

**1.24V COST EFFECTIVE SHUNT REGULATOR**

**Description**

The TLV431 is a three terminal adjustable shunt regulator offering excellent temperature stability and output current handling capability up to 20mA. The output voltage may be set to any chosen voltage between 1.24 and 18 volts by selection of two external divider resistors.

The TLV431 can be used as a replacement for zener diodes in many applications requiring an improvement in zener performance.

The TLV431 is available in 3 grades with initial tolerances of 1%, 0.5%, and 0.2% for the A, B and T grades respectively.

**Features**

- Low Voltage Operation  $V_{REF} = 1.24V$
- Temperature range -40 to +125°C
- Reference Voltage Tolerance at +25°C
  - 0.2% TLV431T
  - 0.5% TLV431B
  - 1% TLV431A
- Typical temperature drift
  - 4 mV (0°C to +70°C)
  - 6 mV (-40°C to +85°C)
  - 11mV (-40°C to +125°C)
- 80µA Minimum cathode current
- 0.25Ω Typical Output Impedance
- Adjustable Output Voltage  $V_{REF}$  to 18V
- **Lead-Free Finish; RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**
- Qualified to AEC-Q100

**Typical Application Circuit**



- Notes:
1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) & 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) compliant. All applicable RoHS exemptions applied.
  2. See <http://www.diodes.com> for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
  3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

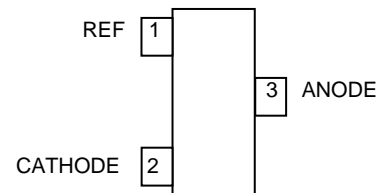
**Pin Assignments**

**TLV431\_H6 (SC70-6 [SOT363])**



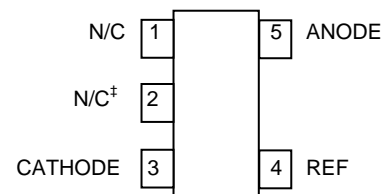
**(Top View)**

**TLV431\_F (SOT23)**



**(Top View)**

**TLV431\_E5 (SOT25)**



**(Top View)**

† Pin should be left floating or connect to anode

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V <sub>KA</sub>	Cathode Voltage	20	V
I <sub>KA</sub>	Continuous Cathode Current	-20 to +20	mA
I <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Input Current Range	-0.05 to +3	mA
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Supply Voltage (Relative to Ground)	-0.03 to +18	V
<b>ESD Susceptibility</b>			
HBM	Human Body Model	4	kV
MM	Machine Model	400	V
CDM	Charged Device Model	1	kV

(Semiconductor devices are ESD sensitive and may be damaged by exposure to ESD events. Suitable ESD precautions should be taken when handling and transporting these devices.)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Operating Junction Temperature	-40 to +150	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Operation above the absolute maximum rating may cause device failure.  
 Operation at the absolute maximum ratings, for extended periods, may reduce device reliability.  
 Unless otherwise stated voltages specified are relative to the ANODE pin.  
 These are stress ratings only. Operation outside the absolute maximum ratings may cause device failure.

**Recommended Operating Conditions** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>KA</sub>	Cathode Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	18	V
I <sub>KA</sub>	Cathode Current	0.1	15	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	-40	+125	°C

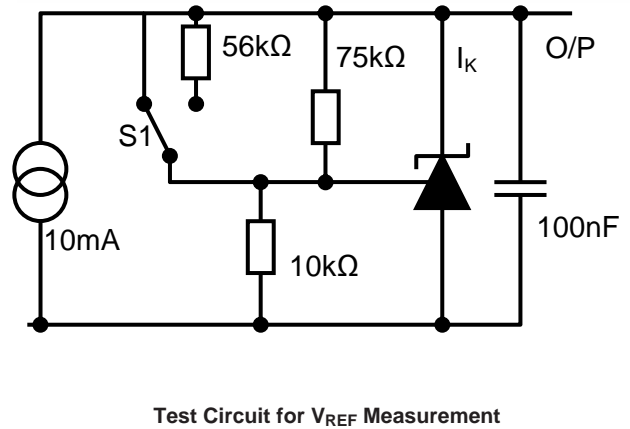
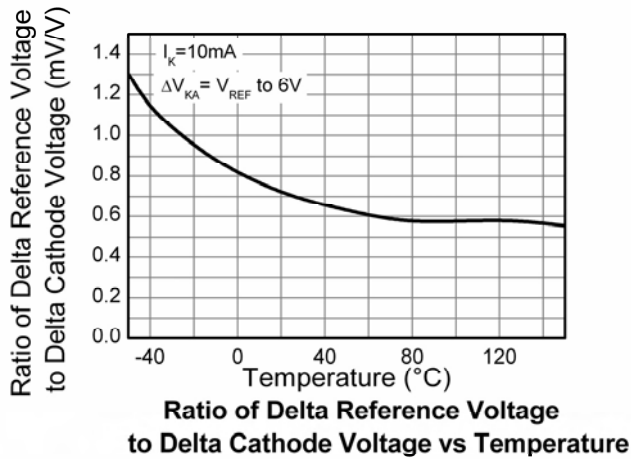
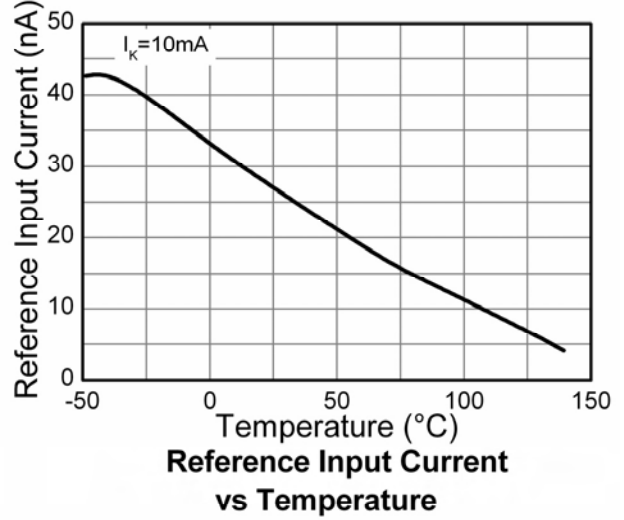
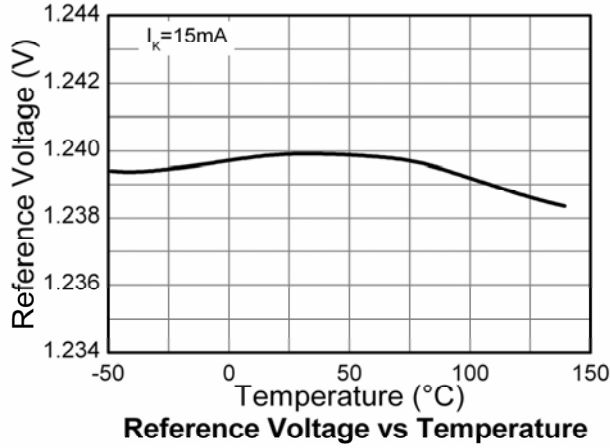
**Package Thermal Data**

