data judgment bit (D/C) as MSB data, followed by D6 to D0 during CSB ="L".

(Internal data is latched at the rising edge of SCL, it is converted to 8bits parallel data at the falling edge of 8th CLK.)



Figure 15. 3-SPI Command/Data transfer format

OCommand transfer method

After CSB="H" \rightarrow "L", 1st byte is always a command input.

MSB of the command input data will be judged that the next byte data, it is a command or display data (This bit is called "command or data judgment bit").

When set "command or data judge bit"='1', next byte will be (continuously) command.

When set "command or data judge bit"='0', next byte data is display data.

1	Command	1	Command	1	Command	0	Command	Display Data	
					1				

Once it becomes display data transfer condition, it will not be back to command input condition even if D/C=1.

So if you want to send command data again, please set CSB="L" \rightarrow "H".

(CSB "L" \rightarrow "H" will cancel data transfer condition.)

Command transfer is done by 8bits unit, so if CSB="L" \rightarrow "H" with less than 8bits data transfer, command will be cancelled.

It will be able to transfer command with CSB="L" again.

In Case Of Command Transfer





OWrite display data and transfer method <BU9795AKV/BU9795AKS2>

This LSI has Display Data RAM (DDRAM) of 35×4=140bit. The relationship between data input and display data, DDRAM data and address are as follows.



8 bit data will be stored in DDRAM. The address to be written is the address specified by ADSET command, and the address is automatically incremented in every 4bit data.

Data can be continuously written in DDRAM by transmitting Data continuously.

(When RAM data is written successively after writing RAM data to 22h (SEG34), the address is returned to 00h (SEG0) by the auto-increment function.



As data transfer to DDRAM happens every 4bit data, it will be cancelled if it changes CSB="L" \rightarrow "H" before 4bits data transfer.



Figure 17. BU9795AKV/BU9795AKS2 Data Transfer Format

<BU9795AFV>

This LSI has Display Data RAM (DDRAM) of 27x4=108bit. As SEG0, SEG1, SEG2, SEG3, SEG31, SEG32, SEG33, SEG34 are not output, these address will be dummy address. The relationship between data input and display data, DDRAM data and address are as follows.

Command																									
0000000	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I	m	n	0	р	q	r	s	t	u	v	x	у	
	Image: state of the state																								

8 bit data will be stored in DDRAM. The address to be written is the address specified by ADSET command, and the address is automatically incremented in every 4bit data.

Data can be continuously written in DDRAM by transmitting Data continuously.

(When RAM data is written successively after writing RAM data to 22h (SEG34), the address is returned to 00h (SEG0) by the auto-increment function.



As data transfer to DDRAM happens every 4bit data, it will be cancelled if it changes CSB="L" \rightarrow "H" before 4bits data transfer.



Figure 18. BU9795AFV Data Transfer Format

<BU9795AGUW>

This LSI has Display Data RAM (DDRAM) of 31×4=124bit. As SEG0, SEG1, SEG33, SEG34 are not output, these address will be dummy address. The relationship between data input and display data, DDRAM data and address are as follows.

Command

0000000	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I	m	n	0	р	q	r	s	t	u	v	x	у	
← Dummy data →						T	1	I	T	' Dis	r play	' / Da	ata	I	I	I	I	T	I	I					

8 bit data will be stored in DDRAM. The address to be written is the address specified by ADSET command, and the address is automatically incremented in every 4bit data.

Data can be continuously written in DDRAM by transmitting Data continuously.

(When RAM data is written successively after writing RAM data to 22h (SEG34), the address is returned to 00h (SEG0) by the auto-increment function.



As data transfer to DDRAM happens every 4bit data, it will be cancelled if it changes CSB="L" \rightarrow "H" before 4bits data transfer.



Figure 19. BU9795AGUW Data Transfer Format

OOSCILLATOR

There are two kinds of clock for logic and analog circuit; from internal oscillator circuit or external clock input. If internal oscillator circuit will be used, OSCIN must be connected to VSS.

*When you use external clock, execute ICSET command and connect OSCIN to external clock.





Figure 20. Internal oscillator circuit mode

Figure 21. External clock mode

OLCD Driver Bias Circuit

This LSI generates LCD driving voltage with on-chip Buffer AMP. And it can drive LCD at low power consumption. *1/3 and 1/2Bias can be set in MODESET command.

*Line and frame inversion can be set in DISCTL command.

Refer to "LCD driving waveform" about each LCD driving waveform.

OBlink timing generator

This device has Blinking function.

