

2 MHz, 150 μ A Op Amps

Features

- Gain Bandwidth Product: 2 MHz (typical)
- Supply Current: $I_Q = 150 \mu\text{A}$ (typical)
- Supply Voltage: 2.0V to 6.0V
- Rail-to-Rail Input/Output
- Extended Temperature Range: -40°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$
- Available in Single, Dual and Quad Packages

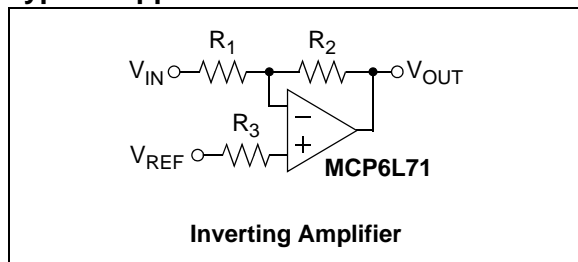
Typical Applications

- Portable Equipment
- Photodiode Amplifier
- Analog Filters
- Notebooks and PDAs
- Battery Powered Systems

Design Aids

- FilterLab[®] Software
- MAPS (Microchip Advanced Part Selector)
- Analog Demonstration and Evaluation Boards
- Application Notes

Typical Application

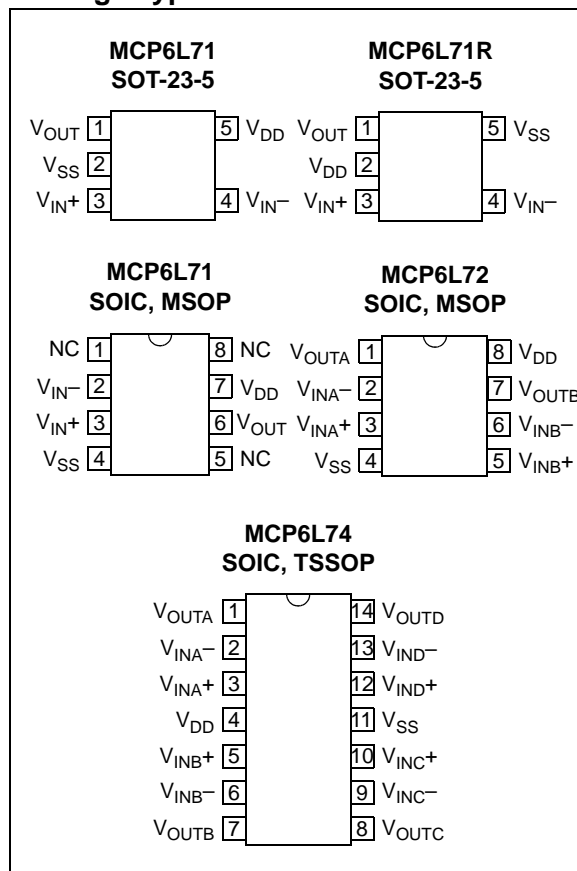


Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. MCP6L71/1R/2/4 family of operational amplifiers (op amps) supports general purpose applications. The combination of rail-to-rail input and output, low quiescent current and bandwidth fit into many applicaitons.

This family has a 2 MHz Gain Bandwidth Product (GBWP) and a low 150 μA per amplifier quiescent current. These op amps operate on supply voltages between 2.0V and 6.0V, with rail-to-rail input and output swing. They are available in the extended temperature range.

Package Types



MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings †

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| $V_{DD} - V_{SS}$ | 7.0V |
| Current at Input Pins | ± 2 mA |
| Analog Inputs (V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}) †† .. | $V_{SS} - 1.0V$ to $V_{DD} + 1.0V$ |
| All other Inputs and Outputs | $V_{SS} - 0.3V$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3V$ |
| Difference Input Voltage | $ V_{DD} - V_{SS} $ |
| Output Short Circuit Current | Continuous |
| Current at Output and Supply Pins | ± 30 mA |
| Storage Temperature | $-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$ |
| Junction Temperature (T_J) | $+150^{\circ}C$ |
| ESD Protection On All Pins (HBM/MM) | ≥ 4 kV/400V |

† **Notice:** Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

†† See **Section 4.1.2 “Input Voltage and Current Limits”**.

1.2 Specifications

TABLE 1-1: DC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 5.0V$, $V_{SS} = GND$, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$ and $R_L = 10$ k Ω to V_L . (Refer to Figure 1-1). | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|---|
| Parameters | Sym | Min (Note 1) | Typ | Max (Note 1) | Units | Conditions |
| Input Offset | | | | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage | V_{OS} | -4 | ± 1 | +4 | mV | |
| Input Offset Temperature Drift | $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T_A$ | — | ± 1.3 | — | $\mu V/^{\circ}C$ | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | — | 89 | — | dB | |
| Input Bias Current and Impedance | | | | | | |
| Input Bias Current | I_B | — | 1 | — | pA | |
| | I_B | — | 50 | — | pA | $T_A = +85^{\circ}C$ |
| | I_B | — | 2000 | — | pA | $T_A = +125^{\circ}C$ |
| Input Offset Current | I_{OS} | — | ± 1 | — | pA | |
| Common Mode Input Impedance | Z_{CM} | — | $10^{13} 6$ | — | ΩpF | |
| Differential Input Impedance | Z_{DIFF} | — | $10^{13} 3$ | — | ΩpF | |
| Common Mode | | | | | | |
| Common Mode Input Voltage Range | V_{CMR} | -0.3 | — | +5.3 | V | |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | — | 91 | — | dB | $V_{CM} = -0.3V$ to $5.3V$ |
| Open-Loop Gain | | | | | | |
| DC Open-Loop Gain (Large Signal) | A_{OL} | — | 105 | — | dB | $V_{OUT} = 0.2V$ to $4.8V$, $V_{CM} = V_{SS}$ |
| Output | | | | | | |
| Maximum Output Voltage Swing | V_{OL} | — | — | 0.020 | V | $G = +2$ V/V, 0.5V input overdrive |
| | V_{OH} | 4.980 | — | — | V | $G = +2$ V/V, 0.5V input overdrive |
| Output Short Circuit Current | I_{SC} | — | ± 25 | — | mA | |

Note 1: For design guidance only; not tested.

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

TABLE 1-1: DC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$ and $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to V_L . (Refer to [Figure 1-1](#)).

| Parameters | Sym | Min (Note 1) | Typ | Max (Note 1) | Units | Conditions |
|---------------------------------|----------|--------------|-----|--------------|---------------|------------|
| Power Supply | | | | | | |
| Supply Voltage | V_{DD} | 2.0 | — | 6.0 | V | |
| Quiescent Current per Amplifier | I_Q | 50 | 150 | 240 | μA | $I_O = 0$ |

Note 1: For design guidance only; not tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = +2.0\text{V}$ to $+5.5\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{ pF}$. (Refer to [Figure 1-1](#)).

| Parameters | Sym | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| AC Response | | | | | | |
| Gain Bandwidth Product | GBWP | — | 2.0 | — | MHz | |
| Phase Margin | PM | — | 65 | — | $^\circ$ | $G = +1\text{ V/V}$ |
| Slew Rate | SR | — | 0.9 | — | $\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ | |
| Noise | | | | | | |
| Input Noise Voltage | E_{ni} | — | 4.6 | — | μV_{P-P} | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz}$ to 10 Hz |
| Input Noise Voltage Density | e_{ni} | — | 19 | — | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ |
| Input Noise Current Density | i_{ni} | — | 3 | — | $\text{fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ |

