

# CAT6243

## 1 Amp Adjustable CMOS LDO Voltage Regulator

### Description

The CAT6243 is a low dropout CMOS voltage regulator providing up to 1000 mA of output current with fast response to load current and line voltage changes. CAT6243 offers a user adjustable output voltage from 0.8 V to 5.0 V and its low quiescent current make CAT6243 ideal for energy conscious designs. CAT6243 is available in a DPAK-5 5-lead packages and in a space saving 3 mm x 3 mm WDFN-6 package with a power pad for heat sinking to the PCB.

### Features

- Guaranteed 1000 mA Continuous Output Current
- $V_{OUT}$ : 0.8 V to 5.0 V
- Dropout Voltage of 350 mV Typical at 1000 mA
- $\pm 2.0\%$  Output Voltage Accuracy at Room Temperature
- No-load Ground Current of 70  $\mu$ A Typical
- Full-load Ground Current of 140  $\mu$ A Typical
- “Zero” Current Shutdown Mode
- Under Voltage Lockout
- Stable with Ceramic Output Capacitors
- Current Limit and Thermal Protection
- 4 and 5 Lead DPAK-5 and 3 mm x 3 mm WDFN-6 Power Packages
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

### Typical Applications

- DSP Core and I/O Voltages
- FPGAs, ASICs
- PDAs, Mobile Phones, GPS
- Camcorders and Cameras
- Hard Disk Drives

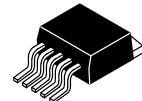


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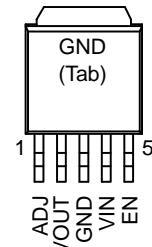
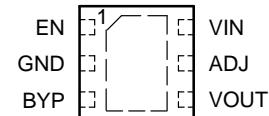


WDFN-6  
3 x 3 mm  
CASE 511AP



DPAK-5  
TO-252  
CASE 369AE

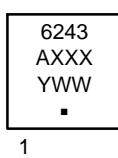
### PIN CONNECTIONS (Top Views)



### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 15 of this data sheet.

### MARKING DIAGRAMS



6243	= Specific Device Code
A	= Assembly Location
XXX	= Last Three Digits of Assembly Lot Number
Y	= Production Year (Last Digit)
WW	= Production Week (Two Digits)
■	= Pb-Free Package

\*Pb-Free indicator, “G” or microdot “■”, may or may not be present.



x	= P (CAT)
6243	= Device Code
y	= Output Voltage
	W = Adjustable
G	= Pb-Free Package
A	= Assembly Location
L	= Wafer Lot
Y	= Year
WW	= Work Week

# CAT6243

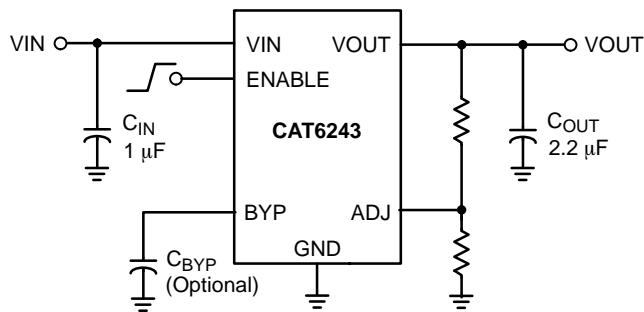


Figure 1. Application Schematic

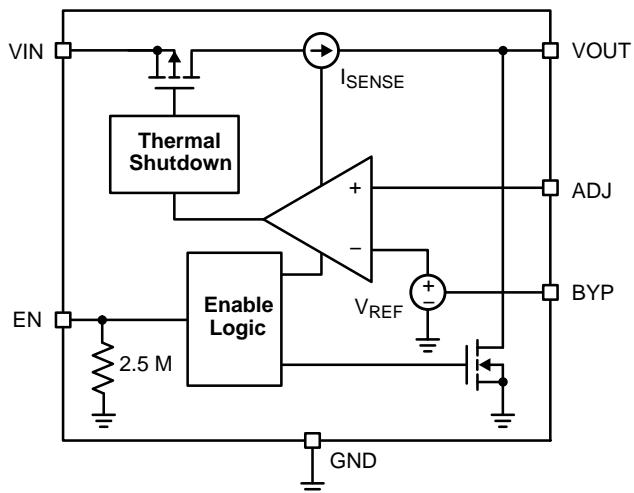


Figure 2. Simplified Block Diagram

Table 1. PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin # WDFN-6	Pin # DPAK-5-5	Pin Name	Description
1	5	EN	The Enable Input. An active HIGH input, turning ON the LDO. This input should be tied to V <sub>IN</sub> if the LDO is not intended to be shut off during normal operation. A pull-down 2.5 MΩ resistor maintains the circuit in the OFF state if the pin is left open.
2, PAD	3, TAB	GND	Power Supply Ground; Device Substrate. The center pad is internally connected to Ground and as such can cause short circuits to signal traces running beneath the IC. This pad is intended for heat sinking the IC to the PCB and is typically connected to the PCB ground plane.
3	NC	BYP	Bypass input. Placing a capacitor of 100 pF to 470 pF between BYP and ground reduces noise on V <sub>OUT</sub> . This capacitor is optional and it increases the turn-on time.
4	2	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Regulated Output Voltage. A protection block eliminates any current flow from output to input if V <sub>OUT</sub> > V <sub>IN</sub> .
5	1	ADJ	Output Voltage Adjust Input. This input ties to the common point of a resistor divider which determines the regulator's output voltage. See Applications section for details on selecting resistor values.
6	4	V <sub>IN</sub>	Positive Power Supply Input. Supplies power for V <sub>OUT</sub> as well as the regulator's internal circuitry.

**Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage Range (Note 1)	$V_{IN}$	–0.3 to 6.0	V
Output Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$	–0.3 to 6.0	V
Enable Input Range	EN	–0.3 to 5.5 V or ( $V_{IN}$ + 0.3), whichever is lower	V
Adjust Input Range	ADJ	–0.3 to 5.5 V	V
Bypass Input Range	BYP	–0.3 to 5.5 V or ( $V_{IN}$ + 0.3), whichever is lower	V
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally Limited	mW
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_J(max)$	150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	–65 to 150	°C
ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 2)	ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	2	kV
ESD Capability, Machine Model (Note 2)	ESD <sub>MM</sub>	200	V
Lead Temperature Soldering Reflow (SMD Styles Only), Pb-Free Versions (Note 3)	$T_{SLD}$	260	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating range.

2. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:

ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)

ESD Machine Model tested per AEC-Q100-003 (EIA/JESD22-A115)

Latchup Current Maximum Rating: ≤150 mA per JEDEC standard: JESD78

3. For information, please refer to our Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D

**Table 3. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics, WDFN-6, 3 x 3 mm			
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air: 1 in <sup>2</sup> /1 oz. copper (Note 4)	$R_{\theta JA}$	55	°C/W
Thermal Reference, Junction-to-Case (Note 4)	$R_{\psi JL}$	10	

4. Values based on copper area of 645 mm<sup>2</sup> (or 1 in<sup>2</sup>) of 1 oz copper thickness and FR4 PCB substrate.

**Table 4. OPERATING RANGES (Note 5)**

Rating	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 6) CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC	$V_{IN}$	1.8 1.8	5.0 5.5	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	0.1	1000	mA
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	0.8	5.0	V
Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	–40	85	°C

5. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating range.

6. Minimum  $V_{IN\_MIN}$  = 1.8 V or ( $V_{OUT}$  +  $V_{DO}$ ), whichever is higher.

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**Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V})$  or  $V_{IN\_MIN}$ , whichever is higher,  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , for typical values  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , for **Bold** values  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ; unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>INPUT / OUTPUT</b>						
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Range CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC		<b>0.8</b> 0.8		<b>4.5</b> 5.0	V
$V_{OUT-ACC}$	Output Voltage Accuracy CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC CAT6243DC	Initial accuracy, $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$	<b>-2</b> -2 -3		<b>+2</b> +2 +3	%
$V_{ADJ}$	Voltage at ADJ input		<b>0.784</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.816</b>	V
$T_{COUT}$	Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC			<b>25</b> <b>50</b>		ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current		0.0001	1		A
$V_{R-LINE}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0\text{ V}$ to $V_{IN(max)}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$	-0.2	$\pm 0.05$	0.2	%/V
		$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0\text{ V}$ to $V_{IN(max)}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$	<b>-0.35</b>		<b>0.35</b>	
$V_{R-LOAD}$	Load Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ to $1000\text{ mA}$		1.5	2	%
		$I_{OUT} = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ to $1000\text{ mA}$			<b>3</b>	
$V_{DO}$	$V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			600	mV
	$V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$ CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC				110 130	
	$V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$				85	
	$V_{OUT} = 1.2\text{ V}$ CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ A}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			625 650	
	$V_{OUT} = 2.5\text{ V}$ CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC				350 400	
	$V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$				275	
$I_{ADJ}$	ADJ Input Current				100	nA
$I_{GND}$	Ground Current	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		70		$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ }\mu\text{A}$			<b>100</b>	
		$I_{OUT} = 1000\text{ mA}$		140	200	
		$I_{OUT} = 1000\text{ mA}$			<b>250</b>	
$I_{GND-SD}$	Shutdown Ground Current CAT6243-ADJ CAT6243DC	$V_{EN} < 0.4\text{ V}$			<b>2</b> 5	$\mu\text{A}$
$ISC$	Output short circuit current limit	$V_{OUT} = 0\text{ V}$		900		mA

## PSRR AND NOISE

PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio CAT6243	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $BYP = 470\text{ pF}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		54		dB
		$f = 20\text{ kHz}$ , $BYP = 470\text{ pF}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		42		
$e_N$	Output Noise Voltage for $1.8\text{ V}$ output	$BW = 10\text{ Hz}$ to $100\text{ kHz}$ $BYP = 470\text{ pF}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$		45		$\mu\text{Vrms}$

## UVLO, $R_{OUT}$ AND ESR

$V_{UVLO}$	Under voltage lockout threshold			1.65	<b>1.75</b>	V
$R_{OUT-SH}$	ON resistance of Discharge Transistor			150		$\Omega$
ESR	$C_{OUT}$ equivalent series resistance		5		500	$\text{m}\Omega$

7. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization tested at  $T_J = T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

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**Table 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V})$  or  $V_{IN\_MIN}$ , whichever is higher,  $C_{IN} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ , for typical values  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , for **Bold** values  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ; unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>ENABLE INPUT</b>						
$V_{HI}$	Logic High Level	$V_{IN} = 1.8$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	<b>1.6</b>			V
$V_{LO}$	Logic Low Level	$V_{IN} = 1.8$ to $5.5\text{ V}$			<b>0.4</b>	V
$I_{EN}$	Enable Input Current	$V_{EN} = 0.4\text{ V}$		0.15	<b>1</b>	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{EN} = V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$		1	<b>3</b>	
$R_{EN}$	Enable pull-down resistor			2.5		$\text{M}\Omega$
<b>TIMING</b>						
$T_{ON}$	Turn-On Time	$C_{BYP} = 0\text{ pF}$		230		$\mu\text{s}$
		$C_{BYP} = 470\text{ pF}$		1600		
<b>THERMAL PROTECTION</b>						
$T_{SD}$	Thermal Shutdown			145		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{HYS}$	Thermal Hysteresis			10		$^\circ\text{C}$

7. Performance guaranteed over the indicated operating temperature range by design and/or characterization tested at  $T_J = T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(shown for  $V_{OUT} = 2.5$  V,  $V_{IN} = 3.5$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA,  $C_{IN} = 1 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{BYP} = 0$ , and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.)

