

16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller
CMOS

F²MC-16LX MB90570A/570C Series

MB90573/574C/F574A/V570A

■ DESCRIPTION

The MB90570A/570C series is a general-purpose 16-bit microcontroller developed and designed by Fujitsu for process control applications in consumer products that require high-speed real time processing. It contains an I²C bus interface that allows inter-equipment communication to be implemented readily. This product is well adapted to car audio equipment, VTR systems, and other equipment and systems.

The instruction set of F²MC-16LX CPU core inherits AT architecture of F²MC* family with additional instruction sets for high-level languages, extended addressing mode, enhanced multiplication/division instructions, and enhanced bit manipulation instructions. The microcontroller has a 32-bit accumulator for processing long word data.

The MB90570A/570C series has peripheral resources of an 8/10-bit A/D converter, an 8-bit D/A converter, UART (SCI), an extended I/O serial interface, an 8/16-bit up/down counter/timer, an 8/16-bit PPG timer, I/O timer (a 16-bit free run timer, an input capture (ICU), an output compare (OCU)).

*: F²MC is the abbreviation for Fujitsu Flexible Microcontroller.

For the information for microcontroller supports, see the following web site.

<http://edevice.fujitsu.com/micom/en-support/>

MB90570A/570C Series

■ FEATURES

- Clock
Embedded PLL clock multiplication circuit
Operating clock (PLL clock) can be selected from 1/2 to 4× oscillation (at oscillation of 4 MHz, 4 MHz to 16 MHz).
Minimum instruction execution time: 62.5 ns (at oscillation of 4 MHz, 4× PLL clock, operation at V_{CC} of 5.0 V)
- Maximum memory space
16 Mbytes
- Instruction set optimized for controller applications
Rich data types (bit, byte, word, long word)
Rich addressing mode (23 types)
Enhanced signed multiplication/division instruction and RETI instruction functions
Enhanced precision calculation realized by the 32-bit accumulator
- Instruction set designed for high level language (C) and multi-task operations
Adoption of system stack pointer
Enhanced pointer indirect instructions
Barrel shift instructions
- Program patch function (for two address pointers)
- Enhanced execution speed
4-byte instruction queue
- Enhanced interrupt function
8 levels, 34 factors
- Automatic data transmission function independent of CPU operation
Extended intelligent I/O service function (EI²OS): Up to 16 channels
- Embedded ROM size and types
Mask ROM: 128 kbytes/256 kbytes
Flash ROM: 256 kbytes
Embedded RAM size: 6 kbytes/10 kbytes (mask ROM)
 - 10 kbytes (flash memory)
 - 10 kbytes (evaluation device)
- Low-power consumption (standby) mode
Sleep mode (mode in which CPU operating clock is stopped)
Stop mode (mode in which oscillation is stopped)
CPU intermittent operation mode
Hardware standby mode
- Process
CMOS technology
- I/O port
General-purpose I/O ports (CMOS): 63 ports
General-purpose I/O ports (with pull-up resistors): 24 ports
General-purpose I/O ports (open-drain): 10 ports
Total: 97 ports
- Timer
Timebase timer/watchdog timer: 1 channel
8/16-bit PPG timer: 8-bit × 2 channels or 16-bit × 1 channel
- 8/16-bit up/down counter/timer: 1 channel (8-bit × 2 channels)

(Continued)

(Continued)

- 16-bit I/O timer
 - 16-bit free run timer: 1 channel
 - Input capture (ICU): Generates an interrupt request by latching a 16-bit free run timer counter value upon detection of an edge input to the pin.
 - Output compare (OCU): Generates an interrupt request and reverse the output level upon detection of a match between the 16-bit free run timer counter value and the compare setting value.
- Extended I/O serial interface: 3 channels
- I²C interface (1 channel)
 - Serial I/O port for supporting Inter IC BUS
- UART0 (SCI), UART1 (SCI)
 - With full-duplex double buffer
 - Clock asynchronous or clock synchronized transmission can be selectively used.
- DTP/external interrupt circuit (8 channels)
 - A module for starting extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS) and generating an external interrupt triggered by an external input.
- Delayed interrupt generation module
 - Generates an interrupt request for switching tasks.
- 8/10-bit A/D converter (8 channels)
 - 8/10-bit resolution
 - Starting by an external trigger input.
 - Conversion time: 26.3 µs
- 8-bit D/A converter (based on the R-2R system)
 - 8-bit resolution: 2 channels (independent)
 - Setup time: 12.5 µs
- Watch timer: 1 channel
- Chip select output (8 channels)
 - An active level can be set.
- Clock output function

MB90570A/570C Series

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

Item	Part number	MB90573	MB90574C	MB90F574A	MB90V570A
Classification		Mask ROM products	Flash ROM products	Evaluation product	
ROM size		128 kbytes	256 kbytes		None
RAM size		6 kbytes		10 kbytes	
CPU functions		The number of instructions: 340 Instruction bit length: 8 bits, 16 bits Instruction length: 1 byte to 7 bytes Data bit length: 1 bit, 8 bits, 16 bits Minimum execution time: 62.5 ns (at machine clock of 16 MHz) Interrupt processing time: 1.5 µs (at machine clock of 16 MHz, minimum value)			
Ports		General-purpose I/O ports (CMOS output): 63 General-purpose I/O ports (with pull-up resistor): 24 General-purpose I/O ports (N-ch open-drain output): 10 Total: 97			
UART0 (SCI), UART1 (SCI)		Clock synchronized transmission (62.5 kbps to 1 Mbps) Clock asynchronous transmission (1202 bps to 9615 bps) Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.			
8/10-bit A/D converter		Resolution: 8/10-bit Number of inputs: 8 One-shot conversion mode (converts selected channel only once) Scan conversion mode (converts two or more successive channels and can program up to 8 channels.) Continuous conversion mode (converts selected channel continuously) Stop conversion mode (converts selected channel and stop operation repeatedly)			
8/16-bit PPG timer		Number of channels: 1 (or 8-bit × 2 channels) PPG operation of 8-bit or 16-bit A pulse wave of given intervals and given duty ratios can be output. Pulse interval: 62.5 ns to 1 µs (at oscillation of 4 MHz, machine clock of 16 MHz)			
8/16-bit up/down counter/timer		Number of channels: 1 (or 8-bit × 2 channels) Event input: 6 channels 8-bit up/down counter/timer used: 2 channels 8-bit re-load/compare function supported: 1 channel			
16-bit I/O timer	16-bit free run timer	Number of channel: 1 Overflow interrupts			
	Output compare (OCU)	Number of channels: 4 Pin input factor: A match signal of compare register			
	Input capture (ICU)	Number of channels: 2 Rewriting a register value upon a pin input (rising, falling, or both edges)			

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

Item	Part number	MB90573	MB90574C	MB90F574A	MB90V570A
DTP/external interrupt circuit		Number of inputs: 8 Started by a rising edge, a falling edge, an "H" level input, or an "L" level input. External interrupt circuit or extended intelligent I/O service (EI ² OS) can be used.			
Delayed interrupt generation module		An interrupt generation module for switching tasks used in real time operating systems.			
Extended I/O serial interface		Clock synchronized transmission (3125 bps to 1 Mbps) LSB first/MSB first			
I ² C interface		Serial I/O port for supporting Inter IC BUS			
Timebase timer		18-bit counter Interrupt interval: 1.024 ms, 4.096 ms, 16.384 ms, 131.072 ms (at oscillation of 4 MHz)			
8-bit D/A converter		8-bit resolution Number of channels: 2 channels Based on the R-2R system			
Watchdog timer		Reset generation interval: 3.58 ms, 14.33 ms, 57.23 ms, 458.75 ms (at oscillation of 4 MHz, minimum value)			
Low-power consumption (standby) mode		Sleep/stop/CPU intermittent operation/watch timer/hardware standby			
Process		CMOS			
Power supply voltage for operation*		4.5 V to 5.5 V			

* : Varies with conditions such as the operating frequency. (See section "■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.") Assurance for the MB90V570A is given only for operation with a tool at a power voltage of 4.5 V to 5.5 V, an operating temperature of 0 °C to +25 °C, and an operating frequency of 1 MHz to 16 MHz.

■ PACKAGE AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

Package	MB90573	MB90F574A	MB90574C
FPT-120P-M24	○	○	×
FPT-120P-M13	○	○	○
FPT-120P-M21	×	○	○

○ : Available ×: Not available

Note : For more information about each package, see section "■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS."

MB90570A/570C Series

■ DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS

Memory Size

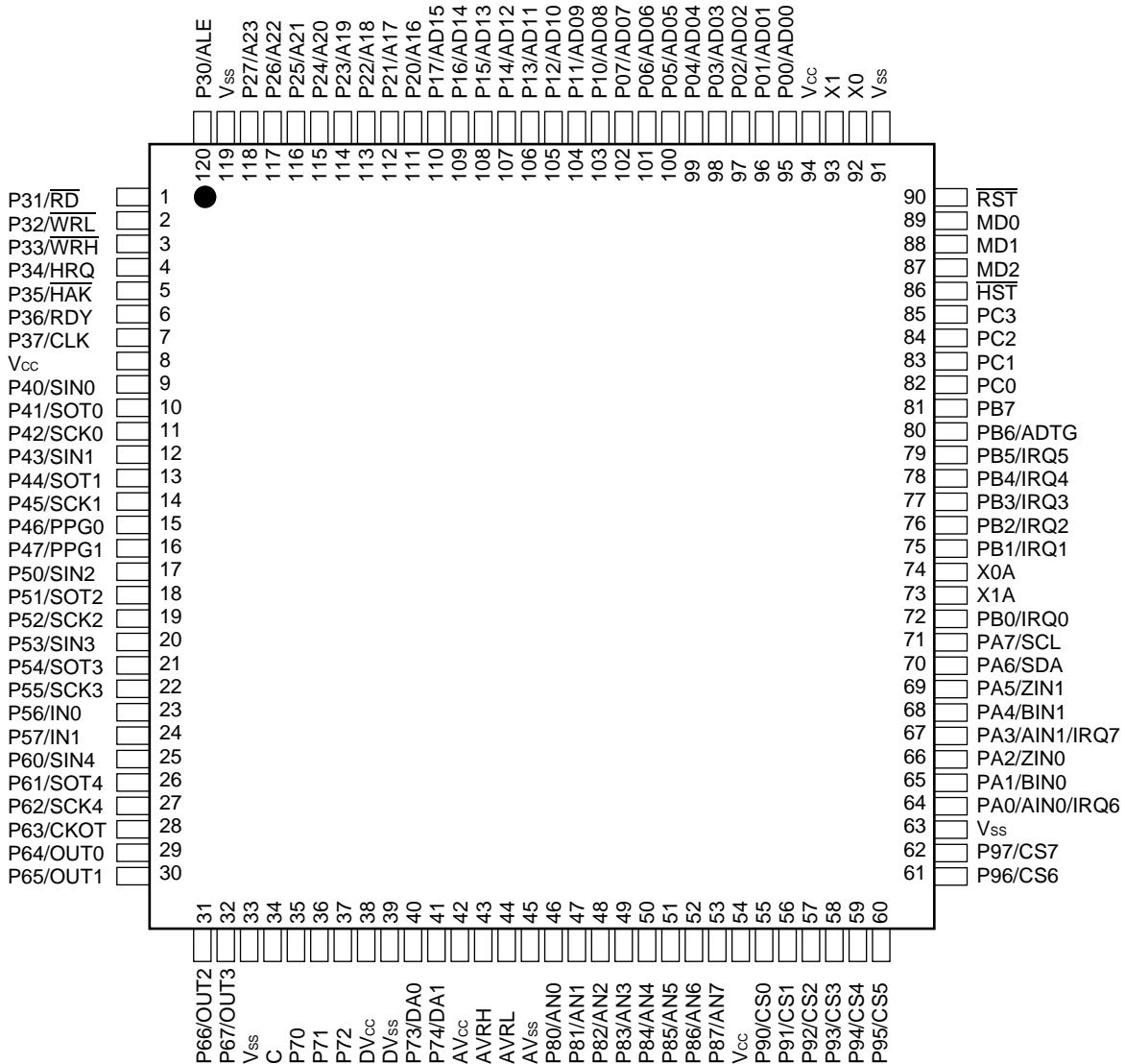
In evaluation with an evaluation product, note the difference between the evaluation product and the product actually used. The following items must be taken into consideration.

- The MB90V570A does not have an internal ROM, however, operations equivalent to chips with an internal ROM can be evaluated by using a dedicated development tool, enabling selection of ROM size by settings of the development tool.
- In the MB90V570A, images from $FF4000_H$ to $FFFFF_H$ are mapped to bank 00, and $FE0000_H$ to $FF3FFF_H$ to mapped to bank FE and FF only. (This setting can be changed by configuring the development tool.)
- In the MB90573/574C/F574A, images from $FF4000_H$ to $FFFFF_H$ are mapped to bank 00, and $FF0000_H$ to $FF3FFF_H$ to bank FF only.
- The products designated with /A or /C are different from those without /A or /C in that they are DTP/externally-interrupted types which return from standby mode at the ch.0 to ch.1 edge request.

MB90570A/570C Series

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

(Top view)



MB90570A/570C Series

■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP *1 QFP *2			
92,93	X0,X1	A	High speed oscillator pins
74,73	X0A,X1A	B	Low speed oscillator pins
89 to 87	MD0 to MD2	C	These are input pins used to designate the operating mode. They should be connected directly to Vcc or Vss.
90	RST	C	Reset input pin
86	HST	C	Hardware standby input pin
95 to 102	P00 to P07 AD00 toAD07	D	In single chip mode, these are general purpose I/O pins. When set for input, they can be set by the pull-up resistance setting register (RDR0). When set for output, this setting will be invalid. In external bus mode, these pins function as address low output/data low I/O pins.
103 to 110	P10 to P17 AD08 toAD15	D	In single chip mode, these are general purpose I/O pins. When set for input, they can be set by the pull-up resistance setting register (RDR1). When set for output, the setting will be invalid. In external bus mode, these pins function as address middle output/data high I/O pins.
111 to 118	P20 to P27 A16 to A23	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, these pins function as address high output pins.
120	P30 ALE	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the address latch enable signal output pin.
1	P31 RD	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the read strobe signal output pin.
2	P32 WRL	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the data bus lower 8-bit write strobe signal output pin.
3	P33 WRH	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the data bus upper 8-bit write strobe signal output pin.
4	P34 HRQ	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the hold request signal input pin.
5	P35 HAK	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the hold acknowledge signal output pin.
6	P36 RDY	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the ready signal input pin.

*1 : FPT-120P-M24

*2 : FPT-120P-M13, FPT-120P-M21

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Pin no.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP *1 QFP *2			
7	P37 CLK	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. In external bus mode, this pin functions as the clock (CLK) signal output pin.
9	P40 SIN0	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to open drain by the ODR4 register. This is also the UART ch.0 serial data input pin. While UART ch.0 is in input operation, this input signal is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed. If shared by output from other functions, this pin should be output disabled during SIN operation.
10	P41 SOT0	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to open drain by the ODR4 register. This is also the UART ch.0 serial data output pin. This function is valid when UART ch.0 is enabled for data output.
11	P42 SCK0	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to open drain by the ODR4 register. This is also the UART ch.0 serial clock I/O pin. This function is valid when UART ch.0 is enabled for clock output.
12	P43 SIN1	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to open-drain by the ODR4 register. This is also the UART ch.1 serial data input pin. While UART ch.1 is in input operation, this input signal is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed. If shared by output from other functions, this pin should be output disabled during SIN operation.
13	P44 SOT1	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to opendrain by the ODR4 register. This is also the UART ch.1 serial data output pin. This function is valid when UART ch.1 is enabled for data output.
14	P45 SCK1	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to open drain by the ODR4 register. This is also the UART ch.1 serial clock I/O pin. This function is valid when UART ch.1 is enabled for clock output.
15,16	P46,P47 PPG0,PPG1	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. It can be set to open drain by the ODR4 register. These are also the PPG0, 1 output pins. This function is valid when PPG0, 1 output is enabled.
17	P50 SIN2	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. This is also the I/O serial ch.0 data input pin. During serial data input, this input signal is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed.

*1 : FPT-120P-M24

*2 : FPT-120P-M13, FPT-120P-M21

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Pin no.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP *1 QFP *2			
18	P51	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port.
	SOT2		This is also the I/O serial ch.0 data output pin. This function is valid when serial ch.0 is enabled for serial data output.
19	P52	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port.
	SCK2		This is also the I/O serial ch.0 clock I/O pin. This function is valid when serial ch.0 is enabled for serial data output.
20	P53	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port.
	SIN3		This is also the I/O serial ch.1 data input pin. During serial data input, this input signal is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed.
21	P54	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port.
	SOT3		This is also the I/O serial ch.1 data output pin. This function is valid when serial ch.1 is enabled for serial data output.
22	P55	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port.
	SCK3		This is also the I/O serial ch.1 clock I/O pin. This function is valid when serial ch.1 is enabled for serial data output.
23,24	P56,P57	E	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port.
	IN0,IN1		These are also the input capture ch.0/1 trigger input pins. During input capture signal input on ch.0/1 this function is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed.
25	P60	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. When set for input it can be set by the pull-up resistance register (RDR6). When set for output this setting will be invalid.
	SIN4		This is also the I/O serial ch.2 data input pin. During serial data input this function is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed.
26	P61	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. When set for input it can be set by the pull-up resistance register (RDR6). When set for output this setting will be invalid.
	SOT4		This is also the I/O serial ch.2 data output pin. This function is valid when serial ch.2 is enabled for serial data output.
27	P62	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. When set for input it can be set by the pull-up resistance register (RDR6). When set for output this setting will be invalid.
	SCK4		This is also the I/O serial ch.2 serial clock I/O pin. This function is valid when serial ch.2 is enabled for serial data output.
28	P63	F	In single chip mode this is a general-purpose I/O port. When set for input it can be set by the pull-up resistance register (RDR6). When set for output this setting will be invalid.
	CKOT		This is also the clock monitor output pin. This function is valid when clock monitor output is enabled.

*1 : FPT-120P-M24

*2 : FPT-120P-M13, FPT-120P-M21

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Pin no.	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
LQFP *1 QFP *2			
29 to 32	P64 to P67	F	In single chip mode these are general-purpose I/O ports. When set for input they can be set by the pull-up resistance register (RDR6). When set for output this setting will be invalid.
	OUT0 to OUT3		These are also the output compare ch.0 to ch.3 event output pins. This function is valid when the respective channel(s) are enabled for output.
35 to 37	P70 to P72	E	These are general purpose I/O ports.
40,41	P73,P74	I	These are general purpose I/O ports.
	DA0,DA1		These are also the D/A converter ch.0,1 analog signal output pins.
46 to 53	P80 to P87	K	These are general purpose I/O ports.
	AN0 to AN7		These are also A/D converter analog input pins. This function is valid when analog input is enabled.
55 to 62	P90 to P97	E	These are general purpose I/O ports.
	CS0 to CS7		These are also chip select signal output pins. This function is valid when chip select signal output is enabled.
34	C	G	This is the power supply stabilization capacitor pin. It should be connected externally to an 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor. Note that this is not required on the FLASH model (MB90F574A) and MB90574C.
64	PA0	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	AIN0		This pin is also used as count clock A input for 8/16-bit up-down counter ch.0.
	IRQ6		This pin can also be used as interrupt request input ch. 6.
65	PA1	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	BIN0		This pin is also used as count clock B input for 8/16-bit up-down counter ch.0.
66	PA2	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	ZIN0		This pin is also used as count clock Z input for 8/16-bit up-down counter ch.0.
67	PA3	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	AIN1		This pin is also used as count clock A input for 8/16-bit up-down counter ch.1.
	IRQ7		This pin can also be used as interrupt request input ch.7.
68	PA4	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	BIN1		This pin is also used as count clock B input for 8/16-bit up-down counter ch.1.
69	PA5	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	ZIN1		This pin is also used as count clock Z input for 8/16-bit up-down counter ch.1.

*1 : FPT-120P-M24

*2 : FPT-120P-M13, FPT-120P-M21

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

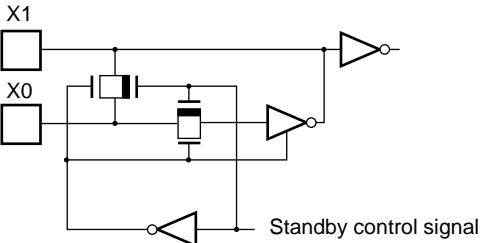
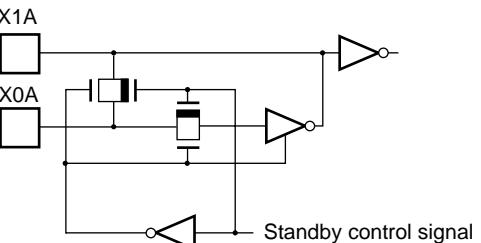
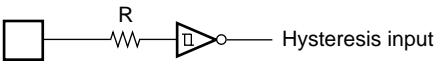
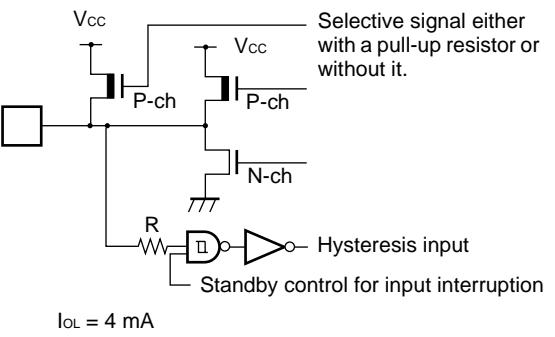
(Continued)

Pin no. LQFP *1 QFP *2	Pin name	Circuit type	Function
70	PA6	L	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	SDA		This pin is also used as the data I/O pin for the I ² C interface. This function is valid when the I ² C interface is enabled for operation. While the I ² C interface is operating, this port should be set to the input level (DDRA: bit6 = 0).
71	PA7	L	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	SCL		This pin is also used as the clock I/O pin for the I ² C interface. This function is valid when the I ² C interface is enabled for operation. While the I ² C interface is operating, this port should be set to the input level (DDRA: bit7 = 0).
72, 75 to 79	PB0, PB1 to PB5	E	These are general-purpose I/O ports.
	IRQ0, IRQ1 to IRQ5		These pins are also the external interrupt input pins. IRQ0, 1 are enabled for both rising and falling edge detection, and therefore cannot be used for recovery from STOP status for MB90573. However, IRQ0, 1 can be used for recovery from STOP status for MB90V570A, MB90F574A and MB90574C.
80	PB6	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
	ADTG		This is also the A/D converter external trigger input pin. While the A/D converter is in input operation, this input signal is in continuous use, and therefore the output function should only be used when needed.
81	PB7	E	This is a general purpose I/O port.
82 to 85	PC0 to PC3	E	These are general purpose I/O ports.
8,54,94	V _{cc}	Power supply	These are power supply (5V) input pins.
33,63, 91,119	V _{ss}	Power supply	These are power supply (0V) input pins.
42	AV _{cc}	H	This is the analog macro (D/A, A/D etc.) V _{cc} power supply input pin.
43	AVRH	J	This is the A/D converter V _{ref+} input pin. The input voltage should not exceed V _{cc} .
44	AVRL	H	This is the A/D converter V _{ref-} input pin. The input voltage should not less than V _{ss} .
45	AV _{ss}	H	This is the analog macro (D/A, A/D etc.) V _{ss} power supply input pin.
38	DV _{cc}	H	This is the D/A converter V _{ref} input pin. The input voltage should not exceed V _{cc} .
39	DV _{ss}	H	This is the D/A converter GND power supply pin. It should be set to V _{ss} equivalent potential.

*1 : FPT-120P-M24

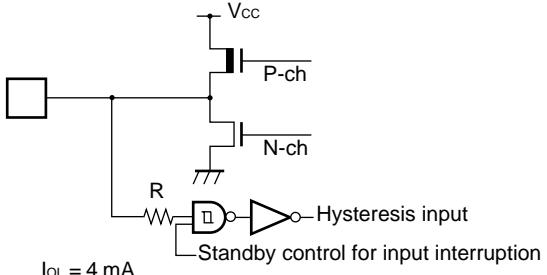
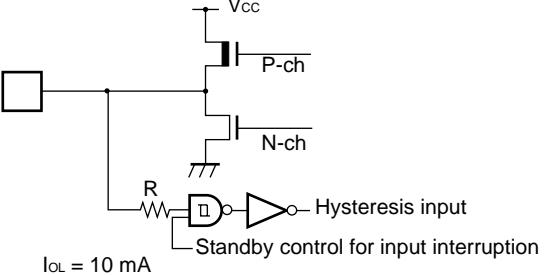
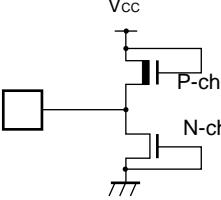
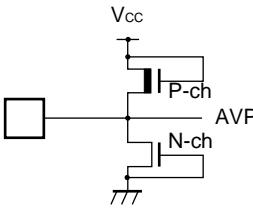
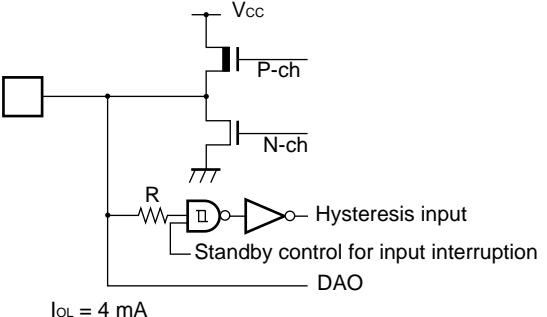
*2 : FPT-120P-M13, FPT-120P-M21

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

Type	Circuit	Remarks
A	 <p>Standby control signal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oscillator circuit Oscillator recovery resistance for high speed = approx. 1 MΩ
B	 <p>Standby control signal</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oscillator circuit Oscillator recovery resistance for low speed = approx. 10 MΩ
C	 <p>Hysteresis input</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hysteresis input pin Resistance value = approx. 50 kΩ (typ.)
D	 <p>Selective signal either with a pull-up resistor or without it.</p> <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p> <p>$I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMOS hysteresis input pin with input pull-up control CMOS level output. CMOS hysteresis input (Includes input shut down standby control function) Pull-up resistance value = approx. 50 kΩ(typ.)

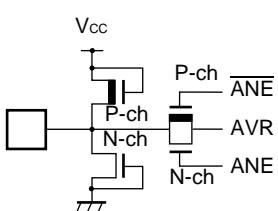
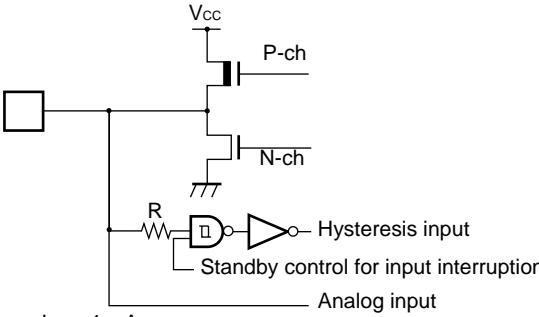
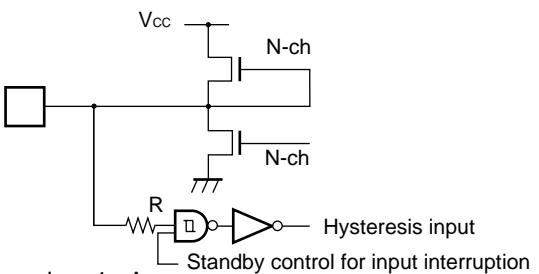
(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Type	Circuit	Remarks
E	 <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMOS hysteresis input/output pin. CMOS level output CMOS hysteresis input (Includes input shut down standby control function) <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>
F	 <p>$I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA}$ (Large current port)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMOS hysteresis input/output pin. CMOS level output CMOS hysteresis input (Includes input shut down standby control function)
G		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> C pin output (capacitance connector pin).
H		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog power supply protector circuit.
I	 <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMOS hysteresis input/output Analog output/CMOS output dual-function pin (CMOS output is not available during analog output.) (Analog output priority: DAE = 1) Includes input shut down standby control function. <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>

(Continued)

(Continued)

Type	Circuit	Remarks
J		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A/D converter ref+ power supply input pin(AVRH), with power supply protector circuit.
K	 <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CMOS hysteresis input /analog input dual-function pin. CMOS output Includes input shut down function at input shut down standby.
L	 <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hysteresis input N-ch open-drain output Includes input shut down standby control function. <p>$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$</p>

MB90570A/570C Series

■ HANDLING DEVICES

1. Preventing Latchup

CMOS ICs may cause latchup in the following situations:

- When a voltage higher than V_{cc} or lower than V_{ss} is applied to input or output pins.
- When a voltage exceeding the rating is applied between V_{cc} and V_{ss}.
- When AV_{cc} power is supplied prior to the V_{cc} voltage.

In turning on/turning off the analog power supply, make sure the analog power voltage (AV_{cc}, AVRH, DV_{cc}) and analog input voltages not exceed the digital voltage (V_{cc}).

2. Treatment of unused pins

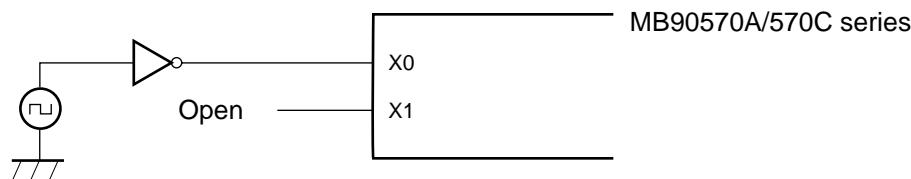
Leaving unused input pins open may result in misbehavior or latch up and possible permanent damage of the device. Therefor they must be tied to V_{cc} or Ground through resistors. In this case those resistors should be more than 2 kΩ.

Unused bidirectional pins should be set to the output state and can be left open, or the input state with the above described connection.

3. Notes on Using External Clock

In using the external clock, drive X0 pin only and leave X1 pin unconnected.

• Using external clock



4. Unused Sub Clock Mode

If sub clock modes are not used, the oscillator should be connected to the X01A pin and X1A pin

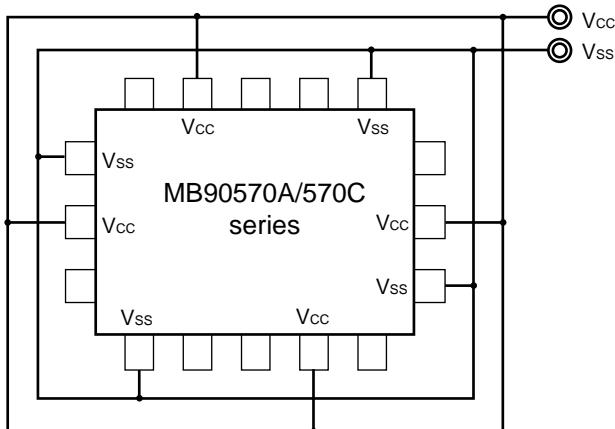
5. Power Supply Pins (V_{cc}/V_{ss})

In products with multiple V_{cc} or V_{ss} pins, the pins of a same potential are internally connected in the device to avoid abnormal operations including latch-up. However, connect the pins external power and ground lines to lower the electro-magnetic emission level, to prevent abnormal operation of strobe signals caused by the rise in the ground level, and to conform to the total current rating.

Make sure to connect V_{cc} and V_{ss} pins via lowest impedance to power lines.

It is recommended to provide a bypass capacitor of around $0.1 \mu\text{F}$ between V_{cc} and V_{ss} pin near the device.

- **Using power supply pins**



6. Crystal Oscillator Circuit

Noises around X_0 or X_1 pins may be possible causes of abnormal operations. Make sure to provide bypass capacitors via shortest distance from X_0 , X_1 pins, crystal oscillator (or ceramic resonator) and ground lines, and make sure, to the utmost effort, that lines of oscillation circuit do not cross the lines of other circuits.

It is highly recommended to provide a printed circuit board art work surrounding X_0 and X_1 pins with a grand area for stabilizing the operation.

Please ask the crystal maker to evaluate the oscillational characteristics of the crystal and this device.

7. Turning-on Sequence of Power Supply to A/D Converter and Analog Inputs

Make sure to turn on the A/D converter power supply, D/A converter power supply (AV_{cc} , AVR_{H} , AVR_{L} , DV_{cc} , DV_{ss}) and analog inputs (AN_0 to AN_7) after turning-on the digital power supply (V_{cc}).

Turn-off the digital power after turning off the A/D converter supply and analog inputs. In this case, make sure that the voltage does not exceed AVR_{H} or AV_{cc} (turning on/off the analog and digital power supplies simultaneously is acceptable).

8. Connection of Unused Pins of A/D Converter

Connect unused pins of A/D converter to $\text{AV}_{\text{cc}} = \text{V}_{\text{cc}}$, $\text{AV}_{\text{ss}} = \text{AVR}_{\text{H}} = \text{DV}_{\text{cc}} = \text{V}_{\text{ss}}$.

9. N.C. Pins

The N.C. (internally connected) pins must be opened for use.

10. Notes on Energization

To prevent the internal regulator circuit from malfunctioning, set the voltage rise time during energization at 50 or more μs (0.2 V to 2.7 V).

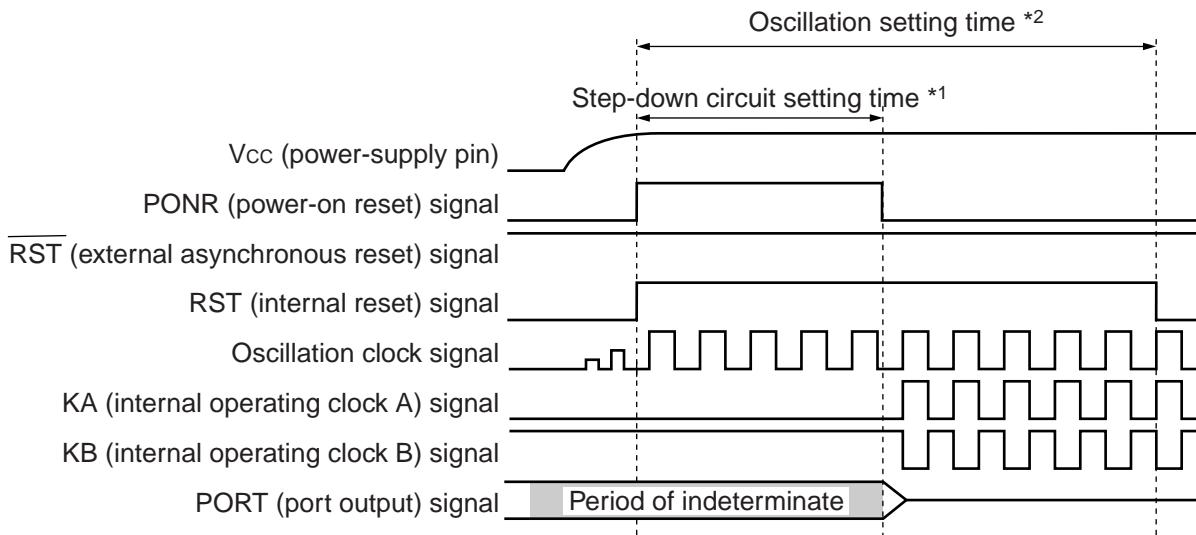
11. Indeterminate outputs from ports 0 and 1

The outputs from ports 0 and 1 become indeterminate during oscillation setting time of step-down circuit (during a power-on reset) after the power is turned on. (MB90573, MB90V570A)

MB90570A/570C Series

The series without built-in step-down circuit have no oscillation setting time of step-down circuit, so outputs should not become indeterminate. (MB90F574A, MB90574C)

Timing chart of indeterminate outputs from ports 0 and 1



*1: Step-down circuit setting time $2^{17}/\text{oscillation clock frequency}$ (oscillation clock frequency of 16 MHz: 8.19 ms)

*2: Oscillation setting time $2^{18}/\text{oscillation clock frequency}$ (oscillation clock frequency of 16 MHz: 16.38 ms)

12. Initialization

In the device, there are internal registers which are initialized only by a power-on reset. Turn on the power again to initialize these registers.

13. Return from standby state

If the power-supply voltage goes below the standby RAM holding voltage in the standby state, the device may fail to return from the standby state. In this case, reset the device via the external reset pin to return to the normal state.

14. Precautions for Use of 'DIV A, Ri' and 'DIVW A, RWi' Instructions

The signed multiplication-division instructions 'DIV A, Ri' and 'DIVW A, RWi' should be used when the corresponding bank registers (DTB, ADB, USB, SSB) are set to value '00h.' If the corresponding bank registers (DTB, ADB, USB, SSB) are set to a value other than '00h,' then the remainder obtained after the execution of the instruction will not be placed in the instruction operand register.