TABLE 1-3: TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{DD} = +2.0\text{V}$ to $+5.5\text{V}$ and $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$.

| Parameters | Sym | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Conditions |
|------------------------------------|---------------|-----|-----|------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Temperature Ranges | | | | | | |
| Specified Temperature Range | T_A | -40 | — | +125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| Operating Temperature Range | T_A | -40 | — | +125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | Note 1 |
| Storage Temperature Range | T_A | -65 | — | +150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | |
| Thermal Package Resistances | | | | | | |
| Thermal Resistance, 5L-SOT-23 | θ_{JA} | — | 256 | — | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |
| Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC | θ_{JA} | — | 163 | — | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |
| Thermal Resistance, 8L-MSOP | θ_{JA} | — | 206 | — | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |
| Thermal Resistance, 14L-SOIC | θ_{JA} | — | 120 | — | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |
| Thermal Resistance, 14L-TSSOP | θ_{JA} | — | 100 | — | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |

Note 1: The Junction Temperature (T_J) must not exceed the Absolute Maximum specification of $+150^\circ\text{C}$.

1.3 Test Circuits

The circuit used for most DC and AC tests is shown in [Figure 1-1](#). This circuit can independently set V_{CM} and V_{OUT} ; see [Equation 1-1](#). Note that V_{CM} is not the circuit's common mode voltage ($(V_P + V_M)/2$), and that V_{OST} includes V_{OS} plus the effects (on the input offset error, V_{OST}) of temperature, CMRR, PSRR and A_{OL} .

EQUATION 1-1:

$$G_{DM} = R_F/R_G$$

$$V_{CM} = (V_P + V_{DD}/2)/2$$

$$V_{OST} = V_{IN-} - V_{IN+}$$

$$V_{OUT} = (V_{DD}/2) + (V_P - V_M) + V_{OST}(1 + G_{DM})$$

Where:

| | | | |
|-----------|---|-------------------------------------|-------|
| G_{DM} | = | Differential Mode Gain | (V/V) |
| V_{CM} | = | Op Amp's Common Mode Input Voltage | (V) |
| V_{OST} | = | Op Amp's Total Input Offset Voltage | (mV) |

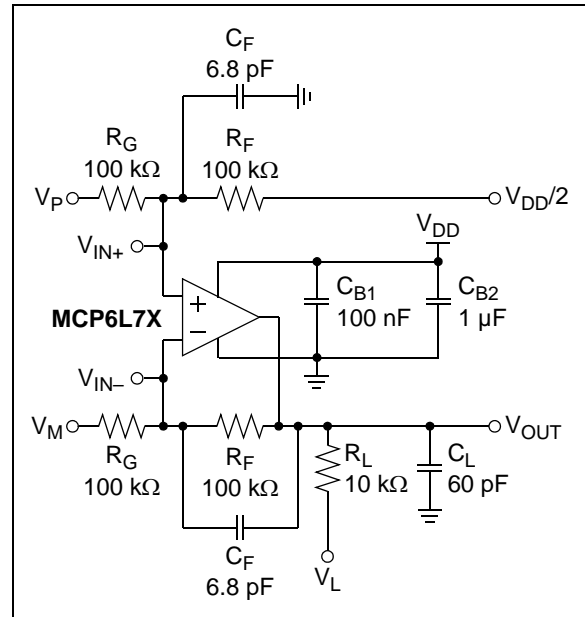


FIGURE 1-1: AC and DC Test Circuit for Most Specifications.

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{ pF}$.

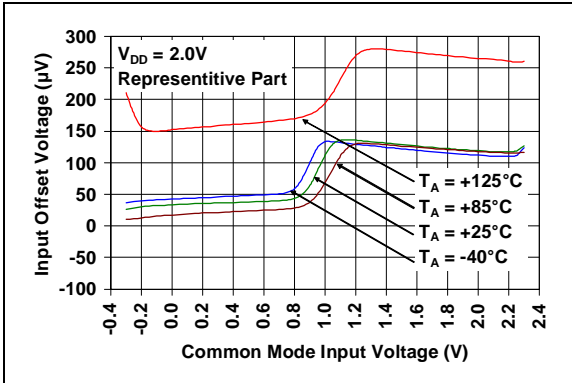


FIGURE 2-1: Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage at $V_{DD} = 2.0\text{V}$.

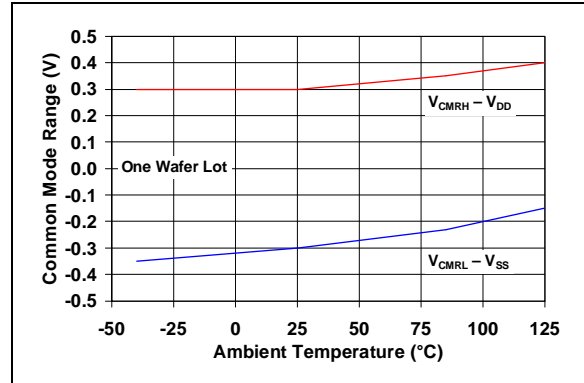


FIGURE 2-4: Input Common Mode Range Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature.

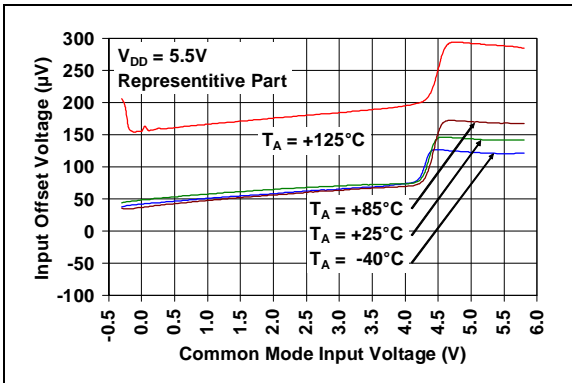


FIGURE 2-2: Input Offset Voltage vs. Common Mode Input Voltage at $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$.

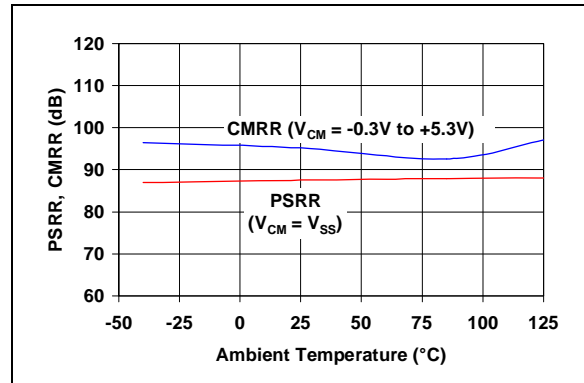


FIGURE 2-5: CMRR, PSRR vs. Temperature.

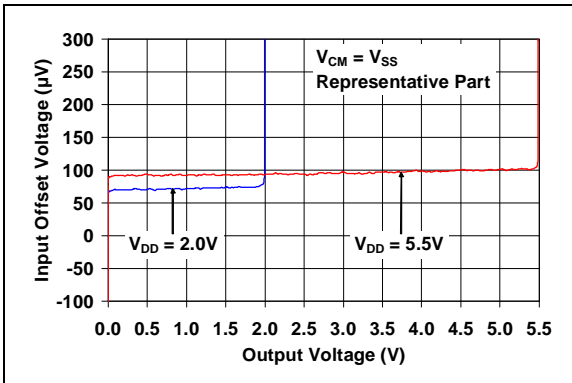


FIGURE 2-3: Input Offset Voltage vs. Output Voltage.

