

## Inductor Built-in Step-Down "micro DC/DC" Converters

☆Green Operation Compatible

### ■GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series is a synchronous step-down micro DC/DC converter which integrates an inductor and a control IC in one tiny package (2.5mm×2.0mm, H=1.0mm). A stable power supply with an output current of 600mA is configured using only two capacitors connected externally.

Operating voltage range is from 2.0V to 6.0V(XCL20xG:1.8V~6.0V). Output voltage is internally set in a range from 0.8V to 4.0V in increments of 0.05V. The device is operated by 3.0MHz, and includes 0.42Ω P-channel driver transistor and 0.52Ω N-channel switching transistor. As for operation mode, the XCL205 series is PWM control, the XCL206 series is automatic PWM/PFM switching control and the XCL207 series can be manually switched between the PWM control mode and the automatic PWM/PFM switching control mode, allowing fast response, low ripple and high efficiency over the full range of loads (from light load to heavy load). During stand-by, the device is shutdown to reduce current consumption to as low as 1.0μA or less. With the built-in UVLO (Under Voltage Lock Out) function, the internal driver transistor is forced OFF when input voltage becomes 1.4V or lower.

XCL205B (G, F)/XCL206B (G, F)/XCL207B (G, F) series provide short-time turn-on by the soft start function internally set in 0.25ms (TYP). XCL205B(C,G,F) /XCL206 B(C,G,F) / XCL207B(C,G,F) integrate C<sub>L</sub> auto discharge function which enables the electric charge stored at the output capacitor C<sub>L</sub> to be discharged via the internal auto-discharge switch located between the L<sub>x</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> pins. When the devices enter stand-by mode, output voltage quickly returns to the V<sub>SS</sub> level as a result of this function.

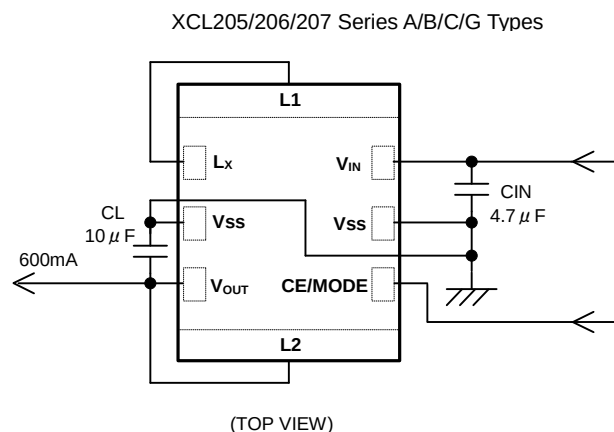
### ■APPLICATIONS

- Mobile phones, Smart phones
- Bluetooth Headsets
- WiMAX PDAs, MIDs, UMPCs
- Portable game consoles
- Digital cameras, Camcorders
- Electronic dictionaries

### ■FEATURES

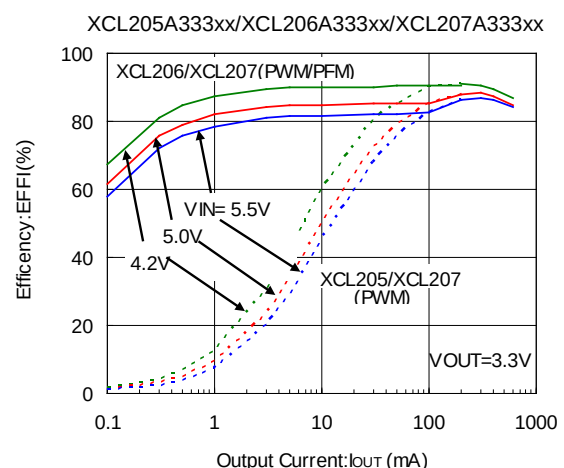
|                               |                                                                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ultra-Small                   | : 2.5mm × 2.0mm, H=1.0mm                                            |
| Input Voltage                 | : 2.0V ~ 6.0V(A/B/C Type)<br>1.8V ~ 6.0V(G/F Type)                  |
| Output Voltage                | : 0.8V ~ 4.0V (±2.0%)                                               |
| High Efficiency               | : 90% (V <sub>IN</sub> =4.2V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V)               |
| Output Current                | : 600mA                                                             |
| Oscillation Frequency         | : 3.0MHz (±15%)                                                     |
| Maximum Duty Cycle            | : 100%                                                              |
| Capacitor                     | : Low ESR Ceramic                                                   |
| CE Function                   | : Active High                                                       |
|                               | Soft-Start Circuit Built-In                                         |
|                               | C <sub>L</sub> High Speed Auto Discharge                            |
| Protection Circuits           | : Current Limiter Circuit Built-In<br>(Constant Current & Latching) |
| Control Methods               | : PWM (XCL205)<br>PWM/PFM Auto (XCL206)<br>PWM/PFM Manual (XCL207)  |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | : -40°C ~ +85°C                                                     |
| Environmentally Friendly      | : EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free                                        |

### ■TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



\* "L1 and Lx", and "L2 and Vout" is connected by wiring.

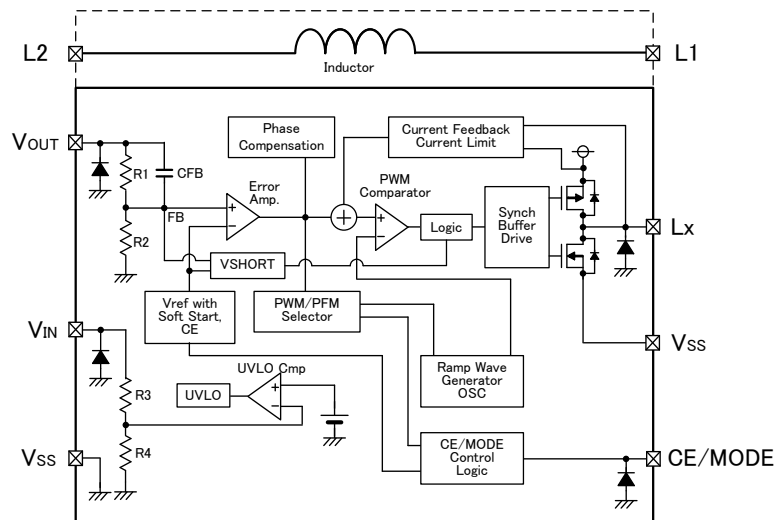
### ■TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



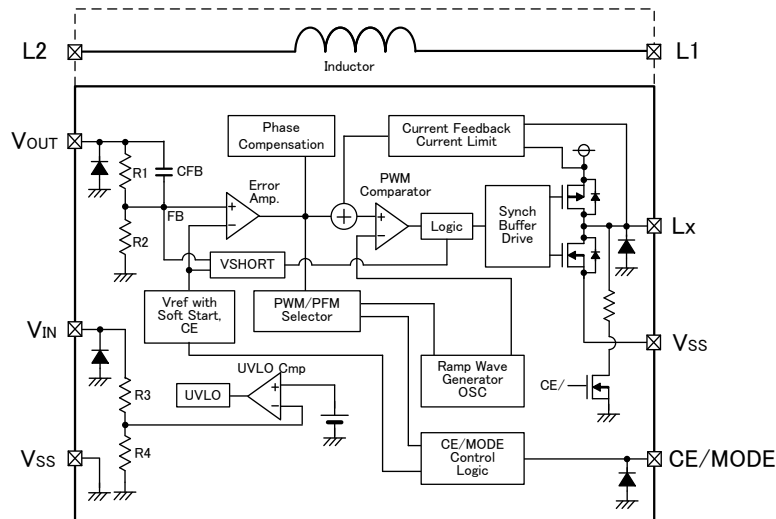
# XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 Series

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

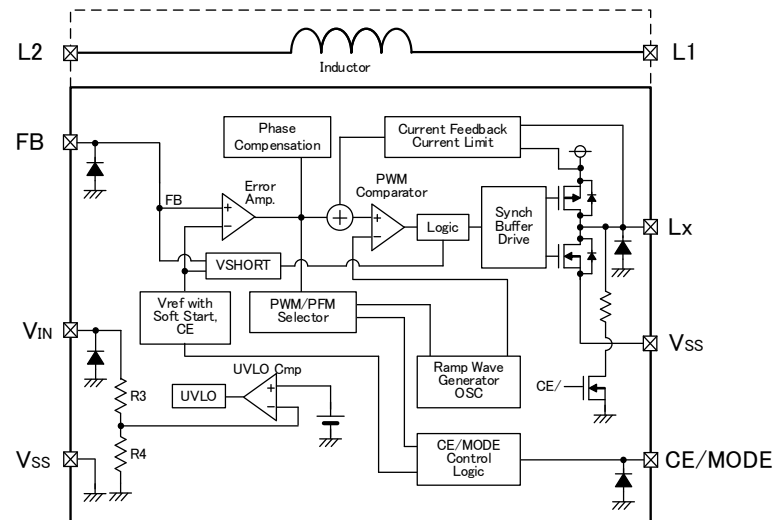
### 1) XCL205 / XCL206 / XCL207 series A Type



### 2) XCL205 / XCL206 / XCL207 series B/C/G Type



### 3) XCL205 / XCL206 / XCL207 series F Type



NOTE: The XCL205 offers a fixed PWM control, a signal from CE/MODE Control Logic to PWM/PFM Selector is fixed to "L" level inside. The XCL206 control scheme is PWM/PFM automatic switching, a signal from CE/MODE Control Logic to PWM/PFM Selector is fixed to "H" level inside. The diodes placed inside are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

## ■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

### ● Ordering Information

|                               |                                         |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| XCL205①②③④⑤⑥-⑦ <sup>(*)</sup> | Fixed PWM control                       |
| XCL206①②③④⑤⑥-⑦ <sup>(*)</sup> | PWM / PFM automatic switching control   |
| XCL207①②③④⑤⑥-⑦ <sup>(*)</sup> | Manual Mode Selection Pin (Semi-custom) |

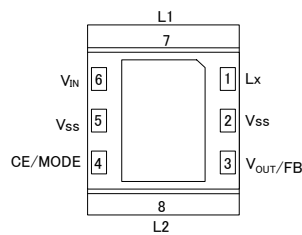
| DESIGNATOR | ITEM                                        |                                    | SYMBOL               | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ①          | Functions selection<br>(All CE active high) | Fixed Output<br>Voltage            | A                    | $V_{IN} \geq 2.0V$ ,<br>No $C_L$ auto discharge, Standard soft-start                                                                                                          |
|            |                                             |                                    | B                    | $V_{IN} \geq 2.0V$ , Fixed Output Voltage<br>$C_L$ auto discharge, High speed soft-start                                                                                      |
|            |                                             |                                    | C                    | $V_{IN} \geq 2.0V$ , Fixed Output Voltage<br>$C_L$ auto discharge, Standard soft-start                                                                                        |
|            |                                             |                                    | G                    | $V_{IN} \geq 1.8V$ , Fixed Output Voltage<br>$C_L$ auto discharge, High speed soft-start                                                                                      |
|            |                                             | Output Voltage<br>External Setting | F                    | $V_{IN} \geq 1.8V$ , $C_L$ auto discharge,<br>High speed soft-start                                                                                                           |
| ②③         | Fixed Output Voltage                        |                                    | 0~9<br>A~M           | Output voltage options<br>e.g. 1.2V → ②=1, ③=2<br>1.25V → ②=1, ③=C<br>0.05V increments :<br>0.05=A, 0.15=B, 0.25=C, 0.35=D, 0.45=E,<br>0.55=F, 0.65=H, 0.75=K, 0.85=L, 0.95=M |
|            | Output Voltage External Setting             |                                    | 08                   | External Setting 0.8V (F type)                                                                                                                                                |
| ④          | Oscillation Frequency                       |                                    | 3                    | 3.0MHz                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ⑤⑥-⑦       | Packages<br>(Order Unit)                    |                                    | AR-G <sup>(*2)</sup> | CL-2025 (3,000pcs/Reel)                                                                                                                                                       |
|            |                                             |                                    | CR-G <sup>(*3)</sup> | CL-2025-02(3,000pcs/Reel)                                                                                                                                                     |

<sup>(\*)</sup> The “-G” suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

<sup>(\*)</sup> AR-G is storage temperature range “-40 °C ~ +105 °C”.

<sup>(\*)</sup> CR-G is storage temperature range “-40 °C ~ +125 °C”.

## ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



(BOTTOM VIEW)

- \* It should be connected the Vss pin (No. 2 and 5) to the GND pin.
- \* If the dissipation pad needs to be connected to other pins, it should be connected to the GND pin.
- \* Please refer to pattern layout page for the connecting to PCB.

## PIN ASSIGNMENT

| PIN NUMBER | PIN NAME         | FUNCTIONS                                |
|------------|------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1          | L <sub>x</sub>   | Switching Output                         |
| 2,5        | V <sub>SS</sub>  | Ground                                   |
| 3          | V <sub>OUT</sub> | Fixed Output Voltage Pin (A/B/C/G types) |
|            | FB               | Output Voltage Sense Pin (F type)        |
| 4          | CE / MODE        | Chip Enable & Mode Switch                |
| 6          | V <sub>IN</sub>  | Power Input                              |
| 7          | L1               | Inductor Electrodes                      |
| 8          | L2               |                                          |

## FUNCTION

| CE/MODE                 | OPERATIONAL STATES               |                                               |                                               |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
|                         | XCL205                           | XCL206                                        | XCL207                                        |
| H Level <sup>(*)1</sup> | Synchronous<br>PWM Fixed Control | Synchronous<br>PWM/PFM<br>Automatic Switching | Synchronous<br>PWM/PFM<br>Automatic Switching |
| M Level <sup>(*)2</sup> | -                                | -                                             | Synchronous<br>PWM Fixed Control              |
| L Level <sup>(*)3</sup> | Stand-by                         | Stand-by                                      | Stand-by                                      |

※series CE/MODE pin voltage level range

<sup>(\*)1</sup>H Level :  $0.65V \leq \text{H Level} \leq 6V$  (XCL205,XCL207)

H Level :  $V_{IN}-0.25V \leq \text{H Level} \leq V_{IN}$  (XCL206)

<sup>(\*)2</sup>M Level :  $0.65V \leq \text{M Level} \leq V_{IN}-1.0V$

<sup>(\*)3</sup>L Level :  $0V \leq \text{L Level} \leq 0.25V$

<sup>(\*)4</sup>Please do not leave the CE/MODE pin open

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C

| PARAMETER                                   |            | SYMBOL           | RATINGS                                           | UNITS |
|---------------------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------|
| V <sub>IN</sub> Pin Voltage                 |            | V <sub>IN</sub>  | - 0.3 ~ +6.5                                      | V     |
| L <sub>x</sub> Pin Voltage                  |            | V <sub>Lx</sub>  | - 0.3 ~ V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3                     | V     |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> Pin Voltage(A/B/C/G types) |            | V <sub>OUT</sub> | - 0.3 ~ +6.5                                      | V     |
| V <sub>FB</sub> Pin Voltage(F type)         |            | V <sub>FB</sub>  | - 0.3 ~ +6.5                                      | V     |
| CE/MODE Pin Voltage                         |            | V <sub>CE</sub>  | - 0.3 ~ +6.5                                      | V     |
| L <sub>x</sub> Pin Current                  |            | I <sub>Lx</sub>  | ±1500                                             | mA    |
| Power Dissipation                           |            | P <sub>d</sub>   | 1000 (40mm x 40mm Standard board) <sup>(*)1</sup> | mW    |
| Operating Ambient Temperature               |            | T <sub>opr</sub> | - 40 ~ + 85                                       | °C    |
| Storage Temperature <sup>(*)2</sup>         | CL-2025    | T <sub>stg</sub> | - 40 ~ + 105                                      | °C    |
|                                             | CL-2025-02 |                  | - 40 ~ + 125                                      |       |

<sup>(\*)1</sup> The power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted and is for reference only.

The mounting condition is please refer to PACKAGING INFORMATION.

