

## Wire Wound Chip Common Mode Choke Coil

**DLW32MH□□□XK2□**

**Reference Specification 【AEC-Q200】**

### 1.Scope

This reference specification applies to Wire Wound Chip Common Mode Choke Coil DLW32MH\_XK Series for Automotive Electronics based on AEC-Q200.

### 2.Part Numbering

(ex) 

DL	W	32	M	H	101	X	K	2	L
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Product ID</li> <li>(2) Structure</li> <li>(3) Dimension Type(LxW)</li> <li>(4) Type</li> <li>(5) Category</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(6) Inductance(Typ. at 0.1MHz)</li> <li>(7) Circuit</li> <li>(8) Features</li> <li>(9) Number of line</li> <li>(10) Packing code L : Taping(φ180mm), *B:Bulk</li> </ul> |
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\*Bulk packing also available. (A product is put in the plastic bag under the taping conditions.)

### 3.Rating

Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Common Mode Inductance (at 0.1MHz)	Rated Voltage V(DC)	Withstanding Voltage V(DC)	Rated Current (mA)	DC Resistance (Ω.)	Insulation Resistance (MΩ min.)	ESD Rank
	DLW32MH101XK2L	100μH(-30%/+50%)	50	125	100	2.8±20%	10	5B <small>(12kV(AD) &lt; 16kV(AD))</small>
	DLW32MH201XK2L	200μH (-20%/+50%)	50	125	70	4.0±20%	10	5B <small>(12kV(AD) &lt; 16kV(AD))</small>

•Operating Temperature Range. -40°C to +125°C

•Storage Temperature Range. -40°C to +125°C

### 4. Testing Conditions

《Unless otherwise specified》

Temperature : Ordinary Temperature / 15°C to 35°C

Humidity : Ordinary Humidity / 25%(RH) to 85 %(RH)

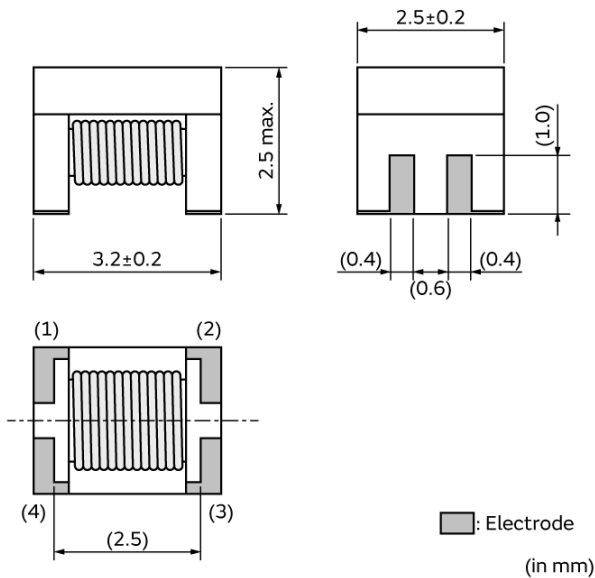
《In case of doubt》

Temperature : 20°C ± 2°C

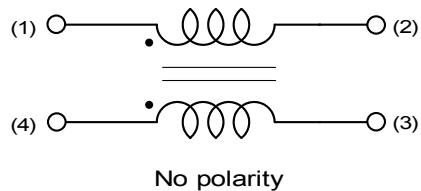
Humidity : 60%(RH) to 70 %(RH)

Atmospheric Pressure : 86kPa to 106 kPa

### 5. Appearance and Dimensions



#### ■ Equivalent Circuits



#### ■ Unit Mass (Typical value)

0.072g

### 6. Marking

No Marking.

# Reference Only

## 7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.1	Common Mode Inductance (Lc)	Meet item 3.	Measuring Equipment : KEYSIGHT 4294A or the equivalent Measuring Frequency:0.1MHz (ref.item 9.1)
7.2	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)		Measuring voltage : Rated Voltage Measuring time : 1 min max. (ref.item 9.3)
7.3	Withstanding Voltage	Products shall not be damaged.	Test Voltage : 2.5 times for Rated Voltage Time : 1 to 5 s Charge Current : 1 mA max. (ref.item 9.2)
7.4	DC Resistance (Rdc)	Meet item 3.	Measuring current : 10mA max. (In case of doubt in the above mentioned standard condition, measure by 4 terminal method.) (ref.item 9.4)