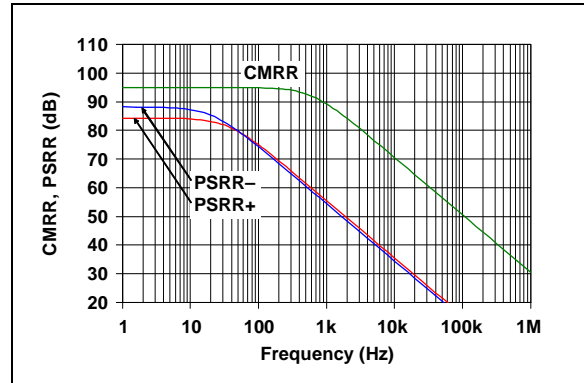


FIGURE 2-6: CMRR, PSRR vs. Frequency.

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{ pF}$.

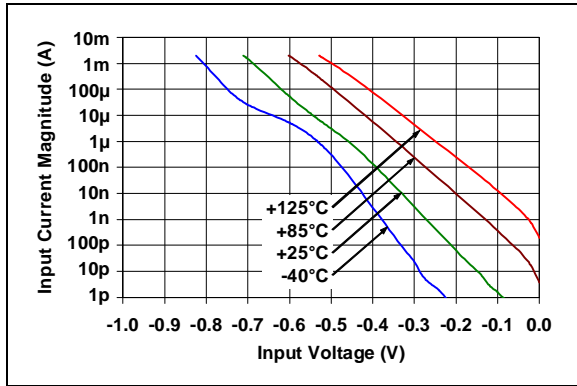


FIGURE 2-7: Input Current vs. Input Voltage.

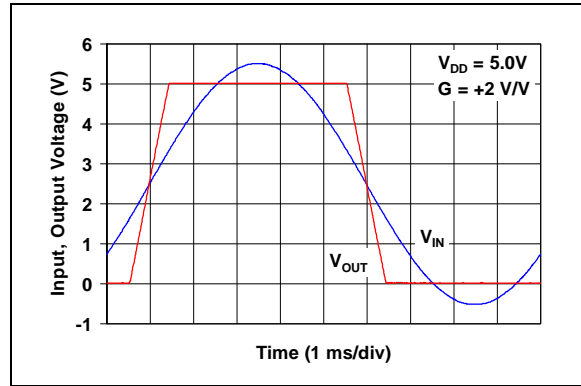


FIGURE 2-10: The MCP6L71/1R/2/4 Show No Phase Reversal.

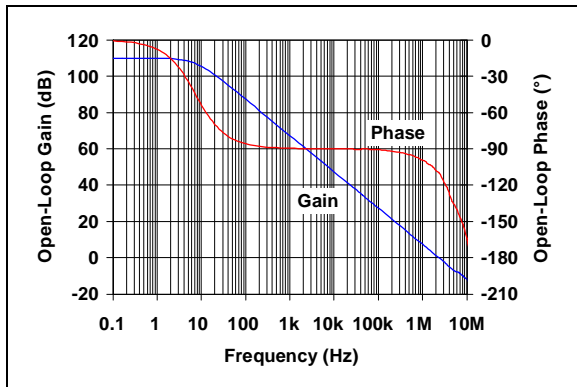


FIGURE 2-8: Open-Loop Gain, Phase vs. Frequency.

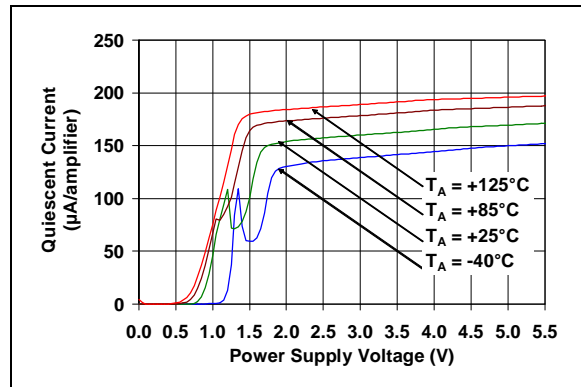


FIGURE 2-11: Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage.

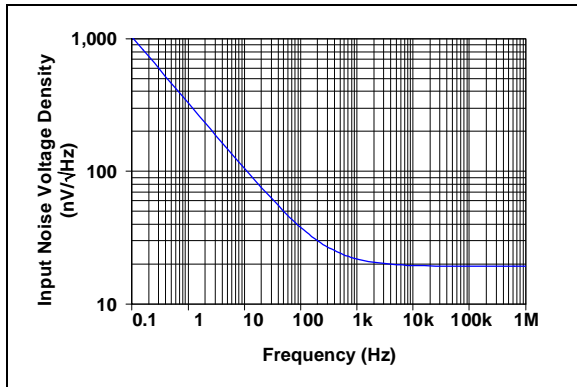


FIGURE 2-9: Input Noise Voltage Density vs. Frequency.

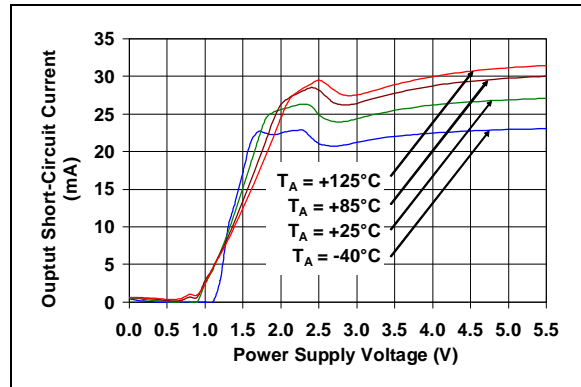


FIGURE 2-12: Output Short Circuit Current vs. Supply Voltage.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{V}$, $V_{SS} = \text{GND}$, $V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{OUT} \approx V_{DD}/2$, $V_L = V_{DD}/2$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to V_L and $C_L = 60\text{ pF}$.

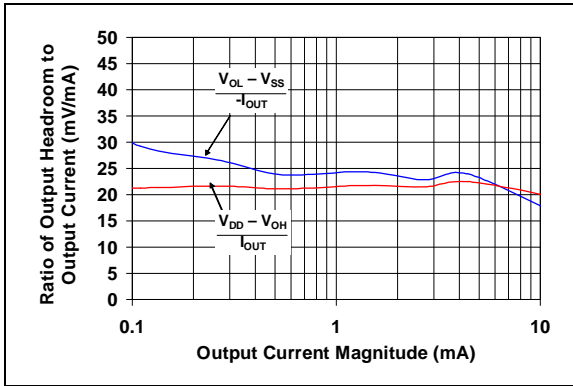


FIGURE 2-13: Ratio of Output Voltage Headroom vs. Output Current Magnitude.

