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# Quad-PLL Clock Generator with Two-Wire Serial Interface

#### **Features**

- Three output frequencies plus reference out
- Programmable output frequencies through two-wire serial interface
- Output frequencies from 4.9152 to 148.5 MHz
- Uses an external 27 MHz crystal or 27 MHz input clock
- Optional analog VCXO
- Programmable output drive strength to minimize EMI
- The equivalent without a serial port is the CY22388/89/91
- 16-pin TSSOP package
- 3.3 V operation with 2.5 V output buffer option

#### Benefits

- Meets most Digital Set Top Box, DVD Recorder, and DTV application requirements
- Multiple high performance PLLs allow synthesis of unrelated frequencies
- Integration eliminates the need for external loop filter components
- Complete VCXO solution with ± 120 ppm (typical pull range)

### **Functional Description**

The CY24488 generates up to three independent clock frequencies, and a buffered copy of the reference crystal frequency, from a single crystal or reference input. Five clock output pins are available, which allows some frequencies to be driven on two or more output pins. Outputs can also be individually enabled or disabled. When a CLK output is individually disabled, it drives low.

The analog voltage controlled crystal oscillator (VCXO) allows you to "pull" the reference crystal to a frequency that is slightly higher or lower than nominal. This causes all output clocks to shift by an equivalent parts-per-million (PPM). The VCXO is controlled by the analog control voltage applied to the  $\rm V_{IN}$  pin. For applications that do not require the VCXO functionality, it can be disabled.

A serial programming interface (SPI) permits in-system configuration of the device by writing to internal registers. It is used to set the output frequencies, enable and disable outputs, enable and disable the VCXO feature, and more. The SPI provides volatile programming. When powered down, the device reverts to its preSPI state. When the system is powered back up, the SPI registers need to be configured again. Specific configuration details are given in the following sections of this data sheet.

Customers may contact their Cypress FAE or salesperson for any frequency that is not listed in this data sheet. The data sheet can be updated with a new hex code for the requested frequency.

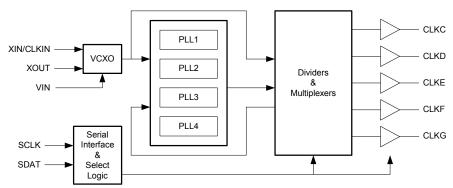
For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

# **Applications and Frequencies**

| <b>Output Clock</b> | Application           | Frequencies (MHz)  |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| CLKC                | Audio                 | 6.144, 8.192, 11.2896, 12.288, 16.384, 16.9344, 18.432, 22.5792, 24.576, 33.8688, 36.864 |
|                     | iLink                 | 24.576   |
|                     | HDMI                  | 25.175, 28.322   |
| CLKD                | Video                 | 27, 27.027, 54, 54.054, 81   |
|                     | USB                   | 12, 24, 48   |
|                     | Video-Pixel Frequency | 74.25/1.001, 74.25, 148.5/1.001, 148.5   |
|                     | Modem                 | 4.9152, 11.0592  |
|                     | iLink                 | 24.576   |
| CLKE                | Video                 | 13.5, 27, 54, 81, 108  |
|                     | Ethernet              | 25   |
|                     | PCI                   | 33.3333, 66.6666   |
|                     | Processor             | 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100  |
| CLKF                | See CLKC/D/E          | REFOUT or Copy of CLKC, CLKD or CLKE   |
| CLKG                | See CLKC/D/E          | REFOUT or Copy of CLKC, CLKD or CLKE   |



# **Logic Block Diagram**





### **Contents**

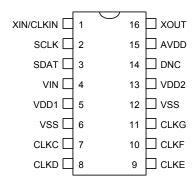
| Pinouts  | 4  |
|--|----|
| Pin Definitions                                    |    |
| Functional Overview                                | 5  |
| Default Startup Configuration                      | 5  |
| Reference Input                                    | 5  |
| Analog VCXO  |    |
| Crystal Requirements                               | 6  |
| Output Configurations                              | 6  |
| Programming Flow                                   | 9  |
| Serial Programming Interface Protocol and Timing . | 10 |
| Write Operations                                   | 12 |
| Read Operations                                    | 12 |
| Serial Programming Interface Timing                | 12 |
| Absolute Maximum Conditions                        | 13 |
| Operating Conditions                               | 13 |
| Pullable Crystal Specifications                    |    |
| (For VCXO Applications)                            | 14 |
| Non-pullable Crystal Specifications                |    |
| (For non-VCXO Applications)                        | 14 |

| DC Parameters                           | 15 |
|---|----|
| AC Parameters                           | 16 |
| Test and Measurement Setup              | 17 |
| Voltage and Timing Definitions          | 17 |
| Ordering Information                    | 18 |
| Ordering Code Definitions               | 18 |
| Package Drawing and Dimensions          | 19 |
| Acronyms                                | 20 |
| Document Conventions                    |    |
| Units of Measure                        |    |
| Document History Page                   | 21 |
| Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information | 22 |
| Worldwide Sales and Design Support      |    |
| Products                                | 22 |
| PSoC®Solutions                          |    |
| Cypress Developer Community             |    |
| Technical Support                       |    |



# **Pinouts**

Figure 1. 16-pin TSSOP pinout



### **Pin Definitions**

| Pin Name         | Pin Number | Description   |
|------------------|------------|---|
| XIN/CLKIN        | 1          | Crystal Input (27 MHz) or External Input Clock (27 MHz) |
| XOUT             | 16         | Crystal Output  |
| CLKC             | 7          | Clock Output  |
| CLKD             | 8          | Clock Output  |
| CLKE             | 9          | Clock Output  |
| CLKF             | 10         | Clock Output  |
| CLKG             | 11         | Clock Output  |
| SCLK             | 2          | Serial Interface Clock Input                            |
| SDAT             | 3          | Serial Interface Data                                   |
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | 4          | Analog Control Input for VCXO                           |
| DNC              | 14         | Do Not Connect. This pin must be left floating.         |
| AVDD             | 15         | Core and input Voltage Supply                           |
| V <sub>DD1</sub> | 5          | Voltage Supply for Outputs CLKC                         |
| V <sub>DD2</sub> | 13         | Voltage Supply for Outputs CLKD, CLKE, CLKF, CLKG       |
| V <sub>SS</sub>  | 6, 12      | Ground  |



#### **Functional Overview**

#### **Default Startup Configuration**

The default state of the device refers to its state at power on. All output clocks are off except CLKG, which outputs a copy of the 27 MHz reference clock. The serial programming interface must be used to configure the device for the desired output frequencies. Because the serial programming memory is volatile, the device reverts to its default configuration when power is cycled.

