

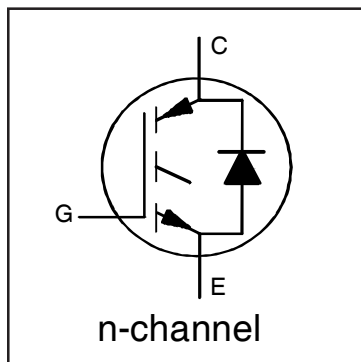
### INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

#### Features

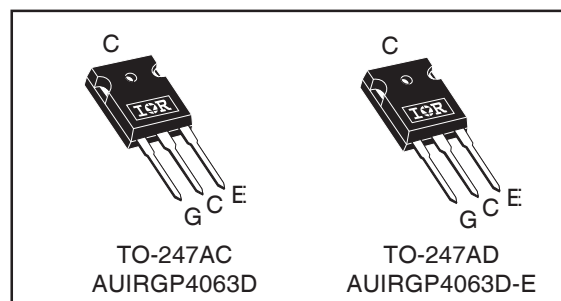
- Low  $V_{CE(ON)}$  Trench IGBT Technology
- Low switching losses
- Maximum Junction temperature 175 °C
- 5  $\mu$ S short circuit SOA
- Square RBSOA
- 100% of the parts tested for 4X rated current ( $I_{LM}$ )
- Positive  $V_{CE(ON)}$  Temperature co-efficient
- Ultra fast soft Recovery Co-Pak Diode
- Tight parameter distribution
- Lead Free Package

#### Benefits

- High Efficiency in a wide range of applications
- Suitable for a wide range of switching frequencies due to Low  $V_{CE(ON)}$  and Low Switching losses
- Rugged transient Performance for increased reliability
- Excellent Current sharing in parallel operation
- Low EMI



$V_{CES} = 600V$
$I_C = 60A, T_C = 100^\circ C$
$t_{SC} \geq 5\mu s, T_{J(max)} = 175^\circ C$
$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.6V$



<b>G</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>E</b>
Gate	Collector	Emitter

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
AUIRGP4063D	TO-247	Tube	25	AUIRGP4063D
AUIRGP4063D-E	TO-247	Tube	25	AUIRGP4063D-E

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions. Ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) is 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	100	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	60	
$I_{CM}$	Pulse Collector Current, $V_{GE} = 15V$	144	
$I_{LM}$	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE} = 20V$ ①	192	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	82	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	
$I_{FM}$	Diode Maximum Forward Current ②	192	V
$V_{GE}$	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	
	Transient Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 30$	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	330	W
		$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	
$T_J$ $T_{STG}$	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +175	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N·m)	

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT)	—	—	0.45	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode)	—	—	0.92	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	80	—	

**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref. Fig
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 150\mu A$ ④	CT6
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.30	—	V/°C	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1mA$ (25°C-175°C)	CT6
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.6	1.9	V	$I_C = 48A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	5.6,7
		—	1.9	—		$I_C = 48A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	9,10,11
		—	2.0	—		$I_C = 48A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	4.0	—	6.5	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.4mA$	9, 10,
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/T_J$	Threshold Voltage temp. coefficient	—	-21	—	mV/°C	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.0mA$ (25°C - 175°C)	11, 12
$g_{fe}$	Forward Transconductance	—	32	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 48A, PW = 80\mu s$	
$I_{CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	1.0	150	$\mu A$	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$	
		—	450	1000		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	
$V_{FM}$	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.95	2.91	V	$I_F = 48A$	8
		—	1.45	—		$I_F = 48A, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	
$I_{GES}$	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	$\pm 100$	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$	

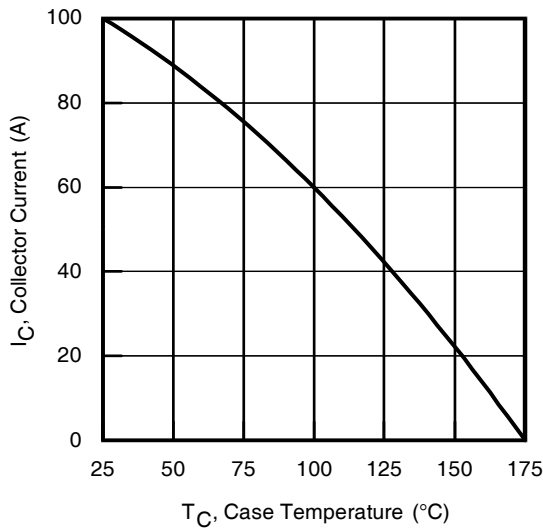
**Switching Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref. Fig
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	95	140	nC	$I_C = 48A$	24
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	28	42		$V_{GE} = 15V$	CT1
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	35	53		$V_{CC} = 400V$	
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	625	1141	$\mu J$	$I_C = 48A, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$	CT4
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1275	1481		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
$E_{total}$	Total Switching Loss	—	1900	2622		Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	60	78	ns	$I_C = 48A, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$	CT4
$t_r$	Rise time	—	40	56		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	145	176			
$t_f$	Fall time	—	35	46			
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	1625	—	$\mu J$	$I_C = 48A, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$	13, 15
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1585	—		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ④	CT4
$E_{total}$	Total Switching Loss	—	3210	—		Energy losses include tail & diode reverse recovery	WF1, WF2
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On delay time	—	55	—	ns	$I_C = 48A, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$	14, 16
$t_r$	Rise time	—	45	—		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH$	CT4
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	165	—		$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	WF1
$t_f$	Fall time	—	45	—			WF2
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	—	3025	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$	23
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance	—	245	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$	
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	90	—		$f = 1.0MHz$	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 192A$ $V_{CC} = 480V, V_p = 600V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V$ to 0V	4 CT2
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	5	—	—	$\mu s$	$V_{CC} = 400V, V_p = 600V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = +15V$ to 0V	22, CT3 WF4
$E_{rec}$	Reverse Recovery Energy of the Diode	—	845	—	$\mu J$	$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$	17, 18, 19
$t_{rr}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	115	—	ns	$V_{CC} = 400V, I_F = 48A$	20, 21
$I_{rr}$	Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	40	—	A	$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH$	WF3

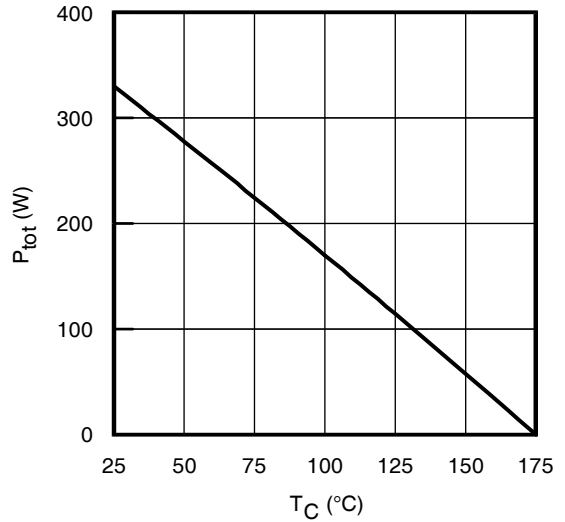
**Notes:**

- ①  $V_{CC} = 80\% (V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 200\mu H, R_G = 10\Omega$ .  
 ② This is only applied to TO-247AC package.

