

10-pin, 24-Bit, 192 kHz Stereo D/A Converter

Features

- ◆ Multi-bit Delta-Sigma Modulator
- ◆ 24-bit Conversion
- ◆ Automatically Detects Sample Rates up to 192 kHz.
- ◆ 105 dB Dynamic Range
- ◆ -90 dB THD+N
- ◆ Low Clock-Jitter Sensitivity
- ◆ Single +3.3 V or +5 V Power Supply
- ◆ Filtered Line-Level Outputs
- ◆ On-chip Digital De-emphasis
- ◆ Popguard™ Technology
- ◆ Small 10-pin TSSOP Package

Description

The CS4344 family members are complete, stereo digital-to-analog output systems including interpolation, multi-bit D/A conversion and output analog filtering in a 10-pin package. The CS4344/5/6/8 support all major audio data interface formats, and the individual devices differ only in the supported interface format.

The CS4344 family is based on a fourth order multi-bit delta-sigma modulator with a linear analog low-pass filter. This family also includes auto-speed mode detection using both sample rate and master clock ratio as a method of auto-selecting sampling rates between 2 kHz and 200 kHz.

The CS4344 family contains on-chip digital de-emphasis, operates from a single +3.3 V or +5 V power supply, and requires minimal support circuitry. These features are ideal for DVD players & recorders, digital televisions, home theater and set top box products, and automotive audio systems.

The CS4344 family is available in a 10-pin TSSOP package in both Commercial (-10 to +85 °C) and Automotive grades (-40 to +85 °C). Please see [Section 8](#), "Ordering Information" on page 23 for complete details.

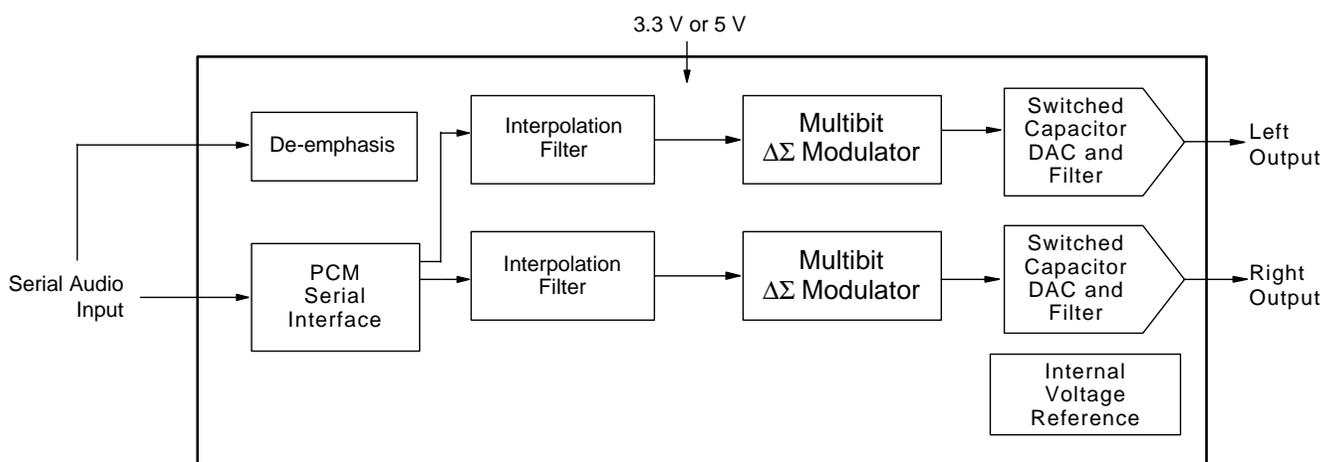


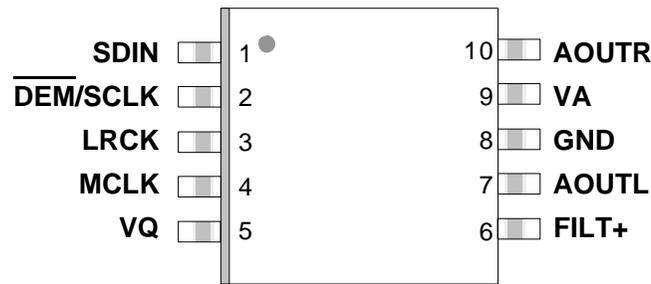
TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS	4
2. CHARACTERISTICS AND SPECIFICATIONS	5
SPECIFIED OPERATING CONDITIONS	5
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
DAC ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS	6
DAC ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS - ALL MODES	6
COMBINED INTERPOLATION & ON-CHIP ANALOG FILTER RESPONSE	7
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	8
POWER AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS	8
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS - SERIAL AUDIO INTERFACE	9
3. TYPICAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM	11
4. APPLICATIONS	12
4.1 Master Clock	12
4.2 Serial Clock	12
4.2.1 External Serial Clock Mode	12
4.2.2 Internal Serial Clock Mode	12
4.3 De-Emphasis	15
4.4 Initialization and Power-Down	15
4.5 Output Transient Control	15
4.5.1 Power-Up	15
4.5.2 Power-Down	15
4.6 Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling	17
4.7 Analog Output and Filtering	17
5. FILTER PLOTS	18
6. PARAMETER DEFINITIONS	21
7. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS	22
8. ORDERING INFORMATION	23
8.1 Functional Compatibility	23
8.2 Selection Guide	23
9. REVISION HISTORY	24

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. Output Test Load	8
Figure 2. Maximum Loading	8
Figure 3. External Serial Mode Input Timing	10
Figure 4. Internal Serial Mode Input Timing	11
Figure 5. Internal Serial Clock Generation	11
Figure 6. Recommended Connection Diagram	12
Figure 7. CS4344 Data Format (I ² S)	14
Figure 8. CS4345 Data Format (Left Justified)	14
Figure 9. CS4346 Data Format (Right Justified 24)	15
Figure 10. CS4348 Data Format (Right Justified 16)	15
Figure 11. De-Emphasis Curve (Fs = 44.1kHz)	16
Figure 12. CS4344/5/6/8 Initialization and Power-down Sequence	17
Figure 13. Single Speed Stopband Rejection	19
Figure 14. Single Speed Transition Band	19
Figure 15. Single Speed Transition Band	19
Figure 16. Single Speed Passband Ripple	19
Figure 17. Double Speed Stopband Rejection	20
Figure 18. Double Speed Transition Band	20
Figure 19. Double Speed Transition Band	20
Figure 20. Double Speed Passband Ripple	20
Figure 21. Quad Speed Stopband Rejection	21
Figure 22. Quad Speed Transition Band	21
Figure 23. Quad Speed Transition Band	21
Figure 24. Quad Speed Passband Ripple	21

1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS



Pin Name	#	Pin Description
SDIN	1	Serial Audio Data Input (Input) - Input for two's complement serial audio data.
DEM/SCLK	2	De-Emphasis/External Serial Clock Input (Input) - used for de-emphasis filter control or external serial clock input.
LRCK	3	Left Right Clock (Input) - Determines which channel, Left or Right, is currently active on the serial audio data line.
MCLK	4	Master Clock (Input) - Clock source for the delta-sigma modulator and digital filters.
VQ	5	Quiescent Voltage (Output) - Filter connection for internal quiescent voltage.
FILT+	6	Positive Voltage Reference (Output) - Positive reference voltage for the internal sampling circuits.
AOUTL	7	Left Channel Analog Output (Output) - The full scale analog output level is specified in the Analog Characteristics specification table.
GND	8	Ground (Input) - ground reference.
VA	9	Analog Power (Input) - Positive power for the analog and digital sections.
AOUTR	10	Right Channel Analog Output (Output) - The full scale analog output level is specified in the Analog Characteristics specification table.