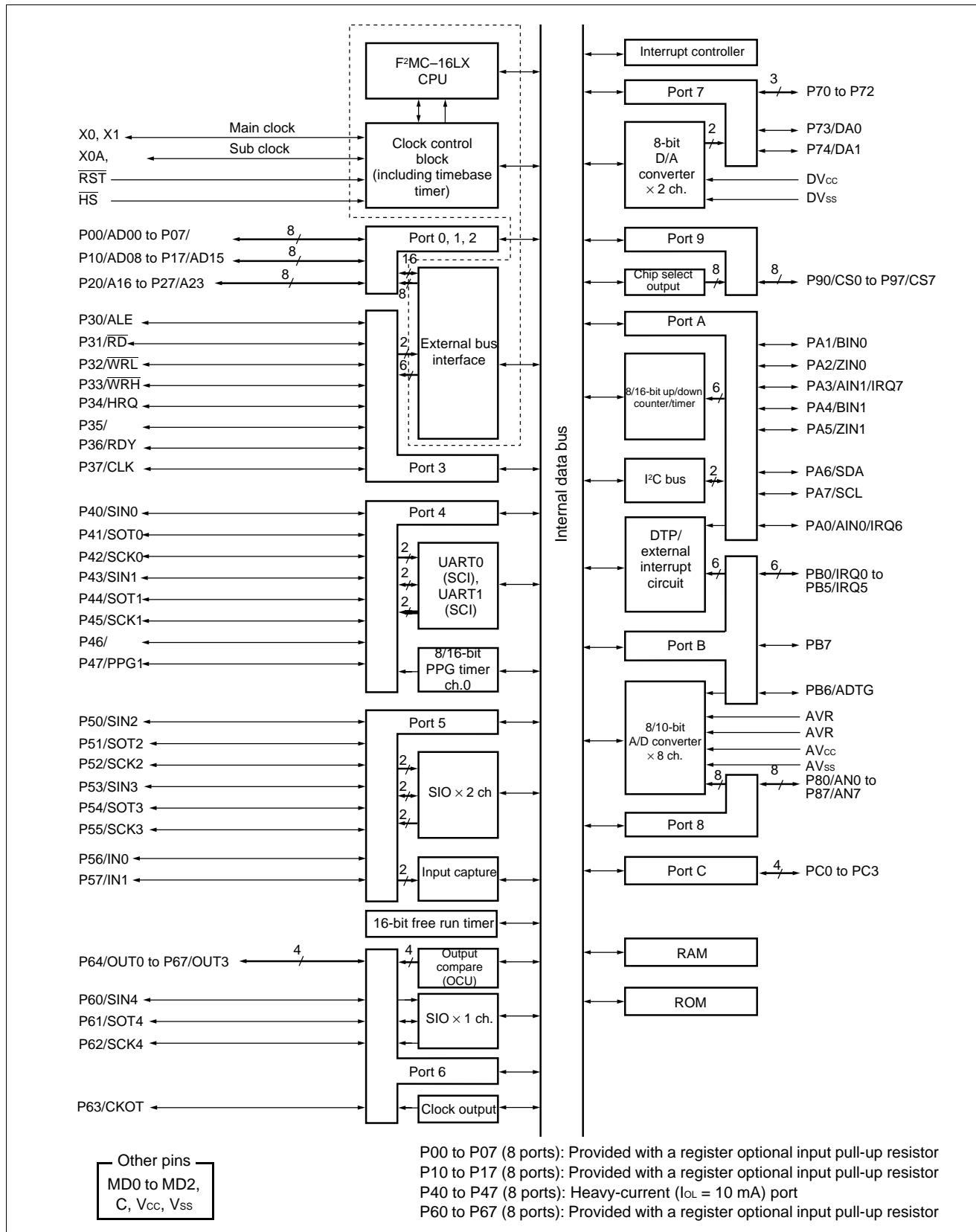
15. Precautions for Use of REALOS

Extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS) cannot be used, when REALOS is used.

16. Caution on PLL Clock Mode

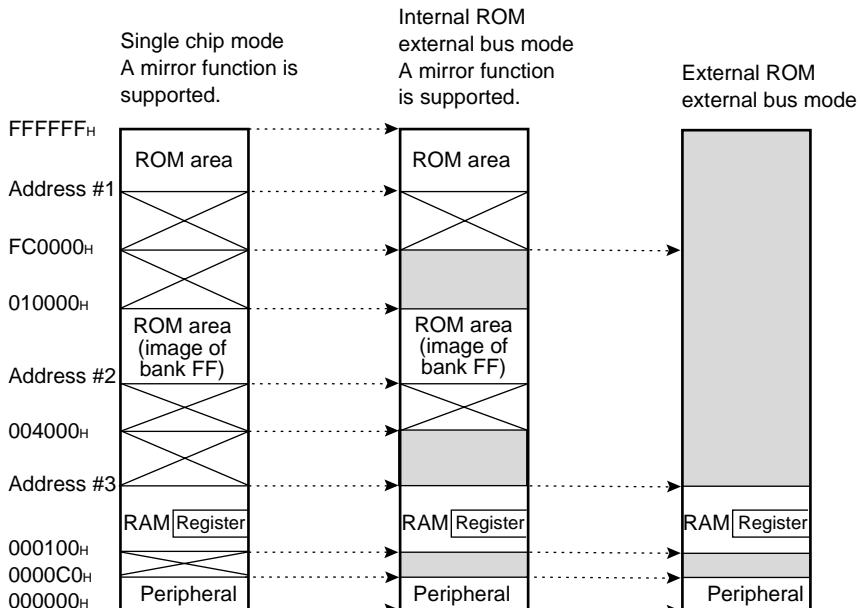
If the PLL clock mode is selected, the microcontroller attempt to be working with the self-oscillating circuit even when there is no external oscillator or external clock input is stopped. Performance of this operation, however, cannot be guaranteed.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



MB90570A/570C Series

■ MEMORY MAP



Part number	Address #1*	Address #2*	Address #3*
MB90573	FE0000 _H	004000 _H	001800 _H
MB90574C	FC0000 _H	004000 _H	002900 _H
MB90F574A	FC0000 _H	004000 _H	002900 _H

- : Internal access memory
- : External access memory
- : Inhibited area

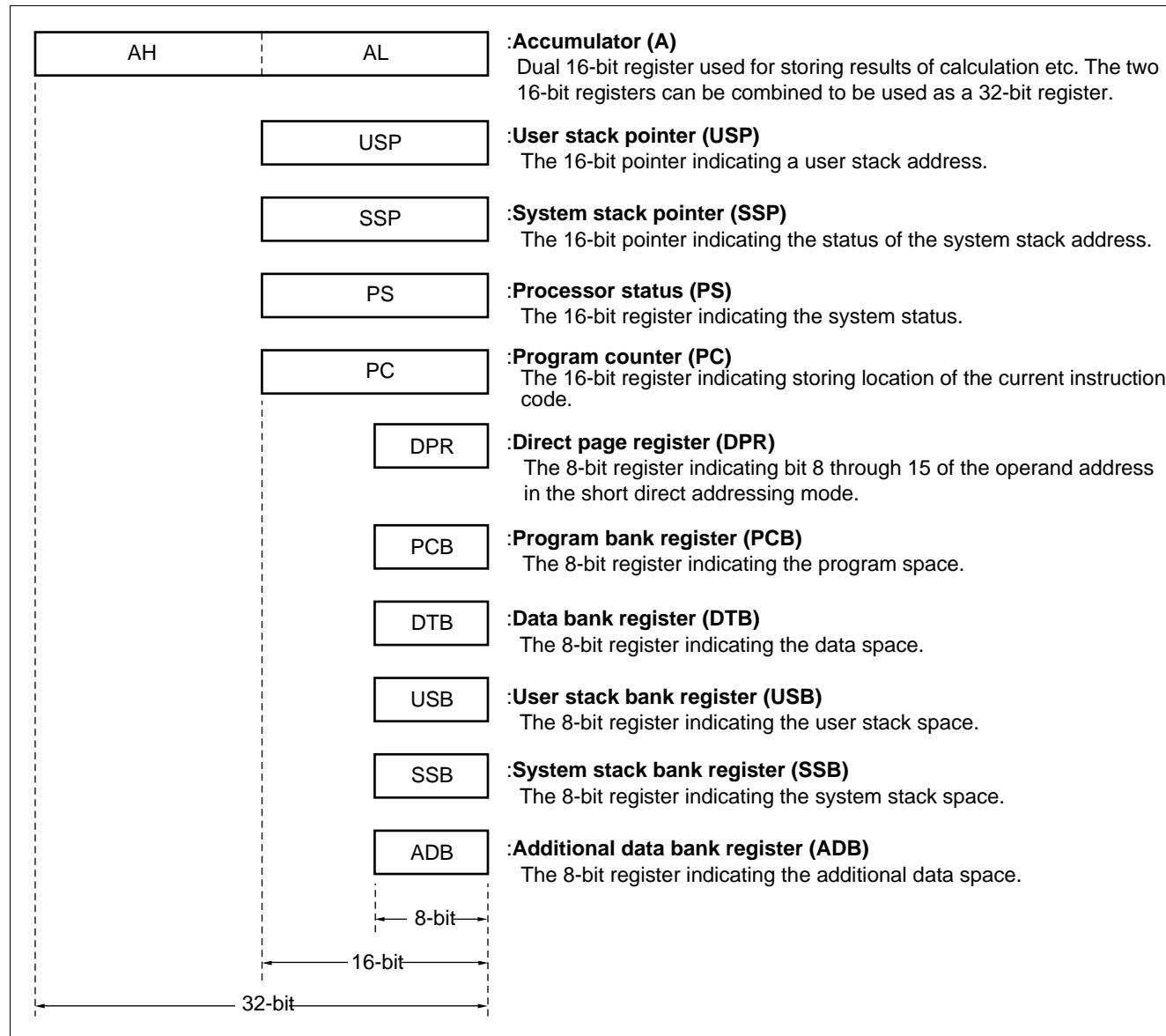
*: Addresses #1, #2 and #3 are unique to the product type.

Note : The ROM data of bank FF is reflected in the upper address of bank 00, realizing effective use of the C compiler small model. The lower 16-bit of bank FF and the lower 16-bit of bank 00 is assigned to the same address, enabling reference of the table on the ROM without stating "far".

For example, if an attempt has been made to access 00C000_H, the contents of the ROM at FFC000_H are accessed actually. Since the ROM area of the FF bank exceeds 48 kbytes, the whole area cannot be reflected in the image for the 00 bank. The ROM data at FF4000_H to FFFFFF_H looks, therefore, as if it were the image for 00400_H to 00FFFF_H. Thus, it is recommended that the ROM data table be stored in the area of FF4000_H to FFFFFF_H.

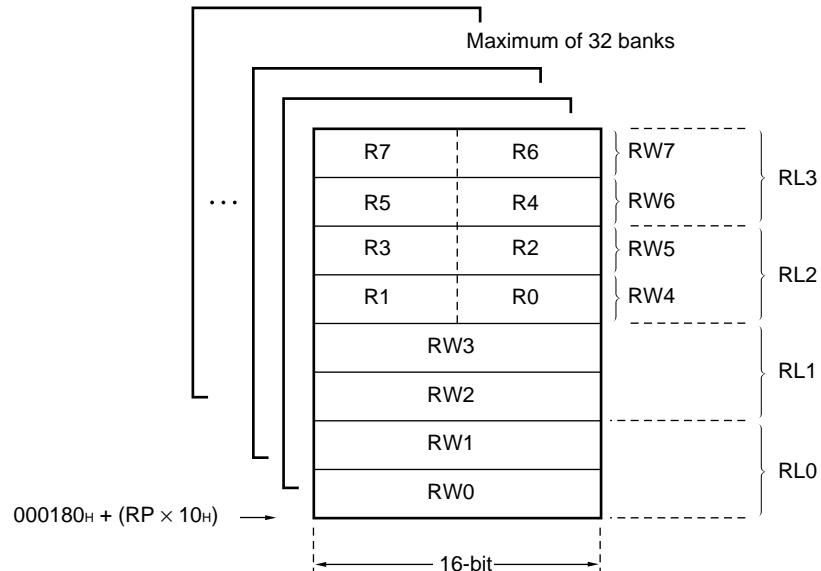
■ F²MC-16LX CPU PROGRAMMING MODEL

- Dedicated registers



MB90570A/570C Series

- General-purpose registers



- Processor status (PS)

PS	ILM			RP				CCR									
	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	
Initial value	ILM2	ILM1	ILM0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	—	I	S	T	N	Z	V	C	

—: Reserved
X: Undefined

MB90570A/570C Series

■ I/O MAP

Address	Abbreviated register name	Register name	Read/write	Resource name	Initial value
000000H	PDR0	Port 0 data register	R/W	Port 0	XXXXXXXXXB
000001H	PDR1	Port 1 data register	R/W	Port 1	XXXXXXXXXB
000002H	PDR2	Port 2 data register	R/W	Port 2	XXXXXXXXXB
000003H	PDR3	Port 3 data register	R/W	Port 3	XXXXXXXXXB
000004H	PDR4	Port 4 data register	R/W	Port 4	XXXXXXXXXB
000005H	PDR5	Port 5 data register	R/W	Port 5	XXXXXXXXXB
000006H	PDR6	Port 6 data register	R/W	Port 6	XXXXXXXXXB
000007H	PDR7	Port 7 data register	R/W	Port 7	XXXXXXXXXB
000008H	PDR8	Port 8 data register	R/W	Port 8	XXXXXXXXXB
000009H	PDR9	Port 9 data register	R/W	Port 9	XXXXXXXXXB
00000AH	PDRA	Port A data register	R/W	Port A	XXXXXXXXXB
00000BH	PDRB	Port B data register	R/W	Port B	XXXXXXXXXB
00000CH	PDRC	Port C data register	R/W	Port C	XXXXXXXXXB
00000DH to 00000FH		(Disabled)			
000010H	DDR0	Port 0 direction register	R/W	Port 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000011H	DDR1	Port 1 direction register	R/W	Port 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000012H	DDR2	Port 2 direction register	R/W	Port 2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000013H	DDR3	Port 3 direction register	R/W	Port 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000014H	DDR4	Port 4 direction register	R/W	Port 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000015H	DDR5	Port 5 direction register	R/W	Port 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000016H	DDR6	Port 6 direction register	R/W	Port 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000017H	DDR7	Port 7 direction register	R/W	Port 7	--- 0 0 0 0 0B
000018H	DDR8	Port 8 direction register	R/W	Port 8	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000019H	DDR9	Port 9 direction register	R/W	Port 9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
00001AH	DDRA	Port A direction register	R/W	Port A	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
00001BH	DDRB	Port B direction register	R/W	Port B	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
00001CH	DDRC	Port C direction register	R/W	Port C	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
00001DH	ODR4	Port 4 output pin register	R/W	Port 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
00001EH	ADER	Analog input enable register	R/W	Port 8, 8/10-bit A/D converter	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1B
00001FH		(Disabled)			
000020H	SMR0	Serial mode register 0	R/W	UART0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0B
000021H	SCR0	Serial control register 0	R/W	(SCI)	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0B

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Address	Abbreviated register name	Register name	Read/write	Resource name	Initial value	
000022 _H	SIDR0/ SODR0	Serial input data register 0/ serial output data register 0	R/W	UART0 (SCI)	X X X X X X X _B	
000023 _H	SSR0	Serial status register 0	R/W		0 0 0 0 1 – 0 0 _B	
000024 _H	SMR1	Serial mode register 1	R/W	UART1 (SCI)	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000025 _H	SCR1	Serial control register 1	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 0 _B	
000026 _H	SIDR1/ SODR1	Serial input data register 1/ serial output data register 1	R/W	UART1 (SCI)	X X X X X X X _B	
000027 _H	SSR1	Serial status register 1	R/W		0 0 0 0 1 – 0 0 _B	
000028 _H	CDCR0	Communications prescaler control register 0	R/W	Communications prescaler register 0	0 – – – 1 1 1 1 _B	
000029 _H		(Disabled)				
00002A _H	CDCR1	Communications prescaler control register 1	R/W	Communications prescaler register 0	0 – – – 1 1 1 1 _B	
00002B _H to 00002F _H		(Disabled)				
000030 _H	ENIR	DTP/interrupt enable register	R/W	DTP/external interrupt circuit	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000031 _H	EIRR	DTP/interrupt factor register	R/W		X X X X X X X _B	
000032 _H	ELVR	Request level setting register	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000033 _H					0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000034 _H		(Disabled)				
000035 _H		(Disabled)				
000036 _H	ADCS1	A/D control status register lower digits	R/W	8/10-bit A/D converter	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000037 _H	ADCS2	A/D control status register upper digits	R/W or W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000038 _H	ADCR1	A/D data register lower digits	R		X X X X X X X _B	
000039 _H	ADCR2	A/D data register upper digits	W		0 0 0 0 1 – X X _B	
00003A _H	DADR0	D/A converter data register ch.0	R/W	8-bit D/A converter	X X X X X X X _B	
00003B _H	DADR1	D/A converter data register ch.1	R/W		X X X X X X X _B	
00003C _H	DACR0	D/A control register 0	R/W		– – – – – 0 _B	
00003D _H	DACR1	D/A control register 1	R/W		– – – – – 0 _B	
00003E _H	CLKR	Clock output enable register	R/W	Clock monitor function	– – – 0 0 0 0 _B	
00003F _H		(Disabled)				
000040 _H	PRLL0	PPG0 reload register L ch.0	R/W	8/16-bit PPG timer 0	X X X X X X X _B	
000041 _H	PRLH0	PPG0 reload register H ch.0	R/W		X X X X X X X _B	

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Address	Abbreviated register name	Register name	Read/write	Resource name	Initial value	
000042 _H	PRL1	PPG1 reload register L ch.1	R/W	8/16-bit PPG timer 1	XXXXXXXXXX _B	
000043 _H	PRLH1	PPG1 reload register H ch.1	R/W		XXXXXXXXXX _B	
000044 _H	PPGC0	PPG0 operating mode control register ch.0	R/W	8/16-bit PPG timer 0	0X000XX1 _B	
000045 _H	PPGC1	PPG1 operating mode control register ch.1	R/W	8/16-bit PPG timer 1	0X000001 _B	
000046 _H	PPGOE	PPG0 and 1 output control registers ch.0 and ch.1	R/W	8/16-bit PPG timer 0, 1	000000XX _B	
000047 _H		(Disabled)				
000048 _H	SMCSL0	Serial mode control lower status register 0	R/W	Extended I/O serial interface 0	-----00000 _B	
000049 _H	SMCSH0	Serial mode control upper status register 0	R/W		000000010 _B	
00004A _H	SDR0	Serial data register 0	R/W		XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00004B _H		(Disabled)				
00004C _H	SMCSL1	Serial mode control lower status register 1	R/W	Extended I/O serial interface 1	-----00000 _B	
00004D _H	SMCSH1	Serial mode control upper status register 1	R/W		000000010 _B	
00004E _H	SDR1	Serial data register 1	R/W		XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00004F _H		(Disabled)				
000050 _H	IPCP0	ICU data register ch.0	R	16-bit I/O timer (input capture (ICU) section)	XXXXXXXXXX _B	
000051 _H					XXXXXXXXXX _B	
000052 _H	IPCP1	ICU data register ch.1	R		XXXXXXXXXX _B	
000053 _H					XXXXXXXXXX _B	
000054 _H	ICS01	ICU control status register	R/W		000000000 _B	
000055 _H		(Disabled)				
000056 _H	TCDT	Free run timer data register	R/W	16-bit I/O timer (16-bit free run timer section)	000000000 _B	
000057 _H					000000000 _B	
000058 _H	TCCS	Free run timer control status register	R/W		000000000 _B	
000059 _H		(Disabled)				
00005A _H	OCCP0	OCU compare register ch.0	R/W	16-bit I/O timer (output compare (OCU) section)	XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00005B _H					XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00005C _H	OCCP1	OCU compare register ch.1	R/W		XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00005D _H					XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00005E _H	OCCP2	OCU compare register ch.2	R/W		XXXXXXXXXX _B	
00005F _H					XXXXXXXXXX _B	

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Address	Abbreviated register name	Register name	Read/write	Resource name	Initial value	
000060 _H	OCCP3	OCU compare register ch.3	R/W	16-bit I/O timer (output compare (OCU) section)	X X X X X X X _B	
000061 _H					X X X X X X X _B	
000062 _H	OCS0	OCU control status register ch.0	R/W		0 0 0 0 -- 0 _B	
000063 _H	OCS1	OCU control status register ch.1	R/W		-- 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000064 _H	OCS2	OCU control status register ch.2	R/W		0 0 0 0 -- 0 _B	
000065 _H	OCS3	OCU control status register ch.3	R/W		-- 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000066 _H	(Disabled)					
000067 _H						
000068 _H	IBSR	I ² C bus status register	R	I ² C interface	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000069 _H	IBCR	I ² C bus control register	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
00006A _H	ICCR	I ² C bus clock control register	R/W		-- 0 X X X X _B	
00006B _H	IADR	I ² C bus address register	R/W		- X X X X X _B	
00006C _H	IDAR	I ² C bus data register	R/W		X X X X X X X _B	
00006D _H				(Disabled)		
00006E _H						
00006F _H	ROMM	ROM mirroring function selection register	W	ROM mirroring function selection module	----- 1 _B	
000070 _H	UDCR0	Up/down count register 0	R	8/16-bit up/down counter/timer	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000071 _H	UDCR1	Up/down count register 1	R		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000072 _H	RCR0	Reload compare register 0	W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000073 _H	RCR1	Reload compare register 1	W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000074 _H	CSR0	Counter status register 0	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000075 _H				(Reserved area) ^{*3}		
000076 _H	CCRL0	Counter control register 0	R/W		- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000077 _H	CCRH0				0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000078 _H	CSR1		R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
000079 _H					(Reserved area) ^{*3}	
00007A _H	CCRL1	Counter control register 1	R/W	8/16-bit up/down counter/timer	- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
00007B _H	CCRH1				- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B	
00007C _H	SMCSL2	Serial mode control lower status register 2	R/W	Extended I/O serial interface 2	----- 0 0 0 0 _B	
00007D _H	SMCSH2	Serial mode control higher status register 2	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 _B	
00007E _H	SDR2	Serial data register 2	R/W		X X X X X X X _B	
00007F _H				(Disabled)		

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

Address	Abbreviated register name	Register name	Read/write	Resource name	Initial value
000080 _H	CSCR0	Chip selection control register 0	R/W	Chip select output	- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000081 _H	CSCR1	Chip selection control register 1	R/W		- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000082 _H	CSCR2	Chip selection control register 2	R/W		- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000083 _H	CSCR3	Chip selection control register 3	R/W		- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000084 _H	CSCR4	Chip selection control register 4	R/W		- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000085 _H	CSCR5	Chip selection control register 5	R/W		- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000086 _H	CSCR6	Chip selection control register 6	R/W		- - - - 0 0 0 0 _B
000087 _H to 00008B _H		(Disabled)			
00008C _H	RDR0	Port 0 input pull-up resistor setup register	R/W	Port 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
00008D _H	RDR1	Port 1 input pull-up resistor setup register	R/W	Port 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
00008E _H	RDR6	Port 6 input pull-up resistor setup register	R/W	Port 6	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
00008F _H to 00009D _H		(Disabled)			
00009E _H	PACSR	Program address detection control status register	R/W	Address match detection function	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
00009F _H	DIRR	Delayed interrupt factor generation/cancellation register	R/W	Delayed interrupt generation module	- - - - - 0 _B
0000A0 _H	LPMCR	Low-power consumption mode control register	R/W	Low-power consumption (standby) mode	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 _B
0000A1 _H	CKSCR	Clock select register	R/W		1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 _B
0000A2 _H to 0000A4 _H		(Disabled)			
0000A5 _H	ARSR	Automatic ready function select register	W	External bus pin	0 0 1 1 - - 0 0 _B
0000A6 _H	HACR	Upper address control register	W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
0000A7 _H	ECSR	Bus control signal select register	W		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B
0000A8 _H	WDTC	Watchdog timer control register	R/W	Watchdog timer	X X X X X X X X _B
0000A9 _H	TBTC	Timebase timer control register	R/W	Timebase timer	1 - - 0 0 1 0 0 _B
0000AA _H	WTC	Watch timer control register	R/W	Watch timer	1 X 0 0 0 0 0 0 _B

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

Address	Abbreviated register name	Register name	Read/write	Resource name	Initial value	
0000AB _H to 0000AD _H		(Disabled)				
0000AE _H	FMCS	Flash control register	R/W	Flash interface	0 0 0 X 0 X X 0 _B	
0000AF _H		(Disabled)				
0000B0 _H	ICR00	Interrupt control register 00	R/W	Interrupt controller	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B1 _H	ICR01	Interrupt control register 01	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B2 _H	ICR02	Interrupt control register 02	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B3 _H	ICR03	Interrupt control register 03	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B4 _H	ICR04	Interrupt control register 04	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B5 _H	ICR05	Interrupt control register 05	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B6 _H	ICR06	Interrupt control register 06	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B7 _H	ICR07	Interrupt control register 07	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B8 _H	ICR08	Interrupt control register 08	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000B9 _H	ICR09	Interrupt control register 09	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000BA _H	ICR10	Interrupt control register 10	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000BB _H	ICR11	Interrupt control register 11	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000BC _H	ICR12	Interrupt control register 12	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000BD _H	ICR13	Interrupt control register 13	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000BE _H	ICR14	Interrupt control register 14	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000BF _H	ICR15	Interrupt control register 15	R/W		0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 _B	
0000C0 _H to 0000FF _H		(External area) ^{*1}				
000100 _H to 000### _H		(RAM area) ^{*2}				
000### _H to 001FEF _H		(Reserved area) ^{*3}				
001FF0 _H	PADR0	Program address detection register 0	R/W	Address match detection function	X X X X X X X X _B	
001FF1 _H		Program address detection register 1	R/W		X X X X X X X X _B	
001FF2 _H		Program address detection register 2	R/W		X X X X X X X X _B	
001FF3 _H	PADR1	Program address detection register 3	R/W		X X X X X X X X _B	
001FF4 _H		Program address detection register 4	R/W		X X X X X X X X _B	
001FF5 _H		Program address detection register 5	R/W		X X X X X X X X _B	
001FF6 _H to 001FFF _H		(Reserved area)				

Descriptions for read/write

R/W : Readable and writable

R : Read only

W : Write only

Descriptions for initial value

0 : The initial value of this bit is "0".

1 : The initial value of this bit is "1".

X : The initial value of this bit is undefined.

- : This bit is unused. The initial value is undefined.

*1 : This area is the only external access area having an address of 0000FF_H or lower. An access operation to this area is handled as that to external I/O area.

*2 : For details of the RAM area, see "■ MEMORY MAP".

*3 : The reserved area is disabled because it is used in the system.

Notes :

- For bits that is initialized by an reset operation, the initial value set by the reset operation is listed as an initial value. Note that the values are different from reading results.
For LPMCR/CKSCR/WDTC, there are cases where initialization is performed or not performed, depending on the types of the reset. However initial value for resets that initializes the value are listed.
- The addresses following 0000FF_H are reserved. No external bus access signal is generated.
- Boundary #####H between the RAM area and the reserved area varies with the product model.

MB90570A/570C Series

■ INTERRUPT FACTORS, INTERRUPT VECTORS, INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

Interrupt source	EI²OS support	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register		Priority	
		Number	Address	ICR	Address		
Reset	×	# 08	FFFFFDCH	—	—	High	
INT9 instruction	×	# 09	FFFFFD8H	—	—		
Exception	×	# 10	FFFFD4H	—	—		
8/10-bit A/D converter	○	# 11	FFFFD0H	ICR00	0000B0H		
Input capture 0 (ICU) include	○	# 12	FFFFCCH				
DTP0 (external interrupt 0)	○	# 13	FFFFC8H	ICR01	0000B1H		
Input capture 1 (ICU) include	○	# 14	FFFFC4H				
Output compare 0 (OCU) match	○	# 15	FFFFC0H	ICR02	0000B2H		
Output compare 1 (OCU) match	○	# 16	FFFFBCH				
Output compare 2 (OCU) match	○	# 17	FFFFB8H	ICR03	0000B3H		
Output compare 3 (OCU) match	○	# 18	FFFFB4H				
Extended I/O serial interface 0	○	# 19	FFFFB0H	ICR04	0000B4H		
16-bit free run timer	×	# 20	FFFFACH				
Extended I/O serial interface 1	○	# 21	FFFFA8H	ICR05	0000B5H		
Watch timer	×	# 22	FFFFA4H				
Extended I/O serial interface 2	○	# 23	FFFFA0H	ICR06	0000B6H		
DTP1 (external interrupt 1)	○	# 24	FFFF9CH				
DTP2/DTP3 (external interrupt 2/ external interrupt 3)	○	# 25	FFFF98H	ICR07	0000B7H		
8/16-bit PPG timer 0 counter borrow	×	# 26	FFFF94H				
DTP4/DTP5 (external interrupt 4/ external interrupt 5)	○	# 27	FFFF90H	ICR08	0000B8H		
8/16-bit PPG timer 1 counter borrow	×	# 28	FFFF8CH				
8/16-bit up/down counter/timer 0 borrow/overflow/inversion	○	# 29	FFFF88H	ICR09	0000B9H		
8/16-bit up/down counter/timer 0 compare match	○	# 30	FFFF84H				
8/16-bit up/down counter/timer 1 borrow/overflow/inversion	○	# 31	FFFF80H	ICR10	0000BAH		
8/16-bit up/down counter/timer 1 compare match	○	# 32	FFFF7CH		0000BAH		
DTP6 (external interrupt 6)	○	# 33	FFFF78H	ICR11	0000BBH		
Timebase timer	×	# 34	FFFF74H				

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

Interrupt source	EI ² OS support	Interrupt vector		Interrupt control register		Priority
		Number	Address	ICR	Address	
DTP7 (external interrupt 7)	○	# 35	FFFF70 _H	ICR12	0000BC _H	High
I ² C interface	×	# 36	FFFF6C _H			
UART1 (SCI) reception complete	○	# 37	FFFF68 _H	ICR13	0000BD _H	
UART1 (SCI) transmission complete	○	# 38	FFFF64 _H			
UART0 (SCI) reception complete	○	# 39	FFFF60 _H	ICR14	0000BE _H	
UART0 (SCI) transmission complete	○	# 40	FFFF5C _H			
Flash memory	×	# 41	FFFF58 _H	ICR15	0000BF _H	
Delayed interrupt generation module	×	# 42	FFFF54 _H			

○ :Can be used

× :Can not be used

◎ :Can be used. With EI²OS stop function.

MB90570A/570C Series

■ PERIPHERALS

1. I/O Port

(1) Input/output Port

Port 0 through 4, 6, 8, A and B are general-purpose I/O ports having a combined function as an external bus pin and a resource input. Port 0 to Port 3 have a general-purpose I/O ports function only in the single-chip mode.

- Operation as output port

The pin is configured as an output port by setting the corresponding bit of the DDR register to “1”.

Writing data to PDR register when the port is configured as output, the data is retained in the output latch in the PDR and directly output to the pin.

The value of the pin (the same value retained in the output latch of PDR) can be read out by reading the PDR register.

Note : When a read-modify-write instruction (e.g. bit set instruction) is performed to the port data register, the destination bit of the operation is set to the specified value, not affecting the bits configured by the DDR register for output, however, values of bits configured by the DDR register as inputs are changed because input values to the pins are written into the output latch. To avoid this situation, configure the pins by the DDR register as output after writing output data to the PDR register when configuring the bit used as input as outputs.

- Operation as input port

The pin is configured as an input by setting the corresponding bit of the DDR register to “0”.

When the pin is configured as an input, the output buffer is turned-off and the pin is put into a high-impedance status.

When a data is written into the PDR register, the data is retained in the output latch of the PDR, but pin outputs are unaffected.

Reading the PDR register reads out the pin level (“0” or “1”).

(2) Register Configuration

- Port 0 data register (PDR0)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000000H	(PDR1)	P07	P06	P05	P04	P03	P02	P01	P00		XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 1 data register (PDR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000001H	P17	P16	P15	P14	P13	P12	P11	P10		(PDR0)	XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 2 data register (PDR2)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000002H	(PDR3)	P27	P26	P25	P24	P23	P22	P21	P20		XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 3 data register (PDR3)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000003H	P37	P36	P35	P34	P33	P32	P31	P30		(PDR2)	XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 4 data register (PDR4)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000004H	(PDR5)	P47	P46	P45	P44	P43	P42	P41	P40		XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 5 data register (PDR5)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000005H	P57	P56	P55	P54	P53	P52	P51	P50		(PDR4)	XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 6 data register (PDR6)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000006H	(PDR7)	P67	P66	P65	P64	P63	P62	P61	P60		XXXXXXXXX _B

- Port 7 data register (PDR7)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000007H	—	—	—	P74	P73	P72	P71	P70		(PDR6)	--- XXXXX _B

- Port 8 data register (PDR8)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000008H	(PDR9)	P87	P86	P85	P84	P83	P82	P81	P80		XXXXXXXXX _B

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

- Port 9 data register (PDR9)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000009H	P97	P96	P95	P94	P93	P92	P91	P90	(PDR8)			XXXXXXXX _B

- Port A data register (PDRA)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00000AH	(PDRB)		PA7	PA6	PA5	PA4	PA3	PA2	PA1	PA0		XXXXXXXX _B

- Port B data register (PDRB)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00000BH	(PDRA)		PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0		XXXXXXXX _B

- Port C data register (PDRC)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00000CH	(Disabled)		—	—	—	—	—	PC3	PC2	PC1	PC0	XXXXXXXX _B

- Port 0 direction register (DDR0)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000010H	(DDR1)		D07	D06	D05	D04	D03	D02	D01	D00		00000000 _B

- Port 1 direction register (DDR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000011H	D17	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	(DDR0)			00000000 _B

- Port 2 direction register (DDR2)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000012H	(DDR3)		D27	D26	D25	D24	D23	D22	D21	D20		00000000 _B

- Port 3 direction register (DDR3)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000013H	D37	D36	D35	D34	D33	D32	D31	D30	(DDR2)			00000000 _B

- Port 4 direction register (DDR4)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000014H	(DDR5)		D47	D46	D45	D44	D43	D42	D41	D40		00000000 _B

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

- Port 5 direction register (DDR5)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000015H	D57	D56	D55	D54	D53	D52	D51	D50	(DDR4)			00000000B

- Port 6 direction register (DDR6)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000016H	(DDR7)		D67	D66	D65	D64	D63	D62	D61	D60		00000000B

- Port 7 direction register (DDR7)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000017H	—	—	—	D74	D73	D72	D71	D70	(DDR6)			- - - 00000B

- Port 8 direction register (DDR8)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000018H	(DDR9)		D87	D86	D85	D84	D83	D82	D81	D80		00000000B

- Port 9 direction register (DDR9)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000019H	D97	D96	D95	D94	D93	D92	D91	D90	(DDR8)			00000000B

- Port A direction register (DDRA)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00001AH	(DDRB)		DA7	DA6	DA5	DA4	DA3	DA2	DA1	DA0		00000000B

- Port B direction register (DDRB)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00001BH	(DDRA)		DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0		00000000B

- Port C direction register (DDRC)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00001CH	(ODR4)		—	—	—	—	—	DC3	DC2	DC1	DC0	00000000B

- Port 4 output pin register (ODR4)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00001DH	(DDRC)		OD47	OD46	OD45	OD44	OD43	OD42	OD41	OD40		00000000B

- Port 0 input pull-up resistor setup register (RDR0)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000008CH	(RDR1)		RD07	RD06	RD05	RD04	RD03	RD02	RD01	RD00		00000000B

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

- Port 1 input pull-up resistor setup register (RDR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
00008DH	RD17	RD16	RD15	RD14	RD13	RD12	RD11	RD10	(RDR0)			00000000B

- Port 6 input pull-up resistor setup register (RDR6)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00008EH	(Disabled)		RD67	RD66	RD65	RD64	RD63	RD62	RD61	RD60		00000000B

- Analog input enable register (ADER)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00001EH	(Disabled)		ADE7	ADE6	ADE5	ADE4	ADE3	ADE2	ADE1	ADE0		11111111B

