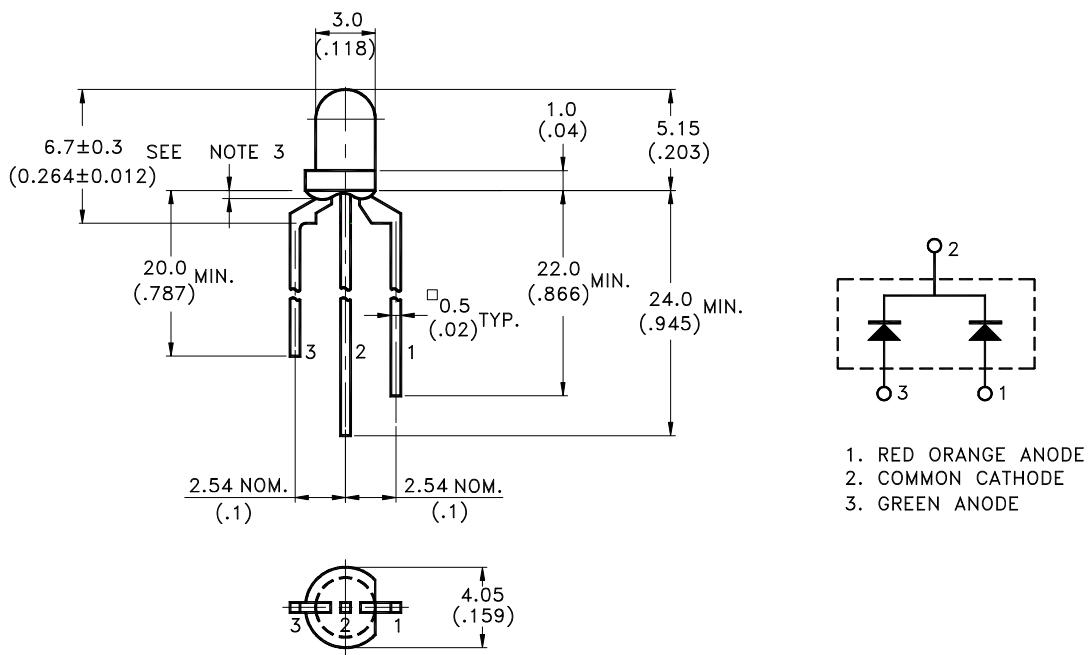


Property of Lite-On Only

**Features**

- \* Lead (Pb) free product and RoHS compliant.
- \* Red Orange and green chips are matched for uniform light output.
- \* Long life-solid state reliability.
- \* Low power consumption.
- \* I.C. compatible.
- \* 3.1mm Diameter package

**Package Dimensions**

Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL-1BEHJ	White Diffused	Red Orange / Green

**Notes:**

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$  mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0 mm (.04") max.
4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
5. Specification are subject to change without notice.

**Property of Lite-On Only****Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C**

Parameter	Red Orange	Green	Unit
Power Dissipation	100	100	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	120	120	mA
Continuous Forward Current	30	30	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	0.4	mA/°C
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C		
Lead Soldering Temperature [2 mm (.08") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds Max		

Property of Lite-On Only

**Electrical Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C**

Parameter	Symbol	Color	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I <sub>V</sub>	Red Orange Green	12.6 12.6	19 19	100 100	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	Red Orange Green		75 75		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ <sub>p</sub>	Red Orange Green		630 565		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ <sub>d</sub>	Red Orange Green	615 565	625 573	632 578	nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δ λ	Red Orange Green		40 30		nm	
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	Red Orange Green		2.0 2.1	2.6 2.6	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 20mA
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	Red Orange Green			100	μA	Note 5 V <sub>R</sub> = 5V

- Note:
1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
  2. θ<sub>1/2</sub> is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
  3. The dominant wavelength, λ<sub>d</sub> is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
  4. The I<sub>V</sub> guarantee should be added ±15% .
  5. Reverse Voltage (V<sub>R</sub>) condition is applied for IR test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.

