

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

features

- Precision Supply Voltage Supervision
Range: 0.9 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.6 V, 2 V, 3.3 V
- High Trip Point Accuracy: 0.75%
- Supply Current of 1.2 μ A (Typ)
- RESET Defined With Input Voltages as Low as 0.4 V
- Power On Reset Generator With a Delay Time of 130 ms
- Push/Pull or Open-Drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Outputs
- SOT23-6 Package
- Temperature Range . . . -40°C to 85°C

typical applications

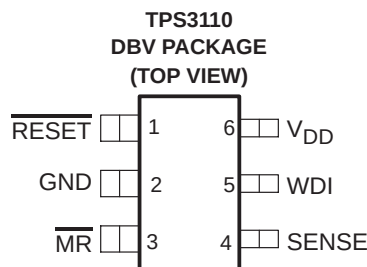
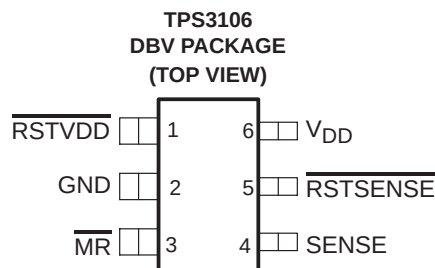
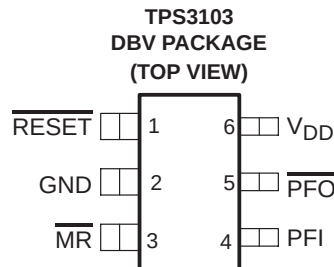
- Applications Using Low-Power DSPs, Microcontrollers or Microprocessors
- Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment
- Intelligent Instruments
- Wireless Communication Systems
- Programmable Controls
- Industrial Equipment
- Notebook/Desktop Computers
- Automotive Systems

description

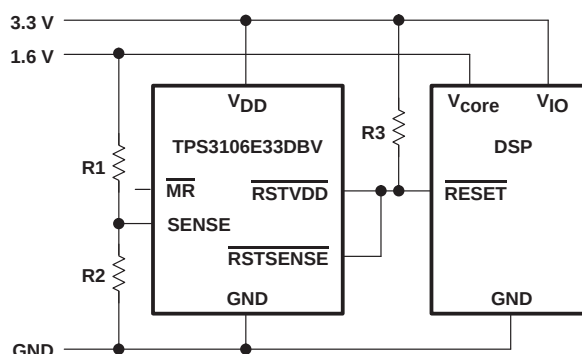
The TPS310x, TPS311x families of supervisory circuits provide circuit initialization and timing supervision, primarily for DSP and processor-based systems.

During power on, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted when the supply voltage (V_{DD}) becomes higher than 0.4 V. Thereafter, the supervisory circuit monitors V_{DD} and keeps the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output active as long as V_{DD} remains below the threshold voltage (V_{IT}). An internal timer delays the return of the output to the inactive state to ensure proper system reset. The delay time starts after V_{DD} has risen above the V_{IT} . When the V_{DD} drops below the V_{IT} , the output becomes active again.

All the devices of this family have a fixed-sense threshold voltage (V_{IT}) set by an internal voltage divider.



typical application circuit



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

description (continued)

The TPS3103 and TPS3106 have an active-low, open drain $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output. The TPS3110 has an active-low push/pull $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

The product spectrum is designed for supply voltages of 0.9 V up to 3.3 V. The circuits are available in a 6-pin SOT-23 package. The TPS31xx family is characterized for operation over a temperature range of -40°C to 85°C .

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

DEVICE	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT	$\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$, $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$ OUTPUT	SENSE INPUT	WDI INPUT	$\overline{\text{PFO}}$ OUTPUT
TPS3103	✓ Open drain				✓ Open drain
TPS3106		✓ Open drain	✓		
TPS3110	✓ Push-pull		✓	✓	

PACKAGE INFORMATION

T_A	DEVICE NAME		THRESHOLD VOLTAGE, V_{IT}	MARKING
-40°C to 85°C	TPS3103E12DBVR [†]	TPS3103E12DBVT [§]	1.142 V	PFWI
	TPS3103E15DBVR [†]	TPS3103E15DBVT [§]	1.434 V	PFXI
	TPS3103H20DBVR [†]	TPS3103H20DBVT [§]	1.84 V	PFYI
	TPS3103K33DBVR [†]	TPS3103K33DBVT [§]	2.941 V	PGRI
	TPS3106E09DBVR ^{†‡}	TPS3106E09DBVT [§]	0.86 V	PFZI
	TPS3106E16DBVR [†]	TPS3106E16DBVT [§]	1.521 V	PGSI
	TPS3106K33DBVR [†]	TPS3106K33DBVT [§]	2.941 V	PGBI
	TPS3110E09DBVR [†]	TPS3110E09DBVT [§]	0.86 V	PGII
	TPS3110E12DBVR [†]	TPS3110E12DBVT [§]	1.142 V	PGJI
	TPS3110E15DBVR [†]	TPS3110E15DBVT [§]	1.434 V	PGKI
	TPS3110K33DBVR ^{†‡}	TPS3110K33DBVT [§]	2.941 V	PGLI

[†] TPS3106E09 and TPS3110K33 will be available in August 2001; all other versions will be available in October 2001.

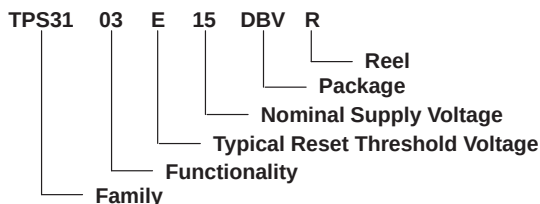
[‡] The DBVR passive indicates tape and reel of 3000 parts.

[§] The DBVT passive indicates tape and reel of 250 parts.

