

FEATURES

- 1-of-4 Bidirectional Translating Switches
- I²C Bus and SMBus Compatible
- Active-Low Reset Input
- Three Address Pins, Allowing up to Eight Devices on the I²C Bus
- Channel Selection Via I²C Bus
- Power Up With All Switch Channels Deselected
- Low R_{ON} Switches
- Allows Voltage-Level Translation Between 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V Buses
- No Glitch on Power Up
- Supports Hot Insertion

- Low Standby Current
- Operating Power-Supply Voltage Range of 2.3 V to 5.5 V
- 5.5-V Tolerant Inputs
- 0 to 400-kHz Clock Frequency
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The PCA9546A is a quad bidirectional translating switch controlled via the I²C bus. The SCL/SDA upstream pair fans out to four downstream pairs, or channels. Any individual SCn/SDn channel or combination of channels can be selected, determined by the contents of the programmable control register.

An active-low reset (RESET) input allows the PCA9546A to recover from a situation in which one of the downstream I²C buses is stuck in a low state. Pulling RESET low resets the I²C state machine and causes all the channels to be deselected, as does the internal power-on reset function.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PAC	KAGE ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING		
	QFN – RGV	Reel of 2500	PCA9546ARGVR	PD546A		
	QFN – RGY	Reel of 1000	PCA9546ARGYR	PD546A		
		Tubo of 40	PCA9546AD			
		Tube of 40	PCA9546ADG4			
	SOIC - D	Dool of 2500	PCA9546ADR	DCA0546A		
	30IC - D	Reel of 2500	PCA9546ADRG4	PCA9546A		
		Dool of 250	PCA9546ADT			
		Reel of 250	PCA9546ADTG4			
		Tube of 40	PCA9546ADW	PCA9546A		
–40°C to 85°C	SOIC - DW	Reel of 2000	PCA9546ADWR	F CA9340A		
		Reel of 250	PCA9546ADWT	PREVIEW		
		Tube of 90	PCA9546APW			
		Tube of 90	PCA9546APWE4			
	TSSOP – PW	Dool of 2000	PCA9546APWR	DDE 46 A		
	1330P – PW	Reel of 2000	PCA9546APWRE4	PD546A		
		Dool of 250	PCA9546APWT			
		Reel of 250	PCA9546APWTE4			
	TVCOD DCV	Reel of 2000	PCA9546ADGVR	PD546A		
	TVSOP – DGV	Reel of 250	PCA9546ADGVT	PREVIEW		

⁽¹⁾ For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

⁽²⁾ Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

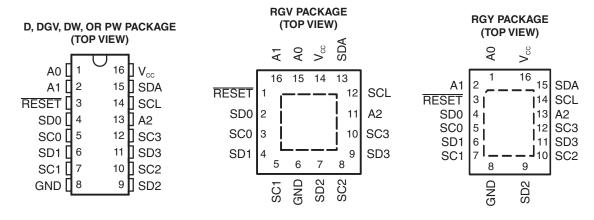


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DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The pass gates of the switches are constructed such that the V_{CC} pin can be used to limit the maximum high voltage, which will be passed by the PCA9546A. This allows the use of different bus voltages on each pair, so that 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V parts can communicate with 5-V parts without any additional protection. External pullup resistors pull the bus up to the desired voltage level for each channel. All I/O pins are 5.5-V tolerant.

