



# SILEGO

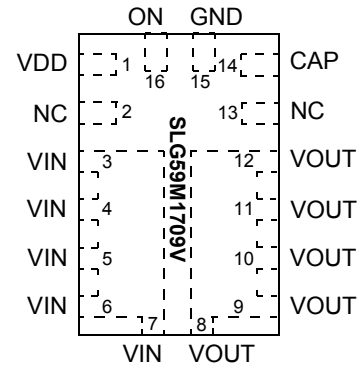
# SLG59M1709V

## An Ultra-small, 4 mΩ, 4 A Integrated Power Switch with Multiple Protection Features

### General Description

Operating from a 2.5 V to 5.5 V power supply and fully specified over the -40 °C to 85 °C temperature range, the SLG59M1709V is a high-performance 4 mΩ, 4 A single-channel nFET integrated power switch with adjustable inrush current control which is achieved by adjusting the  $V_{OUT}$  slew rate with an external capacitor. Using a proprietary MOSFET design, the SLG59M1709V achieves a stable 4 mΩ  $R_{DS(ON)}$  across a wide input/supply voltage range. Incorporating two-stage current protection as well as thermal protection, the SLG59M1709V is designed for all 0.8 V to 5.5V power rail applications. Using Silego's proprietary CuFET™ technology for high-current operation, the SLG59M1709V is packaged in a space-efficient, low thermal resistance, RoHS-compliant 1.6 mm x 2.5 mm STQFN package

### Pin Configuration



### 16-pin FC-STQFN (Top View)

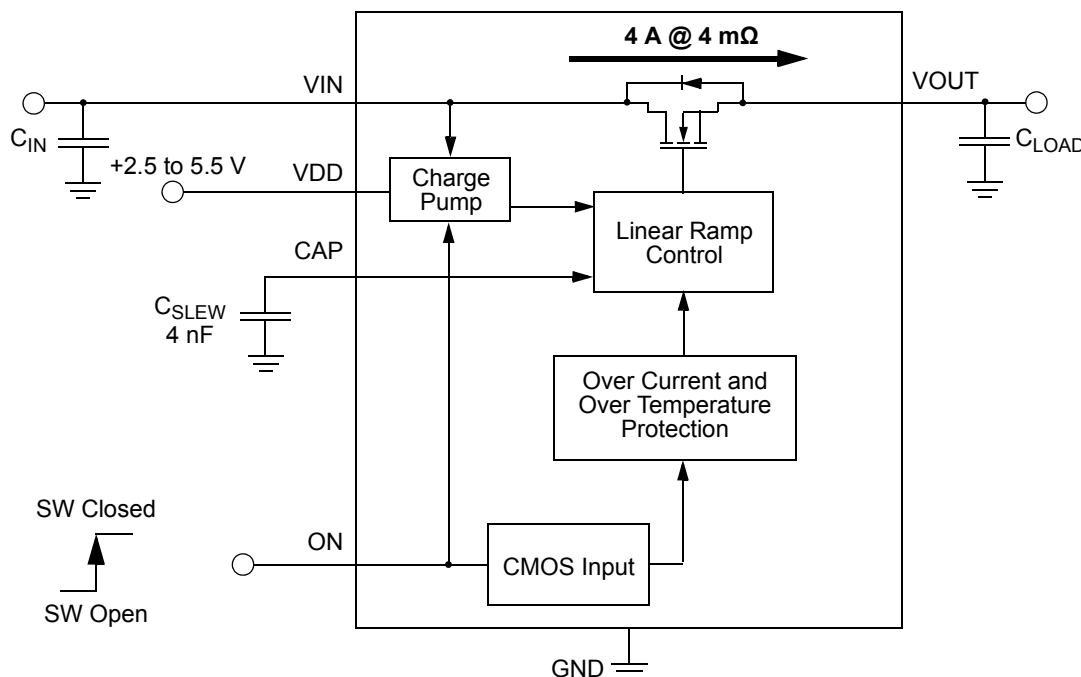
### Features

- Low Typical  $R_{DS(ON)}$  nFET: 4 mΩ
- Maximum Continuous Switch Current: Up to 4 A
- Supply Voltage: 2.5 V  $\leq V_{DD} \leq$  5.5 V
- Wide Input Voltage Range: 0.8 V  $\leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DD}$
- Capacitor-adjustable Start-up and Inrush Current Control
- Two-stage Overcurrent Protection:
  - Fixed threshold, 8 A Active Current Limit
  - Fixed 0.5 A Short-circuit Current Limit
- Operating Temperature: -40 °C to 85 °C
- Low  $\theta_{JA}$ , 16-pin 1.6 mm x 2.5 mm STQFN Packaging
  - Pb-Free / Halogen-Free / RoHS compliant

### Applications

- Notebook Power Rail Switching
- Tablet Power Rail Switching
- Smartphone Power Rail Switching

### Block Diagram





### Pin Description

Pin #	Pin Name	Type	Pin Description
1	VDD	Power	With an internal 1.9 V UVLO threshold, VDD supplies the power for the operation of the power switch and internal control circuitry where its range is $2.5\text{ V} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ . Bypass the VDD pin to GND with a $0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (or larger) capacitor
2	NC	NC	No Connect
3-7	VIN	MOSFET	Drain terminal of Power MOSFET (Pins 3-7 fused together). Connect a $10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (or larger) low ESR capacitor from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at VIN should be rated at 10 V or higher.
8-12	VOUT	MOSFET	Source terminal of Power MOSFET (Pins 8-12 fused together) Connect a low ESR capacitor (up to $500\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ) from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at VOUT should be rated at 10 V or higher.
13	NC	NC	No Connect
14	CAP	Input	A low-ESR, stable dielectric, ceramic surface-mount capacitor connected from CAP pin to GND sets the $V_{OUT}$ slew rate and overall turn-on time of the SLG59M1709V. For best performance, the range for $C_{SLEW}$ values are $2\text{ nF} \leq C_{SLEW} \leq 22\text{ nF}$ . Capacitors used at the CAP pin should be rated at 10 V or higher.
15	GND	GND	Ground
16	ON	Input	A low-to-high transition on this pin closes the power switch. ON is an asserted-HIGH, level-sensitive CMOS input with $V_{IL} < 0.3\text{ V}$ and $V_{IH} > 0.85\text{ V}$ . Connect this pin to the output of a general-purpose output (GPO) from a microcontroller or other application processor. While there is an internal pull down circuit to ground ( $\sim 4\text{ M}\Omega$ ), do not allow this pin to be open-circuited.