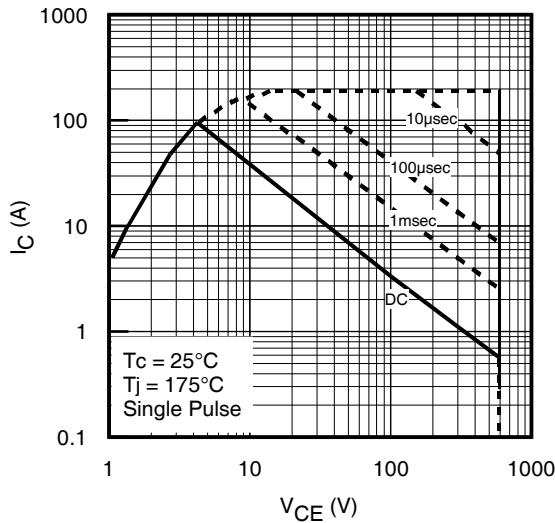
- ③ Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.  
 ④ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring  $V_{(BR)CES}$  safely.



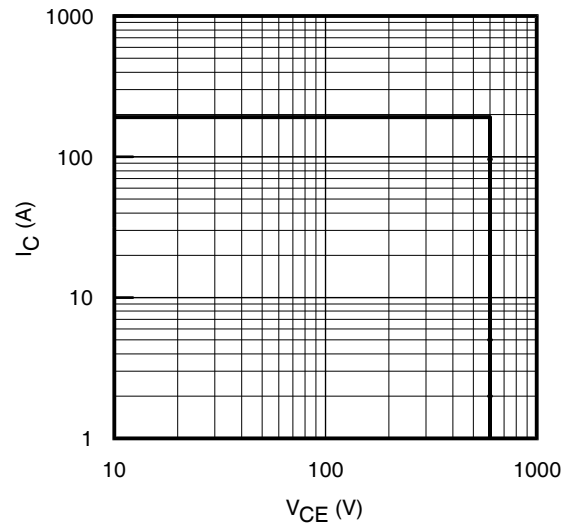
**Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature**



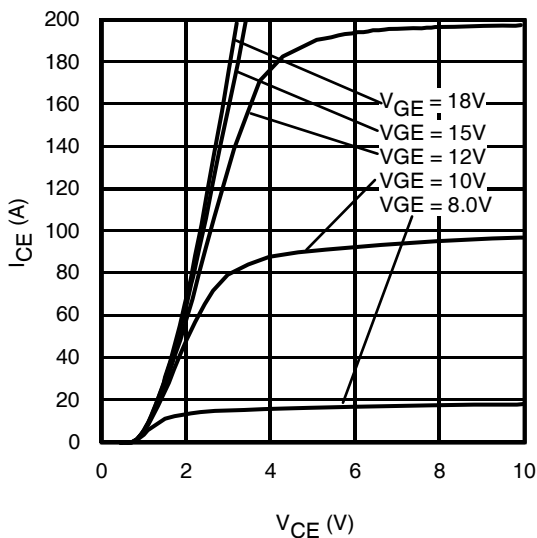
**Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature**



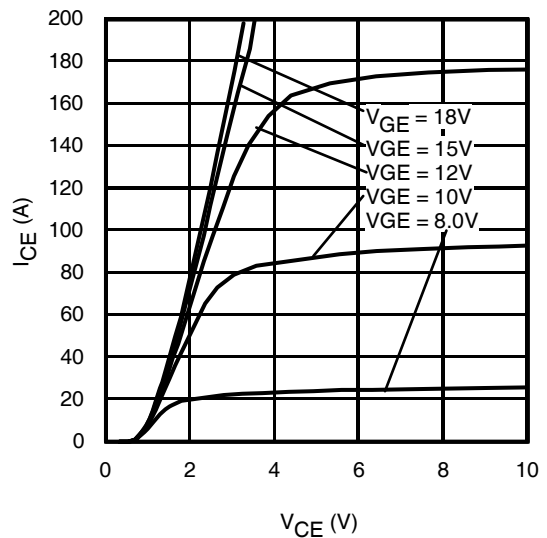
**Fig. 3 - Forward SOA**  
 $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



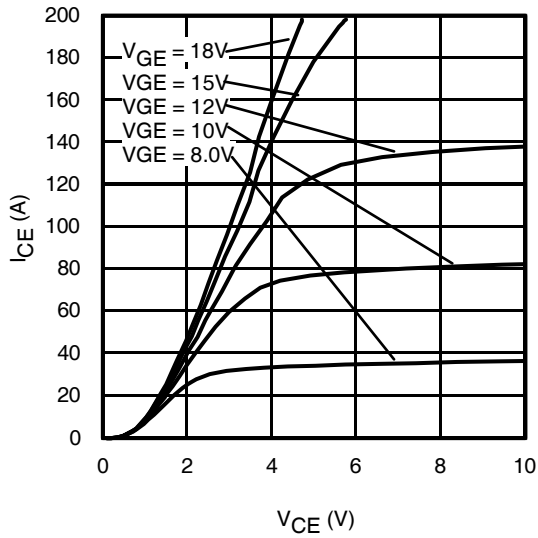
**Fig. 4 - Reverse Bias SOA**  
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



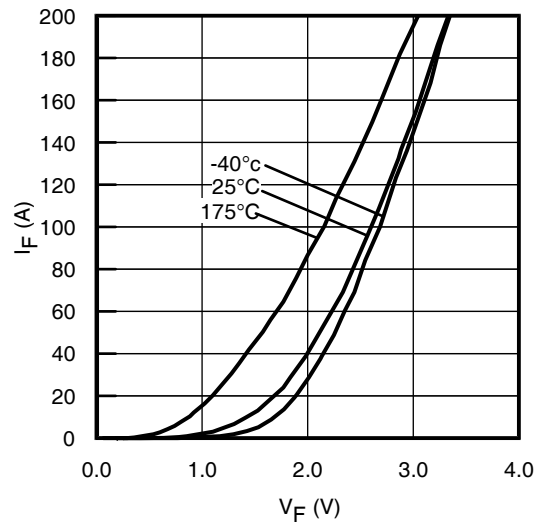
**Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics**  
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