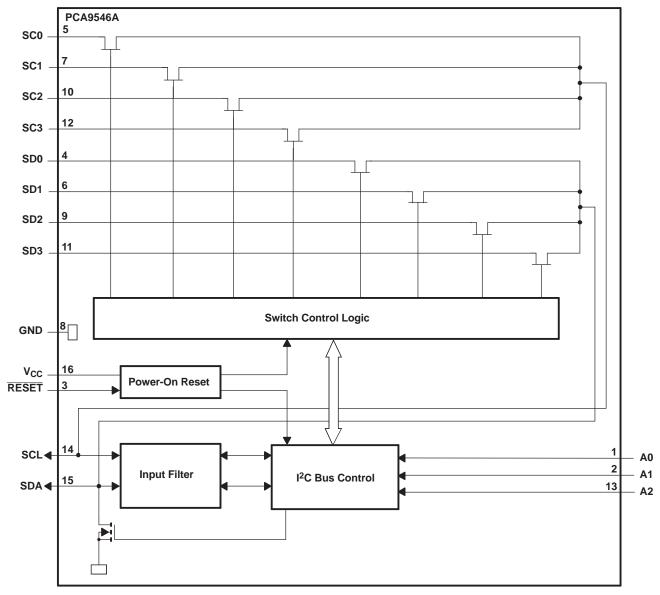


TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

NO.			
D, DGV, DW, PW, AND RGY	RGV	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	15	A0	Address input 0. Connect directly to V _{CC} or ground.
2	16	A1	Address input 1. Connect directly to V _{CC} or ground.
3	1	RESET	Active low reset input. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor, if not used.
4	2	SD0	Serial data 0. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
5	3	SC0	Serial clock 0. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
6	4	SD1	Serial data 1. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
7	5	SC1	Serial clock 1. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
8	6	GND	Ground
9	7	SD2	Serial data 2. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
10	8	SC2	Serial clock 2. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
11	9	SD3	Serial data 3. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
12	10	SC3	Serial clock 3. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
13	11	A2	Address input 2. Connect directly to V _{CC} or ground.
14	12	SCL	Serial clock line. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
15	13	SDA	Serial data line. Connect to V _{CC} through a pullup resistor.
16	14	V _{CC}	Supply power



BLOCK DIAGRAM



A. Pin numbers shown are for the D, DGV, DW, PW and RGY packages.



Device Address

Following a start condition, the bus master must output the address of the slave it is accessing. The address of the PCA9546A is shown in Figure 1. To conserve power, no internal pullup resistors are incorporated on the hardware-selectable address pins, and they must be pulled high or low.

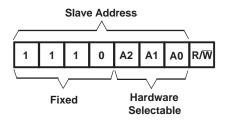


Figure 1. PCA9546A Address

The last bit of the slave address defines the operation to be performed. When set to a logic 1, a read is selected, while a logic 0 selects a write operation.

Control Register

Following the successful acknowledgment of the slave address, the bus master sends a byte to the PCA9546A, which is stored in the control register (see Figure 2). If multiple bytes are received by the PCA9546A, it will save the last byte received. This register can be written and read via the I²C bus.

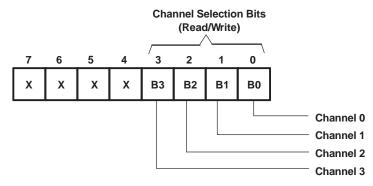
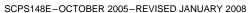


Figure 2. Control Register

Control Register Definition

One or several SCn/SDn downstream pairs, or channels, are selected by the contents of the control register (see Table 1). This register is written after the PCA9546A has been addressed. The four LSBs of the control byte are used to determine which channel or channels are to be selected. When a channel is selected, the channel becomes active after a stop condition has been placed on the I²C bus. This ensures that all SCn/SDn lines are in a high state when the channel is made active, so that no false conditions are generated at the time of connection. A stop condition always must occur right after the acknowledge cycle.





B7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0	COMMAND
V	V	V	V	V	V	V	0	Channel 0 disabled
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	Channel 0 enabled
V	Х	V	V	V	V	0	V	Channel 1 disabled
Х	X	X	X	X	X	1	X	Channel 1 enabled
V	V	Х	Х	V	0	X	V	Channel 2 disabled
Х	X	^	^	X	1	_ ^	X	Channel 2 enabled
Х	X	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Channel 3 disabled
^	^	^	^	1	^	^	^	Channel 3 enabled
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	No channel selected, power-up/reset default state

Table 1, Control Register Write (Channel Selection), Control Register Read (Channel Status)(1)

RESET Input

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ input is an active-low signal that may be used to recover from a bus-fault condition. When this signal is asserted low for a minimum of t_{WL} , the PCA9446A resets its registers and I^2C state machine and deselects all channels. The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ input must be connected to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor.