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Type	Production Flow
SLG59M1709V	STQFN 16L	Industrial, $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
SLG59M1709VTR	STQFN 16L (Tape and Reel)	Industrial, $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Power Supply Pin to GND		--	--	6	V
$V_{IN}$ to GND	Power Switch Input Voltage to GND		-0.3	--	6	V
$V_{OUT}$ to GND	Power Switch Output Voltage to GND		-0.3	--	$V_{IN}$	V
ON, CAP to GND	ON and CAP Pin Voltages to GND		-0.3	--	6	V
$T_S$	Storage Temperature		-65	--	150	°C
ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	ESD Protection	Human Body Model	2000	--	--	V
ESD <sub>CDM</sub>	ESD Protection	Charged Device Model	500	--	--	V
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level		1			
$\theta_{JA}$	Package Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	1.6 x 2.5 mm 16L STQFN; Determined using 1 in <sup>2</sup> , 1.2 oz. copper pads under each VIN and VOUT on FR4 pcb material	--	35	--	°C/W
$W_{DIS}$	Package Power Dissipation		--	--	1.2	W
$I_{DS_{MAX}}$	Max Continuous Switch Current		--	--	4	A
MOSFET $I_{DS_{PK}}$	Peak Current from Drain to Source	Maximum pulsed switch current, pulse width < 1 ms, 1% duty cycle	--	--	6	A

Note: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

### Electrical Characteristics

$T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  (unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Power Supply Voltage		2.5	--	5.5	V
$V_{DD(UVLO)}$	$V_{DD}$ Undervoltage Lockout Threshold	$V_{DD} \uparrow$	1.6	1.9	2.2	V
		$V_{DD} \downarrow$	1.5	1.8	2.2	V
$I_{DD}$	Power Supply Current when OFF	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$ ; ON = 0	--	1	2	$\mu\text{A}$
	Power Supply Current, ON (Steady State)	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = \text{ON} = 5.5\text{ V}$ ; No Load	--	120	170	$\mu\text{A}$
$R_{DS_{ON}}$	ON Resistance	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ; $T_A 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ MOSFET @100 mA	--	4	5.5	m $\Omega$
		$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ; $T_A 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ MOSFET @100 mA		5	6.8	m $\Omega$
MOSFET $I_{DS}$	Current from $V_{IN}$ to $V_{OUT}$	Continuous	--	--	4	A
$I_{FET\_OFF}$	MOSFET OFF Leakage Current	$V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$ ; $V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$ ; ON = 0 V	--	--	2	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{IN}$	Drain Voltage		0.8	--	$V_{DD}$	V
$I_{LIMIT}$	Active Current Limit, $I_{ACL}$	$V_{OUT} > 0.3\text{ V}$	6	8	10	A
	Short-circuit Current Limit, $I_{SCL}$	$V_{OUT} < 0.3\text{ V}$	--	0.5	--	A



### Electrical Characteristics (continued)

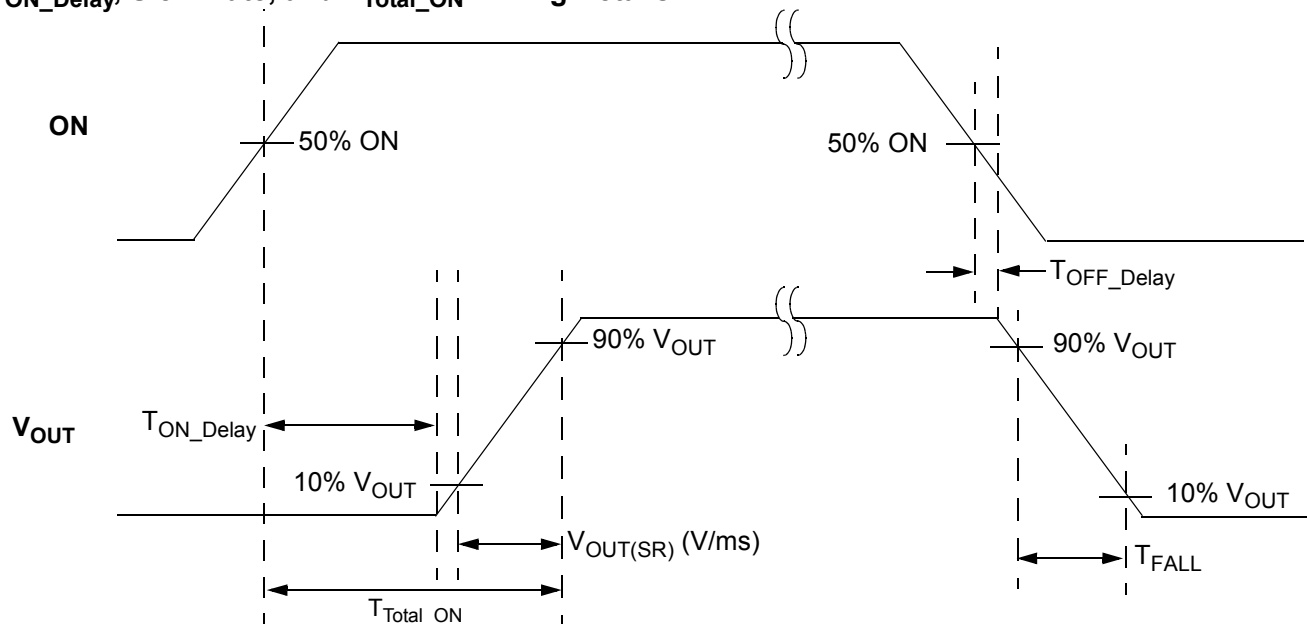
$T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  (unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$T_{ON\_Delay}$	ON pin Delay Time	50% ON to $V_{OUT}$ Ramp Start $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ; $C_{SLEW} = 4\text{ nF}$ ; $R_{LOAD} = 20\text{ }\Omega$ , $C_{LOAD} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	--	200	--	$\mu\text{s}$
$V_{OUT(SR)}$	$V_{OUT}$ Slew Rate	10% $V_{OUT}$ to 90% $V_{OUT} \uparrow$	Set by External $C_{SLEW}^1$			V/ms
		Example: $C_{SLEW} = 4\text{ nF}$ ; $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ; $R_{LOAD} = 20\text{ }\Omega$ , $C_{LOAD} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	2.5	2.9	3.5	V/ms
$T_{Total\_ON}$	Total Turn-on Time	50% ON to 90% $V_{OUT} \uparrow$	Set by External $C_{SLEW}^1$			ms
		Example: $C_{SLEW} = 4\text{ nF}$ ; $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ; $R_{LOAD} = 20\text{ }\Omega$ , $C_{LOAD} = 10\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	1.4	1.7	2	ms
$T_{OFF\_Delay}$	OFF Delay Time	50% ON to $V_{OUT}$ Fall Start; $V_{DD} = V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ ; $R_{LOAD} = 20\text{ }\Omega$ , no $C_{LOAD}$	--	8	15	$\mu\text{s}$
$C_{LOAD}$	Output Load Capacitance	$C_{LOAD}$ connected from $V_{OUT}$ to GND	--	--	500	$\mu\text{F}$
$ON\_V_{IH}$	High Input Voltage on ON pin		0.85	--	$V_{DD}$	V
$ON\_V_{IL}$	Low Input Voltage on ON pin		-0.3	0	0.3	V
$I_{ON(LKG)}$	ON Pin Leakage Current	ON = $ON\_V_{IH}$ or ON = GND	--	1.5	--	$\mu\text{A}$
$THERM_{ON}$	Thermal shutoff turn-on temperature		--	125	--	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
$THERM_{OFF}$	Thermal shutoff turn-off temperature		--	100	--	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Notes:

1. Refer to typical Timing Parameter vs.  $C_{SLEW}$  performance charts for additional information when available.

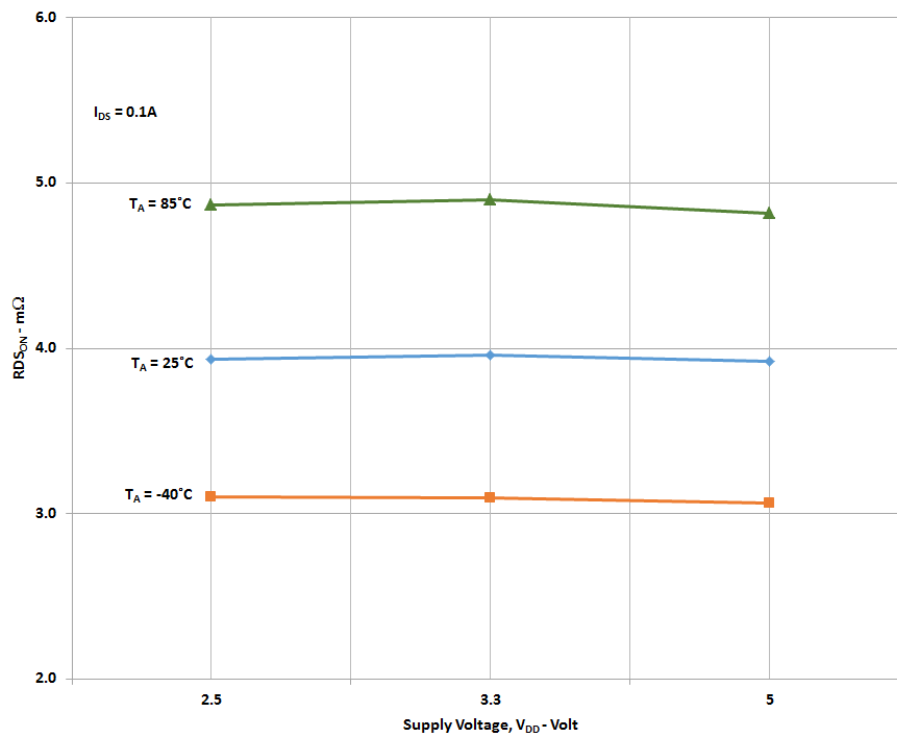
### $T_{ON\_Delay}$ , Slew Rate, and $T_{Total\_ON}$ Timing Details