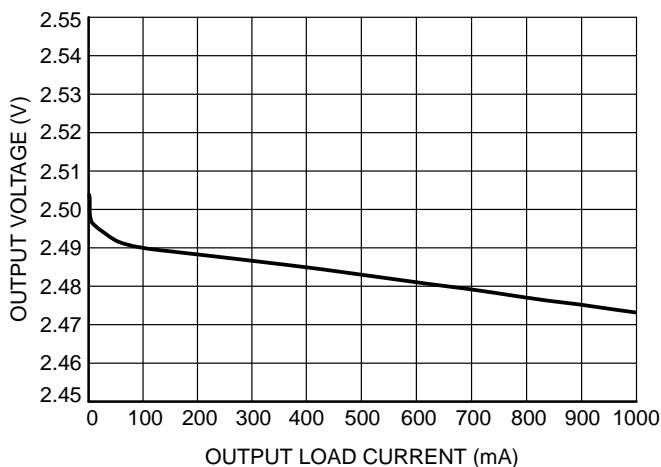


Figure 3. Output Voltage vs. Load Current

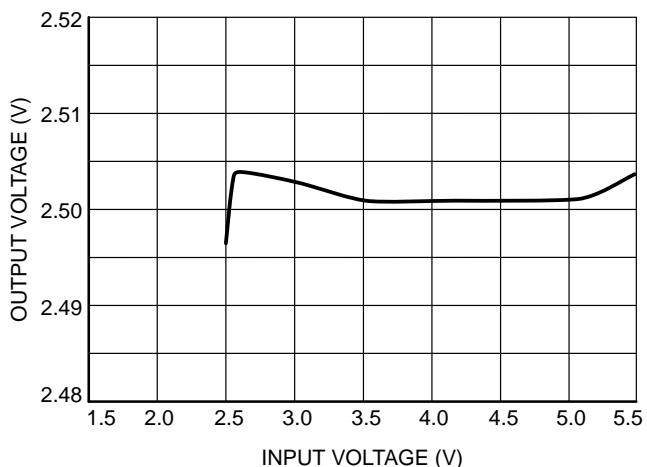


Figure 4. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

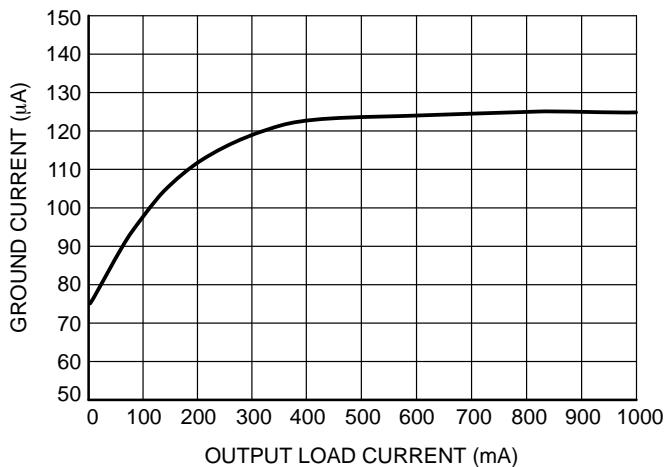


Figure 5. Ground Current vs. Load Current

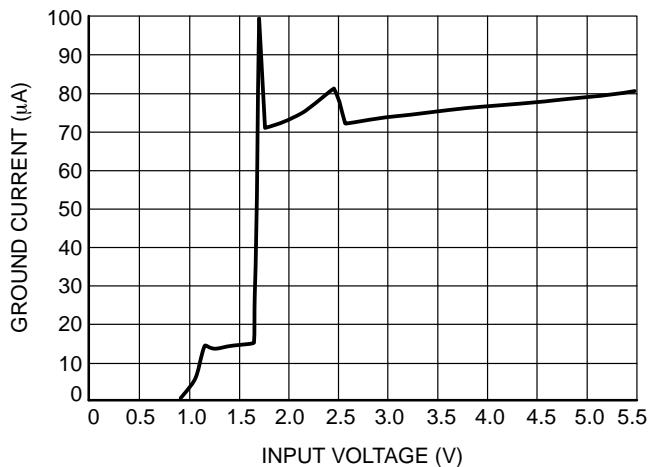


Figure 6. Ground Current vs. Input Voltage

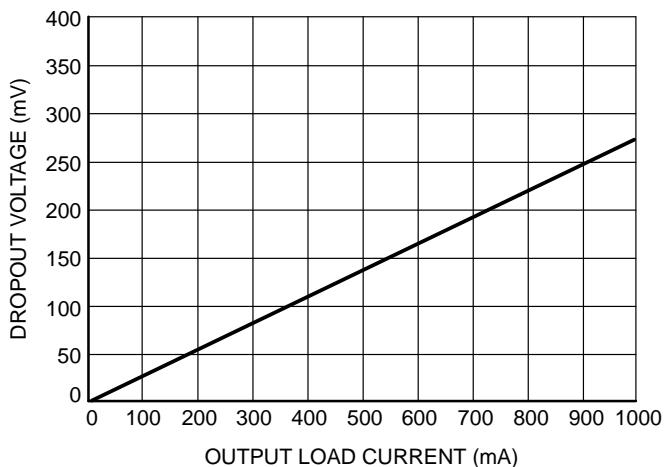


Figure 7. Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current

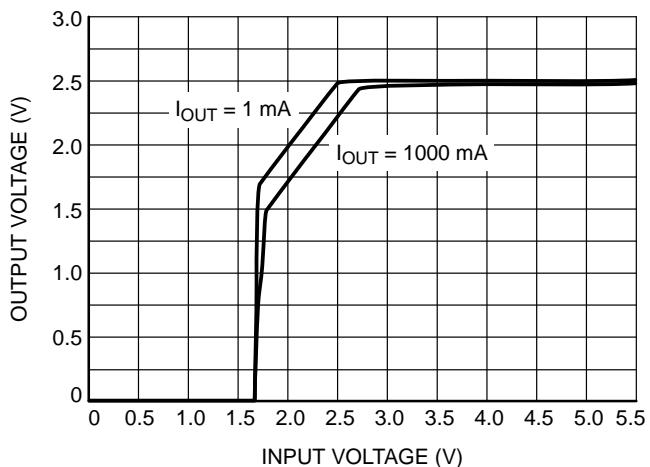


Figure 8. Dropout Characteristics

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(shown for  $V_{OUT} = 2.5$  V,  $V_{IN} = 3.5$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA,  $C_{IN} = 1$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{BYP} = 0$ , and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.)

