



7th Generation Intel[®] Processor Families for U/Y Platforms and 8th Generation Intel[®] Processor Family for U Quad-Core and Y Dual Core Platforms

Datasheet, Volume 1 of 2

Supporting 7th Generation Intel[®] Core[™] Processor Families, Intel[®] Pentium[®] Processors, Intel[®] Celeron[®] Processors for U/Y Platforms and 8th Generation Intel[®] Processor Family for U Quad Core formerly known as Kaby Lake Refresh and 8th Generation Intel[®] Processor Family for Y Dual Core formerly known as Amber Lake 2-Core

January 2019

Revision 006



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Revision History

| Revision Number | Description | Revision Date |
|-----------------|--|----------------|
| 001 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial release | August 2016 |
| 002 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minor updates throughout for clarity Added support for the following processors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7th Generation Intel® Core™ processors i7-7600U, i5-7300U, i7-7Y75, i5-7Y57, i7-7660U, i7-7567U, i7-7560U, i5-7360U, i5-7287U, i5-7267U, i5-7260U, i3-7167U Intel® Celeron® processors 3965U, 3865U Intel® Pentium® processors 4415U, 4410Y Supporting new processor SKUs, added support for on-package cache, GT3 Updated table 2-24, "HDCP Display supported Implications" maximum resolutions for HDMI2.0 changed from 4K@30 to 4K@60. Updated Section 5.1, "Processor Thermal Management". Updated Section 5.1.1-"Thermal Considerations". Updated Section 5.1.5.1.1, "TCC Activation Offset". Updated table 5-2, "TDP Specifications (U/Y-Processor Line)". Updated table 5-3, "Package Turbo Specifications (U/Y-Processor Line)" + Added note. Updated Table 7-2, "Processor IA core (Vcc) Active and Idle Mode DC Voltage and Current Specifications". Updated Table 7-3, "Processor Graphics (VccGT and VccGTX) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications". Updated table 7-5, "System Agent (VccSA) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications". | January 2017 |
| 003 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added support for 8th Generation Intel® Processor Family for U Quad Core Platforms Updated Table 2-18, "Display Resolutions and Link Bandwidth for Multi-Stream Transport Calculations". Updated TOB parameter in Chapter 7. Updated Table 7-2, "Processor IA core (Vcc) Active and Idle Mode DC Voltage and Current Specifications", Note 14. Updated Table 7-3, "Processor Graphics (VccGT and VccGTX) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications", Note 10. Updated Table 7-5, "System Agent (VccSA) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications". Added Note 8. | August 2017 |
| 004 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added Section 1.6, Operating System Support | September 2018 |
| 005 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated document title | December 2018 |
| 006 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated Section 1.6, Operating System Support | January 2019 |





1 Introduction

Processor Volatility statement:

Intel® Kaby Lake processor families does not retain any end user data when powered down and/or when the processor is physically removed.

Note: *Power down refers to state which all processor power rails are off.*

The 7th Generation Intel® Core™ processor, Intel® Pentium® processor, Intel® Celeron® processor families and 8th Generation Intel® Processor Family for U 4-Core and Y-2 Core family are 64-bit, multi-core processors built on 14-nanometer process technology.

The U-Processor Line and Y-Processor Line are offered in a 1-Chip Platform that includes the 7th Generation Intel® processor families I/O Platform Controller Hub (PCH) die on the same package as the processor die. See the following figure.

Some of the processor SKUs are offered with On-Package Cache.

The following table describes the processor lines covered in this document.

Table 1-1. Processor Lines

| Processor Line ¹ | Package | Base TDP | Processor IA Cores | Graphics Configuration | On-Package Cache | Platform Type |
|--|---------|----------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------|
| KBL Y-Processor Line | BGA1515 | 4.5W | 2 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| KBL Y-Processor Line With Integrated HDCP2.2 | BGA1515 | 4.5W | 2 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| KBL Y-Pentium/Celeron Processor Line | BGA1515 | 6W | 2 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| AML-Y Processor Line (2-Cores) | BGA1515 | 5W | 2 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| KBL U-Processor Line | BGA1356 | 15W | 2 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| KBL U-Processor Line With Integrated HDCP2.2 | BGA1356 | 15W | 2 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| | | 15W, 28W | 2 | GT3 | 64 MB | 1-Chip |
| KBL U-Pentium/Celeron Processor Line | BGA1356 | 15W | 2 | GT1 | N/A | 1-Chip |
| KBL U-Processor Line (U- 4 Core) | BGA1356 | 15W | 4 | GT2 | N/A | 1-Chip |

Throughout this document, the 7th Generation Intel® Core™ processor, Intel® Pentium® processor, Intel® Celeron® processor, and 8th Generation Intel® Processor Family for U 4-Core family (known as KBL-U Refresh) and Y 2-Core (named Amber Lake) may be referred to simply as “processor”. The 7th Generation Intel® processor families I/O and 8th Generation Intel® Processor Family for U 4-Core and Y 2-Core family I/O Platform Controller Hub (PCH) may be referred to simply as “PCH”.

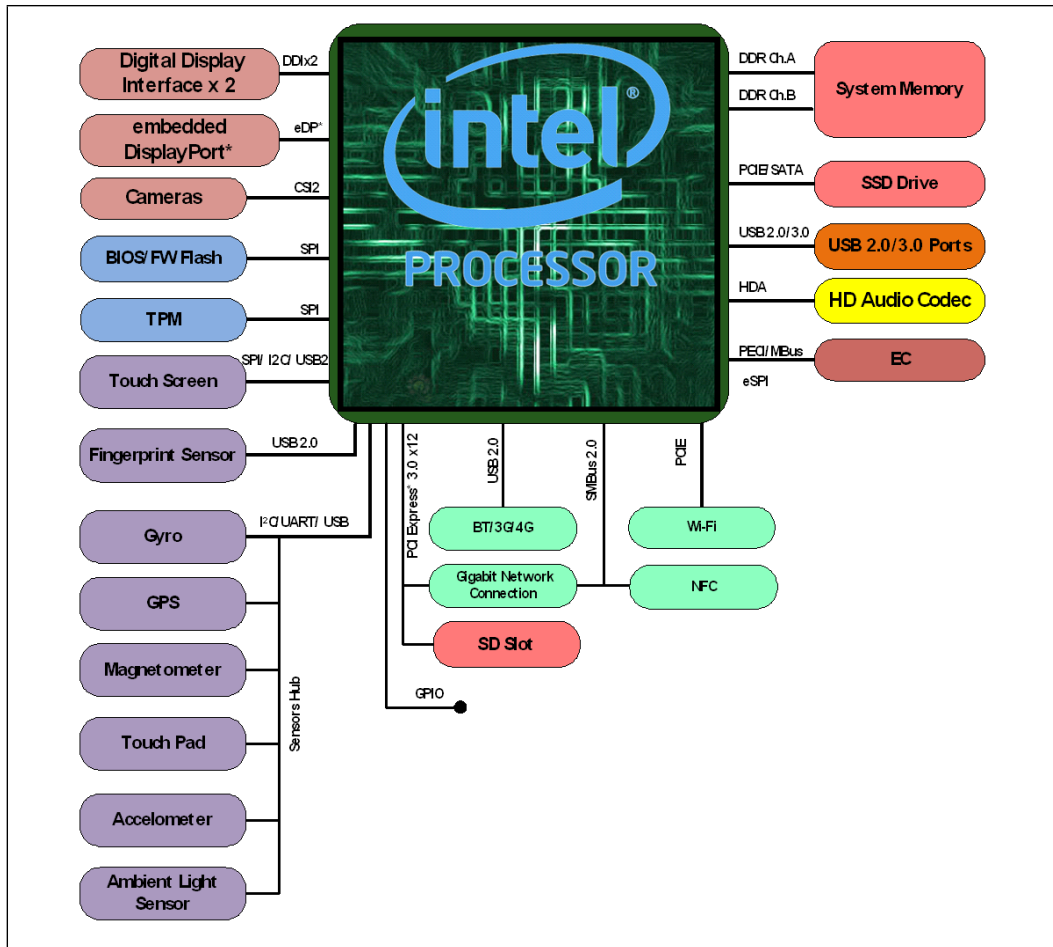
This document is for the following U/Y-Processor SKUs:

- 7th Generation Intel® Core™ processor family U-Processors

- i7-7500U, i5-7200U, i3-7100U, i7-7600U, i5-7300U, i7-7660U, i7-7567U, i7-7560U, i5-7360U, i5-7287U, i5-7267U, i5-7260U, i3-7167U
- 7th Generation Intel® Core™ processor family Y-Processors
 - i7-7Y75, i5-7Y54, m3-7Y30, i7-7Y75 with vPro™ support, i5-7Y57
- Intel® Pentium® processors
 - 4415U, 4410Y
- Intel® Celeron® processors
 - 3965U, 3865U
- 8th Generation Intel® Processor Family for U Quad Core family
 - i7-8550U, i5-8250U

Refer to the processor Specification Update for additional SKU details.

Figure 1-1. KBL Y/U/U 4-Core and AML-Y22 Processor Line Platforms





1.1 Supported Technologies

- Intel® Virtualization Technology (Intel® VT)
- Intel® Active Management Technology 11.0 (Intel® AMT 11.0)
- Intel® Trusted Execution Technology (Intel® TXT)
- Intel® Streaming SIMD Extensions 4.2 (Intel® SSE4.2)
- Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology (Intel® HT Technology)
- Intel® 64 Architecture
- Execute Disable Bit
- Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0
- Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 2 (Intel® AVX2)
- Intel® Advanced Encryption Standard New Instructions (Intel® AES-NI)
- PCLMULQDQ (Perform Carry-Less Multiplication Quad word) Instruction
- Intel® Secure Key
- Intel® Transactional Synchronization Extensions (Intel® TSX-NI)
- PAIR – Power Aware Interrupt Routing
- SMEP – Supervisor Mode Execution Protection
- Intel® Boot Guard
- On-package Cache Memory
- Intel® Software Guard Extensions (Intel® SGX)
- Intel® Memory Protection Extensions (Intel® MPX)
- GMM Scoring Accelerator
- Intel® Image Signal Processor (Intel® ISP)
- Intel® Processor Trace
- High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP)

Note: The availability of the features may vary between processor SKUs.
Refer to [Chapter 3, “Technologies”](#) for more information.

1.2 Power Management Support

1.2.1 Processor Core Power Management

- Full support of ACPI C-states as implemented by the following processor C-states:
 - C0, C1, C1E, C3, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10
- Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology

Refer to [Section 4.2, “Processor IA Core Power Management”](#) for more information.



1.2.2 System Power Management

- S0/S0ix, S3, S4, S5

Refer to [Chapter 4, "Power Management"](#) for more information.

1.2.3 Memory Controller Power Management

- Disabling Unused System Memory Outputs
- DRAM Power Management and Initialization
- Initialization Role of CKE
- Conditional Self-Refresh
- Dynamic Power Down
- DRAM I/O Power Management
- DDR Electrical Power Gating (EPG)
- Power training

Refer to [Section 4.3, "Integrated Memory Controller \(IMC\) Power Management"](#) for more information.

1.2.4 Processor Graphics Power Management

1.2.4.1 Memory Power Savings Technologies

- Intel Rapid Memory Power Management (Intel RMPM)
- Intel Smart 2D Display Technology (Intel S2DDT)

1.2.4.2 Display Power Savings Technologies

- Intel (Seamless & Static) Display Refresh Rate Switching (DRRS) with eDP port
- Intel Automatic Display Brightness
- Smooth Brightness
- Intel Display Power Saving Technology (Intel DPST 6)
- Panel Self-Refresh 2 (PSR 2)
- Low Power Single Pipe (LPSP)

1.2.4.3 Graphics Core Power Savings Technologies

- Intel Graphics Dynamic Frequency
- Intel Graphics Render Standby Technology (Intel GRST)
- Dynamic FPS (Intel DFPS)

Refer to [Section 4.4, "Processor Graphics Power Management"](#) for more information.



1.3 Thermal Management Support

- Digital Thermal Sensor
- Intel Adaptive Thermal Monitor
- THERMTRIP# and PROCHOT# support
- On-Demand Mode
- Memory Open and Closed Loop Throttling
- Memory Thermal Throttling
- External Thermal Sensor (TS-on-DIMM and TS-on-Board)
- Render Thermal Throttling
- Fan speed control with DTS
- Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 Power Control

Refer to [Chapter 5, “Thermal Management”](#) for more information.

1.4 Package Support

The processor is available in the following packages:

- A 20.5 mm x 16.5 mm BGA package (BGA1515) for Y/ AML- Y22 Processor Line
- A 42 mm x 24 mm BGA package (BGA1356) for U/U-4 Core Processor Line

1.5 Processor Testability

An XDP on-board connector is warmly recommended to enable full debug capabilities. For the processor SKUs, a merged XDP connector is highly recommended to enable lower C-state debug.

Note: When separate XDP connectors will be used at C8–C10 states, the processor will need to be waked up using the PCH.

The processor includes boundary-scan for board and system level testability.

1.6 Operating Systems Support

| (7 th Gen) | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|------------|
| Processor Line | Windows* 10 64-bit | OS X | Linux* OS | Chrome* OS |
| U-processor line | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Y-processor line | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |



| (8 th Gen) | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|------------|
| Processor Line | Windows* 10 64-bit | OS X | Linux* OS | Chrome* OS |
| U-processor line | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Y-processor line | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

1.7 Terminology

Table 1-2. Terminology (Sheet 1 of 3)

| Term | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| 4K | Ultra High Definition (UHD) |
| AES | Advanced Encryption Standard |
| AGC | Adaptive Gain Control |
| BLT | Block Level Transfer |
| BPP | Bits per pixel |
| CDR | Clock and Data Recovery |
| CTLE | Continuous Time Linear Equalizer |
| DDI | Digital Display Interface for DP or HDMI/DVI |
| DDR3 | Third-generation Double Data Rate SDRAM memory technology |
| DDR3L/RS | DDR3 Low Voltage Reduced Standby Power |
| DDR4/DDR4-RS | Fourth-Generation Double Data Rate SDRAM Memory Technology RS - Reduced Standby Power |
| DFE | decision feedback equalizer |
| DMA | Direct Memory Access |
| DMI | Direct Media Interface |
| DP | DisplayPort* |
| DTS | Digital Thermal Sensor |
| eDP* | embedded DisplayPort* |
| EU | Execution Unit in the Processor Graphics |
| GSA | Graphics in System Agent |
| HDCP | High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection |
| HDMI* | High Definition Multimedia Interface |
| IMC | Integrated Memory Controller |
| Intel® 64 Technology | 64-bit memory extensions to the IA-32 architecture |
| Intel® DPST | Intel Display Power Saving Technology |
| Intel® PTT | Intel Platform Trust Technology |
| Intel® TSX-NI | Intel Transactional Synchronization Extensions |
| Intel® TXT | Intel Trusted Execution Technology |
| Intel® VT | Intel Virtualization Technology. Processor virtualization, when used in conjunction with Virtual Machine Monitor software, enables multiple, robust independent software environments inside a single platform. |



Table 1-2. Terminology (Sheet 2 of 3)

| Term | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Intel® VT-d | Intel Virtualization Technology (Intel VT) for Directed I/O. Intel VT-d is a hardware assist, under system software (Virtual Machine Manager or OS) control, for enabling I/O device virtualization. Intel VT-d also brings robust security by providing protection from errant DMAs by using DMA remapping, a key feature of Intel VT-d. |
| IOV | I/O Virtualization |
| ISP | Image Signal Processor |
| LFM | Low Frequency Mode. corresponding to the Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology's lowest voltage/frequency pair. It can be read at MSR CEh [47:40]. |
| LLC | Last Level Cache |
| LPDDR3 | Low Power Third-generation Double Data Rate SDRAM memory technology |
| LPM | Low-Power Mode. The LPM Frequency is less than or equal to the LFM Frequency. The LPM TDP is lower than the LFM TDP as the LPM configuration limits the processor to single thread operation |
| LPSP | Low-Power Single Pipe |
| LSF | Lowest Supported Frequency. This frequency is the lowest frequency where manufacturing confirms logical functionality under the set of operating conditions. |
| MCP | Multi Chip Package - includes the processor and the PCH. In some SKUs it might have additional On-Package Cache. |
| MFM | Minimum Frequency Mode. MFM is the minimum ratio supported by the processor and can be read from MSR CEh [55:48]. |
| MLC | Mid-Level Cache |
| NCTF | Non-Critical to Function. NCTF locations are typically redundant ground or non-critical reserved balls/lands, so the loss of the solder joint continuity at end of life conditions will not affect the overall product functionality. |
| OPC | On-Package Cache |
| PAG | Platform Power Architecture Guide (formerly PDDG) |
| PCH | Platform Controller Hub. The chipset with centralized platform capabilities including the main I/O interfaces along with display connectivity, audio features, power management, manageability, security, and storage features. The PCH may also be referred as "chipset". |
| PECI | Platform Environment Control Interface |
| PEG | PCI Express Graphics |
| PL1, PL2, PL3 | Power Limit 1, Power Limit 2, Power Limit 3 |
| Processor | The 64-bit multi-core component (package) |
| Processor Core | The term "processor core" refers to Si die itself, which can contain multiple execution cores. Each execution core has an instruction cache, data cache, and 256-KB L2 cache. All execution cores share the LLC. |
| Processor Graphics | Intel Processor Graphics |
| PSR | Panel Self-Refresh |
| Rank | A unit of DRAM corresponding to four to eight devices in parallel, ignoring ECC. These devices are usually, but not always, mounted on a single side of a SODIMM. |
| SCI | System Control Interrupt. SCI is used in the ACPI protocol. |
| SDP | Scenario Design Power |
| SGX | Software Guard Extension |
| SHA | Secure Hash Algorithm |
| SSC | Spread Spectrum Clock |



Table 1-2. Terminology (Sheet 3 of 3)

| Term | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Storage Conditions | A non-operational state. The processor may be installed in a platform, in a tray, or loose. Processors may be sealed in packaging or exposed to free air. Under these conditions, processor landings should not be connected to any supply voltages, have any I/Os biased, or receive any clocks. Upon exposure to "free air" (that is, unsealed packaging or a device removed from packaging material), the processor should be handled in accordance with moisture sensitivity labeling (MSL) as indicated on the packaging material. |
| STR | Suspend to RAM |
| TAC | Thermal Averaging Constant |
| TCC | Thermal Control Circuit |
| TDP | Thermal Design Power |
| TOB | Tolerance Budget |
| TTV TDP | Thermal Test Vehicle TDP |
| V _{CC} | Processor core power supply |
| V _{CCGT} | Processor Graphics Power Supply |
| V _{CCIO} | I/O Power Supply |
| V _{CCSA} | System Agent Power Supply |
| V _{CCST} | Vcc Sustain Power Supply |
| V _{DDQ} | DDR Power Supply |
| VLD | Variable Length Decoding |
| VPID | Virtual Processor ID |
| V _{SS} | Processor Ground |

1.8 Related Documents

Table 1-3. Related Documents (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Document | Document Number / Location |
|--|---|
| 7th Generation Intel® Processor Families for U/Y-Platforms Datasheet Volume 2 of 2 | 334662 |
| 7th Generation Intel® Processor Families Specification Update | 334663 |
| 7th Generation Intel® Processor Families I/O Platform Datasheet Volume 1 of 2 | 334658 |
| 7th Generation Intel® Processor Families I/O Platform Datasheet Volume 2 of 2 | 334659 |
| Advanced Configuration and Power Interface 3.0 | http://www.acpi.info/ |
| DDR3L SDRAM Specification | http://www.jedec.org |
| LPDDR3 Specification | http://www.jedec.org |
| DDR4 Specification | http://www.jedec.org |
| High Definition Multimedia Interface specification revision 1.4 | http://www.hdmi.org/manufacturer/specification.aspx |
| Embedded DisplayPort* Specification revision 1.4 | http://www.vesa.org/vesa.standards/ |
| DisplayPort* Specification revision 1.2 | http://www.vesa.org/vesa.standards/ |



Table 1-3. Related Documents (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Document | Document Number / Location |
|--|---|
| PCI Express* Base Specification Revision 3.0 | http://www.pcisig.com/specifications |
| Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manuals | http://www.intel.com/products/processor/manuals/index.htm |

§ §

2 Interfaces

2.1 System Memory Interface

- Two channels of DDR3L/-RS, LPDDR3 and DDR4 memory with a maximum of two DIMMs per channel. DDR technologies, number of DIMMs per channel, number of ranks per channel are SKU dependent.
- UDIMM, SO-DIMM, and Memory Down support (based on SKU)
- Single-channel and dual-channel memory organization modes
- Data burst length of eight for all memory organization modes
- DDR3L/-RS I/O Voltage of 1.35V - based on Processor Line
- LPDDR3 I/O voltage of 1.2V
- DDR4 I/O Voltage of 1.2V
- 64-bit wide channels
- Non-ECC UDIMM and SODIMM DDR4/DDR3L/-RS support (based on SKU)
- Theoretical maximum memory bandwidth of:
 - 20.8 GB/s in dual-channel mode assuming 1333 MT/s
 - 25.0 GB/s in dual-channel mode assuming 1600 MT/s
 - 29.1 GB/s in dual-channel mode assuming 1866 MT/s
 - 33.3 GB/s in dual-channel mode assuming 2133 MT/s
 - 37.5 GB/s in dual-channel mode assuming 2400 MT/s

Note: Memory down of all technologies (DDR3L/DDR4/LPDDR3) should be implemented homogeneously, which means that all DRAM devices should be from the same vendor and have the same part number. Implementing a mix of DRAM devices may cause serious signal integrity and functional issues.

2.1.1 System Memory Technology Supported

The Integrated Memory Controller (IMC) supports DDR3L/-RS, LPDDR3 and DDR4 protocols with two independent, 64-bit wide channels.

Table 2-1. Processor DRAM Support Matrix

| Processor Line | DPC ¹ | DDR3L/-RS [MT/s] | DDR4 [MT/s] | LPDDR3 [MT/s] |
|--|------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| U-Processor Line | 1 | 1333/1600 | 1866/2133 | 1600/1866 |
| U-Processor Line (U- 4 Core) | 1 | N/A | 2400 | 1866/2133 |
| Y/AML-Y22 Processor Line | 1 | N/A | N/A | 1600/1866 |
| Notes: 1. DPC = DIMM Per Channel 2. N/A 3. N/A | | | | |



- DDR3L/-RS Data Transfer Rates:
 - 1333 MT/s (PC3-10600)
 - 1600 MT/s (PC3-12800)
 - DDR4 Data Transfer Rates:
 - 1866 MT/s (PC4-1866)
 - 2133 MT/s (PC4-2133)
 - 2400 MT/s (PC4-2400)
 - LPDDR3 Data Transfer Rates:
 - 1600 MT/s
 - 1866 MT/s
 - 2133 MT/s
 - SODIMM Modules:
 - DDR3L/-RS SODIMM/UDIMM Modules:
 - Standard 4-Gb technology and addressing are supported for x8 and x16 devices.
 - DDR4 SODIMM/UDIMM Modules:
 - Standard 4-Gb and 8-Gb technologies and addressing are supported for x8 and x16 devices.
- There is no support for memory modules with different technologies or capacities on opposite sides of the same memory module. If one side of a memory module is populated, the other side is either identical or empty.
- DDR3L/-RS Memory Down: Single and dual rank x8, x16 (based on SKU)
 - DDR4 Memory Down: Single rank x8, x16 (based on SKU)
 - LPDDR3 Memory Down: Single and Dual Rank x32/x64 (based on SKU)

2.1.1.1 DDR3L/-RS Supported Memory Modules and Devices

Table 2-2. Supported DDR3L/-RS Non-ECC SO-DIMM Module Configurations (U-Processor Line)

| Raw Card Version | DIMM Capacity | DRAM Device Technology | DRAM Organization | # of DRAM Devices | # of Ranks | # of Row/Col Address Bits | # of Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| A | 4GB | 4Gb | 256M x 16 | 8 | 2 | 15/10 | 8 | 8K |
| B | 4GB | 4Gb | 512M x 8 | 8 | 1 | 16/10 | 8 | 8K |
| C | 2GB | 4Gb | 256M x 16 | 4 | 1 | 15/10 | 8 | 8K |
| F | 8GB | 4Gb | 512M x 8 | 16 | 2 | 16/10 | 8 | 8K |

Table 2-3. Supported DDR3L/-RS Memory Down Module Configurations (U-Processor Line) (Sheet 1 of 2)

| PKG Type (Dies bits x PKG bits) | Max System Capacity | DRAM Device Technology | DRAM Organization | Die Density | Dies Per Channel | PKGs per channel | # of DRAM Ranks | # of Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| SDP 8x8 | 16GB | 4Gb | 512M x 8 | 4 Gb | 16 | 16 | 1 | 16 | 8K |
| SDP 16x16 | 8GB | 4Gb | 256M x 16 | 4 Gb | 8 | 8 | 1 | 16 | 8K |
| DDP 16x16 | 8GB | 8Gb | 256M x 16 | 4 Gb | 8 | 4 | 2 | 16 | 8K |



Table 2-3. Supported DDR3L/-RS Memory Down Module Configurations (U-Processor Line) (Sheet 2 of 2)

| PKG Type (Dies bits x PKG bits) | Max System Capacity | DRAM Device Technology | DRAM Organization | Die Density | Dies Per Channel | PKGs per channel | # of DRAM Ranks | # of Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| Note: Maximum system capacity is referred to 2 channels populated with 2 ranks per channel. | | | | | | | | | |

2.1.1.2 DDR4 Supported Memory Modules and Devices

Table 2-4. Supported DDR4 Non-ECC SODIMM Module Configurations (U/U-4 Core Processor Line)

| Raw Card Version | DIMM Capacity | DRAM Device Technology | DRAM Organization | # of DRAM Devices | # of Ranks | # of Row/Col Address Bits | # of Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| A | 4GB | 4Gb | 512M x 8 | 8 | 1 | 15/10 | 16 | 8K |
| A | 8GB | 8Gb | 1024M x 8 | 8 | 1 | 16/10 | 16 | 8K |
| B | 8GB | 4Gb | 512M x 8 | 16 | 2 | 15/10 | 16 | 8K |
| B | 16GB | 8Gb | 1024M x 8 | 16 | 2 | 16/10 | 16 | 8K |
| C | 2GB | 4Gb | 256M x 16 | 4 | 1 | 15/10 | 8 | 8K |
| C | 4GB | 8Gb | 512M x 16 | 4 | 1 | 16/10 | 8 | 8K |
| E | 8GB | 4Gb | 512M x 8 | 16 | 2 | 15/10 | 16 | 8K |
| E | 16GB | 8Gb | 1024M x 8 | 16 | 2 | 16/10 | 16 | 8K |

Table 2-5. Supported DDR4 Memory Down Device Configurations (U/U-4 Core Processor Line)

| Max System Capacity | PKG Type (Die bits x PKG bits) | DRAM Organization / PKG Type | PKG Density | Die Density | Die Per Channel | Rank Per Channel | PKGs Per channel | Physical Device Rank | Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 16GB | SDP 8x8 | 512M x 8 | 4Gb | 4Gb | 16 | 2 | 16 | 1 | 16 | 8K |
| 32GB | SDP 8x8 | 1024M x 8 | 8Gb | 8Gb | 16 | 2 | 16 | 1 | 16 | 8K |
| 4GB | SDP 16x16 | 256M x 16 | 4Gb | 4Gb | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 8K |
| 8GB | SDP 16x16 | 512M x 16 | 8Gb | 8Gb | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 8K |
| 16GB | DDP 8x16 | 1024M x 16 | 16Gb | 8Gb | 8 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 16 | 8K |
| Notes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. The maximum system capacity for x8 devices refers to 2 channels, 2 ranks systems | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. The maximum system capacity for x16 devices refers to 2 channels, 1 rank systems | | | | | | | | | | |



2.1.1.3 LPDDR3 Supported Memory Devices

Table 2-6. Supported LPDDR3 x32 DRAMs Configurations (KBL Y/H/U/U-4 Core and AML-Y22 Processor Lines)

| Max System Capacity | PKG Type (Dies bits x PKG bits) | DRAM Organization / PKG Type | Die Density | PKG Density | Dies Per Channel | PKGs Per Channel | Physical Device Rank | Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 2 GB | SDP 32x32 | 128Mx32 | 4 Gb | 4Gb | 2 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 8K |
| 4 GB | DDP 32x32 | 256Mx32 | 4 Gb | 8Gb | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 8K |
| 8 GB | QDP 16x32 | 512Mx32 | 4 Gb | 16Gb | 8 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 8K |
| 4 GB | SDP 32x32 | 256Mx32 | 8 Gb | 8Gb | 2 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 8K |
| 8 GB | DDP 32x32 | 512Mx32 | 8 Gb | 16Gb | 4 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 8K |
| 16 GB | QDP 16x32 | 1024Mx32 | 8 Gb | 32Gb | 8 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 8K |

Notes:
 1. x32 devices are 178 balls.
 2. SDP = Single Die Package, DDP = Dual Die Package, QDP = 4 Die Package

Table 2-7. Supported LPDDR3 x64 DRAMs Configurations (KBL Y/U/U-4 Core and AML-Y22 Processor Lines)

| Max System Capacity | PKG Type (Dies bits x PKG bits) | DRAM Organization / PKG Type | Die Density | PKG Density | Dies Per Channel | PKGs Per Channel | Physical Device Rank | Banks Inside DRAM | Page Size |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 2 GB | DDP 32x64 | 128Mx64 | 4 Gb | 8 Gb | 2 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8K |
| 4 GB | QDP 32x64 | 256Mx64 | 4 Gb | 16 Gb | 4 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 8K |
| 4 GB | DDP 32x64 | 256Mx64 | 8 Gb | 16 Gb | 2 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8K |
| 8 GB | QDP 32x64 | 512Mx64 | 8 Gb | 32 Gb | 4 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 8K |

Notes:
 1. x64 devices are 253 balls.
 2. SDP = Single Die Package, DDP = Dual Die Package, QDP = 4 Die Package

2.1.2 System Memory Timing Support

The IMC supports the following DDR Speed Bin, CAS Write Latency (CWL), and command signal mode timings on the main memory interface:

- tCL = CAS Latency
- tRCD = Activate Command to READ or WRITE Command delay
- tRP = PRECHARGE Command Period
- CWL = CAS Write Latency
- Command Signal modes:
 - 1N indicates a new DDR3L/DDR4 command may be issued every clock
 - 2N indicates a new DDR3L/DDR4 command may be issued every 2 clocks

Table 2-8. DRAM System Memory Timing Support

| DRAM Device | Transfer Rate (MT/s) | tCL (tCK) | tRCD (tCK) | tRP (tCK) | CWL (tCK) | DPC (SODIMM Only) | CMD Mode |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| DDR3L/-RS | 1333 | 8/9 | 8/9 | 8/9 | 7 | 1 or 2 | 1N/2N |
| | 1600 | 10/11 | 10/11 | 10/11 | 8 | 1 or 2 | 1N/2N |
| DDR4 | 1866 | 13/14 | 12/13/14 | 13/14 | 10/12/12 | 1 or 2 | 1N/2N |
| DDR4 | 2133 | 15/16 | 14/15/16 | 15/16 | 11/14/14 | 1 or 2 | 1N/2N |

Table 2-9. DRAM System Memory Timing Support (LPDDR3)

| DRAM Device | Transfer Rate (MT/s) | tCL (tCK) | tRCD (tCK) | tRPpb ¹ (tCK) | tRPab ² (tCK) | CWL (tCK) |
|-------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| LPDDR3 | 1600 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 18 | 9 |
| LPDDR3 | 1866 | 14 | 17 | 17 | 20 | 11 |

Notes:

1. tRPpb = Row Precharge typical time (single bank)
2. tRPab = Row Precharge typical time (all banks)

2.1.3 System Memory Organization Modes

The IMC supports two memory organization modes, single-channel and dual-channel. Depending upon how the DDR Schema and DIMM Modules are populated in each memory channel, a number of different configurations can exist.

Single-Channel Mode

In this mode, all memory cycles are directed to a single channel. Single-Channel mode is used when either the Channel A or Channel B DIMM connectors are populated in any order, but not both.

Dual-Channel Mode – Intel® Flex Memory Technology Mode

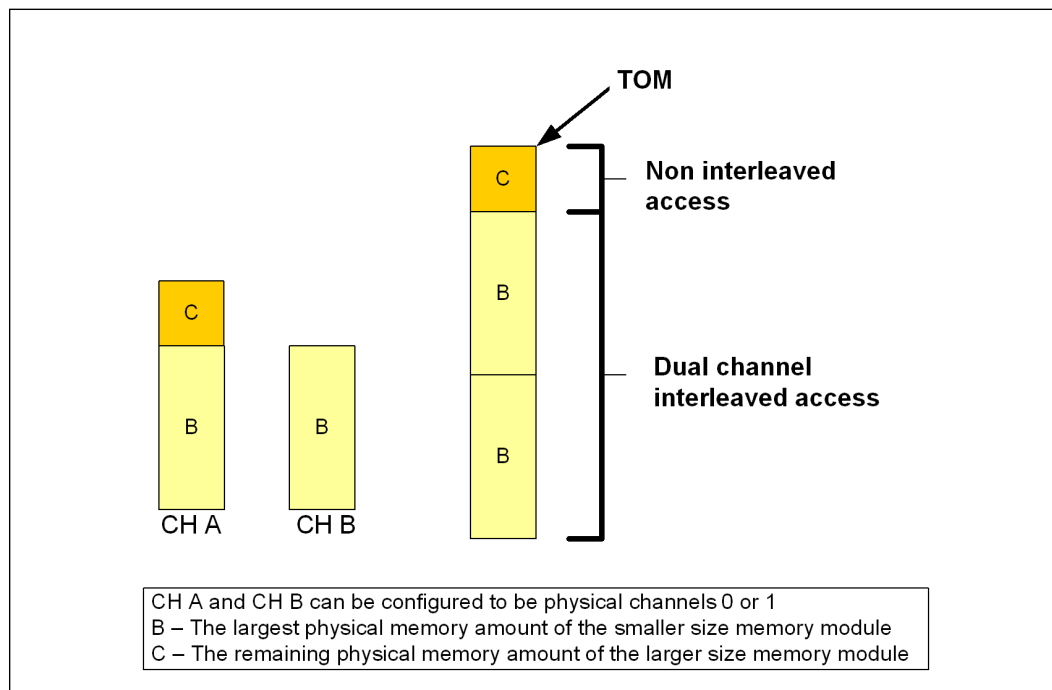
The IMC supports Intel Flex Memory Technology Mode. Memory is divided into a symmetric and asymmetric zone. The symmetric zone starts at the lowest address in each channel and is contiguous until the asymmetric zone begins or until the top address of the channel with the smaller capacity is reached. In this mode, the system runs with one zone of dual-channel mode and one zone of single-channel mode, simultaneously, across the whole memory array.

Note:

Channels A and B can be mapped for physical channel 0 and 1 respectively or vice versa. However, channel A size should be greater or equal to channel B size.



Figure 2-1. Intel® Flex Memory Technology Operations



Dual-Channel Symmetric Mode (Interleaved Mode)

Dual-Channel Symmetric mode, also known as interleaved mode, provides maximum performance on real world applications. Addresses are ping-ponged between the channels after each cache line (64-byte boundary). If there are two requests, and the second request is to an address on the opposite channel from the first, that request can be sent before data from the first request has returned. If two consecutive cache lines are requested, both may be retrieved simultaneously, since they are ensured to be on opposite channels. Use Dual-Channel Symmetric mode when both Channel A and Channel B DIMM connectors are populated in any order, with the total amount of memory in each channel being the same.

When both channels are populated with the same memory capacity and the boundary between the dual channel zone and the single channel zone is the top of memory, IMC operates completely in Dual-Channel Symmetric mode.

Note: The DRAM device technology and width may vary from one channel to the other.

2.1.4 System Memory Frequency

In all modes, the frequency of system memory is the lowest frequency of all memory modules placed in the system, as determined through the SPD registers on the memory modules. The system memory controller supports up to two DIMM connectors per channel. If DIMMs with different latency are populated across the channels, the BIOS will use the slower of the two latencies for both channels. For Dual-Channel modes both channels should have a DIMM connector populated. For Single-Channel mode, only a single channel can have a DIMM connector populated.



2.1.5 Technology Enhancements of Intel® Fast Memory Access (Intel® FMA)

The following sections describe the Just-in-Time Scheduling, Command Overlap, and Out-of-Order Scheduling Intel FMA technology enhancements.

Just-in-Time Command Scheduling

The memory controller has an advanced command scheduler where all pending requests are examined simultaneously to determine the most efficient request to be issued next. The most efficient request is picked from all pending requests and issued to system memory Just-in-Time to make optimal use of Command Overlapping. Thus, instead of having all memory access requests go individually through an arbitration mechanism forcing requests to be executed one at a time, they can be started without interfering with the current request allowing for concurrent issuing of requests. This allows for optimized bandwidth and reduced latency while maintaining appropriate command spacing to meet system memory protocol.

Command Overlap

Command Overlap allows the insertion of the DRAM commands between the Activate, Pre-charge, and Read/Write commands normally used, as long as the inserted commands do not affect the currently executing command. Multiple commands can be issued in an overlapping manner, increasing the efficiency of system memory protocol.

Out-of-Order Scheduling

While leveraging the Just-in-Time Scheduling and Command Overlap enhancements, the IMC continuously monitors pending requests to system memory for the best use of bandwidth and reduction of latency. If there are multiple requests to the same open page, these requests would be launched in a back to back manner to make optimum use of the open memory page. This ability to reorder requests on the fly allows the IMC to further reduce latency and increase bandwidth efficiency.

2.1.6 Data Scrambling

The system memory controller incorporates a Data Scrambling feature to minimize the impact of excessive di/dt on the platform system memory VRs due to successive 1s and 0s on the data bus. Past experience has demonstrated that traffic on the data bus is not random and can have energy concentrated at specific spectral harmonics creating high di/dt which is generally limited by data patterns that excite resonance between the package inductance and on die capacitances. As a result, the system memory controller uses a data scrambling feature to create pseudo-random patterns on the system memory data bus to reduce the impact of any excessive di/dt.

2.1.7 DDR I/O Interleaving

The processor supports I/O interleaving, which has the ability to swap DDR bytes for routing considerations. BIOS configures the I/O interleaving mode before DDR training.

Note: The KBL Y and AML-Y22 Processor Lines package is optimized only for Non-Interleaving (NIL) mode.

There are 2 supported modes:

- Interleave (IL)

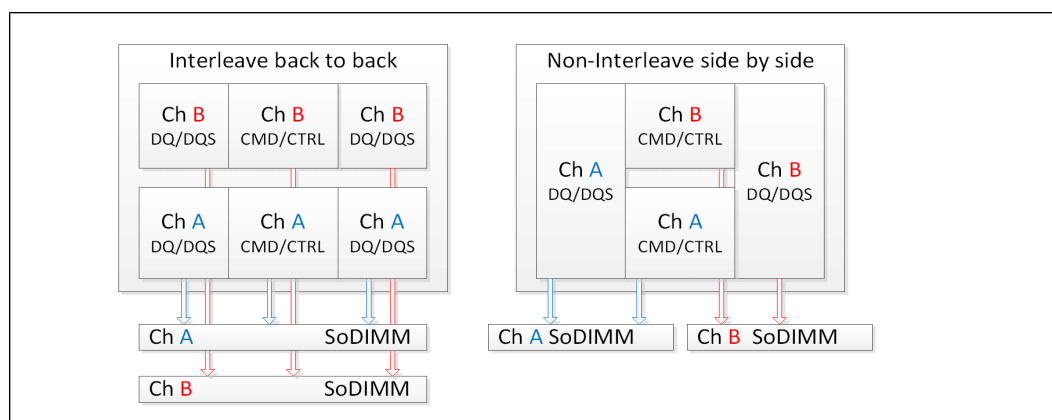
- Non-Interleave (NIL)

The following table and figure describe the pin mapping between the IL and NIL modes.

Table 2-10. Interleave (IL) and Non-Interleave (NIL) Modes Pin Mapping

| IL | | NIL | |
|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| Channel | Byte | Channel | Byte |
| DDR0 | Byte0 | DDR0 | Byte0 |
| DDR0 | Byte1 | DDR0 | Byte1 |
| DDR0 | Byte2 | DDR0 | Byte4 |
| DDR0 | Byte3 | DDR0 | Byte5 |
| DDR0 | Byte4 | DDR1 | Byte0 |
| DDR0 | Byte5 | DDR1 | Byte1 |
| DDR0 | Byte6 | DDR1 | Byte4 |
| DDR0 | Byte7 | DDR1 | Byte5 |
| DDR1 | Byte0 | DDR0 | Byte2 |
| DDR1 | Byte1 | DDR0 | Byte3 |
| DDR1 | Byte2 | DDR0 | Byte6 |
| DDR1 | Byte3 | DDR0 | Byte7 |
| DDR1 | Byte4 | DDR1 | Byte2 |
| DDR1 | Byte5 | DDR1 | Byte3 |
| DDR1 | Byte6 | DDR1 | Byte6 |
| DDR1 | Byte7 | DDR1 | Byte7 |

Figure 2-2. Interleave (IL) and Non-Interleave (NIL) Modes Mapping



2.1.8 Data Swapping

By default, the processor supports on-board data swapping in two manners (for all segments and DRAM technologies):

- byte (DQ+DQS) swapping between bytes in the same channel.
- bit swapping within specific byte.



2.1.9 DRAM Clock Generation

Every supported rank has a differential clock pair. There are a total of four clock pairs driven directly by the processor to DRAM.

2.1.10 DRAM Reference Voltage Generation

The memory controller has the capability of generating the DDR3L/-RS, LPDDR3 and DDR4 Reference Voltage (VREF) internally for both read and write operations. The generated VREF can be changed in small steps, and an optimum VREF value is determined for both during a cold boot through advanced training procedures in order to provide the best voltage to achieve the best signal margins.

2.1.11 Data Swizzling

All Processor Lines does not have die-to-package DDR swizzling.

2.2 Processor Graphics

Note: Processor graphics is not supported on the X-Processor.

The processor graphics is based on Gen 9 LP (generation 9 Low Power) graphics core architecture that enables substantial gains in performance and lower-power consumption over prior generations. Gen 9 LP architecture supports up to 72 Execution Units (EUs) with On-Package Cache depending on the processor SKU.

The processor graphics architecture delivers high dynamic range of scaling to address segments spanning low power to high power, increased performance per watt, support for next generation of APIs. Gen 9 LP scalable architecture is partitioned by usage domains along Render/Geometry, Media, and Display. The architecture also delivers very low-power video playback and next generation analytic and filters for imaging-related applications. The new Graphics Architecture includes 3D compute elements, Multi-format HW assisted decode/encode pipeline, and Mid-Level Cache (MLC) for superior high definition playback, video quality, and improved 3D performance and media.

The Display Engine handles delivering the pixels to the screen. GSA (Graphics in System Agent) is the primary channel interface for display memory accesses and PCI-like traffic in and out.

The display engine supports the latest display standards such as eDP* 1.4, DP* 1.2, HDMI* 1.4, HW support for blend, scale, rotate, compress, high PPI support, and advanced SRD2 display power management.

2.2.1 Operating Systems Support

Windows* 10 x64, OS X, Linux* OS, Chrome* OS.

Note: The processor supports only 64-bit operating systems.



2.2.2 API Support (Windows*)

- Direct3D* 2015, Direct3D 11.2, Direct3D 11.1, Direct3D 9, Direct3D 10, Direct2D
- OpenGL* 4.4
- OpenCL* 2.1, OpenCL 2.0, OpenCL 1.2

DirectX* extensions:

- PixelSync, InstantAccess, Conservative Rasterization, Render Target Reads, Floating-point De-norms, Shared Virtual memory, Floating Point atomics, MSAA sample-indexing, Fast Sampling (Coarse LOD), Quilted Textures, GPU Enqueue Kernels, GPU Signals processing unit. Other enhancements include color compression.

Gen 9 LP architecture delivers hardware acceleration of Direct X* 11 Render pipeline comprising of the following stages: Vertex Fetch, Vertex Shader, Hull Shader, Tessellation, Domain Shader, Geometry Shader, Rasterizer, Pixel Shader, Pixel Output.

2.2.3 Media Support (Intel® QuickSync & Clear Video Technology HD)

Gen 9 LP implements multiple media video codecs in hardware as well as a rich set of image processing algorithms.

Note: All supported media codecs operate on 8 bpc, YCbCr 4:2:0 video profiles.

2.2.3.1 Hardware Accelerated Video Decode

Gen 9 LP implements a high-performance and low-power HW acceleration for video decoding operations for multiple video codecs.

The HW decode is exposed by the graphics driver using the following APIs:

- Direct3D* 9 Video API (DXVA2)
- Direct3D11 Video API
- Intel Media SDK
- MFT (Media Foundation Transform) filters.

Gen 9 LP supports full HW accelerated video decoding for AVC/VC1/MPEG2/HEVC/VP8/JPEG.

Table 2-11. Hardware Accelerated Video Decoding (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Codec | Profile | Level | Maximum Resolution |
|----------|------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| MPEG2 | Main | Main High | 1080p |
| VC1/WMV9 | Advanced | L3 | 3840x3840 |
| | Main | High | |
| | Simple | Simple | |
| AVC/H264 | High Main MVC & stereo | L5.1 | 2160p(4K) |

Table 2-11. Hardware Accelerated Video Decoding (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Codec | Profile | Level | Maximum Resolution |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| VP8 | 0 | Unified level | 1080p |
| JPEG/MJPEG | Baseline | Unified level | 16k x16k |
| HEVC/H265 (8 bits) | Main | L5.1 | 2160(4K) |
| HEVC/H265 (10 bits) | Main BT2020, isolate Dec | L5.1 | 2160(4K) |
| VP9 | 0 (4:2:0 Chroma 8-10bit) | Unified level | 2160(4K) |

Expected performance:

- More than 16 simultaneous decode streams @ 1080p.

Note: Actual performance depends on the processor SKU, content bit rate, and memory frequency. Hardware decode for H264 SVC is not supported.

2.2.3.2 Hardware Accelerated Video Encode

Gen 9 LP implements a high-performance and low-power HW acceleration for video decoding operations for multiple video codecs.

The HW encode is exposed by the graphics driver using the following APIs:

- Intel Media SDK
- MFT (Media Foundation Transform) filters

Gen 9 LP supports full HW accelerated video encoding for AVC/MPEG2/HEVC/VP8/JPEG.

Table 2-12. Hardware Accelerated Video Encode

| Codec | Profile | Level | Maximum Resolution |
|-----------|---|---------------|--------------------|
| MPEG2 | Main | High | 1080p |
| AVC/H264 | High Main | L5.1 | 2160p(4K) |
| VP8 | Unified profile | Unified level | — |
| JPEG | Baseline | — | 16Kx16K |
| HEVC/H265 | Main | L5.1 | 2160p(4K) |
| VP9 | Support 8 bits 4:2:0 BT2020 may be obtained the pre/post processing | — | — |

Note: Hardware encode for H264 SVC is not supported.

2.2.3.3 Hardware Accelerated Video Processing

There is hardware support for image processing functions such as De-interlacing, Film cadence detection, Advanced Video Scaler (AVS), detail enhancement, image stabilization, gamut compression, HD adaptive contrast enhancement, skin tone enhancement, total color control, Chroma de-noise, SFC pipe (Scalar and Format Conversion), memory compression, Localized Adaptive Contrast Enhancement (LACE), spatial de-noise, Out-Of-Loop De-blocking (from AVC decoder), 16 bpc support for de-noise/de-mosaic.



There is support for Hardware assisted Motion Estimation engine for AVC/MPEG2 encode, True Motion, and Image stabilization applications.

The HW video processing is exposed by the graphics driver using the following APIs:

- Direct3D* 9 Video API (DXVA2).
- Direct3D 11 Video API.
- Intel Media SDK.
- MFT (Media Foundation Transform) filters.
- Intel CUI SDK.

Note: Not all features are supported by all the above APIs. Refer to the relevant documentation for more details.

2.2.3.4 Hardware Accelerated Transcoding

Transcoding is a combination of decode video processing (optional) and encode. Using the above hardware capabilities can accomplish a high-performance transcode pipeline. There is not a dedicated API for transcoding.

The processor graphics supports the following transcoding features:

- Low-power and low-latency AVC encoder for video conferencing and Wireless Display applications.
- Lossless memory compression for media engine to reduce media power.
- HW assisted Advanced Video Scaler.
- Low power Scaler and Format Converter.

Expected performance:

- KBL Y and AML-Y22 Processor Lines: 10x 1080p30 RT (previous generation is 5x 1080p30 RT).
- U/U 4 Core Processor Line: 12x 1080p30 RT (same as previous generation).

Note: Actual performance depends on the processor Line, video processing algorithms used, content bit rate, and memory frequency.

2.2.4 Camera Pipe Support

Camera pipe functions such as de-mosaic, white balance, defect pixel correction, black level correction, gamma correction, LGCA, vignette control, Front end Color Space Converter (CSC), Image Enhancement Color Processing (IECP).

2.2.5 Switchable/Hybrid Graphics

The processor supports Switchable/Hybrid graphics.

Switchable graphics: The Switchable Graphics feature allows you to switch between using the Intel integrated graphics and a discrete graphics card. The Intel Integrated Graphics driver will control the switching between the modes. In most cases it will operate as follows: when connected to AC power - Discrete graphic card; when connected to DC (battery) - Intel integrated GFX.

Hybrid graphics: Intel integrated graphics and a discrete graphics card work cooperatively to achieve enhanced power and performance.



Table 2-13. Switchable/Hybrid Graphics Support

| Operating System | Hybrid Graphics | Switchable Graphics ² |
|---|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Windows* 10 (64 bit) | Yes ¹ | N/A |
| Note: 1. Contact your graphics vendor to check for support. 2. Intel does not validate any SG configurations on Windows* 8.1 or Windows* 10. | | |

2.2.6 Gen 9 LP Video Analytics

There is HW assist for video analytics filters such as scaling, convolve 2D/1D, minmax, 1P filter, erode, dilate, centroid, motion estimation, flood fill, cross correlation, Local Binary Pattern (LBP).

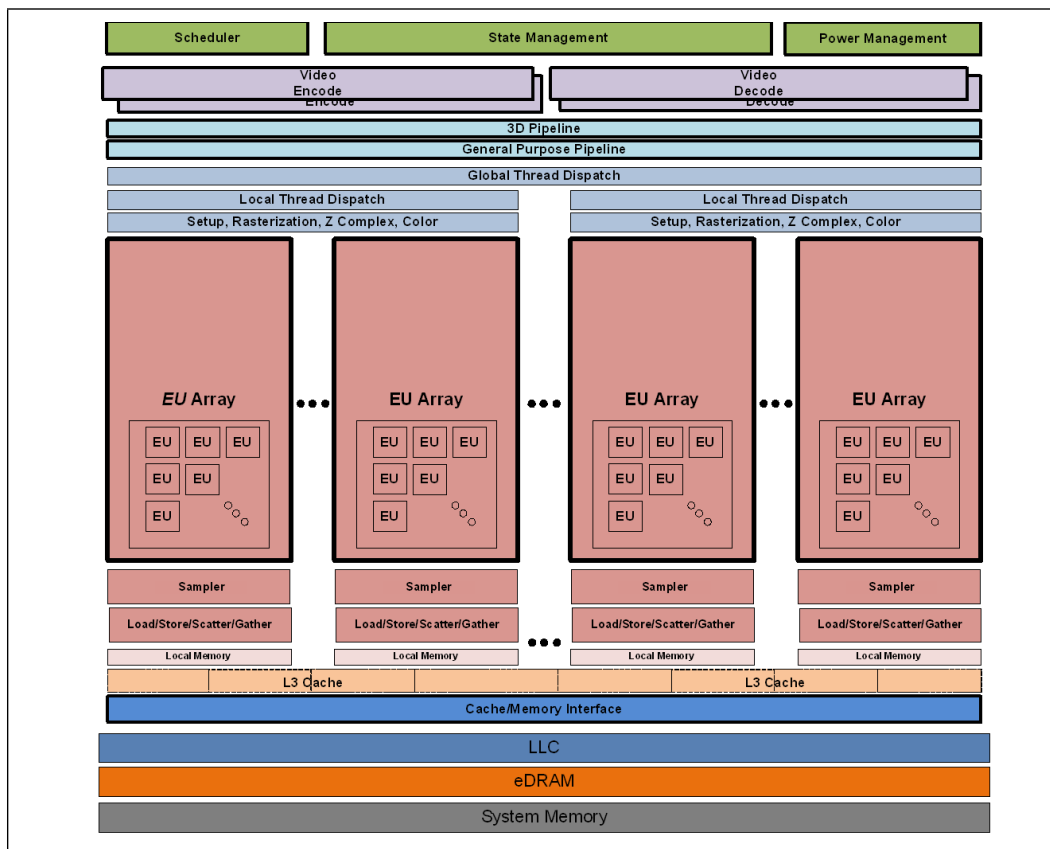
Figure 2-3. Video Analytics Common Use Cases

| Usage | Scaling | Convolve 2D / 1D | MinMax Filter | Erode | Dilate | Centroid | Motion Estimation | Floodfill | Cross Correlation | LBP Creation |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------|------------------|-------|--------|----------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Face Detection | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | | |
| Face Expressions | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | ■ | | | | |
| Face Recognition | ■ | ■ | | | | ■ | | | | ■ |
| Face Tracking | | ■ | ■ | | | | ■ | | | |
| Gesture Detection | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | | ■ | | |
| Gesture Tracking | | ■ | ■ | | | | ■ | | | |
| Scene Identification | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | ■ | | | | |
| 2D to 3D Video | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | | ■ | | | ■ |
| Object Detection | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | ■ | |
| Object Tracking | | ■ | ■ | | | | ■ | | | |
| Video Enhancement | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | |
| Video Segmentation | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | | ■ | | | |
| Visual Search | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | | | | |
| Stereo | ■ | ■ | | | | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| Superes | ■ | ■ | | | | | | | ■ | |



2.2.7 Gen 9 LP (9th Generation Low Power) Block Diagram

Figure 2-4. Gen 9 LP Block Diagram



2.2.8 GT2/3 Graphic Frequency

Table 2-14. GT2/3 Graphics Frequency (KBL U/Y and AML-Y22 Processor Line)

| Segment | GT Unslice | GT Unslice + 1 GT Slice | GT Unslice + 2 GT Slice |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Y-Processor Line and AML Y-Processor Line- 2 Core with GT2 | GT Max Dynamic frequency | [GT Unslice only] - (1or2)BIN | — |
| U-Processor Line- 2 Core with GT2 | GT Max Dynamic frequency | [GT Unslice only] - (1or2)BIN | — |
| U-Processor Line- 2 Core with GT3 and OPC | GT Max Dynamic frequency | [GT Unslice only] - (1or2)BIN | [GT Unslice + 1 Slice] - (1or2)BIN |
| U-Processor Line - 4 Core with GT2 (U-4 Core) | GT Max Dynamic frequency | [GT Unslice only] - (1or2)BIN | — |



2.3 Display Interfaces

The processor supports single eDP* interface and 2 DDI interfaces (depends on segment):

- DDI interface can be configured as DisplayPort* or HDMI*.
- Each DDI can support dual mode (DP++).
- Each DDI can support DVI (DVI max resolution is 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz).
- The DisplayPort* can be configured to use 1, 2, or 4 lanes depending on the bandwidth requirements and link data rate.
- DDI ports notated as: DDI B, C, D.
- Y-Processor /AML-Y22 Processor and U/U- 4 Core Processors support eDP and up to 2 DDI supporting DP/HDMI.
- AUX/DDC signals are valid for each DDI Port. (Two for U/Y and U- 4 Core Processors)
- Total Five dedicated HPD (Hot plug detect signals) are valid for all processor SKUs.

Note: SSC is supported in eDP*/DP for all Processor Lines.

Note: The processor platform supports DP Type-C implementation with additional discrete components.

Table 2-15. VGA and Embedded DisplayPort* (eDP*) Bifurcation Summary

| Port | U/Y-Processor Line |
|--|--------------------|
| eDP - DDIA (eDP lower x2 lanes, [1:0]) | N/A |
| VGA - DDIE ² (DP upper x2 lanes, [3:2]) | N/A |
| Notes: 1. N/A 2. DP-to-VGA converter on the processor ports is supported using external dongle only, display driver software for VGA dongles which configures the VGA port as a DP branch device. | |

The technologies supported by the processor are listed in the following table.

Table 2-16. Embedded DisplayPort (eDP*)/DDI Ports Availability (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Ports | Port Name in VBT | U/U-Quad Core/Y-Processor Line ^{2,3} |
|----------------|------------------|---|
| DDI0 - eDP | Port A | Yes |
| DDI1 | Port B | Yes |
| DDI2 | Port C | Yes |
| DDI3 | Port D | No ⁴ |
| DDI4 - eDP/VGA | Port E | No |



Table 2-16. Embedded DisplayPort (eDP*)/DDI Ports Availability (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Ports | Port Name in VBT | U/U-Quad Core/Y-Processor Line ^{2,3} |
|--|------------------|---|
| <p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Port E is bifurcated from eDP, when VGA is used need to use available AUX (if HDMI is in used). <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For example, DT can use eDP_AUX for VGA converter which is available as free Design but HPD should be used as DDPE_HP3. 3xDDC (DDPB, DDPC, DDPD) are valid for all the processor SKUs (for U/Y and U-Quad Core Processor Line DDC signals description, refer to the PCH Datasheet) (See Related Document section). 5xHPD (PCH) inputs (eDP_HP3, DDPB_HP3, DDPC_HP3, DDPD_HP3, DDPE_HP3) are valid for all processor SKUs. No Port D for Y/U- and U-Quad Core -Processor Line. DDI3_AUX are exists as reserved. VBT provides a configuration option to select the four AUX channels A/B/C/D for a given port, based on how the aux channel lines are connected physically on the board. | | |

Table 2-17. Display Technologies Support

| Technology | Standard |
|---|---|
| eDP* 1.4 | VESA* Embedded DisplayPort* Standard 1.4 |
| DisplayPort* 1.2 | VESA DisplayPort* Standard 1.2 VESA DisplayPort* PHY Compliance Test Specification 1.2 VESA DisplayPort* Link Layer Compliance Test Specification 1.2 |
| HDMI* 1.4¹ | High-Definition Multimedia Interface Specification Version 1.4 |
| <p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> HDMI* 2.0/2.0a support is possible using LS-Pcon converter chip connected to the DP port. The LS-Pcon supports 2 modes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Level shifter for HDMI 1.4 resolutions. DP-HDMI 2.0 protocol converter for HDMI 2.0 resolutions. | |

- The HDMI* interface supports HDMI with 3D, 4Kx2K @ 24 Hz, Deep Color, and x.v.Color.
- The processor supports High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP) for high definition content playback over digital interfaces. HDCP is not supported for eDP.
- The processor supports eDP display authentication: Alternate Scrambler Seed Reset (ASSR).
- The processor supports Multi-Stream Transport (MST), enabling multiple monitors to be used via a single DisplayPort connector.

The maximum MST DP supported resolution for U/U-4 Core/Y-Processors is shown in the following table.

Table 2-18. Display Resolutions and Link Bandwidth for Multi-Stream Transport Calculations (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Pixels per line | Lines | Refresh Rate [Hz] | Pixel Clock [MHz] | Link Bandwidth [Gbps] |
|-----------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 640 | 480 | 60 | 25.2 | 0.76 |
| 800 | 600 | 60 | 40 | 1.20 |
| 1024 | 768 | 60 | 65 | 1.95 |
| 1280 | 720 | 60 | 74.25 | 2.23 |
| 1280 | 768 | 60 | 68.25 | 2.05 |
| 1360 | 768 | 60 | 85.5 | 2.57 |
| 1280 | 1024 | 60 | 108 | 3.24 |
| 1400 | 1050 | 60 | 101 | 3.03 |
| 1680 | 1050 | 60 | 119 | 3.57 |



Table 2-18. Display Resolutions and Link Bandwidth for Multi-Stream Transport Calculations (Sheet 2 of 2)

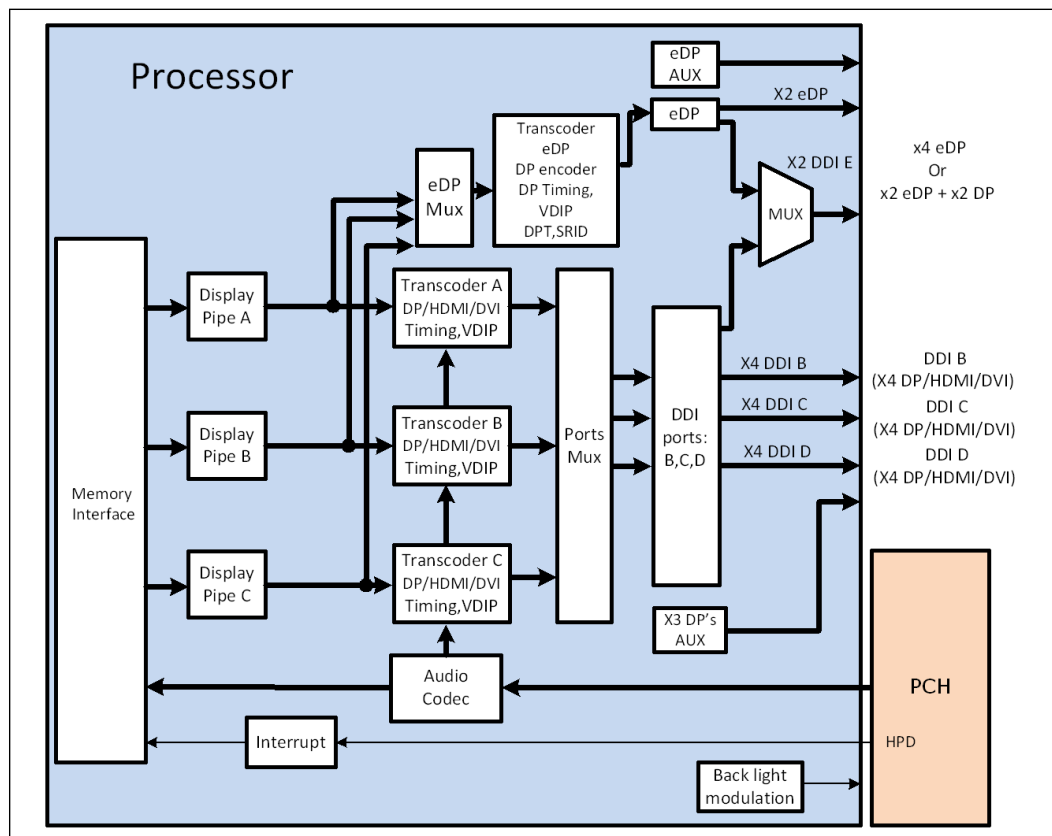
| Pixels per line | Lines | Refresh Rate [Hz] | Pixel Clock [MHz] | Link Bandwidth [Gbps] |
|-----------------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 1920 | 1080 | 60 | 148.5 | 4.46 |
| 1920 | 1200 | 60 | 154 | 4.62 |
| 2048 | 1152 | 60 | 156.75 | 4.70 |
| 2048 | 1280 | 60 | 174.25 | 5.23 |
| 2048 | 1536 | 60 | 209.25 | 6.28 |
| 2304 | 1440 | 60 | 218.75 | 6.56 |
| 2560 | 1440 | 60 | 241.5 | 7.25 |
| 3840 | 2160 | 30 | 262.75 | 7.88 |
| 2560 | 1600 | 60 | 268.5 | 8.06 |
| 2880 | 1800 | 60 | 337.5 | 10.13 |
| 3200 | 2400 | 60 | 497.75 | 14.93 |
| 3840 | 2160 | 60 | 533.25 | 16.00 |
| 4096 | 2160 | 60 | 556.75 | 16.70 |
| 4096 | 2304 | 60 | 605 | 18.15 |

Notes:

- All above is related to bit depth of 24.
- The data rate for a given video mode can be calculated as: $\text{Data Rate} = \text{Pixel Frequency} * \text{Bit Depth}$.
- The bandwidth requirements for a given video mode can be calculated as:
 $\text{Bandwidth} = \text{Data Rate} * 1.25$ (for 8B/10B coding overhead).
- The Table above is partial List of the common Display resolutions, just for example.
 The Link Bandwidth depends if the standards is Reduced Blanking or not.
 If the Standard is Not reduced blanking, the expected Bandwidth will be higher.
 For more details, refer to VESA and Industry Standards and Guidelines for Computer Display Monitor Timing (DMT), Version 1.0, Rev. 13 February 8, 2013
- To calculate the resolutions that can be supported in MST configurations, follow the below guidelines:
 - Identify what is the Link Bandwidth (column right) according the requested Display resolution.
 - Summarize the Bandwidth for Two of three Displays accordingly, and make sure the final result is below 21.6Gbps. (for HBR2, four lanes)
 - For special cases when x2 lanes are used or HBR or RBR used, refer to the tables in Section 2.3.11, "Display Resolution per Link Width" accordingly.
 For examples:
 - Docking Two displays: $3840 \times 2160 @ 60 \text{ Hz} + 1920 \times 1200 @ 60 \text{ Hz} = 16 + 4.62 = 20.62 \text{ Gbps}$ [Supported]
 - Docking Three Displays: $3840 \times 2160 @ 30 \text{ Hz} + 3840 \times 2160 @ 30 \text{ Hz} + 1920 \times 1080 @ 60 \text{ Hz} = 7.88 + 7.88 + 4.16 = 19.92 \text{ Gbps}$ [Supported]
- Consider also the supported resolutions as mentioned in Section 2.3.6, "Multiple Display Configurations (Dual Channel DDR)" and Section 2.3.7, "Multiple Display Configurations (Single Channel DDR)".

- The processor supports only 3 streaming independent and simultaneous display combinations of DisplayPort*/eDP*/HDMI/DVI monitors. In the case where 4 monitors are plugged in, the software policy will determine which 3 will be used.
- Three High Definition Audio streams over the digital display interfaces are supported.
- For display resolutions driving capability, see Maximum Display Resolution table.
- DisplayPort* Aux CH supported by the processor, while DDC channel, Panel power sequencing, and HPD are supported through the PCH.

Figure 2-5. Processor Display Architecture (with 3 DDI ports as an example)



Note: U/U-4 Core/Y Processors only have two DDI ports.

Display is the presentation stage of graphics. This involves:

- Pulling rendered data from memory
- Converting raw data into pixels
- Blending surfaces into a frame
- Organizing pixels into frames
- Optionally scaling the image to the desired size
- Re-timing data for the intended target
- Formatting data according to the port output standard

2.3.1 DisplayPort*

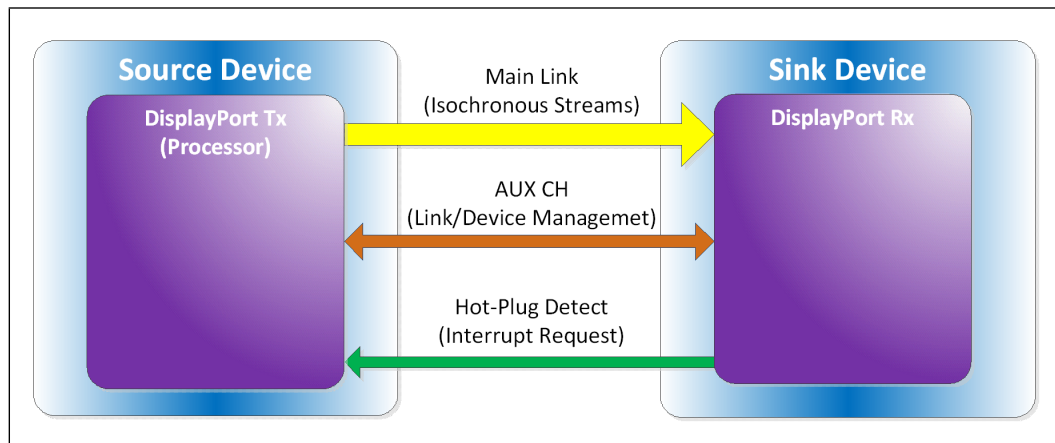
The DisplayPort* is a digital communication interface that uses differential signaling to achieve a high-bandwidth bus interface designed to support connections between PCs and monitors, projectors, and TV displays.

A DisplayPort* consists of a Main Link, Auxiliary channel, and a Hot-Plug Detect signal. The Main Link is a unidirectional, high-bandwidth, and low-latency channel used for transport of isochronous data streams such as uncompressed video and audio. The

Auxiliary Channel (AUX CH) is a half-duplex bidirectional channel used for link management and device control. The Hot-Plug Detect (HPD) signal serves as an interrupt request for the sink device.

The processor is designed in accordance to VESA* DisplayPort* specification. Refer to Table 2-17, "Display Technologies Support".

Figure 2-6. DisplayPort* Overview



2.3.2 High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI*)

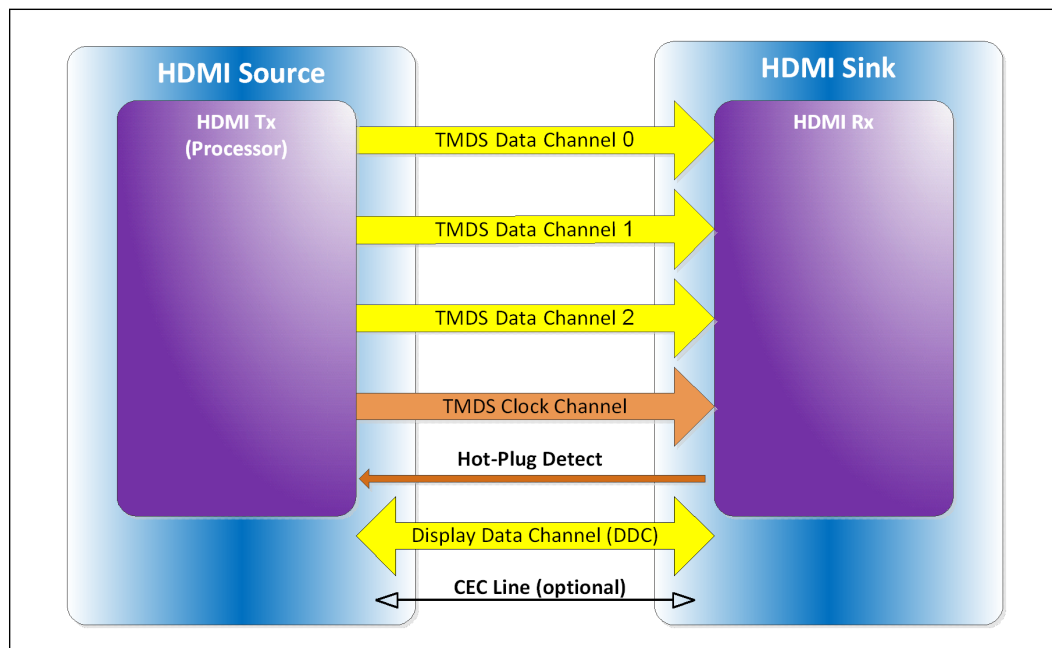
The High-Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI*) is provided for transmitting uncompressed digital audio and video signals from DVD players, set-top boxes, and other audio-visual sources to television sets, projectors, and other video displays. It can carry high-quality multi-channel audio data and all standard and high-definition consumer electronics video formats. The HDMI display interface connecting the processor and display devices uses transition minimized differential signaling (TMDS) to carry audiovisual information through the same HDMI cable.

HDMI includes three separate communications channels: TMDS, DDC, and the optional CEC (consumer electronics control). CEC is not supported on the processor. As shown in the following figure, the HDMI cable carries four differential pairs that make up the TMDS data and clock channels. These channels are used to carry video, audio, and auxiliary data. In addition, HDMI carries a VESA DDC. The DDC is used by an HDMI Source to determine the capabilities and characteristics of the Sink.

Audio, video, and auxiliary (control/status) data is transmitted across the three TMDS data channels. The video pixel clock is transmitted on the TMDS clock channel and is used by the receiver for data recovery on the three data channels. The digital display data signals driven natively through the PCH are AC coupled and needs level shifting to convert the AC coupled signals to the HDMI compliant digital signals.

The processor HDMI interface is designed in accordance with the High-Definition Multimedia Interface.

Figure 2-7. HDMI* Overview



2.3.3 Digital Video Interface (DVI)

The processor Digital Ports can be configured to drive DVI-D. DVI uses TMDS for transmitting data from the transmitter to the receiver, which is similar to the HDMI protocol except for the audio and CEC. Refer to the HDMI section for more information on the signals and data transmission. The digital display data signals driven natively through the processor are AC coupled and need level shifting to convert the AC coupled signals to the HDMI compliant digital signals.

2.3.4 embedded DisplayPort* (eDP*)

The embedded DisplayPort* (eDP*) is an embedded version of the DisplayPort standard oriented towards applications, such as notebook and All-In-One PCs. Like DisplayPort, embedded DisplayPort* also consists of a Main Link, Auxiliary channel, and an optional Hot-Plug Detect signal.

2.3.5 Integrated Audio

- HDMI* and display port interfaces carry audio along with video.
- The processor supports 3 High Definition audio streams on 3 digital ports simultaneously (the DMA controllers are in the PCH).
- The integrated audio processing (DSP) is performed by the PCH, and delivered to the processor using the AUDIO_SDI and AUDIO_CLK inputs pins.
- AUDIO_SDO output pin is used to carry responses back to the PCH.
- Supports only the internal HDMI and DP CODECs.

Table 2-19. Processor Supported Audio Formats over HDMI and DisplayPort*

| Audio Formats | HDMI* | DisplayPort* |
|---|-------|--------------|
| AC-3 Dolby* Digital | Yes | Yes |
| Dolby Digital Plus | Yes | Yes |
| DTS-HD* | Yes | Yes |
| LPCM, 192 kHz/24 bit, 8 Channel | Yes | Yes |
| Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD Master Audio* (Lossless Blu-Ray Disc* Audio Format) | Yes | Yes |

The processor will continue to support Silent stream. Silent stream is an integrated audio feature that enables short audio streams, such as system events to be heard over the HDMI* and DisplayPort* monitors. The processor supports silent streams over the HDMI and DisplayPort interfaces at 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 88.2 kHz, 96 kHz, 176.4 kHz, and 192 kHz sampling rates.

2.3.6 Multiple Display Configurations (Dual Channel DDR)

The following multiple display configuration modes are supported (with appropriate driver software):

- Single Display is a mode with one display port activated to display the output to one display device.
- Intel Display Clone is a mode with up to three display ports activated to drive the display content of same color depth setting but potentially different refresh rate and resolution settings to all the active display devices connected.
- Extended Desktop is a mode with up to three display ports activated to drive the content with potentially different color depth, refresh rate, and resolution settings on each of the active display devices connected.

The digital ports on the processor can be configured to support DisplayPort/HDMI/DVI. The following table shows examples of valid three display configurations through the processor.

