

Very low drop and low noise voltage regulator with inhibit function

Datasheet - production data



to 30 μ Vrms. Typical application are in cellular phone, palmtop laptop computer, personal digital assistant (PDA), personal stereo, camcorder and camera.

Table 1. Device summary

Order codes	Output voltages
LD2985BM18R	1.8 V
LD2985BM25R	2.5 V
LD2985BM28R	2.8 V
LD2985BM30R	3.0 V
LD2985BM31R	3.1 V
LD2985BM33R	3.3 V
LD2985BM50R	5.0 V

Features

- Very low dropout voltage (280 mV at 150 mA and 7 mV at 1 mA load)
- Very low quiescent current (2 mA typ. at 150 mA load and 80 μ A at no load)
- Output current up to 150 mA
- Logic controlled electronic shutdown
- Output voltage of 1.8, 2.5, 2.8, 3, 3.1, 3.3, 5 V
- Internal current and thermal limit
- Low output noise voltage 30 mVrms
- Small package SOT23-5L
- Temperature range: - 40°C to 125 °C

Description

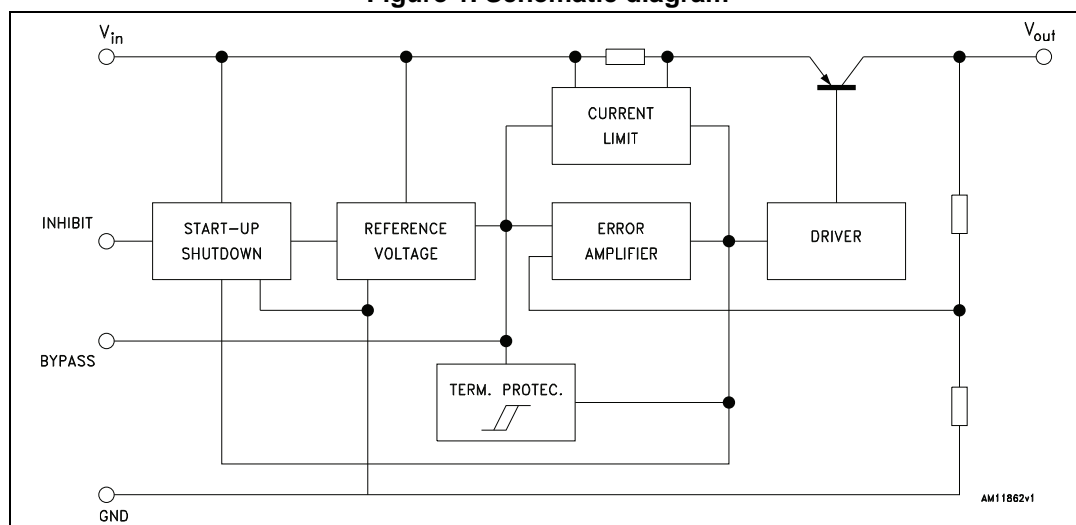
The LD2985 is a 150 mA fixed output voltage regulator. The ultra low drop voltage and the low quiescent current make them particularly suitable for low noise, low power applications, and in battery powered systems. In sleep mode quiescent current is less than 1 μ A when INHIBIT pin is pulled low. Shutdown logic control function is available on pin 3 (TTL compatible). This means that when the device is used as local regulator, it is possible to put a part of the board in standby, decreasing the total power consumption. An external capacitor, $C_{BYP} = 10$ nF, connected between bypass pin and GND reduces the noise

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1 Diagram

Figure 1. Schematic diagram



2 Pin configuration

Figure 2. Pin connections (top view)

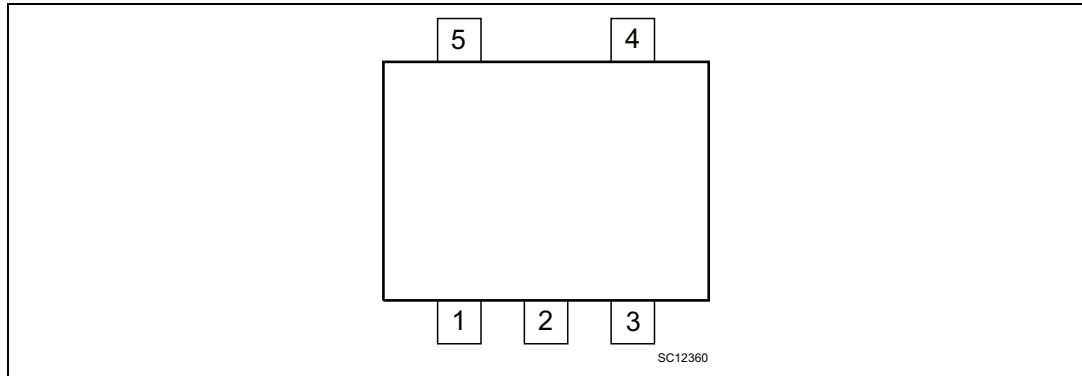


Table 2. Pin description

Pin n°	Symbol	Name and function
1	IN	Input port
2	GND	Ground pin
3	INHIBIT	Control switch ON/OFF. Inhibit is not internally pulled-up; it cannot be left floating. Disable the device when connected to GND or to a positive voltage less than 0.18 V
4	Bypass	Bypass pin: capacitor to be connected to GND in order to improve the thermal noise performances
5	OUT	Output port