Power-On Reset

When power is applied to V_{CC} , an internal power-on reset holds the PCA9546A in a reset condition until V_{CC} has reached V_{POR} . At this point, the reset condition is released, and the PCA9546A registers and I^2C state machine are initialized to their default states, all zeroes, causing all the channels to be deselected. Thereafter, V_{CC} must be lowered below 0.2 V to reset the device.

Voltage Translation

The pass-gate transistors of the PCA9546A are constructed such that the V_{CC} voltage can be used to limit the maximum voltage that will be passed from one I^2C bus to another.

Figure 3 shows the voltage characteristics of the pass-gate transistors (note that the graph was generated using the data specified in the electrical characteristics section of this data sheet). In order for the PCA9546A to act as a voltage translator, the V_{pass} voltage must be equal to or lower than the lowest bus voltage. For example, if the main bus is running at 5 V, and the downstream buses are 3.3 V and 2.7 V, then V_{pass} must be equal to or below 2.7 V to effectively clamp the downstream bus voltages. As shown in Figure 3, V_{pass} (max) is at 2.7 V when the PCA9546A supply voltage is 3.5 V or lower, so the PCA9546A supply voltage could be set to 3.3 V. Pullup resistors then can be used to bring the bus voltages to their appropriate levels (see Figure 12).

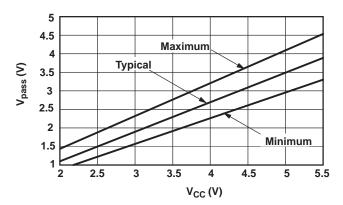


Figure 3. V_{pass} Voltage vs V_{CC}

⁽¹⁾ Several channels can be enabled at the same time. For example, B3 = 0, B2 = 1, B1 = 1, B0 = 0 means that channels 0 and 3 are disabled, and channels 1 and 2 are enabled. Care should be taken not to exceed the maximum bus capacity.



I²C Interface

The I²C bus is for two-way two-line communication between different ICs or modules. The two lines are a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL). Both lines must be connected to a positive supply via a pullup resistor when connected to the output stages of a device. Data transfer can be initiated only when the bus is not busy.

One data bit is transferred during each clock pulse. The data on the SDA line must remain stable during the high period of the clock pulse, as changes in the data line at this time are interpreted as control signals (see Figure 4).

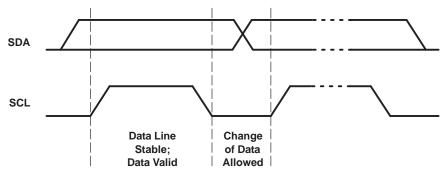


Figure 4. Bit Transfer

Both data and clock lines remain high when the bus is not busy. A high-to-low transition of the data line while the clock is high is defined as the start condition (S). A low-to-high transition of the data line while the clock is high is defined as the stop condition (P) (see Figure 5).

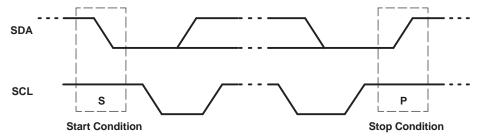


Figure 5. Definition of Start and Stop Conditions

A device generating a message is a transmitter; a device receiving is the receiver. The device that controls the message is the master, and the devices that are controlled by the master are the slaves (see Figure 6).

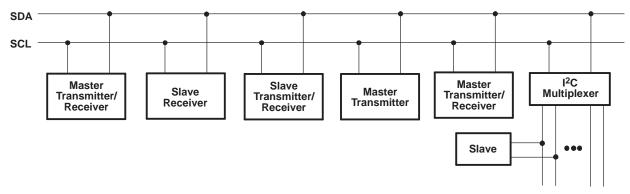


Figure 6. System Configuration

The number of data bytes transferred between the start and the stop conditions from transmitter to receiver is not limited. Each byte of eight bits is followed by one acknowledge (ACK) bit. The transmitter must release the SDA line before the receiver can send an ACK bit.



When a slave receiver is addressed, it must generate an ACK after the reception of each byte. Also, a master must generate an ACK after the reception of each byte that has been clocked out of the slave transmitter. The device that acknowledges must pull down the SDA line during the ACK clock pulse so that the SDA line is stable low during the high pulse of the ACK-related clock period (see Figure 7). Setup and hold times must be taken into account.