Package	θ <sub>JA</sub>	P <sub>DIS</sub> T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, T <sub>J</sub> = +150°C
SOT23	380°C/W	330mW
SOT25	250°C/W	500mW
SC70-6 (SOT363)	380°C/W	330mW

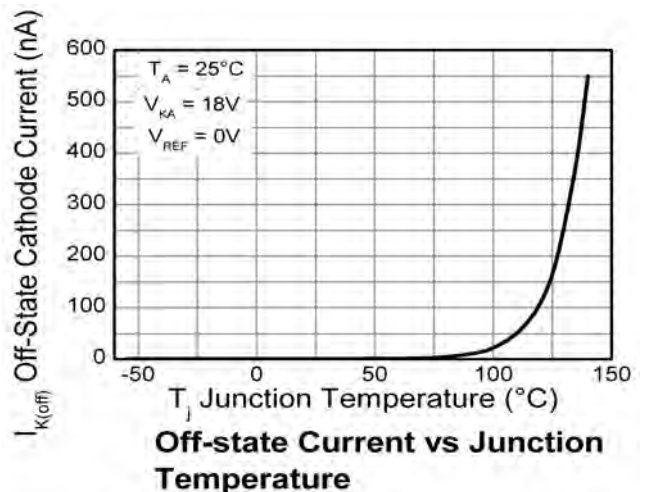
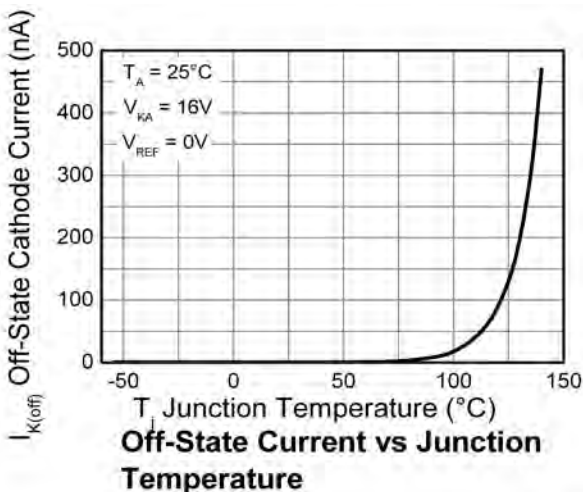
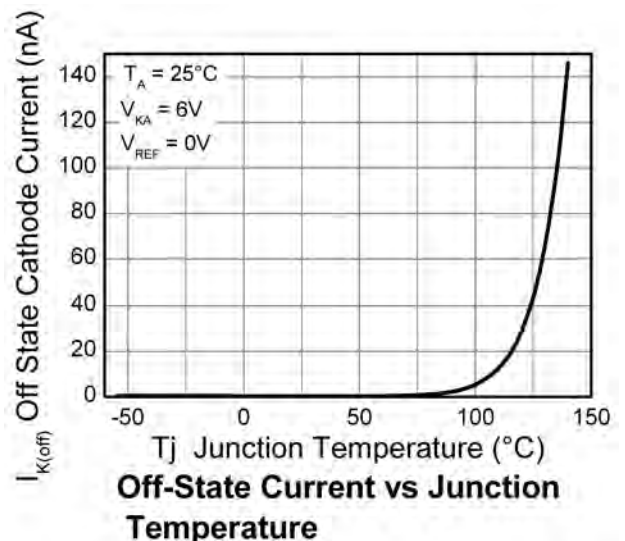
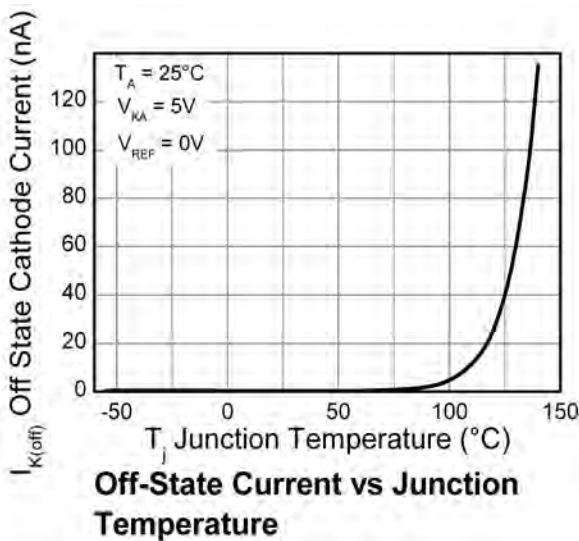
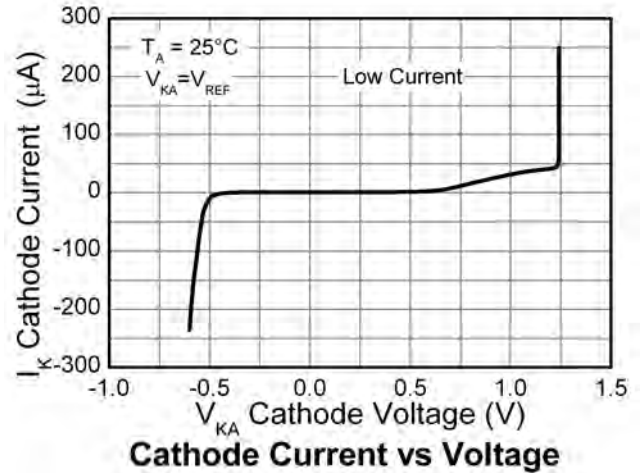
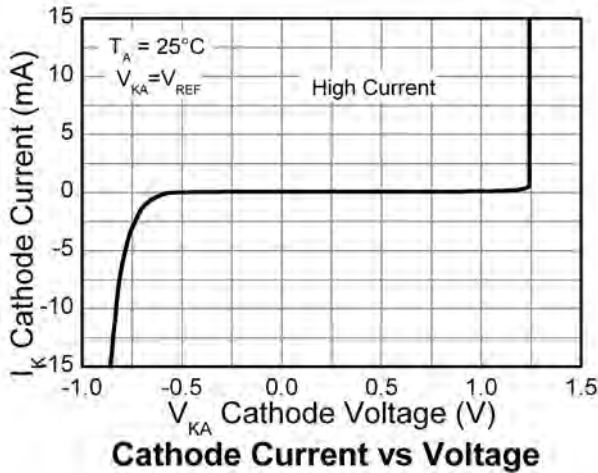
**Electrical Characteristics** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Voltage	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	TLV431A	1.228	1.24	1.252	V
			TLV431B	1.234	1.24	1.246	
			TLV431T	1.2375	1.24	1.2425	
		V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = 0 to +70°C	TLV431A	1.221		1.259	
			TLV431B	1.227		1.253	
			TLV431T	1.230		1.250	
		V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C	TLV431A	1.215		1.265	
			TLV431B	1.224		1.259	
			TLV431T	1.228		1.252	
		V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +125°C	TLV431A	1.209		1.271	
			TLV431B	1.221		1.265	
			TLV431T	1.224		1.255	
V <sub>REF(dev)</sub>	Deviation of reference voltage over full temperature range	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 to +70°C		4	12	mV
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C		6	20	
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +125°C		11	31	
$\frac{\Delta V_{REF}}{\Delta V_{KA}}$	Ratio of change in reference voltage to the change in cathode voltage	V <sub>KA</sub> for V <sub>REF</sub> to	6V		-1.5	-2.7	mV/V
			18V		-1.5	-2.7	
I <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Input Current	R <sub>1</sub> = 10kΩ, R <sub>2</sub> = OC		0.15	0.5	μA	
I <sub>REF(dev)</sub>	I <sub>REF</sub> deviation over full temperature range	R <sub>1</sub> = 10kΩ, R <sub>2</sub> = OC	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 to +70°C		0.05	0.3	μA
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C		0.1	0.4	
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +125°C		0.15	0.5	
I <sub>KMIN</sub>	Minimum cathode current for regulation	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 to +70°C		55	80	μA
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C		55	80	
			T <sub>A</sub> = -40 to +125°C		55	100	
I <sub>K(OFF)</sub>	Off state current	V <sub>KA</sub> = 18V, V <sub>REF</sub> = 0V		0.001	0.1	μA	
Z <sub>KA</sub>	Dynamic output impedance	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub> , f = <1kHz I <sub>K</sub> = 0.1 to 15mA		0.25	0.4	Ω	