Table 3. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R_{thJC}	Thermal resistance junction-case	81	°C/W
R_{thJA}	Thermal resistance junction-ambient	255	°C/W

3 Maximum ratings

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_I	DC input voltage	16	V
V_{INH}	INHIBIT input voltage	16	V
I_O	Output current	Internally limited	
P_D	Power dissipation	Internally limited	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65 to 150	°C
T_{OP}	Operating junction temperature range	-40 to 125	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

4 Electrical characteristics

$T_J = 25\text{ °C}$, $V_I = V_O + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 50\text{ mA}$, $V_{INH} = 2\text{ V}$, $C_I = C_O = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5. Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{OP}	Operating input voltage		2.5		16	V
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 2.5\text{ V}$	1.463	1.5	1.537	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	1.455		1.545	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	1.440		1.560	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 2.8\text{ V}$	1.755	1.8	1.845	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	1.746		1.854	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	1.728		1.872	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.5\text{ V}$	2.437	2.5	2.562	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	2.425		2.575	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	2.4		2.6	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.5\text{ V}$	2.633	2.7	2.767	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	2.619		2.781	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	2.592		2.808	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.8\text{ V}$	2.73	2.8	2.87	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	2.716		2.884	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	2.688		2.912	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 3.85\text{ V}$	2.779	2.85	2.921	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	2.764		2.935	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	2.736		2.964	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.0\text{ V}$	2.925	3.0	3.075	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	2.91		3.09	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	2.88		3.12	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.1\text{ V}$	3.023	3.1	3.177	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.007		3.193	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	2.976		3.224	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.2\text{ V}$	3.120	3.2	3.28	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.104		3.296	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	3.072		3.328	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.3\text{ V}$	3.218	3.3	3.382	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.201		3.399	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$, $T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	3.168		3.432	

Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.5\text{ V}$	3.413	3.5	3.587	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.395		3.605	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	3.360		3.640	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.6\text{ V}$	3.51	3.6	3.69	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.492		3.708	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	3.456		3.744	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 4.8\text{ V}$	3.705	3.8	3.895	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.686		3.914	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	3.648		3.952	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 5.0\text{ V}$	3.900	4	4.100	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	3.88		4.12	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	3.84		4.16	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 5.7\text{ V}$	4.583	4.7	4.817	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	4.559		4.841	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	4.512		4.888	
V_O	Output voltage	$V_I = 6.0\text{ V}$	4.875	5	5.125	V
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}$	4.85		5.15	
		$I_O = 1\text{ to }150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$	4.8		5.2	
I_{SC}	Short circuit current	$R_L = 0$		400		mA
$\Delta V_O/\Delta V_I$	Line regulation	$V_I = V_O + 1\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, I_O = 1\text{ mA}$		0.003	0.014	%/ V_I
		$V_I = V_O + 1\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, I_O = 1\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$			0.032	
V_{DROP}	Dropout voltage	$I_O = 0$		1	3	mV
		$I_O = 0, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$			5	
		$I_O = 1\text{ mA}$		7	10	
		$I_O = 1\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$			15	
		$I_O = 10\text{ mA}$		40	60	
		$I_O = 10\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$			90	
		$I_O = 50\text{ mA}$		120	150	
		$I_O = 50\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$			225	
		$I_O = 150\text{ mA}$		280	350	
		$I_O = 150\text{ mA}, T_J = -40\text{ to }125\text{ °C}$			575	

Table 5. Electrical characteristics (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I _Q	Quiescent current ON MODE	I _O = 0		80	100	μA
		I _O = 0, T _J = -40 to 125 °C			150	
		I _O = 1 mA		100	150	
		I _O = 1 mA, T _J = -40 to 125 °C			200	
		I _O = 10 mA		200	300	
		I _O = 10 mA, T _J = -40 to 125 °C			400	
		I _O = 50 mA		600	900	
		I _O = 50 mA, T _J = -40 to 125 °C			1200	
		I _O = 150 mA		2000	3000	
		I _O = 150 mA, T _J = -40 to 125 °C			4000	
	OFF MODE	V _{INH} <0.18 V			0	
V _{INH} <0.18 V, T _J = -40 to 125 °C					2	
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	C _{BYP} = 0.01 μF, C _O = 10 μF, f = 1 kHz		45		dB
V _{IL}	Inhibit input logic low	T _J = -40 to 125 °C			0.15	V
V _{IH}	Inhibit input logic high	T _J = -40 to 125 °C	2			V
I _{INH}	Inhibit input current	V _{INH} = 0 V, T _J = -40 to 125 °C		5	15	μA
		V _{INH} = 5 V, T _J = -40 to 125 °C		0	-1	
e _N	Output noise voltage	B = 300 Hz to 50 kHz, C _{BYP} = 0.01 μF, C _O = 10 μF		30		μV