#### Reference Input

There are three programmable reference operating modes for the CY24488 family of devices. Table 1 shows the data values that must be programmed into the device for each of the reference operating modes. The correct values are required to ensure frequency accuracy and VCXO pullability.

The first mode uses an external 27 MHz pullable crystal and incorporates the internal analog VCXO. The crystal is connected between the XIN/CLKIN and XOUT pins. Refer the section Crystal Requirements for further details.

The second mode disables the VCXO input control and uses a standard 27 MHz crystal. Crystal requirements are relaxed relative to the VCXO mode. The crystal is connected between the XIN/CLKIN and XOUT pins. Refer the section Crystal Requirements. In this mode, tie the  $V_{\rm IN}$  pin to AVDD.

The third mode accepts an external 27 MHz reference clock, applied to the XIN/CLKIN pin. In this configuration, the XOUT pin must be unconnected. The VCXO feature is not available; tie the  $V_{\text{IN}}$  pin to AVDD.

Table 1. Register Settings for VCXO and Reference

| Reference Clock and VCXO             | Crys                     | Address    |                          |     |     |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|
| Reference clock and voxo             | Manufacturer Part Number | Package    | Specified C <sub>L</sub> | 16H | 17H |
| CLKIN (external reference), VCXO off | -                        | -          | _                        | 89  | 3A  |
| Crystal, VCXO off                    | any                      | any        | 10.7 pF                  | 88  | 4F  |
| Crystal, VCXO off                    | any                      | any        | 12 pF                    | 88  | 5F  |
| Crystal, VCXO off (default)          | any                      | any        | 12.6 pF                  | 88  | 67  |
| Crystal, VCXO off                    | any                      | any        | 14 pF                    | 88  | 77  |
| Crystal, VCXO on                     | KDS DSX530GA             | 5 × 3.2 mm | 12.6 pF                  | 88  | 3A  |
| Crystal, VCXO on                     | KDS DSX530GA             | 5 × 3.2 mm | 10.7 pF                  | 88  | 2A  |
| Crystal, VCXO on                     | RIVER FCX-03             | 5 × 3.2 mm | 12 pF                    | 88  | 41  |
| Crystal, VCXO on                     | KDK                      | 5 × 3.2 mm | 12 pF                    | 88  | 3A  |
| Crystal, VCXO on                     | KDS                      | SMD-49     | 12 pF                    | 88  | 39  |
| Crystal, VCXO on                     | Ecliptek ECX-6277        | SMD-49     | 12 pF                    | 88  | 41  |

#### Analog VCXO

The VCXO feature allows you to fine tune the output frequency through a control voltage applied to the  $V_{\rm IN}$  pin. A special pullable crystal must be used to have adequate VCXO pull range. This data sheet lists specific crystals that are qualified for use with the CY24488. Specific serial programming values are also given for each crystal.

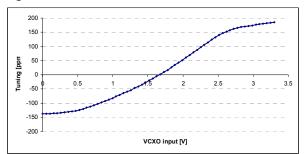
The special crystal requirements are eliminated if the VCXO feature is not needed. To disable the VCXO, the  $V_{\rm IN}$  pin must be tied high, and the appropriate register values given in the programming table must be programmed into the device.

The VCXO is completely analog, so there is infinite resolution on the VCXO pull curve. The analog-to-digital converter steps that are normally associated with a digital VCXO input are not present in this device.

#### VCXO Profile

Figure 2 shows an example of a VCXO profile. The analog voltage input is on the X-axis and the PPM range is on the Y-axis. An increase in the VCXO input voltage results in a corresponding increase in the output frequency. This has the effect of moving the PPM from a negative to positive offset.

Figure 2. VCXO Profile





#### Crystal Requirements

The crystal requirements for the CY24488 differ for the VCXO and non-VCXO modes. In all cases, the device must be programmed correctly for the specific crystal used, as indicated in Table 1 on page 5.

#### Crystals for Non-VCXO Mode

When not using the VCXO, the V $_{\rm IN}$  pin must be tied high. The CY24488 uses a standard AT-cut parallel resonant crystal, which is available in a variety of packages. The key crystal parameter is load capacitance ( $\rm C_L$ ). The CY24488 has programmable load capacitance to match a range of crystal  $\rm C_L$  values. The specific configurations are shown in Table 1 on page 5. Crystals with  $\rm C_L$  values outside this range are not recommended.

#### Pullable Crystals for VCXO Mode

When the VCXO mode is used, the crystal requirements increase considerably to ensure the pullable range and glitch free pulling. Table 1 on page 5 lists the crystals that Cypress has qualified for use with the CY24488, and the corresponding programming configurations. Customers wishing to use

non-qualified crystals must first contact Cypress technical support.

#### **Output Configurations**

CLKC, CLKD, and CLKE are the three primary synthesized output clocks. For each one, you can select from several clock frequencies, as shown in the following tables. To do this, find the desired frequency from the appropriate table, then use the serial programming interface to write the specified hexadecimal data into the specified memory addresses.

In some cases, the data at a particular memory address controls multiple functions, so only some of the bit values are specified. Since a byte is the smallest unit of data that can be written, it is necessary to construct the full data byte before writing it. To do this, look in the other tables to find the correct values for the other bits in that byte.

Any of the remaining output clocks (CLKF and CLKG) can be configured to generate duplicate copies of any the three primary clocks. Any of these clocks can also drive a buffered version of the reference crystal frequency.