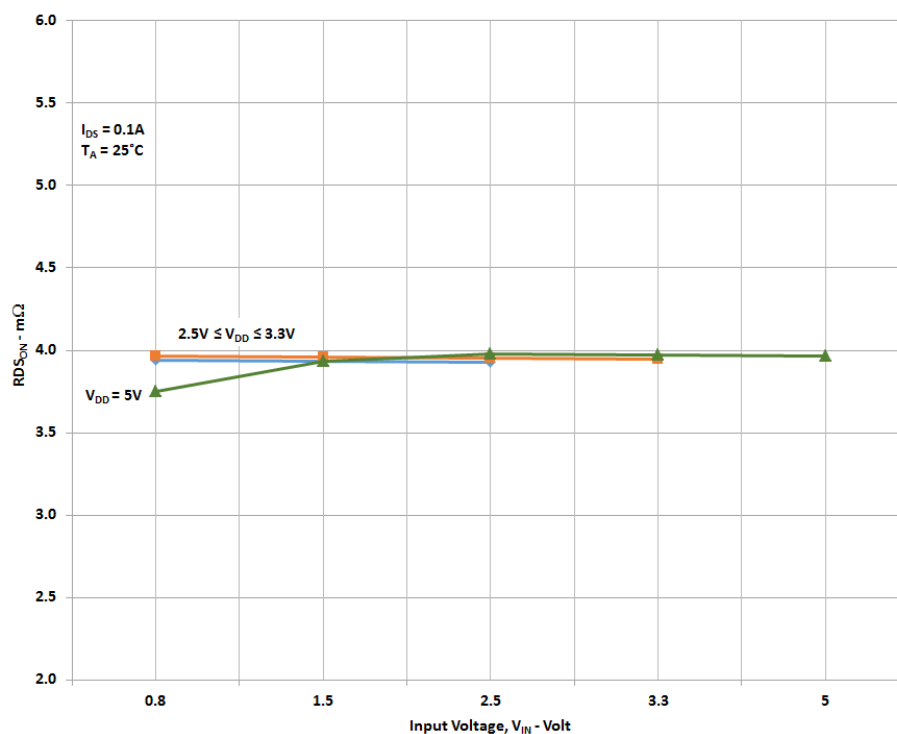


### Typical Performance Characteristics

#### $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. $V_{DD}$ and Temperature

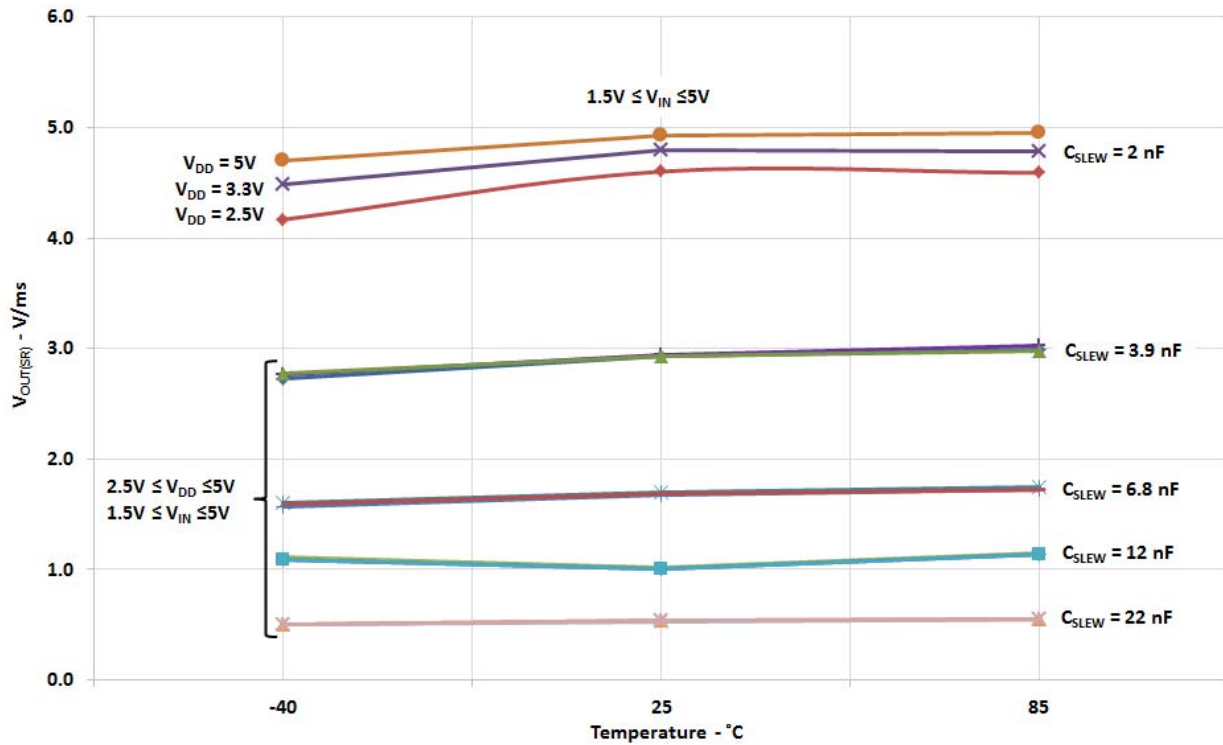


#### $R_{DS(on)}$ vs. $V_{IN}$ and $V_{DD}$

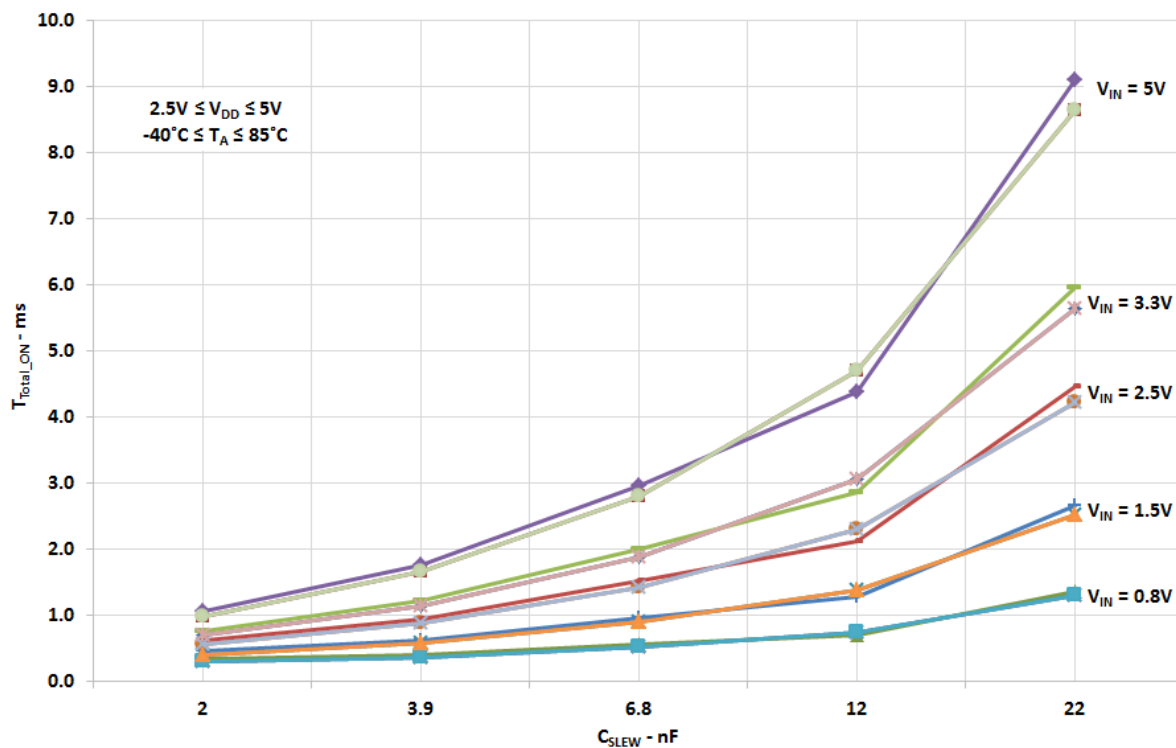




### $V_{OUT}$ Slew Rate vs. Temperature, $V_{DD}$ , $V_{IN}$ , and $C_{SLEW}$

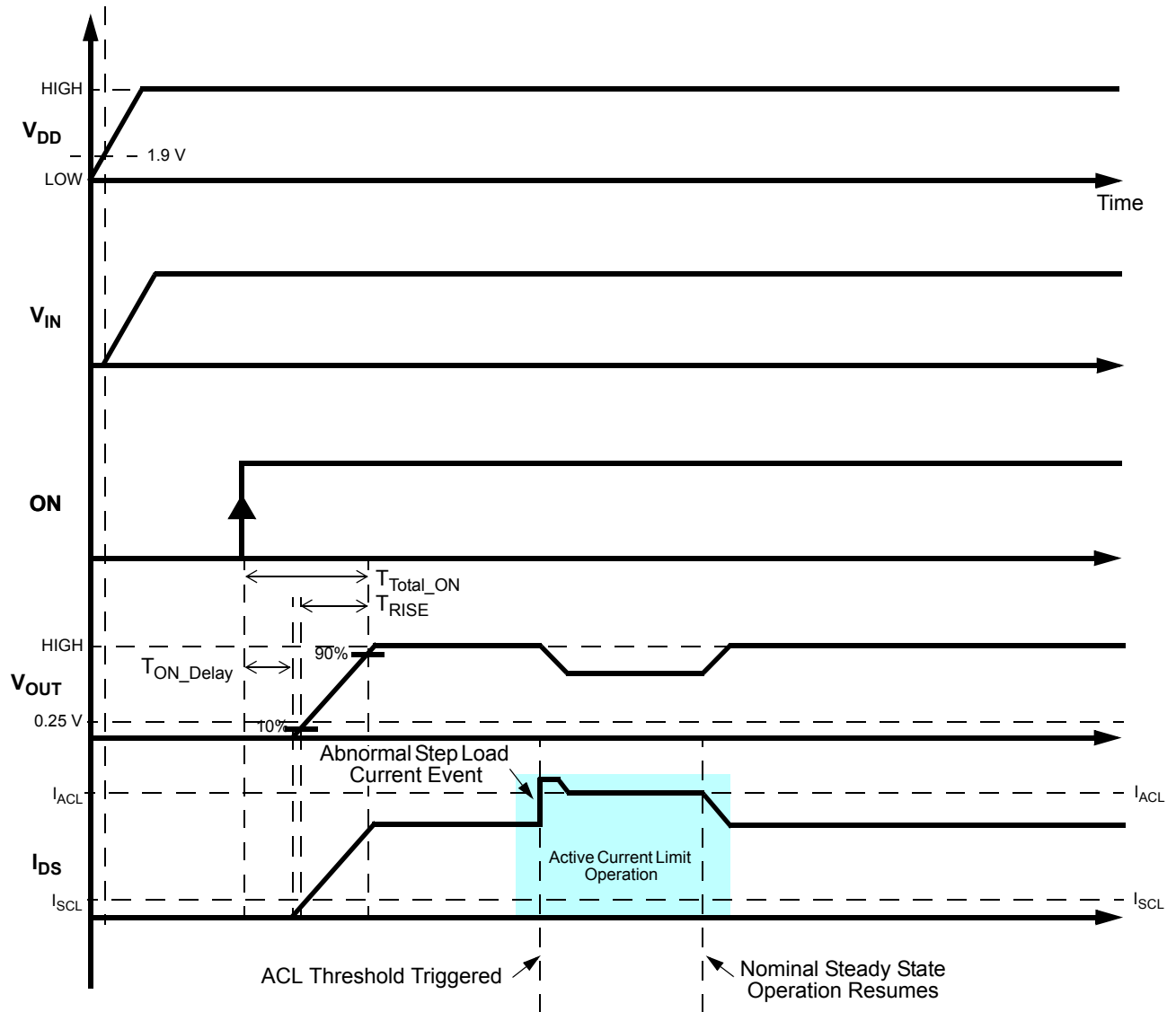


### $T_{Total\_ON}$ vs. $C_{SLEW}$ , $V_{IN}$ , $V_{DD}$ , and Temperature



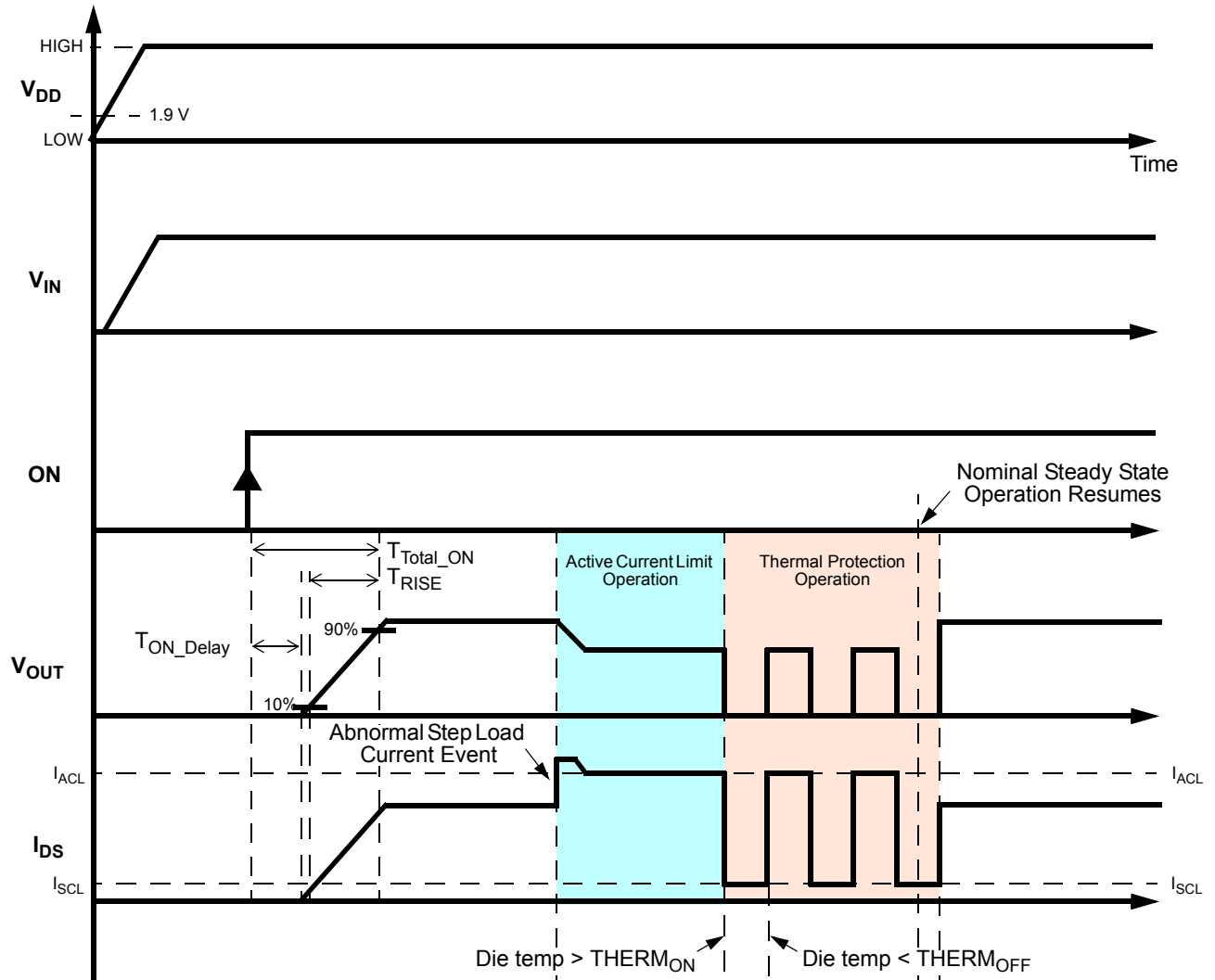


Timing Diagram - Basic Operation including Active Current Limit Protection





### Timing Diagram - Active Current Limit & Thermal Protection Operation





### SLG59M1709V Power-Up/Power-Down Sequence Considerations

To ensure glitch-free power-up under all conditions, apply  $V_{DD}$  first, followed by  $V_{IN}$  after  $V_{DD}$  exceeds 1.9 V. Then allow  $V_{IN}$  to reach 90% of its max value before toggling the ON pin from Low-to-High. Likewise, power-down in reverse order.

If  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{IN}$  need to be powered up simultaneously, glitching can be minimized by having a suitable load capacitor. A 10  $\mu$ F  $C_{LOAD}$  will prevent glitches for rise times of  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{IN}$  less than 2 ms.

If the ON pin is toggled HIGH before  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{IN}$  have reached their steady-state values, the IPS timing parameters may differ from datasheet specifications.

The slew rate of output  $V_{OUT}$  follows a linear ramp set by a capacitor connected to the CAP pin. A larger capacitor value at the CAP pin produces a slower ramp, reducing inrush current from capacitive loads.

### SLG59M1709V Current Limiting Operation

The SLG59M1709V has two types of current limiting triggered by the output  $V_{OUT}$  voltage.