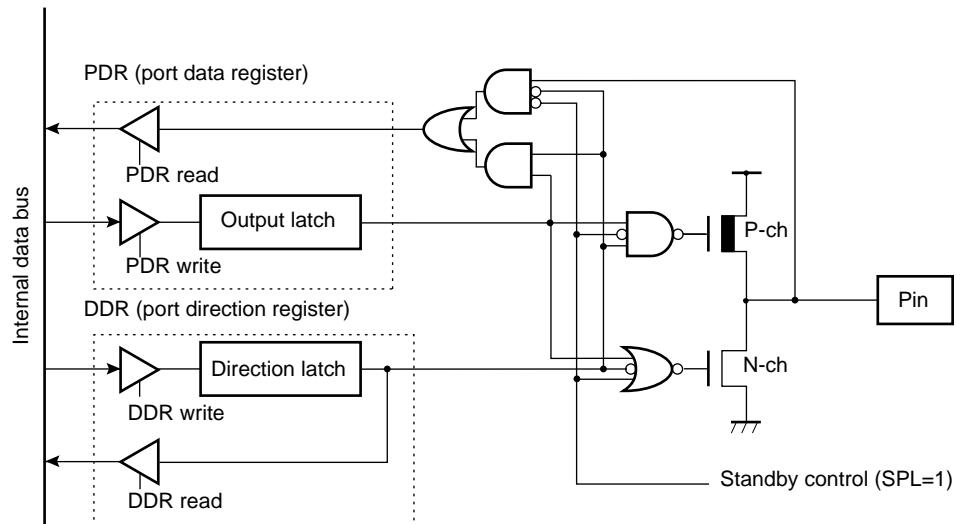
R/W:Readable and writable

—:Reserved

X:Undefined

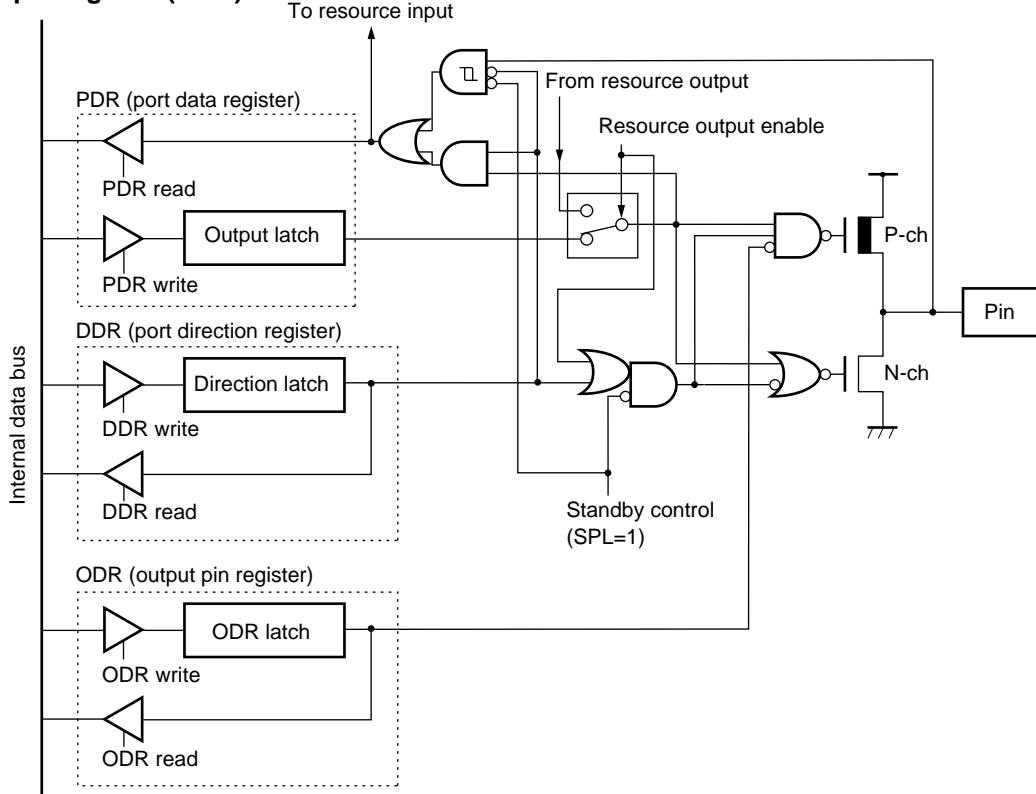
(3) Block Diagram

- Input/output port



Standby control: Stop, timebase timer mode and SPL=1, or hardware standby mode

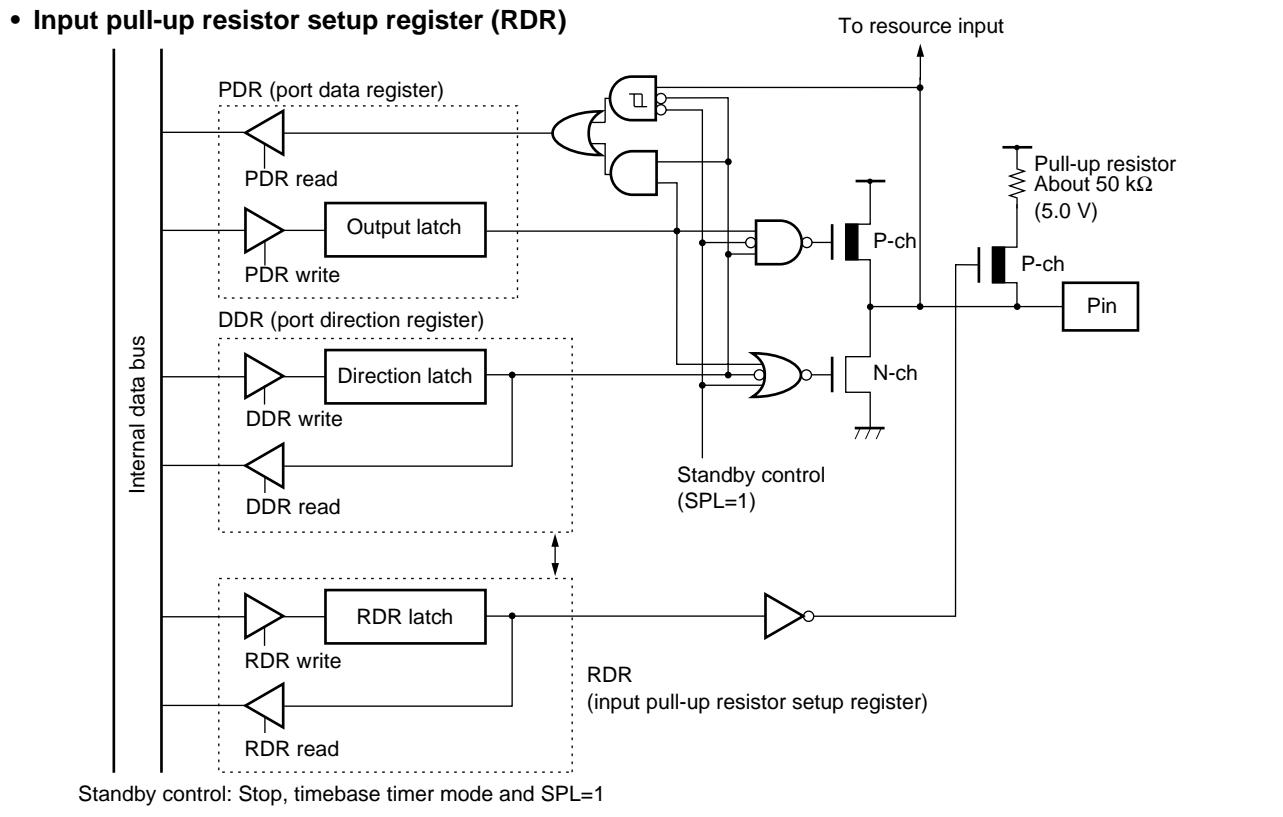
- Output pin register (ODR)



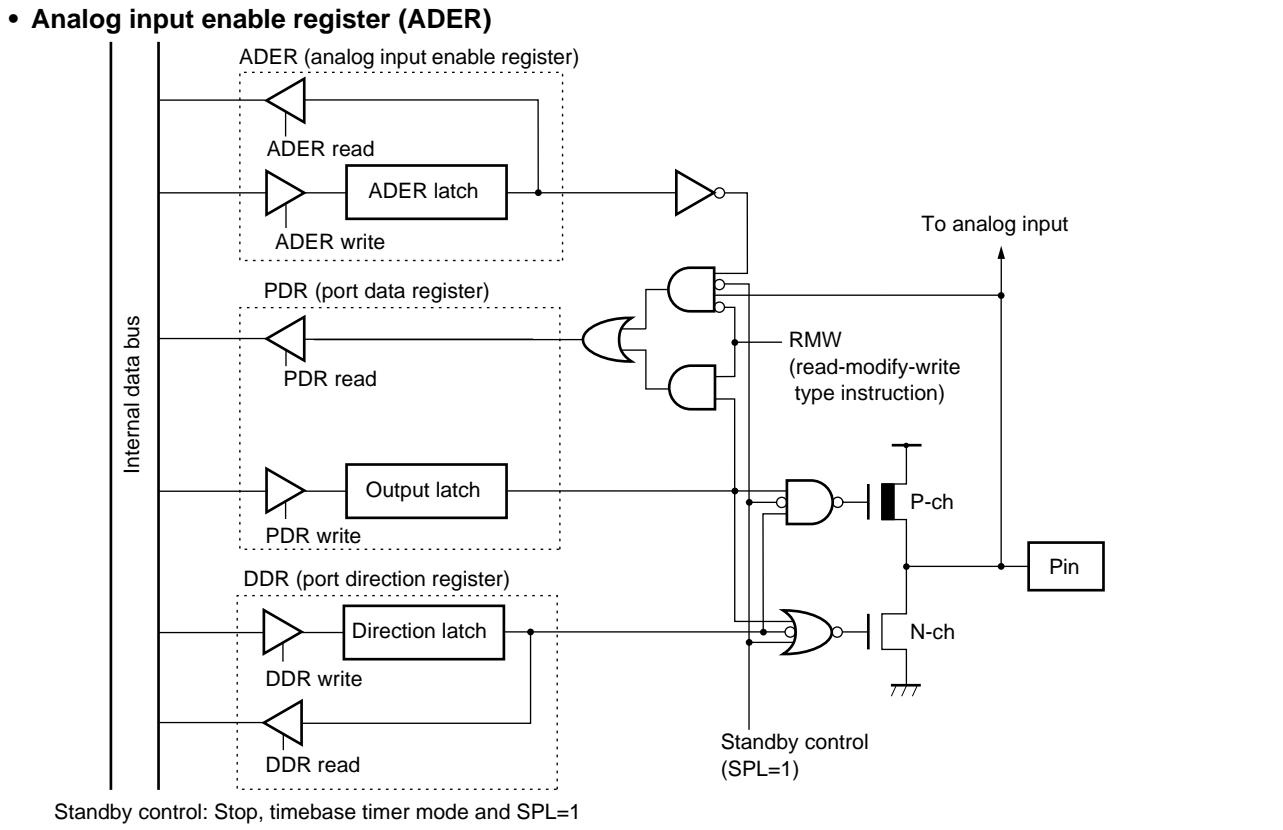
Standby control: Stop, timebase timer mode and SPL=1, or hardware standby mode

MB90570A/570C Series

- Input pull-up resistor setup register (RDR)



- Analog input enable register (ADER)



2. Timebase Timer

The timebase timer is a 18-bit free run counter (timebase counter) for counting up in synchronization to the internal count clock (divided-by-2 of oscillation) with an interval timer function for selecting an interval time from four types of $2^{12}/\text{HCLK}$, $2^{14}/\text{HCLK}$, $2^{16}/\text{HCLK}$, and $2^{19}/\text{HCLK}$.

The timebase timer also has a function for supplying operating clocks for the timer output for the oscillation stabilization time or the watchdog timer etc.

(1) Register Configuration

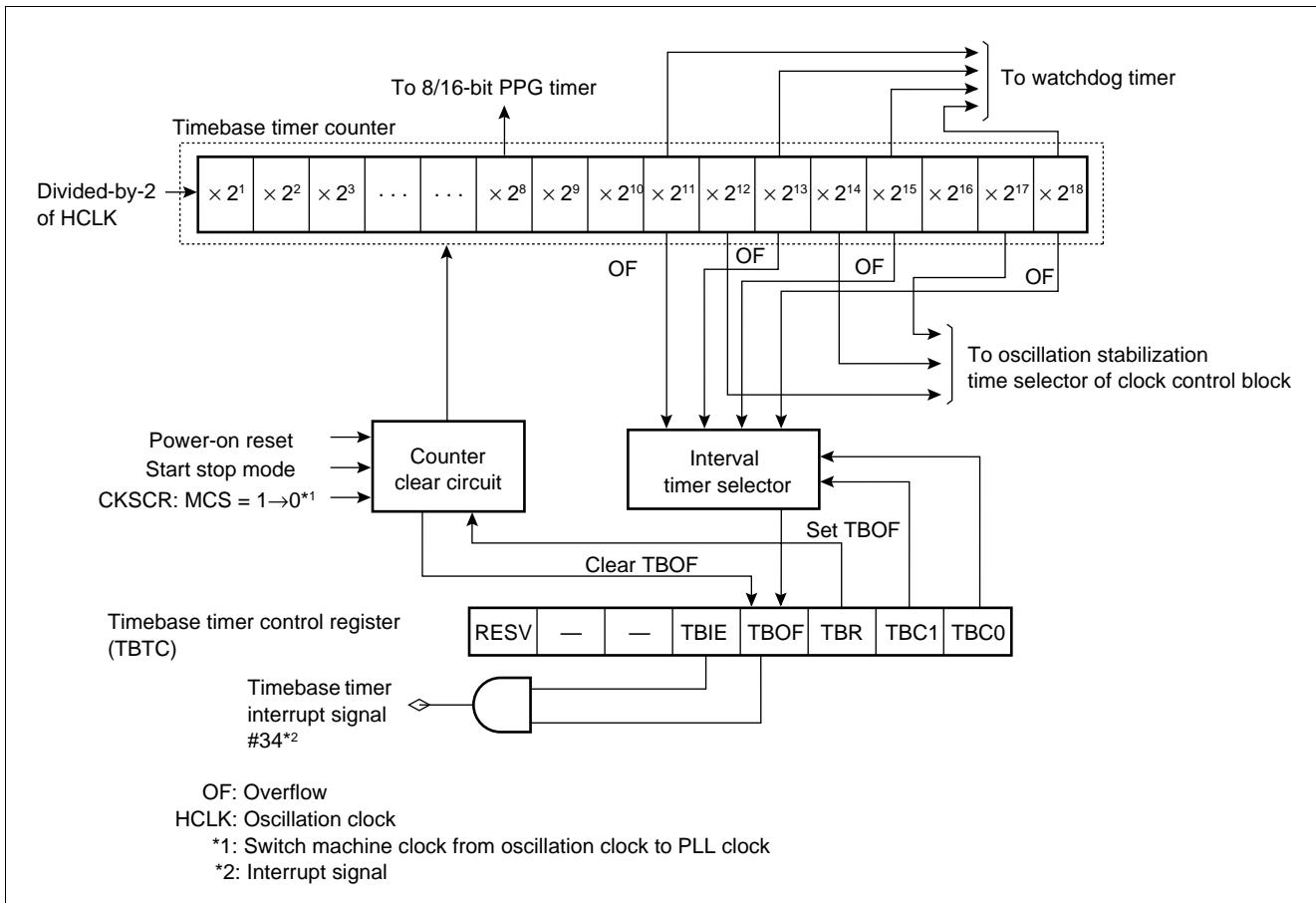
- Timebase timer control register (TBTC)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
0000A9H	RESV	—	—	TBIE	TBOF	TBR	TBC1	TBC0	—	—	—	(WDTC)

—: Readable and writable
W: Write only
—: Unused

RESV: Reserved bit

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

3. Watchdog Timer

The watchdog timer is a 2-bit counter operating with an output of the timebase timer and resets the CPU when the counter is not cleared for a preset period of time.

(1) Register Configuration

- Watchdog timer control register (WDTC)

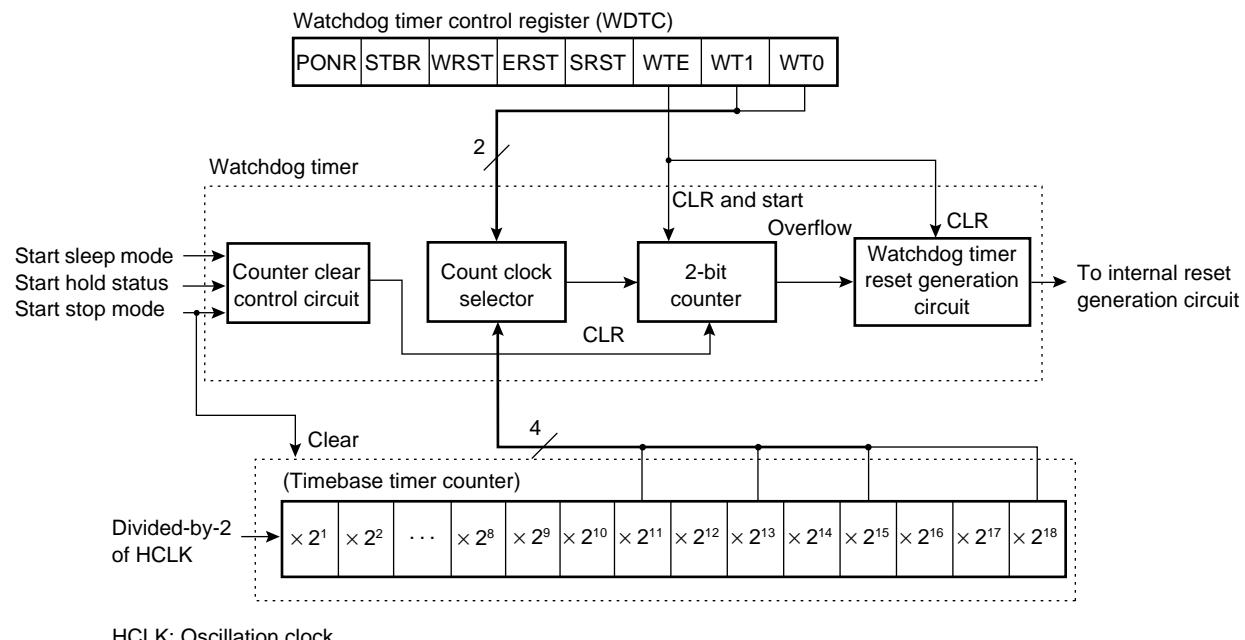
Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
0000A8H	(TBTC)		PONR	STBR	WRST	ERST	SRST	WTE	WT1	WT0		XXXXXXXXB

R:Read only

W:Write only

X:Indeterminate

(2) Block Diagram



4. 8/16-bit PPG Timer

The 8/16-bit PPG timer is a 2-CH reload timer module for outputting pulse having given frequencies/duty ratios.

The two modules performs the following operation by combining functions.

- 8-bit PPG output 2-CH independent operation mode

This is a mode for operating independent 2-CH 8-bit PPG timer, in which PPG0 and PPG1 pins correspond to outputs from PPG0 and PPG1 respectively.

- 16-bit PPG timer output operation mode

In this mode, PPG0 and PPG1 are combined to be operated as a 1-CH 8/16-bit PPG timer operating as a 16-bit timer. Because PPG0 and PPG1 outputs are reversed by an underflow from PPG1 outputting the same output pulses from PPG0 and PPG1 pins.

- 8 + 8-bit PPG timer output operation mode

In this mode, PPG0 is operated as an 8-bit communications prescaler, in which an underflow output of PPG0 is used as a clock source for PPG1. A toggle output of PPG0 and PPG output of PPG1 are output from PPG0 and PPG1 respectively.

- PPG output operation

A pulse wave with any period/duty ratio is output. The module can also be used as a D/A converter with an external add-on circuit.

MB90570A/570C Series

(1) Register Configuration

- PPG0 operating mode control register ch.0 (PPGC0)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000044H	(PPGC1)	PEN0	—	PE00	PIE0	PUF0	—	—	—	RESV	0X00XX1B

R/W — R/W R/W R/W R/W — — —

- PPG1 operating mode control register ch.1 (PPGC1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000045H	PEN1	—	PEI0	PIE1	PUF1	MD1	MD0	RESV	(PPGC0)		0X000001B

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- PPG0, 1 output control register ch.0, ch.1(PPGOE)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000046H	(Disabled)	PCS2	PCS1	PCS0	PCM2	PCM1	PCM0	—	—		000000XXB

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W — —

- PPG0 reload register H ch.0 (PRLH0)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000041H										(PRLL0)	XXXXXXXXB

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- PPG1 reload register H ch.1 (PRLH1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 0	Initial value
000043H										(PRLL1)	XXXXXXXXB

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- PPG0 reload register L ch.0 (PRLL0)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000040H	(PRLH0)										XXXXXXXXB

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- PPG1 reload register L ch.1 (PRLL1)

Address	bit 15	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000042H	(PRLH1)										XXXXXXXXB

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

R/W:Readable and writable

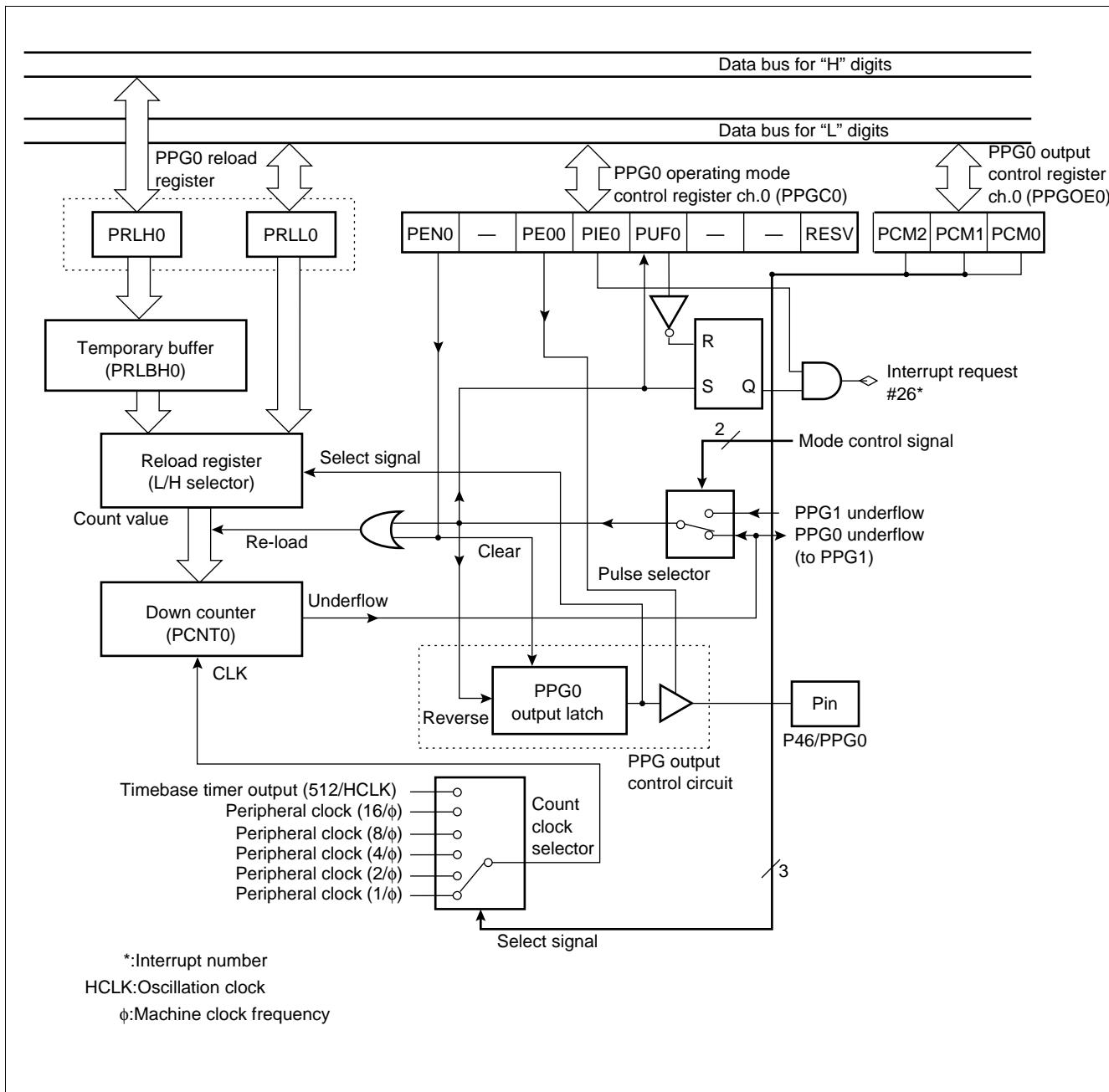
—:Reserved

X:Undefined

RESV: Reserved bit

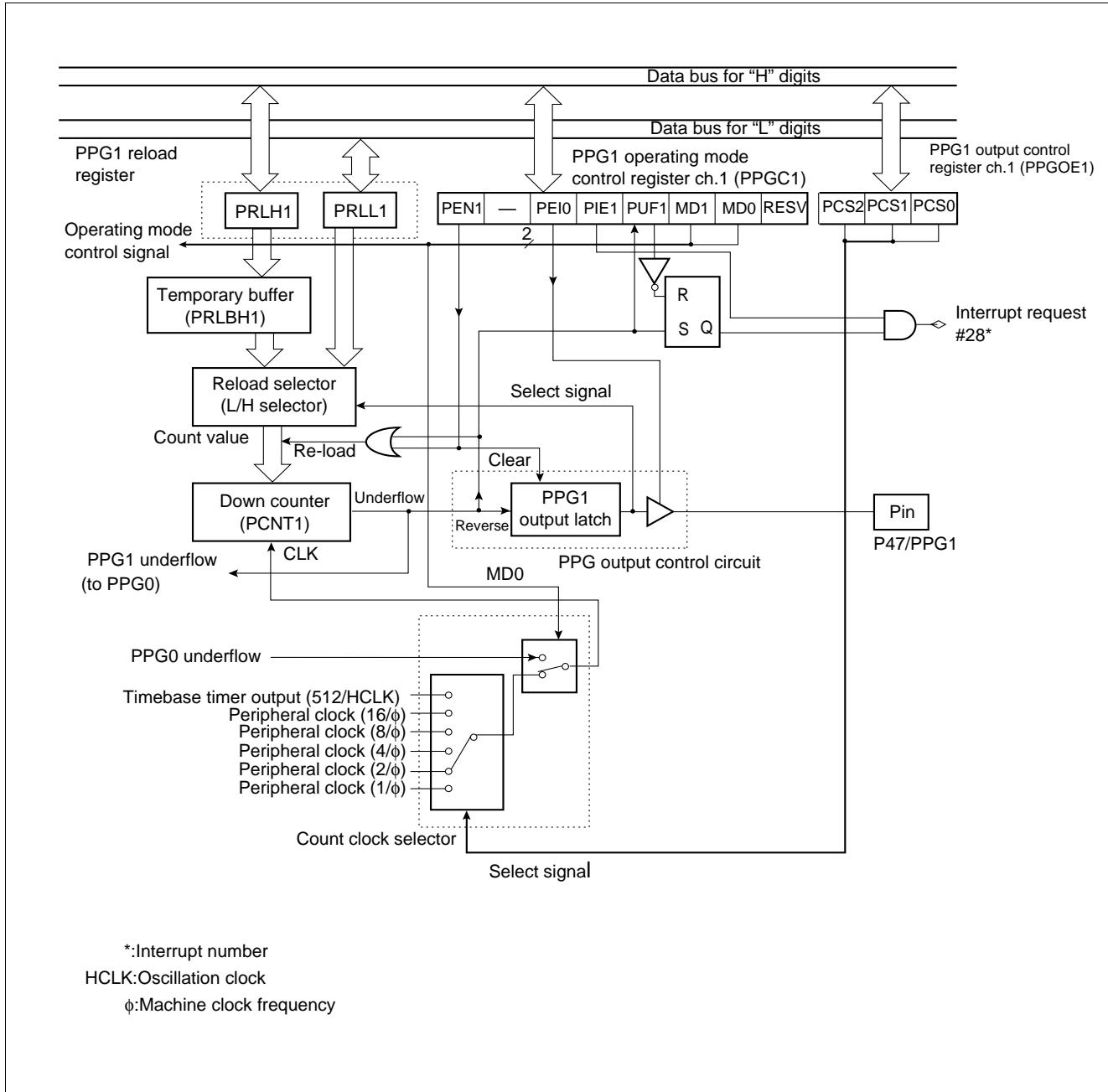
(2) Block Diagram

- Block diagram of 8/16-bit PPG timer (ch.0)



MB90570A/570C Series

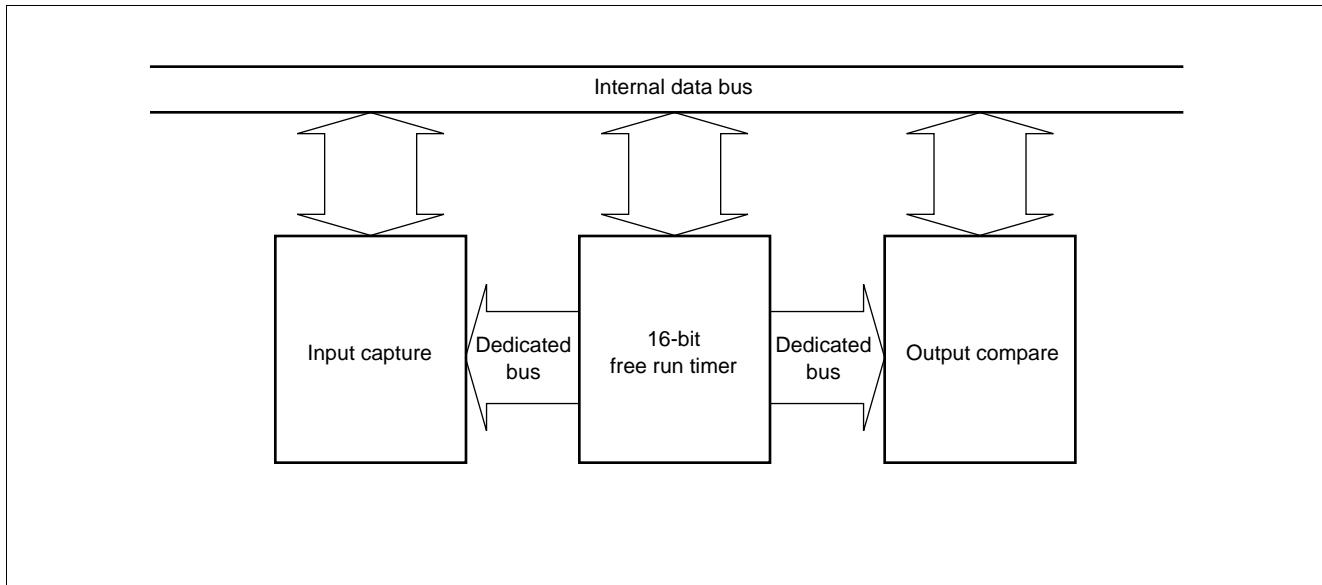
- Block diagram of 8/16-bit PPG timer (ch.1)



5. 16-bit I/O timer

The 16-bit I/O timer module consists of one 16-bit free run timer, two input capture circuits, and four output comparators. This module allows two independent waveforms to be output on the basis of the 16-bit free run timer. Input pulse width and external clock periods can, therefore, be measured.

- **Block Diagram**



MB90570A/570C Series

(1) 16-bit free run Timer

The 16-bit free run timer consists of a 16-bit up counter, a control register, and a communications prescaler register. The value output from the timer counter is used as basic timer (base timer) for input capture (ICU) and output compare (OCU).

- A counter operation clock can be selected from four internal clocks ($\phi/4$, $\phi/16$, $\phi/32$ and $\phi/64$).
- An interrupt can be generated by overflow of counter value or compare match with OCU compare register 0. (Compare match requires mode setup.)
- The counter value can be initialized to “0000H” by a reset, software clear or compare match with OCU compare register 0.

• Register Configuration

• free run timer data register (TCDT)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000056H	T15	T14	T13	T12	T11	T10	T9	T8	T7	T6	T5	T4	T3	T2	T1	T0	00000000B
000057H	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	00000000B

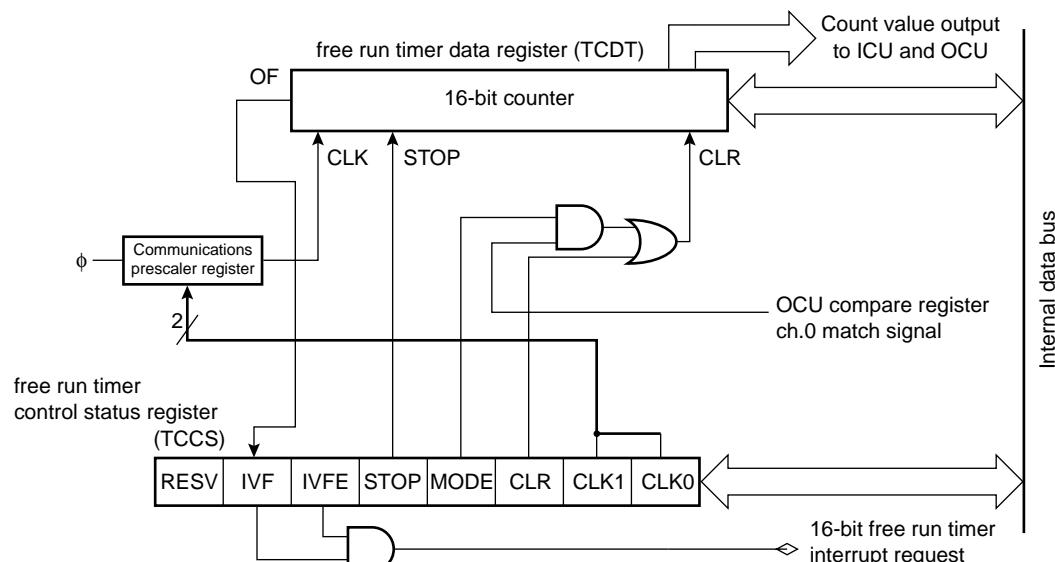
• free run timer control status register (TCCS)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000058H	(Disabled)		RESV	IVF	IVFE	STOP	MODE	CLR	CLK1	CLK0		00000000B

R/W: Readable and writable

RESV: Reserved bit

• Block Diagram



*:Interrupt number

φ:Machine clock frequency

OF:Overflow

(2) Input Capture (ICU)

The input capture (ICU) generates an interrupt request to the CPU simultaneously with a storing operation of current counter value of the 16-bit free run timer to the ICU data register (IPCP) upon an input of a trigger edge to the external pin.

There are four sets (four channels) of the input capture external pins and ICU data registers, enabling measurements of maximum of four events.

- The input capture has two sets of external input pins (IN0, IN1) and ICU registers (IPCP), enabling measurements of maximum of four events.
- A trigger edge direction can be selected from rising/falling/both edges.
- The input capture can be set to generate an interrupt request at the storage timing of the counter value of the 16-bit free run timer to the ICU data register (IPCP).
- The input compare conforms to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS).
- The input capture (ICU) function is suited for measurements of intervals (frequencies) and pulse widths.

• Register Configuration

• ICU data register ch.0, ch.1 (IPCP0, IPCP1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	.....	bit 0	Initial value
IPCP0(high): 000051 _H	CP15	CP14	CP13	CP12	CP11	CP10	CP09	CP08	(IPCP0 low, IPCP1 low)	.....	.....	.....	XXXXXX _B
IPCP1(high): 000053 _H	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
IPCP0(low): 000050 _H	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	XXXXXX _B
IPCP1(low): 000052 _H	(IPCP0 high, IPCP1 high)	CP07	CP06	CP05	CP04	CP03	CP02	CP01	CP00	R	R

Note: This register holds a 16-bit free run timer value when the valid edge of the corresponding external pin input waveform is detected. (You can word-access this register, but you cannot program it.)

• ICU control status register (ICS01)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000054 _H	(Disabled)	ICP1	ICP0	ICE1	ICE0	EG11	EG10	EG01	EG00	.....	00000000 _B

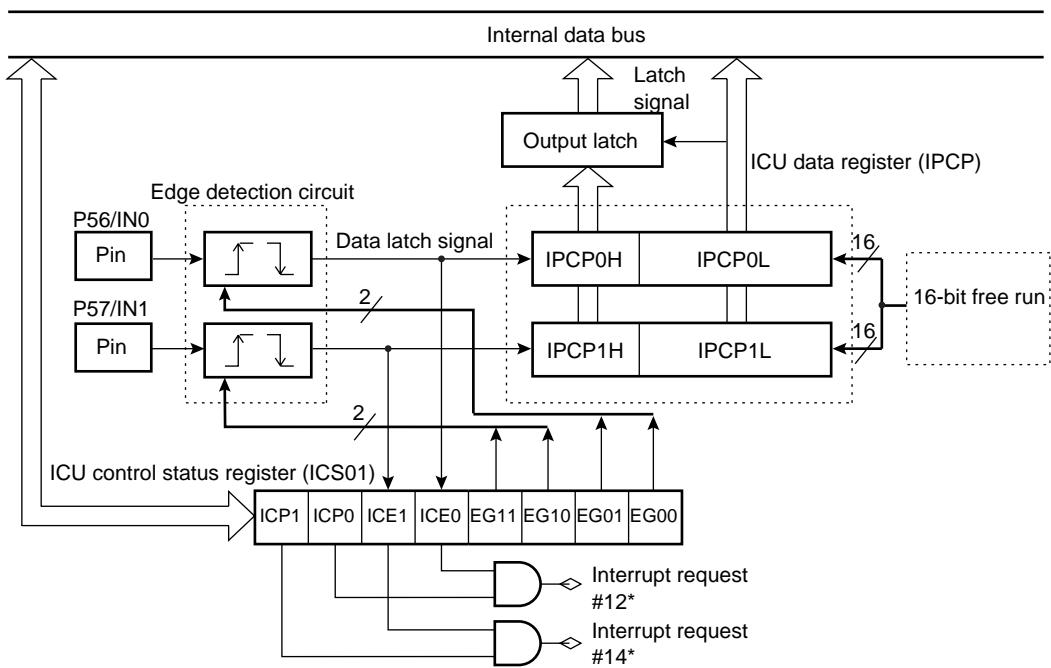
R/W:Readable and writable

R:Read only

X:Undefined

MB90570A/570C Series

- Block Diagram



*: Interrupt number

(3) Output Compare (OCU)

The output compare (OCU) is two sets of compare units consisting of four-channel OCU compare registers, a comparator and a control register.

An interrupt request can be generated for each channel upon a match detection by performing time-division comparison between the OCU compare data register setting value and the counter value of the 16-bit free run timer.

The OUT pin can be used as a waveform output pin for reversing output upon a match detection or a general-purpose output port for directly outputting the setting value of the CMOD bit.

- **Register Configuration**

- OCU control status register ch.1, ch.3 (OCS1, OCS3)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7.....	bit 0	Initial value
000063H	—	—	—	CMOD	OTE1	OTE0	OTD1	OTD0	.....	(OCS0, OCS2)	---00000B
000065H	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	.....	