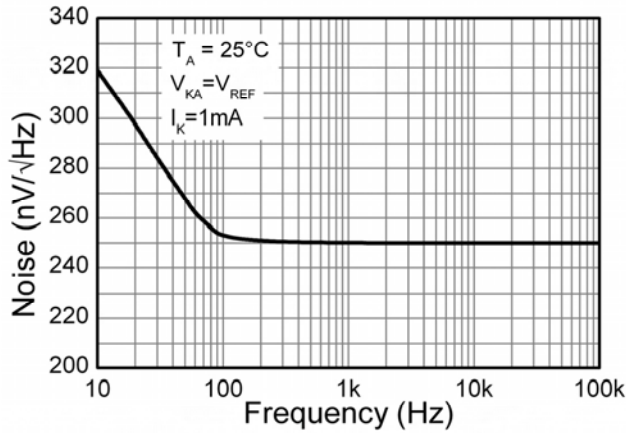
**Typical Characteristics**



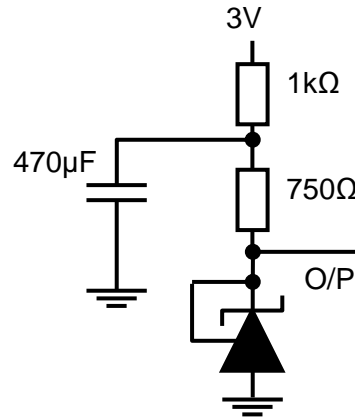
**Typical Characteristics** (cont.)



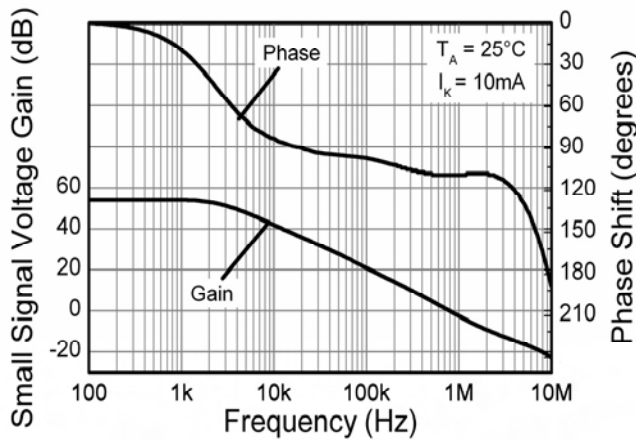
**Typical Characteristics** (cont.)



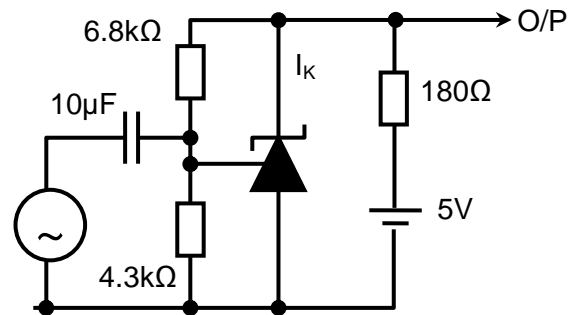
**Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs Frequency**



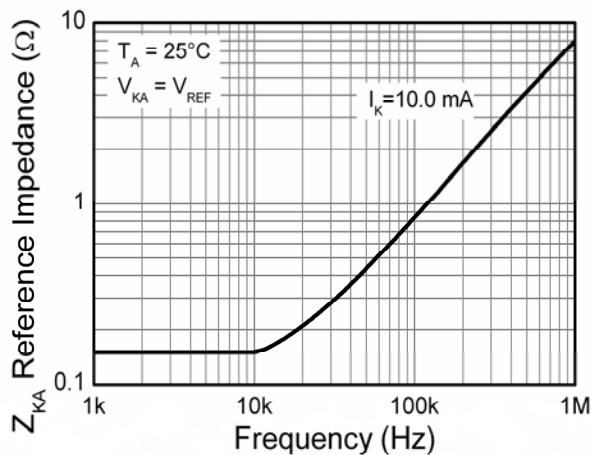
**Test Circuit for Input Noise Voltage**