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

ordering information



DEVICE NAME	NOMINAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $V_{N(dc)}$	DEVICE NAME	TYPICAL RESET THRESHOLD VOLTAGE, V_{IT}
TPS310xx09DBV TPS311xx09DBV	0.9 V	TPS310XEXXDBV TPS311XEXXDBV	$V_{N(dc)} - 5\%$
TPS310xx12DBV TPS311xx12DBV	1.2 V	TPS310XHXXDBV	$V_{N(dc)} - 8\%$
TPS310xx15DBV TPS311xx15DBV	1.5 V	TPS310KXXDBV TPS311KXXDBV	$V_{N(dc)} - 11\%$
TPS310xx16DBV	1.6 V		
TPS310xx20DBV	2 V		
TPS310xx33DBV- TPS311xx33DBV	3.3 V		

Function Tables

TPS3110[†]

$\overline{MR}$	$V_{(SENSE)} > 0.551 \text{ V}$	$V_{DD} > V_{IT}$	$\overline{RESET}$
L	x	x	L
H	0	0	L
H	0	1	L
H	1	0	L
H	1	1	H

[†] Function of watchdog-timer not shown
x = Don't care

TPS3103

$\overline{MR}$	$V_{(PFI)} > 0.551 \text{ V}$	$V_{DD} > V_{IT}$	$\overline{RESET}$	$\overline{PFO}$
L	0	x	L	L
L	1	x	L	H
H	0	0	L	L
H	0	1	H	L
H	1	0	L	H
H	1	1	H	H

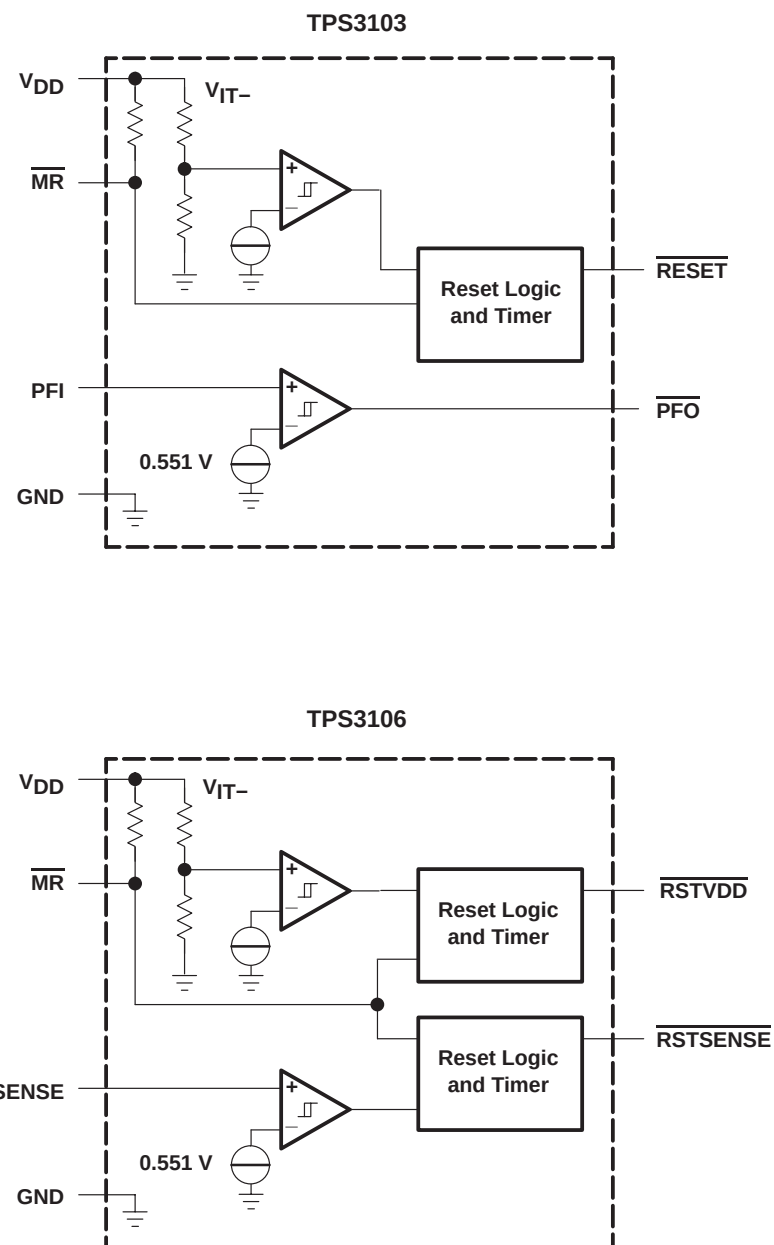
TPS3106

$\overline{MR}$	$V_{(SENSE)} > 0.551 \text{ V}$	$V_{DD} > V_{IT}$	$\overline{RSTVDD}$	$\overline{RSTSENSE}$
L	x	x	L	L
H	0	0	L	L
H	0	1	H	L
H	1	0	L	H
H	1	1	H	H

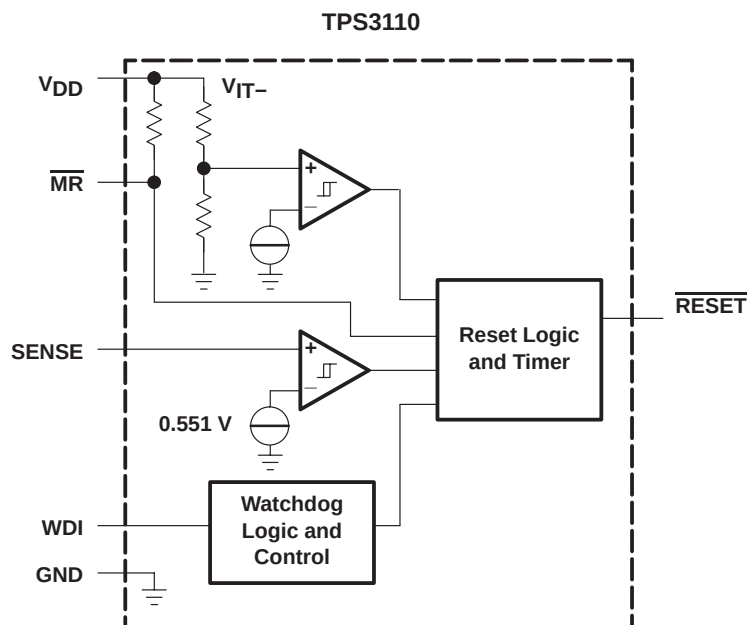
ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

functional block diagram



functional block diagram (continued)



ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

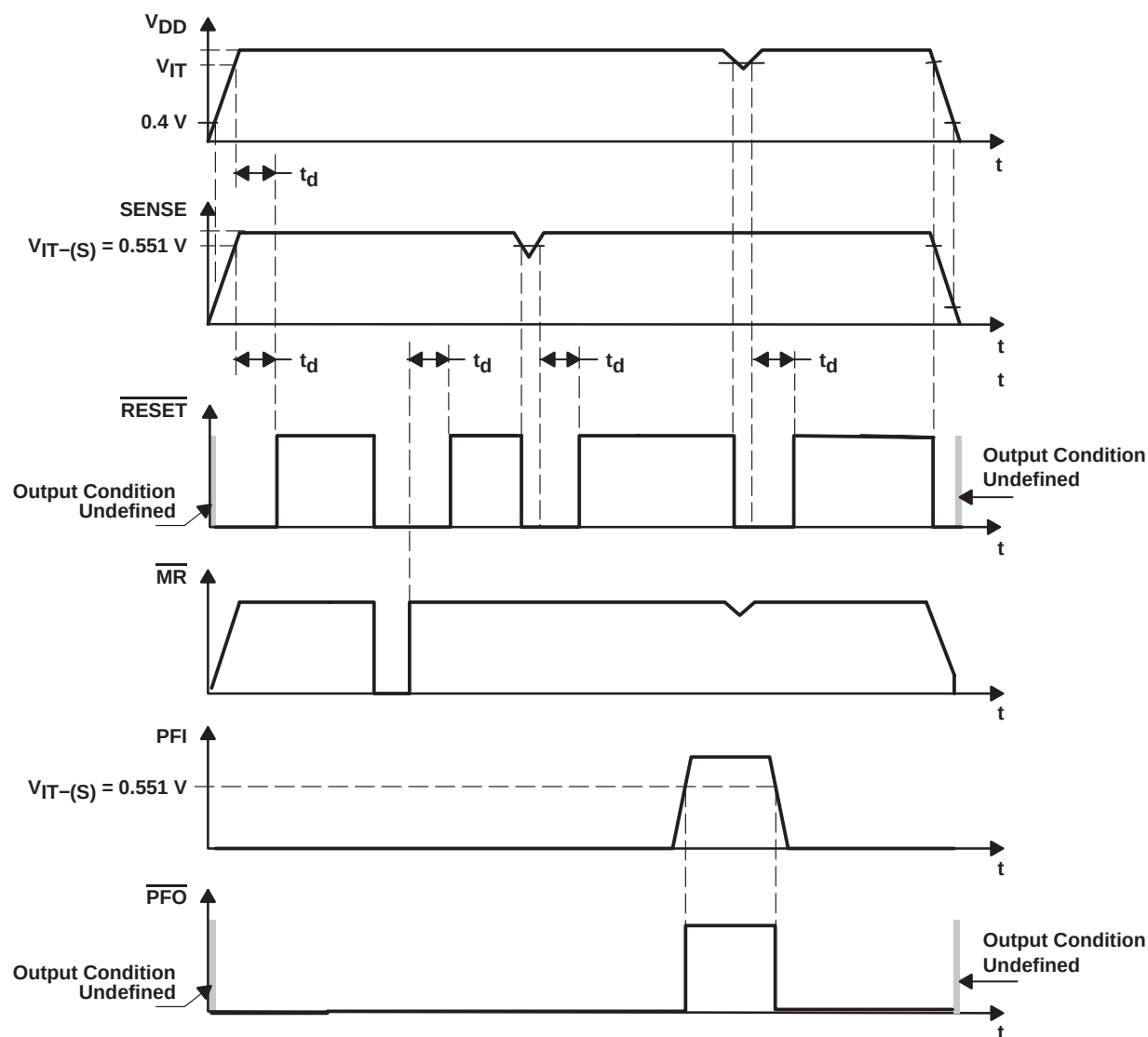
timing diagram

Figure 1. Timing Diagram for TPS3103

timing diagram

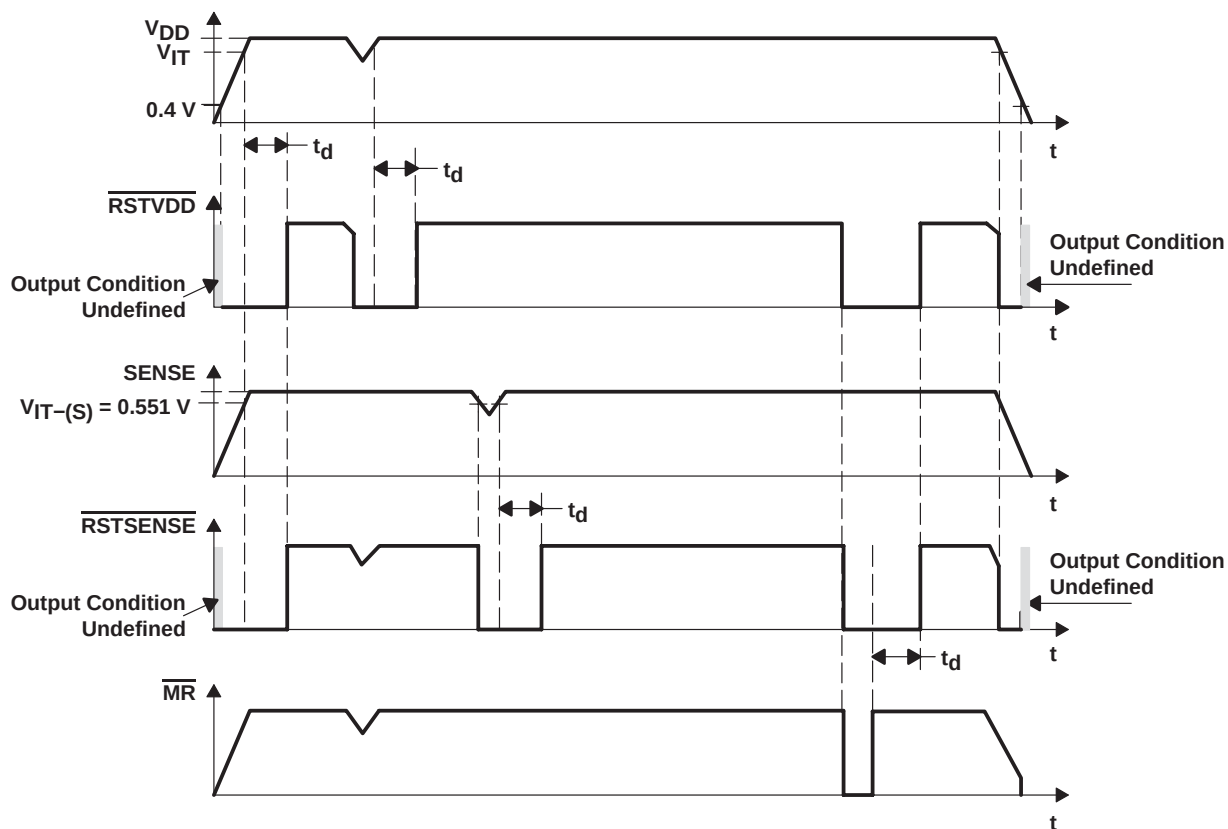
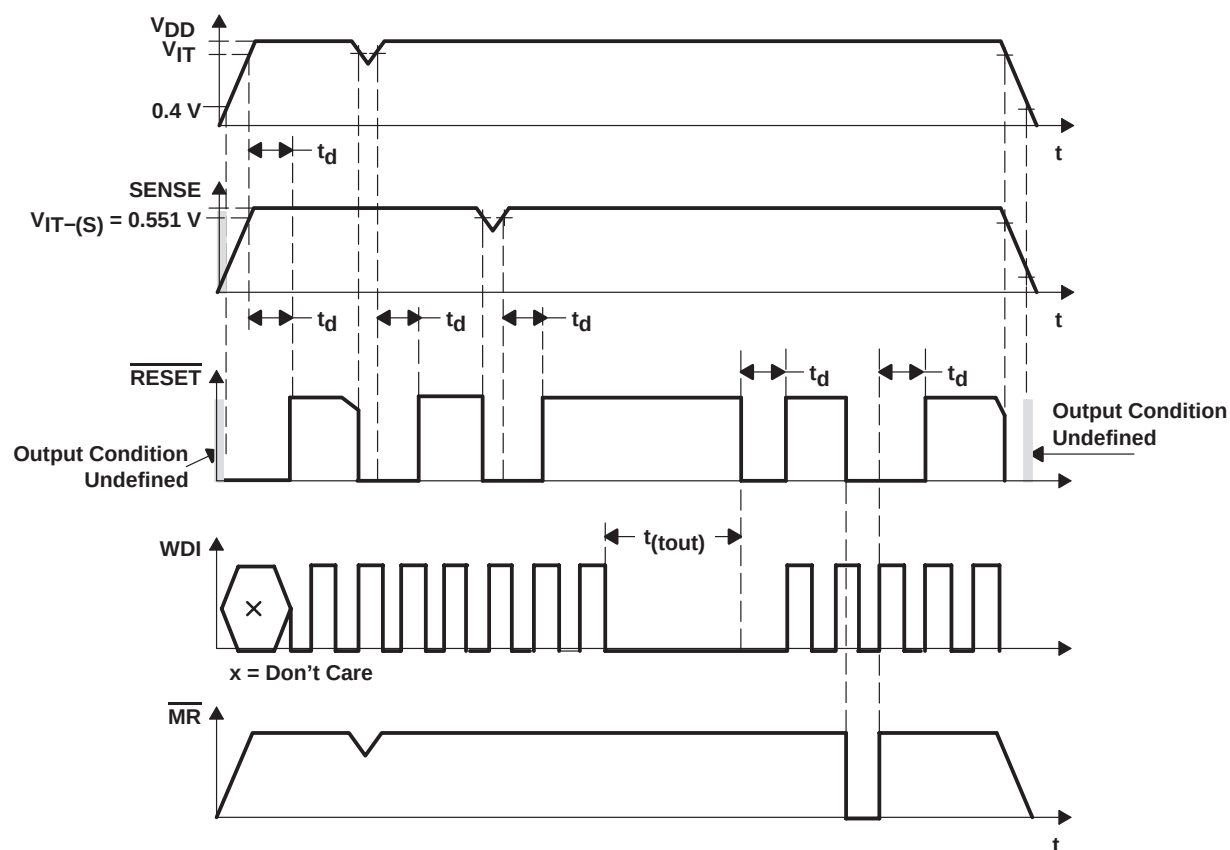


