



*SANYO Semiconductors*

# DATA SHEET

## LA72680M

Monolithic Linear IC

### JAPAN TV Sound Multiplex Demodulation HiFi Sound Signal Processor

#### Overview

The LA72670BM is a HiFi sound signal processor with a built-in SIF demodulation and JAPAN TV sound multiplex demodulation on a single chip.

Full adjustment free operation is realized by the IC's internal automatic adjustment and trimming function, etc.

#### Functions

- HiFi sound signal processor
- HiFi head amp
- SIF modulation
- JAPAN multiplex modulation

#### Specifications

**Maximum Ratings** at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum power supply voltage 1	V <sub>CCH</sub> max		9.6	V
Maximum power supply voltage 2	V <sub>CCL</sub> max		6	V
Always power supply voltage	V <sub>CCA</sub> max		6	V
Allowable power dissipation	P <sub>d</sub> max	T <sub>a</sub> =70°C *	1300	mW
Operating ambient temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>		-10 to +70	°C
Storage ambient temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 to +150	°C

\* On board: 114.3mm×76.1mm×1.6mm, glass epoxy board.

- Any and all SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. products described or contained herein are, with regard to "standard application", intended for the use as general electronics equipment (home appliances, AV equipment, communication device, office equipment, industrial equipment etc.). The products mentioned herein shall not be intended for use for any "special application" (medical equipment whose purpose is to sustain life, aerospace instrument, nuclear control device, burning appliances, transportation machine, traffic signal system, safety equipment etc.) that shall require extremely high level of reliability and can directly threaten human lives in case of failure or malfunction of the product or may cause harm to human bodies, nor shall they grant any guarantee thereof. If you should intend to use our products for applications outside the standard applications of our customer who is considering such use and/or outside the scope of our intended standard applications, please consult with us prior to the intended use. If there is no consultation or inquiry before the intended use, our customer shall be solely responsible for the use.
- Specifications of any and all SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. products described or contained herein stipulate the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products in the independent state, and are not guarantees of the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products as mounted in the customer's products or equipment. To verify symptoms and states that cannot be evaluated in an independent device, the customer should always evaluate and test devices mounted in the customer's products or equipment.

**SANYO Semiconductor Co., Ltd.**

TOKYO OFFICE Tokyo Bldg., 1-10, 1 Chome, Ueno, Taito-ku, TOKYO, 110-8534 JAPAN

# LA72680M

## Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings		Unit
Recommended operating voltage 1	$V_{\text{CCH}}$				9 V
Recommended operating voltage 2	$V_{\text{CCL}}$				5 V
Recommended always voltage	$V_{\text{CCA}}$				5 V
Allowable operating voltage 1	$V_{\text{CCH}} \text{ op1}$				8.5 to 9.5 V
Allowable operating voltage 2	$V_{\text{CCL}} \text{ op2}$				4.8 to 5.3 V
Allowable operating always voltage	$V_{\text{CCA}} \text{ op3}$				4.5 to 5.5 V

## Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{\text{CCH}}=9\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{CCL}}=5\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{CCA}}=5\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Current dissipation REC&EE 9V	$I_{\text{CCR1}}$	No signal, Inflow current at Pin 3/54 G1D8D7:00	42	50	58	mA
Current dissipation EE 5V	$I_{\text{CCE1}}$	No signal, Inflow current at Pin 15/32/36/46 G1D8D7:00	63	75	87	mA
Current dissipation REC 5V	$I_{\text{CCR2}}$	No signal, Inflow current at Pin 15/32/36/46 G1D8D7:00, G1D4:1	89	105	121	mA
Current dissipation PB 9V	$I_{\text{CCP1}}$	No signal, Inflow current at Pin 3/54 G1D8D7:01	9	11	13	mA
Current dissipation PB 5V	$I_{\text{CCP2}}$	No signal, Inflow current at Pin 15/32/36/46 G1D8D7:01	76	90	104	mA
Current dissipation always power supply	$I_{\text{CCAL}}$	No signal, Inflow current at Pin 5, Mute H at Pin 49	0.8	1.0	1.2	mA
<b>EE through (LINE IN to LINE OUT), EE mode, f=1kHz, L/R-ch</b>						
Output level 1	$V_{\text{O1}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-28.2\text{dBV}$ , Gain=1 (G3 D4:0)	-10.5	-9	-7.5	dBV
Output level 2	$V_{\text{O2}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-28.2\text{dBV}$ , Gain=2 (G3 D4:1)	-9.5	-8	-6.5	dBV
Output distortion	THD	$V_{\text{IN}}=-28.2\text{dBV}$ , Gain1, 2		0.05	0.15	%
Channel gain difference	$\Delta V_{\text{O}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-28.2\text{dBV}$ , Gain1, 2	-1	0	1	dB
Maximum output level	$V_{\text{OM}}$	THD=1%, Gain1, 2	7	8.5		dBV
Output noise level	$V_{\text{NO}}$	$R_g=1\text{k}\Omega$ , JIS-A filter, Gain1		-89	-85	dBV
Mute attenuation value	$MU$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-18.2\text{dBV}$		-91	-80	dB
Input switch cross-talk	$CT$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-18.2\text{dBV}$		-75	-68	dB
<b>Normal output (LINE IN to NORMAL OUT), EE mode, f=1kHz</b>						
Output level for Normal	$V_{\text{ONOR}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-28.2\text{dBV}$	-22.5	-21.5	-20.5	dBV
<b>RFC output (NORMAL IN to RFC OUT), f=1kHz</b>						
Output level	$V_{\text{OR}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-21.2\text{dBV}$ , G2D4D3:10	-11.0	-9.5	-8.0	dBV
Output distortion	THDR	$V_{\text{IN}}=-21.2\text{dBV}$ , G2D4D3:10		0.05	0.2	%
ALC level (1)	$V_{\text{OAR1}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-11.2\text{dBV}$ , G2D4D3:10	-7.0	-5.5	-4.0	dBv
ALC distortion (1)	THDAR1	$V_{\text{IN}}=-11.2\text{dBV}$ , G2D4D3:10		0.3	0.5	%
ALC level (2)	$V_{\text{OAR2}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-11.2\text{dBV}$ , G2D4D3:10, G4D2:1	-3.0	-1.5	0	dBv
ALC distortion (2)	THDAR2	$V_{\text{IN}}=-11.2\text{dBV}$ , G2D4D3:10, G4D2:1		0.1	0.3	%
<b>LINE AMP (NORMAL IN to LINE OUT), EE mode, f=1kHz, Left channel and Right channel</b>						
Line amp gain	$G_{\text{VL}}$	$V_{\text{IN}}=-21\text{dBV}$ , Gain=1 mode (G2D4:0)	11	12	13	dB
<b>REC system (LINE IN to VCO OUT), f=1kHz</b>						
Free-running frequency L	$f_{\text{OL}}$	Input no signal	1.294	1.300	1.306	MHz
Free-running frequency R	$f_{\text{OR}}$	Input no signal	1.694	1.700	1.706	MHz
Standard frequency deviation L&R	DEV	$V_{\text{IN}}=-28.2\text{dBV}$	$\pm 46$	$\pm 50$	$\pm 54$	kHz
Carrier output level Lch	$V_{\text{foL}}$	Non modulation	380	440	500	mVp-p
FM R/Lch MIX ratio 1	MIX1	Non modulation, $V_{\text{foR}}/V_{\text{foL}}$ , G3D7D6:01	7.1	7.6	8.1	dB
FM R/Lch MIX ratio 2	MIX2	Non modulation, $V_{\text{foR}}/V_{\text{foL}}$ , G3D7D6:00	8.1	8.6	9.1	dB
FM R/Lch MIX ratio 3	MIX3	Non modulation, $V_{\text{foR}}/V_{\text{foL}}$ , G3D7D6:10	9.1	9.6	10.1	dB
FM R/Lch MIX ratio 4	MIX4	Non modulation, $V_{\text{foR}}/V_{\text{foL}}$ , G3D7D6:11	10.1	10.6	11.1	dB