#### 1. Standard Current Limiting Mode (with Thermal Shutdown Protection)

When the  $V_{OUT}$  voltage > 300 mV, the output current is initially limited to the Active Current Limit ( $I_{ACL}$ ) specification listed in the Electrical Characteristics table. The ACL monitor's response time is very fast and is triggered within a few microseconds to sudden (transient) changes in load current. When a load current overload is detected, the ACL monitor increases the FET resistance to keep the current from exceeding the power switch's  $I_{ACL}$  threshold. During active current-limit operation,  $V_{OUT}$  is also reduced by  $I_{ACL} \times R_{DS(on)_{ACL}}$ . This observed behavior is illustrated in the timing diagrams on Pages 7 and 8.

However, if a load-current overload condition persists where the die temperature rises because of the increased FET resistance, the power switch's internal Thermal Shutdown Protection circuit can be activated. If the die temperature exceeds the listed  $THERM_{ON}$  specification, the FET is shut OFF completely, thereby allowing the die to cool. When the die cools to the listed  $THERM_{OFF}$  temperature threshold, the FET is allowed to turn back on. This process may repeat as long as the output current overload condition persists.

#### 2. Short Circuit Current Limiting Mode (with Thermal Shutdown Protection)

When the  $V_{OUT}$  voltage < 300 mV (which is the case with a hard short, such as a solder bridge on the power rail), the power switch's internal Short-circuit Current Limit (SCL) monitor limits the FET current to approximately 500 mA (the  $I_{SCL}$  threshold). While the internal Thermal Shutdown Protection circuit remains enabled and since the  $I_{SCL}$  threshold is much lower than the  $I_{ACL}$  threshold, thermal shutdown protection may become activated only at higher ambient temperatures.