Table 2-20. Maximum Display Resolution (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Standard | Y-Processor Line | U/U-Quad Core Processor Line | Notes |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---------|
| eDP* | 2880x1800 @ 60Hz, 24bpp Or 3840x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 3840x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ Or 4096x2304 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 1,2,3,7 |
| DP* | 2880x1800 @ 60Hz, 24bpp Or 3840x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 3840x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ Or 4096x2304 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 1,2,3,7 |
| HDMI* 1.4 (native) | 4096x2160 @ 30 Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 4096x2160 @ 30 Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 1,2,3 |
| HDMI 2.0/2.0a (Via LS-Pcon) | 2880x1800 @ 60Hz, 24bpp Or 3840x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 3840x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ Or 4096x2160 @ 60Hz, 24bpp ⁴ | 1,2,3,6 |



Table 2-20. Maximum Display Resolution (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Standard | Y-Processor Line | U/U-Quad Core Processor Line | Notes |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| Notes: 1. Maximum resolution is based on implementation of 4 lanes with HBR2 link data rate. 2. bpp - bit per pixel. 3. N/A 4. N/A 5. In the case of connecting more than one active display port, the processor frequency may be lower than base frequency at thermally limited scenario. 6. HDMI2.0 implemented using LSPCON device. Only one LSPCON with HDCP2.2 support is supported per platform. 7. Display resolution of 5120x2880@60Hz can be supported with 5K panels displays which have two ports. (with the GFX driver accordingly). | | | |

2.3.7 Multiple Display Configurations (Single Channel DDR)

Table 2-21. Y/AML Y22-Processor Lines Display Resolution Configuration

| Minimum DDR speed [MT/s] | Maximum Resolution (Clone/ Extended mode) | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | eDP @ 60 Hz (Primary) | DP @ 60 Hz / HDMI @ 30 Hz (Secondary 1) | DP @ 60 Hz / HDMI @ 30 Hz (Secondary 2) |
| 1333 | 2880 x 1800 | Not Connected | Not Connected |
| | 2880 x 1800 | 2880 x 1800 | Not Connected |
| | 2880 x 1800 | 2880 x 1800 | 2880 x 1800 |
| Note: This resolution is limited by power. | | | |

Table 2-22. U/U-4 Core Processor Lines Display Resolution Configuration

| Minimum DDR speed [MT/s] | Maximum Resolution (Clone/ Extended mode) | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| | eDP @ 60 Hz (Primary) | DP @ 60 Hz / HDMI @ 30 Hz (Secondary 1) | DP @ 60 Hz / HDMI @ 30 Hz (Secondary 2) |
| 1333 | 3840 x 2160 | Not Connected | Not Connected |
| | 3200 x 1800 | 3840 x 2160 | Not Connected |
| 1600 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 | Not Connected |
| | 2560 x 1440 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 |
| 1866 | 3200 x 1800 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 |
| 2133 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 |
| 2400 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 |

Table 2-23. U/U- 4 Core Processor Lines Display Resolution Configuration (DP @ 30 Hz) (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Minimum DDR speed [MT/s] | Maximum Resolution (Clone/ Extended mode) | | |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | eDP @ 60 Hz (Primary) | DP @ 30 Hz (Secondary 1) | DP @ 30 Hz (Secondary 2) |
| 1333 | 3840 x 2160 | Not Connected | Not Connected |
| | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 | Not Connected |
| | 3200 x 1800 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 |
| 1600 ¹ | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 | 3840 x 2160 |



Table 2-23. U/U- 4 Core Processor Lines Display Resolution Configuration (DP @ 30 Hz) (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Minimum DDR speed [MT/s] | Maximum Resolution (Clone/ Extended mode) | | |
|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | eDP @ 60 Hz (Primary) | DP @ 30 Hz (Secondary 1) | DP @ 30 Hz (Secondary 2) |
| Note: 1. eDP with 3840x2160 @ 60 Hz resolution is very close to maximum limit and may not be supported for U/U-4 Core Processor Line. | | | |

2.3.8 High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection (HDCP)

HDCP is the technology for protecting high-definition content against unauthorized copy or unreceptive between a source (computer, digital set top boxes, and so on) and the sink (panels, monitor, and TVs). The processor supports HDCP 2.2 for 4k Premium content protection over wired displays (HDMI*, DVI, and DisplayPort*).

The HDCP 2.2 keys are integrated into the processor and customers are not required to physically configure or handle the keys. HDCP2.2 for HDMI2.0 is covered by the LSPCON platform device.

Some minor difference will be between Integrated HDCP2.2 over HDMI1.4 compared to the HDCP2.2 over LSPCON in HDMI1.4 Mode. Also, LSPCON is needed for HDMI 2.0a which defines HDR over HDMI.

The HDCP 1.4 keys are integrated into the processor and customers are not required to physically configure or handle the keys.

Table 2-24. HDCP Display supported Implications Table

| Topic | HDCP Revision | Maximum Resolution | HDR ¹ | HDCP Solution ² | BPC ³ | Comments |
|----------|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| DP | HDCP1.4 | 4K@60 | No | iHDCP | 10 bit | Legacy Integrated for HDCP1.4 |
| | HDCP2.2 | 4K@60 | Yes | iHDCP | 10 bit | New Integrated for HDCP2.2 |
| HDMI1.4 | HDCP1.4 | 4K@30 | No | iHDCP | 8 bit | Legacy Integrated for HDCP1.4 |
| | HDCP2.2 | 4K@30 | No | LSPCON | 8 bit | LSPCON HDCP2.2 required |
| | HDCP2.2 | 4K@30 | No | iHDCP ⁴ | 8 bit | New Integrated for HDCP2.2 |
| HDMI2.0 | HDCP2.2 | 4K@60 | No | LSPCON | 12 bit (YUV 420) | LSPCON HDCP2.2 required |
| HDMI2.0a | HDCP2.2 | 4K@60 | Yes | LSPCON | 12 bit (YUV 420) | LSPCON HDCP2.2 required |

Notes:

- HDR - High Dynamic Range feature expands the range of both contrast and color significantly, HDR will be supported on DP and HDMI2.0a configuration only.
- HDCP Solutions:
 - iHDCP - Intel Silicon Integrated HDCP
 - LSPCon - 3rd Party motherboard soldered down solution
- BPC - Bits Per Channel.
- HDMI1.4 with the Integrated HDCP2.2 solution will replace the LSPCON Solution at a later time.
- HDCP2.2 is supported by KBL U/Y and AML Y22-Processors with integrated HDCP2.2 and by U-Processors 2+3e. HDCP2.2 is not supported by Y/U-Processors without integrated HDCP2.2.



2.3.9 Display Link Data Rate Support

Table 2-25. Display Link Data Rate Support

| Technology | Link Data Rate |
|---------------------|--|
| eDP* | RBR (1.62 GT/s) 2.16 GT/s 2.43 GT/s HBR (2.7 GT/s) 3.24 GT/s 4.32 GT/s HBR2 (5.4 GT/s) |
| DisplayPort* | RBR (1.62 GT/s) HBR (2.7 GT/s) HBR2 (5.4 GT/s) |
| HDMI* | 1.65 Gb/s 2.97 Gb/s |

Table 2-26. Display Resolution and Link Rate Support

| Resolution | Link Rate Support | High Definition |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 4096x2304 | 5.4 (HBR2) | UHD (4K) |
| 3840x2160 | 5.4 (HBR2) | UHD (4K) |
| 3200x2000 | 5.4 (HBR2) | QHD+ |
| 3200x1800 | 5.4 (HBR2) | QHD+ |
| 2880x1800 | 2.7 (HBR) | QHD |
| 2880x1620 | 2.7 (HBR) | QHD |
| 2560x1600 | 2.7 (HBR) | QHD |
| 2560x1440 | 2.7 (HBR) | QHD |
| 1920x1080 | 1.62 (RBR) | FHD |

2.3.10 Display Bit Per Pixel (BPP) Support

Table 2-27. Display Bit Per Pixel (BPP) Support

| Technology | Bit Per Pixel (bpp) |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| eDP* | 24,30,36 |
| DisplayPort* | 24,30,36 |
| HDMI* | 24,36 |

2.3.11 Display Resolution per Link Width

Table 2-28. Supported Resolutions¹ for HBR (2.7 Gbps) by Link Width (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Link Width | Max Link Bandwidth [Gbps] | Max Pixel Clock (theoretical) [MHz] | U/Y-Processor Lines |
|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 4 lanes | 10.8 | 360 | 2880x1800 @ 60 Hz, 24bpp |
| 2 lanes | 5.4 | 180 | 2048x1280 @ 60 Hz, 24bpp |



Table 2-28. Supported Resolutions¹ for HBR (2.7 Gbps) by Link Width (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Link Width | Max Link Bandwidth [Gbps] | Max Pixel Clock (theoretical) [MHz] | U/Y-Processor Lines |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 lane | 2.7 | 90 | 1280x960 @ 60 Hz, 24bpp |
| Notes: 1. The examples assumed 60 Hz refresh rate and 24 bpp. | | | |

Table 2-29. Supported Resolutions¹ for HBR2 (5.4 Gbps) by Link Width

| Link Width | Max Link Bandwidth [Gbps] | Max Pixel Clock (theoretical) [MHz] | U/Y-Processor Lines |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 4 lanes | 21.6 | 720 | See "Maximum Display Resolutions" table |
| 2 lanes | 10.8 | 360 | 2880x1800 @ 60 Hz, 24bpp |
| 1 lane | 5.4 | 180 | 2048x1280 @ 60 Hz, 24bpp |
| Notes: 1. The examples assumed 60 Hz refresh rate and 24 bpp. | | | |

2.4 Platform Environmental Control Interface (PECI)

PECI is an Intel proprietary interface that provides a communication channel between Intel processors and external components like Super IO (SIO) and Embedded Controllers (EC) to provide processor temperature, Turbo, Configurable TDP, and memory throttling control mechanisms and many other services. PECI is used for platform thermal management and real time control and configuration of processor features and performance.

2.4.1 PECI Bus Architecture

The PECI architecture is based on a wired OR bus that the clients (as processor PECI) can pull up (with strong drive).

The idle state on the bus is near zero.

The following figures demonstrates PECI design and connectivity:

- PECI Host-Clients Connection: While the host/originator can be third party PECI host and one of the PECI client is a processor PECI device.
- PECI EC Connection.

Figure 2-8. Example for PECE Host-Clients Connection

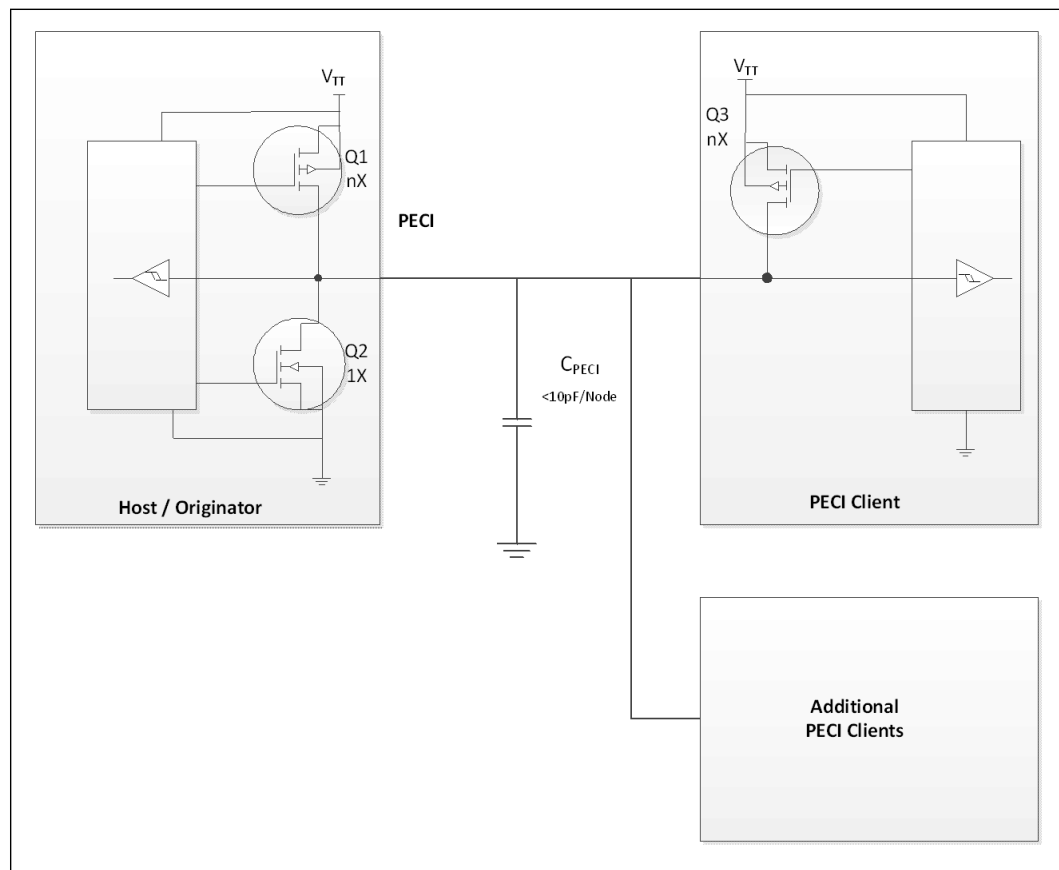
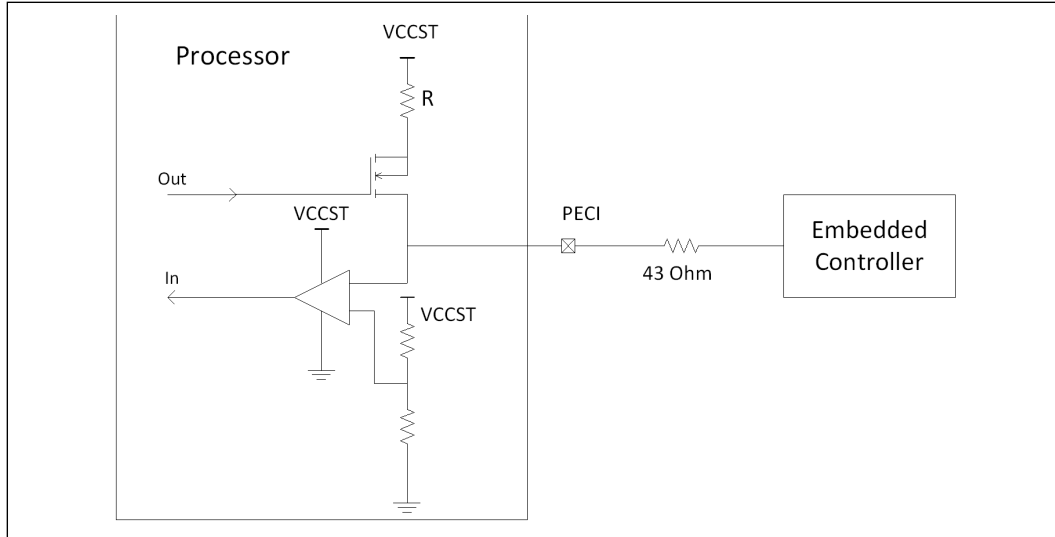


Figure 2-9. Example for PECI EC Connection



§ §



3 Technologies

This chapter provides a high-level description of Intel technologies implemented in the processor.

The implementation of the features may vary between the processor SKUs.

Details on the different technologies of Intel processors and other relevant external notes are located at the Intel technology web site: <http://www.intel.com/technology/>

3.1 Intel[®] Virtualization Technology (Intel[®] VT)

Intel[®] Virtualization Technology (Intel[®] VT) makes a single system appear as multiple independent systems to software. This allows multiple, independent operating systems to run simultaneously on a single system. Intel VT comprises technology components to support virtualization of platforms based on Intel architecture microprocessors and chipsets.

Intel Virtualization Technology (Intel VT) for IA-32, Intel 64 and Intel Architecture (Intel VT-x) added hardware support in the processor to improve the virtualization performance and robustness. Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O (Intel VT-d) extends Intel VT-x by adding hardware assisted support to improve I/O device virtualization performance.

Intel VT-x specifications and functional descriptions are included in the *Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual, Volume 3*. Available at:

<http://www.intel.com/products/processor/manuals/index.htm>

The Intel VT-d specification and other VT documents can be referenced at:

<http://www.intel.com/technology/virtualization/index.htm>

<https://sharedspaces.intel.com/sites/PCDC/SitePages/Ingredients/ingredient.aspx?ing=VT>

3.1.1 Intel[®] Virtualization Technology (Intel[®] VT) for IA-32, Intel[®] 64 and Intel[®] Architecture (Intel[®] VT-X)

Intel[®] VT-x Objectives

Intel VT-x provides hardware acceleration for virtualization of IA platforms. Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can use Intel VT-x features to provide an improved reliable virtualized platform. By using Intel VT-x, a VMM is:

- **Robust:** VMMs no longer need to use para-virtualization or binary translation. This means that VMMs will be able to run off-the-shelf operating systems and applications without any special steps.
- **Enhanced:** Intel VT enables VMMs to run 64-bit guest operating systems on IA x86 processors.
- **More reliable:** Due to the hardware support, VMMs can now be smaller, less complex, and more efficient. This improves reliability and availability and reduces the potential for software conflicts.



- **More secure:** The use of hardware transitions in the VMM strengthens the isolation of VMs and further prevents corruption of one VM from affecting others on the same system.

Intel® VT-x Key Features

The processor supports the following added new Intel VT-x features:

- Extended Page Table (EPT) Accessed and Dirty Bits
 - EPT A/D bits enabled VMMs to efficiently implement memory management and page classification algorithms to optimize VM memory operations, such as defragmentation, paging, live migration, and check-pointing. Without hardware support for EPT A/D bits, VMMs may need to emulate A/D bits by marking EPT paging-structures as not-present or read-only, and incur the overhead of EPT page-fault VM exits and associated software processing.
- EPTP (EPT pointer) switching
 - EPTP switching is a specific VM function. EPTP switching allows guest software (in VMX non-root operation, supported by EPT) to request a different EPT paging-structure hierarchy. This is a feature by which software in VMX non-root operation can request a change of EPTP without a VM exit. Software will be able to choose among a set of potential EPTP values determined in advance by software in VMX root operation.
- Pause loop exiting
 - Support VMM schedulers seeking to determine when a virtual processor of a multiprocessor virtual machine is not performing useful work. This situation may occur when not all virtual processors of the virtual machine are currently scheduled and when the virtual processor in question is in a loop involving the PAUSE instruction. The new feature allows detection of such loops and is thus called PAUSE-loop exiting.

The processor IA core supports the following Intel VT-x features:

- **Mode based (XU/XS) EPT execute control - New Feature for this processor**
 - A new mode of EPT operation which enables different controls for executability of GPA based on Guest specified mode (User/Supervisor) of linear address translating to the GPA. When the mode is enabled, the executability of a GPA is defined by two bits in EPT entry. One bit for accesses to user pages and other one for accesses to supervisor pages.
 - The new mode requires changes in VMCS, and EPT entries. VMCS includes a bit "mode based EPT execute control" which is used to enable/disable the mode. An additional bit in EPT entry is defined as "supervisor-execute access"; the original execute control bit is considered as "user-execute access". If the "mode based EPT execute control" is disabled the additional bit is ignored and the system works with one bit execute control for both user pages and supervisor pages.
 - Behavioral changes - Behavioral changes are across three areas:
 - **Access to GPA-** If the "mode-based EPT execute control" VM-execution control is 1, treatment of guest-physical accesses by instruction fetches depends on the linear address from which an instruction is being fetched
 - 1.If the translation of the linear address specifies user mode (the U/S bit was set in every paging structure entry used to translate the linear address), the resulting guest-physical address is executable under EPT only if the XU bit (at position 2) is set in every EPT paging-structure entry used to translate the guest-physical address.
 - 2.If the translation of the linear address specifies supervisor mode (the U/S bit was clear in at least one of the paging-structure entries used



to translate the linear address), the resulting guest-physical address is executable under EPT only if the XS bit is set in every EPT paging-structure entry used to translate the guest-physical address

—The XU and XS bits are used only when translating linear addresses for guest code fetches. They do not apply to guest page walks, data accesses, or A/D-bit updates

- **VMEntry** - If the “activate secondary controls” and “mode-based EPT execute control” VM-execution controls are both 1, VM entries ensure that the “enable EPT” VM-execution control is 1. VM entry fails if this check fails. When such a failure occurs, control is passed to the next instruction,
 - **VMExit** - The exit qualification due to EPT violation reports clearly whether the violation was due to User mode access or supervisor mode access.
- Capability Querying: IA32_VMX_PROCBASED_CTL2 has bit to indicate the capability, RDMSR can be used to read and query whether the processor supports the capability or not.
- Extended Page Tables (EPT)
 - EPT is hardware assisted page table virtualization
 - It eliminates VM exits from guest OS to the VMM for shadow page-table maintenance
 - Virtual Processor IDs (VPID)
 - Ability to assign a VM ID to tag processor IA core hardware structures (such as TLBs)
 - This avoids flushes on VM transitions to give a lower-cost VM transition time and an overall reduction in virtualization overhead.
 - Guest Preemption Timer
 - Mechanism for a VMM to preempt the execution of a guest OS after an amount of time specified by the VMM. The VMM sets a timer value before entering a guest
 - The feature aids VMM developers in flexibility and Quality of Service (QoS) guarantees
 - Descriptor-Table Exiting
 - Descriptor-table exiting allows a VMM to protect a guest OS from internal (malicious software based) attack by preventing relocation of key system data structures like IDT (interrupt descriptor table), GDT (global descriptor table), LDT (local descriptor table), and TSS (task segment selector).
 - A VMM using this feature can intercept (by a VM exit) attempts to relocate these data structures and prevent them from being tampered by malicious software.

3.1.2 Intel® Virtualization Technology (Intel® VT) for Directed I/O (Intel® VT-d)

Intel® VT-d Objectives

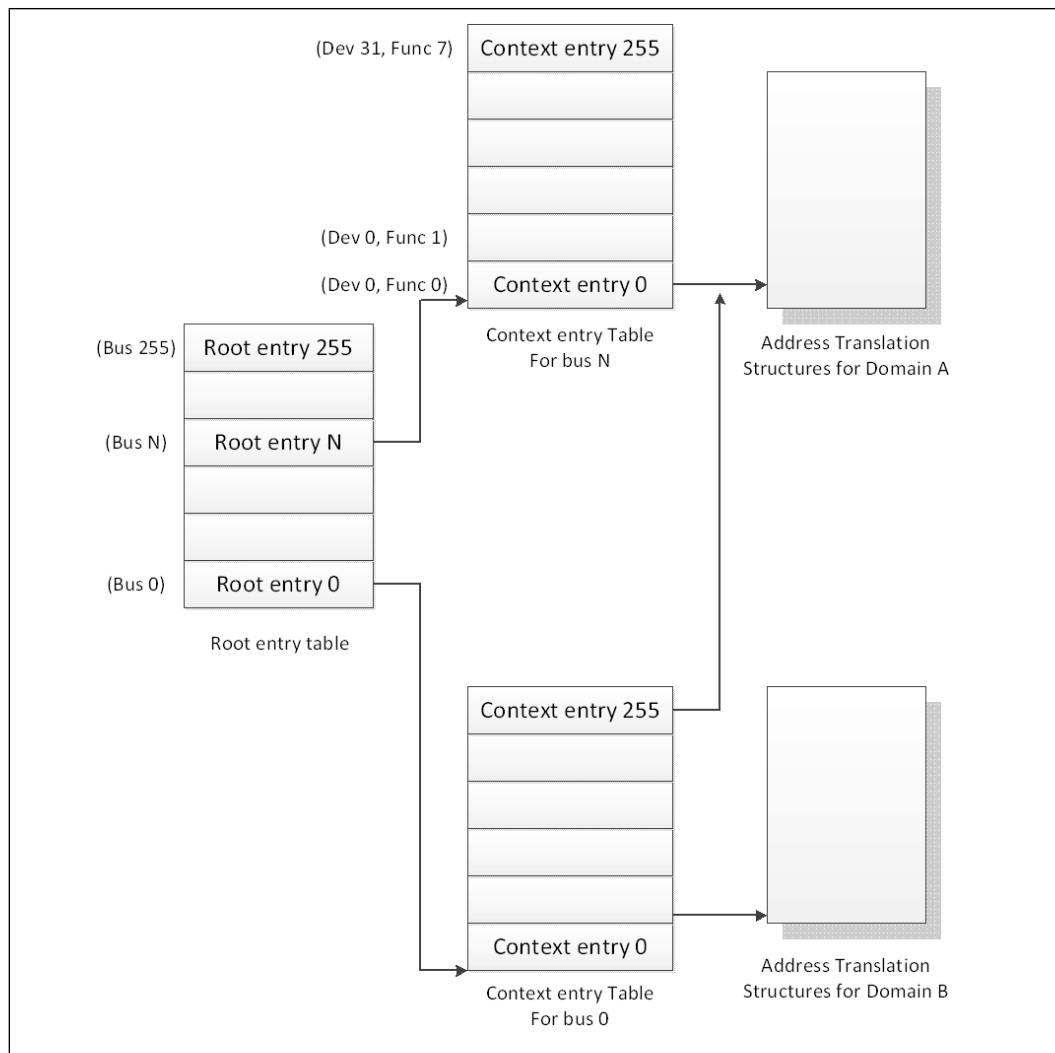
The key Intel VT-d objectives are domain-based isolation and hardware-based virtualization. A domain can be abstractly defined as an isolated environment in a platform to which a subset of host physical memory is allocated. Intel VT-d provides accelerated I/O performance for a virtualized platform and provides software with the following capabilities:

- I/O device assignment and security: for flexibly assigning I/O devices to VMs and extending the protection and isolation properties of VMs for I/O operations.

- DMA remapping: for supporting independent address translations for Direct Memory Accesses (DMA) from devices.
- Interrupt remapping: for supporting isolation and routing of interrupts from devices and external interrupt controllers to appropriate VMs.
- Reliability: for recording and reporting to system software DMA and interrupt errors that may otherwise corrupt memory or impact VM isolation.

Intel VT-d accomplishes address translation by associating transaction from a given I/O device to a translation table associated with the Guest to which the device is assigned. It does this by means of the data structure in the following illustration. This table creates an association between the device's PCI Express* Bus/Device/Function (B/D/F) number and the base address of a translation table. This data structure is populated by a VMM to map devices to translation tables in accordance with the device assignment restrictions above, and to include a multi-level translation table (VT-d Table) that contains Guest specific address translations.

Figure 3-1. Device to Domain Mapping Structures





Intel VT-d functionality, often referred to as an Intel VT-d Engine, has typically been implemented at or near a PCI Express* host bridge component of a computer system. This might be in a chipset component or in the PCI Express functionality of a processor with integrated I/O. When one such VT-d engine receives a PCI Express transaction from a PCI Express bus, it uses the B/D/F number associated with the transaction to search for an Intel VT-d translation table. In doing so, it uses the B/D/F number to traverse the data structure shown in the above figure. If it finds a valid Intel VT-d table in this data structure, it uses that table to translate the address provided on the PCI Express bus. If it does not find a valid translation table for a given translation, this results in an Intel VT-d fault. If Intel VT-d translation is required, the Intel VT-d engine performs an N-level table walk.

For more information, refer to *Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O Architecture Specification* <http://www.intel.com/content/dam/www/public/us/en/documents/product-specifications/vt-directed-io-spec.pdf>

Intel® VT-d Key Features

The processor supports the following Intel VT-d features:

- Memory controller and processor graphics comply with the Intel VT-d 2.1 Specification.
- Two Intel VT-d DMA remap engines.
 - iGFX DMA remap engine
 - Default DMA remap engine (covers all devices except iGFX)
- Support for root entry, context entry, and default context
- 39-bit guest physical address and host physical address widths
- Support for 4K page sizes only
- Support for register-based fault recording only (for single entry only) and support for MSI interrupts for faults
- Support for both leaf and non-leaf caching
- Support for boot protection of default page table
- Support for non-caching of invalid page table entries
- Support for hardware based flushing of translated but pending writes and pending reads, on IOTLB invalidation
- Support for Global, Domain specific and Page specific IOTLB invalidation
- MSI cycles (MemWr to address FEEx_xxxxh) not translated
 - Translation faults result in cycle forwarding to VBIOS region (byte enables masked for writes). Returned data may be bogus for internal agents, PEG/DMI interfaces return unsupported request status
- Interrupt Remapping is supported
- Queued invalidation is supported
- Intel VT-d translation bypass address range is supported (Pass Through)

The processor supports the following added new Intel VT-d features:

- 4-level Intel VT-d Page walk – both default Intel VT-d engine as well as the IGD VT-d engine are upgraded to support 4-level Intel VT-d tables (adjusted guest address width of 48 bits)



- Intel VT-d superpage – support of Intel VT-d superpage (2 MB, 1 GB) for default Intel VT-d engine (that covers all devices except IGD)
IGD Intel VT-d engine does not support superpage and BIOS should disable superpage in default Intel VT-d engine when iGfx is enabled.

Note: Intel VT-d Technology may not be available on all SKUs.

3.2 Security Technologies

3.2.1 Intel[®] Trusted Execution Technology (Intel[®] TXT)

Intel[®] Trusted Execution Technology (Intel[®] TXT) defines platform-level enhancements that provide the building blocks for creating trusted platforms.

The Intel TXT platform helps to provide the authenticity of the controlling environment such that those wishing to rely on the platform can make an appropriate trust decision. The Intel TXT platform determines the identity of the controlling environment by accurately measuring and verifying the controlling software.

Another aspect of the trust decision is the ability of the platform to resist attempts to change the controlling environment. The Intel TXT platform will resist attempts by software processes to change the controlling environment or bypass the bounds set by the controlling environment.

Intel TXT is a set of extensions designed to provide a measured and controlled launch of system software that will then establish a protected environment for itself and any additional software that it may execute.

These extensions enhance two areas:

- The launching of the Measured Launched Environment (MLE).
- The protection of the MLE from potential corruption.

The enhanced platform provides these launch and control interfaces using Safer Mode Extensions (SMX).

The SMX interface includes the following functions:

- Measured/Verified launch of the MLE.
- Mechanisms to ensure the above measurement is protected and stored in a secure location.
- Protection mechanisms that allow the MLE to control attempts to modify itself.

The processor also offers additional enhancements to System Management Mode (SMM) architecture for enhanced security and performance. The processor provides new MSRs to:

- Enable a second SMM range
- Enable SMM code execution range checking
- Select whether SMM Save State is to be written to legacy SMRAM or to MSRs
- Determine if a thread is going to be delayed entering SMM
- Determine if a thread is blocked from entering SMM
- Targeted SMI, enable/disable threads from responding to SMIs, both VLWs and IPI



For the above features, BIOS should test the associated capability bit before attempting to access any of the above registers.

For more information, refer to the *Intel® Trusted Execution Technology Measured Launched Environment Programming Guide*

Note: Intel TXT Technology may not be available on all SKUs.

3.2.2 Intel® Advanced Encryption Standard New Instructions (Intel® AES-NI)

The processor supports Intel Advanced Encryption Standard New Instructions (Intel AES-NI) that are a set of Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instructions that enable fast and secure data encryption and decryption based on the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). Intel AES-NI are valuable for a wide range of cryptographic applications, such as applications that perform bulk encryption/decryption, authentication, random number generation, and authenticated encryption. AES is broadly accepted as the standard for both government and industry applications, and is widely deployed in various protocols.

Intel AES-NI consists of six Intel SSE instructions. Four instructions, AESENC, AESENCLAST, AESDEC, and AESDELAST facilitate high performance AES encryption and decryption. The other two, AESIMC and AESKEYGENASSIST, support the AES key expansion procedure. Together, these instructions provide full hardware for supporting AES; offering security, high performance, and a great deal of flexibility.

Note: Intel AES-NI Technology may not be available on all SKUs.

3.2.3 PCLMULQDQ (Perform Carry-Less Multiplication Quad word) Instruction

The processor supports the carry-less multiplication instruction, PCLMULQDQ. PCLMULQDQ is a Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) instruction that computes the 128-bit carry-less multiplication of two 64-bit operands without generating and propagating carries. Carry-less multiplication is an essential processing component of several cryptographic systems and standards. Hence, accelerating carry-less multiplication can significantly contribute to achieving high speed secure computing and communication.

3.2.4 Intel® Secure Key

The processor supports Intel Secure Key (formerly known as Digital Random Number Generator (DRNG)), a software visible random number generation mechanism supported by a high quality entropy source. This capability is available to programmers through the RDRAND instruction. The resultant random number generation capability is designed to comply with existing industry standards in this regard (ANSI X9.82 and NIST SP 800-90).

Some possible usages of the RDRAND instruction include cryptographic key generation as used in a variety of applications, including communication, digital signatures, secure storage, and so on.

3.2.5 Execute Disable Bit

The Execute Disable Bit allows memory to be marked as non-executable when combined with a supporting operating system. If code attempts to run in non-executable memory, the processor raises an error to the operating system. This feature can prevent some classes of viruses or worms that exploit buffer overrun vulnerabilities and can, thus, help improve the overall security of the system.

See the *Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manuals* for more detailed information.

3.2.6 Boot Guard Technology

Boot Guard technology is a part of boot integrity protection technology. Boot Guard can help protect the platform boot integrity by preventing execution of unauthorized boot blocks. With Boot Guard, platform manufacturers can create boot policies such that invocation of an unauthorized (or untrusted) boot block will trigger the platform protection per the manufacturer's defined policy.

With verification based in the hardware, Boot Guard extends the trust boundary of the platform boot process down to the hardware level.

Boot Guard accomplishes this by:

- Providing of hardware-based Static Root of Trust for Measurement (S-RTM) and the Root of Trust for Verification (RTV) using Intel architectural components.
- Providing of architectural definition for platform manufacturer Boot Policy.
- Enforcing of manufacture provided Boot Policy using Intel architectural components.

Benefits of this protection is that Boot Guard can help maintain platform integrity by preventing re-purposing of the manufacturer's hardware to run an unauthorized software stack.

3.2.7 Intel® Supervisor Mode Execution Protection (SMEP)

Intel® Supervisor Mode Execution Protection (SMEP) is a mechanism that provides the next level of system protection by blocking malicious software attacks from user mode code when the system is running in the highest privilege level. This technology helps to protect from virus attacks and unwanted code from harming the system. For more information, refer to *Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual, Volume 3A* at: <http://www.intel.com/Assets/PDF/manual/253668.pdf>

3.2.8 Intel® Supervisor Mode Access Protection (SMAP)

Intel® Supervisor Mode Access Protection (SMAP) is a mechanism that provides next level of system protection by blocking a malicious user from tricking the operating system into branching off user data. This technology shuts down very popular attack vectors against operating systems.

For more information, refer to the *Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual, Volume 3A*: <http://www.intel.com/Assets/PDF/manual/253668.pdf>



3.2.9 Intel[®] Memory Protection Extensions (Intel[®] MPX)

Intel[®] MPX provides hardware accelerated mechanism for memory testing (heap and stack) buffer boundaries in order to identify buffer overflow attacks.

An Intel MPX enabled compiler inserts new instructions that tests memory boundaries prior to a buffer access. Other Intel MPX commands are used to modify a database of memory regions used by the boundary checker instructions.

The Intel MPX ISA is designed for backward compatibility and will be treated as no-operation instructions (NOPs) on older processors.

Intel MPX can be used for:

- Efficient runtime memory boundary checks for security-sensitive portions of the application.
- As part of a memory checker tool for finding difficult memory access errors. Intel MPX is significantly of magnitude faster than software implementations.

Intel MPX emulation (without hardware acceleration) is available with the Intel C++ Compiler 13.0 or newer.

For more information, refer to the Intel MPX documentation.

3.2.10 Intel[®] Software Guard Extensions (Intel[®] SGX)

Software Guard Extensions (SGX) is a processor enhancement designed to help protect application integrity and confidentiality of secrets and withstands software and certain hardware attacks.

Software Guard Extensions (SGX) creates and operates in protected regions of memory named Enclaves.

Enclave code can be accessed using new special ISA commands that jump into per Enclave predefined addresses. Data within an Enclave can only be accessed from that same Enclave code.

The latter security statements hold under all privilege levels including supervisor mode (ring-0), System Management Mode (SMM) and other Enclaves.

Software Guard Extensions (SGX) features a memory encryption engine that both encrypt Enclave memory as well as protect it from corruption and replay attacks.

Software Guard Extensions (SGX) benefits over alternative Trusted Execution Environments (TEEs) are:

- Enclaves are written using C/C++ using industry standard build tools.
- High processing power as they run on the processor.
- Large amount of memory are available as well as non-volatile storage (such as disk drives).
- Simple to maintain and debug using standard IDEs (Integrated Development Environment)
- Scalable to a larger number of applications and vendors running concurrently

For more information, refer to the [Intel[®] SGX Website](#).



3.2.11 Intel® Virtualization Technology (Intel® VT) for Directed I/O (Intel® VT-d)

Refer to Section 3.1.2, “Intel® Virtualization Technology (Intel® VT) for Directed I/O (Intel® VT-d)” Intel VT-d for detail.

3.3 Power and Performance Technologies

3.3.1 Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology (Intel® HT Technology)

The processor supports Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology (Intel® HT Technology) that allows an execution processor IA core to function as two logical processors. While some execution resources such as caches, execution units, and buses are shared, each logical processor has its own architectural state with its own set of general-purpose registers and control registers. This feature should be enabled using the BIOS and requires operating system support.

Note: Intel HT Technology may not be available on all SKUs.

3.3.2 Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0

The Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 allows the processor IA core / processor graphics core to opportunistically and automatically run faster than the processor IA core base frequency / processor graphics base frequency if it is operating below power, temperature, and current limits. The Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 feature is designed to increase performance of both multi-threaded and single-threaded workloads.

Compared with previous generation products, Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 will increase the ratio of application power towards TDP and also allows to increase power above TDP as high as PL2 for short periods of time. Thus, thermal solutions and platform cooling that are designed to less than thermal design guidance might experience thermal and performance issues since more applications will tend to run at the maximum power limit for significant periods of time.

Note: Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 may not be available on all SKUs.

3.3.2.1 Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 Frequency

To determine the highest performance frequency amongst active processor IA cores, the processor takes the following into consideration:

- The number of processor IA cores operating in the C0 state.
- The estimated processor IA core current consumption and I_{CCMax} register settings.
- The estimated package prior and present power consumption and turbo power limits.
- The package temperature.
- Sustained turbo residencies at high voltages and temperature.



Any of these factors can affect the maximum frequency for a given workload. If the power, current, Voltage or thermal limit is reached, the processor will automatically reduce the frequency to stay within the PL1 value. Turbo processor frequencies are only active if the operating system is requesting the P0 state. If turbo frequencies are limited the cause is logged in IA_PERF_LIMIT_REASONS register. For more information on P-states and C-states, see [Chapter 4, "Power Management"](#).

3.3.3 Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 2 (Intel® AVX2)

Intel® Advanced Vector Extensions 2.0 (Intel® AVX2) is the latest expansion of the Intel instruction set. Intel AVX2 extends the Intel Advanced Vector Extensions (Intel AVX) with 256-bit integer instructions, floating-point fused multiply add (FMA) instructions, and gather operations. The 256-bit integer vectors benefit math, codec, image, and digital signal processing software. FMA improves performance in face detection, professional imaging, and high performance computing. Gather operations increase vectorization opportunities for many applications. In addition to the vector extensions, this generation of Intel processors adds new bit manipulation instructions useful in compression, encryption, and general purpose software.

For more information on Intel AVX, see <http://www.intel.com/software/avx>

Intel Advanced Vector Extensions (Intel AVX) are designed to achieve higher throughput to certain integer and floating point operation. Due to varying processor power characteristics, utilizing AVX instructions may cause a) parts to operate below the base frequency b) some parts with Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 to not achieve any or maximum turbo frequencies. Performance varies depending on hardware, software and system configuration and you should consult your system manufacturer for more information. Intel Advanced Vector Extensions refers to Intel AVX, Intel AVX2 or Intel AVX-512.

For more information on Intel AVX, see <http://www-ssl.intel.com/content/www/us/en/architecture-and-technology/turbo-boost/turbo-boost-technology.html>

Note: Intel AVX2 Technology may not be available on all SKUs.

3.3.4 Intel® 64 Architecture x2APIC

The x2APIC architecture extends the xAPIC architecture that provides key mechanisms for interrupt delivery. This extension is primarily intended to increase processor addressability.

Specifically, x2APIC:

- Retains all key elements of compatibility to the xAPIC architecture:
 - Delivery modes
 - Interrupt and processor priorities
 - Interrupt sources
 - Interrupt destination types
- Provides extensions to scale processor addressability for both the logical and physical destination modes
- Adds new features to enhance performance of interrupt delivery
- Reduces complexity of logical destination mode interrupt delivery on link based architectures

The key enhancements provided by the x2APIC architecture over xAPIC are the following:

- Support for two modes of operation to provide backward compatibility and extensibility for future platform innovations:
 - In xAPIC compatibility mode, APIC registers are accessed through memory mapped interface to a 4K-Byte page, identical to the xAPIC architecture.
 - In x2APIC mode, APIC registers are accessed through Model Specific Register (MSR) interfaces. In this mode, the x2APIC architecture provides significantly increased processor addressability and some enhancements on interrupt delivery.
- Increased range of processor addressability in x2APIC mode:
 - Physical xAPIC ID field increases from 8 bits to 32 bits, allowing for interrupt processor addressability up to 4G-1 processors in physical destination mode. A processor implementation of x2APIC architecture can support fewer than 32-bits in a software transparent fashion.
 - Logical xAPIC ID field increases from 8 bits to 32 bits. The 32-bit logical x2APIC ID is partitioned into two sub-fields – a 16-bit cluster ID and a 16-bit logical ID within the cluster. Consequently, $(2^{20} - 16)$ processors can be addressed in logical destination mode. Processor implementations can support fewer than 16 bits in the cluster ID sub-field and logical ID sub-field in a software agnostic fashion.
- More efficient MSR interface to access APIC registers:
 - To enhance inter-processor and self-directed interrupt delivery as well as the ability to virtualize the local APIC, the APIC register set can be accessed only through MSR-based interfaces in x2APIC mode. The Memory Mapped IO (MMIO) interface used by xAPIC is not supported in x2APIC mode.
- The semantics for accessing APIC registers have been revised to simplify the programming of frequently-used APIC registers by system software. Specifically, the software semantics for using the Interrupt Command Register (ICR) and End Of Interrupt (EOI) registers have been modified to allow for more efficient delivery and dispatching of interrupts.
- The x2APIC extensions are made available to system software by enabling the local x2APIC unit in the “x2APIC” mode. To benefit from x2APIC capabilities, a new operating system and a new BIOS are both needed, with special support for x2APIC mode.
- The x2APIC architecture provides backward compatibility to the xAPIC architecture and forward extendible for future Intel platform innovations.

Note: Intel x2APIC Technology may not be available on all SKUs.

For more information, see the Intel® 64 Architecture x2APIC Specification at <http://www.intel.com/products/processor/manuals/>.

3.3.5 Power Aware Interrupt Routing (PAIR)

The processor includes enhanced power-performance technology that routes interrupts to threads or processor IA cores based on their sleep states. As an example, for energy savings, it routes the interrupt to the active processor IA cores without waking the deep idle processor IA cores. For performance, it routes the interrupt to the idle (C1) processor IA cores without interrupting the already heavily loaded processor IA cores. This enhancement is mostly beneficial for high-interrupt scenarios like Gigabit LAN, WLAN peripherals, and so on.



3.3.6 Intel® Transactional Synchronization Extensions (Intel® TSX-NI)

Intel® Transactional Synchronization Extensions (Intel® TSX-NI) provides a set of instruction set extensions that allow programmers to specify regions of code for transactional synchronization. Programmers can use these extensions to achieve the performance of fine-grain locking while actually programming using coarse-grain locks. Details on Intel TSX-NI may be found in *Intel® Architecture Instruction Set Extensions Programming Reference*.

Note: Intel TSX-NI may not be available on all SKUs.

3.4 Intel® Image Signal Processor (Intel® ISP)

3.4.1 Platform Imaging Infrastructure

The imaging infrastructure is based on a number of hardware components as shown in [Figure 3-3, "Platform Imaging Infrastructure"](#). The three major components of the system are:

- **Camera SubSystem:** Located in the lid of the system and contains CMOS sensor, flash, LED, I/O interface (MIPI* CSI-2 and I²C*), Focus control and other components.
- **Camera I/O controller:** The I/O controller is located in the PCH and contains a MIPI-CSI2 Host controller. The host controller is a PCI device (independent of the ISP device). The CSI-2 HCI brings imaging data from an external imager into the system and provides a command and control channel for the imager using I²C.
- **Intel ISP (Image Signal Processor):** The ISP processes the images captured by Bayer sensors to be used by still or video applications (such as, JPEG, H.264, and so on).

Figure 3-2. Processor Camera System

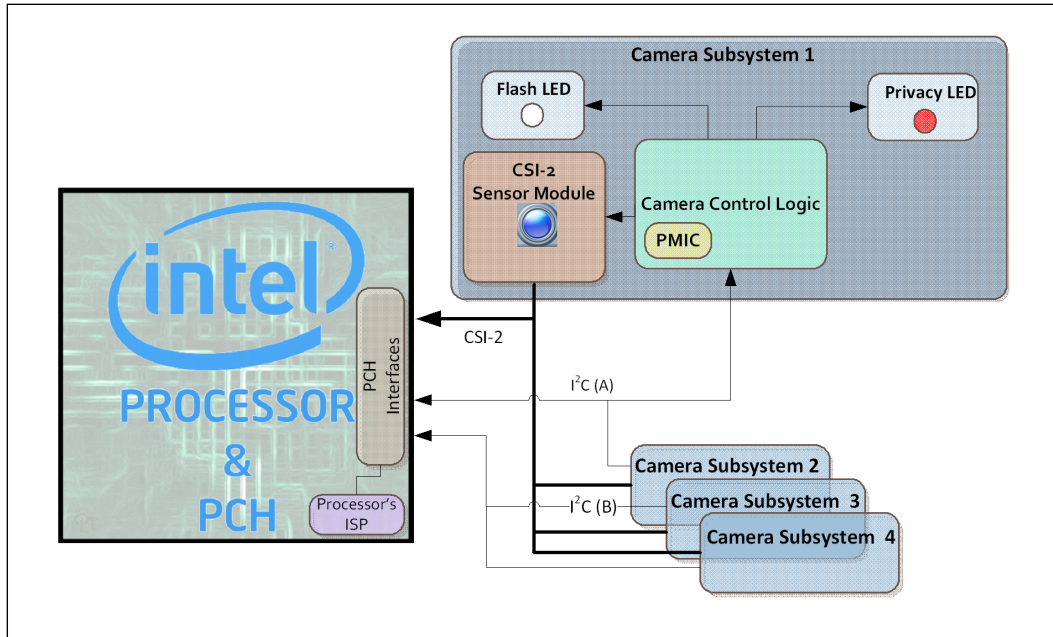
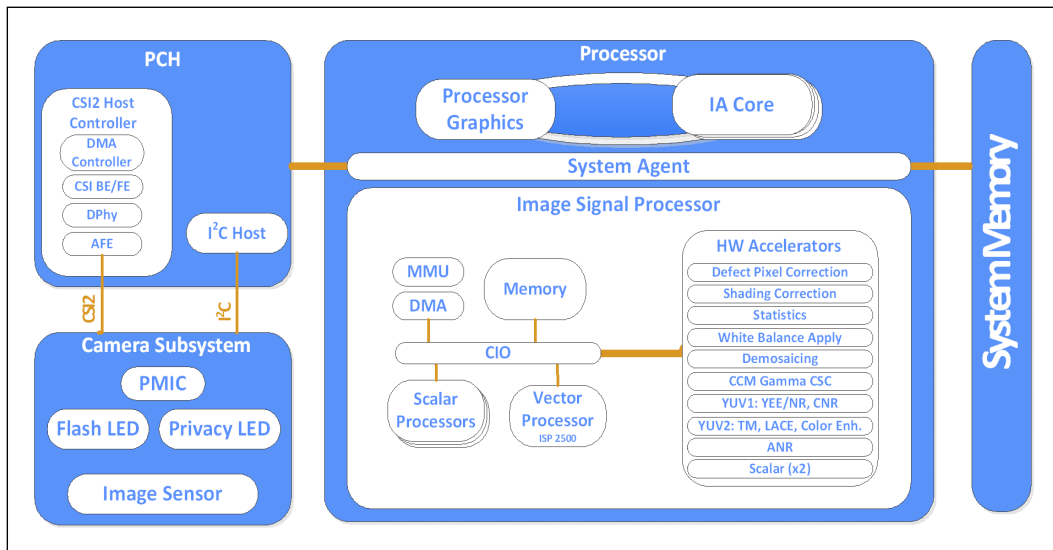


Figure 3-3. Platform Imaging Infrastructure



3.4.2 Intel® Image Signal Processor (Intel® ISP)

The Intel ISP is an embedded camera subsystem hardware component on the processor, it processes video and still images at high quality with a low-power cost by leveraging a programmable VLIW (very-long-instruction-word) SIMD vector processor, a hardware fixed function pipe (accelerators), two scalar processor, and more. The mix of hardware accelerators and compute capabilities allows the flexibility and patchability that are required for late changes and allowing the unit to support future sensor technologies while remaining in an optimized power performance point.



3.5 Debug Technologies

3.5.1 Intel® Processor Trace

Intel® Processor Trace (Intel® PT) is a new tracing capability added to Intel Architecture, for use in software debug and profiling. Intel PT provides the capability for more precise software control flow and timing information, with limited impact to software execution. This provides enhanced ability to debug software crashes, hangs, or other anomalies, as well as responsiveness and short-duration performance issues.

Intel VTune™ Amplifier for Systems and the Intel System Debugger are part of Intel System Studio 2015, which includes updates for new debug and trace features on this latest platform, including Intel PT and Intel Trace Hub.

§ §



4 Power Management

This chapter provides information on the following power management topics:

- Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) States
- Processor IA Core Power Management
- Integrated Memory Controller (IMC) Power Management
- Processor Graphics Power Management



Figure 4-1. Processor Power States

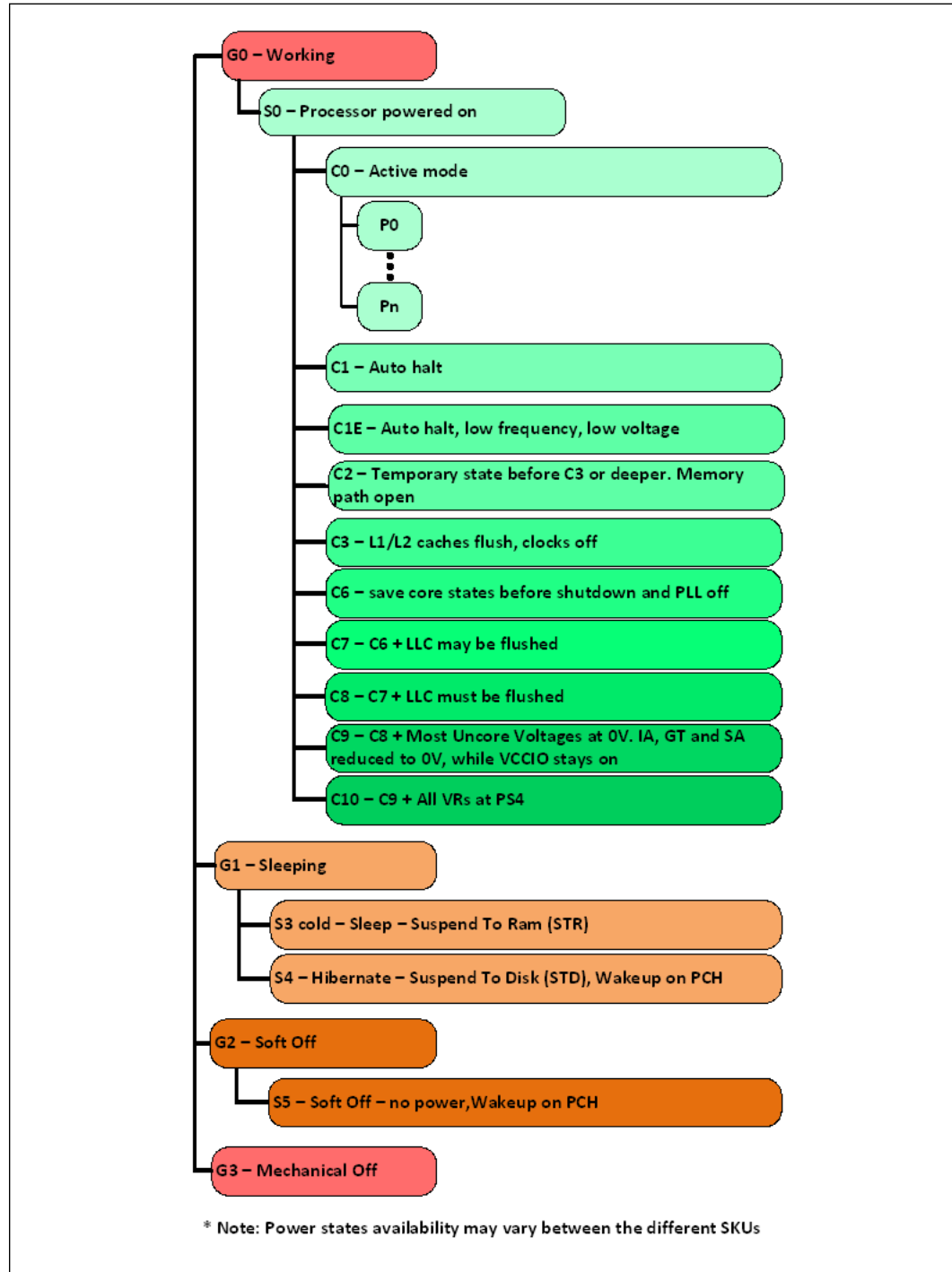
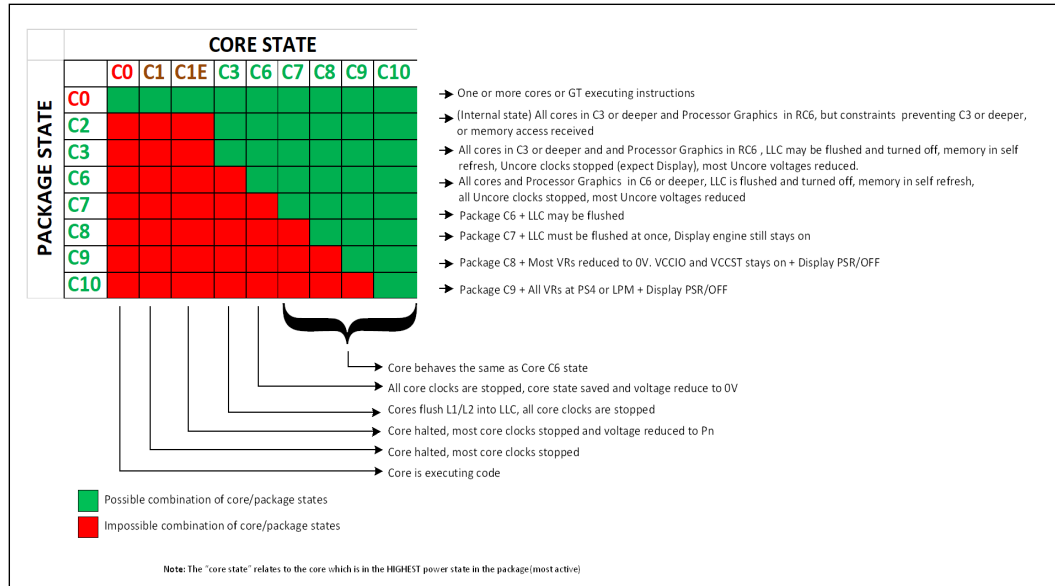


Figure 4-2. Processor Package and IA Core C-States



Note: If the Platform does not support Modern Standby (Previously known as Connected Standby) and does not support PS4, it is recommended to limit the package state to package C9 (Better power).

4.1 Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) States Supported

This section describes the ACPI states supported by the processor.

Table 4-1. System States

| State | Description |
|------------|---|
| G0/S0 | Full On |
| G1/S3-Cold | Suspend-to-RAM (STR). Context saved to memory (S3-Hot is not supported by the processor). |
| G1/S4 | Suspend-to-Disk (STD). All power lost (except wake-up on PCH). |
| G2/S5 | Soft off. All power lost (except wake-up on PCH). Total reboot. |
| G3 | Mechanical off. All power removed from system. |



Table 4-2. Processor IA Core / Package State Support

| State | Description |
|-------|--|
| C0 | Active mode, processor executing code. |
| C1 | AutoHALT processor IA core state (package C0 state). |
| C1E | AutoHALT processor IA core state with lowest frequency and voltage operating point (package C0 state). |
| C2 | All processor IA cores in C3 or deeper. Memory path open. Temporary state before Package C3 or deeper. |
| C3 | Processor IA execution cores in C3 or deeper, flush their L1 instruction cache, L1 data cache, and L2 cache to the LLC shared cache. LLC may be flushed. Clocks are shut off to each core. |
| C6 | Processor IA execution cores in this state save their architectural state before removing core voltage. BCLK is off. |
| C7 | Processor IA execution cores in this state behave similarly to the C6 state. If all execution cores request C7, LLC ways may be flushed until it is cleared. If the entire LLC is flushed, voltage will be removed from the LLC. |
| C8 | C7 plus LLC should be flushed. |
| C9 | C8 plus most Uncore voltages at 0V. IA, GT and SA reduced to 0V, while Vcc _{IO} stays on. |
| C10 | C9 plus all VRs at PS4 or LPM. 24 MHz clock off |

Table 4-3. Integrated Memory Controller (IMC) States

| State | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Power up | CKE asserted. Active mode. |
| Pre-charge Power down | CKE de-asserted (not self-refresh) with all banks closed. |
| Active Power down | CKE de-asserted (not self-refresh) with minimum one bank active. |
| Self-Refresh | CKE de-asserted using device self-refresh. |

Table 4-4. PCI Express* Link States

| State | Description |
|-------|---|
| L0 | Full on – Active transfer state. |
| L1 | Lowest Active Power Management – Longer exit latency |
| L3 | Lowest power state (power-off) – Longest exit latency |

Table 4-5. Direct Media Interface (DMI) States

| State | Description |
|-------|---|
| L0 | Full on – Active transfer state |
| L1 | Lowest Active Power Management – Longer exit latency |
| L3 | Lowest power state (power-off) – Longest exit latency |

Table 4-6. G, S, and C Interface State Combinations

| Global (G) State | Sleep (S) State | Processor Package (C) State | Processor State | System Clocks | Description |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| G0 | S0 | C0 | Full On | On | Full On |
| G0 | S0 | C1/C1E | Auto-Halt | On | Auto-Halt |
| G0 | S0 | C3 | Deep Sleep | On | Deep Sleep |
| G0 | S0 | C6/C7 | Deep Power Down | On | Deep Power Down |
| G0 | S0 | C8/C9/C10 | Off | On | Deeper Power Down |
| G1 | S3 | Power off | Off | Off, except RTC | Suspend to RAM |
| G1 | S4 | Power off | Off | Off, except RTC | Suspend to Disk |
| G2 | S5 | Power off | Off | Off, except RTC | Soft Off |
| G3 | N/A | Power off | Off | Power off | Hard off |

4.2 Processor IA Core Power Management

While executing code, Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology and Intel Speed Shift[®] Technology optimizes the processor’s IA core frequency and voltage based on workload. Each frequency and voltage operating point is defined by ACPI as a P-state. When the processor is not executing code, it is idle. A low-power idle state is defined by ACPI as a C-state. In general, deeper power C-states have longer entry and exit latencies.

4.2.1 OS/HW controlled P-states

4.2.1.1 Enhanced Intel[®] SpeedStep[®] Technology

Enhanced Intel[®] SpeedStep[®] Technology enables OS to control and select P-state. The following are the key features of Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology:

- Multiple frequency and voltage points for optimal performance and power efficiency. These operating points are known as P-states.
- Frequency selection is software controlled by writing to processor MSRs. The voltage is optimized based on the selected frequency and the number of active processor IA cores.
 - Once the voltage is established, the PLL locks on to the target frequency.
 - All active processor IA cores share the same frequency and voltage. In a multi-core processor, the highest frequency P-state requested among all active IA cores is selected.
 - Software-requested transitions are accepted at any time. If a previous transition is in progress, the new transition is deferred until the previous transition is completed.
- The processor controls voltage ramp rates internally to ensure glitch-free transitions.
- Because there is low transition latency between P-states, a significant number of transitions per-second are possible.



4.2.1.2 Intel® Speed Shift Technology

Intel Speed Shift Technology is an energy efficient method of frequency control by the hardware rather than relying on OS control. OS is aware of available hardware P-states and request a desired P-state or it can let Hardware determine the P-state. The OS request is based on its workload requirements and awareness of processor capabilities. Processor decision is based on the different system constraints for example: Workload demand, thermal limits while taking into consideration the minimum and maximum levels and activity window of performance requested by the operating system.

For more details, refer to the following document (see related documents section):

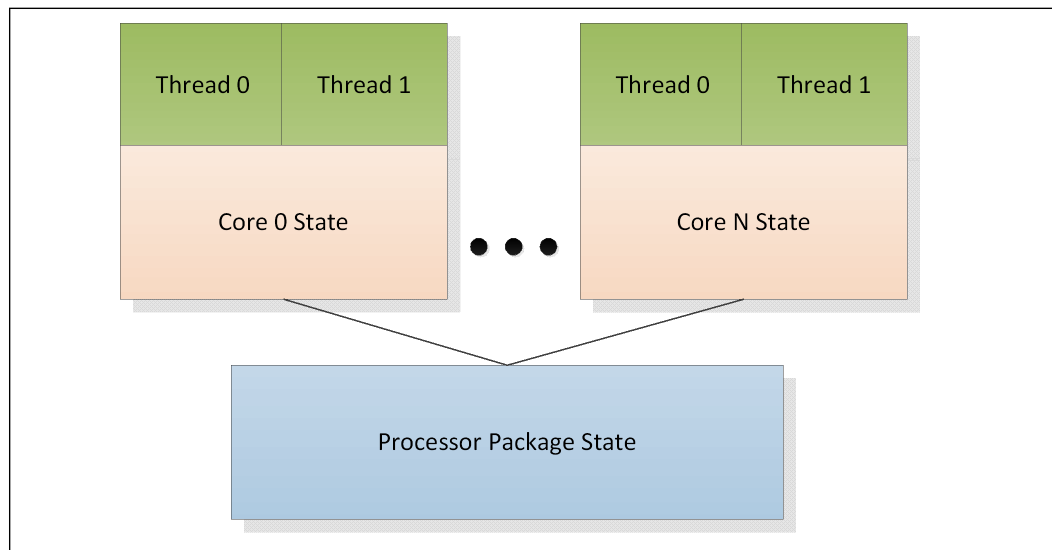
- Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer’s Manual (SDM), volume 3B.

4.2.2 Low-Power Idle States

When the processor is idle, low-power idle states (C-states) are used to save power. More power savings actions are taken for numerically higher C-states. However, deeper C-states have longer exit and entry latencies. Resolution of C-states occur at the thread, processor IA core, and processor package level. Thread-level C-states are available if Intel Hyper-Threading Technology is enabled.

Caution: Long term reliability cannot be assured unless all the Low-Power Idle States are enabled.

Figure 4-3. Idle Power Management Breakdown of the Processor IA Cores



While individual threads can request low-power C-states, power saving actions only take place once the processor IA core C-state is resolved. processor IA core C-states are automatically resolved by the processor. For thread and processor IA core C-states, a transition to and from C0 state is required before entering any other C-state.

4.2.3 Requesting Low-Power Idle States

The primary software interfaces for requesting low-power idle states are through the MWAIT instruction with sub-state hints and the HLT instruction (for C1 and C1E). However, software may make C-state requests using the legacy method of I/O reads from the ACPI-defined processor clock control registers, referred to as P_LVLx. This method of requesting C-states provides legacy support for operating systems that initiate C-state transitions using I/O reads.

For legacy operating systems, P_LVLx I/O reads are converted within the processor to the equivalent MWAIT C-state request. Therefore, P_LVLx reads do not directly result in I/O reads to the system. The feature, known as I/O MWAIT redirection, should be enabled in the BIOS.

The BIOS can write to the C-state range field of the PMG_IO_CAPTURE MSR to restrict the range of I/O addresses that are trapped and emulate MWAIT like functionality. Any P_LVLx reads outside of this range do not cause an I/O redirection to MWAIT(Cx) like request. They fall through like a normal I/O instruction.

When P_LVLx I/O instructions are used, MWAIT sub-states cannot be defined. The MWAIT sub-state is always zero if I/O MWAIT redirection is used. By default, P_LVLx I/O redirections enable the MWAIT 'break on EFLAGS.IF' feature that triggers a wake up on an interrupt, even if interrupts are masked by EFLAGS.IF.

4.2.4 Processor IA Core C-State Rules

The following are general rules for all processor IA core C-states, unless specified otherwise:

- A processor IA core C-State is determined by the lowest numerical thread state (such as Thread 0 requests C1E while Thread 1 requests C3 state, resulting in a processor IA core C1E state). See the *G, S, and C Interface State Combinations* table.
- A processor IA core transitions to C0 state when:
 - An interrupt occurs
 - There is an access to the monitored address if the state was entered using an MWAIT/Timed MWAIT instruction
 - The deadline corresponding to the Timed MWAIT instruction expires
- An interrupt directed toward a single thread wakes up only that thread.
- If any thread in a processor IA core is active (in C0 state), the core's C-state will resolve to C0.
- Any interrupt coming into the processor package may wake any processor IA core.
- A system reset re-initializes all processor IA cores.

processor IA core C0 State

The normal operating state of a processor IA core where code is being executed.

processor IA core C1/C1E State

C1/C1E is a low-power state entered when all threads within a processor IA core execute a HLT or MWAIT(C1/C1E) instruction.



A System Management Interrupt (SMI) handler returns execution to either Normal state or the C1/C1E state. See the *Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual* for more information.

While a processor IA core is in C1/C1E state, it processes bus snoops and snoops from other threads. For more information on C1E, see [Section 4.2.5, "Package C-States"](#).

processor IA core C3 State

Individual threads of a processor IA core can enter the C3 state by initiating a P_LVL2 I/O read to the P_BLK or an MWAIT(C3) instruction. A processor IA core in C3 state flushes the contents of its L1 instruction cache, L1 data cache, and L2 cache to the shared LLC, while maintaining its architectural state. All processor IA core clocks are stopped at this point. Because the processor IA core's caches are flushed, the processor does not wake any processor IA core that is in the C3 state when either a snoop is detected or when another processor IA core accesses cacheable memory.

processor IA core C6 State

Individual threads of a processor IA core can enter the C6 state by initiating a P_LVL3 I/O read or an MWAIT(C6) instruction. Before entering processor IA core C6 state, the processor IA core will save its architectural state to a dedicated SRAM. Once complete, a processor IA core will have its voltage reduced to zero volts. During exit, the processor IA core is powered on and its architectural state is restored.

processor IA core C7-C10 States

Individual threads of a processor IA core can enter the C7, C8, C9, or C10 state by initiating a P_LVL4, P_LVL5, P_LVL6, P_LVL7 I/O read (respectively) to the P_BLK or by an MWAIT(C7/C8/C9/C10) instruction. The processor IA core C7-C10 state exhibits the same behavior as the processor IA core C6 state.

C-State Auto-Demotion

In general, deeper C-states, such as C6 or C7, have long latencies and have higher energy entry/exit costs. The resulting performance and energy penalties become significant when the entry/exit frequency of a deeper C-state is high. Therefore, incorrect or inefficient usage of deeper C-states have a negative impact on battery life and idle power. To increase residency and improve battery life and idle power in deeper C-states, the processor supports C-state auto-demotion.

There are two C-State auto-demotion options:

- C7/C6 to C3
- C7/C6/C3 To C1

The decision to demote a processor IA core from C6/C7 to C3 or C3/C6/C7 to C1 is based on each processor IA core's immediate residency history. Upon each processor IA core C6/C7 request, the processor IA core C-state is demoted to C3 or C1 until a sufficient amount of residency has been established. At that point, a processor IA core is allowed to go into C3/C6 or C7. Each option can be run concurrently or individually. If the interrupt rate experienced on a processor IA core is high and the processor IA core is rarely in a deep C-state between such interrupts, the processor IA core can be demoted to a C3 or C1 state. A higher interrupt pattern is required to demote a processor IA core to C1 as compared to C3.



This feature is disabled by default. BIOS should enable it in the PMG_CST_CONFIG_CONTROL register. The auto-demotion policy is also configured by this register.

4.2.5 Package C-States

The processor supports C0, C2, C3, C6, C7, C8, C9, and C10 package states. The following is a summary of the general rules for package C-state entry. These apply to all package C-states, unless specified otherwise:

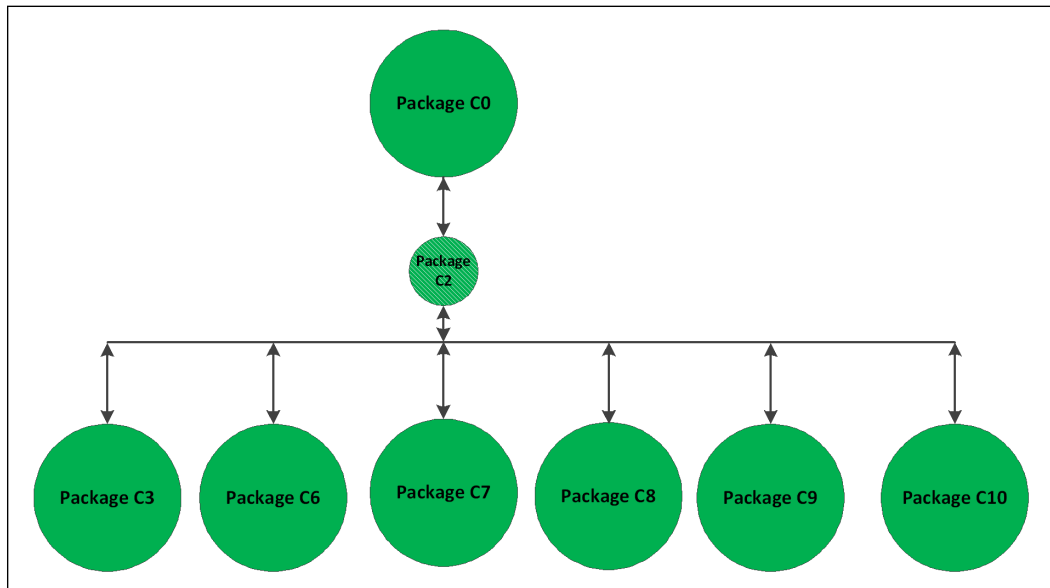
- A package C-state request is determined by the lowest numerical processor IA core C-state amongst all processor IA cores.
- A package C-state is automatically resolved by the processor depending on the processor IA core idle power states and the status of the platform components.
 - Each processor IA core can be at a lower idle power state than the package if the platform does not grant the processor permission to enter a requested package C-state.
 - The platform may allow additional power savings to be realized in the processor.
 - For package C-states, the processor is not required to enter C0 before entering any other C-state.
 - Entry into a package C-state may be subject to auto-demotion – that is, the processor may keep the package in a deeper package C-state than requested by the operating system if the processor determines, using heuristics, that the deeper C-state results in better power/performance.

The processor exits a package C-state when a break event is detected. Depending on the type of break event, the processor does the following:

- If a processor IA core break event is received, the target processor IA core is activated and the break event message is forwarded to the target processor IA core.
 - If the break event is not masked, the target processor IA core enters the processor IA core C0 state and the processor enters package C0.
 - If the break event is masked, the processor attempts to re-enter its previous package state.
- If the break event was due to a memory access or snoop request,
 - But the platform did not request to keep the processor in a higher package C-state, the package returns to its previous C-state.
 - And the platform requests a higher power C-state, the memory access or snoop request is serviced and the package remains in the higher power C-state.



Figure 4-4. Package C-State Entry and Exit



Package C0

This is the normal operating state for the processor. The processor remains in the normal state when at least one of its processor IA cores is in the C0 or C1 state or when the platform has not granted permission to the processor to go into a low-power state. Individual processor IA cores may be in deeper power idle states while the package is in C0 state.

Package C2 State

Package C2 state is an internal processor state that cannot be explicitly requested by software. A processor enters Package C2 state when either:

- All processor IA cores have requested a C3 or deeper power state and all graphics processor IA cores requested are in RC6, but constraints (LTR, programmed timer events in the near future, and so forth) prevent entry to any state deeper than C2 state.
- Or, all processor IA cores have requested a C3 or deeper power state and all graphics processor IA cores requested are in RC6 and a memory access request is received. Upon completion of all outstanding memory requests, the processor transitions back into a deeper package C-state.

Package C3 State

A processor enters the package C3 low-power state when:

- At least one processor IA core is in the C3 state.
- The other processor IA cores are in a C3 or deeper power state, and the processor has been granted permission by the platform.
- The platform has not granted a request to a package C6/C7 state or deeper state but has allowed a package C3 state.

In package C3-state, the LLC shared cache is valid.



Package C6 State

A processor enters the package C6 low-power state when:

- At least one processor IA core is in the C6 state.
- The other processor IA cores are in a C6 or deeper power state, and the processor has been granted permission by the platform.
- The platform has not granted a package C7 or deeper request but has allowed a C6 package state.

In package C6 state, all processor IA cores have saved their architectural state and have had their voltages reduced to zero volts. It is possible the LLC shared cache is flushed and turned off in package C6 state.

Package C7 State

The processor enters the package C7 low-power state when all processor IA cores are in the C7 or deeper state and the operating system may request that the LLC will be flushed.

processor IA core break events are handled the same way as in package C3 or C6.

Upon exit of the package C7 state, the LLC will be partially enabled once a processor IA core wakes up if it was fully flushed, and will be fully enabled once the processor has stayed out of C7 for a preset amount of time. Power is saved since this prevents the LLC from being re-populated only to be immediately flushed again. Some VRs are reduce to 0V.

Package C8 State

The processor enters C8 states when the processor IA cores lower numerical state is C8.

The C8 state is similar to C7 state, but in addition, the LLC is flushed in a single step, V_{CC} and $V_{CC_{GT}}$ are reduced to 0V. The display engine stays on.

Package C9 State

The processor enters C9 states when the processor IA cores lower numerical state is C9.

Package C9 state is similar to C8 state; the VRs are off, V_{CC} , $V_{CC_{GT}}$ and $V_{CC_{SA}}$ at 0V, $V_{CC_{IO}}$ and $V_{CC_{ST}}$ stays on.

Package C10 State

The processor enters C10 states when the processor IA cores lower numerical state is C10.

Package C10 state is similar to the package C9 state, but in addition the IMVP8 VR is in PS4 low-power state, which is near to shut off of the IMVP8 VR. The $V_{CC_{IO}}$ is in low-power mode as well.



InstantGo

InstantGo is a platform state. On display time out the OS requests the processor to enter package C10 and platform devices at RTD3 (or disabled) in order to attain low power in idle.