5 Typical characteristics

$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_I = V_{O(NOM)} + 1\text{ V}$, $C_I = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F(X7R)}$, $C_O = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F(X7R)}$, $V_{INH} = 2\text{ V}$, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 3. Output voltage vs. temperature
($V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$)

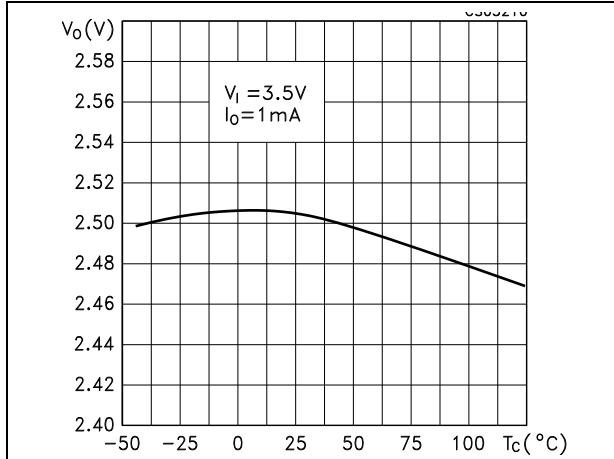


Figure 4. Dropout voltage vs. temperature
($V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$)

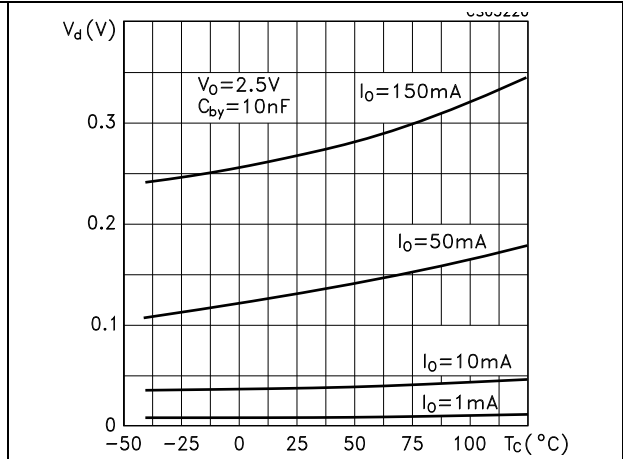


Figure 5. Dropout voltage vs. output current

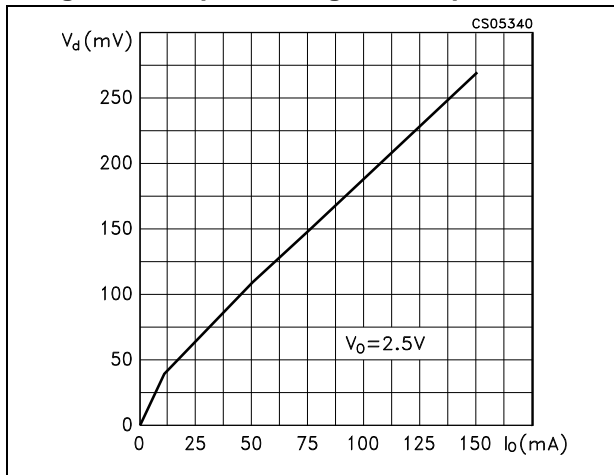


Figure 6. Quiescent current vs. load current

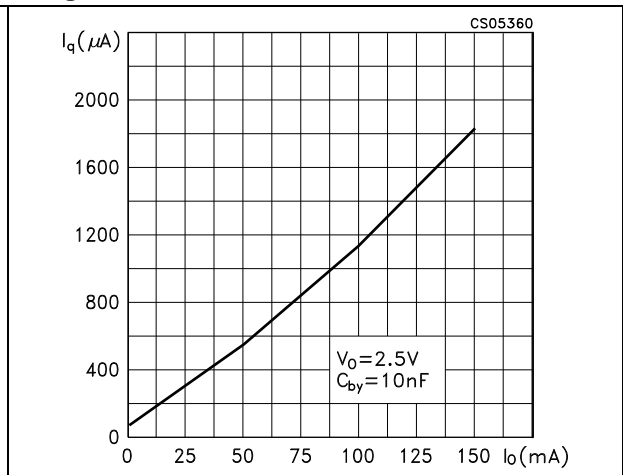


Figure 7. Quiescent current vs. temperature

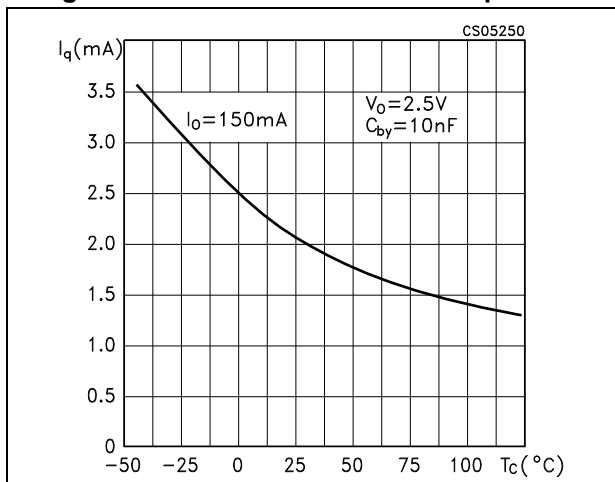


Figure 8. Supply voltage rejection vs. temp.

