

**PRIMARY SIDE POWER SWITCHER FOR FLYBACK/NON-ISOLATED BUCK SMPS**

**Description**

The AP3965/66/71 consists of a primary side regulation controller and a high voltage transistor, and is specially designed for off-line power supplies within 12W output power or non-isolated buck applications within 5W. Typical applications include adapter for ADSL, auxiliary supplies or open frame types for appliances.

The AP3965/66/71 operates at pulse frequency modulation (PFM), and provides accurate constant voltage, constant current (CV/CC) regulation without requiring an opto-coupler and secondary control circuitry. It has internal cable compensation function for tight constant voltage regulation.

The AP3965/66/71 solution has fewer component numbers, smaller size, and lower total cost.

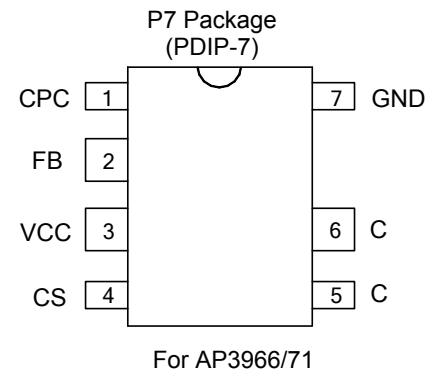
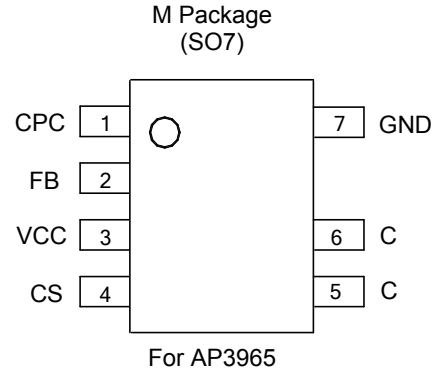
The AP3965 is packaged in SO7. The AP3966/71 is available in PDIP-7.

**Features**

- Primary Side Control for Eliminating Opto-coupler and Secondary CV/CC Control Circuitry
- Built-in NPN Transistor with 700V<sub>CBO</sub>
- Low Start-up Current: 0.2µA (Typ)
- Internal Output Cable Voltage Drop Compensation
- Random Frequency Modulation for Low EMI
- Short Circuit Protection
- Low Total Cost Solution
- Output Power Range (Note 1):
  - AP3965 for 5W Adapter and 3W Buck
  - AP3966 for 10W Adapter and 4.5W Buck
  - AP3971 for 12W Adapter and 5W Buck
- **Totally Lead-free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Note 2 & 3)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 4)**

- Notes:
1. Typical continuous power in a non-ventilated enclosed adapter measured at +50°C ambient.
  2. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant.
  3. See [http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead\\_free.html](http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead_free.html) for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
  4. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