Table 2. CLKC Output Frequencies (Audio, iLink, or HDMI)

| Eroguenov (MUT)                | Application  | Eroauonov Error      | Register Address |     |     |     |     |     |                    |  |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|--|
| Frequency (MHz)                | Application  | Frequency Error      | 0AH              | 0BH | 0CH | 0DH | 0EH | 0FH | 48H <sup>[1]</sup> |  |
| CLKC off and PLL off (default) | _            | -                    | -                | -   | 88  | -   | _   | 44  | 8D                 |  |
| CLKC off                       | _            | _                    | _                | -   | -   | -   | _   | _   | 8D                 |  |
| 25.175                         | HDMI         | 0 ppm 01 07 D2 26 18 |                  | 72  | AD  |     |     |     |                    |  |
| 28.322                         | HDMI         | 0 ppm                | 10               | 39  | E2  | 94  | 39  | 6A  | 91                 |  |
| 6.144 (48 K × 128)             | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 1C  | 06  | 64  | A5                 |  |
| 12.288 (32 K × 384)            | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 1C  | 06  | 64  | A9                 |  |
| 16.384 (32 K × 512)            | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 19  | 0E  | 64  | 81                 |  |
| 18.432 (48 K × 384)            | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 1C  | 06  | 64  | 89                 |  |
| 24.576 (48 K × 512)            | Audio, iLink | 0 ppm                | 0 ppm 17 3E D0   |     | D0  | 1C  | 06  | 64  | B5                 |  |
| 36.864 (48 K × 768)            | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 1C  | 06  | 64  | 95                 |  |
| 11.2896 (44.1 K × 256)         | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 30  | 16  | 66  | A5                 |  |
| 16.9344 (44.1 K × 384)         | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 30  | 16  | 66  | 85                 |  |
| 22.5792 (44.1 K × 512)         | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 30  | 16  | 66  | A9                 |  |
| 33.8688 (44.1 K × 768)         | Audio        | 0 ppm                | 17               | 3E  | D0  | 30  | 16  | 66  | 89                 |  |

#### Note

<sup>1.</sup> Bits [7:6] control CLKC drive strength. The values given in this table correspond to a drive strength setting of '10'. See Table 8 and Table 7 on page 8.



Table 3. CLKD Output Frequencies (Video, Pixel rate, USB, modem or iLink)

| Frequency (MHz)                | Application      | Frequency Error | Register Address |      |     |     |  |  |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------|-----|-----|--|--|
| rrequency (wriz)               | Application      | Trequency Error | 10H              | 11H  | 12H | 50H |  |  |
| CLKD off and PLL off (default) | -                | _               | -                | -    | 00  | 8E  |  |  |
| CLKD off                       | -                | _               | -                | -    | _   | 8E  |  |  |
| 12                             | USB              | 0 ppm           | 01               | 08   | 30  | A2  |  |  |
| 24                             | USB              | 0 ppm           | 0 ppm 07 1E      |      | 30  | 86  |  |  |
| 48                             | USB              | 0 ppm           |                  | 1E   | 30  | 8A  |  |  |
| 4.9152                         | Modem            |                 | 18               | 21   | 26  | A2  |  |  |
| 11.0592                        | Modem            | +11 ppm         | 39               | 8F   | 28  | A6  |  |  |
| 24.576                         | iLink            | 6 ppm           | 56               | 8E   | 33  | 82  |  |  |
| 27 (reference)                 | Video            | 0 ppm           | -                | - 02 |     | 9A  |  |  |
| 27.027                         | Video            | 0 ppm           | 7B               | F2   | 33  | 86  |  |  |
| 54 (ref * 2)                   | Video            | 0 ppm           | 02               | 0E   | 30  | 8A  |  |  |
| 54.054                         | Video            | 0 ppm           | 7B               | F2   | 33  | 8A  |  |  |
| 74.25/1.001                    | Video pixel rate | 0 ppm           | 59               | F8   | 2C  | 96  |  |  |
| 74.25                          | Video pixel rate | 0 ppm           | 00               | 03   | 22  | 96  |  |  |
| 81 (ref * 3)                   | Video            | 0 ppm 00 07     |                  | 07   | 30  | В6  |  |  |
| 148.5/1.001                    | Video pixel rate | 0 ppm           | 59               | F8   | 2C  | B2  |  |  |
| 148.5                          | Video pixel rate | 0 ppm           | 00               | 03   | 22  | B2  |  |  |

Table 4. CLKE Output Frequencies (Ethernet, Video, PCI, Processor)

| Frequency (MHz)                | Application | cation Frequency Error |     | Register Address |     |                    |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|-----|------------------|-----|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Frequency (WHZ)                | Application | Frequency Error        | 13H | 14H              | 15H | 53H <sup>[2]</sup> |  |  |  |
| CLKE off and PLL off (default) | _           | _                      | _   | -                | 00  | 3E                 |  |  |  |
| CLKE off                       | _           | _                      | _   | -                | -   | 3E                 |  |  |  |
| 13.5                           | Video       | 0 ppm                  | 00  | 05               | 26  | 8E                 |  |  |  |
| 27 (reference)                 | Video       | 0 ppm                  | _   | -                | 02  | 6E                 |  |  |  |
| 54                             | Video       | 0 ppm                  | 00  | 06               | 24  | 2E                 |  |  |  |
| 81                             | Video       | 0 ppm                  | 00  | 07               | 24  | DE                 |  |  |  |
| 108                            | Video       | 0 ppm                  | 00  | 06               | 24  | 5E                 |  |  |  |
| 20                             | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 07  | 26               | 24  | 9E                 |  |  |  |
| 25                             | Ethernet    | 0 ppm                  | 07  | 17               | 30  | AE                 |  |  |  |
| 30                             | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 01  | 08               | 28  | AE                 |  |  |  |
| 33.333333                      | PCI         | 0 ppm                  | 19  | 62               | 30  | AE                 |  |  |  |
| 40                             | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 07  | 26               | 30  | AE                 |  |  |  |
| 50                             | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 19  | 62               | 30  | 2E                 |  |  |  |
| 60                             | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 01  | 08               | 28  | DE                 |  |  |  |
| 66.66666                       | PCI         | 0 ppm                  | 19  | 62               | 30  | DE                 |  |  |  |
| 80                             | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 07  | 26               | 30  | DE                 |  |  |  |
| 100                            | Processor   | 0 ppm                  | 19  | 62               | 30  | 5E                 |  |  |  |

#### Note

Document Number: 001-09608 Rev. \*H Page 7 of 22

<sup>2.</sup> Bits [1:0] control CLKD drive strength. The values given in this table correspond to a drive strength setting of '10'. See Table 8 and Table 7 on page 8.