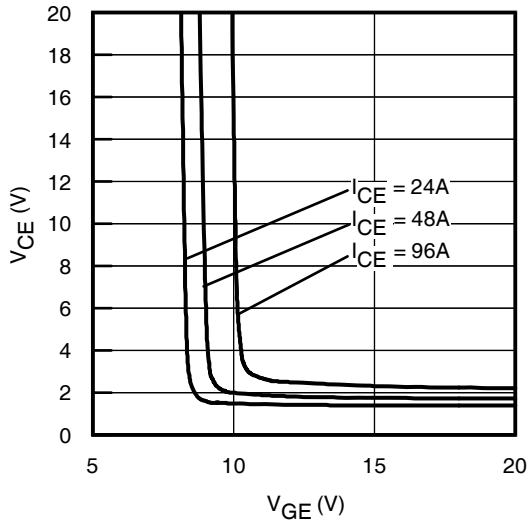
**Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics**  
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



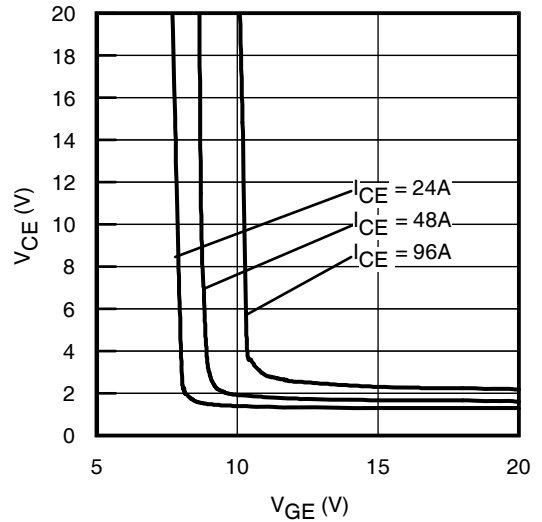
**Fig. 7 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics**  
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



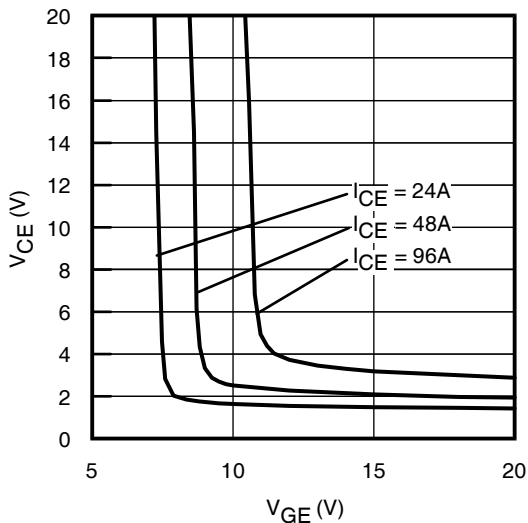
**Fig. 8 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics**  
 $t_p = 80\mu\text{s}$



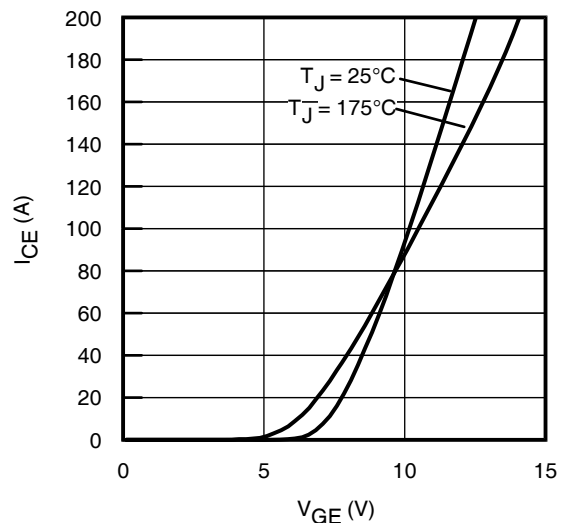
**Fig. 9 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$



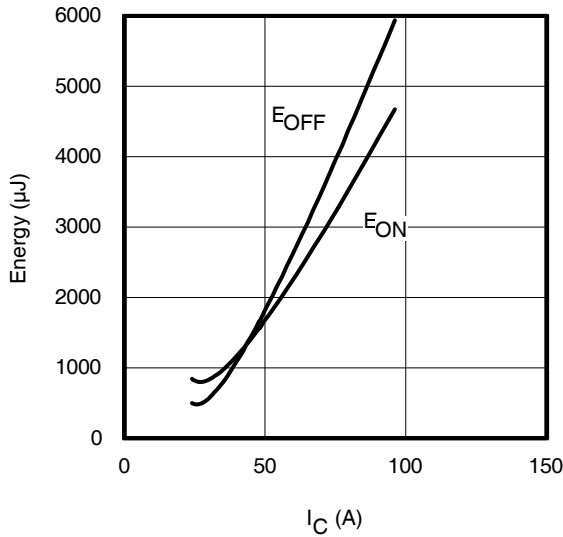
**Fig. 10 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$



**Fig. 11 - Typical  $V_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{GE}$**   
 $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

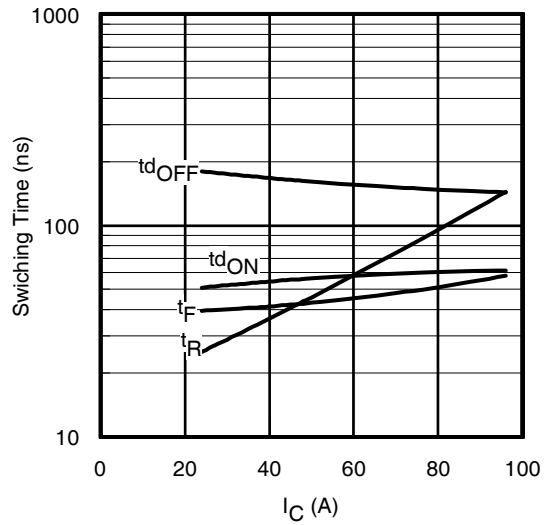


**Fig. 12 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics**  
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$ ;  $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$



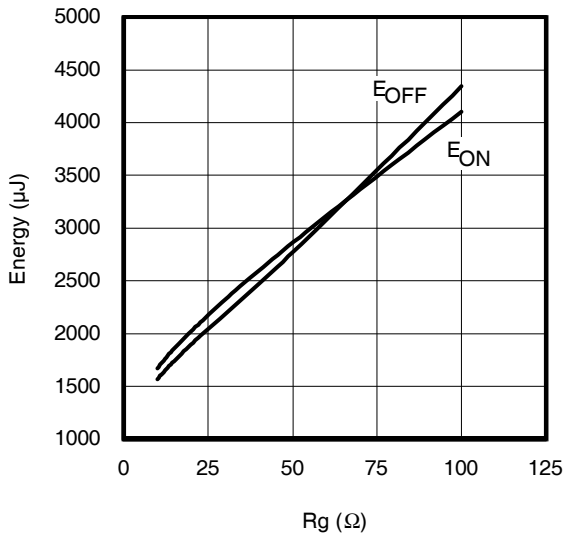
**Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $I_C$**