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
<b>FM modulation system</b> (PB FM IN to LINE OUT), PB mode, FM standard input=300mVp-p(R/Lch ratio=1:1)						
Output level Lch	V <sub>OPL</sub>	fc=1.3±50kHz, fm=1kHz, Gain=1 (G3D4:0)	-11	-9	-7	dBV
Output level Rch	V <sub>OPR</sub>	fc=1.7MHz±50kHz, fm=1kHz, Gain=1 (G3D4:0)	-11	-9	-7	dBV
Output level difference	VDEM	fc=1.3MHz±50kHz, fm=1kHz fc=1.7MHz±50kHz, fm=1kHz Lch-Rch, Gain=1 (G3D4:0)	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
Output distortion Lch	THDPL	fc=1.3MHz±50kHz, fm=1kHz, DIN		0.3	0.5	%
Output distortion Rch	THDPR	fc=1.7MHz±50kHz, fm=1kHz, DIN		0.3	0.5	%
<b>DO detector / HiFi detector</b> PB mode(DO DET : fc=1.3MHz / HiFi DET : fc=1.3MHz & 1.7MHz),						
DO detection level	DOC	The ratio with Standard input pin 31=300mVp-p		-26	-23	dB
DO detection hysteresis	DOCH		0.5	3	5	dB
HiFi recovery delay time	HIDEL	The delay time that is changed from NORMAL to HiFi.	110	125	140	ms
HiFi detection DC output 1	VTRS1	Pin 34 input level=100mVp-p	2.1	2.6	3.1	V
HiFi detection DC output 2	VTRS2	Pin 34 input level=300mVp-p	3.3	3.8	4.3	V
HiFi detection DC output 3	VTRS3	Pin 34 input level=1Vp-p	4.3	4.8	5.3	V
NORMAL detection DC output	NORDC	Pin 34 input level=0mVp-p			0.4	V
<b>Hold pulse occurrence</b> PB mode						
Hold pulse delay time	HPD	AUDIO HEAD PULSE IN	0.8	1.0	1.2	μs
Hold pulse width	HPW	AUDIO HEAD PULSE IN	7.2	9.0	10.8	μs
<b>Band pass filter</b> PB mode, PB IN = 150mVp-p(R/L MIX ratio 1:1)						
1.3MHz BPF monitor level	V13	34pin input level =60mVp-p, G2D2D1:01	80	100	120	mVp-p
1.7MHz BPF monitor level	V17	34pin input level =60mVp-p, G2D2D1:01	60	80	100	mVp-p
1.3MHz BPF frequency characteristics 1	L115N	Level difference between 1.15M/1.3MHz G2D2D1:01	-13	-5		dB
1.3MHz BPF frequency characteristics 2	L145N	Level difference between 1.45M/1.3MHz G2D2D1:01	-13	-5		dB
1.3MHz BPF frequency characteristics 3	L155N	Level difference between 1.55M/1.3MHz G2D2D1:01		-20	-10	dB
1.7MHz BPF frequency characteristics 1	R145N	Level difference between 1.45M/1.7MHz G2D2D1:10		-15	-5	dB
1.7MHz BPF frequency characteristics 2	R155N	Level difference between 1.55M/1.7MHz G2D2D1:10	-9	-3		dB
1.7MHz BPF frequency characteristics 3	R185N	Level difference between 1.85M/1.7MHz G2D2D1:10	-9	-3		dB
<b>Playback head amp system</b> (PB HEAD AMP IN to OUT), PB mode						
Voltage gain	GVP	V <sub>IN</sub> =100μVp-p, f=1.5MHz, CH1&2	66	69	72	dB
Voltage gain difference CH1/CH2	ΔGVP		-2	0	2	dB
EP gain boost value	ΔGEP	V <sub>IN</sub> =100μVp-p, f=1.5MHz	1	2	3.2	dB
Frequency characteristics	ΔfP	V <sub>IN</sub> =100μVp-p, f=1.8M/1.0MHz, CH1&2	-3	-1	1	dB
Input conversion noise voltage	VNINP	The value(1 / GVP) of 1.1MHz LPF output level		1.7	2	μVrms
Output DC offset	ΔV <sub>ODC</sub>	CH1/CH2	-30	0	30	mV
<b>REC AMP system</b> REC mode, The external resistor at pin 28 = 2.7kΩ						
REC current	I <sub>OR</sub>	Inflow current at pin 26	34	37	40	mA
Cross modulation distortion 0.4MHz component	CMDO4	Rch carrier level standard		-48	-40	dB
Cross modulation distortion 0.9MHz component	CMDO9	Rch carrier level standard		-55	-40	dB
current ratio +2dB	I <sub>OR</sub> +2dB	P23:0V,G4D6D5:01	1.6	2.0	2.4	dB
current ratio -2dB	I <sub>OR</sub> -2dB	P23:0V,G4D6D5:10	-2.4	-2.0	-1.6	dB
Mute attenuation value	I <sub>ORMU</sub>	REC MUTE ON(pin 17:5V)			-40	dB