Table 5. CLKF Output Clock

| Frequency (MHz)    | Address 55H, Data value (hex)                                     |
|--------------------|---|
| CLKF off (default) | 0C  |
| 27 MHz reference   | 18  |
| Copy of CLKC       | copy of data from Table 2 on page 6 address 48H                   |
| Copy of CLKD       | copy of data from Table 3 on page 7 address 50H                   |
| Copy of CLKE       | copy of data from Table 4 on page 7 address 53H, divided by 4 [3] |

Table 6. CLKG Output Clock (Default = Reference out)

| Frequency (MHz)            | Address 57H                                |   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| r requericy (wiriz)        | bits [7:6]                                 | bits [5:0]  |  |  |  |  |
| CLKG off                   | 10   | 001100  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 MHz reference (default) | drive strength (default=10). Refer Table 7 | 011000  |  |  |  |  |
| Copy of CLKC               | drive strength (default=10). Refer Table 7 | bits[5:0] of address 48H. Refer Table 2 on page 6 |  |  |  |  |
| Copy of CLKD               | drive strength (default=10). Refer Table 7 | bits[5:0] of address 50H. Refer Table 3 on page 7 |  |  |  |  |
| Copy of CLKE               | drive strength (default=10). Refer Table 7 | bits[7:2] of address 53H. Refer Table 4 on page 7 |  |  |  |  |

#### Enabling and Disabling Output Clocks

All output clocks can be individually enabled or disabled. Only CLKG is on at power on. All other clocks are off (driven low), and their respective PLLs are off. When using the serial programming interface to set an output to a desired frequency, the PLL Lock Time (AC Parameters Table) applies.

When turning off an output, the output buffer and associated PLL are turned off by different register addresses. As a result, it is possible to turn off an output by programming just one byte, but the PLL continues to run and consume some power. So, the PLL Lock Time does not apply when turning the output back on.

The clock configuration tables also show a second off state that also turns off the PLL, saving additional power. This requires

programming one or two additional bytes, and the PLL Lock Time applies.

#### Output Drive Strength

Output drive strength is configurable, with 2 bits available to set the drive strength for each output. The default value is '10', which is medium high. This is the recommended setting for outputs operating at 3.3 V. The recommended setting for 2.5 V outputs is '11', which must be programmed by you. Table 7 shows which bits must be changed, and how to integrate these bits with other control bits to create valid bytes for shifting in.

You may program any output to a lower drive strength if EMI is a problem. '00' is the lowest drive strength, while '11' is the highest. Note that the lowest setting is very weak and is not suitable for most applications.

Table 7. Drive Strength (DS) Values [4]

| DS Value Drive Strength |             | 3.3 V Output   | 2.5 V Output   |
|-------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| 00                      | Very low    | EMI Adjustment | EMI Adjustment |
| 01                      | Medium low  | EMI Adjustment | EMI Adjustment |
| 10 (default)            | Medium high | Standard       | EMI Adjustment |
| 11                      | High        | Extra Drive    | Standard       |

#### Notes

3. Bits [7:6] of address 55H are don't care. Dividing by 4 is equivalent to right shifting by 2 bits.

<sup>4.</sup> The default drive strength (DS) setting for all clocks is '10'. All output specifications for 3.3 V outputs are given for this value. Output specifications for 2.5 V outputs are given for a setting of '11'. To change the DS settings, the serial programming interface must be used to program in the desired values. You may program in any 2-bit value, but certain output specifications are not valid for settings other than '10' (3.3 V) or '11' (2.5 V). See the DC Parameters and AC Parameters tables for further details.



Table 8. Register Settings for Output Drive Strength [5]

| Output Clock | Drive strength bits | bit 7                                   | bit 6    | bit 5                                | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2    | bit 1 | bit 0 |
|--------------|---------------------|---|----------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| CLKC         | bits[7:6] of 48H    | DS see address 48H in Table 2 on page 6 |          |                                      |       |       |          |       |       |
| CLKD         | bits[1:0] of 53H    |   | see addr | ess 53H in Table 4 on page 7         |       |       |          | DS    |       |
| CLKE         | bits[7:6] of 54H    | D                                       | DS       |                                      | 0     | 0     | 0        | 0     | 0     |
| CLKF         | bits[5:4] of 56H    | 1 1                                     |          | DS 0                                 |       | 0     | 0        | 0     | 0     |
| CLKG         | bits[7:6] of 57H    | DS                                      |          | see address 57H in Table 6 on page 8 |       |       | n page 8 |       |       |

#### Output Supply Voltage

The clock outputs may be operated at either 3.3 V or 2.5 V. CLKC has its own power pin ( $V_{DD1}$ ), while all other clocks are powered by  $V_{DD2}$ .  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{DD2}$  may be operated at different voltages if desired. AVDD must always be 3.3 V.

The CY24488 also has internal register settings that must be configured for the actual output supply voltage. The default settings are optimized for  $V_{DD1} = V_{DD2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ . Table 9 and Table 7 on page 8 show the values that need to be programmed for 2.5 V supply voltage.

Table 9. Register Settings for Output Supply Voltages

| Output                 | Output Supply Voltages   | Add          | ress         |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Output                 | Output Supply Voltages   | 41H          | 43H          |
| CLKC                   | V <sub>DD1</sub> = 3.3 V | BF (default) | -            |
|                        | V <sub>DD1</sub> = 2.5 V | 7F           | -            |
| CLKD, CLKE, CLKF, CLKG | V <sub>DD2</sub> = 3.3 V | _            | A0 (default) |
|                        | V <sub>DD2</sub> = 2.5 V | -            | 90           |

#### **Programming Flow**

The device registers may be programmed in any sequence, but for convenience, a suggested programming flow is shown in Figure 3.

Any step in this programming sequence may be skipped if the default value is the desired value.

