

LM2767 Switched Capacitor Voltage Converter

Check for Samples: LM2767

FEATURES

- Doubles Input Supply Voltage
- SOT-23 5-Pin Package
- 20Ω Typical Output Impedance
- 96% Typical Conversion Efficiency at 15mA

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular Phones
- Pagers
- PDAs, Organizers
- Operational Amplifier Power Suppliers
- Interface Power Suppliers
- Handheld Instruments

DESCRIPTION

The LM2767 CMOS charge-pump voltage converter operates as a voltage doubler for an input voltage in the range of +1.8V to +5.5V. Two low cost capacitors and a diode are used in this circuit to provide at least 15 mA of output current.

The LM2767 operates at 11 kHz switching frequency to avoid audio voice-band interference. With an operating current of only 40 µA (operating efficiency greater than 90% with most loads), the LM2767 provides ideal performance for battery powered systems. The device is manufactured in a SOT-23 5-pin package.

Basic Application Circuit

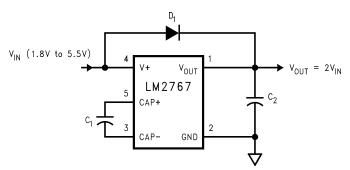


Figure 1. Voltage Doubler

Connection Diagram

5-Pin Small Outline Package

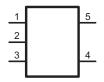


Figure 2. DBV Package Top View

Figure 3. Actual Size

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PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin	Name	Function
1	V _{OUT}	Positive voltage output.
2	GND	Power supply ground input.
3	CAP-	Connect this pin to the negative terminal of the charge-pump capacitor.
4	V+	Power supply positive voltage input.
5	CAP+	Connect this pin to the positive terminal of the charge-pump capacitor.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)(2)

Supply Voltage (V+ to GND, or V+ to V _{OUT})	5.8V
V _{OUT} Continuous Output Current	30 mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND ⁽³⁾	1 sec.
Continuous Power Dissipation $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)^{(4)}$	400 mW
T _{JMax} ⁽⁴⁾	150°C

- (1) Absolute maximum ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device beyond its rated operating conditions.
- If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.
- V_{OUT} may be shorted to GND for one second without damage. For temperatures above 85°C, V_{OUT} must not be shorted to GND or
- The maximum allowable power dissipation is calculated by using $P_{DMax} = (T_{JMax} T_A)/\theta_{JA}$, where T_{JMax} is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and T_{JMax} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the specified package.

OPERATING Ratings

$\theta_{JA}^{(1)}$	210°C/W					
Junction Temperature Range	-40°C to 100°C					
Ambient Temperature Range		-40°C to 85°C				
Storage Temperature Range		−65°C to 150°C				
Lead Temp. (Soldering, 10 sec.)		240°C				
CCD Deting	Human Body Model (2)	2kV				
ESD Rating	Machine Model (2)	200V				

- (1) The maximum allowable power dissipation is calculated by using P_{DMax} = (T_{JMax} T_A)/θ_{JA}, where T_{JMax} is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the specified package.
 (2) The human body model is a 100pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5kΩ resistor into each pin. The machine model is a 200pF
- capacitor discharged directly into each pin.



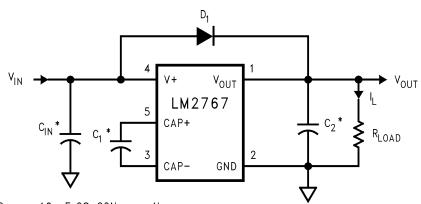
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Limits in standard typeface are for T_J = 25°C, and limits in **boldface** type apply over the full operating temperature range. Unless otherwise specified: V+ = 5V, C_1 = C_2 = 10 μ F. (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V+	Supply Voltage		1.8		5.5	V
IQ	Supply Current	No Load		40	90	μA
l _L	Output Current	1.8V ≤ V+ ≤ 5.5V	15			mA
R _{OUT}	Output Resistance (2)	I _L = 15 mA		20	40	Ω
fosc	Oscillator Frequency	See ⁽³⁾	8	22	50	kHz
f _{SW}	Switching Frequency	See ⁽³⁾	4	11	25	kHz
D	Dames F#inion	R _L (5.0k) between GND and OUT		98		0/
P _{EFF}	Power Efficiency	I _L = 15 mA to GND		96		%
V _{OEFF}	Voltage Conversion Efficiency	No Load		99.96		%