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

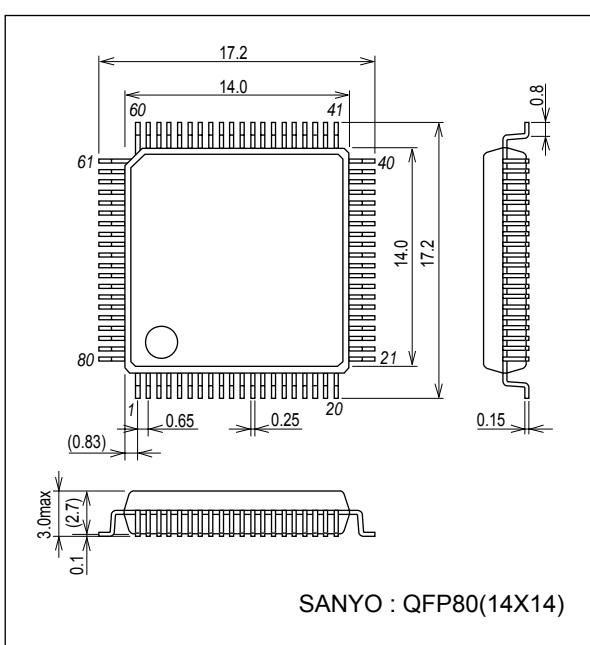
Continued from preceding page.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
<b>SIF system</b> (SIF IN to SIF OUT), EE/REC mode						
Input level	V <sub>I</sub> LIM	fc=4.5MHz	80	90	100	dB $\mu$ V
<b>TV multiplex demodulation system</b> EE/REC mode, L/Rch, LINE AMP GAIN(1)						
Deviation of SIF input MONO: 100% → ±25kHz (fm=400Hz) Pre-Emphasis ON						
MONO output level	V <sub>O</sub> MN	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Pre-emphasis OFF	-7	-5.5	-4	dBV
Output L/R level difference	ΔV <sub>O</sub> MN	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Pre-emphasis OFF	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
MONO distortion	THDM	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Pre-emphasis OFF		0.2	0.5	%
MONO frequency characteristics 1	FCM1	fm=10kHz, 100% modulation, Pre-emphasis OFF	-17	-14	-11	dB
MONO S/N	SNM	Non modulation, 15kHz LPF	50			dB
TEREO output level	V <sub>O</sub> ST	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, 15kHz LPF	-7.5	-5.5	-3.5	dBV
STEREO distortion	THDS	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, 15kHz LPF		0.3	1.0	%
STEREO S/N	SNS	Sub carrier (Non modulation) + Cue(Stereo), 15kHz LPF	45			dB
MAIN output level	VOMA	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	-7	-5.5	-4	dB
MAIN distortion	THDMA	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF		0.2	0.5	%
MAIN S/N	SNMA	Sub Carrier(Non modulation) + Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	50			dB
SUB output level	V <sub>O</sub> SU	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	-7.5	-5.5	-3.5	dBV
SUB S/N	SNSU	Sub carrier (Non modulation) + Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	45			dB
SUB frequency characteristics	FCSU2	fm=10kHz, 60% modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	-20	-16	-12	dB
SUB distortion	THDSU	fm=1kHz, 100% modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF		0.5	2.0	%
STEREO separation L→R	SEPR	L:fm=1kHz, 60%modulation, Cue(Stereo), 15kHz-LPF	25	30		dB
STEREO separation R→L	SEPL	R:fm=1kHz, 60%modulation, Cue(Stereo), 15kHz-LPF	25	30		dB
Cross-talk MAIN→SUB	CTSUB	Main:fm=1kHz, 100%modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	35	50		dB
Cross-talk SUB→MAIN	CTMA	Sub:fm=1kHz, 100%modulation, Cue(Bilingual), 15kHz LPF	45	55		dB
Stay behind carrier level (S)	CLSU	Main=0%, Sub:0%(Carrier), Cue(Bilingual)		-55	-45	dBV
Stay behind carrier level (M)	CLMA	Main=0%, Sub:0%(Carrier), Cue( Bilingual)		-55	-45	dBV
Mode detection volt(mono)	VLED <sub>M</sub>	Input=Monaural signal	0.7	1.0	1.3	V
Mode detection volt(st)	VLED <sub>M</sub>	Input=Stereo signal	1.7	2.0	2.3	V
Mode detection volt(bil)	VLED <sub>M</sub>	Input=Bilingual signal	2.7	3.0	3.3	V
Just clock output High volt	VJCH	f=400Hz(mon),40%Mod.	4.0			V
Just clock output Low volt	VJCL	f=400Hz(mon),10%Mod.			1.0	V

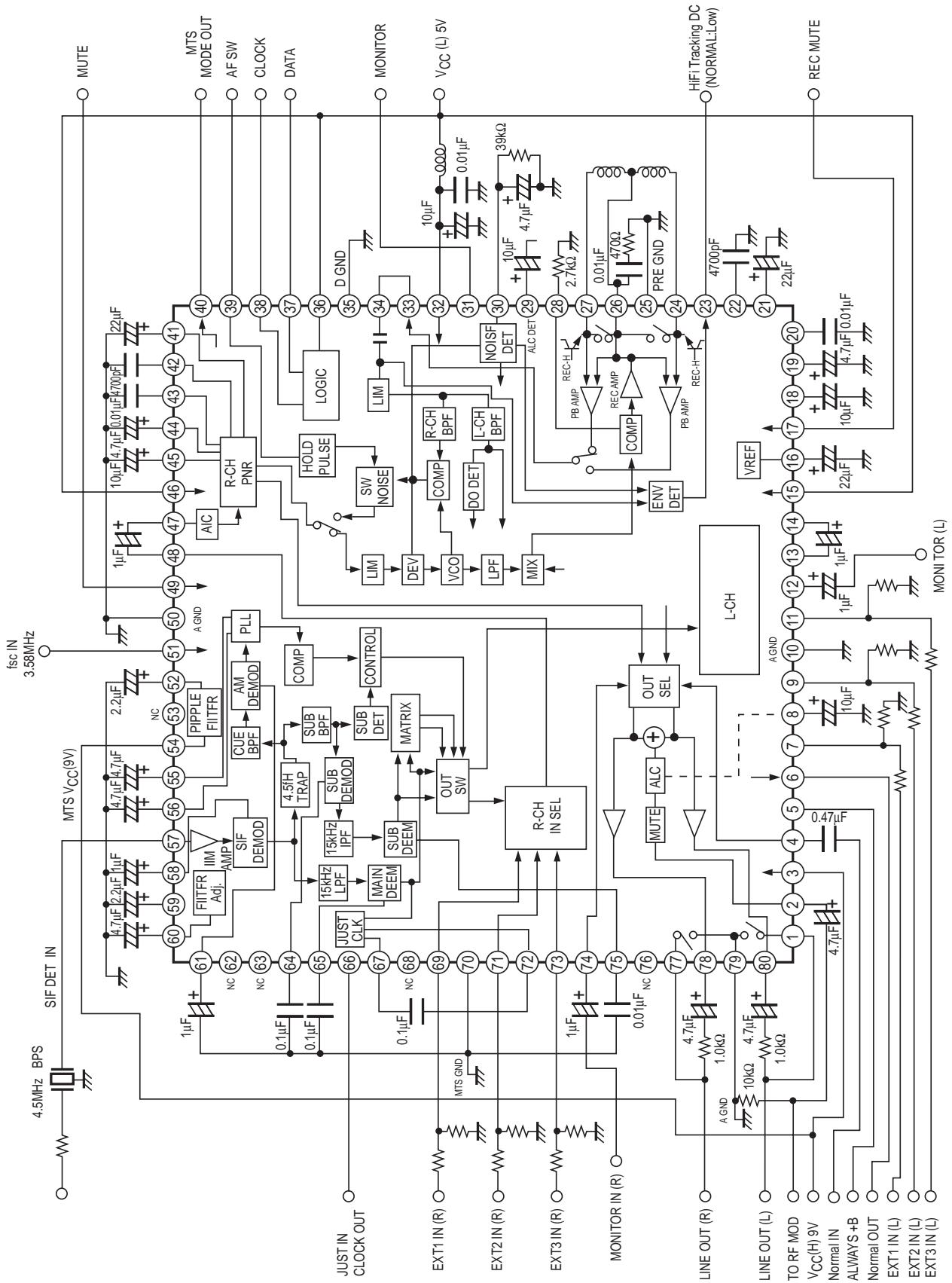
## Package Dimensions

unit : mm (typ)