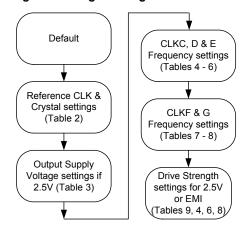
When programming an output frequency, the new frequency is valid on that output after all of the specified data values are written to all of the specified addresses. When changing an output frequency, the output may transition through one or more indeterminate frequencies between the writing of the first byte and the last byte.

Note that some of the programming steps are not as independent as they appear in the flow diagram. In particular, addresses 48H, 53H, and 57H control both output frequencies and drive strength. Because a byte is the smallest unit that may be programmed through the serial interface, you must consider both the frequency setting and the output drive strength when constructing the byte value to be written into these particular address. It is not necessary to write more than once to any address, but that one write must have all of the bits set correctly.

Example: configure CLKC for 33.8688 MHz and 2.5 V output. For address 48H, start with the value in Table 2 on page 6: 89H

(binary 10001001). Table 8 shows that bits 7 and 6 control the drive strength, which must be '11' (from Table 7 on page 8). Therefore, the final value is 11001001, which is C9H. This value is written once.

Figure 3. Programming Flow



#### Note

<sup>5.</sup> The default drive strength (DS) setting for all clocks is '10'. All output specifications for 3.3 V outputs are given for this value. Output specifications for 2.5 V outputs are given for a setting of '11'. To change the DS settings, the serial programming interface must be used to program in the desired values. You may program in any 2-bit value, but certain output specifications are not valid for settings other than '10' (3.3 V) or '11' (2.5 V). See the DC Parameters and AC Parameters tables for further details



#### **Serial Programming Interface Protocol and Timing**

The CY24488 uses pins SDAT and SCLK for a 2-wire serial interface that operates up to 400 kbit/s in Read or Write mode. Except for the data hold time ( $t_{\rm DH}$ ), it is compliant to the I<sup>2</sup>C bus standard. The basic Write protocol is:

Start Bit; 7-bit Device Address (DA); R/W Bit; Slave Clock Acknowledge (ACK); 8-bit Memory Address (MA); ACK; 8-bit Data; ACK; 8-bit Data in MA+1 if desired; ACK; 8-bit Data in MA+2; ACK; and more until STOP Bit. The basic serial format is shown in Figure 5.

Figure 4. Data Transfer Sequence on the Serial Bus

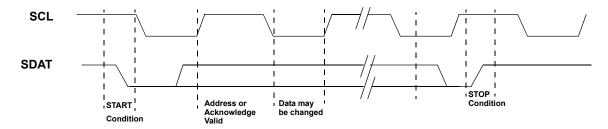
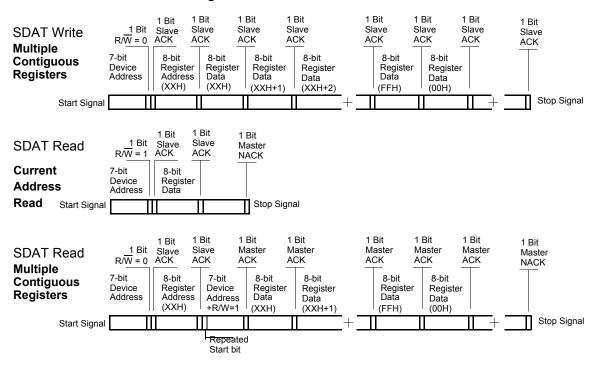


Figure 5. Data Frame Architecture





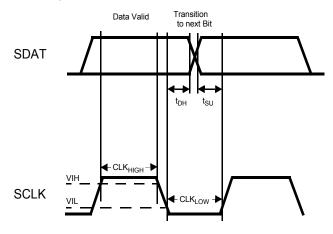
#### Device Address

The device address is a 7-bit value. The default serial interface address is 47H.

#### Data Valid

Data is valid when the clock is HIGH, and can be transitioned only when the clock is LOW, as shown in Figure 6.

Figure 6. Data Valid and Data Transition Periods



#### Data Frame

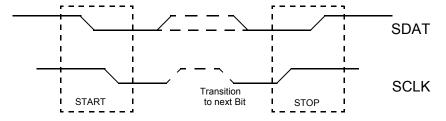
Every new data frame is indicated by a start and stop sequence, as shown in Figure 7.

START Sequence: Start Frame is indicated by SDAT going LOW when SCLK is HIGH. Every time a start signal is given, the next 8-bit data must be the device address (seven bits) and a R/W bit,

followed by register address (eight bits) and register data (eight bits).

STOP Sequence: Stop Frame is indicated by SDAT going HIGH when SCLK is HIGH. A Stop Frame frees the bus to write to another part on the same bus or writing to another random register address.

Figure 7. Start and Stop Frame

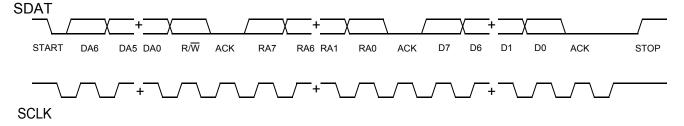


#### Acknowledge Pulse

During Write Mode the CY24488 responds with an Acknowledge (ACK) pulse after every eight bits. This is accomplished by pulling the SDAT line LOW during the N\*9<sup>th</sup> clock cycle, as

shown in Figure 8 (N = the number of bytes transmitted). During Read Mode the acknowledge pulse after the data packet is sent is generated by the master.

Figure 8. Frame Format (Device Address, R/W, Register Address, Register Data)





#### Write Operations

#### Writing Individual Bytes

A valid write operation must have a full 8-bit register address after the device address word from the master, which is followed by an acknowledge bit from the slave (SDAT = 0/LOW). The next eight bits must contain the data word intended for storage. After the data word is received, the slave responds with another acknowledge bit (SDAT = 0/LOW), and the master must end the write sequence with a STOP condition.

#### Writing Multiple Bytes

To write more than one byte at a time, the master does not end the write sequence with a STOP condition. Instead, the master can send multiple contiguous bytes of data to be stored. After each byte, the slave responds with an acknowledge bit, the same as after the first byte, and accepts data until the acknowledge bit is responded to by the STOP condition. When receiving multiple bytes, the CY24488 internally increments the register address.