<sup>(\*)2</sup> Storage temperature, are divided by the product specification of the package.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

● XCL205Axx3AR/XCL206Axx3AR/XCL207Axx3AR/XCL205Axx3CR/XCL206Axx3CR/XCL207Axx3CR,

Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL                                                | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                             | MIN.                   | TYP.  | MAX.                  | UNITS  | CIRCUIT |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| Output Voltage                             | V <sub>OUT</sub>                                      | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA                                                                               | <E-1>                  | <E-2> | <E-3>                 | V      | ①       |
| Operating Voltage Range                    | V <sub>IN</sub>                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2.0                    | -     | 6.0                   | V      | ①       |
| Maximum Output Current                     | I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>                                   | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V<br>When connected to external components <sup>(*)9</sup>                                                             | 600                    | -     | -                     | mA     | ①       |
| UVLO Voltage                               | V <sub>UVLO</sub>                                     | V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V,<br>Voltage which Lx pin holding "L" level <sup>(*)1, (*)11</sup>                                                              | 1.00                   | 1.40  | 1.78                  | V      | ③       |
| Supply Current (XCL205)                    | I <sub>DD</sub>                                       | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                                   | -                      | 46    | 65                    | μA     | ②       |
| Supply Current (XCL206, XCL207)            |                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                        | -                      | 21    | 35                    | μA     |         |
| Stand-by Current                           | I <sub>STB</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                               | -                      | 0     | 1.0                   | μA     | ②       |
| Oscillation Frequency                      | f <sub>OSC</sub>                                      | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA                                                   | 2550                   | 3000  | 3450                  | kHz    | ①       |
| PFM Switching Current <sup>(*)12</sup>     | I <sub>PFM</sub>                                      | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                         | <E-4>                  | <E-5> | <E-6>                 | mA     | ⑩       |
| PFM Duty Limit <sup>(*)12</sup>            | DTY <sub>LIMIT_PFM</sub>                              | V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                                                                                     | -                      | 200   | 300                   | %      | ①       |
| Maximum Duty Cycle                         | D <sub>MAX</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.9V                                                                                                   | 100                    | -     | -                     | %      | ③       |
| Minimum Duty Cycle                         | D <sub>MIN</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                                   | -                      | -     | 0                     | %      | ③       |
| Efficiency <sup>(*)2</sup>                 | EFFI                                                  | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA                                                         | -                      | <E-7> | -                     | %      | ①       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, I <sub>Lx</sub> =100mA <sup>(*)3</sup>                                                                                   | -                      | 0.35  | 0.55                  | Ω      | ④       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =3.6V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, I <sub>Lx</sub> =100mA <sup>(*)3</sup>                                                                                   | -                      | 0.42  | 0.67                  | Ω      | ④       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V <sup>(*)4</sup>                                                                                                                                 | -                      | 0.45  | 0.65                  | Ω      | -       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =3.6V <sup>(*)4</sup>                                                                                                                                 | -                      | 0.52  | 0.77                  | Ω      | -       |
| Lx SW "H" Leakage Current <sup>(*)5</sup>  | I <sub>LEAKH</sub>                                    | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, Lx=0V                                                                                                                    | -                      | 0.01  | 1.0                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| Lx SW "L" Leakage Current <sup>(*)5</sup>  | I <sub>LEAKL</sub>                                    | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, Lx=5.0V                                                                                                                  | -                      | 0.01  | 1.0                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| Current Limit <sup>(*)10</sup>             | I <sub>LIM</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.9V <sup>(*)8</sup>                                                                                   | 900                    | 1050  | 1350                  | mA     | ⑥       |
| Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT} \cdot \Delta T_{opr}}$ | I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA<br>-40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C                                                                                                                              | -                      | ±100  | -                     | ppm/°C | ①       |
| CE "H" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEH</sub>                                      | V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "H" level <sup>(*)11</sup>                                                                         | 0.65                   | -     | V <sub>IN</sub>       | V      | ③       |
| CE "L" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEL</sub>                                      | V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "L" level <sup>(*)11</sup>                                                                         | V <sub>SS</sub>        | -     | 0.25                  | V      | ③       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage <sup>(*)13</sup>     | V <sub>PWMH</sub>                                     | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA <sup>(*)6</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes 2550kHz ≤ f <sub>OSC</sub> ≤ 3450kHz <sup>(*)13</sup> | -                      | -     | V <sub>IN</sub> - 1.0 | V      | ①       |
| PWM "L" Level Voltage <sup>(*)13</sup>     | V <sub>PWML</sub>                                     | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA <sup>(*)6</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes f <sub>OSC</sub> < 2550kHz <sup>(*)13</sup>           | V <sub>IN</sub> - 0.25 | -     | -                     | V      | ①       |
| CE "H" Current                             | I <sub>CEH</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V                                                                                                                           | - 0.1                  | -     | 0.1                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| CE "L" Current                             | I <sub>CEL</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V                                                                                                                       | - 0.1                  | -     | 0.1                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| Soft Start Time                            | t <sub>SS</sub>                                       | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> =0V → V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                                                                | 0.5                    | 0.9   | 2.5                   | ms     | ①       |
| Latch Time                                 | t <sub>LAT</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0.8 × V <sub>OUT(T)</sub><br>Short Lx at 1Ω resistance <sup>(*)7</sup>                                                       | 1.0                    | -     | 20                    | ms     | ⑦       |
| Short Protection Threshold Voltage         | V <sub>SHORT</sub>                                    | Sweeping V <sub>OUT</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, Short Lx at<br>1Ω resistance, V <sub>OUT</sub> voltage which Lx becomes "L"<br>level within 1ms                    | <E-8>                  | <E-9> | <E-10>                | V      | ⑦       |
| Inductance Value                           | L                                                     | Test frequency=1MHz                                                                                                                                                                    | -                      | 1.5   | -                     | μH     |         |
| Allowed Inductor Current                   | I <sub>DC</sub>                                       | ΔT=40°C                                                                                                                                                                                | -                      | 1000  | -                     | mA     |         |

Test conditions: Unless otherwise stated, V<sub>IN</sub>=5.0V, V<sub>OUT(T)</sub>=Nominal Voltage

NOTE:

<sup>(\*)1</sup> Including hysteresis operating voltage range.

<sup>(\*)2</sup> EFFI = { ( output voltage × output current ) / ( input voltage × input current ) } × 100

<sup>(\*)3</sup> ON resistance (Ω) = (V<sub>IN</sub> - Lx pin measurement voltage) / 100mA

<sup>(\*)4</sup> Design value

<sup>(\*)5</sup> When temperature is high, a current of approximately 10 μA (maximum) may leak.

<sup>(\*)6</sup> The CE/MODE pin of the XCL207 series works also as an external switching pin of PWM control and PWM/PFM control. When the IC is in the operation, control is switched to the automatic PWM/PFM switching mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or greater than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 0.3V, and to the PWM mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or lower than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 1.0V and equal to or greater than V<sub>CEH</sub>.

<sup>(\*)7</sup> Time until it short-circuits V<sub>OUT</sub> with GND via 1Ω of resistor from an operational state and is set to Lx=0V from current limit pulse generating.

<sup>(\*)8</sup> When V<sub>IN</sub> is less than 2.4V, limit current may not be reached because voltage falls caused by ON resistance.

<sup>(\*)9</sup> When the difference between the input and the output is small, some cycles may be skipped completely before current maximizes.

If current is further pulled from this state, output voltage will decrease because of P-ch driver ON resistance.

<sup>(\*)10</sup> Current limit denotes the level of detection at peak of coil current.

<sup>(\*)11</sup> "H"=V<sub>IN</sub>-V<sub>IN</sub>-1.2V, "L"=+0.1V~-0.1V

<sup>(\*)12</sup> I<sub>PFM</sub> and DTY<sub>LIMIT\_PFM</sub> are defined only for the XCL206 and XCL207 series which have PFM control function. (Not for the XCL 205 series)

<sup>(\*)13</sup> V<sub>PWMH</sub> and V<sub>PWML</sub> are defined only for the XCL207 series. (They are not used in the XCL205/and XCL206 series)

# XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 Series

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

● XCL205Bxx3AR/XCL206Bxx3AR/XCL207Bxx3AR/XCL205Bxx3CR/XCL206Bxx3CR/XCL207Bxx3CR,

Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL                                                  | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                             | MIN.                   | TYP.   | MAX.                  | UNITS  | CIRCUIT |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| Output Voltage                             | V <sub>OUT</sub>                                        | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA                                                                               | <E-1>                  | <E-2>  | <E-3>                 | V      | ①       |
| Operating Voltage Range                    | V <sub>IN</sub>                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2.0                    | -      | 6.0                   | V      | ①       |
| Maximum Output Current                     | I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>                                     | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V<br>When connected to external components <sup>(*)9</sup>                                                             | 600                    | -      | -                     | mA     | ①       |
| UVLO Voltage                               | V <sub>UVLO</sub>                                       | V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V,<br>Voltage which Lx pin holding "L" level <sup>(*)1, (*)11</sup>                                                              | 1.00                   | 1.40   | 1.78                  | V      | ③       |
| Supply Current (XCL205)                    | I <sub>DD</sub>                                         | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                                   | -                      | 46     | 65                    | μA     | ②       |
| Supply Current (XCL206, XCL207)            |                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                        | -                      | 21     | 35                    |        |         |
| Stand-by Current                           | I <sub>STB</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                               | -                      | 0      | 1.0                   | μA     | ②       |
| Oscillation Frequency                      | f <sub>OSC</sub>                                        | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA                                                   | 2550                   | 3000   | 3450                  | kHz    | ①       |
| PFM Switching Current <sup>(*)12</sup>     | I <sub>PFM</sub>                                        | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                         | <E-4>                  | <E-5>  | <E-6>                 | mA     | ⑩       |
| PFM Duty Limit <sup>(*)12</sup>            | DTY <sub>LIMIT_PFM</sub>                                | V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                                                                                     | -                      | 200    | 300                   | %      | ①       |
| Maximum Duty Cycle                         | D <sub>MAX</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.9V                                                                                                   | 100                    | -      | -                     | %      | ③       |
| Minimum Duty Cycle                         | D <sub>MIN</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                                   | -                      | -      | 0                     | %      | ③       |
| Efficiency <sup>(*)2</sup>                 | EFFI                                                    | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA                                                         | -                      | <E-7>  | -                     | %      | ①       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, I <sub>Lx</sub> =100mA <sup>(*)3</sup>                                                                                   | -                      | 0.35   | 0.55                  | Ω      | ④       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =3.6V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, I <sub>Lx</sub> =100mA <sup>(*)3</sup>                                                                                   | -                      | 0.42   | 0.67                  | Ω      | ④       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V <sup>(*)4</sup>                                                                                                                                 | -                      | 0.45   | 0.65                  | Ω      | -       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =3.6V <sup>(*)4</sup>                                                                                                                                 | -                      | 0.52   | 0.77                  | Ω      | -       |
| Lx SW "H" Leakage Current <sup>(*)5</sup>  | I <sub>LEAKH</sub>                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, Lx=0V                                                                                                                    | -                      | 0.01   | 1.0                   | μA     | ⑨       |
| Current Limit <sup>(*)10</sup>             | I <sub>LIM</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.9V <sup>(*)8</sup>                                                                                   | 900                    | 1050   | 1350                  | mA     | ⑥       |
| Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{(V_{OUT} \cdot \Delta T_{opr})}$ | I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA<br>-40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C                                                                                                                              | -                      | ±100   | -                     | ppm/°C | ①       |
| CE "H" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEH</sub>                                        | V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "H" level <sup>(*)11</sup>                                                                         | 0.65                   | -      | V <sub>IN</sub>       | V      | ③       |
| CE "L" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEL</sub>                                        | V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "L" level <sup>(*)11</sup>                                                                         | V <sub>SS</sub>        | -      | 0.25                  | V      | ③       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage <sup>(*)13</sup>     | V <sub>PWMH</sub>                                       | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA <sup>(*)6</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes 2550kHz ≤ f <sub>OSC</sub> ≤ 3450kHz <sup>(*)13</sup> | -                      | -      | V <sub>IN</sub> - 1.0 | V      | ①       |
| PWM "L" Level Voltage <sup>(*)13</sup>     | V <sub>PWML</sub>                                       | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA <sup>(*)6</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes f <sub>OSC</sub> < 2550kHz <sup>(*)13</sup>           | V <sub>IN</sub> - 0.25 | -      | -                     | V      | ①       |
| CE "H" Current                             | I <sub>CEH</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V                                                                                                                           | - 0.1                  | -      | 0.1                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| CE "L" Current                             | I <sub>CEL</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V                                                                                                                       | - 0.1                  | -      | 0.1                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| Soft Start Time                            | t <sub>SS</sub>                                         | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> =0V → V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                                                                | -                      | <E-11> | <E-12>                | ms     | ①       |
| Latch Time                                 | t <sub>LAT</sub>                                        | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =0.8 × V <sub>OUT(T)</sub><br>Short Lx at 1Ω resistance <sup>(*)7</sup>                                                       | 1.0                    | -      | 20                    | ms     | ⑦       |
| Short Protection Threshold Voltage         | V <sub>SHORT</sub>                                      | Sweeping V <sub>OUT</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, Short Lx at<br>1Ω resistance, V <sub>OUT</sub> voltage which Lx becomes "L"<br>level within 1ms                    | <E-8>                  | <E-9>  | <E-10>                | V      | ⑦       |
| C <sub>L</sub> Discharge                   | R <sub>DCHG</sub>                                       | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, Lx=5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =Open                                                                                                            | 200                    | 300    | 450                   | Ω      | ⑧       |
| Inductance Value                           | L                                                       | Test frequency =1MHz                                                                                                                                                                   | -                      | 1.5    | -                     | μH     |         |
| Allowed Inductor Current                   | I <sub>DC</sub>                                         | ΔT=40°C                                                                                                                                                                                | -                      | 1000   | -                     | mA     |         |

Test conditions: Unless otherwise stated, V<sub>IN</sub>=5.0V, V<sub>OUT(T)</sub>=Nominal Voltage

NOTE:

(\*)1 Including hysteresis operating voltage range.

(\*)2 EFFI = { ( output voltage × output current ) / ( input voltage × input current ) } × 100

(\*)3 ON resistance (Ω) = (V<sub>IN</sub> - Lx pin measurement voltage) / 100mA

(\*)4 Design value

(\*)5 When temperature is high, a current of approximately 10 μA (maximum) may leak.

(\*)6 The CE/MODE pin of the XCL207 series works also as an external switching pin of PWM control and PWM/PFM control. When the IC is in the operation, control is switched to the automatic PWM/PFM switching mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or greater than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 0.3V, and to the PWM mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or lower than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 1.0V and equal to or greater than V<sub>CEH</sub>.

(\*)7 Time until it short-circuits V<sub>OUT</sub> with GND via 1Ω of resistor from an operational state and is set to Lx=0V from current limit pulse generating.

(\*)8 When V<sub>IN</sub> is less than 2.4V, limit current may not be reached because voltage falls caused by ON resistance.

(\*)9 When the difference between the input and the output is small, some cycles may be skipped completely before current maximizes.

If current is further pulled from this state, output voltage will decrease because of P-ch driver ON resistance.

(\*)10 Current limit denotes the level of detection at peak of coil current.