Dynamic LLC Sizing

When all processor IA cores request C7 or deeper C-state, internal heuristics dynamically flushes the LLC. Once the processor IA cores enter a deep C-state, depending on their MWAIT sub-state request, the LLC is either gradually flushed N-ways at a time or flushed all at once. Upon the processor IA cores exiting to C0 state, the LLC is gradually expanded based on internal heuristics.

4.2.6 Package C-States and Display Resolutions

The integrated graphics engine has the frame buffer located in system memory. When the display is updated, the graphics engine fetches display data from system memory. Different screen resolutions and refresh rates have different memory latency requirements. These requirements may limit the deepest Package C-state the processor can enter. Other elements that may affect the deepest Package C-state available are the following:

- Display is on or off
- Single or multiple displays
- Native or non-native resolution
- Panel Self Refresh (PSR) technology

Note: Display resolution is not the only factor influencing the deepest Package C-state the processor can get into. Device latencies, interrupt response latencies, and core C-states are among other factors that influence the final package C-state the processor can enter.

The following table lists display resolutions and deepest available package C-State. The display resolutions are examples using common values for blanking and pixel rate. Actual results will vary. The table shows the deepest possible Package C-state. System workload, system idle, and AC or DC power also affect the deepest possible Package C-state.

Table 4-7. Deepest Package C-State Available (Sheet 1 of 2)

| | | Y/U Processor Line ^{1,2} | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Resolution | Number of Displays | PSR Enabled | PSR Disabled |
| 800x600 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 1024x768 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 1280x1024 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 1920x1080 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 1920x1200 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 1920x1440 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 2048x1536 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 2560x1600 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |

Table 4-7. Deepest Package C-State Available (Sheet 2 of 2)

| | | Y/U Processor Line ^{1,2} | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Resolution | Number of Displays | PSR Enabled | PSR Disabled |
| 2560x1920 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 2880x1620 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 2880x1800 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 3200x1800 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 3200*2000 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 3840x2160 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |
| 4096x2160 60Hz | Single | PC10 | PC8 |

Notes:

1. All Deep states are with Display ON.
2. The deepest C-state has variance, dependent on various parameters, such software and Platform devices.
3. N/A

4.3 Integrated Memory Controller (IMC) Power Management

The main memory is power managed during normal operation and in low-power ACPI C-states.

4.3.1 Disabling Unused System Memory Outputs

Any system memory (SM) interface signal that goes to a memory in which it is not connected to any actual memory devices (such as SODIMM connector is unpopulated, or is single-sided) is tri-stated. The benefits of disabling unused SM signals are:

- Reduced power consumption.
- Reduced possible overshoot/undershoot signal quality issues seen by the processor I/O buffer receivers caused by reflections from potentially un-terminated transmission lines.

When a given rank is not populated, the corresponding control signals (CLK_P/CLK_N/CKE/ODT/CS) are not driven.

At reset, all rows should be assumed to be populated, until it can be proven that they are not populated. This is due to the fact that when CKE is tri-stated with a DRAMs present, the DRAMs are not ensured to maintain data integrity. CKE tri-state should be enabled by BIOS where appropriate, since at reset all rows should be assumed to be populated.

4.3.2 DRAM Power Management and Initialization

The processor implements extensive support for power management on the memory interface. Each channel drives 4 CKE pins, one per rank.

The CKE is one of the power-saving means. When CKE is off, the internal DDR clock is disabled and the DDR power is reduced. The power-saving differs according to the selected mode and the DDR type used. For more information, refer to the IDD table in the DDR specification.



The processor supports four different types of power-down modes in package C0 state. The different power-down modes can be enabled through configuring PM PDWN configuration register. The type of CKE power-down can be configured through PDWN_mode (bits 15:12) and the idle timer can be configured through PDWN_idle_counter (bits 11:0). The different power-down modes supported are:

- **No power-down** (CKE disable)
- **Active power-down (APD):** This mode is entered if there are open pages when de-asserting CKE. In this mode the open pages are retained. Power-saving in this mode is the lowest. Power consumption of DDR is defined by IDD3P. Exiting this mode is fined by tXP – small number of cycles. For this mode, DRAM DLL should be on.
- **PPD/DLL-off:** In this mode the data-in DLLs on DDR are off. Power-saving in this mode is the best among all power modes. Power consumption is defined by IDD2P. Exiting this mode is defined by tXP, but also tXPDLL (10–20 according to DDR type) cycles until first data transfer is allowed. For this mode, DRAM DLL should be off.
- **Precharged power-down (PPD):** This mode is entered if all banks in DDR are precharged when de-asserting CKE. Power-saving in this mode is intermediate – better than APD, but less than DLL-off. Power consumption is defined by IDD2P. Exiting this mode is defined by tXP. The difference from APD mode is that when waking-up, all page-buffers are empty.) The LPDDR does not have a DLL. As a result, the power savings are as good as PPD/DDI-off but will have lower exit latency and higher performance.

The CKE is determined per rank, whenever it is inactive. Each rank has an idle counter. The idle-counter starts counting as soon as the rank has no accesses, and if it expires, the rank may enter power-down while no new transactions to the rank arrives to queues. The idle-counter begins counting at the last incoming transaction arrival.

It is important to understand that since the power-down decision is per rank, the IMC can find many opportunities to power down ranks, even while running memory intensive applications; the savings are significant (may be few Watts, according to DDR specification). This is significant when each channel is populated with more ranks.

Selection of power modes should be according to power-performance or thermal trade-off of a given system:

- When trying to achieve maximum performance and power or thermal consideration is not an issue: use no power-down
- In a system which tries to minimize power-consumption, try using the deepest power-down mode possible – PPD/DLL-off with a low idle timer value
- In high-performance systems with dense packaging (that is, tricky thermal design) the power-down mode should be considered in order to reduce the heating and avoid DDR throttling caused by the heating.

The default value that BIOS configures in PM PDWN configuration register is 6080 – that is, PPD/DLL-off mode with idle timer of 0x80, or 128 DCLKs. This is a balanced setting with deep power-down mode and moderate idle timer value.

The idle timer expiration count defines the # of DCLKs that a rank is idle that causes entry to the selected power mode. As this timer is set to a shorter time the IMC will have more opportunities to put the DDR in power-down. There is no BIOS hook to set



this register. Customers choosing to change the value of this register can do it by changing it in the BIOS. For experiments, this register can be modified in real time if BIOS does not lock the IMC registers.

4.3.2.1 Initialization Role of CKE

During power-up, CKE is the only input to the SDRAM that has its level recognized (other than the reset pin) once power is applied. It should be driven LOW by the DDR controller to make sure the SDRAM components float DQ and DQS during power-up. CKE signals remain LOW (while any reset is active) until the BIOS writes to a configuration register. Using this method, CKE is ensured to remain inactive for much longer than the specified 200 micro-seconds after power and clocks to SDRAM devices are stable.

4.3.2.2 Conditional Self-Refresh

During S0 idle state, system memory may be conditionally placed into self-refresh state when the processor is in package C3 or deeper power state. Refer to [Section 4.4.1.1, "Intel® Rapid Memory Power Management \(Intel® RMPM\)"](#) for more details on conditional self-refresh with Intel HD Graphics enabled.

When entering the S3 – Suspend-to-RAM (STR) state or S0 conditional self-refresh, the processor IA core flushes pending cycles and then enters SDRAM ranks that are not used by the processor graphics into self-refresh. The CKE signals remain LOW so the SDRAM devices perform self-refresh.

The target behavior is to enter self-refresh for package C3 or deeper power states as long as there are no memory requests to service.

Table 4-8. Targeted Memory State Conditions

| State | Memory State with Processor Graphics | Memory State with External Graphics |
|----------------------|---|--|
| C0, C1, C1E | Dynamic memory rank power-down based on idle conditions. | Dynamic memory rank power-down based on idle conditions. |
| C3, C6, C7 or deeper | If the processor graphics engine is idle and there are no pending display requests, then enter self-refresh. Otherwise use dynamic memory rank power-down based on idle conditions. | If there are no memory requests, then enter self-refresh. Otherwise use dynamic memory rank power-down based on idle conditions. |
| S3 | Self-Refresh Mode | Self-Refresh Mode |
| S4 | Memory power-down (contents lost) | Memory power-down (contents lost) |

4.3.2.3 Dynamic Power-Down

Dynamic power-down of memory is employed during normal operation. Based on idle conditions, a given memory rank may be powered down. The IMC implements aggressive CKE control to dynamically put the DRAM devices in a power-down state. The processor IA core controller can be configured to put the devices in active power-down (CKE de-assertion with open pages) or precharge power-down (CKE de-assertion with all pages closed). Precharge power-down provides greater power savings but has a bigger performance impact, since all pages will first be closed before putting the devices in power-down mode.

If dynamic power-down is enabled, all ranks are powered up before doing a refresh cycle and all ranks are powered down at the end of refresh.



4.3.2.4 DRAM I/O Power Management

Unused signals should be disabled to save power and reduce electromagnetic interference. This includes all signals associated with an unused memory channel. Clocks, CKE, ODT and CS signals are controlled per DIMM rank and will be powered down for unused ranks.

The I/O buffer for an unused signal should be tri-stated (output driver disabled), the input receiver (differential sense-amp) should be disabled, and any DLL circuitry related ONLY to unused signals should be disabled. The input path should be gated to prevent spurious results due to noise on the unused signals (typically handled automatically when input receiver is disabled).

4.3.3 DDR Electrical Power Gating (EPG)

The DDR I/O of the processor supports Electrical Power Gating (DDR-EPG) while the processor is at C3 or deeper power state.

In C3 or deeper power state, the processor internally gates VDDQ for the majority of the logic to reduce idle power while keeping all critical DDR pins such as CKE and VREF in the appropriate state.

In C7 or deeper power state, the processor internally gates V_{CCIO} for all non-critical state to reduce idle power.

In S3 or C-state transitions, the DDR does not go through training mode and will restore the previous training information.

4.3.4 Power Training

BIOS MRC performing Power Training steps to reduce DDR I/O power while keeping reasonable operational margins, still ensuring platform operation. The algorithms attempt to weaken ODT, driver strength and the related buffers parameters both on the MC and the DRAM side and find the best possible trade-off between the total I/O power and the operational margins using advanced mathematical models.

4.4 Processor Graphics Power Management

4.4.1 Memory Power Savings Technologies

4.4.1.1 Intel® Rapid Memory Power Management (Intel® RMPM)

Intel® Rapid Memory Power Management (Intel® RMPM) conditionally places memory into self-refresh when the processor is in package C3 or deeper power state to allow the system to remain in the deeper power states longer for memory not reserved for graphics memory. Intel RMPM functionality depends on graphics/display state (relevant only when processor graphics is being used), as well as memory traffic patterns generated by other connected I/O devices.

4.4.1.2 Intel® Smart 2D Display Technology (Intel® S2DDT)

Intel S2DDT reduces display refresh memory traffic by reducing memory reads required for display refresh. Power consumption is reduced by less accesses to the IMC. Intel S2DDT is only enabled in single pipe mode.



Intel S2DDT is most effective with:

- Display images well suited to compression, such as text windows, slide shows, and so on. Poor examples are 3D games.
- Static screens such as screens with significant portions of the background showing 2D applications, processor benchmarks, and so on, or conditions when the processor is idle. Poor examples are full-screen 3D games and benchmarks that flip the display image at or near display refresh rates.

4.4.2 Display Power Savings Technologies

4.4.2.1 Intel® (Seamless & Static) Display Refresh Rate Switching (DRRS) with eDP* Port

Intel DRRS provides a mechanism where the monitor is placed in a slower refresh rate (the rate at which the display is updated). The system is smart enough to know that the user is not displaying either 3D or media like a movie where specific refresh rates are required. The technology is very useful in an environment such as a plane where the user is in battery mode doing E-mail, or other standard office applications. It is also useful where the user may be viewing web pages or social media sites while in battery mode.

4.4.2.2 Intel® Automatic Display Brightness

Intel Automatic Display Brightness feature dynamically adjusts the backlight brightness based upon the current ambient light environment. This feature requires an additional sensor to be on the panel front. The sensor receives the changing ambient light conditions and sends the interrupts to the Intel Graphics driver. As per the change in Lux, (current ambient light illuminance), the new backlight setting can be adjusted through BLC. The converse applies for a brightly lit environment. Intel Automatic Display Brightness increases the backlight setting.

4.4.2.3 Smooth Brightness

The Smooth Brightness feature is the ability to make fine grained changes to the screen brightness. All Windows* 10 system that support brightness control are required to support Smooth Brightness control and it should be supporting 101 levels of brightness control. Apart from the Graphics driver changes, there may be few System BIOS changes required to make this feature functional.

4.4.2.4 Intel® Display Power Saving Technology (Intel® DPST) 6.0

The Intel DPST technique achieves backlight power savings while maintaining a good visual experience. This is accomplished by adaptively enhancing the displayed image while decreasing the backlight brightness simultaneously. The goal of this technique is to provide equivalent end-user-perceived image quality at a decreased backlight power level.

1. The original (input) image produced by the operating system or application is analyzed by the Intel DPST subsystem. An interrupt to Intel DPST software is generated whenever a meaningful change in the image attributes is detected. (A meaningful change is when the Intel DPST software algorithm determines that enough brightness, contrast, or color change has occurred to the displaying images that the image enhancement and backlight control needs to be altered.)



2. Intel DPST subsystem applies an image-specific enhancement to increase image contrast, brightness, and other attributes.
3. A corresponding decrease to the backlight brightness is applied simultaneously to produce an image with similar user-perceived quality (such as brightness) as the original image.

Intel DPST 6.0 has improved the software algorithms and has minor hardware changes to better handle backlight phase-in and ensures the documented and validated method to interrupt hardware phase-in.

4.4.2.5 Panel Self-Refresh 2 (PSR 2)

Panel Self-Refresh feature allows the Processor Graphics core to enter low-power state when the frame buffer content is not changing constantly. This feature is available on panels capable of supporting Panel Self-Refresh. Apart from being able to support, the eDP* panel should be eDP 1.4 compliant. PSR 2 adds partial frame updates and requires an eDP 1.4 compliant panel.

PSR2 is limited to 3200x2000@60 Maximum display resolution.

4.4.2.6 Low-Power Single Pipe (LPSP)

Low-power single pipe is a power conservation feature that helps save power by keeping the inactive pipes powered OFF. This feature is enabled only in a single display configuration without any scaling functionalities. This feature is supported from 4th Generation Intel® Core™ processor family onwards. LPSP is achieved by keeping a single pipe enabled during eDP* only with minimal display pipeline support. This feature is panel independent and works with any eDP panel (port A) in single display mode.

4.4.3 Processor Graphics Core Power Savings Technologies

4.4.3.1 Intel® Graphics Dynamic Frequency

Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 is the ability of the processor IA cores and graphics (Graphics Dynamic Frequency) cores to opportunistically increase frequency and/or voltage above the guaranteed processor and graphics frequency for the given part. Intel Graphics Dynamic Frequency is a performance feature that makes use of unused package power and thermals to increase application performance. The increase in frequency is determined by how much power and thermal budget is available in the package, and the application demand for additional processor or graphics performance. The processor IA core control is maintained by an embedded controller. The graphics driver dynamically adjusts between P-States to maintain optimal performance, power, and thermals. The graphics driver will always place the graphics engine in its lowest possible P-State. Intel Graphics Dynamic Frequency requires BIOS support. Additional power and thermal budget should be available.

4.4.3.2 Intel® Graphics Render Standby Technology (Intel® GRST)

The final power savings technology from Intel happens while the system is asleep. This is another technology where the voltage is adjusted down. For RC6 the voltage is adjusted very low, or very close to zero, what may reduced power by over 1000.



4.4.3.3 Dynamic FPS (DFPS)

Dynamic FPS (DFPS) or dynamic frame-rate control is a runtime feature for improving power-efficiency for 3D workloads. Its purpose is to limit the frame-rate of full screen 3D applications without compromising on user experience. By limiting the frame rate, the load on the graphics engine is reduced, giving an opportunity to run the Processor Graphics at lower speeds, resulting in power savings. This feature works in both AC/DC modes.

4.5 System Agent Enhanced Intel® Speedstep® Technology

System Agent Enhanced Intel Speedstep Technology, a new feature for this processor, is dynamic voltage frequency scaling of the System Agent clock based on memory utilization. Unlike processor core and package Enhanced Intel Speedstep Technology, System Agent Enhanced Intel Speedstep Technology has only two valid operating points.

When workload is low and SA Enhanced Speedstep Technology is enabled, the DDR data rate may drop temporarily as follows:

- DDR3L/LPDDR3 – 1066 MT/s
- DDR4 – 1333 MT/s

Before changing the DDR data rate, the processor sets DDR to self-refresh and changes needed parameters. The DDR voltage remains stable and unchanged.

BIOS/MRC DDR training at high and low frequencies sets I/O and timing parameters.

4.6 Voltage Optimization

Voltage Optimization opportunistically provides reduction in power consumption, that is, a boost in performance at a given PL1. Over time the benefit is reduced. There is no change to base frequency or turbo frequency. During system validation and tuning, this feature should be disabled to reflect processor power and performance that is expected over time.

This feature is available on selected SKUs.

4.7 ROP (Rest Of Platform) PMIC

In addition to discrete voltage regulators, Intel supports specific PMIC (Power Management Integrated Circuit) models to power the ROP rails. PMICs are typically classified as “Premium” or “Volume” ROP PMICs based on the type of power map they support.

Note: Intel supports ROP PMIC as part of Y-Processor Line.





5 Thermal Management

5.1 Processor Thermal Management

The thermal solution provides both component-level and system-level thermal management. To allow optimal operation and long-term reliability of Intel processor-based systems, the system/processor thermal solution should be designed so that the processor:

- Bare Die Parts: Remains below the maximum junction temperature (T_{jMAX}) specification at the maximum thermal design power (TDP).
- Lidded Parts: Remains below the maximum case temperature (T_{cmax}) specification at the maximum thermal design power.
- Conforms to system constraints, such as system acoustics, system skin-temperatures, and exhaust-temperature requirements.

Caution: Thermal specifications given in this chapter are on the component and package level and apply specifically to the processor. Operating the processor outside the specified limits may result in permanent damage to the processor and potentially other components in the system.

5.1.1 Thermal Considerations

The processor TDP is the maximum sustained power that should be used for design of the processor thermal solution. TDP is a power dissipation and component temperature operating condition limit, specified in this document, that is validated during manufacturing for the base configuration when executing a near worst case commercially available workload as specified by Intel for the SKU segment. TDP may be exceeded for short periods of time or if running a very high power workload.

To allow the optimal operation and long-term reliability of Intel processor-based systems, the processor must remain within the minimum and maximum component temperature specifications. For lidded parts, the appropriate case temperature (T_{CASE}) specifications is defined by the applicable thermal profile. For bare die parts, the component temperature specification is the applicable T_{jMAX} .

Thermal solutions not designed to provide this level of thermal capability may affect the long-term reliability of the processor and system.

The processor integrates multiple processing IA cores, graphics cores and a PCH, or a PCH and EDRAM, on a single package. This may result in power distribution differences across the package and should be considered when designing the thermal solution.

Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 allows processor IA cores to run faster than the base frequency. It is invoked opportunistically and automatically as long as the processor is conforming to its temperature, voltage, power delivery and current control limits. When Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 is enabled:

- Applications are expected to run closer to TDP more often as the processor will attempt to maximize performance by taking advantage of estimated available energy budget in the processor package.



- The processor may exceed the TDP for short durations to utilize any available thermal capacitance within the thermal solution. The duration and time of such operation can be limited by platform runtime configurable registers within the processor.
- Graphics peak frequency operation is based on the assumption of only one of the graphics domains (GT/GTx) being active. This definition is similar to the IA core Turbo concept, where peak turbo frequency can be achieved when only one IA core is active. Depending on the workload being applied and the distribution across the graphics domains the user may not observe peak graphics frequency for a given workload or benchmark.
- Thermal solutions and platform cooling that are designed to less than thermal design guidance may experience thermal and performance issues.

Note: Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 availability may vary between the different SKUs.

5.1.2 Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 Power Monitoring

When operating in turbo mode, the processor monitors its own power and adjusts the processor and graphics frequencies to maintain the average power within limits over a thermally significant time period. The processor estimates the package power for all components on package. In the event that a workload causes the temperature to exceed program temperature limits, the processor will protect itself using the Adaptive Thermal Monitor.

5.1.3 Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 Power Control

Illustration of Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 power control is shown in the following sections and figures. Multiple controls operate simultaneously allowing customization for multiple system thermal and power limitations. These controls allow for turbo optimizations within system constraints and are accessible using MSR, MMIO, or PECI interfaces (see the appropriate processor Turbo Implementation Guide for more information).

5.1.3.1 Package Power Control

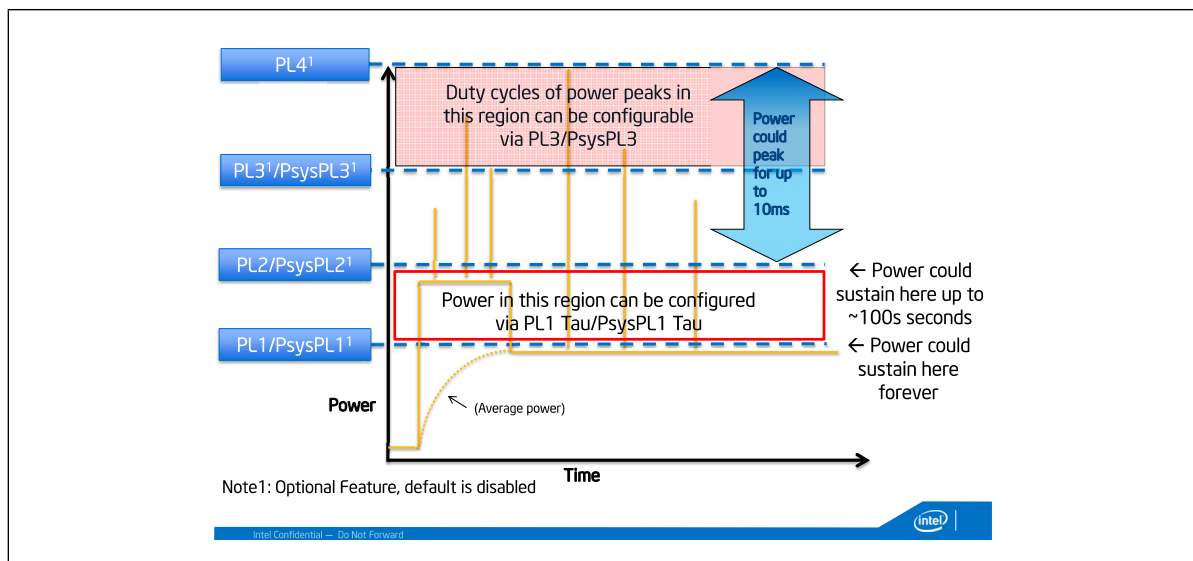
The package power control settings of PL1, PL2, PL3, PL4 and Tau allow the designer to configure Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 to match the platform power delivery and package thermal solution limitations.

- Power Limit 1 (PL1): A threshold for average power that will not exceed - recommend to set to equal TDP power. PL1 should not be set higher than thermal solution cooling limits.
- Power Limit 2 (PL2): A threshold that if exceeded, the PL2 rapid power limiting algorithms will attempt to limit the spike above PL2.
- Power Limit 3 (PL3): A threshold that if exceeded, the PL3 rapid power limiting algorithms will attempt to limit the duty cycle of spikes above PL3 by reactively limiting frequency. This is an optional setting
- Power Limit 4 (PL4): A limit that will not be exceeded, the PL4 power limiting algorithms will preemptively limit frequency to prevent spikes above PL4.
- Turbo Time Parameter (Tau): An averaging constant used for PL1 exponential weighted moving average (EWMA) power calculation.

Note: Implementation of Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 only requires configuring PL1, PL1 Tau, and PL2.

Note: PL3 and PL4 are disabled by default.

Figure 5-1. Package Power Control



5.1.3.2 Platform Power Control

The processor supports Psys (Platform Power) to enhance processor power management. The Psys signal needs to be sourced from a compatible charger circuit and routed to the IMVP8 (voltage regulator). This signal will provide the total thermally relevant platform power consumption (processor and rest of platform) via SVID to the processor.

When the Psys signal is properly implemented, the system designer can utilize the package power control settings of PsysPL1/Tau, PsysPL2 and PsysPL3 for additional manageability to match the platform power delivery and platform thermal solution limitations for Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0. The operation of the PsysPL1/tau, PsysPL2 and PsysPL3 is analogous to the processor power limits described in [Section 5.1.3.1, "Package Power Control"](#).

- Platform Power Limit 1 (PsysPL1): A threshold for average platform power that will not be exceeded - recommend to set to equal platform thermal capability.
- Platform Power Limit 2 (PsysPL2): A threshold that if exceeded, the PsysPL2 rapid power limiting algorithms will attempt to limit the spikes above PsysPL2.
- Platform Power Limit 3 (PsysPL3): A threshold that if exceeded, the PsysPL3 rapid power limiting algorithms will attempt to limit the duty cycle of spikes above PsysPL3 by reactively limiting frequency.
- PsysPL1 Tau: An averaging constant used for PsysPL1 exponential weighted moving average (EWMA) power calculation.
- The Psys signal and associated power limits / Tau are optional for the system designer and disabled by default.
- The Psys data will not include power consumption for charging.



5.1.3.3 Turbo Time Parameter (Tau)

Turbo Time Parameter (Tau) is a mathematical parameter (units of seconds) that controls the Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 algorithm. During a maximum power turbo event, the processor could sustain PL2 for a duration longer than the Turbo Time Parameter. If the power value and/or Turbo Time Parameter is changed during runtime, it may take some time based on the new Turbo Time Parameter level for the algorithm to settle at the new control limits. The time varies depending on the magnitude of the change, power limits, and other factors. There is an individual Turbo Time Parameter associated with Package Power Control and Platform Power Control.

5.1.4 Configurable TDP (cTDP) and Low-Power Mode

Configurable TDP (cTDP) and Low-Power Mode (LPM) form a design option where the processor's behavior and package TDP are dynamically adjusted to a desired system performance and power envelope. Configurable TDP and Low-Power Mode technologies offer opportunities to differentiate system design while running active workloads on select processor SKUs through scalability, configuration and adaptability. The scenarios or methods by which each technology is used are customizable but typically involve changes to PL1 and associated frequencies for the scenario with a resultant change in performance depending on system's usage. Either technology can be triggered by (but are not limited to) changes in OS power policies or hardware events such as docking a system, flipping a switch or pressing a button. cTDP and LPM are designed to be configured dynamically and do not require an operating system reboot.

Note: Configurable TDP and Low-Power Mode technologies are not battery life improvement technologies.

5.1.4.1 Configurable TDP

Note: Configurable TDP availability may vary between the different SKUs.

With cTDP, the processor is now capable of altering the maximum sustained power with an alternate processor IA core base frequency. Configurable TDP allows operation in situations where extra cooling is available or situations where a cooler and quieter mode of operation is desired. Configurable TDP can be enabled using Intel's DPTF driver or through HW/EC firmware. Enabling cTDP using the DPTF driver is recommended as Intel does not provide specific application or EC source code.

cTDP consists of three modes as shown in the following table.

Table 5-1. Configurable TDP Modes (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Mode | Description |
|--------|---|
| Base | The average power dissipation and junction temperature operating condition limit, specified in Table 5-2, Table 5-3 and Table 5-5 for the SKU Segment and Configuration, for which the processor is validated during manufacturing when executing an associated Intel-specified high-complexity workload at the processor IA core frequency corresponding to the configuration and SKU. |
| TDP-Up | The SKU-specific processor IA core frequency where manufacturing confirms logical functionality within the set of operating condition limits specified for the SKU segment and Configurable TDP-Up configuration in Table 5-2, Table 5-3 and Table 5-5. The Configurable TDP-Up Frequency and corresponding TDP is higher than the processor IA core Base Frequency and SKU Segment Base TDP. |

**Table 5-1. Configurable TDP Modes (Sheet 2 of 2)**

| Mode | Description |
|----------|---|
| TDP-Down | The processor IA core frequency where manufacturing confirms logical functionality within the set of operating condition limits specified for the SKU segment and Configurable TDP-Down configuration in Table 5-2, Table 5-3 and Table 5-5. The Configurable TDP-Down Frequency and corresponding TDP is lower than the processor IA core Base Frequency and SKU Segment Base TDP. |

In each mode, the Intel Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 power limits are reprogrammed along with a new OS controlled frequency range. The DPTF driver assists in all these operations. The cTDP mode does not change the max per-processor IA core turbo frequency.

5.1.4.2 Low-Power Mode

Low-Power Mode (LPM) can provide cooler and quieter system operation. By combining several active power limiting techniques, the processor can consume less power while running at equivalent low frequencies. Active power is defined as processor power consumed while a workload is running and does not refer to the power consumed during idle modes of operation. LPM is only available using the Intel DPTF driver.

5.1.5 Thermal Management Features

Occasionally the processor may operate in conditions that are near to its maximum operating temperature. This can be due to internal overheating or overheating within the platform. In order to protect the processor and the platform from thermal failure, several thermal management features exist to reduce package power consumption and thereby temperature in order to remain within normal operating limits. Furthermore, the processor supports several methods to reduce memory power.

5.1.5.1 Adaptive Thermal Monitor

The purpose of the Adaptive Thermal Monitor is to reduce processor IA core power consumption and temperature until it operates below its maximum operating temperature. Processor IA core power reduction is achieved by:

- Adjusting the operating frequency (using the processor IA core ratio multiplier) and voltage.
- Modulating (starting and stopping) the internal processor IA core clocks (duty cycle).

The Adaptive Thermal Monitor can be activated when the package temperature, monitored by any digital thermal sensor (DTS), meets its maximum operating temperature. The maximum operating temperature implies maximum junction temperature T_{jMAX} .

Reaching the maximum operating temperature activates the Thermal Control Circuit (TCC). When activated the TCC causes both the processor IA core and graphics core to reduce frequency and voltage adaptively. The Adaptive Thermal Monitor will remain active as long as the package temperature remains at its specified limit. Therefore, the Adaptive Thermal Monitor will continue to reduce the package frequency and voltage until the TCC is de-activated.

T_{jMAX} is factory calibrated and is not user configurable. The default value is software visible in the TEMPERATURE_TARGET (0x1A2) MSR, bits [23:16].



The Adaptive Thermal Monitor does not require any additional hardware, software drivers, or interrupt handling routines. It is not intended as a mechanism to maintain processor thermal control to PL1 = TDP. The system design should provide a thermal solution that can maintain normal operation when PL1 = TDP within the intended usage range.

Adaptive Thermal Monitor protection is always enabled.

5.1.5.1.1 TCC Activation Offset

TCC Activation Offset can be set as an offset from the maximum allowed component temperature to lower the onset of TCC and Adaptive Thermal Monitor. In addition, the processor has added an optional time window (τ) to manage processor performance at the TCC Activation offset value via an EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) of temperature.

TCC Activation Offset with $\tau=0$

An offset (degrees Celsius) can be written to the TEMPERATURE_TARGET (0x1A2) MSR, bits [29:24], the offset value will be subtracted from the value found in bits [23:16]. When the time window (τ) is set to zero, there will be no averaging, the offset, will be subtracted from the T_{jMAX} value and used as a new max temperature set point for Adaptive Thermal Monitoring. This will have the same behavior as in prior products to have TCC activation and Adaptive Thermal Monitor to occur at this lower target silicon temperature.

If enabled, the offset should be set lower than any other passive protection such as ACPI _PSV trip points

TCC Activation Offset with τ

To manage the processor with the EWMA (Exponential Weighted Moving Average) of temperature, an offset (degrees Celsius) is written to the TEMPERATURE_TARGET (0x1A2) MSR, bits [29:24], and the time window (τ) is written to the TEMPERATURE_TARGET (0x1A2) MSR [6:0]. The Offset value will be subtracted from the value found in bits [23:16] and be the temperature.

The processor will manage to this average temperature by adjusting the frequency of the various domains. The instantaneous T_j can briefly exceed the average temperature. The magnitude and duration of the overshoot is managed by the time window value (τ).

This averaged temperature thermal management mechanism is in addition, and not instead of T_{jMAX} thermal management. That is, whether the TCC activation offset is 0 or not, TCC Activation will occur at T_{jMAX} .

5.1.5.1.2 Frequency / Voltage Control

Upon Adaptive Thermal Monitor activation, the processor attempts to dynamically reduce processor temperature by lowering the frequency and voltage operating point. The operating points are automatically calculated by the processor IA core itself and do not require the BIOS to program them as with previous generations of Intel processors. The processor IA core will scale the operating points such that:

- The voltage will be optimized according to the temperature, the processor IA core bus ratio and number of processor IA cores in deep C-states.



- The processor IA core power and temperature are reduced while minimizing performance degradation.

Once the temperature has dropped below the trigger temperature, the operating frequency and voltage will transition back to the normal system operating point.

Once a target frequency/bus ratio is resolved, the processor IA core will transition to the new target automatically.

- On an upward operating point transition the voltage transition precedes the frequency transition.
- On a downward transition the frequency transition precedes the voltage transition.
- The processor continues to execute instructions. However, the processor will halt instruction execution for frequency transitions.

If a processor load-based Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology/P-state transition (through MSR write) is initiated while the Adaptive Thermal Monitor is active, there are two possible outcomes:

- If the P-state target frequency is higher than the processor IA core optimized target frequency, the P-state transition will be deferred until the thermal event has been completed.
- If the P-state target frequency is lower than the processor IA core optimized target frequency, the processor will transition to the P-state operating point.

5.1.5.1.3 Clock Modulation

If the frequency/voltage changes are unable to end an Adaptive Thermal Monitor event, the Adaptive Thermal Monitor will utilize clock modulation. Clock modulation is done by alternately turning the clocks off and on at a duty cycle (ratio between clock "on" time and total time) specific to the processor. The duty cycle is factory configured to 25% on and 75% off and cannot be modified. The period of the duty cycle is configured to 32 microseconds when the Adaptive Thermal Monitor is active. Cycle times are independent of processor frequency. A small amount of hysteresis has been included to prevent excessive clock modulation when the processor temperature is near its maximum operating temperature. Once the temperature has dropped below the maximum operating temperature, and the hysteresis timer has expired, the Adaptive Thermal Monitor goes inactive and clock modulation ceases. Clock modulation is automatically engaged as part of the Adaptive Thermal Monitor activation when the frequency/voltage targets are at their minimum settings. Processor performance will be decreased when clock modulation is active. Snooping and interrupt processing are performed in the normal manner while the Adaptive Thermal Monitor is active.

Clock modulation will not be activated by the Package average temperature control mechanism.

5.1.5.2 Digital Thermal Sensor

Each processor has multiple on-die Digital Thermal Sensor (DTS) that detects the processor IA, GT and other areas of interest instantaneous temperature.

Temperature values from the DTS can be retrieved through:

- A software interface using processor Model Specific Register (MSR).
- A processor hardware interface as described in [Section 2.4, "Platform Environmental Control Interface \(PECI\)"](#).



When temperature is retrieved by the processor MSR, it is the instantaneous temperature of the given DTS. When temperature is retrieved using PECI, it is the average of the highest DTS temperature in the package over a 256 ms time window. Intel recommends using the PECI reported temperature for platform thermal control that benefits from averaging, such as fan speed control. The average DTS temperature may not be a good indicator of package Adaptive Thermal Monitor activation or rapid increases in temperature that triggers the Out of Specification status bit within the PACKAGE_THERM_STATUS MSR 1B1h and IA32_THERM_STATUS MSR 19Ch.

Code execution is halted in C1 or deeper C- states. Package temperature can still be monitored through PECI in lower C-states.

Unlike traditional thermal devices, the DTS outputs a temperature relative to the maximum supported operating temperature of the processor (T_{jMAX}), regardless of TCC activation offset. It is the responsibility of software to convert the relative temperature to an absolute temperature. The absolute reference temperature is readable in the TEMPERATURE_TARGET MSR 1A2h. The temperature returned by the DTS is an implied negative integer indicating the relative offset from T_{jMAX} . The DTS does not report temperatures greater than T_{jMAX} . The DTS-relative temperature readout directly impacts the Adaptive Thermal Monitor trigger point. When a package DTS indicates that it has reached the TCC activation (a reading of 0x0, except when the TCC activation offset is changed), the TCC will activate and indicate an Adaptive Thermal Monitor event. A TCC activation will lower both processor IA core and graphics core frequency, voltage, or both. Changes to the temperature can be detected using two programmable thresholds located in the processor thermal MSRs. These thresholds have the capability of generating interrupts using the processor IA core's local APIC. Refer to the *Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual* for specific register and programming details.

5.1.5.2.1 Digital Thermal Sensor Accuracy (Taccuracy)

The error associated with DTS measurements will not exceed ± 5 °C within the entire operating range.

5.1.5.2.2 Fan Speed Control with Digital Thermal Sensor

Digital Thermal Sensor based fan speed control (T_{FAN}) is a recommended feature to achieve optimal thermal performance. At the T_{FAN} temperature, Intel recommends full cooling capability before the DTS reading reaches T_{jMAX} .

5.1.5.3 PROCHOT# Signal

PROCHOT# (processor hot) is asserted by the processor when the TCC is active. Only a single PROCHOT# pin exists at a package level. When any DTS temperature reaches the TCC activation temperature, the PROCHOT# signal will be asserted. PROCHOT# assertion policies are independent of Adaptive Thermal Monitor enabling.



5.1.5.4 Bi-Directional PROCHOT#

By default, the PROCHOT# signal is set to input only. When configured as an input or bi-directional signal, PROCHOT# can be used for thermally protecting other platform components should they overheat as well. When PROCHOT# is driven by an external device:

- The package will immediately transition to the lowest P-State (Pn) supported by the processor IA cores and graphics cores. This is contrary to the internally-generated Adaptive Thermal Monitor response.
- Clock modulation is not activated.

The processor package will remain at the lowest supported P-state until the system de-asserts PROCHOT#. The processor can be configured to generate an interrupt upon assertion and de-assertion of the PROCHOT# signal.

When PROCHOT# is configured as a bi-directional signal and PROCHOT# is asserted by the processor, it is impossible for the processor to detect a system assertion of PROCHOT#. The system assertion will have to wait until the processor de-asserts PROCHOT# before PROCHOT# action can occur due to the system assertion. While the processor is hot and asserting PROCHOT#, the power is reduced but the reduction rate is slower than the system PROCHOT# response of < 100 us. The processor thermal control is staged in smaller increments over many milliseconds. This may cause several milliseconds of delay to a system assertion of PROCHOT# while the output function is asserted.

5.1.5.5 Voltage Regulator Protection using PROCHOT#

PROCHOT# may be used for thermal protection of voltage regulators (VR). System designers can create a circuit to monitor the VR temperature and assert PROCHOT# and, if enabled, activate the TCC when the temperature limit of the VR is reached. When PROCHOT# is configured as a bi-directional or input only signal, if the system assertion of PROCHOT# is recognized by the processor, it will result in an immediate transition to the lowest P-State (Pn) supported by the processor IA cores and graphics cores. Systems should still provide proper cooling for the VR and rely on bi-directional PROCHOT# only as a backup in case of system cooling failure. Overall, the system thermal design should allow the power delivery circuitry to operate within its temperature specification even while the processor is operating at its TDP.

5.1.5.6 Thermal Solution Design and PROCHOT# Behavior

With a properly designed and characterized thermal solution, it is anticipated that PROCHOT# will only be asserted for very short periods of time when running the most power intensive applications. The processor performance impact due to these brief periods of TCC activation is expected to be so minor that it would be immeasurable. However, an under-designed thermal solution that is not able to prevent excessive assertion of PROCHOT# in the anticipated ambient environment may:

- Cause a noticeable performance loss.
- Result in prolonged operation at or above the specified maximum junction temperature and affect the long-term reliability of the processor.
- May be incapable of cooling the processor even when the TCC is active continuously (in extreme situations).

5.1.5.7 Low-Power States and PROCHOT# Behavior

Depending on package power levels during package C-states, outbound PROCHOT# may de-assert while the processor is idle as power is removed from the signal. Upon wake up, if the processor is still hot, the PROCHOT# will re-assert. Although, typically package idle state residency should resolve any thermal issues. The PECCI interface is fully operational during all C-states and it is expected that the platform continues to manage processor IA core and package thermals even during idle states by regularly polling for thermal data over PECCI.

5.1.5.8 THERMTRIP# Signal

Regardless of enabling the automatic or on-demand modes, in the event of a catastrophic cooling failure, the package will automatically shut down when the silicon has reached an elevated temperature that risks physical damage to the product. At this point, the THERMTRIP# signal will go active.

5.1.5.9 Critical Temperature Detection

Critical Temperature detection is performed by monitoring the package temperature. This feature is intended for graceful shutdown before the THERMTRIP# is activated. However, the processor execution is not guaranteed between critical temperature and THERMTRIP#. If the Adaptive Thermal Monitor is triggered and the temperature remains high, a critical temperature status and sticky bit are latched in the PACKAGE_THERM_STATUS MSR 1B1h and the condition also generates a thermal interrupt, if enabled. For more details on the interrupt mechanism, refer to the *Intel® 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual* (see Related Documents section).

5.1.5.10 On-Demand Mode

The processor provides an auxiliary mechanism that allows system software to force the processor to reduce its power consumption using clock modulation. This mechanism is referred to as "On-Demand" mode and is distinct from Adaptive Thermal Monitor and bi-directional PROCHOT#. The processor platforms should not rely on software usage of this mechanism to limit the processor temperature. On-Demand Mode can be accomplished using processor MSR or chipset I/O emulation. On-Demand Mode may be used in conjunction with the Adaptive Thermal Monitor. However, if the system software tries to enable On-Demand mode at the same time the TCC is engaged, the factory configured duty cycle of the TCC will override the duty cycle selected by the On-Demand mode. If the I/O based and MSR-based On-Demand modes are in conflict, the duty cycle selected by the I/O emulation-based On-Demand mode will take precedence over the MSR-based On-Demand Mode.

5.1.5.11 MSR Based On-Demand Mode

If Bit 4 of the IA32_CLOCK_MODULATION MSR is set to 1, the processor will immediately reduce its power consumption using modulation of the internal processor IA core clock, independent of the processor temperature. The duty cycle of the clock modulation is programmable using bits [3:1] of the same IA32_CLOCK_MODULATION MSR. In this mode, the duty cycle can be programmed in either 12.5% or 6.25% increments (discoverable using CPUID). Thermal throttling using this method will modulate each processor IA core's clock independently.



5.1.5.12 I/O Emulation-Based On-Demand Mode

I/O emulation-based clock modulation provides legacy support for operating system software that initiates clock modulation through I/O writes to ACPI defined processor clock control registers on the chipset (PROC_CNT). Thermal throttling using this method will modulate all processor IA cores simultaneously.

5.1.6 Intel® Memory Thermal Management

The processor provides thermal protection for system memory by throttling memory traffic when using either DIMM modules or a memory down implementation. Two levels of throttling are supported by the processor, either a warm threshold or hot threshold that is customizable through memory mapped I/O registers. Throttling based on the warm threshold should be an intermediate level of throttling. Throttling based on the hot threshold should be the most severe. The amount of throttling is dynamically controlled by the processor.

The on Die Thermal Sensor (ODTS) uses a physical thermal sensor on DRAM dies. ODTS is available for DDR4 and LPDDR3. It is used to set refresh rate according to DRAM temperature.

The memory controller reads LPDDR3 MR4 or DDR4 MR3 and configures the DDR refresh rate accordingly.

When using ODTS, the memory controller gets a Warm/Hot/Cold indication from DRAMs On-Die TS and throttles DDR accordingly.

This is a method of Closed Loop Thermal Management (CLTM). Refer to document 604677 for more details on closed loop thermal management.

Memory temperature may be acquired through an on-board thermal sensor (TS-on-Board), retrieved by an embedded controller and reported to the processor through the PECCI 3.1 interface. This methodology is known as PECCI injected temperature. This is a method of Closed Loop Thermal Management (CLTM).

5.1.7 Scenario Design Power (SDP)

SDP requires that the POWER_LIMIT_1 (PL1) to be set to the cooling level capability (SDP level, or higher). While the SDP specification is characterized at T_j of 80 °C, the functional limit for the product remains at T_{jMAX} . Customers may choose to program the TCC Offset to have TCC Activation at 80 °C, but it is not required.

The processors that have SDP specified can still exceed SDP under certain workloads, such as TDP workloads. TDP power dissipation is still possible with the intended usage models, and protection mechanisms to handle levels beyond cooling capabilities are recommended. Intel recommends using such thermal control mechanisms to manage situations where power may exceed the thermal design capability.

Note: cTDP-Down mode is required for Intel Core products in order to achieve SDP.

Note: Although SDP is defined at 80 °C, the TCC activation temperature is T_{jMAX} .



5.2 Thermal and Power Specifications

The following notes apply only to [Table 5-2](#) and [Table 5-3](#), .

| Note | Definition |
|------|---|
| 1 | The TDP and Configurable TDP values are the average power dissipation in junction temperature operating condition limit, for the SKU Segment and Configuration, for which the processor is validated during manufacturing when executing an associated Intel-specified high-complexity workload at the processor IA core frequency corresponding to the configuration and SKU. |
| 2 | TDP workload may consist of a combination of processor IA core intensive and graphics core intensive applications. |
| 3 | Can be modified at runtime by MSR writes, with MMIO and with PECI commands. |
| 4 | 'Turbo Time Parameter' is a mathematical parameter (units of seconds) that controls the processor turbo algorithm using a moving average of energy usage. Do not set the Turbo Time Parameter to a value less than 0.1 seconds. refer to Section 5.1.3.2, "Platform Power Control" for further information. |
| 5 | Shown limit is a time averaged power, based upon the Turbo Time Parameter. Absolute product power may exceed the set limits for short durations or under virus or uncharacterized workloads. |
| 6 | Processor will be controlled to specified power limit as described in Section 5.1.2, "Intel® Turbo Boost Technology 2.0 Power Monitoring" . If the power value and/or 'Turbo Time Parameter' is changed during runtime, it may take a short period of time (approximately 3 to 5 times the 'Turbo Time Parameter') for the algorithm to settle at the new control limits. |
| 7 | This is a hardware default setting and not a behavioral characteristic of the part. The reference BIOS code may override the hardware default power limit values to optimize performance |
| 8 | For controllable turbo workloads, the PL2 limit may be exceeded for up to 10 ms. |
| 9 | Refer to Table 5-1, "Configurable TDP Modes" for the definitions of 'base', 'TDP-Up' and 'TDP-Down'. |
| 10 | LPM power level is an opportunistic power and is not a guaranteed value as usages and implementations may vary. |
| 11 | Power limits may vary depending on if the product supports the 'TDP-up' and/or 'TDP-down' modes. Default power limits can be found in the PKG_PWR_SKU MSR (614h). |
| 12 | The processor die and OPCM die do not reach maximum sustained power simultaneously since the sum of the 2 dies estimated power budget is controlled to be equal to or less than the package TDP (PL1) limit. |
| 13 | cTDP down power is based on GT2 equivalent graphics configuration. cTDP down does not decrease the number of active Processor Graphics EUs, but relies on Power Budget Management (PL1) to achieve the specified power level. |
| 14 | May vary based on SKU. |
| 16 | Sustained residencies at high voltages and temperatures may temporarily limit turbo frequency. |
| 17 | The formula of $PL2=PL1*1.25$ is the hardware default but may not represent the optimum value for processor performance. By including the benefits available from power and thermal management features the recommended value for PL2 found in the Power Map can be higher. |



5.2.1 KBL U/Y Processor Line Thermal and Power Specifications

Table 5-2. TDP Specifications (KBL U/Y/AML-Y22 Processor Line)

| Segment and Package | Processor IA Cores, Graphics Configuration and TDP | Configuration | Processor IA Core Frequency | Graphics core Frequency | Thermal Design Power (TDP) [w] | Scenario Design Power (SDP) [w] | Notes |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| U-Processor Line BGA | 2 Core GT2 15W | Configurable TDP-Up | 2.7 GHz to 2.9 GHz | 900 MHz to 1.1 GHz | 25 | N/A | 1,9,10, 11,16 |
| | | Base | 2.4 GHz to 2.7 GHz | | 15 | | |
| | | Configurable TDP-Down / LFM | 800 MHz | | 7.5 | | |
| | | LPM | 400 MHz | 300 MHz | ~7 | | |
| U-Processor Line BGA (U-4 Core) | 4 Core GT2 15W | Configurable TDP-Up | 1.8 GHz to 2.1 GHz | 900 MHz to 1.15 GHz | 25 | N/A | 1,9,10, 11,12,16 |
| | | Base | 1.8 GHz to 2.5 GHz | | 15 | | |
| | | Configurable TDP-Down / LFM | 800 MHz | | 10 | | |
| | | LPM | 400 MHz | 300 MHz | ~9 | | |
| Y-Processor Line BGA | 2 Core GT2 4.5W | Configurable TDP-Up | 1.6 GHz | 300 MHz to 1.05 GHz | 7 | 3.0 | 1,9,10, 11,16,17 |
| | | Base | 1.0 GHz to 1.3 GHz | | 4.5 | | |
| | | Configurable TDP-Down | 600 MHz | | 3.75 | | |
| | | LFM | 400 MHz | 100 MHz | ~3.75 | | |
| Y-Processor Line BGA | 2 Core GT2 6W | Base | 1.3 GHz to 1.5 GHz | 300 MHz to 850 MHz | 6 | N/A | 1,9,10, 11,16,17 |
| | | Configurable TDP-Down | 600 MHz | | 4.5 | | |
| | | LFM | 400 MHz | 100 MHz | ~3.75 | | |
| AML-Y Processor Line BGA | 2 Core GT2 5W | Configurable TDP-Up | 1.6 GHz | 900 MHz to 1.05GHz | 7 | N/A | 1,9,10, 11,16,17 |
| | | Base | 1.1 GHz to 1.5 GHz | | 5 | | |
| | | Configurable TDP-Down | 600 MHz | | 3.5 | | |
| | | LFM | 400 MHz | 300 MHz | ~3.5 | | |

Note: The ~ sign stands for approximation.



Table 5-3. Package Turbo Specifications (KBL U/Y and AML-Y22 Processor Line)

| Segment and Package | Processor IA Cores, Graphics Configuration and TDP | Parameter | Min. | Hardware Default | Max | Units | Notes |
|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------|------------------|-----|-------|-------------------|
| U-Processor Line BGA | 2-Core GT3 28W with OPC | Power Limit 1 Time (PL1 Tau) | 0.01 | 1 | 448 | s | 3,4,5,6,7,8,14,17 |
| | | Power Limit 1 (PL1) | N/A | 28 | N/A | W | |
| | | Power Limit 2 (PL2) | N/A | 1.25*28 | N/A | W | |
| U-Processor Line BGA | 2- Core GT3 15W with OPC | Power Limit 1 Time (PL1 Tau) | 0.01 | 1 | 448 | s | 3,4,5,6,7,8,14,17 |
| | | Power Limit 1 (PL1) | N/A | 15 | N/A | W | |
| | | Power Limit 2 (PL2) | N/A | 1.25*15 | N/A | W | |
| U-Processor Line BGA | 2-Core GT2 15W | Power Limit 1 Time (PL1 Tau) | 0.01 | 1 | 448 | s | 3,4,5,6,7,8,14,17 |
| | | Power Limit 1 (PL1) | N/A | 15 | N/A | W | |
| | | Power Limit 2 (PL2) | N/A | 1.25*15 | N/A | W | |
| U-Processor Line BGA (U-4 Core) | 4-Core GT2 15W | Power Limit 1 Time (PL1 Tau) | 0.01 | 1 | 448 | s | 3,4,5,6,7,8,14,17 |
| | | Power Limit 1 (PL1) | N/A | 15 | N/A | W | |
| | | Power Limit 2 (PL2) | N/A | 1.25*15 | N/A | W | |
| Y-Processor Line BGA | 2-Core GT2 ~4.5W | Power Limit 1 Time (PL1 Tau) | 0.01 | 1 | 448 | s | 3,4,5,6,7,8,14,17 |
| | | Power Limit 1 (PL1) | N/A | 4.5 | N/A | W | |
| | | Power Limit 2 (PL2) | N/A | 1.25*4.5 | N/A | W | |
| AML-Y Processor Line BGA | 2-Core GT2 5W) | Power Limit 1 Time (PL1 Tau) | 0.01 | 1 | 448 | s | 3,4,5,6,7,8,14,17 |
| | | Power Limit 1 (PL1) | N/A | 5 | N/A | W | |
| | | Power Limit 2 (PL2) | N/A | 1.25*5 | N/A | W | |

Note: No Specifications for Min/Max PL1/PL2 values, refer PAG (Power Arch Guide) for PL1/PL2 recommendation.

Table 5-4. Junction Temperature Specifications (KBL U/Y and AML-Y22 Processor Line)

| Segment | Symbol | Package Turbo Parameter | Temperature Range | | TDP Specification Temperature Range | | Units | Notes |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-----|-------|---------|
| | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| U/U- 4 Core Processor Line BGA | T _j | Junction temperature limit | 0 | 100 | 35 | 100 | °C | 1, 2 |
| U-Processor Line + OPC BGA | T _j | Junction temperature limit | 0 | 100 | 35 | 100 | °C | 1, 2 |
| Y-Processor Line BGA | T _j | Junction temperature limit | 0 | 100 | N/A | 90 | °C | 1, 2, 3 |
| AML-Y22 Processor Line BGA | T _j | Junction temperature limit | 0 | 100 | N/A | 90 | °C | 1, 2, 3 |

Notes:

- The thermal solution needs to ensure that the processor temperature does not exceed the TDP Specification Temperature.
- The processor junction temperature is monitored by Digital Temperature Sensors (DTS). For DTS accuracy, refer to [Section 5.1.5.2.1, "Digital Thermal Sensor Accuracy \(Accuracy\)"](#).
- For this SKU to be specification compliance to the 90 °C TDP specification temperature, TCC Offset = 10 and Tau value should be programmed into MSR 1A2h. The recommended TCC_Offset averaging Tau value is 5s. See the Volume 2 for additional details.





6 Signal Description

This chapter describes the processor signals. They are arranged in functional groups according to their associated interface or category. The notations in the following table are used to describe the signal type.

The signal description also includes the type of buffer used for the particular signal (see the following table).

Table 6-1. Signal Tables Terminology

| Notation | Signal Type |
|---------------------------------|---|
| I | Input pin |
| O | Output pin |
| I/O | Bi-directional Input/Output pin |
| SE | Single Ended Link |
| Diff | Differential Link |
| CMOS | CMOS buffers. 1.05V- tolerant |
| OD | Open Drain buffer |
| DDR3L/-RS | DDR3L/DDR3L-RS buffers: 1.35V-tolerant |
| LPDDR3 | LPDDR3 buffers: 1.2V- tolerant |
| DDR4 | DDR4 buffers: 1.2V-tolerant |
| A | Analog reference or output. May be used as a threshold voltage or for buffer compensation |
| GTL | Gunning Transceiver Logic signaling technology |
| Ref | Voltage reference signal |
| Availability | Signal Availability condition - based on segment, SKU, platform type or any other factor |
| Asynchronous ¹ | Signal has no timing relationship with any reference clock. |
| Note: | |
| 1. Qualifier for a buffer type. | |

6.1 System Memory Interface

Table 6-2. DDR3L/-RS Memory Interface (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--|---|------|-------------|-----------|---|
| DDR0_DQ[63:0] DDR1_DQ[63:0] | Data Buses: Data signals interface to the SDRAM data buses. | I/O | DDR3L | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_DQSP[7:0] DDR0_DQSN[7:0] DDR1_DQSP[7:0] DDR1_DQSN[7:0] | Data Strobes: Differential data strobe pairs. The data is captured at the crossing point of DQS during read and write transactions. | I/O | DDR3L | Diff | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_CKN[1:0] DDR0_CKP[1:0] DDR1_CKN[1:0] DDR1_CKP[1:0] | SDRAM Differential Clock: Differential clocks signal pairs, pair per rank. The crossing of the positive edge of DDR0_CKP/DDR1_CKP and the negative edge of their complement DDR0_CKN / DDR1_CKN are used to sample the command and control signals on the SDRAM. | O | DDR3L | Diff | [1:0] applicable for all Processor Lines. |



Table 6-2. DDR3L/-RS Memory Interface (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--------------------------------|---|------|-------------|-----------|--|
| DDR0_CKE[1:0] DDR1_CKE[1:0] | Clock Enable: (1 per rank). These signals are used to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initialize the SDRAMs during power-up. Power-down SDRAM ranks. Place all SDRAM ranks into and out of self-refresh during STR (Suspend to RAM). | O | DDR3L | SE | [1:0] applicable for all Processor Lines. 4 |
| DDR0_CS#[1:0] DDR1_CS#[1:0] | Chip Select: (1 per rank). These signals are used to select particular SDRAM components during the active state. There is one Chip Select for each SDRAM rank. | O | DDR3L | SE | [1:0] applicable for all Processor Lines. |
| DDR0_ODT[1:0] DDR1_ODT[1:0] | On Die Termination: (1 per rank). Active SDRAM Termination Control. | O | DDR3L | SE | [0] applicable for all Processor Lines. [1:0] applicable for U/ U- 4 Core Processor Lines. |
| DDR0_MA[15:0] DDR1_MA[15:0] | Memory Address: These signals are used to provide the multiplexed row and column address to the SDRAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A10 is sampled during Read/Write commands to determine whether Autoprecharge should be performed to the accessed bank after the Read/Write operation. HIGH: Autoprecharge; LOW: no Autoprecharge. A10 is sampled during a Precharge command to determine whether the Precharge applies to one bank (A10 LOW) or all banks (A10 HIGH). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by bank addresses. A12 is sampled during Read and Write commands to determine if burst chop (on-the-fly) will be performed. HIGH: no burst chop; LOW: burst chopped. | O | DDR3L | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_BA[2:0] DDR1_BA[2:0] | Bank Select: These signals define which banks are selected within each SDRAM rank. | O | DDR3L | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_CAS# DDR1_CAS# | CAS Control Signal: Column Address Select command signal | O | DDR3L | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_RAS# DDR1_RAS# | RAS Control Signal: Row Address Select command signal | O | DDR3L | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_WE# DDR1_WE# | WE Control Signal: Write Enable command signal | O | DDR3L | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_VREF_DQ DDR1_VREF_DQ | Memory Reference Voltage for DQ: | O | A | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR_VREF_CA | Memory Reference Voltage for Command & Address: | O | A | SE | All Processor Lines |

Table 6-3. LPDDR3 Memory Interface (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--------------------------------|--|------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| DDR0_DQ[63:0] DDR1_DQ[63:0] | Data Buses: Data signals interface to the SDRAM data buses. | I/O | LPDDR3 | SE | All Processor Lines |



Table 6-3. LPDDR3 Memory Interface (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--|---|------|-------------|-----------|--|
| DDR0_DQSP[7:0] DDR0_DQSN[7:0] DDR1_DQSP[7:0] DDR1_DQSN[7:0] | Data Strobes: Differential data strobe pairs. The data is captured at the crossing point of DQS during read and write transactions. | I/O | LPDDR3 | Diff | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_CKN[1:0] DDR0_CKP[1:0] DDR1_CKN[1:0] DDR1_CKP[1:0] | SDRAM Differential Clock: Differential clocks signal pairs, pair per rank. The crossing of the positive edge of DDR0_CKP/DDR1_CKP and the negative edge of their complement DDR0_CKN / DDR1_CKN are used to sample the command and control signals on the SDRAM. | O | LPDDR3 | Diff | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_CKE[3:0] DDR1_CKE[3:0] | Clock Enable: (1 per rank) These signals are used to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initialize the SDRAMs during power-up. Power-down SDRAM ranks. Place all SDRAM ranks into and out of self-refresh during STR. | O | LPDDR3 | SE | All Processor Lines. |
| DDR0_CS#[1:0] DDR1_CS#[1:0] | Chip Select: (1 per rank). These signals are used to select particular SDRAM components during the active state. There is one Chip Select for each SDRAM rank. | O | LPDDR3 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_ODT[3:0] DDR1_ODT[3:0] | On Die Termination: Active Termination Control. | O | LPDDR3 | SE | For LPDDR3 only ODT[0] is in use. [0] applicable for Y-Processor Lines. [1:0] applicable for U and U- 4 Core Processor Line. |
| DDR0_CAA[9:0] DDR1_CAA[9:0] | Command Address: These signals are used to provide the multiplexed command and address to the SDRAM. | O | LPDDR3 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_CAB[9:0] DDR1_CAB[9:0] | Command Address: These signals are used to provide the multiplexed command and address to the SDRAM. | O | LPDDR3 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_VREF_DQ DDR1_VREF_DQ | Memory Reference Voltage for DQ: | O | A | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR_VREF_CA | Memory Reference Voltage for Command & Address: | O | A | SE | All Processor Lines |

Table 6-4. DDR4 Memory Interface (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--|---|------|-------------|-----------|---|
| DDR0_DQ[63:0] DDR1_DQ[63:0] | Data Buses: Data signals interface to the SDRAM data buses. | I/O | DDR4 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_DQSP[7:0] DDR0_DQSN[7:0] DDR1_DQSP[7:0] DDR1_DQSN[7:0] | Data Strobes: Differential data strobe pairs. The data is captured at the crossing point of DQS during read and write transactions. | I/O | DDR4 | Diff | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_CKN[1:0] DDR0_CKP[1:0] DDR1_CKN[1:0] DDR1_CKP[1:0] | SDRAM Differential Clock: Differential clocks signal pairs, pair per rank. The crossing of the positive edge of DDR0_CKP/DDR1_CKP and the negative edge of their complement DDR0_CKN / DDR1_CKN are used to sample the command and control signals on the SDRAM. | O | DDR4 | Diff | [1:0] applicable for All Processor Lines. |



Table 6-4. DDR4 Memory Interface (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--------------------------------|--|------|-------------|-----------|--|
| DDR0_CKE[1:0] DDR1_CKE[1:0] | Clock Enable: (1 per rank). These signals are used to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initialize the SDRAMs during power-up. Power-down SDRAM ranks. Place all SDRAM ranks into and out of self-refresh during STR (Suspend to RAM). | O | DDR4 | SE | [1:0] applicable for All Processor Lines. 4 |
| DDR0_CS#[1:0] DDR1_CS#[1:0] | Chip Select: (1 per rank). These signals are used to select particular SDRAM components during the active state. There is one Chip Select for each SDRAM rank. | O | DDR4 | SE | [1:0] applicable for All Processor Lines. |
| DDR0_ODT[1:0] DDR1_ODT[1:0] | On Die Termination: (1 per rank). Active SDRAM Termination Control. | O | DDR4 | SE | [0] applicable for Y-Processor Lines. [1:0] applicable for U and U- 4 Core Line processors |
| DDR0_MA[16:0] DDR1_MA[16:0] | Address: These signals are used to provide the multiplexed row and column address to the SDRAM. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A[16:14] use also as command signals, see ACT# signal description. A10 is sampled during Read/Write commands to determine whether Autoprecharge should be performed to the accessed bank after the Read/Write operation. HIGH: Autoprecharge; LOW: no Autoprecharge). A10 is sampled during a Precharge command to determine whether the Precharge applies to one bank (A10 LOW) or all banks (A10 HIGH). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by bank addresses. A12 is sampled during Read and Write commands to determine if burst chop (on-the-fly) will be performed. HIGH, no burst chop; LOW: burst chopped). | O | DDR4 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_ACT# DDR1_ACT# | Activation Command: ACT# HIGH along with CS# determines that the signals addresses below have command functionality. A16 use as RAS# signal A15 use as CAS# signal A14 use as WE# signal | O | DDR4 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_BG[1:0] DDR1_BG[1:0] | Bank Group: BG[0:1] define to which bank group an Active, Read, Write or Precharge command is being applied. BG0 also determines which mode register is to be accessed during a MRS cycle. | O | DDR4 | SE | All processor lines SO-DIMM, x8 DRAMs, x16 DDP DRAMs devices use BG[1:0]. x16 SDP DRAMs devices use BG[0] |
| DDR0_BA[1:0] DDR1_BA[1:0] | Bank Address: BA[1:0] define to which bank an Active, Read, Write or Precharge command is being applied. Bank address also determines which mode register is to be accessed during a MRS cycle. | O | DDR4 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_ALERT# DDR1_ALERT# | Alert: This signal is used at command training only. It is getting the Command and Address Parity error flag during training. CRC feature is not supported. | I | DDR4 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR0_PAR DDR1_PAR | Command and Address Parity: These signals are used for parity check. | O | DDR4 | SE | All Processor Lines |
| DDR_VREF_CA | Memory Reference Voltage for Command & Address: | O | A | SE | All Processor Lines |



Table 6-5. System Memory Reference and Compensation Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|----------------|--|------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| DDR_RCOMP[2:0] | System Memory Resistance Compensation: | N/A | A | SE | All Processor Lines |
| OPC_RCOMP | On-Package Cache resistance Compensation from processor: Unconnected for Processors without OPC. | N/A | A | SE | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| OPCE_RCOMP | On-Package Cache resistance Compensation from OPC: Unconnected for Processors without OPC. | N/A | A | SE | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| DDR_VTT_CNTL | System Memory Power Gate Control: When signal is high – platform memory VTT regulator is enable, output high. When signal is low - Disables the platform memory VTT regulator in C8 and deeper and S3. | O | CMOS | SE | All Processor Lines |

6.2 Reset and Miscellaneous Signals

Table 6-6. Reset and Miscellaneous Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|----------------|--|------|-------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| CFG[19:0] | <p>Configuration Signals: The CFG signals have a default value of '1' if not terminated on the board. Intel recommends placing test points on the board for CFG pins.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CFG[0]: Stall reset sequence after PCU PLL lock until de-asserted: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 1 = (Default) Normal Operation; No stall. – 0 = Stall. • CFG[1]: Reserved configuration lane. • CFG[2]: Reserved • CFG[3]: Reserved configuration lane. • CFG[4]: eDP enable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 1 = Disabled. – 0 = Enabled. • CFG[6:5]: Reserved • CFG[7]: Reserved • CFG[19:8]: Reserved configuration lanes. | I | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines. |
| CFG_RCOMP | Configuration Resistance Compensation | N/A | N/A | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_POPIRCOMP | POPIO Resistance Compensation | N/A | N/A | SE | Y and U/U- 4 Core Processor Line |
| PROC_SELECT# | Processor Select: This pin is for compatibility with future platforms. It should be unconnected for this processor. | | | N/A | All Processor Lines |



6.3 embedded DisplayPort* (eDP*) Signals

Table 6-7. embedded DisplayPort* Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|------------------------------|---|------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| eDP_TXP[3:0] eDP_TXN[3:0] | embedded DisplayPort Transmit: differential pair | O | eDP | Diff | All Processor Lines |
| eDP_AUXP eDP_AUXN | embedded DisplayPort Auxiliary: Half-duplex, bidirectional channel consist of one differential pair. | O | eDP | Diff | All Processor Lines |
| eDP_DISP_UTIL | embedded DisplayPort Utility: Output control signal used for brightness correction of embedded LCD displays with backlight modulation. This pin will co-exist with functionality similar to existing BKLCTL pin on PCH | O | Async CMOS | SE | All Processor Lines |
| eDP_RCOMP | DDI IO Compensation resistor, supporting DP*, eDP* and HDMI* channels. | N/A | A | SE | All Processor Lines |

6.4 Display Interface Signals

Table 6-8. Display Interface Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability ⁽²⁾ |
|--|--|------|--------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| DDI1_TXP[3:0] DDI1_TXN[3:0] DDI2_TXP[3:0] DDI2_TXN[3:0] | Digital Display Interface Transmit: Differential Pairs | O | DP/ HDMI* | Diff | All Processor Lines. |
| DDI1_AUXP DDI1_AUXN DDI2_AUXP DDI2_AUXN | Digital Display Interface Display Port Auxiliary: Half-duplex, bidirectional channel consist of one differential pair for each channel. | O | DP/ HDMI* | Diff | |

Note:

- For DDC signals, refer to the PCH UY Datasheet or PCH H Datasheet (See Related Documents section).
- DDI3_AUXN and DDI3_AUXP are valid in U/U- 4 Core Processor Line but should be considered as reserved pins.

6.5 Testability Signals

Table 6-9. Testability Signals (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|-------------|--|------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| BPM#[3:0] | Breakpoint and Performance Monitor Signals: Outputs from the processor that indicate the status of breakpoints and programmable counters used for monitoring processor performance. | I/O | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_PRDY# | Probe Mode Ready: PROC_PRDY# is a processor output used by debug tools to determine processor debug readiness. | O | OD | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_PREQ# | Probe Mode Request: PROC_PREQ# is used by debug tools to request debug operation of the processor. | I | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_TCK | Test Clock: This signal provides the clock input for the processor Test Bus (also known as the Test Access Port). This signal should be driven low or allowed to float during power on Reset. | I | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines |



Table 6-9. Testability Signals (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|-------------|--|------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| PROC_TDI | Test Data In: This signal transfers serial test data into the processor. This signal provides the serial input needed for JTAG specification support. | I | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_TDO | Test Data Out: This signal transfers serial test data out of the processor. This signal provides the serial output needed for JTAG specification support. | O | OD | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_TMS | Test Mode Select: A JTAG specification support signal used by debug tools. | I | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_TRST# | Test Reset: Resets the Test Access Port (TAP) logic. This signal should be driven low during power on Reset. | I | GTL | SE | All Processor Lines |

6.6 Error and Thermal Protection Signals

Table 6-10. Error and Thermal Protection Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|-------------|--|------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|
| CATERR# | Catastrophic Error: This signal indicates that the system has experienced a catastrophic error and cannot continue to operate. The processor will set this signal for non-recoverable machine check errors or other unrecoverable internal errors. CATERR# is used for signaling the following types of errors: Legacy MCERRs, CATERR# is asserted for 16 BCLKs. Legacy IERRs, CATERR# remains asserted until warm or cold reset. | O | OD | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PECI | Platform Environment Control Interface: A serial sideband interface to the processor. It is used primarily for thermal, power, and error management. Details regarding the PECI electrical specifications, protocols and functions can be found in the RS-Platform Environment Control Interface (PECI) Specification, Revision 3.0. | I/O | PECI, Async | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROCHOT# | Processor Hot: PROCHOT# goes active when the processor temperature monitoring sensor(s) detects that the processor has reached its maximum safe operating temperature. This indicates that the processor Thermal Control Circuit (TCC) has been activated, if enabled. This signal can also be driven to the processor to activate the TCC. | I/O | GTL I OD O | SE | All Processor Lines |
| THERMTRIP# | Thermal Trip: The processor protects itself from catastrophic overheating by use of an internal thermal sensor. This sensor is set well above the normal operating temperature to ensure that there are no false trips. The processor will stop all executions when the junction temperature exceeds approximately 130 °C. This is signaled to the system by the THERMTRIP# pin. | O | OD | SE | All Processor Lines |



6.7 Power Sequencing Signals

Table 6-11. Power Sequencing Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| PROCPWRGD | Processor Power Good: The processor requires this input signal to be a clean indication that the V _{CC} and V _{DDQ} power supplies are stable and within specifications. This requirement applies regardless of the S-state of the processor. 'Clean' implies that the signal will remain low (capable of sinking leakage current), without glitches, from the time that the power supplies are turned on until they come within specification. The signal should then transition monotonically to a high state. | I | CMOS | SE | All Processor Lines |
| VCCST_PWRGD | VCCST Power Good: The processor requires this input signal to be a clean indication that the VCCST and VDDQ power supplies are stable and within specifications. This signal should have a valid level during both S0 and S3 power states. 'Clean' implies that the signal will remain low (capable of sinking leakage current), without glitches, from the time that the power supplies are turned on until they come within specification. The signal should then transition monotonically to a high state. | I | CMOS | SE | All Processor Lines |
| PROC_DETECT# /SKTOCC# | Processor Detect / Socket Occupied: Pulled down directly (0 Ohms) on the processor package to the ground. There is no connection to the processor silicon for this signal. System board designers may use this signal to determine if the processor is present. | N/A | N/A | SE | All Processor Lines |
| VIDSOUT VIDSCK VIDALERT# | VIDSOUT, VIDSCK, VIDALERT#: These signals comprise a three-signal serial synchronous interface used to transfer power management information between the processor and the voltage regulator controllers. | I/O O I | I:GTL/O:OD OD CMOS | SE | All Processor Lines |
| MSM# | Minimum Speed Mode: Control signal to VccEOP10 VR (connected only in 2 VR solution for OPC). | O | CMOS | SE | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| ZVM# | Zero Voltage Mode: Control Signal to OPC VR, when low OPC VR output is 0V. | O | CMOS | SE | Processors w/ on-package cache |



6.8 Processor Power Rails

Table 6-12. Processor Power Rails Signals

| Signal Name | Description | Dir. | Buffer Type | Link Type | Availability |
|--|---|------|-------------|-----------|---|
| Vcc | Processor IA cores power rail | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCG0/1} | Processor IA cores gated power rail, connects to board capacitors for filtering. | I | Power | — | Y-Processor Line AML-Y22 Processor Line |
| V _{CCGT} | Processor Graphics power rail | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCGTx} | Processor Graphics power rail (extension) | I | Power | - | Processors w/ GT3 |
| V _{DDQ} | System Memory power rail | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{DDQC} | System Memory clock power rail, feeds from VDDQ through LP filter. | I | Power | — | U/Y-Processor Lines AML-Y22 Processor Line |
| V _{CCSA} | Processor System Agent power rail | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCIO} | Processor I/O power rail. Consists of V _{CCIO} and V _{CCIO_DDR} . V _{CCIO} and V _{CCIO_DDR} should be isolated from each other. | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCST} | Sustain voltage for processor standby modes | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCSTG} | Gated sustain voltage for processor standby modes | I | Power | — | KBL U/Y-Processor Lines AML-Y22 Processor Line |
| V _{CCPLL} | Processor PLLs power rails | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCPLL_OC} | Processor PLLs power rails | I | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCOPC} | Processor OPC power rails | I | Power | - | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| V _{CCOPC_1p8} | Processor OPC power rails | I | Power | - | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| V _{CCEOPIO} | Processor OPC power rails | I | Power | - | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| V _{CC_SENSE} V _{SS_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCGT_SENSE} V _{SSGT_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCGTx_SENSE} V _{SSGTx_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | - | Processors w/ GT3 |
| V _{CCIO_SENSE} V _{SSIO_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCSA_SENSE} V _{SSSA_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | — | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCOPC_SENSE} V _{SSOPC_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | - | Processors w/ on-package cache |
| V _{CCEOPIO_SENSE} V _{SSEOPIO_SENSE} | Isolated, low impedance voltage sense pins. They can be used to sense or measure voltage near the silicon. | N/A | Power | - | Processors w/ on-package cache |

6.9 Ground, Reserved and Non-Critical to Function (NCTF) Signals

The following are the general types of reserved (RSVD) signals and connection guidelines:

- RSVD – these signals should not be connected
- RSVD_TP – these signals should be routed to a test point
- RSVD_NCTF – these signals are non-critical to function and may be left unconnected

Arbitrary connection of these signals to VCC, VDDQ, VSS, or to any other signal (including each other) may result in component malfunction or incompatibility with future processors. See Table 6-13, “GND, RSVD, and NCTF Signals”.