2. CHARACTERISTICS AND SPECIFICATIONS

(All Min/Max characteristics and specifications are guaranteed over the Specified Operating Conditions. Typical performance characteristics and specifications are derived from measurements taken at nominal supply voltage and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.)

SPECIFIED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(AGND = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.)

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Units
DC Power Supply	VA	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
		3.00	3.3	3.47	V
Specified Temperature Range	-CZZ -DZZ T_A	-10	-	+70	$^\circ\text{C}$
		-40	-	+85	$^\circ\text{C}$

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(AGND = 0 V; all voltages with respect to ground.)

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
DC Power Supply	VA	-0.3	6.0	V
Input Current, Any Pin Except Supplies	I_{in}	-	± 10	mA
Digital Input Voltage	V_{IND}	-0.3	VA+0.4	V
Ambient Operating Temperature (power applied)	T_{op}	-55	125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-65	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent damage to the device. Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

DAC ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

(Full-Scale Output Sine Wave, 997 Hz (Note 1), $F_s = 48/96/192$ kHz; Test load $R_L = 3$ k Ω , $C_L = 10$ pF (Figure 1). Measurement Bandwidth 10 Hz to 20 kHz, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter			5 V Nom			3.3 V Nom			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Dynamic Performance for CS4344/5/6/8-CZZ (-10 to 70°C)									
Dynamic Range	18 to 24-Bit	A-weighted	99	105	-	97	103	-	dB
		unweighted	96	102	-	94	100	-	dB
	16-Bit	A-weighted	90	96	-	90	96	-	dB
		unweighted	87	93	-	87	93	-	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise									
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	18 to 24-Bit	0 dB	-	-90	-85	-	-90	-85	dB
		-20 dB	-	-82	-76	-	-80	-74	dB
		-60 dB	-	-42	-36	-	-40	-34	dB
	16-Bit	0 dB	-	-90	-84	-	-90	-84	dB
		-20 dB	-	-73	-67	-	-73	-67	dB
		-60 dB	-	-33	-27	-	-33	-27	dB
Dynamic Performance for CS4344/5-DZZ (-40 to 85°C)									
Dynamic Range	18 to 24-Bit	A-weighted	95	105	-	93	103	-	dB
		unweighted	92	102	-	90	100	-	dB
	16-Bit	A-weighted	86	96	-	86	96	-	dB
		unweighted	83	93	-	83	93	-	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise									
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise	18 to 24-Bit	0 dB	-	-90	-82	-	-90	-82	dB
		-20 dB	-	-82	-72	-	-80	-70	dB
		-60 dB	-	-42	-32	-	-40	-30	dB
	16-Bit	0 dB	-	-90	-82	-	-90	-82	dB
		-20 dB	-	-73	-63	-	-73	-63	dB
		-60 dB	-	-33	-23	-	-33	-23	dB

Notes:

1. One-half LSB of triangular PDF dither added to data.

DAC ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS - ALL MODES

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Interchannel Isolation (1 kHz)		-	100	-	dB
DC Accuracy					
Interchannel Gain Mismatch		-	0.1	0.25	dB
Gain Drift		-	100	-	ppm/°C
Analog Output					
Full Scale Output Voltage		0.60•VA	0.65•VA	0.70•VA	V _{pp}
Quiescent Voltage	V_Q	-	0.5•VA	-	VDC
Max DC Current draw from an AOUT pin	I_{OUTmax}	-	10	-	μ A
Max Current draw from VQ	I_{Qmax}	-	100	-	μ A
Max AC-Load Resistance (see Figure 2 on page 8)	R_L	-	3	-	k Ω
Max Load Capacitance (see Figure 2 on page 8)	C_L	-	100	-	pF
Output Impedance	Z_{OUT}	-	100	-	Ω

COMBINED INTERPOLATION & ON-CHIP ANALOG FILTER RESPONSE

(The filter characteristics have been normalized to the sample rate (F_s) and can be referenced to the desired sample rate by multiplying the given characteristic by F_s .) See (Note 6)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Combined Digital and On-chip Analog Filter Response Single-Speed Mode					
Passband (Note 2)	to -0.1 dB corner to -3 dB corner	0	-	.35	F_s
		0	-	.4992	F_s
Frequency Response 10 Hz to 20 kHz		-.175	-	+.01	dB
StopBand		.5465	-	-	F_s
StopBand Attenuation (Note 3)		50	-	-	dB
Group Delay	tgd	-	10/ F_s	-	s
De-emphasis Error (Note 5)	$F_s = 32$ kHz	-	-	+1.5/+0	dB
	$F_s = 44.1$ kHz	-	-	+.05/- .25	dB
	$F_s = 48$ kHz	-	-	-.2/- .4	dB
Combined Digital and On-chip Analog Filter Response Double-Speed Mode					
Passband (Note 2)	to +0.1 dB corner to -3 dB corner	0	-	.22	F_s
		0	-	.501	F_s
Frequency Response 10 Hz to 20 kHz		-.15	-	+.15	dB
StopBand		.5770	-	-	F_s
StopBand Attenuation (Note 3)		55	-	-	dB
Group Delay	tgd	-	5/ F_s	-	s
Combined Digital and On-chip Analog Filter Response Quad-Speed Mode					
Passband (Note 2)	to -0.1 dB corner to -3 dB corner	0	-	0.110	F_s
		0	-	0.469	F_s
Frequency Response 10 Hz to 20 kHz		-.12	-	+0	dB
StopBand		0.7	-	-	F_s
StopBand Attenuation (Note 3)		51	-	-	dB
Group Delay	tgd	-	2.5/ F_s	-	s

Notes:

- Response is clock dependent and will scale with F_s .
- For Single-Speed Mode, the Measurement Bandwidth is 0.5465 F_s to 3 F_s .
For Double-Speed Mode, the Measurement Bandwidth is 0.577 F_s to 1.4 F_s .
For Quad-Speed Mode, the Measurement Bandwidth is 0.7 F_s to 1 F_s .
- Refer to Figure 2.
- De-emphasis is available only in Single-Speed Mode.
- Amplitude vs. Frequency plots of this data are available in "Filter Plots" on page 18.

DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
High-Level Input Voltage	(% of V_A)	V_{IH}	60%	-	-	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	(% of V_A)	V_{IL}	-	-	30%	V
Input Leakage Current	(Note 7)	I_{in}	-	-	± 10	μA
Input Capacitance			-	8	-	pF

7. I_{in} for LRCK is $\pm 20 \mu A$ max.

POWER AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	Symbol	5 V Nom			3.3 V Nom			Units	
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Power Supplies									
Power Supply Current (Note 8)	normal operation	I_A	-	22	30	-	16	21	mA
	power-down state (Note 9)	I_A	-	220	-	-	100	-	μA
Power Dissipation	normal operation		-	110	150	-	53	69	mW
	power-down state (Note 9)		-	1.1	-	-	0.33	-	mW
Package Thermal Resistance		θ_{JA}	-	95	-	-	95	-	$^{\circ}C/Watt$
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (Note 8)	(1 kHz)	PSRR	-	50	-	-	50	-	dB
	(60 Hz)		-	40	-	-	40	-	dB

- Current consumption increases with increasing FS and increasing MCLK. Typ and Max values are based on highest FS and highest MCLK. Variance between speed modes is small.
- Power down mode is defined when all clock and data lines are held static.
- Valid with the recommended capacitor values on VQ and FILT+ as shown in the typical connection diagram in Section 3.