$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 10\Omega$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



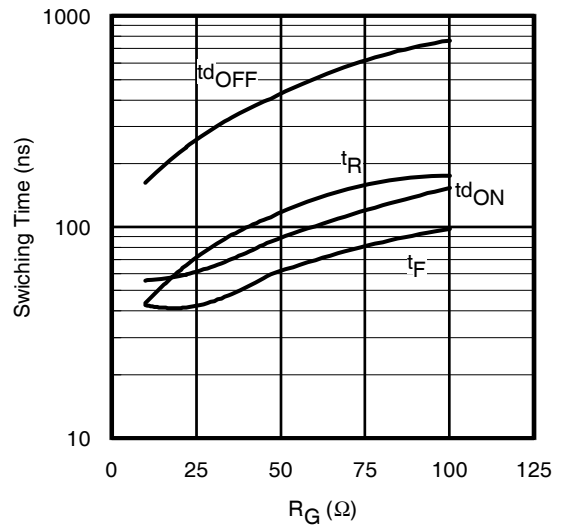
**Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $I_C$**

$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $R_G = 10\Omega$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



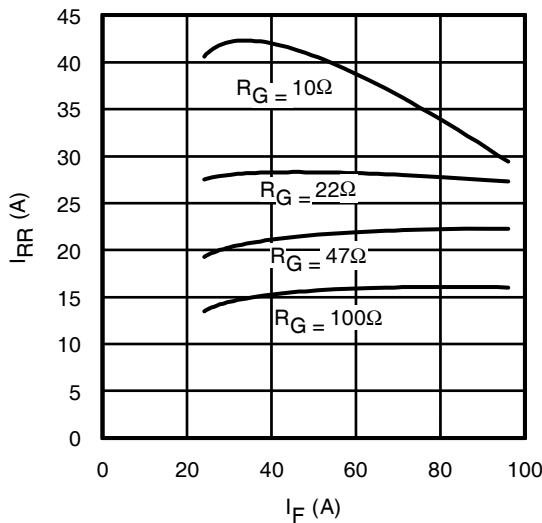
**Fig. 15 - Typ. Energy Loss vs.  $R_G$**

$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $I_{CE} = 48\text{A}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



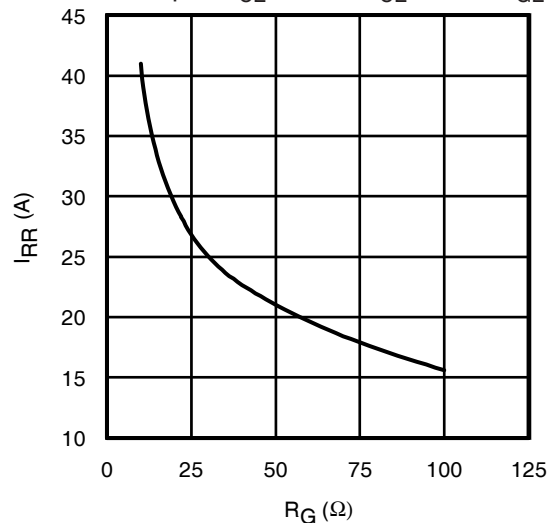
**Fig. 16 - Typ. Switching Time vs.  $R_G$**

$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$ ,  $I_{CE} = 48\text{A}$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$



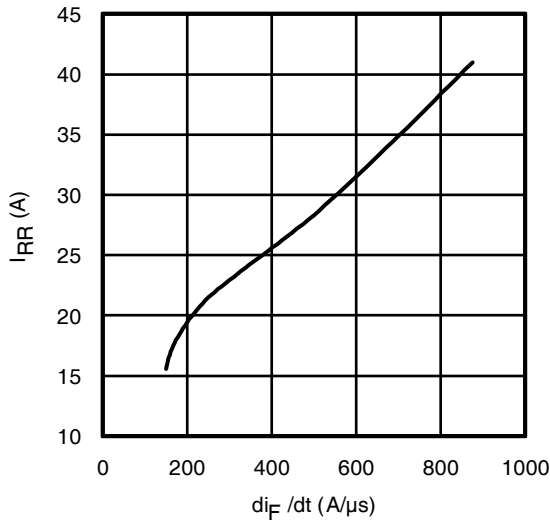
**Fig. 17 - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $I_F$**

$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$

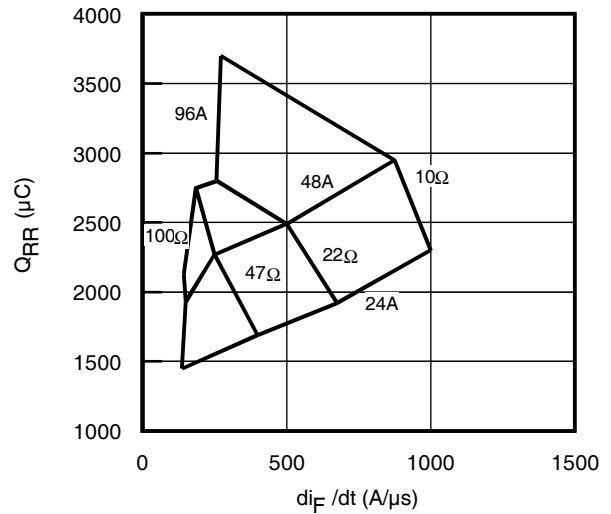


**Fig. 18 - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $R_G$**

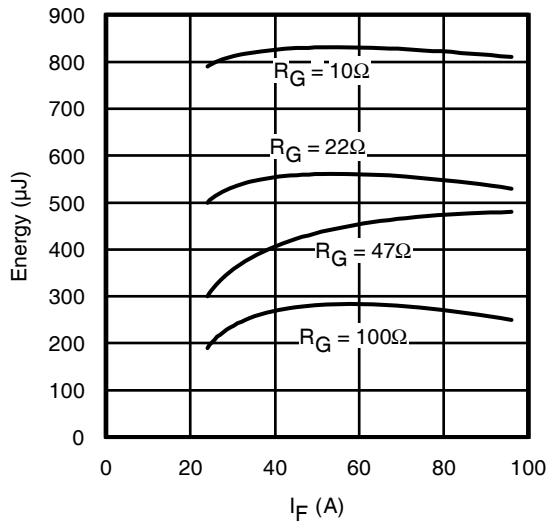
$T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$