3255



## Block Diagram



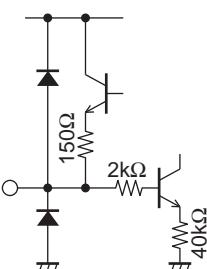
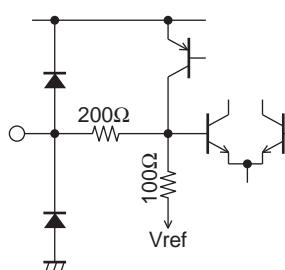
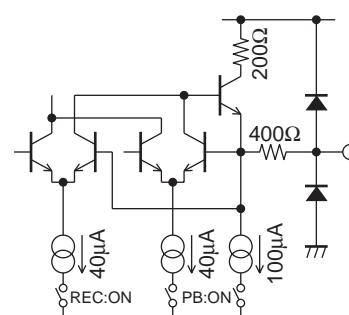
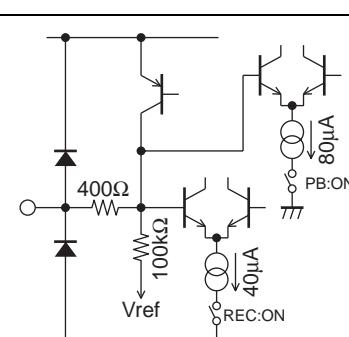
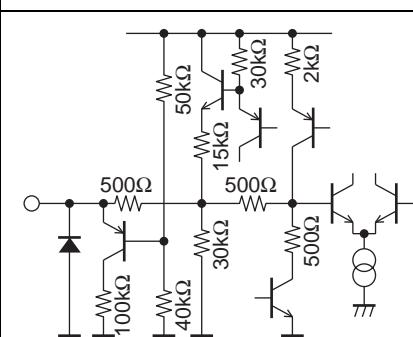
## Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
1 77	Line Mute terminal(L) Line Mute terminal(R)		When the power supply $V_{CC}$ is on, the switch of Pin 77 and Pin 1 is turned to ON to reduce the line out noise. In this case, it is necessary to apply 5 fixed DC to Pin 5.	
2	Output terminal for RF modulator	DC; 4.2V	Output terminal for RF modulator. ALC level can be settled to -1dBV and OFF by serial control.	
3	$V_{CC}$ 9V		Power supply of Line Out.	
5	ALWAYS VCC		Power supply for the noise elimination mute control when power is on.	
15	$V_{CC}$ 5V(Lch)		5V power supply of Lch.	
32	$V_{CC}$ 5V		5V power supply of HEAD AMP.	
36	Power supply for Logic		Power supply for Logic.	
46	$V_{CC}$ 5V(Rch)		5V power supply of Rch.	
54	9V power supply for MTS		9V power supply of MTS.	
4	NORMAL input terminal	DC; 2.5V	NORMAL IC output signal is entered and output to Line Out through output changeover.  G4D7/0:0dB 1:3dB	
		AC; -28.2dBV		
6	NORMAL output terminal	DC; 2.5V	This is connected to input of NORMAL AUDIO IC.	
		AC; -21.2dBV		
7 9 11 69 71 73	Audio input terminal EXT1_IN(L) EXT2_IN(L) EXT3_IN(L) EXT1_IN(R) EXT2_IN(R) EXT3_IN(R)	DC ; 0V	Audio input terminal.	
		AC; -28.2dBV		

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
8	ALC detection terminal for RF converter	DC;	This is ALC detector terminal for RF converter and always ready for operation.	
10 25 35 50 70 79	L-GND HEADAMP-GND LOGIC-GND R-GND MTS-GND AUDIO-GND			
12	Monitor input terminal(L)	DC ; 2.5V	Monitor input terminal	
74	Monitor input terminal(R)			
13 48	Input changeover switch output(L) Input changeover switch output(L)	DC ; 2.2V AC; -21.2dBv	PB/REC switch output to transform REC and PB signals into DC through a coupling capacitor.	
14 47	ALC input terminal(L) ALC input terminal(R)	DC; 2.5V AC; -21dBv	ALC input terminal after passing through a coupling capacitor.	
16	1/2 V <sub>CC</sub> terminal	DC; 2.5V	1/2 V <sub>CC</sub> terminal.	

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

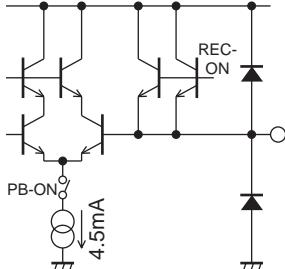
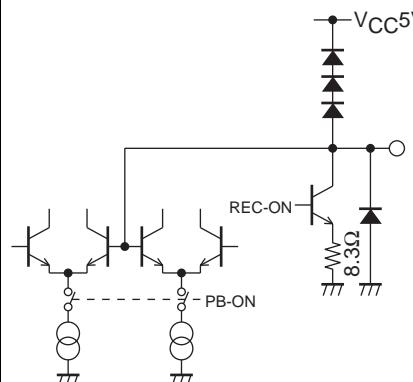
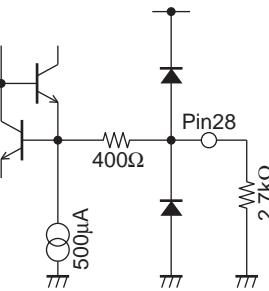
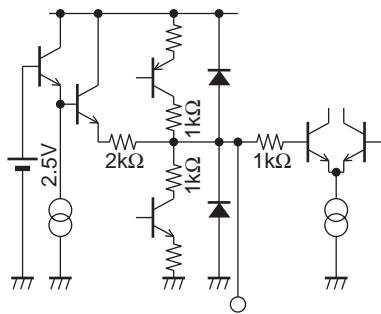
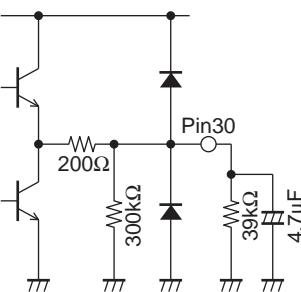
Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
17	REC mute terminal	DC; Unsettled	Two levels control terminal. Hi ; 3.0V to Vcc Low ; 0V to 1.5V	
18	NR waiting DET terminal(L)			
45	NR waiting DET terminal(R)		The recommended external capacity is 10μF.	
19	NR waiting filter terminal1(L)	DC; 2.5V	(Pin 19,Pin 44)between GND;4.7μF (Pin 20,Pin 43)between GND;0.01μF	
44	NR waiting filter terminal1(R)			
20	NR waiting filter terminal2(L)	AC;		
43	NR waiting filter terminal2(R)			
21	CCA reference terminal(L)	DC; 2.5V	By connecting 22μF between Pin 21, Pin 41 and GND, 4700pF between Pin 22, Pin 42 and GND, form the NR emphasis.	
22	NR emphasis terminal(L)			
42	NR emphasis terminal(R)			
41	CCA reference terminal(R)			
23	HiFi/Nor selecting terminal (PB) (2)Monitor control terminal at Pin 34 (EE)		In PB mode, Pin 23 becomes "TRACKING_DC" when inputting HiFi audio signal and becomes "L" when inputting Normal signal. In EE mode, this is used as the terminal for monitor control of Pin 34.  Low(0 to 0.8V) ; VCO MIX Middle(1.4V to 3.6V) ; Lch VCO High(4.2V to V <sub>CC</sub> ) ; Rch VCO	