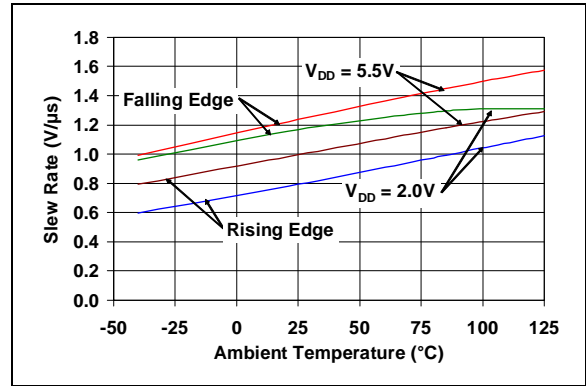


FIGURE 2-16: Slew Rate vs. Ambient Temperature.

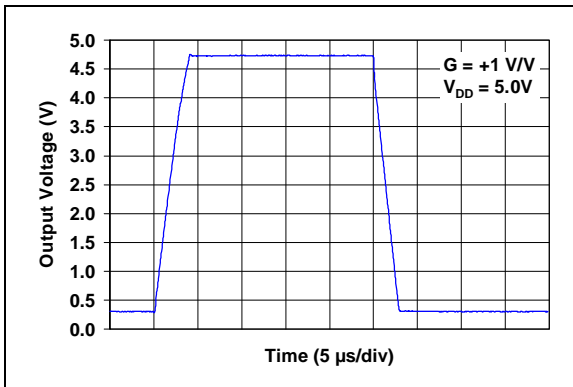


FIGURE 2-14: Large Signal Non-inverting Pulse Response.

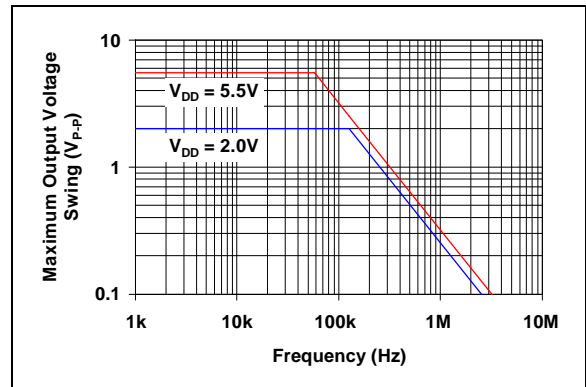


FIGURE 2-17: Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency.

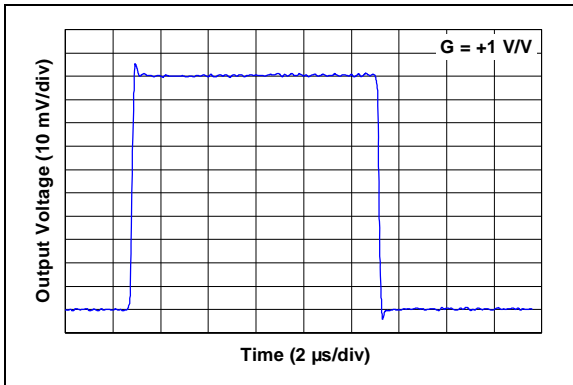


FIGURE 2-15: Small Signal Non-inverting Pulse Response.

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Descriptions of the pins are listed in [Table 3-1](#) (single op amps) and [Table 3-2](#) (dual and quad op amps).

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE FOR SINGLE OP AMPS

| MCP6L71 | | MCP6L71R | Symbol | Description |
|------------|----------|----------|-----------|------------------------|
| MSOP, SOIC | SOT-23-5 | SOT-23-5 | | |
| 2 | 4 | 4 | V_{IN-} | Inverting Input |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | V_{IN+} | Non-inverting Input |
| 4 | 2 | 5 | V_{SS} | Negative Power Supply |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | V_{OUT} | Analog Output |
| 7 | 5 | 2 | V_{DD} | Positive Power Supply |
| 1,5,8 | — | — | NC | No Internal Connection |

TABLE 3-2: PIN FUNCTION TABLE FOR DUAL AND QUAD OP AMPS

| MCP6L72 | MCP6L74 | Symbol | Description |
|------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| MSOP, SOIC | SOIC, TSSOP | | |
| 1 | 1 | V_{OUTA} | Analog Output (op amp A) |
| 2 | 2 | V_{INA-} | Inverting Input (op amp A) |
| 3 | 3 | V_{INA+} | Non-inverting Input (op amp A) |
| 8 | 4 | V_{DD} | Positive Power Supply |
| 5 | 5 | V_{INB+} | Non-inverting Input (op amp B) |
| 6 | 6 | V_{INB-} | Inverting Input (op amp B) |
| 7 | 7 | V_{OUTB} | Analog Output (op amp B) |
| — | 8 | V_{OUTC} | Analog Output (op amp C) |
| — | 9 | V_{INC-} | Inverting Input (op amp C) |
| — | 10 | V_{INC+} | Non-inverting Input (op amp C) |
| 4 | 11 | V_{SS} | Negative Power Supply |
| — | 12 | V_{IND+} | Non-inverting Input (op amp D) |
| — | 13 | V_{IND-} | Inverting Input (op amp D) |
| — | 14 | V_{OUTD} | Analog Output (op amp D) |

3.1 Analog Outputs

The output pins are low impedance voltage sources.

3.2 Analog Inputs

The non-inverting and inverting inputs are high impedance CMOS inputs with low bias currents.

3.3 Power Supply Pins

The positive power supply (V_{DD}) is 2.0V to 6.0V higher than the negative power supply (V_{SS}). For normal operation, the other pins are at voltages between V_{SS} and V_{DD} .

Typically, these parts are used in a single (positive) supply configuration. In this case, V_{SS} is connected to ground and V_{DD} is connected to the supply. V_{DD} will need bypass capacitors.

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

4.0 APPLICATION INFORMATION

The MCP6L71/1R/2/4 family of op amps is manufactured using Microchip's state of the art CMOS process, specifically designed for low cost, low power and general purpose applications. The low supply voltage, low quiescent current and wide bandwidth make the MCP6L71/1R/2/4 ideal for battery powered applications.

4.1 Rail-to-Rail Inputs

4.1.1 PHASE REVERSAL

The MCP6L71/1R/2/4 op amps are designed to prevent phase inversion when the input pins exceed the supply voltages. Figure 2-10 shows an input voltage exceeding both supplies without any phase reversal.

4.1.2 INPUT VOLTAGE AND CURRENT LIMITS

In order to prevent damage and/or improper operation of these amplifiers, the circuit they are in must limit the currents (and voltages) at the input pins (see Section 1.1 "Absolute Maximum Ratings †"). Figure 4-1 shows the recommended approach to protecting these inputs. The internal ESD diodes prevent the input pins (V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}) from going too far below ground, and the resistors R_1 and R_2 limit the possible current drawn out of the input pins. Diodes D_1 and D_2 prevent the input pins (V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}) from going too far above V_{DD} , and dump any currents onto V_{DD} .

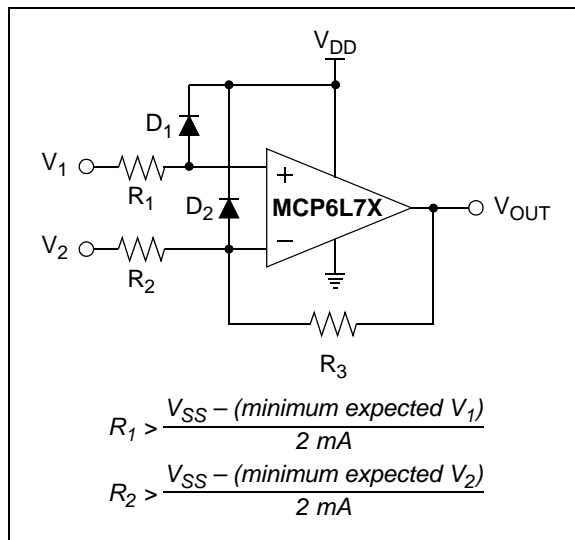


FIGURE 4-1: Protecting the Analog Inputs.