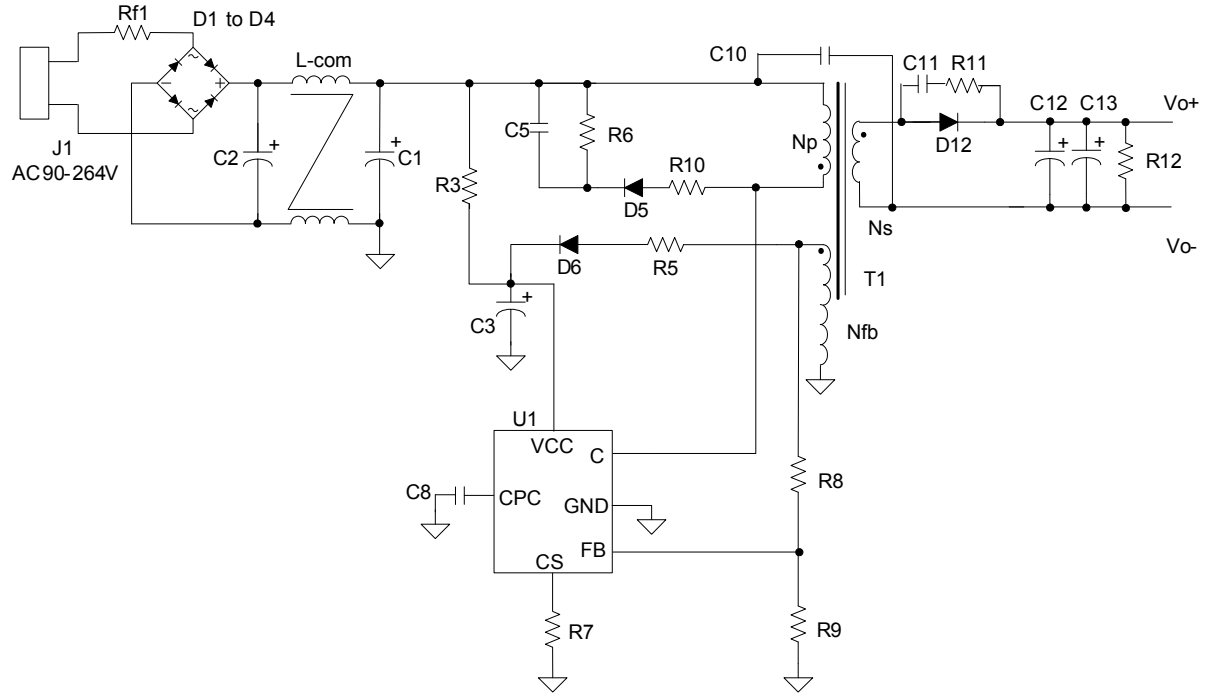
**Pin Assignments**



**Applications**

- Adapters
- Set Top Boxes
- Auxiliary Supplies
- Appliances

**Typical Applications Circuit**



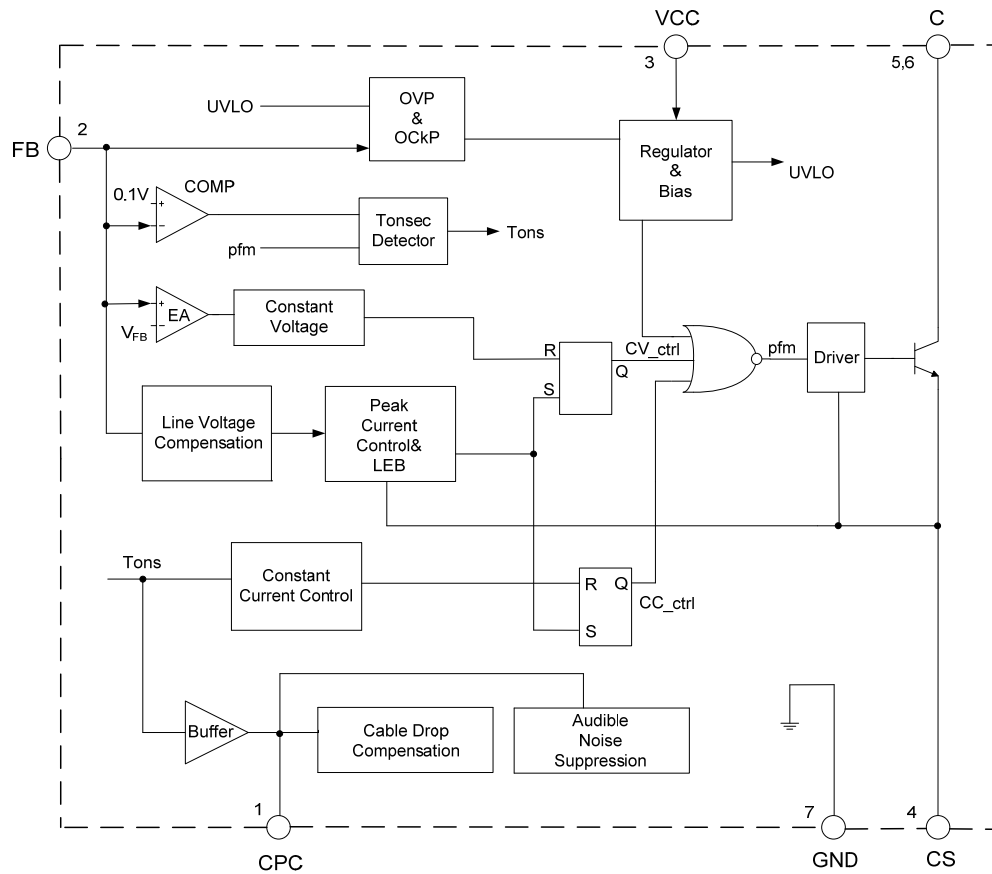
For AP3971 (12V/1A)