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
24	HEAD AMP input terminal (Hch)	DC PB; 2.0V	HEAD AMP inputs (CH1 and CH2) is PB mode.	
27	HEAD AMP input terminal (Lch)	REC; 4.1V		
26	REC CURRENT AMP output terminal		CURRENT AMP output in REC mode. Common input terminal in PB mode.	
28	CURRENT AMP ADJUST terminal	DC; 2.4V	Terminal for adjusting the recording current.	
29	ALC detection terminal		This is ALC detector terminal. ALC becomes through switch when Pin29 pull up VCC.	
30	HiFi/NORMAL detection terminal		This terminal is for detecting demodulation noise and output which has passed through the primary HPF(fc=140kHz).	

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

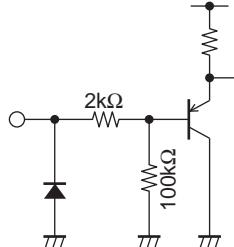
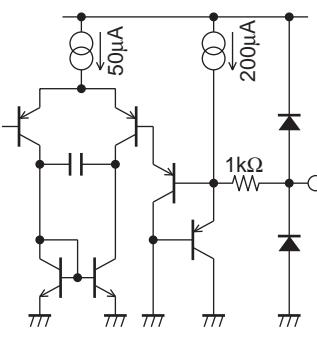
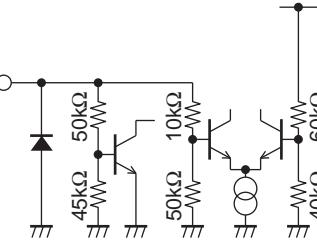
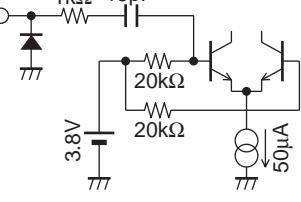
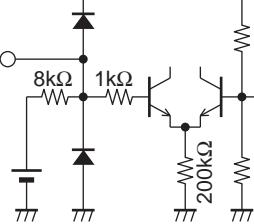
Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
31	Monitor terminal	DC ; 2.5V	FM MIX output(Low), Lch VCO(middle), Rch VCO(High) can be monitored by controlling Pin 23 in REC mode. HOLD and DO pulses can be monitored by Pin 17 in PB mode. BPF of Lch and Rch can be monitored by serial control in PB mode.	
33	PB AMP output	DC; 2.5V	Output of HEAD AMP in PB mode.	
34	PB FM input terminal	DC; Unsettled	Input pin of FM in PB mode.	
		AC; 350mVp-p (L/R MIX)		
37	Serial data input terminal	Hi ; 3.5V to 5V Low ; 0V to 1.5V		
38	CLK input terminal	Hi ; 3.5V to 5V Low ; 0V to 1.5V		

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

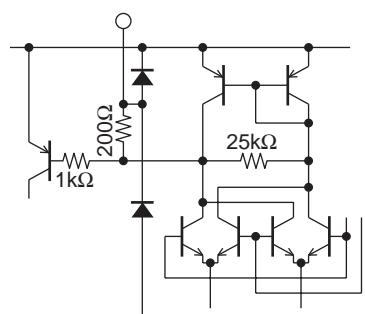
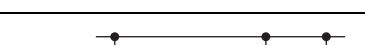
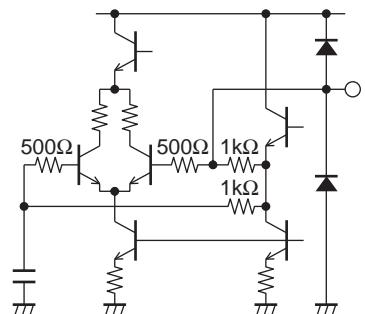
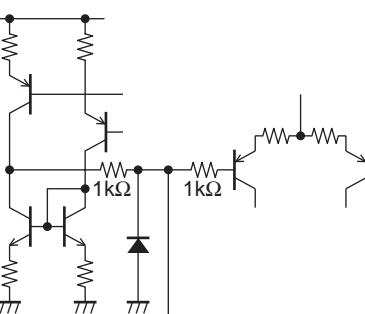
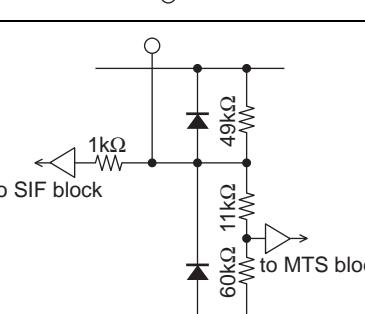
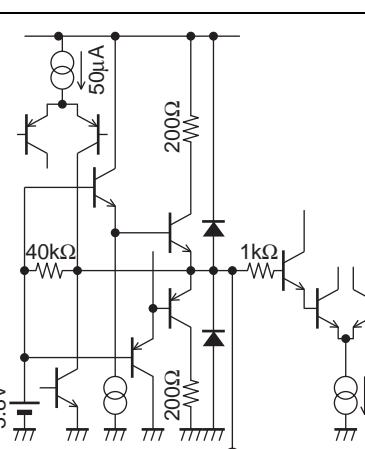
Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
39	AF SW pulse input terminal	50Hz/60Hz 5V 0V	Input terminal of AF SW pulse.  Hi ; 3.5V to 5V Low ; 0V to 1.5V	
40	MTS MODE OUT	DC;	Detection result output for M.T.S. signal.  BILINGAL : 3.0V STEREO : 2.0V MONO : 1.0V	
49	MUTE control terminal	DC;	Mute control terminal.	
51	FSC IN		Input terminal for FSC (3.58MHz).	
52	PCREG76	DC; 1.2V	Band gap power supply terminal of M.T.S. block.  This power supply does not operate in PB mode.	
53 62 63 68 76	NC pin			

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
55	PHASE COMPARATOR(BIL.)		This detection pin becomes High(4.0V or more) because of detecting BIL, when BIL signal is input.	
56	PHASE COMPARATOR(ST.)		This detection pin becomes High(4.0V or more) because of detecting ST, when ST signal is input.	
57	SIF INPUT		<p>Input terminal for SIF.          The input impedance is about <math>1\text{k}\Omega</math>. Be care for about pattern layout of the input circuit, because of causing buzz-beat and buzz by leaking noise signal into the input terminal.(The noise signal depending on sound is particularly video signal and chroma signal and so on. VIF carrier becomes noise signal.)          Composite signal of MTS can be input by adding 5V to this terminal directly.(For test)</p>	
58	FM FILTER		<p>Filter terminal for making stable DC voltage of FM detection output in SIF part.          Normally, use a condenser of <math>1\mu\text{F}</math>. Increase the capacity value with concerning frequency characteristics of low level.          This terminal becomes composite signal input terminal of MTS by changing to 5V at Pin57.</p>	
59	REG FILT	DC; 4.5V	Filter terminal of reference voltage source	
60	FILTER AUTO ADJ	DC; 3.8V	Loop filter terminal for automatic adjusting.	