A significant amount of current can flow out of the inputs (through the ESD diodes) when the common mode voltage (V_{CM}) is below ground (V_{SS}); see Figure 2-7. Applications that are high impedance may need to limit the usable voltage range.

4.1.3 NORMAL OPERATIONS

The input stage of the MCP6L71/1R/2/4 op amps uses two differential CMOS input stages in parallel. One operates at low common mode input voltage (V_{CM}), while the other at high V_{CM} . With this topology, and at room temperature, the device operates with V_{CM} up to 0.3V above V_{DD} and 0.3V below V_{SS} (typically at +25°C).

The transition between the two input stage occurs when $V_{CM} = V_{DD} - 1.1V$. For the best distortion and gain linearity, with non-inverting gains, avoid this region of operation.

4.2 Rail-to-Rail Output

The output voltage range of the MCP6L71/1R/2/4 op amps is $V_{DD} - 20 \text{ mV}$ (minimum) and $V_{SS} + 20 \text{ mV}$ (maximum) when $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ is connected to $V_{DD}/2$ and $V_{DD} = 5.0V$. Refer to Figure 2-13 for more information.

4.3 Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases and the closed-loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 100 pF when $G = +1$), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 4-2) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. The bandwidth will be generally lower than the bandwidth with no capacitive load.

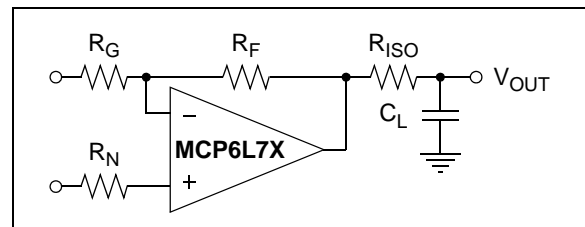


FIGURE 4-2: Output Resistor, R_{ISO} Stabilizes Large Capacitive Loads.

Bench measurements are helpful in choosing R_{ISO} . Adjust R_{ISO} so that a small signal step response (see Figure 2-15) has reasonable overshoot (e.g., 4%).

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

4.4 Supply Bypass

With this family of operational amplifiers, the power supply pin (V_{DD} for single supply) should have a local bypass capacitor (i.e., 0.01 μF to 0.1 μF) within 2 mm for good, high frequency performance. It also needs a bulk capacitor (i.e., 1 μF or larger) within 100 mm to provide large, slow currents. This bulk capacitor can be shared with nearby analog parts.

4.5 Unused Amplifiers

An unused op amp in a quad package (MCP6L74) should be configured as shown in Figure 4-3. These circuits prevent the output from toggling and causing crosstalk. In Circuit A, R_1 and R_2 produce a voltage within its output voltage range (V_{OH} , V_{OL}). The op amp buffers this voltage, which can be used elsewhere in the circuit. Circuit B uses the minimum number of components and operates as a comparator.

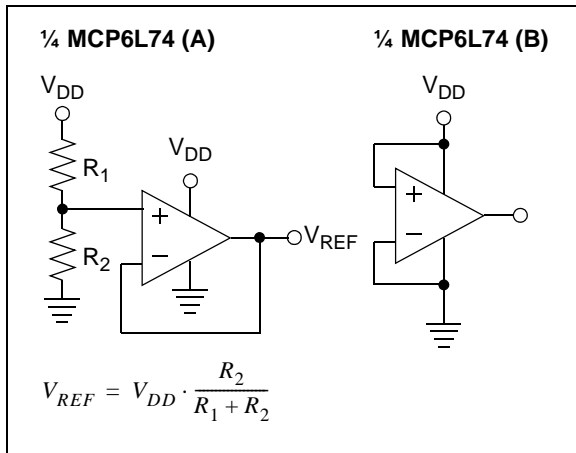


FIGURE 4-3: Unused Op Amps.

4.6 PCB Surface Leakage

In applications where low input bias current is critical, Printed Circuit Board (PCB) surface leakage effects need to be considered. Surface leakage is caused by humidity, dust or other contamination on the board. Under low humidity conditions, a typical resistance between nearby traces is $10^{12}\Omega$. A 5V difference would cause 5 pA of current to flow. This is greater than the MCP6L71/1R/2/4 family's bias current at +25°C (1 pA, typical).

The easiest way to reduce surface leakage is to use a guard ring around sensitive pins (or traces). The guard ring is biased at the same voltage as the sensitive pin. Figure 4-4 shows an example of this type of layout.

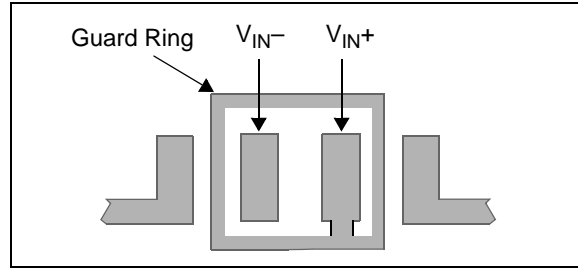


FIGURE 4-4: Example Guard Ring Layout.

1. For Inverting Gain and Transimpedance Amplifiers (convert current to voltage, such as photo detectors):
 - a) Connect the guard ring to the non-inverting input pin (V_{IN+}). This biases the guard ring to the same reference voltage as the op amp (e.g., $V_{DD}/2$ or ground).
 - b) Connect the inverting pin (V_{IN-}) to the input with a wire that does not touch the PCB surface.
2. Non-inverting Gain and Unity Gain Buffer:
 - a) Connect the guard ring to the inverting input pin (V_{IN-}). This biases the guard ring to the common mode input voltage.
 - b) Connect the non-inverting pin (V_{IN+}) to the input with a wire that does not touch the PCB surface.

4.7 Application Circuits

4.7.1 INVERTING INTEGRATOR

An inverting integrator is shown in Figure 4-5. The circuit provides an output voltage that is proportional to the negative time-integral of the input. The additional resistor R_2 limits DC gain and controls output clipping. To minimize the integrator's error for slow signals, the value of R_2 should be much larger than the value of R_1 .

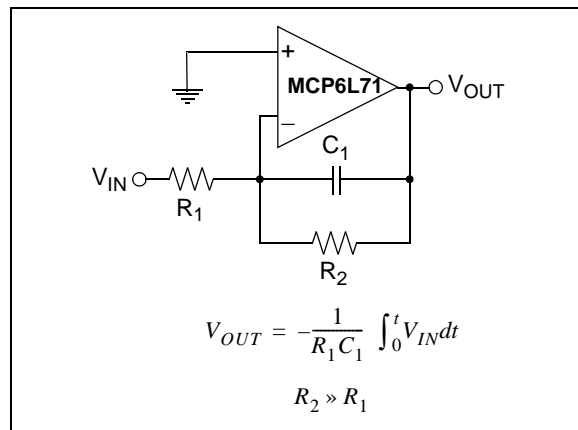


FIGURE 4-5: Inverting Integrator.

5.0 DESIGN TOOLS

Microchip provides the basic design tools needed for the MCP6L71/1R/2/4 family of op amps.