### SLG59M1709V Start-up Inrush Current Considerations with Capacitive Loads

In distributed power applications, the SLG59M1709V is generally implemented on the outboard or downstream side of switching regulator dc/dc converters with internal overcurrent protection. As an adjustable output voltage slew-rate, integrated power switch, it is important to understand the start-up operation of the SLG59M1709V with capacitive loads. An equivalent circuit of the SLG59M1709V's slew-rate control loop with capacitors at its VIN and VOUT pins is shown in Figure 1:



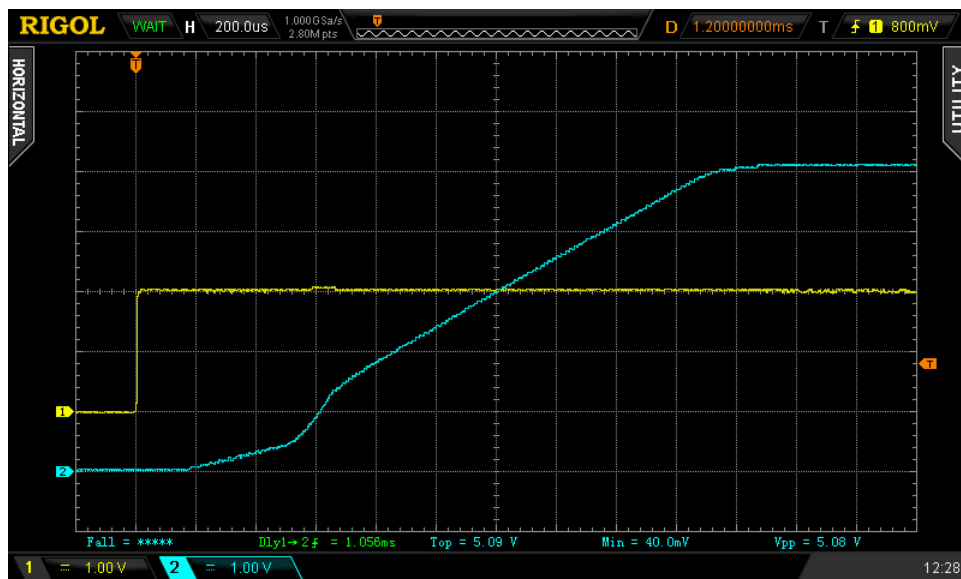
### SLG59M1709V Start-up Inrush Current Considerations with Capacitive Loads (continued)



In applications where the desired  $V_{OUT(SR)}$  is fast and  $C_{LOAD}$  is very large ( $>200\ \mu F$ ), there is a secondary effect on the observed  $V_{OUT(SR)}$  attributed to the SLG59M1709V's internal short-circuit current limit monitor (its SCL monitor). If the resultant inrush current is larger than the IC's  $I_{SCL}$  threshold, the SCL current monitor limits the inrush current and the current to charge  $C_{LOAD}$  until the  $I_{SCL\_OFF}$  threshold is crossed ( $\sim 0.3V$ ). During the time the SCL monitor's been activated, the inrush current profile may exhibit an observable reduction in  $V_{OUT(SR)}$  as shown in Figure 2 where  $C_{SLEW}$  was set to  $4nF$  and  $470\ \mu F$  was chosen for  $C_{LOAD}$ .



### SLG59M1709V Start-up Inrush Current Considerations with Capacitive Loads (continued)



**Figure 2.** A SLG59M1709V with  $C_{SLEW}$  set to 4nF and 470μF for  $C_{LOAD}$ .  $C_{LOAD}$ -to- $C_{SLEW}$  ratio is greater than 33,600. Note that the internal SCL monitor's been triggered and  $V_{OUT(SR)}$  is reduced until  $V_{OUT}$  reaches ~0.3V.

A closer analysis of the IC's internal slew-control large-scale yields the following:

$$\frac{I_{SCL}}{C_{LOAD}} = M_{SR} \times \frac{I_1}{C_{SLEW}}$$

where

$I_{SCL}$  = IC's short-circuit current limit threshold, typically 0.5A;

$M_{SR}$  = An internal slew-rate multiplier from the IC's CAP pin to the VOUT pin;

$I_1$  = An internal current source to charge the external capacitor ( $C_{SLEW}$ ).

Rearranging the equation to isolate both  $C_{LOAD}$  and  $C_{SLEW}$  yields the following:

$$\frac{C_{LOAD}}{C_{SLEW}} = \frac{I_{SCL}}{I_1 \times M_{SR}}$$

For the SLG59M1709V device, the right-hand side of the expression is approximately 33,600 after taking into account part-to-part variations because of process, voltage, and temperature.

Referring to the configuration of Figure 2's scope capture, the  $C_{LOAD}$ -to- $C_{SLEW}$  ratio is 117,500 (470μF/4nF) where it is evident that the SCL monitor circuit is charging  $C_{LOAD}$  shortly after a low-to-high ON transition. If it is desired to avoid a reduction in  $V_{OUT(SR)}$ , the choices are decreasing  $C_{LOAD}$  and/or increasing  $C_{SLEW}$  so that the ratio is always less than 33,600 including taking into account external capacitor tolerances for initial accuracy and temperature.

As shown in Figure 3, it was chosen to reduce  $V_{OUT(SR)}$  by increasing  $C_{SLEW}$  to 15nF while keeping  $C_{LOAD}$  at 470μF. With this configuration, the ratio of  $C_{LOAD}$  to  $C_{SLEW}$  is about 31,333 (smaller than 33,600). Upon a low-to-high transition on the ON pin, the  $V_{OUT}$  increases smoothly with no evidence of SCL monitor's interaction.



### SLG59M1709V Start-up Inrush Current Considerations with Capacitive Loads (continued)

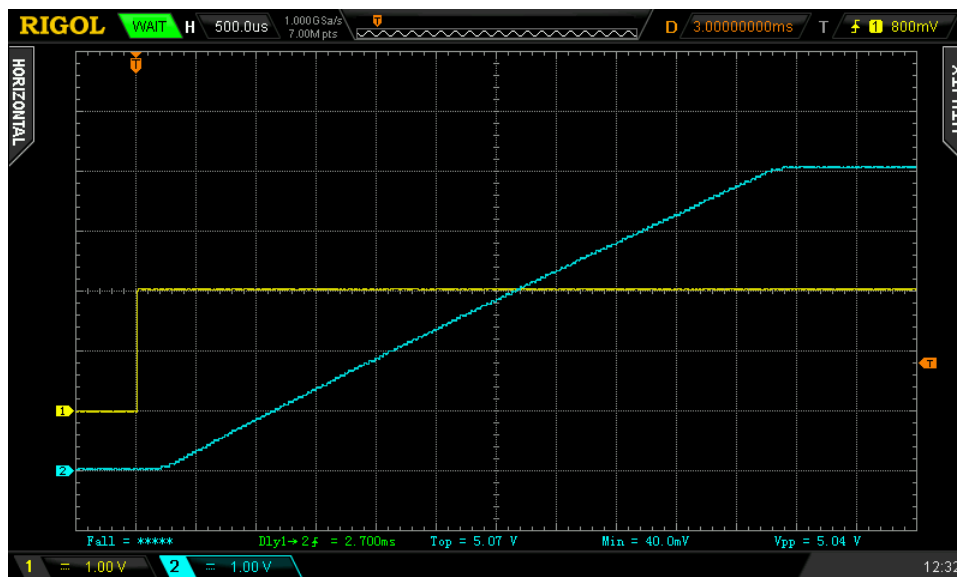


Figure 3. A SLG59M1709V with  $C_{SLEW}$  set to 15nF and 470μF retained for  $C_{LOAD}$ .  $C_{LOAD}$ -to- $C_{SLEW}$  ratio is smaller than 33,600. Note smooth  $V_{OUT}$  transition.