Continued on next page.

# LA72680M

Continued from preceding page.

Pin No.	Pin Function Name	DC voltage	Function	Equivalent circuit
		AC level		
61	AM DETECTOR		Reference terminal of AM detection.	
64 65 75	DC FILTER	DC ; 3.8V	Absorbing the DC offset of signal line by external capacity.	
66	JUST CLOCK OUT		Rectangle wave output for JUST CLOCK.	
67	JUST CLOCK AMP OUT	DC ; 3.8V	20dB amplifire output for JUST CLOCK.	
72	COMPARATOR Input Terminal	DC ; 3.8V	Comparator input for JUST CLOCK.	
78 80	Line Out(R) terminal Line Out(L) terminal	DC; 4.15V		

## Through Monitor Signal Path Description

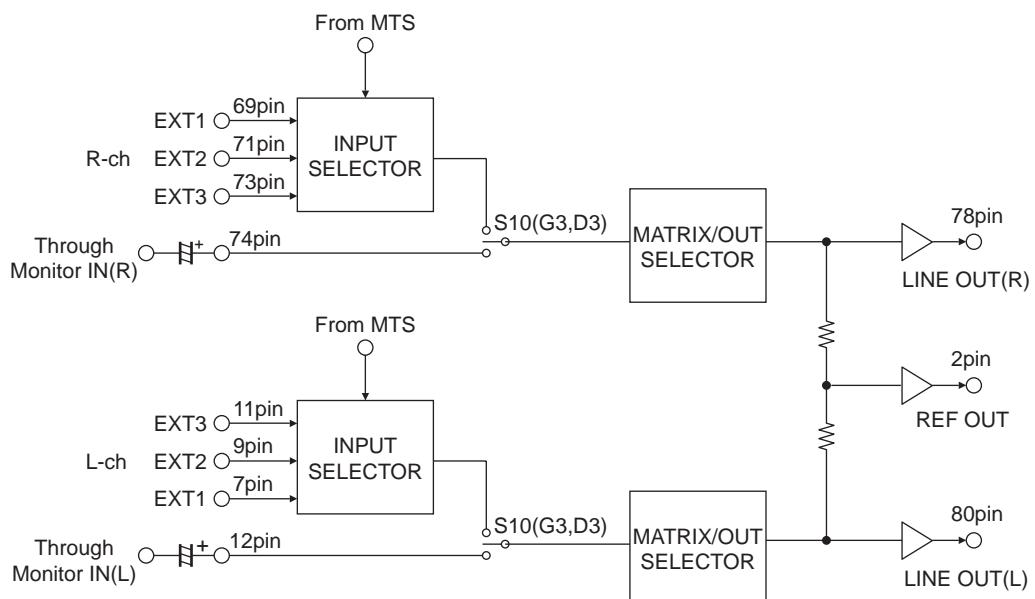
1. The Through Monitor signal path is as follows.

When Serial Data G3D3 is set to "1", signal is output to LINE OUT and REC OUT.

2. reference input signal level.

EXT1,2,3 pin : -28.2dBV

Through Monitor pin : -21.2dBV



## Through Monitor Switch Mode Table

	Through Monitor G3D3	Auto HiFi Det G2D6	HiFi/Mix/Nor G2D4D3	Line Out Lch	Line Out Rch	RFC Out
EE	0	-	0 0	Insel L	Insel R	Insel Mix
	1	-	0 0	Monitor L	Monitor R	Monitor Mix
PB (HiFi Tape)	0	0	0 0	PB L	PB R	PB Mix
	0	1	0 0	PB L	PB R	PB Mix
	1	0	0 0	Monitor L	Monitor R	Monitor Mix
	1	1	0 0	Monitor L	Monitor R	Monitor Mix
PB (Nor. Tape)	0	0	0 0	Normal	Normal	Normal
	0	1	0 0	Noise	Noise	Noise
	1	0	0 0	Normal	Normal	Normal
	1	1	0 0	Monitor L	Monitor R	Monitor Mix

\* When output Monitor signal to RFC OUT at Normal Tape replayed (G3D3:1), set G2D6 (HiFi auto Distinction) to 1 and select G2D4D3:0 (HiFi).