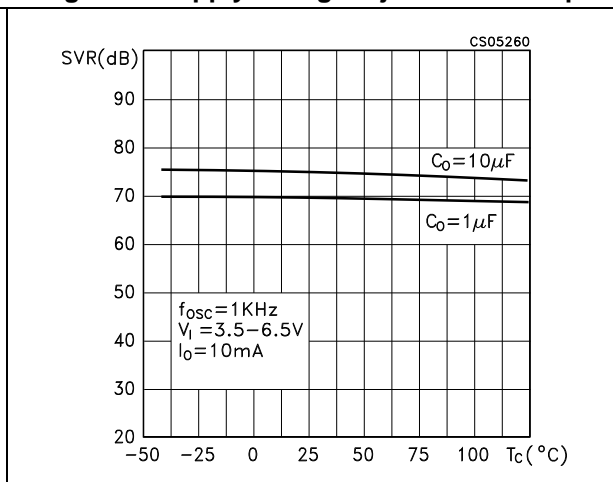


Figure 9. Supply voltage rejection vs. output current ($C_o = 10 \mu\text{F}$)

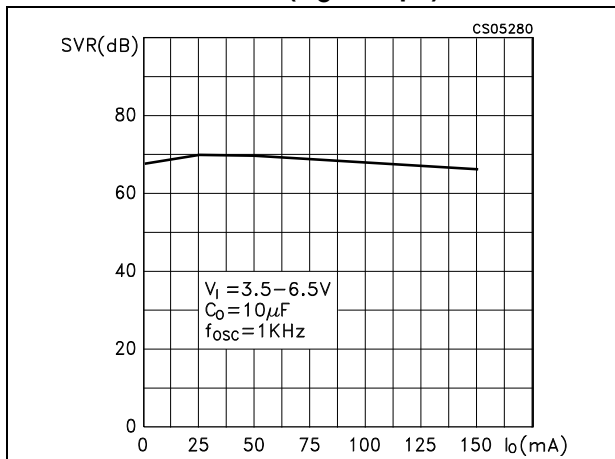


Figure 10. Supply voltage rejection vs. output current ($C_o = 1 \mu\text{F}$)

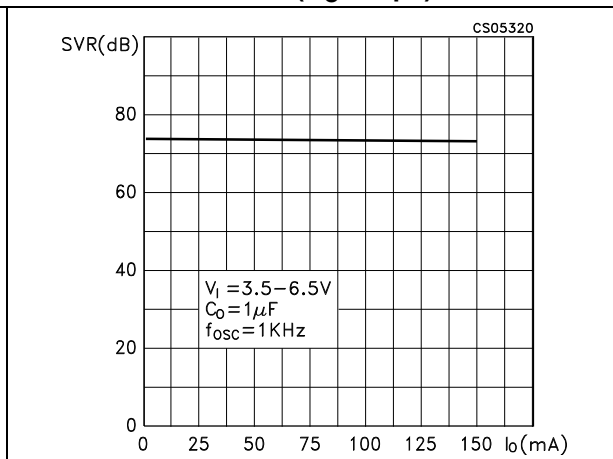


Figure 11. Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency ($C_o = 10 \mu\text{F}$)

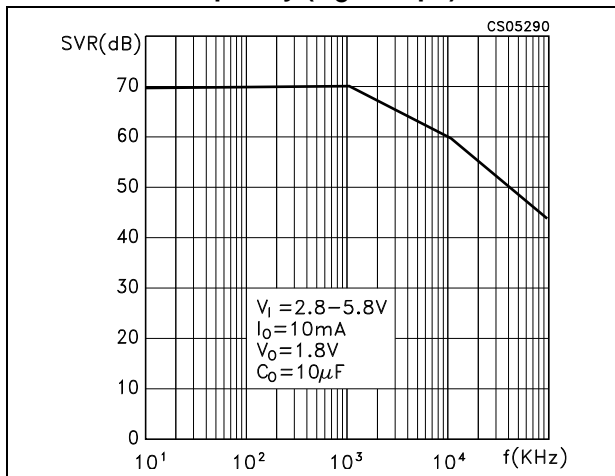


Figure 12. Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency ($C_o = 1 \mu\text{F}$)