⁽¹⁾ In the test circuit, capacitors C₁ and C₂ are 10 μF, 0.3Ω maximum ESR capacitors. Capacitors with higher ESR will increase output resistance, reduce output voltage and efficiency.

Test Circuit



^{*} $\mathrm{C_{1N}},~\mathrm{C_{1}}$, and $\mathrm{C_{2}}$ are 10 $\mu\mathrm{F}$ OS-CON capacitors.

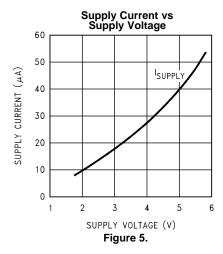
Figure 4. LM2767 Test Circuit

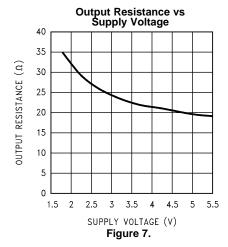
Specified output resistance includes internal switch resistance and capacitor ESR. See the details in the application information for positive voltage doubler. The output switches operate at one half of the oscillator frequency, $f_{OSC} = 2f_{SW}$.

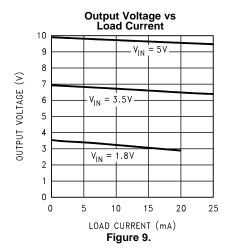


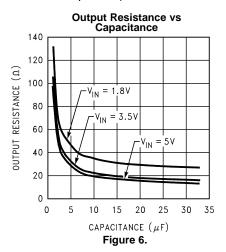
Typical Performance Characteristics

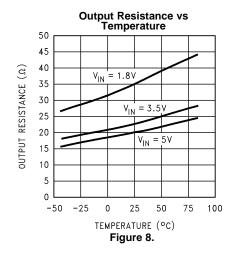
(Circuit of Figure 4, $V_{IN} = 5V$, $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified)

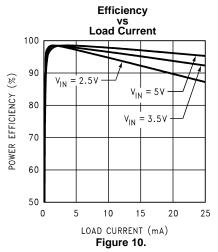












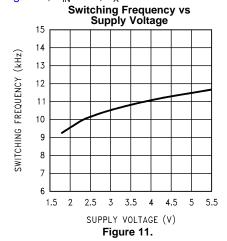
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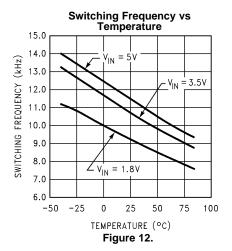
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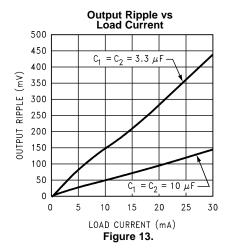


Typical Performance Characteristics (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 4, $V_{IN} = 5V$, $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified)







CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The LM2767 contains four large CMOS switches which are switched in a sequence to double the input supply voltage. Energy transfer and storage are provided by external capacitors. Figure 14 illustrates the voltage conversion scheme. When S_2 and S_4 are closed, C_1 charges to the supply voltage V+. During this time interval, switches S_1 and S_3 are open. In the next time interval, S_2 and S_4 are open; at the same time, S_1 and S_3 are closed, the sum of the input voltage V+ and the voltage across C_1 gives the 2V+ output voltage when there is no load. The output voltage drop when a load is added is determined by the parasitic resistance ($R_{ds(on)}$) of the MOSFET switches and the ESR of the capacitors) and the charge transfer loss between capacitors. Details will be discussed in the following application information section.