- OCU control status register ch.0, ch.2 (OCS0, OCS2)

Address	bit 15.....bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000062H	(OCS1, OCS3)	ICP1	ICP0	ICE1	ICE0	—	—	CST1	CST0	0000--00B
000064H	.....	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	—	—	R/W	R/W	

- OCU compare register ch.0 to ch.3 (OCCP0 to OCCP3)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	Initial value
OCCP0 (high order address): 00005BH	C15	C14	C13	C12	C11	C10	C09	C08	XXXXXXXXB
OCCP1 (high order address): 00005DH	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
OCCP2 (high order address): 00005FH	.....							
OCCP3 (high order address): 000061H									

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
OCCP0 (low order address): 00005AH	C07	C06	C05	C04	C03	C02	C01	C00	XXXXXXXXB
OCCP1 (low order address): 00005CH	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
OCCP2 (low order address): 00005EH	.....							
OCCP3 (low order address): 000060H									

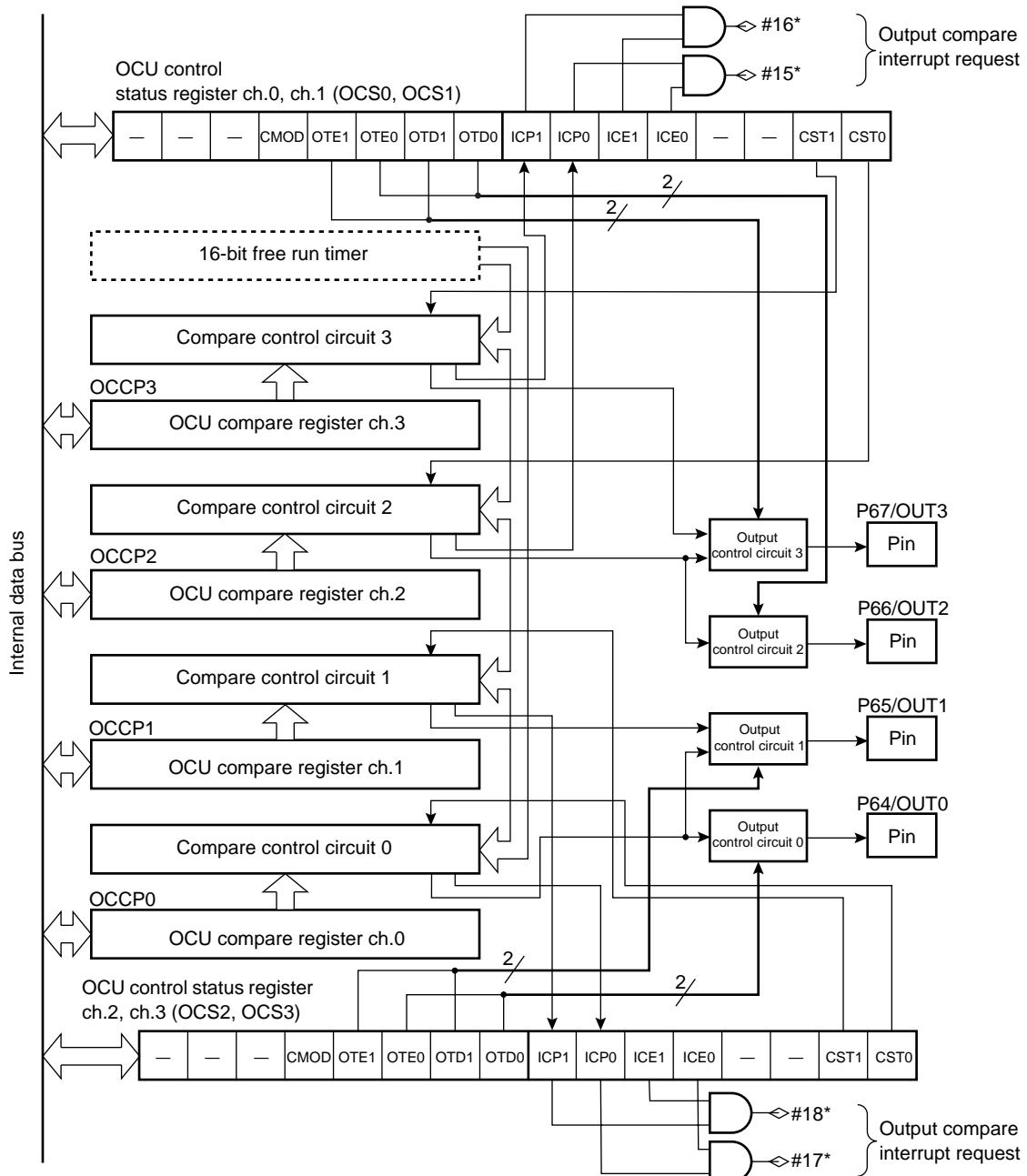
R/W:Readable and writable

—:Reserved

X:Undefined

MB90570A/570C Series

- Block diagram



*: Interrupt number

6. 8/16-bit up/down counter/timer

The 8/16-bit up/down counter/timer consists of six event input pins, two 8-bit up/down counters, two 8-bit reload compare registers, and their controllers.

(1) Register configuration

• Up/down count register 0 (UDCR0)	Address 000070H	bit 15 bit 8 bit 7 bit 6 bit 5 bit 4 bit 3 bit 2 bit 1 bit 0 (UDCR1) D07 D06 D05 D04 D03 D02 D01 D00 R R R R R R R R R	Initial value 00000000B
• Up/down count register 1 (UDCR1)	Address 000071H	bit 15 bit 14 bit 13 bit 12 bit 11 bit 10 bit 9 bit 8 bit 7 bit 0 D17 D16 D15 D14 D13 D12 D11 D10 (UDCR0) R R R R R R R R R	Initial value 00000000B
• Reload compare register 0 (RCR0)	Address 000072H	bit 15 bit 8 bit 7 bit 6 bit 5 bit 4 bit 3 bit 2 bit 1 bit 0 (RCR1) D07 D06 D05 D04 D03 D02 D01 D00 W W W W W W W W W W	Initial value 00000000B
• Reload compare register 1 (RCR1)	Address 000073H	bit 15 bit 14 bit 13 bit 12 bit 11 bit 10 bit 9 bit 8 bit 7 bit 0 D17 D16 D15 D14 D13 D12 D11 D10 (RCR0) W W W W W W W W W W	Initial value 00000000B
• Counter status register 0, 1 (CSR0, CSR1)	Address 000074H 000078H	bit 15 bit 8 bit 7 bit 6 bit 5 bit 4 bit 3 bit 2 bit 1 bit 0 (Reserved area) CSTR CITE UDIE CMPF OVFF UDFF UDF1 UDF0 R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R R R	Initial value 00000000B
• Counter control register 0, 1 (CCRL0, CCRL1)	Address 000076H 00007AH	bit 15 bit 8 bit 7 bit 6 bit 5 bit 4 bit 3 bit 2 bit 1 bit 0 (CCRH0, CCRH1) — CTUT UCRE RLDE UDCC CGSC CGE1 CGEO — R/W	Initial value -00000000B
• Counter control register 0 (CCRH0)	Address 000077H	bit 15 bit 14 bit 13 bit 12 bit 11 bit 10 bit 9 bit 8 bit 7 bit 0 M16E CDCF CFIE CLKS CMS1 CMS0 CES1 CES0 (CCRL0) R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W	Initial value 00000000B
• Counter control register 1 (CCRH1)	Address 00007BH	bit 15 bit 14 bit 13 bit 12 bit 11 bit 10 bit 9 bit 8 bit 7 bit 0 — CDCF CFIE CLKS CMS1 CMS0 CES1 CES0 (CCRL1) — R/W	Initial value -00000000B

R/W:Readable and writable

R:Read only

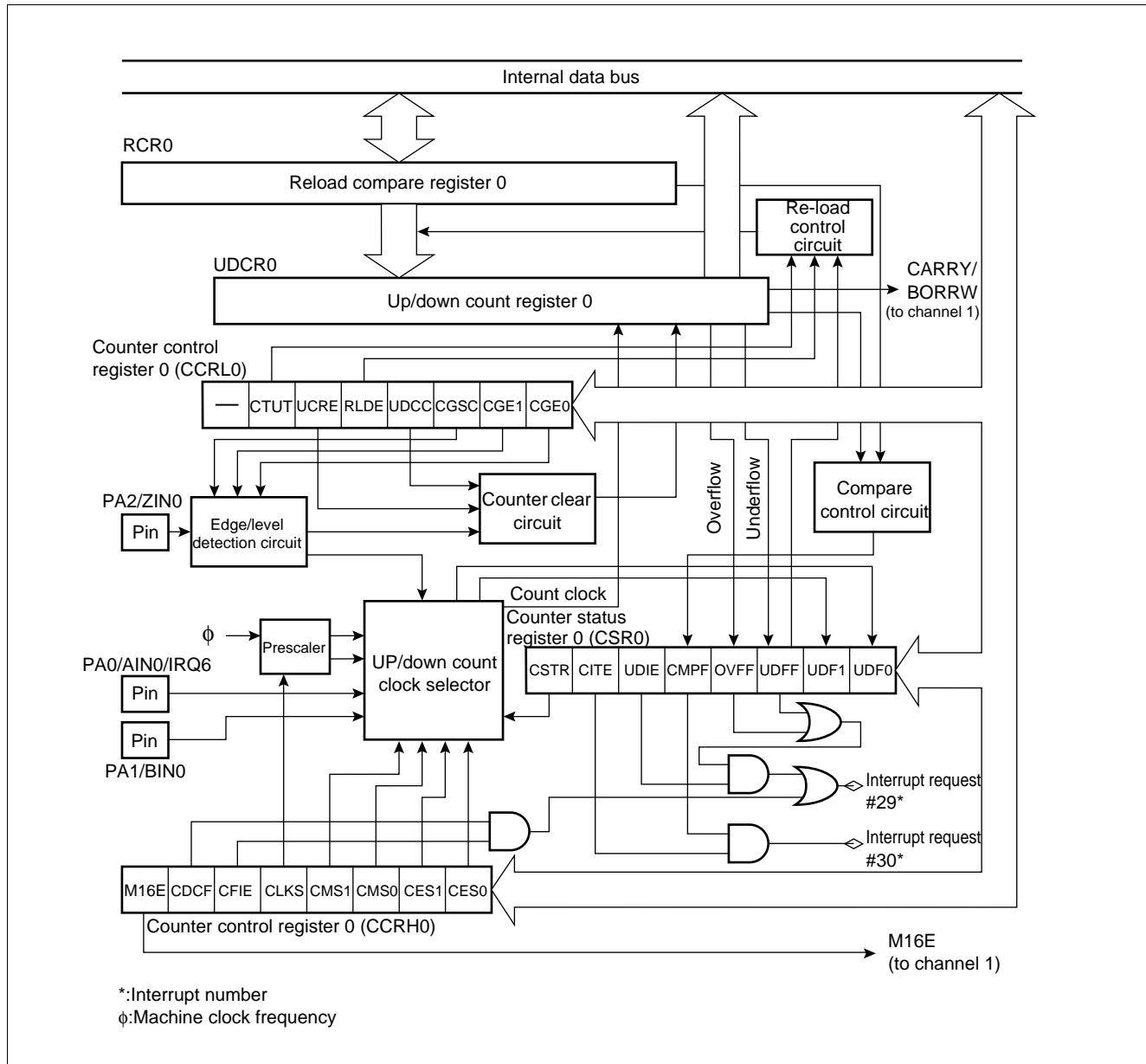
W:Write only

—:Undefined

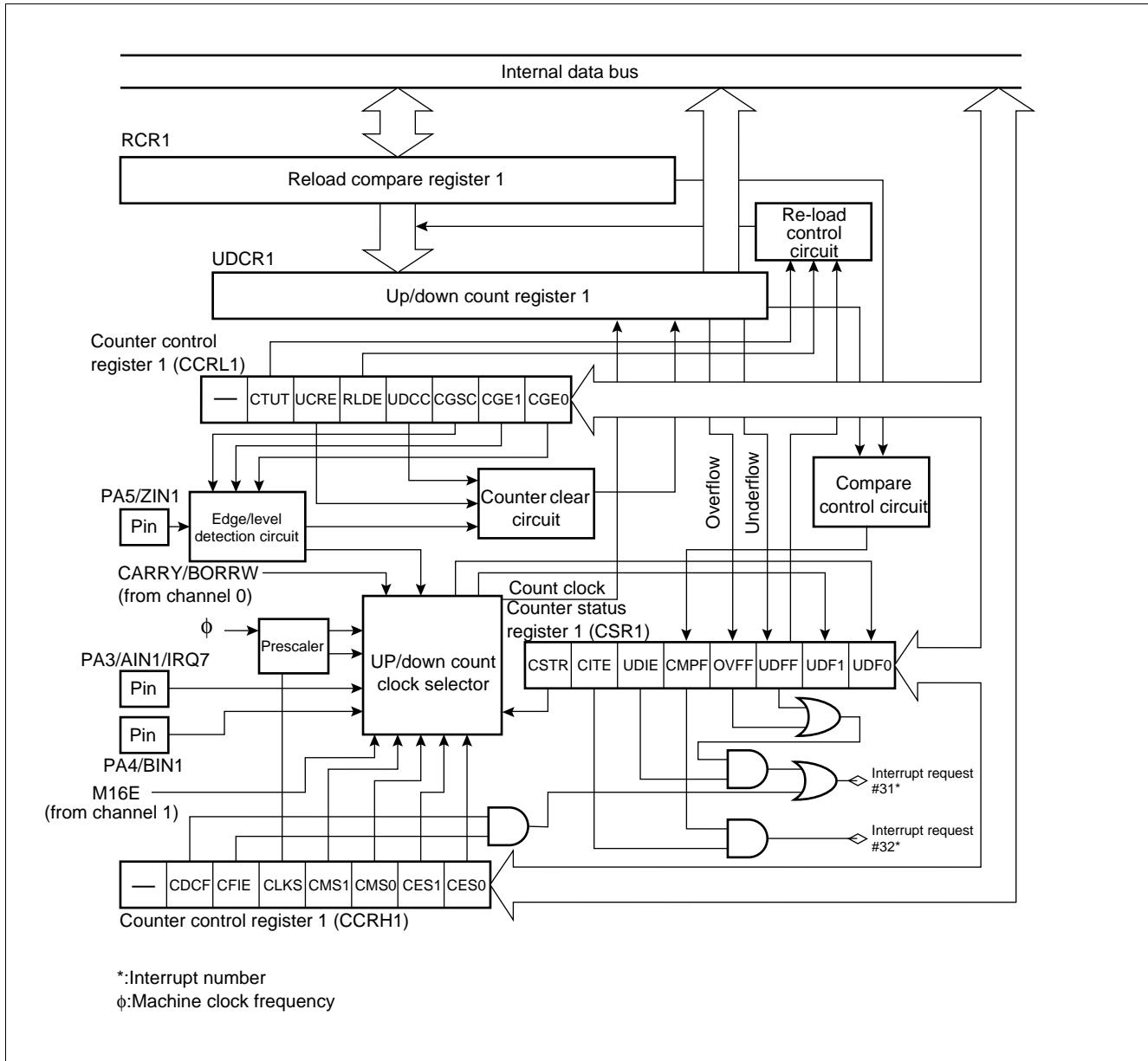
MB90570A/570C Series

(2) Block Diagram

- Block diagram of 8/16-bit up/down counter/timer 0



- Block diagram of 8/16-bit up/down counter/timer 1



*:Interrupt number

φ:Machine clock frequency

MB90570A/570C Series

7. Extended I/O serial interface

The extended I/O serial interface transfers data using a clock synchronization system having an 8-bit x 1 channel configuration.

For data transfer, you can select LSB first/MSB first.

(1) Register Configuration

- Serial mode control upper status register 0 to 2 (SMCSH0 to SMCSH2)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
SMCSH0: 000049 _H	SMD2	SMD1	SMD0	SIE	SIR	BUSY	STOP	STRT	(SMCSL)	.....	.....	00000010 _B
SMCSH1: 00004D _H	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	R/W	.....	.....	.....	.....
SMCSH2: 00007D _H	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

- Serial mode control lower status register 0 to 2 (SMCSL0 to SMCSL2)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
SMCSL0: 000048 _H	(SMCSH)	—	—	—	—	—	MODE	BDS	SOE	SCOE	.....	- - - 0000 _B
SMCSL1: 00004C _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	.....	.....
SMCSL2: 00007C _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	.....	.....

- Serial data register 0 to 2 (SDR0 to SDR2)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
SDR0: 00004A _H	(Disabled)	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	.....	.....	XXXXXXX _B
SDR1: 00004E _H	—	R/W							
SDR2: 00007E _H	—	R/W							

R/W:Readable and writable

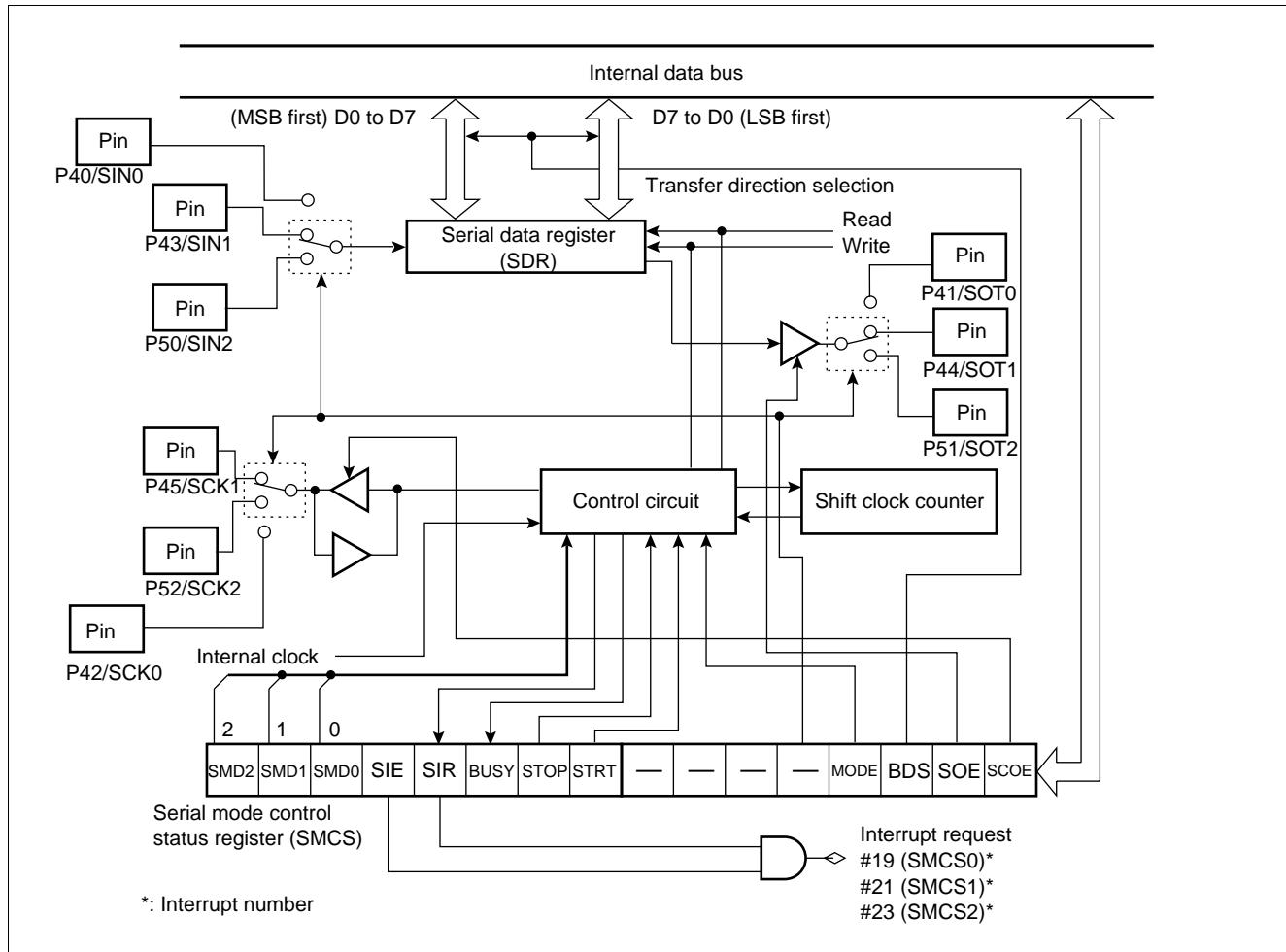
R:Read only

—:Reserved

X:Undefined

MB90570A/570C Series

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

8. I²C Interface

The I²C interface is a serial I/O port supporting Inter IC BUS operating as master/slave devices on I²C bus.

The MB90570A/570C series contains one channel of an I²C interface, having the following features.

- Master/slave transmission/reception
- Arbitration function
- Clock synchronization function
- Slave address/general call address detection function
- Transmission direction detection function
- Repeated generation function start condition and detection function
- Bus error detection function

(1) Register Configuration

- I²C bus status register (IBSR)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000068H		(IBCR)		BB	RSC	AL	LRB	TRX	AAS	GCA	FBT	00000000B

- I²C bus control register (IBCR)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000069H		BER	BEIE	SCC	MSS	ACK	GCAA	INTE	INT		(IBSR)	00000000B

- I²C bus clock control register (ICCR)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00006AH		(IADR)		—	—	EN	CS4	CS3	CS2	CS1	CS0	--0XXXXXXB

- I²C bus address register (IADR)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
00006BH	—	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0		(ICCR)		-XXXXXXXXB

- I²C bus data register (IDAR)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00006CH		(Disabled)		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	XXXXXXXXB

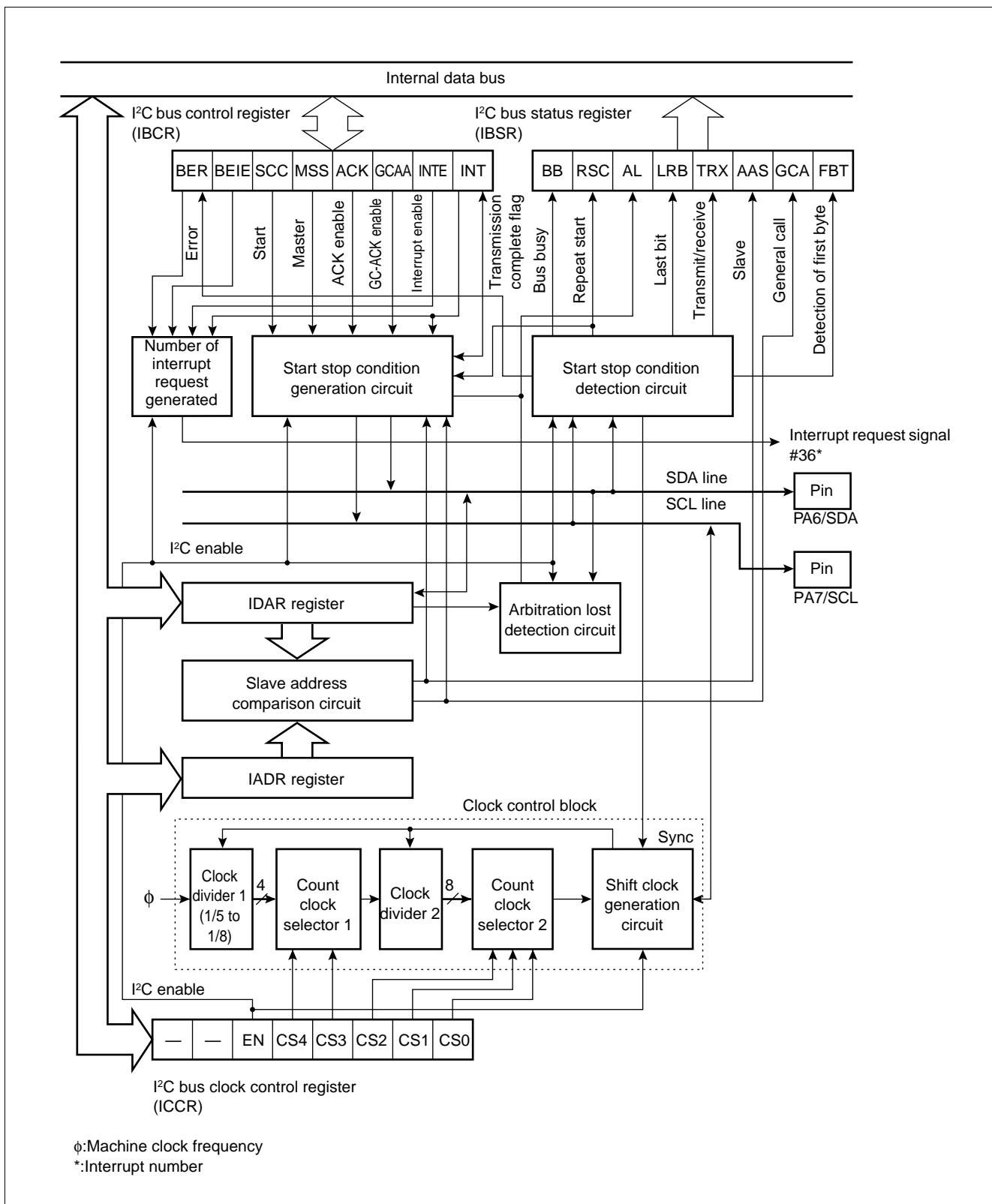
R/W: Readable and writable

R: Read only

—: Reserved

X: Indeterminate

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

9. UART0 (SCI), UART1 (SCI)

UART0 (SCI) and UART1 (SCI) are general-purpose serial data communication interfaces for performing synchronous or asynchronous communication (start-stop synchronization system).

- Data buffer: Full-duplex double buffer
- Transfer mode: Clock synchronized (with start and stop bit)
Clock asynchronous (start-stop synchronization system)
- Baud rate: Embedded dedicated baud rate generator
 - External clock input possible
 - Internal clock (a clock supplied from 8-bit PPG timer ch1 or 16-bit PPG timer can be used.)
 - Asynchronization 9615 bps/31250 bps/4808 bps/2404 bps/1202 bps } Internal machine clock
 - CLK synchronization 1 Mbps/500 kbps/250 kbps/125 kbps/62.5 kbps } For 6 MHz, 8 MHz, 10 MHz
12 MHz and 16 MHz
- Data length: 7 bit to 9 bit selective (without a parity bit)
6 bit to 8 bit selective (with a parity bit)
- Signal format: NRZ (Non Return to Zero) system
- Reception error detection: Framing error
 - Overrun error
 - Parity error (multi-processor mode is supported, enabling setup of any baud rate by an external clock.)
- Interrupt request: Receive interrupt (receive complete, receive error detection)
 - Transmit interrupt (transmission complete)
 - Transmit/receive conforms to extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS)

(1) Register Configuration

- Serial control register 0,1 (SCR0, SCR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000021 _H	PEN	P	SBL	CL	A/D	REC	RXE	TXE	(SMR0, SMR1)			00000100 _B
000025 _H	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	W	R/W	R/W	R/W			

- Serial mode register 0, 1 (SMR0, SMR1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000020 _H	(SCR0, SCR1)		MD1	MD0	CS2	CS1	CS0	RESV	SCKE	SOE		00000000 _B
000024 _H			R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	

- Serial status register 0,1 (SSR0, SSR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000023 _H	PE	ORE	FRE	RDRF	TRDE	—	RIE	TIE	(SIDR0, SODR1/SODR0,SODR1)			00001 - 00 _B
000027 _H	R	R	R	R	R	—	R/W	R/W				

- Serial input data register 0,1 (SIDR0, SIDR1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000022 _H	(SSR0, SSR1)		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		XXXXXXXXX _B
000026 _H			R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

- Serial output data register 0,1 (SODR0, SODR1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000022 _H	(SSR0, SSR1)		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		XXXXXXXXX _B
000026 _H			W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	

- Communications prescaler control register 0,1 (CDCR0, CDCR1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000028 _H	(Disabled)		MD	—	—	—	—	DIV3	DIV2	DIV1	DIV0	0 --- 1111 _B
00002A _H			R/W	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	

R/W :Readable and writable

R :Read only

W :Write only

— :Reserved

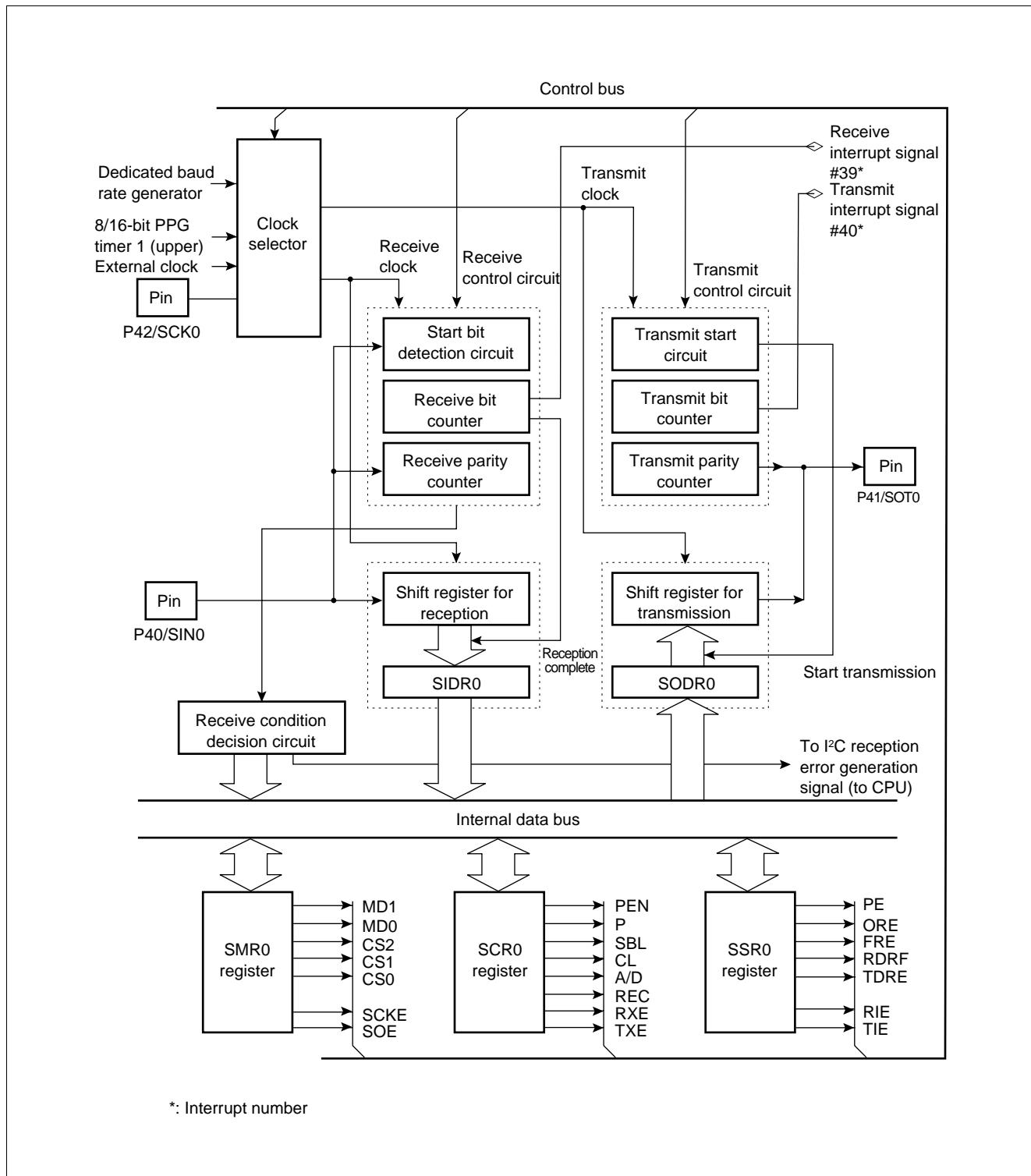
X :Undefined

RESV: Reserved bit

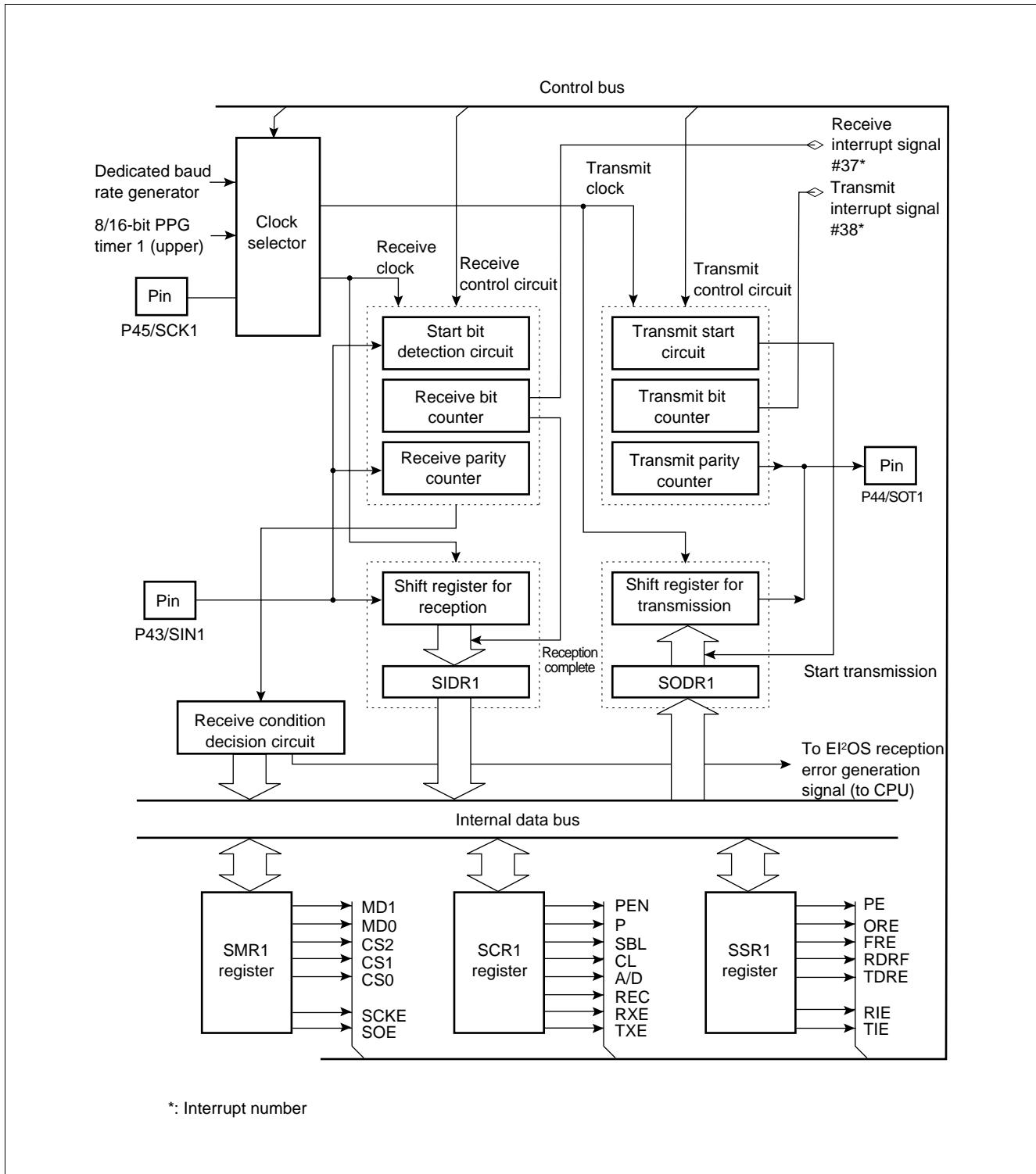
MB90570A/570C Series

(2) Block Diagram

- UART0 (SCI)



- UART1 (SCI)



MB90570A/570C Series

10. DTP/External Interrupt Circuit

DTP (Data Transfer Peripheral), which is located between the peripheral circuit outside the device and the F²MC-16LX CPU, receives an interrupt request or DMA request generated by the external peripheral circuit* for transmission to the F²MC-16LX CPU. DTP is used to activate the intelligent I/O service or interrupt processing. As request levels for IRQ2 to IRQ7, two types of "H" and "L" can be selected for the intelligent I/O service. Rising and falling edges as well as "H" and "L" can be selected for an external interrupt request. For IRQ0 and IRQ1, a request by a level cannot be entered, but both edges can be entered.

* : The external peripheral circuit is connected outside the MB90570A/570C series device.

Note : IRQ0 and IRQ1 cannot be used for the intelligent I/O service and return from an interrupt.