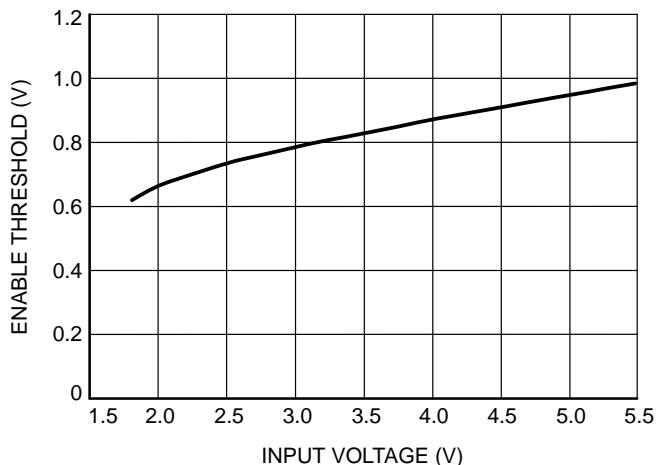


Figure 9. Rising Enable Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

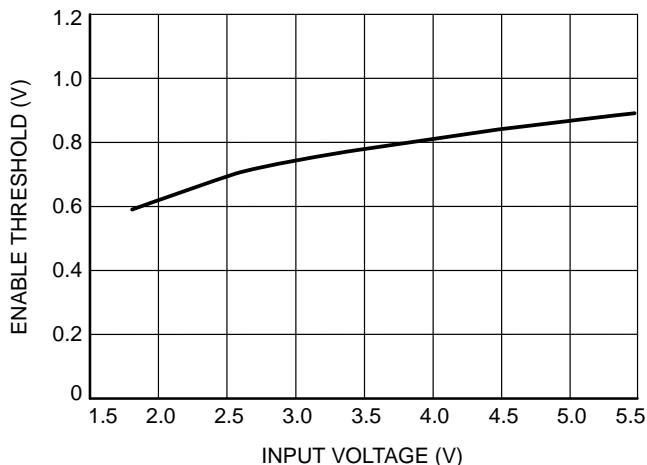


Figure 10. Falling Enable Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

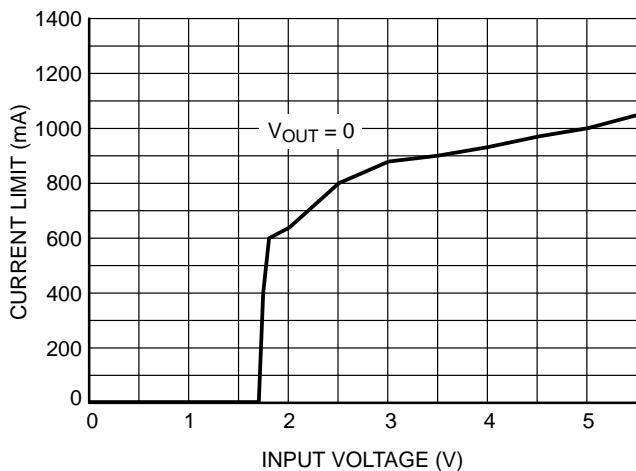


Figure 11. Current Limit on Output vs. Supply Voltage

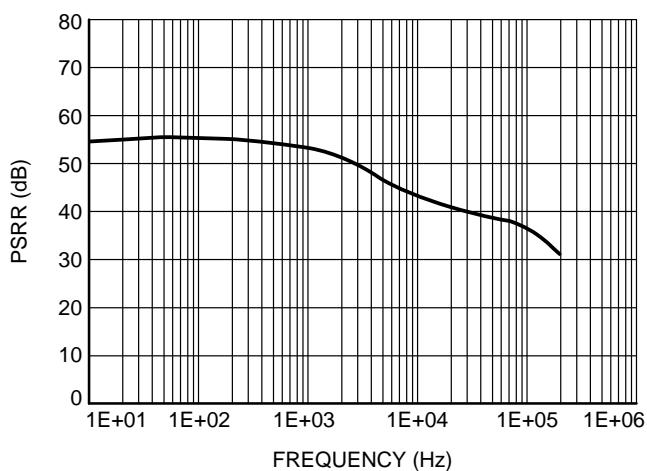


Figure 12. PSRR @ 10 mA

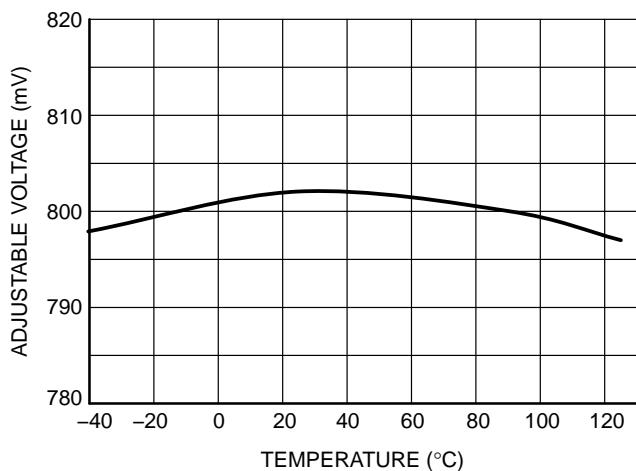


Figure 13. Adjustable Voltage vs. Temperature

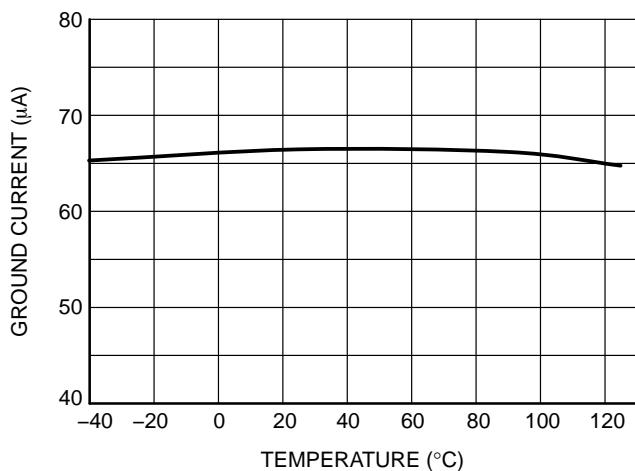
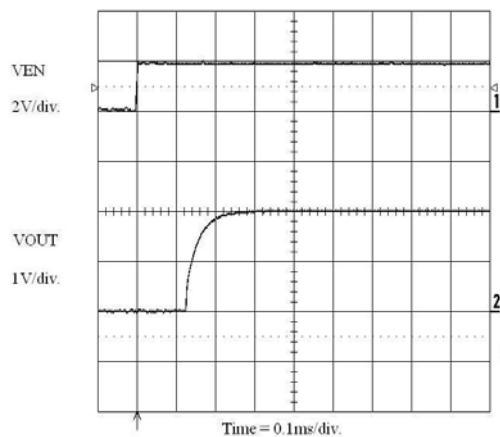


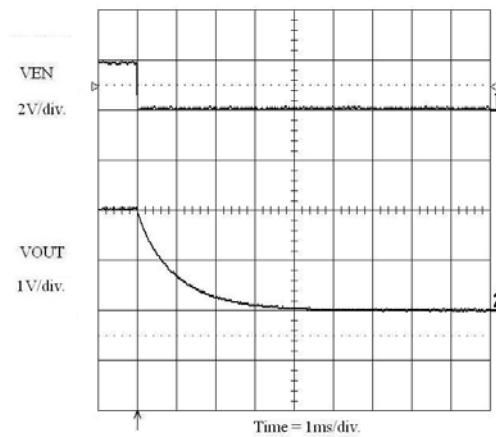
Figure 14. Ground Current vs. Temperature

**TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS**

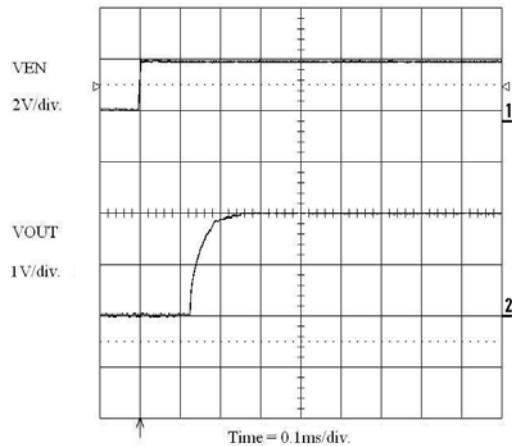
(shown for  $V_{OUT} = 2.0$  V,  $V_{IN} = 3.0$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA,  $C_{IN} = 1$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{BYP} = 0$ , and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.)