(\*)11 "H"=V<sub>IN</sub>-V<sub>IN</sub>-1.2V, "L"=+0.1V~-0.1V

(\*)12 I<sub>PFM</sub> and DTY<sub>LIMIT\_PFM</sub> are defined only for the XCL206 and XCL207 series which have PFM control function. (Not for the XCL 205 series)

(\*)13 V<sub>PWMH</sub> and V<sub>PWML</sub> are defined only for the XCL207 series. (They are not used in the XCL205/and XCL206 series)

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

● XCL205Cxx3AR/XCL206Cxx3AR/XCL207Cxx3AR/XCL205Cxx3CR/XCL206Cxx3CR/XCL207Cxx3CR,

Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL                                                      | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                              | MIN.                   | TYP.  | MAX.                  | UNITS  | CIRCUIT |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|--------|---------|
| Output Voltage                             | V <sub>OUT</sub>                                            | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 30mA                                                                             | <E-1>                  | <E-2> | <E-3>                 | V      | ①       |
| Operating Voltage Range                    | V <sub>IN</sub>                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2.0                    | -     | 6.0                   | V      | ①       |
| Maximum Output Current                     | I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>                                         | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V<br>When connected to external components <sup>(*9)</sup>                                                              | 600                    | -     | -                     | mA     | ①       |
| UVLO Voltage                               | V <sub>UVLO</sub>                                           | V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V,<br>Voltage which Lx pin holding "L" level <sup>(*1, *11)</sup>                                                                 | 1.00                   | 1.40  | 1.78                  | V      | ③       |
| Supply Current (XCL205)                    | I <sub>DD</sub>                                             | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                                 | -                      | 46    | 65                    | μA     | ②       |
| Supply Current (XCL206, XCL207)            |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                         |                        | 21    | 35                    |        |         |
| Stand-by Current                           | I <sub>STB</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                             | -                      | 0     | 1.0                   | μA     | ②       |
| Oscillation Frequency                      | f <sub>OSC</sub>                                            | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> + 2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA                                                | 2550                   | 3000  | 3450                  | kHz    | ①       |
| PFM Switching Current <sup>(*12)</sup>     | I <sub>PFM</sub>                                            | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> + 2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA                                      | <E-4>                  | <E-5> | <E-6>                 | mA     | ⑩       |
| PFM Duty Limit <sup>(*12)</sup>            | DTY <sub>LIMIT_PFM</sub>                                    | V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> + 1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA                                                                                                  | -                      | 200   | 300                   | %      | ①       |
| Maximum Duty Cycle                         | MAXDTY                                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.9V                                                                                                 | 100                    | -     | -                     | %      | ③       |
| Minimum Duty Cycle                         | MINDTY                                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.1V                                                                                                 | -                      | -     | 0                     | %      | ③       |
| Efficiency <sup>(*2)</sup>                 | EFFI                                                        | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> + 1.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA                                                      | -                      | <E-7> | -                     | %      | ①       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V, I <sub>LX</sub> = 100mA <sup>(*3)</sup>                                                                                | -                      | 0.35  | 0.55                  | Ω      | ④       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V, I <sub>LX</sub> = 100mA <sup>(*3)</sup>                                                                                | -                      | 0.42  | 0.67                  | Ω      | ④       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V <sup>(*4)</sup>                                                                                                                                | -                      | 0.45  | 0.65                  | Ω      | -       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.6V <sup>(*4)</sup>                                                                                                                                | -                      | 0.52  | 0.77                  | Ω      | -       |
| Lx SW "H" Leakage Current <sup>(*5)</sup>  | I <sub>LEAKH</sub>                                          | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V, Lx = 0V                                                                                                                | -                      | 0.01  | 1.0                   | μA     | ⑨       |
| Current Limit <sup>(*10)</sup>             | I <sub>LIM</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.9V <sup>(*8)</sup>                                                                                 | 900                    | 1050  | 1350                  | mA     | ⑥       |
| Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics | ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / (V <sub>OUT</sub> × ΔT <sub>opr</sub> ) | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 30mA<br>-40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C                                                                                                                              | -                      | ±100  | -                     | ppm/°C | ①       |
| CE "H" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEH</sub>                                            | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "H" level <sup>(*11)</sup>                                                                         | 0.65                   | -     | 6.0                   | V      | ③       |
| CE "L" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEL</sub>                                            | V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "L" level <sup>(*11)</sup>                                                                         | V <sub>SS</sub>        | -     | 0.25                  | V      | ③       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage <sup>(*13)</sup>     | V <sub>PWMH</sub>                                           | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA <sup>(*6)</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes 2550kHz ≤ f <sub>OSC</sub> ≤ 3450kHz <sup>(*13)</sup> | -                      | -     | V <sub>IN</sub> - 1.0 | V      | ①       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage <sup>(*13)</sup>     | V <sub>PWML</sub>                                           | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA <sup>(*6)</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes f <sub>OSC</sub> < 2550kHz <sup>(*13)</sup>           | V <sub>IN</sub> - 0.25 | -     | -                     | V      | ①       |
| CE "H" Current                             | I <sub>CEH</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V                                                                                                                         | - 0.1                  | -     | 0.1                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| CE "L" Current                             | I <sub>CEL</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V                                                                                                                     | - 0.1                  | -     | 0.1                   | μA     | ⑤       |
| Soft Start Time                            | t <sub>SS</sub>                                             | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V → V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA                                                                               | 0.5                    | 0.9   | 2.5                   | ms     | ①       |
| Latch Time                                 | t <sub>LAT</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.8 × V <sub>OUT(T)</sub><br>Short Lx at 1Ω resistance <sup>(*7)</sup>                                                     | 1.0                    | -     | 20                    | ms     | ⑦       |
| Short Protection Threshold Voltage         | V <sub>SHORT</sub>                                          | Sweeping V <sub>OUT</sub> , V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, Short Lx at<br>1Ω resistance, V <sub>OUT</sub> voltage which Lx becomes "L"<br>level within 1ms                   | <E-8>                  | <E-9> | <E-10>                | V      | ⑦       |
| C <sub>L</sub> Discharge                   | R <sub>DCHG</sub>                                           | V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V Lx = 5.0V V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V V <sub>OUT</sub> = open                                                                                                           | 200                    | 300   | 450                   | Ω      | ⑧       |
| Inductance Value                           | L                                                           | Test frequency = 1MHz                                                                                                                                                                   | -                      | 1.5   | -                     | μH     | -       |
| Allowed Inductor Current                   | I <sub>DC</sub>                                             | ΔT = 40°C                                                                                                                                                                               | -                      | 1000  | -                     | mA     | -       |

Test conditions: Unless otherwise stated, V<sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V, V<sub>OUT(T)</sub> = Nominal Voltage

NOTE:

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Including hysteresis operating voltage range.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> EFFI = { ( output voltage × output current ) / ( input voltage × input current ) } × 100

<sup>(\*3)</sup> ON resistance (Ω) = (V<sub>IN</sub> - Lx pin measurement voltage) / 100mA

<sup>(\*4)</sup> Design value

<sup>(\*5)</sup> When temperature is high, a current of approximately 10 μA (maximum) may leak.

<sup>(\*6)</sup> The CE/MODE pin of the XCL207 series works also as an external switching pin of PWM control and PWM/PFM control. When the IC is in the operation, control is switched to the automatic PWM/PFM switching mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or greater than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 0.3V, and to the PWM mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or lower than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 1.0V and equal to or greater than V<sub>CEH</sub>.

<sup>(\*7)</sup> Time until it short-circuits V<sub>OUT</sub> with GND via 1Ω of resistor from an operational state and is set to Lx = 0V from current limit pulse generating.

<sup>(\*8)</sup> When V<sub>IN</sub> is less than 2.4V, limit current may not be reached because voltage falls caused by ON resistance.

<sup>(\*9)</sup> When the difference between the input and the output is small, some cycles may be skipped completely before current maximizes.

If current is further pulled from this state, output voltage will decrease because of P-ch driver ON resistance.

<sup>(\*10)</sup> Current limit denotes the level of detection at peak of coil current.

<sup>(\*11)</sup> "H" = V<sub>IN</sub> - V<sub>IN</sub> - 1.2V, "L" = +0.1V ~ -0.1V

<sup>(\*12)</sup> I<sub>PFM</sub> and DTY<sub>LIMIT\_PFM</sub> are defined only for the XCL206 and XCL207 series which have PFM control function. (Not for the XCL 205 series)

<sup>(\*13)</sup> V<sub>PWMH</sub> and V<sub>PWML</sub> are defined only for the XCL207 series. (They are not used in the XCL205/and XCL206 series)

# XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 Series

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

● XCL205Gxx3AR/XCL206Gxx3AR/XCL207Gxx3AR/XCL205Gxx3CR/XCL206Gxx3CR/XCL207Gxx3CR,

Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL                                            | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                      | MIN.            | TYP.      | MAX.           | UNITS    | CIRCUIT |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|----------|---------|
| Output Voltage                             | $V_{OUT}$                                         | When connected to external components,<br>$V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $I_{OUT} = 30mA$                                                                                           | <E-1>           | <E-2>     | <E-3>          | V        | ①       |
| Operating Voltage Range                    | $V_{IN}$                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1.8             | -         | 6.0            | V        | ①       |
| Maximum Output Current                     | $I_{OUTMAX}$                                      | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(T)} + 2.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 1.0V$<br>When connected to external components <sup>(*9)</sup>                                                                         | 600             | -         | -              | mA       | ①       |
| UVLO Voltage                               | $V_{UVLO}$                                        | $V_{CE} = V_{IN}$ , $V_{OUT(T)} \times 0.5V$ <sup>(*14)</sup> ,<br>Voltage which Lx pin holding "L" level <sup>(*1, *11)</sup>                                                  | 1.00            | 1.40      | 1.78           | V        | ③       |
| Supply Current (XCL205)                    | $I_{DD}$                                          | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(T)} \times 1.1V$                                                                                                                   | -               | 46        | 65             | $\mu A$  | ②       |
| Supply Current (XCL206, XCL207)            |                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                 | -               | 21        | 35             |          |         |
| Stand-by Current                           | $I_{STB}$                                         | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(T)} \times 1.1V$                                                                                                            | -               | 0         | 1.0            | $\mu A$  | ②       |
| Oscillation Frequency                      | $f_{OSC}$                                         | When connected to external components,<br>$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(T)} + 2.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 1.0V$ , $I_{OUT} = 100mA$                                                                    | 2550            | 3000      | 3450           | kHz      | ①       |
| PFM Switching Current <sup>(*12)</sup>     | $I_{PFM}$                                         | When connected to external components,<br>$V_{IN} = V_{OUT(T)} + 2.0V$ , $V_{CE} = V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1mA$                                                                    | <E-4>           | <E-5>     | <E-6>          | mA       | ⑩       |
| PFM Duty Limit <sup>(*12)</sup>            | $DTY_{LIMIT\_PFM}$                                | $V_{CE} = V_{IN} = V_{OUT(T)} + 1.0V$ , $I_{OUT} = 1mA$                                                                                                                         | -               | 200       | 300            | %        | ①       |
| Maximum Duty Cycle                         | $MAXDTY$                                          | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(T)} \times 0.9V$                                                                                                                   | 100             | -         | -              | %        | ③       |
| Minimum Duty Cycle                         | $MINDTY$                                          | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(T)} \times 1.1V$                                                                                                                   | -               | -         | 0              | %        | ③       |
| Efficiency <sup>(*2)</sup>                 | $EFFI$                                            | When connected to external components,<br>$V_{CE} = V_{IN} = V_{OUT(T)} + 1.2V$ , $I_{OUT} = 100mA$                                                                             | -               | <E-7>     | -              | %        | ①       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 1                  | $R_{LxH1}$                                        | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$ , $I_{Lx} = 100mA$ <sup>(*3)</sup>                                                                                                    | -               | 0.35      | 0.55           | $\Omega$ | ④       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 2                  | $R_{LxH2}$                                        | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 3.6V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$ , $I_{Lx} = 100mA$ <sup>(*3)</sup>                                                                                                    | -               | 0.42      | 0.67           | $\Omega$ | ④       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 1                  | $R_{LxL1}$                                        | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ <sup>(*4)</sup>                                                                                                                                        | -               | 0.45      | 0.65           | $\Omega$ | -       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 2                  | $R_{LxL2}$                                        | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 3.6V$ <sup>(*4)</sup>                                                                                                                                        | -               | 0.52      | 0.77           | $\Omega$ | -       |
| Lx SW "H" Leakage Current <sup>(*5)</sup>  | $I_{LEAKH}$                                       | $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 5.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 0V$ , $Lx = 0V$                                                                                                                           | -               | 0.01      | 1.0            | $\mu A$  | ⑨       |
| Current Limit <sup>(*10)</sup>             | $I_{LIM}$                                         | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(T)} \times 0.9V$ <sup>(*8)</sup>                                                                                                   | 900             | 1050      | 1350           | mA       | ⑥       |
| Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics | $\Delta V_{OUT} / (V_{OUT} \cdot \Delta T_{opr})$ | $I_{OUT} = 30mA$<br>$-40^\circ C \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ C$                                                                                                                  | -               | $\pm 100$ | -              | ppm/°C   | ①       |
| CE "H" Voltage                             | $V_{CEH}$                                         | $V_{OUT} = 0V$ , Applied voltage to $V_{CE}$ ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "H" level <sup>(*11)</sup>                                                                              | 0.65            | -         | 6.0            | V        | ③       |
| CE "L" Voltage                             | $V_{CEL}$                                         | $V_{OUT} = 0V$ , Applied voltage to $V_{CE}$ ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "L" level <sup>(*11)</sup>                                                                              | $V_{SS}$        | -         | 0.25           | V        | ③       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage <sup>(*13)</sup>     | $V_{PWH}$                                         | When connected to external components,<br>$I_{OUT} = 1mA$ <sup>(*6)</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes $2550kHz \leq f_{OSC} \leq 3450kHz$ <sup>(*13)</sup> | -               | -         | $V_{IN} - 1.0$ | V        | ①       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage <sup>(*13)</sup>     | $V_{PWL}$                                         | When connected to external components,<br>$I_{OUT} = 1mA$ <sup>(*6)</sup> , Voltage which oscillation<br>frequency becomes $f_{OSC} < 2550kHz$ <sup>(*13)</sup>                 | $V_{IN} - 0.25$ | -         | -              | V        | ①       |
| CE "H" Current                             | $I_{CEH}$                                         | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$                                                                                                                                       | -0.1            | -         | 0.1            | $\mu A$  | ⑤       |
| CE "L" Current                             | $I_{CEL}$                                         | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$                                                                                                                                | -0.1            | -         | 0.1            | $\mu A$  | ⑤       |
| Soft Start Time                            | $t_{SS}$                                          | When connected to external components,<br>$V_{CE} = 0V \rightarrow V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1mA$                                                                                    | -               | <E-11>    | <E-12>         | ms       | ①       |
| Latch Time                                 | $t_{LAT}$                                         | $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.8 \times V_{OUT(T)}$<br>Short Lx at $1\Omega$ resistance <sup>(*7)</sup>                                                                | 1.0             | -         | 20             | ms       | ⑦       |
| Short Protection Threshold Voltage         | $V_{SHORT}$                                       | Sweeping $V_{OUT}$ , $V_{IN} = V_{CE} = 5.0V$ , Short Lx at<br>$1\Omega$ resistance, $V_{OUT}$ voltage which Lx becomes "L"<br>level within 1ms                                 | <E-8>           | <E-9>     | <E-10>         | V        | ⑦       |
| $C_L$ Discharge                            | $R_{DCHG}$                                        | $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ , $Lx = 5.0V$ , $V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{OUT} = \text{open}$                                                                                                         | 200             | 300       | 450            | $\Omega$ | ⑧       |
| Inductance Value                           | $L$                                               | Test frequency=1MHz                                                                                                                                                             | -               | 1.5       | -              | $\mu H$  | -       |
| Allowed Inductor Current                   | $I_{DC}$                                          | $\Delta T = 40^\circ C$                                                                                                                                                         | -               | 1000      | -              | mA       | -       |

Test conditions: Unless otherwise stated,  $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $V_{OUT(T)} = \text{Nominal Voltage}$

### NOTE:

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Including hysteresis operating voltage range.

<sup>(\*2)</sup>  $EFFI = \{ ( \text{output voltage} \times \text{output current} ) / ( \text{input voltage} \times \text{input current} ) \} \times 100$

<sup>(\*3)</sup> ON resistance ( $\Omega$ ) =  $(V_{IN} - Lx \text{ pin measurement voltage}) / 100mA$

<sup>(\*4)</sup> Design value

<sup>(\*5)</sup> When temperature is high, a current of approximately  $10\mu A$  (maximum) may leak.