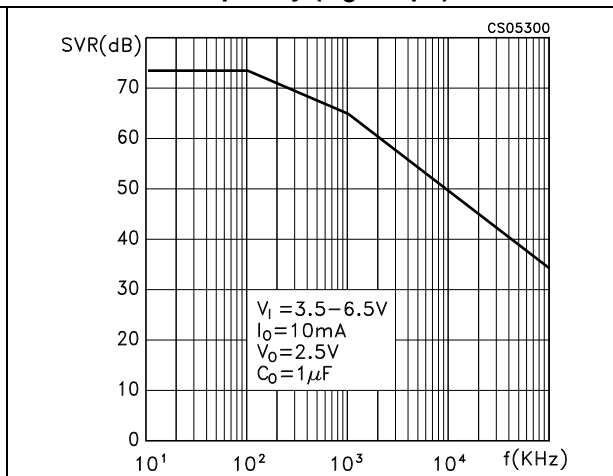


Figure 13. Line transient ($t_r = t_f = 500 \text{ ns}$)

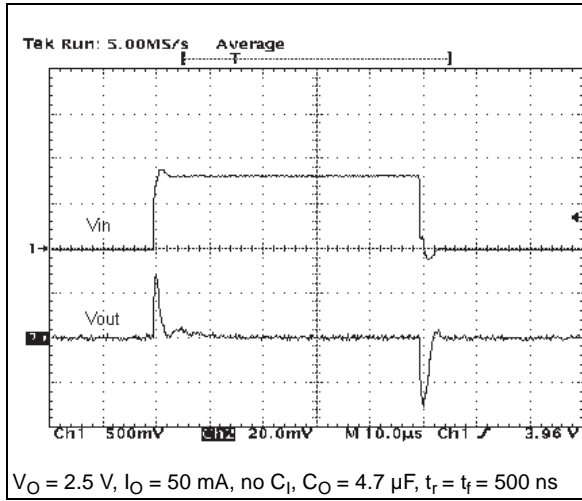


Figure 14. Line transient ($t_r = t_f = 1 \mu\text{s}$)

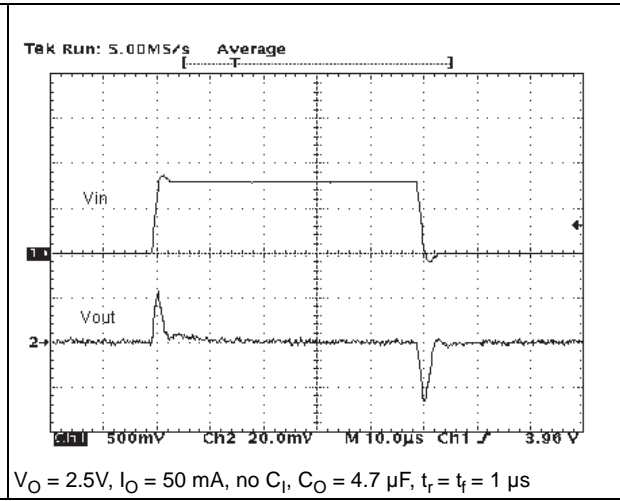


Figure 15. Load transient ($C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$)

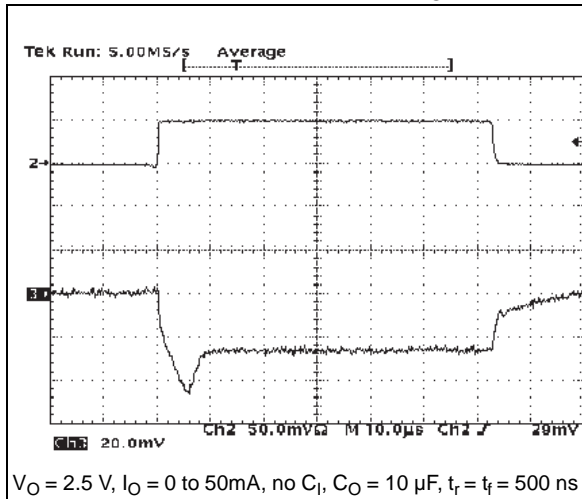
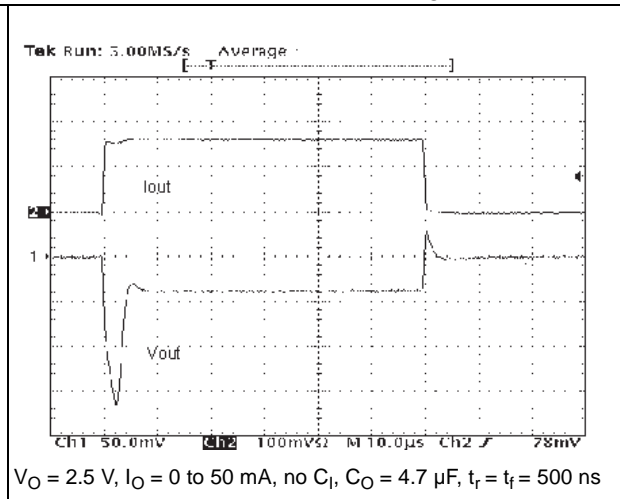


Figure 16. Load transient ($C_O = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$)



6 Application notes

6.1 External capacitors

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LD2985 requires external capacitors for regulator stability. This capacitor must be selected to meet the requirements of minimum capacitance and equivalent series resistance. We suggest to solder input and output capacitors as close as possible to the relative pins.