*This LSI is able to set blink mode with BLKCTL command.

Blink frequency varies widely by characteristic of fCLK, when internal oscillation circuit.

Refer to Oscillation Characteristics for more details on fCLK.

OReset (initial) condition

Initial condition after execute SOFTWARE RESET is as follows.

· Display is OFF.

DDRAM address is initialized (DDRAM Data is not initialized).

Refer to Command Description about initialize value of register.

Command / Function List

Description List of Command / Function

No.	Command	Function
1	Mode Set (MODESET)	Set LCD drive mode
2	Address Set (ADSET)	Set LCD display mode 1
3	Display Control (DISCTL)	Set LCD display mode 2
4	Set IC Operation (ICSET)	Set IC operation
5	Blink Control (BLKCTL)	Set blink mode
6	All Pixel Control (APCTL)	Set pixel condition

Detailed Command Description

D7 (MSB) is bit for command or data judgment. Refer to Command and data transfer method.

C: 0: Next byte is RAM write data.

1 : Next byte is command.

OMode Set (MODE SET)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	1	0	*	P3	P2	*	*

(* : Don't care)

Set display ON and OFF

Setting	P3	Reset initialize condition
Display OFF(DISPOFF)	0	0
Display ON(DISPON)	1	

Display OFF : Regardless of DDRAM data, all SEGMENT and COMMON output will be stopped after 1 frame of data write. Display OFF mode will be finished by Display ON.

Display ON : SEGMENT and COMMON output will be active and start to read the display data from DDRAM.

(Note) It is not synchronize with display frame, when it will be controlled display ON/OFF with INHb terminal.

Set bias level

Setting	P2	Reset initialize condition
1/3 Bias	0	0
1/2 Bias	1	
1/2 Bias	1	

Refer to LCD driving waveform.

OAddress set (ADSET)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	0	0	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0

Address data is specified in P[4 : 0] and P2 (ICSET command) as follows.

	MSB									
Internal register	Address [5]	Address [4]		Address [0]						
Bit of each command	ICSET [P2]	ADSET [P4]		ADSET [P0]						

The address is 00h in reset condition. The valid address is 00h to 22h. Another address is invalid, (otherwise address will be set to 00h.) P2 of ICSET command is only to define either MSB of address is "1" or "0". Address counter will be set only when ADSET command is executed.

CSB	
COMMAND ADSET"00010" RAM Write RAM Write RAM Write	RAM Write X DISCTL X RAM Write RAM Write RAM Write
ICSET P2	
ternal Signal Address	omatically.
CSB	RAM Write CDSET"0000 RAM Write RAM Write RAM Write
ICSET P2	000001 000010 000011 000000 000001 000010 000011
Set address by ADSET command. P2(ICSET command) is refer to set address. Address will be set "011111", because P2(ICSET)="0".	New address will be set by ADSET command.
CSB	RAM Write ADSET"00000" RAM Write RAM Write RAM Write
ternal Signal ICSET P2	000001 (000010) 000011 (100000 (100001) 100010 (000000 ↑ ↑
Set address by ADSET command. P2(ICSET command) is refer to set address Address will be set "100000", because P2(ICSET)=" It will be set P2="1" by ICSET command. When RAM data is cont	(P2(ICSET) will maintain the previous address until ICSET command input.
(ICSET command cannot set address) address will be increme When write at 22h addr return to 00h automatic	nt automatically. The following address that write at the end is maintained. ess, address will be
COMMAND (ICSET P2=1)ADSET '00000) RAM Write RAM Write	RAM Write VICSET P2=0 X RAM Write RAM Write ···· RAM Write
ernal Signal CSET P2 ernal Signal Address	
Set address by ADSET command. P2(ICSET command) is refer to set address.	It is written to RAM continuously from the previous address. The address maintain the previous address
address will be in	is continuously transmitted, crement automatically. h address, address will be matically.
	The following address that write at the end is maintained.



ODisplay control (DISCTL)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	0	1	P4	P3	P2	P1	P0

Set Frame frequency

Setting	P4	P3	Reset initialize condition
80Hz	0	0	0
71Hz	0	1	
64Hz	1	0	
53Hz	1	1	

* About the characteristics of FR, refer to Oscillation characteristics.

Set LCD drive waveform

Setting	P2	Reset initialize condition
Line inversion	0	0
Frame inversion	1	

Set Power save mode

Setting	P1	P0	Reset initialize condition
Power save mode 1	0	0	
Power save mode 2	0	1	
Normal mode	1	0	0
High power mode	1	1	

*VDD-VLCD≥3.0V is required for High power mode.