5.1 FilterLab[®] Software

Microchip's FilterLab[®] software is an innovative software tool that simplifies analog active filter (using op amps) design. Available at no cost from the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/filterlab, the FilterLab design tool provides full schematic diagrams of the filter circuit with component values. It also outputs the filter circuit in SPICE format, which can be used with the macro model to simulate actual filter performance.

5.2 MAPS (Microchip Advanced Part Selector)

MAPS is a software tool that helps efficiently identify Microchip devices that fit a particular design requirement. Available at no cost from the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/maps, the MAPS is an overall selection tool for Microchip's product portfolio that includes Analog, Memory, MCUs and DSCs. Using this tool you can define a filter to sort features for a parametric search of devices and export side-by-side technical comparison reports. Helpful links are also provided for Data sheets, Purchase, and Sampling of Microchip parts.

5.3 Analog Demonstration and Evaluation Boards

Microchip offers a broad spectrum of Analog Demonstration and Evaluation Boards that are designed to help you achieve faster time to market. For a complete listing of these boards and their corresponding user's guides and technical information, visit the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/analogtools.

Some boards that are especially useful are:

- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 1
- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 2
- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 3
- MCP6XXX Amplifier Evaluation Board 4
- Active Filter Demo Board Kit
- 5/6-Pin SOT-23 Evaluation Board, P/N VSUPEV2
- 8-Pin SOIC/MSOP/TSSOP/DIP Evaluation Board, P/N SOIC8EV
- 14-Pin SOIC/TSSOP/DIP Evaluation Board, P/N SOIC14EV

5.4 Application Notes

The following Microchip Application Notes are available on the Microchip web site at www.microchip.com/appnotes and are recommended as supplemental reference resources.

- **ADN003:** "Select the Right Operational Amplifier for your Filtering Circuits", DS21821
- **AN722:** "Operational Amplifier Topologies and DC Specifications", DS00722
- **AN723:** "Operational Amplifier AC Specifications and Applications", DS00723
- **AN884:** "Driving Capacitive Loads With Op Amps", DS00884
- **AN990:** "Analog Sensor Conditioning Circuits – An Overview", DS00990

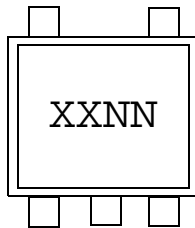
MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

6.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

6.1 Package Marking Information

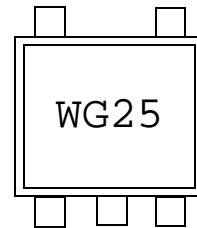
5-Lead SOT-23 (MCP6L71, MCP6L71R)



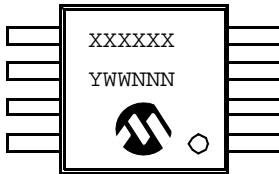
| Device | Code |
|----------|------|
| MCP6L71 | WGNN |
| MCP6L71R | WFNN |

Note: Applies to 5-Lead SOT-23

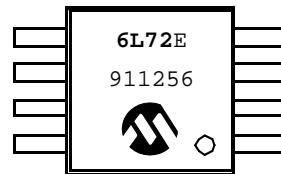
Example:



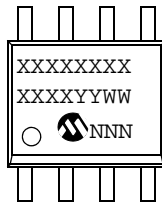
8-Lead MSOP (MCP6L71, MCP6L72)



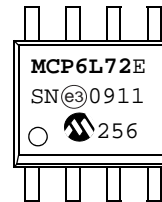
Example:



8-Lead SOIC (150 mil) (MCP6L71, MCP6L72)



Example:



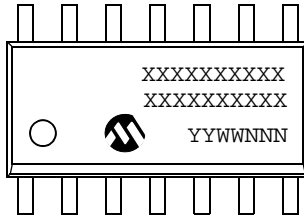
| | | |
|----------------|--------|--|
| Legend: | XX...X | Customer-specific information |
| | Y | Year code (last digit of calendar year) |
| | YY | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) |
| | WW | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') |
| | NNN | Alphanumeric traceability code |
| | (e3) | Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn) |
| | * | This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package. |

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

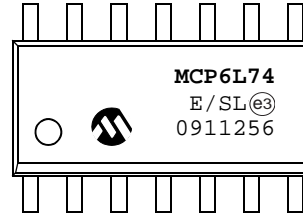
MCP6L71/1R/2/4

Package Marking Information (Continued)

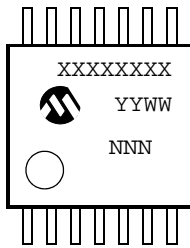
14-Lead SOIC (150 mil) (MCP6L74)



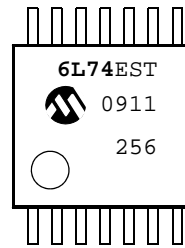
Example:



14-Lead TSSOP (MCP6L74)

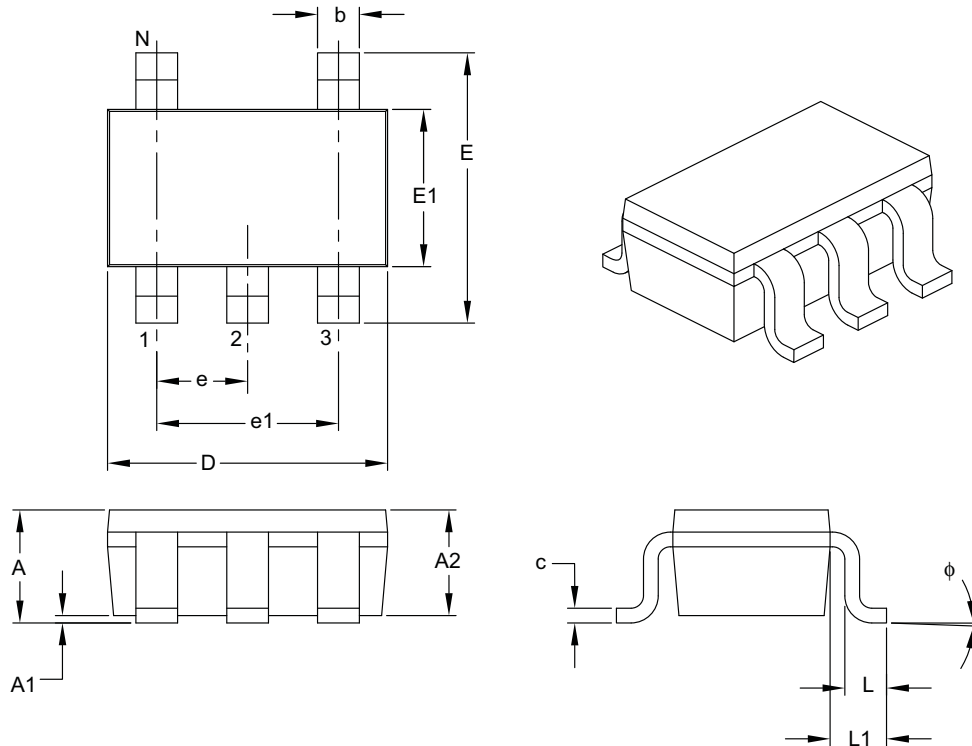


Example:



5-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-----|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 5 | | |
| Lead Pitch | e | 0.95 BSC | | |
| Outside Lead Pitch | e1 | 1.90 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | 0.90 | – | 1.45 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.89 | – | 1.30 |
| Standoff | A1 | 0.00 | – | 0.15 |
| Overall Width | E | 2.20 | – | 3.20 |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 1.30 | – | 1.80 |
| Overall Length | D | 2.70 | – | 3.10 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.10 | – | 0.60 |
| Footprint | L1 | 0.35 | – | 0.80 |
| Foot Angle | ϕ | 0° | – | 30° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.08 | – | 0.26 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.20 | – | 0.51 |

Notes:

- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.127 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

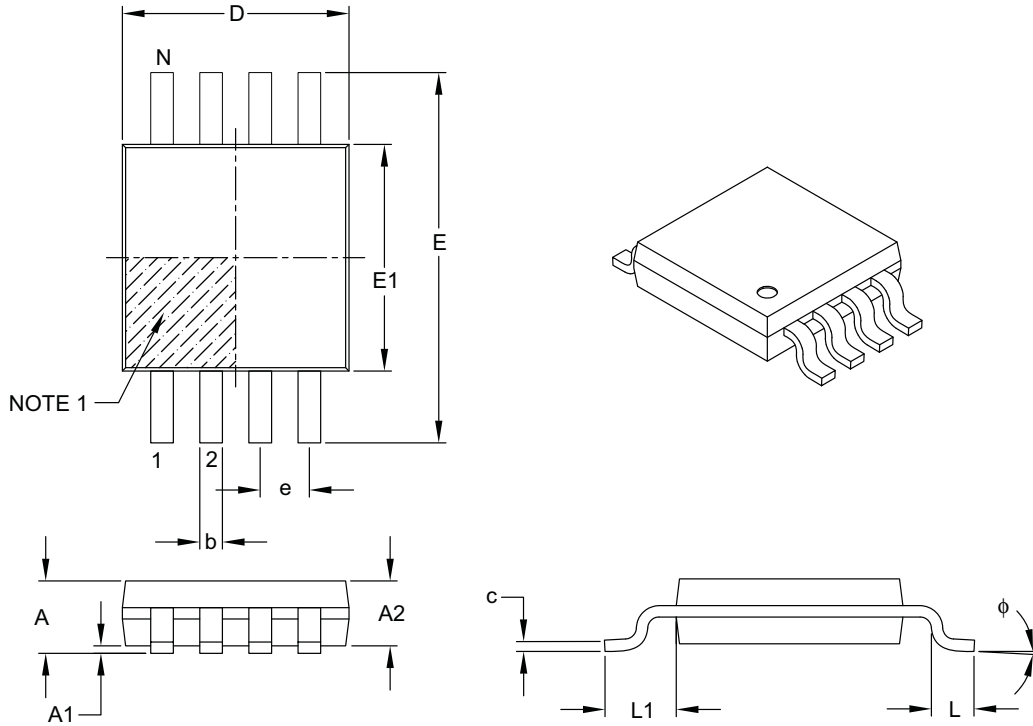
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-091B

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) [MSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 8 | | |
| Pitch | e | 0.65 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | – | – | 1.10 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.75 | 0.85 | 0.95 |
| Standoff | A1 | 0.00 | – | 0.15 |
| Overall Width | E | 4.90 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 3.00 BSC | | |
| Overall Length | D | 3.00 BSC | | |
| Foot Length | L | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.80 |
| Footprint | L1 | 0.95 REF | | |
| Foot Angle | ϕ | 0° | – | 8° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.08 | – | 0.23 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.22 | – | 0.40 |

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-111B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 8 | | |
| Pitch | e | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | – | – | 1.75 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 1.25 | – | – |
| Standoff § | A1 | 0.10 | – | 0.25 |
| Overall Width | E | 6.00 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 3.90 BSC | | |
| Overall Length | D | 4.90 BSC | | |
| Chamfer (optional) | h | 0.25 | – | 0.50 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.40 | – | 1.27 |
| Footprint | L1 | 1.04 REF | | |
| Foot Angle | ϕ | 0° | – | 8° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.17 | – | 0.25 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.31 | – | 0.51 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | α | 5° | – | 15° |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | β | 5° | – | 15° |

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. § Significant Characteristic.
3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-057B

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Contact Pitch | E | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Contact Pad Spacing | C | | 5.40 | |
| Contact Pad Width (X8) | X1 | | | 0.60 |
| Contact Pad Length (X8) | Y1 | | | 1.55 |

Notes:

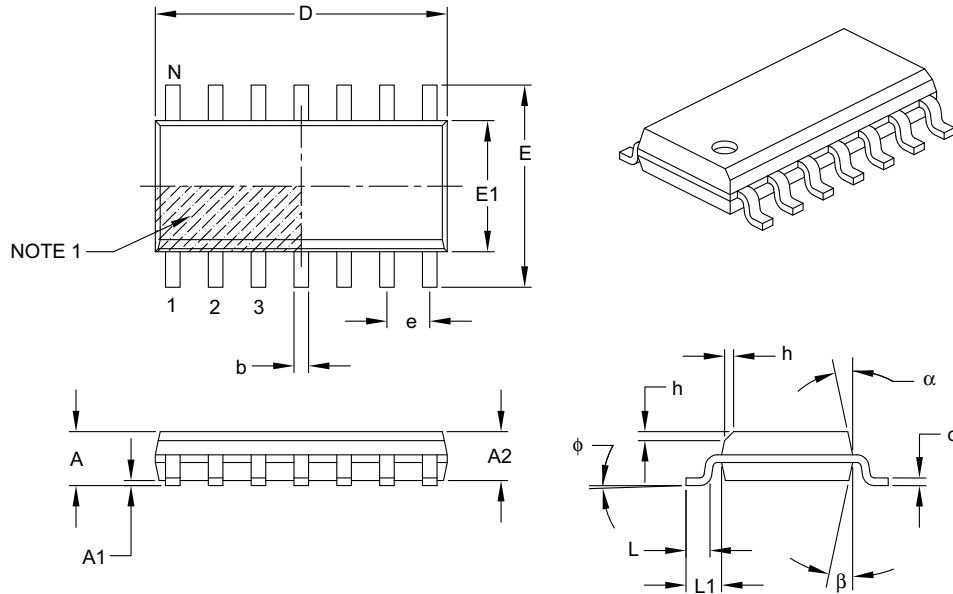
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|-----|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 14 | | |
| Pitch | e | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | – | – | 1.75 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 1.25 | – | – |
| Standoff § | A1 | 0.10 | – | 0.25 |
| Overall Width | E | 6.00 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 3.90 BSC | | |
| Overall Length | D | 8.65 BSC | | |
| Chamfer (optional) | h | 0.25 | – | 0.50 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.40 | – | 1.27 |
| Footprint | L1 | 1.04 REF | | |
| Foot Angle | φ | 0° | – | 8° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.17 | – | 0.25 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.31 | – | 0.51 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | α | 5° | – | 15° |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | β | 5° | – | 15° |