## Through Monitor Signal Path Supplementary Explanation

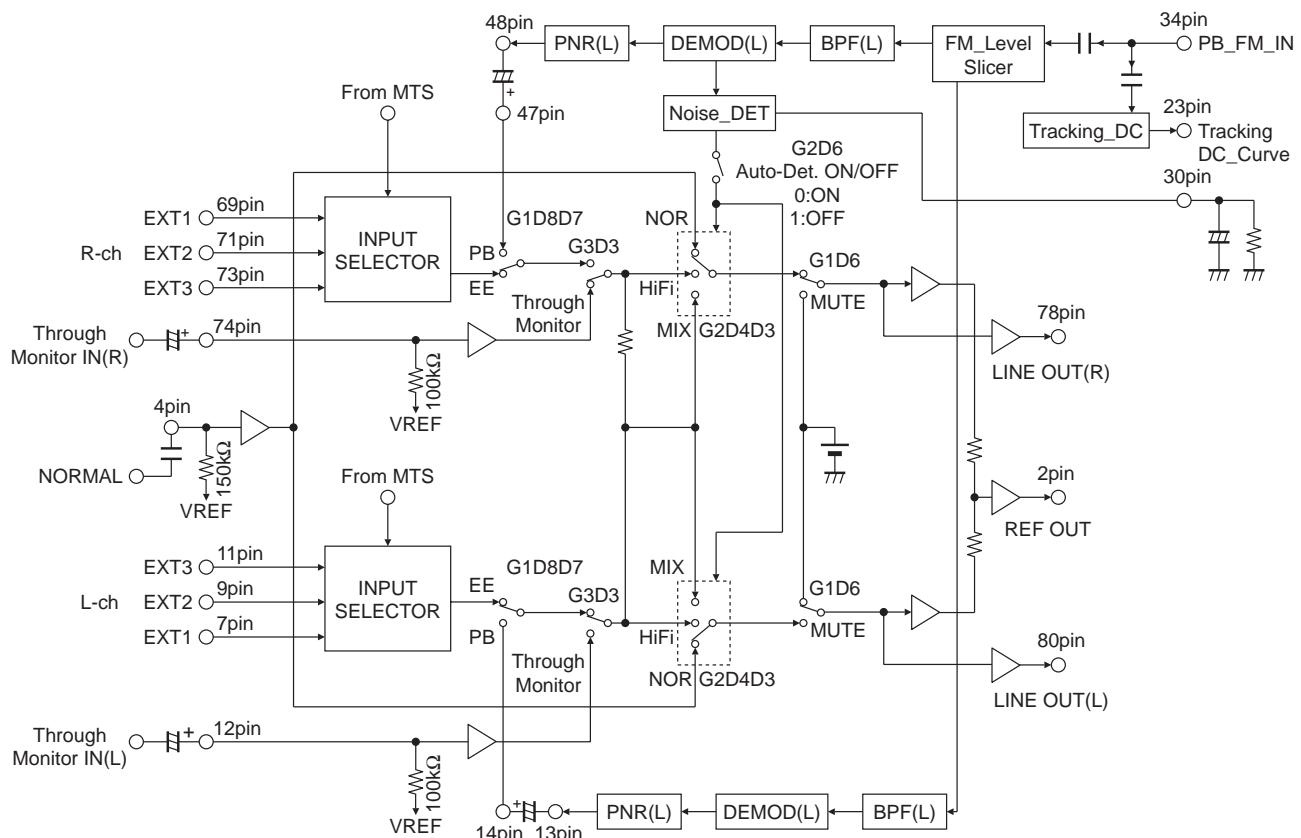
When output Monitor signal to RFC OUT at the time of replay (especially Normal Tape), care must be taken as described below.

This IC has a function to auto distinguish HiFi and Normal by the presence or absence of Rch envelope, which can be turned ON/OFF by using G2D6.

When output Monitor signal to REF OUT at the time of replay, turn off this function and make the following settings.

- 1) G2D6:1 (Auto detection OFF)
- 2) G3D3:1 (Select Through Monitor)

3) G2D4D3:00 (Select HiFi) Refer to the Through Monitor Switch Table above for each switch mode.



# LA72680M

**Input Selecting Switch Mode Table** (Switch output signal)

Sub address	0_1				0_2		HiFi Lch Input	HiFi Rch Output	NORMAL OUT	Reference
	D8	D7	D3	D2	D1	D8	D7			
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	TU L	TU R	TU L+TU R
2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	EXT1 L	EXT1 R	EXT1 L+EXT1 R
3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	EXT2 L	EXT2 R	EXT2 L+EXT2 R
4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	EXT3 L	EXT3 R	EXT3 L+EXT3 R
5	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	TU L	TU R	TU L
6	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	EXT1 L	EXT1 R	EXT1 L
7	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	EXT2 L	EXT2 R	EXT2 L
8	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	EXT3 L	EXT3 R	EXT3 L
9	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	TU L	TU R	TUR
10	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	EXT1 L	EXT1 R	
11	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	EXT2 L	EXT2 R	
12	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	EXT3 L	EXT3 R	
13	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	PB L	PB R	
14	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	PB L	PB R	EXT1 L+EXT1 R
15	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	PB L	PB R	EXT2 L+EXT2 R
16	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	PB L	PB R	EXT3 L+EXT3 R
17	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	PB L	PB R	
18	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT1 L
19	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT2 L
20	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT3 L
21	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	PB L	PB R	
22	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	PB L	PB R	
23	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	PB L	PB R	
24	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	PB L	PB R	
25	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	PB L	PB R	
26	1	1	*	*	*	*	*	PB L	PB R	PB L+PB R
										Audio-dubbing correspond

NOTE : \* is option.(1 or 0)

# LA72680M

**Input selecting switch mode table ( Switch output signal )**

Sub address	0 1			0 2		HiFi(80Pin Lch Output	HiFi(78Pin) Rch Output	NORMAL OUT (6Pin)	Reference
	D8	D7	D3	D2	D8	D7			
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	TU L	TU R	TU L+TU R
2	0	0	0	1	0	0	EXT1 L	EXT1 R	EXT1 L+EXT1 R
3	0	0	1	0	0	0	EXT2 L	EXT2 R	EXT2 L+EXT2 R
4	0	0	1	1	0	0	EXT3 L	EXT3 R	EXT3 L+EXT3 R
5	0	0	0	0	0	1	TU L	TU R	TU L
6	0	0	0	1	0	1	EXT1 L	EXT1 R	EXT1 L
7	0	0	1	0	0	1	EXT2 L	EXT2 R	EXT2 L
8	0	0	1	1	0	1	EXT3 L	EXT3 R	EXT3 L
9	0	0	0	0	1	0	TU L	TU R	TU R
10	0	0	0	1	1	0	EXT1 L	EXT1 R	TU R
11	0	0	1	0	1	0	EXT2 L	EXT2 R	TU R
12	0	0	1	1	1	0	EXT3 L	EXT3 R	TU R
13	0	1	0	0	0	0	PB L	PB R	TU L+TU R
14	0	1	0	1	0	0	PB L	PB R	EXT1 L+EXT1 R
15	0	1	1	0	0	0	PB L	PB R	EXT2 L+EXT2 R
16	0	1	1	1	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT3 L
17	0	1	0	0	0	1	PB L	PB R	TU L
18	0	1	0	1	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT1 L
19	0	1	1	0	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT2 L
20	0	1	1	1	0	1	PB L	PB R	EXT3 L
21	0	1	0	0	1	0	PB L	PB R	TU R
22	0	1	0	1	1	0	PB L	PB R	-
23	0	1	1	0	1	0	PB L	PB R	-
24	0	1	1	1	1	0	PB L	PB R	-
25	1	0	*	*	*	*	PB L	PB R	PB L+PB R Audio-dubbing correspond

NOTE : \* is option.(1 or 0)