(Reference current consumption data)

Setting	Reset initialize condition
Power save mode 1	×0.5
Power save mode 2	×0.67
Normal mode	×1.0
High power mode	×1.8

*Above current consumption data is reference value. It depends on panel load.

(Note) Frame rate FR / LCD drive waveform / Power save mode SR will effect display image.

Select the best value in point of current consumption and display image using LCD panel (under real application).

Mode	Screen flicker	Display image / contrast
Frame frequency	0	-
LCD drive waveform	0	0
Power save mode	-	0

OSet IC Operation (ICSET)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	1	1	0	1	P2	P1	P0

P2 : MSB data of DDRAM address. Please refer to "ADSET" command.

Setting	P2	Reset initialize condition
Address MSB'0'	0	0
Address MSB'1'	1	

Set Software Reset condition

Setting	P1
No operation	0
Software Reset	1

When "Software Reset" is executed, this LSI will be reset to initial condition.

If software reset is executed, the value of P2 and P1 will be ignored and they will be set initialized condition. (Refer to "Reset initial condition")

Switch between internal clock and external clock.

Setting	P0	Reset initialize condition
Internal clock	0	0
External clock input	1	

For internal clock : OSCIN is connected to VSS. For external clock input : Input external clock into OSCIN.

<external Clock Frame frequency calculation>

DISCTL 80Hz select : Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock[Hz] / 512 DISCTL 71Hz select : Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock[Hz] / 576 DISCTL 64Hz select : Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock[Hz] / 648 DISCTL 53Hz select : Frame frequency [Hz] = external clock[Hz] / 768

Command	ICSE	T X	
OSCIN_EN (Internal signal) -	Internal clock mode	External clock mode	
Internal oscillation (Internal signal) –			
External clock (OSCIN)			\square

Figure 23. OSCMODE switching timing

OBlink control (BLKCTL)

M	S	В

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	1	1	1	0	*	P1	P0

Set blink condition

Setting (Hz)	P1	P0	Reset initialize condition
OFF	0	0	0
0.5	0	1	
1	1	0	
2	1	1	

OAll pixel control (APCTL)

MSB							LSB
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
С	1	1	1	1	1	P1	P0

All display set ON. OFF

Setting	P1	Reset initialize condition
Normal	0	0
All pixel ON	1	

Setting	P0	Reset initialize condition
Normal	0	0
All pixel OFF	1	

All pixels ON	:	All pixels are ON regardless of DDRAM data.
All pixels OFF	:	All pixels are OFF regardless of DDRAM data.

(Note) All pixels ON/OFF is effective only at the time of "Display ON" status. The data of DDRAM do not change with this command. If both P1 and P0='1', APOFF is selected. APOFF has higher priority than APON.

LCD driving waveform

(1/3bias) Line inversion





Figure 24. Line inversion waveform(1/3bias)



(1/2bias) Line inversion

Frame inversion







Figure 27. Frame inversion waveform(1/2bias)

•Example of display data

If LCD layout pattern is shown as in Figure28, Figure29 and DDRAM data is shown as in Table 5, display pattern will be shown as in Figure 30.



Figure 28. Example COM line pattern



Figure 29. Example SEG line pattern



Figure 30. Example Display pattern

Table 5.	DDRA	M Da	ita ma	ар																	
		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
		E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	E
		G	Ģ	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
COM0	D0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COM1	D1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COM2	D2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COM3	D3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Address		00h	01h	02h	03h	04h	05h	06h	07h	08h	09h	0Ah	0Bh	0Ch	0Dh	0Eh	0Fh	10h	11h	12h	13h

Initialize sequence

Please follow sequence below after Power-On to set this device to initial condition.

Power on	
CSB 'H'	I/F initialize condition
CSB 'L'	I/F Data transfer start
↓ Execute Sc	ftware Reset by sending ICSET command

* Each register value and DDRAM address, DDRAM data are random condition after power on till initialize sequence is executed.