(1) Register Configuration

- DTP/interrupt factor register (EIRR)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000031H	ER7	ER6	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0				XXXXXXXXB

R/W R/W

- DTP/interrupt enable register (ENIR)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000030H		(EIRR)		EN7	EN6	EN5	EN4	EN3	EN2	EN1	EN0	00000000B

R/W R/W

- Request level setting register (ELVR)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
Low order address 000032H		(ELVR upper)		LB3	LA3	LB2	LA2	LB1	LA1	LB0	LA0	00000000B

R/W R/W

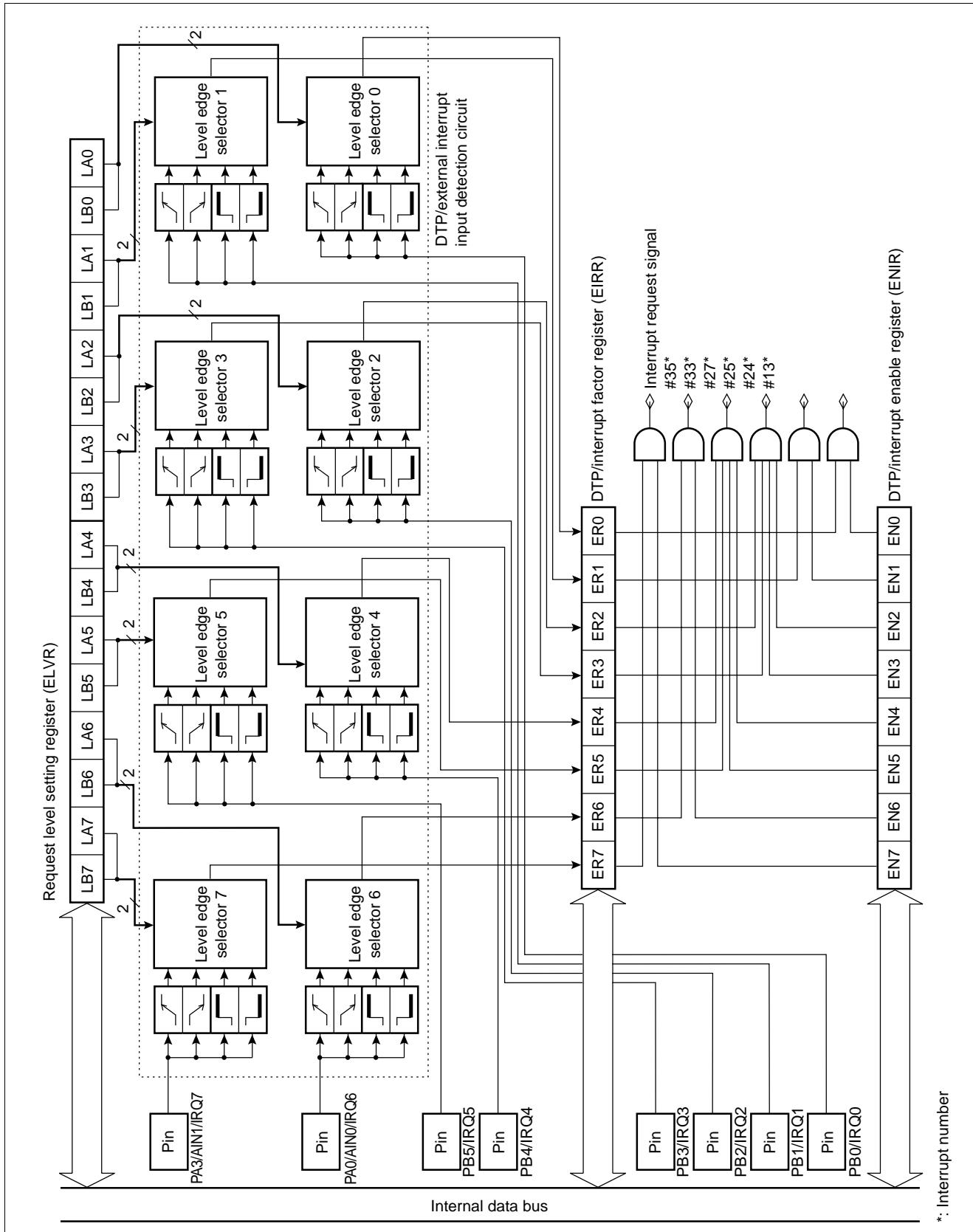
Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
High order address 000033H	LB7	LA7	LB6	LA6	LB5	LA5	LB4	LA4		(ELVR lower)		00000000B

R/W R/W

R/W:Readable and writable

X:Undefined

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

11. Delayed Interrupt Generation Module

The delayed interrupt generation module generates interrupts for switching tasks for development on a real-time operating system (REALOS series). The module can be used to generate softwarewise generates hardware interrupt requests to the CPU and cancel the interrupts.

This module does not conform to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS).

(1) Register Configuration

- Delayed interrupt factor generation/cancellation register (DIRR)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
00009F _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	R0	(PACSR)	—	—	0B

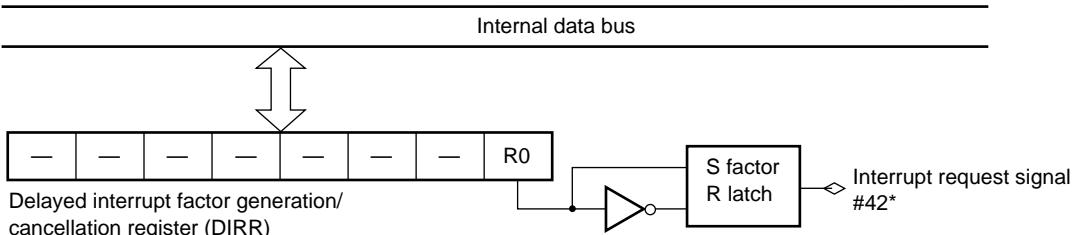
Note: Upon a reset, an interrupt is canceled.

R/W:Readable and writable

—:Reserved

The DIRR is the register used to control delay interrupt request generation/cancellation. Programming this register with “1” generates a delay interrupt request. Programming this register with “0” cancels a delay interrupt request. Upon a reset, an interrupt is canceled. The reserved bit area can be programmed with either “0” or “1”. For future extension, however, it is recommended that bit set and clear instructions be used to access this register.

(2) Block Diagram



*: Interrupt number

12. 8/10-bit A/D Converter

The 8/10-bit A/D converter has a function of converting analog voltage input to the analog input pins (input voltage) to digital values (A/D conversion) and has the following features.

- Minimum conversion time: 26.3 μ s (at machine clock of 16 MHz, including sampling time)
- Minimum sampling time: 4 μ s/256 μ s (at machine clock of 16 MHz)
- Compare time: 176/352 machine cycles per channel (176 machine cycles are used for a machine clock below 8 MHz.)
- Conversion method: RC successive approximation method with a sample and hold circuit.
- 8-bit or 10-bit resolution
- Analog input pins: Selectable from eight channels by software
Single conversion mode: Selects and converts one channel.
Scan conversion mode: Converts two or more successive channels. Up to eight channels can be programmed.
Continuous conversion mode: Repeatedly converts specified channels.
Stop conversion mode: Stops conversion after completing a conversion for one channel and wait for the next activation (conversion can be started synchronously.)
- Interrupt requests can be generated and the extended intelligent I/O service (EI²OS) can be started after the end of A/D conversion. Furthermore, A/D conversion result data can be transferred to the memory, enabling efficient continuous processing.
- When interrupts are enabled, there is no loss of data even in continuous operations because the conversion data protection function is in effect.
- Starting factors for conversion: Selected from software activation, and external trigger (falling edge).

MB90570A/570C Series

(1) Register Configuration

- A/D control status register upper digits (ADCS2)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000037H	BUSY	INT	INTE	PAUS	STS1	STS0	STRT	RESV		(ADCS1)		00000000B

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W W R/W

- A/D control status register lower digits (ADCS1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000036H	(ADCS2)		MD1	MD0	ANS2	ANS1	ANS0	ANE2	ANE1	ANE0		00000000B

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- A/D data register upper digits (ADCR2)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
000039H	DSEL	ST1	ST0	CT1	XCT0	—	D9	D8		(ADCR1)		00001-XXB

W W W W W — — —

- A/D data register lower digits (ADCR1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000038H	(ADCR2)		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		XXXXXXXXXBX

R R R R R R R R R R

R/W :Readable and writable

R :Read only

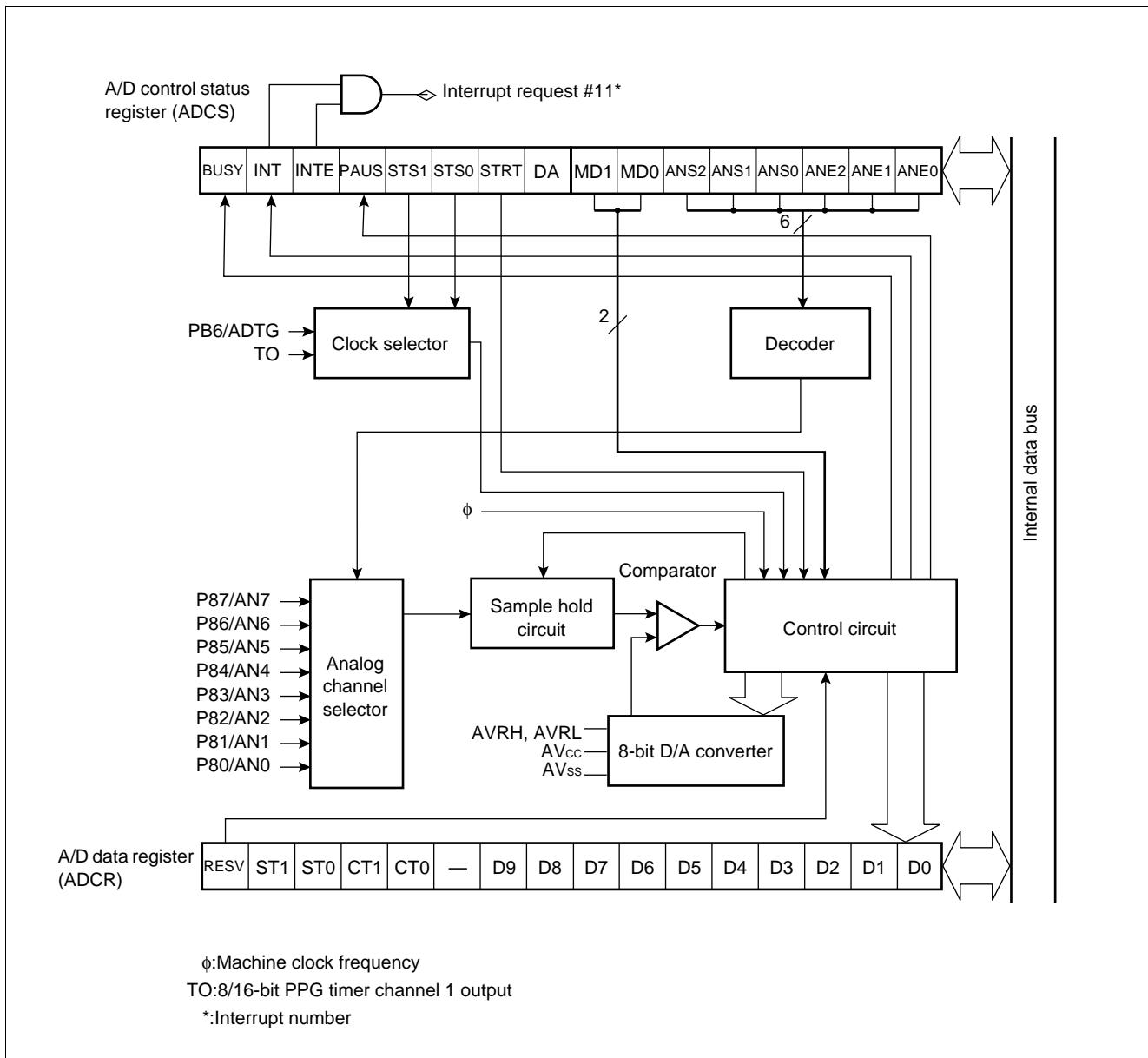
W :Write only

— :Reserved

X :Undefined

RESV: Reserved bit

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

13. 8-bit D/A Converter

The 8-bit D/A converter, which is based on the R-2R system, supports 8-bit resolution mode. It contains two channels each of which can be controlled in terms of output by the D/A control register.

(1) Register Configuration

- D/A converter data register ch.0 (DADR0)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00003A _H	(DADR1)		DA07	DA06	DA05	DA04	DA03	DA02	DA01	DA00		XXXXXXXXX _B

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- D/A converter data register ch.1 (DADR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
00003B _H	DA17	DA16	DA15	DA14	DA13	DA12	DA11	DA10		(DADR0)		XXXXXXXXX _B

R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W

- D/A control register 0 (DACR0)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00003C _H	(DACR1)		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE0	-----0 _B

— — — — — — — — — — R/W

- D/A control register 1 (DACR1)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
00003D _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DAE1	(DACR0)		-----0 _B

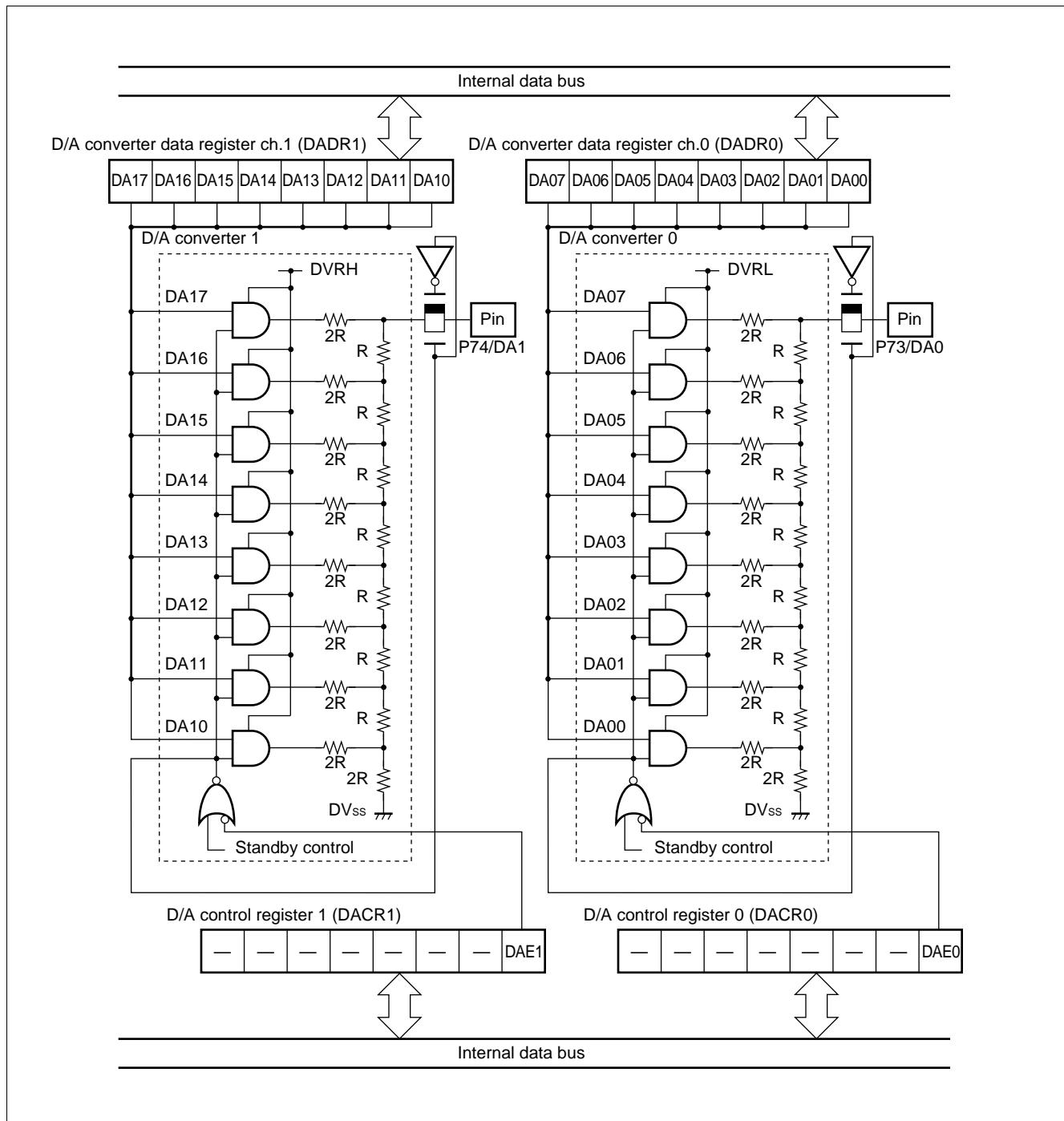
— — — — — — — — — — R/W

R/W:Readable and writable

—:Reserved

X:Undefined

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

14. Watch Timer

The watch timer control register (WTC) controls operation of the watch timer, and time for an interval interrupt.

(1) Register Configuration

- watch timer control register (WTC)

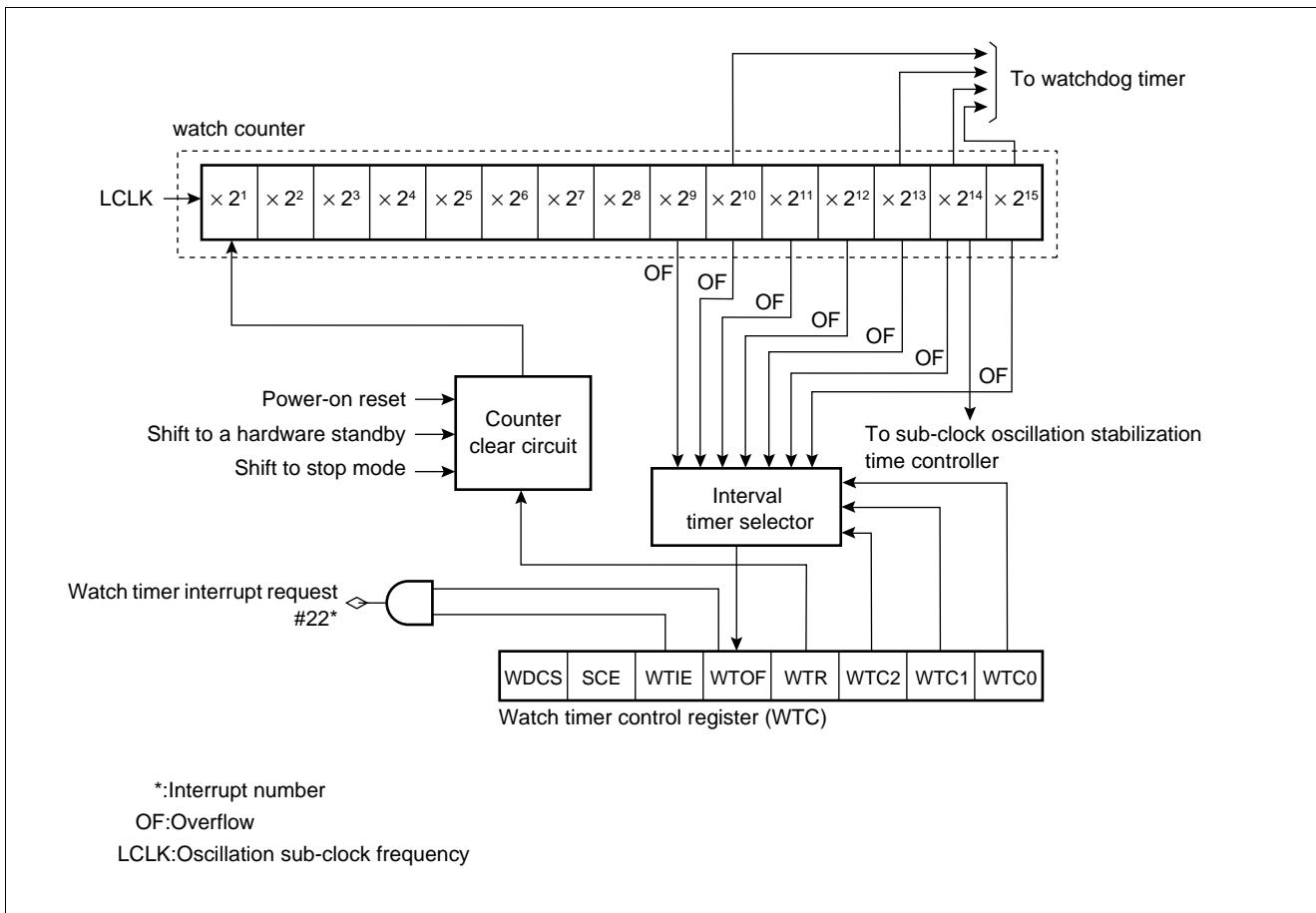
Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
0000AAH		(Disabled)	WDCS	SCE	WTIE	WTOF	WTR	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0		1X000000B

R/W:Readable and writable

R:Read only

X:Undefined

(2) Block Diagram



15. Chip Select Output

This module generates a chip select signal for facilitating a memory and I/O unit, and is provided with eight chip select output pins. When access to an address is detected with a hardware-set area set for each pin register, a select signal is output from the pin.

(1) Register Configuration

- Chip selection control register 1, 3, 5, 7 (CSCR1, CSCR3, CSCR5, CSCR7)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
CSCR1: 000081H	—	—	—	—	ACTL	OPEL	CSA1	CSA0	(CSCR0, CSCR2, CSCR4, CSCR6)	—	—	- - - 0000 B
CSCR3: 000083H	—	—	—	—	ACTL	OPEL	CSA1	CSA0	(CSCR0, CSCR2, CSCR4, CSCR6)	—	—	- - - 0000 B
CSCR5: 000085H	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	(CSCR0, CSCR2, CSCR4, CSCR6)	—	—	- - - 0000 B
CSCR7: 000087H	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	(CSCR0, CSCR2, CSCR4, CSCR6)	—	—	- - - 0000 B

- Chip selection control register 0, 2, 4, 6 (CSCR0, CSCR2, CSCR4, CSCR6)

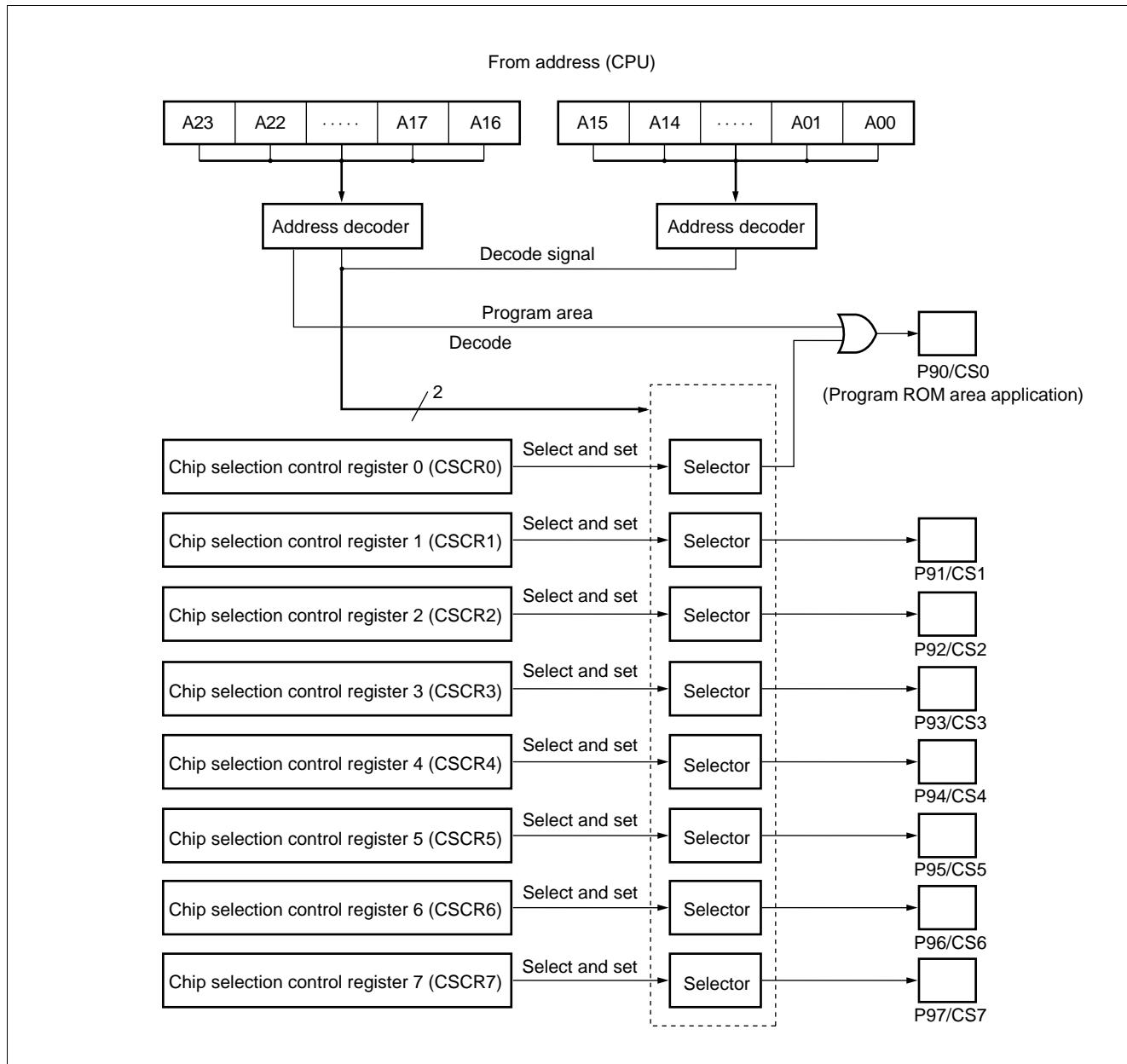
Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
CSCR0: 000080H	—	—	—	—	—	—	ACTL	OPEL	CSA1	CSA0	—	- - - 0000 B
CSCR2: 000082H	(CSCR1, CSCR3, CSCR5, CSCR7)	—	—	—	—	—	ACTL	OPEL	CSA1	CSA0	—	- - - 0000 B
CSCR4: 000084H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	- - - 0000 B
CSCR6: 000086H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	- - - 0000 B

R/W:Readable and writable

—:Reserved

MB90570A/570C Series

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

(3) Decode Address Spaces

Pin name	CSA		Decode space	Number of area bytes	Remarks
	1	0			
CS0	0	0	F00000 _H to FFFFFFF _H	1 Mbyte	Becomes active when the program ROM area or the program vector is fetched.
	0	1	F80000 _H to FFFFFFF _H	512 kbyte	
	1	0	FE0000 _H to FFFFFFF _H	128 kbyte	
	1	1	—	Disabled	
CS1	0	0	E00000 _H to EFFFFFF _H	1 Mbyte	Adapted to the data ROM and RAM areas, and external circuit connection applications.
	0	1	F00000 _H to F7FFFFFF _H	512 kbyte	
	1	0	FC0000 _H to FDFFFFFF _H	128 kbyte	
	1	1	68FF80 _H to 68FFFF _H	128 byte	
CS2	0	0	003000 _H to 003FFFF _H	4 kbyte	Adapted to the data ROM and RAM areas, and external circuit connection applications.
	0	1	FA0000 _H to FBFFFFFF _H	128 kbyte	
	1	0	68FF80 _H to 68FFFF _H	128 byte	
	1	1	68FF00 _H to 68FF7F _H	128 byte	
CS3	0	0	F80000 _H to F9FFFFFF _H	128 kbyte	Adapted to the data ROM and RAM areas, and external circuit connection applications.
	0	1	68FF00 _H to 68FF7F _H	128 byte	
	1	0	68FE80 _H to 68FEFF _H	128 byte	
	1	1	—	Disabled	
CS4	0	0	002800 _H to 002FFF _H	2 kbyte	Adapted to the data ROM and RAM areas, and external circuit connection applications.
	0	1	68FE80 _H to 68FEFF _H	128 byte	
	1	0	—	Disabled	
	1	1	—	Disabled	
CS5	0	0	68FF80 _H to 68FFFF _H	128 byte	Adapted to the data ROM and RAM areas, and external circuit connection applications.
	0	1	—	Disabled	
	1	0	—	Disabled	
	1	1	—	Disabled	
CS6	0	0	68FF00 _H to 68FF7F _H	128 byte	Adapted to the data ROM and RAM areas, and external circuit connection applications.
	0	1	—	Disabled	
	1	0	—	Disabled	
	1	1	—	Disabled	
CS7	—	—	—	Disabled	Disabled

MB90570A/570C Series

16. Communications Prescaler Register

This register controls machine clock division.

Output from the communications prescaler register is used for UART0 (SCI), UART1 (SCI), and extended I/O serial interface.

The communications prescaler register is so designed that a constant baud rate may be acquired for various machine clocks.

(1) Register Configuration

- Communications prescaler control register 0,1 (CDCR0, CDCR1)

Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
000028H		(Disabled)		MD	—	—	—	DIV3	DIV2	DIV1	DIV0	0 --- 1111B
00002AH			R/W	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	

R/W:Readable and writable

—:Reserved

17. Address Match Detection Function

When the address is equal to a value set in the address detection register, the instruction code loaded into the CPU is replaced forcibly with the INT9 instruction code (01H). As a result, when the CPU executes a set instruction, the INT9 instruction is executed. Processing by the INT#9 interrupt routine allows the program patching function to be implemented.

Two address detection registers are supported. An interrupt enable bit is prepared for each register. If the value set in the address detection register matches an address and if the interrupt enable bit is set at "1", the instruction code loaded into the CPU is replaced forcibly with the INT9 instruction code.

(1) Register Configuration

- Program address detection register 0 to 2 (PADR0)

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
PADR0 (Low order address): 001FF0 _H	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	XXXXXXX _B

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
PADR0 (Middle order address): 001FF1 _H	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	XXXXXXX _B

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
PADR0 (High order address): 001FF2 _H	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	XXXXXXX _B

- Program address detection register 3 to 5 (PADR1)

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
PADR1 (Low order address): 001FF3 _H	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	XXXXXXX _B

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
PADR1 (Middle order address): 001FF4 _H	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	XXXXXXX _B

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
PADR1 (High order address): 001FF5 _H	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	[]	XXXXXXX _B

- Program address detection control status register (PACSR)

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
00009E _H	RESV	RESV	RESV	RESV	AD1E	RESV	AD0E	RESV	00000000 _B

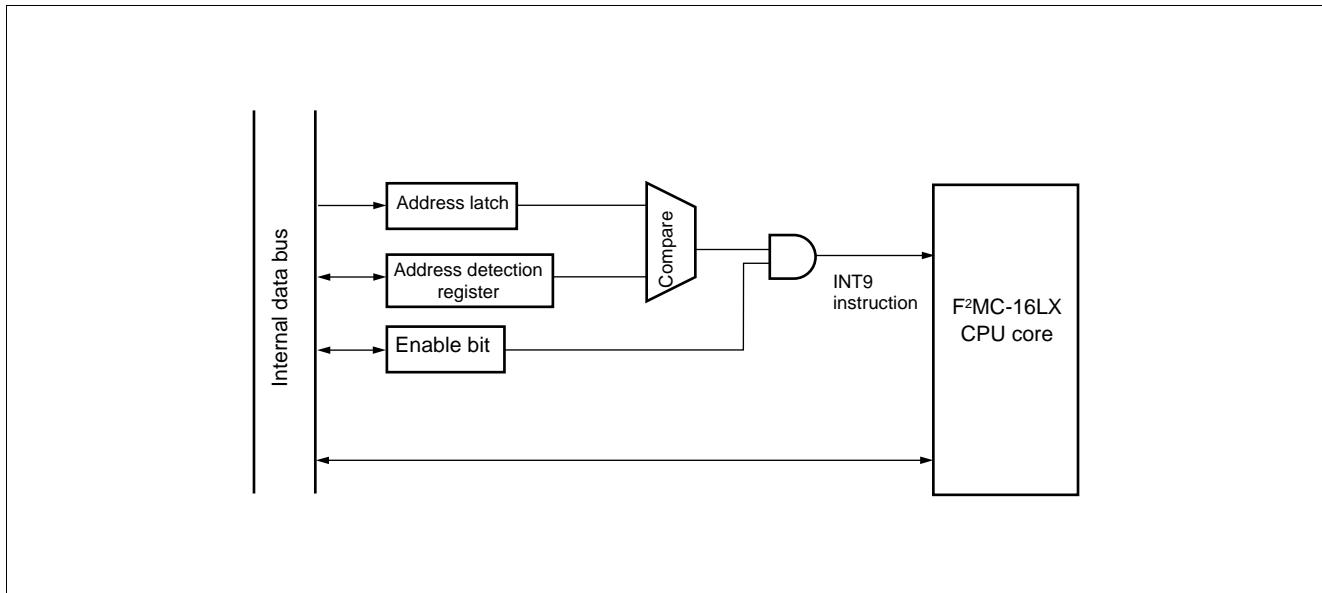
R/W :Readable and writable

X :Undefined

RESV:Reserved bit

MB90570A/570C Series

(2) Block Diagram



18. ROM Mirroring Function Selection Module

The ROM mirroring function selection module can select what the FF bank allocated the ROM sees through the 00 bank according to register settings.

(1) Register Configuration

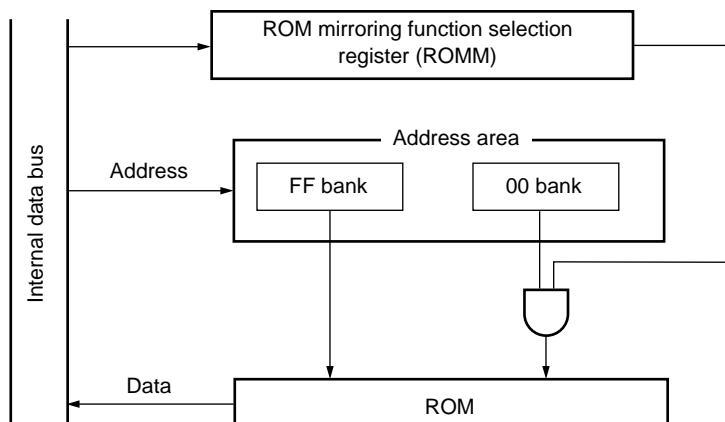
- ROM mirroring function selection register (ROMM)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
00006F _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	MI	(Disabled)	.....	W	----- 1 _B
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	W	

W:Write only
—:Reserved

Note : Do not access this register during operation at addresses 004000_H to 00FFFF_H.

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

19. Low-power Consumption (Standby) Mode

The F²MC-16LX has the following CPU operating mode configured by selection of an operating clock and clock operation control.

- **Clock mode**

PLL clock mode: A mode in which the CPU and peripheral equipment are driven by PLL-multiplied oscillation clock (HCLK).

Main clock mode: A mode in which the CPU and peripheral equipment are driven by divided-by-2 of the oscillation clock (HCLK).

The PLL multiplication circuits stops in the main clock mode.

- **CPU intermittent operation mode**

The CPU intermittent operation mode is a mode for reducing power consumption by operating the CPU intermittently while external bus and peripheral functions are operated at a high-speed.

- **Hardware standby mode**

The hardware standby mode is a mode for reducing power consumption by stopping clock supply to the CPU by the low-power consumption control circuit, stopping clock supplies to the CPU and peripheral functions (timebase timer mode), and stopping oscillation clock (stop mode, hardware standby mode). Of these modes, modes other than the PLL clock mode are power consumption modes.

(1) Register Configuration

- Clock select register (CKSCR)

Address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	bit 7	.....	bit 0	Initial value
0000A1H	SCM	MCM	WS1	WS0	SCS	MCS	CS1	CS0	(LPMCR)	.....		111111100B
	R	R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	.....	

- Low-power consumption mode control register (LPMCR)

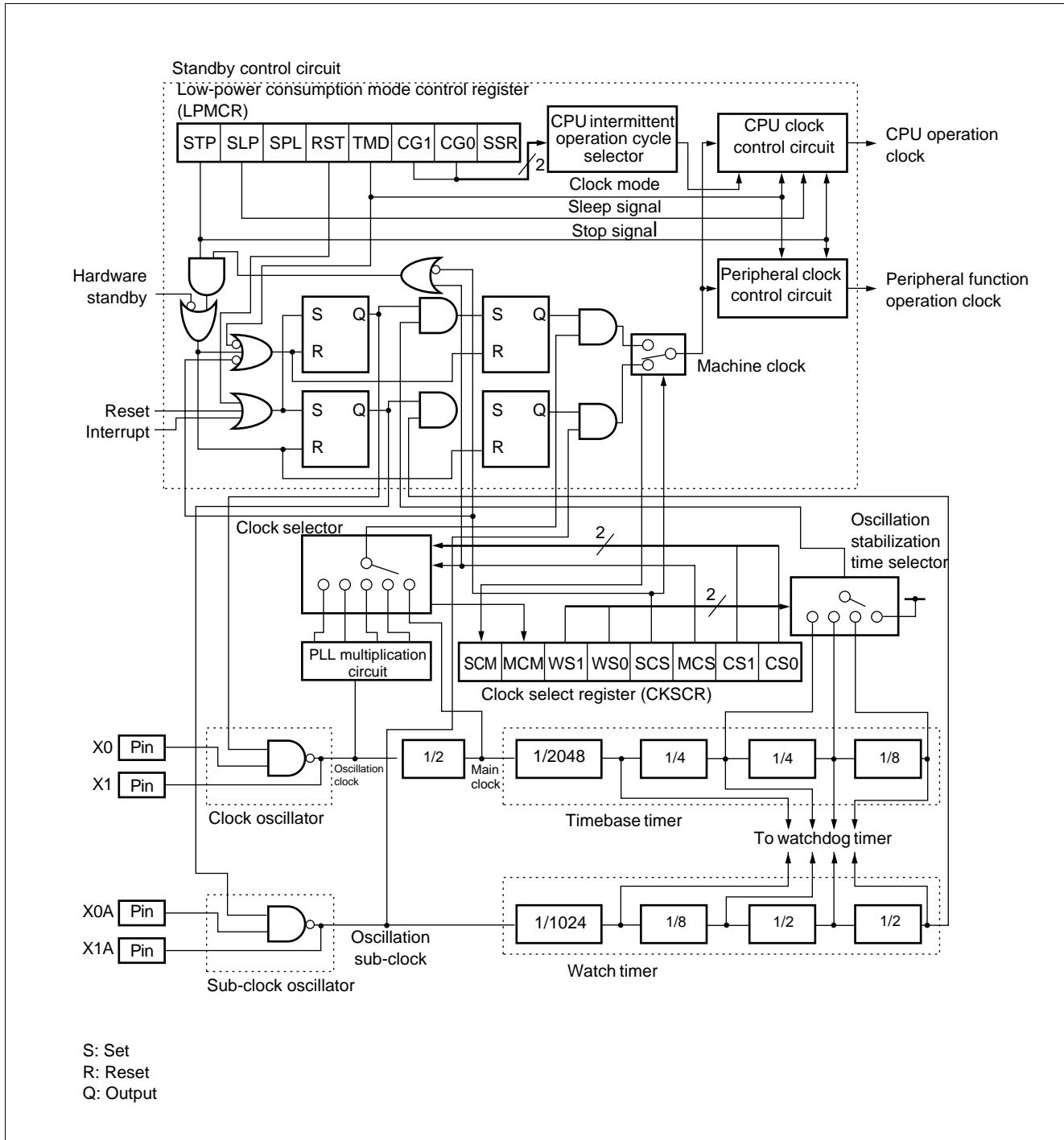
Address	bit 15	.....	bit 8	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	Initial value
0000A0H	(CKSCR)	.....	STP	SLP	SPL	RST	TMD	CG1	CG0	SSR	.....	00011000B
	W	W	R/W	W	R/W	R/W	W	R/W	R/W	R/W	.....