| Item     | Function                              | QTY | Item | Function             | QTY |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-----|------|----------------------|-----|
| C1,C2    | 10 $\mu$ F/400V, electrolytic         | 2   | U1   | AP3971, PDIP-7       | 1   |
| C3       | 4.7 $\mu$ F/50V, electrolytic         | 1   | Rf1  | 2A/250V, fuse        | 1   |
| C5       | 1nF/250V, ceramic                     | 1   | R3   | 3.3M $\Omega$ /0.25W | 1   |
| C8       | 0.1 $\mu$ F, 0805                     | 1   | R5   | 3.9 $\Omega$ , 0805  | 1   |
| C10      | 1nF/250V <sub>AC</sub> , Y1 capacitor | 1   | R6   | 150k $\Omega$ /0.25W | 1   |
| C11      | 1nF, 0805                             | 1   | R7   | 0.62 $\Omega$ , 1206 | 1   |
| C12, C13 | 470 $\mu$ F/16V                       | 2   | R8   | 31k $\Omega$ , 0805  | 1   |
| D1 to D6 | 1N4007, rectifier diode               | 6   | R9   | 13k $\Omega$ , 0805  | 1   |
| D12      | MBR3100, schottky diode               | 1   | R10  | 360 $\Omega$ , 0805  | 1   |
| L-com    | EE10, 15mH, Common inductor           | 1   | R11  | 27 $\Omega$ , 0805   | 1   |
| T1       | EE19 core, PC40, transformer          | 1   | R12  | 1.2k $\Omega$ , 0805 | 1   |

**Pin Descriptions**

| Pin Number | Pin Name | Function  |
|------------|----------|---|
| 1          | CPC      | This pin connects a capacitor to GND for output cable compensation                |
| 2          | FB       | The voltage feedback from auxiliary winding                                       |
| 3          | VCC      | This pin receives rectified voltage from the auxiliary winding of the transformer |
| 4          | CS       | Current sense for primary side of transformer                                     |
| 5, 6       | C        | This pin is connected with an internal power BJT's collector                      |
| 7          | GND      | This pin is the signal reference ground   |

**Functional Block Diagram**



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 5)

| Symbol            | Parameter                            | Rating      |     | Unit |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-----|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>   | Supply Voltage                       | -0.3 to +22 |     | V    |
| V <sub>FB</sub>   | FB Input Voltage                     | -1 to +10   |     | V    |
| V <sub>CBO</sub>  | Collector-emitter Voltage            | 700         |     | V    |
| –                 | Collector DC Current                 | AP3965      | 1.5 | A    |
|                   |                                      | AP3966      | 3.2 |      |
|                   |                                      | AP3971      | 4   |      |
| T <sub>J</sub>    | Operating Junction Temperature       | 150         |     | °C   |
| T <sub>STG</sub>  | Storage Temperature                  | -65 to +150 |     | °C   |
| T <sub>LEAD</sub> | Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) | 300         |     | °C   |
| –                 | ESD (Machine Model)                  | 200         |     | V    |
| –                 | ESD (Human Body Model)               | 2000        |     | V    |
| P <sub>D</sub>    | Total Power Dissipation              | AP3965      | 0.9 | W    |
|                   |                                      | AP3966      | 1.4 |      |
|                   |                                      | AP3971      | 1.5 |      |

Note: 5. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol           | Parameter                   | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | Supply Voltage              | –   | 22  | V    |
| T <sub>OP</sub>  | Operating Temperature Range | -40 | +85 | °C   |
| f <sub>MAX</sub> | Maximum Operating Frequency | –   | 60  | kHz  |

### Thermal Impedance (Note 6)

| Symbol          | Parameter           | Value  |    | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------|----|------|
| θ <sub>JA</sub> | Junction to Ambient | AP3965 | 80 | °C/W |
|                 |                     | AP3966 | 50 |      |
|                 |                     | AP3971 | 45 |      |
| θ <sub>JC</sub> | Junction to Case    | AP3965 | 40 |      |
|                 |                     | AP3966 | 26 |      |
|                 |                     | AP3971 | 22 |      |

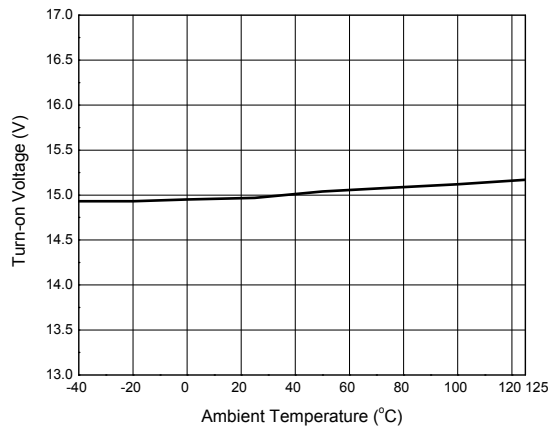
Note: 6. When mounted a standard single-sided FR4 board with 300mm<sup>2</sup> Cu (at least 35µm thick) connected to all collectors and CS pins.