For reliable operation, always connect unused inputs or bi-directional signals to an appropriate signal level. Unused active high inputs should be connected through a resistor to ground (V_{SS}). Unused outputs may be left unconnected however, this may interfere with some Test Access Port (TAP) functions, complicate debug probing and prevent boundary scan testing. A resistor should be used when tying bi-directional signals to power or ground. When tying any signal to power or ground, the resistor can also be used for system testability.

Table 6-13. GND, RSVD, and NCTF Signals

| Signal Name | Description |
|-------------|---|
| Vss | Processor ground node |
| Vss_NCTF | Non-Critical To Function: These signals are for package mechanical reliability. |
| RSVD | Reserved: All signals that are RSVD should not be connected on the board. |
| RSVD_NCTF | RSVD_NCTF: RSVD_NCTF should not be connected on the board. |
| RSVD_TP | RSVD_TP: Intel recommends to route each RSVD_TP to an accessible test point. Intel may require these test points for platform specific debug. Leaving these test points inaccessible could delay debug by Intel. |

6.10 Processor Internal Pull-Up / Pull-Down Terminations

Table 6-14. Processor Internal Pull-Up / Pull-Down Terminations

| Signal Name | Pull Up/Pull Down | Rail | Value |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------|
| BPM[3:0] | Pull Up / Pull Down | VCC _{IO} | 16-60 ohms |
| PREQ# | Pull Up | VCC _{ST} | 3 kohms |
| PROC_TDI | Pull Up | VCC _{STG} | 3 kohms |
| PROC_TMS | Pull Up | VCC _{STG} | 3 kohms |
| PROC_TRSN# | Pull Down | - | 3 kohms |
| CFG[19:0] | Pull Up | VCC _{IO} | 3 kohms |



7 Electrical Specifications

7.1 Processor Power Rails

Table 7-1. Processor Power Rails

| Power Rail | Description | Control | Availability |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| V _{CC} | Processor IA Cores Power Rail | SVID | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCGT} | Processor Graphics Power Rails | SVID | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCGTX} ^{Note 2,6} | Processor Graphics Extended Power Rail | SVID | Processors w/ GT3 |
| V _{CCSA} | System Agent Power Rail | SVID/Fixed (SKU dependent) | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCIO} | IO Power Rail | Fixed | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCST} | Sustain Power Rail | Fixed | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCSTG} ⁵ | Sustain Gated Power Rail | Fixed | U/Y-Processor Lines AML-Y22 Processor Line |
| V _{CCPLL} | Processor PLLs power Rail | Fixed | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCPLL_OC} ⁴ | Processor PLLs OC power Rail | Fixed | All Processor Lines |
| V _{DDQ} | Integrated Memory Controller Power Rail | Fixed (Memory technology dependent) | All Processor Lines |
| V _{CCOPC} ³ | Processor OPC power Rail | Fixed | Processors w/OPC |
| V _{CCOPC_1P8} ³ | Processor OPC power Rail | Fixed | Processors w/OPC |
| V _{CCEOPIO} ³ | Processor EOPIO power Rail | Fixed | Processors w/OPC |

Notes:

1. N/A
2. Rail is unconnected for Processors without GT3.
3. Rail is unconnected for Processors without OPC.
4. V_{CCPLL_OC} power rail should be sourced from the V_{DDQ} VR. The connection can be direct or through a load switch, depending desired power optimization. In case of direct connection (V_{CCPLL_OC} is shorted to V_{DDQ}, no load switch), platform should ensure that V_{CCST} is ON (high) while V_{CCPLL_OC} is ON (high).
5. V_{CCSTG} power rail should be sourced from the VR as V_{CCST}. The connection can be direct or through a load switch, depending desired power optimization.
6. Intel has added the option of merging the GT/GTx power rails for the U-Processor Line GT3 product family.

7.1.1 Power and Ground Pins

All power pins should be connected to their respective processor power planes, while all VSS pins should be connected to the system ground plane. Use of multiple power and ground planes is recommended to reduce I*R drop.

7.1.2 V_{CC} Voltage Identification (VID)

The processor uses three signals for the **Serial Voltage IDentification** (SVID) interface to support automatic selection of voltages. The following table specifies the voltage level corresponding to the 8-bit VID value transmitted over serial VID. A '1' in this table refers to a high voltage level and a '0' refers to a low voltage level. If the voltage regulation circuit cannot supply the voltage that is requested, the voltage regulator should disable itself. VID signals are CMOS push/pull drivers. See [Table 7-21, "CMOS Signal Group DC Specifications"](#) for the DC specifications for these signals. The VID codes will change due to temperature and/or current load changes in order to minimize



the power of the part. A voltage range is provided in [Section 7.2, "DC Specifications"](#). The specifications are set so that one voltage regulator can operate with all supported frequencies.

Individual processor VID values may be set during manufacturing so that two devices at the same processor IA core frequency may have different default VID settings. This is shown in the VID range values in [Section 7.2, "DC Specifications"](#). The processor provides the ability to operate while transitionally to an adjacent VID and its associated voltage. This will represent a DC shift in the loadline.

7.2 DC Specifications

The processor DC specifications in this section are defined at the processor signal pins, unless noted otherwise.

- The DC specifications for the DDR3L/-RS/LPDDR3/DDR4 signals are listed in the *Voltage and Current Specifications* section.
- The *Voltage and Current Specifications* section lists the DC specifications for the processor and are valid only while meeting specifications for junction temperature, clock frequency, and input voltages. Read all notes associated with each parameter.
- AC tolerances for all DC rails include dynamic load currents at switching frequencies up to 1 MHz.

7.2.1 Processor Power Rails DC Specifications

7.2.1.1 Vcc DC Specifications

Table 7-2. Processor IA core (Vcc) Active and Idle Mode DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 1 of 3)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ¹ |
|---|---|---|-----|-----|------|------|-------------------|
| Operating Voltage | Voltage Range for Processor Operating Modes | All | 0 | — | 1.52 | V | 1, 2, 3, 7, 12 |
| I _{CC} MAX (U/Y-Processors) | Maximum Processor IA Core I _{CC} | Y-Processor Line (4.5W) | — | — | 24 | A | 4, 6, 7, 11 |
| | | Y-Processor Line (6W) Pentium/Celeron | — | — | 24 | | |
| | | AML-Y22 Processor Line (5W) | - | - | 28 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 2 Core GT2,GT1 | — | — | 32 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 2 Core GT1 Pentium/Celeron | — | — | 29 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 4 Core GT2 (U- 4 Core) | — | — | 64 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 2 Core GT3+OPC | — | — | 32 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (28W) - 2 Core GT3+OPC | — | — | 32 | | |
| TOB _{VCC} | Voltage Tolerance | PS0, PS1 | — | — | ±20 | mV | 3, 6, 8 |
| | | PS2, PS3 | — | — | ±20 | | |



Table 7-2. Processor IA core (Vcc) Active and Idle Mode DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 2 of 3)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | | | Unit | Note ¹ |
|--------------------------------|---|--|-----|-----|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|-------------------|
| Ripple | Ripple Tolerance | | | | $I_L \leq 0.5$ | $0.5 < I_L < I_{CC_TDC}$ | $I_{CC_TDC} < I_L < I_{CC_MAX}$ | mV | 3, 6, 8 |
| | | PS0 | — | — | +30/-10 | ±10 | ±15 | | |
| | | PS1 | — | — | +30/-10 | ±15 | ±15 | | |
| | | PS2 | — | — | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | | |
| | | PS3 | — | — | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | | |
| DC_LL (U/Y-Processors) | Loadline slope within the VR regulation loop capability | Y-Processor Line | — | 4.7 | 5.9 | | | mΩ | 10, 13, 14 |
| | | AML-Y22 Processor Line (5W) | - | - | 4 | | | | |
| | | U-Processor Line - 2 Core GT2,GT1 | — | — | 2.4 | | | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (U- 4 Core)- 4- Core | — | — | 2.4 | | | | |
| | | U-Processor Line - 2 Core GT3 with OPC | — | — | 2.4 | | | | |
| AC_LL (Y/U-Processors) | AC Loadline | U-Processor Lines | — | — | Same as Max DC_LL (up to 1MHz) | | | mΩ | 10, 13, 14 |
| AC_LL (Y-Processors) | AC Loadline | AML-Y22-Processor Line | — | — | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1MHz – 2MHz: Increasing linearly with log (frequency) from 4 to 6 2MHz – 20MHz: 6 20MHz – 30MHz: Increasing linearly with log (frequency) from 6 to 15.5 30MHz – 40MHz: 15.5 | | | mΩ | 10, 13, 14,15 |
| AC_LL (Y-Processors) | AC Loadline | Y-Processor Line | | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1MHz – 2MHz: 5.9 2MHz – 4MHz: Increasing linearly with log (frequency) from 5.9 to 11.7 4MHz – 20MHz: 11.7 20MHz – 30MHz: Increasing linearly with log (frequency) from 11.7 to 18.3 30MHz – 40MHz: 18.3 | | | mΩ | 10, 13, 14,15 |
| T_OVS_TD P_MAX | Max Overshoot time TDP/virus mode | — | — | — | 10/30 | | | μs | |
| V_OVS TDP_MAX/ virus_MAX | Max Overshoot at TDP/virus mode | — | — | — | 70/200 | | | mV | |



Table 7-2. Processor IA core (Vcc) Active and Idle Mode DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 3 of 3)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ¹ |
|--|-----------|---------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------------------|
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. | | | | | | | |
| 2. Each processor is programmed with a maximum valid voltage identification value (VID) that is set at manufacturing and cannot be altered. Individual maximum VID values are calibrated during manufacturing such that two processors at the same frequency may have different settings within the VID range. Note that this differs from the VID employed by the processor during a power management event (Adaptive Thermal Monitor, Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology, or low-power states). | | | | | | | |
| 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured across Vcc_SENSE and Vss_SENSE as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. | | | | | | | |
| 4. Processor IA core VR to be designed to electrically support this current. | | | | | | | |
| 5. Processor IA core VR to be designed to thermally support this current indefinitely. | | | | | | | |
| 6. Long term reliability cannot be assured if tolerance, ripple, and core noise parameters are violated. | | | | | | | |
| 7. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. | | | | | | | |
| 8. PSx refers to the voltage regulator power state as set by the SVID protocol. | | | | | | | |
| 9. N/A | | | | | | | |
| 10. LL measured at sense points. | | | | | | | |
| 11. Typ column represents Icc _{MAX} for commercial application it is NOT a specification - it is a characterization of limited samples using limited set of benchmarks that can be exceeded. | | | | | | | |
| 12. Operating voltage range in steady state. | | | | | | | |
| 13. LL specification values should not be exceeded. If exceeded, power, performance and reliability penalty are expected. | | | | | | | |
| 14. Load Line (AC/DC) should be measured by the VRTT tool and programmed accordingly using the BIOS Load Line override setup options. AC/DC Load Line BIOS programming directly affects operating voltages (AC) and power measurements (DC). A superior board design with a shallower AC Load Line can improve on power, performance, and thermals compared to boards designed for POR impedance. | | | | | | | |
| 15. For more details on AML-Y22 loadline target, refer to Power Integrity Model Set Doc ID# 597383. | | | | | | | |

7.2.1.2 Vcc_{GT} and Vcc_{GTx} DC Specifications

Table 7-3. Processor Graphics (Vcc_{GT} and Vcc_{GTx}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ¹ |
|---|--|---|-----|-----|--|-----------|-------------------|
| Operating voltage | Active voltage Range for Vcc _{GT} | All | 0 | — | 1.52 | V | 2, 3, 6, 8 |
| Icc _{MAX_GT} / Icc _{MAX_GTx} (U/Y-Processors) | Max. Current for Processor Graphics Rail | Y-Processor Line (4.5W) | — | — | 24 | A | 6 |
| | | AML-Y22- Processor Line (5W) | — | — | 24 | | |
| | | Y-Processor Line (6W) Pentium/Celeron | — | — | 24 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 2 Core GT2,GT1 | — | — | 31 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 4 Core GT2 (U-4 Core) | — | — | 31 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15W) - 2 Core GT1 Pentium/Celeron | — | — | 31 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (15,28W)- 2 Core GT3 with OPC | — | — | Merged: 64(GT+GTx) Separate: GT-57/GTx-19 | 6, 11, 12 | |
| TOB _{GT} | Vcc _{GT} Tolerance | PS0,PS1 | — | — | ±20 | mV | 3, 4 |
| | | PS2,PS3 | — | — | ±20 | mV | 3, 4 |


Table 7-3. Processor Graphics (V_{CCGT} and V_{CCGTx}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | | | Unit | Note ¹ |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|------|-------------------|
| Ripple | Ripple Tolerance | — | | | I _L ≤ 0.5 | 0.5 < I _L < I _{CC_TDC} | I _{CC_TDC} < I _L < I _{CC_MAX} | mV | 3, 4 |
| | | PS0 | — | — | +30/-10 | ±10 | ±15 | | |
| | | PS1 | — | — | +30/-10 | ±15 | ±15 | | |
| | | PS2 | — | — | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | | |
| | | PS3 | — | — | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | | |
| DC_LL (Y/ U- Processor) | V _{CCGT} Loadline slope | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | 4.2 | 5.7 | | | mΩ | 7, 9, 10 |
| | | U- 2 Core GT2, GT1 | — | — | 3.1 | | | | |
| | | U- 4 Core GT2 (U- 4 Core) | — | — | 3.1 | | | | |
| | | U- 2 Core GT3+OPC | — | — | 2/6.0(GTx) | | | | |
| AC_LL (Y/ U- Processors) | AC Loadline | U-Processor Line | — | — | Same as Max DC_LL (up to 1MHz) | | | mΩ | 7, 9, 10,13 |
| AC_LL (Y- Processors) | AC Loadline | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | — | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1MHz – 3MHz: 5.7 3MHz – 10MHz: Increasing linearly with log (frequency) from 5.7 to 12.1 10MHz – 40MHz: 12.1 | | | mΩ | 7, 9, 10,13 |
| T_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot time | — | — | — | 10 | | | μs | |
| V_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot | — | — | — | 70 | | | mV | |

Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date.
- Each processor is programmed with a maximum valid voltage identification value (VID), which is set at manufacturing and cannot be altered. Individual maximum VID values are calibrated during manufacturing such that two processors at the same frequency may have different settings within the VID range. This differs from the VID employed by the processor during a power or thermal management event (Intel Adaptive Thermal Monitor, Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology, or low-power states).
- The voltage specification requirements are measured across V_{CCGT_SENSE} and V_{SSGT_SENSE} as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe.
- PS_x refers to the voltage regulator power state as set by the SVID protocol.
- Each processor is programmed with a maximum valid voltage identification value (VID), which is set at manufacturing and cannot be altered. Individual maximum VID values are calibrated during manufacturing such that two processors at the same frequency may have different settings within the VID range. This differs from the VID employed by the processor during a power or thermal management event (Intel Adaptive Thermal Monitor, Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology, or low-power states).
- N/A
- LL measured at sense points.
- Operating voltage range in steady state.
- LL specification values should not be exceeded. If exceeded, power, performance and reliability penalty are expected.
- Load Line (AC/DC) should be measured by the VRTT tool and programmed accordingly using the BIOS Load Line override setup options. AC/DC Load Line BIOS programming directly affects operating voltages (AC) and power measurements (DC). A superior board design with a shallower AC Load Line can improve on power, performance, and thermals compared to boards designed for POR impedance.
- N/A
- For merged GT/GTx rails the sense point need to be taken from V_{CCGT_SENSE}/V_{SSGT_SENSE}, the V_{CCGTx_SENSE}/V_{SSGTx_SENSE} should be unconnected (not connected).
- For more details on AML-Y22 loadline target, refer to Power Integrity Model Set Doc ID# 597383..



7.2.1.3 V_{DDQ} DC Specifications

Table 7-4. Memory Controller (V_{DDQ}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ¹ |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|------------|------|--------|------|-------------------|
| V _{DDQ} (DDR3L/-RS) | Processor I/O supply voltage for DDR3L/-RS | All | Typ-5% | 1.35 | Typ+5% | V | 3, 4, 5 |
| V _{DDQ} (LPDDR3) | Processor I/O supply voltage for LPDDR3 | All | Typ-5% | 1.20 | Typ+5% | V | 3, 4, 5 |
| V _{DDQ} (DDR4) | Processor I/O supply voltage for DDR4 | All | Typ-5% | 1.20 | Typ+5% | V | 3, 4, 5 |
| TOB _{VDDQ} | VDDQ Tolerance | All | AC+DC: ± 5 | | | % | 3, 4, 6 |
| I _{CCMAX_VDDQ} (DDR3L/-RS) | Max Current for V _{DDQ} Rail (DDR3L/-RS) | U | — | — | 2 | A | 2 |
| | | — | — | — | — | | |
| I _{CCMAX_VDDQ} (LPDDR3) | Max Current for V _{DDQ} Rail (LPDDR3) | Y/AML-Y22 | — | — | 2 | A | 2 |
| | | U | — | — | 2 | | |
| | | — | — | — | — | | |
| I _{CCMAX_VDDQ} (DDR4) | Max Current for V _{DDQ} Rail (DDR4) | U | — | — | 2.8 | A | 2 |

Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date.
- The current supplied to the DIMM modules is not included in this specification.
- Includes AC and DC error, where the AC noise is bandwidth limited to under 100 MHz, measured on package pins.
- No requirement on the breakdown of AC versus DC noise.
- The voltage specification requirements are measured as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe.
- For Voltage less than 1v, TOB will be 50 mv.

7.2.1.4 V_{CCSA} DC Specifications

Table 7-5. System Agent (V_{CCSA}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ^{1,2} |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----|-----|---|------|---------------------|
| V _{CCSA} (U/Y-Processors) | Voltage for the System Agent | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | 0 | — | 1.52 | V | 3, 5 |
| | | U-Processor Line | 0 | — | 1.52 | | |
| TOB _{VCCSA} | V _{CCSA} Tolerance | U/Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Lines | — | — | ±20 | mV | 3 |
| | | — | — | — | — | % | 3, 11 |
| I _{CCMAX_VCCSA} | Max Current for V _{CCSA} Rail | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | — | 4.1 | A | 9 10 |
| | | U- 2 Core GT2 | — | — | 4.5 | | |
| | | U- 2 Core GT3+OPC | — | — | 5.1 | | |
| | | U- 4 Core GT2 (U- 4 Core) | — | — | 6 | | |
| DC_LL | V _{CCSA} Loadline | Y/AML-Y22-Processor Line | — | 14 | 18 | mΩ | 6, 7, 8 |
| | | U/U- 4 Core Processor Line | — | — | 10.3 | | |
| AC_LL | AC Loadline | U/-Processor Line | — | — | Same as Max DC_LL (up to 1MHz) | mΩ | 6, 7, 8, 12 |
| AC_LL | AC Loadline | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | — | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1MHz – 2MHz: Increasing linearly with log (frequency) from 18 to 42.6 2MHz – 40MHz: 42.6 | mΩ | 6, 7, 8, 12 |



Table 7-5. System Agent (V_{CCSA}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | | | Unit | Note ^{1,2} |
|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|-----|-----|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Ripple | Ripple Tolerance | U/Y-Processor Lines | | | $I_L <= 0.5$ | $0.5 < I_L < I_{CC_{TDC}}$ | $I_{CC_{TDC}} < I_L < I_{CC_{MAX}}$ | mV | 3, 4 |
| | | PS0 | — | — | +30/-10 | ±10 | ±15 | | |
| | | PS1 | — | — | +30/-10 | ±15 | ±15 | | |
| | | PS2 | — | — | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | | |
| | | PS3 | — | — | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | +30/-10 | | |
| T_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot time | — | — | 10 | | | µs | | |
| V_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot | — | — | 70 | | | mV | | |

Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date.
- Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits.
- The voltage specification requirements are measured across V_{CCSA_SENSE} and V_{SSA_SENSE} as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe.
- PSx refers to the voltage regulator power state as set by the SVID protocol.
- V_{CCSA} voltage during boot (Vboot) 1.05V for a duration of 2 seconds.
- LL measured at sense points.
- LL specification values should not be exceeded. If exceeded, power, performance and reliability penalty are expected.
- Load Line (AC/DC) should be measured by the VRTT tool and programmed accordingly using the BIOS Load Line override setup options. AC/DC Load Line BIOS programming directly affects operating voltages (AC) and power measurements (DC). A superior board design with a shallower AC Load Line can improve on power, performance, and thermals compared to boards designed for POR impedance.
- IPU designs with U-Processor Line Pentium/Celeron require additional 0.5A, SA I_{CCMAX}=5A.
- U-Processor Line GT2+OPC 28W IPU designs will require additional 2A, SA I_{CCMAX} when using IPU=7.1A.
- For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV.
- For more details on AML-Y22 loadline target, refer to Power Integrity Model Set Doc ID# 597383.

7.2.1.5 V_{CCIO} DC Specifications

Table 7-6. Processor I/O (V_{CCIO}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ^{1,2} |
|--------------------------|--|-----------|--|-----------|-----|------|---------------------|
| V _{CCIO} | Voltage for the memory controller and shared cache | Y/AML-Y22 | — | 0.85/0.95 | — | V | 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| | | U | — | 0.95 | — | | |
| | | — | — | — | — | | |
| TOB _{VCCIO} | V _{CCIO} Tolerance | All | +/-5 (AC + DC + Ripple) Up to 1 MHz | | | % | 3, 8 |
| I _{CCMAX_VCCIO} | Max Current for V _{CCIO} Rail | Y/AML-Y22 | — | — | 3 | A | |
| | | U | — | — | 3.1 | | |
| T_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot time | All | — | — | 100 | µS | 7 |
| V_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot at TDP | All | — | — | 20 | mV | 7 |

Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date.
- Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits.
- The voltage specification requirements are measured across V_{CCIO_SENSE} and V_{SSIO_SENSE} as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe.
- For low BW bus connection between processor and PCH -> V_{CCIO}=0.85V.
- For high BW bus connection between processor and PCH -> V_{CCIO}=0.95V.
- For KBL-Y and AML Y-Processor Line, Setting V_{CCIO} to 0.95V may lead to a power penalty up to 250mW.
- OS occurs during power on only, **not** during normal operation.
- For Voltage less than 1v, TOB will be +/-50mV (AC + DC + Ripple) up to 1 MHz



7.2.1.6 VCC_{OPC} DC Specifications

OPC VR output voltage is fixed to 1V, the processor can drive VR to LPM (Low Power Mode) which sets VR output to 0V using ZVM# signal as shown in the following table.

Table 7-7. VCC_{OPC} Voltage levels

| ZVM# State | VCC _{OPC} | Units |
|------------|--------------------|-------|
| 0 | 0 | V |
| 1 | 1.0 | V |

Table 7-8. Processor OPC (VCC_{OPC}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ^{1,2} |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------|-----|-----|------|---------------------|
| VCC _{OPC} | Voltage for the on-package cache | Processor Line w/OPC | — | 1.0 | — | V | 3 |
| TOB _{VCCOPC} | VCC _{OPC} Tolerance | Processor Line w/OPC | AC+DC:± 5 | | | % | 3, 5 |
| I _{CCMAX_VCCOPC} | Max Current for VCC _{OPC} Rail | Processor Line w/OPC | — | — | 3.2 | A | |
| T_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot time | All | — | — | 100 | μS | 4 |
| V_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot at TDP | All | — | — | 20 | mV | 4 |

Notes:

1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date.
2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits.
3. The voltage specification requirements are measured across VCC_{OPC_SENSE} and VSS_{OPC_SENSE} as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe.
4. OS occurs during power on only, **not** during normal operation.
5. For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV.

7.2.1.7 VCC_{EOPIO} DC Specifications

VCC_{EOPIO} may be connected to OPC VR. The processor can drive VR to LPM (Low Power Mode) which sets VR output to 0V using ZVM# signal (as shown in Table 7-9, “VCC_{EOPIO} Voltage levels (separate VR)”).

Table 7-9. VCC_{EOPIO} Voltage levels (separate VR)

| ZVM# state | MSM# state | VCC _{EOPIO} | Units |
|------------|------------|----------------------|-------|
| 0 | X | 0 | V |
| 1 | 1 | 1.0 | V |


Table 7-10. Processor EOPIO ($V_{CC_{EOPIO}}$) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ^{1,2} |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|------|---------------------|
| $V_{CC_{EOPIO}}$ | Voltage for the EOPIO interface | U-Processor Line GT3 with OPC | — | 1.0 | — | V | 3 |
| $TOB_{V_{CC_{EOPIO}}}$ | $V_{CC_{EOPIO}}$ Tolerance | | AC+DC: ± 5 | | | % | 3, 5 |
| $ICC_{MAX_V_{CC_{EOPIO}}}$ | Max Current for $V_{CC_{EOPIO}}$ Rail | | — | — | 2 | A | |
| T_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot time | | — | — | 100 | μS | 4 |
| V_OVS_MAX | Max Overshoot at TDP | | — | — | 20 | mV | 4 |
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. | | | | | | | |
| 2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. | | | | | | | |
| 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured across $V_{CC_{EOPIO_SENSE}}$ and $V_{SS_{EOPIO_SENSE}}$ as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. | | | | | | | |
| 4. OS occurs during power on only, not during normal operation. | | | | | | | |
| 5. For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV. | | | | | | | |

7.2.1.8 $V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}$ DC Specifications

Table 7-11. Processor OPC ($V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}$) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Note ^{1,2} |
|---|--|-------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|------|---------------------|
| $V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}$ | Voltage for the on-package cache | U-Processor Line GT3 with OPC | — | 1.8 | — | V | 3 |
| $TOB_{V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}}$ | $V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}$ Tolerance | | AC+DC: ± 5 | | | % | 3, 4 |
| $ICC_{MAX_V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}}$ | Max Current for $V_{CC_{OPC_1p8}}$ Rail | | — | — | 50 | mA | |
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. | | | | | | | |
| 2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. | | | | | | | |
| 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. | | | | | | | |
| 4. For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV. | | | | | | | |

7.2.1.9 $V_{CC_{ST}}$ DC Specifications

Table 7-12. V_{CC} Sustain ($V_{CC_{ST}}$) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes ^{1,2} |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-------|----------------------|
| $V_{CC_{ST}}$ | Processor V_{CC} Sustain supply voltage | All | — | 1.0 | — | V | 3 |
| TOB_{ST} | $V_{CC_{ST}}$ Tolerance | All | AC+DC: ± 5 | | | % | 3, 4 |
| ICC_{MAX_ST} | Max Current for $V_{CC_{ST}}$ | Y/AML-Y22-Processor Line | — | — | 60 | mA | |
| | | U-Processor Line | — | — | | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (U- 4 Core) | — | — | | | |



Table 7-12. Vcc Sustain (Vcc_{ST}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes ^{1,2} |
|---|-----------|---------|-----|-----|-----|-------|----------------------|
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. | | | | | | | |
| 2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. | | | | | | | |
| 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured on package pins as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. | | | | | | | |
| 4. For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV. | | | | | | | |

Table 7-13. Vcc Sustain Gated (Vcc_{STG}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes ^{1,2} |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-------|----------------------|
| Vcc _{STG} | Processor Vcc Sustain supply voltage | All | — | 1.0 | — | V | 3 |
| TOB _{STG} | Vcc _{STG} Tolerance | All | AC+DC: ± 5 | | | % | 3, 4 |
| Icc _{MAX_STG} | Max Current for Vcc _{STG} | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | — | 20 | mA | |
| | | U-Processor Line | — | — | | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (U- 4 Core) | — | — | | | |
| Notes: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. | | | | | | | |
| 2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. | | | | | | | |
| 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured on package pins as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 MΩ minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. | | | | | | | |
| 4. For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV. | | | | | | | |

7.2.1.10 Vcc_{PLL} DC Specifications

Table 7-14. Processor PLL (Vcc_{PLL}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Notes ^{1,2} |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|-----|-----|------|----------------------|
| Vcc _{PLL} | PLL supply voltage (DC + AC specification) | All | — | 1.0 | — | V | 3,7 |
| TOB _{VCCPLL} | Vcc _{PLL} Tolerance | All | Vcc _{PLLmax} > AC+DC > Vcc _{PLLmin} | | | V | 3,4,5,6,7 |
| LPF | Noise Filtering for Vcc _{PLL} | All | A low pass filter or behavior like is required, the low pass filter requirements are 150KHz cut-off frequency and -20dB/Decade attenuation for higher frequencies. | | | | 5,6 |
| Icc _{MAX_VCCPLL} | Max Current for Vcc _{PLL} Rail | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | — | 100 | mA | |
| | | U-Processor Line | — | — | 130 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line (U- 4 Core) | — | — | 130 | | |


Table 7-14. Processor PLL (V_{CCPLL}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Notes ^{1,2} |
|---|-----------|---------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------------------|
| Notes: 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. 2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured on package pins as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 M Ω minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. 4. For Voltage less than 1v, TOB will be 50 mv. 5. V_{CCPLL} max noise freq 0.5 MHz. 6. LPF should implement after making sure V_{CCPLL} AC+DC are inside $TOB_{V_{CCPLL}}$ limits 7. Should be measured and verified prior to LPF assembly | | | | | | | |

Table 7-15. Processor PLL_OC (V_{CCPLL_OC}) Supply DC Voltage and Current Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Segment | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Notes ^{1,2} |
|--|---|---|----------------|-----------|-----|------|----------------------|
| V_{CCPLL_OC} | PLL_OC supply voltage (DC + AC specification) | All | — | V_{DDQ} | — | V | 3 |
| TOB_{CCPLL_OC} | V_{CCPLL_OC} Tolerance | All | AC+DC: ± 5 | | | % | 3,4 |
| $I_{CCMAX_V_{CCPLL_OC}}$ | Max Current for V_{CCPLL_OC} Rail | Y/AML-Y22 -Processor Line | — | — | 100 | mA | |
| | | U-Processor Line - 2 Core GT2 | — | — | 100 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line - 4 Core GT2 (U- 4 Core) | — | — | 100 | | |
| | | U-Processor Line - 2 Core GT3+OPC | — | — | 120 | | |
| Notes: 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table are based on estimates and simulations or empirical data. These specifications will be updated with characterized data from silicon measurements at a later date. 2. Long term reliability cannot be assured in conditions above or below Max/Min functional limits. 3. The voltage specification requirements are measured on package pins as near as possible to the processor with an oscilloscope set to 100-MHz bandwidth, 1.5 pF maximum probe capacitance, and 1 M Ω minimum impedance. The maximum length of ground wire on the probe should be less than 5 mm. Ensure external noise from the system is not coupled into the oscilloscope probe. 4. For Voltage less than 1V, TOB will be 50 mV. | | | | | | | |

7.2.2 Processor Interfaces DC Specifications

7.2.2.1 DDR3L/-RS DC Specifications

Table 7-16. DDR3L/-RS Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Y and U-Processor Line | | | Units | Notes ¹ |
|---------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| V_{IL} | Input Low Voltage | — | — | 0.43* V_{DDQ} | V | 2, 4, 8, 9 |
| V_{IH} | Input High Voltage | 0.57* V_{DDQ} | — | — | V | 3, 4, 8, 9 |
| $R_{ON_UP/DN(DQ)}$ | DDR3L/-RS Data Buffer pull-up/down Resistance | Trainable | | | Ω | 10 |
| $R_{ODT(DQ)}$ | DDR3L/-RS On-die termination equivalent resistance for data signals | Trainable | | | Ω | 10 |
| $V_{ODT(DC)}$ | DDR3L/-RS On-die termination DC working point (driver set to receive mode) | 0.45* V_{DDQ} | 0.5* V_{DDQ} | 0.55* V_{DDQ} | V | 10 |

Table 7-16. DDR3L/-RS Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Y and U-Processor Line | | | Units | Notes ¹ |
|---|---|---|---------------------|-----------|-------|--------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(CK)} | DDR3L/-RS Clock Buffer pull-up/down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 26 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 5, 10 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(CMD)} | DDR3L/-RS Command Buffer pull-up/down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 20 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 10 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(CTL)} | DDR3L/-RS Control Buffer pull-up/down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 20 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 5, 10 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (DDR_VTT_CNTL) | System Memory Power Gate Control Buffer Pull-Up/down Resistance | 40 | — | 140 | Ω | |
| I _{LI} | Input Leakage Current (DQ, CK) 0 V 0.2*V _{DDQ} 0.8*V _{DDQ} | — | — | 1 | mA | |
| DDR0_Vref_DQ DDR1_Vref_DQ DDR_Vref_CA | VREF output voltage | Trainable | V _{DDQ} /2 | Trainable | V | 9,11 |
| DDR_RCOMP[0] | ODT resistance compensation | RCOMP values are memory topology dependent. | | | Ω | 6 |
| DDR_RCOMP[1] | Data resistance compensation | | | | Ω | 6 |
| DDR_RCOMP[2] | Command resistance compensation | | | | Ω | 6 |
| Notes: | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table apply to all processor frequencies. | | | | | | |
| 2. V _{IL} is defined as the maximum voltage level at a receiving agent that will be interpreted as a logical low value. | | | | | | |
| 3. V _{IH} is defined as the minimum voltage level at a receiving agent that will be interpreted as a logical high value. | | | | | | |
| 4. V _{IH} and V _{IL} may experience excursions above V _{DDQ} . However, input signal drivers should comply with the signal quality specifications. | | | | | | |
| 5. This is the pull up/down driver resistance after compensation. Note that BIOS power training may change these values significantly based on margin/power trade-off. | | | | | | |
| 6. For U/Y Processors DDR_RCOMP resistance should be provided on the system board with ±1% resistors. DDR_RCOMP resistors are connected to V _{SS} . | | | | | | |
| 7. DDR_VREF is defined as V _{DDQ} /2 for DDR3L/-RS | | | | | | |
| 8. R _{ON} tolerance is preliminary and might be subject to change. | | | | | | |
| 9. Processor may be damaged if V _{IH} exceeds the maximum voltage for extended periods. | | | | | | |
| 10. Final value determined by BIOS power training, values might vary between bytes and/or units. | | | | | | |
| 11. The value will be set during the MRC boot training within the specified range. | | | | | | |
| 12. DDR0_Vref_DQ - Not in use in DDR4, DDR1_Vref_DQ = DDR4_CA_ch1, DDR_Vref_CA = DD4_CA_ch0. | | | | | | |

7.2.2.2 LPDDR3 DC Specifications

Table 7-17. LPDDR3 Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | U/U- 4 Core and AML Y-Processor Line | | | Unit | Note |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------|------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage | — | — | 0.43*V _{DDQ} | V | 2, 4, 8, 9 |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage | 0.57*V _{DDQ} | — | — | V | 3, 4, 8, 9 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(DQ)} | LPDDR3 Data Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | Trainable | | | Ω | 11 |
| R _{ODT(DQ)} | LPDDR3 On-die termination equivalent resistance for data signals | Trainable | | | Ω | 11 |
| V _{ODT(DC)} | LPDDR3 On-die termination DC working point (driver set to receive mode) | 0.45*V _{DDQ} | 0.5*V _{DDQ} | 0.55*V _{DDQ} | V | 9 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(CK)} | LPDDR3 Clock Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 40 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 5, 11 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(CMD)} | LPDDR3 Command Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 40 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 11 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN(CTL)} | LPDDR3 Control Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 23 | 1.2*typ | Ω | 5, 11 |



Table 7-17. LPDDR3 Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | U/U- 4 Core and AML Y-Processor Line | | | Unit | Note |
|---|---|---|---------------------|-----------|------|-------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (DDR_VTT_CNTL) | System Memory Power Gate Control Buffer Pull-Up Resistance | 40 | — | 140 | Ω | - |
| I _{LI} | Input Leakage Current (DQ, CK) 0V 0.2* V _{DDQ} 0.8*V _{DDQ} | — | — | 0.75 | mA | - |
| I _{LI} | Input Leakage Current (CMD,CTL) 0V 0.2*V _{DDQ} 0.8*V _{DDQ} | — | — | 0.9 | mA | - |
| DDR0_VREF_DQ DDR1_VREF_DQ DDR_VREF_CA | VREF output voltage | Trainable | V _{DDQ} /2 | Trainable | V | 12,13 |
| DDR_RCOMP[0] | ODT resistance compensation | RCOMP values are memory topology dependent. | | | Ω | 6 |
| DDR_RCOMP[1] | Data resistance compensation | | | | Ω | 6 |
| DDR_RCOMP[2] | Command resistance compensation | | | | Ω | 6 |
| Notes: | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table apply to all processor frequencies. | | | | | | |
| 2. V _{IL} is defined as the maximum voltage level at a receiving agent that will be interpreted as a logical low value. | | | | | | |
| 3. V _{IH} is defined as the minimum voltage level at a receiving agent that will be interpreted as a logical high value. | | | | | | |
| 4. V _{IH} and V _{IL} may experience excursions above V _{DDQ} . However, input signal drivers should comply with the signal quality specifications. | | | | | | |
| 5. This is the pull up/down driver resistance after compensation. Note that BIOS power training may change these values significantly based on margin/power trade-off. | | | | | | |
| 6. DDR_RCOMP resistance should be provided on the system board with ±1% resistors. DDR_RCOMP resistors are to V _{SS} . | | | | | | |
| 7. DDR_VREF is defined as V _{DDQ} /2 for LPDDR3 | | | | | | |
| 8. R _{ON} tolerance is preliminary and might be subject to change. | | | | | | |
| 9. The value will be set during the MRC boot training within the specified range. | | | | | | |
| 10. Processor may be damaged if V _{IH} exceeds the maximum voltage for extended periods. | | | | | | |
| 11. Final value determined by BIOS power training, values might vary between bytes and/or units. | | | | | | |
| 12. VREF values determined by BIOS training, values might vary between units. | | | | | | |
| 13. DDR0_Vref_DQ - Not in use in DDR4, DDR1_Vref_DQ = DDR4_CA_ch1, DDR_Vref_CA = DD4_CA_ch0. | | | | | | |

7.2.2.3 DDR4 DC Specifications

Table 7-18. DDR4 Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | U/U- 4 Core-Processor Line | | | Units | Notes ¹ |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage | — | — | VREF(INT) - 0.07*VDDQ | V | 2, 4, 8, 9, 13 |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage | VREF(INT) + 0.07*VDDQ | — | — | V | 3, 4, 8, 9, 13 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (DQ) | DDR4 Data Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | Trainable | | | Ω | 11 |
| R _{ODT} (DQ) | DDR4 On-die termination equivalent resistance for data signals | Trainable | | | Ω | 11 |
| V _{ODT} (DC) | DDR4 On-die termination DC working point (driver set to receive mode) | 0.45*V _{DDQ} | 0.5*V _{DDQ} | 0.55*V _{DDQ} | V | 9 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (CK) | DDR4 Clock Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 26 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 5, 11 |



Table 7-18. DDR4 Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | U/U- 4 Core-Processor Line | | | Units | Notes ¹ |
|---|---|---|---------------------|-----------|-------|--------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (CMD) | DDR4 Command Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 20 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 11 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (CTL) | DDR4 Control Buffer pull-up/ down Resistance | 0.8*Typ | 20 | 1.2*Typ | Ω | 5, 11 |
| R _{ON_UP/DN} (DDR_VTT_CNTL) | System Memory Power Gate Control Buffer Pull-Up/ down Resistance | 40 | — | 140 | Ω | - |
| I _{LI} | Input Leakage Current (DQ, CK) 0 V 0.2*V _{DDQ} 0.8*V _{DDQ} | — | — | 1 | mA | - |
| DDR0_VREF_DQ DDR1_VREF_DQ DDR_VREF_CA | VREF output voltage | Trainable | V _{DDQ} /2 | Trainable | V | 12, 14 |
| DDR_RCOMP[0] | ODT resistance compensation | RCOMP values are memory topology dependent. | | | Ω | 6 |
| DDR_RCOMP[1] | Data resistance compensation | | | | Ω | 6 |
| DDR_RCOMP[2] | Command resistance compensation | | | | Ω | 6 |
| Notes: | | | | | | |
| 1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table apply to all processor frequencies. | | | | | | |
| 2. V _{IL} is defined as the maximum voltage level at a receiving agent that will be interpreted as a logical low value. | | | | | | |
| 3. V _{IH} is defined as the minimum voltage level at a receiving agent that will be interpreted as a logical high value. | | | | | | |
| 4. V _{IH} and V _{IL} may experience excursions above V _{DDQ} . However, input signal drivers should comply with the signal quality specifications. | | | | | | |
| 5. This is the pull up/down driver resistance after compensation. Note that BIOS power training may change these values significantly based on margin/power trade-off. See processor I/O Buffer Models for I/V characteristics. | | | | | | |
| 6. DDR_RCOMP resistance should be provided on the system board with ±1% resistors. DDR_RCOMP resistors are to V _{SS} . | | | | | | |
| 7. DDR_VREF is defined as V _{DDQ} /2 for DDR4 | | | | | | |
| 8. R _{ON} tolerance is preliminary and might be subject to change. | | | | | | |
| 9. The value will be set during the MRC boot training within the specified range. | | | | | | |
| 10. Processor may be damaged if V _{IH} exceeds the maximum voltage for extended periods. | | | | | | |
| 11. Final value determined by BIOS power training, values might vary between bytes and/or units. | | | | | | |
| 12. VREF values determined by BIOS training, values might vary between units. | | | | | | |
| 13. VREF(INT) is a trainable parameter whose value is determined by BIOS for margin optimization. | | | | | | |
| 14. DDR0_Vref_DQ - Not in use in DDR4, DDR1_Vref_DQ = DDR4_CA_ch1, DDR_Vref_CA = DD4_CA_ch0 | | | | | | |

7.2.2.4 Digital Display Interface (DDI) DC Specifications

Table 7-19. Digital Display Interface Group DC Specifications (DP/HDMI)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Notes ¹ |
|--|---|------------------------|-----|------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| V _{OL} | DDIB_TXC[3:0] Output Low Voltage DDIC_TXC[3:0] Output Low Voltage DDID_TXC[3:0] Output Low Voltage | — | — | 0.25*V _{CCIO} | V | 1,2 |
| V _{OH} | DDIB_TXC[3:0] Output High Voltage DDIC_TXC[3:0] Output High Voltage DDID_TXC[3:0] Output High Voltage | 0.75*V _{CCIO} | — | — | V | 1,2 |
| Z _{TX-DIFF-DC} | DC Differential Tx Impedance | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ω | |
| Notes: | | | | | | |
| 1. V _{CCIO} depends on segment. | | | | | | |
| 2. V _{OL} and V _{OH} levels depends on the level chosen by the Platform. | | | | | | |



7.2.2.5 embedded DisplayPort* (eDP*) DC Specification

Table 7-20. embedded DisplayPort* (eDP*) Group DC Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|-------|
| V _{OL} | eDP_DISP_UTIL Output Low Voltage | — | — | 0.1*V _{CCIO} | V |
| V _{OH} | eDP_DISP_UTIL Output High Voltage | 0.9*V _{CCIO} | — | — | V |
| R _{UP} | eDP_DISP_UTIL Internal pull-up | 100 | — | — | Ω |
| R _{DOWN} | eDP_DISP_UTIL Internal pull-down | 100 | — | — | Ω |
| eDP_RCOMP | eDP resistance compensation | 24.75 | 25 | 25.25 | Ω |
| ZTX-DIFF-DC | DC Differential Tx Impedance | 80 | 100 | 120 | Ω |

Notes:

- COMP resistance is to VCOMP_OUT.
- eDP_RCOMP resistor should be provided on the system board.

7.2.2.6 CMOS DC Specifications

Table 7-21. CMOS Signal Group DC Specifications

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units | Notes ¹ |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage | — | V _{CC} * 0.3 | V | 2, 5 |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage | V _{CC} * 0.7 | — | V | 2, 4, 5 |
| V _{OL} | Output Low Voltage | — | V _{CC} * 0.1 | V | 2 |
| V _{OH} | Output High Voltage | V _{CC} * 0.9 | — | V | 2, 4 |
| R _{ON} | Buffer on Resistance | 23 | 73 | Ω | - |
| I _{LI} | Input Leakage Current | — | ±150 | μA | 3 |

Notes:

- Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table apply to all processor frequencies.
- The V_{CC} referred to in these specifications refers to instantaneous V_{CC} levels.
- For V_{IN} between "0" V and V_{CC} Measured when the driver is tri-stated.
- V_{IH} and V_{OH} may experience excursions above V_{CC}. However, input signal drivers should comply with the signal quality specifications.
- N/A

7.2.2.7 GTL and OD DC Specifications

Table 7-22. GTL Signal Group and Open Drain Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 1 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units | Notes ¹ |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage (TAP, except PROC_TCK, PROC_TRST#) | — | V _{CC} * 0.6 | V | 2, 5, 6 |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage (TAP, except PROC_TCK, PROC_TRST#) | V _{CC} * 0.72 | — | V | 2, 4, 5, 6 |
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage (PROC_TCK, PROC_TRST#) | — | V _{CC} * 0.3 | V | 2, 5, 6 |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage (PROC_TCK, PROC_TRST#) | V _{CC} * 0.3 | — | V | 2, 4, 5, 6 |
| V _{HYSTERESIS} | Hysteresis Voltage | V _{CC} * 0.2 | — | V | - |
| R _{ON} | Buffer on Resistance (TDO) | 7 | 17 | Ω | - |
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage (other GTL) | — | V _{CC} * 0.6 | V | 2, 5, 6 |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage (other GTL) | V _{CC} * 0.72 | — | V | 2, 4, 5, 6 |

Table 7-22. GTL Signal Group and Open Drain Signal Group DC Specifications (Sheet 2 of 2)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Units | Notes ¹ |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-----|------|-------|--------------------|
| R _{ON} | Buffer on Resistance (CFG/BPM) | 16 | 24 | Ω | - |
| R _{ON} | Buffer on Resistance (other GTL) | 12 | 28 | Ω | - |
| I _{LI} | Input Leakage Current | — | ±150 | μA | 3 |

Notes:

1. Unless otherwise noted, all specifications in this table apply to all processor frequencies.
2. The V_{CCST} referred to in these specifications refers to instantaneous V_{CCST/IO}.
3. For V_{IN} between 0 V and V_{CCST}. Measured when the driver is tri-stated.
4. V_{IH} and V_{OH} may experience excursions above V_{CCST}. However, input signal drivers should comply with the signal quality specifications.
5. N/A
6. Those V_{IL}/V_{IH} values are based on ODT disabled (ODT Pull-up not exist).

7.2.2.8 PECCI DC Characteristics

The PECCI interface operates at a nominal voltage set by V_{CCST}. The set of DC electrical specifications shown in the following table is used with devices normally operating from a V_{CCST} interface supply.

V_{CCST} nominal levels will vary between processor families. All PECCI devices will operate at the V_{CCST} level determined by the processor installed in the system.

Table 7-23. PECCI DC Electrical Limits

| Symbol | Definition and Conditions | Min | Max | Units | Notes ¹ |
|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| R _{up} | Internal pull up resistance | 15 | 45 | Ω | 3 |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage Range | -0.15 | V _{CCST} + 0.15 | V | - |
| V _{Hysteresis} | Hysteresis | 0.15 * V _{CCST} | — | V | - |
| V _{IL} | Input Voltage Low- Edge Threshold Voltage | — | 0.3 * V _{CCST} | V | - |
| V _{IH} | Input Voltage High-Edge Threshold Voltage | 0.7 * V _{CCST} | — | V | - |
| C _{bus} | Bus Capacitance per Node | N/A | 10 | pF | - |
| C _{pad} | Pad Capacitance | 0.7 | 1.8 | pF | - |
| I _{leak000} | leakage current @ 0V | — | 0.6 | mA | - |
| I _{leak025} | leakage current @ 0.25* V _{CCST} | — | 0.4 | mA | - |
| I _{leak050} | leakage current @ 0.50* V _{CCST} | — | 0.2 | mA | - |
| I _{leak075} | leakage current @ 0.75* V _{CCST} | — | 0.13 | mA | - |
| I _{leak100} | leakage current @ V _{CCST} | — | 0.10 | mA | - |

Notes:

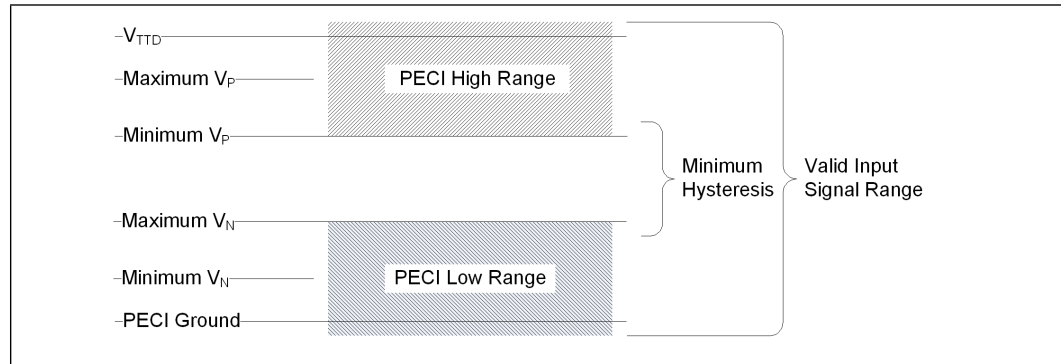
1. V_{CCST} supplies the PECCI interface. PECCI behavior does not affect V_{CCST} min/max specifications.
2. The leakage specification applies to powered devices on the PECCI bus.
3. The PECCI buffer internal pull up resistance measured at 0.75* V_{CCST}.



Input Device Hysteresis

The input buffers in both client and host models should use a Schmitt-triggered input design for improved noise immunity. Use the following figure as a guide for input buffer design.

Figure 7-1. Input Device Hysteresis



§ §



8 Package Mechanical Specifications

8.1 Package Mechanical Attributes

The U/U-4 Core/Y Processors use a Flip Chip technology available in a Ball Grid Array (BGA) package. The following table provides an overview of the mechanical attributes of the package.

Table 8-1. Package Mechanical Attributes

| Package | Parameter | Y-Processor Line | U- Processor Line | | U-Quad Core Processor Line |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| | | Dual Core GT2 | Dual Core GT3+OPC | Dual Core GT2 | Quad Core GT2 |
| Package Technology | Package Type | Flip Chip Ball Grid Array | Flip Chip Ball Grid Array | | Flip Chip Ball Grid Array |
| | Interconnect | Ball Grid Array (BGA) | Ball Grid Array (BGA) | | Ball Grid Array (BGA) |
| | Lead Free | Yes | Yes | | Yes |
| | Halogenated Flame Retardant Free | Yes | Yes | | Yes |
| Package Configuration | Solder Ball Composition | SAC1205 | SAC405 | | SAC405 |
| | Ball/Pin Count | 1515 | 1356 | | 1356 |
| | Grid Array Pattern | Balls Anywhere | Balls Anywhere | | Balls Anywhere |
| | Land Side Capacitors | No | Yes | | Yes |
| | Die Side Capacitors | No | No | | No |
| | Die Configuration | 2 Dice Multi-Chip Package (MCP) | 3 Dice MCP | 2 Dice MCP | 2 Dice MCP |
| Package Dimensions | Nominal Package Size | 20.5x16.5 mm | 42x24 mm | | 42x24 mm |
| | Min Ball/Pin pitch | 0.4 mm | 0.65 mm | | 0.65 mm |

8.2 Package Loading Specifications

Table 8-2. Package Loading Specifications

| Maximum Static Normal Load | Limit | Minimum PCB Thickness Assumptions | Notes |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Y/ AML-Y22 Processor Lines | 44.5 N (10 lbf) | 0.7 mm | 1, 2, 3 |
| U/U- 4 Core Processor Line | 67 N (15 lbf) | 0.8 mm | 1, 2, 3 |



Table 8-2. Package Loading Specifications

| Maximum Static Normal Load | Limit | Minimum PCB Thickness Assumptions | Notes |
|---|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Notes: 1. The thermal solution attach mechanism should not induce continuous stress to the package. It may only apply a uniform load to the die to maintain a thermal interface. 2. This specification applies to the uniform compressive load in the direction perpendicular to the dies' top surface. Load should be centered on processor die center. 3. This specification is based on limited testing for design characterization. 4. This load limit assumes the use of a backing plate. | | | |

8.3 Package Storage Specifications

Table 8-3. Package Storage Specifications

| Parameter | Description | Min | Max | Notes |
|---|--|-------------|---|---------|
| T _{ABSOLUTE STORAGE} | The non-operating device storage temperature. Damage (latent or otherwise) may occur when subjected to this temperature for any length of time in Intel Original sealed moisture barrier bag and / or box. | -25 °C | 125 °C | 1, 2, 3 |
| T _{SUSTAINED STORAGE} | The ambient storage temperature limit (in shipping media) for the sustained period of time as specified below in Intel Original sealed moisture barrier bag and / or box. | -5 °C | 40 °C | 1, 2, 3 |
| RH _{SUSTAINED STORAGE} | The maximum device storage relative humidity for the sustained period of time as specified below in Intel Original sealed moisture barrier bag and / or box. | 60% @ 24 °C | | 1, 2, 3 |
| TIME _{SUSTAINED STORAGE} | Maximum time: associated with customer shelf life in Intel Original sealed moisture barrier bag and / or box | NA | Moisture Sensitive Devices: 60 months from bag seal date; Non-moisture sensitive devices: 60 months from lot date | 1, 2, 3 |
| Notes: 1. ABSOLUTE STORAGE applies to the un-assembled component only and does not apply to the shipping media, moisture barrier bags or desiccant. Refers to a component device that is not assembled in a board or socket that is not to be electrically connected to a voltage reference or I/O signals. 2. Specified temperatures are based on data collected. Exceptions for surface mount re-flow are specified by applicable JEDEC J-STD-020 and MAS documents. The JEDEC, J-STD-020 moisture level rating and associated handling practices apply to all moisture sensitive de-vices removed from the moisture barrier bag. 3. Post board attach storage temperature limits are not specified for non-Intel branded boards. Consult your board manufacturer for storage specifications. | | | | |

§ §



9 U/U-Quad Core/YProcessor BallInformation

9.1 U-Processor and U-Quad Core Processor Ball Information

The U-Processors and U-Quad Core Processors are available in the BGA package (BGA1356), [Figure 9-1](#) through [Figure 9-6](#) provide a top view of the Ball map. [Table 9-1](#) provides the Ball list.

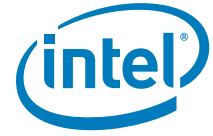


Figure 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball Map (Upper Left, Columns 71-48)

| | 71 | 70 | 69 | 68 | 67 | 66 | 65 | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | |
|----|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------------|--|--|---|--|--|---|--------|--|--------|
| BB | --- | VSS | RSVD_T_P | RSVD_T_P | VSS | VccGTx | DDR0 DQ[16] DDR0 DQ[32] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[23] DDR0 DQ[39] | --- | DDR0 DQ[28] DDR0 DQ[44] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[26] DDR0 DQ[42] | --- | VccGTx | DDR0_C KE[1] | VSS | DDR0 MA[9] DDR0_C AA[1] DDR0 MA[9] | --- | DDR0 MA[4] | VDDQ | DDR0 MA[1] DDR0_C AB[8] DDR0 MA[1] | --- | DDR1 MA[8] DDR1_C AA[3] DDR1 MA[8] | |
| BA | VSS | RSVD_T_P | --- | RSVD_T_P | DDR1_V REF_DQ | VSS | DDR0 DQ[20] DDR0 DQ[36] | DDR0 DQSN[2] DDR0 DQSN[4] | DDR0 DQ[22] DDR0 DQ[38] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[24] DDR0 DQ[40] | DDR0 DQSP[3] DDR0 DQSP[5] | DDR0 DQ[30] DDR0 DQ[46] | --- | VSS | DDR0_C KE[0] | DDR0 MA[15] DDR0_C AA[8] DDR0_A CT# | DDR0 MA[11] DDR0_C AA[7] DDR0 MA[11] | VSS | DDR0 MA[6] DDR0_C AA[2] DDR0 MA[6] | DDR0 MA[5] DDR0_C AA[0] DDR0 MA[5] | DDR0 MA[3] | VSS | DDR1 MA[6] DDR1_C AA[2] DDR1 MA[6] | |
| AY | VSS | --- | --- | DDR0_V REF_DQ | DDR_VR EF_CA | VSS | DDR0 DQ[21] DDR0 DQ[37] | DDR0 DQSP[2] DDR0 DQSP[4] | DDR0 DQ[19] DDR0 DQ[35] | --- | DDR0 DQ[29] DDR0 DQ[45] | DDR0 DQSN[3] DDR0 DQSN[5] | DDR0 DQ[31] DDR0 DQ[47] | --- | --- | DDR0_C KE[3] | DDR0 MA[14] DDR0_C AA[2] DDR0_B G[0] | DDR0 MA[14] DDR0_C AA[6] DDR0_B G[1] | --- | DDR0 MA[8] DDR0_C AA[3] DDR0 MA[8] | DDR0 MA[2] DDR0_C AB[5] DDR0 MA[2] | DDR0 MA[0] DDR0_C AB[9] DDR0 MA[0] | --- | DDR1 MA[5] DDR1_C AA[0] DDR1 MA[5] | |
| AW | RSVD_T_P | RSVD_T_P | RSVD | RSVD | DDR_VT T_CNLT | VSS | DDR0 DQ[17] DDR0 DQ[33] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[18] DDR0 DQ[34] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[25] DDR0 DQ[41] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[27] DDR0 DQ[43] | --- | VSS | DDR0_C KE[2] | VSS | DDR0 MA[12] DDR0_C AA[6] DDR0 MA[12] | VSS | DDR0 MA[7] DDR0_C AA[4] DDR0 MA[7] | VSS | DDR0_A LERT# | VSS | RSVD | |
| AV | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AU | DDR0 DQ[10] | DDR0 DQ[14] | DDR0 DQ[15] | DDR0 DQ[11] | --- | DDR1 DQ[17] DDR1 DQ[49] | DDR1 DQ[23] DDR1 DQ[55] | --- | VccGTx | --- | DDR1 DQ[25] DDR1 DQ[57] | DDR1 DQ[31] DDR1 DQ[63] | --- | VccGTx | --- | RSVD | DDR0_C KN[1] | --- | DDR0_C KN[0] | --- | DDR0_B A[0] DDR0_C AB[3] DDR0_B A[0] | DDR0_R AS# DDR0_C AB[1] DDR0 MA[16] | --- | DDR0_C AS# DDR0_C AB[1] DDR0 MA[15] | |
| AT | VSS | DDR0 DQSP[1] | DDR0 DQSN[1] | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[16] DDR1 DQ[48] | DDR1 DQ[22] DDR1 DQ[54] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[24] DDR1 DQ[56] | DDR1 DQ[30] DDR1 DQ[62] | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | DDR0_C KP[1] | --- | DDR0_C KP[0] | DDR0_P AR | --- | DDR0_C AB[7] DDR0 MA[10] | --- | DDR0_B A[1] DDR0_C AB[6] DDR0_B A[1] | |
| AR | DDR0 DQ[12] | DDR0 DQ[8] | DDR0 DQ[13] | DDR0 DQ[9] | --- | DDR1 DQSN[2] DDR0 DQSN[6] | DDR1 DQSP[2] DDR0 DQSP[6] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQSN[3] DDR0 DQSN[7] | DDR1 DQSP[3] DDR0 DQSP[7] | --- | VSS | --- | ZVM# | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | |
| AP | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[17] DDR0 DQ[53] | DDR1 DQ[23] DDR0 DQ[50] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[29] DDR0 DQ[61] | DDR1 DQ[26] DDR0 DQ[58] | --- | VSS | --- | MSM# | DDR1_C KE[1] | --- | DDR1_C KE[3] | --- | DDR1_B A[2] DDR1_C AA[5] DDR1_B G[0] | DDR1 MA[9] DDR1_C AA[1] DDR1 MA[9] | --- | DDR1 MA[7] DDR1_C AA[4] DDR1 MA[7] | |
| AN | DDR0 DQ[7] | DDR0 DQ[6] | DDR0 DQ[3] | DDR0 DQ[2] | --- | DDR1 DQ[20] DDR0 DQ[52] | DDR1 DQ[19] DDR0 DQ[51] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[28] DDR0 DQ[60] | DDR1 DQ[27] DDR0 DQ[59] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1_C KE[0] | DDR1_C KE[2] | --- | DDR1 MA[15] DDR1_C AA[8] DDR1_A CT# | DDR1 MA[14] DDR1_C AA[9] DDR1_B G[1] | --- | DDR1_C AA[6] DDR1 MA[12] | --- | DDR1_C AA[7] DDR1 MA[11] | |
| AM | VSS | DDR0 DQSN[0] | DDR0 DQSP[0] | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | VSS | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | |
| AL | DDR0 DQ[0] | DDR0 DQ[4] | DDR0 DQ[5] | DDR0 DQ[1] | --- | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCEOP IO_SENSE | --- | VSSGTx SENSE | VccGTx | --- | VSS | --- | VccGTx | VSS | --- | VccGTx | VSS | --- | VccGTx | --- | VSS | |
| AK | --- | VccGTx | VSS | VSS | DDR1 DQ[6] DDR0 DQ[22] | DDR1 DQ[7] DDR0 DQ[23] | DDR1 DQ[2] DDR0 DQ[18] | DDR1 DQ[3] DDR0 DQ[19] | VSS | VCCEOP IO_SENSE | --- | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx |
| AJ | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSSEOP IO_SENSE | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AH | DDR1 DQ[10] DDR0 DQ[26] | DDR1 DQ[14] DDR0 DQ[30] | DDR1 DQ[15] DDR0 DQ[31] | DDR1 DQ[11] DDR0 DQ[27] | VSS | DDR1 DQSN[0] DDR0 DQSN[2] | DDR1 DQSP[0] DDR0 DQSP[2] | VSS | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AG | VSS | DDR1 DQSP[1] DDR0 DQSP[3] | DDR1 DQSN[1] DDR0 DQSN[3] | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCEOP IO | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AF | DDR1 DQ[12] DDR0 DQ[28] | DDR1 DQ[8] DDR0 DQ[24] | DDR1 DQ[13] DDR0 DQ[29] | DDR1 DQ[9] DDR0 DQ[25] | DDR1 DQ[5] DDR0 DQ[21] | DDR1 DQ[4] DDR0 DQ[20] | DDR1 DQ[0] DDR0 DQ[16] | DDR1 DQ[1] DDR0 DQ[17] | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AE | --- | N/A | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSSOP-C_SENSE | VCCEOP IO | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AD | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AC | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCOP-C_SENSE | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AB | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCOPC | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |



Figure 9-2. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball Map (Upper Middle, Columns 47-24)

| | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|----|---|---|-------------|---|---|-------------|------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-----|
| BB | VDDQ | DDR1 MA[3] | --- | DDR1 BA[0] / DDR1 CAB[4] DDR1 BA[0] | VSS | DDR1 CS#[0] | VDDQ | --- | DDR0 DQ[36] DDR1 DQ[4] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[39] DDR1 DQ[7] | --- | DDR0 DQ[44] DDR1 DQ[12] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[47] DDR1 DQ[15] | VDDQ | DDR0 DQ[52] DDR1 DQ[36] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[55] DDR1 DQ[39] | --- | DDR0 DQ[60] DDR1 DQ[44] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[63] DDR1 DQ[47] | --- |
| BA | DDR1 MA[4] | DDR1 MA[0] / DDR1 CAB[9] DDR1 MA[0] | VSS | DDR1 BA[1] / DDR1 CAB[6] DDR1 BA[1] | DDR1 CAS#[13] DDR1 CAB[0] DDR1 MA[13] | DDR1 ODT[0] | VSS | --- | DDR0 DQ[37] DDR1 DQ[5] | DDR0 DQSN[4] DDR1 DQSN[0] | DDR0 DQ[38] DDR1 DQ[6] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[45] DDR1 DQ[13] | DDR0 DQSP[5] DDR1 DQSP[1] | DDR0 DQ[46] DDR1 DQ[14] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[53] DDR1 DQ[37] | DDR0 DQSN[6] DDR1 DQSN[4] | DDR0 DQ[54] DDR1 DQ[38] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[61] DDR1 DQ[45] | DDR0 DQSP[7] DDR1 DQSP[5] | DDR0 DQ[62] DDR1 DQ[46] | --- |
| AY | DDR1 MA[2] / DDR1 CAB[5] DDR1 MA[2] | DDR1 MA[1] / DDR1 CAB[8] DDR1 MA[1] | --- | DDR1 WE# / DDR1 CAB[2] DDR1 MA[14] | DDR1 CAS# / DDR1 CAB[1] DDR1 MA[15] | DDR1 CS#[1] | --- | --- | DDR0 DQ[32] DDR1 DQ[0] | DDR0 DQSP[4] DDR1 DQSP[0] | DDR0 DQ[34] DDR1 DQ[2] | --- | DDR0 DQ[40] DDR1 DQ[8] | DDR0 DQSN[5] DDR1 DQSN[1] | DDR0 DQ[42] DDR1 DQ[10] | --- | DDR0 DQ[48] DDR1 DQ[32] | DDR0 DQSP[6] DDR1 DQSP[4] | DDR0 DQ[50] DDR1 DQ[34] | --- | DDR0 DQ[56] DDR1 DQ[40] | DDR0 DQSN[7] DDR1 DQSN[5] | DDR0 DQ[58] DDR1 DQ[42] | --- |
| AW | VSS | DDR1 MA[10] DDR1 CAB[7] DDR1 MA[10] | VSS | DDR1 RAS# / DDR1 CAB[3] DDR1 MA[16] | VSS | DDR1 ODT[1] | VSS | --- | DDR0 DQ[33] DDR1 DQ[1] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[35] DDR1 DQ[3] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[41] DDR1 DQ[9] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[43] DDR1 DQ[11] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[49] DDR1 DQ[33] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[51] DDR1 DQ[35] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[57] DDR1 DQ[41] | VSS | DDR0 DQ[59] DDR1 DQ[43] | --- |
| AV | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AU | --- | DDR0 MA[13] DDR0 CAB[0] DDR0 MA[13] | DDR0 CS#[0] | --- | DDR0 CS#[1] | VDDQ | --- | DDR1 DQ[32] DDR1 DQ[16] | --- | VSS | DDR1 DQ[35] DDR1 DQ[19] | --- | VDDQ | --- | DDR1 DQ[41] DDR1 DQ[25] | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[42] DDR1 DQ[26] | --- | VDDQ | DDR1 DQ[48] | --- | DDR1 DQ[51] | --- |
| AT | --- | DDR0 WE# / DDR0 CAB[2] DDR0 MA[14] | DDR0 ODT[0] | --- | DDR0 ODT[1] | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[33] DDR1 DQ[17] | --- | DDR1 DQSN[4] DDR1 DQSN[2] | DDR1 DQ[34] DDR1 DQ[18] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[40] DDR1 DQ[24] | DDR1 DQSN[5] DDR1 DQSN[3] | --- | DDR1 DQ[43] DDR1 DQ[27] | --- | VSS | DDR1 DQ[49] | --- | DDR1 DQ[50] | --- |
| AR | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[36] DDR1 DQ[20] | --- | DDR1 DQSP[4] DDR1 DQSP[2] | DDR1 DQ[39] DDR1 DQ[23] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[44] DDR1 DQ[28] | DDR1 DQSP[5] DDR1 DQSP[3] | --- | DDR1 DQ[46] DDR1 DQ[30] | --- | VSS | DDR1 DQSP[6] | --- | DDR1 DQSN[6] | --- |
| AP | --- | DDR1 CKP[1] | DDR1 CKP[0] | --- | DDR1 PAR | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[37] DDR1 DQ[21] | --- | VSS | DDR1 DQ[38] DDR1 DQ[22] | --- | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[45] DDR1 DQ[29] | VSS | --- | DDR1 DQ[47] DDR1 DQ[31] | --- | VSS | DDR1 DQ[52] | --- | DDR1 DQ[55] | --- |
| AN | --- | DDR1 CKN[1] | DDR1 CKN[0] | --- | DDR1 ALERT# | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | DDR1 DQ[53] | --- | DDR1 DQ[54] | --- |
| AM | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | VCCIO | --- | VDDQ | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCCIO | --- | VCCIO | VSS | --- | VSS | --- |
| AL | --- | VccGTx | VSS | --- | VccGTx | VCCIO | --- | VCC | --- | VSS | VCC | --- | VSS | --- | VCC | VSS | --- | VCCIO | --- | VSS | RSVD | --- | RSVD | --- |
| AK | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VccGTx | VccGTx | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | RSVD | --- | VCCIO | --- | VCCIO | VSS | --- | VCCSA | --- |
| AJ | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AH | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AG | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AF | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AE | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AD | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AC | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AB | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |



Figure 9-3. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball Map (Upper Right, Columns 23-1)

| | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | |
|----|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| BB | VDDQ | HDA_SD O / I2S0_TX D | --- | DSW_P WROK | --- | VSS | GPD9 / SLP_WL AN# | --- | WAKE# | VCCRTC | GPP_A3 /LAD2 / ESPI_IO 2 | --- | GPP_A7 / PIRQA# | DCPRTC | GPP_A1 6 / SD_1P8 SEL | --- | GPP_A2 0 / ISH_GP 2 | VSS | TP4 | RSVD | TP2 | RSVD | --- | |
| BA | VSS | HDA_SY NC / I2S0_SF RM | HDA_SD I0 / I2S0_R XD | PCH_PW ROK | --- | VSS | GPD8 / SUSCLK | GPD5 / SLP_S4 # | GPD3 / PWRBTN # | VSS | GPP_A2 7 / LAD1 / ESPI_IO 1 | GPP_A5 4 / LFRAME # / ESPI_CS # | GPP_A1 4 / SUS_ST AT# / ESPI_RE SET# | VSS | GPP_A1 7 / SD_PW R_EN# / ISH_GP 7 | GPP_A1 9 / ISH_GP 1 | GPP_A2 1 / ISH_GP 3 | VSS | GPP_B3 / CPU_GP 2 | RSVD | RSVD | VSS | VSS | |
| AY | --- | HDA_BL K / I2S0_S CLK | HDA_SD I1 / I2S1_R XD | I2S1_SF RM | --- | --- | RSMRST # | GPD10 / SLP_S5 # | GPD1 / ACPRES ENT | --- | GPP_A1 /LAD0 / ESPI_IO 0 | GPP_A4 /LAD3 / ESPI_IO 3 | GPP_A6 / SERIRQ | --- | GPP_A1 0 / CLKOUT LPC1 | GPP_A1 8 / ISH_GP 0 | GPP_A2 2 / ISH_GP 4 | --- | GPP_B4 / CPU_GP 3 | TP1 | RSVD | RSVD | RSVD | |
| AW | VSS | HDA_RS T# / I2S1_S CLK | VSS | I2S1_TX D | --- | VSS | GPD11 / LANPHY PC | VSS | SLP_LA N# | VSS | GPP_A0 / RCIN# | VSS | GPP_A8 / CLKRUN # | VSS | GPP_A9 / CLKOUT LPC0 / ESPI_CL K | VSS | GPP_A2 3 / ISH_GP 5 | VSS | GPP_B1 4 / SPKR | N/A | SPI0_MI SO | SPI0_IO 2 | RSVD | |
| AV | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | SPI0_M OSI | SPI0_CL K | VSS | |
| AU | VDDQ | DDR1_D Q[57] | DDR1_D Q[58] | VSS | --- | DDR_RC OMP[2] | --- | PCH_OP IRCOMP | VSS | --- | GPD0 / BATLOW # | --- | GPP_A1 1 / PME# | VSS | --- | GPP_B9 / SRCCLK REQ4# | GPP_B1 0 / SRCCLK REQ5# | --- | TP5 | SPI0_IO 3 | SPI0_C S0# | SPI0_C S1# | SPI0_C S2# | |
| AT | VSS | DDR1_D Q[56] | DDR1_D Q[59] | VSS | --- | DDR_RC OMP[1] | --- | PROC_P OPIRCO MP | GPD7 / RSVD | --- | DRAM_R ESET# | --- | GPP_B1 2 / SLP_S0 # | GPP_B8 / SRCCLK REQ3# | --- | GPP_B7 / SRCCLK REQ2# | GPP_B6 / SRCCLK REQ1# | --- | TP6 | VSS | --- | VSS | EMMC_R COMP | |
| AR | VSS | DDR1_D QSN[7] | DDR1_D QSP[7] | VSS | --- | DDR_RC OMP[0] | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | GPP_A1 3 / SUSWA RN# / SUSPW RDNACK | --- | VSS | GPP_B5 / SRCCLK REQ0# | --- | VSS | GPP_B1 8 / GSP10 MOSI | --- | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| AP | VSS | DDR1_D Q[61] | DDR1_D Q[62] | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | INTRUD ER# | GPD4 / SLP_S3 # | --- | Sx_EX IT_HOL DOFF# / GPP_A1 R2 / BM_BUS Y# / ISH_GP 6 | --- | GPP_A1 5 / SUSACK # | VSS | --- | GPP_B1 7 / GSP10 MISO | GPP_B1 6 / GSP10 CLK | --- | GPP_B1 1 / GSP11 MISO | GPP_F1 2 / EMMC_C MD | GPP_F1 5 / EMMC DATA2 | GPP_F1 3 / EMMC DATA0 | GPP_F1 4 / EMMC DATA1 | |
| AN | VSS | DDR1_D Q[60] | DDR1_D Q[63] | VSS | --- | SRTCRS T# | --- | GPD6 / SLP_A# | SLP_SU S# | --- | GPP_B1 / CORE_V ID1# | --- | GPP_B0 / CORE_V ID0 | GPP_B1 3 / PLTRST # | --- | GPP_B1 5 / GSP10 CS# | GPP_B2 0 / GSP11 CLK | --- | GPP_B2 2 / GSP11 MOSI | --- | GPP_F1 6 / EMMC DATA3 | GPP_F1 8 / EMMC DATA5 | GPP_F1 7 / EMMC DATA4 | |
| AM | VCCIO SENSE | VSSIO SENSE | VSS | RTCX2 | --- | RTCX1 | --- | RTCX1 | --- | RTCX1 | --- | VSS | --- | GPP_B2 / VRALER T# | GPP_B1 1 / EXT_P WR_GAT E# | --- | VSS | GPP_B2 3 / SML1AL ERT# / PCHHOT # | --- | GPP_B1 9 / GSP11 CS# | GPP_F1 9 / EMMC DATA6 | GPP_F2 2 / EMMC CLK | GPP_F2 1 / EMMC CLK | GPP_F2 0 / EMMC DATA7 |
| AL | VCCPLL OC | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | DCPDS W_1p0 |
| AK | VCCSA | VSS | VSS | VCCPRI M_1p0 | VCCRTC | VSS | VCCRT- CPRIM 3p3 | VSS | VCCPGP PA | --- | RSVD_T P | RSVD_T P | VSS | GPP_F3 / I2S2_R XD | GPP_F2 / I2S2_TX D | VSS | GPP_F1 / I2S2_SF RM | GPP_F0 / I2S2_S CLK | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AJ | --- | --- | VCCPRI M_3p3 | VSS | VCCHDA | VSS | VCCDS W_3p3 | VCCSPI | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | USB2P _3 | USB2P _5 | USB2N _5 | |
| AH | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | GPP_F7 / I2C3_S CL | GPP_F6 / I2C3_S DA | GPP_F5 / I2C2_S CL | GPP_F4 / I2C2_S DA | USB2P _10 | USB2N _10 | VSS | --- | --- | USB2N _3 | USB2P _7 | USB2N _7 | |
| AG | --- | --- | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCPGP PB | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | USB2_V BUSSEN SE | USB2_I D | USB2P _9 | USB2N _9 | |
| AF | --- | --- | VCCSRA M_1p0 | VCCSRA M_1p0 | VCCPRI M_CORE | VCCPRI M_CORE | VSS | VCCPGP PF | VSS | --- | GPP_F2 3 | GPP_F9 / I2C4_S CL | GPP_F8 / I2C4_S DA | VSS | USB2P _8 | USB2N _8 | USB2P _6 | USB2N _6 | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | |
| AE | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| AD | --- | --- | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCDS W_3p3 | VCCDS W_3p3 | VSS | VCCPGP PG | --- | VSS | GPP_F1 1 / I2C5_S CL / ISH_I2C 2_SCL | GPP_F1 0 / I2C5_S DA / ISH_I2C 2_SDA | USB2P _4 | USB2N _4 | VSS | USB2P _2 | USB2N _2 | --- | --- | GPP_C2 3 / UART2 CTS# | GPP_C2 2 / UART2 RTS# | GPP_C2 1 / UART2 TXD | GPP_C2 0 / UART2 RXD |
| AC | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | GPP_C1 4 / UART1 RTS# / ISH_UA RT1_RT S# | GPP_C1 3 / UART1 TXD / ISH_UA RT1_TX D | GPP_C1 2 / UART1 RXD / ISH_UA RT1_RX D |
| AB | --- | --- | VSS | VCCPRI M_1p0 | VCCPRI M_1p0 | VSS | VCCPRI M_1p0 | VSS | VSS | --- | GPP_G1 / SD_DAT A0 | GPP_G2 / SD_DAT A1 | GPP_G0 / SD_CM D | USB2P _1 | USB2N _1 | VSS | SD_RCO MP | USB2_C OMP | --- | --- | GPP_C1 5 / UART1 CTS# / ISH_UA RT1_CT S# | GPP_C1 1 / UART0 CTS# | GPP_C9 / UART0 TXD | GPP_C8 / UART0 RXD |