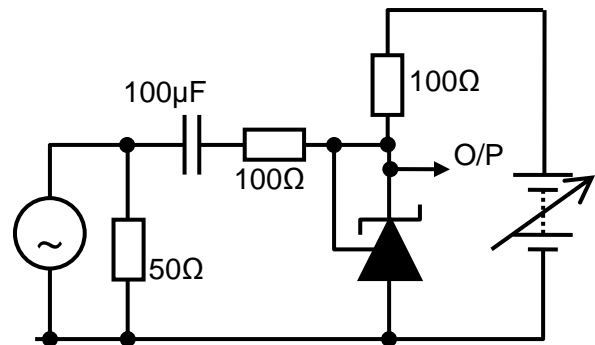
**Phase Shift and Gain vs Frequency**



**Test Circuit for Phase Shift and Gain**

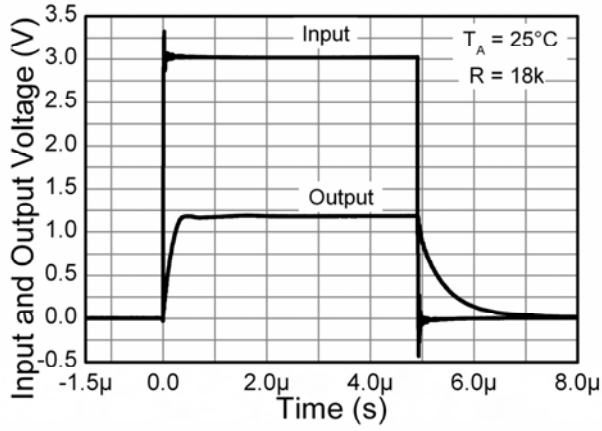


**Reference Impedance vs Frequency**

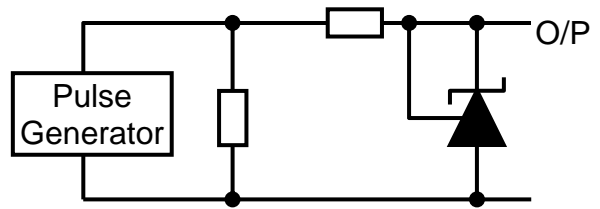


**Test Circuit for Reference Impedance**

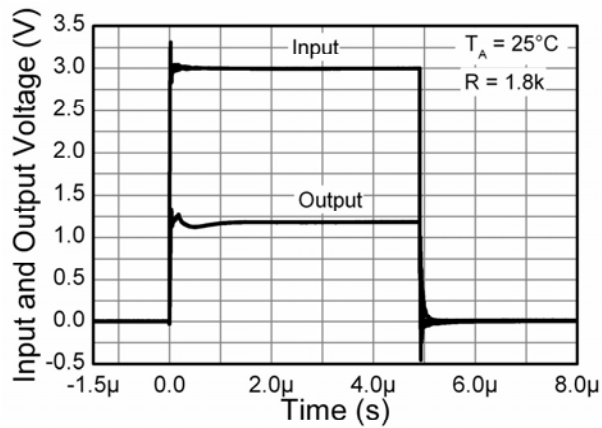
**Typical Characteristics** (cont.)



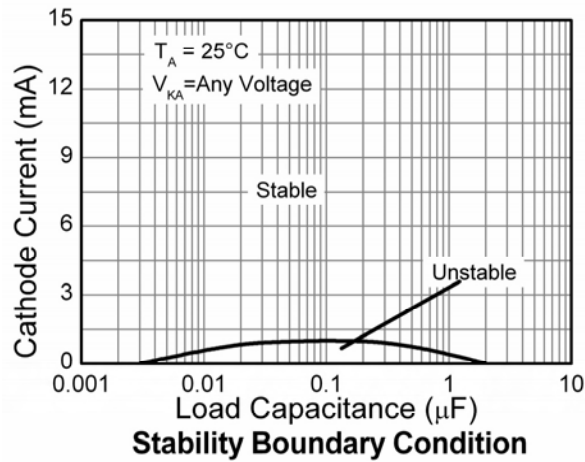
**Pulse Response**



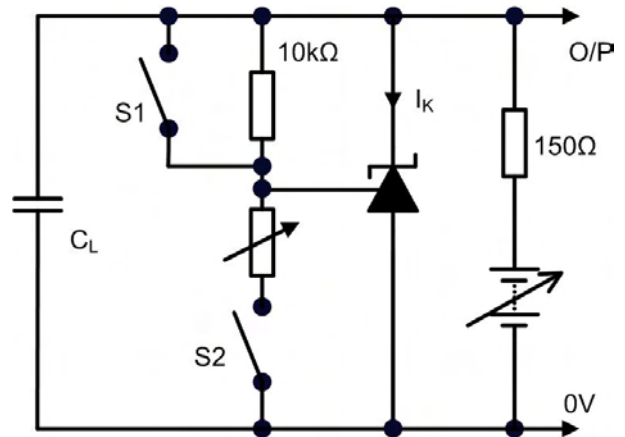
**Test Circuit for Pulse Response**



**Pulse Response**



**Stability Boundary Condition**



## Application Notes

In a conventional shunt regulator application (Figure 1), an external series resistor ( $R_3$ ) is connected between the supply voltage,  $V_{IN}$ , and the TLV431.

$R_3$  determines the current that flows through the load ( $I_L$ ) and the TLV431 ( $I_K$ ). The TLV431 will adjust how much current it sinks or “shunts” to maintain a voltage equal to  $V_{REF}$  across its feedback pin. Since load current and supply voltage may vary,  $R_3$  should be small enough to supply at least the minimum acceptable  $I_{KMIN}$  to the TLV431 even when the supply voltage is at its minimum and the load current is at its maximum value. When the supply voltage is at its maximum and  $I_L$  is at its minimum,  $R_3$  should be large enough so that the current flowing through the TLV431 is less than 15mA.

$R_3$  is determined by the supply voltage, ( $V_{IN}$ ), the load and operating current, ( $I_L$  and  $I_K$ ), and the TLV431’s reverse breakdown voltage,  $V_{KA}$ .