**Electrical Characteristics** (@ $V_{CC}=15V$ ,  $T_J = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified.)

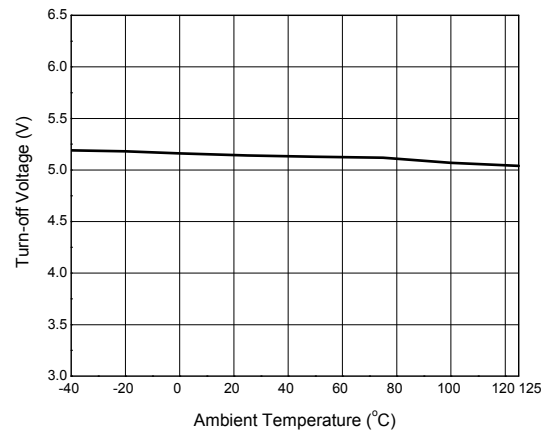
| Symbol                             | Parameters                           | Conditions                                    | Min   | Typ | Max   | Unit       |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------|-----|-------|------------|
| <b>UVLO Section</b>                |                                      |   |       |     |       |            |
| $V_{ON}$                           | Turn-on Voltage                      | –   | 13    | 15  | 17    | V          |
| $V_{OFF}$                          | Turn-off Voltage                     | No drive current                              | 4.5   | 5.3 | 6.3   | V          |
| <b>Standby Current Section</b>     |                                      |   |       |     |       |            |
| $I_{ST}$                           | Start-up Current                     | $V_{CC} = V_{ON} - 0.5V$                      | –     | 0.2 | 0.6   | $\mu A$    |
| $I_{CC}$                           | Operating Current                    | –   | 320   | 435 | 550   |            |
| <b>Feedback Input Section</b>      |                                      |   |       |     |       |            |
| $I_{FB}$                           | FB Input Current                     | $V_{FB} = 4V$                                 | 1.5   | 3.5 | 5.5   | $\mu A$    |
| $V_{FB}$                           | FB Threshold Voltage                 | –   | 4.324 | 4.4 | 4.476 | V          |
| <b>Power Transistor Section</b>    |                                      |   |       |     |       |            |
| $V_{CE(SAT)}$                      | Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage | AP3965: $I_C = 0.5A$<br>AP3966/71: $I_C = 1A$ | –     | –   | 0.3   | V          |
| $h_{FE}$                           | DC Current Gain                      | AP3965  | 14    | 17  | –     | –          |
|                                    |                                      | AP3966/71                                     | 17    | 26  | –     |            |
| $I_{CEO}$                          | Leakage Current                      | –   | –     | –   | 60    | nA         |
| <b>Over Temperature Protection</b> |                                      |   |       |     |       |            |
| $T_{SHDN}$                         | Shutdown Temperature                 | Surface temperature                           | 125   | 160 | –     | $^\circ C$ |
| –                                  | Temperature Hysteresis               | –   | –     | 40  | –     | $^\circ C$ |

**Performance Characteristics**

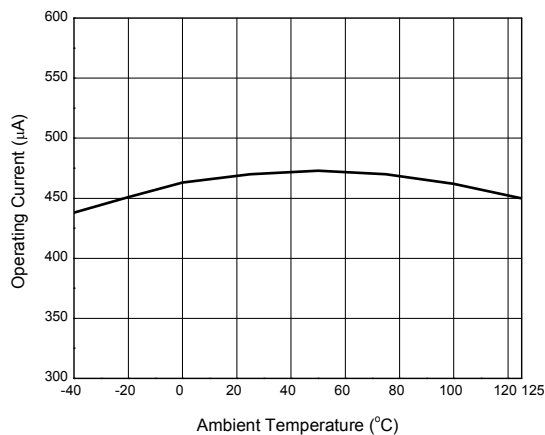
**Turn-on Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Turn-off Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Operating Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Operation Description**