Figure 9-4. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball Map (Lower Left, Columns 71-48)

| | 71 | 70 | 69 | 68 | 67 | 66 | 65 | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 |
|----|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-----|----------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----|--------------|
| AA | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VSS | VCCGT | VCCGT | VSS | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Y | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| W | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| V | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCOP C | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| U | VCCGT | VSS | VSS | VCCGT | VSS | VSS | VCCGT | VSS | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| R | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| P | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCOP C | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| N | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VSS | VCCGT | VCCGT | VSS | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| M | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| L | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| K | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT |
| J | RSVD | VCCGT SENS E | VSSGT SENS E | RSVD | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT |
| H | VSS | CFG[1 2] | CFG[1 4] | --- | --- | OPCE RCOM P | OPC_R COMP | --- | VCC_O PC_1P 8 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| G | CFG[1 3] | CFG[1 5] | CFG[9] | CFG[1 1] | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VCC_O PC_1P 8 | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | DDI1 TXP[3] | VSS | --- | DDI1 TXP[2] | VSS | --- | DDI1 AUXN | --- | VSS |
| F | CFG[8] | CFG[1 0] | --- | VSS | --- | CFG[1 9] | VSS | --- | CFG[1 7] | --- | RSVD | RSVD | --- | DDI1 TXP[1] | --- | DDI1 TXN[3] | DDI1 TXP[0] | --- | DDI1 TXN[2] | RSVD | --- | DDI1 AUXP | --- | DDI2 AUXP |
| E | VSS | CFG[4] | --- | CFG[0] | --- | CFG[1 8] | VSS | --- | CFG[1 6] | --- | RSVD | CFG_R COMP | --- | DDI1 TXN[1] | --- | VSS | DDI1 TXN[0] | --- | VSS | eDP_R COMP | --- | VSS | --- | DDI2 AUXN |
| D | RSVD | --- | VSS | CFG[6] | CFG[3] | VSS | CFG[2] | VIDSO UT | CATER R# | VSS | PROC PREQ # | PROC_ TDI | PCH_J TAG_T DI | VSS | --- | PROC PRDY# | BPM#[1] | RSVD | VSS | DDI2 TXP[1] | DDI2 TXN[3] | DDI2 TXP[0] | --- | VSS |
| C | RSVD | RSVD | --- | CFG[5] | CFG[7] | --- | PROC HOT# | PROC SELEC T# | THER MTRIP # | --- | PCH_T RST# | PROC_ TMS | PCH_J TAG_T MS | --- | --- | BPM#[3] | BPM#[0] | RSVD | --- | DDI2 TXN[1] | DDI2 TXP[3] | DDI2 TXN[0] | --- | --- |
| B | VSS | RSVD | RSVD | --- | CFG[1] | VSS | VCCST _PWR GD | --- | VIDAL ERT# | VSS | PROC TCK | --- | PROC TRST# | VSS | --- | PCH_J TAG_T CK | --- | BPM#[2] | VSS | EDP_D ISP_U TIL | --- | DDI2 TXP[2] | --- | VSS |
| A | --- | VSS | RSVD | PROCP WRGD | VSS | VCCGT | SKTOC C# | --- | VIDSC K | VCCGT | PROC_ TDO | --- | JTAGX | VCCGT | --- | PCH_J TAG_T DO | --- | PECI | VCCGT | RSVD | --- | DDI2 TXN[2] | --- | VCCGT |



Figure 9-5. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball Map (Lower Middle, Columns 47-24)

| | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-----|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| AA | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Y | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| V | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| U | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| T | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| R | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| P | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| N | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| M | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| L | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| K | --- | RSVD | RSVD | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | RSVD | --- | VCCSA | --- | VCCSA | VCCSA | --- | VCCSA | --- |
| J | --- | VCCGT | VCCGT | --- | VCCGT | VSS | --- | VCC | --- | VSS | VCC | --- | VSS | --- | VCC | VSS | --- | VCC | --- | VSS | VCCSA | --- | VSS | --- |
| H | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| G | --- | RSVD | VSS | --- | VSS | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCC | VCC | --- | VCC | --- | VCCSA | VCCSA | --- | VCCSA | --- |
| F | --- | RSVD | EDP_A UXP | --- | CLKO UT_IT PXDP_ N | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | PCIE1 2_RXP / SATA2 _RXP | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | PCIE10 _RXN | --- |
| E | --- | VSS | EDP_A UXN | --- | CLKO UT_IT PXDP_ P | XCLK BIASR EF | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_N5 | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_P5 | XTAL2 4_IN | --- | XTAL2 4_OUT | --- | VSS_S ENSE | VCC_S ENSE | --- | PCIE1 2_RXN / SATA2 _RXN | --- | PCIE11 RXN/ SATA1B _RXN | PCIE11 RXP/ SATA1B _RXP | --- | PCIE10 _RXP | --- |
| D | VSS | EDP_T XN[1] | VSS | VSS | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_N0 | CLKO UT_PC IE_N2 | CLKO UT_PC IE_N3 | VSS | CS12 DP1 | CS12 CLKP0 | CS12 DP2 | --- | VSS | CS12 DP5 | CS12 CLKP1 | CS12 DP4 | VSS | CS12 CLKP2 | CS12_D P9 | CS12_D P11 | VSS | VSS | PCIE11 TXN/ SATA1B _TXN |
| C | EDP_T XP[0] | EDP_T XP[0] | EDP_T XP[1] | --- | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_P0 | CLKO UT_PC IE_P2 | CLKO UT_PC IE_P3 | --- | CS12 DN1 | CS12 CLKN0 | CS12 DN2 | --- | --- | CS12 DN5 | CS12 CLKN1 | CS12 DN4 | --- | CS12 CLKN2 | CS12_D N9 | CS12_D N11 | --- | VSS | PCIE11 TXP/ SATA1B _TXP |
| B | EDP_T XP[3] | --- | EDP_T XP[2] | VSS | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_N1 | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_N4 | VSS | CS12 DP3 | --- | CS12 DP0 | --- | VSS | CS12 DP7 | --- | CS12 DP6 | VSS | CS12 DP8 | --- | CS12_D P10 | CS12 CLKN3 | --- | PCIE12 TXP/ SATA2 _TXP |
| A | EDP_T XN[3] | --- | EDP_T XN[2] | VCC | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_P1 | --- | CLKO UT_PC IE_P4 | VCC | CS12 DN3 | --- | CS12 DN0 | --- | VCC | CS12 DN7 | --- | CS12 DN6 | VCC | CS12 DN8 | --- | CS12_D N10 | CS12 CLKP3 | --- | PCIE12 TXN/ SATA2 _TXN |



Figure 9-6. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball Map (Lower Right, Columns 23-1)

| | 23 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | |
|----|------------|-----------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| AA | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VCCATS_1p8 | | | |
| Y | --- | --- | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCPRI_M_1p0 | VSS | VCCPGP_PC | VCCPGP_PD | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | | |
| W | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | GPP_G3_SD_DAT_A2 | GPP_G4_SD_DAT_A3 | GPP_G5_SD_CD_# | --- | VSS | GPP_G6_SD_CLK | GPP_G7_SD_WP | VSS | --- | GPP_C1_0/UART0_RTS# | GPP_C6/SML1CLK | GPP_C4/SMLODATA | GPP_C5/SMLOALERT# | | |
| V | --- | --- | VCCPRI_M_CORE | VCCPRI_M_CORE | VCCPRI_M_3p3 | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCAPL_1_P0 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | GPP_C7/SML1DATA | GPP_D2_2/SPI1_IO_3 | GPP_D2_1/SPI1_IO_2 | | |
| U | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | eDP_VD_DEN | RSVD | RSVD | VSS | --- | GPP_C1_9/I2C1_SCL | GPP_C1_8/I2C1_SDA | GPP_C1_6/I2C0_SDA | GPP_C1_7/I2C0_SCL | --- | GPP_D1_6/ISH_UARTO_CT_S#/SMLOBLERT# | GPP_D1_5/ISH_UARTO_RT_S# | GPP_D1_4/ISH_UARTO_TX_D/SMLOBCLK/I2C4B_SCL | GPP_D1_3/ISH_UARTO_RX_D/SMLOBDATA/I2C4B_SDA | | |
| T | --- | --- | VSS | VCCSRA_M_1P0 | VCCSRA_M_1P0 | VSS | VSS | VCCPGP_PE | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VCCPRI_M_1p0 | | |
| R | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | eDP_BK_LTEN | eDP_BK_LTCTL | GPP_C2_SMBALERT# | GPP_C3_SMLCLK | GPP_C1_SMBDATA | GPP_C0_SMBCLK | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | |
| P | --- | --- | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCPRI_M_1P0 | VSS | VCCMPH_YGT_1P_0 | VCCMPH_YGT_1P_0 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | GPP_D1_1 | GPP_D1_0 | GPP_D9 | GPP_D1_2 | | |
| N | --- | --- | VSS | VCCCLK_4 | VSS | VCCAPL_LEBB_1_P0 | VCCMPH_YGT_1P_0 | VCCMPH_YGT_1P_0 | VCCMPH_YGT_1P_0 | --- | VSS | GPP_E2_3 | GPP_E2_2 | VSS | GPP_E1_6/DDPE_H_P3 | GPP_E2_1/DDPC_C_TRLDATA | GPP_E2_0/DDPC_C_TRLCLK | VSS | --- | --- | --- | GPP_D6 | GPP_D8 | GPP_D7 | | |
| M | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | GPP_D5 | GPP_D2 | GPP_D1 | GPP_D0 | | |
| L | --- | --- | VCCCLK_3 | VSS | VCCCLK_5 | VSS | VSS | VSS | VCCAM_PHYLL_1P0 | --- | GPP_E1_8/DDPB_C_TRLCLK | GPP_E1_9/DDPB_C_TRLDATA | VSS | GPP_E1_7/EDP_HP_D | GPP_E1_3/DDPB_H_P0 | VSS | GPP_E1_4/DDPC_H_P1 | GPP_E1_5/DDPC_H_P2 | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | VCCMPH_YAON_1_P0 | | | |
| K | VCCSA | VSS | VccPLL | VccPLL | VCCCLK_2 | VSS | VCCMPH_YAON_1_P0 | VSS | VCCAM_PHYLL_1P0 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | |
| J | VCCSA | VCCSA | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | VSS | --- | VSS | USB3_3_RXN | --- | VSS | --- | --- | --- | --- | USB3_2_RXN/SSIC_RXN | GPP_D2_3/I2S_MCLK | GPP_D3/SPI1_MOST | GPP_E6/DEVSLP_1 | GPP_E5/DEVSLP_2 | GPP_E4/DEVSLP_0 |
| H | --- | --- | VSSA_SENSE | VCCSA_SENSE | --- | VSS | --- | PCIE3_RXN | VSS | --- | PCIE1_RXN/USB3_5_RXN | --- | RSVD | USB3_3_RXP | --- | USB3_1_RXN | --- | --- | --- | --- | USB3_2_RXP/SSIC_RXP | GPP_D1_9/DMIC_C_LK0 | GPP_E1/SATAXP_CIE1/SATAGP_1 | GPP_E0/SATAXP_CIE0/SATAGP_0 | GPP_E8/SATALED# | |
| G | VCCSA | VSS | PCIE8_RXN/SATA1A_RXN | VCCSTG | --- | PCIE6_RXN | --- | PCIE3_RXP | PCIE4_RXN | --- | PCIE1_RXP/USB3_5_RXP | --- | PCIE2_RXN/USB3_6_RXN | VSS | --- | USB3_1_RXP | --- | VSS | VSS | --- | GPP_E2/SATAXP_CIE2/SATAGP_2 | CL_CLK | CL_DATA | CL_RST# | | |
| F | VSS | VSS | PCIE8_RXP/SATA1A_RXP | PCIE7_RXN/SATA0_RXN | --- | PCIE6_RXP | --- | PCIE5_RXN | PCIE4_RXP | --- | VSS | --- | PCIE2_RXP/USB3_6_RXP | USB3_4_RXP | --- | VSS | --- | RSVD | PCIE_R_COMPN | VSS | --- | VSS | VSS | | | |
| E | PCIE9_RXP | PCIE9_RXN | VSS | PCIE7_RXP/SATA0_RXP | --- | VSS | --- | PCIE5_RXP | VSS | --- | CSI2_C_OMP | --- | VSS | USB3_4_RXN | --- | ITP_PM_ODE | --- | VSS | PCIE_R_COMPMP | --- | RSVD | RSVD | RSVD | | | |
| D | PCIE10_TXN | VSS | PCIE8_TXN/SATA1A_TXN | PCIE6_TXN | PCIE5_TXP | VSS | PCIE3_TXN | PCIE2_TXN/USB3_6_TXP | USB3_4_TXP | VSS | USB3_1_TXP | RSVD | VSS | VSS | GPP_E1_1/USB2_0_C2# | GPP_D1_7/DMIC_C_LK1 | GPP_D2_0/DMIC_D_ATA0 | VSS | RSVD | RSVD | RSVD | --- | RSVD | | | |
| C | PCIE10_TXP | --- | PCIE8_TXP/SATA1A_TXP | PCIE6_TXP | PCIE5_TXN | --- | PCIE3_TXP | PCIE2_TXP/USB3_6_TXP | USB3_4_TXN | --- | USB3_1_TXN | RSVD | RSVD | --- | GPP_E1_0/USB2_0_C1# | GPP_D1_8/DMIC_D_ATA1 | RSVD | --- | VSS | RSVD | --- | RSVD | VSS | | | |
| B | PCIE9_TXN | VSS | PCIE7_TXN/SATA0_TXN | --- | PCIE4_TXN | VSS | PCIE1_TXN/USB3_5_TXN | --- | USB3_3_TXN | VSS | USB3_2_TXN/SSIC_TXN | --- | RSVD | VSS | GPP_E1_2/USB2_0_C3# | --- | GPP_D4_FLASHRIG | SYS_PW_ROK | SYS_RE_SET# | --- | RSVD | RSVD | --- | | | |
| A | PCIE9_TXP | VCCSTG | PCIE7_TXP/SATA0_TXP | --- | PCIE4_TXP | VCCST | PCIE1_TXP/USB3_5_TXP | --- | USB3_3_TXP | VCCCLK_1 | USB3_2_TXP/SSIC_TXP | --- | RSVD | VCCCLK_6 | GPP_E9/USB2_0_C0# | --- | GPP_E7_CPU_GP_1 | GPP_E3_CPU_GP_0 | VSS | RSVD | RSVD | --- | --- | | | |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 1 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| A10 | VCCCLK6 | | | | | | 14988.794 | -10989.056 |
| A11 | RSVD | | | | | | 14313.154 | -11314.176 |
| A13 | USB3_2_TXP / SSIC_TXP | | | | | | 13186.41 | -11314.176 |
| A14 | VCCCLK1 | | | | | | 12510.77 | -10989.056 |
| A15 | USB3_3_TXP | | | | | | 11835.13 | -11314.176 |
| A17 | PCIE1_TXP / USB3_5_TXP | | | | | | 10708.386 | -11314.176 |
| A18 | VCCST | | | | | | 10032.746 | -10989.056 |
| A19 | PCIE4_TXP | | | | | | 9357.106 | -11314.176 |
| A21 | PCIE7_TXP / SATA0_TXP | | | | | | 8230.362 | -11314.176 |
| A22 | VCCSTG | | | | | | 7554.722 | -10989.056 |
| A23 | PCIE9_TXP | | | | | | 6879.082 | -11314.176 |
| A25 | PCIE12_TXN / SATA2_TXN | | | | | | 5752.338 | -11314.176 |
| A26 | CSI2_CLKP3 | | | | | | 5076.698 | -10989.056 |
| A27 | CSI2_DN10 | | | | | | 4401.058 | -11314.176 |
| A29 | CSI2_DN8 | | | | | | 3274.314 | -11314.176 |
| A3 | RSVD | | | | | | 19348.958 | -11314.176 |
| A30 | VCC | | | | | | 2598.674 | -10989.056 |
| A31 | CSI2_DN6 | | | | | | 1923.034 | -11314.176 |
| A33 | CSI2_DN7 | | | | | | 796.29 | -11314.176 |
| A34 | VCC | | | | | | 120.65 | -10989.056 |
| A36 | CSI2_DN0 | | | | | | -554.99 | -11314.176 |
| A38 | CSI2_DN3 | | | | | | -1681.734 | -11314.176 |
| A39 | VCC | | | | | | -2357.374 | -10989.056 |
| A4 | RSVD | | | | | | 18698.718 | -11314.176 |
| A40 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P4 | | | | | | -3033.014 | -11314.176 |
| A42 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P1 | | | | | | -4159.758 | -11314.176 |
| A44 | VCC | | | | | | -4835.398 | -10989.056 |
| A45 | EDP_TXN[2] | | | | | | -5511.038 | -11314.176 |
| A47 | EDP_TXN[3] | | | | | | -6637.782 | -11314.176 |
| A48 | VCCGT | | | | | | -7313.422 | -10989.056 |
| A5 | VSS | | | | | | 18048.478 | -11314.176 |
| A50 | DDI2_TXN[2] | | | | | | -7989.062 | -11314.176 |
| A52 | RSVD | | | | | | -9115.806 | -11314.176 |
| A53 | VCCGT | | | | | | -9791.446 | -10989.056 |
| A54 | PECI | | | | | | -10467.086 | -11314.176 |
| A56 | PCH_JTAG_TDO | | | | | | -11593.83 | -11314.176 |
| A58 | VCCGT | | | | | | -12269.47 | -10989.056 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 2 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| A59 | JTAGX | | | | | | -12945.11 | -11314.176 |
| A6 | GPP_E3 / CPU_GP0 | | | | | | 17466.818 | -10989.056 |
| A61 | PROC_TDO | | | | | | -14071.854 | -11314.176 |
| A62 | VCCGT | | | | | | -14747.494 | -10989.056 |
| A63 | VIDSCK | | | | | | -15423.134 | -11314.176 |
| A65 | SKTOCC# | | | | | | -16549.878 | -11314.176 |
| A66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17225.518 | -10989.056 |
| A67 | VSS | | | | | | -17901.158 | -11314.176 |
| A68 | PROCPWRGD | | | | | | -18551.652 | -11314.176 |
| A69 | RSVD | | | | | | -19201.892 | -11314.176 |
| A7 | GPP_E7 / CPU_GP1 | | | | | | 16791.178 | -11314.176 |
| A70 | VSS | | | | | | -19852.132 | -11314.176 |
| A9 | GPP_E9 / USB2_OC0# | | | | | | 15664.434 | -11314.176 |
| AA1 | VCCATS_1p8 | | | | | | 19989.038 | -510.54 |
| AA2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | -510.54 |
| AA4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | -510.54 |
| AA63 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15112.492 | -595.63 |
| AA64 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15762.732 | -595.63 |
| AA65 | VSS | | | | | | -16412.972 | -595.63 |
| AA66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17063.212 | -595.63 |
| AA67 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17713.452 | -595.63 |
| AA68 | VSS | | | | | | -18363.692 | -595.63 |
| AA69 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19013.932 | -595.63 |
| AA70 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19664.172 | -595.63 |
| AA71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | -595.63 |
| AB1 | GPP_C8 / UART0_RXD | | | | | | 20314.158 | 152.4 |
| AB10 | USB2P_1 | | | | | | 14984.476 | -133.096 |
| AB11 | GPP_G0 / SD_CMD | | | | | | 14334.236 | -133.096 |
| AB12 | GPP_G2 / SD_DATA1 | | | | | | 13683.996 | -133.096 |
| AB13 | GPP_G1 / SD_DATA0 | | | | | | 13033.756 | -133.096 |
| AB15 | VSS | | | | | | 12188.19 | -8.89 |
| AB16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | -8.89 |
| AB17 | VCCPRIM_1p0 | | | | | | 10887.71 | -8.89 |
| AB18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | -8.89 |
| AB19 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | | | 9587.23 | -8.89 |
| AB2 | GPP_C9 / UART0_TXD | | | | | | 19663.918 | 152.4 |
| AB20 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | | | 8936.99 | -8.89 |
| AB21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | -8.89 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 3 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AB3 | GPP_C11 / UART0_CTS# | | | | | | 19013.678 | 152.4 |
| AB4 | GPP_C15 / UART1_CTS# / ISH_UART1_CTS# | | | | | | 18363.438 | 152.4 |
| AB6 | USB2_COMP | | | | | | 17585.436 | -133.096 |
| AB62 | VCCOPC | | | | | | -14643.862 | -138.43 |
| AB7 | SD_RCOMP | | | | | | 16935.196 | -133.096 |
| AB8 | VSS | | | | | | 16284.956 | -133.096 |
| AB9 | USB2N_1 | | | | | | 15634.716 | -133.096 |
| AC1 | GPP_C12 / UART1_RXD / ISH_UART1_RXD | | | | | | 19989.038 | 815.34 |
| AC2 | GPP_C13 / UART1_TXD / ISH_UART1_TXD | | | | | | 19338.798 | 815.34 |
| AC3 | GPP_C14 / UART1_RTS# / ISH_UART1_RTS# | | | | | | 18688.558 | 815.34 |
| AC63 | VCCOPC_SENSE | | | | | | -15112.492 | 318.77 |
| AC64 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15762.732 | 318.77 |
| AC65 | VCCGT | | | | | | -16412.972 | 318.77 |
| AC66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17063.212 | 318.77 |
| AC67 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17713.452 | 318.77 |
| AC68 | VCCGT | | | | | | -18363.692 | 318.77 |
| AC69 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19013.932 | 318.77 |
| AC70 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19664.172 | 318.77 |
| AC71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | 318.77 |
| AD1 | GPP_C20 / UART2_RXD | | | | | | 20314.158 | 1478.28 |
| AD10 | USB2P_4 | | | | | | 14984.476 | 933.704 |
| AD11 | GPP_F10 / I2C5_SDA / ISH_I2C2_SDA | | | | | | 14334.236 | 933.704 |
| AD12 | GPP_F11 / I2C5_SCL / ISH_I2C2_SCL | | | | | | 13683.996 | 933.704 |
| AD13 | VSS | | | | | | 13033.756 | 933.704 |
| AD15 | VCCPGPPG | | | | | | 12188.19 | 829.31 |
| AD16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | 829.31 |
| AD17 | VCCDSW_3p3 | | | | | | 10887.71 | 829.31 |
| AD18 | VCCDSW_3p3 | | | | | | 10237.47 | 829.31 |
| AD19 | VSS | | | | | | 9587.23 | 829.31 |
| AD2 | GPP_C21 / UART2_TXD | | | | | | 19663.918 | 1478.28 |
| AD20 | VSS | | | | | | 8936.99 | 829.31 |
| AD21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | 829.31 |
| AD3 | GPP_C22 / UART2_RTS# | | | | | | 19013.678 | 1478.28 |
| AD4 | GPP_C23 / UART2_CTS# | | | | | | 18363.438 | 1478.28 |
| AD6 | USB2N_2 | | | | | | 17585.436 | 933.704 |
| AD62 | VSS | | | | | | -14643.862 | 775.97 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 4 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AD7 | USB2P_2 | | | | | | 16935.196 | 933.704 |
| AD8 | VSS | | | | | | 16284.956 | 933.704 |
| AD9 | USB2N_4 | | | | | | 15634.716 | 933.704 |
| AE62 | VCCEOPIO | | | | | | -14643.862 | 1690.37 |
| AE63 | VSSOPC_SENSE | | | | | | -15112.492 | 1233.17 |
| AE64 | VSS | | | | | | -15762.732 | 1233.17 |
| AE65 | VSS | | | | | | -16412.972 | 1233.17 |
| AE66 | VSS | | | | | | -17063.212 | 1233.17 |
| AE67 | VSS | | | | | | -17713.452 | 1233.17 |
| AE68 | VSS | | | | | | -18363.692 | 1233.17 |
| AE69 | VSS | | | | | | -19013.932 | 1233.17 |
| AF1 | VSS | | | | | | 19989.038 | 2141.22 |
| AF10 | VSS | | | | | | 14984.476 | 2000.504 |
| AF11 | GPP_F8 / I2C4_SDA | | | | | | 14334.236 | 2000.504 |
| AF12 | GPP_F9 / I2C4_SCL | | | | | | 13683.996 | 2000.504 |
| AF13 | GPP_F23 | | | | | | 13033.756 | 2000.504 |
| AF15 | VSS | | | | | | 12188.19 | 1667.51 |
| AF16 | VCCPGPPF | | | | | | 11537.95 | 1667.51 |
| AF17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | 1667.51 |
| AF18 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | 10237.47 | 1667.51 |
| AF19 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | 9587.23 | 1667.51 |
| AF2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | 2141.22 |
| AF20 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | | | 8936.99 | 1667.51 |
| AF21 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | | | 8286.75 | 1667.51 |
| AF4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | 2141.22 |
| AF6 | USB2N_6 | | | | | | 17585.436 | 2000.504 |
| AF63 | VSS | | | | | | -15112.492 | 2147.57 |
| AF64 | DDR1_DQ[1] / DDR0_DQ[17] | | | | DDR1_DQ[1] | DDR0_DQ[17] | -15762.732 | 2147.57 |
| AF65 | DDR1_DQ[0] / DDR0_DQ[16] | | | | DDR1_DQ[0] | DDR0_DQ[16] | -16412.972 | 2147.57 |
| AF66 | DDR1_DQ[4] / DDR0_DQ[20] | | | | DDR1_DQ[4] | DDR0_DQ[20] | -17063.212 | 2147.57 |
| AF67 | DDR1_DQ[5] / DDR0_DQ[21] | | | | DDR1_DQ[5] | DDR0_DQ[21] | -17713.452 | 2147.57 |
| AF68 | DDR1_DQ[9] / DDR0_DQ[25] | | | | DDR1_DQ[9] | DDR0_DQ[25] | -18363.692 | 1939.036 |
| AF69 | DDR1_DQ[13] / DDR0_DQ[29] | | | | DDR1_DQ[13] | DDR0_DQ[29] | -19013.932 | 1939.036 |
| AF7 | USB2P_6 | | | | | | 16935.196 | 2000.504 |
| AF70 | DDR1_DQ[8] / DDR0_DQ[24] | | | | DDR1_DQ[8] | DDR0_DQ[24] | -19664.172 | 1839.976 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 5 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AF71 | DDR1_DQ[12] / DDR0_DQ[28] | | | | DDR1_DQ[12] | DDR0_DQ[28] | -20314.412 | 1839.976 |
| AF8 | USB2N_8 | | | | | | 16284.956 | 2000.504 |
| AF9 | USB2P_8 | | | | | | 15634.716 | 2000.504 |
| AG1 | USB2N_9 | | | | | | 20314.158 | 2804.16 |
| AG15 | VCCPGPPB | | | | | | 12188.19 | 2505.71 |
| AG16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | 2505.71 |
| AG17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | 2505.71 |
| AG18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | 2505.71 |
| AG19 | VSS | | | | | | 9587.23 | 2505.71 |
| AG2 | USB2P_9 | | | | | | 19663.918 | 2804.16 |
| AG20 | VSS | | | | | | 8936.99 | 2505.71 |
| AG21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | 2505.71 |
| AG3 | USB2_ID | | | | | | 19013.678 | 2804.16 |
| AG4 | USB2_VBUSSENSE | | | | | | 18363.438 | 2804.16 |
| AG62 | VCCEOPIO | | | | | | -14643.862 | 2604.77 |
| AG69 | DDR1_DQSN[1] / DDR0_DQSN[3] | | | | DDR1_DQSN[1] | DDR0_DQSN[3] | -18688.812 | 2601.976 |
| AG70 | DDR1_DQSP[1] / DDR0_DQSP[3] | | | | DDR1_DQSP[1] | DDR0_DQSP[3] | -19339.052 | 2502.916 |
| AG71 | VSS | | | | | | -19989.292 | 2502.916 |
| AH1 | USB2N_7 | | | | | | 19989.038 | 3467.1 |
| AH10 | GPP_F5 / I2C2_SCL | | | | | | 14984.476 | 3067.304 |
| AH11 | GPP_F6 / I2C3_SDA | | | | | | 14334.236 | 3067.304 |
| AH12 | GPP_F7 / I2C3_SCL | | | | | | 13683.996 | 3067.304 |
| AH13 | VSS | | | | | | 13033.756 | 3067.304 |
| AH2 | USB2P_7 | | | | | | 19338.798 | 3467.1 |
| AH3 | USB2N_3 | | | | | | 18688.558 | 3467.1 |
| AH6 | VSS | | | | | | 17585.436 | 3067.304 |
| AH63 | VSS | | | | | | -15112.492 | 3061.97 |
| AH64 | VSS | | | | | | -15762.732 | 3061.97 |
| AH65 | DDR1_DQSP[0] / DDR0_DQSP[2] | | | | DDR1_DQSP[0] | DDR0_DQSP[2] | -16412.972 | 3061.97 |
| AH66 | DDR1_DQSN[0] / DDR0_DQSN[2] | | | | DDR1_DQSN[0] | DDR0_DQSN[2] | -17063.212 | 3061.97 |
| AH67 | VSS | | | | | | -17713.452 | 3061.97 |
| AH68 | DDR1_DQ[11] / DDR0_DQ[27] | | | | DDR1_DQ[11] | DDR0_DQ[27] | -18363.692 | 3165.856 |
| AH69 | DDR1_DQ[15] / DDR0_DQ[31] | | | | DDR1_DQ[15] | DDR0_DQ[31] | -19013.932 | 3165.856 |
| AH7 | USB2N_10 | | | | | | 16935.196 | 3067.304 |
| AH70 | DDR1_DQ[14] / DDR0_DQ[30] | | | | DDR1_DQ[14] | DDR0_DQ[30] | -19664.172 | 3165.856 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 6 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AH71 | DDR1_DQ[10] / DDR0_DQ[26] | | | | DDR1_DQ[10] | DDR0_DQ[26] | -20314.412 | 3165.856 |
| AH8 | USB2P_10 | | | | | | 16284.956 | 3067.304 |
| AH9 | GPP_F4 / I2C2_SDA | | | | | | 15634.716 | 3067.304 |
| AJ1 | USB2N_5 | | | | | | 20314.158 | 4130.04 |
| AJ15 | VSS | | | | | | 12188.19 | 3343.91 |
| AJ16 | VCCSPI | | | | | | 11537.95 | 3343.91 |
| AJ17 | VCCDSW_3p3 | | | | | | 10887.71 | 3343.91 |
| AJ18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | 3343.91 |
| AJ19 | VCCHDA | | | | | | 9587.23 | 3343.91 |
| AJ2 | USB2P_5 | | | | | | 19663.918 | 4130.04 |
| AJ20 | VSS | | | | | | 8936.99 | 3343.91 |
| AJ21 | VCCPRIM_3p3 | | | | | | 8286.75 | 3343.91 |
| AJ3 | USB2P_3 | | | | | | 19013.678 | 4130.04 |
| AJ4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | 4130.04 |
| AJ62 | VSSEOPIO_SENSE | | | | | | -14643.862 | 3519.17 |
| AK10 | GPP_F3 / I2S2_RXD | | | | | | 14984.476 | 4007.104 |
| AK11 | VSS | | | | | | 14334.236 | 4007.104 |
| AK12 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | 13683.996 | 4007.104 |
| AK13 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | 13033.756 | 4007.104 |
| AK15 | VCCPGPPA | | | | | | 12188.19 | 4182.11 |
| AK16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | 4182.11 |
| AK17 | VCCRTCPRIM_3p3 | | | | | | 10887.71 | 4182.11 |
| AK18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | 4182.11 |
| AK19 | VCCRTC | | | | | | 9587.23 | 4182.11 |
| AK20 | VCCPRIM_1p0 | | | | | | 8936.99 | 4182.11 |
| AK21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | 4182.11 |
| AK22 | VSS | | | | | | 7595.616 | 4009.136 |
| AK23 | VCCSA | | | | | | 6681.216 | 4009.136 |
| AK25 | VCCSA | | | | | | 5766.816 | 4009.136 |
| AK27 | VSS | | | | | | 4852.416 | 4009.136 |
| AK28 | VCCIO | | | | | | 3938.016 | 4009.136 |
| AK30 | VCCIO | | | | | | 3023.616 | 4009.136 |
| AK32 | RSVD | | | | | | 2109.216 | 4009.136 |
| AK33 | VCC | | | | | | 1194.816 | 4009.136 |
| AK35 | VCC | | | | | | 280.416 | 4009.136 |
| AK37 | VCC | | | | | | -633.984 | 4009.136 |
| AK38 | VCC | | | | | | -1548.384 | 4009.136 |
| AK40 | VCC | | | | | | -2462.784 | 4009.136 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 7 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AK42 | VccGTx | | | | | | -3377.184 | 4009.136 |
| AK43 | VccGTx | | | | | | -4291.584 | 4009.136 |
| AK45 | VccGTx | | | | | | -5205.984 | 4009.136 |
| AK46 | VccGTx | | | | | | -6120.384 | 4009.136 |
| AK48 | VccGTx | | | | | | -7034.784 | 4009.136 |
| AK50 | VccGTx | | | | | | -7949.184 | 4009.136 |
| AK52 | VccGTx | | | | | | -8863.584 | 4009.136 |
| AK53 | VccGTx | | | | | | -9777.984 | 4009.136 |
| AK55 | VccGTx | | | | | | -10692.384 | 4009.136 |
| AK56 | VccGTx | | | | | | -11606.784 | 4009.136 |
| AK58 | VccGTx | | | | | | -12521.184 | 4009.136 |
| AK6 | GPP_F0 / I2S2_SCLK | | | | | | 17585.436 | 4007.104 |
| AK60 | VccGTx | | | | | | -13435.584 | 4009.136 |
| AK62 | VCCGTx_SENSE | | | | | | -14459.712 | 4143.756 |
| AK63 | VSS | | | | | | -15112.492 | 3976.37 |
| AK64 | DDR1_DQ[3] / DDR0_DQ[19] | | | | DDR1_DQ[3] | DDR0_DQ[19] | -15762.732 | 3976.37 |
| AK65 | DDR1_DQ[2] / DDR0_DQ[18] | | | | DDR1_DQ[2] | DDR0_DQ[18] | -16412.972 | 3976.37 |
| AK66 | DDR1_DQ[7] / DDR0_DQ[23] | | | | DDR1_DQ[7] | DDR0_DQ[23] | -17063.212 | 3976.37 |
| AK67 | DDR1_DQ[6] / DDR0_DQ[22] | | | | DDR1_DQ[6] | DDR0_DQ[22] | -17713.452 | 3976.37 |
| AK68 | VSS | | | | | | -18363.692 | 3828.796 |
| AK69 | VSS | | | | | | -19339.052 | 3828.796 |
| AK7 | GPP_F1 / I2S2_SFRM | | | | | | 16935.196 | 4007.104 |
| AK70 | VccGTx | | | | | | -19989.292 | 3828.796 |
| AK8 | VSS | | | | | | 16284.956 | 4007.104 |
| AK9 | GPP_F2 / I2S2_TXD | | | | | | 15634.716 | 4007.104 |
| AL1 | DCPDSW_1p0 | | | | | | 19989.038 | 4792.98 |
| AL2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | 4792.98 |
| AL23 | VCCPLL_OC | | | | | | 7138.416 | 4473.956 |
| AL25 | RSVD | | | | | | 6224.016 | 4473.956 |
| AL27 | RSVD | | | | | | 5309.616 | 4473.956 |
| AL28 | VSS | | | | | | 4395.216 | 4473.956 |
| AL30 | VCCIO | | | | | | 3480.816 | 4473.956 |
| AL32 | VSS | | | | | | 2566.416 | 4473.956 |
| AL33 | VCC | | | | | | 1652.016 | 4473.956 |
| AL35 | VSS | | | | | | 737.616 | 4473.956 |
| AL37 | VCC | | | | | | -176.784 | 4473.956 |
| AL38 | VSS | | | | | | -1091.184 | 4473.956 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 8 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AL4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | 4792.98 |
| AL40 | VCC | | | | | | -2005.584 | 4473.956 |
| AL42 | VCCIO | | | | | | -2919.984 | 4473.956 |
| AL43 | VccGTx | | | | | | -3834.384 | 4473.956 |
| AL45 | VSS | | | | | | -4748.784 | 4473.956 |
| AL46 | VccGTx | | | | | | -5663.184 | 4473.956 |
| AL48 | VSS | | | | | | -6577.584 | 4473.956 |
| AL50 | VccGTx | | | | | | -7491.984 | 4473.956 |
| AL52 | VSS | | | | | | -8406.384 | 4473.956 |
| AL53 | VccGTx | | | | | | -9320.784 | 4473.956 |
| AL55 | VSS | | | | | | -10235.184 | 4473.956 |
| AL56 | VccGTx | | | | | | -11149.584 | 4473.956 |
| AL58 | VSS | | | | | | -12063.984 | 4473.956 |
| AL60 | VccGTx | | | | | | -12978.384 | 4473.956 |
| AL61 | VSSGTx_SENSE | | | | | | -13892.784 | 4473.956 |
| AL63 | VCCEOPIO_SENSE | | | | | | -15112.492 | 4845.05 |
| AL64 | VSS | | | | | | -15762.732 | 4845.05 |
| AL65 | VSS | | | | | | -16412.972 | 4845.05 |
| AL66 | VSS | | | | | | -17063.212 | 4845.05 |
| AL68 | DDR0_DQ[1] | | | | | | -18363.692 | 4491.736 |
| AL69 | DDR0_DQ[5] | | | | | | -19013.932 | 4491.736 |
| AL70 | DDR0_DQ[4] | | | | | | -19664.172 | 4491.736 |
| AL71 | DDR0_DQ[0] | | | | | | -20314.412 | 4491.736 |
| AM1 | GPP_F20 / EMMC_DATA7 | | | | | | 20314.158 | 5455.92 |
| AM10 | GPP_B11 / EXT_PWR_GATE# | | | | | | 14910.816 | 4946.396 |
| AM11 | GPP_B2 / VRALERT# | | | | | | 13996.416 | 4946.396 |
| AM13 | VSS | | | | | | 13082.016 | 4946.396 |
| AM15 | GPD2 / LAN_WAKE# | | | | | | 12167.616 | 4946.396 |
| AM16 | RTCST# | | | | | | 11253.216 | 4946.396 |
| AM18 | RTCX1 | | | | | | 10338.816 | 4946.396 |
| AM2 | GPP_F21 / EMMC_RCLK | | | | | | 19663.918 | 5455.92 |
| AM20 | RTCX2 | | | | | | 9424.416 | 4946.396 |
| AM21 | VSS | | | | | | 8510.016 | 4946.396 |
| AM22 | VSSIO_SENSE | | | | | | 7595.616 | 4946.396 |
| AM23 | VCCIO_SENSE | | | | | | 6681.216 | 4946.396 |
| AM25 | VSS | | | | | | 5766.816 | 4946.396 |
| AM27 | VSS | | | | | | 4852.416 | 4946.396 |
| AM28 | VCCIO | | | | | | 3938.016 | 4946.396 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 9 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AM3 | GPP_F22 / EMMC_CLK | | | | | | 19013.678 | 5455.92 |
| AM30 | VCCIO | | | | | | 3023.616 | 4946.396 |
| AM32 | VCC | | | | | | 2109.216 | 4946.396 |
| AM33 | VCC | | | | | | 1194.816 | 4946.396 |
| AM35 | VCC | | | | | | 280.416 | 4946.396 |
| AM37 | VCC | | | | | | -633.984 | 4946.396 |
| AM38 | VCC | | | | | | -1548.384 | 4946.396 |
| AM4 | GPP_F19 / EMMC_DATA6 | | | | | | 18363.438 | 5455.92 |
| AM40 | VDDQC | | | | | | -2462.784 | 4946.396 |
| AM42 | VCCIO | | | | | | -3377.184 | 4946.396 |
| AM43 | VSS | | | | | | -4291.584 | 4946.396 |
| AM45 | VSS | | | | | | -5205.984 | 4946.396 |
| AM46 | VSS | | | | | | -6120.384 | 4946.396 |
| AM48 | VccGTx | | | | | | -7034.784 | 4946.396 |
| AM5 | GPP_B19 / GSPI1_CS# | | | | | | 17654.016 | 4946.396 |
| AM50 | VccGTx | | | | | | -7949.184 | 4946.396 |
| AM52 | VccGTx | | | | | | -8863.584 | 4946.396 |
| AM53 | VccGTx | | | | | | -9777.984 | 4946.396 |
| AM55 | VSS | | | | | | -10692.384 | 4946.396 |
| AM56 | VccGTx | | | | | | -11606.784 | 4946.396 |
| AM58 | VccGTx | | | | | | -12521.184 | 4946.396 |
| AM60 | VSS | | | | | | -13435.584 | 4946.396 |
| AM61 | VSS | | | | | | -14349.984 | 4946.396 |
| AM68 | VSS | | | | | | -18038.572 | 5055.616 |
| AM69 | DDR0_DQSP[0] | | | | | | -18688.812 | 5055.616 |
| AM7 | GPP_B23 / SML1ALERT# / PCHHOT# | | | | | | 16739.616 | 4946.396 |
| AM70 | DDR0_DQSN[0] | | | | | | -19339.052 | 5154.676 |
| AM71 | VSS | | | | | | -19989.292 | 5154.676 |
| AM8 | VSS | | | | | | 15825.216 | 4946.396 |
| AN1 | GPP_F17 / EMMC_DATA4 | | | | | | 19989.038 | 6118.86 |
| AN10 | GPP_B13 / PLTRST# | | | | | | 14910.816 | 5596.636 |
| AN11 | GPP_B0 / CORE_VID0 | | | | | | 13996.416 | 5596.636 |
| AN13 | GPP_B1 / CORE_VID1 | | | | | | 13082.016 | 5596.636 |
| AN15 | SLP_SUS# | | | | | | 12167.616 | 5596.636 |
| AN16 | GPD6 / SLP_A# | | | | | | 11253.216 | 5596.636 |
| AN18 | SRTCST# | | | | | | 10338.816 | 5596.636 |
| AN2 | GPP_F18 / EMMC_DATA5 | | | | | | 19338.798 | 6118.86 |
| AN20 | VSS | | | | | | 9424.416 | 5596.636 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 10 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AN21 | DDR1_DQ[63] | | | | | | 8510.016 | 5596.636 |
| AN22 | DDR1_DQ[60] | | | | | | 7595.616 | 5596.636 |
| AN23 | VSS | | | | | | 6681.216 | 5596.636 |
| AN25 | DDR1_DQ[54] | | | | | | 5766.816 | 5596.636 |
| AN27 | DDR1_DQ[53] | | | | | | 4852.416 | 5596.636 |
| AN28 | VSS | | | | | | 3938.016 | 5596.636 |
| AN3 | GPP_F16 / EMMC_DATA3 | | | | | | 18688.558 | 6118.86 |
| AN30 | VSS | | | | | | 3023.616 | 5596.636 |
| AN32 | VSS | | | | | | 2109.216 | 5596.636 |
| AN33 | VSS | | | | | | 1194.816 | 5596.636 |
| AN35 | VSS | | | | | | 280.416 | 5596.636 |
| AN37 | VSS | | | | | | -633.984 | 5596.636 |
| AN38 | VSS | | | | | | -1548.384 | 5596.636 |
| AN40 | VSS | | | | | | -2462.784 | 5596.636 |
| AN42 | VSS | | | | | | -3377.184 | 5596.636 |
| AN43 | DDR1_ALERT# | | | | | | -4291.584 | 5596.636 |
| AN45 | DDR1_CKN[0] | | | | | | -5205.984 | 5596.636 |
| AN46 | DDR1_CKN[1] | | | | | | -6120.384 | 5596.636 |
| AN48 | DDR1_MA[11] / DDR1_CAA[7] / DDR1_MA[11] | DDR1_MA[11] | DDR1_CAA[7] | DDR1_MA[11] | | | -7034.784 | 5596.636 |
| AN5 | GPP_B22 / GSPI1_MOSI | | | | | | 17654.016 | 5596.636 |
| AN50 | DDR1_MA[12] / DDR1_CAA[6] / DDR1_MA[12] | DDR1_MA[12] | DDR1_CAA[6] | DDR1_MA[12] | | | -7949.184 | 5596.636 |
| AN52 | DDR1_MA[14] / DDR1_CAA[9] / DDR1_BG[1] | DDR1_MA[14] | DDR1_CAA[9] | DDR1_BG[1] | | | -8863.584 | 5596.636 |
| AN53 | DDR1_MA[15] / DDR1_CAA[8] / DDR1_ACT# | DDR1_MA[15] | DDR1_CAA[8] | DDR1_ACT# | | | -9777.984 | 5596.636 |
| AN55 | DDR1_CKE[2] | | | | | | -10692.384 | 5596.636 |
| AN56 | DDR1_CKE[0] | | | | | | -11606.784 | 5596.636 |
| AN58 | VSS | | | | | | -12521.184 | 5596.636 |
| AN60 | DDR1_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[59] | | | | DDR1_DQ[27] | DDR0_DQ[59] | -13435.584 | 5596.636 |
| AN61 | DDR1_DQ[28] / DDR0_DQ[60] | | | | DDR1_DQ[28] | DDR0_DQ[60] | -14349.984 | 5596.636 |
| AN63 | VSS | | | | | | -15264.384 | 5596.636 |
| AN65 | DDR1_DQ[19] / DDR0_DQ[51] | | | | DDR1_DQ[19] | DDR0_DQ[51] | -16178.784 | 5596.636 |
| AN66 | DDR1_DQ[20] / DDR0_DQ[52] | | | | DDR1_DQ[20] | DDR0_DQ[52] | -17093.184 | 5596.636 |
| AN68 | DDR0_DQ[2] | | | | | | -18363.692 | 5718.556 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 11 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AN69 | DDR0_DQ[3] | | | | | | -19013.932 | 5718.556 |
| AN7 | GPP_B20 / GSPI1_CLK | | | | | | 16739.616 | 5596.636 |
| AN70 | DDR0_DQ[6] | | | | | | -19664.172 | 5817.616 |
| AN71 | DDR0_DQ[7] | | | | | | -20314.412 | 5817.616 |
| AN8 | GPP_B15 / GSPI0_CS# | | | | | | 15825.216 | 5596.636 |
| AP1 | GPP_F14 / EMMC_DATA1 | | | | | | 20314.158 | 6781.8 |
| AP10 | VSS | | | | | | 14910.816 | 6246.876 |
| AP11 | GPP_A15 / SUSACK# | | | | | | 13996.416 | 6246.876 |
| AP13 | Sx_EXIT_HOLDOFF# / GPP_A12 / BM_BUSY# / ISH_GP6 | | | | | | 13082.016 | 6246.876 |
| AP15 | GPD4 / SLP_S3# | | | | | | 12167.616 | 6246.876 |
| AP16 | INTRUDER# | | | | | | 11253.216 | 6246.876 |
| AP18 | VSS | | | | | | 10338.816 | 6246.876 |
| AP2 | GPP_F13 / EMMC_DATA0 | | | | | | 19663.918 | 6781.8 |
| AP20 | VSS | | | | | | 9424.416 | 6246.876 |
| AP21 | DDR1_DQ[62] | | | | | | 8510.016 | 6246.876 |
| AP22 | DDR1_DQ[61] | | | | | | 7595.616 | 6246.876 |
| AP23 | VSS | | | | | | 6681.216 | 6246.876 |
| AP25 | DDR1_DQ[55] | | | | | | 5766.816 | 6246.876 |
| AP27 | DDR1_DQ[52] | | | | | | 4852.416 | 6246.876 |
| AP28 | VSS | | | | | | 3938.016 | 6246.876 |
| AP3 | GPP_F15 / EMMC_DATA2 | | | | | | 19013.678 | 6781.8 |
| AP30 | DDR1_DQ[47] / DDR1_DQ[31] | | | | DDR1_DQ[47] | DDR1_DQ[31] | 3023.616 | 6246.876 |
| AP32 | VSS | | | | | | 2109.216 | 6246.876 |
| AP33 | DDR1_DQ[45] / DDR1_DQ[29] | | | | DDR1_DQ[45] | DDR1_DQ[29] | 1194.816 | 6246.876 |
| AP35 | VSS | | | | | | 280.416 | 6246.876 |
| AP37 | DDR1_DQ[38] / DDR1_DQ[22] | | | | DDR1_DQ[38] | DDR1_DQ[22] | -633.984 | 6246.876 |
| AP38 | VSS | | | | | | -1548.384 | 6246.876 |
| AP4 | GPP_F12 / EMMC_CMD | | | | | | 18363.438 | 6781.8 |
| AP40 | DDR1_DQ[37] / DDR1_DQ[21] | | | | DDR1_DQ[37] | DDR1_DQ[21] | -2462.784 | 6246.876 |
| AP42 | VSS | | | | | | -3377.184 | 6246.876 |
| AP43 | DDR1_PAR | | | | | | -4291.584 | 6246.876 |
| AP45 | DDR1_CKP[0] | | | | | | -5205.984 | 6246.876 |
| AP46 | DDR1_CKP[1] | | | | | | -6120.384 | 6246.876 |
| AP48 | DDR1_MA[7] / DDR1_CAA[4] / DDR1_MA[7] | DDR1_MA[7] | DDR1_CAA[4] | DDR1_MA[7] | | | -7034.784 | 6246.876 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 12 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AP5 | GPP_B21 / GSPI1_MISO | | | | | | 17654.016 | 6246.876 |
| AP50 | DDR1_MA[9] / DDR1_CAA[1] / DDR1_MA[9] | DDR1_MA[9] | DDR1_CAA[1] | DDR1_MA[9] | | | -7949.184 | 6246.876 |
| AP52 | DDR1_BA[2] / DDR1_CAA[5] / DDR1_BG[0] | DDR1_BA[2] | DDR1_CAA[5] | DDR1_BG[0] | | | -8863.584 | 6246.876 |
| AP53 | DDR1_CKE[3] | | | | | | -9777.984 | 6246.876 |
| AP55 | DDR1_CKE[1] | | | | | | -10692.384 | 6246.876 |
| AP56 | MSM# | | | | | | -11606.784 | 6246.876 |
| AP58 | VSS | | | | | | -12521.184 | 6246.876 |
| AP60 | DDR1_DQ[26] / DDR0_DQ[58] | | | | DDR1_DQ[26] | DDR0_DQ[58] | -13435.584 | 6246.876 |
| AP61 | DDR1_DQ[29] / DDR0_DQ[61] | | | | DDR1_DQ[29] | DDR0_DQ[61] | -14349.984 | 6246.876 |
| AP63 | VSS | | | | | | -15264.384 | 6246.876 |
| AP65 | DDR1_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[50] | | | | DDR1_DQ[18] | DDR0_DQ[50] | -16178.784 | 6246.876 |
| AP66 | DDR1_DQ[21] / DDR0_DQ[53] | | | | DDR1_DQ[21] | DDR0_DQ[53] | -17093.184 | 6246.876 |
| AP68 | VSS | | | | | | -18038.572 | 6331.966 |
| AP7 | GPP_B16 / GSPI0_CLK | | | | | | 16739.616 | 6246.876 |
| AP70 | VSS | | | | | | -19257.772 | 6331.966 |
| AP8 | GPP_B17 / GSPI0_MISO | | | | | | 15825.216 | 6246.876 |
| AR10 | GPP_B5 / SRCCLKREQ0# | | | | | | 14910.816 | 6897.116 |
| AR11 | VSS | | | | | | 13996.416 | 6897.116 |
| AR13 | GPP_A13 / SUSWARN# / SUSPWRDNACK | | | | | | 13082.016 | 6897.116 |
| AR15 | VSS | | | | | | 12167.616 | 6897.116 |
| AR16 | VSS | | | | | | 11253.216 | 6897.116 |
| AR18 | DDR_RCOMP[0] | | | | | | 10338.816 | 6897.116 |
| AR20 | VSS | | | | | | 9424.416 | 6897.116 |
| AR21 | DDR1_DQSP[7] | | | | | | 8510.016 | 6897.116 |
| AR22 | DDR1_DQSN[7] | | | | | | 7595.616 | 6897.116 |
| AR23 | VSS | | | | | | 6681.216 | 6897.116 |
| AR25 | DDR1_DQSN[6] | | | | | | 5766.816 | 6897.116 |
| AR27 | DDR1_DQSP[6] | | | | | | 4852.416 | 6897.116 |
| AR28 | VSS | | | | | | 3938.016 | 6897.116 |
| AR30 | DDR1_DQ[46] / DDR1_DQ[30] | | | | DDR1_DQ[46] | DDR1_DQ[30] | 3023.616 | 6897.116 |
| AR32 | DDR1_DQSP[5] / DDR1_DQSP[3] | | | | DDR1_DQSP[5] | DDR1_DQSP[3] | 2109.216 | 6897.116 |
| AR33 | DDR1_DQ[44] / DDR1_DQ[28] | | | | DDR1_DQ[44] | DDR1_DQ[28] | 1194.816 | 6897.116 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 13 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AR35 | VSS | | | | | | 280.416 | 6897.116 |
| AR37 | DDR1_DQ[39] / DDR1_DQ[23] | | | | DDR1_DQ[39] | DDR1_DQ[23] | -633.984 | 6897.116 |
| AR38 | DDR1_DQSP[4] / DDR1_DQSP[2] | | | | DDR1_DQSP[4] | DDR1_DQSP[2] | -1548.384 | 6897.116 |
| AR40 | DDR1_DQ[36] / DDR1_DQ[20] | | | | DDR1_DQ[36] | DDR1_DQ[20] | -2462.784 | 6897.116 |
| AR42 | VSS | | | | | | -3377.184 | 6897.116 |
| AR43 | VSS | | | | | | -4291.584 | 6897.116 |
| AR45 | VSS | | | | | | -5205.984 | 6897.116 |
| AR46 | VSS | | | | | | -6120.384 | 6897.116 |
| AR48 | VSS | | | | | | -7034.784 | 6897.116 |
| AR5 | VSS | | | | | | 17654.016 | 6897.116 |
| AR50 | VSS | | | | | | -7949.184 | 6897.116 |
| AR52 | VSS | | | | | | -8863.584 | 6897.116 |
| AR53 | VSS | | | | | | -9777.984 | 6897.116 |
| AR55 | VSS | | | | | | -10692.384 | 6897.116 |
| AR56 | ZVM# | | | | | | -11606.784 | 6897.116 |
| AR58 | VSS | | | | | | -12521.184 | 6897.116 |
| AR60 | DDR1_DQSP[3] / DDR0_DQSP[7] | | | | DDR1_DQSP[3] | DDR0_DQSP[7] | -13435.584 | 6897.116 |
| AR61 | DDR1_DQSN[3] / DDR0_DQSN[7] | | | | DDR1_DQSN[3] | DDR0_DQSN[7] | -14349.984 | 6897.116 |
| AR63 | VSS | | | | | | -15264.384 | 6897.116 |
| AR65 | DDR1_DQSP[2] / DDR0_DQSP[6] | | | | DDR1_DQSP[2] | DDR0_DQSP[6] | -16178.784 | 6897.116 |
| AR66 | DDR1_DQSN[2] / DDR0_DQSN[6] | | | | DDR1_DQSN[2] | DDR0_DQSN[6] | -17093.184 | 6897.116 |
| AR68 | DDR0_DQ[9] | | | | | | -18363.692 | 6945.376 |
| AR69 | DDR0_DQ[13] | | | | | | -19013.932 | 6945.376 |
| AR7 | GPP_B18 / GSPI0_MOSI | | | | | | 16739.616 | 6897.116 |
| AR70 | DDR0_DQ[8] | | | | | | -19664.172 | 6846.316 |
| AR71 | DDR0_DQ[12] | | | | | | -20314.412 | 6846.316 |
| AR8 | VSS | | | | | | 15825.216 | 6897.116 |
| AT1 | EMMC_RCOMP | | | | | | 19989.038 | 7444.74 |
| AT10 | GPP_B8 / SRCCLKREQ3# | | | | | | 14910.816 | 7547.356 |
| AT11 | GPP_B12 / SLP_S0# | | | | | | 13996.416 | 7547.356 |
| AT13 | DRAM_RESET# | | | | | | 13082.016 | 7547.356 |
| AT15 | GPD7 / RSVD | | | | | | 12167.616 | 7547.356 |
| AT16 | PROC_POPIRCOMP | | | | | | 11253.216 | 7547.356 |
| AT18 | DDR_RCOMP[1] | | | | | | 10338.816 | 7547.356 |
| AT2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | 7444.74 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 14 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AT20 | VSS | | | | | | 9424.416 | 7547.356 |
| AT21 | DDR1_DQ[59] | | | | | | 8510.016 | 7547.356 |
| AT22 | DDR1_DQ[56] | | | | | | 7595.616 | 7547.356 |
| AT23 | VSS | | | | | | 6681.216 | 7547.356 |
| AT25 | DDR1_DQ[50] | | | | | | 5766.816 | 7547.356 |
| AT27 | DDR1_DQ[49] | | | | | | 4852.416 | 7547.356 |
| AT28 | VSS | | | | | | 3938.016 | 7547.356 |
| AT30 | DDR1_DQ[43] / DDR1_DQ[27] | | | | DDR1_DQ[43] | DDR1_DQ[27] | 3023.616 | 7547.356 |
| AT32 | DDR1_DQSN[5] / DDR1_DQSN[3] | | | | DDR1_DQSN[5] | DDR1_DQSN[3] | 2109.216 | 7547.356 |
| AT33 | DDR1_DQ[40] / DDR1_DQ[24] | | | | DDR1_DQ[40] | DDR1_DQ[24] | 1194.816 | 7547.356 |
| AT35 | VSS | | | | | | 280.416 | 7547.356 |
| AT37 | DDR1_DQ[34] / DDR1_DQ[18] | | | | DDR1_DQ[34] | DDR1_DQ[18] | -633.984 | 7547.356 |
| AT38 | DDR1_DQSN[4] / DDR1_DQSN[2] | | | | DDR1_DQSN[4] | DDR1_DQSN[2] | -1548.384 | 7547.356 |
| AT4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | 7444.74 |
| AT40 | DDR1_DQ[33] / DDR1_DQ[17] | | | | DDR1_DQ[33] | DDR1_DQ[17] | -2462.784 | 7547.356 |
| AT42 | VSS | | | | | | -3377.184 | 7547.356 |
| AT43 | DDR0_ODT[1] | | | | | | -4291.584 | 7547.356 |
| AT45 | DDR0_ODT[0] | | | | | | -5205.984 | 7547.356 |
| AT46 | DDR0_WE#/ DDR0_CAB[2]/ DDR0_MA[14] | DDR0_WE# | DDR0_CAB[2] | DDR0_MA[14] | | | -6120.384 | 7547.356 |
| AT48 | DDR0_BA[1] / DDR0_CAB[6]/ DDR0_BA[1] | DDR0_BA[1] | DDR0_CAB[6] | DDR0_BA[1] | | | -7034.784 | 7547.356 |
| AT5 | TP6 | | | | | | 17654.016 | 7547.356 |
| AT50 | DDR0_MA[10] / DDR0_CAB[7]/ DDR0_MA[10] | DDR0_MA[10] | DDR0_CAB[7] | DDR0_MA[10] | | | -7949.184 | 7547.356 |
| AT52 | DDR0_PAR | | | | | | -8863.584 | 7547.356 |
| AT53 | DDR0_CKP[0] | | | | | | -9777.984 | 7547.356 |
| AT55 | DDR0_CKP[1] | | | | | | -10692.384 | 7547.356 |
| AT56 | VSS | | | | | | -11606.784 | 7547.356 |
| AT58 | VSS | | | | | | -12521.184 | 7547.356 |
| AT60 | DDR1_DQ[30] / DDR0_DQ[62] | | | | DDR1_DQ[30] | DDR0_DQ[62] | -13435.584 | 7547.356 |
| AT61 | DDR1_DQ[24] / DDR0_DQ[56] | | | | DDR1_DQ[24] | DDR0_DQ[56] | -14349.984 | 7547.356 |
| AT63 | VSS | | | | | | -15264.384 | 7547.356 |
| AT65 | DDR1_DQ[22] / DDR0_DQ[54] | | | | DDR1_DQ[22] | DDR0_DQ[54] | -16178.784 | 7547.356 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 15 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AT66 | DDR1_DQ[16] / DDR0_DQ[48] | | | | DDR1_DQ[16] | DDR0_DQ[48] | -17093.184 | 7547.356 |
| AT68 | VSS | | | | | | -18038.572 | 7509.256 |
| AT69 | DDR0_DQSN[1] | | | | | | -18688.812 | 7509.256 |
| AT7 | GPP_B6 / SRCCLKREQ1# | | | | | | 16739.616 | 7547.356 |
| AT70 | DDR0_DQSP[1] | | | | | | -19339.052 | 7509.256 |
| AT71 | VSS | | | | | | -19989.292 | 7509.256 |
| AT8 | GPP_B7 / SRCCLKREQ2# | | | | | | 15825.216 | 7547.356 |
| AU1 | SPI0_CS2# | | | | | | 20314.158 | 8107.68 |
| AU10 | VSS | | | | | | 14910.816 | 8197.596 |
| AU11 | GPP_A11 /PME# | | | | | | 13996.416 | 8197.596 |
| AU13 | GPD0 / BATLOW# | | | | | | 13082.016 | 8197.596 |
| AU15 | VSS | | | | | | 12167.616 | 8197.596 |
| AU16 | PCH_OPIRCOMP | | | | | | 11253.216 | 8197.596 |
| AU18 | DDR_RCOMP[2] | | | | | | 10338.816 | 8197.596 |
| AU2 | SPI0_CS1# | | | | | | 19663.918 | 8107.68 |
| AU20 | VSS | | | | | | 9424.416 | 8197.596 |
| AU21 | DDR1_DQ[58] | | | | | | 8510.016 | 8197.596 |
| AU22 | DDR1_DQ[57] | | | | | | 7595.616 | 8197.596 |
| AU23 | VDDQ | | | | | | 6681.216 | 8197.596 |
| AU25 | DDR1_DQ[51] | | | | | | 5766.816 | 8197.596 |
| AU27 | DDR1_DQ[48] | | | | | | 4852.416 | 8197.596 |
| AU28 | VDDQ | | | | | | 3938.016 | 8197.596 |
| AU3 | SPI0_CS0# | | | | | | 19013.678 | 8107.68 |
| AU30 | DDR1_DQ[42] / DDR1_DQ[26] | | | | DDR1_DQ[42] | DDR1_DQ[26] | 3023.616 | 8197.596 |
| AU32 | VSS | | | | | | 2109.216 | 8197.596 |
| AU33 | DDR1_DQ[41] / DDR1_DQ[25] | | | | DDR1_DQ[41] | DDR1_DQ[25] | 1194.816 | 8197.596 |
| AU35 | VDDQ | | | | | | 280.416 | 8197.596 |
| AU37 | DDR1_DQ[35] / DDR1_DQ[19] | | | | DDR1_DQ[35] | DDR1_DQ[19] | -633.984 | 8197.596 |
| AU38 | VSS | | | | | | -1548.384 | 8197.596 |
| AU4 | SPI0_IO3 | | | | | | 18363.438 | 8107.68 |
| AU40 | DDR1_DQ[32] / DDR1_DQ[16] | | | | DDR1_DQ[32] | DDR1_DQ[16] | -2462.784 | 8197.596 |
| AU42 | VDDQ | | | | | | -3377.184 | 8197.596 |
| AU43 | DDR0_CS#[1] | | | | | | -4291.584 | 8197.596 |
| AU45 | DDR0_CS#[0] | | | | | | -5205.984 | 8197.596 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 16 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|----------|
| AU46 | DDR0_MA[13] / DDR0_CAB[0] / DDR0_MA[13] | DDR0_MA[13] | DDR0_CAB[0] | DDR0_MA[13] | | | -6120.384 | 8197.596 |
| AU48 | DDR0_CAS# / DDR0_CAB[1] / DDR0_MA[15] | DDR0_CAS# | DDR0_CAB[1] | DDR0_MA[15] | | | -7034.784 | 8197.596 |
| AU5 | TP5 | | | | | | 17654.016 | 8197.596 |
| AU50 | DDR0_RAS# / DDR0_CAB[3] / DDR0_MA[16] | DDR0_RAS# | DDR0_CAB[3] | DDR0_MA[16] | | | -7949.184 | 8197.596 |
| AU52 | DDR0_BA[0] / DDR0_CAB[4] / DDR0_BA[0] | DDR0_BA[0] | DDR0_CAB[4] | DDR0_BA[0] | | | -8863.584 | 8197.596 |
| AU53 | DDR0_CKN[0] | | | | | | -9777.984 | 8197.596 |
| AU55 | DDR0_CKN[1] | | | | | | -10692.384 | 8197.596 |
| AU56 | RSVD | | | | | | -11606.784 | 8197.596 |
| AU58 | VccGTx | | | | | | -12521.184 | 8197.596 |
| AU60 | DDR1_DQ[31] / DDR0_DQ[63] | | | | DDR1_DQ[31] | DDR0_DQ[63] | -13435.584 | 8197.596 |
| AU61 | DDR1_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[57] | | | | DDR1_DQ[25] | DDR0_DQ[57] | -14349.984 | 8197.596 |
| AU63 | VccGTx | | | | | | -15264.384 | 8197.596 |
| AU65 | DDR1_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[55] | | | | DDR1_DQ[23] | DDR0_DQ[55] | -16178.784 | 8197.596 |
| AU66 | DDR1_DQ[17] / DDR0_DQ[49] | | | | DDR1_DQ[17] | DDR0_DQ[49] | -17093.184 | 8197.596 |
| AU68 | DDR0_DQ[11] | | | | | | -18363.692 | 8146.796 |
| AU69 | DDR0_DQ[15] | | | | | | -19013.932 | 8172.196 |
| AU7 | GPP_B10 / SRCCLKREQ5# | | | | | | 16739.616 | 8197.596 |
| AU70 | DDR0_DQ[14] | | | | | | -19664.172 | 8172.196 |
| AU71 | DDR0_DQ[10] | | | | | | -20314.412 | 8172.196 |
| AU8 | GPP_B9 / SRCCLKREQ4# | | | | | | 15825.216 | 8197.596 |
| AV1 | VSS | | | | | | 20314.158 | 8827.516 |
| AV2 | SPI0_CLK | | | | | | 19364.198 | 8798.56 |
| AV3 | SPI0_MOSI | | | | | | 18688.558 | 8798.56 |
| AV68 | VSS | | | | | | -18028.92 | 8711.438 |
| AV69 | VSS | | | | | | -19013.932 | 8901.176 |
| AV70 | VSS | | | | | | -19664.172 | 8901.176 |
| AV71 | VSS | | | | | | -20314.412 | 8901.176 |
| AW1 | RSVD | | | | | | 20314.158 | 9551.416 |
| AW10 | VSS | | | | | | 14752.828 | 9038.336 |
| AW11 | GPP_A8 / CLKRUN# | | | | | | 14143.228 | 9363.456 |
| AW12 | VSS | | | | | | 13565.124 | 9038.336 |
| AW13 | GPP_A0 / RCIN# | | | | | | 12995.148 | 9363.456 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 17 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------|
| AW14 | VSS | | | | | | 12332.208 | 9038.336 |
| AW15 | SLP_LAN# | | | | | | 11722.608 | 9363.456 |
| AW16 | VSS | | | | | | 11144.504 | 9038.336 |
| AW17 | GPD11 / LANPHYPC | | | | | | 10574.528 | 9363.456 |
| AW18 | VSS | | | | | | 9911.588 | 9038.336 |
| AW2 | SPI0_IO2 | | | | | | 19689.318 | 9362.44 |
| AW20 | I2S1_TXD | | | | | | 9301.988 | 9363.456 |
| AW21 | VSS | | | | | | 8723.884 | 9038.336 |
| AW22 | HDA_RST# / I2S1_SCLK | | | | | | 8153.908 | 9363.456 |
| AW23 | VSS | | | | | | 7465.568 | 9038.336 |
| AW25 | DDR0_DQ[59] / DDR1_DQ[43] | | | | DDR0_DQ[59] | DDR1_DQ[43] | 6828.028 | 9363.456 |
| AW26 | VSS | | | | | | 6264.148 | 9038.336 |
| AW27 | DDR0_DQ[57] / DDR1_DQ[41] | | | | DDR0_DQ[57] | DDR1_DQ[41] | 5601.208 | 9363.456 |
| AW28 | VSS | | | | | | 4987.798 | 9038.336 |
| AW29 | DDR0_DQ[51] / DDR1_DQ[35] | | | | DDR0_DQ[51] | DDR1_DQ[35] | 4374.388 | 9363.456 |
| AW3 | SPI0_MISO | | | | | | 19039.078 | 9362.44 |
| AW30 | VSS | | | | | | 3711.448 | 9038.336 |
| AW31 | DDR0_DQ[49] / DDR1_DQ[33] | | | | DDR0_DQ[49] | DDR1_DQ[33] | 3147.568 | 9363.456 |
| AW32 | VSS | | | | | | 2484.628 | 9038.336 |
| AW33 | DDR0_DQ[43] / DDR1_DQ[11] | | | | DDR0_DQ[43] | DDR1_DQ[11] | 1847.088 | 9363.456 |
| AW34 | VSS | | | | | | 1283.208 | 9038.336 |
| AW35 | DDR0_DQ[41] / DDR1_DQ[9] | | | | DDR0_DQ[41] | DDR1_DQ[9] | 620.268 | 9363.456 |
| AW36 | VSS | | | | | | 6.858 | 9038.336 |
| AW37 | DDR0_DQ[35] / DDR1_DQ[3] | | | | DDR0_DQ[35] | DDR1_DQ[3] | -606.552 | 9363.456 |
| AW38 | VSS | | | | | | -1269.492 | 9038.336 |
| AW39 | DDR0_DQ[33] / DDR1_DQ[1] | | | | DDR0_DQ[33] | DDR1_DQ[1] | -1833.372 | 9363.456 |
| AW41 | VSS | | | | | | -2470.912 | 9038.336 |
| AW42 | DDR1_ODT[1] | | | | | | -3108.452 | 9363.456 |
| AW43 | VSS | | | | | | -3672.332 | 9038.336 |
| AW44 | DDR1_RAS# / DDR1_CAB[3] / DDR1_MA[16] | DDR1_RAS# | DDR1_CAB[3] | DDR1_MA[16] | | | -4335.272 | 9363.456 |
| AW45 | VSS | | | | | | -4948.682 | 9038.336 |
| AW46 | DDR1_MA[10] / DDR1_CAB[7] / DDR1_MA[10] | DDR1_MA[10] | DDR1_CAB[7] | DDR1_MA[10] | | | -5562.092 | 9363.456 |
| AW47 | VSS | | | | | | -6162.802 | 9038.336 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 18 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| AW48 | RSVD | | | | | | -6726.682 | 9363.456 |
| AW49 | VSS | | | | | | -7355.332 | 9038.336 |
| AW5 | GPP_B14 / SPKR | | | | | | 17780.508 | 8911.336 |
| AW50 | DDR0_ALERT# | | | | | | -7983.982 | 9363.456 |
| AW51 | VSS | | | | | | -8547.862 | 9038.336 |
| AW52 | DDR0_MA[7] / DDR0_CAA[4] / DDR0_MA[7] | DDR0_MA[7] | DDR0_CAA[4] | DDR0_MA[7] | | | -9148.572 | 9363.456 |
| AW53 | VSS | | | | | | -9761.982 | 9038.336 |
| AW54 | DDR0_MA[12] / DDR0_CAA[6] / DDR0_MA[12] | DDR0_MA[12] | DDR0_CAA[6] | DDR0_MA[12] | | | -10375.392 | 9363.456 |
| AW55 | VSS | | | | | | -11038.332 | 9038.336 |
| AW56 | DDR0_CKE[2] | | | | | | -11602.212 | 9363.456 |
| AW57 | VSS | | | | | | -12239.752 | 9038.336 |
| AW59 | DDR0_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[43] | | | | DDR0_DQ[27] | DDR0_DQ[43] | -12877.292 | 9363.456 |
| AW6 | VSS | | | | | | 17130.268 | 9038.336 |
| AW60 | VSS | | | | | | -13441.172 | 9038.336 |
| AW61 | DDR0_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[41] | | | | DDR0_DQ[25] | DDR0_DQ[41] | -14104.112 | 9363.456 |
| AW62 | VSS | | | | | | -14717.522 | 9038.336 |
| AW63 | DDR0_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[34] | | | | DDR0_DQ[18] | DDR0_DQ[34] | -15330.932 | 9363.456 |
| AW64 | VSS | | | | | | -15993.872 | 9038.336 |
| AW65 | DDR0_DQ[17] / DDR0_DQ[33] | | | | DDR0_DQ[17] | DDR0_DQ[33] | -16557.752 | 9363.456 |
| AW66 | VSS | | | | | | -17093.184 | 8900.414 |
| AW67 | DDR_VTT_CNTL | | | | | | -18017.744 | 9370.568 |
| AW68 | RSVD | | | | | | -18621.756 | 9622.028 |
| AW69 | RSVD | | | | | | -19266.916 | 9535.668 |
| AW7 | GPP_A23 / ISH_GP5 | | | | | | 16563.848 | 9363.456 |
| AW70 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | -19684.746 | 10034.778 |
| AW71 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | -20314.412 | 9551.416 |
| AW8 | VSS | | | | | | 15985.744 | 9038.336 |
| AW9 | GPP_A9 / CLKOUT_LPC0 / ESPI_CLK | | | | | | 15415.768 | 9363.456 |
| AY1 | RSVD | | | | | | 20314.158 | 10201.656 |
| AY11 | GPP_A6 / SERIRQ | | | | | | 14130.528 | 10013.696 |
| AY12 | GPP_A4 / LAD3 / ESPI_IO3 | | | | | | 13565.124 | 9688.576 |
| AY13 | GPP_A1 / LAD0 / ESPI_IO0 | | | | | | 12995.148 | 10013.696 |
| AY15 | GPD1 / ACPRESENT | | | | | | 11709.908 | 10013.696 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 19 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| AY16 | GPD10 / SLP_S5# | | | | | | 11144.504 | 9688.576 |
| AY17 | RSMRST# | | | | | | 10574.528 | 10013.696 |
| AY2 | RSVD | | | | | | 19685 | 10034.27 |
| AY20 | I2S1_SFRM | | | | | | 9289.288 | 10013.696 |
| AY21 | HDA_SDI1 / I2S1_RXD | | | | | | 8723.884 | 9688.576 |
| AY22 | HDA_BLK / I2S0_SCLK | | | | | | 8153.908 | 10013.696 |
| AY25 | DDR0_DQ[58] / DDR1_DQ[42] | | | | DDR0_DQ[58] | DDR1_DQ[42] | 6828.028 | 10013.696 |
| AY26 | DDR0_DQSN[7] / DDR1_DQSN[5] | | | | DDR0_DQSN[7] | DDR1_DQSN[5] | 6264.148 | 9688.576 |
| AY27 | DDR0_DQ[56] / DDR1_DQ[40] | | | | DDR0_DQ[56] | DDR1_DQ[40] | 5601.208 | 10013.696 |
| AY29 | DDR0_DQ[50] / DDR1_DQ[34] | | | | DDR0_DQ[50] | DDR1_DQ[34] | 4374.388 | 10013.696 |
| AY3 | RSVD | | | | | | 19028.41 | 10027.92 |
| AY30 | DDR0_DQSP[6] / DDR1_DQSP[4] | | | | DDR0_DQSP[6] | DDR1_DQSP[4] | 3711.448 | 9688.576 |
| AY31 | DDR0_DQ[48] / DDR1_DQ[32] | | | | DDR0_DQ[48] | DDR1_DQ[32] | 3147.568 | 10013.696 |
| AY33 | DDR0_DQ[42] / DDR1_DQ[10] | | | | DDR0_DQ[42] | DDR1_DQ[10] | 1847.088 | 10013.696 |
| AY34 | DDR0_DQSN[5] / DDR1_DQSN[1] | | | | DDR0_DQSN[5] | DDR1_DQSN[1] | 1283.208 | 9688.576 |
| AY35 | DDR0_DQ[40] / DDR1_DQ[8] | | | | DDR0_DQ[40] | DDR1_DQ[8] | 620.268 | 10013.696 |
| AY37 | DDR0_DQ[34] / DDR1_DQ[2] | | | | DDR0_DQ[34] | DDR1_DQ[2] | -606.552 | 10013.696 |
| AY38 | DDR0_DQSP[4] / DDR1_DQSP[0] | | | | DDR0_DQSP[4] | DDR1_DQSP[0] | -1269.492 | 9688.576 |
| AY39 | DDR0_DQ[32] / DDR1_DQ[0] | | | | DDR0_DQ[32] | DDR1_DQ[0] | -1833.372 | 10013.696 |
| AY4 | TP1 | | | | | | 18274.284 | 10043.16 |
| AY42 | DDR1_CS#[1] | | | | | | -3108.452 | 10013.696 |
| AY43 | DDR1_CAS# / DDR1_CAB[1] / DDR1_MA[15] | DDR1_CAS# | DDR1_CAB[1] | DDR1_MA[15] | | | -3672.332 | 9688.576 |
| AY44 | DDR1_WE# / DDR1_CAB[2] / DDR1_MA[14] | DDR1_WE# | DDR1_CAB[2] | DDR1_MA[14] | | | -4335.272 | 10013.696 |
| AY46 | DDR1_MA[1] / DDR1_CAB[8] / DDR1_MA[1] | DDR1_MA[1] | DDR1_CAB[8] | DDR1_MA[1] | | | -5562.092 | 10013.696 |
| AY47 | DDR1_MA[2] / DDR1_CAB[5] / DDR1_MA[2] | DDR1_MA[2] | DDR1_CAB[5] | DDR1_MA[2] | | | -6162.802 | 9688.576 |
| AY48 | DDR1_MA[5] / DDR1_CAA[0] / DDR1_MA[5] | DDR1_MA[5] | DDR1_CAA[0] | DDR1_MA[5] | | | -6788.912 | 10013.696 |
| AY5 | GPP_B4 / CPU_GP3 | | | | | | 17664.684 | 9688.576 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 20 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| AY50 | DDR0_MA[0] / DDR0_CAB[9]/ DDR0_MA[0] | DDR0_MA[0] | DDR0_CAB[9] | DDR0_MA[0] | | | -7921.752 | 10013.696 |
| AY51 | DDR0_MA[2] / DDR0_CAB[5]/ DDR0_MA[2] | DDR0_MA[2] | DDR0_CAB[5] | DDR0_MA[2] | | | -8547.862 | 9688.576 |
| AY52 | DDR0_MA[8] / DDR0_CAA[3] / DDR0_MA[8] | DDR0_MA[8] | DDR0_CAA[3] | DDR0_MA[8] | | | -9148.572 | 10013.696 |
| AY54 | DDR0_MA[14] / DDR0_CAA[9]/ DDR0_BG[1] | DDR0_MA[14] | DDR0_CAA[9] | DDR0_BG[1] | | | -10375.392 | 10013.696 |
| AY55 | DDR0_BA[2] / DDR0_CAA[5]/ DDR0_BG[0] | DDR0_BA[2] | DDR0_CAA[5] | DDR0_BG[0] | | | -11038.332 | 9688.576 |
| AY56 | DDR0_CKE[3] | | | | | | -11602.212 | 10013.696 |
| AY59 | DDR0_DQ[31] / DDR0_DQ[47] | | | | DDR0_DQ[31] | DDR0_DQ[47] | -12877.292 | 10013.696 |
| AY60 | DDR0_DQSN[3] / DDR0_DQSN[5] | | | | DDR0_DQSN[3] | DDR0_DQSN[5] | -13441.172 | 9688.576 |
| AY61 | DDR0_DQ[29] / DDR0_DQ[45] | | | | DDR0_DQ[29] | DDR0_DQ[45] | -14104.112 | 10013.696 |
| AY63 | DDR0_DQ[19] / DDR0_DQ[35] | | | | DDR0_DQ[19] | DDR0_DQ[35] | -15330.932 | 10013.696 |
| AY64 | DDR0_DQSP[2] / DDR0_DQSP[4] | | | | DDR0_DQSP[2] | DDR0_DQSP[4] | -15993.872 | 9688.576 |
| AY65 | DDR0_DQ[21] / DDR0_DQ[37] | | | | DDR0_DQ[21] | DDR0_DQ[37] | -16557.752 | 10013.696 |
| AY66 | VSS | | | | | | -17220.692 | 9688.576 |
| AY67 | DDR_VREF_CA | | | | | | -17901.412 | 10013.696 |
| AY68 | DDR0_VREF_DQ | | | | | | -18535.396 | 10267.188 |
| AY7 | GPP_A22 / ISH_GP4 | | | | | | 16551.148 | 10013.696 |
| AY71 | VSS | | | | | | -20314.412 | 10201.656 |
| AY8 | GPP_A18 / ISH_GP0 | | | | | | 15985.744 | 9688.576 |
| AY9 | GPP_A10 / CLKOUT_LPC1 | | | | | | 15415.768 | 10013.696 |
| B10 | VSS | | | | | | 14988.794 | -10338.816 |
| B11 | RSVD | | | | | | 14313.154 | -10663.936 |
| B13 | USB3_2_TXN / SSIC_TXN | | | | | | 13186.41 | -10663.936 |
| B14 | VSS | | | | | | 12510.77 | -10338.816 |
| B15 | USB3_3_TXN | | | | | | 11835.13 | -10663.936 |
| B17 | PCIE1_TXN / USB3_5_TXN | | | | | | 10708.386 | -10663.936 |
| B18 | VSS | | | | | | 10032.746 | -10338.816 |
| B19 | PCIE4_TXN | | | | | | 9357.106 | -10663.936 |
| B2 | RSVD | | | | | | 19831.558 | -10831.576 |
| B21 | PCIE7_TXN / SATA0_TXN | | | | | | 8230.362 | -10663.936 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 21 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| B22 | VSS | | | | | | 7554.722 | -10338.816 |
| B23 | PCIE9_TXN | | | | | | 6879.082 | -10663.936 |
| B25 | PCIE12_TXP / SATA2_TXP | | | | | | 5752.338 | -10663.936 |
| B26 | CSI2_CLKN3 | | | | | | 5076.698 | -10338.816 |
| B27 | CSI2_DP10 | | | | | | 4401.058 | -10663.936 |
| B29 | CSI2_DP8 | | | | | | 3274.314 | -10663.936 |
| B3 | RSVD | | | | | | 19196.558 | -10679.176 |
| B30 | VSS | | | | | | 2598.674 | -10338.816 |
| B31 | CSI2_DP6 | | | | | | 1923.034 | -10663.936 |
| B33 | CSI2_DP7 | | | | | | 796.29 | -10663.936 |
| B34 | VSS | | | | | | 120.65 | -10338.816 |
| B36 | CSI2_DP0 | | | | | | -554.99 | -10663.936 |
| B38 | CSI2_DP3 | | | | | | -1681.734 | -10663.936 |
| B39 | VSS | | | | | | -2357.374 | -10338.816 |
| B40 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N4 | | | | | | -3033.014 | -10663.936 |
| B42 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N1 | | | | | | -4159.758 | -10663.936 |
| B44 | VSS | | | | | | -4835.398 | -10338.816 |
| B45 | EDP_TXP[2] | | | | | | -5511.038 | -10663.936 |
| B47 | EDP_TXP[3] | | | | | | -6637.782 | -10663.936 |
| B48 | VSS | | | | | | -7313.422 | -10338.816 |
| B5 | SYS_RESET# | | | | | | 18048.478 | -10663.936 |
| B50 | DDI2_TXP[2] | | | | | | -7989.062 | -10663.936 |
| B52 | EDP_DISP_UTIL | | | | | | -9115.806 | -10663.936 |
| B53 | VSS | | | | | | -9791.446 | -10338.816 |
| B54 | BPM#[2] | | | | | | -10467.086 | -10663.936 |
| B56 | PCH_JTAG_TCK | | | | | | -11593.83 | -10663.936 |
| B58 | VSS | | | | | | -12269.47 | -10338.816 |
| B59 | PROC_TRST# | | | | | | -12945.11 | -10663.936 |
| B6 | SYS_PWROK | | | | | | 17466.818 | -10338.816 |
| B61 | PROC_TCK | | | | | | -14071.854 | -10663.936 |
| B62 | VSS | | | | | | -14747.494 | -10338.816 |
| B63 | VIDALERT# | | | | | | -15423.134 | -10663.936 |
| B65 | VCCST_PWRGD | | | | | | -16549.878 | -10663.936 |
| B66 | VSS | | | | | | -17225.518 | -10338.816 |
| B67 | CFG[1] | | | | | | -17901.158 | -10663.936 |
| B69 | RSVD | | | | | | -19035.014 | -10684.51 |
| B7 | GPP_D4 / FLASHTRIG | | | | | | 16791.178 | -10663.936 |
| B70 | RSVD | | | | | | -19685.254 | -10684.51 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 22 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| B71 | VSS | | | | | | -20314.412 | -10851.896 |
| B9 | GPP_E12 / USB2_OC3# | | | | | | 15664.434 | -10663.936 |
| BA1 | VSS | | | | | | 20314.158 | 10851.896 |
| BA10 | VSS | | | | | | 14752.828 | 10257.536 |
| BA11 | GPP_A14 / SUS_STAT# / ESPI_RESET# | | | | | | 14188.948 | 10663.936 |
| BA12 | GPP_A5 / LFRAME# / ESPI_CS# | | | | | | 13565.124 | 10338.816 |
| BA13 | GPP_A2 / LAD1 / ESPI_IO1 | | | | | | 12995.148 | 10663.936 |
| BA14 | VSS | | | | | | 12332.208 | 10257.536 |
| BA15 | GPD3 / PWRBTN# | | | | | | 11768.328 | 10663.936 |
| BA16 | GPD5 / SLP_S4# | | | | | | 11144.504 | 10338.816 |
| BA17 | GPD8 / SUSCLK | | | | | | 10574.528 | 10663.936 |
| BA18 | VSS | | | | | | 9911.588 | 10257.536 |
| BA2 | VSS | | | | | | 19685 | 10684.51 |
| BA20 | PCH_PWROK | | | | | | 9347.708 | 10663.936 |
| BA21 | HDA_SDI0/ I2S0_RXD | | | | | | 8723.884 | 10338.816 |
| BA22 | HDA_SYNC / I2S0_SFRM | | | | | | 8153.908 | 10663.936 |
| BA23 | VSS | | | | | | 7465.568 | 10257.536 |
| BA25 | DDR0_DQ[62] / DDR1_DQ[46] | | | | DDR0_DQ[62] | DDR1_DQ[46] | 6828.028 | 10663.936 |
| BA26 | DDR0_DQSP[7] / DDR1_DQSP[5] | | | | DDR0_DQSP[7] | DDR1_DQSP[5] | 6165.088 | 10338.816 |
| BA27 | DDR0_DQ[61] / DDR1_DQ[45] | | | | DDR0_DQ[61] | DDR1_DQ[45] | 5502.148 | 10663.936 |
| BA28 | VSS | | | | | | 4987.798 | 10257.536 |
| BA29 | DDR0_DQ[54] / DDR1_DQ[38] | | | | DDR0_DQ[54] | DDR1_DQ[38] | 4473.448 | 10663.936 |
| BA3 | RSVD | | | | | | 19034.76 | 10684.51 |
| BA30 | DDR0_DQSN[6] / DDR1_DQSN[4] | | | | DDR0_DQSN[6] | DDR1_DQSN[4] | 3810.508 | 10338.816 |
| BA31 | DDR0_DQ[53] / DDR1_DQ[37] | | | | DDR0_DQ[53] | DDR1_DQ[37] | 3147.568 | 10663.936 |
| BA32 | VSS | | | | | | 2484.628 | 10257.536 |
| BA33 | DDR0_DQ[46] / DDR1_DQ[14] | | | | DDR0_DQ[46] | DDR1_DQ[14] | 1847.088 | 10663.936 |
| BA34 | DDR0_DQSP[5] / DDR1_DQSP[1] | | | | DDR0_DQSP[5] | DDR1_DQSP[1] | 1184.148 | 10338.816 |
| BA35 | DDR0_DQ[45] / DDR1_DQ[13] | | | | DDR0_DQ[45] | DDR1_DQ[13] | 521.208 | 10663.936 |
| BA36 | VSS | | | | | | 6.858 | 10257.536 |
| BA37 | DDR0_DQ[38] / DDR1_DQ[6] | | | | DDR0_DQ[38] | DDR1_DQ[6] | -507.492 | 10663.936 |
| BA38 | DDR0_DQSN[4] / DDR1_DQSN[0] | | | | DDR0_DQSN[4] | DDR1_DQSN[0] | -1170.432 | 10338.816 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 23 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| BA39 | DDR0_DQ[37] / DDR1_DQ[5] | | | | DDR0_DQ[37] | DDR1_DQ[5] | -1833.372 | 10663.936 |
| BA4 | RSVD | | | | | | 18365.724 | 10689.336 |
| BA41 | VSS | | | | | | -2470.912 | 10257.536 |
| BA42 | DDR1_ODT[0] | | | | | | -3108.452 | 10663.936 |
| BA43 | DDR1_MA[13] / DDR1_CAB[0] / DDR1_MA[13] | DDR1_MA[13] | DDR1_CAB[0] | DDR1_MA[13] | | | -3771.392 | 10338.816 |
| BA44 | DDR1_BA[1] / DDR1_CAB[6] / DDR1_BA[1] | DDR1_BA[1] | DDR1_CAB[6] | DDR1_BA[1] | | | -4434.332 | 10663.936 |
| BA45 | VSS | | | | | | -4948.682 | 10257.536 |
| BA46 | DDR1_MA[0] / DDR1_CAB[9] / DDR1_MA[0] | DDR1_MA[0] | DDR1_CAB[9] | DDR1_MA[0] | | | -5463.032 | 10663.936 |
| BA47 | DDR1_MA[4] | | | | | | -6125.972 | 10338.816 |
| BA48 | DDR1_MA[6] / DDR1_CAA[2] / DDR1_MA[6] | DDR1_MA[6] | DDR1_CAA[2] | DDR1_MA[6] | | | -6788.912 | 10663.936 |
| BA49 | VSS | | | | | | -7355.332 | 10338.816 |
| BA5 | GPP_B3 / CPU_GP2 | | | | | | 17715.484 | 10625.836 |
| BA50 | DDR0_MA[3] | | | | | | -7921.752 | 10663.936 |
| BA51 | DDR0_MA[5] / DDR0_CAA[0] / DDR0_MA[5] | DDR0_MA[5] | DDR0_CAA[0] | DDR0_MA[5] | | | -8584.692 | 10338.816 |
| BA52 | DDR0_MA[6] / DDR0_CAA[2] / DDR0_MA[6] | DDR0_MA[6] | DDR0_CAA[2] | DDR0_MA[6] | | | -9247.632 | 10663.936 |
| BA53 | VSS | | | | | | -9761.982 | 10257.536 |
| BA54 | DDR0_MA[11] / DDR0_CAA[7] / DDR0_MA[11] | DDR0_MA[11] | DDR0_CAA[7] | DDR0_MA[11] | | | -10276.332 | 10663.936 |
| BA55 | DDR0_MA[15] / DDR0_CAA[8] / DDR0_ACT# | DDR0_MA[15] | DDR0_CAA[8] | DDR0_ACT# | | | -10939.272 | 10338.816 |
| BA56 | DDR0_CKE[0] | | | | | | -11602.212 | 10663.936 |
| BA57 | VSS | | | | | | -12239.752 | 10257.536 |
| BA59 | DDR0_DQ[30] / DDR0_DQ[46] | | | | DDR0_DQ[30] | DDR0_DQ[46] | -12877.292 | 10663.936 |
| BA6 | VSS | | | | | | 17173.448 | 10257.536 |
| BA60 | DDR0_DQSP[3] / DDR0_DQSP[5] | | | | DDR0_DQSP[3] | DDR0_DQSP[5] | -13540.232 | 10338.816 |
| BA61 | DDR0_DQ[24] / DDR0_DQ[40] | | | | DDR0_DQ[24] | DDR0_DQ[40] | -14203.172 | 10663.936 |
| BA62 | VSS | | | | | | -14717.522 | 10257.536 |
| BA63 | DDR0_DQ[22] / DDR0_DQ[38] | | | | DDR0_DQ[22] | DDR0_DQ[38] | -15231.872 | 10663.936 |
| BA64 | DDR0_DQSN[2] / DDR0_DQSN[4] | | | | DDR0_DQSN[2] | DDR0_DQSN[4] | -15894.812 | 10338.816 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 24 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| BA65 | DDR0_DQ[20] / DDR0_DQ[36] | | | | DDR0_DQ[20] | DDR0_DQ[36] | -16557.752 | 10663.936 |
| BA66 | VSS | | | | | | -17220.692 | 10338.816 |
| BA67 | DDR1_VREF_DQ | | | | | | -17901.412 | 10663.936 |
| BA68 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | -19034.506 | 10685.018 |
| BA7 | GPP_A21 / ISH_GP3 | | | | | | 16609.568 | 10663.936 |
| BA70 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | -19684.746 | 10685.018 |
| BA71 | VSS | | | | | | -20314.412 | 10851.896 |
| BA8 | GPP_A19 / ISH_GP1 | | | | | | 15985.744 | 10338.816 |
| BA9 | GPP_A17 / SD_PWR_EN# / ISH_GP7 | | | | | | 15415.768 | 10663.936 |
| BB10 | DCPRTC | | | | | | 14752.828 | 10989.056 |
| BB11 | GPP_A7 / PIRQA# | | | | | | 14188.948 | 11314.176 |
| BB13 | GPP_A3 / LAD2 / ESPI_IO2 | | | | | | 12995.148 | 11314.176 |
| BB14 | VCCRTC | | | | | | 12332.208 | 10989.056 |
| BB15 | WAKE# | | | | | | 11768.328 | 11314.176 |
| BB17 | GPD9 / SLP_WLAN# | | | | | | 10574.528 | 11314.176 |
| BB18 | VSS | | | | | | 9911.588 | 10989.056 |
| BB2 | RSVD | | | | | | 19851.878 | 11314.176 |
| BB20 | DSW_PWROK | | | | | | 9347.708 | 11314.176 |
| BB22 | HDA_SDO / I2S0_TXD | | | | | | 8153.908 | 11314.176 |
| BB23 | VDDQ | | | | | | 7465.568 | 10907.776 |
| BB25 | DDR0_DQ[63] / DDR1_DQ[47] | | | | DDR0_DQ[63] | DDR1_DQ[47] | 6828.028 | 11314.176 |
| BB26 | VSS | | | | | | 6165.088 | 10989.056 |
| BB27 | DDR0_DQ[60] / DDR1_DQ[44] | | | | DDR0_DQ[60] | DDR1_DQ[44] | 5502.148 | 11314.176 |
| BB29 | DDR0_DQ[55] / DDR1_DQ[39] | | | | DDR0_DQ[55] | DDR1_DQ[39] | 4473.448 | 11314.176 |
| BB3 | TP2 | | | | | | 19201.638 | 11314.176 |
| BB30 | VSS | | | | | | 3810.508 | 10989.056 |
| BB31 | DDR0_DQ[52] / DDR1_DQ[36] | | | | DDR0_DQ[52] | DDR1_DQ[36] | 3147.568 | 11314.176 |
| BB32 | VDDQ | | | | | | 2484.628 | 10907.776 |
| BB33 | DDR0_DQ[47] / DDR1_DQ[15] | | | | DDR0_DQ[47] | DDR1_DQ[15] | 1847.088 | 11314.176 |
| BB34 | VSS | | | | | | 1184.148 | 10989.056 |
| BB35 | DDR0_DQ[44] / DDR1_DQ[12] | | | | DDR0_DQ[44] | DDR1_DQ[12] | 521.208 | 11314.176 |
| BB37 | DDR0_DQ[39] / DDR1_DQ[7] | | | | DDR0_DQ[39] | DDR1_DQ[7] | -507.492 | 11314.176 |
| BB38 | VSS | | | | | | -1170.432 | 10989.056 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 25 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| BB39 | DDR0_DQ[36] / DDR1_DQ[4] | | | | DDR0_DQ[36] | DDR1_DQ[4] | -1833.372 | 11314.176 |
| BB4 | RSVD | | | | | | 18551.398 | 11314.176 |
| BB41 | VDDQ | | | | | | -2470.912 | 10907.776 |
| BB42 | DDR1_CS#[0] | | | | | | -3108.452 | 11314.176 |
| BB43 | VSS | | | | | | -3771.392 | 10989.056 |
| BB44 | DDR1_BA[0] / DDR1_CAB[4] / DDR1_BA[0] | DDR1_BA[0] | DDR1_CAB[4] | DDR1_BA[0] | | | -4434.332 | 11314.176 |
| BB46 | DDR1_MA[3] | | | | | | -5463.032 | 11314.176 |
| BB47 | VDDQ | | | | | | -6125.972 | 10989.056 |
| BB48 | DDR1_MA[8] / DDR1_CAA[3] / DDR1_MA[8] | DDR1_MA[8] | DDR1_CAA[3] | DDR1_MA[8] | | | -6788.912 | 11314.176 |
| BB5 | TP4 | | | | | | 17785.588 | 11314.176 |
| BB50 | DDR0_MA[1] / DDR0_CAB[8] / DDR0_MA[1] | DDR0_MA[1] | DDR0_CAB[8] | DDR0_MA[1] | | | -7921.752 | 11314.176 |
| BB51 | VDDQ | | | | | | -8584.692 | 10989.056 |
| BB52 | DDR0_MA[4] | | | | | | -9247.632 | 11314.176 |
| BB54 | DDR0_MA[9] / DDR0_CAA[1] / DDR0_MA[9] | DDR0_MA[9] | DDR0_CAA[1] | DDR0_MA[9] | | | -10276.332 | 11314.176 |
| BB55 | VSS | | | | | | -10939.272 | 10989.056 |
| BB56 | DDR0_CKE[1] | | | | | | -11602.212 | 11314.176 |
| BB57 | VccGTx | | | | | | -12239.752 | 10907.776 |
| BB59 | DDR0_DQ[26] / DDR0_DQ[42] | | | | DDR0_DQ[26] | DDR0_DQ[42] | -12877.292 | 11314.176 |
| BB6 | VSS | | | | | | 17173.448 | 10989.056 |
| BB60 | VSS | | | | | | -13540.232 | 10989.056 |
| BB61 | DDR0_DQ[28] / DDR0_DQ[44] | | | | DDR0_DQ[28] | DDR0_DQ[44] | -14203.172 | 11314.176 |
| BB63 | DDR0_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[39] | | | | DDR0_DQ[23] | DDR0_DQ[39] | -15231.872 | 11314.176 |
| BB64 | VSS | | | | | | -15894.812 | 10989.056 |
| BB65 | DDR0_DQ[16] / DDR0_DQ[32] | | | | DDR0_DQ[16] | DDR0_DQ[32] | -16557.752 | 11314.176 |
| BB66 | VccGTx | | | | | | -17220.692 | 10989.056 |
| BB67 | VSS | | | | | | -17901.412 | 11314.176 |
| BB68 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | -18551.652 | 11314.176 |
| BB69 | RSVD_TP | | | | | | -19201.892 | 11314.176 |
| BB7 | GPP_A20 / ISH_GP2 | | | | | | 16609.568 | 11314.176 |
| BB70 | VSS | | | | | | -19852.132 | 11314.176 |
| BB9 | GPP_A16 / SD_1P8_SEL | | | | | | 15415.768 | 11314.176 |
| C1 | VSS | | | | | | 20314.158 | -10348.976 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 26 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| C11 | RSVD | | | | | | 14313.154 | -10013.696 |
| C12 | RSVD | | | | | | 13749.782 | -10338.816 |
| C13 | USB3_1_TXN | | | | | | 13186.41 | -10013.696 |
| C15 | USB3_4_TXN | | | | | | 11835.13 | -10013.696 |
| C16 | PCIE2_TXP / USB3_6_TXP | | | | | | 11271.758 | -10338.816 |
| C17 | PCIE3_TXP | | | | | | 10708.386 | -10013.696 |
| C19 | PCIE5_TXN | | | | | | 9357.106 | -10013.696 |
| C2 | RSVD | | | | | | 19679.158 | -10196.576 |
| C20 | PCIE6_TXP | | | | | | 8793.734 | -10338.816 |
| C21 | PCIE8_TXP / SATA1A_TXP | | | | | | 8230.362 | -10013.696 |
| C23 | PCIE10_TXP | | | | | | 6879.082 | -10013.696 |
| C24 | PCIE11_TXP / SATA1B_TXP | | | | | | 6315.71 | -10338.816 |
| C25 | VSS | | | | | | 5752.338 | -10013.696 |
| C27 | CSI2_DN11 | | | | | | 4401.058 | -10013.696 |
| C28 | CSI2_DN9 | | | | | | 3837.686 | -10338.816 |
| C29 | CSI2_CLKN2 | | | | | | 3274.314 | -10013.696 |
| C31 | CSI2_DN4 | | | | | | 1923.034 | -10013.696 |
| C32 | CSI2_CLKN1 | | | | | | 1359.662 | -10338.816 |
| C33 | CSI2_DN5 | | | | | | 796.29 | -10013.696 |
| C36 | CSI2_DN2 | | | | | | -554.99 | -10013.696 |
| C37 | CSI2_CLKN0 | | | | | | -1118.362 | -10338.816 |
| C38 | CSI2_DN1 | | | | | | -1681.734 | -10013.696 |
| C4 | RSVD | | | | | | 18614.898 | -10336.276 |
| C40 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P3 | | | | | | -3033.014 | -10013.696 |
| C41 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P2 | | | | | | -3596.386 | -10338.816 |
| C42 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P0 | | | | | | -4159.758 | -10013.696 |
| C45 | EDP_TXP[1] | | | | | | -5511.038 | -10013.696 |
| C46 | EDP_TXP[0] | | | | | | -6074.41 | -10338.816 |
| C47 | EDP_TXN[0] | | | | | | -6637.782 | -10013.696 |
| C5 | VSS | | | | | | 18048.478 | -10013.696 |
| C50 | DDI2_TXN[0] | | | | | | -7989.062 | -10013.696 |
| C51 | DDI2_TXP[3] | | | | | | -8552.434 | -10338.816 |
| C52 | DDI2_TXN[1] | | | | | | -9115.806 | -10013.696 |
| C54 | RSVD | | | | | | -10467.086 | -10013.696 |
| C55 | BPM#[0] | | | | | | -11030.458 | -10338.816 |
| C56 | BPM#[3] | | | | | | -11593.83 | -10013.696 |
| C59 | PCH_JTAG_TMS | | | | | | -12945.11 | -10013.696 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 27 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| C60 | PROC_TMS | | | | | | -13508.482 | -10338.816 |
| C61 | PCH_TRST# | | | | | | -14071.854 | -10013.696 |
| C63 | THERMTRIP# | | | | | | -15423.134 | -10013.696 |
| C64 | PROC_SELECT# | | | | | | -15986.506 | -10338.816 |
| C65 | PROCHOT# | | | | | | -16549.878 | -10013.696 |
| C67 | CFG[7] | | | | | | -18485.104 | -10299.446 |
| C68 | CFG[5] | | | | | | -18622.264 | -9621.52 |
| C7 | RSVD | | | | | | 16791.178 | -10013.696 |
| C70 | RSVD | | | | | | -19685.254 | -10034.27 |
| C71 | RSVD | | | | | | -20314.412 | -10201.656 |
| C8 | GPP_D18 / DMIC_DATA1 | | | | | | 16227.806 | -10338.816 |
| C9 | GPP_E10 / USB2_OC1# | | | | | | 15664.434 | -10013.696 |
| D1 | RSVD | | | | | | 20314.158 | -9698.736 |
| D10 | VSS | | | | | | 14988.794 | -9322.816 |
| D11 | VSS | | | | | | 14313.154 | -9363.456 |
| D12 | RSVD | | | | | | 13749.782 | -9688.576 |
| D13 | USB3_1_TXP | | | | | | 13186.41 | -9363.456 |
| D14 | VSS | | | | | | 12510.77 | -9322.816 |
| D15 | USB3_4_TXP | | | | | | 11835.13 | -9363.456 |
| D16 | PCIE2_TXN / USB3_6_TXN | | | | | | 11271.758 | -9688.576 |
| D17 | PCIE3_TXN | | | | | | 10708.386 | -9363.456 |
| D18 | VSS | | | | | | 10032.746 | -9322.816 |
| D19 | PCIE5_TXP | | | | | | 9357.106 | -9363.456 |
| D20 | PCIE6_TXN | | | | | | 8793.734 | -9688.576 |
| D21 | PCIE8_TXN / SATA1A_TXN | | | | | | 8230.362 | -9363.456 |
| D22 | VSS | | | | | | 7554.722 | -9322.816 |
| D23 | PCIE10_TXN | | | | | | 6879.082 | -9363.456 |
| D24 | PCIE11_TXN / SATA1B_TXN | | | | | | 6315.71 | -9688.576 |
| D25 | VSS | | | | | | 5752.338 | -9363.456 |
| D26 | VSS | | | | | | 5076.698 | -9322.816 |
| D27 | CSI2_DP11 | | | | | | 4401.058 | -9363.456 |
| D28 | CSI2_DP9 | | | | | | 3837.686 | -9688.576 |
| D29 | CSI2_CLKP2 | | | | | | 3274.314 | -9363.456 |
| D3 | RSVD | | | | | | 19338.798 | -9608.312 |
| D30 | VSS | | | | | | 2598.674 | -9322.816 |
| D31 | CSI2_DP4 | | | | | | 1923.034 | -9363.456 |
| D32 | CSI2_CLKP1 | | | | | | 1359.662 | -9688.576 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 28 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|----------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| D33 | CSI2_DP5 | | | | | | 796.29 | -9363.456 |
| D34 | VSS | | | | | | 120.65 | -9322.816 |
| D36 | CSI2_DP2 | | | | | | -554.99 | -9363.456 |
| D37 | CSI2_CLKP0 | | | | | | -1118.362 | -9688.576 |
| D38 | CSI2_DP1 | | | | | | -1681.734 | -9363.456 |
| D39 | VSS | | | | | | -2357.374 | -9322.816 |
| D4 | RSVD | | | | | | 18690.59 | -9668.51 |
| D40 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N3 | | | | | | -3033.014 | -9363.456 |
| D41 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N2 | | | | | | -3596.386 | -9688.576 |
| D42 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N0 | | | | | | -4159.758 | -9363.456 |
| D44 | VSS | | | | | | -4835.398 | -9322.816 |
| D45 | VSS | | | | | | -5511.038 | -9363.456 |
| D46 | EDP_TXN[1] | | | | | | -6074.41 | -9688.576 |
| D47 | VSS | | | | | | -6637.782 | -9363.456 |
| D48 | VSS | | | | | | -7313.422 | -9322.816 |
| D5 | RSVD | | | | | | 18090.388 | -9363.456 |
| D50 | DDI2_TXP[0] | | | | | | -7989.062 | -9363.456 |
| D51 | DDI2_TXN[3] | | | | | | -8552.434 | -9688.576 |
| D52 | DDI2_TXP[1] | | | | | | -9115.806 | -9363.456 |
| D53 | VSS | | | | | | -9791.446 | -9322.816 |
| D54 | RSVD | | | | | | -10467.086 | -9363.456 |
| D55 | BPM#[1] | | | | | | -11030.458 | -9688.576 |
| D56 | PROC_PRDY# | | | | | | -11593.83 | -9363.456 |
| D58 | VSS | | | | | | -12269.47 | -9322.816 |
| D59 | PCH_JTAG_TDI | | | | | | -12945.11 | -9363.456 |
| D6 | VSS | | | | | | 17441.418 | -9322.816 |
| D60 | PROC_TDI | | | | | | -13508.482 | -9688.576 |
| D61 | PROC_PREQ# | | | | | | -14071.854 | -9363.456 |
| D62 | VSS | | | | | | -14747.494 | -9322.816 |
| D63 | CATERR# | | | | | | -15423.134 | -9363.456 |
| D64 | VIDSOUT | | | | | | -15986.506 | -9688.576 |
| D65 | CFG[2] | | | | | | -16549.878 | -9363.456 |
| D66 | VSS | | | | | | -17225.518 | -9322.816 |
| D67 | CFG[3] | | | | | | -17898.618 | -10013.696 |
| D68 | CFG[6] | | | | | | -19267.424 | -9535.16 |
| D69 | VSS | | | | | | -18561.812 | -8971.026 |
| D7 | GPP_D20 / DMIC_DATA0 | | | | | | 16791.178 | -9363.456 |
| D71 | RSVD | | | | | | -20314.412 | -9551.416 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 29 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| D8 | GPP_D17 / DMIC_CLK1 | | | | | | 16227.806 | -9688.576 |
| D9 | GPP_E11 / USB2_OC2# | | | | | | 15664.434 | -9363.456 |
| E1 | RSVD | | | | | | 20314.158 | -9039.86 |
| E10 | USB3_4_RXN | | | | | | 14910.816 | -8591.296 |
| E11 | VSS | | | | | | 13996.416 | -8591.296 |
| E13 | CSI2_COMP | | | | | | 13082.016 | -8591.296 |
| E15 | VSS | | | | | | 12167.616 | -8591.296 |
| E16 | PCIE5_RXP | | | | | | 11253.216 | -8591.296 |
| E18 | VSS | | | | | | 10338.816 | -8591.296 |
| E2 | RSVD | | | | | | 19663.918 | -9039.86 |
| E20 | PCIE7_RXP / SATA0_RXP | | | | | | 9424.416 | -8591.296 |
| E21 | VSS | | | | | | 8510.016 | -8591.296 |
| E22 | PCIE9_RXN | | | | | | 7595.616 | -8591.296 |
| E23 | PCIE9_RXP | | | | | | 6681.216 | -8591.296 |
| E25 | PCIE10_RXP | | | | | | 5766.816 | -8591.296 |
| E27 | PCIE11_RXP / SATA1B_RXP | | | | | | 4852.416 | -8591.296 |
| E28 | PCIE11_RXN / SATA1B_RXN | | | | | | 3938.016 | -8591.296 |
| E3 | RSVD | | | | | | 19013.678 | -9039.86 |
| E30 | PCIE12_RXN / SATA2_RXN | | | | | | 3023.616 | -8591.296 |
| E32 | VCC_SENSE | | | | | | 2109.216 | -8591.296 |
| E33 | VSS_SENSE | | | | | | 1194.816 | -8591.296 |
| E35 | XTAL24_OUT | | | | | | 280.416 | -8591.296 |
| E37 | XTAL24_IN | | | | | | -633.984 | -8591.296 |
| E38 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P5 | | | | | | -1548.384 | -8591.296 |
| E40 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N5 | | | | | | -2462.784 | -8591.296 |
| E42 | XCLK_BIASREF | | | | | | -3377.184 | -8591.296 |
| E43 | CLKOUT_ITPXD_P | | | | | | -4291.584 | -8591.296 |
| E45 | EDP_AUXN | | | | | | -5205.984 | -8591.296 |
| E46 | VSS | | | | | | -6120.384 | -8591.296 |
| E48 | DDI2_AUXN | | | | | | -7034.784 | -8591.296 |
| E5 | PCIE_RCOMP | | | | | | 17654.016 | -8591.296 |
| E50 | VSS | | | | | | -7949.184 | -8591.296 |
| E52 | eDP_RCOMP | | | | | | -8863.584 | -8591.296 |
| E53 | VSS | | | | | | -9777.984 | -8591.296 |
| E55 | DDI1_TXN[0] | | | | | | -10692.384 | -8591.296 |
| E56 | VSS | | | | | | -11606.784 | -8591.296 |
| E58 | DDI1_TXN[1] | | | | | | -12521.184 | -8591.296 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 30 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| E6 | VSS | | | | | | 16739.616 | -8591.296 |
| E60 | CFG_RCOMP | | | | | | -13435.584 | -8591.296 |
| E61 | RSVD | | | | | | -14349.984 | -8591.296 |
| E63 | CFG[16] | | | | | | -15315.184 | -8654.796 |
| E65 | VSS | | | | | | -16331.184 | -8654.796 |
| E66 | CFG[18] | | | | | | -17347.184 | -8654.796 |
| E68 | CFG[0] | | | | | | -17898.618 | -9363.456 |
| E70 | CFG[4] | | | | | | -19664.172 | -9009.126 |
| E71 | VSS | | | | | | -20314.412 | -8901.176 |
| E8 | ITP_PMODE | | | | | | 15825.216 | -8591.296 |
| F1 | VSS | | | | | | 19989.038 | -8465.82 |
| F10 | USB3_4_RXP | | | | | | 14910.816 | -7941.056 |
| F11 | PCIE2_RXP / USB3_6_RXP | | | | | | 13996.416 | -7941.056 |
| F13 | VSS | | | | | | 13082.016 | -7941.056 |
| F15 | PCIE4_RXP | | | | | | 12167.616 | -7941.056 |
| F16 | PCIE5_RXN | | | | | | 11253.216 | -7941.056 |
| F18 | PCIE6_RXP | | | | | | 10338.816 | -7941.056 |
| F2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | -8465.82 |
| F20 | PCIE7_RXN / SATA0_RXN | | | | | | 9424.416 | -7941.056 |
| F21 | PCIE8_RXP / SATA1A_RXP | | | | | | 8510.016 | -7941.056 |
| F22 | VSS | | | | | | 7595.616 | -7941.056 |
| F23 | VSS | | | | | | 6681.216 | -7941.056 |
| F25 | PCIE10_RXN | | | | | | 5766.816 | -7941.056 |
| F27 | VSS | | | | | | 4852.416 | -7941.056 |
| F28 | VSS | | | | | | 3938.016 | -7941.056 |
| F30 | PCIE12_RXP / SATA2_RXP | | | | | | 3023.616 | -7941.056 |
| F32 | VSS | | | | | | 2109.216 | -7941.056 |
| F33 | VSS | | | | | | 1194.816 | -7941.056 |
| F35 | VSS | | | | | | 280.416 | -7941.056 |
| F37 | VSS | | | | | | -633.984 | -7941.056 |
| F38 | VSS | | | | | | -1548.384 | -7941.056 |
| F4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | -8465.82 |
| F40 | VSS | | | | | | -2462.784 | -7941.056 |
| F42 | VSS | | | | | | -3377.184 | -7941.056 |
| F43 | CLKOUT_ITPXDP_N | | | | | | -4291.584 | -7941.056 |
| F45 | EDP_AUXP | | | | | | -5205.984 | -7941.056 |
| F46 | RSVD | | | | | | -6120.384 | -7941.056 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 31 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| F48 | DDI2_AUXP | | | | | | -7034.784 | -7941.056 |
| F5 | PCIE_RCOMPN | | | | | | 17654.016 | -7941.056 |
| F50 | DDI1_AUXP | | | | | | -7949.184 | -7941.056 |
| F52 | RSVD | | | | | | -8863.584 | -7941.056 |
| F53 | DDI1_TXN[2] | | | | | | -9777.984 | -7941.056 |
| F55 | DDI1_TXP[0] | | | | | | -10692.384 | -7941.056 |
| F56 | DDI1_TXN[3] | | | | | | -11606.784 | -7941.056 |
| F58 | DDI1_TXP[1] | | | | | | -12521.184 | -7941.056 |
| F6 | RSVD | | | | | | 16739.616 | -7941.056 |
| F60 | RSVD | | | | | | -13435.584 | -7941.056 |
| F61 | RSVD | | | | | | -14349.984 | -7941.056 |
| F63 | CFG[17] | | | | | | -15315.184 | -8004.556 |
| F65 | VSS | | | | | | -16331.184 | -8004.556 |
| F66 | CFG[19] | | | | | | -17347.184 | -8004.556 |
| F68 | VSS | | | | | | -18561.812 | -8320.024 |
| F70 | CFG[10] | | | | | | -19212.052 | -8320.024 |
| F71 | CFG[8] | | | | | | -19862.292 | -8383.524 |
| F8 | VSS | | | | | | 15825.216 | -7941.056 |
| G1 | CL_RST# | | | | | | 20314.158 | -7802.88 |
| G10 | VSS | | | | | | 14910.816 | -7290.816 |
| G11 | PCIE2_RXN / USB3_6_RXN | | | | | | 13996.416 | -7290.816 |
| G13 | PCIE1_RXP / USB3_5_RXP | | | | | | 13082.016 | -7290.816 |
| G15 | PCIE4_RXN | | | | | | 12167.616 | -7290.816 |
| G16 | PCIE3_RXP | | | | | | 11253.216 | -7290.816 |
| G18 | PCIE6_RXN | | | | | | 10338.816 | -7290.816 |
| G2 | CL_DATA | | | | | | 19663.918 | -7802.88 |
| G20 | VCCSTG | | | | | | 9424.416 | -7290.816 |
| G21 | PCIE8_RXN / SATA1A_RXN | | | | | | 8510.016 | -7290.816 |
| G22 | VSS | | | | | | 7595.616 | -7290.816 |
| G23 | VCCSA | | | | | | 6681.216 | -7290.816 |
| G25 | VCCSA | | | | | | 5766.816 | -7290.816 |
| G27 | VCCSA | | | | | | 4852.416 | -7290.816 |
| G28 | VCCSA | | | | | | 3938.016 | -7290.816 |
| G3 | CL_CLK | | | | | | 19013.678 | -7802.88 |
| G30 | VCC | | | | | | 3023.616 | -7290.816 |
| G32 | VCC | | | | | | 2109.216 | -7290.816 |
| G33 | VCC | | | | | | 1194.816 | -7290.816 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 32 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| G35 | VCC | | | | | | 280.416 | -7290.816 |
| G37 | VCC | | | | | | -633.984 | -7290.816 |
| G38 | VCC | | | | | | -1548.384 | -7290.816 |
| G4 | GPP_E2 / SATAXPICIE2 / SATAGP2 | | | | | | 18363.438 | -7802.88 |
| G40 | VCC | | | | | | -2462.784 | -7290.816 |
| G42 | VCC | | | | | | -3377.184 | -7290.816 |
| G43 | VSS | | | | | | -4291.584 | -7290.816 |
| G45 | VSS | | | | | | -5205.984 | -7290.816 |
| G46 | RSVD | | | | | | -6120.384 | -7290.816 |
| G48 | VSS | | | | | | -7034.784 | -7290.816 |
| G5 | VSS | | | | | | 17654.016 | -7290.816 |
| G50 | DDI1_AUXN | | | | | | -7949.184 | -7290.816 |
| G52 | VSS | | | | | | -8863.584 | -7290.816 |
| G53 | DDI1_TXP[2] | | | | | | -9777.984 | -7290.816 |
| G55 | VSS | | | | | | -10692.384 | -7290.816 |
| G56 | DDI1_TXP[3] | | | | | | -11606.784 | -7290.816 |
| G58 | VSS | | | | | | -12521.184 | -7290.816 |
| G6 | VSS | | | | | | 16739.616 | -7290.816 |
| G60 | VSS | | | | | | -13435.584 | -7290.816 |
| G61 | VCC_OPC_1P8 | | | | | | -14349.984 | -7290.816 |
| G63 | VSS | | | | | | -15315.184 | -7354.316 |
| G65 | VSS | | | | | | -16331.184 | -7354.316 |
| G66 | VSS | | | | | | -17347.184 | -7354.316 |
| G68 | CFG[11] | | | | | | -18363.692 | -7659.624 |
| G69 | CFG[9] | | | | | | -19013.932 | -7659.624 |
| G70 | CFG[15] | | | | | | -19664.172 | -7758.684 |
| G71 | CFG[13] | | | | | | -20314.412 | -7758.684 |
| G8 | USB3_1_RXP | | | | | | 15825.216 | -7290.816 |
| H1 | GPP_E8 / SATALED# | | | | | | 19989.038 | -7139.94 |
| H10 | USB3_3_RXP | □ | | | | | 14910.816 | -6640.576 |
| H11 | RSVD | | | | | | 13996.416 | -6640.576 |
| H13 | PCIE1_RXN / USB3_5_RXN | | | | | | 13082.016 | -6640.576 |
| H15 | VSS | | | | | | 12167.616 | -6640.576 |
| H16 | PCIE3_RXN | | | | | | 11253.216 | -6640.576 |
| H18 | VSS | | | | | | 10338.816 | -6640.576 |
| H2 | GPP_E0 / SATAXPICIE0 / SATAGP0 | | | | | | 19338.798 | -7139.94 |
| H20 | VCCSA_SENSE | | | | | | 9424.416 | -6640.576 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 33 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| H21 | VSSSA_SENSE | | | | | | 8510.016 | -6640.576 |
| H3 | GPP_E1 / SATAXPCIE1 / SATAGP1 | | | | | | 18688.558 | -7139.94 |
| H5 | GPP_D19 / DMIC_CLK0 | | | | | | 17654.016 | -6640.576 |
| H6 | USB3_2_RXP / SSIC_RXP | | | | | | 16739.616 | -6640.576 |
| H63 | VCC_OPC_1P8 | | | | | | -15315.184 | -6704.076 |
| H65 | OPC_RCOMP | | | | | | -16331.184 | -6704.076 |
| H66 | OPCE_RCOMP | | | | | | -17347.184 | -6704.076 |
| H69 | CFG[14] | | | | | | -18688.812 | -7095.744 |
| H70 | CFG[12] | | | | | | -19339.052 | -7095.744 |
| H71 | VSS | | | | | | -19989.292 | -7095.744 |
| H8 | USB3_1_RXN | | | | | | 15825.216 | -6640.576 |
| J1 | GPP_E4 / DEVSLP0 | | | | | | 20314.158 | -6477 |
| J10 | USB3_3_RXN | | | | | | 14910.816 | -5990.336 |
| J11 | VSS | | | | | | 13996.416 | -5990.336 |
| J13 | VSS | | | | | | 13082.016 | -5990.336 |
| J2 | GPP_E5 / DEVSLP1 | | | | | | 19663.918 | -6477 |
| J22 | VCCSA | | | | | | 7138.416 | -6826.504 |
| J23 | VCCSA | | | | | | 6224.016 | -6826.504 |
| J25 | VSS | | | | | | 5309.616 | -6826.504 |
| J27 | VCCSA | | | | | | 4395.216 | -6826.504 |
| J28 | VSS | | | | | | 3480.816 | -6826.504 |
| J3 | GPP_E6 / DEVSLP2 | | | | | | 19013.678 | -6477 |
| J30 | VCC | | | | | | 2566.416 | -6826.504 |
| J32 | VSS | | | | | | 1652.016 | -6826.504 |
| J33 | VCC | | | | | | 737.616 | -6826.504 |
| J35 | VSS | | | | | | -176.784 | -6826.504 |
| J37 | VCC | | | | | | -1091.184 | -6826.504 |
| J38 | VSS | | | | | | -2005.584 | -6826.504 |
| J4 | GPP_D3 / SPI1_MOSI | | | | | | 18363.438 | -6477 |
| J40 | VCC | | | | | | -2919.984 | -6826.504 |
| J42 | VSS | | | | | | -3834.384 | -6826.504 |
| J43 | VCCGT | | | | | | -4748.784 | -6826.504 |
| J45 | VCCGT | | | | | | -5663.184 | -6826.504 |
| J46 | VCCGT | | | | | | -6577.584 | -6826.504 |
| J48 | VCCGT | | | | | | -7491.984 | -6826.504 |
| J5 | GPP_D23 / I2S_MCLK | | | | | | 17654.016 | -5990.336 |
| J50 | VCCGT | | | | | | -8406.384 | -6826.504 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 34 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-----------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| J52 | VCCGT | | | | | | -9320.784 | -6826.504 |
| J53 | VCCGT | | | | | | -10235.184 | -6826.504 |
| J55 | VCCGT | | | | | | -11149.584 | -6826.504 |
| J56 | VCCGT | | | | | | -12063.984 | -6826.504 |
| J58 | VCCGT | | | | | | -12978.384 | -6826.504 |
| J6 | USB3_2_RXN / SSIC_RXN | | | | | | 16739.616 | -5990.336 |
| J60 | VCCGT | | | | | | -13892.784 | -6826.504 |
| J68 | RSVD | | | | | | -18361.914 | -6519.926 |
| J69 | VSSGT_SENSE | | | | | | -19013.932 | -6432.804 |
| J70 | VCCGT_SENSE | | | | | | -19664.172 | -6432.804 |
| J71 | RSVD | | | | | | -20314.412 | -6432.804 |
| J8 | VSS | | | | | | 15825.216 | -5990.336 |
| K15 | VCCAMPHYPLL_1P0 | | | | | | 12188.19 | -5876.29 |
| K16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | -5876.29 |
| K17 | VCCMPHYAON_1P0 | | | | | | 10887.71 | -5876.29 |
| K18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | -5876.29 |
| K19 | VCCCLK2 | | | | | | 9587.23 | -5876.29 |
| K20 | VccPLL | | | | | | 8936.99 | -5876.29 |
| K21 | VccPLL | | | | | | 8286.75 | -5876.29 |
| K22 | VSS | | | | | | 7595.616 | -6361.684 |
| K23 | VCCSA | | | | | | 6681.216 | -6361.684 |
| K25 | VCCSA | | | | | | 5766.816 | -6361.684 |
| K27 | VCCSA | | | | | | 4852.416 | -6361.684 |
| K28 | VCCSA | | | | | | 3938.016 | -6361.684 |
| K30 | VCCSA | | | | | | 3023.616 | -6361.684 |
| K32 | RSVD | | | | | | 2109.216 | -6361.684 |
| K33 | VCC | | | | | | 1194.816 | -6361.684 |
| K35 | VCC | | | | | | 280.416 | -6361.684 |
| K37 | VCC | | | | | | -633.984 | -6361.684 |
| K38 | VCC | | | | | | -1548.384 | -6361.684 |
| K40 | VCC | | | | | | -2462.784 | -6361.684 |
| K42 | VCC | | | | | | -3377.184 | -6361.684 |
| K43 | VCC | | | | | | -4291.584 | -6361.684 |
| K45 | RSVD | | | | | | -5205.984 | -6361.684 |
| K46 | RSVD | | | | | | -6120.384 | -6361.684 |
| K48 | VCCGT | | | | | | -7034.784 | -6361.684 |
| K50 | VCCGT | | | | | | -7949.184 | -6361.684 |
| K52 | VCCGT | | | | | | -8863.584 | -6361.684 |