<sup>(\*6)</sup> The CE/MODE pin of the XCL207 series works also as an external switching pin of PWM control and PWM/PFM control. When the IC is in the operation, control is switched to the automatic PWM/PFM switching mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or greater than  $V_{IN}$  minus 0.3V, and to the PWM mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or lower than  $V_{IN}$  minus 1.0V and equal to or greater than  $V_{CEH}$ .

<sup>(\*7)</sup> Time until it short-circuits  $V_{OUT}$  with GND via  $1\Omega$  of resistor from an operational state and is set to  $Lx = 0V$  from current limit pulse generating.

<sup>(\*8)</sup> When  $V_{IN}$  is less than 2.4V, limit current may not be reached because voltage falls caused by ON resistance.

<sup>(\*9)</sup> When the difference between the input and the output is small, some cycles may be skipped completely before current maximizes.

If current is further pulled from this state, output voltage will decrease because of P-ch driver ON resistance.

<sup>(\*10)</sup> Current limit denotes the level of detection at peak of coil current.

<sup>(\*11)</sup> "H" =  $V_{IN} - 1.2V$ , "L" =  $-0.1V \sim -0.1V$

<sup>(\*12)</sup>  $I_{PFM}$  and  $DTY_{LIMIT\_PFM}$  are defined only for the XCL206 and XCL207 series which have PFM control function. (Not for the XCL 205 series)

<sup>(\*13)</sup>  $V_{PWH}$  and  $V_{PWL}$  are defined only for the XCL207 series. (They are not used in the XCL205/and XCL206 series)

<sup>(\*14)</sup>  $V_{IN}$  is applied when  $V_{OUT(T)} \times 0.5V$  becomes more than  $V_{IN}$ .

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

● XCL205F083AR/XCL206F083AR/XCL207F083AR/XCL205F083CR/XCL206F083CR/XCL207F083CR,

Ta=25°C

| PARAMETER                                  | SYMBOL                                                      | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                   | MIN.                   | TYP.  | MAX.                  | UNITS   | CIRCUIT |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| FB Voltage                                 | V <sub>FB</sub>                                             | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> voltage which Decrease V <sub>FB</sub> from 0.9V, Lx becomes "H" (*11) level                         | 0.784                  | 0.800 | 0.816                 | V       | ③       |
| Operating Voltage Range                    | V <sub>IN</sub>                                             |                                                                                                                                                              | 1.8                    | -     | 6.0                   | V       | ⑪       |
| Maximum Output Current                     | I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>                                         | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V<br>When connected to external components (*9)                                              | 600                    | -     | -                     | mA      | ⑪       |
| UVLO Voltage                               | V <sub>UVLO</sub>                                           | V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.4V,<br>Voltage which Lx pin holding "L" level (*1, *11)                                               | 1.00                   | 1.40  | 1.78                  | V       | ③       |
| Supply Current (XCL205)                    | I <sub>DD</sub>                                             | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.88V                                                                                              | -                      | 46    | 65                    | μA      | ②       |
| Supply Current (XCL206, XCL207)            |                                                             |                                                                                                                                                              | -                      | 21    | 35                    |         |         |
| Stand-by Current                           | I <sub>STB</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.88V                                                                                          | -                      | 0     | 1.0                   | μA      | ②       |
| Oscillation Frequency                      | f <sub>OSC</sub>                                            | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =3.2V, V <sub>CE</sub> =1.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA                                              | 2550                   | 3000  | 3450                  | kHz     | ⑪       |
| PFM Switching Current (*12)                | I <sub>PFM</sub>                                            | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>IN</sub> =3.2V, V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                   | 170                    | 220   | 270                   | mA      | ⑫       |
| PFM Duty Limit (*12)                       | DTY <sub>LIMIT_PFM</sub>                                    | V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.2V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                                                                              | -                      | 200   | 300                   | %       | ⑪       |
| Maximum Duty Cycle                         | MAXDTY                                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.72V                                                                                             | 100                    | -     | -                     | %       | ③       |
| Minimum Duty Cycle                         | MINDTY                                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.88V                                                                                             | -                      | -     | 0                     | %       | ③       |
| Efficiency(*2)                             | EFFI                                                        | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.4V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100mA                                                 | -                      | 86    | -                     | %       | ⑪       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.72V, I <sub>LX</sub> = 100mA (*3)                                                              | -                      | 0.35  | 0.55                  | Ω       | ④       |
| Lx SW "H" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxH</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.72V, I <sub>LX</sub> = 100mA (*3)                                                              | -                      | 0.42  | 0.67                  | Ω       | ④       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 1                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V (*4)                                                                                                                | -                      | 0.45  | 0.65                  | Ω       | -       |
| Lx SW "L" ON Resistance 2                  | R <sub>LxL</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 3.6V (*4)                                                                                                                | -                      | 0.52  | 0.77                  | Ω       | -       |
| Lx SW "H" Leakage Current (*5)             | I <sub>LEAKH</sub>                                          | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>FB</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, Lx=0V                                                                                          | -                      | 0.01  | 1.0                   | μA      | ⑨       |
| Current Limit (*10)                        | I <sub>LIM</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> = 5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.72V (*8)                                                                                       | 900                    | 1050  | 1350                  | mA      | ⑥       |
| Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics | ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / (V <sub>OUT</sub> · ΔT <sub>opr</sub> ) | I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA<br>-40°C ≤ T <sub>opr</sub> ≤ 85°C                                                                                                    | -                      | ±100  | -                     | ppm/ °C | ⑪       |
| CE "H" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEH</sub>                                            | V <sub>FB</sub> =0.72V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "H" level (*11)                                                        | 0.65                   | -     | 6.0                   | V       | ③       |
| CE "L" Voltage                             | V <sub>CEL</sub>                                            | V <sub>FB</sub> =0.72V, Applied voltage to V <sub>CE</sub> ,<br>Voltage changes Lx to "L" level (*11)                                                        | V <sub>SS</sub>        | -     | 0.25                  | V       | ③       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage (*13)                | V <sub>PWMH</sub>                                           | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA (*6), Voltage which oscillation frequency becomes 2550kHz ≤ f <sub>OSC</sub> ≤ 3450kHz (*13) | -                      | -     | V <sub>IN</sub> - 1.0 | V       | ⑪       |
| PWM "H" Level Voltage (*13)                | V <sub>PWML</sub>                                           | When connected to external components,<br>I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA (*6), Voltage which oscillation frequency becomes f <sub>OSC</sub> < 2550kHz (*13)           | V <sub>IN</sub> - 0.25 | -     | -                     | V       | ⑪       |
| CE "H" Current                             | I <sub>CEH</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.72V                                                                                             | - 0.1                  | -     | 0.1                   | μA      | ⑤       |
| CE "L" Current                             | I <sub>CEL</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = 0.72V                                                                                         | - 0.1                  | -     | 0.1                   | μA      | ⑤       |
| Soft Start Time                            | t <sub>SS</sub>                                             | When connected to external components,<br>V <sub>CE</sub> =0V → V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA                                                      | -                      | 0.25  | 0.40                  | ms      | ⑪       |
| Latch Time                                 | t <sub>LAT</sub>                                            | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> =0.64<br>Short Lx at 1Ω resistance (*7)                                                              | 1.0                    | -     | 20                    | ms      | ⑦       |
| Short Protection Threshold Voltage         | V <sub>SHORT</sub>                                          | V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>CE</sub> =5.0V, V <sub>FB</sub> voltage which Decrease V <sub>FB</sub> from 0.4V, Lx becomes "L" (*11) level within 1ms              | 0.15                   | 0.20  | 0.25                  | V       | ⑦       |
| C <sub>L</sub> Discharge                   | R <sub>DCHG</sub>                                           | V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.0V L <sub>X</sub> = 5.0V V <sub>CE</sub> = 0V, V <sub>FB</sub> = open                                                                    | 200                    | 300   | 450                   | Ω       | ⑧       |
| Inductance Value                           | L                                                           | Test frequency=1MHz                                                                                                                                          | -                      | 1.5   | -                     | μH      | -       |
| Allowed Inductor Current                   | I <sub>DC</sub>                                             | ΔT=40°C                                                                                                                                                      | -                      | 1000  | -                     | mA      | -       |

Test conditions: V<sub>OUT</sub>=1.2V when the external components are connected. Unless otherwise stated, V<sub>IN</sub>=5.0V, applied voltage sequence is V<sub>FB</sub>→V<sub>IN</sub>→V<sub>CE</sub>  
NOTE:

(\*1) Including hysteresis operating voltage range.

(\*2) EFFI = { ( output voltage × output current ) / ( input voltage × input current ) } × 100

(\*3) ON resistance (Ω) = (V<sub>IN</sub> - Lx pin measurement voltage) / 100mA

(\*4) Design value

(\*5) When temperature is high, a current of approximately 10 μA (maximum) may leak.

(\*6) The CE/MODE pin of the XCL207 series works also as an external switching pin of PWM control and PWM/PFM control. When the IC is in the operation, control is switched to the automatic PWM/PFM switching mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or greater than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 0.3V, and to the PWM mode when the CE/MODE pin voltage is equal to or lower than V<sub>IN</sub> minus 1.0V and equal to or greater than V<sub>CEH</sub>.

(\*7) Time until it short-circuits V<sub>FB</sub> with GND via 1Ω of resistor from an operational state and is set to Lx=0V from current limit pulse generating.

(\*8) When V<sub>IN</sub> is less than 2.4V, limit current may not be reached because voltage falls caused by ON resistance.

(\*9) When the difference between the input and the output is small, some cycles may be skipped completely before current maximizes.

If current is further pulled from this state, output voltage will decrease because of P-ch driver ON resistance.

(\*10) Current limit denotes the level of detection at peak of coil current.

(\*11) "H"=V<sub>IN</sub>-V<sub>IN</sub>-1.2V, "L"=+0.1V~-0.1V

(\*12) I<sub>PFM</sub> and DTY<sub>LIMIT\_PFM</sub> are defined only for the XCL206 and XCL207 series which have PFM control function. (Not for the XCL 205 series)

(\*13) V<sub>PWMH</sub> and V<sub>PWML</sub> are defined only for the XCL207 series. (They are not used in the XCL205/and XCL206 series)

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### ● Output Voltage

| NOMINAL<br>OUTPUT<br>VOLTAGE | $V_{OUT}(V)$ |       |       |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------|-------|
|                              | <E-1>        | <E-2> | <E-3> |
| $V_{OUT(T)}$                 | MIN          | TYP   | MAX   |
| 1.00                         | 0.980        | 1.000 | 1.020 |
| 1.20                         | 1.176        | 1.200 | 1.224 |
| 1.40                         | 1.372        | 1.400 | 1.428 |
| 1.50                         | 1.470        | 1.500 | 1.530 |
| 1.75                         | 1.715        | 1.750 | 1.785 |
| 1.80                         | 1.764        | 1.800 | 1.836 |
| 1.90                         | 1.862        | 1.900 | 1.938 |
| 2.50                         | 2.450        | 2.500 | 2.550 |
| 2.80                         | 2.744        | 2.800 | 2.856 |
| 2.85                         | 2.793        | 2.850 | 2.907 |
| 3.00                         | 2.940        | 3.000 | 3.060 |
| 3.30                         | 3.234        | 3.300 | 3.366 |

### ● PFM Switching Current

| NOMINAL OUTPUT<br>VOLTAGE      | $I_{PFM}(mA)$ |       |       |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------|-------|
|                                | <E-4>         | <E-5> | <E-6> |
|                                | MIN           | TYP   | MAX   |
| $V_{OUT(T)} \leq 1.2V$         | 190           | 260   | 350   |
| $1.2V < V_{OUT(T)} \leq 1.75V$ | 180           | 240   | 300   |
| $1.8V \leq V_{OUT(T)}$         | 170           | 220   | 270   |

### ● Efficiency

| NOMINAL<br>OUTPUT<br>VOLTAGE | Efficiency (%) |
|------------------------------|----------------|
|                              | XCL205/206/207 |
| $V_{OUT(T)}$                 | <E-7>          |
| $V_{OUT(T)}$                 | 3.0MHz         |
| 1.00                         | 79             |
| 1.20                         | 82             |
| 1.40                         | 83             |
| 1.50                         | 84             |
| 1.75                         | 85             |
| 1.80                         |                |
| 1.90                         |                |
| 2.50                         | 86             |
| 2.80                         |                |
| 2.85                         |                |
| 3.00                         |                |
| 3.30                         |                |

### ● Short Protection Threshold Voltage

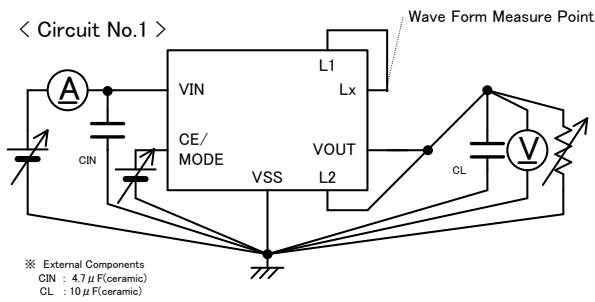
| NOMINAL<br>OUTPUT<br>VOLTAGE | $V_{SHORT}(V)$      |       |        |                 |       |        |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--------|-----------------|-------|--------|
|                              | XCL205/206/207A,B,C |       |        | XCL205/206/207G |       |        |
|                              | <E-8>               | <E-9> | <E-10> | <E-8>           | <E-9> | <E-10> |
| $V_{OUT(T)}$                 | MIN                 | TYP   | MAX    | MIN             | TYP   | MAX    |
| 1.00                         | 0.375               | 0.500 | 0.625  | 0.188           | 0.250 | 0.313  |
| 1.20                         | 0.450               | 0.600 | 0.750  | 0.225           | 0.300 | 0.375  |
| 1.40                         | 0.525               | 0.700 | 0.875  | 0.263           | 0.350 | 0.438  |
| 1.50                         | 0.563               | 0.750 | 0.938  | 0.282           | 0.375 | 0.469  |
| 1.75                         | 0.656               | 0.875 | 1.094  | 0.328           | 0.438 | 0.547  |
| 1.80                         | 0.675               | 0.900 | 1.125  | 0.338           | 0.450 | 0.563  |
| 1.90                         | 0.713               | 0.950 | 1.188  | 0.357           | 0.475 | 0.594  |
| 2.50                         | 0.938               | 1.250 | 1.563  | 0.469           | 0.625 | 0.782  |
| 2.80                         | 1.050               | 1.400 | 1.750  | 0.525           | 0.700 | 0.875  |
| 2.85                         | 1.069               | 1.425 | 1.781  | 0.535           | 0.713 | 0.891  |
| 3.00                         | 1.125               | 1.500 | 1.875  | 0.563           | 0.750 | 0.938  |
| 3.30                         | 1.238               | 1.650 | 2.063  | 0.619           | 0.825 | 1.032  |

### ● Soft Start Time (XCL20xB, XCL20xG)

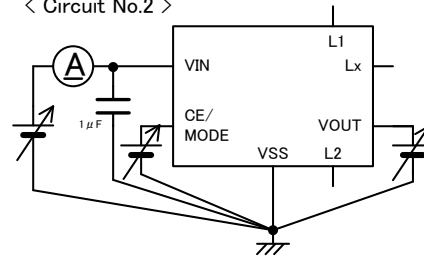
| NOMINAL OUTPUT<br>VOLTAGE         | $t_{SS}(ms)$ |        |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------|
|                                   | <E-11>       | <E-12> |
|                                   | TYP          | MAX    |
| $0.8V \leq V_{OUT(T)} \leq 1.75V$ | 0.25         | 0.4    |
| $1.8V \leq V_{OUT(T)} \leq 4.0V$  | 0.32         | 0.5    |