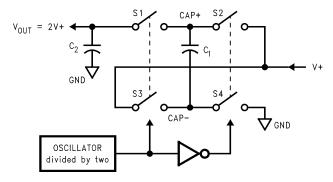


Figure 14. Voltage Doubling Principle

POSITIVE VOLTAGE DOUBLER

The main application of the LM2767 is to double the input voltage. The range of the input supply voltage is 1.8V to 5.5V.

The output characteristics of this circuit can be approximated by an ideal voltage source in series with a resistance. The voltage source equals 2V+. The output resistance R_{out} is a function of the ON resistance of the internal MOSFET switches, the oscillator frequency, and the capacitance and ESR of C_1 and C_2 . Since the switching current charging and discharging C_1 is approximately twice the output current, the effect of the ESR of the pumping capacitor C_1 will be multiplied by four in the output resistance. The output capacitor C_2 is charging and discharging at a current approximately equal to the output current, therefore, its ESR only counts once in the output resistance. A good approximation of R_{out} is:

$$R_{OUT} \cong 2R_{SW} + \frac{2}{f_{OSC} \times C_1} + 4ESR_{C1} + ESR_{C2}$$
(1)

where R_{SW} is the sum of the ON resistances of the internal MOSFET switches shown in Figure 14. R_{SW} is typically 4.5 Ω for the LM2767.

The peak-to-peak output voltage ripple is determined by the oscillator frequency as well as the capacitance and ESR of the output capacitor C₂:

$$V_{RIPPLE} = \frac{I_L}{f_{OSC} \times C_2} + 2 \times I_L \times ESR_{C2}$$
(2)

High capacitance, low ESR capacitors can reduce both the output resistance and the voltage ripple.

The Schottky diode D_1 is only needed to protect the device from turning-on its own parasitic diode and potentially latching-up. During start-up, D_1 will also quickly charge up the output capacitor to V_{IN} minus the diode drop thereby decreasing the start-up time. Therefore, the Schottky diode D_1 should have enough current carrying capability to charge the output capacitor at start-up, as well as a low forward voltage to prevent the internal parasitic diode from turning-on. A Schottky diode like 1N5817 can be used for most applications. If the input voltage ramp is less than 10V/ms, a smaller Schottky diode like MBR0520LT1 can be used to reduce the circuit size.

CAPACITOR SELECTION

As discussed in the *Positive Voltage Doubler* section, the output resistance and ripple voltage are dependent on the capacitance and ESR values of the external capacitors. The output voltage drop is the load current times the output resistance, and the power efficiency is

$$\eta = \frac{P_{\text{OUT}}}{P_{\text{IN}}} = \frac{I_{\text{L}}^{2} R_{\text{L}}}{I_{\text{L}}^{2} R_{\text{OUT}} + I_{\text{Q}} (V+)}$$
(3)

Where $I_Q(V+)$ is the quiescent power loss of the IC device, and $I_L^2R_{out}$ is the conversion loss associated with the switch on-resistance, the two external capacitors and their ESRs.

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The selection of capacitors is based on the allowable voltage droop (which equals I_{out} R_{out}), and the desired output voltage ripple. Low ESR capacitors (Table 1) are recommended to maximize efficiency, reduce the output voltage drop and voltage ripple.

Table 1. Low Lord Supasitor manufacturers									
Manufacturer	Phone	Website	Capacitor Type						
Nichicon Corp.	(847)-843-7500	www.nichicon.com	PL & PF series, through-hole aluminum electrolytic						
AVX Corp.	(843)-448-9411	www.avxcorp.com	TPS series, surface-mount tantalum						
Sprague	(207)-324-4140	www.vishay.com	593D, 594D, 595D series, surface-mount tantalum						
Sanyo	(619)-661-6835	www.sanyovideo.com	OS-CON series, through-hole aluminum electrolytic						
Murata	(800)-831-9172	www.murata.com	Ceramic chip capacitors						
Taiyo Yuden	(800)-348-2496	www.t-yuden.com	Ceramic chip capacitors						
Tokin	(408)-432-8020	www.tokin.com	Ceramic chip capacitors						