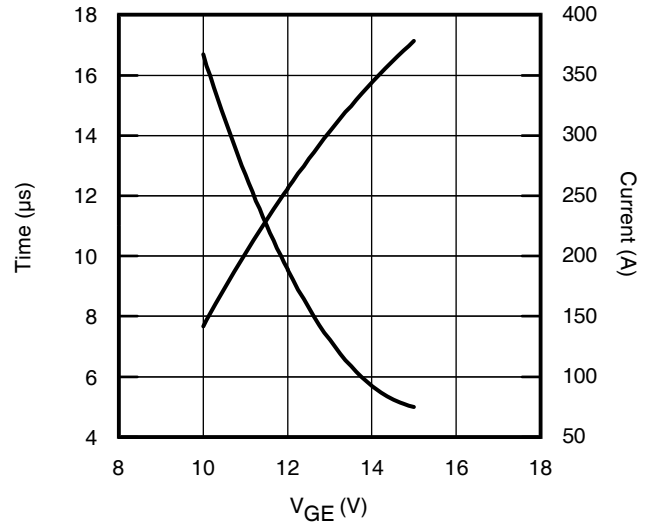
**Fig. 19** - Typ. Diode  $I_{RR}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$   
 $V_{CC} = 400V$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15V$ ;  $I_F = 48A$ ;  $T_J = 175^\circ C$



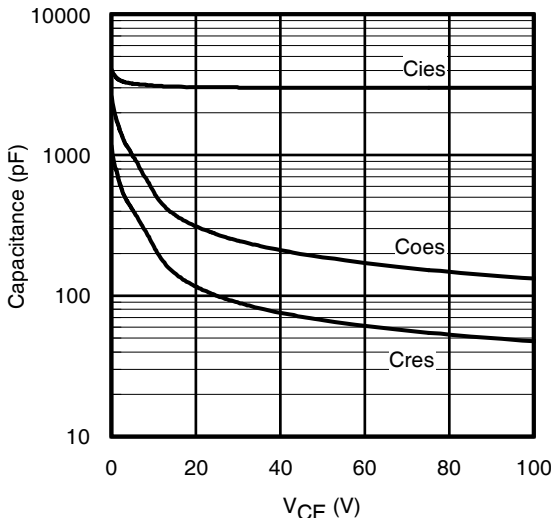
**Fig. 20** - Typ. Diode  $Q_{RR}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$   
 $V_{CC} = 400V$ ;  $V_{GE} = 15V$ ;  $T_J = 175^\circ C$



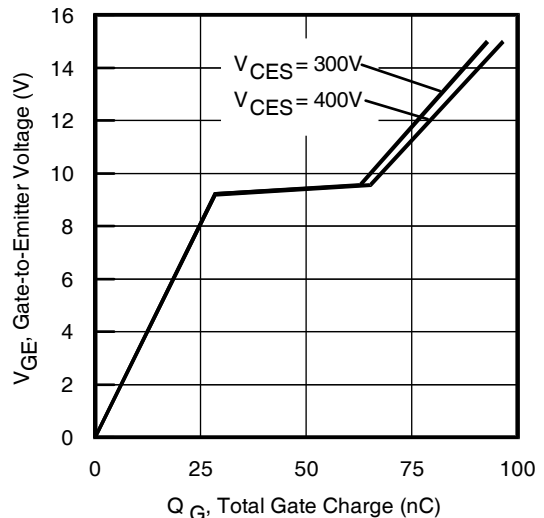
**Fig. 21** - Typ. Diode  $E_{RR}$  vs.  $I_F$   
 $T_J = 175^\circ C$