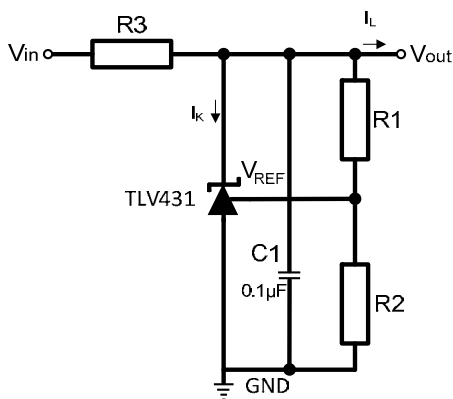


Figure 1

$$R_3 = \frac{V_{IN} - V_{KA}}{I_L + I_K}$$

where

$$V_{KA} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

and  $V_{KA} = V_{OUT}$

The values of  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  should be large enough so that the current flowing through them is much smaller than the current through  $R_3$  yet not too large that the voltage drop across them caused  $I_{REF}$  affects the reference accuracy.

The most frequent application of the TLV431 is in isolated low output voltage power supplies where the regulated output is galvanically isolated from the controller. As shown in Figure 2 the TLV431 drives current,  $I_F$ , through the opto-coupler’s LED which in turn drives the isolated transistor which is connected to the controller on the primary side of the power supply.

This completes the feedback path through the isolation barrier and ensures that a stable isolated supply is maintained.

Assuming a forward drop of 1.4V across the opto-coupler diode allows output voltages as low as 2.7V to be regulated.

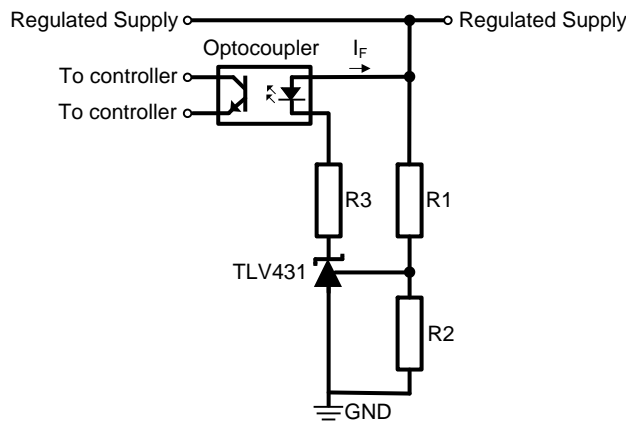


Figure 2. Using the TLV431 as the Regulating Element in an Isolated PSU

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

$$\frac{V_{OUT} - 2.7}{I_{F(min)}} > R_3 \geq \frac{V_{OUT(max)} - 2.7}{15mA}$$



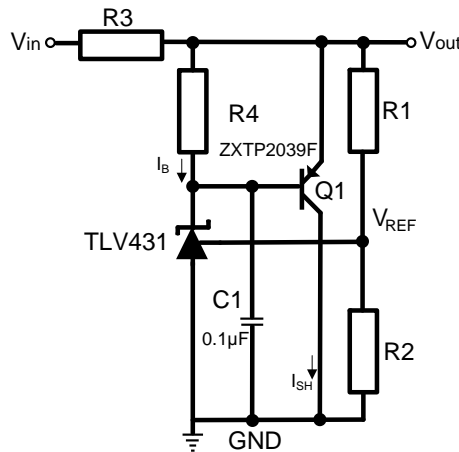
**Application Notes** (cont.)

**Printed Circuit Board Layout Considerations**

The TLV431 in the SOT25 package has the die attached to pin 2, which results in an electrical contact between pin 2 and pin 5. Therefore, pin 2 of the SOT25 package must be left floating or connected to pin 5.

TLV431 in the SC70-6 (SOT363) package has the die attached to pin 2 and 5, which results in an electrical contact between pins 2, 5 and pin 6. Therefore, pins 2 and 5 must be left floating or connected to pin 6.

**Other Applications of the TLV431**



$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

$$R3 = \frac{V_{IN} - V_{OUT}}{I_{SH} + I_B}$$

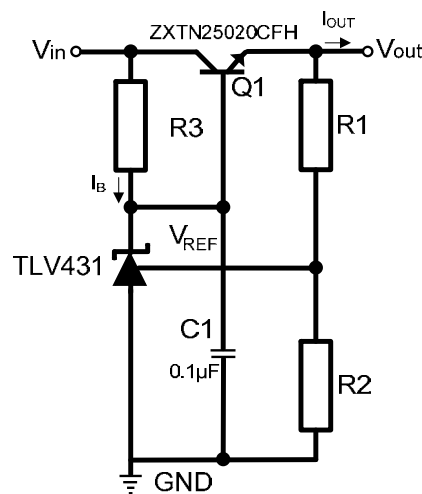
$$R4 = \frac{V_{BE}}{I_B}$$

$$\left( \frac{I_{SH}}{h_{FE(min)}} \right) < I_B \leq 15mA$$

**Figure 3. High Current Shunt Regulator**

It may at times be required to shunt-regulate more current than the 15mA that the TLV431 is capable of.

Figure 3 shows how this can be done using transistor Q1 to amplify the TLV431's current. Care needs to be taken that the power dissipation and/or SOA requirements of the transistor is not exceeded.