#### Read Operations

Read operations are initiated the same way as Write operations except that the R/W bit of the slave address is set to '1' (HIGH). There are three basic read operations: current address read, random read, and sequential read.

#### Current Address Read

The CY24488 has an onboard address counter that retains one more than the address of the last word access. If the last word written or read was word 'n', then a current address read operation returns the value stored in location 'n+1'. When the CY24488 receives the slave address with the R/W bit set to a '1',

the CY24488 issues an acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit word. The master device does not acknowledge the transfer, but does generate a STOP condition, which causes the CY24488 to stop transmission.

#### Random Read

Through random read operations, the master may access any memory location. To perform this type of read operation, first set the word address. Send the address to the CY24488 as part of a write operation. After the word address is sent, the master generates a START condition following the acknowledge. This terminates the write operation before any data is stored in the address, but not before the internal address pointer is set. Next, the master reissues the control byte with the R/W byte set to '1'. The CY24488 then issues an acknowledge and transmits the 8-bit word. The master device does not acknowledge the transfer, but does generate a STOP condition, which causes the CY24488 to stop transmission.

#### Sequential Read

Sequential read operations follow the same process as random reads except that the master issues an acknowledge instead of a STOP condition after transmission of the first 8-bit data word. This action results in an incrementing of the internal address pointer, and subsequently output of the next 8-bit data word. By continuing to issue acknowledges instead of STOP conditions, the master may serially read the entire contents of the slave device memory. Note that register addresses outside of 0AH to 17H and 40H to 57H can be read from but are not real registers and do not contain configuration information. When the internal address pointer points to the FFH register, after the next increment, the pointer points to the 00H register.

# **Serial Programming Interface Timing**

**Table 10. Serial Programming Interface Timing Specifications** 

| Parameter           | Description                                | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--|-----|-----|------|
| f <sub>SCLK</sub>   | Frequency of SCLK                          | _   | 400 | kHz  |
|                     | Start Mode Time from SDA LOW to SCL LOW    | 0.6 | -   | μS   |
| CLK <sub>LOW</sub>  | SCLK LOW Period                            | 1.3 | -   | μS   |
| CLK <sub>HIGH</sub> | SCLK HIGH Period                           | 0.6 | -   | μS   |
| t <sub>SU</sub>     | Data Transition to SCLK HIGH               | 100 | _   | ns   |
| t <sub>DH</sub>     | Data Hold (SCLK LOW to data transition)    | 100 | _   | ns   |
|                     | Rise Time of SCLK and SDAT                 | _   | 300 | ns   |
|                     | Fall Time of SCLK and SDAT                 | _   | 300 | ns   |
|                     | Stop Mode Time from SCLK HIGH to SDAT HIGH | 0.6 | -   | μS   |
|                     | Stop Mode to Start Mode                    | 1.3 | -   | μS   |



# **Absolute Maximum Conditions**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

#### **Table 11. Absolute Maximum Conditions**

| Parameter                 | Description                       | Condition                   | Min  | Max                   | Unit  |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| $AV_{DD}/V_{DD1}/V_{DD2}$ | Core Supply Voltage               |                             | -0.5 | 4.6                   | V     |
| V <sub>IN</sub>           | Input Voltage                     | Relative to V <sub>SS</sub> | -0.5 | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 | VDC   |
| T <sub>S</sub>            | Temperature, Storage              | Non-functional              | -65  | +125                  | °C    |
| ESD <sub>HBM</sub>        | ESD Protection (Human Body Model) | MIL-STD-883, Method 3015    | 2000 | _                     | Volts |
| UL-94                     | Flammability Rating               | V-0 at 1/8 in.              | _    | 10                    | ppm   |
| MSL                       | Moisture Sensitivity Level        | 16-pin TSSOP                | •    | 1                     |       |

# **Operating Conditions**

| Parameter                          | Description   | Min  | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------------|---|------|-----|-----|------|
| $AV_{DD}$                          | Core Operating Voltage  | 3.0  | 3.3 | 3.6 | V    |
| V <sub>DD1</sub> /V <sub>DD2</sub> | Output Operating Voltage  | 3.0  | 3.3 | 3.6 | V    |
|                                    |   | 2.3  | 2.5 | 2.7 | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>                     | Ambient Temperature   | -10  | _   | 70  | °C   |
| C <sub>LOAD</sub>                  | Maximum Load Capacitance  | _    | _   | 15  | pF   |
| t <sub>PU</sub>                    | Power-up time for all $V_{DD}s$ reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic) | 0.05 | -   | 500 | ms   |



# **Pullable Crystal Specifications (For VCXO Applications)**

Pullable Crystal Specifications for part CY2448 are as follows [6]

| Parameter                          | Description   | Condition   | Min  | Тур | Max  | Unit |
|------------------------------------|---|---|------|-----|------|------|
| F <sub>NOM</sub>                   | AT-cut Crystal                                      | Parallel resonance, Fundamental mode                        | -    | 27  | -    | MHz  |
| C <sub>LNOM</sub>                  | Nominal Load Capacitance                            | Order crystal at one specific C <sub>LNOM</sub> 0 ppm       | 11.4 | 12  | 12.6 | pF   |
| R <sub>1</sub>                     | Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)                  | Fundamental mode (CL = Series)                              | -    | -   | 40   | Ω    |
| DL                                 | Crystal Drive Level                                 | Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> at 25°C over<br>±120 ppm Pull Range | -    | -   | 300  | μW   |
| F <sub>3SEPHI</sub> <sup>[7]</sup> | Third Overtone Separation from 3 × F <sub>NOM</sub> | Mechanical Third (High side of 3 × F <sub>NOM</sub> )       | 240  | _   | _    | ppm  |
| F <sub>3SEPLO</sub> <sup>[7]</sup> | Third Overtone Separation from 3 × F <sub>NOM</sub> | Mechanical Third (Low side of 3 × F <sub>NOM</sub> )        | -    | _   | -120 | ppm  |

# Non-pullable Crystal Specifications (For non-VCXO Applications)

Non-pullable Crystal Specifications for part CY2448 are as follows [6]

| Parameter         | Description                        | Condition   | Min  | Тур | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|------|-----|------|------|
| F <sub>NOM</sub>  | AT-cut Crystal                     | Parallel resonance, Fundamental mode                  | _    | 27  | _    | MHz  |
| C <sub>LNOM</sub> | Nominal Load Capacitance           | Order crystal at one specific C <sub>LNOM</sub> 0 ppm | 10.7 | 12  | 14.0 | pF   |
| R <sub>1</sub>    | Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) | Fundamental mode (CL = Series)                        | _    | _   | 40   | Ω    |
| DL                | Crystal Drive Level                | Nominal V <sub>DD</sub> at 25°C                       | _    | _   | 300  | μW   |

### Notes

Device operates to following specs which are guaranteed by design.
 Increased tolerance available from pull range less than ±120 PPM.