**Fig. 22** -  $V_{GE}$  vs. Short Circuit Time  
 $V_{CC} = 400V$ ;  $T_C = 25^\circ C$



**Fig. 23** - Typ. Capacitance vs.  $V_{CE}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0V$ ;  $f = 1MHz$



**Fig. 24** - Typical Gate Charge vs.  $V_{GE}$   
 $I_{CE} = 48A$ ;  $L = 600\mu H$

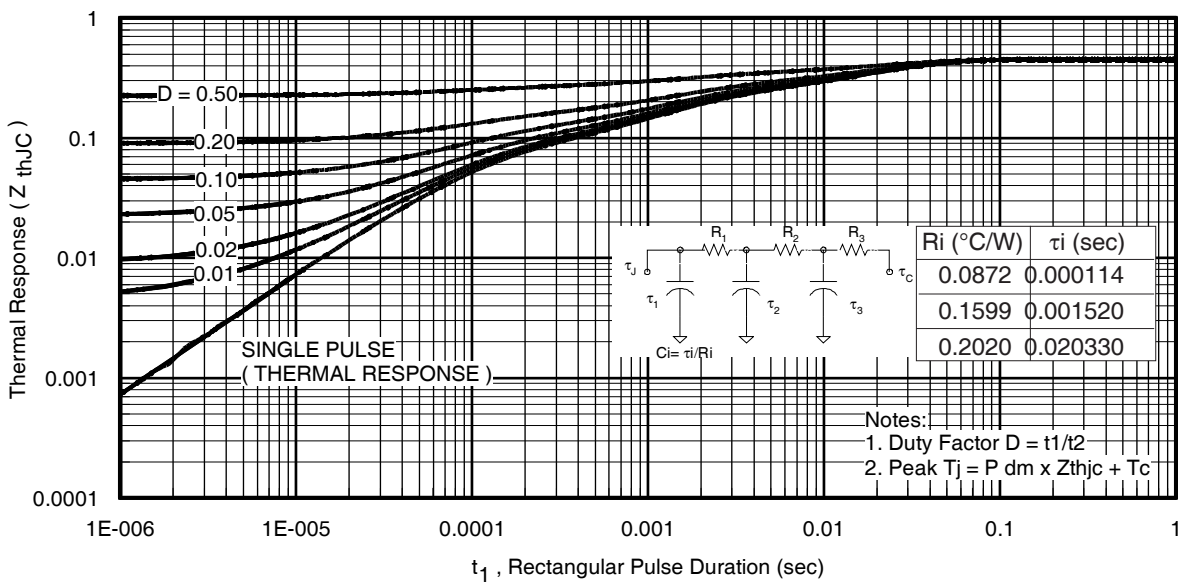


Fig 25. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

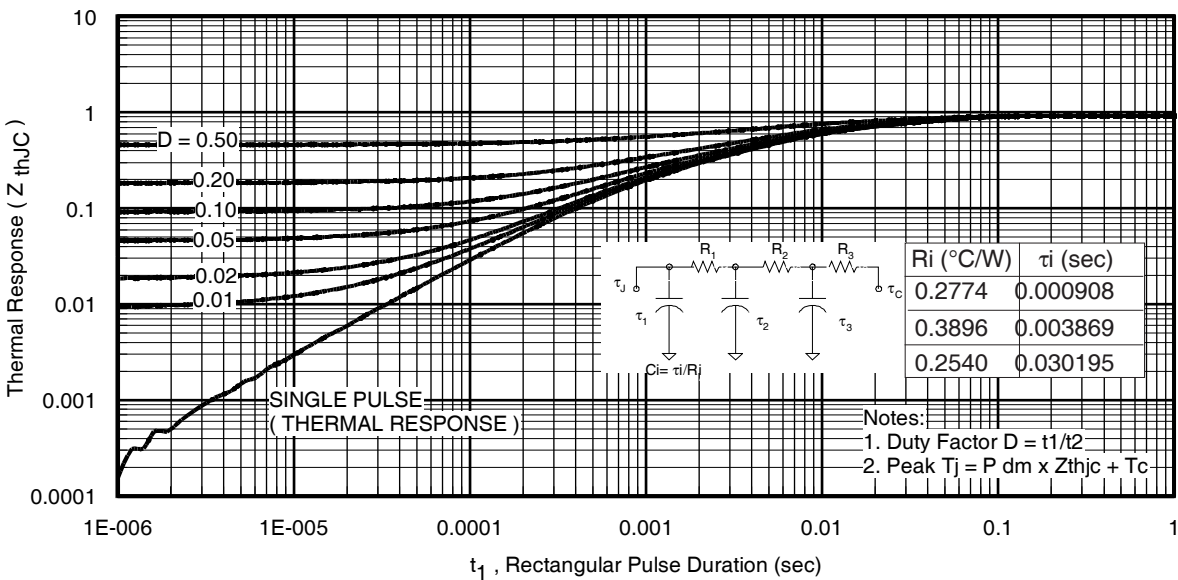


Fig. 26. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

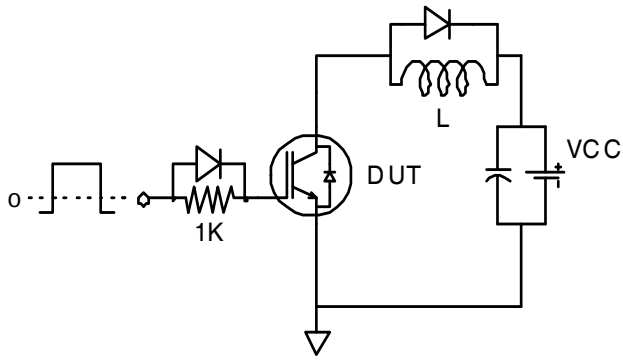


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

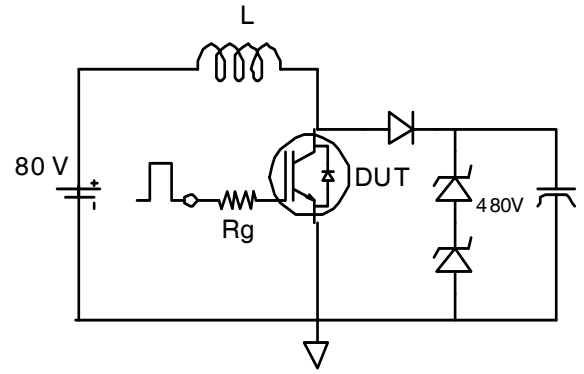


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

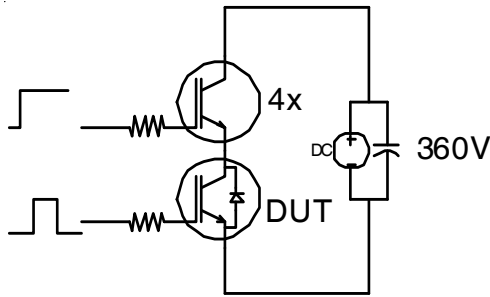


Fig.C.T.3 - S.C. SOA Circuit

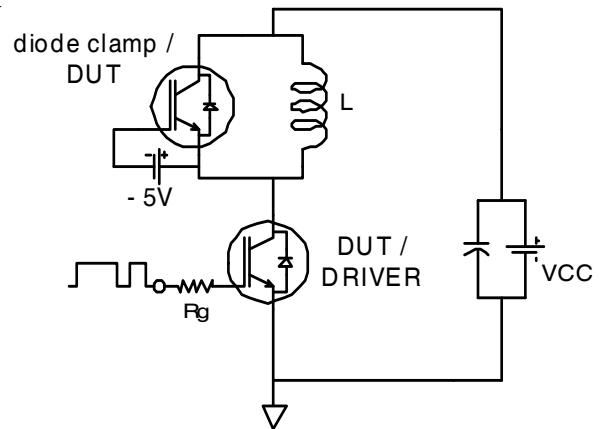


Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

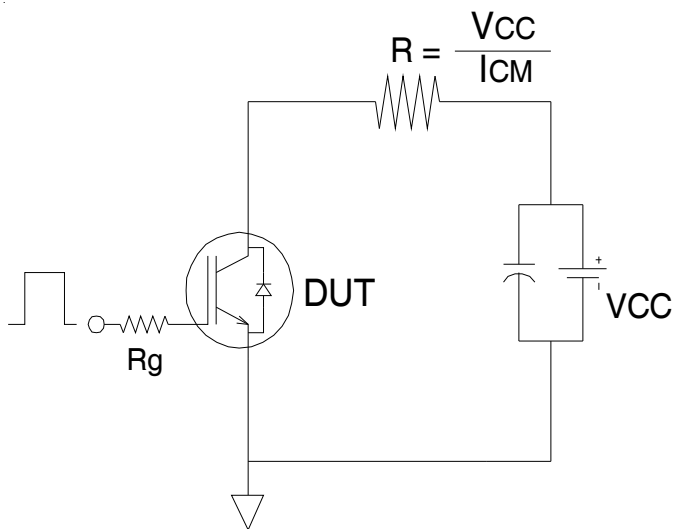


Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit

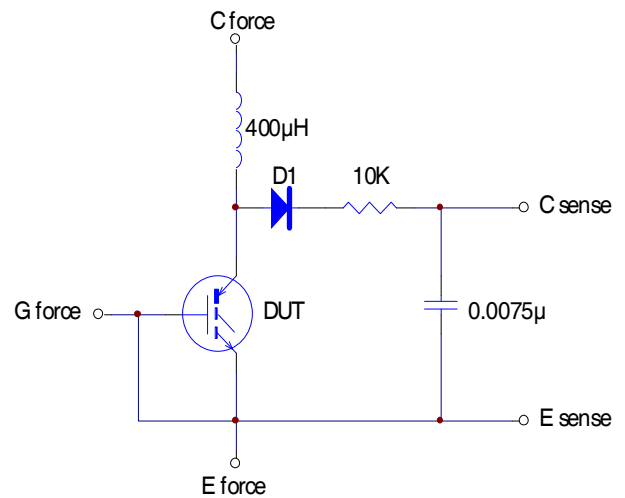
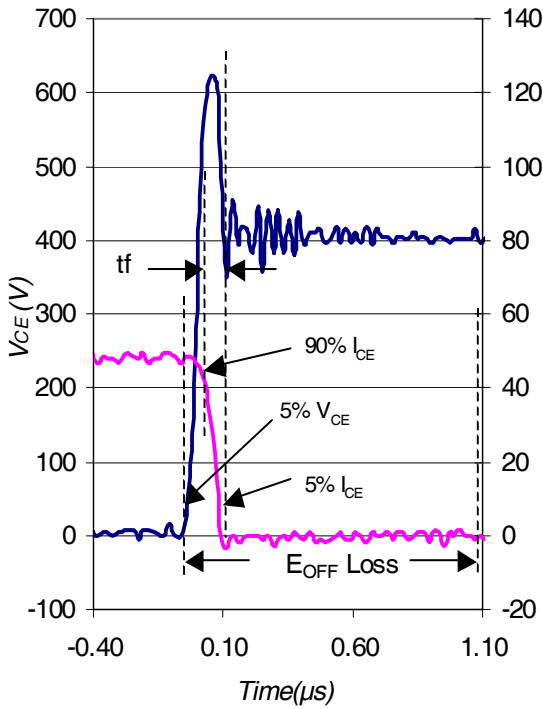
