

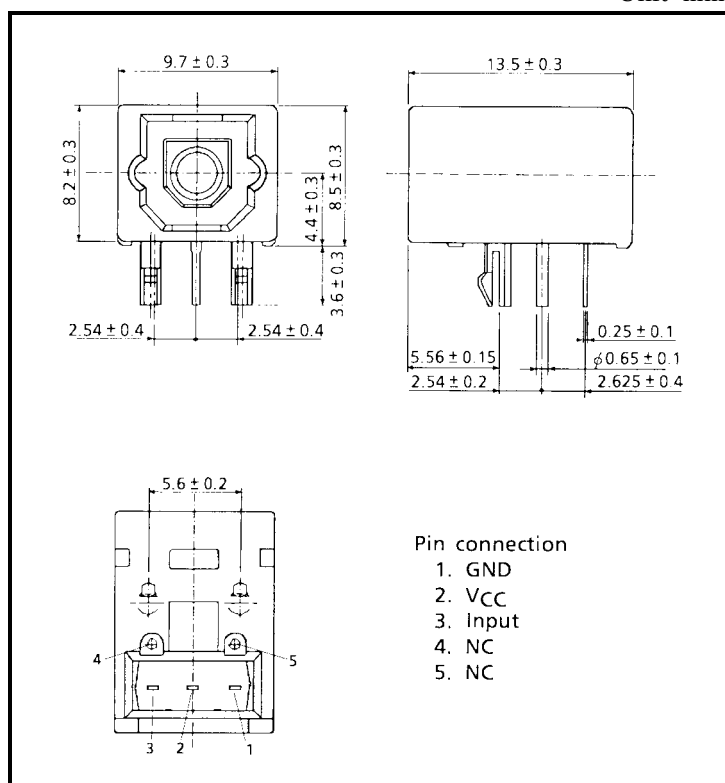
FIBER OPTIC TRANSMITTING MODULE

TOTX141P

FIBER OPTIC TRANSMITTING
MODULE FOR DIGITAL AUDIO
INTERFACE

Unit: mm

- Conforms to JEITA Standard CP-1201 (For Digital Audio Interfaces including Fiber Optic inter-connections).
- LED is driven by differential circuit.
- Mini package type.

1. Maximum Ratings ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Storage Temperature | T_{stg} | -40 to 70 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature | T_{opr} | -20 to 70 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | -0.5 to 7 | V |
| Input Voltage | V_{IN} | -0.5 to $V_{\text{CC}} + 0.5$ | V |
| Soldering Temperature | T_{sol} | 260 (Note 1) | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Note 1: Soldering time ≤ 10 seconds (At a distance of 1 mm from the package).

Handling precaution: The LED's used in this product contain GaAs (Gallium Arsenide).

Care must be taken to protect the safety of people and the environment when scrapping or terminal processing.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Characteristics | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|----------|-----|------|----------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V |
| High-Level Input Voltage | V_{IH} | 2.1 | — | V_{CC} | V |
| Low-Level Input Voltage | V_{IL} | 0 | — | 0.9 | V |

3. Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3 V)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|--------|
| Data Rate | | NRZ Code (Note 2) | DC | — | 15 | Mb / s |
| Transmission Distance | | Using APF (Note 3) and TORX141P | 0.2 | — | 10 | m |
| Pulse Width Distortion (Note 4) | Δtw | Pulse Width = 67 ns Pulse Cycle = 134 ns $C_L = 10$ pF, Using TORX141P | -20 | — | 20 | ns |
| Fiber Output Power (Note 5) | P_f | | -21 | — | -15 | dBm |
| Center Emission Wavelength | λ_c | | — | 650 | — | nm |
| Current Consumption | I_{CC} | | — | 15 | 20 | mA |
| High Level Input Voltage | V_{IH} | | 2.1 | — | — | V |
| Low Level Input Voltage | V_{IL} | | — | — | 0.9 | V |

Note 2: LED is on when input signal is high, and off when it is low.

The duty factor must be maintained between 25 to 75%.

Note 3: All Plastic Fiber (970 / 1000 μ m).

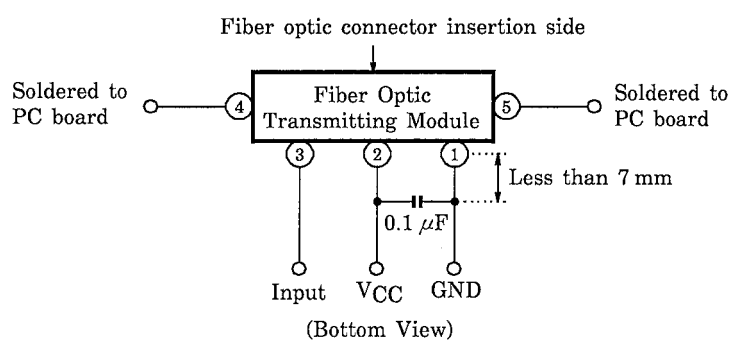
Note 4: Between input of TOTX141P and output of fiber optic receiving module.