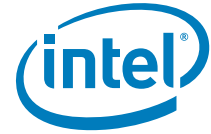


Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 35 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| K53 | VCCGT | | | | | | -9777.984 | -6361.684 |
| K55 | VCCGT | | | | | | -10692.384 | -6361.684 |
| K56 | VCCGT | | | | | | -11606.784 | -6361.684 |
| K58 | VCCGT | | | | | | -12521.184 | -6361.684 |
| K60 | VCCGT | | | | | | -13435.584 | -6361.684 |
| K61 | VSS | | | | | | -14349.984 | -6361.684 |
| K63 | VSS | | | | | | -15132.812 | -6054.09 |
| K64 | VSS | | | | | | -15783.052 | -6054.09 |
| K65 | VSS | | | | | | -16433.292 | -6054.09 |
| K66 | VSS | | | | | | -17083.532 | -6054.09 |
| K67 | VSS | | | | | | -17733.772 | -6054.09 |
| K68 | VSS | | | | | | -18351.754 | -5846.064 |
| K70 | VSS | | | | | | -19339.052 | -5744.464 |
| K71 | VSS | | | | | | -19989.292 | -5744.464 |
| L1 | VCCMPHYAON_1P0 | | | | | | 19989.038 | -5814.06 |
| L10 | GPP_E17 / EDP_HPD | | | | | | 14984.476 | -5340.096 |
| L11 | VSS | | | | | | 14334.236 | -5340.096 |
| L12 | GPP_E19 / DDPB_CTRLDATA | | | | | | 13683.996 | -5340.096 |
| L13 | GPP_E18 / DDPB_CTRLCLK | | | | | | 13033.756 | -5340.096 |
| L15 | VCCAMPHYPLL_1P0 | | | | | | 12188.19 | -5038.09 |
| L16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | -5038.09 |
| L17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | -5038.09 |
| L18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | -5038.09 |
| L19 | VCCCLK5 | | | | | | 9587.23 | -5038.09 |
| L2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | -5814.06 |
| L20 | VSS | | | | | | 8936.99 | -5038.09 |
| L21 | VCCCLK3 | | | | | | 8286.75 | -5038.09 |
| L4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | -5814.06 |
| L6 | GPP_E15 / DDPD_HPD2 | | | | | | 17585.436 | -5340.096 |
| L62 | VCCGT | | | | | | -14643.862 | -5624.83 |
| L63 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15112.492 | -5167.63 |
| L64 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15762.732 | -5167.63 |
| L65 | VCCGT | | | | | | -16412.972 | -5167.63 |
| L66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17063.212 | -5167.63 |
| L67 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17713.452 | -5167.63 |
| L68 | VCCGT | | | | | | -18363.692 | -5167.63 |
| L69 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19013.932 | -5167.63 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 36 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|-------------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| L7 | GPP_E14 / DDPC_HPD1 | | | | | | 16935.196 | -5340.096 |
| L70 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19664.172 | -5167.63 |
| L71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | -5167.63 |
| L8 | VSS | | | | | | 16284.956 | -5340.096 |
| L9 | GPP_E13 / DDPB_HPD0 | | | | | | 15634.716 | -5340.096 |
| M1 | GPP_D0 / SPI1_CS# | | | | | | 20314.158 | -5151.12 |
| M2 | GPP_D1 / SPI1_CLK | | | | | | 19663.918 | -5151.12 |
| M3 | GPP_D2 / SPI1_MISO | | | | | | 19013.678 | -5151.12 |
| M4 | GPP_D5 / ISH_I2C0_SDA | | | | | | 18363.438 | -5151.12 |
| M62 | VCCGT | | | | | | -14643.862 | -4710.43 |
| N1 | GPP_D7 / ISH_I2C1_SDA | | | | | | 19989.038 | -4488.18 |
| N10 | VSS | | | | | | 14984.476 | -4400.296 |
| N11 | GPP_E22 | | | | | | 14334.236 | -4400.296 |
| N12 | GPP_E23 | | | | | | 13683.996 | -4400.296 |
| N13 | VSS | | | | | | 13033.756 | -4400.296 |
| N15 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | | | 12188.19 | -4199.89 |
| N16 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | | | 11537.95 | -4199.89 |
| N17 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | | | 10887.71 | -4199.89 |
| N18 | VCCAPLLEBB_1P0 | | | | | | 10237.47 | -4199.89 |
| N19 | VSS | | | | | | 9587.23 | -4199.89 |
| N2 | GPP_D8 / ISH_I2C1_SCL | | | | | | 19338.798 | -4488.18 |
| N20 | VCCCLK4 | | | | | | 8936.99 | -4199.89 |
| N21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | -4199.89 |
| N3 | GPP_D6 / ISH_I2C0_SCL | | | | | | 18688.558 | -4488.18 |
| N6 | VSS | | | | | | 17585.436 | -4400.296 |
| N63 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15112.492 | -4253.23 |
| N64 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15762.732 | -4253.23 |
| N65 | VSS | | | | | | -16412.972 | -4253.23 |
| N66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17063.212 | -4253.23 |
| N67 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17713.452 | -4253.23 |
| N68 | VSS | | | | | | -18363.692 | -4253.23 |
| N69 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19013.932 | -4253.23 |
| N7 | GPP_E20 / DDPC_CTRLCLK | | | | | | 16935.196 | -4400.296 |
| N70 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19664.172 | -4253.23 |
| N71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | -4253.23 |
| N8 | GPP_E21 / DDPC_CTRLDATA | | | | | | 16284.956 | -4400.296 |
| N9 | GPP_E16 / DDPE_HPD3 | | | | | | 15634.716 | -4400.296 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 37 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|--------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| P1 | GPP_D12 | | | | | | 20314.158 | -3825.24 |
| P15 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | | | 12188.19 | -3361.69 |
| P16 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | | | 11537.95 | -3361.69 |
| P17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | -3361.69 |
| P18 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | | | 10237.47 | -3361.69 |
| P19 | VSS | | | | | | 9587.23 | -3361.69 |
| P2 | GPP_D9 | | | | | | 19663.918 | -3825.24 |
| P20 | VSS | | | | | | 8936.99 | -3361.69 |
| P21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | -3361.69 |
| P3 | GPP_D10 | | | | | | 19013.678 | -3825.24 |
| P4 | GPP_D11 | | | | | | 18363.438 | -3825.24 |
| P62 | VCCOPC | | | | | | -14643.862 | -3796.03 |
| R10 | GPP_C2 / SMBALERT# | | | | | | 14984.476 | -3333.496 |
| R11 | eDP_BKLTCTL | | | | | | 14334.236 | -3333.496 |
| R12 | eDP_BKLTEN | | | | | | 13683.996 | -3333.496 |
| R13 | VSS | | | | | | 13033.756 | -3333.496 |
| R6 | VSS | | | | | | 17585.436 | -3333.496 |
| R63 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15112.492 | -3338.83 |
| R64 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15762.732 | -3338.83 |
| R65 | VCCGT | | | | | | -16412.972 | -3338.83 |
| R66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17063.212 | -3338.83 |
| R67 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17713.452 | -3338.83 |
| R68 | VCCGT | | | | | | -18363.692 | -3338.83 |
| R69 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19013.932 | -3338.83 |
| R7 | GPP_C0 / SMBCLK | | | | | | 16935.196 | -3333.496 |
| R70 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19664.172 | -3338.83 |
| R71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | -3338.83 |
| R8 | GPP_C1 / SMBDATA | | | | | | 16284.956 | -3333.496 |
| R9 | GPP_C3 / SML0CLK | | | | | | 15634.716 | -3333.496 |
| T1 | VCCPRIM_1p0 | | | | | | 19989.038 | -3162.3 |
| T15 | VSS | | | | | | 12188.19 | -2523.49 |
| T16 | VCCPGPPE | | | | | | 11537.95 | -2523.49 |
| T17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | -2523.49 |
| T18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | -2523.49 |
| T19 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | | | 9587.23 | -2523.49 |
| T2 | VSS | | | | | | 19338.798 | -3162.3 |
| T20 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | | | 8936.99 | -2523.49 |
| T21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | -2523.49 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 38 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|---|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| T4 | VSS | | | | | | 18363.438 | -3162.3 |
| T62 | VCCGT | | | | | | -14643.862 | -2881.63 |
| U1 | GPP_D13 / ISH_UART0_RXD / SML0BDATA / I2C4B_SDA | | | | | | 20314.158 | -2499.36 |
| U10 | VSS | | | | | | 14984.476 | -2266.696 |
| U11 | RSVD | | | | | | 14334.236 | -2266.696 |
| U12 | RSVD | | | | | | 13683.996 | -2266.696 |
| U13 | eDP_VDDEN | | | | | | 13033.756 | -2266.696 |
| U2 | GPP_D14 / ISH_UART0_TXD / SML0BCLK / I2C4B_SCL | | | | | | 19663.918 | -2499.36 |
| U3 | GPP_D15 / ISH_UART0_RTS# | | | | | | 19013.678 | -2499.36 |
| U4 | GPP_D16 / ISH_UART0_CTS# / SML0BALERT# | | | | | | 18363.438 | -2499.36 |
| U6 | GPP_C17 / I2C0_SCL | | | | | | 17585.436 | -2266.696 |
| U63 | VSS | | | | | | -15112.492 | -2424.43 |
| U64 | VSS | | | | | | -15762.732 | -2424.43 |
| U65 | VCCGT | | | | | | -16412.972 | -2424.43 |
| U66 | VSS | | | | | | -17063.212 | -2424.43 |
| U67 | VSS | | | | | | -17713.452 | -2424.43 |
| U68 | VCCGT | | | | | | -18363.692 | -2424.43 |
| U69 | VSS | | | | | | -19013.932 | -2424.43 |
| U7 | GPP_C16 / I2C0_SDA | | | | | | 16935.196 | -2266.696 |
| U70 | VSS | | | | | | -19664.172 | -2424.43 |
| U71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | -2424.43 |
| U8 | GPP_C18 / I2C1_SDA | | | | | | 16284.956 | -2266.696 |
| U9 | GPP_C19 / I2C1_SCL | | | | | | 15634.716 | -2266.696 |
| V1 | GPP_D21 / SPI1_IO2 | | | | | | 19989.038 | -1836.42 |
| V15 | VCCAPLL_1P0 | | | | | | 12188.19 | -1685.29 |
| V16 | VSS | | | | | | 11537.95 | -1685.29 |
| V17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | -1685.29 |
| V18 | VSS | | | | | | 10237.47 | -1685.29 |
| V19 | VCCPRIM_3p3 | | | | | | 9587.23 | -1685.29 |
| V2 | GPP_D22 / SPI1_IO3 | | | | | | 19338.798 | -1836.42 |
| V20 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | 8936.99 | -1685.29 |
| V21 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | 8286.75 | -1685.29 |
| V3 | GPP_C7 / SML1DATA | | | | | | 18688.558 | -1836.42 |
| V62 | VCCOPC | | | | | | -14643.862 | -1967.23 |



Table 9-1. U/U-Quad Core Processor Ball List (Sheet 39 of 39)

| Ball # | Ball Name | DDR3L | LPDDR3 | DDR4 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X[um] | Y[um] |
|--------|----------------------|-------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|
| W1 | GPP_C5 / SML0ALERT# | | | | | | 20314.158 | -1173.48 |
| W10 | GPP_G5 / SD_CD# | | | | | | 14984.476 | -1199.896 |
| W11 | GPP_G4 / SD_DATA3 | | | | | | 14334.236 | -1199.896 |
| W12 | GPP_G3 / SD_DATA2 | | | | | | 13683.996 | -1199.896 |
| W13 | VSS | | | | | | 13033.756 | -1199.896 |
| W2 | GPP_C4 / SML0DATA | | | | | | 19663.918 | -1173.48 |
| W3 | GPP_C6 / SML1CLK | | | | | | 19013.678 | -1173.48 |
| W4 | GPP_C10 / UART0_RTS# | | | | | | 18363.438 | -1173.48 |
| W6 | VSS | | | | | | 17585.436 | -1199.896 |
| W63 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15112.492 | -1510.03 |
| W64 | VCCGT | | | | | | -15762.732 | -1510.03 |
| W65 | VCCGT | | | | | | -16412.972 | -1510.03 |
| W66 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17063.212 | -1510.03 |
| W67 | VCCGT | | | | | | -17713.452 | -1510.03 |
| W68 | VCCGT | | | | | | -18363.692 | -1510.03 |
| W69 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19013.932 | -1510.03 |
| W7 | GPP_G7 / SD_WP | | | | | | 16935.196 | -1199.896 |
| W70 | VCCGT | | | | | | -19664.172 | -1510.03 |
| W71 | VCCGT | | | | | | -20314.412 | -1510.03 |
| W8 | GPP_G6 / SD_CLK | | | | | | 16284.956 | -1199.896 |
| W9 | VSS | | | | | | 15634.716 | -1199.896 |
| Y15 | VCCPGPPD | | | | | | 12188.19 | -847.09 |
| Y16 | VCCPGPPC | | | | | | 11537.95 | -847.09 |
| Y17 | VSS | | | | | | 10887.71 | -847.09 |
| Y18 | VCCPRIM_1p0 | | | | | | 10237.47 | -847.09 |
| Y19 | VSS | | | | | | 9587.23 | -847.09 |
| Y20 | VSS | | | | | | 8936.99 | -847.09 |
| Y21 | VSS | | | | | | 8286.75 | -847.09 |
| Y62 | VCCGT | | | | | | -14643.862 | -1052.83 |



9.2 Y-Processor Ball Information

The Y-Processor is available in the BGA package (BGA1515). [Figure 9-7](#) through [Figure 9-12](#) provide a top view of the Ball map. [Table 9-2](#) provides the Ball list.