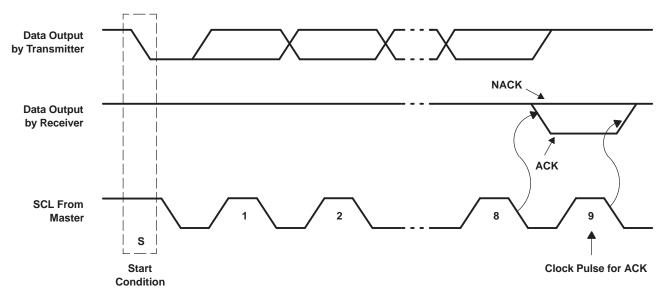


Figure 7. Acknowledgment on the I²C Bus

Data is transmitted to the PCA9546A control register using the write mode shown in Figure 8.

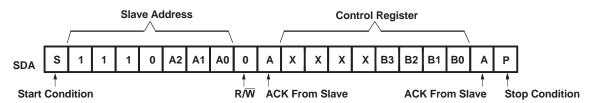


Figure 8. Write Control Register

Data is read from the PCA9546A control register using the read mode shown in Figure 9.

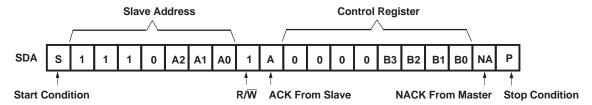


Figure 9. Read Control Register



Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	7	V
V_{I}	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾		-0.5	7	V
I	Input current			±20	mA
Io	Output current			±25	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CC}			±100	mA
	Continuous current through GND			±100	mA
		D package		73	
		DGV package		120	
Δ	Package thermal impedance (3)	DW package		57	°C/W
θ_{JA}	rackage memai impedance	PW package		108	C/VV
		RGV package		51.38	
		RGY package		50	ı
P _{tot}	Total power dissipation		400	mW	
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C
T_A	Operating free-air temperature range	-40	85	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions⁽¹⁾

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		2.3	5.5	V
V	/ _{IH} High-level input voltage	SCL, SDA	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	6	V
VIH		A2-A0, RESET	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V	Low lovel input voltage	SCL, SDA	-0.5	$0.3\times V_{\text{CC}}$	\/
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	A2-A0, RESET	-0.5	$0.3 \times V_{\text{CC}}$	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

⁽²⁾ The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.







Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	NDITIONS	V _{cc}	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{POR}	Power-on reset ve	oltage (2)	No load,	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	V_{POR}		1.6	2.1	٧
					5 V		3.6		
					4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.6		4.5	
	Out the section of confi		V _{SWin} = V _{CC} ,	100 1	3.3 V		1.9		
V_{pass}	Switch output voi	Switch output voltage V _{SWin}		$I_{SWout} = -100 \mu A$	3 V to 3.6 V	1.6		2.8	V
					2.5 V		1.5		
					2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.1		2	
	CCL CDA		V _{OL} = 0.4 V		221/4- 551/	3	7		A
l _{OL}	SCL, SDA		V _{OL} = 0.6 V		2.3 V to 5.5 V	6	10		mA
	SCL, SDA SC3–SC0, SD3–SD0 A2–A0							±1	
			V V an CND		221/4- 551/			±1	^
II			$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		2.3 V to 5.5 V			±1	μΑ
	RESET							±1	
				I _O = 0	5.5 V		3	12	
	Operating mode	$f_{SCL} = 100 \text{ kHz}$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,		3.6 V		3	11	μΑ
					2.7 V		3	10	
		Low inputs			5.5 V		0.3	1	
I_{CC}			$V_I = GND$,	I _O = 0	3.6 V		0.1	1	
	Ota a alloca as a da				2.7 V		0.1	1	
	Standby mode			I _O = 0	5.5 V		0.3	1	
		High inputs	$V_I = V_{CC}$		3.6 V		0.1	1	•
					2.7 V		0.1	1	
A.1	Supply-current	001 004	SCL or SDA input a Other inputs at V _{CC}	t 0.6 V, or GND			8	15	٨
ΔI _{CC}	change	SCL, SDA	SCL or SDA input a Other inputs at V _{CC}	t V _{CC} – 0.6 V, or GND	2.3 V to 5.5 V		8	15	μА
0	A2-A0		V VCND		221/4- 551/		4.5	6	
C _i	RESET		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		2.3 V to 5.5 V		4.5	5.5	pF
o (3)	SCL, SDA		V V CND	Outline OFF	0.01/1- 5.51/		15	19	
$C_{io(OFF)}^{(3)}$	SC3-SC0, SD3-SD0		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, Switch OFF		2.3 V to 5.5 V		6	8	pF
			$V_{O} = 0.4 \text{ V}, \qquad I_{O} = 15 \text{ mA}$		4.5 V to 5.5 V 4		9	16	
R _{ON}	Switch on-state re	esistance			3 V to 3.6 V	5	11	20	Ω
			V _O = 0.4 V,	I _O = 10 mA	2.3 V to 2.7 V	7	16	45	

 ⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at nominal supply voltage (2.5-V, 3.3-V, or 5-V V_{CC}), T_A = 25°C.
 (2) The power-on reset circuit resets the I²C bus logic with V_{CC} < V_{POR}. V_{CC} must be lowered to 0.2 V to reset the device.
 (3) C_{io(ON)} depends on internal capacitance and external capacitance added to the SCn lines when channels(s) are ON.



I²C Interface Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 10)

			STANDARD I ² C BU		FAST MOD I ² C BUS	Ш	UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f _{scl}	I ² C clock frequency		0	100	0	400	kHz
t _{sch}	I ² C clock high time		4		0.6		μs
t _{scl}	I ² C clock low time		4.7		1.3		μs
t _{sp}	I ² C spike time			50		50	ns
t _{sds}	I ² C serial-data setup time		250		100		ns
t _{sdh}	I ² C serial-data hold time		0 ⁽¹⁾		O ⁽¹⁾		μs
t _{icr}	I ² C input rise time			1000	20 + 0.1C _b ⁽²⁾	300	ns
t _{icf}	I ² C input fall time		300	20 + 0.1C _b ⁽²⁾	300	ns	
t _{ocf}	I ² C output fall time	10-pF to 400-pF bus		300	20 + 0.1C _b ⁽²⁾	300	ns
t _{buf}	I ² C bus free time between stop and	d start	4.7		1.3		μs
t _{sts}	I ² C start or repeated start condition	n setup	4.7		0.6		μs
t _{sth}	I ² C start or repeated start condition	n hold	4		0.6		μs
t _{sps}	I ² C stop condition setup		4		0.6		μs
t _{vdL(Data)}	Valid-data time (high to low) (3)	SCL low to SDA output low valid		1		1	μs
t _{vdH(Data)}	Valid-data time (low to high) ⁽³⁾	SCL low to SDA output high valid		0.6		0.6	μs
t _{vd(ack)}	Valid-data time of ACK condition	ACK signal from SCL low to SDA output low		1		1	μs
C _b	I ² C bus capacitive load			400		400	pF

⁽¹⁾ A device internally must provide a hold time of at least 300 ns for the SDA signal (referred to the V_{IH} min of the SCL signal), in order to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL.

Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L ≤ 100 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 10)

	PARAMETE	:R	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t _{pd} ⁽¹⁾	Dronagation dalay time	$R_{ON} = 20 \Omega, C_L = 15 pF$	SDA or SCL	SDn or SCn		0.3	no
'pd`	t _{pd} ⁽¹⁾ Propagation delay time	$R_{ON} = 20 \Omega, C_L = 50 pF$	SDA 01 SCL	3011 01 3011		1	ns

¹⁾ The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance, when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

Interrupt and Reset Timing Requirements

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
t_{WL}	Pulse duration, RESET low	6		ns
t _{rst} ⁽¹⁾	RESET time (SDA clear)		500	ns
t _{REC(STA)}	Recovery time from RESET to start	0		ns

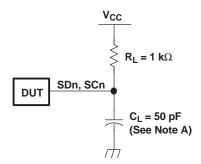
⁽¹⁾ t_{rst} is the propagation delay measured from the time the RESET pin is first asserted low to the time the SDA pin is asserted high, signaling a stop condition. It must be a minimum of t_{WL}.