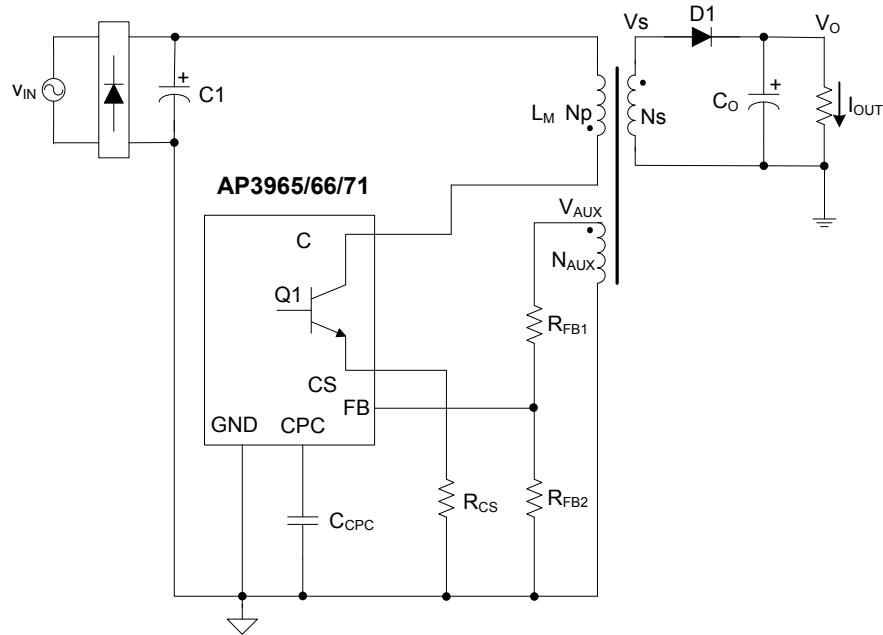


Figure 1 Simplified Flyback Converter Controlled by AP3965/66/71

**Constant Primary Peak Current**

The primary current  $I_p(t)$  is sensed by a current sense resistor  $R_{CS}$  as shown in Figure 1.

The current rises up linearly at a rate of:

$$\frac{di_p(t)}{dt} = \frac{v_g(t)}{L_M} \dots\dots\dots(1)$$

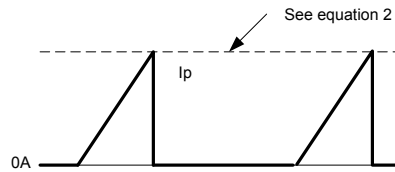


Figure 2 Primary Current Waveform

As illustrated in Figure 2, when the current  $I_p(t)$  rises up to  $I_{pk}$ , the switch Q1 turns off. The constant peak current is given by:

$$I_{pk} = \frac{V_{CS}}{R_{CS}} \dots\dots\dots(2)$$

The energy stored in the magnetizing inductance  $L_M$  each cycle is therefore:

$$E_g = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L_M \cdot I_{pk}^2 \dots\dots\dots(3)$$

So the power transferring from input to output is given by:

$$P = \frac{1}{2} \cdot L_M \cdot I_{pk}^2 \cdot f_{SW} \dots\dots\dots(4)$$

Where  $f_{SW}$  is the switching frequency. When the peak current  $I_{pk}$  is constant, the output power depends on the switching frequency  $f_{SW}$ .

**Operation Description (cont.)**

**Constant Voltage Operation**

The AP3965/66/71 captures the auxiliary winding feedback voltage at FB pin and operates in constant-voltage (CV) mode to regulate the output voltage. Assuming the secondary winding is master, the auxiliary winding is slave during the D1 on-time. The auxiliary voltage is given by:

$$V_{AUX} = \frac{N_{AUX}}{N_S} \cdot (V_o + V_d) \dots\dots\dots(5)$$

Where  $V_d$  is the diode forward drop voltage,  $N_{AUX}$  is the turns of auxiliary winding, and  $N_S$  is the turns of secondary winding.

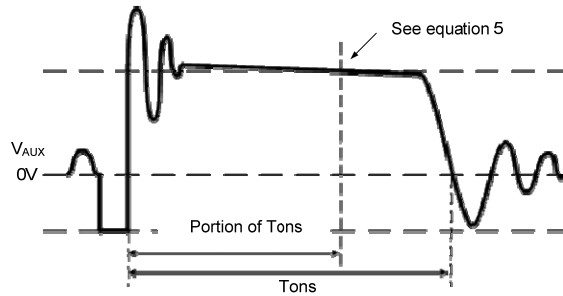


Figure 3. Auxiliary Voltage Waveform

The output voltage is different from the secondary voltage in a diode forward drop voltage  $V_d$  which depends on the current. If the secondary voltage is always detected at a constant secondary current, the difference between the output voltage and the secondary voltage will be a fixed  $V_d$ . The voltage detection point is portion of Tons after D1 is turned on. The CV loop control function of AP3965/66/71 then generates a D1 off-time to regulate the output voltage.

**Constant Current Operation**

The AP3965/66/71 is designed to work in constant current (CC) mode. Figure 4 shows the secondary current waveforms.

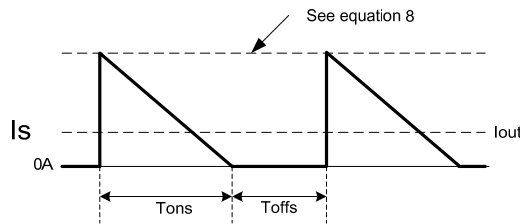


Figure 4. Secondary Current Waveform

In CC operation, the CC loop control function of AP3965/66/71 will keep a fixed proportion between D1 on-time  $T_{ons}$  and D1 off-time  $T_{offs}$  by discharging or charging the built-in capacitance connected. This fixed proportion is

$$\frac{T_{ons}}{T_{offs}} = \frac{4}{2} \dots\dots\dots(6)$$

The relation between the output constant-current and secondary peak current  $I_{pks}$  is given by:

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot I_{pks} \cdot \frac{T_{ons}}{T_{ons} + T_{offs}} \dots\dots\dots(7)$$

At the instant of D1 turn-on, the primary current transfers to the secondary at an amplitude of:

$$I_{pks} = \frac{N_P}{N_S} \cdot I_{pk} \dots\dots\dots(8)$$

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## Operation Description (cont.)