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

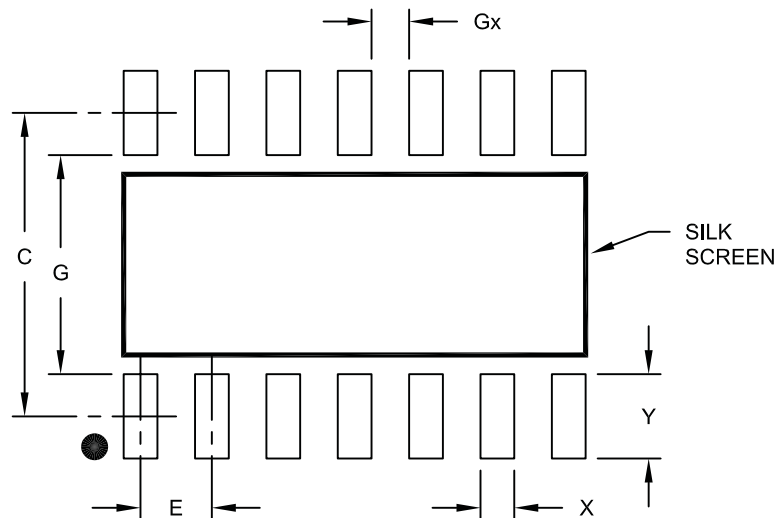
REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-065B

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

14-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SL) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|-----------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Contact Pitch | E | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Contact Pad Spacing | C | | 5.40 | |
| Contact Pad Width | X | | | 0.60 |
| Contact Pad Length | Y | | | 1.50 |
| Distance Between Pads | Gx | 0.67 | | |
| Distance Between Pads | G | 3.90 | | |

Notes:

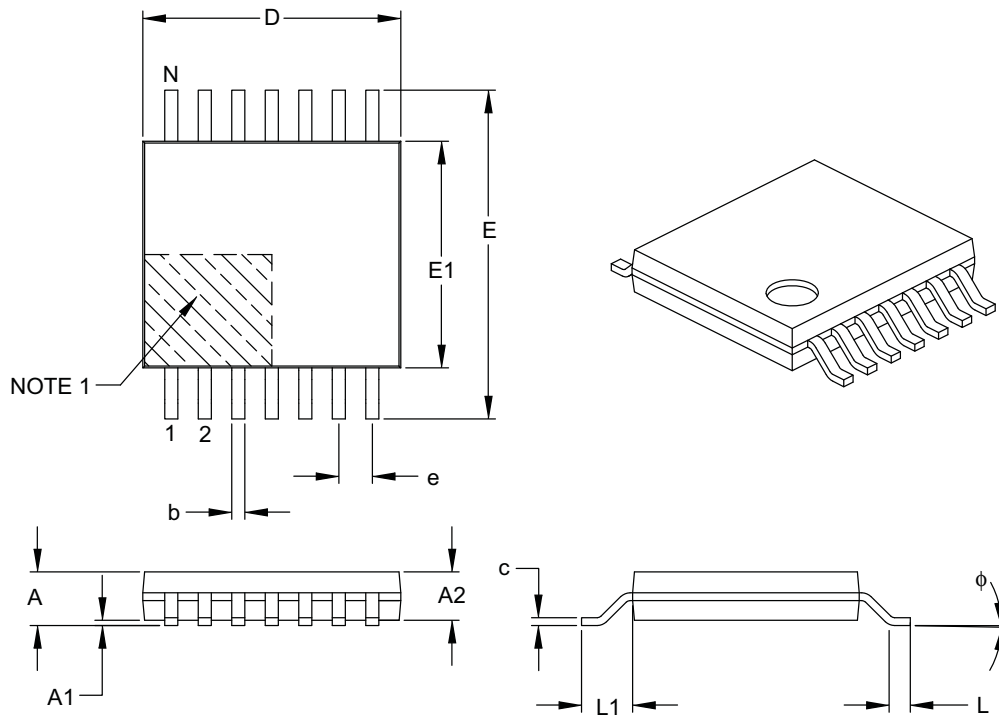
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2065A

14-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm Body [TSSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 14 | | |
| Pitch | e | 0.65 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | – | – | 1.20 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.80 | 1.00 | 1.05 |
| Standoff | A1 | 0.05 | – | 0.15 |
| Overall Width | E | 6.40 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 4.30 | 4.40 | 4.50 |
| Molded Package Length | D | 4.90 | 5.00 | 5.10 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.45 | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| Footprint | L1 | 1.00 REF | | |
| Foot Angle | ϕ | 0° | – | 8° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.09 | – | 0.20 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.19 | – | 0.30 |

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-087B

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (March 2009)

- Original data sheet release.

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

| <u>PART NO.</u> | — | <u>X</u> | <u>/XX</u> |
|--------------------|------------|--|------------|
| Device | | Temperature Range | Package |
| Device: | MCP6L71T: | Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (MSOP, SOIC, SOT-23-5) | |
| | MCP6L71RT: | Single Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOT-23-5) | |
| | MCP6L72T: | Dual Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (MSOP, SOIC) | |
| | MCP6L74T: | Quad Op Amp (Tape and Reel) (SOIC, TSSOP) | |
| Temperature Range: | E | = -40°C to +125°C | |
| Package: | OT | = Plastic Small Outline Transistor (SOT-23), 5-lead (MCP6L71, MCP6L71R) | |
| | MS | = Plastic MSOP, 8-lead | |
| | SN | = Plastic SOIC, (150 mil Body), 8-lead | |
| | SL | = Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 14-lead | |
| | ST | = Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mm Body), 14-lead | |

| Examples: | |
|------------------|--|
| a) | MCP6L71T-E/OT: Tape and Reel, 5LD SOT-23 package. |
| b) | MCP6L71T-E/MS: Tape and Reel, 8LD MSOP package. |
| c) | MCP6L71T-E/SN: Tape and Reel, 8LD SOIC package. |
| a) | MCP6L71RT-E/OT: Tape and Reel, 5LD SOT-23 package. |
| a) | MCP6L72T-E/MS: Tape and Reel, 8LD MSOP package. |
| b) | MCP6L72T-E/SN: Tape and Reel, 8LD SOIC package. |
| a) | MCP6L74T-E/SL: Tape and Reel, 14LD SOIC package. |
| b) | MCP6L74-E/ST: Tape and Reel, 14LD TSSOP package. |

MCP6L71/1R/2/4

NOTES:

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Fax: 91-80-3090-4080

India - New Delhi

Tel: 91-11-4160-8631
Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune

Tel: 91-20-2566-1512
Fax: 91-20-2566-1513

Japan - Yokohama

Tel: 81-45-471- 6166
Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea - Daegu

Tel: 82-53-744-4301
Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul

Tel: 82-2-554-7200
Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or
82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 60-3-6201-9857
Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang

Tel: 60-4-227-8870
Fax: 60-4-227-4068

Philippines - Manila

Tel: 63-2-634-9065
Fax: 63-2-634-9069

Singapore

Tel: 65-6334-8870
Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Hsin Chu

Tel: 886-3-572-9526
Fax: 886-3-572-6459

Taiwan - Kaohsiung

Tel: 886-7-536-4818
Fax: 886-7-536-4803

Taiwan - Taipei

Tel: 886-2-2500-6610
Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Thailand - Bangkok

Tel: 66-2-694-1351
Fax: 66-2-694-1350

EUROPE

Austria - Wels

Tel: 43-7242-2244-39
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Copenhagen

Tel: 45-4450-2828
Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Paris

Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20
Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Munich

Tel: 49-89-627-144-0
Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy - Milan

Tel: 39-0331-742611
Fax: 39-0331-466781

Netherlands - Drunen

Tel: 31-416-690399
Fax: 31-416-690340

Spain - Madrid

Tel: 34-91-708-08-90
Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

UK - Wokingham

Tel: 44-118-921-5869
Fax: 44-118-921-5820

02/04/09



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

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