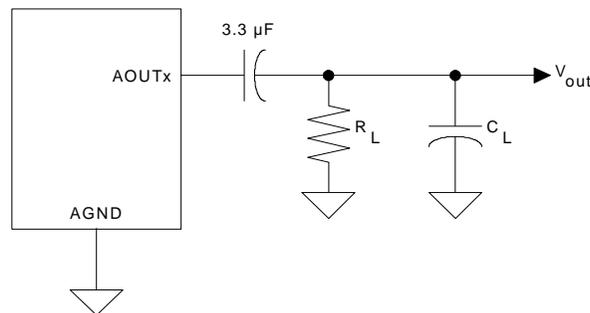


Figure 1. Output Test Load

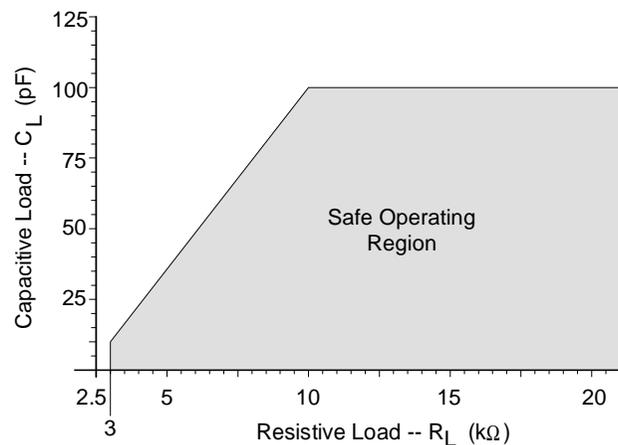


Figure 2. Maximum Loading

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS - SERIAL AUDIO INTERFACE

Parameters	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Units
MCLK Frequency		0.512	-	50	MHz
MCLK Duty Cycle		45	-	55	%
Input Sample Rate (Note 11)	All MCLK/LRCK ratios combined	Fs	2	200	kHz
	256x, 384x, 1024x		2	50	kHz
	256x, 384x		84	134	kHz
	512x, 768x		42	67	kHz
	1152x		30	34	kHz
	128x, 192x		50	100	kHz
	64x, 96x		100	200	kHz
128x, 192x		168	200	kHz	
External SCLK Mode					
LRCK Duty Cycle (External SCLK only)		45	50	55	%
SCLK Pulse Width Low	t _{sckl}	20	-	-	ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	t _{sckh}	20	-	-	ns
SCLK Duty Cycle		45	50	55	%
SCLK rising to LRCK edge delay	t _{slrd}	20	-	-	ns
SCLK rising to LRCK edge setup time	t _{slrs}	20	-	-	ns
SDIN valid to SCLK rising setup time	t _{sdlrs}	20	-	-	ns
SCLK rising to SDIN hold time	t _{sdh}	20	-	-	ns
Internal SCLK Mode					
LRCK Duty Cycle (Internal SCLK only)	(Note 12)	-	50	-	%
SCLK Period	(Note 13) t _{scklw}	$\frac{10^9}{SCLK}$	-	-	ns
SCLK rising to LRCK edge	t _{scklr}	-	$\frac{t_{scklw}}{2}$	-	μs
SDIN valid to SCLK rising setup time	t _{sdlrs}	$\frac{10^9}{(512)Fs} + 10$	-	-	ns
SCLK rising to SDIN hold time MCLK / LRCK = 1152, 1024, 512, 256, 128, or 64	t _{sdh}	$\frac{10^9}{(512)Fs} + 15$	-	-	ns
SCLK rising to SDIN hold time MCLK / LRCK = 768, 384, 192, or 96	t _{sdh}	$\frac{10^9}{(384)Fs} + 15$	-	-	ns

11. Not all sample rates are supported for all clock ratios. See [Table 1, “Common Clock Frequencies,”](#) on [page 12](#) for supported ratio’s and frequencies.

12. In Internal SCLK Mode, the Duty Cycle must be 50% +/- 1/2 MCLK Period.

13. The SCLK / LRCK ratio may be either 32, 48, 64, or 72. This ratio depends on part type and MCLK/LRCK ratio. (See [Figures 7-9](#))

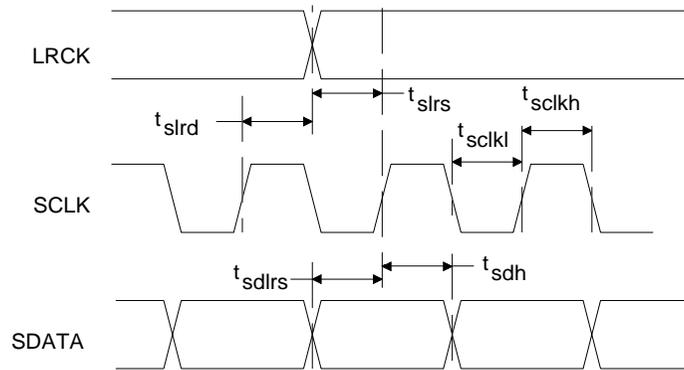
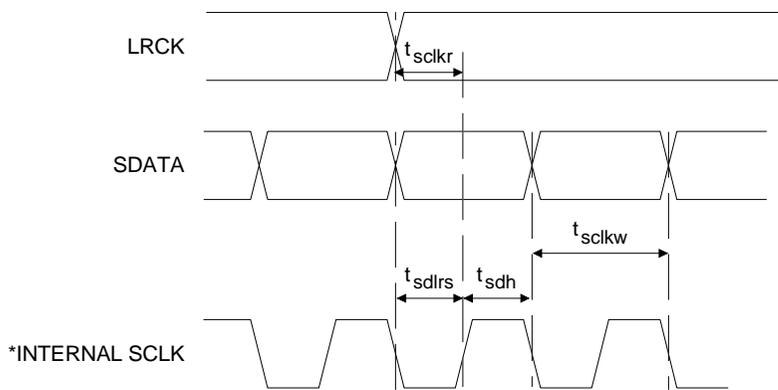
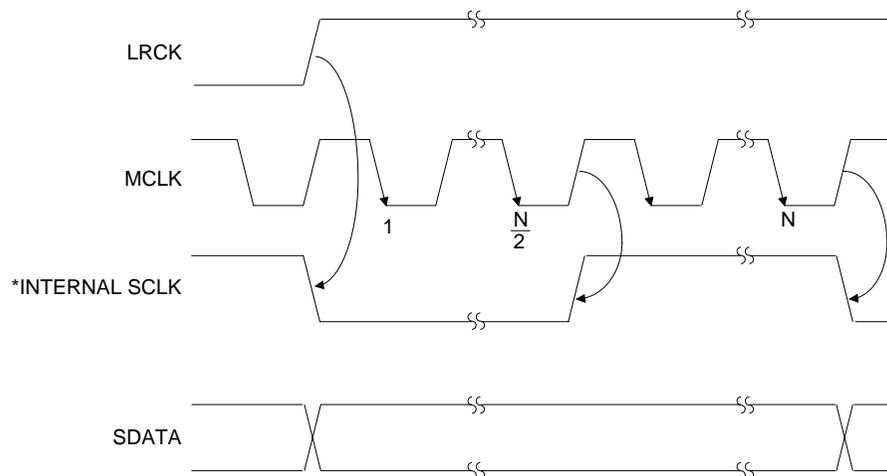


Figure 3. External Serial Mode Input Timing



The SCLK pulses shown are internal to the CS4344/5/6/8.

Figure 4. Internal Serial Mode Input Timing



* The SCLK pulses shown are internal to the CS4344/5/6/8.
N equals MCLK divided by SCLK

Figure 5. Internal Serial Clock Generation

3. TYPICAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM

Note* = This circuitry is intended for applications where the CS4344/5/6/8 connects directly to an unbalanced output of the design. For internal routing applications please see the DAC analog output characteristics for loading limitations.