## TEST CIRCUITS

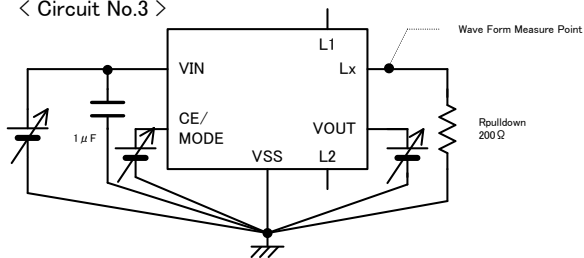
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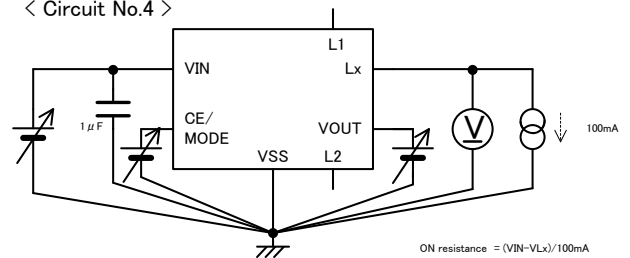
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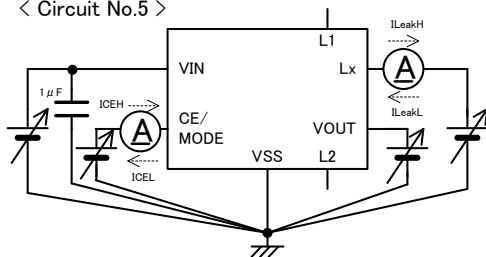
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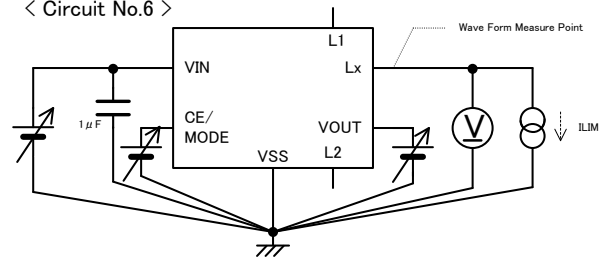
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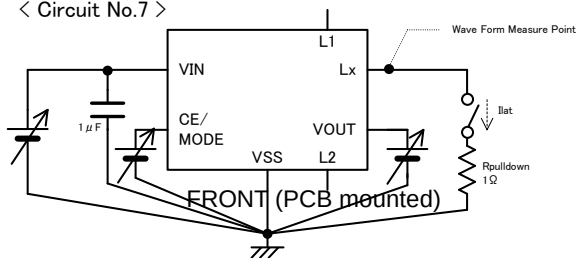
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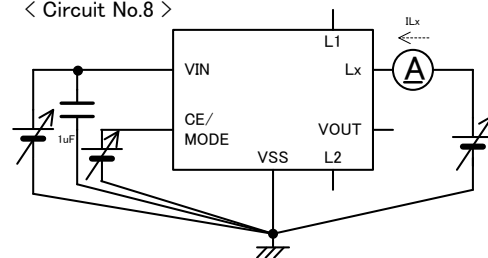
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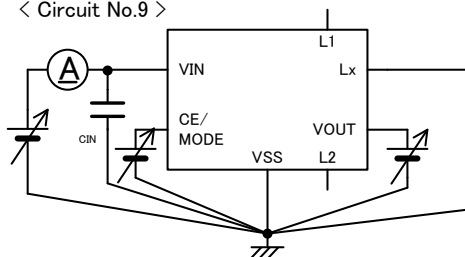
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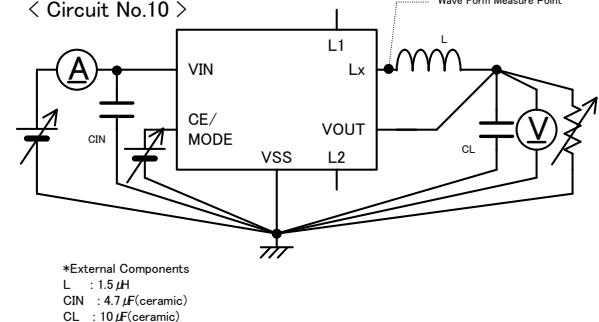
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< Circuit No.9 >

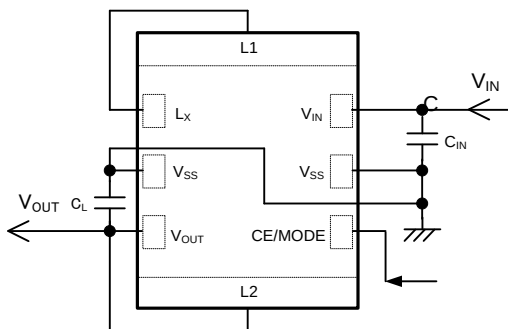


< Circuit No.10 >



## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

### ●XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 Series A/B/C/G Types



#### ●External Components

$C_{IN}$  : 10V/4.7  $\mu$ F (Ceramic)

$C_L$  : 6.3V/10  $\mu$ F (Ceramic)

#### NOTE

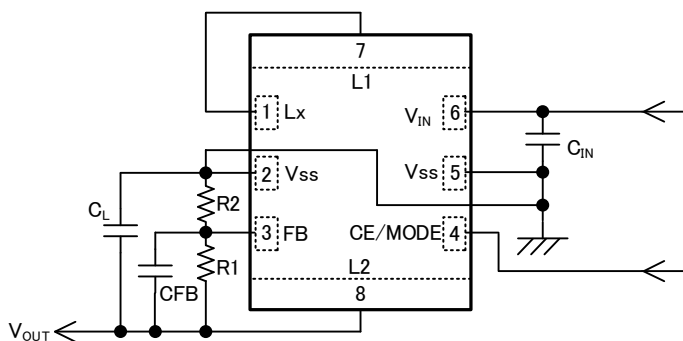
The Inductor can be used only for this DC/DC converter.

Please do not use this inductor for the other reasons.

Please use B, X5R, and X7R grades in temperature characteristics for  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_L$  capacitors.

These grade ceramic capacitors minimize capacitance-loss as a function of voltage stress.

### ●XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 Series F Type



#### ● External Components

$C_{IN}$  : 10V/4.7 $\mu$ F(Ceramic)

$C_L$  : 6.3V/10 $\mu$ F(Ceramic)

R1 : 300k $\Omega$

R2 : 240k $\Omega$

CFB : 150pF

#### NOTE

The Inductor can be used only for this DC/DC converter.

Please do not use this inductor for the other reasons.

Please use B, X5R, and X7R grades in temperature characteristics for  $C_{IN}$  and  $C_L$  capacitors.

These grade ceramic capacitors minimize capacitance-loss as a function of voltage stress.

#### <XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 F type output voltage setting>

The output voltage can be set by adding external dividing resistors. The output voltage is determined by R1 and R2 in the equation below. The sum of R1 and R2 is normally kept 1M $\Omega$  or less. The output voltage range can be set from 0.9V to 6.0V based on the 0.8V  $\pm$ 2.0% reference voltage source.

Note that when the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) is less than or equal to the set output voltage, an output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ) higher than the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) cannot be output.

$$V_{OUT}=0.8 \times (R1+R2)/R2$$

Adjust the value of the phase compensation speedup capacitor CFB so that  $f_{zfb}=1/(2 \times \pi \times CFB \times R1)$  is 10 kHz or less. It is optimum to adjust to a value from 1kHz to 20kHz based on the components used and the board layout.

#### [Calculation example]

When R1=470k $\Omega$ , R2=150k $\Omega$ ,

$$V_{OUT}=0.8 \times (470k+150k)/150k=3.3V$$

#### ● $V_{OUT}$ setting example

| $V_{OUT}(V)$ | R1(k $\Omega$ ) | R2(k $\Omega$ ) | CFB(pF) |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|
| 0.9          | 100             | 820             | 150     |
| 1.2          | 150             | 300             | 100     |
| 1.5          | 130             | 150             | 220     |
| 1.8          | 300             | 240             | 150     |
| 2.5          | 510             | 240             | 100     |
| 3.0          | 330             | 120             | 150     |
| 3.3          | 470             | 150             | 100     |
| 4.0          | 120             | 30              | 470     |

## ■ OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

The XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series consists of a reference voltage source, ramp wave circuit, error amplifier, PWM comparator, phase compensation circuit, output voltage adjustment resistors, P-channel MOSFET driver transistor, N-channel MOSFET switching transistor for the synchronous switch, current limiter circuit, UVLO circuit with control IC, and an inductor. (See the block diagram above.)

Using the error amplifier, the voltage of the internal voltage reference source is compared with the feedback voltage from the  $V_{OUT}$  pin through split resistors, R1 and R2. Phase compensation is performed on the resulting error amplifier output, to input a signal to the PWM comparator to determine the turn-on time during PWM operation. The PWM comparator compares, in terms of voltage level, the signal from the error amplifier with the ramp wave from the ramp wave circuit, and delivers the resulting output to the buffer driver circuit to cause the Lx pin to output a switching duty cycle. This process is continuously performed to ensure stable output voltage.

The current feedback circuit monitors the P-channel MOS driver transistor current for each switching operation, and modulates the error amplifier output signal to provide multiple feedback signals. This enables a stable feedback loop even when a low ESR capacitor such as a ceramic capacitor is used ensuring stable output voltage.

### <Reference Voltage Source>

The reference voltage source provides the reference voltage to ensure stable output voltage of the DC/DC converter.

### <Ramp Wave Circuit>

The ramp wave circuit determines switching frequency. The frequency is fixed internally 3.0MHz. Clock pulses generated in this circuit are used to produce ramp waveforms needed for PWM operation, and to synchronize all the internal circuits.

### <Error Amplifier>

The error amplifier is designed to monitor output voltage. The amplifier compares the reference voltage with the feedback voltage divided by the internal split resistors, R1 and R2. When a feedback voltage is lower than the reference voltage, the output voltage of the error amplifier is increased. The gain and frequency characteristics of the error amplifier output are fixed internally to deliver an optimized signal to the mixer.

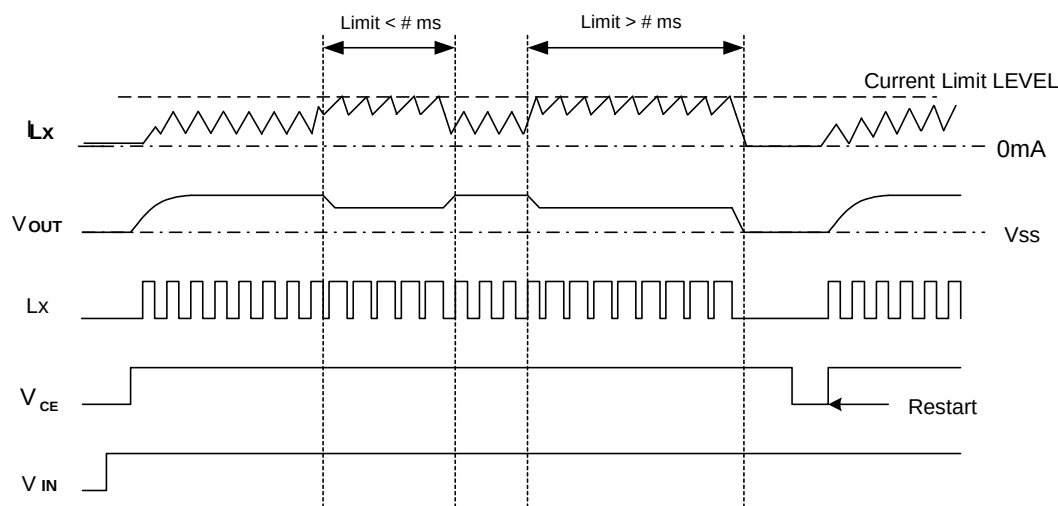
### <Current Limit>

The current limiter circuit of the XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series monitors the current flowing through the P-channel MOS driver transistor connected to the Lx pin, and features a combination of the current limit mode and the operation suspension mode.

- ① When the driver current is greater than a specific level, the current limit function operates to turn off the pulses from the Lx pin at any given timing.
- ② When the driver transistor is turned off, the limiter circuit is then released from the current limit detection state.
- ③ At the next pulse, the driver transistor is turned on. However, the transistor is immediately turned off in the case of an over current state.
- ④ When the over current state is eliminated, the IC resumes its normal operation.

The IC waits for the over current state to end by repeating the steps ① through ③. If an over current state continues for a few milliseconds and the above three steps are repeatedly performed, the IC performs the function of latching the OFF state of the driver transistor, and goes into operation suspension state. Once the IC is in suspension state, operations can be resumed by either turning the IC off via the CE/MODE pin, or by restoring power to the  $V_{IN}$  pin. The suspension state does not mean a complete shutdown, but a state in which pulse output is suspended; therefore, the internal circuitry remains in operation. The current limit of the XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series can be set at 1050mA at typical.

Depending on the state of the PC Board, latch time may become longer and latch operation may not work. In order to avoid the effect of noise, an input capacitor is placed as close to the IC as possible.



## ■ OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

### <Short-Circuit Protection>

The short-circuit protection circuit monitors the internal R1 and R2 divider voltage from the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin (refer to FB point in the block diagram shown in the previous page). In case where output is accidentally shorted to the Ground and when the FB point voltage decreases less than half of the reference voltage (V<sub>ref</sub>) and a current more than the I<sub>LIM</sub> flows to the driver transistor, the short-circuit protection quickly operates to turn off and to latch the driver transistor. In the latch state, the operation can be resumed by either turning the IC off and on via the CE/MODE pin, or by restoring power supply to the V<sub>IN</sub> pin.

When sharp load transient happens, a voltage drop at the V<sub>OUT</sub> is propagated to the FB point through C<sub>FB</sub>, as a result, short circuit protection may operate in the voltage higher than 1/2 V<sub>OUT</sub> voltage.

### <UVLO Circuit>

When the V<sub>IN</sub> pin voltage becomes 1.4V or lower, the P-channel output driver transistor is forced OFF to prevent false pulse output caused by unstable operation of the internal circuitry. When the V<sub>IN</sub> pin voltage becomes 1.8V or higher, switching operation takes place. By releasing the UVLO function, the IC performs the soft start function to initiate output startup operation. The soft start function operates even when the V<sub>IN</sub> pin voltage falls momentarily below the UVLO operating voltage. The UVLO circuit does not cause a complete shutdown of the IC, but causes pulse output to be suspended; therefore, the internal circuitry remains in operation.