R/W:Readable and writable

R:Read only

W:Write only

(2) Block Diagram



MB90570A/570C Series

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min	Max		
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	
	AV _{CC}	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	*1
	AVRH, AVRL	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	*1
	DVRH	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	*1
Input voltage	V _I	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	*2
Output voltage	V _O	V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{SS} + 6.0	V	*2
"L" level maximum output current	I _{OL}	—	15	mA	*3
"L" level average output current	I _{OLAV}	—	4	mA	*4
"L" level total maximum output current	ΣI _{OL}	—	100	mA	
"L" level total average output current	ΣI _{OLAV}	—	50	mA	*5
"H" level maximum output current	I _{OH}	—	-15	mA	*3
"H" level average output current	I _{OHAV}	—	-4	mA	*4
"H" level total maximum output current	ΣI _{OH}	—	-100	mA	
"H" level total average output current	ΣI _{OHAV}	—	-50	mA	*5
Power consumption	P _D	—	300	mW	MB90573, MB90V570A
		—	500	mW	MB90574C
		—	800	mW	MB90F574A
Operating temperature	T _A	-40	+85	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-55	+150	°C	

*1 : Care must be taken that AV_{CC}, AVRH, AVRL, and DVRH do not exceed V_{CC}. Also, care must be taken that AVRH and AVRL do not exceed AV_{CC}, and AVRL does not exceed AVRH.

*2 : V_I and V_O shall never exceed V_{CC} + 0.3 V.

*3 : The maximum output current is a peak value for a corresponding pin.

*4 : Average output current is an average current value observed for a 100 ms period for a corresponding pin.

*5 : Total average current is an average current value observed for a 100 ms period for all corresponding pins.

Note : Average output current = operating × operating efficiency

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min	Max		
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	3.0	5.5	V	Normal operation (MB90574C)
	V _{CC}	4.5	5.5	V	Normal operation (MB90F574A)
	V _{CC}	3.0	5.5	V	Retains status at the time of operation stop
Smoothing capacitor	C _S	0.1	1.0	μF	*
Operating temperature	T _A	-40	+85	°C	

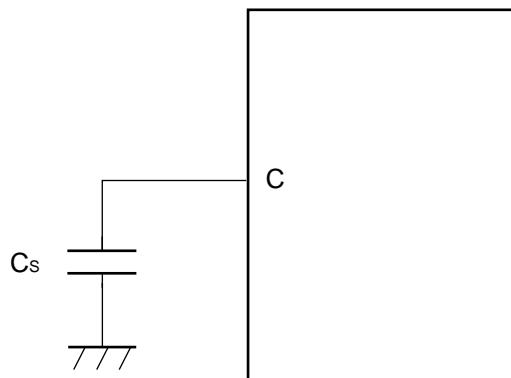
* : Use a ceramic capacitor or a capacitor with equivalent frequency characteristics. The smoothing capacitor to be connected to the V_{CC} pin must have a capacitance value higher than C_S.

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their representatives beforehand.

- C pin connection circuit



MB90570A/570C Series

3. DC Characteristics

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
"H" level input voltage	V _{IHS}	CMOS hysteresis input pin	V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 5.5 V (MB90573/574C) V _{CC} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V (MB90F574A)	0.8 V _{CC}	—	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
	V _{IHM}	MD pin input		V _{CC} - 0.3	—	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
"L" level input voltage	V _{ILS}	CMOS hysteresis input pin	V _{SS} - 0.3	—	0.2 V _{CC}	V		
	V _{ILM}	MD pin input		V _{SS} - 0.3	—	V _{SS} + 0.3	V	
"H" level output voltage	V _{OH}	Other than PA6 and PA7	V _{CC} = 4.5 V I _{OH} = -2.0 mA	V _{CC} - 0.5	—	—	V	
"L" level output voltage	V _{OL}	All output pins	V _{CC} = 4.5 V I _{OL} = 2.0 mA	—	—	0.4	V	
Open-drain output leakage current	I _{leak}	PA6, PA7	—	—	0.1	5	µA	
Input leakage current	I _{IL}	Other than PA6 and PA7	V _{CC} = 5.5 V V _{SS} < V _I < V _{CC}	-5	—	5	µA	
Pull-up resistance	R _{UP}	P00 to P07, P10 to P17, P60 to P67, RST, MD0, MD1	—	15	30	100	kΩ	
Pull-down resistance	R _{DOWN}	MD0 to MD2	—	15	30	100	kΩ	
Power supply current	I _{CC}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 16 MHz V _{CC} at 5.0 V Normal operation	—	30	40	mA	MB90573
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}		—	85	130	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}		—	50	80	mA	MB90574C
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 16 MHz V _{CC} at 5.0 V A/D converter operation	—	35	45	mA	MB90573
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}		—	90	140	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}		—	55	85	mA	MB90574C
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 16 MHz V _{CC} at 5.0 V D/A converter operation	—	40	50	mA	MB90573
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}		—	95	145	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CC}	V _{CC}		—	65	85	mA	MB90574C

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
Power supply current	I _{CC}	V _{CC}	When data written in flash mode programming or erasing	—	95	140	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CCS}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 16 MHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V	—	7	12	mA	MB90573
	I _{CCS}	V _{CC}	In sleep mode	—	25	30	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CCS}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 8 kHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V T _A = +25°C	—	15	20	mA	MB90574C
	I _{CCL}	V _{CC}	Subsystem operation	—	0.1	1.0	mA	MB90573
	I _{CCL}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 8 kHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V T _A = +25°C	—	4	7	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CCL}	V _{CC}	In subsleep mode	—	0.03	1	mA	MB90574C
	I _{CCLS}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 8 kHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V T _A = +25°C	—	30	50	μA	MB90573
	I _{CCLS}	V _{CC}	In subsleep mode	—	0.1	1	mA	MB90F574A
	I _{CCLS}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 8 kHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V T _A = +25°C In subsleep mode	—	10	50	μA	MB90574C
	I _{CCIT}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 8 kHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V T _A = +25°C	—	15	30	μA	MB90573
	I _{CCIT}	V _{CC}	In clock mode	—	30	50	μA	MB90F574A
	I _{CCIT}	V _{CC}	Internal operation at 8 kHz V _{CC} = 5.0 V T _A = +25°C In clock mode	—	1.0	30	μA	MB90574C
	I _{CCH}	V _{CC}	T _A = +25°C	—	5	20	μA	MB90573
	I _{CCH}	V _{CC}	In stop mode	—	0.1	10	μA	MB90F574A MB90574C
Input capacitance	C _{IN}	Other than AV _{CC} , AV _{SS} , V _{CC} , V _{SS}	—	—	10	80	pF	

MB90570A/570C Series

4. AC Characteristics

(1) Reset, Hardware Standby Input Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Reset input time	t _{RSTL}	$\overline{\text{RST}}$	—	4 t _{CP}	—	ns	Under normal operation
				Oscillation time of oscillator * + 4 t _{CP}	—	ms	In stop mode
Hardware standby input time	t _{HSTL}	HST	—	4 t _{CP}	—	ns	—

* : Oscillation time of oscillator is time that the amplitude reached the 90 %.

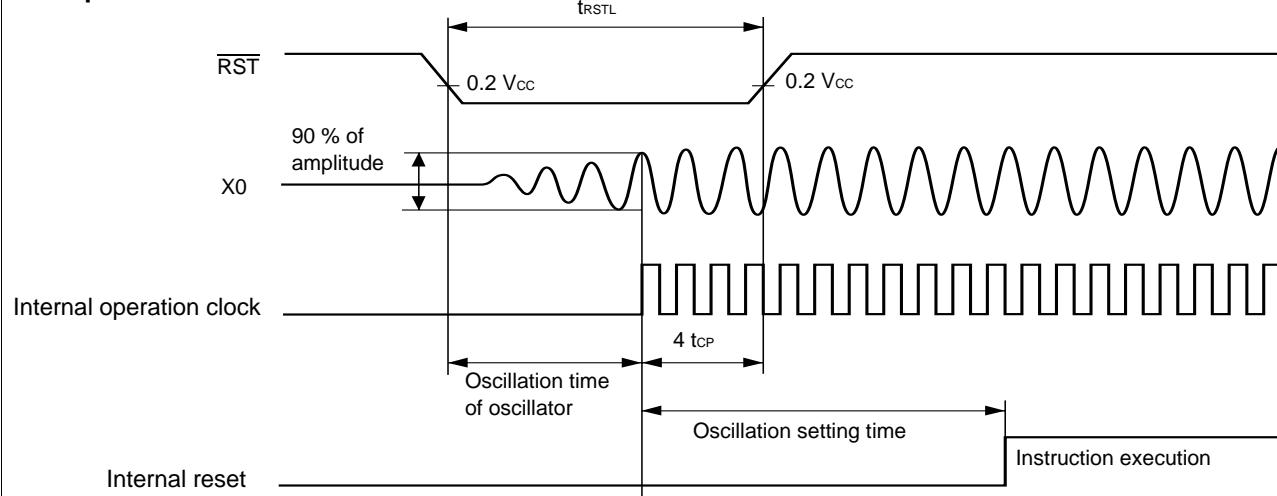
In the crystal oscillator, the oscillation time is between several ms to tens ms. In ceramic oscillator, the oscillation time is between hundreds of μ s to several ms. In the external clock, the oscillation time is 0 ms.

Note : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."

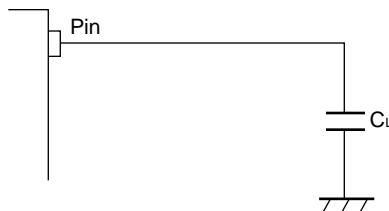
Under Normal operation



In Stop Mode



- Measurement conditions for AC characteristics



C_L is a load capacitance connected to a pin under test.

Capacitors of C_L = 30 pF must be connected to CLK and ALE pins, while C_L of 80 pF must be connected to address data bus (AD15 to AD00), RD, WRL, and WRH pins.

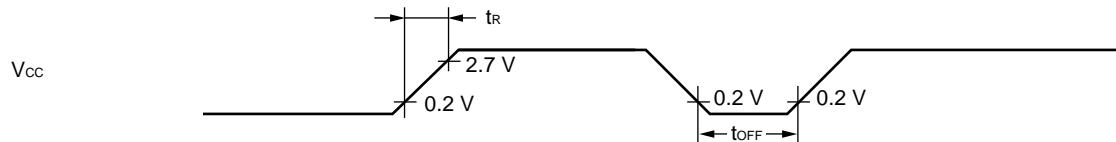
(2) Specification for Power-on Reset

(AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Power supply rising time	t _R	V _{CC}	—	0.05	30	ms	*
Power supply cut-off time	t _{OFF}	V _{CC}		4	—	ms	Due to repeated operations

* : V_{CC} must be kept lower than 0.2 V before power-on.

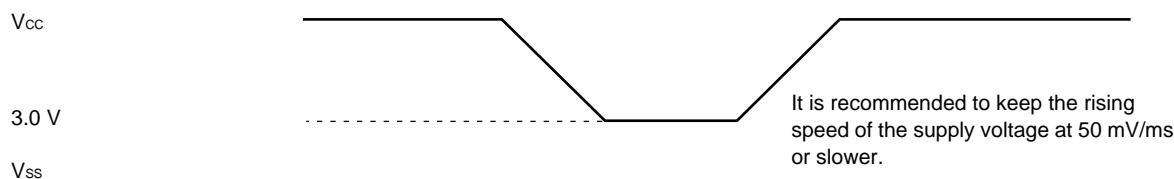
- Note :
- The above ratings are values for causing a power-on reset.
 - There are internal registers which can be initialized only by a power-on reset.
Apply power according to this rating to ensure initialization of the registers.



Sudden changes in the power supply voltage may cause a power-on reset.

To change the power supply voltage while the device is in operation, it is recommended to raise the voltage smoothly to suppress fluctuations as shown below.

In this case, change the supply voltage with the PLL clock not used. If the voltage drop is 1 V/s or fewer per second, however, you can use the PLL clock.



MB90570A/570C Series

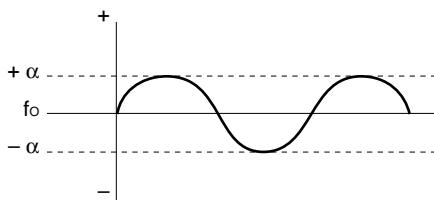
(3) Clock Timings

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
				Min	Typ	Max		
Clock frequency	F _C	X0, X1		3	—	16	MHz	
	F _{CL}	X0A, X1A		—	32.768	—	kHz	
Clock cycle time	t _{HCYL}	X0, X1		62.5	—	333	ns	
	t _{LCYL}	X0A, X1A		—	30.5	—	μs	
Input clock pulse width	P _{WH} , P _{WL}	X0		10	—	—	ns	Recommend duty ratio of 30% to 70%
	P _{WLH} , P _{WLL}	X0A		—	15.2	—	μs	
Input clock rising/falling time	t _{CR} , t _{CF}	X0, X0A		—	—	5	ns	External clock operation
Internal operating clock frequency	f _{CP}	—		1.5	—	16	MHz	Main clock operation
	f _{LCP}	—		—	8.192	—	kHz	Subclock operation
Internal operating clock cycle time	t _{CP}	—		62.5	—	333	ns	External clock operation
	t _{LCP}	—		—	122.1	—	μs	Subclock operation
Frequency fluctuation rate locked	Δf	—		—	—	5	%	*

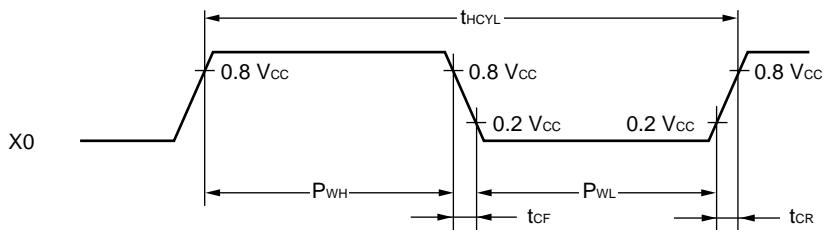
* : The frequency fluctuation rate is the maximum deviation rate of the preset center frequency when the multiplied PLL signal is locked.

$$\Delta f = \frac{|\alpha|}{f_0} \times 100 (\%) \quad \text{Center frequency}$$

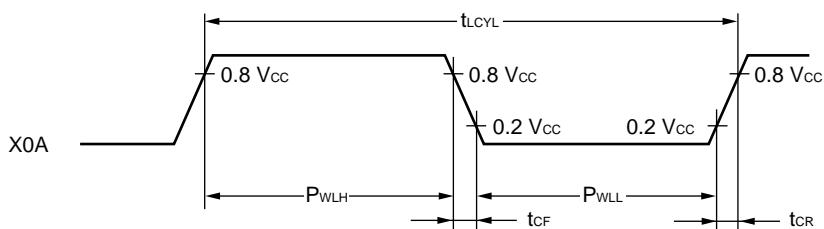


The PLL frequency deviation changes periodically from the preset frequency "about CLK × (1CYC to 50 CYC)", thus minimizing the chance of worst values to be repeated (errors are minimal and negligible for pulses with long intervals).

- X0, X1 clock timing

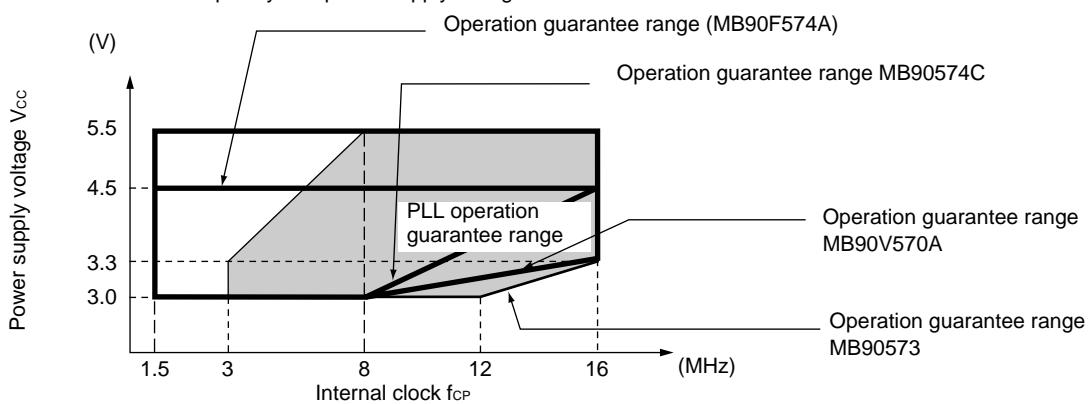


- X0A, X1A clock timing

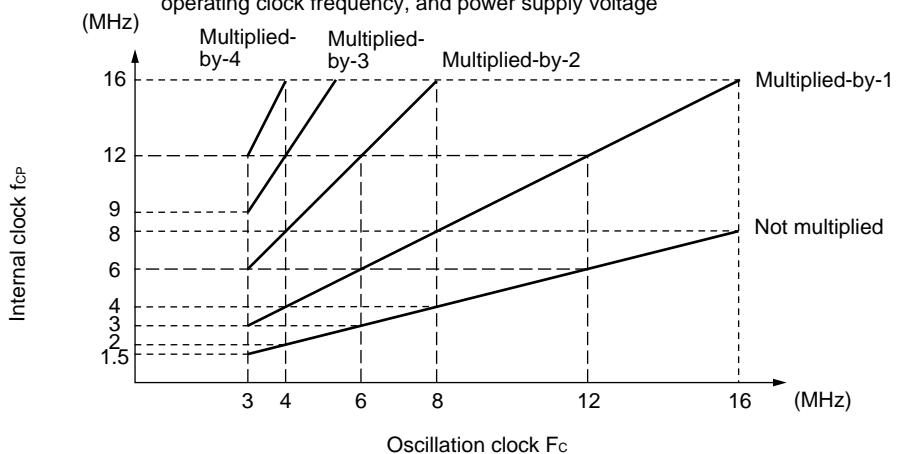


- PLL operation guarantee range

Relationship between internal operating clock frequency and power supply voltage



Relationship between oscillating frequency, internal operating clock frequency, and power supply voltage

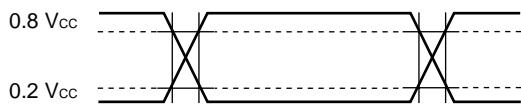


MB90570A/570C Series

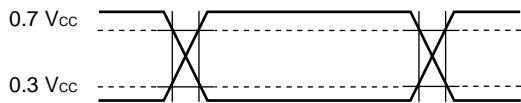
The AC ratings are measured for the following measurement reference voltages.

• Input signal waveform

Hysteresis input pin

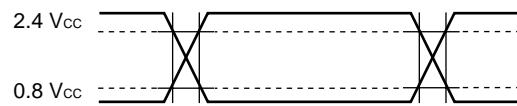


Pins other than hysteresis input/MD input



• Output signal waveform

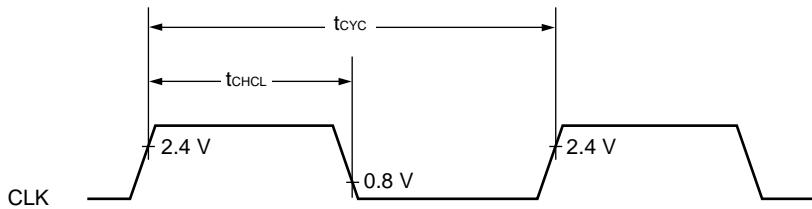
Hysteresis input pin



(4) Clock Output Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Cycle time	t _{CYC}	CLK	—	62.5	—	ns	
CLK ↑ → CLK ↓	t _{CHCL}	CLK	—	20	—	ns	



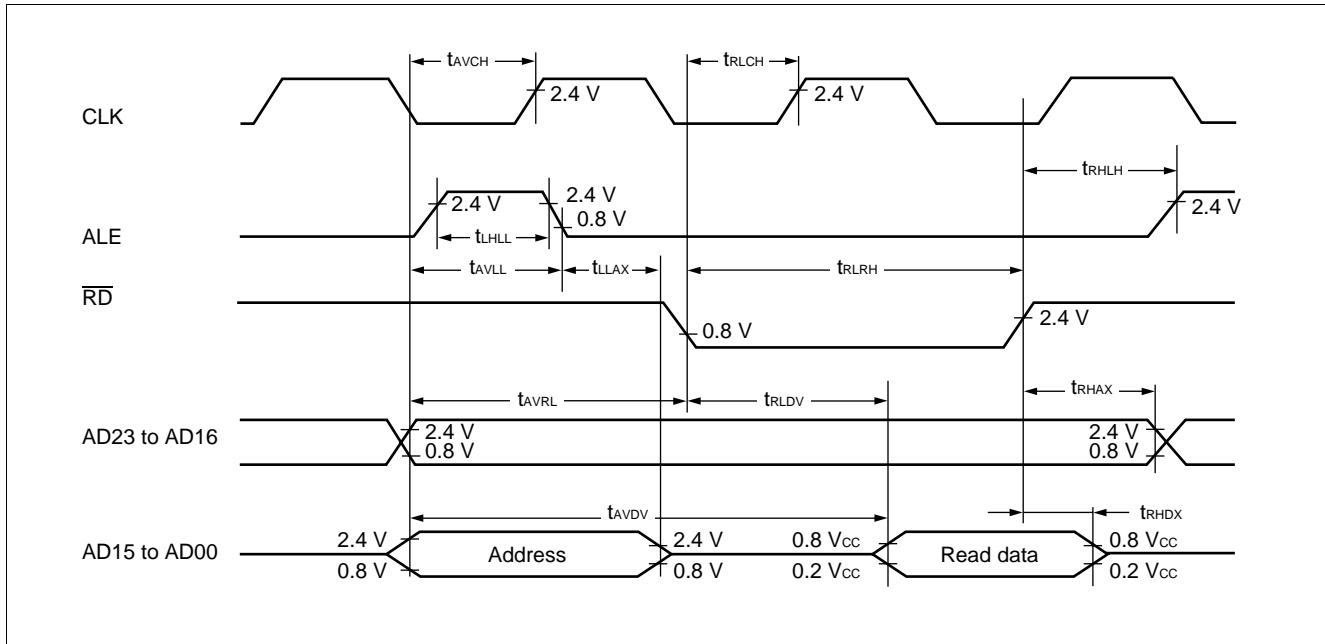
(5) Bus Read Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
ALE pulse width	t _{LHLL}	ALE	—	1 t _{CP} */2 - 20	—	ns	
Effective address → ALE ↓ time	t _{AVLL}	ALE, A23 to A16, AD15 to AD00		1 t _{CP} */2 - 20	—	ns	
ALE ↓ → address effective time	t _{LLAX}	ALE, AD15 to AD00		1 t _{CP} */2 - 15	—	ns	
Effective address → RD ↓ time	t _{AVRL}	RD, A23 to A16, AD15 to AD00		1 t _{CP} * - 15	—	ns	
Effective address → valid data input	t _{AVDV}	A23 to A16, AD15 to AD00		—	5 t _{CP} */2 - 60	ns	
RD pulse width	t _{RLRH}	RD		3 t _{CP} */2 - 20	—	ns	
RD ↓ → valid data input	t _{RLDV}	RD, AD15 to AD00		—	3 t _{CP} */2 - 60	ns	
RD ↑ → data hold time	t _{RHDX}	RD, AD15 to AD00		0	—	ns	
RD ↑ → ALE ↑ time	t _{RHLH}	ALE, RD		1 t _{CP} */2 - 15	—	ns	
RD ↑ → address effective time	t _{RHAX}	ALE, A23 to A16		1 t _{CP} */2 - 10	—	ns	
Effective address → CLK ↑ time	t _{AVCH}	CLK, A23 to A16, AD15 to AD00		1 t _{CP} */2 - 20	—	ns	
RD ↓ → CLK ↑ time	t _{RLCH}	CLK, RD		1 t _{CP} */2 - 20	—	ns	
ALE ↓ → RD ↓ time	t _{ALRL}	ALE, RD		1 t _{CP} */2 - 15	—	ns	

* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."

MB90570A/570C Series

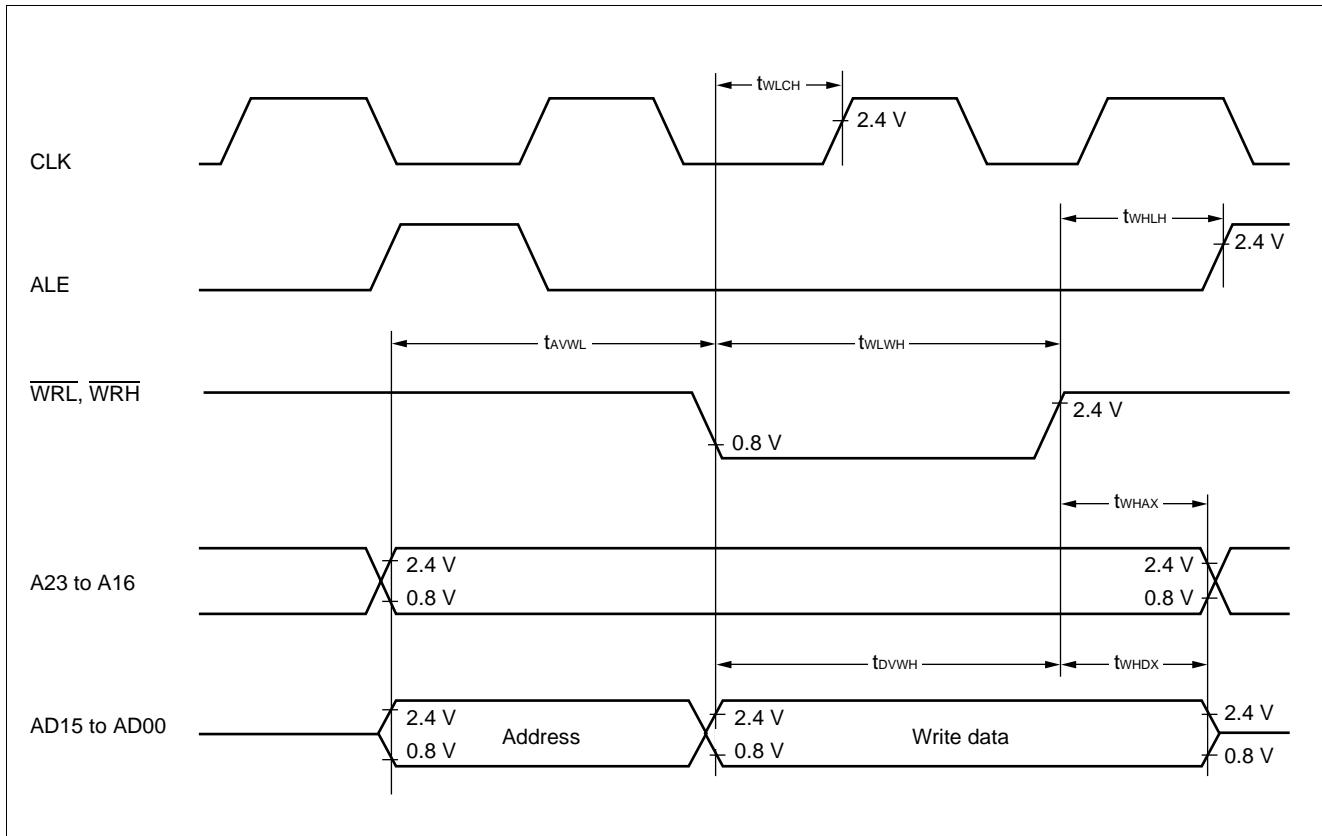


(6) Bus Write Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Effective address → WR ↓ time	t _{AVWL}	WRL, WRH, A23 to A16, AD15 to AD00	—	1 t _{CP} – 15	—	ns	
WR pulse width	t _{WLWH}	WRL, WRH		3 t _{CP} */2 – 20	—	ns	
Write data → WR ↑ time	t _{DVWH}	WRL, WRH, AD15 to AD00		3 t _{CP} */2 – 20	—	ns	
WR ↑ → data hold time	t _{WHDX}	WRL, WRH, AD15 to AD00		20	—	ns	
WR ↑ → address effective time	t _{WHAX}	WRL, WRH, A23 to A16		1 t _{CP} */2 – 10	—	ns	
WR ↑ → ALE ↑ time	t _{WHLH}	ALE, WRL		1 t _{CP} */2 – 15	—	ns	
WR ↓ → CLK ↑ time	t _{WLCH}	CLK, WRH		1 t _{CP} */2 – 20	—	ns	

* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."



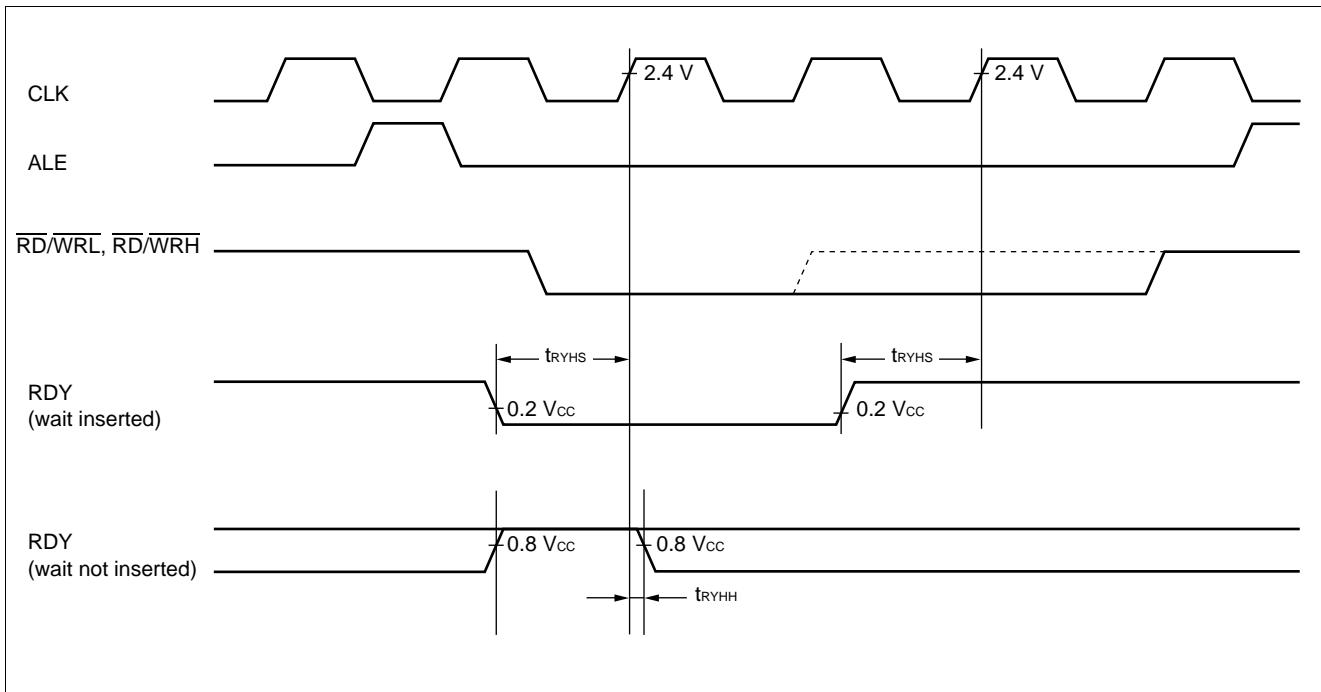
MB90570A/570C Series

(7) Ready Input Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
RDY setup time	t _{TRYHS}	RDY	—	45	—	ns	
RDY hold time	t _{TRYHH}	RDY		0	—	ns	

Note : Use the automatic ready function when the setup time for the rising edge of the RDY signal is not sufficient.



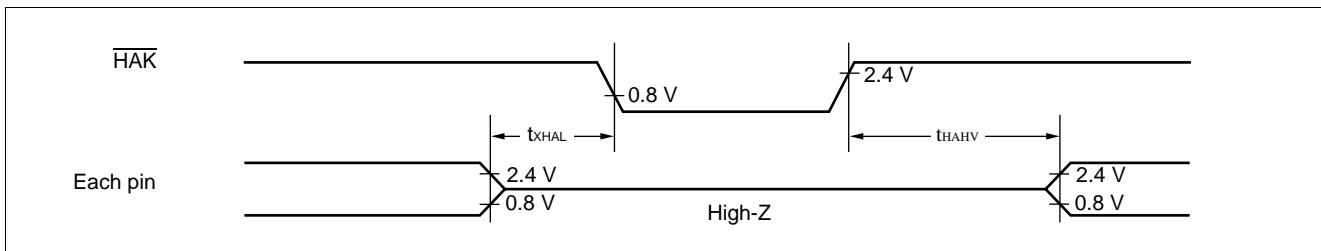
(8) Hold Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Pins in floating status → HAK ↓ time	t _{XHAL}	HAK	—	30	1 t _{COP} *	ns	
HAK ↑ → pin valid time	t _{HAHV}	HAK		1 t _{COP} *	2 t _{COP} *	ns	

* : For t_{COP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."

Note : More than 1 machine cycle is needed before HAK changes after HRQ pin is fetched.



(9) UART0 (SCI), UART1 (SCI) Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

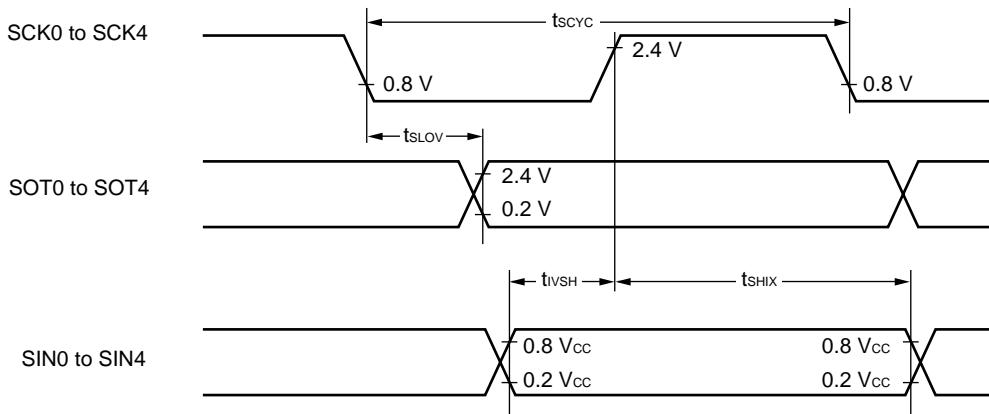
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Serial clock cycle time	t _{SCYC}	SCK0 to SCK4	Internal shift clock mode C _L = 80 pF + 1 TTL for an output pin	8 t _{CP} *	—	ns	
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	t _{SLOV}	SCK0 to SCK4, SOT0 to SOT4		- 80	80	ns	
Valid SIN → SCK ↑	t _{IVSH}	SCK0 to SCK4, SIN0 to SIN4		100	—	ns	
SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time	t _{SHIX}	SCK0 to SCK4, SIN0 to SIN4		60	—	ns	
Serial clock "H" pulse width	t _{SHSL}	SCK0 to SCK4	External shift clock mode C _L = 80 pF + 1 TTL for an output pin	4 t _{CP} *	—	ns	
Serial clock "L" pulse width	t _{SLSH}	SCK0 to SCK4		4 t _{CP} *	—	ns	
SCK ↓ → SOT delay time	t _{SLOV}	SCK0 to SCK4, SOT0 to SOT4		—	150	ns	
Valid SIN → SCK ↑	t _{IVSH}	SCK0 to SCK4, SIN0 to SIN4		60	—	ns	
SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time	t _{SHIX}	SCK0 to SCK4, SIN0 to SIN4		60	—	ns	

* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."

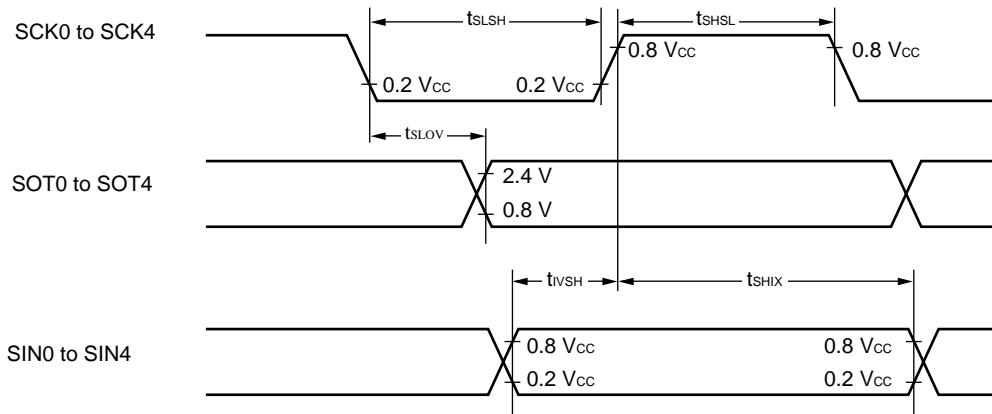
Notes : • These are AC ratings in the CLK synchronous mode.
 • C_L is the load capacitance value connected to pins while testing.