Start sequence

OStart sequence example 1

No.	Input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Descriptions
1	Power on									VDD=0 to 5V (Tr=0.1ms)
	\downarrow									
2	wait 100us									Initialize IC
	\downarrow									
3	CSB 'H'									Initialize I/F data
	\downarrow									
4	CSB 'L'									I/F Data transfer start
	\downarrow									
5	ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	*	1	0	Software Reset
	\downarrow									
6	BLKCTL	1	1	1	1	0	*	0	1	
	\downarrow									
7	DISCTL	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	
	\downarrow									
8	ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	RAM address MSB set
	\downarrow									
9	ADSET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RAM address set
	\downarrow									
10	Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	address 00h to 01h
	Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	address 02h to 03h
	÷									:
	Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	address 22h to 00h
	\downarrow									
11	CSB 'H'									I/F Data transfer stop
	Ļ									
12	CSB 'L'									I/F Data transfer start
	\downarrow									
13	MODESET	1	1	0	*	1	0	*	*	Display ON
	\downarrow									
14	CSB 'H'									I/F Data transfer stop

OStart sequence example 2



This LSI is initialized with Initialize Sequence. And start to display with DISPON Sequence. This LSI will update display data with RAM write Sequence.

And stop the display with DISPOFF sequence.

If you want to restart to display, This LSI will restart to display with DISPON Sequence.

Initialize sequence

Input				DA	TΑ				Description
input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description
Power on									
wait 100us									IC initialized
CSB 'H'									I/F initialized
CSB 'L'									
ICSET	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	Software Reset
MODESET	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Display OFF
ADSET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RAM address set
Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Display data
CSB 'H'									

DISPON sequence

Input				DA	ΔTA				Description			
input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description			
CSB 'L'												
DISCTL	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Display Control			
BLKCTL	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	BLKCTL			
APCTL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	APCTL			
MODESET	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Display ON			
CSB 'H'												

RAM write sequence

laput				DA	ΤA				Description
Input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description
CSB 'L'									
DISCTL	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	Display Control
BLKCTL	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	BLKCTL
APCTL	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	APCTL
MODESET	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	Display ON
ADSET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	RAM address set
Display Data	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	Display data
CSB 'H'									

DISPOFF sequence

Input				DA	ΤA				Description			
input	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description			
CSB 'L'												
MODESET CSB 'H'	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Display OFF			

•Example of start sequence



Cautions on Power ON condition

This LSI has "P.O.R" (Power-On Reset) circuit and Software Reset function. Please keep the following recommended Power-On conditions in order to power up properly.

Please set power up conditions to meet the recommended tR, tF, tOFF, and Vbot spec below in order to ensure P.O.R operation.



Recommended cond	ition of tR,tF,tOFF,Vbot
------------------	--------------------------

tR	tRtFtOFFLess thanLess thanMore than		Vbot Less than	
Less than				
1ms	1ms	150ms	0.1V	

Figure 31. Power ON/OFF waveform

If it is difficult to meet above conditions, execute the following sequence after Power-On. Command input is not accepted during power off. It has to take care that software reset is not a perfect substitute to POR function.

(1) CSB="L" \rightarrow "H" condition



Figure 32. CSB Timing

(2) After CSB"H" \rightarrow "L", execute Software Reset (ICSET command).

•Cautions on application

In case, BU9795AKV/BU9795AFV/BU9795AGUW/BU9795AKS used at VLCD≠VSS, voltage gap occur between SEG line to COM1–3 line at Display off state. Because of this voltage gap, there is possibility to display LCD for a moment. To avoid this phenomenon, please decide VDD and VLCD level to satisfy Voff voltage lower than OFF level (OFF level = 1V at the example explained below).



Operational Notes

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

(2) Recommended Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminals.

(4) Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance ground and supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

(5) Ground Voltage

The voltage of the ground pin must be the lowest voltage of all pins of the IC at all operating conditions. Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

- (6) Short between Pins and Mounting Errors Be careful when mounting the IC on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if it is mounted in a wrong orientation or if pins are shorted together. Short circuit may be caused by conductive particles caught between the pins.
- (7) Operation under Strong Electromagnetic Field Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.
- (8) Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

(9) Regarding Input Pins of the IC

In the construction of this IC, P-N junctions are inevitably formed creating parasitic diodes or transistors. The operation of these parasitic elements can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions which cause these parasitic elements to operate, such as applying a voltage to an input pin lower than the GND voltage should be avoided. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. Even if the power supply voltage is applied, make sure that the input terminals have voltages within the values specified in the electrical characteristics of this IC.

(10) GND Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current GND traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the GND traces of external components do not cause variations on the GND voltage. The power supply and ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

(11) External Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

(12) Unused Input Terminals

Input terminals of an IC are often connected to the gate of a CMOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of IC. So unless otherwise specified, input terminals not being used should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

(13) Rush current

When power is first supplied to the IC, rush current may flow instantaneously. It is possible that the charge current to the parasitic capacitance of internal photo diode or the internal logic may be unstable. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of GND wiring, and routing of connections.