Figure 9-7. Y-Processor Ball Map (Upper Left, Columns 64-44)

| | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 | | |
|----|---------------|---------------|---|---|-------------|--|---|---|--|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|--|
| BP | VDDQ | | | | | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | | | | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | | | | | |
| BN | VDDQ | | DDR0_BA[07] / DDR0_CAB[14] / DDR0_BA[0] | DDR0_ODT[0] | | | DDR0_MA[1] / DDR0_CAB[8] / DDR0_MA[1] | | | DDR1_DQ[21] / DDR0_DQ[52] | | DDR1_DQ[21] / DDR0_DQ[53] | | DDR1_DQ[24] / DDR0_DQ[61] | | DDR1_DQ[28] / DDR0_DQ[60] | | DDR_VTT_CNTL | | DDR0_DQ[48] / DDR1_DQ[32] | | | |
| BM | | | | | | DDR0_MA[10] / DDR0_CAB[17] / DDR0_MA[10] | | | DDR0_PAR | | DDR1_DQS N[2] / DDR0_DQS N[6] | | DDR1_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[54] | | DDR1_DQS P[3] / DDR0_DQS P[7] | | DDR1_DQ[31] / DDR0_DQ[63] | | DDR0_DQ[49] / DDR1_DQ[33] | | DDR0_DQS P[6] / DDR1_DQS P[4] | | |
| BL | RSVD_TP | | DDR0_CAS# / DDR0_CAB[11] / DDR0_MA[15] | DDR0_BA[1] / DDR0_CAB[6] / DDR0_BA[1] | | | DDR0_MA[4] | | | DDR1_DQ[16] / DDR0_DQ[49] | | DDR1_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[51] | | DDR1_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[56] | | DDR1_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[58] | | | | DDR0_DQ[53] / DDR1_DQ[37] | | | |
| BK | | | | | | DDR0_MA[13] / DDR0_CAB[0] / DDR0_MA[13] | | | | | DDR1_DQS P[2] / DDR0_DQS P[6] | | DDR1_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[55] | | DDR1_DQS N[3] / DDR0_DQS N[7] | | DDR1_DQ[30] / DDR0_DQ[62] | | DDR0_DQ[51] / DDR1_DQ[35] | | DDR0_DQS N[6] / DDR1_DQS N[4] | | |
| BJ | DDR_RCO MP[1] | | | DDR0_WE# / DDR0_CAB[2] / DDR0_MA[14] | | | | DDR0_CS#[1] | | DDR1_DQ[16] / DDR0_DQ[48] | | DDR1_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[50] | | DDR1_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[57] | | DDR1_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[59] | | | | DDR0_DQ[54] / DDR1_DQ[36] | | | |
| BH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BG | | | | DDR0_MA[14] / DDR0_CAA[9] / DDR0_BG[1] | | | | DDR0_ALE RT# | | DDR0_DQ[15] / DDR0_DQ[37] | | DDR0_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[34] | | DDR0_DQ[28] / DDR0_DQ[44] | | DDR0_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[45] | | | RSVD_TP | | DDR0_DQ[43] / DDR1_DQ[11] | | |
| BF | DDR_RCO MP[0] | | DDR0_MA[6] / DDR0_CAA[2] / DDR0_MA[6] | | | | | | | | DDR0_DQS P[2] / DDR0_DQS P[4] | | DDR0_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[39] | | DDR0_DQS N[3] / DDR0_DQS N[5] | | DDR0_DQ[30] / DDR0_DQ[46] | | DDR0_DQ[47] / DDR1_DQ[15] | | DDR0_DQS P[5] / DDR1_DQS P[1] | | |
| BE | | | | | | | | DDR0_CKE[2] | | DDR0_DQ[15] / DDR0_DQ[32] | | DDR0_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[35] | | DDR0_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[41] | | DDR0_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[43] | | | | DDR0_DQ[45] / DDR1_DQ[14] | | | |
| BD | | | DDR0_MA[15] / DDR0_CAA[8] / DDR0_ACT# | DDR0_MA[11] / DDR0_CAA[7] / DDR0_MA[11] | | | | | | | DDR0_DQS N[2] / DDR0_DQS N[4] | | DDR0_DQ[22] / DDR0_DQ[38] | | DDR0_DQS P[3] / DDR0_DQS P[5] | | DDR0_DQ[31] / DDR0_DQ[47] | | DDR0_DQ[41] / DDR1_DQ[9] | | DDR0_DQS N[5] / DDR1_DQS N[1] | | |
| BC | DDR_RCO MP[2] | | DDR0_CKN[0] | | DDR0_CKP[0] | | DDR0_CKE[1] | | | DDR0_DQ[17] / DDR0_DQ[33] | | DDR0_DQ[20] / DDR0_DQ[36] | | DDR0_DQ[24] / DDR0_DQ[40] | | DDR0_DQ[26] / DDR0_DQ[42] | | | | DDR0_DQ[44] / DDR1_DQ[12] | | | |
| BB | | DDR0_MA[3] | | DDR0_MA[2] / DDR0_CAB[5] / DDR0_MA[2] | | | | DDR0_CKE[0] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BA | | | DDR0_CKP[1] | | DDR0_CKN[1] | | | | | DDR0_MA[12] / DDR0_CAA[6] / DDR0_MA[12] | | | | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | |
| AY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AW | | DDR0_CS#[0] | | DDR0_CKE[3] | | DDR0_MA[5] / DDR0_CAA[0] / DDR0_MA[5] | DDR0_MA[7] / DDR0_CAA[4] / DDR0_MA[7] | DDR0_MA[6] / DDR0_CAA[1] / DDR0_MA[6] | DDR0_MA[9] / DDR0_CAA[11] / DDR0_MA[9] | | DDR1_VREF_DQ | | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | |
| AV | VDDQ | | DDR0_MA[0] / DDR0_CAB[9] / DDR0_MA[0] | DDR0_RAS# / DDR0_CAB[3] / DDR0_MA[16] | | DDR0_BA[2] / DDR0_CAA[15] / DDR0_BG[0] | DDR0_MA[8] / DDR0_CAA[3] / DDR0_MA[8] | | | | | | | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | | VCCIO_DDR | | |
| AU | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AT | VDDQ | | DDR0_DQ[15] | DDR0_DQ[10] | | DDR1_DQ[5] / DDR0_DQ[21] | | DDR1_DQ[4] / DDR0_DQ[16] | | DDR1_DQ[7] / DDR0_DQ[16] | | | | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | |
| AR | | DDR0_DQ[14] | | DDR0_DQ[11] | | DDR1_DQ[4] / DDR0_DQ[20] | DDR1_DQ[1] / DDR0_DQ[17] | DDR1_DQ[1] / DDR0_DQ[17] | | | DDR_VREF_CA | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AP | | | DDR0_DQS N[1] | DDR0_DQS P[1] | | DDR1_DQS P[0] / DDR0_DQS P[2] | DDR1_DQS N[0] / DDR0_DQS N[2] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AN | | DDR0_DQ[13] | | DDR0_DQ[12] | | DDR1_DQ[2] / DDR0_DQ[18] | DDR1_DQ[3] / DDR0_DQ[19] | DDR1_DQ[3] / DDR0_DQ[19] | | DDR0_VREF_F_DQ | | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | |
| AM | | | DDR0_DQ[9] | DDR0_DQ[8] | | DDR1_DQ[6] / DDR0_DQ[22] | DDR1_DQ[7] / DDR0_DQ[23] | DDR1_DQ[7] / DDR0_DQ[23] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AL | | DDR0_DQ[7] | | DDR0_DQ[6] | | DDR1_DQ[9] / DDR0_DQ[25] | DDR1_DQ[8] / DDR0_DQ[24] | DDR1_DQ[8] / DDR0_DQ[24] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AK | VDDQ | | DDR0_DQ[2] | DDR0_DQ[3] | | DDR1_DQ[12] / DDR0_DQ[26] | DDR1_DQ[13] / DDR0_DQ[29] | DDR1_DQ[13] / DDR0_DQ[29] | | | | | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | |
| AJ | | DDR0_DQS P[0] | | DDR0_DQS N[0] | | | DDR1_DQS N[1] / DDR0_DQS N[3] | DDR1_DQS P[1] / DDR0_DQS P[3] | | | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | | |



Figure 9-8. Y-Processor Ball Map (Upper Middle, Columns 43-23)

| | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 |
|----|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| BP | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | | | | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | | | | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | |
| BN | DDR0_D Q[52]/ DDR1_D Q[36] | | DDR0_D Q[57]/ DDR1_D Q[41] | | DDR0_D Q[59]/ DDR1_D Q[43] | | DDR1_B A[2]/ DDR1_C AA[5]/ DDR1_B G[0] | | DDR1_M A[14]/ DDR1_C AA[9]/ DDR1_B G[1] | | DDR1_C KE[0] | | DDR1_M A[9]/ DDR1_C AA[1]/ DDR1_M A[9] | | | | DDR1_D Q[33]/ DDR1_D Q[17] | | DDR1_D Q[36]/ DDR1_D Q[20] | | DDR1_D Q[45]/ DDR1_D Q[29] |
| BM | | DDR0_D Q[56]/ DDR1_D Q[40] | | DDR0_D QSN[7]/ DDR1_D QSN[5] | | | | DDR1_C KP[0] | | DDR1_M A[15]/ DDR1_C AA[8]/ DDR1_A CT# | | DDR1_M A[6]/ DDR1_C AA[2]/ DDR1_M A[6] | | DDR1_C S# [0] | | DDR1_D Q[32]/ DDR1_D Q[16] | | DDR1_D QSP[4]/ DDR1_D QSP[2] | | DDR1_D Q[40]/ DDR1_D Q[24] | |
| BL | DDR0_D Q[50]/ DDR1_D Q[34] | | DDR0_D Q[61]/ DDR1_D Q[45] | | DDR0_D Q[62]/ DDR1_D Q[46] | | DDR1_M A[8]/ DDR1_C AA[3]/ DDR1_M A[8] | | | | | | | | | | DDR1_D Q[37]/ DDR1_D Q[21] | | DDR1_D Q[35]/ DDR1_D Q[19] | | DDR1_D Q[44]/ DDR1_D Q[28] |
| BK | | DDR0_D Q[60]/ DDR1_D Q[44] | | DDR0_D QSP[7]/ DDR1_D QSP[5] | | | | DDR1_C KN[0] | | DDR1_M A[4] | | DDR1_C KE[1] | | DDR1_M A[5]/ DDR1_C AA[0]/ DDR1_M A[5] | | DDR1_D Q[34]/ DDR1_D Q[18] | | DDR1_D QSN[4]/ DDR1_D QSN[2] | | DDR1_D Q[41]/ DDR1_D Q[25] | |
| BJ | DDR0_D Q[55]/ DDR1_D Q[39] | | DDR0_D Q[58]/ DDR1_D Q[42] | | DDR0_D Q[63]/ DDR1_D Q[47] | | DDR1_M A[12]/ DDR1_C AA[6]/ DDR1_M A[12] | | DDR1_M A[11]/ DDR1_C AA[7]/ DDR1_M A[11] | | DDR1_C S# [1] | | DDR1_M A[3] | | | | DDR1_D Q[39]/ DDR1_D Q[23] | | DDR1_D Q[38]/ DDR1_D Q[22] | | DDR1_D Q[43]/ DDR1_D Q[27] |
| BH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | DDR1_C KE[3] | | | | | | | |
| BG | DDR0_D Q[42]/ DDR1_D Q[10] | | DDR0_D Q[34]/ DDR1_D Q[2] | | DDR0_D Q[38]/ DDR1_D Q[6] | | DDR1_M A[13]/ DDR1_C AB[0]/ DDR1_M A[13] | | DDR1_M A[10]/ DDR1_C AB[7]/ DDR1_M A[10] | | DDR1_C KE[2] | | DDR1_M A[7]/ DDR1_C AA[4]/ DDR1_M A[7] | | | | DDR1_D Q[52] | | DDR1_D Q[50] | | DDR1_D Q[61] |
| BF | | DDR0_D Q[36]/ DDR1_D Q[4] | | DDR0_D QSP[4]/ DDR1_D QSP[0] | | | DDR1_M A[0]/ DDR1_C AB[9]/ DDR1_M A[0] | | DDR1_R AS#/ DDR1_C AB[3]/ DDR1_M A[16] | | DDR1_C KP[1] | | DDR1_M A[2]/ DDR1_C AB[5]/ DDR1_M A[2] | | | DDR1_D Q[48] | | DDR1_D QSP[6] | | DDR1_D Q[56] | |
| BE | DDR0_D Q[45]/ DDR1_D Q[13] | | DDR0_D Q[39]/ DDR1_D Q[7] | | DDR0_D Q[35]/ DDR1_D Q[3] | | DDR1_C AS#/ DDR1_C AB[1]/ DDR1_M A[15] | | | | | | | | | | DDR1_D Q[53] | | DDR1_D Q[54] | | DDR1_D Q[60] |
| BD | | DDR0_D Q[37]/ DDR1_D Q[5] | | DDR0_D QSN[4]/ DDR1_D QSN[0] | | | DDR1_B A[1]/ DDR1_C AB[6]/ DDR1_B A[1] | | DDR1_A LERT# | | DDR1_C KN[1] | | DDR1_P AR | | | DDR1_D Q[49] | | DDR1_D QSN[6] | | DDR1_D Q[57] | |
| BC | DDR0_D Q[40]/ DDR1_D Q[8] | | DDR0_D Q[32]/ DDR1_D Q[0] | | DDR0_D Q[33]/ DDR1_D Q[1] | | DDR1_W E#/ DDR1_C AB[2]/ DDR1_M A[14] | | DDR1_O DT[0] | | DDR1_B A[0]/ DDR1_C AB[4]/ DDR1_B A[0] | | DDR1_M A[1]/ DDR1_C AB[8]/ DDR1_M A[1] | | | | DDR1_D Q[51] | | DDR1_D Q[55] | | DDR1_D Q[59] |
| BB | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BA | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | VDDQ | | TP5 |
| AY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AW | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | |
| AV | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | | VCCIO_D DR | |
| AU | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AT | VCCGT | | VCC | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | VCC | | VCC | VCC | | VCCSA_DDR | VCCSA_DDR | | | VCCIO | | VCCIO_S ENSE | VCCCHDA |
| AR | | | VCC | | | VCCG1 | | VCCG1 | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | | VCCIO | | VSSIO_S ENSE | VCCSRA_M_1P0 |
| AP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AN | VCCGT | | VCC | | | VCCG1 | | VCCG1 | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | | VCCIO | | | VCCSRA_M_1P0 |
| AM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AL | | | VCC | | | VCCG1 | | VCCG1 | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | | VCCIO | | | VCCSRA_M_1P0 |
| AK | VCCGT | | VCC | | | VCCG1 | | VCCG1 | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | | VCCIO | | | VCCSRA_M_1P0 |
| AJ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

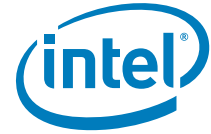


Figure 9-9. Y-Processor Ball Map (Upper Right, Columns 42-1)

| | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| BP | | | DRAM_RE SET# | | RTCX2 | | PCH_OPIR COMP | | PCH_PWR OK | | SLP_LAN# | | WAKE# | | GPP_A5 / LFRAME# / ESPI_CS# | | GPP_A4 / LAD3 / ESPI_IO3 | | RSVD | | | |
| BN | | DDR1_DQI 42 / DDR1_DQI 26 | | RTCX1 | | PROC_POP IRCOMP | | DSW_PWR OK | | RTCST# | | SLP_SUS# | | GPP_A6 / SERIRQ | | | | GPP_A16 / SD_PWR_SEL | RSVD | | | TP4 |
| BM | DDR1_DQ SN[5] / DDR1_DQ SN[3] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BL | | DDR1_DQI 42 / DDR1_DQI 31 | | HDA_RST # / I2S1_SCL_K | | HDA_SD11 / I2S1_RXD | | HDA_SD10 / I2S0_RXD | | I2S1_SFR_M | | GPP_A0 / RCIN# | | | | | GPP_A13 / SUSWARN # / SUSPWDR NACK | | GPP_A17 / SD_PWR_EN # / ISH_GP7 | GPP_A21 / ISH_GP3 | | |
| BK | DDR1_DQ SPI[5] / DDR1_DQ SPI[3] | | | HDA_BLK # / I2S0_SCL_K | | HDA_SDO0 / I2S0_TXD | | I2S1_TXD | | | | GPP_A1 / LAD0 / ESPI_100 | | | | | | | | | | |
| BJ | | DDR1_DQI 46 / DDR1_DQI 30 | | HDA_SYN # / I2S0_SFR_M | | TP2 | | TP1 | | RSMRST# | | GPP_A9 / CLKOUT_L PC0 / ESPI_CLK | | GPP_A2 / LAD1 / ESPI_101 | | GPP_A14 / SUS_STAT # / ESPI_RES ET# | | Sx_EX-IT_HOLD0 FF # / GPP_A12 / BM_BUSY # / ISH_GP6 | GPP_A22 / ISH_GP4 | | | GPP_A20 / ISH_GP2 |
| BH | | | | SRTCST# | | GPD9 / SLP_WLAN # | | GPD10 / SLP_S5# | | | | GPP_A8 / CLKRUN# | | | | | | | | | | |
| BG | | DDR1_DQI 58 | | INTRUDER # | | | | | | | | GPP_A3 / LAD2 / ESPI_102 | | | | | | | | | | |
| BF | DDR1_DQ SN[7] | | | RSVD | | GPD5 / SLP_S4# | | GPD3 / PWRBTN# | | | | GPP_A18 / ISH_GP0 | | GPP_A15 / SUSACK# | | GPP_A11 / PME# | | GPP_A10 / CLKOUT_LP_C1 | | GPP_A7 / PIRQA# | | SD_RCOMP |
| BE | | DDR1_DQI 63 | | RSVD | | GPD6 / SLP_A# | | GPD2 / LAN_WAKE# | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BD | DDR1_DQ SPI[7] | | | RSVD | | GPD0 / BATLOW# | | GPD1 / ACPRESENT | | | | GPP_B7 / SRCCLKRE_Q2# | | GPP_B3 / CPU_GP2 | | GPP_B2 / VREALERT# | | GPP_A23 / ISH_GP5 | | GPP_A19 / ISH_GP1 | | |
| BC | | DDR1_DQI 62 | | RSVD | | | GPD11 / LANPHYPC | | | | | GPP_B4 / CPU_GP3 | | GPP_B12 / SLP_S0# | | GPP_B11 / EXT_P_WR_GATE # | | GPP_B10 / SRCCLKREQ_5# | | GPP_B15 / GSPI0_CS # | | EMMC_RC_OMP |
| BB | | | | RSVD | | GPD7 / RSVD | | RSVD | | | GPP_B1 / CORE_VID_I | | GPP_B5 / SRCCLKRE_Q0# | | GPP_B13 / PLTRST# | | GPP_B23 / SWL_ALERT_T# / PCHHOT# | | GPP_B18 / GSPI0_MOSI | | GPP_B19 / GSPI1_CS # | |
| BA | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD_TP | | GPD8 / SUSCLK | | | GPP_B0 / CORE_VID_0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AY | TP6 | | RSVD | | RSVD_TP | | | GPD4 / SLP_S3# | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AW | | | | | | | | | | GPP_B20 / GSP11_CL_K | | GPP_B16 / GSP10_CL_K | | GPP_B22 / GSP11_MO_SI | | GPP_B17 / GSP10_MI_SO | | GPP_B21 / GSP11_MI_SO | | | | VCCGPPB |
| AV | VCCHDA | | | | DCPRTC | | | VCCSPI | | SPI0_I03 | | SPI0_I02 | | GPP_B6 / SRCCLKRE_Q1# | | GPP_B9 / SRCCLKRE_Q4# | | GPP_B8 / SRCCLKREQ_3# | | GPP_B14 / SPKR | | VCCGPPB |
| AU | | | | | | | | | | SPI0_MIS_O | | SPI0_CLK | | SPI0_CS2 # | | SPI0_CS1 # | | SPI0_CS0 # | | | | VCCGPPA |
| AT | | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | VCCRTC | DCPRTC | | VCCPRIM_CORE | VCCSPI | | GPP_F1 / I2S2_SFR_M | | GPP_F0 / I2S2_SCL_K | | GPP_F11 / I2C5_SCL / ISH_I2C2_SCL | | GPP_F7 / I2C3_SCL | | GPP_F3 / I2S2_RXD | | | SPI0_MOS_I | VCCGPPA |
| AR | | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | VCCRTC | | | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AP | | | | | | | | | | VCCGPPG | | GPP_F2 / I2S2_TXD | | GPP_F14 / EMMC_DA_TA1 | | GPP_F5 / I2C2_SCL | | GPP_F6 / I2C3_SDA | | GPP_F4 / I2C2_SDA | | VCCGPPF |
| AN | | | | | | | | VCCGPPG | | GPP_F13 / EMMC_DA_TA0 | | GPP_F15 / EMMC_DA_TA2 | | GPP_F20 / EMMC_DA_TA7 | | GPP_F9 / I2C4_SCL | | GPP_F8 / I2C4_SDA | | | | VCCGPPF |
| AM | | | | | | | | VCCDSW_3P3 | | VCCDSW_3P3 | | GPP_F12 / EMMC_CM_D | | GPP_F17 / EMMC_DA_TA4 | | GPP_F10 / I2C5_SDA / ISH_I2C2_SDA | | USB2P_2 | | USB2N_2 | | DCPDSW_1P0 |
| AL | | | | VCCRCPRIM_3P3 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | VCCDSW_3P3 | | GPP_F18 / EMMC_DA_TA5 | | GPP_F21 / EMMC_RC_LK | | GPP_F22 / EMMC_CL_K | | | USB2N_3 | | USB2P_3 | | | DCPDSW_1P0 |
| AK | | VCCPRIM_3P3 | | VCCRCPRIM_3P3 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AJ | | | | | | | | | | GPP_F19 / EMMC_DA_TA6 | | GPP_F16 / EMMC_DA_TA3 | | GPP_F23 | | | USB2N_1 | | USB2P_1 | | | VCCGPPC |

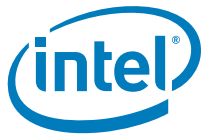


Figure 9-10. Y-Processor Ball Map (Lower Left, Columns 64-44)

| | 64 | 63 | 62 | 61 | 60 | 59 | 58 | 57 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 44 | |
|----|-------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|----------|----------------------------|---------|----------------------------|---------|---------------|----------|---------------|------------|---------------|----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| AH | VDDQ | | DDR0_DQ[4] | | DDR0_DQ[1] | | DDR1_DQ[10] DDR0_DQ[26] | | DDR1_DQ[11] DDR0_DQ[27] | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AG | | DDR0_DQ[5] | | DDR0_DQ[0] | | | DDR1_DQ[15] DDR0_DQ[31] | | DDR1_DQ[14] DDR0_DQ[30] | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AF | | | | | | | | | | | | | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | | VCCGT |
| AE | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | |
| AD | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT |
| AC | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | | VCCGT |
| AB | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AA | | | | | | | | | | | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | | VCCGT |
| W | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | |
| V | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | | | | | | | | |
| T | | | | | | | | | | | VCCGT | | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | | VCCGT |
| R | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | VCCGT | | VCCGT | VCCGT | | | VCCGT |
| P | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | | | VSSGT_SENS E | | | | | | | | | |
| N | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | VCC | | VCCGT_SENS E | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | VCCGT | | | VCCGT |
| M | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | | VCC | VCC |
| L | | VCC | | | | | | | | | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | VCC | | VCC | VCC |
| K | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| J | VCC | | | | CFG[12] | | CFG[13] | | CFG[19] | | CFG[16] | | CFG[2] | | BPM#[1] | | PROCH_OT# | | EDP_TXN[2] | | EDP_TXN[1] | |
| H | | VCC | | CFG[14] | | CFG[15] | | | CFG[4] | | CFG[3] | | BPM#[0] | | CATER_R# | | THERM_TRIP# | | EDP_TXN[0] | | EDP_TXN[0] | |
| G | | | | | | CFG[9] | | CFG[18] | | CFG[17] | | CFG[0] | | BPM#[3] | | PROC_TDO | | EDP_TXP[2] | | EDP_TXP[1] | | EDP_TXP[1] |
| F | VCC | | | CFG[11] | | | | | CFG[7] | | CFG[1] | | BPM#[2] | | PECI | | PROC_TRST# | | EDP_TXP[0] | | EDP_TXP[0] | |
| E | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D | VCC | | | CFG[8] | | | | CFG[10] | | CFG[5] | | PROC_TCK | | PROC_PRDY# | | RSVD | | DDI1_TXP[3] | | DDI1_TXP[2] | | DDI1_TXP[2] |
| C | | | | | | PROC_TMS | | | CFG[6] | | PROC_TDI | | PCH_T_RST# | | PCH_JTAG_TD_I | | DDI1_TXN[1] | | DDI1_TXP[0] | | DDI1_TXP[1] | |
| B | VCC | | SKTOC# | VCCST_PWRGD | | | VIDALE_RT# | | PROC_PREQ# | | PCH_JTAG_TC_K | | PCH_JTAG_TD_O | | JTAGX | | DDI1_TXN[3] | | DDI1_TXN[2] | | DDI1_TXN[2] | |
| A | VCC | | PROCP_WRGD | | ITP_PM_ODE | | VIDSO_UT | | VIDSC_K | | CFG_R_COMP | | PCH_JTAG_TM_S | | eDP_R_COMP | | DDI1_TXP[1] | | DDI1_TXN[0] | | DDI1_TXN[0] | |



Figure 9-11. Y-Processor Ball Map (Lower Middle, Columns 43-23)

| | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | |
|----|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------|-------------|
| AH | | | VCC | | | VCCG1 | | | VCCG1 | | | VCC | | | VCCSA | | | VCCIO | | | | |
| AG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AF | VCCGT | | VCC | | | VCCG1 | | | VCCG1 | | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | VCCPLL_OC | VCCIO | | | VCCIO | |
| AE | | | VCC | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | VCC | | VCC | VCC | | | VCCSA | | VCCPLL_OC | VCCIO | | | VCCIO | VCCIO |
| AD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AC | VCCGT | | VCC | | | VCCG0 | | | VCCG0 | | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | | VCCS1G | | | VCCIO | VCCIO |
| AB | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AA | | | VCC | | | VCCG0 | | | VCCG0 | | | VCC | | | VCCSA | | | VCCS1G | | | | VCCSRAM_1P0 |
| Y | VCCGT | | VCC | | | VCCG0 | | | VCCG0 | | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | | VCCS1G | | | | VCCCLK3 |
| W | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| V | | | VCC | | | VCCG0 | | | VCCG0 | | | VCC | | | VCCSA | | | VCCS1G | | | | VCCCLK3 |
| U | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T | VCCGT | | VCC | | | VCCG0 | | | VCCG0 | | | VCC | | VCCSA | VCCSA | | VCCPLL | VCCS1G | | | | |
| R | | | VCC | | | VCCG0 | | | VCCG0 | | | VCC | | | VCCSA | | VCCPLL | VCCS1G | | | | VCCCLK5 |
| P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| N | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCSA | | VSSA_SENSE | | | | | | |
| M | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCC | | VCCSA | | VCCSA_SENSE | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD | RSVD |
| L | | VCC | | VCC | | RSVD | | RSVD | | VCC_SENSE | | VSS_SENSE | | VCCSA | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD | | |
| K | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| J | | EDP_A_UXN | | DDI2_AUXN | | CLKOUT_PCIE_N3 | | CLKOUT_PCIE_N2 | | CLKOUT_ITPX_DP_N | | CSI2_D_N3 | | CSI2_D_N2 | | PCI9_TXP | | PCI7_TXP / SATA0_TXP | | | PCI5_TXP | |
| H | EDP_TXN[3] | | DDI1_AUXN | | CLKOUT_PCIE_N5 | | CLKOUT_PCIE_N4 | | CLKOUT_PCIE_N1 | | CSI2_D_P1 | | CSI2_C_LKN0 | | CSI2_D_N0 | | PCI10_TXP | | PCI8_TXP / SATA1_A_TXP | | | PCI6_TXP |
| G | | EDP_A_UXP | | DDI2_AUXP | | CLKOUT_PCIE_P3 | | CLKOUT_PCIE_P2 | | CLKOUT_ITPX_DP_P | | CSI2_D_P3 | | CSI2_D_P2 | | PCI9_TXN | | PCI7_TXN / SATA0_TXN | | | PCI5_TXN | |
| F | EDP_TXP[3] | | DDI1_AUXP | | CLKOUT_PCIE_P5 | | CLKOUT_PCIE_P4 | | CLKOUT_PCIE_P1 | | CSI2_D_N1 | | CSI2_C_LKP0 | | CSI2_D_P0 | | PCI10_TXN | | PCI8_TXN / SATA1_A_TXN | | | PCI6_TXN |
| E | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D | DDI2_TXP[3] | | DDI2_TXP[2] | | | CSI2_C_LKN3 | | CSI2_D_N10 | | CSI2_D_N8 | | CSI2_D_N7 | | CSI2_C_LKN1 | | CSI2_D_N4 | | PCI10_RXP | | PCI8_RXP / SATA1_A_RXP | | PCI6_RXP |
| C | | DDI2_TXP[0] | | | | CSI2_D_N11 | | CSI2_D_N9 | | CSI2_C_LKN2 | | CSI2_D_N5 | | CSI2_D_N6 | | PCI9_RXN | | PCI7_RXN / SATA0_RXN | | | PCI5_RXN | |
| B | DDI2_TXN[3] | | DDI2_TXN[2] | | | CSI2_C_LKP3 | | CSI2_D_P10 | | CSI2_D_P8 | | CSI2_D_P7 | | CSI2_C_LKP1 | | CSI2_D_P4 | | PCI10_RXN | | PCI8_RXN / SATA1_A_RXN | | PCI6_RXN |
| A | | DDI2_TXN[0] | | EDP_DSP_UTIL | | CSI2_D_P11 | | CSI2_D_P9 | | CSI2_C_LKP2 | | CSI2_D_P5 | | CSI2_D_P6 | | PCI9_RXP | | PCI7_RXP / SATA0_RXP | | | PCI5_RXP | |



Figure 9-12. Y-Processor Ball Map (Lower Right, Columns 42-1)