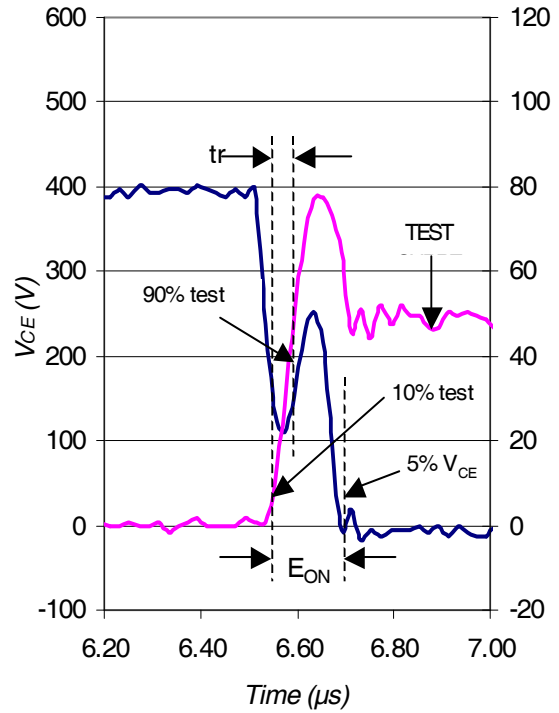


Fig.C.T.6 - BVCES Filter Circuit

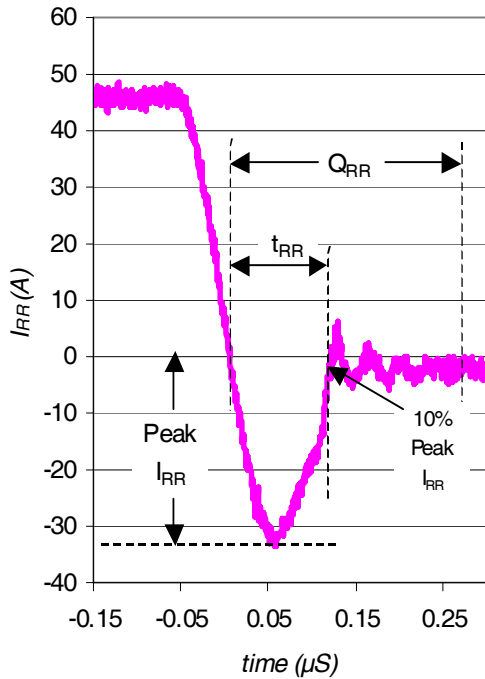




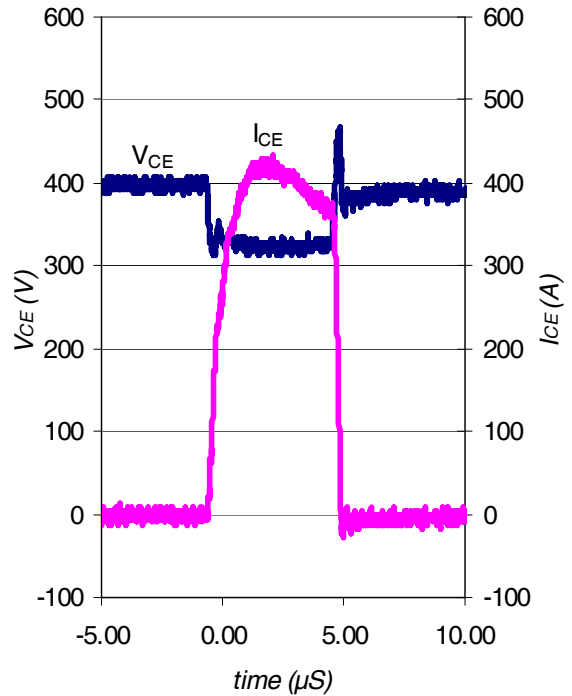
**Fig. WF1** - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



**Fig. WF2** - Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform  
@  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



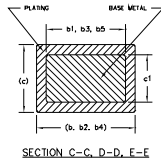
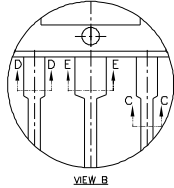
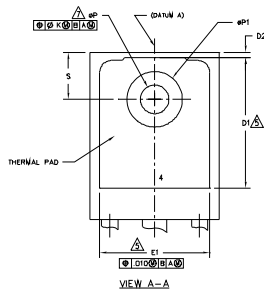
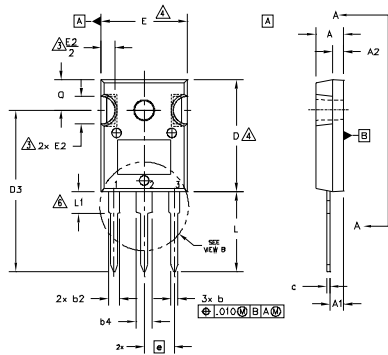
**Fig. WF3** - Typ. Diode Recovery Waveform  
@  $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.4



**Fig. WF4** - Typ. S.C. Waveform  
@  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using Fig. CT.3

## TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.  
CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
5. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
6. ØP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 ° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC .

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89	
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84	
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	4
D1	.515	-	13.08	-	5
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35	
D3	1.122	1.161	28.50	29.50	4
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	
E1	.530	-	13.46	-	
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		
Øk	.010		0.25		
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10	
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
ØP	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	
ØP1	-	.291	-	7.39	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

**PART NUMBERS AFFECTED:**

- AUIRGP4PH50S
- AUIRGP4066D1/E
- AUIRGP40630/E
- AUIRGP50860PD1/E
- AUIRGP35860PD/E
- AUIRGP4062D1/E
- AUIRGP65A20D0
- AUIRGP65G20D0
- AUIRGP/F66524D0
- AUIRGP/F76524D0
- AUIRGP/F66548D0
- AUIRGP/F76548D0

**LEAD ASSIGNMENTS**

**HEXFET**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

**IGBTs, CoPACK**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

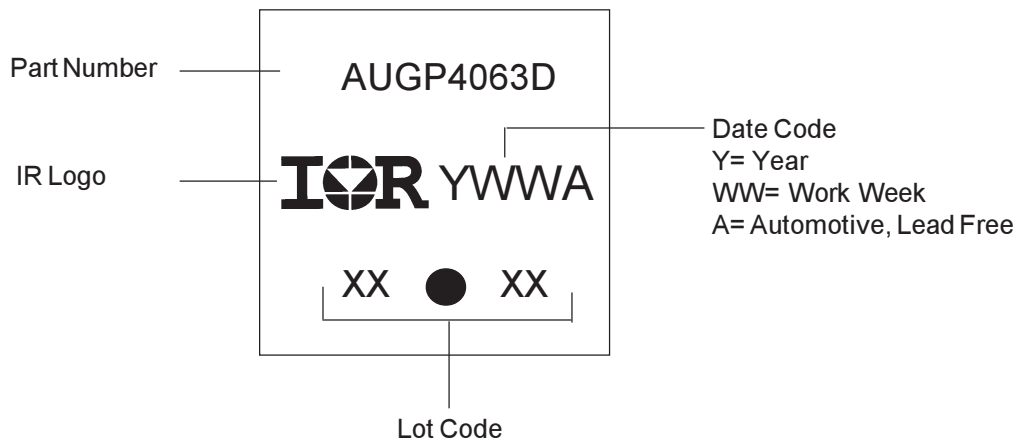
**DIODES**

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

**SPECIAL NOTE:**

- a) ADDED D3 FOR SPECIAL REQUIREMENT

## TO-247AC Part Marking Information

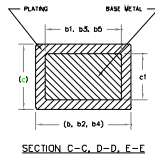
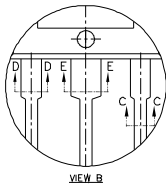
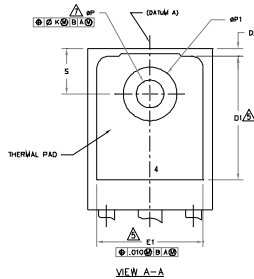
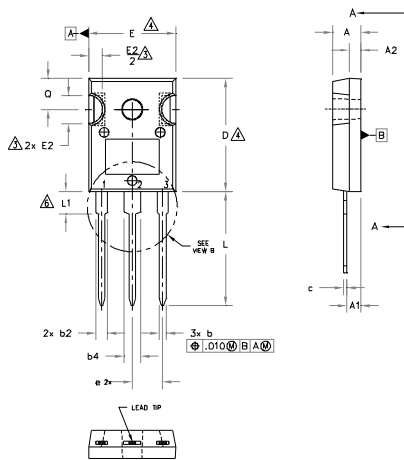


TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

# TO-247AD Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



**NOTES:**

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
- CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. phi P TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 ° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AD.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.190	.203	4.83	5.13	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89	
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84	
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	4
D1	.515	-	13.08	-	5
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35	
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	4
E1	.530	-	13.46	-	
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		
phi k	.010		0.25		
L	.780	.827	19.57	21.00	
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
phi P	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	
phi P1	-	.291	-	7.39	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

**LEAD ASSIGNMENTS**

**HEXFET**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

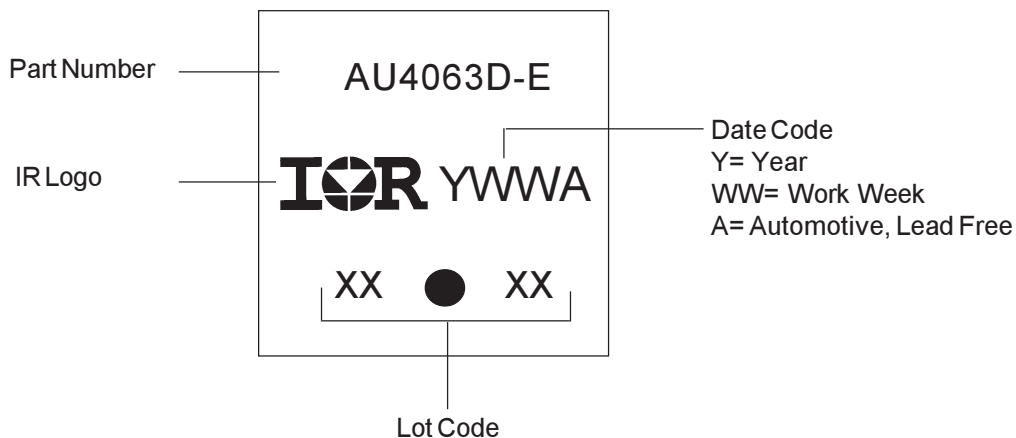
**IGBTs, CoPACK**

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

**DIODES**

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

## TO-247AD Part Marking Information



TO-247AD package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

**Qualification Information<sup>†</sup>**

<b>Qualification Level</b>		Automotive (per AEC-Q101) <sup>†</sup>	
		Comments: This part number(s) passed Automotive qualification. IR's Industrial and Consumer qualification level is granted by extension of the higher Automotive level.	
<b>Moisture Sensitivity Level</b>		TO-247AC	N/A
		TO-247AD	N/A
<b>ESD</b>	Machine Model	Class M4 ( $\pm 425V$ ) <sup>††</sup> (per AEC-Q101-002)	
	Human Body Model	Class H2 ( $\pm 4000V$ ) <sup>††</sup> (per AEC-Q101-001)	
	Charged Device Model	Class C5 ( $\pm 1125V$ ) <sup>††</sup> (per AEC-Q101-005)	
<b>RoHS Compliant</b>		Yes	

† Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site: <http://www.irf.com>

†† Highest passing voltage.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Unless specifically designated for the automotive market, International Rectifier Corporation and its subsidiaries (IR) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or services without notice. Part numbers designated with the "AU" prefix follow automotive industry and / or customer specific requirements with regards to product discontinuance and process change notification. All products are sold subject to IR's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

IR warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with IR's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent IR deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

IR assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using IR components. To minimize the risks with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

Reproduction of IR information in IR data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alterations is an unfair and deceptive business practice. IR is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions. Resale of IR products or serviced with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by IR for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated IR product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. IR is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

IR products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or in other applications intended to support or sustain life, or in any other application in which the failure of the IR product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use IR products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold International Rectifier and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that IR was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the product.

IR products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the IR products are specifically designated by IR as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by IR as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of IR products which IR has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

IR products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific IR products are designated by IR as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements and bear a part number including the designation "AU". Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, IR will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

For technical support, please contact IR's Technical Assistance Center

<http://www.irf.com/technical-info/>

**WORLD HEADQUARTERS:**

233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245

Tel: (310) 252-7105



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

**Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42

**Электронная почта:** [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.