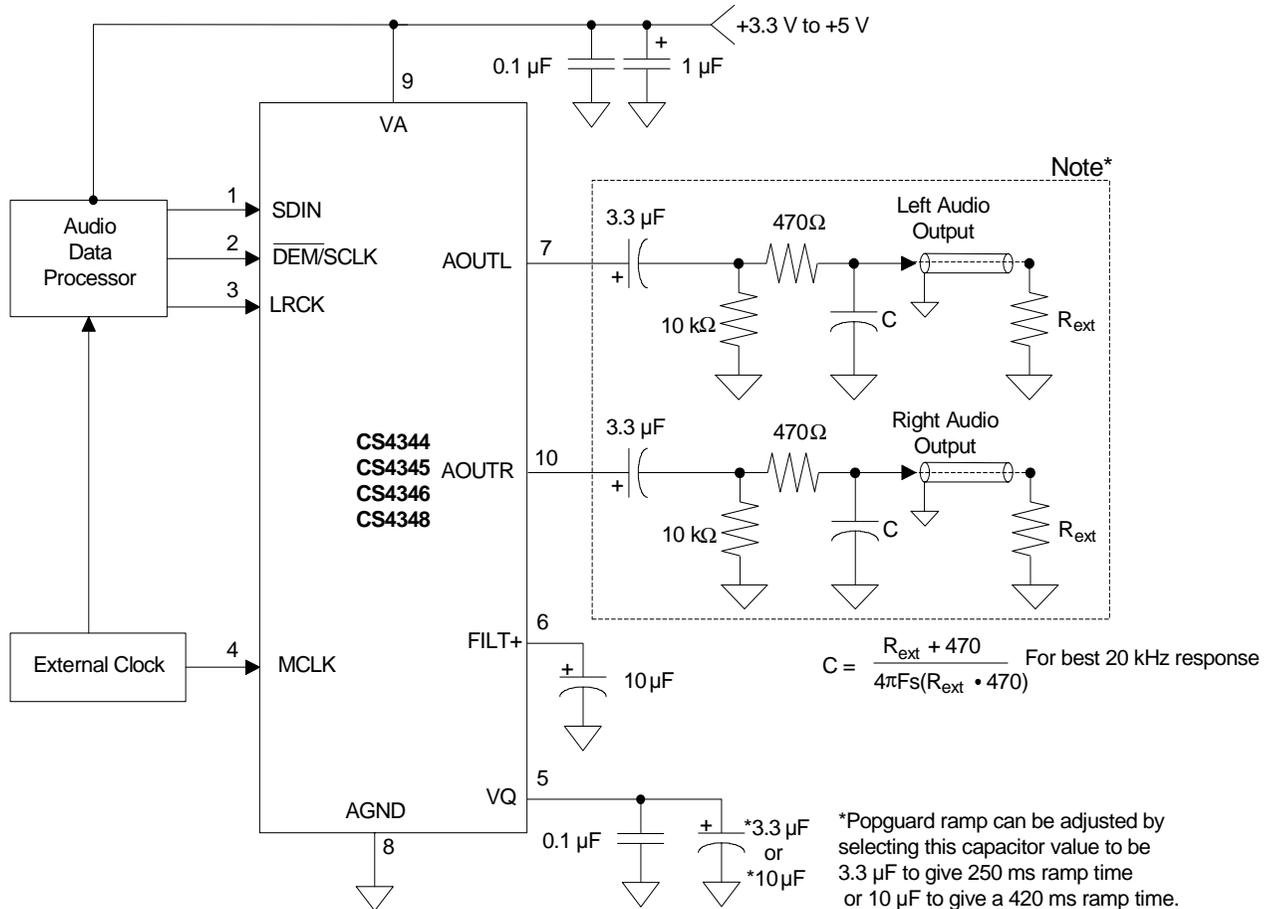


Figure 6. Recommended Connection Diagram

4. APPLICATIONS

The CS4344 family accepts data at standard audio sample rates including 48, 44.1 and 32 kHz in SSM, 96, 88.2 and 64 kHz in DSM, and 192, 176.4 and 128 kHz in QSM. Audio data is input via the serial data input pin (SDIN). The Left/Right Clock (LRCK) determines which channel is currently being input on SDIN, and the optional Serial Clock (SCLK) clocks audio data into the input data buffer. The CS4344/5/6/8 differ in serial data formats as shown in [Figures 7-10](#).

4.1 Master Clock

MCLK/LRCK must be an integer ratio as shown in [Table 1](#). The LRCK frequency is equal to F_s , the frequency at which words for each channel are input to the device. The MCLK-to-LRCK frequency ratio and speed mode is detected automatically during the initialization sequence by counting the number of MCLK transitions during a single LRCK period and by detecting the absolute speed of MCLK. Internal dividers are set to generate the proper clocks. [Table 1](#) illustrates several standard audio sample rates and the required MCLK and LRCK frequencies. Please note there is no required phase relationship, but MCLK, LRCK and SCLK must be synchronous.

LRCK (kHz)	MCLK (MHz)									
	64x	96x	128x	192x	256x	384x	512x	768x	1024x	1152x
32	-	-	-	-	8.1920	12.2880	-	-	32.7680	36.8640
44.1	-	-	-	-	11.2896	16.9344	22.5792	33.8680	45.1580	-
48	-	-	-	-	12.2880	18.4320	24.5760	36.8640	49.1520	-
64	-	-	8.1920	12.2880	-	-	32.7680	49.1520	-	-
88.2	-	-	11.2896	16.9344	22.5792	33.8680	-	-	-	-
96	-	-	12.2880	18.4320	24.5760	36.8640	-	-	-	-
128	8.1920	12.2880	-	-	32.7680	49.1520	-	-	-	-
176.4	11.2896	16.9344	22.5792	33.8680	-	-	-	-	-	-
192	12.2880	18.4320	24.5760	36.8640	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mode	QSM				DSM		SSM			