Table 1. Low ESR Capacitor Manufacturers

PARALLELING DEVICES

Any number of LM2767s can be paralleled to reduce the output resistance. Since there is no closed loop feedback, as found in regulated circuits, stable operation is assured. Each device must have its own pumping capacitor C_1 , while only one output capacitor C_{out} is needed as shown in Figure 15. The composite output resistance is:

$$R_{OUT} = \frac{R_{OUT} \text{ of each LM2767}}{\text{Number of Devices}}$$
 (4)

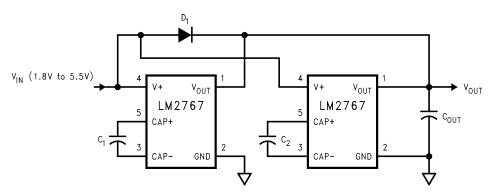


Figure 15. Lowering Output Resistance by Paralleling Devices

CASCADING DEVICES

Cascading the LM2767s is an easy way to produce a greater voltage (A two-stage cascade circuit is shown in Figure 16).

The effective output resistance is equal to the weighted sum of each individual device:

$$R_{\text{out}} = 1.5R_{\text{out}} + R_{\text{out}}$$
 (5)

Note that increasing the number of cascading stages is practically limited since it significantly reduces the efficiency, increases the output resistance and output voltage ripple.



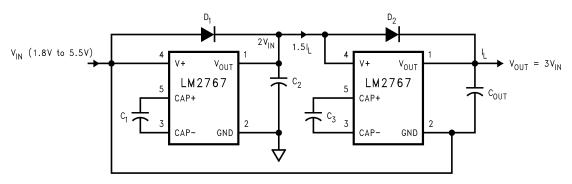


Figure 16. Increasing Output Voltage by Cascading Devices



REGULATING V_{OUT}

It is possible to regulate the output of the LM2767 by use of a low dropout regulator (such as LP2980-5.0). The whole converter is depicted in Figure 17.

A different output voltage is possible by use of LP2980-3.3, LP2980-3.0, or LP2980-adj.

Note that the following conditions must be satisfied simultaneously for worst case design:

$$2V_{\text{in_min}} > V_{\text{out_min}} + V_{\text{drop_max}} \text{ (LP2980)} + I_{\text{out_max}} \times R_{\text{out_max}} \text{ (LM2767)}$$
(6)

$$2V_{\text{in_max}} < V_{\text{out_max}} + V_{\text{drop_min}} \text{ (LP2980)} + I_{\text{out_min}} \times R_{\text{out_min}} \text{ (LM2767)}$$

$$(7)$$

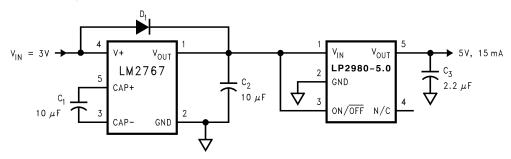


Figure 17. Generate a Regulated +5V from +3V Input Voltage





9-Mar-2013

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	_		Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings	Samples
	(1)		Drawing			(2)		(3)		(4)	
LM2767M5	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	S17B	Samples
LM2767M5/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	S17B	Samples
LM2767M5X	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	S17B	Samples
LM2767M5X/NOPB	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	S17B	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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⁽⁴⁾ Only one of markings shown within the brackets will appear on the physical device.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

All ulfriensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LM2767M5	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LM2767M5/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LM2767M5X	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
LM2767M5X/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	178.0	8.4	3.2	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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*All dimensions are nominal

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Device	Package Type Package Drawing		Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LM2767M5	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LM2767M5/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LM2767M5X	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LM2767M5X/NOPB	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



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- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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