Note 5: Measure with a standard optical fiber, peak value.

4. Mechanical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Condition | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|------------------|--------|------------------------------|-----|------|------|------|
| Insertion Force | | Using TOCP172, Initial value | — | — | 39.2 | N |
| Withdrawal Force | | Using TOCP172, Initial value | 5.9 | — | 39.2 | N |

5. Application Circuit



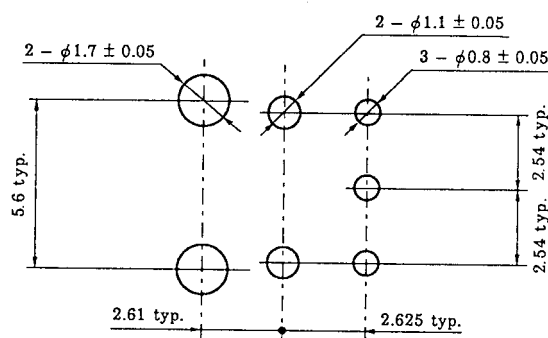
6. Required Optical Fiber with Fiber Optic Connectors

TOCP172-□□B

7. Board layout hole pattern (for reference)

Unit: mm

Recommended PCB thickness: 1.6 mm



8. Precautions during use

(1) Maximum rating

The maximum ratings are the limit values which must not be exceeded during operation of device. None of these rating value must not be exceeded. If the maximum rating value is exceeded, the characteristics of devices may never be restored properly. In extreme cases, the device may be permanently damages.

(2) Lifetime of light emitters

If an optical module is used for a long period of time, degeneration in the characteristics will mostly be due to a lowering of the fiber output power (Pf). This is caused by the degradation of the optical output of the LEDs used as the light source. The cause of degradation of the optical output of the LEDs may be defects in wafer crystallization or mold resin stress. The detailed causes are, however, not clear.

The lifetime of light emitters is greatly influenced by the operating conditions and the environment in which it is used as well as by the lifetime characteristics unique to the device type. Thus, when a light emitting device and its operating conditions determined, Toshiba recommend that lifetime characteristics be checked.

Depending on the environment conditions, Toshiba recommend that maintenance such as regular checks of the amount of optical output in accordance with the condition of operating environment.

(3) Soldering

Optical modules are comprised of internal semiconductor devices. However, in principle, optical modules are optical components. During soldering, ensure that flux does not contact with the emitting surface or the detecting surface. Also ensure that proper flux removal is conducted after soldering. Some optical modules come with a protective cap. The protective cap is used to avoid malfunction when the optical module is not in use. Note that it is not dust or waterproof.

As mentioned before, optical modules are optical components. Thus, in principle, soldering where there may be flux residue and flux removal after soldering is not recommended. Toshiba recommend that soldering be performed without the optical module mounted on the board. Then, after the board has been cleaned, the optical module should be soldered on to the board manually.

If the optical module cannot be soldered manually, use non-halogen (chlorine-free) flux and make sure, without cleaning, there is no residue such as chlorine. This is one of the ways to eliminate the effects of flux. In such a cases, be sure to check the devices' reliability.

(4) Vibration and shock

This module is plastic sealed and has its wire fixed by resin. This structure is relatively resistant to vibration and shock. In actual equipment, there are sometime cases in which vibration, shock, or stress is applied to soldered parts or connected parts, resulting in lines cut. A care must be taken in the design of equipment which will be subject to high levels of vibration.

(5) Support pins

The optical transmission module TOTX141P has support pins in order to fix itself to the PCB temporary. Please make the hole for these pins in the PCB under the condition described in board layout hole pattern.

(6) Attaching the fiber optic transmitting module

Solder the fixed pins (pins 4 and 5) of the fiber optic transmitting module TOTX141P to the printed circuit board in order to fix it to the board.

(7) Solvent

When using solvent for flux removal, do not use a high acid or high alkali solvent. Be careful not to pour solvent in to the optical connector ports. If solvent is inadvertently poured in to them, clean it off using cotton tips.

(8) Protective cap

When the TOTX141P is not in use, attach the protective cap.

(9) Supply voltage

Use the supply voltage within the recommended operating condition ($V_{CC} = 2.7\sim 3.6$ V). Make sure that supply voltage does not exceed the maximum rating value of 7 V, even for an instant.

(10) Input voltage

If a voltage exceeding the maximum rating value ($V_{CC} + 0.5$ V) is applied to the transmitter input, the internal IC may suffer damage. If there is a possibility that excessive voltage due to surges may be added to the input terminal, insert a protective circuit.

(11) Soldering condition

Solder at 260°C or less for no more than ten seconds.

- (12) Precautions when disposing of devices and packing materials.

When disposing devices and packing materials, follow the procedures stipulated by local regulations in order to protect the environment against contamination.

Compound semiconductors such as GaAs are used as LED materials in this module. When devices are disposed of, worker safety and protection of the environment must be taken into account.

- (13) Precautions during use

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