Table 1. Common Clock Frequencies

4.2 Serial Clock

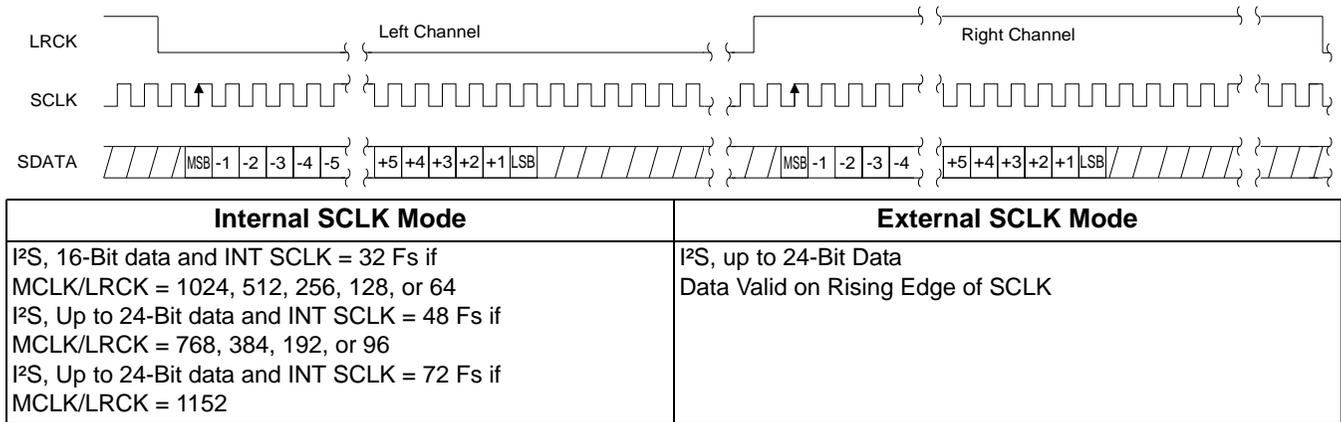
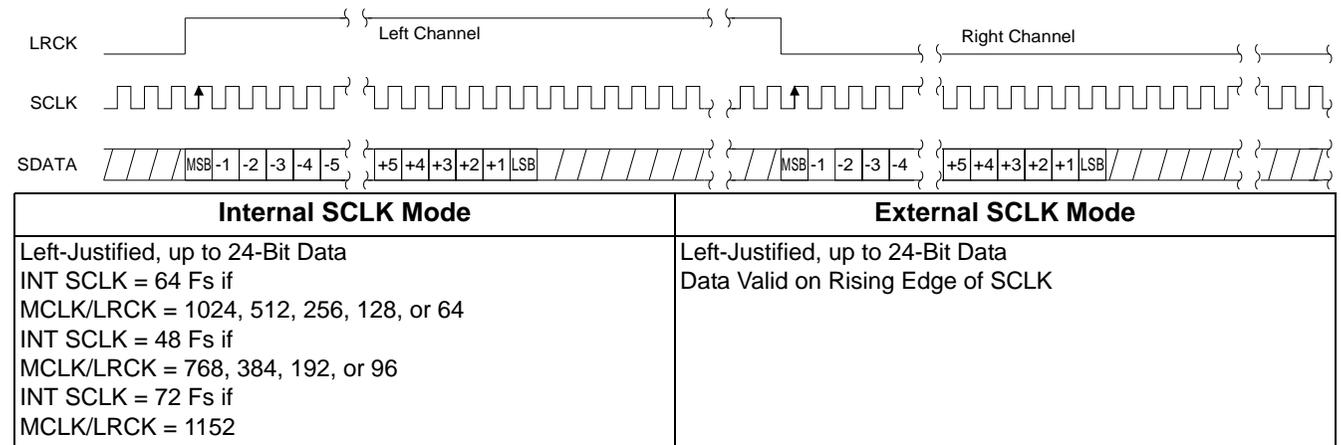
The serial clock controls the shifting of data into the input data buffers. The CS4344 family supports both external and internal serial clock generation modes. Refer to [Figures 7-10](#) for data formats.

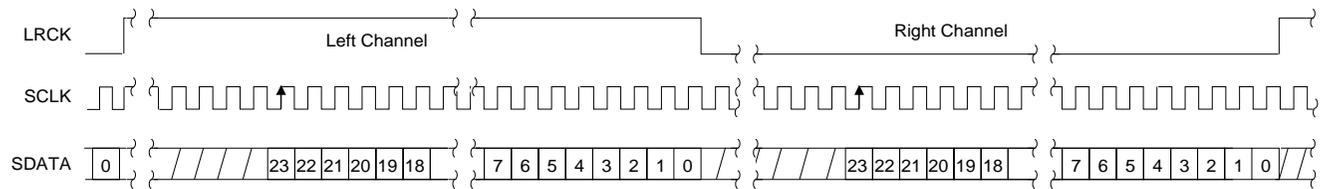
4.2.1 External Serial Clock Mode

The CS4344 family will enter the External Serial Clock Mode when 16 low to high transitions are detected on the DEM/SCLK pin during any phase of the LRCK period. When this mode is enabled, the Internal Serial Clock Mode and de-emphasis filter cannot be accessed. The CS4344 family will switch to Internal Serial Clock Mode if no low to high transitions are detected on the DEM/SCLK pin for 2 consecutive frames of LRCK. Refer to [Figure 12](#).

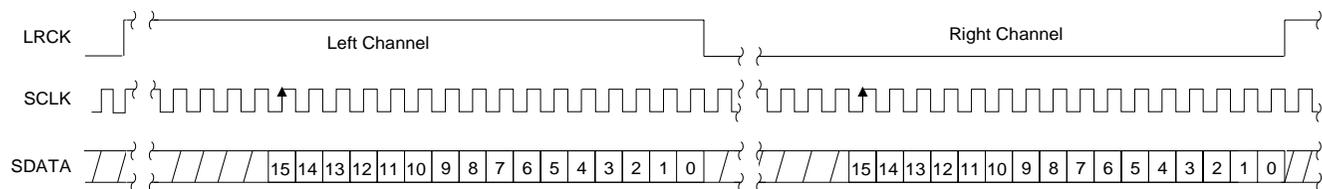
4.2.2 Internal Serial Clock Mode

In the Internal Serial Clock Mode, the serial clock is internally derived and synchronous with MCLK and LRCK. The SCLK/LRCK frequency ratio is either 32, 48, 64, or 72 depending upon data format. Operation in this mode is identical to operation with an external serial clock synchronized with LRCK. This mode allows access to the digital de-emphasis function. Refer to [Figures 7 - 12](#) for details.


Figure 7. CS4344 Data Format (I²S)

Figure 8. CS4345 Data Format (Left Justified)



Internal SCLK Mode	External SCLK Mode
Right Justified, 24-Bit Data INT SCLK = 64 Fs if MCLK/LRCK = 1024, 512, 256, 128, or 64 INT SCLK = 48 Fs if MCLK/LRCK = 768, 384, 192, or 96 INT SCLK = 72 Fs if MCLK/LRCK = 1152	Right Justified, 24-Bit Data Data Valid on Rising Edge of SCLK SCLK Must Have at Least 48 Cycles per LRCK Period

Figure 9. CS4346 Data Format (Right Justified 24)


Internal SCLK Mode	External SCLK Mode
Right Justified, 16-Bit Data INT SCLK = 32 Fs if MCLK/LRCK = 1024, 512, 256, 128, or 64 INT SCLK = 48 Fs if MCLK/LRCK = 768, 384, 192, or 96 INT SCLK = 72 Fs if MCLK/LRCK = 1152	Right Justified, 16-Bit Data Data Valid on Rising Edge of SCLK SCLK Must Have at Least 32 Cycles per LRCK Period

Figure 10. CS4348 Data Format (Right Justified 16)

4.3 De-Emphasis

The CS4344 family includes on-chip digital de-emphasis. Figure 11 shows the de-emphasis curve for F_s equal to 44.1 kHz. The frequency response of the de-emphasis curve will scale proportionally with changes in sample rate, F_s .

The de-emphasis filter is active (inactive) if the $\overline{\text{DEM}}/\text{SCLK}$ pin is low (high) for 5 consecutive falling edges of LRCK. This function is available only in the internal serial clock mode

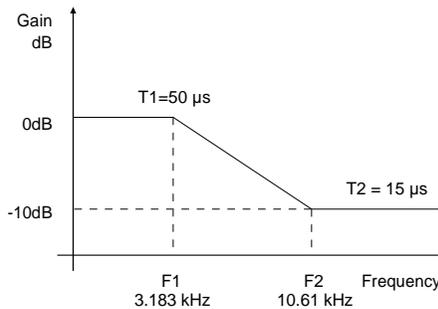


Figure 11. De-Emphasis Curve ($F_s = 44.1\text{kHz}$)

4.4 Initialization and Power-Down

The Initialization and Power-down sequence flow chart is shown in Figure 12. The CS4344 family enters the Power-Down State upon initial power-up. The interpolation filters and delta-sigma modulators are reset, and the internal voltage reference, multi-bit digital-to-analog converters and switched-capacitor low-pass filters are powered down. The device will remain in the Power-down mode until MCLK and LRCK are present. Once MCLK and LRCK are detected, MCLK occurrences are counted over one LRCK period to determine the MCLK/LRCK frequency ratio. Power is then applied to the internal voltage reference. Finally, power is applied to the D/A converters and switched-capacitor filters, and the analog outputs will ramp to the quiescent voltage, VQ.