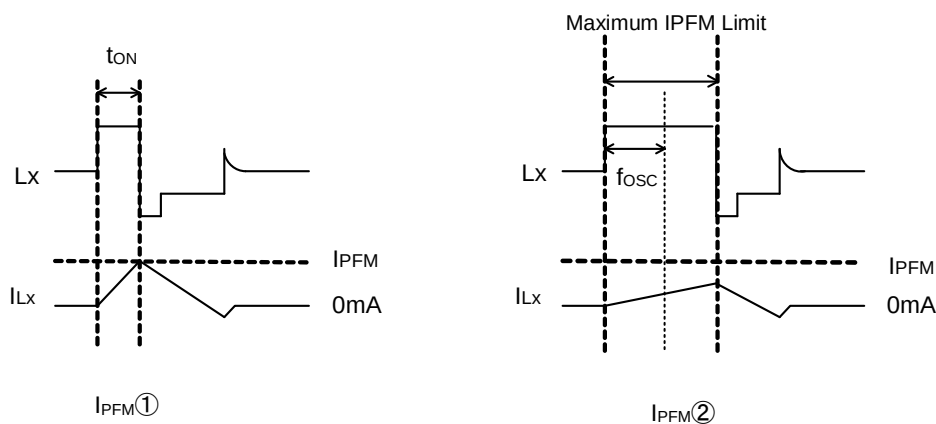
### <PFM Switch Current>

In PFM control operation, until coil current reaches to a specified level (I<sub>PFM</sub>), the IC keeps the P-ch MOSFET on. In this case, on-time (t<sub>ON</sub>) that the P-ch MOSFET is kept on can be given by the following formula.

$$t_{ON} = L \times I_{PFM} / (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \rightarrow I_{PFM}①$$

### <PFM Duty Limit>

In the PFM control operation, the PFM Duty Limit (DTY<sub>LIMIT\_PFM</sub>) is set to 200% (TYP.). Therefore, under the condition that the duty increases (e.g. the condition that the step-down ratio is small), it's possible for P-ch MOSFET to be turned off even when coil current doesn't reach to I<sub>PFM</sub>. → I<sub>PFM</sub>②



## ■ OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

### <C<sub>L</sub> High Speed Discharge>

The XCL205B(C,G,F)/ XCL206B(C,G,F)/ XCL207B(C,G,F) series can quickly discharge the electric charge at the output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) when a low signal to the CE pin which enables a whole IC circuit put into OFF state, is inputted via the N-channel transistor located between the L<sub>x</sub> pin and the V<sub>SS</sub> pin. When the IC is disabled, electric charge at the output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) is quickly discharged so that it may avoid application malfunction. Discharge time of the output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>) is set by the C<sub>L</sub> auto-discharge resistance (R) and the output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>). By setting time constant of a C<sub>L</sub> auto-discharge resistance value [R] and an output capacitor value (C<sub>L</sub>) as  $\tau$  ( $\tau = C \times R$ ), discharge time of the output voltage after discharge via the N channel transistor is calculated by the following formula.

$$V = V_{OUT(T)} \times e^{-t/\tau} \quad \text{or} \quad t = \tau \ln(V_{OUT(T)} / V)$$

V : Output voltage after discharge

V<sub>OUT(T)</sub> : Output voltage

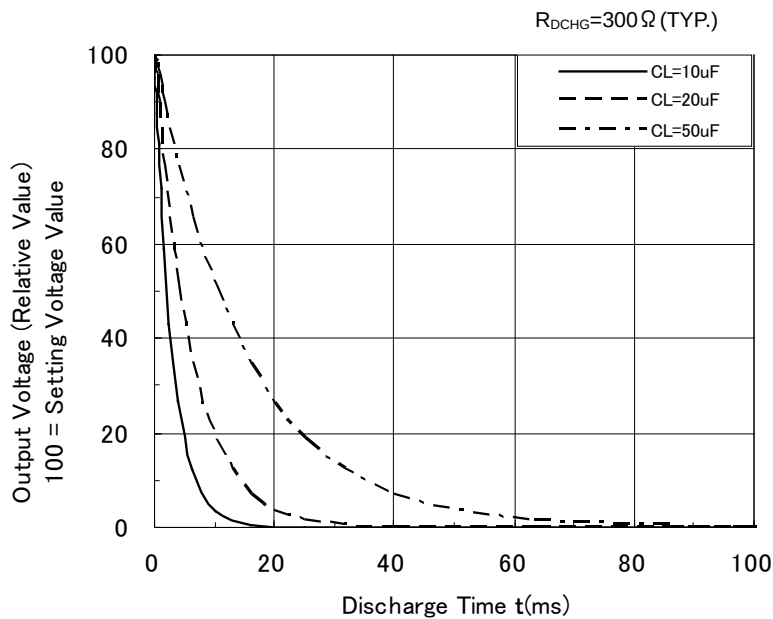
t: Discharge time,

$\tau$  : C × R

C= Capacitance of Output capacitor (C<sub>L</sub>)

R= C<sub>L</sub> auto-discharge resistance

Output Voltage Discharge Characteristics

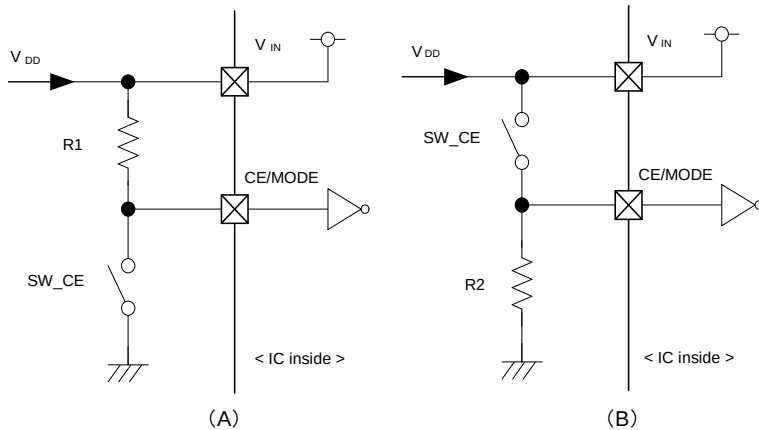


## OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

### <CE/MODE Pin Function>

The operation of the XCL205/XCL206/ XCL207 series will enter into the shutdown mode when a low level signal is input to the CE/MODE pin. During the shutdown mode, the current consumption of the IC becomes  $0\mu\text{A}$  (TYP.), with a state of high impedance at the Lx pin and V<sub>OUT</sub> pin. The IC starts its operation by inputting a high level signal to the CE/MODE pin. The input to the CE/MODE pin is a CMOS input and the sink current is  $0\mu\text{A}$  (TYP.).

### ●XCL205/XCL206 series - Examples of how to use CE/MODE pin



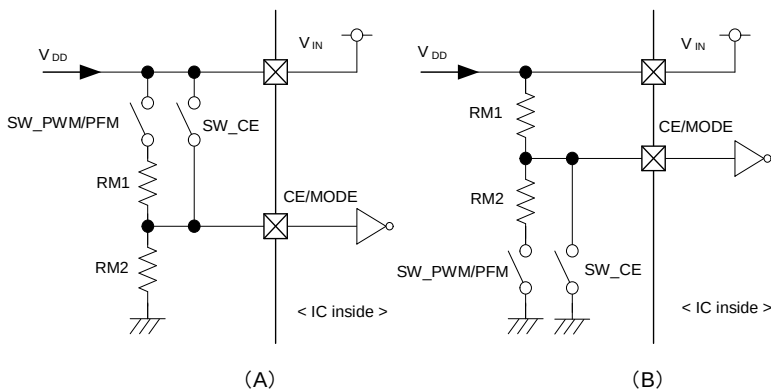
(A)

| SW_CE | SELECTED STATUS |
|-------|-----------------|
| ON    | Stand-by        |
| OFF   | Operation       |

(B)

| SW_CE | SELECTED STATUS |
|-------|-----------------|
| ON    | Operation       |
| OFF   | Stand-by        |

### ●XCL207 series - Examples of how to use CE/MODE pin



(A)

| SW_CE | SW_PWM/PFM | SELECTED STATUS                     |
|-------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| ON    | *          | PWM/PFM Automatic Switching Control |
| OFF   | ON         | PWM Control                         |
| OFF   | OFF        | Stand-by                            |

(B)

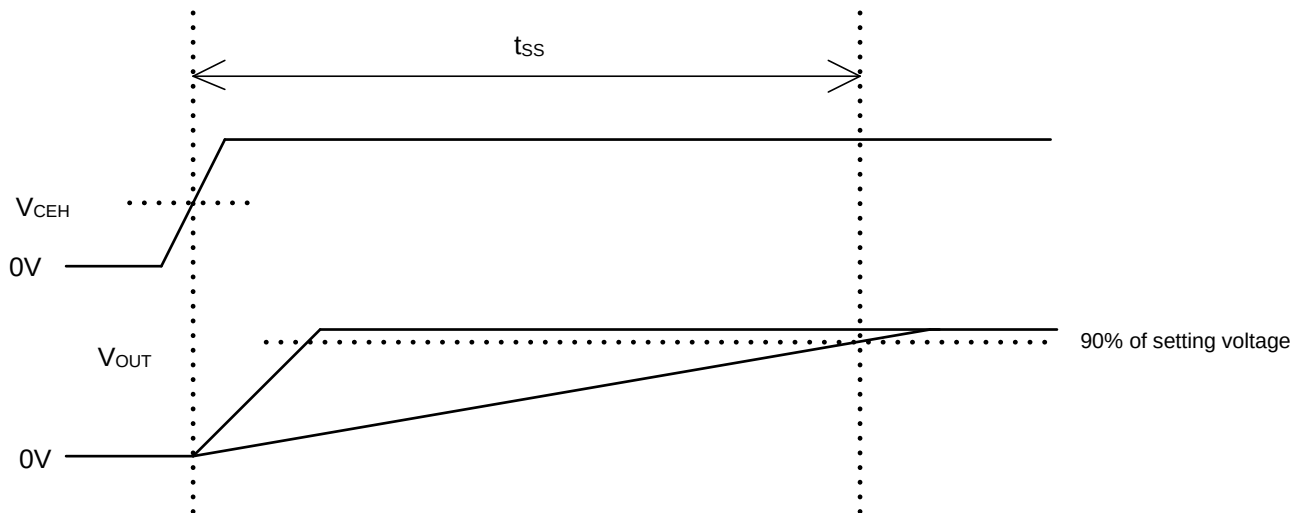
| SW_CE | SW_PWM/PFM | SELECTED STATUS                     |
|-------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| ON    | *          | Stand-by                            |
| OFF   | ON         | PWM Control                         |
| OFF   | OFF        | PWM/PFM Automatic Switching Control |

Intermediate voltage can be generated by RM1 and RM2. Please set the value of each R1, R2, RM1, RM2 from few hundreds  $k\Omega$  to few hundreds  $M\Omega$ . For switches, CPU open-drain I/O port and transistor can be used.

## ■ OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION (Continued)

### <Soft Start>

The XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series (A, C type) provide 0.9ms (TYP). The XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series (B, G, F type) provide 0.32ms (TYP) however, when  $V_{OUT}$  is less than 1.8V, provide 0.25ms (TYP). Soft start time is defined as the time to reach 90% of the output nominal voltage when the CE pin is turned on.



## ■ FUNCTION CHART

| CE/MODE<br>VOLTAGE<br>LEVEL | OPERATIONAL STATES                  |                                               |                                               |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
|                             | XCL205                              | XCL206                                        | XCL207                                        |
| H Level <sup>(*1)</sup>     | Synchronous<br>PWM Fixed<br>Control | Synchronous<br>PWM/PFM<br>Automatic Switching | Synchronous<br>PWM/PFM<br>Automatic Switching |
| M Level <sup>(*2)</sup>     | —                                   | —                                             | Synchronous<br>PWM Fixed Control              |
| L Level <sup>(*2)</sup>     | Stand-by                            | Stand-by                                      | Stand-by                                      |

Note on CE/MODE pin voltage level range

(\*1) H level:  $0.65V \leq \text{H level} \leq 6V$  (for XCL205/XCL206)

H level:  $V_{IN} - 0.25V \leq \text{H level} \leq V_{IN}$  (for XCL207)

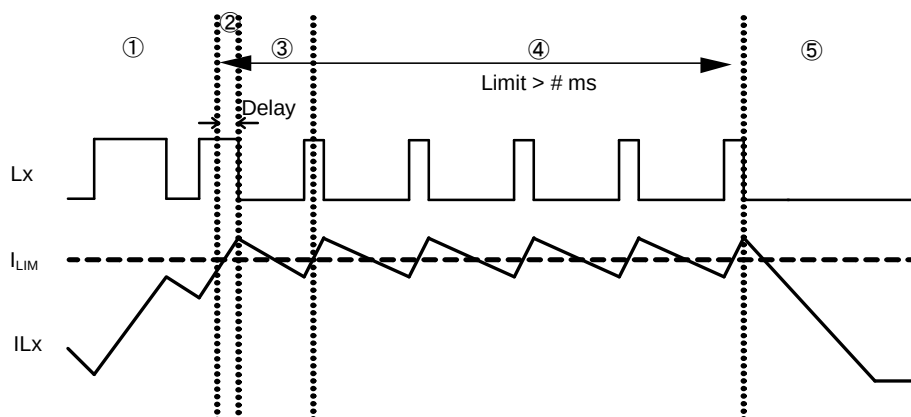
(\*2) M level:  $0.65V \leq \text{M level} \leq V_{IN} - 1.0V$  (for XCL207)

(\*3) L level:  $0V \leq \text{L level} \leq 0.25V$

## NOTE ON USE

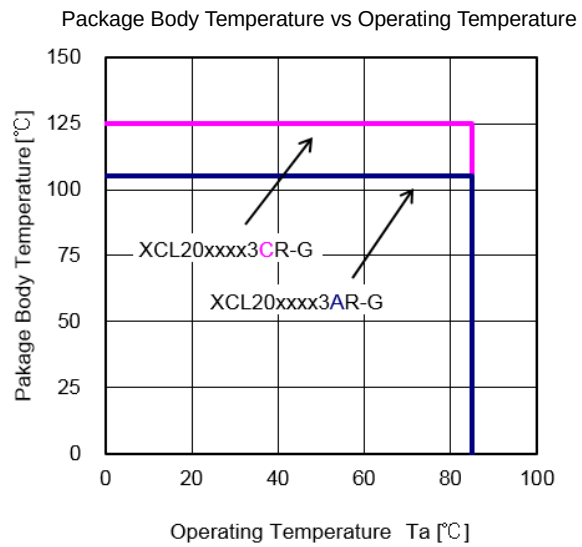
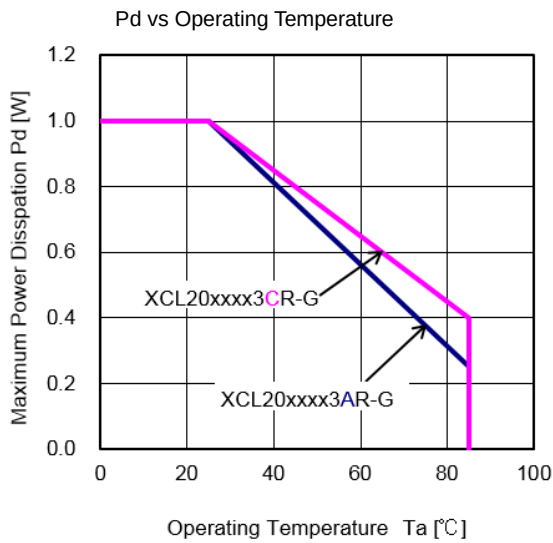
1. The XCL205/XCL206/XCL207 series is designed for use with ceramic output capacitors. If, however, the potential difference is too large between the input voltage and the output voltage, a ceramic capacitor may fail to absorb the resulting high switching energy and oscillation could occur on the output. If the input-output potential difference is large, connect an electrolytic capacitor in parallel to compensate for insufficient capacitance.
2. Spike noise and ripple voltage arise in a switching regulator as with a DC/DC converter. These are greatly influenced by external component selection, such as the coil inductance, capacitance values, and board layout of external components. Once the design has been completed, verification with actual components should be done.
3. Depending on the input-output voltage differential, or load current, some pulses may be skipped, and the ripple voltage may increase.
4. When the difference between  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  is large in PWM control, very narrow pulses will be outputted, and there is the possibility that some cycles may be skipped completely.
5. When the difference between  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  is small, and the load current is heavy, very wide pulses will be outputted and there is the possibility that some cycles may be skipped completely.
6. With the IC, the peak current of the coil is controlled by the current limit circuit. Since the peak current increases when dropout voltage or load current is high, current limit starts operation, and this can lead to instability. When peak current becomes high, please adjust the coil inductance value and fully check the circuit operation. In addition, please calculate the peak current according to the following formula:  

$$I_{pk} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times \text{OnDuty} / (2 \times L \times f_{osc}) + I_{OUT}$$
  
 $L$ : Coil Inductance Value  
 $f_{osc}$ : Oscillation Frequency
7. When the peak current which exceeds limit current flows within the specified time, the built-in P-ch driver transistor turns off. During the time until it detects limit current and before the built-in transistor can be turned off, the current for limit current flows; therefore, care must be taken when selecting the rating for the external components such as a coil.
8. When  $V_{IN}$  is less than 2.4V, limit current may not be reached because voltage falls caused by ON resistance.
9. Depending on the state of the PC Board, latch time may become longer and latch operation may not work. In order to avoid the effect of noise, the board should be laid out so that input capacitors are placed as close to the IC as possible.
10. Use of the IC at voltages below the recommended voltage range may lead to instability.
11. This IC should be used within the stated absolute maximum ratings in order to prevent damage to the device.
12. When the IC is used in high temperature, output voltage may increase up to input voltage level at no load because of the leak current of the driver transistor.
13. The current limit is set to 1350mA (MAX.) at typical. However, the current of 1350mA or more may flow. In case that the current limit functions while the  $V_{OUT}$  pin is shorted to the GND pin, when P-ch MOSFET is ON, the potential difference for input voltage will occur at both ends of a coil. For this, the time rate of coil current becomes large. By contrast, when N-ch MOSFET is ON, there is almost no potential difference at both ends of the coil since the  $V_{OUT}$  pin is shorted to the GND pin. Consequently, the time rate of coil current becomes quite small. According to the repetition of this operation, and the delay time of the circuit, coil current will be converged on a certain current value, exceeding the amount of current, which is supposed to be limited originally. Even in this case, however, after the over current state continues for several ms, the circuit will be latched. A coil should be used within the stated absolute maximum rating in order to prevent damage to the device.
  - ① Current flows into P-ch MOSFET to reach the current limit ( $I_{LIM}$ ).
  - ② The current of  $I_{LIM}$  or more flows since the delay time of the circuit occurs during from the detection of the current limit to OFF of P-ch MOSFET.
  - ③ Because of no potential difference at both ends of the coil, the time rate of coil current becomes quite small.
  - ④  $I_L$  oscillates very narrow pulses by the current limit for several ms.
  - ⑤ The circuit is latched, stopping its operation.