Figure 2. Timing Diagram for TPS3106

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

timing diagram**Figure 3. Timing Diagram for TPS3110**

Terminal Functions

TERMINAL			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	PART	NO.		
GND	ALL	2		GND
$\overline{\text{MR}}$	ALL	3	I	Manual-reset input. Pull low to force a reset. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ remains low as long as $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for the timeout period after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ goes high. Leave unconnected or connect to V_{DD} when unused.
PFI	TPS3103	4	I	Power-fail input compares to 0.551 V with no additional delay. Connect to V_{DD} if not used.
$\overline{\text{PFO}}$	TPS3103	5	O	Power-fail output. Goes high when voltage at PFI rises above 0.551 V.
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	TPS3103 TPS3110	1	O	Active-low reset output. Either push-pull or open-drain output stage
$\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$	TPS3106	5	O	Active-low reset output. Logic level at $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ only depends on the voltage at SENSE and the status of $\overline{\text{MR}}$.
$\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$	TPS3106	1	O	Active-low reset output. Logic level at $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$ only depends on the voltage at V_{DD} and the status of $\overline{\text{MR}}$.
SENSE	TPS3106 TPS3110	4 4	I	A reset will be asserted if the voltage at SENSE is lower than 0.551 V. Connect to V_{DD} if unused
V_{DD}	ALL	6		Supply voltage. Powers the device and monitors its own voltage
WDI	TPS3110	5	I	Watchdog timer input. If WDI remains high or low longer than the time-out period, then reset is triggered. The timer clears when reset is asserted or when WDI sees a rising edge or a falling edge.

detailed description

watchdog

The TPS3110 device integrates a watchdog timer that must be periodically triggered by a positive or negative transition of WDI. When the supervising system fails to retrigger the watchdog circuit within the time-out interval, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ becomes active for the time period (t_d). This event also reinitializes the watchdog timer.

manual reset ($\overline{\text{MR}}$)

Many μC -based products require manual-reset capability, allowing an operator or logic circuitry to initiate a reset. Logic low at $\overline{\text{MR}}$ asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is low and for a time period (t_d) after $\overline{\text{MR}}$ returns high. The input has an internal 100-k Ω pull-up resistor, so it can be left open if it is unused.

Connect a normally open momentary switch from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to GND to create a manual reset function. External debounce is not required. If $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is driven from long cables or if the device is used in noisy environments, connecting a 0.1- μF capacitor from $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to GND provides additional noise immunity.

PFI, $\overline{\text{PFO}}$

The TPS3103 has an integrated power-fail (PFI) comparator with a separate open drain ($\overline{\text{PFO}}$) output can be used for low-battery detection, power-fail warning, or for monitoring a power supply other than the main supply.

An additional comparator is provided to monitor voltages other than the nominal supply voltage. The power-fail input (PFI) will be compared with an internal voltage reference of 0.551 V. If the input voltage falls below the power-fail threshold ($V_{\text{IT-(S)}}$), the power-fail output ($\overline{\text{PFO}}$) goes low. If it goes above 0.551 V plus approximately 15-mV hysteresis, the output returns to high. By connecting two external resistors, it is possible to supervise any voltage above 0.551 V. The sum of both resistors should be approximately 1 M Ω , to minimize power consumption and to assure that the current into the PFI pin can be neglected compared with the current through the resistor network. The tolerance of the external resistors should be not more than 1% to ensure minimal variation of sensed voltage. If the power-fail comparator is unused, connect PFI to GND and leave $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ unconnected. For proper operation of the PFI-comparator the supply voltage (V_{DD}) must be higher than 0.8 V.