4.5 Output Transient Control

The CS4344 family uses Popguard™ technology to minimize the effects of output transients during power-up and power-down. This technique eliminates the audio transients commonly produced by single-ended single-supply converters when it is implemented with external DC-blocking capacitors connected in series with the audio outputs. To make best use of this feature, it is necessary to understand its operation.

4.5.1 Power-Up

When the device is initially powered-up, the audio outputs, AOUTL and AOUTR, are clamped to VQ which is initially low. After MCLK is applied the outputs begin to ramp with VQ towards the nominal quiescent voltage. This ramp takes approximately 250 ms with a 3.3 μF cap connected to VQ (420 ms with a 10 μF connected to VQ) to complete. The gradual voltage ramping allows time for the external DC-blocking capacitors to charge to VQ, effectively blocking the quiescent DC voltage. Once valid LRCK and SDIN are supplied (and SCLK if used) approximately 2000 sample periods later audio output begins.

4.5.2 Power-Down

To prevent audio transients at power-down the DC-blocking capacitors must fully discharge before turning off the power. In order to do this MCLK should be stopped for a period of about 250 ms for a 3.3 μF cap connected to VQ (420 ms for a 10 μF cap connected to VQ) before removing power. During this time voltage on VQ and the audio outputs discharge gradually to GND. If power is removed before this time period has passed a transient will occur when the VA supply drops below that of VQ. There is no minimum time for a power cycle, power may be re-applied at any time.

4.6 Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

As with any high resolution converter, the CS4344 family requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements to optimize performance. [Figure 6](#) shows the recommended power arrangement with VA connected to a clean +3.3 V or +5 V supply. For best performance, decoupling and filter capacitors should be located as close to the device package as possible with the smallest capacitors closest.

4.7 Analog Output and Filtering

The analog filter present in the CS4344 family is a switched-capacitor filter followed by a continuous time low pass filter. Its response, combined with that of the digital interpolator, is given in [Figures 13 - 20](#). The recommended external analog circuitry is shown in the [“Typical Connection Diagram”](#) on [page 11](#).