## 8. Q200 Requirement 8-1. Performance

### AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June 1. 2010

AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation				
No.	Stress	Test Method					
3	High Temperature Exposure	1000h at 125 deg C Set for 24h at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing. Table A <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>Appearance</td> <td>No damaged</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Common Mode Inductance Change (at 0.1MHz)</td> <td>Within ±20%</td> </tr> </table>	Appearance	No damaged	Common Mode Inductance Change (at 0.1MHz)	Within ±20%
Appearance	No damaged						
Common Mode Inductance Change (at 0.1MHz)	Within ±20%						
4	Temperature Cycling	1000cycles -40 deg C to +125 deg C Set for 24h at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing.				
5	Destructive Physical Analysis	Per EIA469 No electrical tests	Not Applicable				
7	Biased Humidity	1000h at 85 deg C, 85%RH Apply rated current	Meet Table A after testing. (ref.item 9.5)				
8	Operational Life	1000h at 125 deg C Apply rated current Set for 24h at room temperature, then measured	Meet Table A after testing. (ref.item 9.6)				
9	External Visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities				
10	Physical Dimension	Meet ITEM 4 (Style and Dimensions)	No defects				
12	Resistance to Solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not Applicable				
13	Mechanical Shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Conditon F: 1500g's(14.7N)/0.5ms/Half sine	Meet Table A after testing.				
14	Vibration	5g's(0.049N) for 20 min, 12cycles each of 3 orientations Test from 10-2000Hz.	Meet Table A after testing.				
15	Resistance to Soldering Heat	No-heating Solder temperature 260C+/-5 deg C Immersion time 10s	Pre-heating:150 to 180C / 90±30s Meet Table A after testing.				

# Reference Only

AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation
No.	Stress	Test Method	
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	Meet Table A after testing. ESD Rank: Refer to Item 3. Rating.
18	Solderability	Per J-STD-002	Method b : Not Applicable 90% of the terminations is to be soldered.(except partly-exposed wire) Flux:Ethanol solution of rosin,25(wt)% includes activator equivalent to 0.06 to 0.10(wt)% chlorine
19	Electrical Characterization	Measured : Common mode Inductance	No defects
20	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not Applicable
21	Board Flex	Epoxy-PCB(1.6mm) Deflection 2mm(min) 60 s minimum holding time	Meet Table A after testing.
22	Terminal Strength	Per AEC-Q200-006 A force of 17.7N for 60s	No defects
30	Electrical Transient Conduction	Per ISO-7637-2	Not Applicable

**9. Terminal to be Tested.**

When measuring and supplying the voltage, the following terminal is applied.

No.	Item	Terminal to be Tested
9.1	Common Mode Inductance (Measurement Terminal)	
9.2	Withstanding Voltage (Measurement Terminal)	
9.3	Insulation Resistance (Measurement Terminal)	
9.4	DC Resistance (Measurement Terminal)	
9.5	Biased Humidity (Supply Terminal)	
9.6	Operational Life (Supply Terminal)	

**10. P.C.B., Flux, Solder and Soldering condition**

Test shall be done using P.C.B., Flux, Solder and Soldering condition which are specified in item 13 except the case of being specified special condition.





### 13.2 Assembling

<Exclusive use of Reflow soldering>

Flow soldering may cause deterioration in insulation resistance.  
So, reflow soldering shall be applied for this product.

### 13.3 Cleaning Conditions

Do not clean after soldering. Some cleaning agents may degrade bonding strength, and characteristics of products by detaching. If cleaning, please contact us.

### 13.4 Resin coating

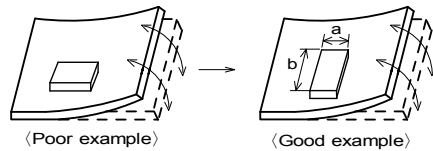
The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products. An open circuit issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to open circuit. So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

### 13.5 Attention regarding P.C.B. bending

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

- (1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

[Products direction]



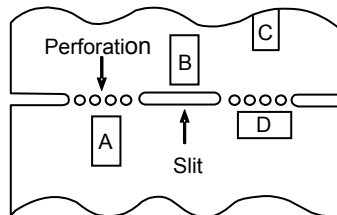
Products shall be location the sideways Direction (Length :  $a < b$ ) to the mechanical Stress.

- (2) Components location on P.C.B. separation.