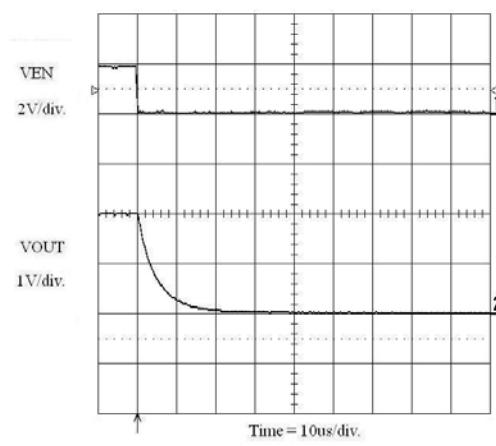
**Figure 15. Enable Turn-On (1 mA Load)**



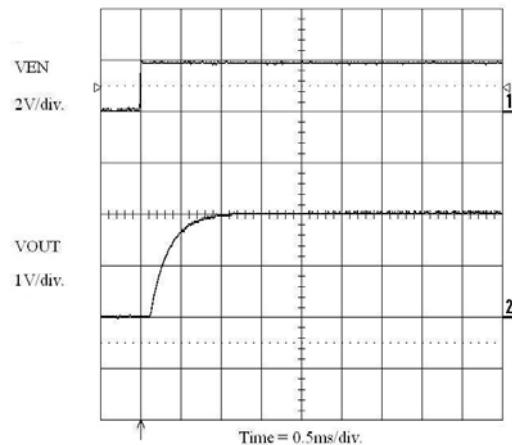
**Figure 16. Enable Turn-Off (1 mA Load)**



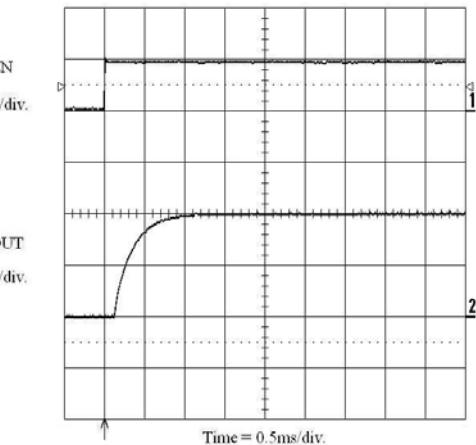
**Figure 17. Enable Turn-On (1000 mA Load)**



**Figure 18. Enable Turn-Off (1000 mA Load)**



**Figure 19. Enable Turn-On (1 mA Load)**  
**CBYP = 470 pF**



**Figure 20. Enable Turn-On (1000 mA Load)**  
**CBYP = 470 pF**

## TRANSIENT CHARACTERISTICS

(shown for  $V_{OUT} = 2.0$  V,  $V_{IN} = 3.0$  V,  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA,  $C_{IN} = 1$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{BYP} = 0$ , and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.)

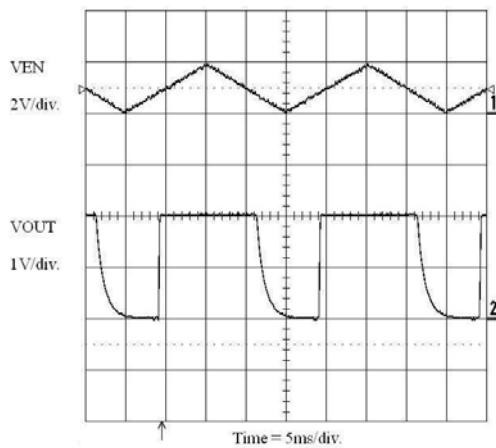


Figure 21. Slow Enable Operation (1 mA Load)

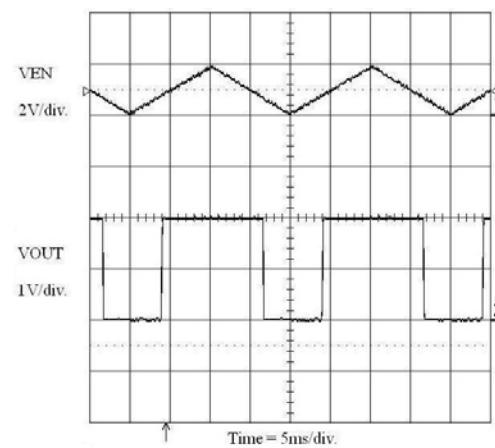


Figure 22. Slow Enable Operation (1000 mA Load)

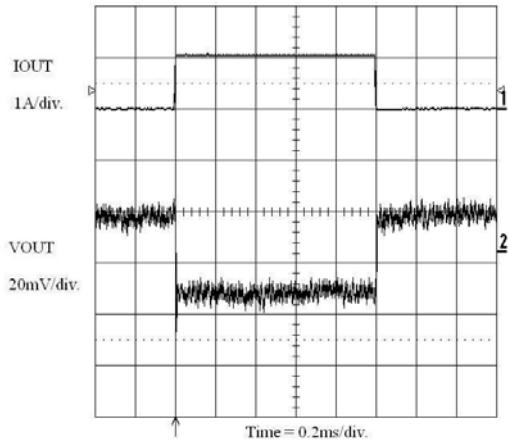


Figure 23. Load Transient Response (1 mA to 1000 mA)

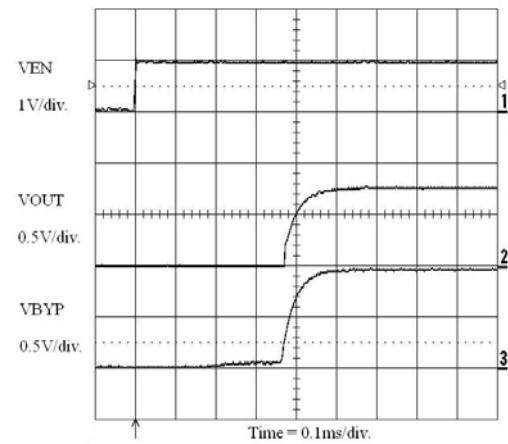


Figure 24. Enable Turn-On (1 mA Load) ( $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V and  $V_{IN} = 1.8$  V)