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Thus the output constant current is given by:

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{N_P}{N_S} \cdot I_{pk} \dots\dots\dots(9)$$

### Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)

When the power switch is turned on, a turn-on spike on the output pulse rising edge will occur on the sense-resistor. To avoid false termination of the switching pulse, a typical 500ns leading edge blanking is built in. During this blanking period, the current sense comparator is disabled and the gate driver cannot be switched off.

The built-in LEB in AP3965/66/71 has shorter delay time from current sense terminal to output pulse than those IC solutions adopting external RC filter as LEB.

### Built-in Cable Compensation

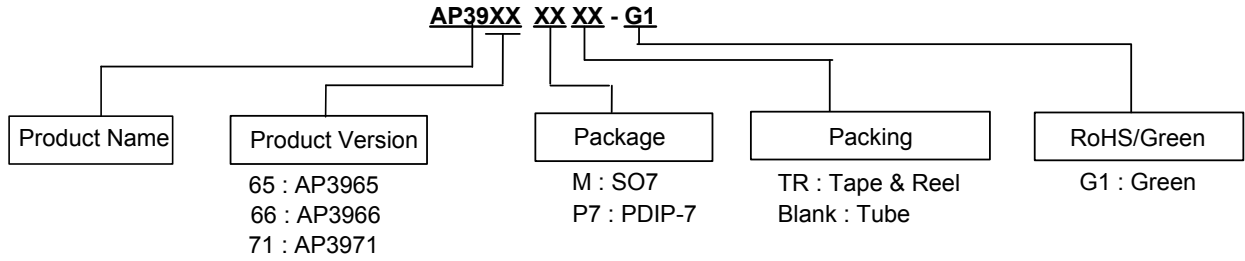
The AP3965/66/71 has built-in fixed voltage of 0.35V typical to compensate the drop of output cable when the load is changed from zero to full load. A typical 0.01µF external capacitor connected to the CPC pin is used to smooth voltage signal for cable compensation.

### Over Temperature Protection

The AP3965/66/71 has internal thermal sensing circuit to shut down the PFM driver output when the die temperature reaches 160°C typical. When the die temperature drops about 40°C, the IC will recover automatically to normal operation.



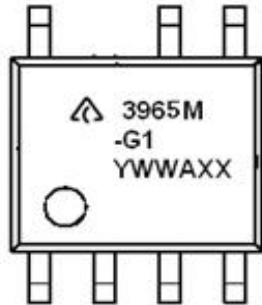
**Ordering Information**



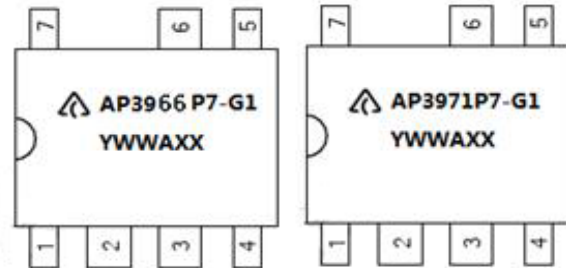
Diodes IC's Pb-free products with "G1" suffix in the part number, are RoHS compliant and green.

| Package | Temperature Range | Part Number  | Marking ID  | Packing           |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|
| SO7     | -40°C to 85°C     | AP3965MTR-G1 | 3965M-G1    | 4,000/Tape & Reel |
| PDIP-7  |                   | AP3966P7-G1  | AP3966P7-G1 | 50/Tube           |
|         |                   | AP3971P7-G1  | AP3971P7-G1 | 50/Tube           |