### Power Dissipation

The junction temperature of the SLG59M1709V depends on different factors such as board layout, ambient temperature, and other environmental factors. The primary contributor to the increase in the junction temperature of the SLG59M1709V is the power dissipation of its power MOSFET. Its power dissipation and the junction temperature in nominal operating mode can be calculated using the following equations:

$$PD = RDS_{ON} \times I_{DS}^2$$

where:

PD = Power dissipation, in Watts (W)

$RDS_{ON}$  = Power MOSFET ON resistance, in Ohms ( $\Omega$ )

$I_{DS}$  = Output current, in Amps (A)

and

$$T_J = PD \times \theta_{JA} + T_A$$

where:

$T_J$  = Junction temperature, in Celsius degrees ( $^{\circ}C$ )

$\theta_{JA}$  = Package thermal resistance, in Celsius degrees per Watt ( $^{\circ}C/W$ )

$T_A$  = Ambient temperature, in Celsius degrees ( $^{\circ}C$ )



### Power Dissipation (continued)

During active current-limit operation, the SLG59M1709V's power dissipation can be calculated by taking into account the voltage drop across the power switch ( $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$ ) and the magnitude of the output current in active current-limit operation ( $I_{ACL}$ ):

$$PD = (V_{IN}-V_{OUT}) \times I_{ACL} \text{ or}$$
$$PD = (V_{IN} - (R_{LOAD} \times I_{ACL})) \times I_{ACL}$$

where:

PD = Power dissipation, in Watts (W)

$V_{IN}$  = Input Voltage, in Volts (V)

$R_{LOAD}$  = Load Resistance, in Ohms ( $\Omega$ )

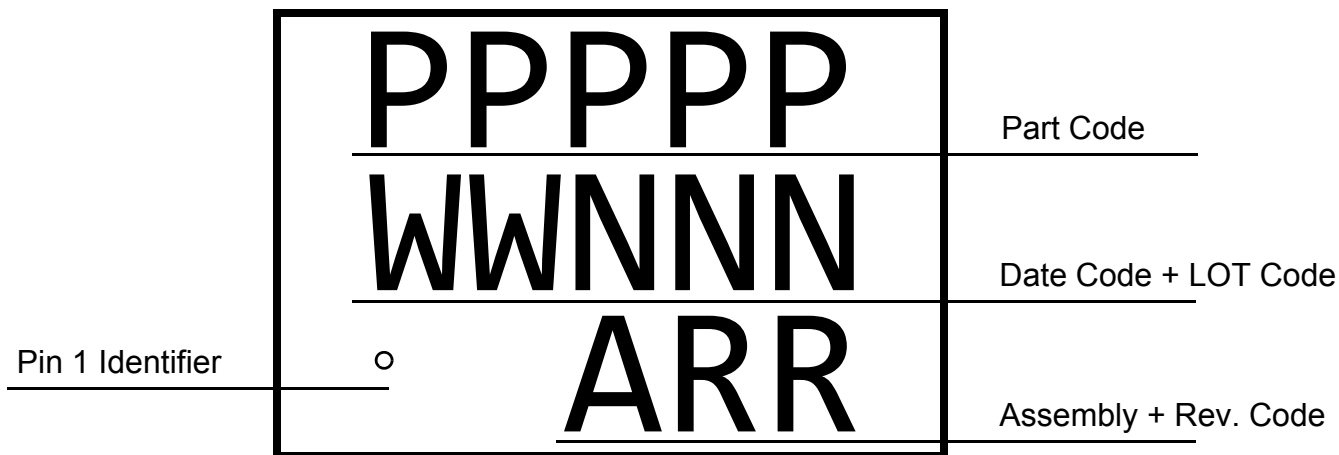
$I_{ACL}$  = Output limited current, in Amps (A)

$V_{OUT} = R_{LOAD} \times I_{ACL}$

For more information on Silego GreenFET3 integrated power switch features, please visit our [Application Notes](#) page at our website and see [App Note "AN-1068 GreenFET3 Integrated Power Switch Basics"](#).



### Package Top Marking System Definition



PPPPP - Part ID Field  
WW - Date Code Field<sup>1</sup>  
NNN - Lot Traceability Code Field<sup>1</sup>  
A - Assembly Site Code Field<sup>2</sup>  
RR - Part Revision Code Field<sup>2</sup>

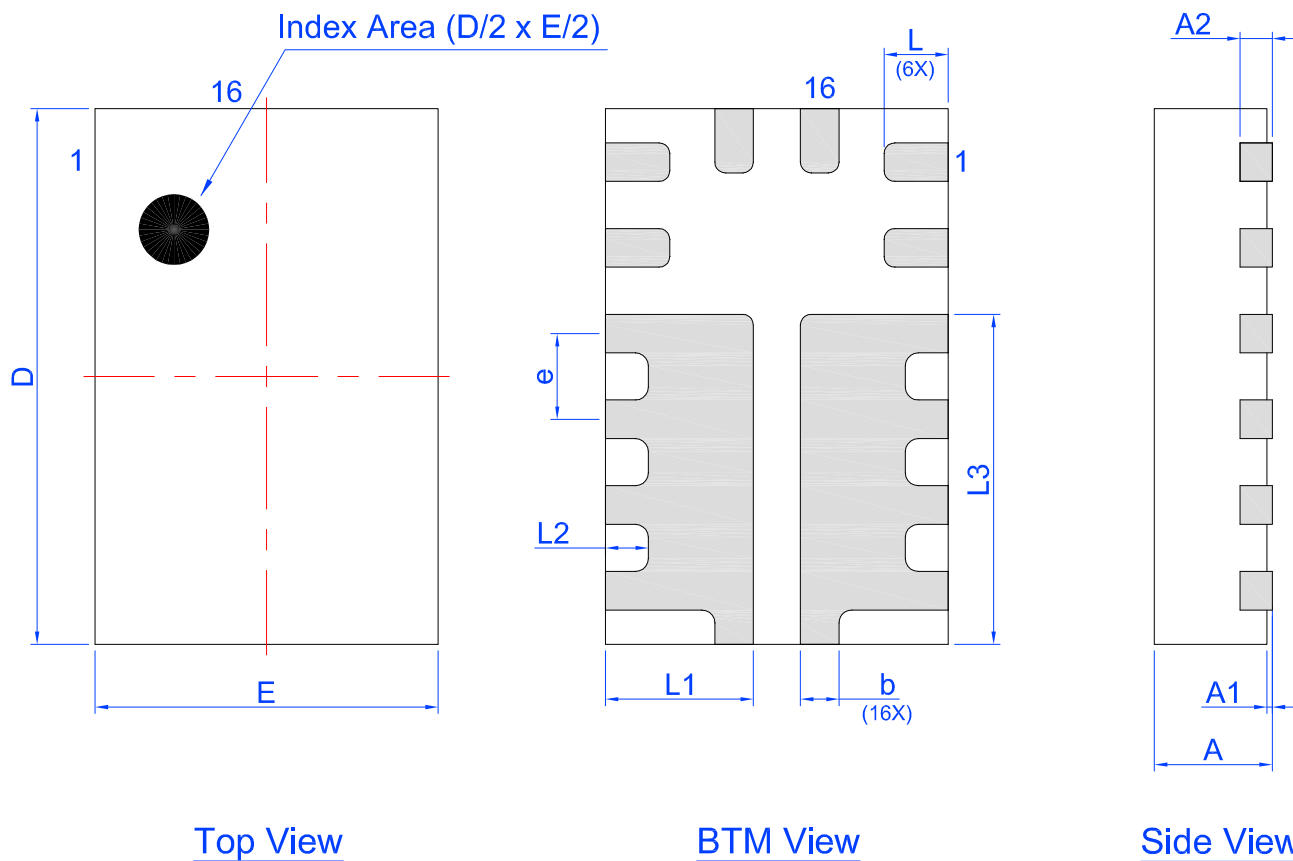
Note 1: Each character in code field can be alphanumeric A-Z and 0-9