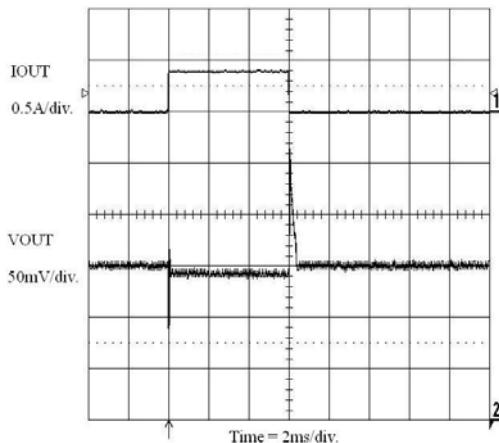


Figure 25. Load Transient Response (1 mA to 400 mA) ( $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V and  $V_{IN} = 1.8$  V)

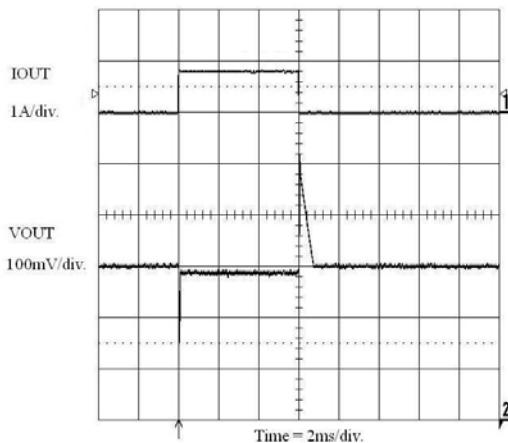


Figure 26. Load Transient Response (1 mA to 800 mA) ( $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V and  $V_{IN} = 1.8$  V)

**PIN FUNCTIONS****V<sub>IN</sub>**

Positive Power Input. Power is supplied to the device through the V<sub>IN</sub> pin. A bypass capacitor is required on this pin if the device is more than six inches away from the main input filter capacitor. In general it is advisable to include a small bypass capacitor adjacent to the regulator. In battery-powered circuits this is particularly important because the output impedance of a battery rises with frequency, so a bypass capacitor in the range of 1  $\mu$ F to 10  $\mu$ F is recommended.

**GND**

Ground. The negative voltage of the input power source. The center pad on the back of the package is also electrically ground. This pad is used for cooling the device by making connection to the buried ground plane through solder filled vias or by contact with a topside copper surface exposed to free flowing air.

**ENABLE**

ENABLE is an active high logic input which controls the regulator's the output state. If ENABLE < 0.4 V the regulator is shutdown and V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V. If ENABLE > 1.6 V the regulator is active and supplying power to the load.

If the regulator is intended to operate continuously and won't be shut down from time to time ENABLE should be tied to V<sub>IN</sub>.

**BYP**

The Bypass Capacitor input is used to decrease output voltage noise by placing a capacitor between BYP and ground. The recommended range of capacitance is from

100 pF to 470 pF. Values larger than this will provide no additional improvement and will further extend CAT6243's startup time.

A bypass capacitor is not required for operation and BYP may be left open or floating if no capacitor is used but DO NOT ground BYP as this will interfere with the error amplifier's functioning.

**ADJ**

ADJ = Adjust and is the voltage control input. ADJ connects to the center point of a resistor divider which determines the CAT6243's output voltage. See Applications Section for resistor selection guidelines.

**V<sub>OUT</sub>**

V<sub>OUT</sub> is the regulator's output and supplies power to the load. V<sub>OUT</sub> can be shut off via the ENABLE input. All CAT6243 members are designed to block reverse current, meaning anytime V<sub>OUT</sub> becomes greater than V<sub>IN</sub> the pass FET will be shut off so there is no reverse current flow from output to input. CAT6243 is also equipped with an output discharge transistor that is turned ON anytime ENABLE is at a logic Low. This transistor ensures V<sub>OUT</sub> discharges to 0 V when the regulator is shutdown. This is especially important when powering digital circuitry because if V<sub>OUT</sub> fails to reach 0 V their POR (power-ON reset) circuitry may not trigger and scrambled data or unpredictable operations may result.

A minimum output capacitor of 2.2  $\mu$ F should be placed between V<sub>OUT</sub> and GND to insure stable operation. Increasing the size of C<sub>OUT</sub>, up to 22  $\mu$ F, will improve transient response to large changes in load current.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

**Input Decoupling ( $C_{IN}$ )**

A ceramic or tantalum 1  $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended and should be connected close to the CAT6243's package. Higher capacitance and lower ESR will improve the overall line and load transient response.

**Output Decoupling ( $C_{OUT}$ )**

The minimum output decoupling value is 2.2  $\mu$ F and can be augmented to fulfill stringent load transient requirements. The regulator works with ceramic chip capacitors. Larger values, up to 22  $\mu$ F, improve noise rejection and load regulation transient response. The CAT6243 is a highly stable regulator and performs well over a wide range capacitor Equivalent Series Resistances (ESR).

**No-Load Regulation Considerations**

The CAT6243 adjustable regulator will operate properly under conditions where the only load current is through the resistor divider that sets the output voltage. However, in the case where the CAT6243 is configured to provide a 0.8 V output, there is no resistor divider and the ADJ pin is connected to  $V_{OUT}$ . If the part is enabled under no-load conditions, leakage current through the pass transistor at junction temperatures above 85°C can approach several microamperes, especially as junction temperature approaches 150°C. If this leakage current is not directed into a load, the output voltage will rise above nominal until a load is applied. For this reason it is recommended that a minimum load of 100  $\mu$ A be present at all times. Normally the voltage setting resistor divider will serve this function but if no divider is used ( $V_{OUT} = 0.8$  V) then an external load of 8 K $\Omega$  should be provided.

**Output Voltage Adjust**

The output voltage can be adjusted from 0.8 V to 5.0 V using resistors between the output and the ADJ input. The output voltage and resistors are chosen using Equation 1 and Equation 2.

$$V_{OUT} = 0.8 \left( 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right) + (I_{ADJ} \times R_1) \quad (eq. 1)$$

$$R_2 \approx \frac{0.8 \text{ V}}{I_{DIV}} \quad (eq. 2)$$

$$R_1 \approx R_2 \left( \frac{V_{OUT}}{0.8 \text{ V}} - 1 \right) \quad (eq. 3)$$

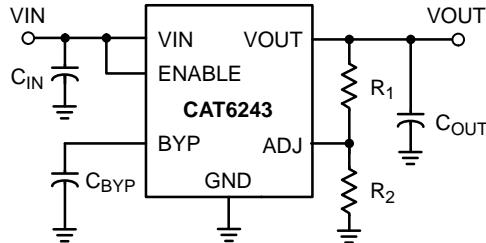


Figure 27. Adjustable Output Resistor Divider

Input bias current,  $I_{ADJ}$ , for all practical designs can be ignored ( $I_{ADJ} = 0$ ). Considering that the lowest recommended  $I_{OUT}$  value is 100  $\mu$ A, then, when there is no load on  $V_{OUT}$ ,  $I_{DIV}$  must be 100  $\mu$ A to keep CAT6243 in regulation. This then sets  $R_2$ 's value using Equation 2 to 8 K $\Omega$ , which minimizes output noise. Use Equation 3 to find the required value for  $R_1$ . If needed, lower values for  $I_{DIV}$  can be considered, but not lower than 10  $\mu$ A. The price will be worse values for both load regulation and  $T_{COUT}$ .