5. FILTER PLOTS

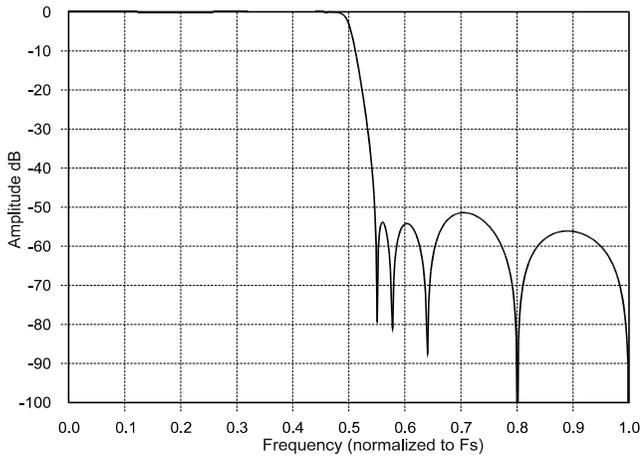


Figure 13. Single-Speed Stopband Rejection

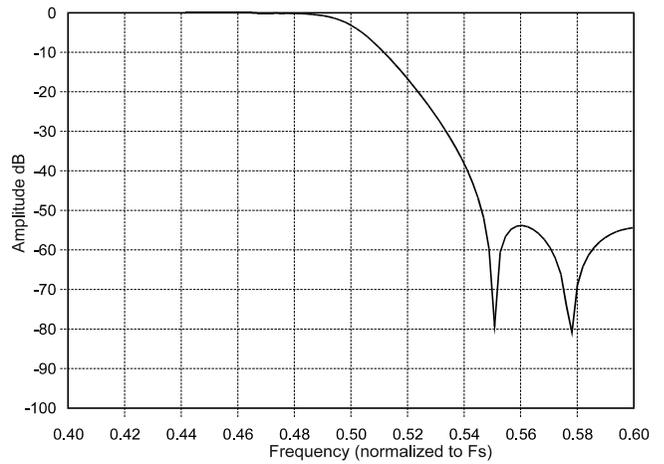


Figure 14. Single-Speed Transition Band

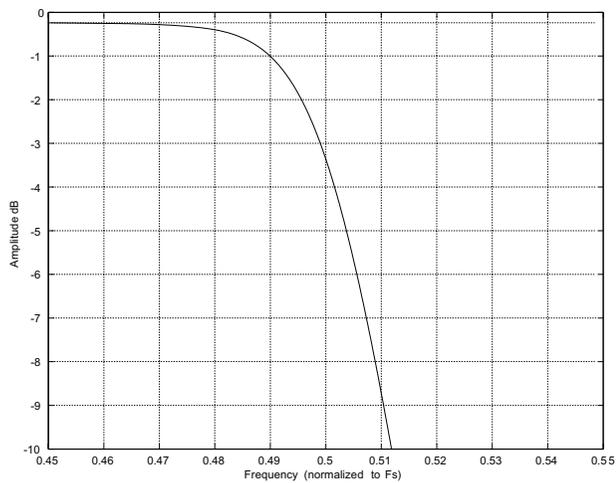


Figure 15. Single-Speed Transition Band

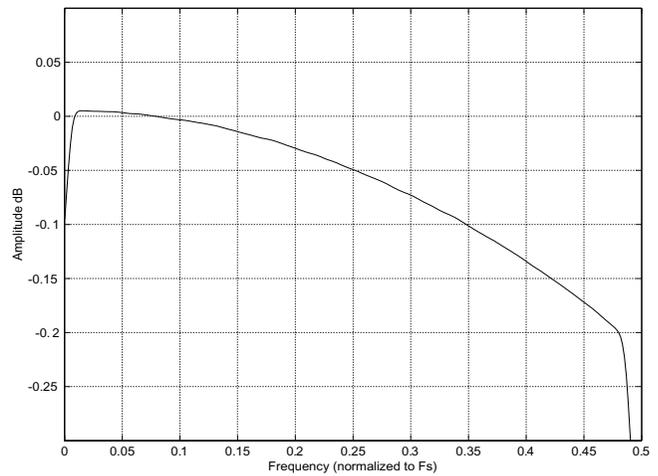
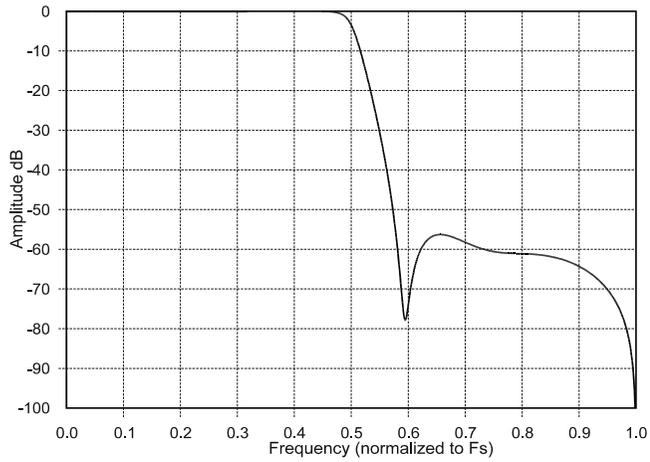
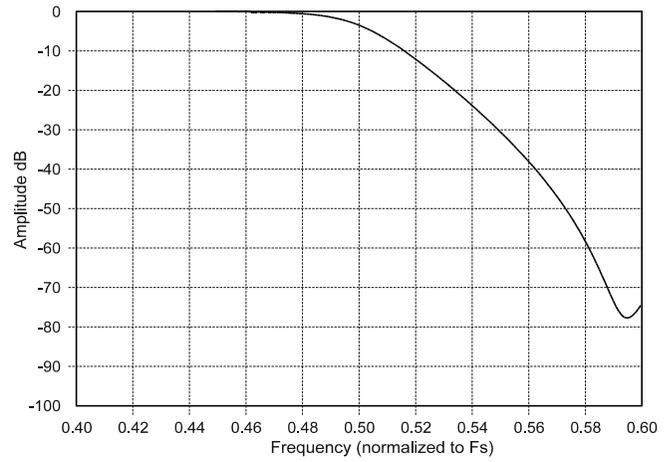
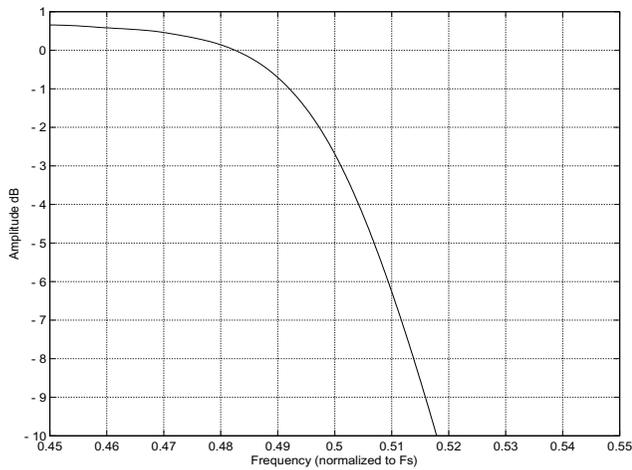
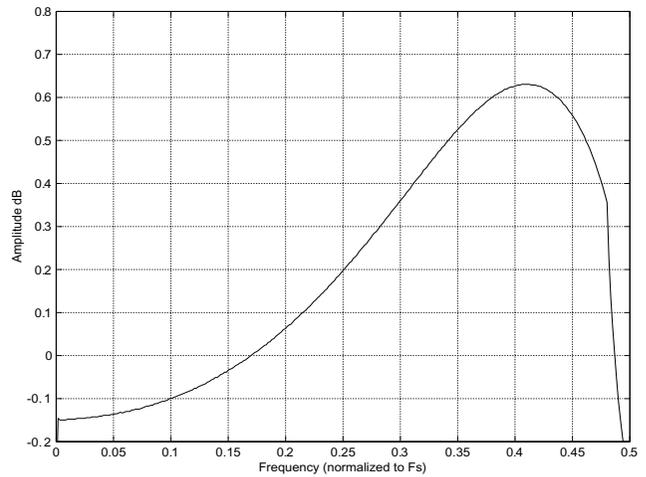
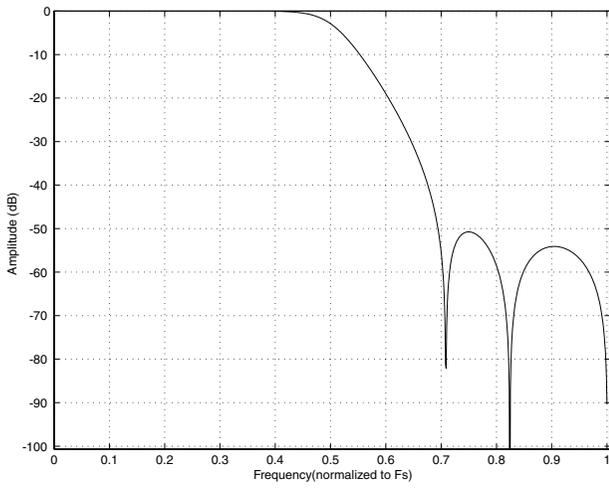
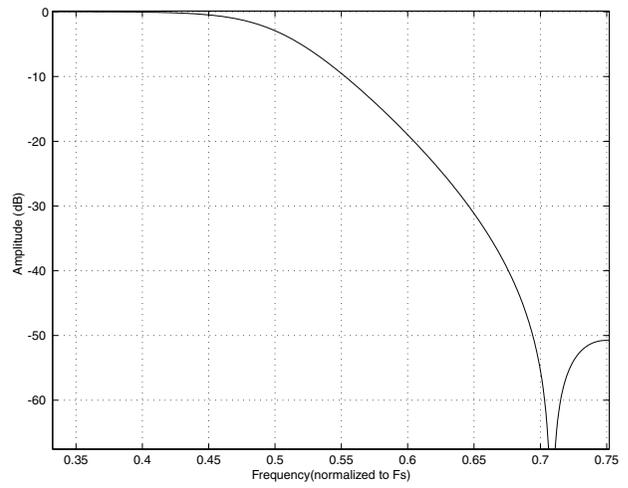
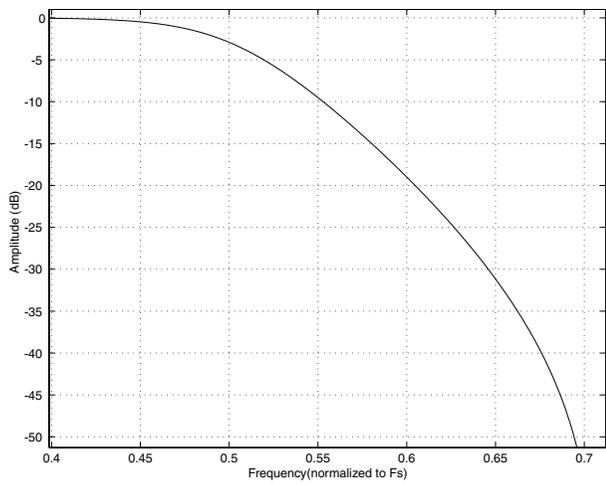
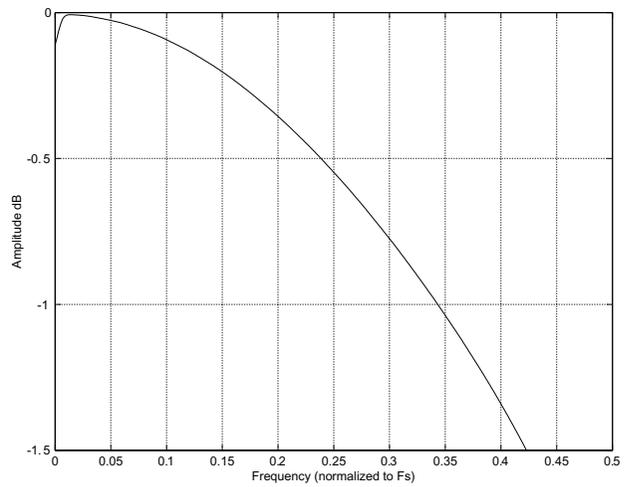


Figure 16. Single-Speed Passband Ripple


Figure 17. Double-Speed Stopband Rejection

Figure 18. Double-Speed Transition Band

Figure 19. Double-Speed Transition Band

Figure 20. Double-Speed Passband Ripple


Figure 21. Quad-Speed Stopband Rejection

Figure 22. Quad-Speed Transition Band

Figure 23. Quad-Speed Transition Band

Figure 24. Quad-Speed Passband Ripple

6. PARAMETER DEFINITIONS

Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise (THD+N)

The ratio of the rms value of the signal to the rms sum of all other spectral components over the specified bandwidth (typically 10 Hz to 20 kHz), including distortion components. Expressed in decibels.