Property of Lite-On Only

**Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves**

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

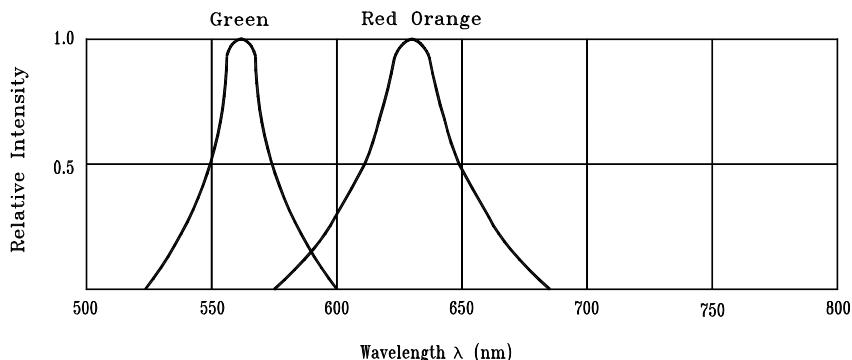


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

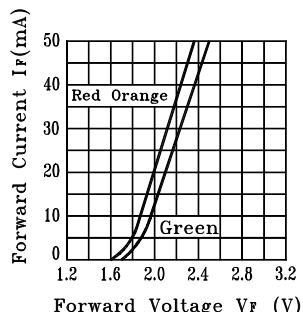


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

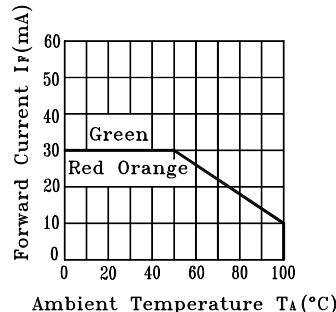


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

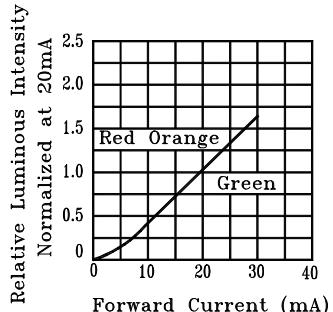


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

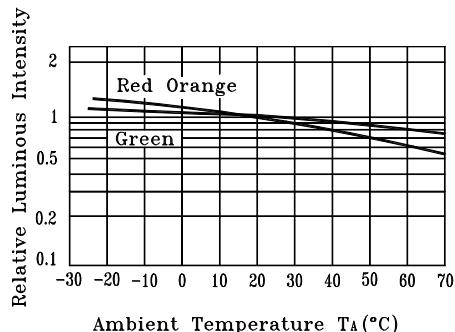


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

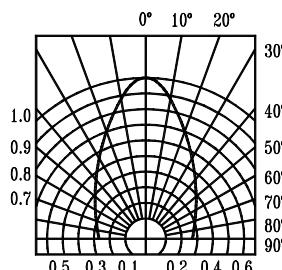
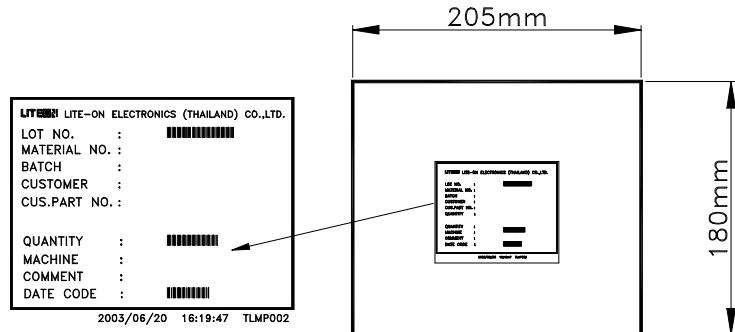
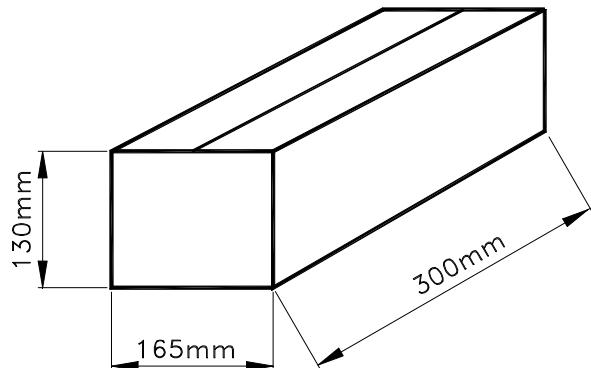
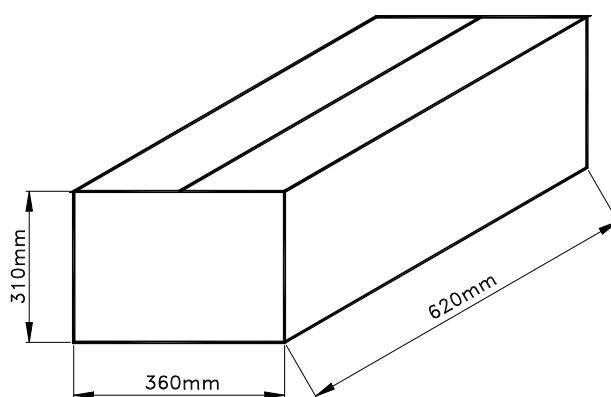