| | 22 | 21 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
|----|-----------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------|--|--------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| AH | | VCCPRIM_3P3 | | VCCPRIM_1P0 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | GPP_G1 / SD_DATA0 | GPP_G6 / SD_CLK | GPP_G0 / SD_CMD | | RSVD | | USB2N_5 | USB2P_5 | USB2P_5 | | VCCGPPC |
| AG | | | | VCCPRIM_CORE | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | GPP_G2 / SD_DATA1 | GPP_G4 / SD_DATA3 | GPP_G3 / SD_DATA2 | | GPP_G5 / SD_CD# | | USB2N_9 | USB2P_9 | USB2P_9 | | VCCGPPD | |
| AF | | | | VCCPRIM_CORE | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | | | | | | | | USB2_ID | | USB2N_7 | USB2P_7 | USB2P_7 | | VCCGPPD |
| AE | | | | VCCPRIM_CORE | VCCPRIM_CORE | | VCCATS | VCCATS | | | GPP_G7 / SD_WP | | | | | | USB2_VBUSSENSE | | | | | |
| AD | | | | | | | | | | | GPP_C16 / I2CO_SDA | GPP_C23 / UART2_CT_S# | GPP_C23 / UART2_CT_S# | | GPP_C21 / UART2_TX_D | | GPP_C20 / UART2_RX_D | | GPP_C22 / UART2_RT_S# | | | VCCPRIM_3P3 |
| AC | | | | | | | | | | | GPP_C0 / SMBCLK | | GPP_C4 / SML0DATA | | GPP_C8 / UART0_RX_D | | GPP_C12 / UART1_RX_D / ISH_UART1_RXD | | GPP_C13 / UART1_TX_D / ISH_UART1_TXD | | | VCCPRIM_3P3 |
| AB | | | | | | | | | | | GPP_C19 / I2C1_SCL | | GPP_C10 / UART0_RT_S# | | GPP_C18 / I2C1_SDA | | GPP_C14 / UART1_RT_S# / ISH_UART1_RTS# | | GPP_C15 / UART1_CT_S# / ISH_UART1_CTS# | | GPP_C17 / I2CO_SCL | VCCGPPPE |
| AA | | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | VCCAPLL_1P0 | VCCAPLL_1P0 | | VCCPRIM_1P0 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | GPP_C17 / UART0_CT_S# | | GPP_C10 / UART0_RT_S# | | GPP_C9 / UART0_TX_D | | GPP_C5 / SML0ALER_T# | | GPP_C6 / SML1CLK | | | VCCGPPPE |
| Y | | VCCCLK4 | | VCCCLK2 | VCCCLK1 | | | | | | | | GPP_C7 / SML1DATA | | GPP_C2 / SMBALERT# | | GPP_C1 / SMBDATA | | GPP_C3 / SML0CLK | | | VCCMPHYA_ON_1P0 |
| W | | | | | | | | | | GPP_D21 | | | | | | | | | | | | VCCMPHYA_ON_1P0 |
| V | | VCCCLK4 | | VCCCLK2 | VCCCLK1 | | VCCAM-PHYPLL_1P0 | VCCAM-PHYPLL_1P0 | | | | GPP_D20 / DMIC_DAT_A0 | | GPP_D16 / ISH_UART0_CTS# / SML0BLE_RT# | | GPP_D22 | | GPP_D23 / I2S_MCLK | | GPP_D19 / DMIC_CLK_0 | | VCCMPHYA_ON_1P0 |
| U | | | | | | | | | | | GPP_D17 / DMIC_CLK_1 | | GPP_D13 / ISH_UART0_RXD / SML0BDAT_A | | GPP_D18 / DMIC_DAT_A1 | | GPP_D15 / ISH_UART0_RTS# | | GPP_D14 / ISH_UART0_TXD / SML0BCLK | | | VCCMPHYG_T_1P0 |
| T | | | | VCCCLK6 | | | VCCMPHYG_T_1P0 | VCCMPHYG_T_1P0 | | | | GPP_D12 | | GPP_D7 / ISH_I2C1_SDA | | GPP_D10 | | GPP_D11 | | GPP_D8 / ISH_I2C1_SCL | | VCCMPHYG_T_1P0 |
| R | | VCCCLK5 | | VCCCLK6 | | | VCCAPLL_1P0 | VCCAPLL_1P0 | | | RSVD | | RSVD | | | | | | | | | |
| P | | | | | | | | | | RSVD | | GPP_D9 | | GPP_D1 | | | GPP_D5 / ISH_I2CO_SDA | | GPP_D6 / ISH_I2CO_SCL | | GPP_D3 | XCLK_BIA_SREF |
| N | | | | | | | | | | | GPP_E9 / USB2_OC0# | | GPP_E2 / SATAXPICIE_2 / SATAGP2 | | GPP_D2 | | GPP_D0 | | GPP_D4 / FLASHTRIG | | USB2_COM_P | |
| M | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD | | | | GPP_E10 / USB2_OC1# | | GPP_E7 / CPU_GP1 | | | GPP_E15 / DDPD_HPD_2 | | GPP_E22 | | | XTAL24_IN |
| L | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD | | RSVD | | | | | GPP_E14 / DDPD_HPD_1 | | GPP_E6 / DEVSLP2 | | | | GPP_E18 / DDPB_C_TRLCLK | | GPP_E23 | XTAL24_OUT |
| K | | | | | | | | | | RSVD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| J | PCIE3_TXP | | PCIE1_TXP / USB3_5_TXP | | USB3_3_TXP | | USB3_1_TXP | | | | | GPP_E1 / SATAXPICIE_1 / SATAGP1 | | | | | | | | | | SYS_PWROK |
| H | PCIE4_TXP | | PCIE2_TXP / USB3_6_TXP | | USB3_4_TXP | | USB3_2_TXP / SSIC_TXP | | | RSVD | | GPP_E5 / DEVSLP1 | | GPP_E8 / SATALED# | | | GPP_E19 / DDPB_C_TRLDATA | | GPP_E20 / DDPB_C_TRLCLK | | SYS_RESET# | |
| G | PCIE3_TXN | | PCIE1_TXN / USB3_5_TXN | | USB3_3_TXN | | USB3_1_TXN | | | | | GPP_E0 / SATAXPICIE_0 / SATAGP0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| F | PCIE4_TXN | | PCIE2_TXN / USB3_6_TXN | | USB3_4_TXN | | USB3_2_TXN / SSIC_TXN | | | CL_CLK | | GPP_E4 / DEVSLP0 | | GPP_E11 / USB2_OC2# | | | GPP_E16 / DDPB_C_TRLDATA | | GPP_E21 / DDPB_C_TRLCLK | | RSVD | RSVD |
| E | | | | | | | | | | | | GPP_E3 / CPU_GP0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| D | | PCIE4_RXP | | PCIE2_RXP / USB3_6_RXP | | USB3_4_RXP | | USB3_2_RXP / SSIC_RXP | | | | | | | | | | | | eDP_BKLE_N | eDP_VDDE_N | |
| C | PCIE3_RXN | | PCIE1_RXN / USB3_5_RXN | | USB3_3_RXN | | USB3_1_RXN | | | | | GPP_E13 / DDPB_HPD_0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| B | | PCIE4_RXN | | PCIE2_RXN / USB3_6_RXN | | USB3_4_RXN | | USB3_2_RXN / SSIC_RXN | | | CL_RST# | | PCIE_RCO_MPP | | PCIE_RCO_MPN | | GPP_E12 / USB2_OC3# | | eDP_BKLC_TL | | RSVD | RSVD |
| A | PCIE3_RXP | | PCIE1_RXP / USB3_5_RXP | | USB3_3_RXP | | USB3_1_RXP | | | | | CSI2_COM_P | | PCIE_RCO_MPN | | | GPP_E17 / EDP_HPD | | | | | |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 1 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| A11 | CSI2_COMP | | | | 6763.51 | -7541.01 |
| A14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -7541.01 |
| A16 | USB3_1_RXP | | | | 5475.22 | -7541.01 |
| A18 | USB3_3_RXP | | | | 4831.08 | -7541.01 |
| A20 | PCIE1_RXP / USB3_5_RXP | | | | 4186.94 | -7541.01 |
| A22 | PCIE3_RXP | | | | 3542.79 | -7541.01 |
| A24 | PCIE5_RXP | | | | 2898.65 | -7541.01 |
| A26 | PCIE7_RXP / SATA0_RXP | | | | 2254.5 | -7541.01 |
| A28 | PCIE9_RXP | | | | 1610.36 | -7541.01 |
| A30 | CSI2_DP6 | | | | 966.22 | -7541.01 |
| A32 | CSI2_DP5 | | | | 322.07 | -7541.01 |
| A34 | CSI2_CLKP2 | | | | -322.07 | -7541.01 |
| A36 | CSI2_DP9 | | | | -966.22 | -7541.01 |
| A38 | CSI2_DP11 | | | | -1610.36 | -7541.01 |
| A40 | EDP_DISP_UTIL | | | | -2254.5 | -7541.01 |
| A42 | DDI2_TXN[0] | | | | -2898.65 | -7541.01 |
| A44 | DDI2_TXN[1] | | | | -3542.79 | -7541.01 |
| A46 | DDI1_TXN[0] | | | | -4186.94 | -7541.01 |
| A48 | DDI1_TXP[1] | | | | -4831.08 | -7541.01 |
| A5 | VSS | | | | 8401.05 | -7541.01 |
| A50 | eDP_RCOMP | | | | -5475.22 | -7541.01 |
| A52 | PCH_JTAG_TMS | | | | -6119.37 | -7541.01 |
| A54 | CFG_RCOMP | | | | -6763.51 | -7541.01 |
| A56 | VIDSCK | | | | -7407.66 | -7541.01 |
| A58 | VIDSOUT | | | | -7953.09 | -7541.01 |
| A60 | ITP_PMODE | | | | -8401.05 | -7541.01 |
| A62 | PROCPWRGD | | | | -8855.71 | -7541.01 |
| A64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -7541.01 |
| A7 | GPP_E17 / EDP_HPD | | | | 7946.39 | -7541.01 |
| A9 | PCIE_RCOMP | | | | 7407.66 | -7541.01 |
| AA10 | GPP_C10 / UART0_RTS# | | | | 7067.55 | -1932.43 |
| AA12 | GPP_C11 / UART0_CTS# | | | | 6574.79 | -1932.43 |
| AA15 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 5846.1 | -1869.71 |
| AA16 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 5350.8 | -1869.71 |
| AA18 | VCCAPLL_1P0 | | | | 4855.5 | -1869.71 |
| AA19 | VCCAPLL_1P0 | | | | 4360.2 | -1869.71 |
| AA2 | VCCPGPPE | | | | 9038.59 | -1932.43 |
| AA21 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | 3864.9 | -1869.71 |
| AA23 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | 3369.6 | -1869.71 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 2 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| AA24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | -1869.71 |
| AA26 | VCCSTG | | | | 2379 | -1869.71 |
| AA27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | -1869.71 |
| AA29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -1869.71 |
| AA30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | -1869.71 |
| AA32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -1869.71 |
| AA33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -1869.71 |
| AA35 | VCCG0 | | | | -592.8 | -1869.71 |
| AA36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -1869.71 |
| AA38 | VCCG0 | | | | -1583.4 | -1869.71 |
| AA4 | GPP_C6 / SML1CLK | | | | 8545.83 | -1932.43 |
| AA40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -1869.71 |
| AA41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -1869.71 |
| AA43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | -1869.71 |
| AA44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | -1869.71 |
| AA46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | -1869.71 |
| AA47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | -1869.71 |
| AA49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | -1869.71 |
| AA50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | -1869.71 |
| AA51 | VSS | | | | -6041.1 | -1869.71 |
| AA53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | -1932.43 |
| AA55 | VSS | | | | -7067.55 | -1932.43 |
| AA57 | VSS | | | | -7560.31 | -1932.43 |
| AA59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | -1932.43 |
| AA6 | GPP_C5 / SML0ALERT# | | | | 8053.07 | -1932.43 |
| AA61 | VSS | | | | -8545.83 | -1932.43 |
| AA63 | VSS | | | | -9038.59 | -1932.43 |
| AA8 | GPP_C9 / UART0_TXD | | | | 7560.31 | -1932.43 |
| AB1 | VCCPGPPE | | | | 9310.37 | -1610.36 |
| AB11 | GPP_C19 / I2C1_SCL | | | | 6821.17 | -1610.36 |
| AB13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | -1605.28 |
| AB3 | GPP_C17 / I2C0_SCL | | | | 8792.21 | -1610.36 |
| AB5 | GPP_C15 / UART1_CTS# / ISH_UART1_CTS# | | | | 8299.45 | -1610.36 |
| AB54 | VCCGT | | | | -6821.17 | -1610.36 |
| AB56 | VCCGT | | | | -7313.93 | -1610.36 |
| AB58 | VCCGT | | | | -7806.69 | -1610.36 |
| AB60 | VCCGT | | | | -8299.45 | -1610.36 |
| AB62 | VCCGT | | | | -8792.21 | -1610.36 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 3 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| AB64 | VCCGT | | | | -9310.37 | -1610.36 |
| AB7 | GPP_C14 / UART1_RTS# / ISH_UART1_RTS# | | | | 7806.69 | -1610.36 |
| AB9 | GPP_C18 / I2C1_SDA | | | | 7313.93 | -1610.36 |
| AC10 | GPP_C4 / SML0DATA | | | | 7067.55 | -1288.29 |
| AC12 | GPP_C0 / SMBCLK | | | | 6574.79 | -1288.29 |
| AC15 | VSS | | | | 5846.1 | -1310.91 |
| AC16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | -1310.91 |
| AC18 | VSS | | | | 4855.5 | -1310.91 |
| AC19 | VSS | | | | 4360.2 | -1310.91 |
| AC2 | VCCPRIM_3P3 | | | | 9038.59 | -1288.29 |
| AC21 | VSS | | | | 3864.9 | -1310.91 |
| AC23 | VCCIO | | | | 3369.6 | -1310.91 |
| AC24 | VCCIO | | | | 2874.3 | -1310.91 |
| AC26 | VCCSTG | | | | 2379 | -1310.91 |
| AC27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | -1310.91 |
| AC29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -1310.91 |
| AC30 | VCCSA | | | | 893.1 | -1310.91 |
| AC32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -1310.91 |
| AC33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -1310.91 |
| AC35 | VCCG0 | | | | -592.8 | -1310.91 |
| AC36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -1310.91 |
| AC38 | VCCG0 | | | | -1583.4 | -1310.91 |
| AC4 | GPP_C13 / UART1_TXD / ISH_UART1_TXD | | | | 8545.83 | -1288.29 |
| AC40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -1310.91 |
| AC41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -1310.91 |
| AC43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | -1310.91 |
| AC44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | -1310.91 |
| AC46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | -1310.91 |
| AC47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | -1310.91 |
| AC49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | -1310.91 |
| AC50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | -1310.91 |
| AC51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | -1310.91 |
| AC53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | -1288.29 |
| AC55 | VCCGT | | | | -7067.55 | -1288.29 |
| AC57 | VCCGT | | | | -7560.31 | -1288.29 |
| AC59 | VCCGT | | | | -8053.07 | -1288.29 |
| AC6 | GPP_C12 / UART1_RXD / ISH_UART1_RXD | | | | 8053.07 | -1288.29 |
| AC61 | VCCGT | | | | -8545.83 | -1288.29 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 4 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|----------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| AC63 | VCCGT | | | | -9038.59 | -1288.29 |
| AC8 | GPP_C8 / UART0_RXD | | | | 7560.31 | -1288.29 |
| AD1 | VCCPRIM_3P3 | | | | 9310.37 | -966.22 |
| AD11 | GPP_C16 / I2C0_SDA | | | | 6821.17 | -966.22 |
| AD13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | -961.14 |
| AD3 | GPP_C22 / UART2_RTS# | | | | 8792.21 | -966.22 |
| AD5 | GPP_C20 / UART2_RXD | | | | 8299.45 | -966.22 |
| AD54 | VCCGT | | | | -6821.17 | -966.22 |
| AD56 | VCCGT | | | | -7313.93 | -966.22 |
| AD58 | VCCGT | | | | -7806.69 | -966.22 |
| AD60 | VCCGT | | | | -8299.45 | -966.22 |
| AD62 | VCCGT | | | | -8792.21 | -966.22 |
| AD64 | VCCGT | | | | -9310.37 | -966.22 |
| AD7 | GPP_C21 / UART2_TXD | | | | 7806.69 | -966.22 |
| AD9 | GPP_C23 / UART2_CTS# | | | | 7313.93 | -966.22 |
| AE10 | VSS | | | | 7067.55 | -644.14 |
| AE12 | GPP_G7 / SD_WP | | | | 6574.79 | -644.14 |
| AE15 | VCCATS | | | | 5846.1 | -752.11 |
| AE16 | VCCATS | | | | 5350.8 | -752.11 |
| AE18 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | 4855.5 | -752.11 |
| AE19 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | 4360.2 | -752.11 |
| AE2 | VSS | | | | 9038.59 | -644.14 |
| AE21 | VSS | | | | 3864.9 | -752.11 |
| AE23 | VCCIO | | | | 3369.6 | -752.11 |
| AE24 | VCCIO | | | | 2874.3 | -752.11 |
| AE26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | -752.11 |
| AE27 | VCCPLL_OC | | | | 1883.7 | -752.11 |
| AE29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -752.11 |
| AE30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | -752.11 |
| AE32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -752.11 |
| AE33 | VCC | | | | -97.5 | -752.11 |
| AE35 | VCC | | | | -592.8 | -752.11 |
| AE36 | VCC | | | | -1088.1 | -752.11 |
| AE38 | VCC | | | | -1583.4 | -752.11 |
| AE4 | VSS | | | | 8545.83 | -644.14 |
| AE40 | VCC | | | | -2078.7 | -752.11 |
| AE41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -752.11 |
| AE43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | -752.11 |
| AE44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | -752.11 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 5 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AE46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | -752.11 |
| AE47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | -752.11 |
| AE49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | -752.11 |
| AE50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | -752.11 |
| AE51 | VSS | | | | -6041.1 | -752.11 |
| AE53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | -644.14 |
| AE55 | VCCGT | | | | -7067.55 | -644.14 |
| AE57 | VCCGT | | | | -7560.31 | -644.14 |
| AE59 | VCCGT | | | | -8053.07 | -644.14 |
| AE6 | USB2_VBUSSENSE | | | | 8053.07 | -644.14 |
| AE61 | VCCGT | | | | -8545.83 | -644.14 |
| AE63 | VCCGT | | | | -9038.59 | -644.14 |
| AE8 | VSS | | | | 7560.31 | -644.14 |
| AF1 | VCCPGPPD | | | | 9310.37 | -322.07 |
| AF11 | GPP_G4 / SD_DATA3 | | | | 6821.17 | -322.07 |
| AF13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | -316.99 |
| AF15 | VSS | | | | 5846.1 | -193.31 |
| AF16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | -193.31 |
| AF18 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | 4855.5 | -193.31 |
| AF19 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | 4360.2 | -193.31 |
| AF21 | VSS | | | | 3864.9 | -193.31 |
| AF23 | VSS | | | | 3369.6 | -193.31 |
| AF24 | VCCIO | | | | 2874.3 | -193.31 |
| AF26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | -193.31 |
| AF27 | VCCPLL_OC | | | | 1883.7 | -193.31 |
| AF29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -193.31 |
| AF3 | USB2P_7 | | | | 8792.21 | -322.07 |
| AF30 | VCCSA | | | | 893.1 | -193.31 |
| AF32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -193.31 |
| AF33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -193.31 |
| AF35 | VCCG1 | | | | -592.8 | -193.31 |
| AF36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -193.31 |
| AF38 | VCCG1 | | | | -1583.4 | -193.31 |
| AF40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -193.31 |
| AF41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -193.31 |
| AF43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | -193.31 |
| AF44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | -193.31 |
| AF46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | -193.31 |
| AF47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | -193.31 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 6 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AF49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | -193.31 |
| AF5 | USB2N_7 | | | | 8299.45 | -322.07 |
| AF50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | -193.31 |
| AF51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | -193.31 |
| AF54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | -322.07 |
| AF56 | VSS | | | | -7313.93 | -322.07 |
| AF58 | VSS | | | | -7806.69 | -322.07 |
| AF60 | VSS | | | | -8299.45 | -322.07 |
| AF62 | VSS | | | | -8792.21 | -322.07 |
| AF64 | VSS | | | | -9310.37 | -322.07 |
| AF7 | USB2_ID | | | | 7806.69 | -322.07 |
| AF9 | GPP_G3 / SD_DATA2 | | | | 7313.93 | -322.07 |
| AG10 | GPP_G6 / SD_CLK | | | | 7067.55 | 0 |
| AG12 | GPP_G2 / SD_DATA1 | | | | 6574.79 | 0 |
| AG2 | VCCPGPPD | | | | 9038.59 | 0 |
| AG4 | USB2P_9 | | | | 8545.83 | 0 |
| AG53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | 0 |
| AG55 | DDR1_DQ[14] / DDR0_DQ[30] | | DDR1_DQ[14] | DDR0_DQ[30] | -7067.55 | 0 |
| AG57 | DDR1_DQ[15] / DDR0_DQ[31] | | DDR1_DQ[15] | DDR0_DQ[31] | -7560.31 | 0 |
| AG59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 0 |
| AG6 | USB2N_9 | | | | 8053.07 | 0 |
| AG61 | DDR0_DQ[0] | | | | -8545.83 | 0 |
| AG63 | DDR0_DQ[5] | | | | -9038.59 | 0 |
| AG8 | GPP_G5 / SD_CD# | | | | 7560.31 | 0 |
| AH1 | VCCPGPPC | | | | 9310.37 | 322.07 |
| AH11 | GPP_G1 / SD_DATA0 | | | | 6821.17 | 322.07 |
| AH13 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 6328.41 | 327.15 |
| AH15 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 5846.1 | 365.49 |
| AH16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | 365.49 |
| AH18 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 4855.5 | 365.49 |
| AH19 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 4360.2 | 365.49 |
| AH21 | VCCPRIM_3P3 | | | | 3864.9 | 365.49 |
| AH23 | VSS | | | | 3369.6 | 365.49 |
| AH24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | 365.49 |
| AH26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | 365.49 |
| AH27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | 365.49 |
| AH29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | 365.49 |
| AH3 | USB2P_5 | | | | 8792.21 | 322.07 |
| AH30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | 365.49 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 7 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|--------|
| AH32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | 365.49 |
| AH33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | 365.49 |
| AH35 | VCCG1 | | | | -592.8 | 365.49 |
| AH36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | 365.49 |
| AH38 | VCCG1 | | | | -1583.4 | 365.49 |
| AH40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | 365.49 |
| AH41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | 365.49 |
| AH43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | 365.49 |
| AH44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | 365.49 |
| AH46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | 365.49 |
| AH47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | 365.49 |
| AH49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | 365.49 |
| AH5 | USB2N_5 | | | | 8299.45 | 322.07 |
| AH50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | 365.49 |
| AH51 | VSS | | | | -6041.1 | 365.49 |
| AH54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | 322.07 |
| AH56 | DDR1_DQ[11] / DDR0_DQ[27] | | DDR1_DQ[11] | DDR0_DQ[27] | -7313.93 | 322.07 |
| AH58 | DDR1_DQ[10] / DDR0_DQ[26] | | DDR1_DQ[10] | DDR0_DQ[26] | -7806.69 | 322.07 |
| AH60 | DDR0_DQ[1] | | | | -8299.45 | 322.07 |
| AH62 | DDR0_DQ[4] | | | | -8792.21 | 322.07 |
| AH64 | VDDQ | | | | -9310.37 | 322.07 |
| AH7 | RSVD | | | | 7806.69 | 322.07 |
| AH9 | GPP_G0 / SD_CMD | | | | 7313.93 | 322.07 |
| AJ10 | GPP_F16 / EMMC_DATA3 | | | | 7067.55 | 644.14 |
| AJ12 | GPP_F19 / EMMC_DATA6 | | | | 6574.79 | 644.14 |
| AJ2 | VCCPGPPC | | | | 9038.59 | 644.14 |
| AJ4 | USB2P_1 | | | | 8545.83 | 644.14 |
| AJ53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | 644.14 |
| AJ55 | DDR1_DQSP[1] / DDR0_DQSP[3] | | DDR1_DQSP[1] | DDR0_DQSP[3] | -7067.55 | 644.14 |
| AJ57 | DDR1_DQSN[1] / DDR0_DQSN[3] | | DDR1_DQSN[1] | DDR0_DQSN[3] | -7560.31 | 644.14 |
| AJ59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 644.14 |
| AJ6 | USB2N_1 | | | | 8053.07 | 644.14 |
| AJ61 | DDR0_DQSN[0] | | | | -8545.83 | 644.14 |
| AJ63 | DDR0_DQSP[0] | | | | -9038.59 | 644.14 |
| AJ8 | GPP_F23 | | | | 7560.31 | 644.14 |
| AK1 | VSS | | | | 9310.37 | 966.22 |
| AK11 | VSS | | | | 6821.17 | 966.22 |
| AK13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | 971.3 |
| AK15 | VSS | | | | 5846.1 | 924.29 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 8 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AK16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | 924.29 |
| AK18 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 4855.5 | 924.29 |
| AK19 | VCCRTCPRIM_3P3 | | | | 4360.2 | 924.29 |
| AK21 | VCCPRIM_3P3 | | | | 3864.9 | 924.29 |
| AK23 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | 3369.6 | 924.29 |
| AK24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | 924.29 |
| AK26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | 924.29 |
| AK27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | 924.29 |
| AK29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | 924.29 |
| AK3 | VSS | | | | 8792.21 | 966.22 |
| AK30 | VCCSA | | | | 893.1 | 924.29 |
| AK32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | 924.29 |
| AK33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | 924.29 |
| AK35 | VCCG1 | | | | -592.8 | 924.29 |
| AK36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | 924.29 |
| AK38 | VCCG1 | | | | -1583.4 | 924.29 |
| AK40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | 924.29 |
| AK41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | 924.29 |
| AK43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | 924.29 |
| AK44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | 924.29 |
| AK46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | 924.29 |
| AK47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | 924.29 |
| AK49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | 924.29 |
| AK5 | VSS | | | | 8299.45 | 966.22 |
| AK50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | 924.29 |
| AK51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | 924.29 |
| AK54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | 966.22 |
| AK56 | DDR1_DQ[13] / DDR0_DQ[29] | | DDR1_DQ[13] | DDR0_DQ[29] | -7313.93 | 966.22 |
| AK58 | DDR1_DQ[12] / DDR0_DQ[28] | | DDR1_DQ[12] | DDR0_DQ[28] | -7806.69 | 966.22 |
| AK60 | DDR0_DQ[3] | | | | -8299.45 | 966.22 |
| AK62 | DDR0_DQ[2] | | | | -8792.21 | 966.22 |
| AK64 | VDDQ | | | | -9310.37 | 966.22 |
| AK7 | VSS | | | | 7806.69 | 966.22 |
| AK9 | VSS | | | | 7313.93 | 966.22 |
| AL10 | GPP_F21 / EMMC_RCLK | | | | 7067.55 | 1288.29 |
| AL12 | GPP_F18 / EMMC_DATA5 | | | | 6574.79 | 1288.29 |
| AL15 | VCCDSW_3P3 | | | | 5846.1 | 1483.09 |
| AL16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | 1483.09 |
| AL18 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 4855.5 | 1483.09 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 9 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AL19 | VCCRTCPRIM_3P3 | | | | 4360.2 | 1483.09 |
| AL2 | DCPDSW_1P0 | | | | 9038.59 | 1288.29 |
| AL21 | VSS | | | | 3864.9 | 1483.09 |
| AL23 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | 3369.6 | 1483.09 |
| AL24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | 1483.09 |
| AL26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | 1483.09 |
| AL27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | 1483.09 |
| AL29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | 1483.09 |
| AL30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | 1483.09 |
| AL32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | 1483.09 |
| AL33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | 1483.09 |
| AL35 | VCCG1 | | | | -592.8 | 1483.09 |
| AL36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | 1483.09 |
| AL38 | VCCG1 | | | | -1583.4 | 1483.09 |
| AL4 | USB2P_3 | | | | 8545.83 | 1288.29 |
| AL40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | 1483.09 |
| AL41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | 1483.09 |
| AL43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | 1483.09 |
| AL44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | 1483.09 |
| AL46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | 1483.09 |
| AL47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | 1483.09 |
| AL49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | 1483.09 |
| AL50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | 1483.09 |
| AL51 | VSS | | | | -6041.1 | 1483.09 |
| AL53 | VSS | | | | -6574.79 | 1288.29 |
| AL55 | DDR1_DQ[8] / DDR0_DQ[24] | | DDR1_DQ[8] | DDR0_DQ[24] | -7067.55 | 1288.29 |
| AL57 | DDR1_DQ[9] / DDR0_DQ[25] | | DDR1_DQ[9] | DDR0_DQ[25] | -7560.31 | 1288.29 |
| AL59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 1288.29 |
| AL6 | USB2N_3 | | | | 8053.07 | 1288.29 |
| AL61 | DDR0_DQ[6] | | | | -8545.83 | 1288.29 |
| AL63 | DDR0_DQ[7] | | | | -9038.59 | 1288.29 |
| AL8 | GPP_F22 / EMMC_CLK | | | | 7560.31 | 1288.29 |
| AM1 | DCPDSW_1P0 | | | | 9310.37 | 1610.36 |
| AM11 | GPP_F12 / EMMC_CMD | | | | 6821.17 | 1610.36 |
| AM13 | VCCDSW_3P3 | | | | 6328.41 | 1615.44 |
| AM3 | USB2N_2 | | | | 8792.21 | 1610.36 |
| AM5 | USB2P_2 | | | | 8299.45 | 1610.36 |
| AM54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | 1610.36 |
| AM56 | DDR1_DQ[7] / DDR0_DQ[23] | | DDR1_DQ[7] | DDR0_DQ[23] | -7313.93 | 1610.36 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 10 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AM58 | DDR1_DQ[6] / DDR0_DQ[22] | | DDR1_DQ[6] | DDR0_DQ[22] | -7806.69 | 1610.36 |
| AM60 | DDR0_DQ[8] | | | | -8299.45 | 1610.36 |
| AM62 | DDR0_DQ[9] | | | | -8792.21 | 1610.36 |
| AM64 | VSS | | | | -9310.37 | 1610.36 |
| AM7 | GPP_F10 / I2C5_SDA / ISH_I2C2_SDA | | | | 7806.69 | 1610.36 |
| AM9 | GPP_F17 / EMMC_DATA4 | | | | 7313.93 | 1610.36 |
| AN10 | GPP_F15 / EMMC_DATA2 | | | | 7067.55 | 1932.43 |
| AN12 | GPP_F13 / EMMC_DATA0 | | | | 6574.79 | 1932.43 |
| AN15 | VCCPGPPG | | | | 5846.1 | 2041.89 |
| AN16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | 2041.89 |
| AN18 | VSS | | | | 4855.5 | 2041.89 |
| AN19 | VSS | | | | 4360.2 | 2041.89 |
| AN2 | VCCPGPPF | | | | 9038.59 | 1932.43 |
| AN21 | VSS | | | | 3864.9 | 2041.89 |
| AN23 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | 3369.6 | 2041.89 |
| AN24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | 2041.89 |
| AN26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | 2041.89 |
| AN27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | 2041.89 |
| AN29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | 2041.89 |
| AN30 | VCCSA | | | | 893.1 | 2041.89 |
| AN32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | 2041.89 |
| AN33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | 2041.89 |
| AN35 | VCCG1 | | | | -592.8 | 2041.89 |
| AN36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | 2041.89 |
| AN38 | VCCG1 | | | | -1583.4 | 2041.89 |
| AN4 | GPP_F8 / I2C4_SDA | | | | 8545.83 | 1932.43 |
| AN40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | 2041.89 |
| AN41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | 2041.89 |
| AN43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | 2041.89 |
| AN44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | 2041.89 |
| AN46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | 2041.89 |
| AN47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | 2041.89 |
| AN49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | 2041.89 |
| AN50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | 2041.89 |
| AN51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | 2041.89 |
| AN53 | DDR0_VREF_DQ | | | | -6574.79 | 1932.43 |
| AN55 | DDR1_DQ[3] / DDR0_DQ[19] | | DDR1_DQ[3] | DDR0_DQ[19] | -7067.55 | 1932.43 |
| AN57 | DDR1_DQ[2] / DDR0_DQ[18] | | DDR1_DQ[2] | DDR0_DQ[18] | -7560.31 | 1932.43 |
| AN59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 1932.43 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 11 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AN6 | GPP_F9 / I2C4_SCL | | | | 8053.07 | 1932.43 |
| AN61 | DDR0_DQ[12] | | | | -8545.83 | 1932.43 |
| AN63 | DDR0_DQ[13] | | | | -9038.59 | 1932.43 |
| AN8 | GPP_F20 / EMMC_DATA7 | | | | 7560.31 | 1932.43 |
| AP1 | VCCPGPPF | | | | 9310.37 | 2254.5 |
| AP11 | GPP_F2 / I2S2_TXD | | | | 6821.17 | 2254.5 |
| AP13 | VCCPGPPG | | | | 6328.41 | 2259.58 |
| AP3 | GPP_F4 / I2C2_SDA | | | | 8792.21 | 2254.5 |
| AP5 | GPP_F6 / I2C3_SDA | | | | 8299.45 | 2254.5 |
| AP54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | 2254.5 |
| AP56 | DDR1_DQSN[0] / DDR0_DQSN[2] | | DDR1_DQSN[0] | DDR0_DQSN[2] | -7313.93 | 2254.5 |
| AP58 | DDR1_DQSP[0] / DDR0_DQSP[2] | | DDR1_DQSP[0] | DDR0_DQSP[2] | -7806.69 | 2254.5 |
| AP60 | DDR0_DQSP[1] | | | | -8299.45 | 2254.5 |
| AP62 | DDR0_DQSN[1] | | | | -8792.21 | 2254.5 |
| AP64 | VSS | | | | -9310.37 | 2254.5 |
| AP7 | GPP_F5 / I2C2_SCL | | | | 7806.69 | 2254.5 |
| AP9 | GPP_F14 / EMMC_DATA1 | | | | 7313.93 | 2254.5 |
| AR10 | VSS | | | | 7067.55 | 2576.58 |
| AR12 | VSS | | | | 6574.79 | 2576.58 |
| AR15 | VSS | | | | 5846.1 | 2600.69 |
| AR16 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | 5350.8 | 2600.69 |
| AR18 | VSS | | | | 4855.5 | 2600.69 |
| AR19 | VCCRTC | | | | 4360.2 | 2600.69 |
| AR2 | VSS | | | | 9038.59 | 2576.58 |
| AR21 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 3864.9 | 2600.69 |
| AR23 | VCCSRAM_1P0 | | | | 3369.6 | 2600.69 |
| AR24 | VSSIO_SENSE | | | | 2874.3 | 2600.69 |
| AR26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | 2600.69 |
| AR27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | 2600.69 |
| AR29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | 2600.69 |
| AR30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | 2600.69 |
| AR32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | 2600.69 |
| AR33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | 2600.69 |
| AR35 | VCCG1 | | | | -592.8 | 2600.69 |
| AR36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | 2600.69 |
| AR38 | VCCG1 | | | | -1583.4 | 2600.69 |
| AR4 | VSS | | | | 8545.83 | 2576.58 |
| AR40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | 2600.69 |
| AR41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | 2600.69 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 12 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AR43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | 2600.69 |
| AR44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | 2600.69 |
| AR46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | 2600.69 |
| AR47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | 2600.69 |
| AR49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | 2600.69 |
| AR50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | 2600.69 |
| AR51 | VSS | | | | -6041.1 | 2600.69 |
| AR53 | DDR_VREF_CA | | | | -6574.79 | 2576.58 |
| AR55 | DDR1_DQ[1] / DDR0_DQ[17] | | DDR1_DQ[1] | DDR0_DQ[17] | -7067.55 | 2576.58 |
| AR57 | DDR1_DQ[4] / DDR0_DQ[20] | | DDR1_DQ[4] | DDR0_DQ[20] | -7560.31 | 2576.58 |
| AR59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 2576.58 |
| AR6 | VSS | | | | 8053.07 | 2576.58 |
| AR61 | DDR0_DQ[11] | | | | -8545.83 | 2576.58 |
| AR63 | DDR0_DQ[14] | | | | -9038.59 | 2576.58 |
| AR8 | VSS | | | | 7560.31 | 2576.58 |
| AT1 | VCCPGPPA | | | | 9310.37 | 2898.65 |
| AT11 | GPP_F0 / I2S2_SCLK | | | | 6821.17 | 2898.65 |
| AT13 | GPP_F1 / I2S2_SFRM | | | | 6328.41 | 2903.73 |
| AT15 | VCCSPI | | | | 5846.1 | 3159.49 |
| AT16 | VCCPRIM_CORE | | | | 5350.8 | 3159.49 |
| AT18 | DCPRTC | | | | 4855.5 | 3159.49 |
| AT19 | VCCRTC | | | | 4360.2 | 3159.49 |
| AT21 | VCCPRIM_1P0 | | | | 3864.9 | 3159.49 |
| AT23 | VCCHDA | | | | 3369.6 | 3159.49 |
| AT24 | VCCIO_SENSE | | | | 2874.3 | 3159.49 |
| AT26 | VCCIO | | | | 2379 | 3159.49 |
| AT27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | 3159.49 |
| AT29 | VCCSA_DDR | | | | 1388.4 | 3159.49 |
| AT3 | SPI0_MOSI | | | | 8792.21 | 2898.65 |
| AT30 | VCCSA_DDR | | | | 893.1 | 3159.49 |
| AT32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | 3159.49 |
| AT33 | VCC | | | | -97.5 | 3159.49 |
| AT35 | VCC | | | | -592.8 | 3159.49 |
| AT36 | VCC | | | | -1088.1 | 3159.49 |
| AT38 | VCC | | | | -1583.4 | 3159.49 |
| AT40 | VCC | | | | -2078.7 | 3159.49 |
| AT41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | 3159.49 |
| AT43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | 3159.49 |
| AT44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | 3159.49 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 13 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|----------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AT46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | 3159.49 |
| AT47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | 3159.49 |
| AT49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | 3159.49 |
| AT5 | GPP_F3 / I2S2_RXD | | | | 8299.45 | 2898.65 |
| AT50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | 3159.49 |
| AT51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | 3159.49 |
| AT54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | 2898.65 |
| AT56 | DDR1_DQ[0] / DDR0_DQ[16] | | DDR1_DQ[0] | DDR0_DQ[16] | -7313.93 | 2898.65 |
| AT58 | DDR1_DQ[5] / DDR0_DQ[21] | | DDR1_DQ[5] | DDR0_DQ[21] | -7806.69 | 2898.65 |
| AT60 | DDR0_DQ[10] | | | | -8299.45 | 2898.65 |
| AT62 | DDR0_DQ[15] | | | | -8792.21 | 2898.65 |
| AT64 | VDDQ | | | | -9310.37 | 2898.65 |
| AT7 | GPP_F7 / I2C3_SCL | | | | 7806.69 | 2898.65 |
| AT9 | GPP_F11/ I2C5_SCL / ISH_I2C2_SCL | | | | 7313.93 | 2898.65 |
| AU10 | SPI0_CLK | | | | 7067.55 | 3220.72 |
| AU12 | SPI0_MISO | | | | 6574.79 | 3220.72 |
| AU2 | VCCPGPPA | | | | 9038.59 | 3220.72 |
| AU4 | SPI0_CS0# | | | | 8545.83 | 3220.72 |
| AU53 | VSS | | | | -6574.79 | 3220.72 |
| AU55 | VSS | | | | -7067.55 | 3220.72 |
| AU57 | VSS | | | | -7560.31 | 3220.72 |
| AU59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 3220.72 |
| AU6 | SPI0_CS1# | | | | 8053.07 | 3220.72 |
| AU61 | VSS | | | | -8545.83 | 3220.72 |
| AU63 | VSS | | | | -9038.59 | 3220.72 |
| AU8 | SPI0_CS2# | | | | 7560.31 | 3220.72 |
| AV1 | VCCPGPPB | | | | 9310.37 | 3542.79 |
| AV11 | SPI0_IO2 | | | | 6821.17 | 3542.79 |
| AV13 | SPI0_IO3 | | | | 6328.41 | 3542.79 |
| AV15 | VCCSPI | | | | 5881.62 | 3573.53 |
| AV16 | VSS | | | | 5475.22 | 3573.53 |
| AV18 | DCPRTC | | | | 4831.08 | 3573.53 |
| AV20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 3573.53 |
| AV22 | VCCHDA | | | | 3542.79 | 3573.53 |
| AV24 | VSS | | | | 2898.65 | 3573.53 |
| AV26 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 2254.5 | 3573.53 |
| AV28 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 1610.36 | 3573.53 |
| AV3 | GPP_B14 / SPKR | | | | 8792.21 | 3542.79 |
| AV30 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 966.22 | 3573.53 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 14 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| AV32 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 322.07 | 3573.53 |
| AV34 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -322.07 | 3573.53 |
| AV36 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -966.22 | 3573.53 |
| AV38 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -1610.36 | 3573.53 |
| AV40 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -2254.5 | 3573.53 |
| AV42 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -2898.65 | 3573.53 |
| AV44 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -3542.79 | 3573.53 |
| AV46 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -4186.94 | 3573.53 |
| AV48 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -4831.08 | 3573.53 |
| AV5 | GPP_B8 / SRCCLKREQ3# | | | | 8299.45 | 3542.79 |
| AV50 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -5475.22 | 3573.53 |
| AV52 | VSS | | | | -6119.37 | 3573.53 |
| AV54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | 3542.79 |
| AV56 | DDR0_MA[8] / DDR0_CAA[3] /DDR0_MA[8] | DDR0_CAA[3] | | | -7313.93 | 3542.79 |
| AV58 | DDR0_BA[2] / DDR0_CAA[5]/ DDR0_BG[0] | DDR0_CAA[5] | | | -7806.69 | 3542.79 |
| AV60 | DDR0_RAS# /DDR0_CAB[3]/DDR0_MA[16] | DDR0_CAB[3] | | | -8299.45 | 3542.79 |
| AV62 | DDR0_MA[0] /DDR0_CAB[9]/DDR0_MA[0] | DDR0_CAB[9] | | | -8792.21 | 3542.79 |
| AV64 | VDDQ | | | | -9310.37 | 3542.79 |
| AV7 | GPP_B9 / SRCCLKREQ4# | | | | 7806.69 | 3542.79 |
| AV9 | GPP_B6 / SRCCLKREQ1# | | | | 7313.93 | 3542.79 |
| AW10 | GPP_B16 / GSPI0_CLK | | | | 7067.55 | 3864.86 |
| AW12 | GPP_B20 / GSPI1_CLK | | | | 6574.79 | 3864.86 |
| AW17 | VSS | | | | 5153.15 | 3819.91 |
| AW19 | VSS | | | | 4509.01 | 3819.91 |
| AW2 | VCCPGPPB | | | | 9038.59 | 3864.86 |
| AW21 | VSS | | | | 3864.86 | 3819.91 |
| AW23 | VSS | | | | 3220.72 | 3819.91 |
| AW25 | VSS | | | | 2576.58 | 3819.91 |
| AW27 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 1932.43 | 3819.91 |
| AW29 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 1288.29 | 3819.91 |
| AW31 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 644.14 | 3819.91 |
| AW33 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | 0 | 3819.91 |
| AW35 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -644.14 | 3819.91 |
| AW37 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -1288.29 | 3819.91 |
| AW39 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -1932.43 | 3819.91 |
| AW4 | GPP_B21 / GSPI1_MISO | | | | 8545.83 | 3864.86 |
| AW41 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -2576.58 | 3819.91 |
| AW43 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -3220.72 | 3819.91 |
| AW45 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -3864.86 | 3819.91 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 15 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| AW47 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -4509.01 | 3819.91 |
| AW49 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -5153.15 | 3819.91 |
| AW51 | VCCIO_DDR | | | | -5797.3 | 3819.91 |
| AW53 | DDR1_VREF_DQ | | | | -6441.44 | 3827.53 |
| AW55 | DDR0_MA[9]/DDR0_CAA[1]/DDR0_MA[9] | DDR0_CAA[1] | | | -7067.55 | 3864.86 |
| AW57 | DDR0_MA[7]/DDR0_CAA[4]/DDR0_MA[7] | DDR0_CAA[4] | | | -7560.31 | 3864.86 |
| AW59 | DDR0_MA[5]/DDR0_CAA[0]/DDR0_MA[5] | DDR0_CAA[0] | | | -8053.07 | 3864.86 |
| AW6 | GPP_B17 / GSPI0_MISO | | | | 8053.07 | 3864.86 |
| AW61 | DDR0_CKE[3] | | | | -8545.83 | 3864.86 |
| AW63 | DDR0_CS#[0] | | | | -9038.59 | 3864.86 |
| AW8 | GPP_B22 / GSPI1_MOSI | | | | 7560.31 | 3864.86 |
| AY14 | GPD4 / SLP_S3# | | | | 5994.4 | 3959.86 |
| AY16 | VSS | | | | 5475.22 | 4066.29 |
| AY18 | RSVD_TP | | | | 4831.08 | 4066.29 |
| AY20 | RSVD | | | | 4186.94 | 4066.29 |
| AY22 | TP6 | | | | 3542.79 | 4066.29 |
| AY24 | VSS | | | | 2898.65 | 4066.29 |
| AY26 | VSS | | | | 2254.5 | 4066.29 |
| AY28 | VSS | | | | 1610.36 | 4066.29 |
| AY30 | VSS | | | | 966.22 | 4066.29 |
| AY32 | VSS | | | | 322.07 | 4066.29 |
| AY34 | VSS | | | | -322.07 | 4066.29 |
| AY36 | VSS | | | | -966.22 | 4066.29 |
| AY38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 4066.29 |
| AY40 | VSS | | | | -2254.5 | 4066.29 |
| AY42 | VSS | | | | -2898.65 | 4066.29 |
| AY44 | VSS | | | | -3542.79 | 4066.29 |
| AY46 | VSS | | | | -4186.94 | 4066.29 |
| AY48 | VSS | | | | -4831.08 | 4066.29 |
| AY50 | VSS | | | | -5475.22 | 4066.29 |
| AY52 | VSS | | | | -6119.37 | 4066.29 |
| B10 | PCIE_RCOMP | | | | 7085.58 | -7269.23 |
| B12 | CL_RST# | | | | 6441.44 | -7269.23 |
| B15 | USB3_2_RXN / SSIC_RXN | | | | 5797.3 | -7269.23 |
| B17 | USB3_4_RXN | | | | 5153.15 | -7269.23 |
| B19 | PCIE2_RXN / USB3_6_RXN | | | | 4509.01 | -7269.23 |
| B21 | PCIE4_RXN | | | | 3864.86 | -7269.23 |
| B23 | PCIE6_RXN | | | | 3220.72 | -7269.23 |
| B25 | PCIE8_RXN / SATA1A_RXN | | | | 2576.58 | -7269.23 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 16 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| B27 | PCIE10_RXN | | | | 1932.43 | -7269.23 |
| B29 | CSI2_DP4 | | | | 1288.29 | -7269.23 |
| B3 | RSVD | | | | 8881.11 | -7111.75 |
| B31 | CSI2_CLKP1 | | | | 644.14 | -7269.23 |
| B33 | CSI2_DP7 | | | | 0 | -7269.23 |
| B35 | CSI2_DP8 | | | | -644.14 | -7269.23 |
| B37 | CSI2_DP10 | | | | -1288.29 | -7269.23 |
| B39 | CSI2_CLKP3 | | | | -1932.43 | -7269.23 |
| B4 | RSVD | | | | 8451.85 | -7111.75 |
| B41 | DDI2_TXN[2] | | | | -2576.58 | -7269.23 |
| B43 | DDI2_TXN[3] | | | | -3220.72 | -7269.23 |
| B45 | DDI1_TXN[2] | | | | -3864.86 | -7269.23 |
| B47 | DDI1_TXN[3] | | | | -4509.01 | -7269.23 |
| B49 | JTAGX | | | | -5153.15 | -7269.23 |
| B51 | PCH_JTAG_TDO | | | | -5797.3 | -7269.23 |
| B53 | PCH_JTAG_TCK | | | | -6441.44 | -7269.23 |
| B55 | PROC_PREQ# | | | | -7085.58 | -7269.23 |
| B58 | VIDALERT# | | | | -7777.48 | -7178.04 |
| B6 | eDP_BKLCTL | | | | 8022.59 | -7111.75 |
| B61 | VCCST_PWRGD | | | | -8479.79 | -7111.75 |
| B62 | SKTOCC# | | | | -8881.11 | -7111.75 |
| B64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -7086.35 |
| B8 | GPP_E12 / USB2_OC3# | | | | 7593.33 | -7111.75 |
| BA1 | VSS | | | | 9310.37 | 4186.94 |
| BA11 | VSS | | | | 6821.17 | 4186.94 |
| BA13 | GPP_B0 / CORE_VID0 | | | | 6328.41 | 4186.94 |
| BA15 | GPD8 / SUSCLK | | | | 5797.3 | 4312.67 |
| BA17 | RSVD_TP | | | | 5153.15 | 4312.67 |
| BA19 | RSVD | | | | 4509.01 | 4312.67 |
| BA21 | RSVD | | | | 3864.86 | 4312.67 |
| BA23 | TP5 | | | | 3220.72 | 4312.67 |
| BA25 | VDDQ | | | | 2576.58 | 4312.67 |
| BA27 | VDDQ | | | | 1932.43 | 4312.67 |
| BA29 | VDDQ | | | | 1288.29 | 4312.67 |
| BA3 | VSS | | | | 8792.21 | 4186.94 |
| BA31 | VDDQ | | | | 644.14 | 4312.67 |
| BA33 | VDDQ | | | | 0 | 4312.67 |
| BA35 | VDDQ | | | | -644.14 | 4312.67 |
| BA37 | VDDQ | | | | -1288.29 | 4312.67 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 17 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BA39 | VDDQC | | | | -1932.43 | 4312.67 |
| BA41 | VDDQ | | | | -2576.58 | 4312.67 |
| BA43 | VDDQ | | | | -3220.72 | 4312.67 |
| BA45 | VDDQ | | | | -3864.86 | 4312.67 |
| BA47 | VDDQ | | | | -4509.01 | 4312.67 |
| BA49 | VDDQ | | | | -5153.15 | 4312.67 |
| BA5 | VSS | | | | 8299.45 | 4186.94 |
| BA51 | VDDQ | | | | -5797.3 | 4312.67 |
| BA53 | VSS | | | | -6441.44 | 4320.29 |
| BA56 | DDR0_MA[12]/DDR0_CAA[6]/DDR0_MA[12] | DDR0_CAA[6] | | | -7313.93 | 4186.94 |
| BA58 | VSS | | | | -7806.69 | 4186.94 |
| BA60 | DDR0_CKN[1] | | | | -8299.45 | 4186.94 |
| BA62 | DDR0_CKP[1] | | | | -8792.21 | 4186.94 |
| BA64 | VSS | | | | -9310.37 | 4186.94 |
| BA7 | VSS | | | | 7806.69 | 4186.94 |
| BA9 | VSS | | | | 7313.93 | 4186.94 |
| BB10 | GPP_B5 / SRCCLKREQ0# | | | | 7067.55 | 4509.01 |
| BB12 | GPP_B1 / CORE_VID1 | | | | 6548.63 | 4559.05 |
| BB14 | RSVD | | | | 6119.37 | 4559.05 |
| BB16 | GPD7 / RSVD | | | | 5475.22 | 4559.05 |
| BB18 | RSVD | | | | 4831.08 | 4559.05 |
| BB2 | GPP_B19 / GSPI1_CS# | | | | 9038.59 | 4509.01 |
| BB20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 4559.05 |
| BB22 | VSS | | | | 3542.79 | 4559.05 |
| BB24 | VSS | | | | 2898.65 | 4559.05 |
| BB26 | VSS | | | | 2254.5 | 4559.05 |
| BB28 | VSS | | | | 1610.36 | 4559.05 |
| BB30 | VSS | | | | 966.22 | 4559.05 |
| BB32 | VSS | | | | 322.07 | 4559.05 |
| BB34 | VSS | | | | -322.07 | 4559.05 |
| BB36 | VSS | | | | -966.22 | 4559.05 |
| BB38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 4559.05 |
| BB4 | GPP_B18 / GSPI0_MOSI | | | | 8545.83 | 4509.01 |
| BB40 | VSS | | | | -2254.5 | 4559.05 |
| BB42 | VSS | | | | -2898.65 | 4559.05 |
| BB44 | VSS | | | | -3542.79 | 4559.05 |
| BB46 | VSS | | | | -4186.94 | 4559.05 |
| BB48 | VSS | | | | -4831.08 | 4559.05 |
| BB50 | VSS | | | | -5475.22 | 4559.05 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 18 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BB52 | VSS | | | | -6119.37 | 4559.05 |
| BB54 | VSS | | | | -6763.51 | 4559.05 |
| BB57 | DDR0_CKE[0] | | | | -7560.31 | 4509.01 |
| BB59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | 4509.01 |
| BB6 | GPP_B23 / SML1ALERT# / PCHHOT# | | | | 8053.07 | 4509.01 |
| BB61 | DDR0_MA[2] /DDR0_CAB[5]/DDR0_MA[2] | DDR0_CAB[5] | | | -8545.83 | 4509.01 |
| BB63 | DDR0_MA[3] | | | | -9038.59 | 4509.01 |
| BB8 | GPP_B13 / PLTRST# | | | | 7560.31 | 4509.01 |
| BC1 | EMMC_RCOMP | | | | 9310.37 | 4831.08 |
| BC11 | GPP_B4 / CPU_GP3 | | | | 6695.44 | 4978.4 |
| BC15 | GPD11 / LANPHYPC | | | | 5797.3 | 4805.43 |
| BC17 | VSS | | | | 5153.15 | 4805.43 |
| BC19 | RSVD | | | | 4509.01 | 4805.43 |
| BC21 | DDR1_DQ[62] | | | | 3864.86 | 4805.43 |
| BC23 | DDR1_DQ[59] | | | | 3220.72 | 4805.43 |
| BC25 | DDR1_DQ[55] | | | | 2576.58 | 4805.43 |
| BC27 | DDR1_DQ[51] | | | | 1932.43 | 4805.43 |
| BC29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | 4805.43 |
| BC3 | GPP_B15 / GSPI0_CS# | | | | 8792.21 | 4831.08 |
| BC31 | DDR1_MA[1] /DDR1_CAB[8]/DDR1_MA[1] | DDR1_CAB[8] | | | 644.14 | 4805.43 |
| BC33 | DDR1_BA[0] /DDR1_CAB[4]/DDR1_BA[0] | DDR1_CAB[4] | | | 0 | 4805.43 |
| BC35 | DDR1_ODT[0] | | | | -644.14 | 4805.43 |
| BC37 | DDR1_WE#/DDR1_CAB[2]/DDR1_MA[14] | DDR1_CAB[2] | | | -1288.29 | 4805.43 |
| BC39 | DDR0_DQ[33] / DDR1_DQ[1] | | DDR0_DQ[33] | DDR1_DQ[1] | -1932.43 | 4805.43 |
| BC41 | DDR0_DQ[32] / DDR1_DQ[0] | | DDR0_DQ[32] | DDR1_DQ[0] | -2576.58 | 4805.43 |
| BC43 | DDR0_DQ[40] / DDR1_DQ[8] | | DDR0_DQ[40] | DDR1_DQ[8] | -3220.72 | 4805.43 |
| BC45 | DDR0_DQ[44] / DDR1_DQ[12] | | DDR0_DQ[44] | DDR1_DQ[12] | -3864.86 | 4805.43 |
| BC47 | VSS | | | | -4509.01 | 4805.43 |
| BC49 | DDR0_DQ[26] / DDR0_DQ[42] | | DDR0_DQ[26] | DDR0_DQ[42] | -5153.15 | 4805.43 |
| BC5 | GPP_B10 / SRCCLKREQ5# | | | | 8299.45 | 4831.08 |
| BC51 | DDR0_DQ[24] / DDR0_DQ[40] | | DDR0_DQ[24] | DDR0_DQ[40] | -5797.3 | 4805.43 |
| BC53 | DDR0_DQ[20] / DDR0_DQ[36] | | DDR0_DQ[20] | DDR0_DQ[36] | -6441.44 | 4805.43 |
| BC55 | DDR0_DQ[17] / DDR0_DQ[33] | | DDR0_DQ[17] | DDR0_DQ[33] | -7085.58 | 4805.43 |
| BC58 | DDR0_CKE[1] | | | | -7806.69 | 4831.08 |
| BC60 | DDR0_CKP[0] | | | | -8299.45 | 4831.08 |
| BC62 | DDR0_CKN[0] | | | | -8792.21 | 4831.08 |
| BC64 | DDR_RCOMP[2] | | | | -9310.37 | 4831.08 |
| BC7 | GPP_B11 / EXT_PWR_GATE# | | | | 7806.69 | 4831.08 |
| BC9 | GPP_B12 / SLP_S0# | | | | 7313.93 | 4831.08 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 19 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BD10 | GPP_B7 / SRCCLKREQ2# | | | | 7067.55 | 5148.58 |
| BD14 | GPD1 / ACPRESENT | | | | 6119.37 | 5051.81 |
| BD16 | GPD0 / BATLOW# | | | | 5475.22 | 5051.81 |
| BD18 | RSVD | | | | 4831.08 | 5051.81 |
| BD2 | GPP_A19 / ISH_GP1 | | | | 9038.59 | 5153.15 |
| BD20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 5051.81 |
| BD22 | DDR1_DQSP[7] | | | | 3542.79 | 5051.81 |
| BD24 | DDR1_DQ[57] | | | | 2898.65 | 5051.81 |
| BD26 | DDR1_DQSN[6] | | | | 2254.5 | 5051.81 |
| BD28 | DDR1_DQ[49] | | | | 1610.36 | 5051.81 |
| BD30 | DDR1_PAR | | | | 966.22 | 5051.81 |
| BD32 | DDR1_CKN[1] | | | | 322.07 | 5051.81 |
| BD34 | DDR1_ALERT# | | | | -322.07 | 5051.81 |
| BD36 | DDR1_BA[1] / DDR1_CAB[6] / DDR1_BA[1] | DDR1_CAB[6] | | | -966.22 | 5051.81 |
| BD38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 5051.81 |
| BD4 | GPP_A23 / ISH_GP5 | | | | 8545.83 | 5153.15 |
| BD40 | DDR0_DQSN[4] / DDR1_DQSN[0] | | DDR0_DQSN[4] | DDR1_DQSN[0] | -2254.5 | 5051.81 |
| BD42 | DDR0_DQ[37] / DDR1_DQ[5] | | DDR0_DQ[37] | DDR1_DQ[5] | -2898.65 | 5051.81 |
| BD44 | DDR0_DQSN[5] / DDR1_DQSN[1] | | DDR0_DQSN[5] | DDR1_DQSN[1] | -3542.79 | 5051.81 |
| BD46 | DDR0_DQ[41] / DDR1_DQ[9] | | DDR0_DQ[41] | DDR1_DQ[9] | -4186.94 | 5051.81 |
| BD48 | DDR0_DQ[31] / DDR0_DQ[47] | | DDR0_DQ[31] | DDR0_DQ[47] | -4831.08 | 5051.81 |
| BD50 | DDR0_DQSP[3] / DDR0_DQSP[5] | | DDR0_DQSP[3] | DDR0_DQSP[5] | -5475.22 | 5051.81 |
| BD52 | DDR0_DQ[22] / DDR0_DQ[38] | | DDR0_DQ[22] | DDR0_DQ[38] | -6119.37 | 5051.81 |
| BD54 | DDR0_DQSN[2] / DDR0_DQSN[4] | | DDR0_DQSN[2] | DDR0_DQSN[4] | -6763.51 | 5051.81 |
| BD56 | VSS | | | | -7407.66 | 5051.81 |
| BD59 | DDR0_MA[11] / DDR0_CAA[7] / DDR0_MA[11] | DDR0_CAA[7] | | | -8133.08 | 5237.48 |
| BD6 | GPP_B2 / VRALERT# | | | | 8053.07 | 5153.15 |
| BD61 | DDR0_MA[15] / DDR0_CAA[8] / DDR0_ACT# | DDR0_CAA[8] | | | -8545.83 | 5153.15 |
| BD63 | VSS | | | | -9038.59 | 5153.15 |
| BD8 | GPP_B3 / CPU_GP2 | | | | 7560.31 | 5153.15 |
| BE12 | VSS | | | | 6441.44 | 5298.19 |
| BE15 | GPD2 / LAN_WAKE# | | | | 5797.3 | 5298.19 |
| BE17 | GPD6 / SLP_A# | | | | 5153.15 | 5298.19 |
| BE19 | RSVD | | | | 4509.01 | 5298.19 |
| BE21 | DDR1_DQ[63] | | | | 3864.86 | 5298.19 |
| BE23 | DDR1_DQ[60] | | | | 3220.72 | 5298.19 |
| BE25 | DDR1_DQ[54] | | | | 2576.58 | 5298.19 |
| BE27 | DDR1_DQ[53] | | | | 1932.43 | 5298.19 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 20 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BE29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | 5298.19 |
| BE31 | VSS | | | | 644.14 | 5298.19 |
| BE33 | VSS | | | | 0 | 5298.19 |
| BE35 | VSS | | | | -644.14 | 5298.19 |
| BE37 | DDR1_CAS#/DDR1_CAB[1]/DDR1_MA[15] | DDR1_CAB[1] | | | -1288.29 | 5298.19 |
| BE39 | DDR0_DQ[35] / DDR1_DQ[3] | | DDR0_DQ[35] | DDR1_DQ[3] | -1932.43 | 5298.19 |
| BE41 | DDR0_DQ[39] / DDR1_DQ[7] | | DDR0_DQ[39] | DDR1_DQ[7] | -2576.58 | 5298.19 |
| BE43 | DDR0_DQ[45] / DDR1_DQ[13] | | DDR0_DQ[45] | DDR1_DQ[13] | -3220.72 | 5298.19 |
| BE45 | DDR0_DQ[46] / DDR1_DQ[14] | | DDR0_DQ[46] | DDR1_DQ[14] | -3864.86 | 5298.19 |
| BE47 | VSS | | | | -4509.01 | 5298.19 |
| BE49 | DDR0_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[43] | | DDR0_DQ[27] | DDR0_DQ[43] | -5153.15 | 5298.19 |
| BE51 | DDR0_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[41] | | DDR0_DQ[25] | DDR0_DQ[41] | -5797.3 | 5298.19 |
| BE53 | DDR0_DQ[19] / DDR0_DQ[35] | | DDR0_DQ[19] | DDR0_DQ[35] | -6441.44 | 5298.19 |
| BE55 | DDR0_DQ[16] / DDR0_DQ[32] | | DDR0_DQ[16] | DDR0_DQ[32] | -7085.58 | 5298.19 |
| BE57 | DDR0_CKE[2] | | | | -7729.73 | 5298.19 |
| BF1 | SD_RCOMP | | | | 9310.37 | 5475.22 |
| BF11 | GPP_A18 / ISH_GP0 | | | | 6763.51 | 5544.57 |
| BF14 | GPD3 / PWRBTN# | | | | 6119.37 | 5544.57 |
| BF16 | GPD5 / SLP_S4# | | | | 5475.22 | 5544.57 |
| BF18 | RSVD | | | | 4831.08 | 5544.57 |
| BF20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 5544.57 |
| BF22 | DDR1_DQSN[7] | | | | 3542.79 | 5544.57 |
| BF24 | DDR1_DQ[56] | | | | 2898.65 | 5544.57 |
| BF26 | DDR1_DQSP[6] | | | | 2254.5 | 5544.57 |
| BF28 | DDR1_DQ[48] | | | | 1610.36 | 5544.57 |
| BF3 | GPP_A7 / PIRQA# | | | | 8792.21 | 5475.22 |
| BF30 | DDR1_MA[2] /DDR1_CAB[5]/DDR1_MA[2] | DDR1_CAB[5] | | | 966.22 | 5544.57 |
| BF32 | DDR1_CKP[1] | | | | 322.07 | 5544.57 |
| BF34 | DDR1_RAS# /DDR1_CAB[3]/DDR1_MA[16] | DDR1_CAB[3] | | | -322.07 | 5544.57 |
| BF36 | DDR1_MA[0] /DDR1_CAB[9]/DDR1_MA[0] | DDR1_CAB[9] | | | -966.22 | 5544.57 |
| BF38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 5544.57 |
| BF40 | DDR0_DQSP[4] / DDR1_DQSP[0] | | DDR0_DQSP[4] | DDR1_DQSP[0] | -2254.5 | 5544.57 |
| BF42 | DDR0_DQ[36] / DDR1_DQ[4] | | DDR0_DQ[36] | DDR1_DQ[4] | -2898.65 | 5544.57 |
| BF44 | DDR0_DQSP[5] / DDR1_DQSP[1] | | DDR0_DQSP[5] | DDR1_DQSP[1] | -3542.79 | 5544.57 |
| BF46 | DDR0_DQ[47] / DDR1_DQ[15] | | DDR0_DQ[47] | DDR1_DQ[15] | -4186.94 | 5544.57 |
| BF48 | DDR0_DQ[30] / DDR0_DQ[46] | | DDR0_DQ[30] | DDR0_DQ[46] | -4831.08 | 5544.57 |
| BF5 | GPP_A10 / CLKOUT_LPC1 | | | | 8299.45 | 5475.22 |
| BF50 | DDR0_DQSN[3] / DDR0_DQSN[5] | | DDR0_DQSN[3] | DDR0_DQSN[5] | -5475.22 | 5544.57 |
| BF52 | DDR0_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[39] | | DDR0_DQ[23] | DDR0_DQ[39] | -6119.37 | 5544.57 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 21 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BF54 | DDR0_DQSP[2] / DDR0_DQSP[4] | | DDR0_DQSP[2] | DDR0_DQSP[4] | -6763.51 | 5544.57 |
| BF56 | VSS | | | | -7407.66 | 5544.57 |
| BF59 | VSS | | | | -8163.56 | 5638.8 |
| BF62 | DDR0_MA[6] /DDR0_CAA[2] /DDR0_MA[6] | DDR0_CAA[2] | | | -8792.21 | 5475.22 |
| BF64 | DDR_RCOMP[0] | | | | -9310.37 | 5475.22 |
| BF7 | GPP_A11 /PME# | | | | 7806.69 | 5475.22 |
| BF9 | GPP_A15 / SUSACK# | | | | 7308.85 | 5480.3 |
| BG10 | GPP_A3 / LAD2 / ESPI_IO2 | | | | 7170.42 | 5890.26 |
| BG12 | VSS | | | | 6441.44 | 5790.95 |
| BG15 | VSS | | | | 5797.3 | 5790.95 |
| BG17 | VSS | | | | 5153.15 | 5790.95 |
| BG19 | INTRUDER# | | | | 4509.01 | 5790.95 |
| BG2 | VSS | | | | 9038.59 | 5797.3 |
| BG21 | DDR1_DQ[58] | | | | 3864.86 | 5790.95 |
| BG23 | DDR1_DQ[61] | | | | 3220.72 | 5790.95 |
| BG25 | DDR1_DQ[50] | | | | 2576.58 | 5790.95 |
| BG27 | DDR1_DQ[52] | | | | 1932.43 | 5790.95 |
| BG29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | 5790.95 |
| BG31 | DDR1_MA[7] /DDR1_CAA[4] /DDR1_MA[7] | DDR1_CAA[4] | | | 644.14 | 5790.95 |
| BG33 | DDR1_CKE[2] | | | | 0 | 5790.95 |
| BG35 | DDR1_MA[10] /DDR1_CAB[7] / DDR1_MA[10] | DDR1_CAB[7] | | | -644.14 | 5790.95 |
| BG37 | DDR1_MA[13] /DDR1_CAB[0] / DDR1_MA[13] | DDR1_CAB[0] | | | -1288.29 | 5790.95 |
| BG39 | DDR0_DQ[38] / DDR1_DQ[6] | | DDR0_DQ[38] | DDR1_DQ[6] | -1932.43 | 5790.95 |
| BG4 | VSS | | | | 8545.83 | 5797.3 |
| BG41 | DDR0_DQ[34] / DDR1_DQ[2] | | DDR0_DQ[34] | DDR1_DQ[2] | -2576.58 | 5790.95 |
| BG43 | DDR0_DQ[42] / DDR1_DQ[10] | | DDR0_DQ[42] | DDR1_DQ[10] | -3220.72 | 5790.95 |
| BG45 | DDR0_DQ[43] / DDR1_DQ[11] | | DDR0_DQ[43] | DDR1_DQ[11] | -3864.86 | 5790.95 |
| BG47 | RSVD_TP | | | | -4509.01 | 5790.95 |
| BG49 | DDR0_DQ[29] / DDR0_DQ[45] | | DDR0_DQ[29] | DDR0_DQ[45] | -5153.15 | 5790.95 |
| BG51 | DDR0_DQ[28] / DDR0_DQ[44] | | DDR0_DQ[28] | DDR0_DQ[44] | -5797.3 | 5790.95 |
| BG53 | DDR0_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[34] | | DDR0_DQ[18] | DDR0_DQ[34] | -6441.44 | 5790.95 |
| BG55 | DDR0_DQ[21] / DDR0_DQ[37] | | DDR0_DQ[21] | DDR0_DQ[37] | -7085.58 | 5790.95 |
| BG57 | DDR0_ALERT# | | | | -7729.73 | 5790.95 |
| BG6 | VSS | | | | 8053.07 | 5797.3 |
| BG61 | DDR0_MA[14] /DDR0_CAA[9] / DDR0_BG[1] | DDR0_CAA[9] | | | -8545.83 | 5797.3 |
| BG63 | VSS | | | | -9038.59 | 5797.3 |
| BG8 | VSS | | | | 7560.31 | 5797.3 |
| BH11 | GPP_A8 / CLKRUN# | | | | 6763.51 | 6037.33 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 22 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BH14 | GPD10 / SLP_S5# | | | | 6119.37 | 6037.33 |
| BH16 | GPD9 / SLP_WLAN# | | | | 5475.22 | 6037.33 |
| BH18 | SRTCST# | | | | 4831.08 | 6037.33 |
| BH20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 6037.33 |
| BH22 | VSS | | | | 3542.79 | 6037.33 |
| BH24 | VSS | | | | 2898.65 | 6037.33 |
| BH26 | VSS | | | | 2254.5 | 6037.33 |
| BH28 | VSS | | | | 1610.36 | 6037.33 |
| BH30 | DDR1_CKE[3] | | | | 966.22 | 6037.33 |
| BH32 | VSS | | | | 322.07 | 6037.33 |
| BH34 | VSS | | | | -322.07 | 6037.33 |
| BH36 | VSS | | | | -966.22 | 6037.33 |
| BH38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 6037.33 |
| BH40 | VSS | | | | -2254.5 | 6037.33 |
| BH42 | VSS | | | | -2898.65 | 6037.33 |
| BH44 | VSS | | | | -3542.79 | 6037.33 |
| BH46 | VSS | | | | -4186.94 | 6037.33 |
| BH48 | VSS | | | | -4831.08 | 6037.33 |
| BH50 | VSS | | | | -5475.22 | 6037.33 |
| BH52 | VSS | | | | -6119.37 | 6037.33 |
| BH54 | VSS | | | | -6763.51 | 6037.33 |
| BH56 | VSS | | | | -7407.66 | 6037.33 |
| BH59 | VSS | | | | -8051.8 | 6037.33 |
| BJ1 | GPP_A20 / ISH_GP2 | | | | 9310.37 | 6177.03 |
| BJ10 | GPP_A9 / CLKOUT_LPC0 / ESPI_CLK | | | | 7085.58 | 6283.71 |
| BJ12 | RSMRST# | | | | 6441.44 | 6283.71 |
| BJ15 | TP1 | | | | 5797.3 | 6283.71 |
| BJ17 | TP2 | | | | 5153.15 | 6283.71 |
| BJ19 | HDA_SYNC / I2S0_SFRM | | | | 4509.01 | 6283.71 |
| BJ21 | DDR1_DQ[46] / DDR1_DQ[30] | | DDR1_DQ[46] | DDR1_DQ[30] | 3864.86 | 6283.71 |
| BJ23 | DDR1_DQ[43] / DDR1_DQ[27] | | DDR1_DQ[43] | DDR1_DQ[27] | 3220.72 | 6283.71 |
| BJ25 | DDR1_DQ[38] / DDR1_DQ[22] | | DDR1_DQ[38] | DDR1_DQ[22] | 2576.58 | 6283.71 |
| BJ27 | DDR1_DQ[39] / DDR1_DQ[23] | | DDR1_DQ[39] | DDR1_DQ[23] | 1932.43 | 6283.71 |
| BJ29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | 6283.71 |
| BJ3 | GPP_A22 / ISH_GP4 | | | | 8881.11 | 6253.23 |
| BJ31 | DDR1_MA[3] | | | | 644.14 | 6283.71 |
| BJ33 | DDR1_CS#[1] | | | | 0 | 6283.71 |
| BJ35 | DDR1_MA[11] / DDR1_CAA[7] / DDR1_MA[11] | DDR1_CAA[7] | | | -644.14 | 6283.71 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 23 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BJ37 | DDR1_MA[12] /DDR1_CAA[6] / DDR1_MA[12] | DDR1_CAA[6] | | | -1288.29 | 6283.71 |
| BJ39 | DDR0_DQ[63] / DDR1_DQ[47] | | DDR0_DQ[63] | DDR1_DQ[47] | -1932.43 | 6283.71 |
| BJ4 | Sx_EXIT_HOLDOFF# / GPP_A12 / BM_BUSY#/ISH_GP6 | | | | 8451.85 | 6253.23 |
| BJ41 | DDR0_DQ[58] / DDR1_DQ[42] | | DDR0_DQ[58] | DDR1_DQ[42] | -2576.58 | 6283.71 |
| BJ43 | DDR0_DQ[55] / DDR1_DQ[39] | | DDR0_DQ[55] | DDR1_DQ[39] | -3220.72 | 6283.71 |
| BJ45 | DDR0_DQ[54] / DDR1_DQ[38] | | DDR0_DQ[54] | DDR1_DQ[38] | -3864.86 | 6283.71 |
| BJ47 | VSS | | | | -4509.01 | 6283.71 |
| BJ49 | DDR1_DQ[27] / DDR0_DQ[59] | | DDR1_DQ[27] | DDR0_DQ[59] | -5153.15 | 6283.71 |
| BJ51 | DDR1_DQ[25] / DDR0_DQ[57] | | DDR1_DQ[25] | DDR0_DQ[57] | -5797.3 | 6283.71 |
| BJ53 | DDR1_DQ[18] / DDR0_DQ[50] | | DDR1_DQ[18] | DDR0_DQ[50] | -6441.44 | 6283.71 |
| BJ55 | DDR1_DQ[16] / DDR0_DQ[48] | | DDR1_DQ[16] | DDR0_DQ[48] | -7085.58 | 6283.71 |
| BJ57 | DDR0_CS#[1] | | | | -7729.73 | 6283.71 |
| BJ6 | GPP_A14 / SUS_STAT# / ESPI_RESET# | | | | 8022.59 | 6253.23 |
| BJ61 | DDR0_WE#/DDR0_CAB[2]/DDR0_MA[14] | DDR0_CAB[2] | | | -8451.85 | 6253.23 |
| BJ62 | VSS | | | | -8881.11 | 6253.23 |
| BJ64 | DDR_RCOMP[1] | | | | -9310.37 | 6177.03 |
| BJ8 | GPP_A2 / LAD1 / ESPI_IO1 | | | | 7593.33 | 6253.23 |
| BK11 | GPP_A1 / LAD0 / ESPI_IO0 | | | | 6763.51 | 6530.09 |
| BK14 | I2S1_TXD | | | | 6119.37 | 6530.09 |
| BK16 | HDA_SDO / I2S0_TXD | | | | 5475.22 | 6530.09 |
| BK18 | HDA_BLK / I2S0_SCLK | | | | 4831.08 | 6530.09 |
| BK20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 6530.09 |
| BK22 | DDR1_DQSP[5] / DDR1_DQSP[3] | | DDR1_DQSP[5] | DDR1_DQSP[3] | 3542.79 | 6530.09 |
| BK24 | DDR1_DQ[41] / DDR1_DQ[25] | | DDR1_DQ[41] | DDR1_DQ[25] | 2898.65 | 6530.09 |
| BK26 | DDR1_DQSN[4] / DDR1_DQSN[2] | | DDR1_DQSN[4] | DDR1_DQSN[2] | 2254.5 | 6530.09 |
| BK28 | DDR1_DQ[34] / DDR1_DQ[18] | | DDR1_DQ[34] | DDR1_DQ[18] | 1610.36 | 6530.09 |
| BK30 | DDR1_MA[5] /DDR1_CAA[0] /DDR1_MA[5] | DDR1_CAA[0] | | | 966.22 | 6530.09 |
| BK32 | DDR1_CKE[1] | | | | 322.07 | 6530.09 |
| BK34 | DDR1_MA[4] | | | | -322.07 | 6530.09 |
| BK36 | DDR1_CKN[0] | | | | -966.22 | 6530.09 |
| BK38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 6530.09 |
| BK40 | DDR0_DQSP[7] / DDR1_DQSP[5] | | DDR0_DQSP[7] | DDR1_DQSP[5] | -2254.5 | 6530.09 |
| BK42 | DDR0_DQ[60] / DDR1_DQ[44] | | DDR0_DQ[60] | DDR1_DQ[44] | -2898.65 | 6530.09 |
| BK44 | DDR0_DQSN[6] / DDR1_DQSN[4] | | DDR0_DQSN[6] | DDR1_DQSN[4] | -3542.79 | 6530.09 |
| BK46 | DDR0_DQ[51] / DDR1_DQ[35] | | DDR0_DQ[51] | DDR1_DQ[35] | -4186.94 | 6530.09 |
| BK48 | DDR1_DQ[30] / DDR0_DQ[62] | | DDR1_DQ[30] | DDR0_DQ[62] | -4831.08 | 6530.09 |
| BK50 | DDR1_DQSN[3] / DDR0_DQSN[7] | | DDR1_DQSN[3] | DDR0_DQSN[7] | -5475.22 | 6530.09 |
| BK52 | DDR1_DQ[23] / DDR0_DQ[55] | | DDR1_DQ[23] | DDR0_DQ[55] | -6119.37 | 6530.09 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 24 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BK54 | DDR1_DQSP[2] / DDR0_DQSP[6] | | DDR1_DQSP[2] | DDR0_DQSP[6] | -6763.51 | 6530.09 |
| BK56 | VSS | | | | -7407.66 | 6530.09 |
| BK59 | DDR0_MA[13] / DDR0_CAB[0] / DDR0_MA[13] | DDR0_CAB[0] | | | -8102.6 | 6453.89 |
| BL1 | VSS | | | | 9310.37 | 6631.69 |
| BL10 | GPP_A0 / RCIN# | | | | 7085.58 | 6776.47 |
| BL12 | I2S1_SFRM | | | | 6441.44 | 6776.47 |
| BL15 | HDA_SDI0/ I2S0_RXD | | | | 5797.3 | 6776.47 |
| BL17 | HDA_SDI1 / I2S1_RXD | | | | 5153.15 | 6776.47 |
| BL19 | HDA_RST# /I2S1_SCLK | | | | 4509.01 | 6776.47 |
| BL21 | DDR1_DQ[47] / DDR1_DQ[31] | | DDR1_DQ[47] | DDR1_DQ[31] | 3864.86 | 6776.47 |
| BL23 | DDR1_DQ[44] / DDR1_DQ[28] | | DDR1_DQ[44] | DDR1_DQ[28] | 3220.72 | 6776.47 |
| BL25 | DDR1_DQ[35] / DDR1_DQ[19] | | DDR1_DQ[35] | DDR1_DQ[19] | 2576.58 | 6776.47 |
| BL27 | DDR1_DQ[37] / DDR1_DQ[21] | | DDR1_DQ[37] | DDR1_DQ[21] | 1932.43 | 6776.47 |
| BL29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | 6776.47 |
| BL3 | GPP_A21 / ISH_GP3 | | | | 8881.11 | 6682.49 |
| BL31 | VSS | | | | 644.14 | 6776.47 |
| BL33 | VSS | | | | 0 | 6776.47 |
| BL35 | VSS | | | | -644.14 | 6776.47 |
| BL37 | DDR1_MA[8] / DDR1_CAA[3] /DDR1_MA[8] | DDR1_CAA[3] | | | -1288.29 | 6776.47 |
| BL39 | DDR0_DQ[62] / DDR1_DQ[46] | | DDR0_DQ[62] | DDR1_DQ[46] | -1932.43 | 6776.47 |
| BL4 | GPP_A17 / SD_PWR_EN# / ISH_GP7 | | | | 8451.85 | 6682.49 |
| BL41 | DDR0_DQ[61] / DDR1_DQ[45] | | DDR0_DQ[61] | DDR1_DQ[45] | -2576.58 | 6776.47 |
| BL43 | DDR0_DQ[50] / DDR1_DQ[34] | | DDR0_DQ[50] | DDR1_DQ[34] | -3220.72 | 6776.47 |
| BL45 | DDR0_DQ[53] / DDR1_DQ[37] | | DDR0_DQ[53] | DDR1_DQ[37] | -3864.86 | 6776.47 |
| BL47 | VSS | | | | -4509.01 | 6776.47 |
| BL49 | DDR1_DQ[26] / DDR0_DQ[58] | | DDR1_DQ[26] | DDR0_DQ[58] | -5153.15 | 6776.47 |
| BL51 | DDR1_DQ[24] / DDR0_DQ[56] | | DDR1_DQ[24] | DDR0_DQ[56] | -5797.3 | 6776.47 |
| BL53 | DDR1_DQ[19] / DDR0_DQ[51] | | DDR1_DQ[19] | DDR0_DQ[51] | -6441.44 | 6776.47 |
| BL55 | DDR1_DQ[17] / DDR0_DQ[49] | | DDR1_DQ[17] | DDR0_DQ[49] | -7085.58 | 6776.47 |
| BL57 | DDR0_MA[4] | | | | -7729.73 | 6768.85 |
| BL6 | GPP_A13 / SUSWARN# / SUSPWRDNACK | | | | 8022.59 | 6682.49 |
| BL61 | DDR0_BA[1] /DDR0_CAB[6]/DDR0_BA[1] | DDR0_CAB[6] | | | -8451.85 | 6682.49 |
| BL62 | DDR0_CAS#/DDR0_CAB[1]/DDR0_MA[15] | DDR0_CAB[1] | | | -8881.11 | 6682.49 |
| BL64 | RSVD_TP | | | | -9310.37 | 6631.69 |
| BL8 | VSS | | | | 7593.33 | 6682.49 |
| BM11 | VSS | | | | 6763.51 | 7022.85 |
| BM14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | 7022.85 |
| BM16 | VSS | | | | 5475.22 | 7022.85 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 25 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BM18 | VSS | | | | 4831.08 | 7022.85 |
| BM20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | 7022.85 |
| BM22 | DDR1_DQSN[5] / DDR1_DQSN[3] | | DDR1_DQSN[5] | DDR1_DQSN[3] | 3542.79 | 7022.85 |
| BM24 | DDR1_DQ[40] / DDR1_DQ[24] | | DDR1_DQ[40] | DDR1_DQ[24] | 2898.65 | 7022.85 |
| BM26 | DDR1_DQSP[4] / DDR1_DQSP[2] | | DDR1_DQSP[4] | DDR1_DQSP[2] | 2254.5 | 7022.85 |
| BM28 | DDR1_DQ[32] / DDR1_DQ[16] | | DDR1_DQ[32] | DDR1_DQ[16] | 1610.36 | 7022.85 |
| BM30 | DDR1_CS#[0] | | | | 966.22 | 7022.85 |
| BM32 | DDR1_MA[6] / DDR1_CAA[2] / DDR1_MA[6] | DDR1_CAA[2] | | | 322.07 | 7022.85 |
| BM34 | DDR1_MA[15] / DDR1_CAA[8] / DDR1_ACT# | DDR1_CAA[8] | | | -322.07 | 7022.85 |
| BM36 | DDR1_CKP[0] | | | | -966.22 | 7022.85 |
| BM38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 7022.85 |
| BM40 | DDR0_DQSN[7] / DDR1_DQSN[5] | | DDR0_DQSN[7] | DDR1_DQSN[5] | -2254.5 | 7022.85 |
| BM42 | DDR0_DQ[56] / DDR1_DQ[40] | | DDR0_DQ[56] | DDR1_DQ[40] | -2898.65 | 7022.85 |
| BM44 | DDR0_DQSP[6] / DDR1_DQSP[4] | | DDR0_DQSP[6] | DDR1_DQSP[4] | -3542.79 | 7022.85 |
| BM46 | DDR0_DQ[49] / DDR1_DQ[33] | | DDR0_DQ[49] | DDR1_DQ[33] | -4186.94 | 7022.85 |
| BM48 | DDR1_DQ[31] / DDR0_DQ[63] | | DDR1_DQ[31] | DDR0_DQ[63] | -4831.08 | 7022.85 |
| BM50 | DDR1_DQSP[3] / DDR0_DQSP[7] | | DDR1_DQSP[3] | DDR0_DQSP[7] | -5475.22 | 7022.85 |
| BM52 | DDR1_DQ[22] / DDR0_DQ[54] | | DDR1_DQ[22] | DDR0_DQ[54] | -6119.37 | 7022.85 |
| BM54 | DDR1_DQSN[2] / DDR0_DQSN[6] | | DDR1_DQSN[2] | DDR0_DQSN[6] | -6763.51 | 7022.85 |
| BM56 | DDR0_PAR | | | | -7407.66 | 7022.85 |
| BM59 | DDR0_MA[10] / DDR0_CAB[7] / DDR0_MA[10] | DDR0_CAB[7] | | | -8098.79 | 6923.28 |
| BN1 | TP4 | | | | 9310.37 | 7086.35 |
| BN10 | SLP_SUS# | | | | 7085.58 | 7269.23 |
| BN12 | RTCST# | | | | 6441.44 | 7269.23 |
| BN15 | DSW_PWROK | | | | 5797.3 | 7269.23 |
| BN17 | PROC_POPIRCOMP | | | | 5153.15 | 7269.23 |
| BN19 | RTCX1 | | | | 4509.01 | 7269.23 |
| BN21 | DDR1_DQ[42] / DDR1_DQ[26] | | DDR1_DQ[42] | DDR1_DQ[26] | 3864.86 | 7269.23 |
| BN23 | DDR1_DQ[45] / DDR1_DQ[29] | | DDR1_DQ[45] | DDR1_DQ[29] | 3220.72 | 7269.23 |
| BN25 | DDR1_DQ[36] / DDR1_DQ[20] | | DDR1_DQ[36] | DDR1_DQ[20] | 2576.58 | 7269.23 |
| BN27 | DDR1_DQ[33] / DDR1_DQ[17] | | DDR1_DQ[33] | DDR1_DQ[17] | 1932.43 | 7269.23 |
| BN29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | 7269.23 |
| BN3 | RSVD | | | | 8881.11 | 7111.75 |
| BN31 | DDR1_MA[9] / DDR1_CAA[1] / DDR1_MA[9] | DDR1_CAA[1] | | | 644.14 | 7269.23 |
| BN33 | DDR1_CKE[0] | | | | 0 | 7269.23 |
| BN35 | DDR1_MA[14] / DDR1_CAA[9] / DDR1_BG[1] | DDR1_CAA[9] | | | -644.14 | 7269.23 |
| BN37 | DDR1_BA[2] / DDR1_CAA[5] / DDR1_BG[0] | DDR1_CAA[5] | | | -1288.29 | 7269.23 |
| BN39 | DDR0_DQ[59] / DDR1_DQ[43] | | DDR0_DQ[59] | DDR1_DQ[43] | -1932.43 | 7269.23 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 26 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| BN4 | GPP_A16 / SD_1P8_SEL | | | | 8451.85 | 7111.75 |
| BN41 | DDR0_DQ[57] / DDR1_DQ[41] | | DDR0_DQ[57] | DDR1_DQ[41] | -2576.58 | 7269.23 |
| BN43 | DDR0_DQ[52] / DDR1_DQ[36] | | DDR0_DQ[52] | DDR1_DQ[36] | -3220.72 | 7269.23 |
| BN45 | DDR0_DQ[48] / DDR1_DQ[32] | | DDR0_DQ[48] | DDR1_DQ[32] | -3864.86 | 7269.23 |
| BN47 | DDR_VTT_CNTL | | | | -4509.01 | 7269.23 |
| BN49 | DDR1_DQ[28] / DDR0_DQ[60] | | DDR1_DQ[28] | DDR0_DQ[60] | -5153.15 | 7269.23 |
| BN51 | DDR1_DQ[29] / DDR0_DQ[61] | | DDR1_DQ[29] | DDR0_DQ[61] | -5797.3 | 7269.23 |
| BN53 | DDR1_DQ[21] / DDR0_DQ[53] | | DDR1_DQ[21] | DDR0_DQ[53] | -6441.44 | 7269.23 |
| BN55 | DDR1_DQ[20] / DDR0_DQ[52] | | DDR1_DQ[20] | DDR0_DQ[52] | -7085.58 | 7269.23 |
| BN58 | DDR0_MA[1] /DDR0_CAB[8]/DDR0_MA[1] | DDR0_CAB[8] | | | -7777.48 | 7178.04 |
| BN6 | VSS | | | | 8022.59 | 7111.75 |
| BN61 | DDR0_ODT[0] | | | | -8451.85 | 7111.75 |
| BN62 | DDR0_BA[0] /DDR0_CAB[4]/DDR0_BA[0] | DDR0_CAB[4] | | | -8881.11 | 7111.75 |
| BN64 | VDDQ | | | | -9310.37 | 7086.35 |
| BN8 | GPP_A6 / SERIRQ | | | | 7593.33 | 7111.75 |
| BP1 | VSS | | | | 9310.37 | 7541.01 |
| BP11 | SLP_LAN# | | | | 6763.51 | 7541.01 |
| BP14 | PCH_PWROK | | | | 6119.37 | 7541.01 |
| BP16 | PCH_OPIRCOMP | | | | 5475.22 | 7541.01 |
| BP18 | RTCX2 | | | | 4831.08 | 7541.01 |
| BP20 | DRAM_RESET# | | | | 4186.94 | 7541.01 |
| BP22 | VSS | | | | 3542.79 | 7541.01 |
| BP24 | VDDQ | | | | 2898.65 | 7541.01 |
| BP26 | VDDQ | | | | 2254.5 | 7541.01 |
| BP28 | VSS | | | | 1610.36 | 7541.01 |
| BP3 | RSVD | | | | 8855.71 | 7541.01 |
| BP30 | VSS | | | | 966.22 | 7541.01 |
| BP32 | VDDQ | | | | 322.07 | 7541.01 |
| BP34 | VDDQ | | | | -322.07 | 7541.01 |
| BP36 | VSS | | | | -966.22 | 7541.01 |
| BP38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | 7541.01 |
| BP40 | VDDQ | | | | -2254.5 | 7541.01 |
| BP42 | VDDQ | | | | -2898.65 | 7541.01 |
| BP44 | VSS | | | | -3542.79 | 7541.01 |
| BP46 | VSS | | | | -4186.94 | 7541.01 |
| BP48 | VDDQ | | | | -4831.08 | 7541.01 |
| BP5 | GPP_A4 / LAD3 / ESPI_IO3 | | | | 8401.05 | 7541.01 |
| BP50 | VDDQ | | | | -5475.22 | 7541.01 |
| BP52 | VSS | | | | -6119.37 | 7541.01 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 27 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| BP54 | VSS | | | | -6763.51 | 7541.01 |
| BP56 | VDDQ | | | | -7407.66 | 7541.01 |
| BP58 | VDDQ | | | | -7946.39 | 7541.01 |
| BP60 | VSS | | | | -8401.05 | 7541.01 |
| BP62 | VSS | | | | -8855.71 | 7541.01 |
| BP64 | VDDQ | | | | -9310.37 | 7541.01 |
| BP7 | GPP_A5 / LFRAME# / ESPI_CS# | | | | 7946.39 | 7541.01 |
| BP9 | WAKE# | | | | 7407.66 | 7541.01 |
| C11 | GPP_E13 / DDPB_HPDP0 | | | | 6763.51 | -7022.85 |
| C14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -7022.85 |
| C16 | USB3_1_RXN | | | | 5475.22 | -7022.85 |
| C18 | USB3_3_RXN | | | | 4831.08 | -7022.85 |
| C20 | PCIE1_RXN / USB3_5_RXN | | | | 4186.94 | -7022.85 |
| C22 | PCIE3_RXN | | | | 3542.79 | -7022.85 |
| C24 | PCIE5_RXN | | | | 2898.65 | -7022.85 |
| C26 | PCIE7_RXN / SATA0_RXN | | | | 2254.5 | -7022.85 |
| C28 | PCIE9_RXN | | | | 1610.36 | -7022.85 |
| C30 | CSI2_DN6 | | | | 966.22 | -7022.85 |
| C32 | CSI2_DN5 | | | | 322.07 | -7022.85 |
| C34 | CSI2_CLKN2 | | | | -322.07 | -7022.85 |
| C36 | CSI2_DN9 | | | | -966.22 | -7022.85 |
| C38 | CSI2_DN11 | | | | -1610.36 | -7022.85 |
| C40 | VSS | | | | -2254.5 | -7022.85 |
| C42 | DDI2_TXP[0] | | | | -2898.65 | -7022.85 |
| C44 | DDI2_TXP[1] | | | | -3542.79 | -7022.85 |
| C46 | DDI1_TXP[0] | | | | -4186.94 | -7022.85 |
| C48 | DDI1_TXN[1] | | | | -4831.08 | -7022.85 |
| C50 | PCH_JTAG_TDI | | | | -5475.22 | -7022.85 |
| C52 | PCH_TRST# | | | | -6119.37 | -7022.85 |
| C54 | PROC_TDI | | | | -6763.51 | -7022.85 |
| C56 | CFG[6] | | | | -7403.09 | -7022.85 |
| C59 | PROC_TMS | | | | -8110.22 | -6918.2 |
| D1 | VSS | | | | 9310.37 | -6631.69 |
| D10 | VSS | | | | 7085.58 | -6776.47 |
| D12 | CL_DATA | | | | 6441.44 | -6776.47 |
| D15 | USB3_2_RXP / SSIC_RXP | | | | 5797.3 | -6776.47 |
| D17 | USB3_4_RXP | | | | 5153.15 | -6776.47 |
| D19 | PCIE2_RXP / USB3_6_RXP | | | | 4509.01 | -6776.47 |
| D21 | PCIE4_RXP | | | | 3864.86 | -6776.47 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 28 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| D23 | PCIE6_RXP | | | | 3220.72 | -6776.47 |
| D25 | PCIE8_RXP / SATA1A_RXP | | | | 2576.58 | -6776.47 |
| D27 | PCIE10_RXP | | | | 1932.43 | -6776.47 |
| D29 | CSI2_DN4 | | | | 1288.29 | -6776.47 |
| D3 | eDP_VDDEN | | | | 8881.11 | -6682.49 |
| D31 | CSI2_CLKN1 | | | | 644.14 | -6776.47 |
| D33 | CSI2_DN7 | | | | 0 | -6776.47 |
| D35 | CSI2_DN8 | | | | -644.14 | -6776.47 |
| D37 | CSI2_DN10 | | | | -1288.29 | -6776.47 |
| D39 | CSI2_CLKN3 | | | | -1932.43 | -6776.47 |
| D4 | eDP_BKLEN | | | | 8451.85 | -6682.49 |
| D41 | DDI2_TXP[2] | | | | -2576.58 | -6776.47 |
| D43 | DDI2_TXP[3] | | | | -3220.72 | -6776.47 |
| D45 | DDI1_TXP[2] | | | | -3864.86 | -6776.47 |
| D47 | DDI1_TXP[3] | | | | -4509.01 | -6776.47 |
| D49 | RSVD | | | | -5153.15 | -6776.47 |
| D51 | PROC_PRDY# | | | | -5797.3 | -6776.47 |
| D53 | PROC_TCK | | | | -6441.44 | -6776.47 |
| D55 | CFG[5] | | | | -7149.08 | -6687.57 |
| D57 | CFG[10] | | | | -7724.65 | -6756.15 |
| D6 | VSS | | | | 8022.59 | -6682.49 |
| D61 | CFG[8] | | | | -8451.85 | -6682.49 |
| D62 | VSS | | | | -8881.11 | -6682.49 |
| D64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -6631.69 |
| D8 | VSS | | | | 7593.33 | -6682.49 |
| E11 | GPP_E3 / CPU_GP0 | | | | 6763.51 | -6530.09 |
| E14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -6530.09 |
| E16 | VSS | | | | 5475.22 | -6530.09 |
| E18 | VSS | | | | 4831.08 | -6530.09 |
| E20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | -6530.09 |
| E22 | VSS | | | | 3542.79 | -6530.09 |
| E24 | VSS | | | | 2898.65 | -6530.09 |
| E26 | VSS | | | | 2254.5 | -6530.09 |
| E28 | VSS | | | | 1610.36 | -6530.09 |
| E30 | VSS | | | | 966.22 | -6530.09 |
| E32 | VSS | | | | 322.07 | -6530.09 |
| E34 | VSS | | | | -322.07 | -6530.09 |
| E36 | VSS | | | | -966.22 | -6530.09 |
| E38 | VSS | | | | -1610.36 | -6530.09 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 29 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| E40 | VSS | | | | -2254.5 | -6530.09 |
| E42 | VSS | | | | -2898.65 | -6530.09 |
| E44 | VSS | | | | -3542.79 | -6530.09 |
| E46 | VSS | | | | -4186.94 | -6530.09 |
| E48 | VSS | | | | -4831.08 | -6530.09 |
| E50 | VSS | | | | -5475.22 | -6530.09 |
| E52 | VSS | | | | -6119.37 | -6530.09 |
| E54 | VSS | | | | -6763.51 | -6530.09 |
| E56 | VSS | | | | -7509.26 | -6403.09 |
| E59 | VSS | | | | -8088.88 | -6413.25 |
| F1 | RSVD | | | | 9310.37 | -6177.03 |
| F10 | GPP_E4 / DEVSLP0 | | | | 7085.58 | -6283.71 |
| F12 | CL_CLK | | | | 6441.44 | -6283.71 |
| F15 | USB3_2_TXN / SSIC_TXN | | | | 5797.3 | -6283.71 |
| F17 | USB3_4_TXN | | | | 5153.15 | -6283.71 |
| F19 | PCIE2_TXN / USB3_6_TXN | | | | 4509.01 | -6283.71 |
| F21 | PCIE4_TXN | | | | 3864.86 | -6283.71 |
| F23 | PCIE6_TXN | | | | 3220.72 | -6283.71 |
| F25 | PCIE8_TXN / SATA1A_TXN | | | | 2576.58 | -6283.71 |
| F27 | PCIE10_TXN | | | | 1932.43 | -6283.71 |
| F29 | CSI2_DP0 | | | | 1288.29 | -6283.71 |
| F3 | RSVD | | | | 8881.11 | -6253.23 |
| F31 | CSI2_CLKP0 | | | | 644.14 | -6283.71 |
| F33 | CSI2_DN1 | | | | 0 | -6283.71 |
| F35 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P1 | | | | -644.14 | -6283.71 |
| F37 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P4 | | | | -1288.29 | -6283.71 |
| F39 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P5 | | | | -1932.43 | -6283.71 |
| F4 | GPP_E21 / DDPC_CTRLDATA | | | | 8451.85 | -6253.23 |
| F41 | DDI1_AUXP | | | | -2576.58 | -6283.71 |
| F43 | EDP_TXP[3] | | | | -3220.72 | -6283.71 |
| F45 | EDP_TXP[0] | | | | -3864.86 | -6283.71 |
| F47 | PROC_TRST# | | | | -4509.01 | -6283.71 |
| F49 | PECI | | | | -5153.15 | -6283.71 |
| F51 | BPM#[2] | | | | -5797.3 | -6283.71 |
| F53 | CFG[1] | | | | -6441.44 | -6283.71 |
| F55 | CFG[7] | | | | -7085.58 | -6283.71 |
| F6 | GPP_E16 / DDPE_HPD3 | | | | 8022.59 | -6253.23 |
| F61 | CFG[11] | | | | -8477.25 | -6253.23 |
| F62 | VSS | | | | -8881.11 | -6253.23 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 30 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| F64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -6171.03 |
| F8 | GPP_E11 / USB2_OC2# | | | | 7593.33 | -6253.23 |
| G11 | GPP_E0 / SATAXPCIE0 / SATAGP0 | | | | 6763.51 | -6037.33 |
| G14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -6037.33 |
| G16 | USB3_1_TXN | | | | 5475.22 | -6037.33 |
| G18 | USB3_3_TXN | | | | 4831.08 | -6037.33 |
| G20 | PCIE1_TXN / USB3_5_TXN | | | | 4186.94 | -6037.33 |
| G22 | PCIE3_TXN | | | | 3542.79 | -6037.33 |
| G24 | PCIE5_TXN | | | | 2898.65 | -6037.33 |
| G26 | PCIE7_TXN / SATA0_TXN | | | | 2254.5 | -6037.33 |
| G28 | PCIE9_TXN | | | | 1610.36 | -6037.33 |
| G30 | CSI2_DP2 | | | | 966.22 | -6037.33 |
| G32 | CSI2_DP3 | | | | 322.07 | -6037.33 |
| G34 | CLKOUT_ITPXD_P | | | | -322.07 | -6037.33 |
| G36 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P2 | | | | -966.22 | -6037.33 |
| G38 | CLKOUT_PCIE_P3 | | | | -1610.36 | -6037.33 |
| G40 | DDI2_AUXP | | | | -2254.5 | -6037.33 |
| G42 | EDP_AUXP | | | | -2898.65 | -6037.33 |
| G44 | EDP_TXP[1] | | | | -3542.79 | -6037.33 |
| G46 | EDP_TXP[2] | | | | -4186.94 | -6037.33 |
| G48 | PROC_TDO | | | | -4831.08 | -6037.33 |
| G50 | BPM#[3] | | | | -5475.22 | -6037.33 |
| G52 | CFG[0] | | | | -6119.37 | -6037.33 |
| G54 | CFG[17] | | | | -6763.51 | -6037.33 |
| G56 | CFG[18] | | | | -7417.82 | -6010.66 |
| G58 | CFG[9] | | | | -7818.63 | -6095.75 |
| H10 | GPP_E5 / DEVSLP1 | | | | 7170.42 | -5890.26 |
| H12 | RSVD | | | | 6441.44 | -5790.95 |
| H15 | USB3_2_TXP / SSIC_TXP | | | | 5797.3 | -5790.95 |
| H17 | USB3_4_TXP | | | | 5153.15 | -5790.95 |
| H19 | PCIE2_TXP / USB3_6_TXP | | | | 4509.01 | -5790.95 |
| H2 | SYS_RESET# | | | | 9038.59 | -5797.3 |
| H21 | PCIE4_TXP | | | | 3864.86 | -5790.95 |
| H23 | PCIE6_TXP | | | | 3220.72 | -5790.95 |
| H25 | PCIE8_TXP / SATA1A_TXP | | | | 2576.58 | -5790.95 |
| H27 | PCIE10_TXP | | | | 1932.43 | -5790.95 |
| H29 | CSI2_DN0 | | | | 1288.29 | -5790.95 |
| H31 | CSI2_CLKN0 | | | | 644.14 | -5790.95 |
| H33 | CSI2_DP1 | | | | 0 | -5790.95 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 31 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| H35 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N1 | | | | -644.14 | -5790.95 |
| H37 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N4 | | | | -1288.29 | -5790.95 |
| H39 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N5 | | | | -1932.43 | -5790.95 |
| H4 | GPP_E20 / DDPC_CTRLCLK | | | | 8545.83 | -5797.3 |
| H41 | DDI1_AUXN | | | | -2576.58 | -5790.95 |
| H43 | EDP_TXN[3] | | | | -3220.72 | -5790.95 |
| H45 | EDP_TXN[0] | | | | -3864.86 | -5790.95 |
| H47 | THERMTRIP# | | | | -4509.01 | -5790.95 |
| H49 | CATERR# | | | | -5153.15 | -5790.95 |
| H51 | BPM#[0] | | | | -5797.3 | -5790.95 |
| H53 | CFG[3] | | | | -6441.44 | -5790.95 |
| H55 | CFG[4] | | | | -7085.58 | -5783.33 |
| H59 | CFG[15] | | | | -8130.79 | -5839.21 |
| H6 | GPP_E19 / DDPB_CTRLDATA | | | | 8053.07 | -5797.3 |
| H61 | CFG[14] | | | | -8545.83 | -5797.3 |
| H63 | VCC | | | | -9038.59 | -5797.3 |
| H8 | GPP_E8 / SATALED# | | | | 7560.31 | -5797.3 |
| J1 | SYS_PWROK | | | | 9310.37 | -5475.22 |
| J11 | GPP_E1 / SATAXPICIE1 / SATAGP1 | | | | 6763.51 | -5544.57 |
| J14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -5544.57 |
| J16 | USB3_1_TXP | | | | 5475.22 | -5544.57 |
| J18 | USB3_3_TXP | | | | 4831.08 | -5544.57 |
| J20 | PCIE1_TXP / USB3_5_TXP | | | | 4186.94 | -5544.57 |
| J22 | PCIE3_TXP | | | | 3542.79 | -5544.57 |
| J24 | PCIE5_TXP | | | | 2898.65 | -5544.57 |
| J26 | PCIE7_TXP / SATA0_TXP | | | | 2254.5 | -5544.57 |
| J28 | PCIE9_TXP | | | | 1610.36 | -5544.57 |
| J3 | VSS | | | | 8792.21 | -5475.22 |
| J30 | CSI2_DN2 | | | | 966.22 | -5544.57 |
| J32 | CSI2_DN3 | | | | 322.07 | -5544.57 |
| J34 | CLKOUT_ITPXPDP_N | | | | -322.07 | -5544.57 |
| J36 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N2 | | | | -966.22 | -5544.57 |
| J38 | CLKOUT_PCIE_N3 | | | | -1610.36 | -5544.57 |
| J40 | DDI2_AUXN | | | | -2254.5 | -5544.57 |
| J42 | EDP_AUXN | | | | -2898.65 | -5544.57 |
| J44 | EDP_TXN[1] | | | | -3542.79 | -5544.57 |
| J46 | EDP_TXN[2] | | | | -4186.94 | -5544.57 |
| J48 | PROCHOT# | | | | -4831.08 | -5544.57 |
| J5 | VSS | | | | 8299.45 | -5475.22 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 32 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|---------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| J50 | BPM#[1] | | | | -5475.22 | -5544.57 |
| J52 | CFG[2] | | | | -6119.37 | -5544.57 |
| J54 | CFG[16] | | | | -6763.51 | -5544.57 |
| J56 | CFG[19] | | | | -7407.66 | -5544.57 |
| J58 | CFG[13] | | | | -7805.93 | -5605.53 |
| J60 | CFG[12] | | | | -8299.45 | -5475.22 |
| J62 | VSS | | | | -8792.21 | -5475.22 |
| J64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -5475.22 |
| J7 | VSS | | | | 7806.69 | -5475.22 |
| J9 | VSS | | | | 7313.93 | -5475.22 |
| K12 | RSVD | | | | 6441.44 | -5298.19 |
| K15 | VSS | | | | 5797.3 | -5298.19 |
| K17 | VSS | | | | 5153.15 | -5298.19 |
| K19 | VSS | | | | 4509.01 | -5298.19 |
| K21 | VSS | | | | 3864.86 | -5298.19 |
| K23 | VSS | | | | 3220.72 | -5298.19 |
| K25 | VSS | | | | 2576.58 | -5298.19 |
| K27 | VSS | | | | 1932.43 | -5298.19 |
| K29 | VSS | | | | 1288.29 | -5298.19 |
| K31 | VSS | | | | 644.14 | -5298.19 |
| K33 | VSS | | | | 0 | -5298.19 |
| K35 | VSS | | | | -644.14 | -5298.19 |
| K37 | VSS | | | | -1288.29 | -5298.19 |
| K39 | VSS | | | | -1932.43 | -5298.19 |
| K41 | VSS | | | | -2576.58 | -5298.19 |
| K43 | VSS | | | | -3220.72 | -5298.19 |
| K45 | VSS | | | | -3864.86 | -5298.19 |
| K47 | VSS | | | | -4509.01 | -5298.19 |
| K49 | VSS | | | | -5153.15 | -5298.19 |
| K51 | VSS | | | | -5797.3 | -5298.19 |
| K53 | VSS | | | | -6441.44 | -5298.19 |
| K55 | VSS | | | | -7085.58 | -5298.19 |
| L10 | GPP_E14 / DDPC_HPDI | | | | 7067.55 | -5153.15 |
| L14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -5051.81 |
| L16 | RSVD | | | | 5475.22 | -5051.81 |
| L18 | RSVD | | | | 4831.08 | -5051.81 |
| L2 | XTAL24_OUT | | | | 9038.59 | -5153.15 |
| L20 | RSVD | | | | 4186.94 | -5051.81 |
| L22 | RSVD | | | | 3542.79 | -5051.81 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 33 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| L24 | RSVD | | | | 2898.65 | -5051.81 |
| L26 | RSVD | | | | 2254.5 | -5051.81 |
| L28 | RSVD | | | | 1610.36 | -5051.81 |
| L30 | VCCSA | | | | 966.22 | -5051.81 |
| L32 | VSS_SENSE | | | | 322.07 | -5051.81 |
| L34 | VCC_SENSE | | | | -322.07 | -5051.81 |
| L36 | RSVD | | | | -966.22 | -5051.81 |
| L38 | RSVD | | | | -1610.36 | -5051.81 |
| L4 | GPP_E23 | | | | 8545.83 | -5153.15 |
| L40 | VCC | | | | -2254.5 | -5051.81 |
| L42 | VCC | | | | -2898.65 | -5051.81 |
| L44 | VCC | | | | -3542.79 | -5051.81 |
| L46 | VCC | | | | -4186.94 | -5051.81 |
| L48 | VCC | | | | -4831.08 | -5051.81 |
| L50 | VCC | | | | -5475.22 | -5051.81 |
| L52 | VCC | | | | -6119.37 | -5051.81 |
| L54 | VCC | | | | -6763.51 | -5051.81 |
| L57 | VSS | | | | -7660.64 | -5232.4 |
| L59 | VSS | | | | -8053.07 | -5153.15 |
| L6 | GPP_E18 / DDPB_CTRLCLK | | | | 8053.07 | -5153.15 |
| L61 | VSS | | | | -8545.83 | -5153.15 |
| L63 | VCC | | | | -9038.59 | -5153.15 |
| L8 | GPP_E6 / DEVSLP2 | | | | 7560.31 | -5153.15 |
| M1 | XTAL24_IN | | | | 9310.37 | -4831.08 |
| M11 | GPP_E10 / USB2_OC1# | | | | 6821.17 | -4831.08 |
| M15 | RSVD | | | | 5797.3 | -4805.43 |
| M17 | RSVD | | | | 5153.15 | -4805.43 |
| M19 | RSVD | | | | 4509.01 | -4805.43 |
| M21 | RSVD | | | | 3864.86 | -4805.43 |
| M23 | RSVD | | | | 3220.72 | -4805.43 |
| M25 | RSVD | | | | 2576.58 | -4805.43 |
| M27 | RSVD | | | | 1932.43 | -4805.43 |
| M29 | VCCSA_SENSE | | | | 1288.29 | -4805.43 |
| M3 | VSS | | | | 8792.21 | -4831.08 |
| M31 | VCCSA | | | | 644.14 | -4805.43 |
| M33 | VCC | | | | 0 | -4805.43 |
| M35 | VCC | | | | -644.14 | -4805.43 |
| M37 | VCC | | | | -1288.29 | -4805.43 |
| M39 | VCC | | | | -1932.43 | -4805.43 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 34 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| M41 | VCC | | | | -2576.58 | -4805.43 |
| M43 | VCC | | | | -3220.72 | -4805.43 |
| M45 | VCC | | | | -3864.86 | -4805.43 |
| M47 | VCC | | | | -4509.01 | -4805.43 |
| M49 | VCC | | | | -5153.15 | -4805.43 |
| M5 | GPP_E22 | | | | 8299.45 | -4831.08 |
| M51 | VCC | | | | -5797.3 | -4805.43 |
| M53 | VCC | | | | -6441.44 | -4805.43 |
| M56 | VCC | | | | -7341.87 | -4989.83 |
| M58 | VCC | | | | -7806.69 | -4831.08 |
| M60 | VCC | | | | -8299.45 | -4831.08 |
| M62 | VCC | | | | -8792.21 | -4831.08 |
| M64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -4831.08 |
| M7 | GPP_E15 / DDPD_HPD2 | | | | 7806.69 | -4831.08 |
| M9 | GPP_E7 / CPU_GP1 | | | | 7313.93 | -4831.08 |
| N10 | GPP_E2 / SATAXPCIE2 / SATAGP2 | | | | 7067.55 | -4509.01 |
| N12 | GPP_E9 / USB2_OC0# | | | | 6574.79 | -4509.01 |
| N14 | VSS | | | | 6119.37 | -4559.05 |
| N16 | VSS | | | | 5475.22 | -4559.05 |
| N18 | VSS | | | | 4831.08 | -4559.05 |
| N2 | USB2_COMP | | | | 9038.59 | -4509.01 |
| N20 | VSS | | | | 4186.94 | -4559.05 |
| N22 | VSS | | | | 3542.79 | -4559.05 |
| N24 | VSS | | | | 2898.65 | -4559.05 |
| N26 | VSS | | | | 2254.5 | -4559.05 |
| N28 | VSSSA_SENSE | | | | 1610.36 | -4559.05 |
| N30 | VCCSA | | | | 966.22 | -4559.05 |
| N32 | VCC | | | | 322.07 | -4559.05 |
| N34 | VCC | | | | -322.07 | -4559.05 |
| N36 | VCC | | | | -966.22 | -4559.05 |
| N38 | VCC | | | | -1610.36 | -4559.05 |
| N4 | GPP_D4 / FLASHTRIG | | | | 8545.83 | -4509.01 |
| N40 | VCC | | | | -2254.5 | -4559.05 |
| N42 | VCC | | | | -2898.65 | -4559.05 |
| N44 | VCCGT | | | | -3542.79 | -4559.05 |
| N46 | VCCGT | | | | -4186.94 | -4559.05 |
| N48 | VCCGT | | | | -4831.08 | -4559.05 |
| N50 | VCCGT | | | | -5475.22 | -4559.05 |
| N52 | VCCGT_SENSE | | | | -6119.37 | -4559.05 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 35 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| N54 | VCC | | | | -6777.48 | -4586.99 |
| N55 | VCC | | | | -7176.77 | -4625.34 |
| N57 | VCC | | | | -7560.31 | -4509.01 |
| N59 | VCC | | | | -8053.07 | -4509.01 |
| N6 | GPP_D0 | | | | 8053.07 | -4509.01 |
| N61 | VCC | | | | -8545.83 | -4509.01 |
| N63 | VCC | | | | -9038.59 | -4509.01 |
| N8 | GPP_D2 | | | | 7560.31 | -4509.01 |
| P1 | XCLK_BIASREF | | | | 9310.37 | -4186.94 |
| P11 | GPP_D9 | | | | 6821.17 | -4186.94 |
| P13 | RSVD | | | | 6328.41 | -4181.86 |
| P3 | GPP_D3 | | | | 8792.21 | -4186.94 |
| P5 | GPP_D6 / ISH_I2C0_SCL | | | | 8299.45 | -4186.94 |
| P52 | VSSGT_SENSE | | | | -6423.66 | -4277.36 |
| P54 | VSS | | | | -6821.17 | -4186.94 |
| P56 | VCC | | | | -7313.93 | -4186.94 |
| P58 | VCC | | | | -7806.69 | -4186.94 |
| P60 | VCC | | | | -8299.45 | -4186.94 |
| P62 | VCC | | | | -8792.21 | -4186.94 |
| P64 | VCC | | | | -9310.37 | -4186.94 |
| P7 | GPP_D5 / ISH_I2C0_SDA | | | | 7806.69 | -4186.94 |
| P9 | GPP_D1 | | | | 7313.93 | -4186.94 |
| R10 | VSS | | | | 7067.55 | -3864.86 |
| R12 | RSVD | | | | 6574.79 | -3864.86 |
| R15 | VCCAPLLEBB_1P0 | | | | 5846.1 | -4104.91 |
| R16 | VCCAPLLEBB_1P0 | | | | 5350.8 | -4104.91 |
| R18 | VSS | | | | 4855.5 | -4104.91 |
| R19 | VCCCLK6 | | | | 4360.2 | -4104.91 |
| R2 | VSS | | | | 9038.59 | -3864.86 |
| R21 | VCCCLK5 | | | | 3864.9 | -4104.91 |
| R23 | VCCCLK5 | | | | 3369.6 | -4104.91 |
| R24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | -4104.91 |
| R26 | VCCSTG | | | | 2379 | -4104.91 |
| R27 | VCCPLL | | | | 1883.7 | -4104.91 |
| R29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -4104.91 |
| R30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | -4104.91 |
| R32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -4104.91 |
| R33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -4104.91 |
| R35 | VCCG0 | | | | -592.8 | -4104.91 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 36 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| R36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -4104.91 |
| R38 | VCCG0 | | | | -1583.4 | -4104.91 |
| R4 | VSS | | | | 8545.83 | -3864.86 |
| R40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -4104.91 |
| R41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -4104.91 |
| R43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | -4104.91 |
| R44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | -4104.91 |
| R46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | -4104.91 |
| R47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | -4104.91 |
| R49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | -4104.91 |
| R50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | -4104.91 |
| R51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | -4104.91 |
| R53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | -3864.86 |
| R55 | VSS | | | | -7067.55 | -3864.86 |
| R57 | VCC | | | | -7560.31 | -3864.86 |
| R59 | VCC | | | | -8053.07 | -3864.86 |
| R6 | VSS | | | | 8053.07 | -3864.86 |
| R61 | VCC | | | | -8545.83 | -3864.86 |
| R63 | VCC | | | | -9038.59 | -3864.86 |
| R8 | VSS | | | | 7560.31 | -3864.86 |
| T1 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | 9310.37 | -3542.79 |
| T11 | GPP_D12 | | | | 6821.17 | -3542.79 |
| T13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | -3537.71 |
| T15 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | 5846.1 | -3546.11 |
| T16 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | 5350.8 | -3546.11 |
| T18 | VSS | | | | 4855.5 | -3546.11 |
| T19 | VCCCLK6 | | | | 4360.2 | -3546.11 |
| T21 | VSS | | | | 3864.9 | -3546.11 |
| T23 | VSS | | | | 3369.6 | -3546.11 |
| T24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | -3546.11 |
| T26 | VCCSTG | | | | 2379 | -3546.11 |
| T27 | VCCPLL | | | | 1883.7 | -3546.11 |
| T29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -3546.11 |
| T3 | GPP_D8 / ISH_I2C1_SCL | | | | 8792.21 | -3542.79 |
| T30 | VCCSA | | | | 893.1 | -3546.11 |
| T32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -3546.11 |
| T33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -3546.11 |
| T35 | VCCG0 | | | | -592.8 | -3546.11 |
| T36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -3546.11 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 37 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| T38 | VCCG0 | | | | -1583.4 | -3546.11 |
| T40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -3546.11 |
| T41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -3546.11 |
| T43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | -3546.11 |
| T44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | -3546.11 |
| T46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | -3546.11 |
| T47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | -3546.11 |
| T49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | -3546.11 |
| T5 | GPP_D11 | | | | 8299.45 | -3542.79 |
| T50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | -3546.11 |
| T51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | -3546.11 |
| T54 | VCCGT | | | | -6821.17 | -3542.79 |
| T56 | VSS | | | | -7313.93 | -3542.79 |
| T58 | VSS | | | | -7806.69 | -3542.79 |
| T60 | VSS | | | | -8299.45 | -3542.79 |
| T62 | VSS | | | | -8792.21 | -3542.79 |
| T64 | VSS | | | | -9310.37 | -3542.79 |
| T7 | GPP_D10 | | | | 7806.69 | -3542.79 |
| T9 | GPP_D7 / ISH_I2C1_SDA | | | | 7313.93 | -3542.79 |
| U10 | GPP_D13 / ISH_UART0_RXD / SML0BDATA | | | | 7067.55 | -3220.72 |
| U12 | GPP_D17 / DMIC_CLK1 | | | | 6574.79 | -3220.72 |
| U2 | VCCMPHYGT_1P0 | | | | 9038.59 | -3220.72 |
| U4 | GPP_D14 / ISH_UART0_TXD / SML0BCLK | | | | 8545.83 | -3220.72 |
| U53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | -3220.72 |
| U55 | VCCGT | | | | -7067.55 | -3220.72 |
| U57 | VCCGT | | | | -7560.31 | -3220.72 |
| U59 | VCCGT | | | | -8053.07 | -3220.72 |
| U6 | GPP_D15 / ISH_UART0_RTS# | | | | 8053.07 | -3220.72 |
| U61 | VCCGT | | | | -8545.83 | -3220.72 |
| U63 | VCCGT | | | | -9038.59 | -3220.72 |
| U8 | GPP_D18 / DMIC_DATA1 | | | | 7560.31 | -3220.72 |
| V1 | VCCMPHYAON_1P0 | | | | 9310.37 | -2898.65 |
| V11 | GPP_D20 / DMIC_DATA0 | | | | 6821.17 | -2898.65 |
| V13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | -2893.57 |
| V15 | VCCAMPHYPLL_1P0 | | | | 5846.1 | -2987.31 |
| V16 | VCCAMPHYPLL_1P0 | | | | 5350.8 | -2987.31 |
| V18 | VCCCLK1 | | | | 4855.5 | -2987.31 |
| V19 | VCCCLK2 | | | | 4360.2 | -2987.31 |
| V21 | VCCCLK4 | | | | 3864.9 | -2987.31 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 38 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| V23 | VCCCLK3 | | | | 3369.6 | -2987.31 |
| V24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | -2987.31 |
| V26 | VCCST | | | | 2379 | -2987.31 |
| V27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | -2987.31 |
| V29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -2987.31 |
| V3 | GPP_D19 / DMIC_CLK0 | | | | 8792.21 | -2898.65 |
| V30 | VSS | | | | 893.1 | -2987.31 |
| V32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -2987.31 |
| V33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -2987.31 |
| V35 | VCCG0 | | | | -592.8 | -2987.31 |
| V36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -2987.31 |
| V38 | VCCG0 | | | | -1583.4 | -2987.31 |
| V40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -2987.31 |
| V41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -2987.31 |
| V43 | VSS | | | | -3069.3 | -2987.31 |
| V44 | VSS | | | | -3564.6 | -2987.31 |
| V46 | VSS | | | | -4059.9 | -2987.31 |
| V47 | VSS | | | | -4555.2 | -2987.31 |
| V49 | VSS | | | | -5050.5 | -2987.31 |
| V5 | GPP_D23 / I2S_MCLK | | | | 8299.45 | -2898.65 |
| V50 | VSS | | | | -5545.8 | -2987.31 |
| V51 | VSS | | | | -6041.1 | -2987.31 |
| V54 | VCCGT | | | | -6821.17 | -2898.65 |
| V56 | VCCGT | | | | -7313.93 | -2898.65 |
| V58 | VCCGT | | | | -7806.69 | -2898.65 |
| V60 | VCCGT | | | | -8299.45 | -2898.65 |
| V62 | VCCGT | | | | -8792.21 | -2898.65 |
| V64 | VCCGT | | | | -9310.37 | -2898.65 |
| V7 | GPP_D22 | | | | 7806.69 | -2898.65 |
| V9 | GPP_D16 / ISH_UART0_CTS# / SML0BALERT# | | | | 7313.93 | -2898.65 |
| W10 | GPP_C7 / SML1DATA | | | | 7067.55 | -2576.58 |
| W12 | GPP_D21 | | | | 6574.79 | -2576.58 |
| W2 | VCCMPHYAON_1P0 | | | | 9038.59 | -2576.58 |
| W4 | GPP_C3 / SML0CLK | | | | 8545.83 | -2576.58 |
| W53 | VCCGT | | | | -6574.79 | -2576.58 |
| W55 | VCCGT | | | | -7067.55 | -2576.58 |
| W57 | VCCGT | | | | -7560.31 | -2576.58 |
| W59 | VCCGT | | | | -8053.07 | -2576.58 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 39 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|--------------------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| W6 | GPP_C1 / SMBDATA | | | | 8053.07 | -2576.58 |
| W61 | VCCGT | | | | -8545.83 | -2576.58 |
| W63 | VCCGT | | | | -9038.59 | -2576.58 |
| W8 | GPP_C2 / SMBALERT# | | | | 7560.31 | -2576.58 |
| Y1 | VSS | | | | 9310.37 | -2254.5 |
| Y11 | VSS | | | | 6821.17 | -2254.5 |
| Y13 | VSS | | | | 6328.41 | -2249.42 |
| Y15 | VSS | | | | 5846.1 | -2428.51 |
| Y16 | VSS | | | | 5350.8 | -2428.51 |
| Y18 | VCCCLK1 | | | | 4855.5 | -2428.51 |
| Y19 | VCCCLK2 | | | | 4360.2 | -2428.51 |
| Y21 | VCCCLK4 | | | | 3864.9 | -2428.51 |
| Y23 | VCCCLK3 | | | | 3369.6 | -2428.51 |
| Y24 | VSS | | | | 2874.3 | -2428.51 |
| Y26 | VCCST | | | | 2379 | -2428.51 |
| Y27 | VSS | | | | 1883.7 | -2428.51 |
| Y29 | VCCSA | | | | 1388.4 | -2428.51 |
| Y3 | VSS | | | | 8792.21 | -2254.5 |
| Y30 | VCCSA | | | | 893.1 | -2428.51 |
| Y32 | VCC | | | | 397.8 | -2428.51 |
| Y33 | VSS | | | | -97.5 | -2428.51 |
| Y35 | VCCG0 | | | | -592.8 | -2428.51 |
| Y36 | VSS | | | | -1088.1 | -2428.51 |
| Y38 | VCCG0 | | | | -1583.4 | -2428.51 |
| Y40 | VSS | | | | -2078.7 | -2428.51 |
| Y41 | VCC | | | | -2574 | -2428.51 |
| Y43 | VCCGT | | | | -3069.3 | -2428.51 |
| Y44 | VCCGT | | | | -3564.6 | -2428.51 |
| Y46 | VCCGT | | | | -4059.9 | -2428.51 |
| Y47 | VCCGT | | | | -4555.2 | -2428.51 |
| Y49 | VCCGT | | | | -5050.5 | -2428.51 |
| Y5 | VSS | | | | 8299.45 | -2254.5 |
| Y50 | VCCGT | | | | -5545.8 | -2428.51 |
| Y51 | VCCGT | | | | -6041.1 | -2428.51 |
| Y54 | VCCGT | | | | -6821.17 | -2254.5 |
| Y56 | VCCGT | | | | -7313.93 | -2254.5 |
| Y58 | VCCGT | | | | -7806.69 | -2254.5 |
| Y60 | VCCGT | | | | -8299.45 | -2254.5 |
| Y62 | VCCGT | | | | -8792.21 | -2254.5 |



Table 9-2. Y-Processor Ball List (Sheet 40 of 40)

| Ball # | Ball Name | LPDDR3 | Interleaved (IL) | Non-Interleaved (NIL) | X [um] | Y [um] |
|--------|-----------|--------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| Y64 | VCCGT | | | | -9310.37 | -2254.5 |
| Y7 | VSS | | | | 7806.69 | -2254.5 |
| Y9 | VSS | | | | 7313.93 | -2254.5 |

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