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

SENSE

The voltage at the SENSE input is compared with a reference voltage of 0.551 V. If the voltage at SENSE falls below the sense-threshold ($V_{IT-(S)}$), reset is asserted. On the TPS3106, a dedicated $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ output is available. On the TPS3110, the logic signal from SENSE is OR-wired with the logic signal from V_{DD} or $\overline{\text{MR}}$. An internal timer delays the return of the output to the inactive state, once the voltage at SENSE goes above 0.551 V plus about 15 mV of hysteresis. For proper operation of the SENSE-comparator, the supply voltage must be higher than 0.8 V.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS OVER OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)⁽¹⁾

Supply voltage, V_{DD} ⁽²⁾	3.6 V
All other pins ⁽²⁾	–0.3 V to 3.6 V
Maximum low output current, I_{OL}	5 mA
Maximum high output current, I_{OH}	–5 mA
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{DD}$)	± 10 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{DD}$)	± 10 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A	–40°C to 85°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
Soldering temperature	260°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values are with respect to GND. For reliable operation, the device must not be operated at 3.6 V for more than $t=1000$ h continuously.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
DBV	437 mW	3.5 mW/°C	280 mW	227 mW

recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V_{DD} ⁽¹⁾	0.4	3.3	V
Input voltage, V_I	0	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
High-level input voltage, V_{IH} at $\overline{\text{MR}}$, $\overline{\text{WDI}}$	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$		V
Low-level input voltage, V_{IL} at $\overline{\text{MR}}$, $\overline{\text{WDI}}$		$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
Input transition rise and fall rate at $\Delta t/\Delta V$ at $\overline{\text{MR}}$, $\overline{\text{WDI}}$		100	ns/V
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A	–40	85	°C

(1) For proper operation of SENSE, PFI, and WDI functions: $V_{DD} \geq 0.8$ V

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETERS			TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage		V _{DD} = 3.3 V, I _{OH} = –3 mA	0.8 × V _{DD}			V	
			V _{DD} = 1.8 V, I _{OH} = –2 mA					
			V _{DD} = 1.5 V, I _{OH} = –1 mA					
			V _{DD} = 0.9 V, I _{OH} = –0.4 mA					
			V _{DD} = 0.5 V, I _{OH} = –5 μA	0.7 × V _{DD}				
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage		V _{DD} = 3.3 V, I _{OL} = 3 mA	0.3			V	
			V _{DD} = 1.5 V, I _{OL} = 2 mA					
			V _{DD} = 1.2 V, I _{OL} = 1 mA					
			V _{DD} = 0.9 V, I _{OL} = 500 μA					
		RESET only	V _{DD} = 0.4 V, I _{OL} = 5 μA	0.1				
V _{IT–}	Negative-going input threshold voltage (1)	TPS31xxE09	T _A = 25°C	0.854	0.86	0.866	V	
		TPS31xxE12		1.133	1.142	1.151		
		TPS31xxE15		1.423	1.434	1.445		
		TPS31xxE16		1.512	1.523	1.534		
		TPS31xxH20		1.829	1.843	1.857		
		TPS31xxK33		2.919	2.941	2.963		
V _{IT–(S)}	Negative-going input threshold voltage (1)	SENSE, PFI	V _{DD} ≥ 0.8 V, T _A = 25°C	0.542	0.551	0.559	V	
V _{hys}	Hysteresis at V _{DD} input		0.8 V ≤ V _{IT} < 1.5 V	20			mV	
			1.6 V ≤ V _{IT} < 2.4 V	30				
			2.5 V ≤ V _{IT} < 3.3 V	50				
T(K)	Temperature coefficient of V _{IT–} , PFI, SENSE		T _A = –40°C to 85°C	–0.012	–0.019	%/K		
V _{hys}	Hysteresis at SENSE, PFI input		V _{DD} ≥ 0.8 V	15			mV	
I _{IH}	High-level input current	MR	MR = V _{DD} , V _{DD} = 3.3 V	–25	25		nA	
		SENSE, PFI, WDI	SENSE, PFI, WDI = V _{DD} , V _{DD} = 3.3 V	–25	25			
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	MR	MR = 0 V, V _{DD} = 3.3 V	–47	–33	–25	μA	
		SENSE, PFI, WDI	SENSE, PFI, WDI = 0 V, V _{DD} = 3.3 V	–25	25		nA	
I _{OH}	High-level output current at RESET (2)	Open drain	V _{DD} = V _{IT} + 0.2 V, V _{OH} = 3.3 V	200			nA	
I _{DD}	Supply current		V _{DD} > V _{IT} (average current), V _{DD} < 1.8 V	1.2		3	μA	
			V _{DD} > V _{IT} (average current), V _{DD} > 1.8 V	2		4.5		
			V _{DD} < V _{IT} , V _{DD} < 1.8 V			22		
			V _{DD} < V _{IT} , V _{DD} > 1.8 V			27		
Internal pull-up resistor at MR				70	100	130	kΩ	
C _i	Input capacitance at MR, SENSE, PFI, WDI		V _I = 0 V to V _{DD}	1			pF	

(1) To ensure the best stability of the threshold voltage, a bypass capacitor (ceramic, 0.1 µF) should be placed close to the supply terminals.

(2) Also refers to RSTVDD and RSTSENSE

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

TIMING REQUIREMENTS AT $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C TO } 85^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{t(out)}	Time-out period	at WDI	V _{DD} ≥ 0.85 V	0.55	1.1	1.65	s
t _w	Pulse width	at V _{DD}	V _{IH} = 1.1 × V _{IT} , V _{IL} = 0.9 × V _{IT-} , V _{IT-} = 0.86 V	20			μs
		at MR	V _{DD} ≥ V _{IT} + 0.2 V, V _{IL} = 0.3 × V _{DD} , V _{IH} = 0.7 × V _{DD}	0.1			
		at SENSE	V _{DD} ≥ V _{IT} , V _{IH} = 1.1 × V _{IT-(S)} , V _{IL} = 0.9 × V _{IT-(S)}	20			
		at PFI	V _{DD} ≥ 0.85 V, V _{IH} = 1.1 × V _{IT-(S)} , V _{IL} = 0.9 × V _{IT-(S)}	20			
		at WDI	V _{DD} ≥ V _{IT} , V _{IL} = 0.3 × V _{DD} , V _{IH} = 0.7 × V _{DD}	0.3			