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

Property of Lite-On Only

### Packing Spec

**500 , 200 or 100 pcs per packing bag****10 packing bags per inner carton  
total 5,000 pcs per inner carton****8 Inner cartons per outer carton  
total 40,000 pcs per outer carton  
In every shipping lot, only the last pack will be non-full packing**

Property of Lite-On Only

**Bin Table Specification**

Luminous Intensity Unit : mcd @20mA						
Iv Bin Code	Hue Bin Code	Hue Spec	Green Min	Green Max	Red Min	Red Max
2	PG	569-578	29	50	29	50
3	PG	569-578	29	50	12.6	29
5	GG	565-569	29	50	29	50
6	GG	565-569	29	50	12.6	29
8	PG	569-578	12.6	29	29	50
9	PG	569-578	12.6	29	12.6	29
11	GG	565-569	12.6	29	29	50
12	GG	565-569	12.6	29	12.6	29
A	PG	569-578	50	100	50	100
B	PG	569-578	50	100	29	50
C	PG	569-578	50	100	12.6	29
D	GG	565-569	50	100	50	100
E	GG	565-569	50	100	29	50
F	GG	565-569	50	100	12.6	29
G	PG	569-578	29	50	50	100
H	PG	569-578	12.6	29	50	100
J	GG	565-569	29	50	50	100
K	GG	565-569	12.6	29	50	100

Note:

1.0 Tolerance of each bin limit is  $\pm 15\%$ 2.0 Tolerance of each bin limit is  $\pm 1\text{nm}$

**CAUTIONS****1. Application**

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

**2. Storage**

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

**3. Cleaning**

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

**4. Lead Forming & Assembly**

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of LED lens.

Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during forming.

Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature.

During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

**5. Soldering**

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

Dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions :

Soldering iron		Wave soldering	
Temperature Soldering time	350°C Max. 3 sec. Max. (one time only)	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time	100°C Max. 60 sec. Max. 260°C Max. 5 sec. Max.

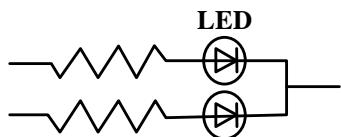
Note: Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED. IR reflow is not suitable process for through hole type LED lamp product.

Property of Lite-On Only

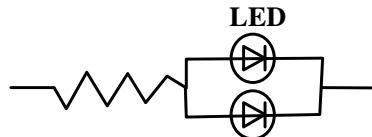
## 6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model A



Circuit model B



(A) Recommended circuit

(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs

## 7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing

**Suggested checking list :****Training and Certification**

1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

**Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas**

1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

**Personnel Grounding**

1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V\*?
4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DSL?
5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: \*50V for Blue LED.

**Device Handling**

1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

**Others**

1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
3. Are audit records complete and on file?

Property of Lite-On Only

**8. Reliability Test**

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Reference Standard
Endurance Test	Operation Life	Ta= Under Room Temperature As Per Data Sheet Maximum Rating *Test Time= 1000HRS	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883D:1005 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-1 (1982)
	High Temperature High Humidity Storage	Ta= $65\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ RH= 90 ~ 95% Test Time= 240HRS	MIL-STD-202F: 103B(1980) JIS C 7021 : B-11(1982)
	High Temperature Storage	Ta= $105\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ *Test Time= 1000HRS	MIL-STD-883D:1008 (1991) JIS C 7021:B-10 (1982)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= $-55\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ *Test Time=1000HRS	JIS C 7021:B-12 (1982)
Environmental Test	Temperature Cycling	105°C ~ 25°C ~ -55°C ~ 25°C 30mins 5mins 30mins 5mins 10 Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D (1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1010 (1991) JIS C 7021: A-4(1982)
	Thermal Shock	105°C $\pm$ 5°C ~ -55°C $\pm$ 5°C 10mins 10mins 10 Cycles	MIL-STD-202F:107D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:1051(1995) MIL-STD-883D:1011 (1991)
	Solder Resistance	T.sol = $260 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dwell Time= $10 \pm 1\text{secs}$	MIL-STD-202F:210A(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JIS C 7021: A-1(1982)
	Solderability	T. sol = $230 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ Dwell Time= $5 \pm 1\text{secs}$	MIL-STD-202F:208D(1980) MIL-STD-750D:2026(1995) MIL-STD-883D:2003(1991) JIS C 7021: A-2(1982)

**9. Others**

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

#### Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помошь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помошь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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