## ■ NOTE ON USE (Continued)

14. In order to stabilize  $V_{IN}$  voltage level and oscillation frequency, we recommend that a by-pass capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ) be connected as close as possible to the  $V_{IN}$  &  $V_{SS}$  pins.
15. High step-down ratio and very light load may lead an intermittent oscillation when PWM mode.
16. Please use within the power dissipation range below. Please also note that the power dissipation may changed by test conditions, the power dissipation figure shown is PCB mounted.
17. The proper position of mounting is based on the coil terminal



the power loss of micro DC/DC according to the following formula:

$$\text{power loss} = V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT} \times ((100/\text{EFFI}) - 1) \quad (\text{W})$$

$V_{OUT}$  : Output Voltage (V)

$I_{OUT}$  : Output Current (A)

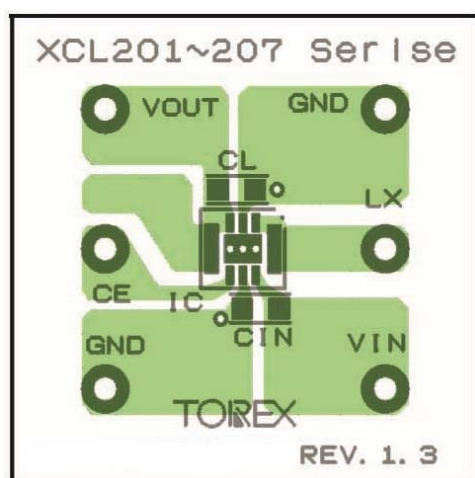
EFFI : Conversion Efficiency (%)

## NOTE ON USE (Continued)

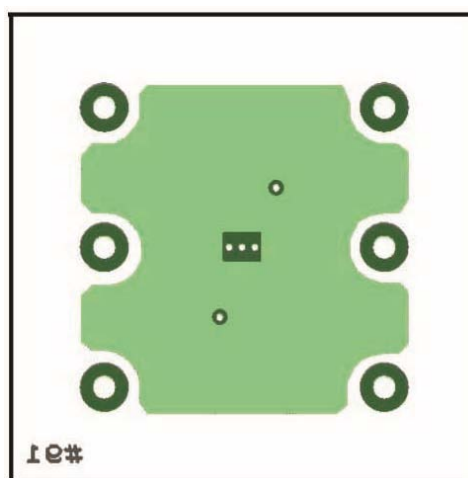
### 18. Instructions of pattern layouts

- (1) In order to stabilize  $V_{IN}$  voltage level, we recommend that a by-pass capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ) be connected as close as possible to the  $V_{IN}$  (No.6) &  $V_{SS}$  (No.5) pins.
- (2) Please mount each external component as close to the IC as possible.
- (3) Wire external components as close to the IC as possible and use thick, short connecting traces to reduce the circuit impedance.
- (4) Make sure that the PCB GND traces are as thick as possible, as variations in ground potential caused by high ground currents at the time of switching may result in instability of the IC.
- (5) This series' internal driver transistors bring on heat because of the output current and ON resistance of driver transistors.
- (6) Please connect Lx (No.1) pin and L1 (No.7) pin by wiring on the PCB.
- (7) Please connect  $V_{OUT}$  (No.3) pin and L2 (No.8) pin by wiring on the PCB.

• XCL205/206/207 A/B/C/G types

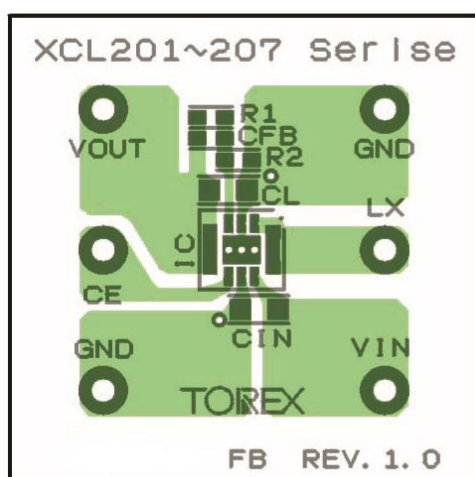


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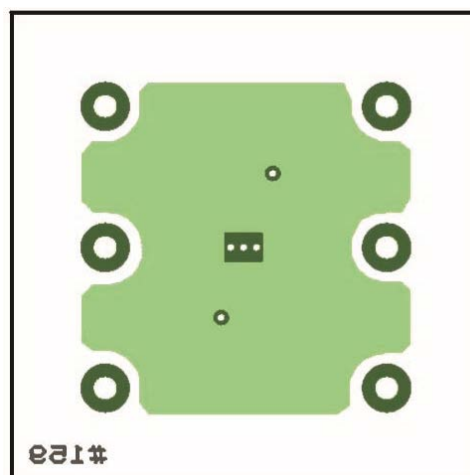


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• XCL205/206/207 F type



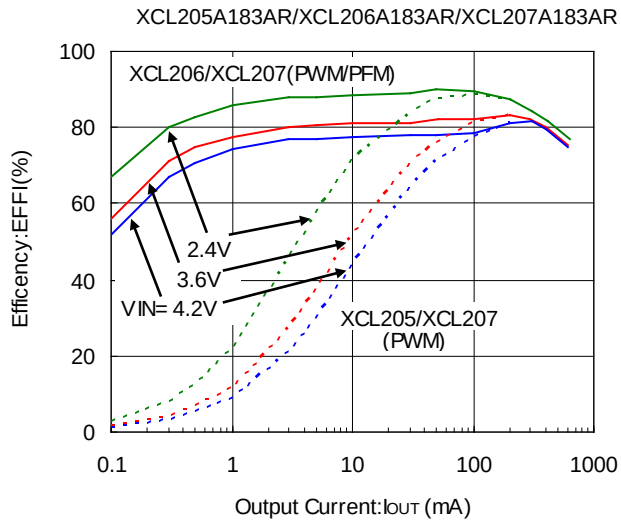
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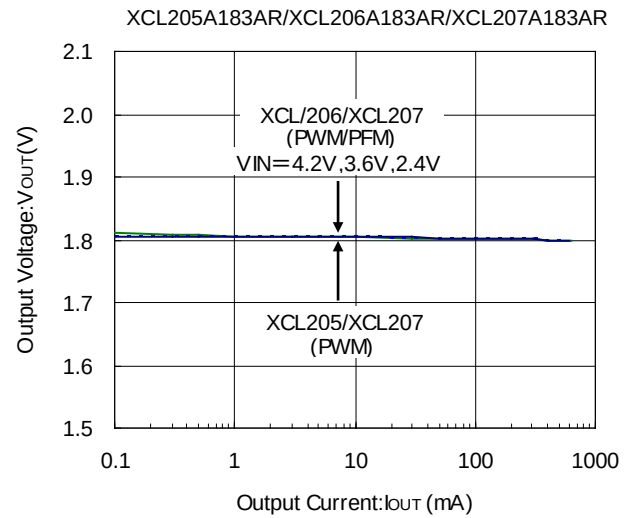
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## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

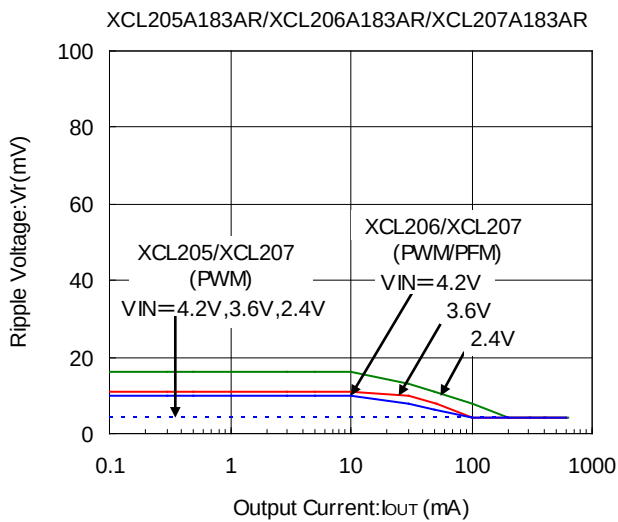
(1) Efficiency vs. Output Current



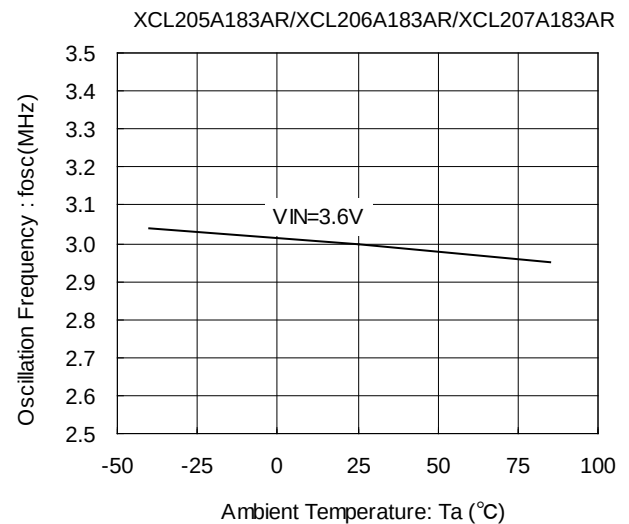
(2) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



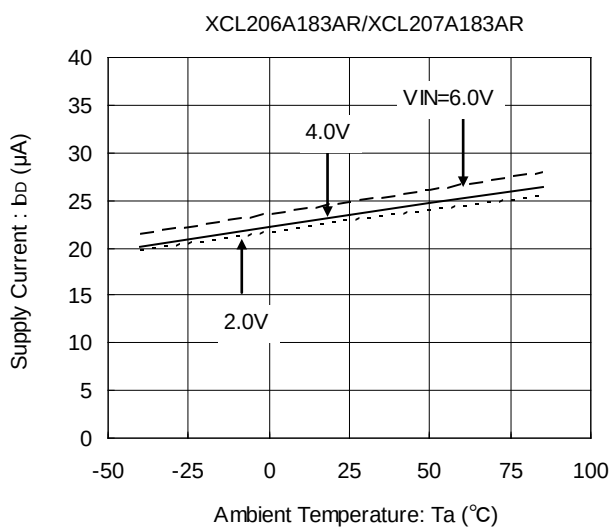
(3) Ripple Voltage vs. Output Current



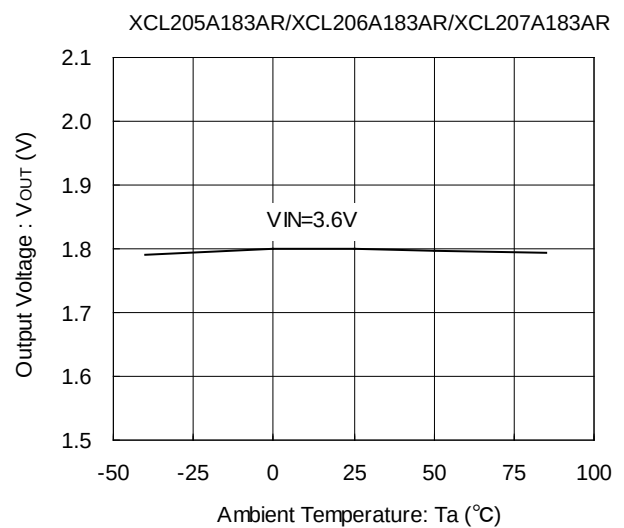
(4) Oscillation Frequency vs. Ambient Temperature



(5) Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

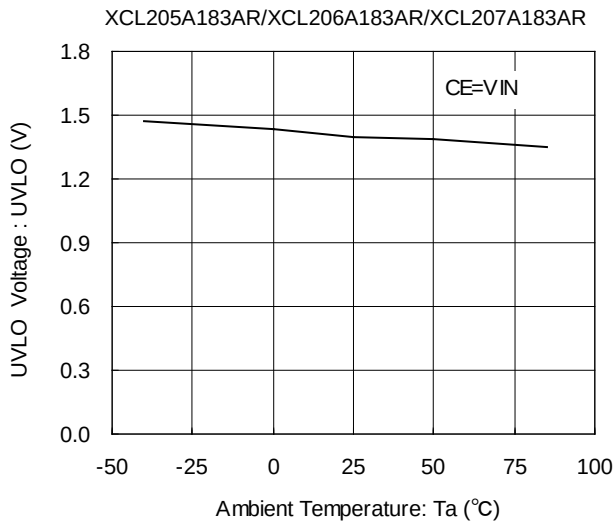


(6) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

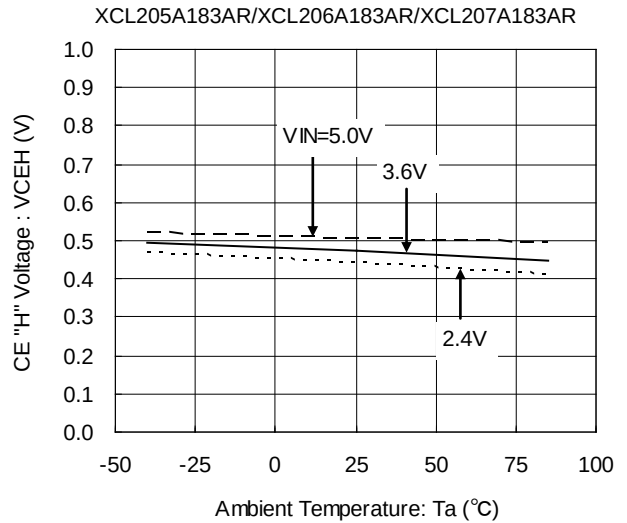


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

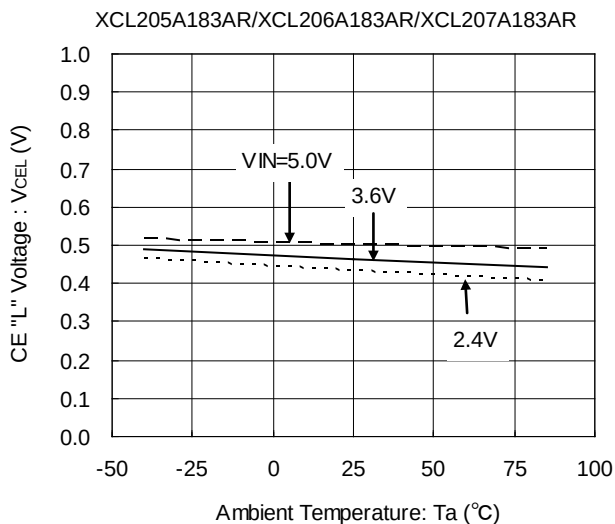
(7) UVLO Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