MB90570A/570C Series

- Internal shift clock mode



- External shift clock mode

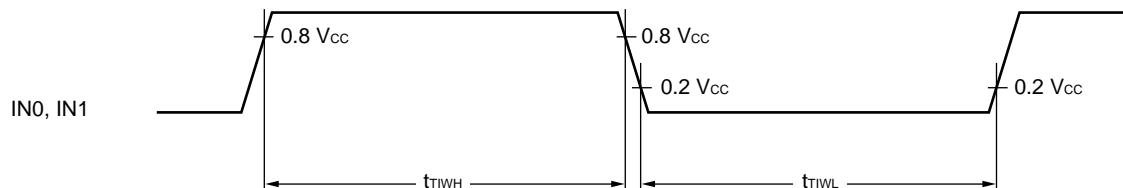


(10) Timer Input Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t _{TIWH} , t _{TIWL}	IN0, IN1	—	4 t _{CP} *	—	ns	

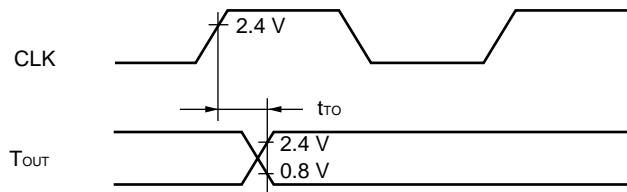
* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."



(11) Timer Output Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
CLK ↑ → T _{OUT} transition time	t _{TO}	OUT0 to OUT3, PPG0, PPG1	—	30	—	ns	



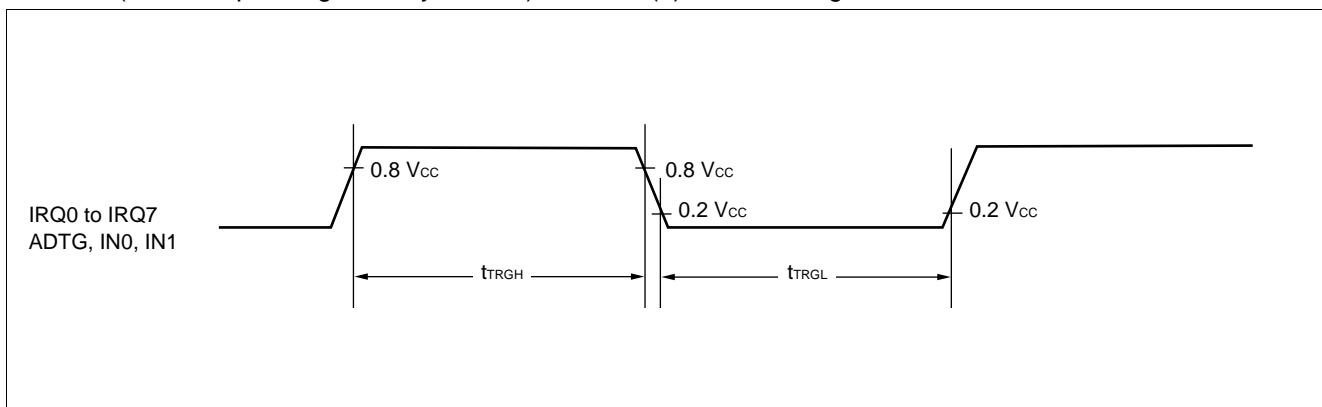
MB90570A/570C Series

(12) Trigger Input Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t _{TRGH}	IRQ0 to IRQ7, ADTG, IN0, IN1	—	5 t _{CP} *	—	ns	Under normal operation
	t _{TRGL}	IRQ0 to IRQ5		1	—	μs	In stop mode

* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."

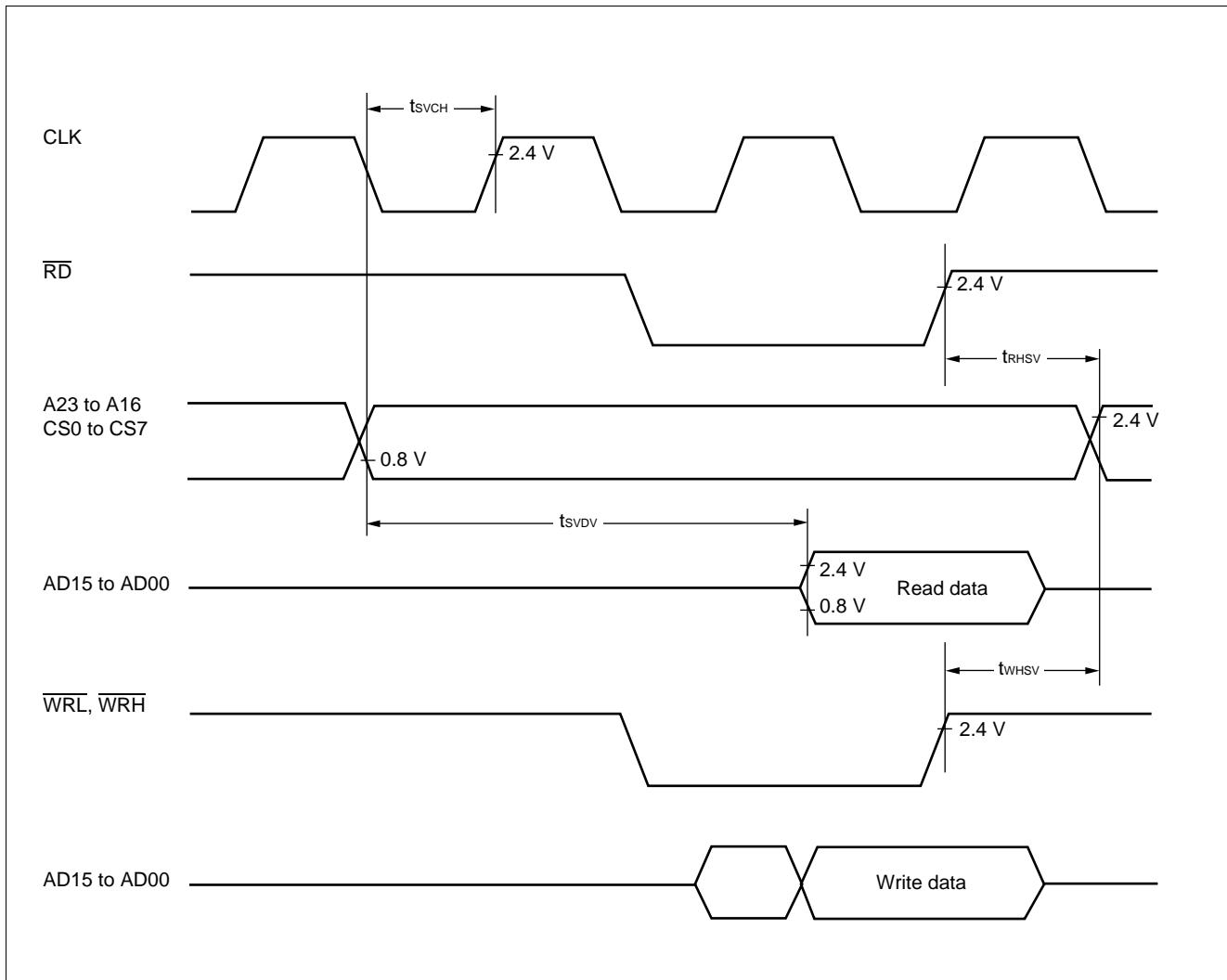


(13) Chip Select Output Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Valid chip select output → Valid data input time	t _{SVDV}	CS0 to CS7, AD15 to AD00	—	—	5 t _{CP} */2 – 60	ns	
RD ↑ → chip select output effective time	t _{RHSV}	RD, CS0 to CS7		1 t _{CP} */2 – 10	—	ns	
WR ↑ → chip select output effective time	t _{WHSV}	CS0 to CS7, WRL, WRH		1 t _{CP} */2 – 10	—	ns	
Valid chip select output → CLK ↑ time	t _{SVCH}	CLK, CS0 to CS7		1 t _{CP} */2 – 20	—	ns	

* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."



MB90570A/570C Series

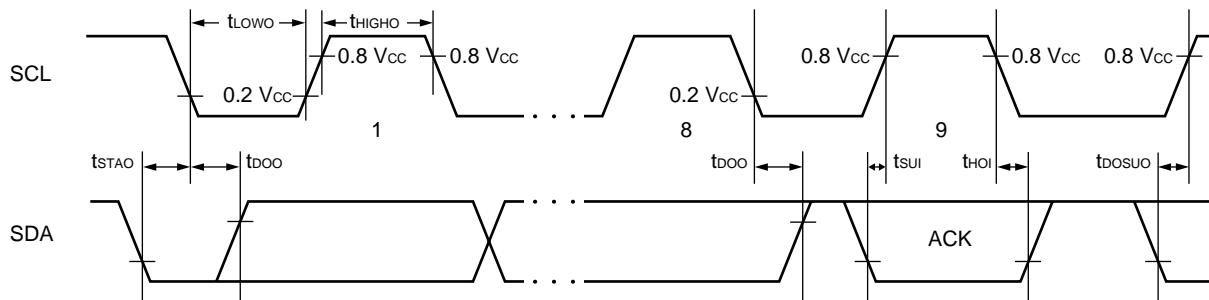
(14) I^C Timing

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

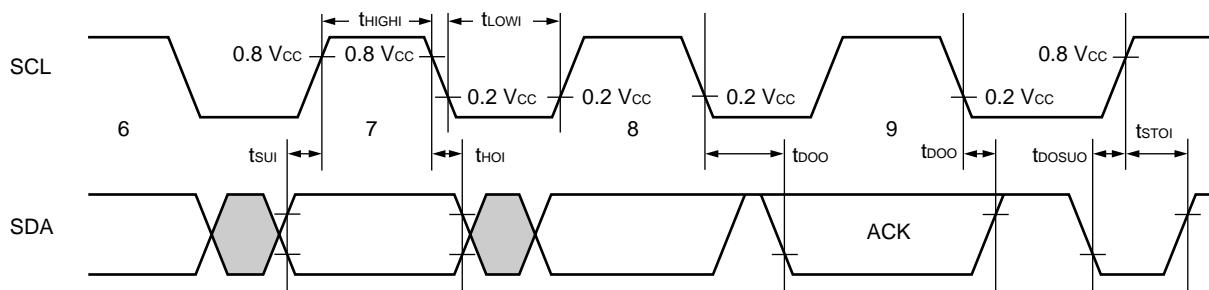
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks	
				Min	Max			
Internal clock cycle time	t _{CP}	—	—	62.5	666	ns	All products	
Start condition output	t _{STAO}	SDA,SCL		t _{CP} ×m×n/2-20	t _{CP} ×m×n/2+20	ns	Only as master	
Stop condition output	t _{STOO}			t _{CP} (m×n/2+4)-20	t _{CP} (m×n/2+4)+20	ns		
Start condition detection	t _{STAI}			3t _{CP} +40	—	ns	Only as slave	
Stop condition detection	t _{STOI}			3t _{CP} +40	—	ns		
SCL output "L" width	t _{LLOWO}	SCL		t _{CP} ×m×n/2-20	t _{CP} ×m×n/2+20	ns	Only as master	
SCL output "H" width	t _{HIGHO}			t _{CP} (m×n/2+4)-20	t _{CP} (m×n/2+4)+20	ns		
SDA output delay time	t _{D00}	SDA,SCL	—	2t _{CP} -20	2t _{CP} +20	ns		
Setup after SDA output interrupt period	t _{DOSUO}			4t _{CP} -20	—	ns		
SCL input "L" width	t _{LLOWI}			3t _{CP} +40	—	ns		
SCL input "H" width	t _{HIGHI}			t _{CP} +40	—	ns		
SDA input setup time	t _{SUI}	SDA,SCL	—	40	—	ns		
SDA input hold time	t _{HOI}			0	—	ns		

- Notes : • "m" and "n" in the above table represent the values of shift clock frequency setting bits (CS4-CS0) in the clock control register "ICCR". For details, refer to the register description in the hardware manual.
- t_{DOSUO} represents the minimum value when the interrupt period is equal to or greater than the SCL "L" width.
 - The SDA and SCL output values indicate that rise time is 0 ns.
 - For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."

- I²C interface [data transmitter (master/slave)]



- I²C interface [data receiver (master/slave)]



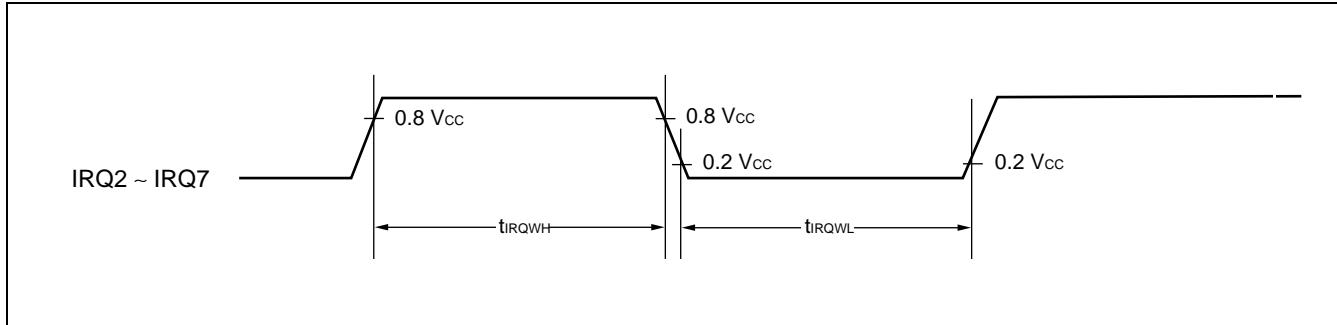
MB90570A/570C Series

(15) Pulse Width on External Interrupt Pin at Return from STOP Mode

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, TA = -40 °C to +85 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value		Unit	Remarks
				Min	Max		
Input pulse width	t _{IRQWH} t _{IRQWL}	IRQ2 to IRQ7	—	6t _{CP} *	—	ns	

* : For t_{CP} (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timings."



5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0 V, 2.7 V ≤ AVRH – AVRL, T_A = –40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Condition	Value			Unit
				Min	Typ	Max	
Resolution	—	—	—	—	8/10	—	bit
Total error	—	—	—	—	—	±5.0	LSB
Non-linear error	—	—	—	—	—	±2.5	LSB
Differential linearity error	—	—	—	—	—	±1.9	LSB
Zero transition voltage	V _{OT}	AN0 to AN7	—	AVRL –3.5 LSB	AVRL –0.5 LSB	AVRL +4.5 LSB	V
Full-scale transition voltage	V _{FST}	AN0 to AN7	—	AVRH –6.5 LSB	AVRH –1.5 LSB	AVRH +1.5 LSB	V
A/D conversion time	—	—	V _{CC} = 5.0 V ±10% at machine clock of 16 MHz	416t _{CP}	—	—	μs
Sampling period	—	—	V _{CC} = 5.0 V ±10% at machine clock of 6 MHz	64t _{CP}	—	—	μs
Analog port input current	I _{AIN}	AN0 to AN7	—	—	—	10	μA
Analog input voltage	V _{AIN}	AN0 to AN7	—	AVRL	—	AVRH	V
Reference voltage	—	AVRH	—	AVRL +3.0	—	AV _{CC}	V
	—	AVRL	—	0	—	AVRH –3.0	V
Power supply current	I _A	AV _{CC}	—	—	5	—	mA
	I _{AH}	AV _{CC}	CPU stopped and 8/10-bit A/D converter not in operation (V _{CC} = AV _{CC} = AVRH = 5.0 V)	—	—	5	μA
Reference voltage supply current	I _R	AVRH	—	—	400	—	μA
	I _{RH}	AVRH	CPU stopped and 8/10-bit A/D converter not in operation (V _{CC} = AV _{CC} = AVRH = 5.0 V)	—	—	5	μA
Offset between channels	—	AN0 to AN7	—	—	—	4	LSB

MB90570A/570C Series

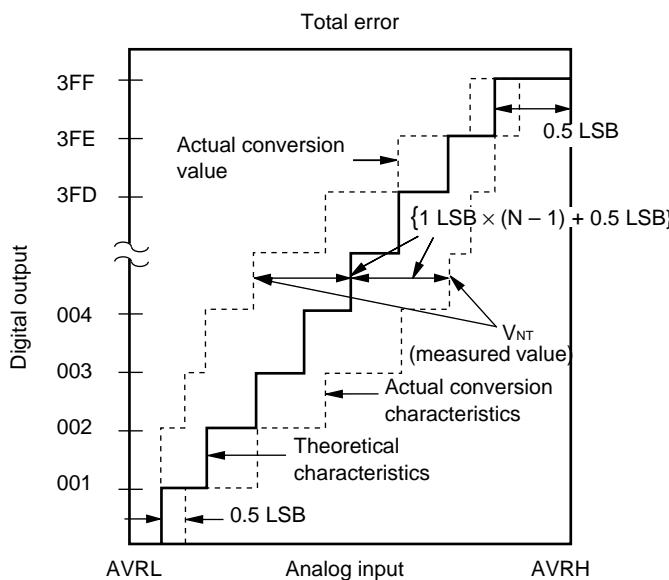
6. A/D Converter Glossary

Resolution: Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter

Linearity error: The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point ("00 0000 0000" ↔ "00 0000 0001") with the full-scale transition point ("11 1111 1110" ↔ "11 1111 1111") from actual conversion characteristics

Differential linearity error: The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value

Total error: The total error is defined as a difference between the actual value and the theoretical value, which includes zero-transition error/full-scale transition error and linearity error.



$$1 \text{ LSB} = (\text{Theoretical value}) \frac{\text{AVRH} - \text{AVRL}}{1024} [\text{V}]$$

$$\text{Total error for digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB} \times (N - 1) + 0.5 \text{ LSB}\}}{1 \text{ LSB}} [\text{LSB}]$$

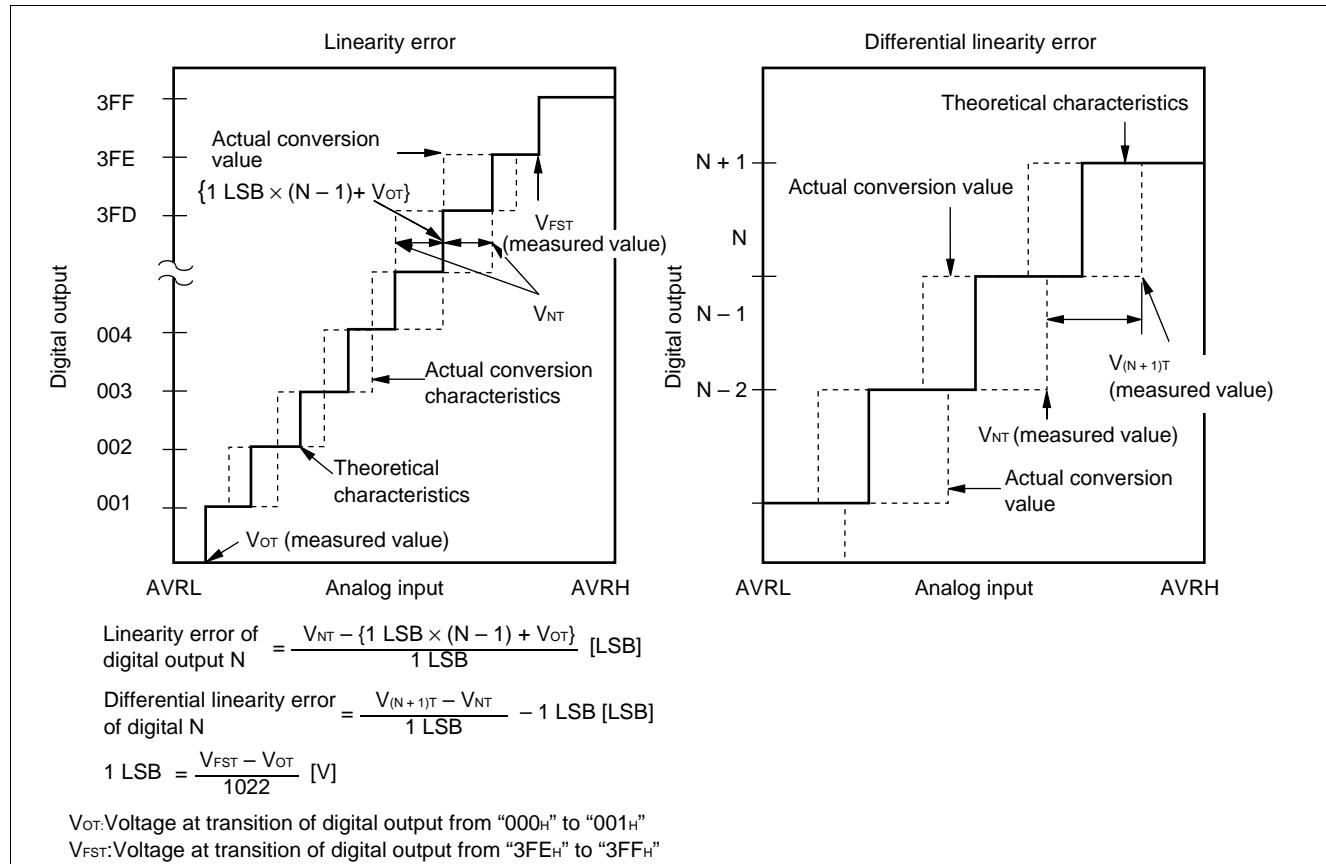
$$V_{OT} \text{ (Theoretical value)} = \text{AVRL} + 0.5 \text{ LSB} [\text{V}]$$

V_{NT}: Voltage at a transition of digital output from (N - 1) to N

$$V_{FST} \text{ (Theoretical value)} = \text{AVRH} - 1.5 \text{ LSB} [\text{V}]$$

(Continued)

(Continued)



MB90570A/570C Series

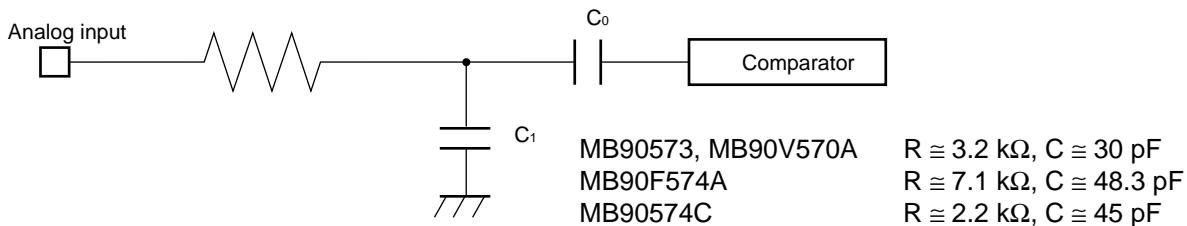
7. Notes on Using A/D Converter

Select the output impedance value for the external circuit of analog input according to the following conditions. Output impedance values of the external circuit MB90V570A/573 are 5 kΩ or lower, MB90F574A/574C are 10 kΩ or lower are recommended.

When capacitors are connected to external pins, the capacitance of several thousand times the internal capacitor value is recommended to minimize the effect of voltage distribution between the external capacitor and internal capacitor.

When the output impedance of the external circuit is too high, the sampling period for analog voltages may not be sufficient (sampling period = 4.00 μs @ machine clock of 16 MHz).

• Equipment of analog input circuit model



Note : Listed values must be considered as standards.

• Error

The smaller the $|AVRH - AVRL|$, the greater the error would become relatively.

MB90570A/570C Series

8. D/A Converter Electrical Characteristics

(AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = DV_{CC} = 5.0 V ±10%, AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = DV_{SS} = 0.0 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value			Unit	Remarks
			Min	Typ	Max		
Resolution	—	—	—	8	—	bit	
Differential linearity error	—	—	—	—	±0.9	LSB	
Absolute accuracy	—	—	—	—	±1.2	%	
Linearity error	—	—	—	—	±1.5	LSB	
Conversion time	—	—	—	10	20	μs	Load capacitance: 20 pF
Analog reference voltage	—	DV _{CC}	V _{SS} + 3.0	—	AV _{CC}	V	
Reference voltage supply current	I _{DVR}	DV _{CC}	—	120	300	μA	Conversion under no load
	I _{DVRS}	DV _{CC}	—	—	10	μA	In sleep mode
Analog output impedance	—	—	—	20	—	kΩ	

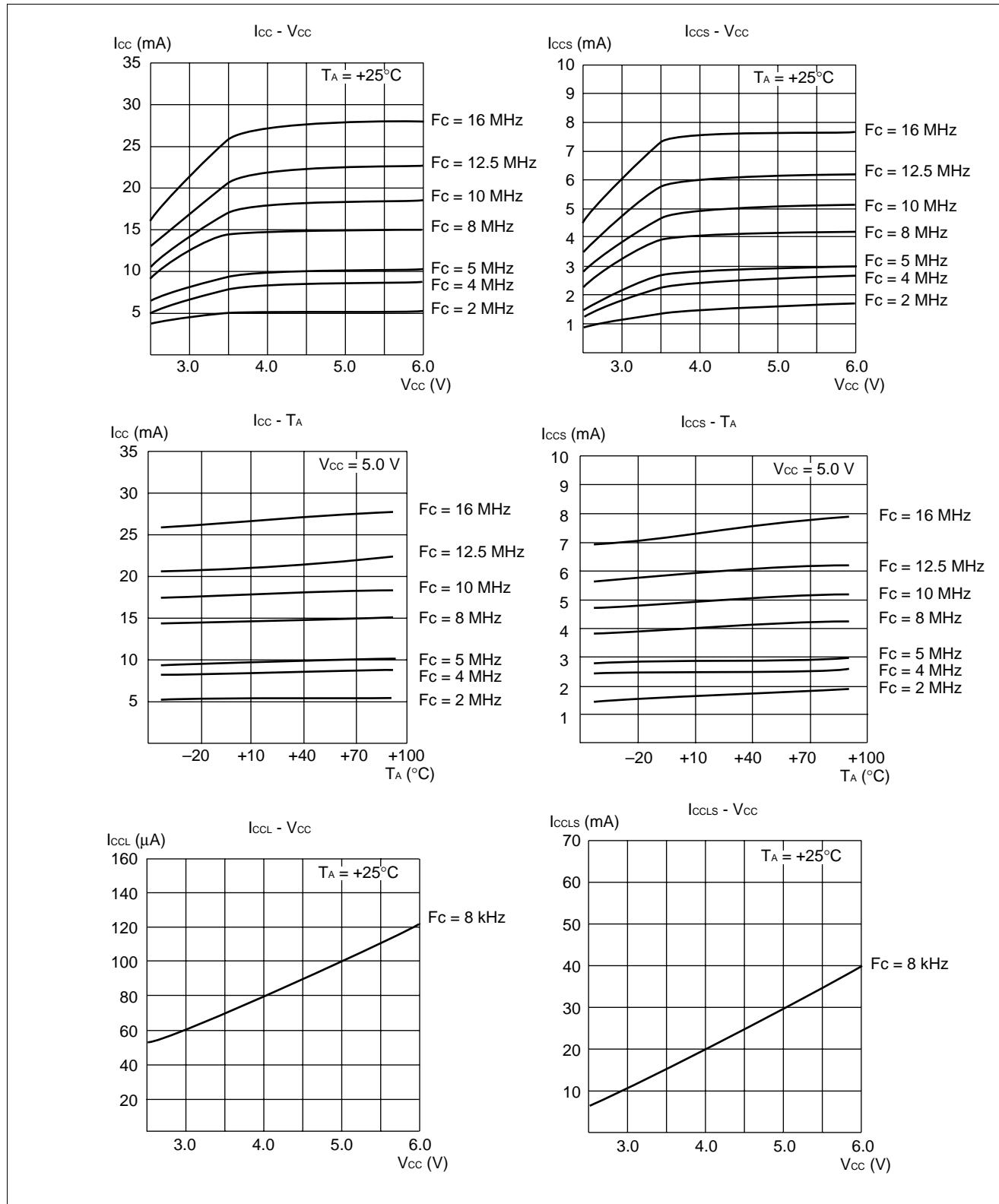
9. Flash Memory Program/Erase Characteristics

Parameter	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Sector erase time	T _A = + 25°C V _{CC} = 5.0 V	—	1.5	30	s	Except for the write time before internal erase operation
Chip erase time		—	13.5	—	s	Except for the write time before internal erase operation
Word (16bit width) programming time		—	32	1,000	μs	Except for the over head time of the system
Program/Erase time	—	10,000	—	—	cycle	
Data hold time	—	100,000	—	—	h	

MB90570A/570C Series

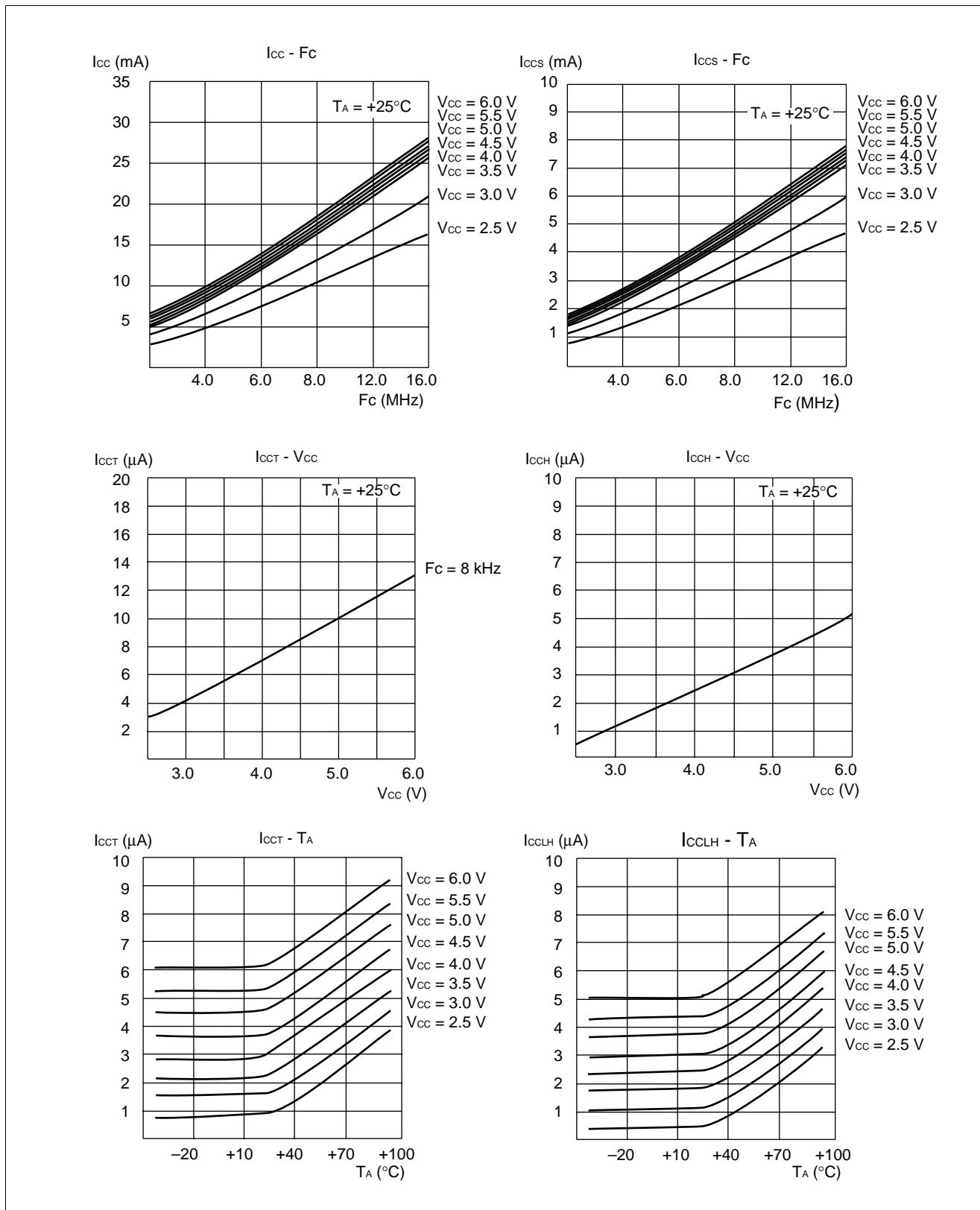
■ EXAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS

(1) Power Supply Current (MB90573)



(Continued)

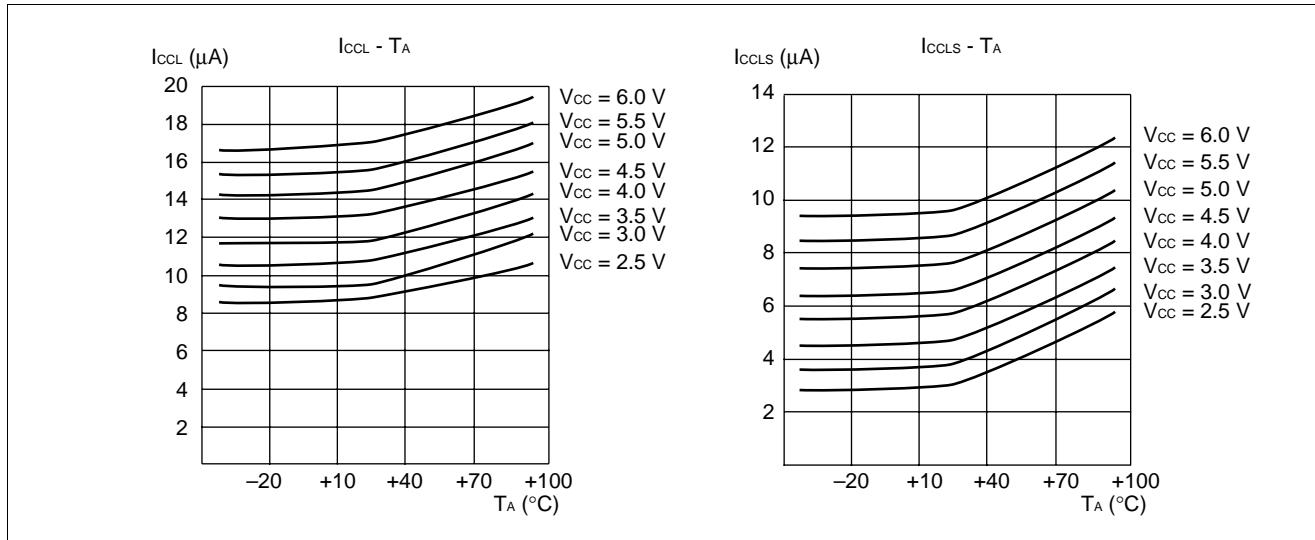
MB90570A/570C Series



(Continued)

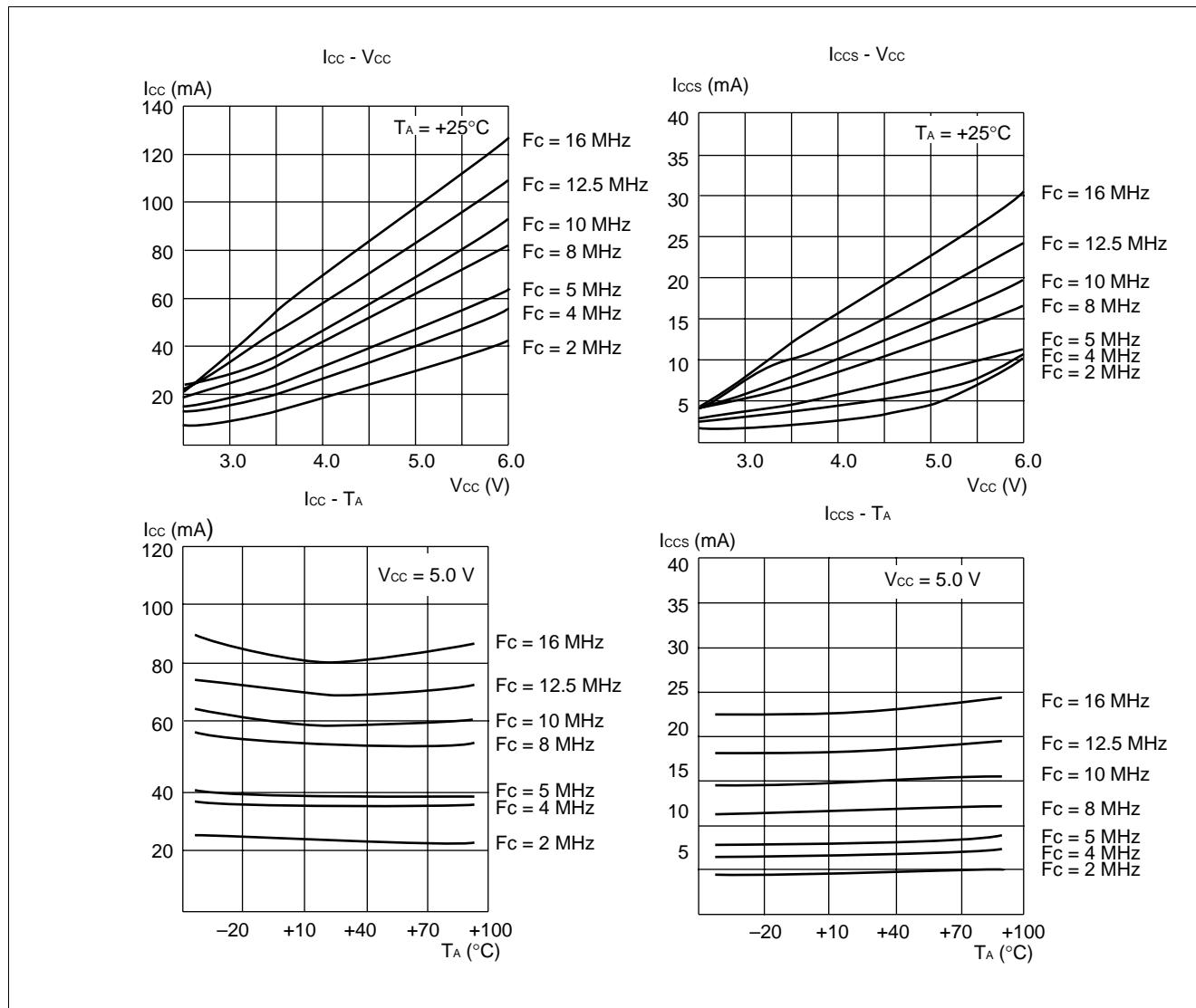
MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)