$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

$$R3 = \frac{V_{IN} - (V_{OUT} + V_{BE})}{I_B}$$

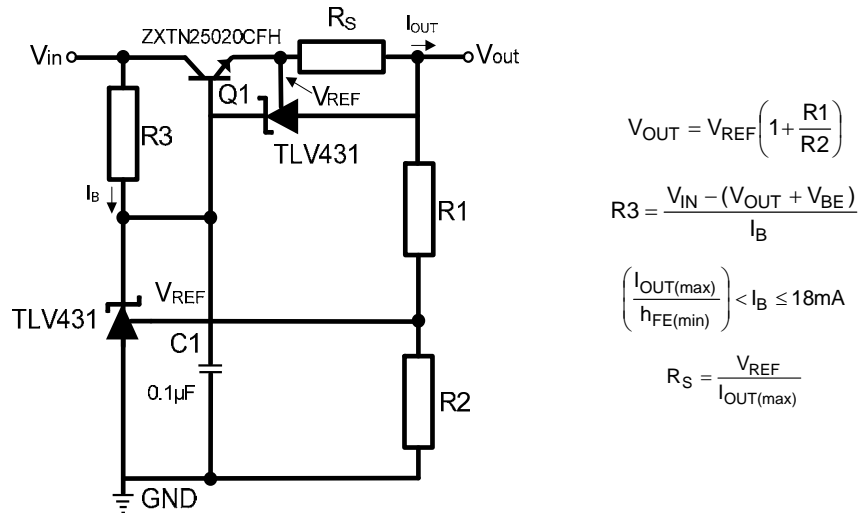
$$\left( \frac{I_{OUT(max)}}{h_{FE(min)}} \right) < I_B \leq 15mA$$

**Figure 4. Basic Series Regulator**

A very effective and simple series regulator can be implemented as shown in Figure 4 above. This may be preferable if the load requires more current than can be provided by the TLV431 alone and there is a need to conserve power when the load is not being powered. This circuit also uses one component less than the shunt circuit shown in Figure 3 above.

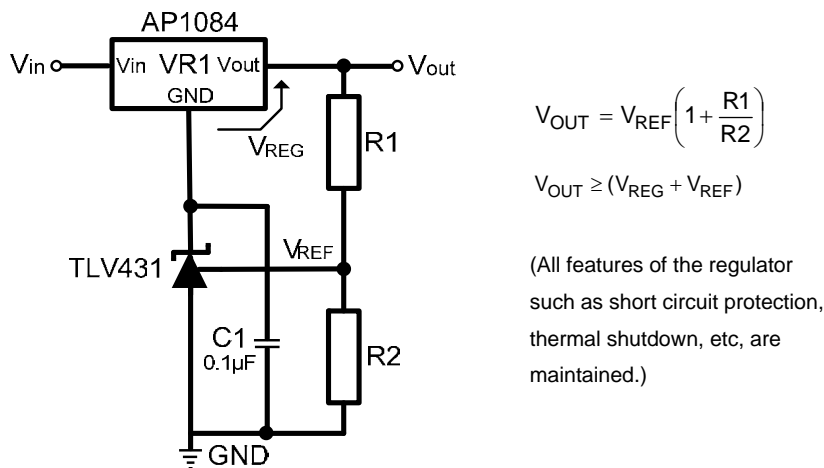
**Application Notes** (cont.)

**Printed Circuit Board Layout Considerations** (cont.)



**Figure 5. Series Regulator with Current Limit**

Figure 5 adds current limit to the series regulator in Figure 4 using a second TLV431. For currents below the limit, the circuit works normally supplying the required load current at the design voltage. However should attempts be made to exceed the design current set by the second TLV431, the device begins to shunt current away from the base of Q1. This begins to reduce the output voltage and thus ensuring that the output current is clamped at the design value. Subject only to Q1's ability to withstand the resulting power dissipation, the circuit can withstand either a brief or indefinite short circuit.



**Figure 6. Increasing Output Voltage of a Fixed Linear Regulator**

One of the useful applications of the TLV431 is in using it to improve the accuracy and/or extend the range and flexibility of fixed voltage regulators. In the circuit in Figure 6 above both the output voltage and its accuracy are entirely determined by the TLV431, R1 and R2. However the rest of the features of the regulator (up to 5A output current, output current limiting and thermal shutdown) are all still available.

**Application Notes** (cont.)

**Printed Circuit Board Layout Considerations** (cont.)



$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R1}{R2} \right)$$

$$V_{OUT} \geq (V_{REG} + V_{REF})$$

$$R3 = \frac{V_{IN} - (V_{OUT} - V_{REG})}{I_B}$$

$$0.1mA \leq I_B \leq 18mA$$

(All features of the regulator such as short circuit protection, thermal shutdown, etc, are maintained.)

**Figure 7. Adjustable Linear Voltage Regulator**

Figure 7 is similar to Figure 6 with adjustability added. Note the addition of R3. This is only required for the AP1117 due to the fact that its ground or adjustment pin can only supply a few micro-amps of current at best. R3 is therefore needed to provide sufficient bias current for the TLV431.