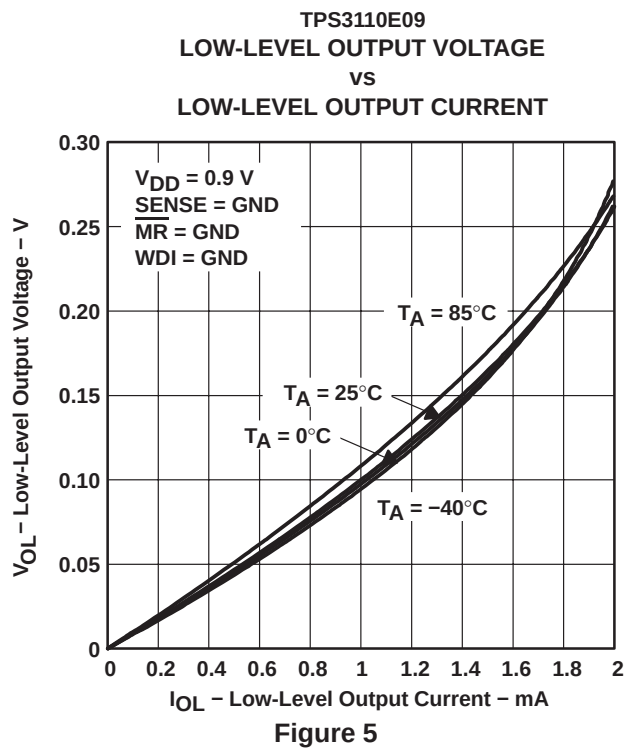
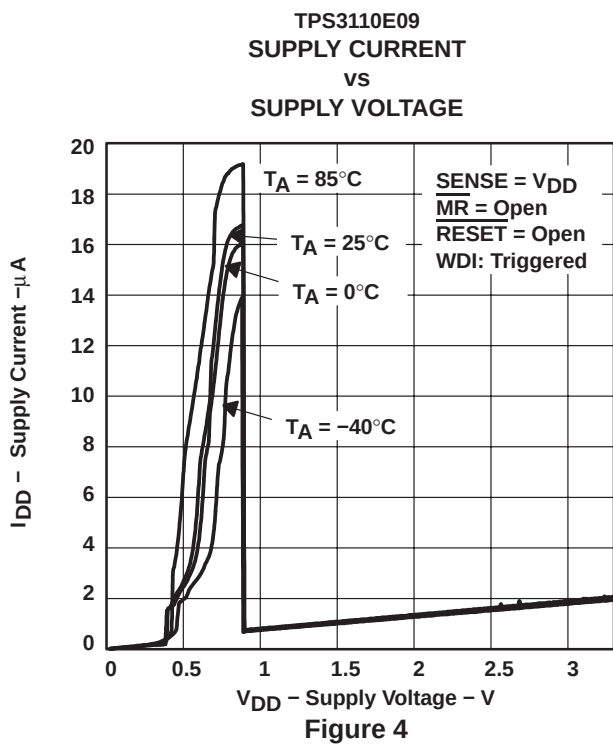
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS AT $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C TO } 85^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_d	Delay time	$V_{DD} \geq 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $\overline{\text{MR}} = 0.7 \times V_{DD}$, See timing diagram	65	130	195	ms
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	V_{DD} to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ or $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$ delay $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	μs
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	V_{DD} to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ or $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$ delay $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	$\overline{\text{SENSE}}$ to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ or $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ delay $V_{DD} \geq 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	μs
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	$\overline{\text{SENSE}}$ to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ or $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ delay $V_{DD} \geq 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	μs
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	PFI to $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ delay $V_{DD} \geq 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	μs
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	PFI to $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ delay $V_{DD} \geq 0.8\text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			300	μs
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	$\overline{\text{MR}}$ to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$, $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ delay $V_{DD} \geq 1.1 \times V_{IT}$, $V_{IL} = 0.3 \times V_{DD}$, $V_{IH} = 0.7 \times V_{DD}$		1	5	μs
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	$\overline{\text{MR}}$ to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$, $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ delay				

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
Supply current	vs Supply voltage at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}, 0^\circ\text{C}, 25^\circ\text{C}, 85^\circ\text{C}$		4
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}, 0^\circ\text{C}, 25^\circ\text{C}, 85^\circ\text{C}$ at 0.9 V, 3.3 V	5, 6
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current at $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}, 0^\circ\text{C}, 25^\circ\text{C}, 85^\circ\text{C}$ at 0.9 V, 3.3 V	7, 8
t_w	Minimum pulse duration at V_{DD}	vs Threshold overdrive voltage	9
V_{IT}	Normalized threshold voltage	vs Free-air temperature	10



ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

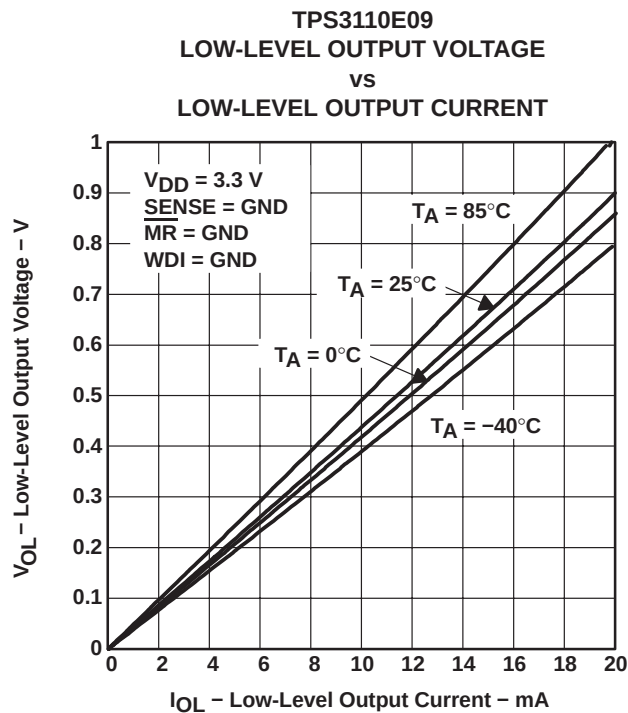


Figure 6

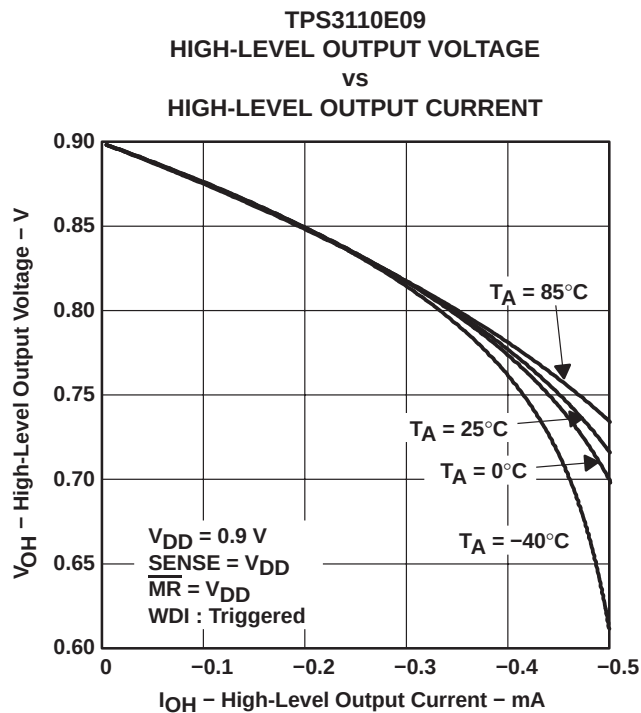


Figure 7

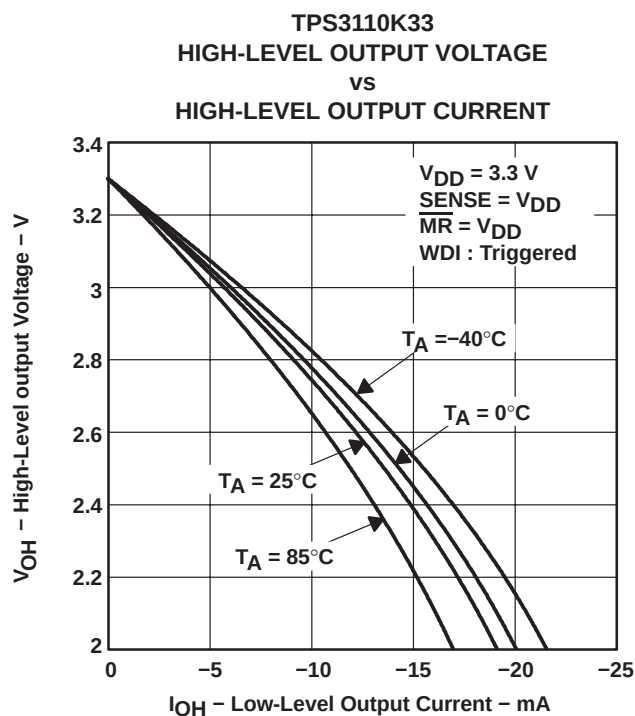


Figure 8

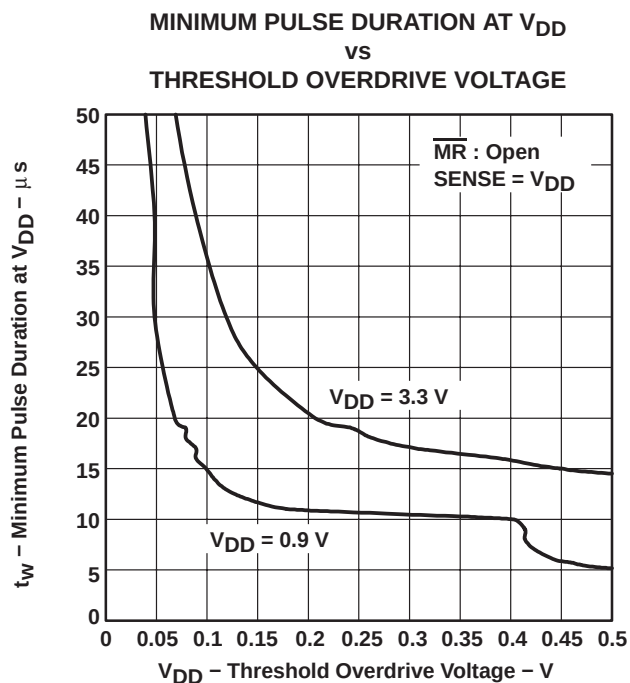


Figure 9

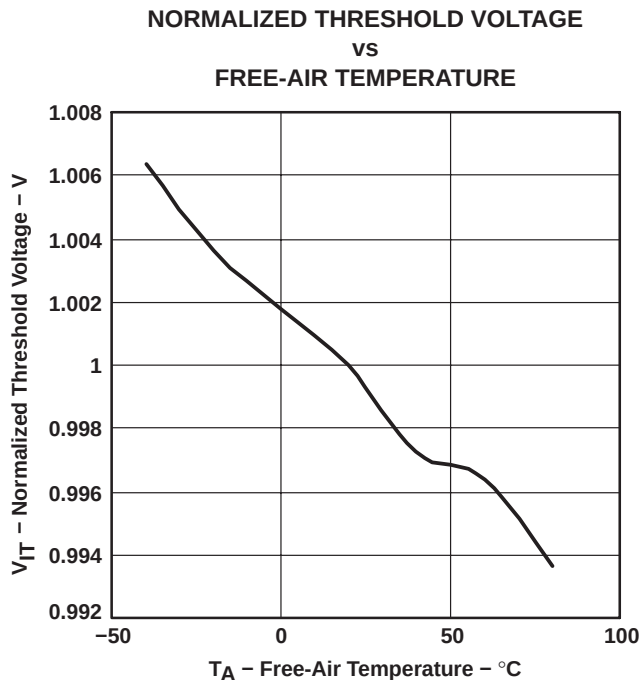


Figure 10

APPLICATION INFORMATION

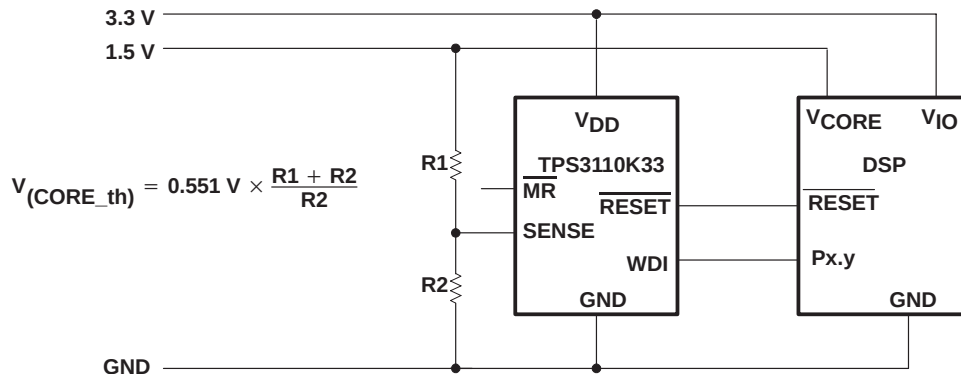
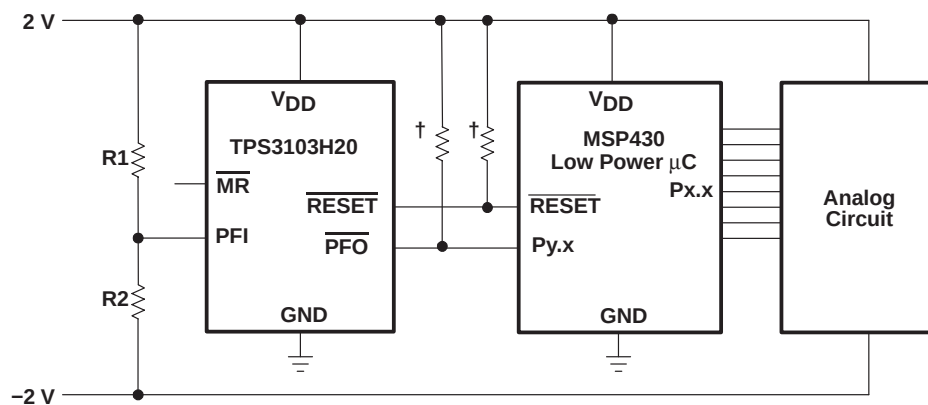