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

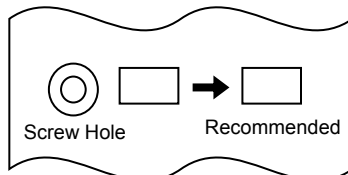
Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	$A > D$ *1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	$A > B$
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	$A > C$



\*1  $A > D$  is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation.  
If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore  $A > D$  is invalid.

- (3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



### 13.6 Attention Regarding P.C.B. Design

#### < The Arrangement of Products >

P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are far from the portion of perforation.

The portion of perforation shall be designed as narrow as possible, and shall be designed so as not to be applied the stress in the case of P.C.B. separation.

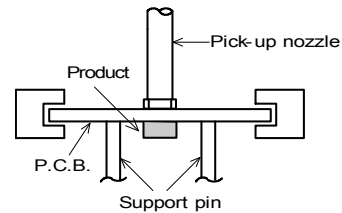
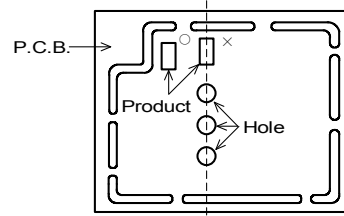
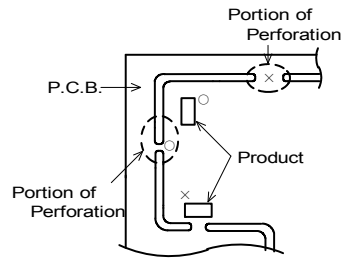
□ Products shall not be arranged on the line of a series of holes when there are big holes in P.C.B. (Because the stress concentrate on the line of holes.)

#### < Products Placing >

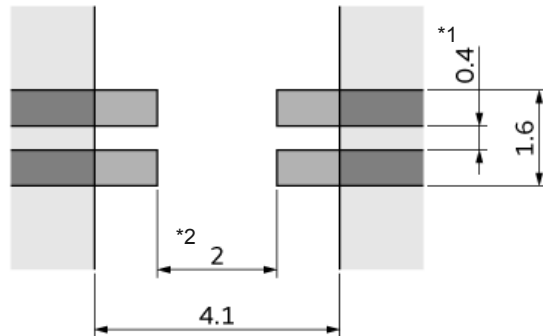
Support pins shall be set under P.C.B. to prevent causing a warp to P.C.B. during placing the products on the other side of P.C.B.

#### < P.C.B. Separation >

P.C.B. shall not be separated with hand.  
P.C.B. shall be separated with the fixture so as not to cause P.C.B. bending.



### 13.7 Standard Land Dimensions (Reflow)



(in mm)

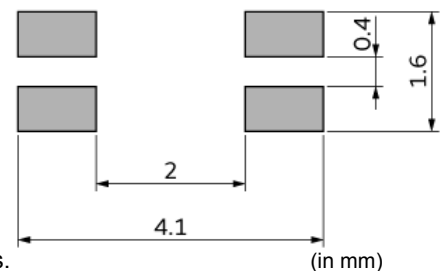
- \*1 If the pattern is made with less than 0.4mm, in the worst case, short circuit between lines may be occurred due to the spread of soldering paste or mount placing accuracy.
- \*2 If the pattern is made with wider, the strength of bending will be reduced. Moreover, if the pattern is made with less than 2mm, in the worst case short circuit may be occurred.
- \*3 Do not use gilded pattern. A copper wire may cause open by dissolution of metallization.

### 13.8 Standard Soldering Condition

#### 1.Reflow Soldering

##### (1) Standard printing pattern of solder paste

- Standard thickness of the solder paste should be 150 μm.
- Use the solder paste printing pattern of the right pattern.
- For the resist and copper foil pattern, use standard land dimensions.
- Use the Solder Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu for pattern printing.
- Spread of soldering paste between lines may cause short circuit of lines.