Dynamic Range

The ratio of the full scale rms value of the signal to the rms sum of all other spectral components over the specified bandwidth. Dynamic range is a signal-to-noise measurement over the specified bandwidth made with a -60 dBFS signal. 60 dB is then added to the resulting measurement to refer the measurement to full scale. This technique ensures that the distortion components are below the noise level and do not effect the measurement. This measurement technique has been accepted by the Audio Engineering Society, AES17-1991, and the Electronic Industries Association of Japan, EIAJ CP-307.

Interchannel Isolation

A measure of crosstalk between the left and right channels. Measured for each channel at the converter's output with all zeros to the input under test and a full-scale signal applied to the other channel. Units in decibels.

Interchannel Gain Mismatch

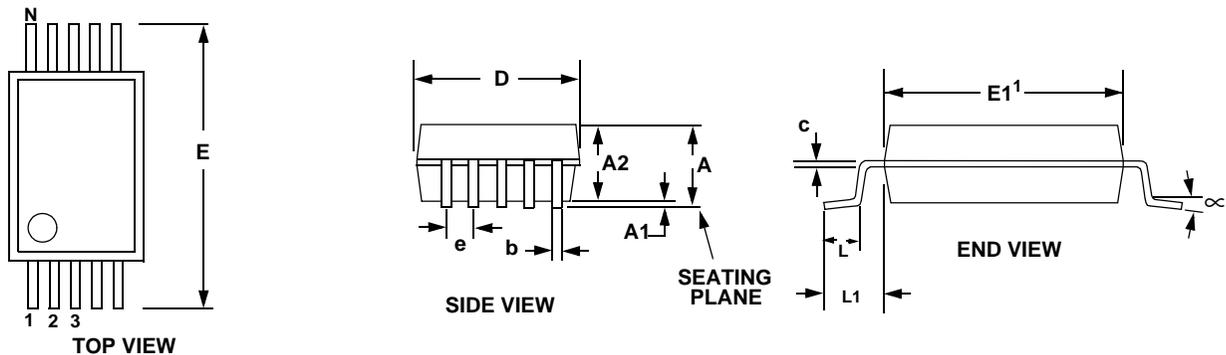
The gain difference between left and right channels. Units in decibels.

Gain Error

The deviation from the nominal full scale analog output for a full scale digital input.

Gain Drift

The change in gain value with temperature. Units in ppm/°C.

7. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS
10LD TSSOP (3 mm BODY) PACKAGE DRAWING


DIM	INCHES			MILLIMETERS			NOTE
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	--	--	0.0433	--	--	1.10	
A1	0	--	0.0059	0	--	0.15	
A2	0.0295	--	0.0374	0.75	--	0.95	
b	0.0059	--	0.0118	0.15	--	0.30	4, 5
c	0.0031	--	0.0091	0.08	--	0.23	
D	--	0.1181 BSC	--	--	3.00 BSC	--	2
E	--	0.1929 BSC	--	--	4.90 BSC	--	
E1	--	0.1181 BSC	--	--	3.00 BSC	--	3
e	--	0.0197 BSC	--	--	0.50 BSC	--	
L	0.0157	0.0236	0.0315	0.40	0.60	0.80	
L1	--	0.0374 REF	--	--	0.95 REF	--	
μ	0°	--	8°	0°	--	8°	

Controlling Dimension is Millimeters

Notes:

- Reference document: JEDEC MO-187
- D does not include mold flash or protrusions which is 0.15 mm max. per side.
- E1 does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions which is 0.15 mm max per side.
- Dimension b does not include a total allowable dambar protrusion of 0.08 mm max.
- Exceptions to JEDEC dimension.

8. ORDERING INFORMATION

Product	Description	Package	Pb-Free	Grade	Temp Range	Container	Order #
CS4344	24-Bit, 192 kHz Stereo D/A Converter	10-TSSOP	Yes	Commercial	-10 to +70 °C	Tube or Tape and Reel	CS4344-CZZ
				Automotive	-40 to +85 °C		CS4344-DZZ
CS4345				Commercial	-10 to +70 °C		CS4345-CZZ
				Automotive	-40 to +85 °C		CS4345-DZZ
CS4346				Commercial	-10 to +70 °C		CS4346-CZZ
CS4348							CS4348-CZZ

8.1 Functional Compatibility

CS4334-KS ⇒ CS4344-CZZ

CS4335-KS ⇒ CS4345-CZZ

CS4336-KS ⇒ CS4346-CZZ

CS4338-KS ⇒ CS4348-CZZ

CS4334-BS ⇒ CS4344-DZZ

CS4334-DS ⇒ CS4344-DZZ

8.2 Selection Guide

The CS4344 family differs by Serial Audio format as follows:

- CS4344 — 16 to 24-bit, I²S
- CS4345 — 16 to 24-bit, Left-Justified
- CS4346 — 24-bit, Right-Justified
- CS4348 — 16-bit, Right-Justified

9. REVISION HISTORY

Release	Date	Changes
PP3	August 2005	Corrected THD+N Typ and Max performance
F1	September 2005	-Updated Passband and Frequency Response specifications in " Combined Interpolation & On-chip Analog Filter Response " on page 7 -Updated PSRR specification -Updated VIH specification -Updated figures in " Filter Plots " on page 18

Contacting Cirrus Logic Support

For all product questions and inquiries contact a Cirrus Logic Sales Representative.

To find the one nearest to you go to www.cirrus.com/corporate/contacts/sales.cfm

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Cirrus Logic, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Cirrus") believe that the information contained in this document is accurate and reliable. However, the information is subject to change without notice and is provided "AS IS" without warranty of any kind (express or implied). Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment, including those pertaining to warranty, indemnification, and limitation of liability. No responsibility is assumed by Cirrus for the use of this information, including use of this information as the basis for manufacture or sale of any items, or for infringement of patents or other rights of third parties. This document is the property of Cirrus and by furnishing this information, Cirrus grants no license, express or implied under any patents, mask work rights, copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets or other intellectual property rights. Cirrus owns the copyrights associated with the information contained herein and gives consent for copies to be made of the information only for use within your organization with respect to Cirrus integrated circuits or other products of Cirrus. This consent does not extend to other copying such as copying for general distribution, advertising or promotional purposes, or for creating any work for resale.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). CIRRUS PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED FOR USE IN AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS, MILITARY APPLICATIONS, PRODUCTS SURGICALLY IMPLANTED INTO THE BODY, AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY OR SECURITY DEVICES, LIFE SUPPORT PRODUCTS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF CIRRUS PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK AND CIRRUS DISCLAIMS AND MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS, STATUTORY OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH REGARD TO ANY CIRRUS PRODUCT THAT IS USED IN SUCH A MANNER. IF THE CUSTOMER OR CUSTOMER'S CUSTOMER USES OR PERMITS THE USE OF CIRRUS PRODUCTS IN CRITICAL APPLICATIONS, CUSTOMER AGREES, BY SUCH USE, TO FULLY INDEMNIFY CIRRUS, ITS OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, EMPLOYEES, DISTRIBUTORS AND OTHER AGENTS FROM ANY AND ALL LIABILITY, INCLUDING ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS, THAT MAY RESULT FROM OR ARISE IN CONNECTION WITH THESE USES.

Cirrus Logic, Cirrus, the Cirrus Logic logo designs, and Popguard are trademarks of Cirrus Logic, Inc. All other brand and product names in this document may be trademarks or service marks of their respective owners.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.