Figure 11. TPS3110 in a DSP-System Monitoring Both Supply Voltages

ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS

SLVS363B – AUGUST 2001 – REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

APPLICATION INFORMATION

$$V_{(\text{neg_th})} = 0.551 \text{ V} - \frac{R2}{R1} (V_{\text{DD}} - 0.551 \text{ V})$$

† Resistor may be integrated in μC **Figure 12. TPS3103 Monitoring a Negative Voltage**

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS310x family has a quiescent current in the 1- μ A to 2- μ A range. When $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, triggered by the voltage monitored at V_{DD} , is active, the quiescent current increases to about 20 μ A (see electrical characteristics).

In some applications it is necessary to minimize the quiescent current even during the reset period. This is especially true when the voltage of a battery is supervised and the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is used to shut down the system or for an early warning. In this case the reset condition will last for a longer period of time. Especially when the battery is discharged, the current drawn from the battery should almost be zero.

For this kind of applications the TPS3103 or TPS3106 are a good fit. To minimize current consumption it must be assured to select a version where the threshold voltage is lower than the voltage monitored at V_{DD} . The TPS3106 has two reset outputs. One output ($\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$) is triggered from the voltage monitored at V_{DD} . The other output ($\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$) is triggered from the voltage monitored at SENSE. In the application shown in Figure 13, the TPS3106E09 is used to monitor the input voltage of two NiCd or NiMH cells. The threshold voltage (V_{th}) = 0.86 V was chosen as low as possible to ensure that the supply voltage is always higher than the threshold voltage at V_{DD} . The voltage of the battery is monitored using the SENSE input. The voltage divider was calculated to assert a reset using the $\overline{\text{RSTSENSE}}$ output at $2 \times 0.8 \text{ V} = 1.6 \text{ V}$.

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{TRIP}}{V_{IT(S)}} - 1 \right)$$

Where:

V_{TRIP} is the voltage of the battery at which a reset is asserted

$V_{IT(S)}$ is the threshold voltage at SENSE = 0.551 V.

R1 was chosen for a resistor current in the 1- μ A range.

With $V_{TRIP} = 1.6 \text{ V}$:

$$R1 \approx 1.9 \times R2$$

$$R1 = 820 \text{ k}, R2 = 430 \text{ k}$$

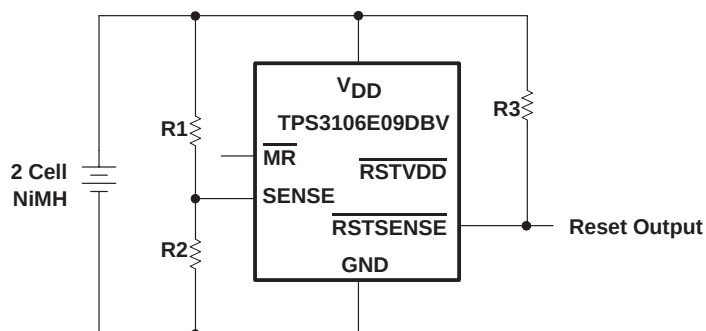


Figure 13. Battery Monitoring With 3- μ A Supply Current for Device and Resistor Divider

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TPS3103E12DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E12DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E12DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E12DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106K33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106K33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TPS3106K33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106K33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

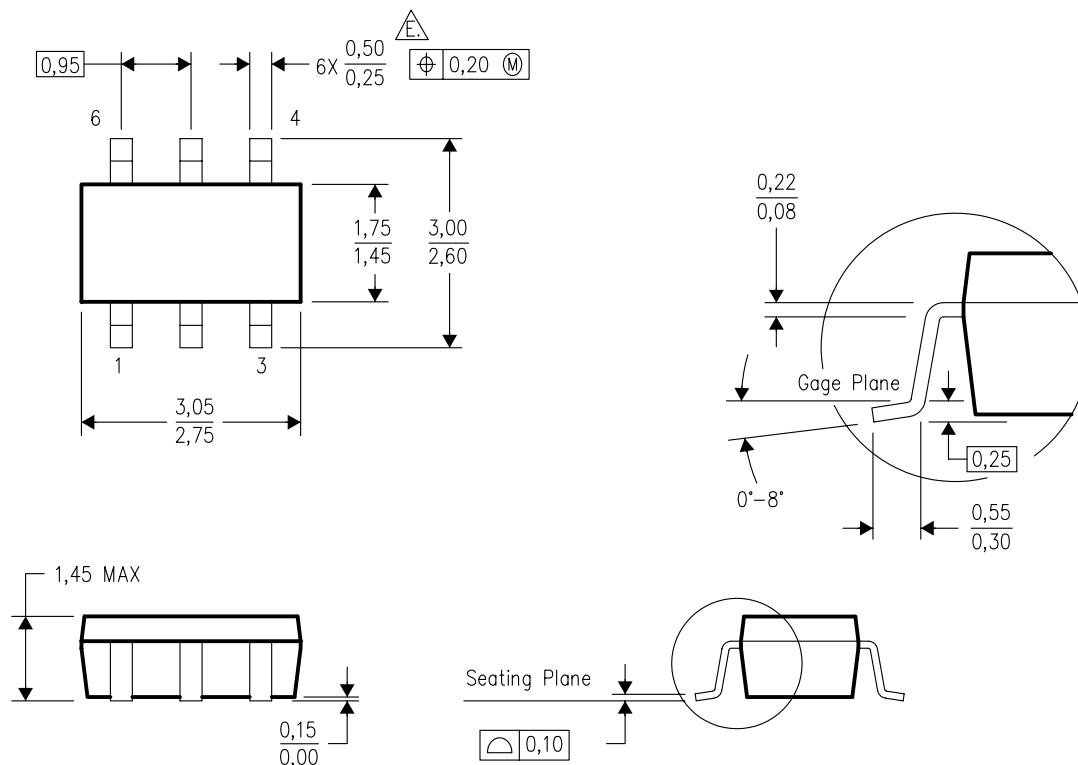
⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



4073253-5/J 10/2005

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
-  Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Interface	interface.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Logic	logic.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
		Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments
Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

Copyright © 2005, Texas Instruments Incorporated



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.