Note 2: Character in code field can be alphabetic A-Z



### Package Drawing and Dimensions

16 Lead STQFN Package 1.6 mm x 2.5 mm (Fused Lead)



Unit: mm

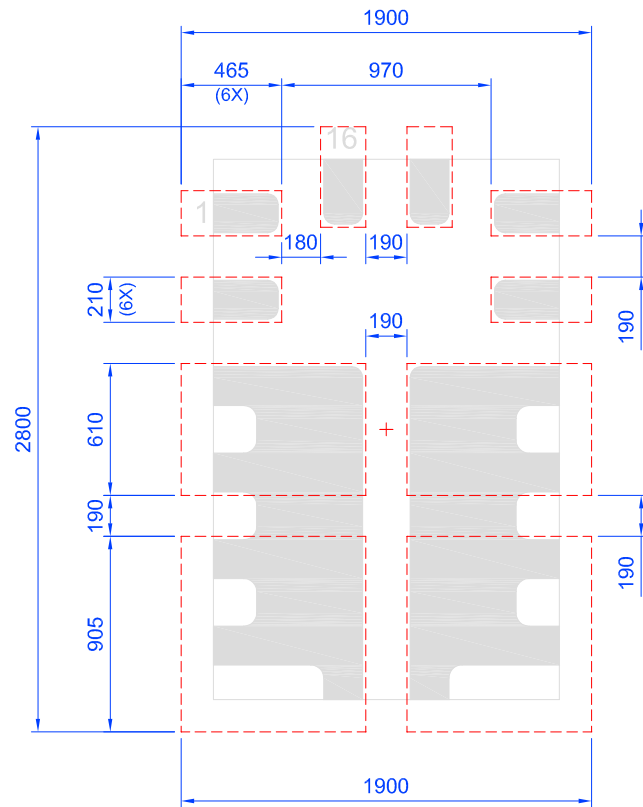
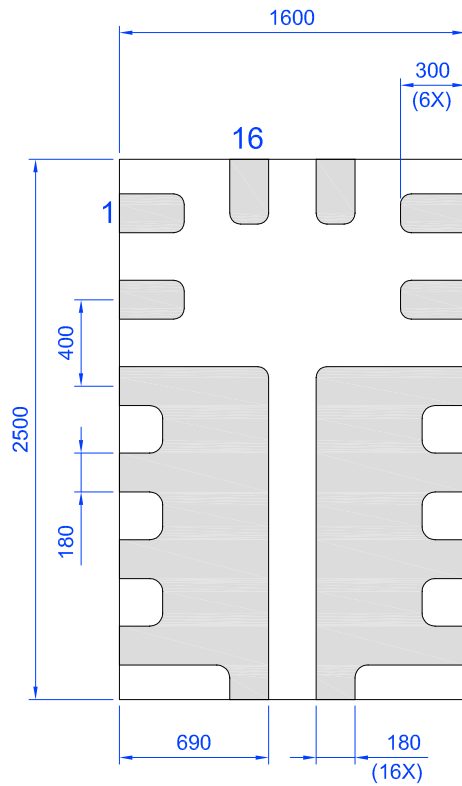
Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max	Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max
A	0.50	0.55	0.60	D	2.45	2.50	2.55
A1	0.005	-	0.05	E	1.55	1.60	1.65
A2	0.10	0.15	0.20	L	0.25	0.30	0.35
b	0.13	0.18	0.23	L1	0.64	0.69	0.74
e	0.40 BSC			L2	0.15	0.20	0.25
				L3	1.49	1.54	1.59



### SLG59M1709V 16-pin STQFN PCB Landing Pattern

 Exposed Pad  
(PKG face down)

 Recommended Land Pattern  
(PKG face down)



Unit: um

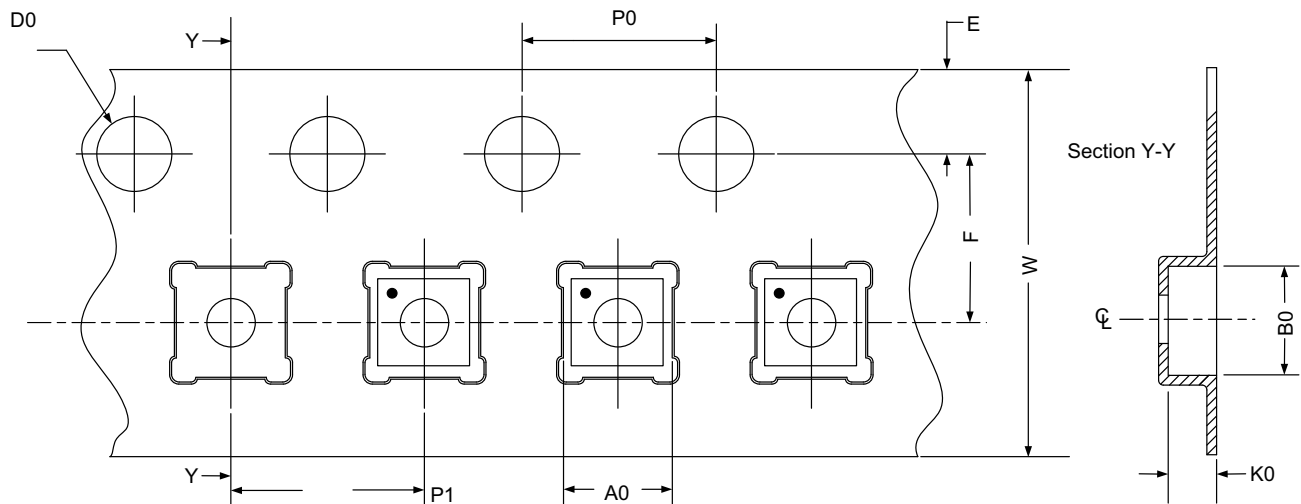


### Tape and Reel Specifications

Package Type	# of Pins	Nominal Package Size [mm]	Max Units		Reel & Hub Size [mm]	Leader (min)		Trailer (min)		Tape Width [mm]	Part Pitch [mm]
			per Reel	per Box		Pockets	Length [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]		
STQFN 16L 1.6x2.5mm 0.4P FCA Green	16	1.6x2.5x 0.55mm	3000	3000	178/60	100	400	100	400	8	4

### Carrier Tape Drawing and Dimensions

Package Type	Pocket BTM Length	Pocket BTM Width	Pocket Depth	Index Hole Pitch	Pocket Pitch	Index Hole Diameter	Index Hole to Tape Edge	Index Hole to Pocket Center	Tape Width
	A0	B0	K0	P0	P1	D0	E	F	W
STQFN 16L 1.6x2.5mm 0.4P FCA Green	1.8	2.8	0.7	4	4	1.55	1.75	3.5	8



Refer to EIA-481 specification

### Recommended Reflow Soldering Profile

Please see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020: latest revision for reflow profile based on package volume of 2.2 mm<sup>3</sup> (nominal). More information can be found at [www.jedec.org](http://www.jedec.org).



# SILEGO

## SLG59M1709V

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### Revision History

Date	Version	Change
1/30/2017	1.00	Production Release



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

**Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42

**Электронная почта:** [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.