6.2 Input capacitor

An input capacitor whose value is 1 μF is required with the LD2985 (amount of capacitance can be increased without limit). This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5" from the input pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum or film capacitors can be used for this capacitor.

6.3 Output capacitor

The LD2985 is designed specifically to work with ceramic output capacitors. It may also be possible to use Tantalum capacitors, but these are not as attractive for reasons of size and cost. By the way, the output capacitor must meet both the requirement for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR (equivalent series resistance) value. Due to the different loop gain, the stability improves for higher output versions and so the suggested minimum output capacitor value, if low ESR ceramic type is used, is 1 μF for output voltages equal or major than 3.8 V, 2.2 μF for V_{O} going from 1.8 to 3.3 V, and 3.3 μF for the other versions. However, if an output capacitor lower than the suggested one is used, it's possible to make stable the regulator adding a resistor in series to the capacitor.

6.4 Important

The output capacitor must maintain its ESR in the stable region over the full operating temperature to assure stability. Also, capacitor tolerance and variation with temperature must be considered to assure the minimum amount of capacitance is provided at all times. This capacitor should be located not more than 0.5" from the output pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground.

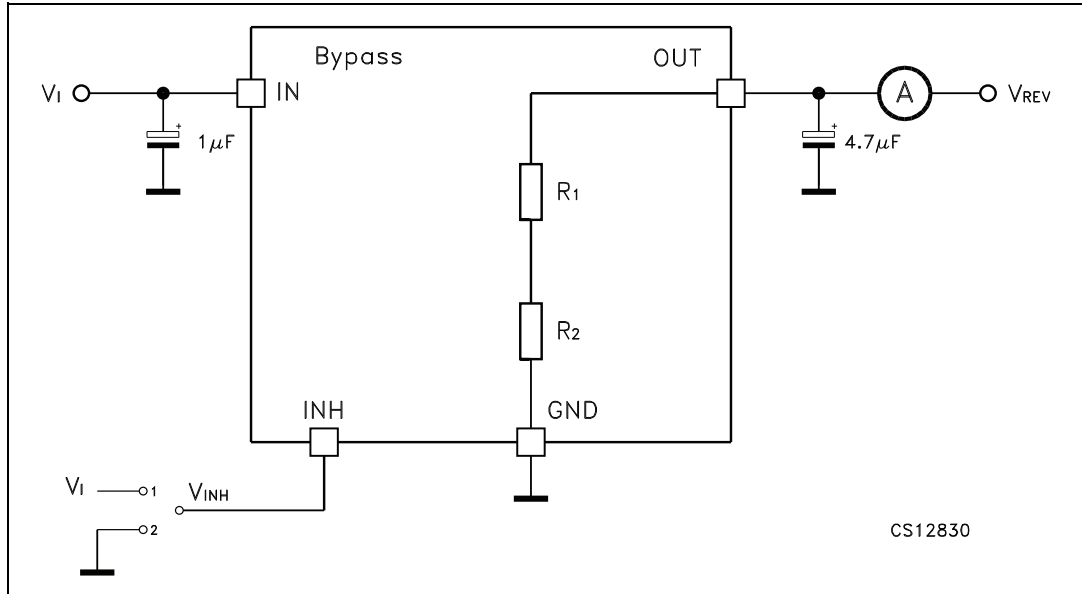
6.5 Inhibit input operation

The inhibit pin can be used to turn OFF the regulator when pulled low, so drastically reducing the current consumption down to less than 1 μA . When the inhibit feature is not used, this pin must be tied to V_{I} to keep the regulator output ON at all times. To assure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the inhibit pin must be able to swing above and below the specified thresholds listed in the electrical characteristics section under V_{IH} V_{IL} . Any slew rate can be used to drive the inhibit.

6.6 Reverse current

The power transistor used in the LD2985 has not an inherent diode connected between the regulator input and output. If the output is forced above the input, no current will flow from the output to the input across the series pass transistor. When a V_{REV} voltage is applied on the output, the reverse current measured flows to the GND across the two feedback resistors. This current typical value is $160\ \mu\text{A}$. R_1 and R_2 resistors are implanted type; typical values are, respectively, $42.6\ \text{k}\Omega$ and $51.150\ \text{k}\Omega$.