**Thermal Considerations**

As power in the CAT6243 increases, it may become necessary to provide thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by this device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material, and the ambient temperature affect the rate of junction temperature rise for the part. When the CAT6243 has good thermal conductivity through the PCB, the junction temperature will be relatively low even with high power applications. The maximum dissipation the CAT6243 can handle is given by:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{[T_{J(MAX)} - T_A]}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (eq. 4)$$

Since  $T_J$  is not recommended to exceed 125°C, then with CAT6243 soldered to 645 mm<sup>2</sup> (1 sq inch), 1 oz copper area, FR4 PCB material can dissipate in excess of 1 W when the ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) is 25°C. Note that this assumes the pad in the center of the package is soldered to the dissipating copper foil. See Figure below for  $R_{\theta JA}$  versus PCB area for heat dissipating areas smaller than 645 mm<sup>2</sup>. Power dissipation can be calculated from the following equations:

$$P_D \approx V_{IN}(I_{GND} + I_{OUT}) + I_{OUT}(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \quad (eq. 5)$$

or

$$V_{IN(MAX)} \approx \frac{P_{D(MAX)} + (V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT})}{I_{OUT} + I_{GND}} \quad (eq. 6)$$

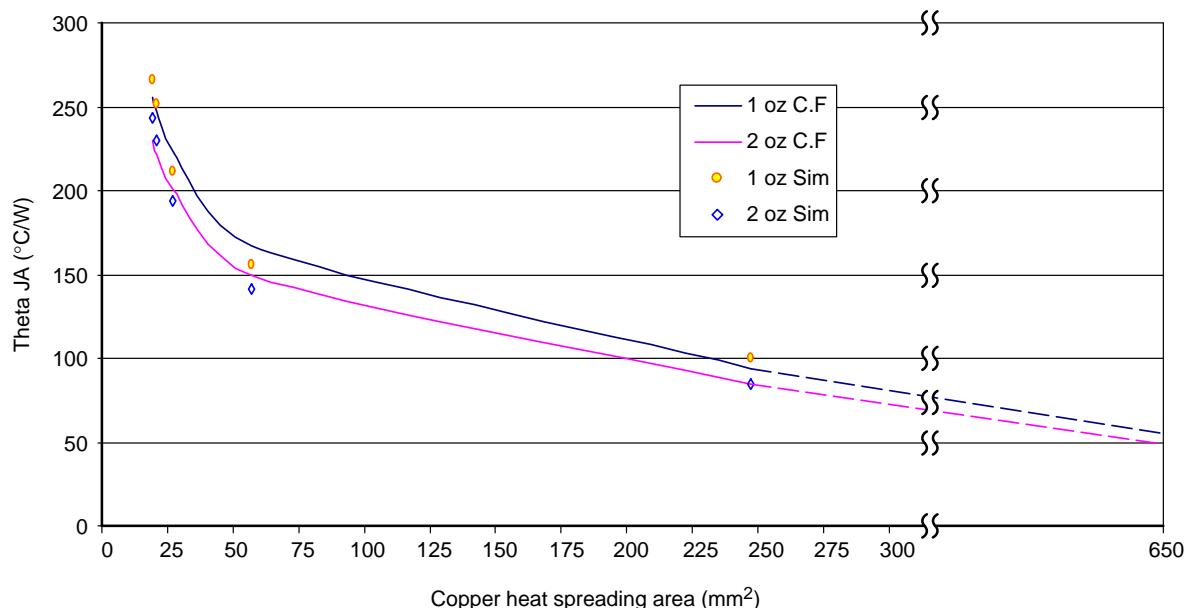


Figure 28. Thermal Resistance vs. PCB Copper Area for 3 mm x 3 mm WDFN Package

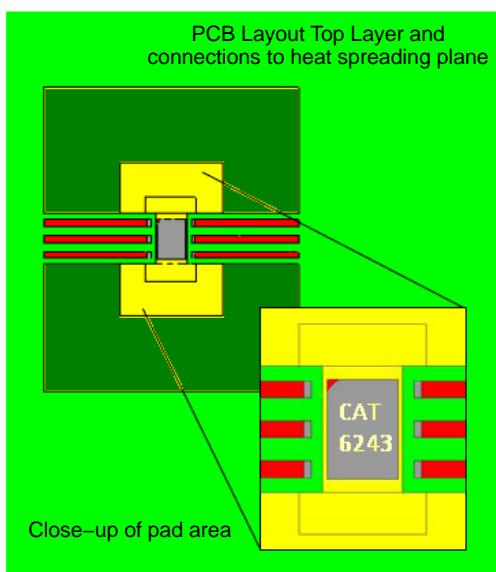