(2) Soldering Temperature

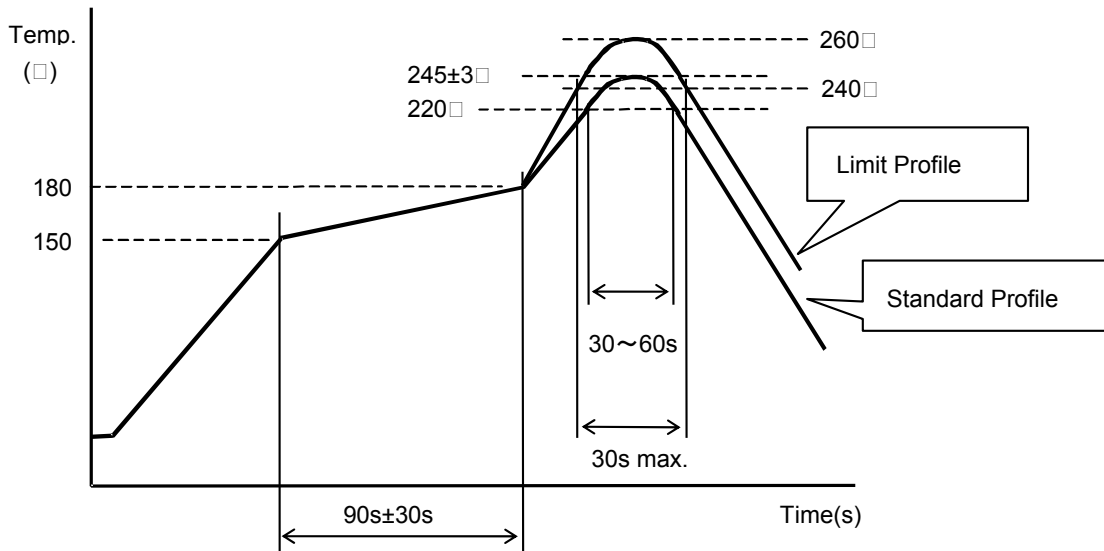
Temperature difference between soldering and surface of components must be within 150°C, in preheating. When components are immersed in liquid after soldering, temperature difference should be within 100°C. If preheating is not enough, components may be cracked and cause deterioration in insulation resistance.

(3) Soldering Condition

Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

Soldering Profile for Lead Free solder (Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder )



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150~180°C、90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C、30s~60s	above 240°C、30s max.
Peak temperature	245±3°C	260°C、10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times

2. Reworking with Soldering iron

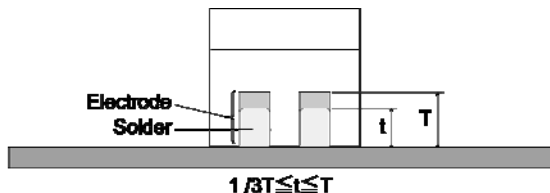
The following conditions must be strictly followed when using a soldering iron after being mounted by reflow soldering.

- Pre-heating: 150°C, 1 min
- Soldering iron output: 30W max.
- Tip temperature: 350°C max.
- Tip diameter: φ3mm max.
- Soldering time : 3(+1,-0) seconds.
- Times : 2times max.

Notes : Do not touch the products directly with the soldering iron.

3. Solder Volume

Solder shall be used not to be exceeded the upper limits.



Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to Chip is also increased. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance. In case if the solder volume is much, we recommend to make the size of the solder paste with less than the land pattern.

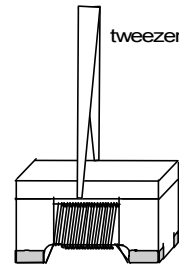
4. Solder fillet

Solder fillet in lateral direction is not formed in some case because of product's structure, but it is not something that affects product's performance and reliability.



### 13.9 Caution for use

- When you hold products with a tweezer, please hold like a figure of the right side, and sharp material, such as a pair of tweezers, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core.

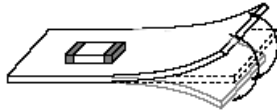


### 13.10 Handling of a substrate

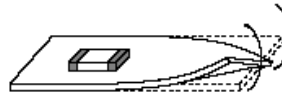
After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending



Twisting



### 13.11 Brushing of neighborhood of products

When you clean the neighborhood of products such as connector pins, bristles of cleaning brush shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.

### 13.12 Operating Environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions, on deterioration of the performance, such as insulation resistance may result from the use.

- (1) in corrosive gases (acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc.)
- (2) in the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.

### 13.13 Storage Condition

#### (1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

#### (2) Storage environment conditions

·Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature : -10 ~ +40°C

Humidity : 15 to 85% relative humidity No rapid change on temperature and humidity.

· Products should not be stored in corrosive gases, such as sulfurous, acid gases, alkaline gases, to prevent the following deterioration.

Poor solderability due to the oxidized electrode.

· Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.

· Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.

· Products should not be stored under the air tight packaged condition.

#### (3) Delivery

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

## 14. Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.



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#### Как с нами связаться

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