Figure 17. Reverse current test circuit



7 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

Table 6. SOT23-5L mechanical data

Dim.	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.90		1.45
A1	0		0.15
A2	0.90		1.30
b	0.30		0.50
c	2.09		0.20
D		2.95	
E		1.60	
e		0.95	
H		2.80	
L	0.30		0.60
θ	0		8

Figure 18. SOT23-5L mechanical drawing

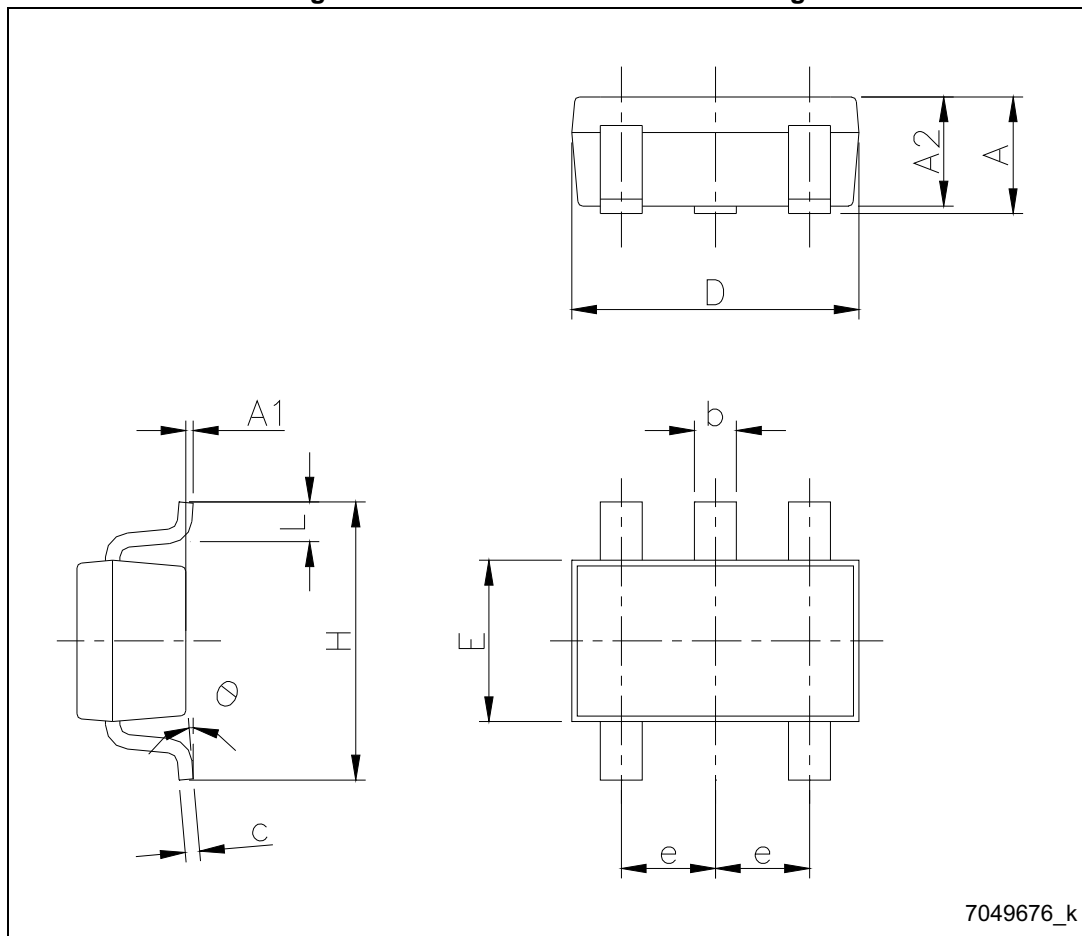
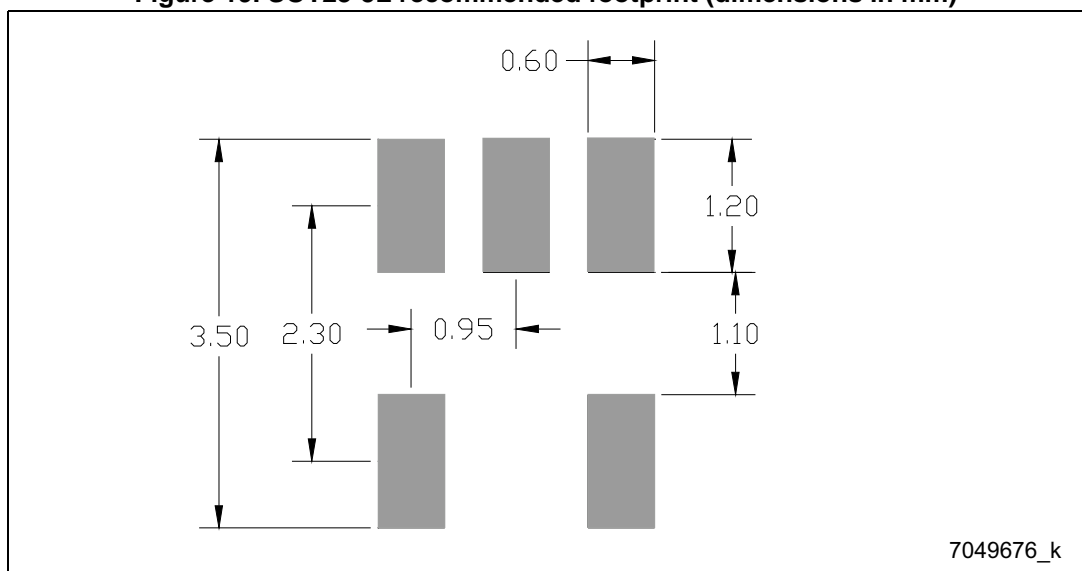