# **DC Parameters**

The DC Parameters for part CY24488 are as follows [8]

| Parameter                      | Description                    | Conditions   | Min                  | Тур | Max                  | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----|----------------------|------|
| I <sub>OH</sub> <sup>[9]</sup> | Output High Current            | $V_{OH} = V_{DD} - 0.5, V_{DD} = 3.3 V$            | 12                   | _   | -                    | mA   |
| I <sub>OL</sub> <sup>[9]</sup> | Output Low Current             | V <sub>OL</sub> = 0.5, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V     | 12                   | _   | -                    | mA   |
| I <sub>IH</sub>                | Input High Current             | $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$ , excluding $V_{IN}$ , XIN/CLKIN | -                    | 5   | 10                   | μA   |
| I <sub>IL</sub>                | Input Low Current              | $V_{IL}$ = 0 V, excluding $V_{IN}$ , XIN/CLKIN     | _                    | 5   | 10                   | μA   |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                | Input High Voltage             | XIN/CLKIN input CMOS levels                        | $0.7 \times AV_{DD}$ | _   | _                    | V    |
| $V_{IL}$                       | Input Low Voltage              | XIN/CLKIN input CMOS levels                        | -                    | -   | $0.3 \times AV_{DD}$ | V    |
| V <sub>VCXO</sub>              | V <sub>IN</sub> Input Range    |  | 0                    | _   | $AV_DD$              | V    |
| I <sub>VDD</sub>               | Supply Current                 | V <sub>DD</sub> Current                            | _                    | 60  | -                    | mA   |
| C <sub>INXIN</sub>             | Input Capacitance at XIN/CLKIN | VCXO Disabled External Reference                   | _                    | 15  | -                    | pF   |
| C <sub>INXTAL</sub>            | Input Capacitance at Crystal   | VCXO Disabled Fixed Freq.<br>Oscillator            | _                    | 12  | -                    | pF   |

<sup>8.</sup> Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production. All parameters specified with fully loaded outputs.
9. Drive strength settings: '10' for 3.3 V outputs; '11' for 2.5 V outputs.



### **AC Parameters**

The AC Parameters for part CY24488 are as follows [10]

| Parameter                 | Description                          | Conditions   | Min    | Тур  | Max   | Units |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------|------|-------|-------|
| 1/t1                      | Output Frequency                     |  | 4.9152 | -    | 148.5 | MHz   |
| DC1 <sup>[11, 12]</sup>   | Output Duty Cycle (excluding REFOUT) | Duty Cycle is defined in Figure 10 on page 17. $t_2/t_1$ , 50% of $V_{DD}$ External reference duty cycle between 40% and 60% measured at $V_{DD}/2$ (Clock output is $\leq$ 125 MHz) | 45     | 50   | 55    | %     |
| DC2 <sup>[11, 12]</sup>   | Output Duty Cycle (excluding REFOUT) | Duty Cycle is defined in Figure 10. $t_2/t_1$ , 50% of $V_{DD}$ External reference duty cycle between 40% and 60% measured at $V_{DD}/2$ (Clock output is > 125 MHz)                 | 40     | 50   | 60    | %     |
| DC <sub>REFOUT</sub> [11, | Output Duty Cycle                    | Duty Cycle is defined in Figure 10.<br>t <sub>2</sub> /t <sub>1</sub> , 50% of V <sub>DD</sub><br>(XIN/CLKIN Duty Cycle = 45/55%)  | 40     | 50   | 60    | %     |
| ER <sup>[11]</sup>        | Rising Edge Rate                     | Output Clock Edge Rate. Measured from 20% to 80% of V <sub>DD</sub> . C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 15 pF. See Figure 11 on page 17.   | 0.75   | 1.2  | _     | V/ns  |
| EF <sup>[11]</sup>        | Falling Edge Rate                    | Output Clock Edge Rate. Measured from 80% to 20% of V <sub>DD</sub> . C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 15 pF. See Figure 11.  | 0.75   | 1.2  | -     | V/ns  |
| T <sub>9</sub>            | Clock Jitter                         | Period Jitter; V <sub>DD1</sub> = V <sub>DD2</sub> = 3.3 V<br>drive strength = '10'  | _      | 250  | -     | ps    |
| T <sub>10</sub>           | PLL Lock Time                        | From end of serial programming sequence to correct output frequency  | -      | 1    | 5     | ms    |
| $f_{\Delta XO}$           | VCXO Crystal Pull Range              | Using non-SMD-49 crystal specified in Table 1 on page 5. Nominal Crystal Frequency Input assumed (0 ppm) at 25 °C and 3.3 V  | ±110   | ±120 | _     | ppm   |
|                           |                                      | Using SMD-49 crystal specified in Table 1 on page 5. Nominal Crystal Frequency Input assumed (0 ppm) at 25 °C and 3.3 V.   | ±105   | ±120 | -     | ppm   |

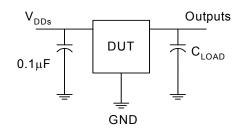
<sup>10.</sup> Parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization. Not 100% tested in production. All parameters specified with fully loaded outputs. 11. Drive strength settings: '10' for 3.3 V outputs; '11' for 2.5 V outputs.