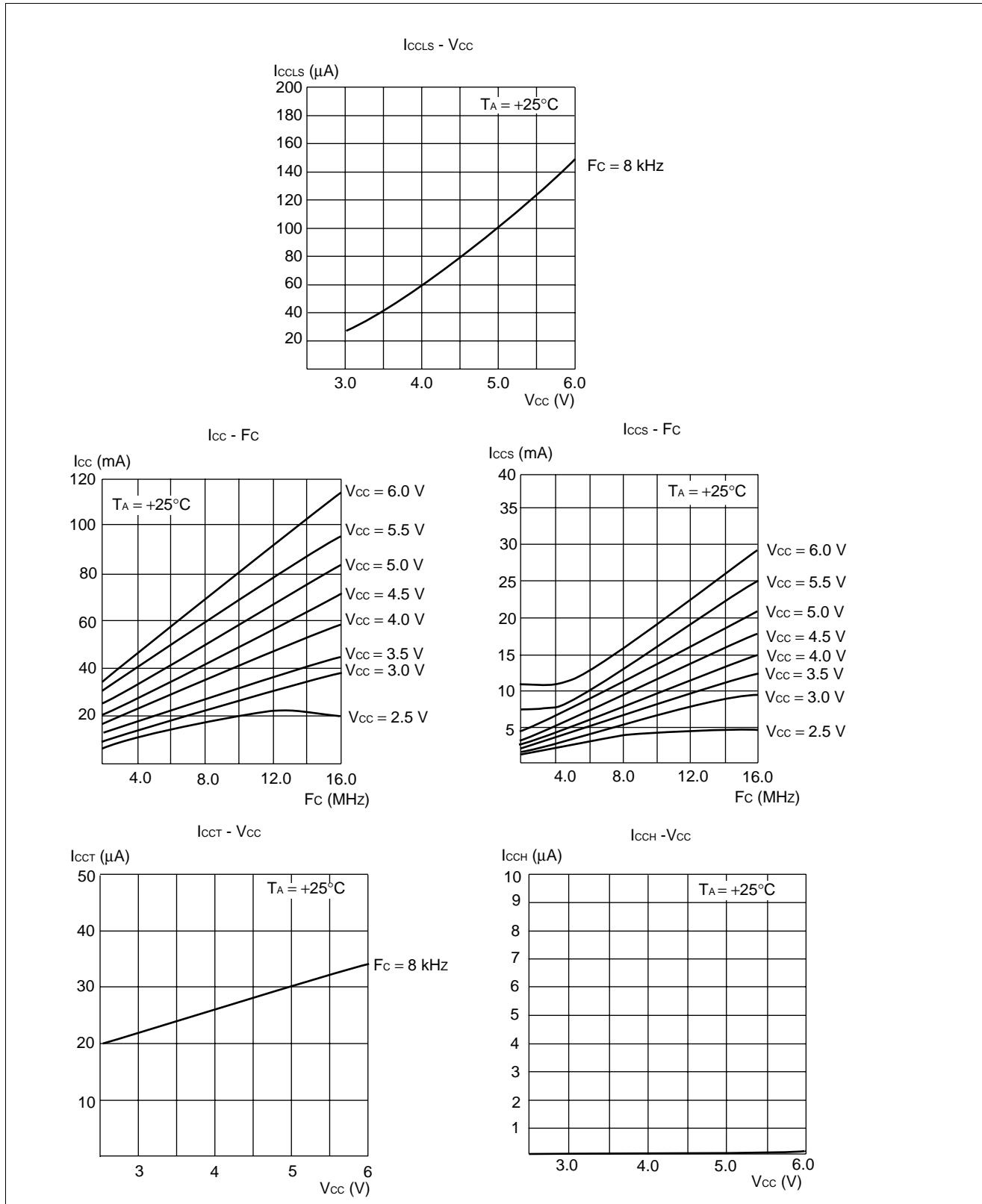
MB90570A/570C Series

(2) Power Supply Current (MB90F574A)



(Continued)

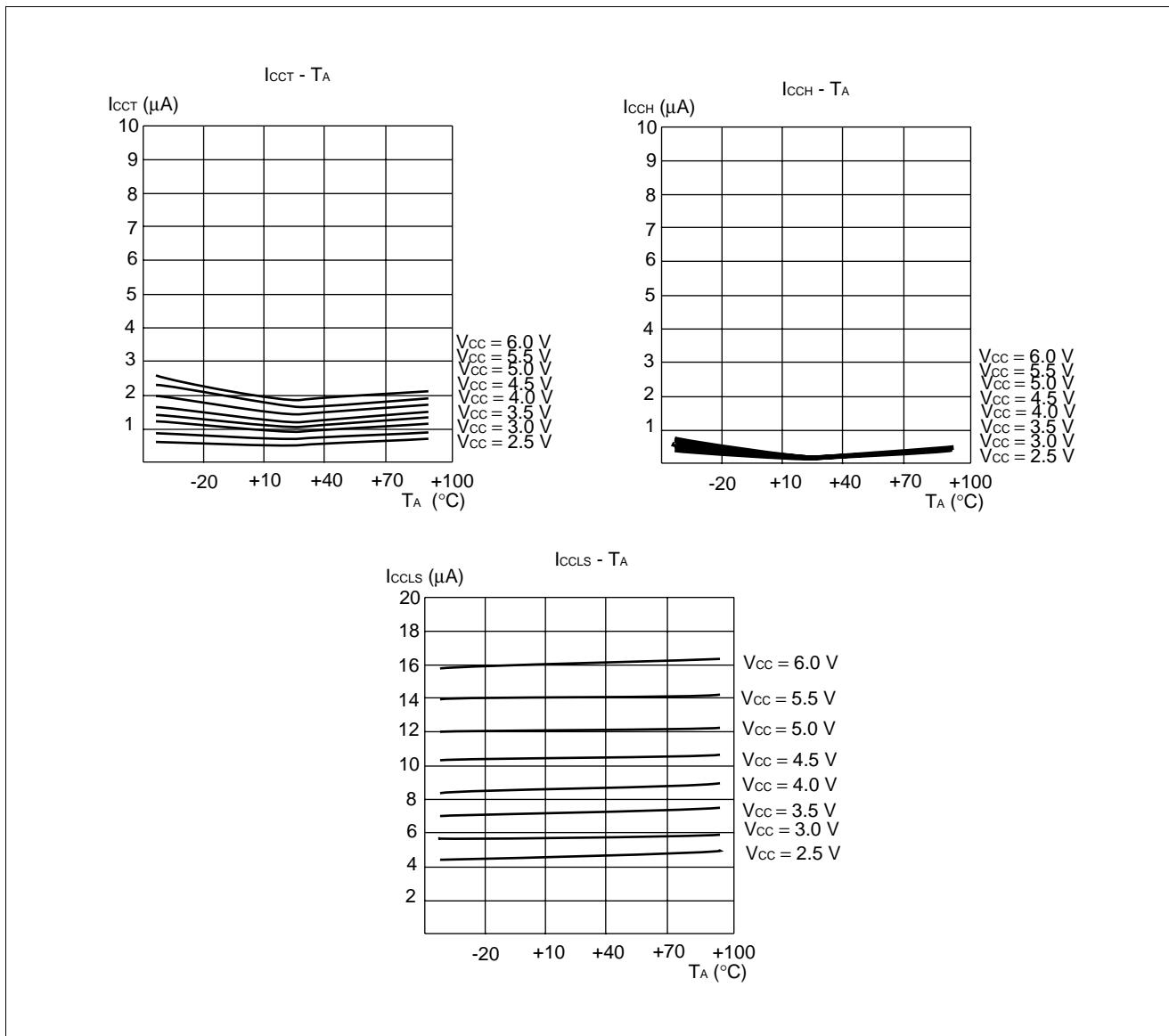
MB90570A/570C Series



(Continued)

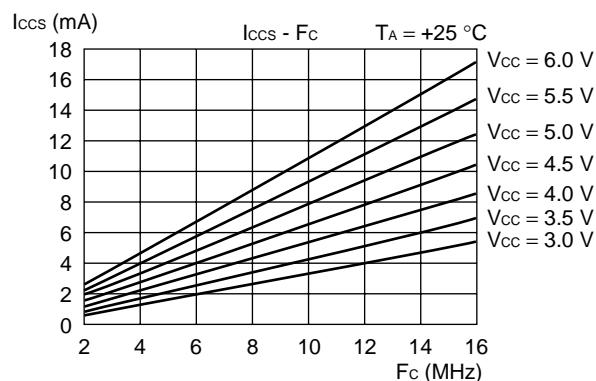
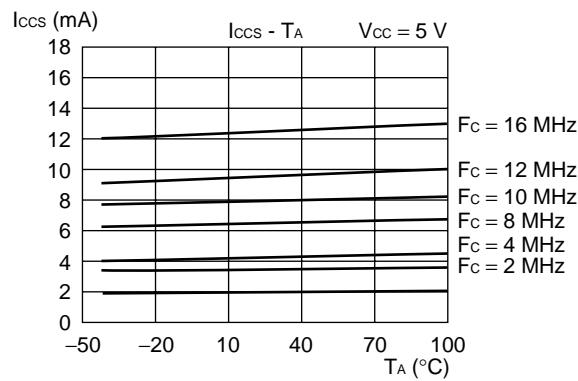
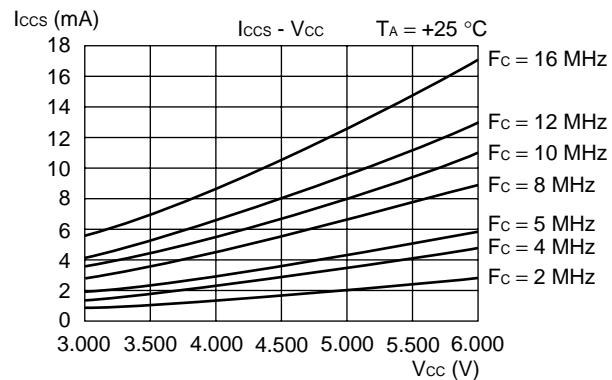
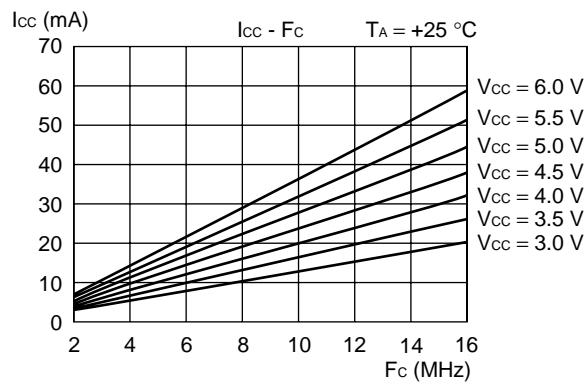
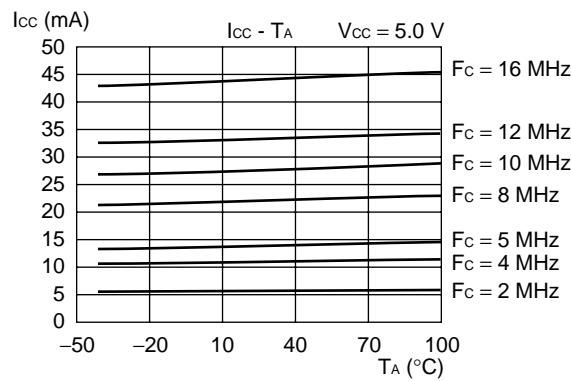
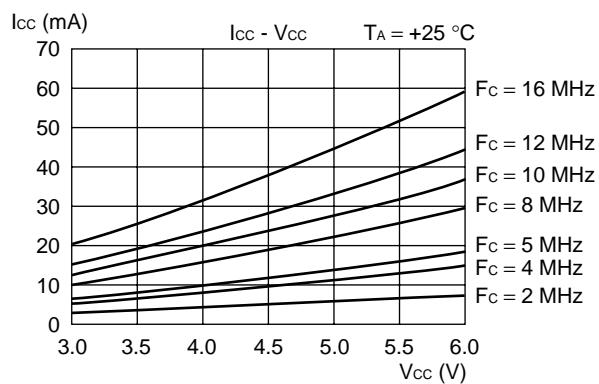
MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)



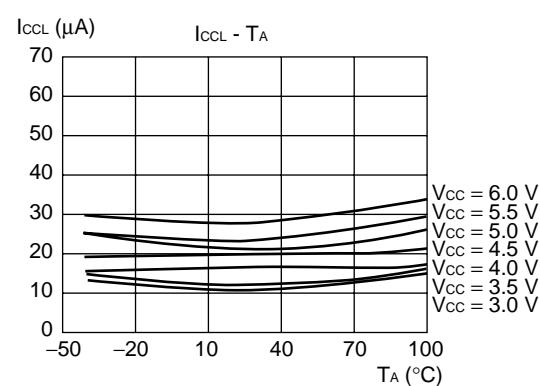
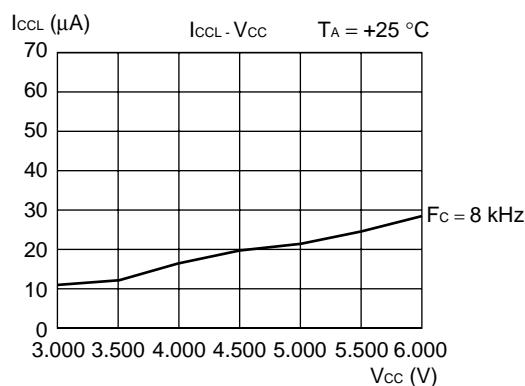
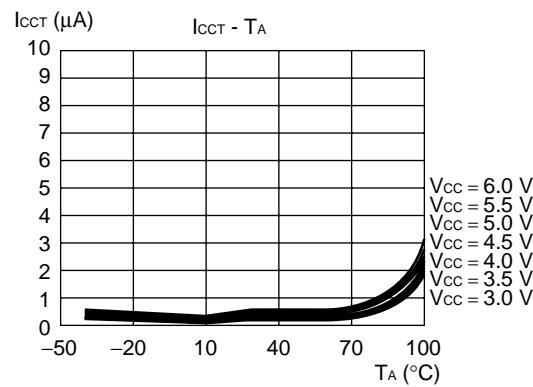
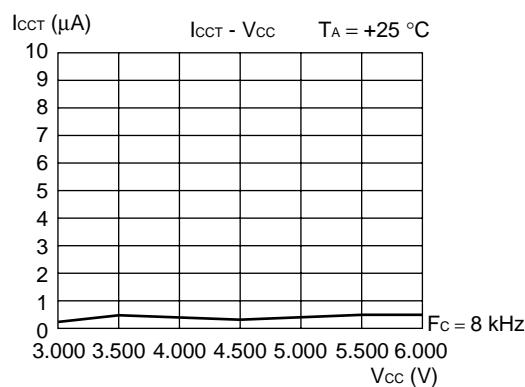
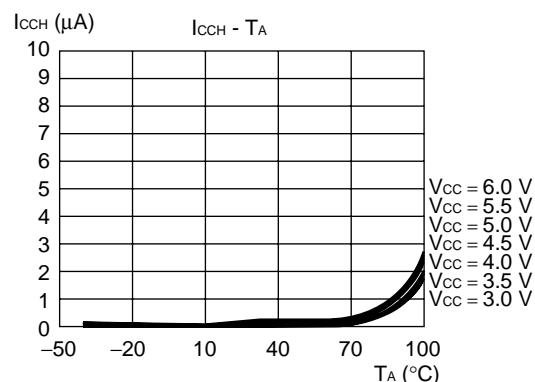
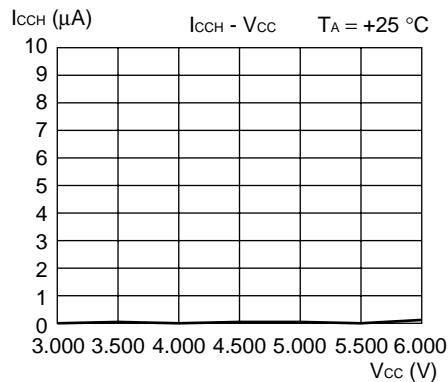
MB90570A/570C Series

(3) Power Supply Current (MB90574C)



(Continued)

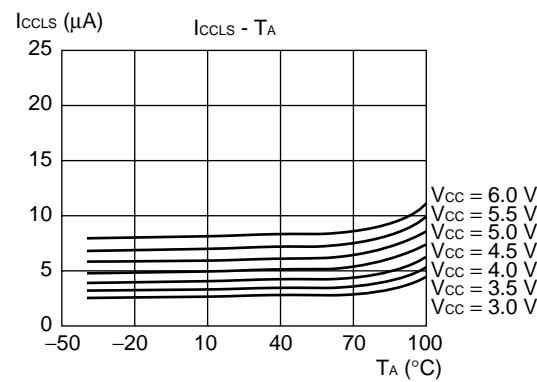
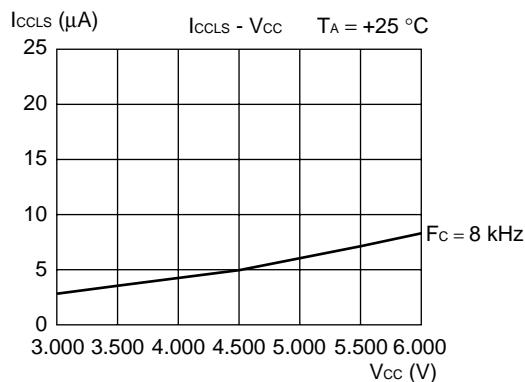
MB90570A/570C Series



(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

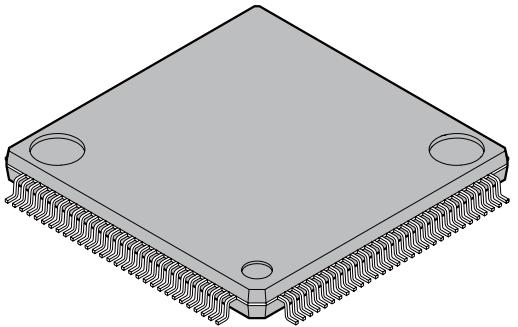


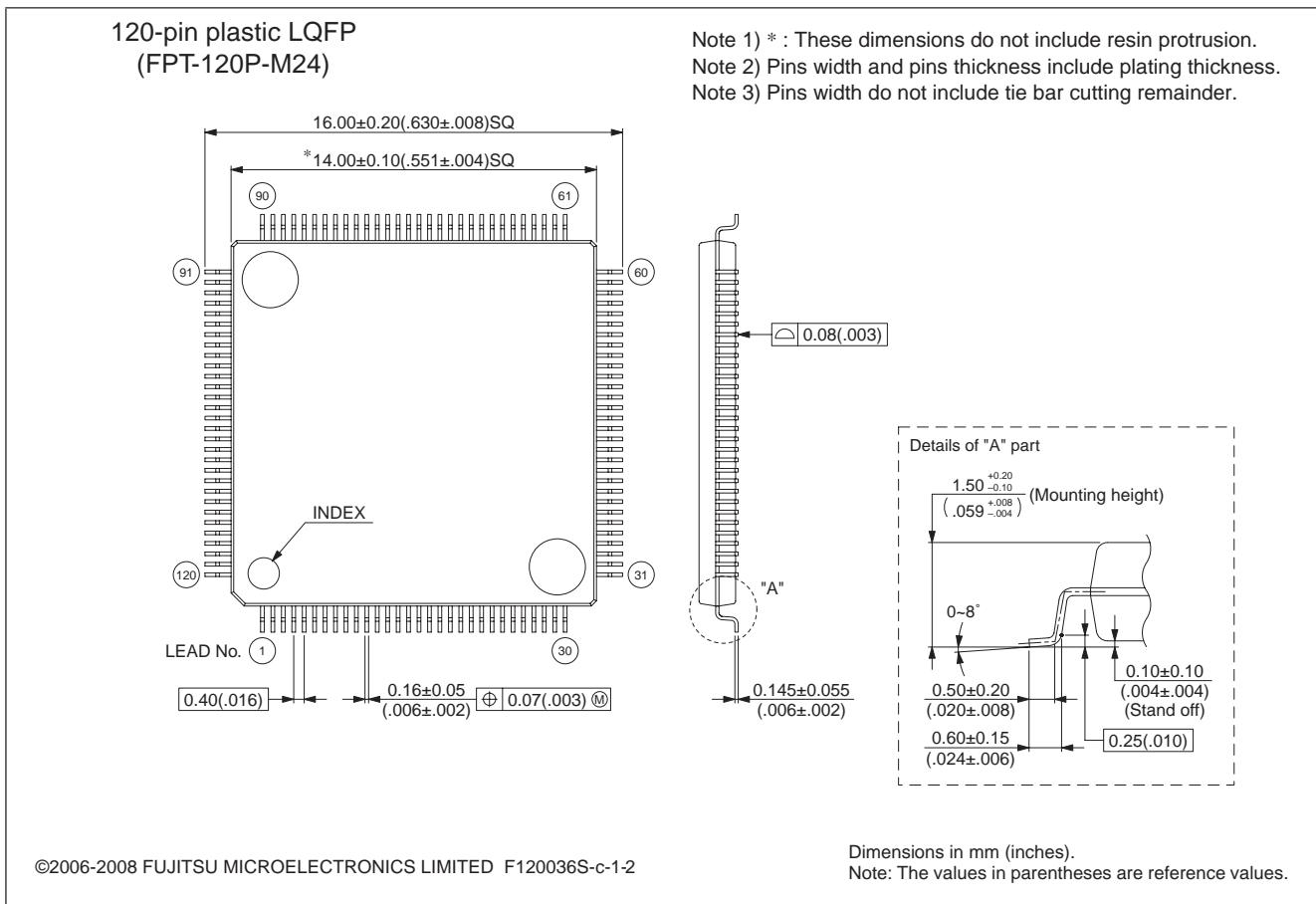
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90F574APMC1 MB90573PMC1	120-pin Plastic LQFP (FPT-120P-M24)	
MB90F574APFV MB90574CPFV MB90573PFV	120-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-120P-M13)	
MB90574CPMT MB90F574APMT	120-pin Plastic LQFP (FPT-120P-M21)	

MB90570A/570C Series

■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

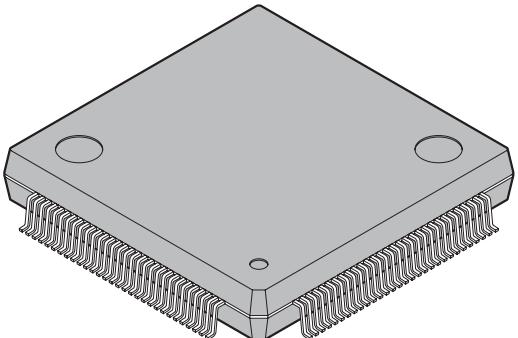
120-pin plastic LQFP  (FPT-120P-M24)	Lead pitch	0.40 mm
Package width × package length	14.0 mm × 14.0 mm	
Lead shape	Gullwing	
Sealing method	Plastic mold	
Mounting height	1.70 mm MAX	
Code (Reference)	P-LFQFP120-14×14-0.40	

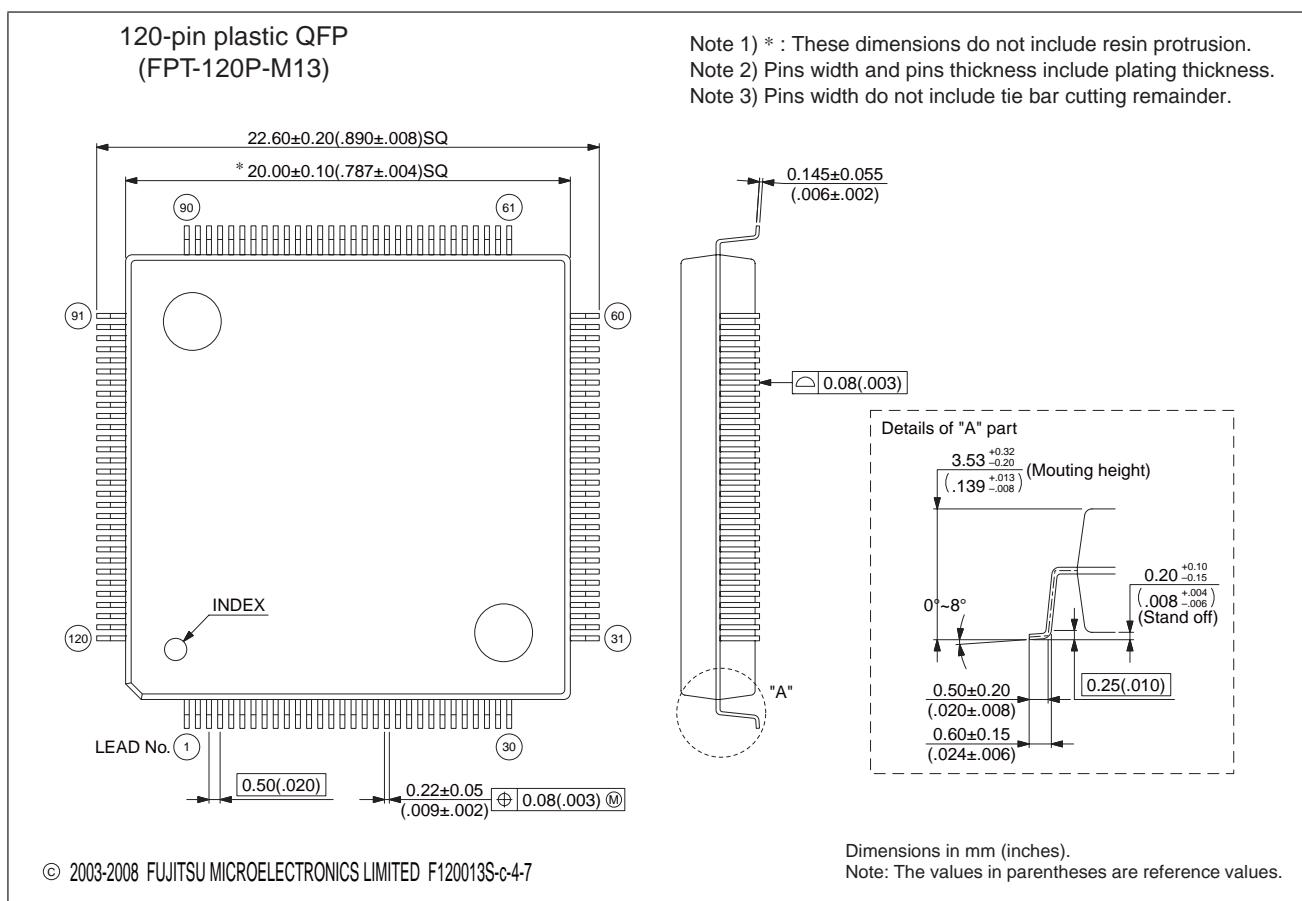


Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
<http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/>

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

120-pin plastic QFP  (FPT-120P-M13)	Lead pitch Package width × package length Lead shape Sealing method Mounting height Weight Code (Reference)	0.50 mm 20.0 × 20.0 mm Gullwing Plastic mold 3.85 mm MAX 2.58g P-FQFP120-20×20-0.50
--	---	---

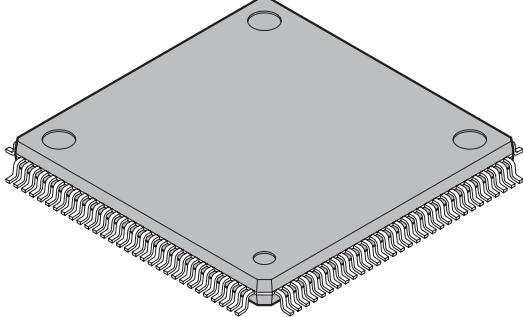


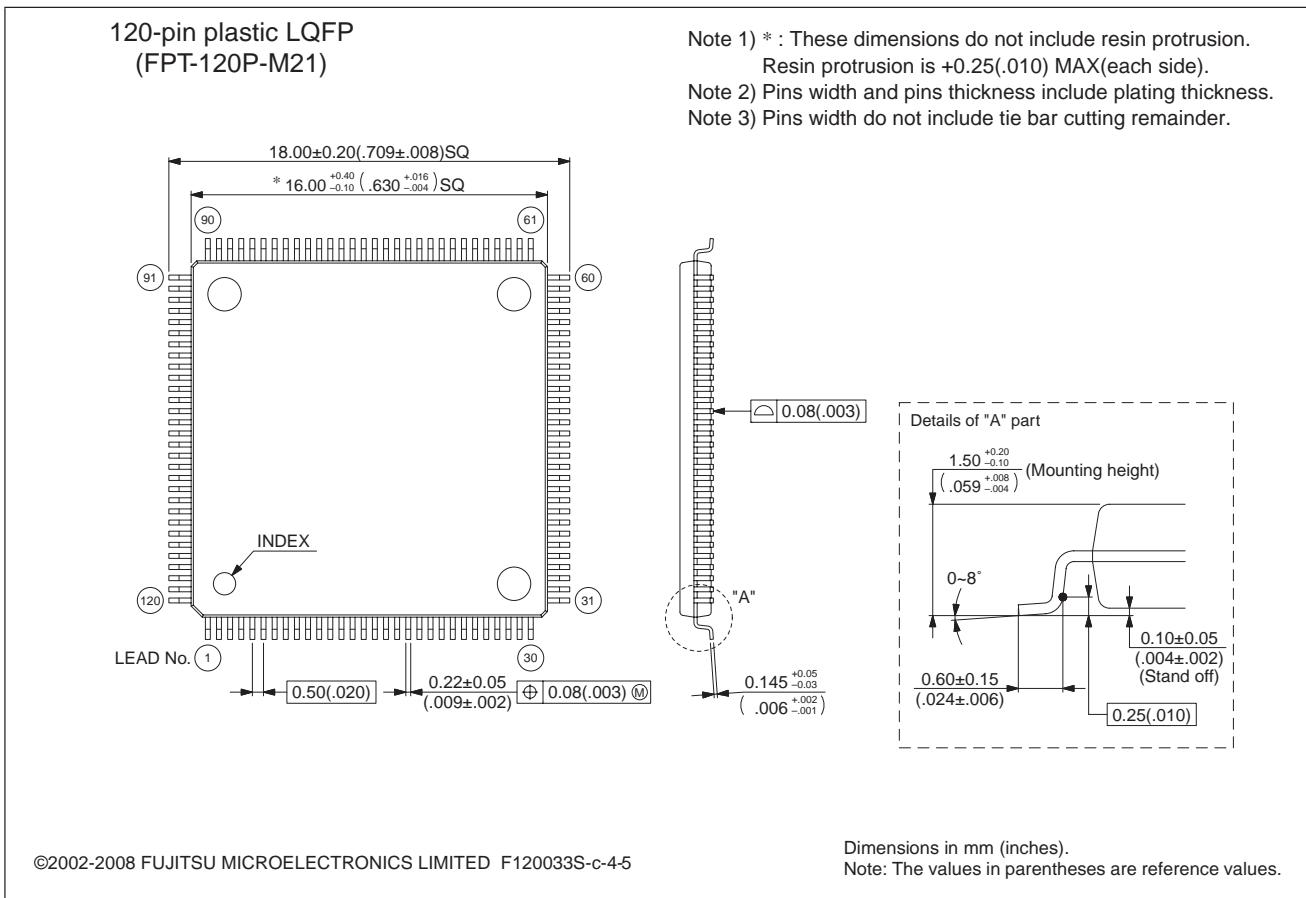
Please confirm the latest Package dimension by following URL.
<http://edevice.fujitsu.com/package/en-search/>

(Continued)

MB90570A/570C Series

(Continued)

 120-pin plastic LQFP (FPT-120P-M21)	Lead pitch Package width × package length Lead shape Sealing method Mounting height Weight Code (Reference)	0.50 mm 16.0 × 16.0 mm Gullwing Plastic mold 1.70 mm MAX 0.88 g P-LFQFP120-16×16-0.50
---	---	---



■ MAIN CHANGES IN THIS EDITION

Page	Section	Change Results
—	—	Series name is changed MB90570 series → MB90570A/570C series
—	—	Deleted the part number; MB90574, MB90F574, MB90V570
—	—	The package code is changed. (FPT-120P-M05 → FPT-120P-M24)
—	—	Peripheral Resource name is changed. Clock Timer → Watch Timer
38	■ PERIPHERALS 1. I/O port	Changed the pull-up resister value in "? Input pull-up resistor setup register (RDR)". 5.0 kΩ → 50 kΩ
83	■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3. DC Characteristics	Changed the value of I_{CCS} (Condition : Internal operation at 16 MHz $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V In sleep mode) When MB90F574A (Min : 5, Max : 10 → Min : 25, Max : 30)
88	■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 4. AC Characteristics	Deleted the "(4) Recommended Resonator Manufacturers".
101	■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 5. Electrical Characteristics for the A/D Converter	Changed the value of "Zero transition voltage". (Added "AVRL") Changed the unit of "Zero transition voltage" and "Full-scale transition voltage". (mV → V)
115	■ ORDERING INFORMATION	Changed the part number; MB90573PFF → MB90573PMC1 MB90F574APFF → MB90F574APMC1
116	■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS	Changed the figure of package. FPT-120P-M05 → FPT-120P-M24

The vertical lines marked in the left side of the page show the changes.

MB90570A/570C Series

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS LIMITED

Shinjuku Dai-Ichi Seimei Bldg., 7-1, Nishishinjuku 2-chome,

Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 163-0722, Japan

Tel: +81-3-5322-3347 Fax: +81-3-5322-3387

<http://jp.fujitsu.com/fml/en/>

For further information please contact:

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC.

1250 E. Arques Avenue, M/S 333

Sunnyvale, CA 94085-5401, U.S.A.

Tel: +1-408-737-5600 Fax: +1-408-737-5999

<http://www.fma.fujitsu.com/>

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE. LTD.

151 Lorong Chuan,

#05-08 New Tech Park 556741 Singapore

Tel : +65-6281-0770 Fax : +65-6281-0220

<http://www.fmal.fujitsu.com/>

Europe

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS EUROPE GmbH

Pittlerstrasse 47, 63225 Langen, Germany

Tel: +49-6103-690-0 Fax: +49-6103-690-122

<http://emea.fujitsu.com/microelectronics/>

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS SHANGHAI CO., LTD.

Rm. 3102, Bund Center, No.222 Yan An Road (E),

Shanghai 200002, China

Tel : +86-21-6146-3688 Fax : +86-21-6335-1605

<http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/>

Korea

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS KOREA LTD.

206 Kosmo Tower Building, 1002 Daechi-Dong,

Gangnam-Gu, Seoul 135-280, Republic of Korea

Tel: +82-2-3484-7100 Fax: +82-2-3484-7111

<http://kr.fujitsu.com/fmk/>

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS PACIFIC ASIA LTD.

10/F., World Commerce Centre, 11 Canton Road,

Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Tel : +852-2377-0226 Fax : +852-2376-3269

<http://cn.fujitsu.com/fmc/en/>

Specifications are subject to change without notice. For further information please contact each office.

All Rights Reserved.

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice.

Customers are advised to consult with sales representatives before ordering.

The information, such as descriptions of function and application circuit examples, in this document are presented solely for the purpose of reference to show examples of operations and uses of FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS device; FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS does not warrant proper operation of the device with respect to use based on such information. When you develop equipment incorporating the device based on such information, you must assume any responsibility arising out of such use of the information.

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS assumes no liability for any damages whatsoever arising out of the use of the information.

Any information in this document, including descriptions of function and schematic diagrams, shall not be construed as license of the use or exercise of any intellectual property right, such as patent right or copyright, or any other right of FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS or any third party or does FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS warrant non-infringement of any third-party's intellectual property right or other right by using such information. FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS assumes no liability for any infringement of the intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties which would result from the use of information contained herein.

The products described in this document are designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated for general use, including without limitation, ordinary industrial use, general office use, personal use, and household use, but are not designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated (1) for use accompanying fatal risks or dangers that, unless extremely high safety is secured, could have a serious effect to the public, and could lead directly to death, personal injury, severe physical damage or other loss (i.e., nuclear reaction control in nuclear facility, aircraft flight control, air traffic control, mass transport control, medical life support system, missile launch control in weapon system), or (2) for use requiring extremely high reliability (i.e., submersible repeater and artificial satellite).

Please note that FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS will not be liable against you and/or any third party for any claims or damages arising in connection with above-mentioned uses of the products.

Any semiconductor devices have an inherent chance of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

Exportation/release of any products described in this document may require necessary procedures in accordance with the regulations of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan and/or US export control laws.

The company names and brand names herein are the trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помошь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помошь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.