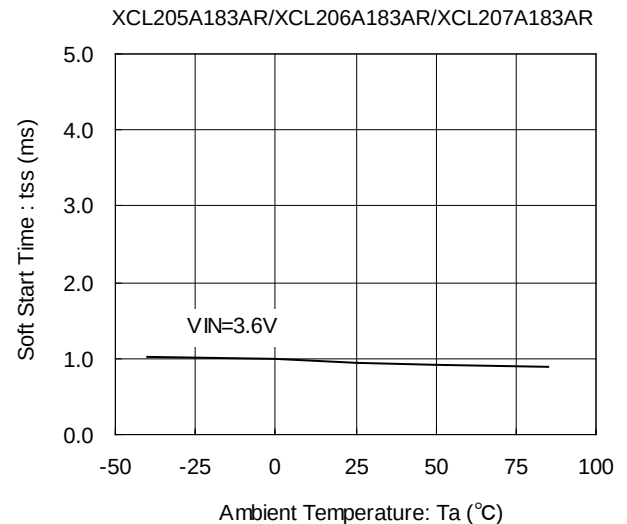
(8) CE "H" Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



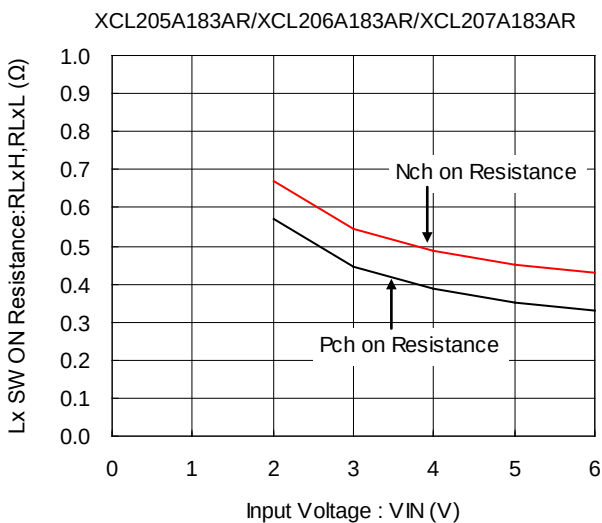
(9) CE "L" Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



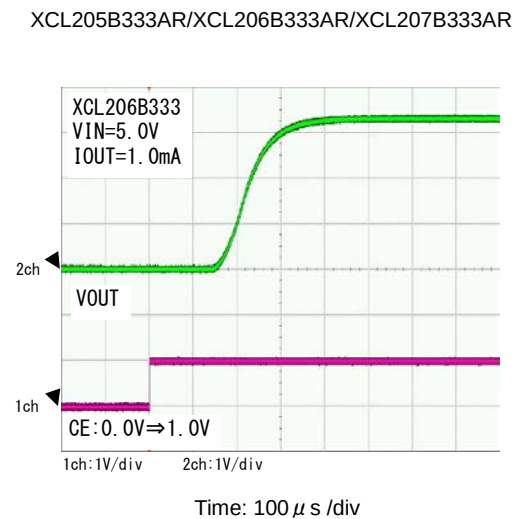
(10) Soft Start Time vs. Ambient Temperature



(11) "Pch / Nch" Driver on Resistance vs. Input Voltage

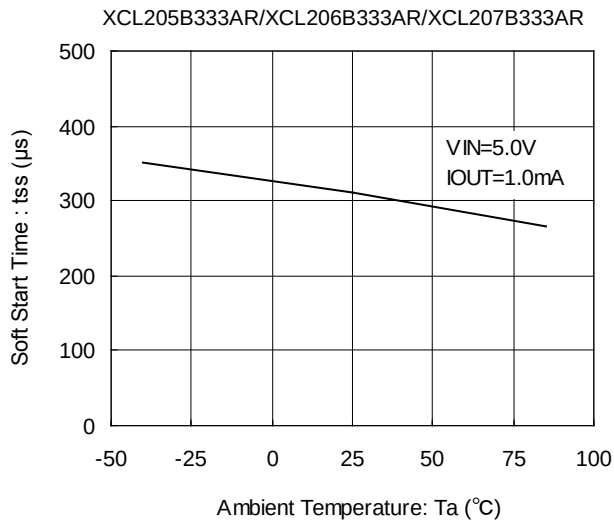


(12) Rise Wave Form

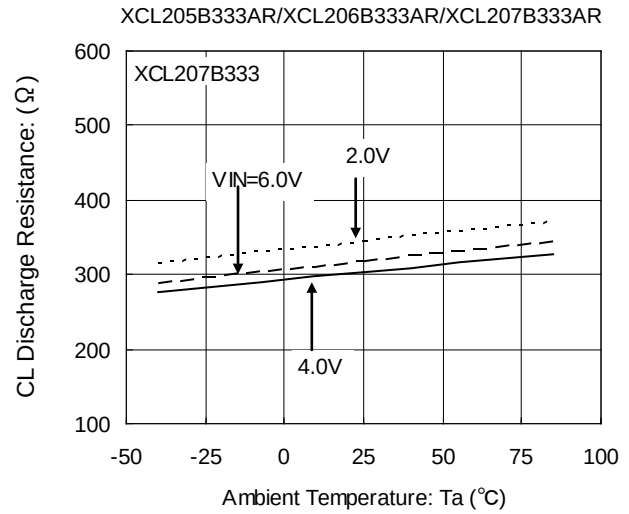


## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(13) Soft-Start Time vs. Ambient Temperature

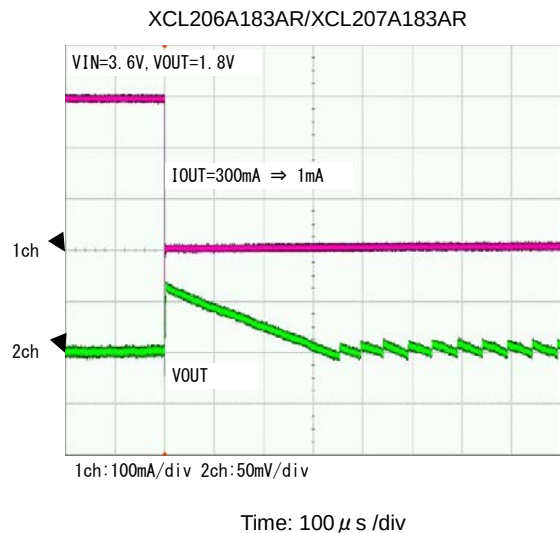
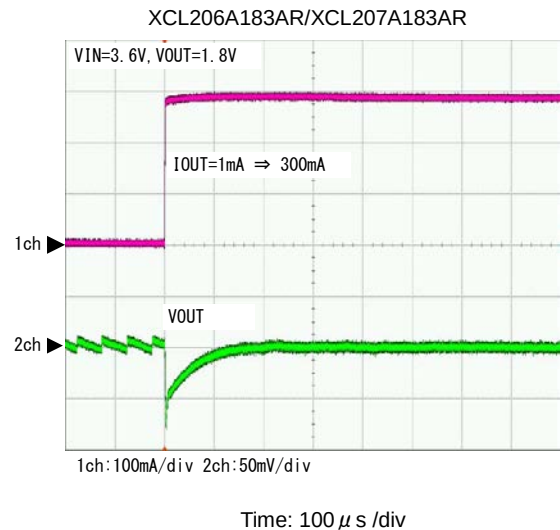
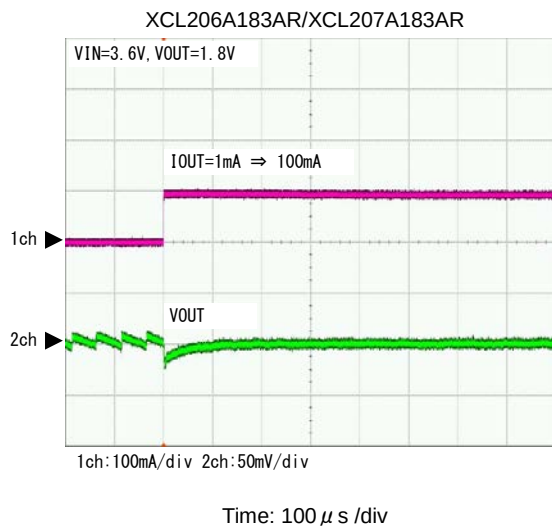


(14) CL Discharge Resistance vs. Ambient Temperature



(15) Load Transient Response 1

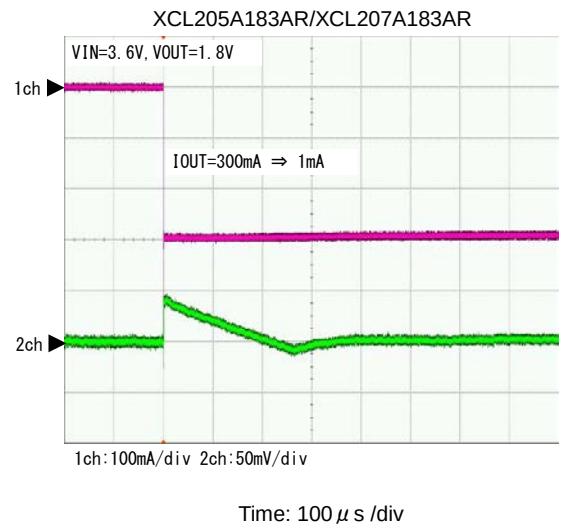
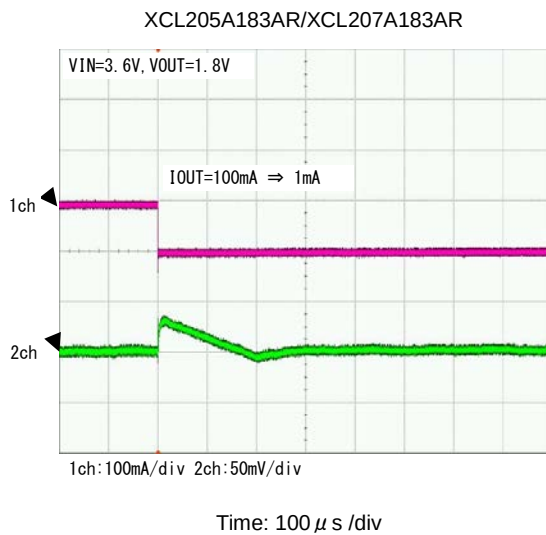
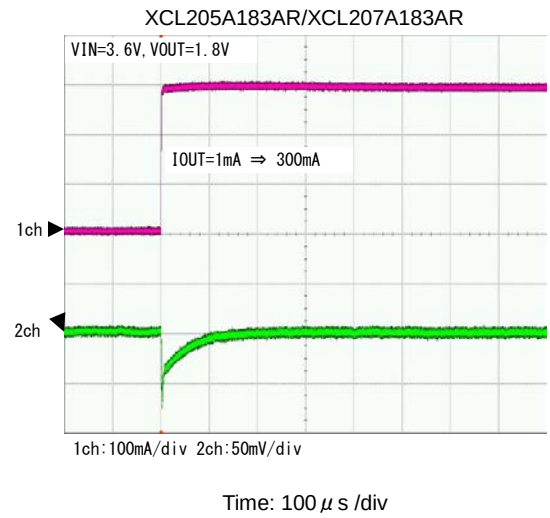
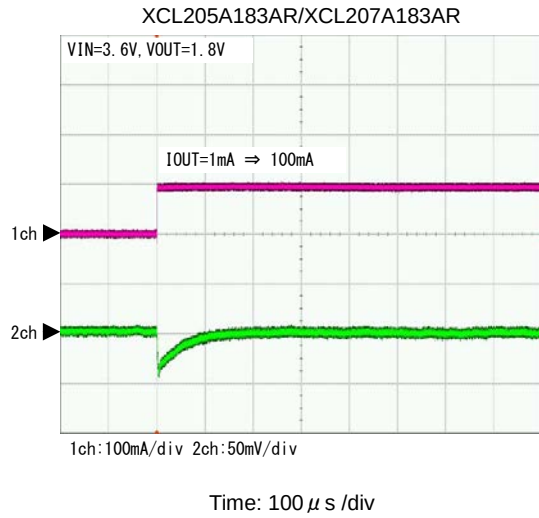
MODE : PWM/PFM Automatic Switching Control



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (16) Load Transient Response 2

MODE : PWM Control



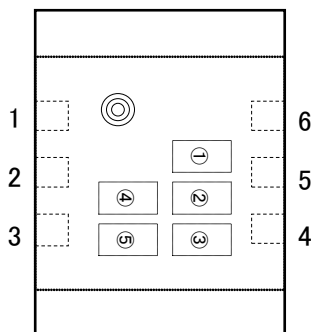
## ■ PACKAGING INFORMATION

For the latest package information go to, [www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages](http://www.torexsemi.com/technical-support/packages)

| PACKAGE    | OUTLINE / LAND PATTERN         | THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS |                                              |
|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| CL-2025    | <a href="#">CL-2025 PKG</a>    | Standard Board          | <a href="#">CL-2025 Power Dissipation</a>    |
| CL-2025-02 | <a href="#">CL-2025-02 PKG</a> | Standard Board          | <a href="#">CL-2025-02 Power Dissipation</a> |

## MARKING RULE

●CL-2025/CL-2025-02



① represents products series

| MARK | PRODUCT SERIES |
|------|----------------|
| 4    | XCL205A****-G  |
|      | XCL205F****-G  |
| C    | XCL205B****-G  |
|      | XCL205G****-G  |
| K    | XCL205C****-G  |
| 5    | XCL206A****-G  |
|      | XCL206F****-G  |
| D    | XCL206B****-G  |
|      | XCL206G****-G  |
| L    | XCL206C****-G  |
| 6    | XCL207A****-G  |
|      | XCL207F****-G  |
| E    | XCL207B****-G  |
|      | XCL207G****-G  |
| M    | XCL207C****-G  |

② represents type of DC/DC converters

| OUTPUT VOLTAGE<br>(V) | MARK            |               |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------|
|                       | XCL20*A/B/C**** | XCL20*G/F**** |
| 0.x                   | F               | U             |
| 1.x                   | H               | V             |
| 2.x                   | K               | X             |
| 3.x                   | L               | Y             |
| 4.x                   | M               | Z             |

③ represents the decimal part of output voltage

| OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) | MARK | PRODUCT SERIES |
|--------------------|------|----------------|
| X.0                | 0    | XCL20***0***-G |
| X.05               | A    | XCL20***A***-G |
| X.1                | 1    | XCL20***1***-G |
| X.15               | B    | XCL20***B***-G |
| X.2                | 2    | XCL20***2***-G |
| X.25               | C    | XCL20***C***-G |
| X.3                | 3    | XCL20***3***-G |
| X.35               | D    | XCL20***D***-G |
| X.4                | 4    | XCL20***4***-G |
| X.45               | E    | XCL20***E***-G |
| X.5                | 5    | XCL20***5***-G |
| X.55               | F    | XCL20***F***-G |
| X.6                | 6    | XCL20***6***-G |
| X.65               | H    | XCL20***H***-G |
| X.7                | 7    | XCL20***7***-G |
| X.75               | K    | XCL20***K***-G |
| X.8                | 8    | XCL20***8***-G |
| X.85               | L    | XCL20***L***-G |
| X.9                | 9    | XCL20***9***-G |
| X.95               | M    | XCL20***M***-G |

④,⑤ represents production lot number

01~09、0A~0Z、11~9Z、A1~A9、AA~AZ、B1~ZZ in order.  
(G, I, J, O, Q, W excluded) Note: No character inversion used.

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Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

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- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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