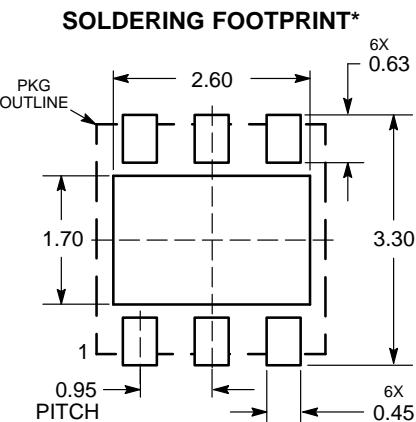
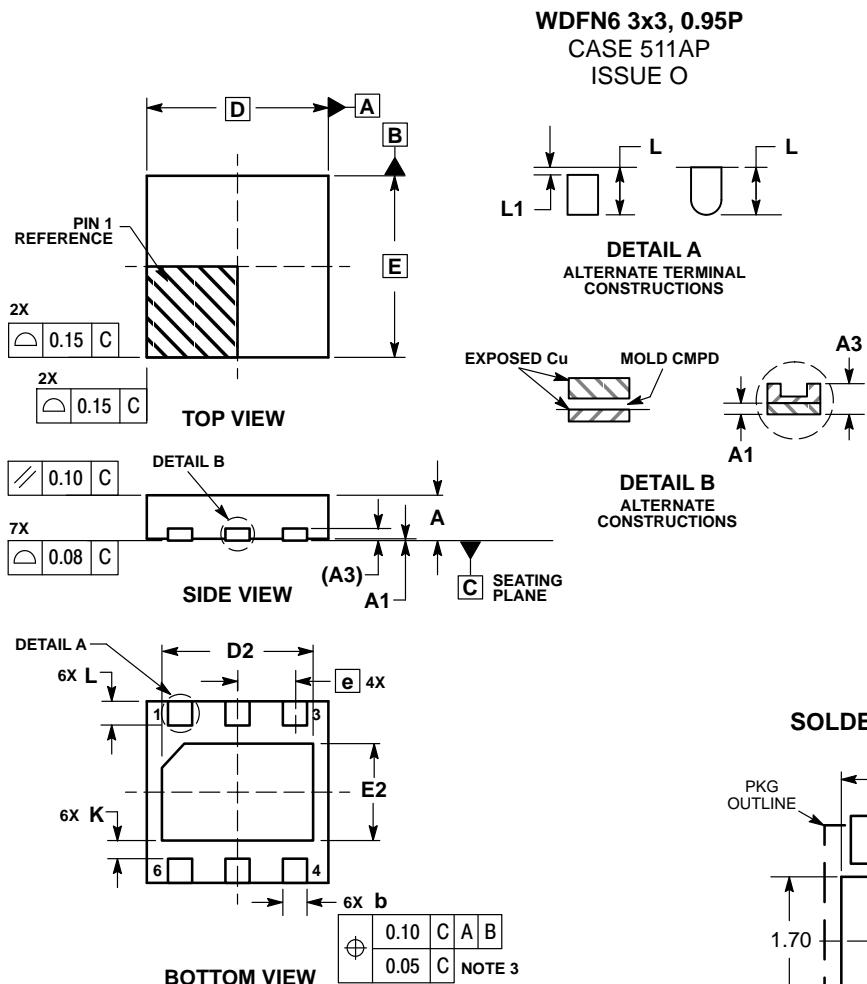
Figure 29. Topside Copper Foil Pattern for Heat Dissipation

#### Design Hints

$V_{IN}$  and GND printed circuit board traces should be as wide as possible. When the impedance of these traces is high due to narrow trace width or long length, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction. Place

external components, especially the input and output capacitors, as close as possible to the CAT6243, and keep traces between power source and load as short as possible.

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

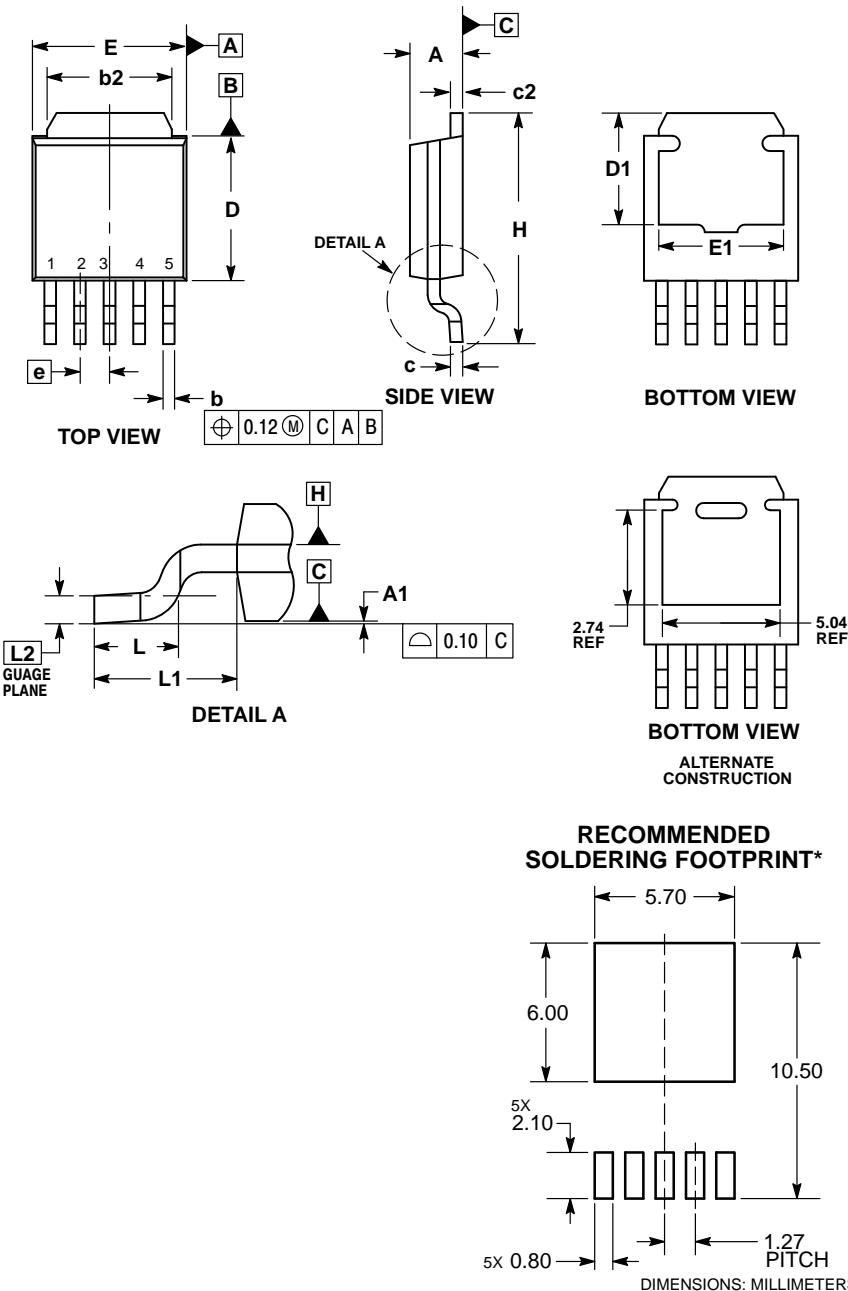
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## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## DPAK-5 (TO-252, 5 LEAD)

CASE 369AE

ISSUE A



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**Table 6. ORDERING INFORMATION** (Notes 8 – 11)

Device	Output Voltage	Package	Shipping
CAT6243-ADJMT5T3	Adjustable	WDFN-6, 3 mm x 3 mm (Pb-Free)	3,000 / Tape & Reel
CAT6243DCADJ-RKG	Adjustable	DPAK 5 5-Lead (Pb-Free)	2,500 / Tape & Reel

8. The standard lead finish is Matte-Tin.
9. For additional package and temperature options, contact your nearest ON Semiconductor Sales office.
10. For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.
11. For detailed information and a breakdown of device nomenclature and numbering systems, please see the ON Semiconductor Device Nomenclature document, TND310/D, available at [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com)

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