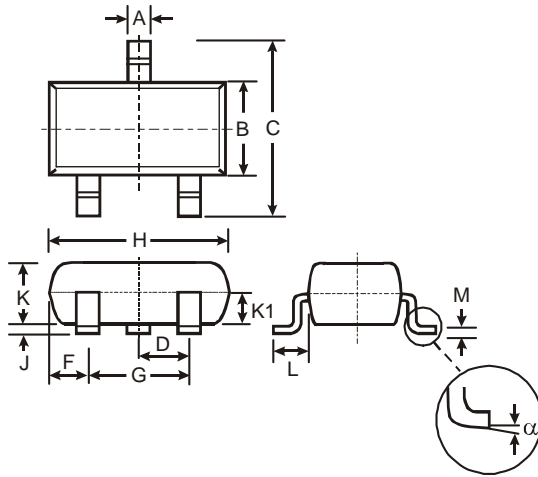
**Ordering Information**

Tol.	Part Number	Package	Part Mark	Status	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity per Reel
1%	TLV431AE5TA	SOT25	V1A	Active	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
	TLV431AFTA	SOT23	V1A	Active	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
	TLV431AH6TA	SC70-6 (SOT363)	V1A	Active	7", 180mm	12mm	1000
0.5%	TLV431BE5TA	SOT25	V1B	Active	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
	TLV431BFTA	SOT23	V1B	Active	7", 180mm	8mm	3000
	TLV431BH6TA	SC70-6 (SOT363)	V1B	Active	7", 180mm	12mm	1000
0.2%	TLV431TFTA	SOT23	V1T	Active	7", 180mm	8mm	3000

**Package Outline Dimensions** (All dimensions in mm.)

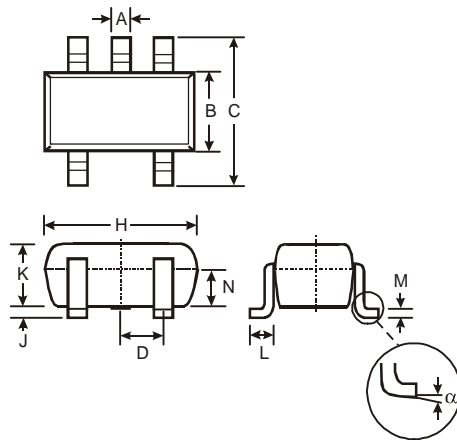
Please see AP02002 at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02002.pdf> for latest version.

**SOT23**



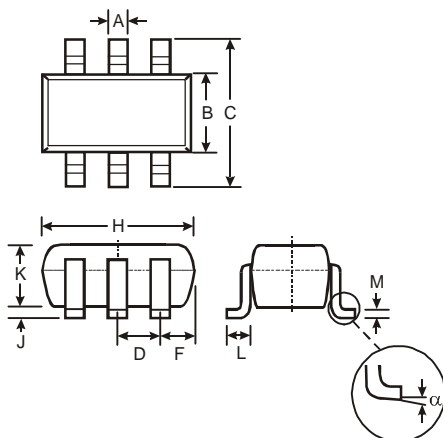
SOT23			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	0.37	0.51	0.40
B	1.20	1.40	1.30
C	2.30	2.50	2.40
D	0.89	1.03	0.915
F	0.45	0.60	0.535
G	1.78	2.05	1.83
H	2.80	3.00	2.90
J	0.013	0.10	0.05
K	0.903	1.10	1.00
K1	—	—	0.400
L	0.45	0.61	0.55
M	0.085	0.18	0.11
α	0°	8°	—
All Dimensions in mm			

**SOT25**



SOT25			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	0.35	0.50	0.38
B	1.50	1.70	1.60
C	2.70	3.00	2.80
D	—	—	0.95
H	2.90	3.10	3.00
J	0.013	0.10	0.05
K	1.00	1.30	1.10
L	0.35	0.55	0.40
M	0.10	0.20	0.15
N	0.70	0.80	0.75
α	0°	8°	—
All Dimensions in mm			

**SC70-6 (SOT363)**



SC70-6 (SOT363)			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	0.10	0.30	0.25
B	1.15	1.35	1.30
C	2.00	2.20	2.10
D	0.65 Typ		
F	0.40	0.45	0.425
H	1.80	2.20	2.15
J	0	0.10	0.05
K	0.90	1.00	1.00
L	0.25	0.40	0.30
M	0.10	0.22	0.11
α	0°	8°	-
All Dimensions in mm			

## Suggested Pad Layout

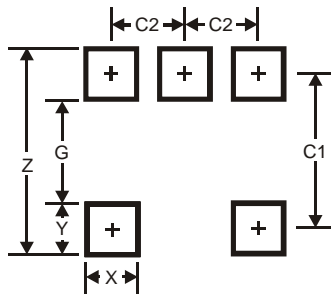
Please see AP02001 at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf> for the latest version.

### SOT23



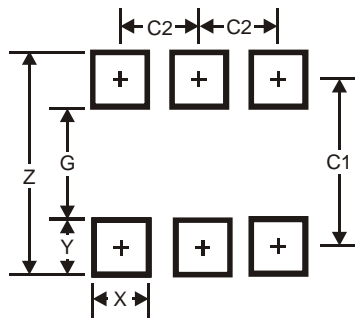
Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Z	2.9
X	0.8
Y	0.9
C	2.0
E	1.35

### SOT25



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Z	3.20
G	1.60
X	0.55
Y	0.80
C1	2.40
C2	0.95

### SC70-6 (SOT363)



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
Z	2.5
G	1.3
X	0.42
Y	0.6
C1	1.9
C2	0.65

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Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
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- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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