# LA72680M

## Serial data specification ( I<sup>2</sup>C BUS communication )

Address	Data Byte (An underline is the first condition.)							
	MSB D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	LSB D1
( 01 ) 00000001	EE/PB/Audio-dubbing <u>00:EE</u> 01:PB 10:Audio-dubbing	LINE OUT MUTE  0:OFF 1:ON	Power Save  0:ON 1:OFF	EE/REC  0:EE 1:REC	Input Source Select <u>001:TUNER</u> 010:EXT1 100:EXT2 110:EXT3			
( 02 ) 00000010	Normal Input Source Select <u>00:L/R MIX</u> 01:Lch 10:TU(R)	Auto_HiFi Det  <u>0:ON</u> 1:OFF	Just In Clock  <u>0:OFF</u> 1:ON	OUTPUT MODE SELECT  <u>00:HiFi</u> 01:MIX (HiFi+NOR) 10:NORMAL	OUTPUT SOURCE SELECT <u>00:STEREO</u> 01:L-ch 10:R-ch			
( 03 ) 00000011	VCO carrier (MHz) <u>0:1.3/1.7</u> 1:1.4/1.8	REC FM MIX  <u>00:9dB</u> <u>01:8dB</u> 10:10dB 11:11dB	DO ON/OFF  <u>0:ON</u> 1:OFF	LINE OUT signal level  <u>0:-9dBV</u> 1:-8dBV	THROUGH MONITOR  <u>0:OFF</u> 1:ON	HiFi DET LEVEL SELECT  <u>0:TYP</u> 1:+10%	HiFi DET LEVEL SELECT  <u>0:TYP</u> 1:-10%	
( 04 ) 00000100	Fixed 0	Normal Input gain  <u>0:0dB</u> 1:3dB	REC current level select  <u>00:CENTER</u> 01:-1.5dB 10:-5.5dB	NORMAL OUT MUTE  <u>0:OFF</u> 1:ON	Fixed 0	RF MOD ALC level  <u>0:-5dBV</u> 1:-1dBV	INPUT ALC  <u>0:ON</u> 1:OFF	
( 05 ) 00000101	MULTIPLEX mode select  <u>00:BILINGUAL</u> 01:MAIN 10:SUB	Forced MONO  <u>0:OFF</u> 1:ON	Fixed 0	EP/SP  <u>0:SP</u> 1:EP	Fixed 0	Fixed 0	Fixed 0	
( 06 ) 00000110	Fixed 0 / Use in investigating the shipment.							
( 07 ) 00000111	Fixed 0 / Use in investigating the shipment.							

Note: Address 00000110 and 00000111 are used in investigating the shipment, please send "0" data to all bits at refreshing the data.

## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS serial interface specification

### (1) DATA TRANSFER MANUAL

This IC adopts control method(I<sup>2</sup>C-BUS) with serial data, and controlled by two terminals which called SCL(serial clock) and SDA (serial data).At first, set up the condition of starting data transfer<sup>\*1</sup>, and after that, input 8 bit data to SDA terminal with synchronized SCL terminal clock. The order of transferring is first, MSB (the Most Scale of Bit),and save the order. The 9th bit takes ACK (ACKnowledge) period, during SCL terminal takes "H", this IC pull down the SDA terminal. After transferred the necessary data, two terminals lead to set up and of data transfer stop condition<sup>\*2</sup>, thus the transfer comes to close.

As a part of transfer data write down to internal memory (V latch system), internal control doesn't change just after the transfer.

\*1 Defined by SCL rise down SDA during 'H' period.

\*2 Defined by SCL rise up SDA during 'H' period.

### (2) TRANSFER DATA FORMAT

After transfer start condition, transfers slave address(1110100\*) to SDA terminal, next, sub address(0000\*\*\*\*), control data<sup>\*3</sup>, then, stop condition(See figure 1). And this LSI have a auto address increment function, then, next of slave address transfer, transfer sub address(n)<sup>\*4</sup>, group (n ) data, after that, group (n+1) and so on.

Data works with all of the bit, transfer the stop condition before stop 8bit transfer, and to stop transfer, it will be canceled only the data of group.

\*3 There are 1 to 5 groups.

\*4 Pointed date by sub address becomes group No. of next control data.

Fig.1 DATA STRUCTURE "WRITE" mode

START Condition	Slave Address	R/W <sup>*5</sup>	ACK	Sub Address(n)	ACK	Control data(n)	ACK	control data(n+1)	ACK	.....	STOP condition
-----------------	---------------	-------------------	-----	----------------	-----	-----------------	-----	-------------------	-----	-------	----------------

\*5 It is called R/W bit.

data-1 means data for group-1, data-2 means data for group-2.

### (3) INITIALIZE

This IC is initialized for circuit protection.

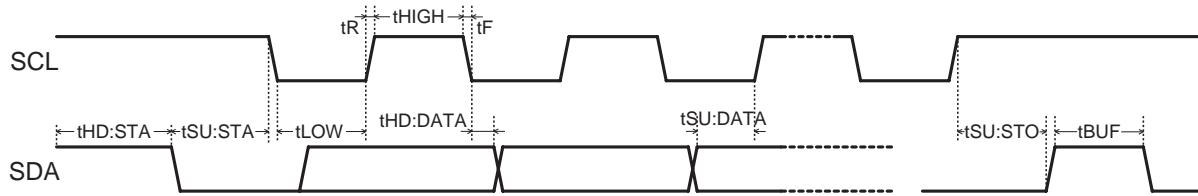
The initialization period is decided Pin 16 capacity value by internal impedance 15kΩ, and shown with  $t = -CR \times \ln(0.2)$ . Data cannot be accepted for this period.

$t = 530\text{ms}$  at  $C = 22\mu\text{F}$ , In this case, Please transmit data in consideration of the uneven after about 700ms.

## (4) SERIAL INPUT SIGNAL FORMAT

Parameter	Symbol	min	max	unit
LOW level input voltage	VIL	-0.5	1.5	V
HIGH level input voltage	VIH	3.0	5.5	V
LOW level output current	IOL	-	3.0	mA
SCL clock frequency	fSCL	0	100	kHz
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	tSU:STA	4.7		μs
Hold time START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated	tHD:STA	4.0		μs
LOW period of the SCL clock	tLOW	4.7		μs
Rise time of both SDA and SDL signals	tR	0	1.0	μs
HIGH period of the SCL clock	tHIGH	4.0	-	μs
Fall time of both SDA and SDL signals	tF	0	1.0	μs
Data hold time:	tHD:DAT	0	-	μs
Data set-up time	tSU:DAT	250	-	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	tSU:STO	4.0	-	μs
BUS free time between a STOP and START condition	tBUF	4.7	-	μs

## (5) Definition of timing



- SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges, or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. products described or contained herein.
- SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. strives to supply high-quality high-reliability products, however, any and all semiconductor products fail or malfunction with some probability. It is possible that these probabilistic failures or malfunction could give rise to accidents or events that could endanger human lives, trouble that could give rise to smoke or fire, or accidents that could cause damage to other property. When designing equipment, adopt safety measures so that these kinds of accidents or events cannot occur. Such measures include but are not limited to protective circuits and error prevention circuits for safe design, redundant design, and structural design.
- In the event that any or all SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. products described or contained herein are controlled under any of applicable local export control laws and regulations, such products may require the export license from the authorities concerned in accordance with the above law.
- No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or any information storage or retrieval system, or otherwise, without the prior written consent of SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd.
- Any and all information described or contained herein are subject to change without notice due to product/technology improvement, etc. When designing equipment, refer to the "Delivery Specification" for the SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. product that you intend to use.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production.
- Upon using the technical information or products described herein, neither warranty nor license shall be granted with regard to intellectual property rights or any other rights of SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. or any third party. SANYO Semiconductor Co.,Ltd. shall not be liable for any claim or suits with regard to a third party's intellectual property rights which has resulted from the use of the technical information and products mentioned above.

This catalog provides information as of April, 2007. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

#### Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помошь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помошь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.