⁽²⁾ C_b = total bus capacitance of one bus line in pF

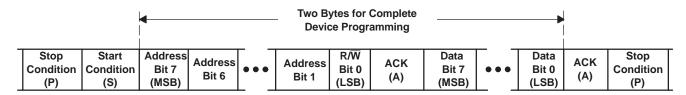
⁽³⁾ Data taken using a 1-kΩ pullup resistor and 50-pF load (see Figure 10)



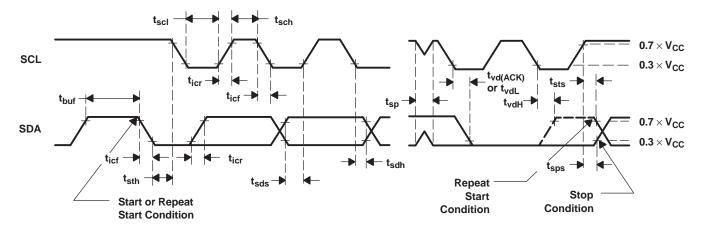
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



I²C PORT LOAD CONFIGURATION



BYTE	DESCRIPTION
1	I^2C address + R/\overline{W}
2	Control register data



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r/t_f \leq 30 \text{ ns}$.
- C. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 10. I²C Interface Load Circuit, Byte Descriptions, and Voltage Waveforms



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

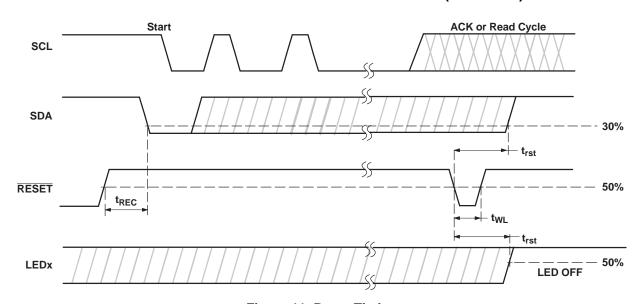
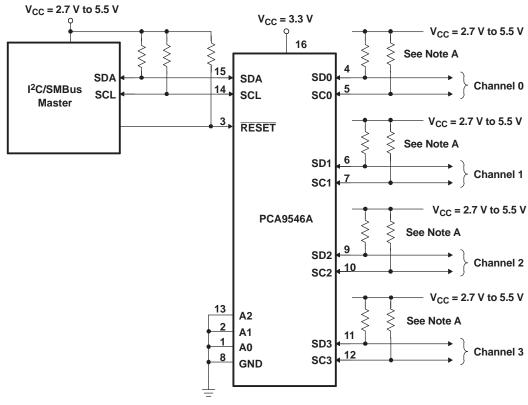


Figure 11. Reset Timing



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 12 shows an application in which the PCA9546A can be used.



A. Pin numbers shown are for the D, DGV, DW, PW, and RGY packages.

Figure 12. Typical Application

Submit Documentation Feedback

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21-Mar-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
HPA02226DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546AD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546ADGVRG4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546ADR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADT	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADTG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADWG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546ADWRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PCA9546A	Samples
PCA9546APW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples





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Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing			(2)		(3)		(4)	
PCA9546APWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWT	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWTE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546APWTG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546ARGVR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGV	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546ARGVRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGV	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546ARGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples
PCA9546ARGYRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	PD546A	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

21-Mar-2013

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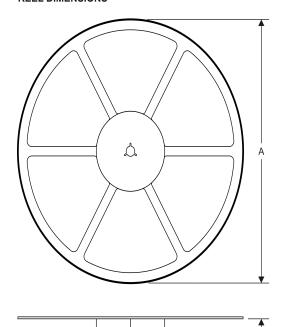
⁽⁴⁾ Only one of markings shown within the brackets will appear on the physical device.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