Figure 19. SOT23-5L recommended footprint (dimensions in mm)

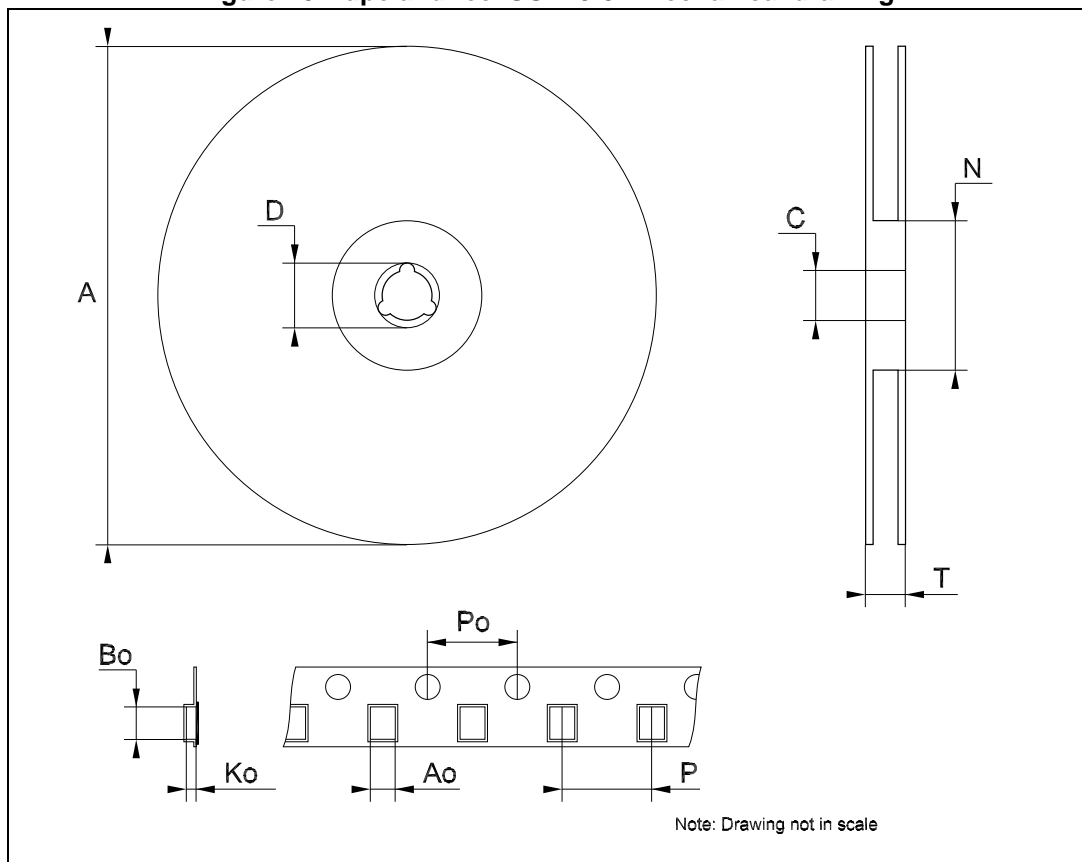


8 Packaging mechanical data

Table 7. Tape and reel SOT23-5L mechanical data

Dim.	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			180
C	12.8	13.0	13.2
D	20.2		
N	60		
T			14.4
Ao	3.13	3.23	3.33
Bo	3.07	3.17	3.27
Ko	1.27	1.37	1.47
Po	3.9	4.0	4.1
P	3.9	4.0	4.1

Figure 20. Tape and reel SOT23-5L mechanical drawing



9 Revision history

Table 8. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
22-Aug-2005	4	Add new value $V_O \Rightarrow 2.7$ V on tables 5 and 6.
02-Sep-2005	5	Mistake V_O min. $\Rightarrow 2.7$ V on table 5.
25-Jul-2006	6	Order codes updated.
13-Feb-2008	7	Added: Table 1 on page 1 .
04-Mar-2008	8	Modified: Table 5 on page 6 .
10-Jul-2008	9	Modified: Table 1 on page 1 and Table 5 on page 6 .
27-Aug-2008	10	Modified: Features on page 1 .
27-Jan-2009	11	Modified: Features on page 1 .
09-Feb-2012	12	Modified: pin inhibit Figure 1 on page 3 . Removed: order codes and electrical characteristics table for type A.
12-Nov-2013	13	RPN LD2985Bxx changed to LD2985. Updated the Title and the Description in cover page. Modified Table 1: Device summary , the title of the Figure 3: Output voltage vs. temperature ($V_O = 2.5$ V) and Section 7: Package mechanical data Added Section 8: Packaging mechanical data Minor text changes.

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Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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