**Marking Information**

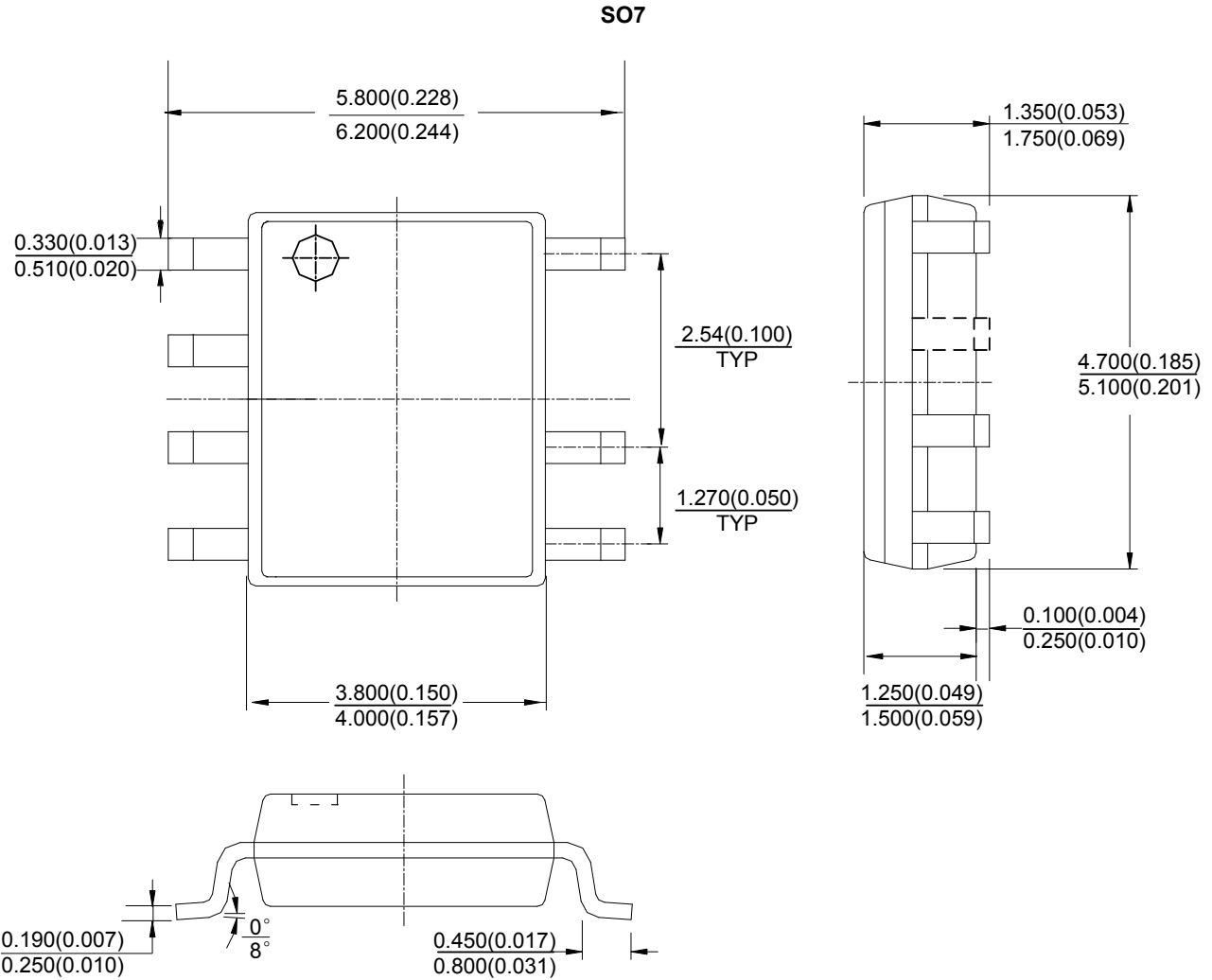


First and Second Lines: Logo and Marking ID  
Third Line: Date Code  
Y: Year  
WW: Work Week of Molding  
A: Assembly House Code  
XX: 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> Digits of Batch No.