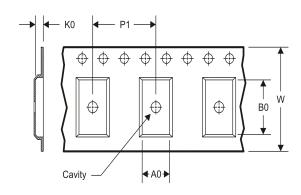
www.ti.com 14-Jul-2012

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
PCA9546ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.8	4.0	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
PCA9546ADR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
PCA9546ADWR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	330.0	16.4	10.75	10.7	2.7	12.0	16.0	Q1
PCA9546APWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
PCA9546APWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
PCA9546ARGVR	VQFN	RGV	16	2500	330.0	12.4	4.25	4.25	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q2
PCA9546ARGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.8	4.3	1.5	8.0	12.0	Q1

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*All dimensions are nominal

	T						
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
PCA9546ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
PCA9546ADR	SOIC	D	16	2500	333.2	345.9	28.6
PCA9546ADWR	SOIC	DW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
PCA9546APWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
PCA9546APWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	367.0	367.0	35.0
PCA9546ARGVR	VQFN	RGV	16	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
PCA9546ARGYR	VQFN	RGY	16	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0

D (R-PDS0-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



PW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



PW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. QFN (Quad Flatpack No-Lead) package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated. The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
- G. Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.



RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

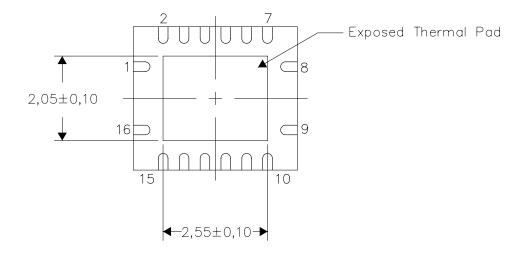
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

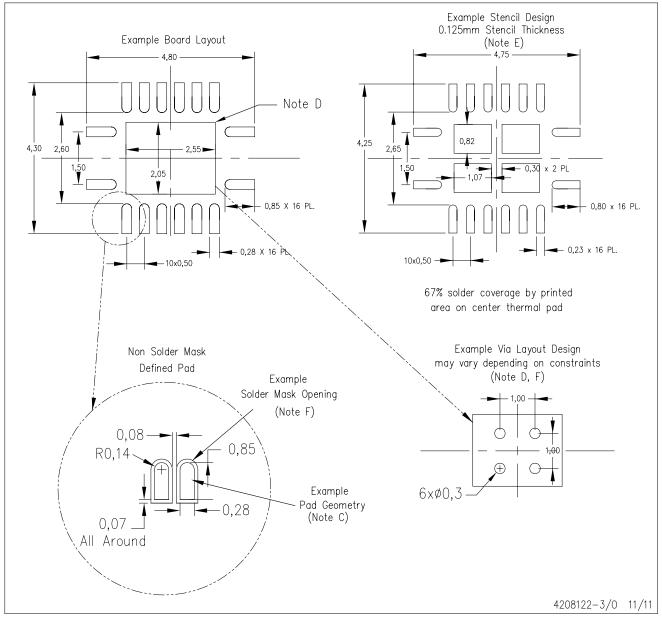
4206353-3/0 11/11

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



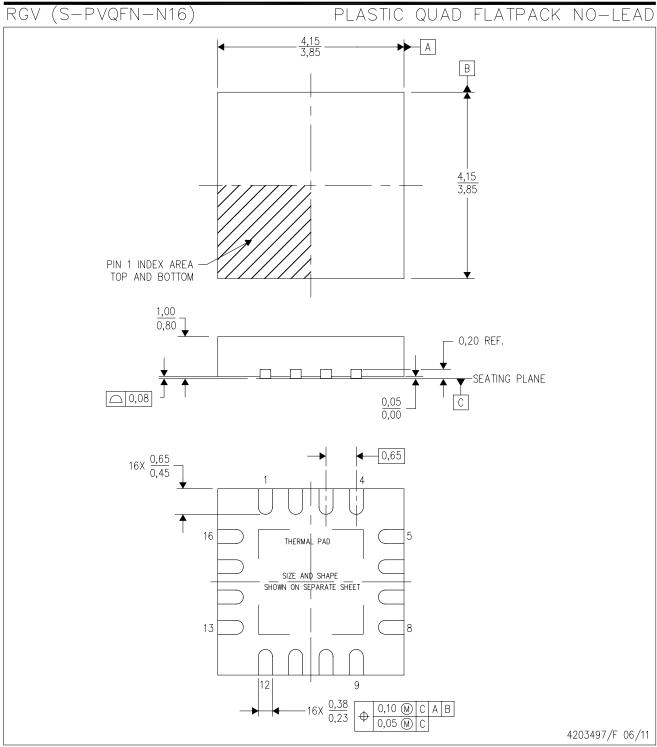
RGY (R-PVQFN-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat—Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.





- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Quad Flatpack, No-leads (QFN) package configuration.
 - D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - F. Falls within JEDEC MO-220.



RGV (S-PVQFN-N16)

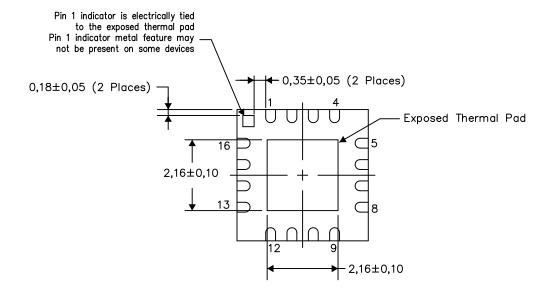
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No—Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Bottom View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

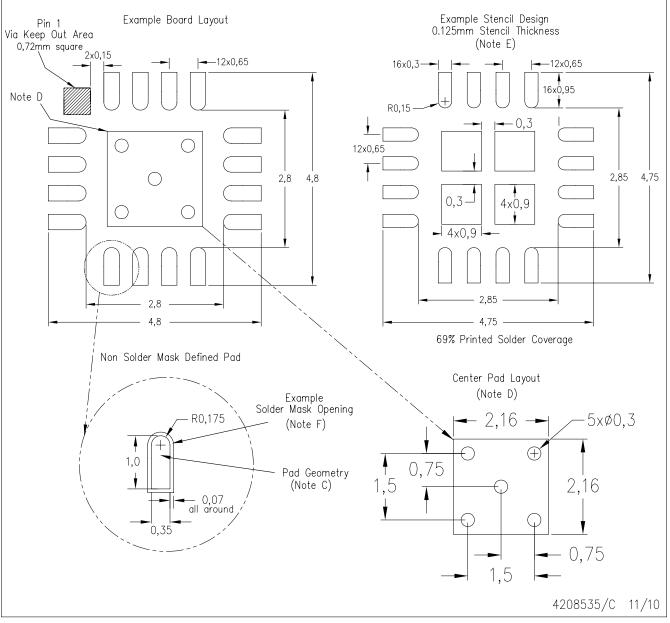
4206351-2/K 03/13

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters



RGV (S-PVQFN-N16)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com https://www.ti.com.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
 - F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances.



DW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



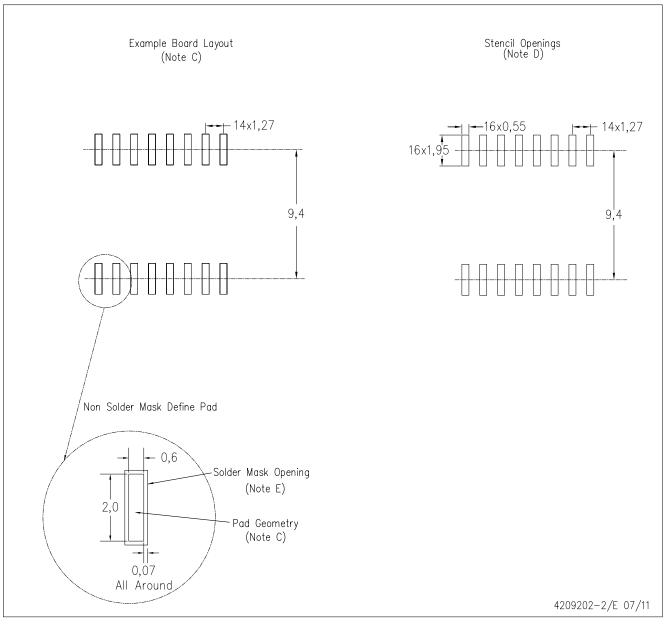
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters). Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MS-013 variation AA.



DW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Refer to IPC7351 for alternate board design.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC—7525
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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