Ordering Information



Packaging and forming specification E2: Embossed tape and reel (VQFP48C/ SSOP-B40/ VBGA048W040/ SQFP-T52M)

ХХ

●Lineup

Segment output	Common output	Package		Orderable Part Number
35	4	VQFP48C	Reel of 1500	BU9795AKV-E2
27		SSOP-B40	Reel of 2000	BU9795AFV-E2
31		VBGA048W040	Reel of 2500	BU9795AGUW-E2
25	35	SQFP-T52M	Reel of 1000	BU9795AKS2-E2
30			Tray of 1000	BU9795AKS2



Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information – continued SSOP-B40 Package Name 13.6 ± 0.2 (Max 13.95 (include. BURR) 40 21AAA A H H HH 3 N 8 ± 0 . 0 4 + 2 0 5 + 0 5 ß 0 Ħ Ħ Н 20 1 1PIN MARK 0.15 ± 0.1 Г 8 ± 0 . (UNIT;mm) ÷ -PKG: SSOP-B40 0. 0.65 0. $22\pm0.1\oplus0.08$ $\bigcirc 0.1S$ 図番; EX157-5001 <Tape and Reel information> Embossed carrier tape Таре Quantity 2000pcs E2 Direction The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold of feed reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand C Direction of feed 1pin Reel *Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity

32/36

Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information – continued Package Name VBGA048W040 4. $0 \pm 0. 1$ 1 PIN MARK Н 0 ± 0 . 4. 9 MAX 1 0 0. .0 S □ 0. 08 S 0.5 ± 0.1 P=0. 5 X 6 5 ± 0 . 0.5 0. $48 - \phi 0.295 \pm 0.05$ A 🕀 0. 05 🕅 SAB $\phi \phi \phi \phi \phi \phi \phi \phi \phi$ G δοοφοόό F В 5 X 6 0000000 Е 0000000 Ð P = 0. LC. 0000000 0 С В 00000 0000000 A 1 $\mathbf{2}$ 3 4 5 6 7 (UNIT; mm) PKG: VBGA048W040 Drawing No. EX873-5001 <Tape and Reel information> Embossed carrier tape (with dry pack) Таре 2500pcs Quantity E2 Direction The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand of feed 0 \cap $\overline{\bigcirc}$ 0 \cap \overline{O} 0 C \cap ()Direction of feed 1pin Reel *Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information – continued Package Name SQFP-T52M $1\ 2\pm0\ . \ 1$ $1 \hspace{0.1cm} 0 \pm 0 \hspace{0.1cm} . \hspace{0.1cm} 1$ 39 2.7<u>⊨</u> 26 40 Т П , – 1 12 ± 0 . $1 0 \pm 0$. 1 0 ± 0 . $6 \pm 0.$ 52 114 d 13 0.145 ± 0.055 6 0 MAX _: 05 05 0.65 0. 08 $4 0 \pm 0.$ $1 0 \pm 0.$ 0. 32±0. 06 ⊕ 0. 08 ₪ PKG:SQFP-T52M Drawing No. EX231-5001 0. Ξ. (UNIT:mm) <Tape and Reel information> Container Tray (with dry pack) Quantity 1000pcs Direction of feed Direction of product is fixed in a tray 1pir *Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity. <Tape and Reel information> Embossed carrier tape Таре Quantity 1000pcs E2 Direction The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold of feed reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand 000000 $\overline{\bigcirc}$ $\overline{\bigcirc}$ 0 $\overline{\bigcirc}$ $\overline{\bigcirc}$ 0 \cap $\overline{\bigcirc}$ 0 $\overline{\bigcirc}$ \cap Jan Maria <u>m</u>d/m םמ/למסם, 1 nttaan Direction of feed 1pin Reel *Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

Marking Diagrams



Part Number	Package	Part Number Marking	
BU9795AKV	BU9795AKV VQFP48C BU9795A		
BU9795AFV	SSOP-B40	BU9795AFV	
BU9795AGUW	VBGA048W040	9795A	
BU9795AKS2	SQFP-T52M	BU9795AKS2	

Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes	
14.Mar.2012	001	New Release	
12.July.2012	002	Add BU9795AKS2	
8.Jan.2013	003	Improved the statement in all pages. Deleted "Status of this document" in page 30.	

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JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ		CLASS II b	
CLASSⅣ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSII

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 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [C] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
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- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

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 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
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