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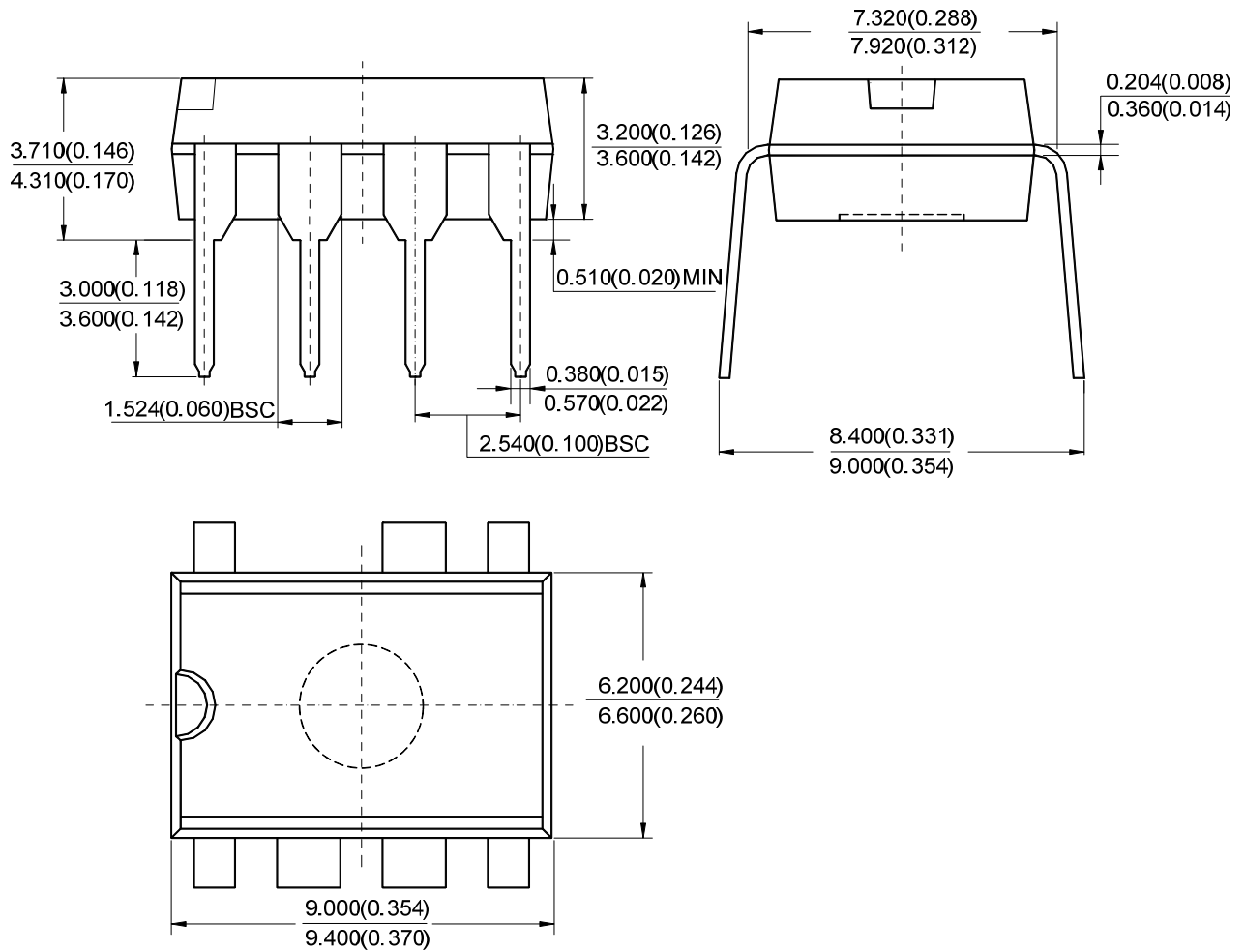
**Package Outline Dimensions** (All dimensions in mm(inch).)



Note: Eject hole, oriented hole and mold mark is optional.

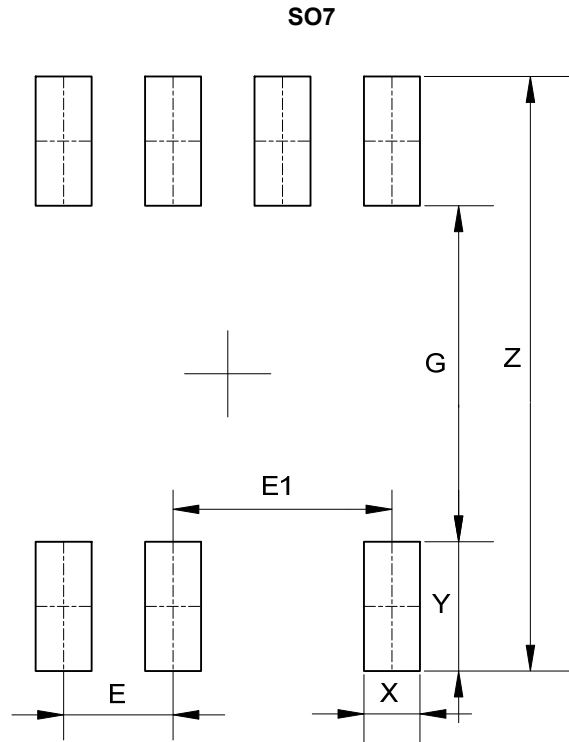
**Package Outline Dimensions** (cont.) (All dimensions in mm (inch).)

**PDIP-7**



Note: Eject hole, oriented hole and mold mark is optional

**Suggested Pad Layout**



| Dimensions | Z<br>(mm)/(inch) | G<br>(mm)/(inch) | X<br>(mm)/(inch) | Y<br>(mm)/(inch) | E<br>(mm)/(inch) | E1<br>(mm)/(inch) |
|------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Value      | 6.900/0.272      | 3.900/0.154      | 0.650/0.026      | 1.500/0.059      | 1.270/0.050      | 2.540/0.100       |

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