<sup>12.</sup> Guaranteed when values in Table 9 on page 9 and Table 8 on page 9 are programmed to match the output supply voltage.



# **Test and Measurement Setup**

Figure 9. Test and Measurement Diagram



# **Voltage and Timing Definitions**

Figure 10. Duty Cycle Definition

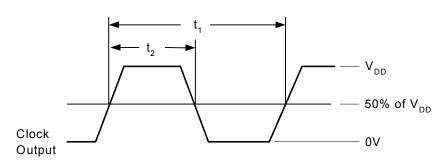
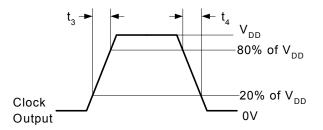


Figure 11. ER =  $(0.6 \times V_{DD})/t_3$ , EF =  $(0.6 \times V_{DD})/t_4$ 

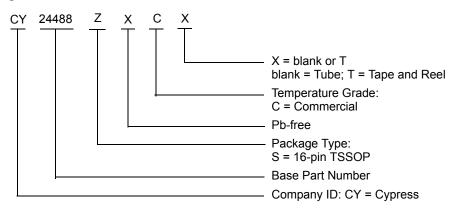




# **Ordering Information**

| Part Number | Туре                         | Production Flow            |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Pb-free     |                              |                            |
| CY24488ZXC  | 16-pin TSSOP                 | Commercial, 0 °C to +70 °C |
| CY24488ZXCT | 16-pin TSSOP – Tape and Reel | Commercial, 0 °C to +70 °C |

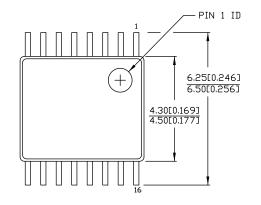
# **Ordering Code Definitions**





# **Package Drawing and Dimensions**

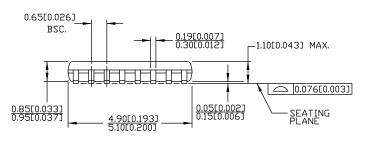
Figure 12. 16-pin TSSOP (4.40 mm Body) Z16.173/ZZ16.173 Package Outline, 51-85091

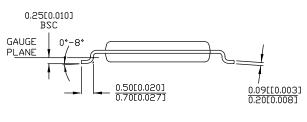


DIMENSIONS IN MMEINCHES)  $\underline{\text{MIN.}}_{\text{MAX.}}$ 

REFERENCE JEDEC MO-153
PACKAGE WEIGHT 0.05gms

| PART #   |                |  |
|----------|----------------|--|
| Z16.173  | STANDARD PKG.  |  |
| ZZ16.173 | LEAD FREE PKG. |  |





51-85091 \*E



# **Acronyms**

| Acronym          | Description                                  |
|------------------|--|
| ACK              | Acknowledge                                  |
| DTV              | Digital Television                           |
| DVD              | Digital Video Disc or Digital Versatile Disc |
| ESR              | Equivalent Series Resistance                 |
| FAE              | Field Application Engineer                   |
| HDMI             | High-Definition Multimedia Interface         |
| I <sup>2</sup> C | Inter IC Communications Interface            |
| PCI              | Peripheral Component Interconnect            |
| PLL              | Phase-Locked Loop                            |
| SPI              | Serial Peripheral Interface                  |
| TSSOP            | Thin-Shrink Small Outline Package            |
| USB              | Universal Serial Bus                         |
| VCXO             | Voltage Controlled Crystal Oscillator        |

# **Document Conventions**

# **Units of Measure**

| Symbol | Unit of Measure   |
|--------|-------------------|
| °C     | degree Celsius    |
| MHz    | megahertz         |
| mm     | millimeter        |
| ns     | nanosecond        |
| ppm    | parts-per-million |
| %      | percentage        |
| pF     | picofarad         |
| V      | volt              |



# **Document History Page**

| Document Number: 001-09608 |         |                    |                    |   |
|----------------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| Revision                   | ECN     | Orig. of<br>Change | Submission<br>Date | Description of Change   |
| **                         | 497098  | RGL                | See ECN            | New data sheet.   |
| *A                         | 504259  | RGL                | See ECN            | Change status from Advance Information to Final. Minor text additions across the document.  |
| *B                         | 2621905 | KVM /<br>AESA      | 12/15/08           | Updated Document Title to read as "CY24488 Quad PLL Clock Generator with 2-Wire Serial Interface". Replaced "I <sup>2</sup> C" with "2-wire" in all instances across the document. Updated Serial Programming Interface Timing: Updated Table 10: Changed minimum value of t <sub>DH</sub> parameter from 0 ns to 100 ns corresponding to "Data Hold (SCLK LOW to data transition)". Updated to new template.                                       |
| *C                         | 2761988 | KVM                | 09/10/09           | Updated AC Parameters: Updated minimum and maximum values of "Output Frequency" parameter.  |
| *D                         | 3083299 | CXQ                | 11/10/10           | Added Contents. Updated DC Parameters: Removed C <sub>IN</sub> parameter and its details. Updated AC Parameters: Updated typical value of T <sub>9</sub> parameter (Removed "±"). Updated Ordering Information: No change in part numbers. Added Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Drawing and Dimensions: spec 51-85091 – Changed revision from *A to *C. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Minor text edits. Updated to new template. |
| *E                         | 4202940 | CINM               | 11/26/2013         | Updated Package Drawing and Dimensions: spec 51-85091 – Changed revision from *C to *D. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.  |
| *F                         | 4581659 | XHT                | 11/28/2014         | Updated Functional Description: Added "For a complete list of related documentation, click here." at the end. Updated Package Drawing and Dimensions: spec 51-85091 – Changed revision from *D to *E.   |
| *G                         | 5529250 | XHT                | 11/22/2016         | Updated Functional Overview: Updated Serial Programming Interface Protocol and Timing: Updated Figure 5 (Replaced ACK with NACK for the last transactions in SDAT Read). Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.   |
| *H                         | 5993954 | AESATMP8           | 12/14/2017         | Updated logo and Copyright.   |



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Document Number: 001-09608 Rev. \*H Revised December 14, 2017 Page 22 of 22



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- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001:
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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