

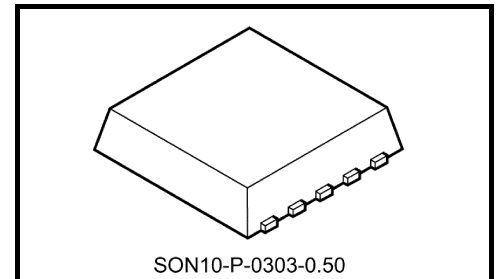
**TOSHIBA CMOS Integrated Circuits Silicon Monolithic****TCA62723FMG****Three-Channel Constant-Current LED Driver**

The TCA62723FMG is an optimal constant-current LED driver for RGB pixel LEDs.

This IC does not have to connect external resistance to each output in the case of most. The output current of 3ch is set up by one external resistance.

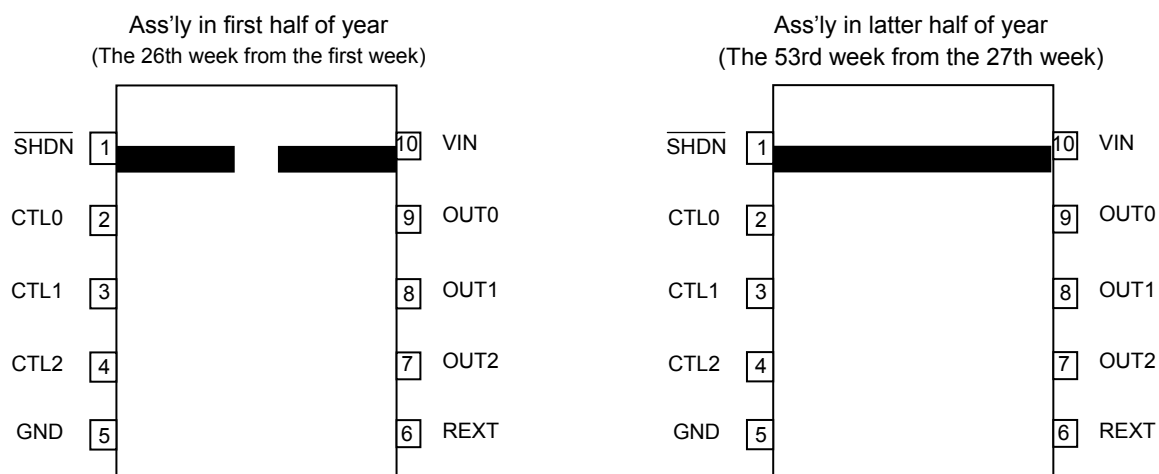
**Features**

- Power supply voltage range : 2.7 to 5.5 V
- Constant current range : 5 to 150 mA
- Low consumption current
  - At the time of IC operation mode (I<sub>out</sub> = 20 mA/DC) : 700  $\mu$ A (MAX)
  - At the time of IC power-saving mode : 10  $\mu$ A (MAX)
- For anode common LED
- Package : SON10-P-0303-0.50



Weight: 0.018 g (typ.)

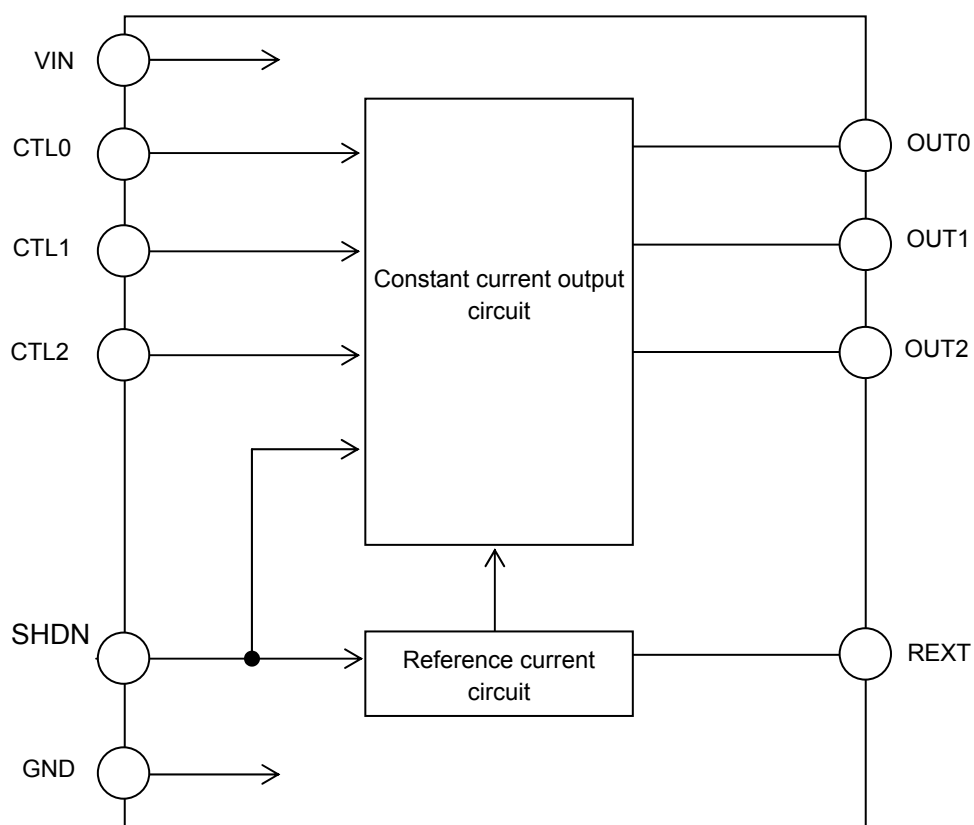
## Pin Layout (Top view)



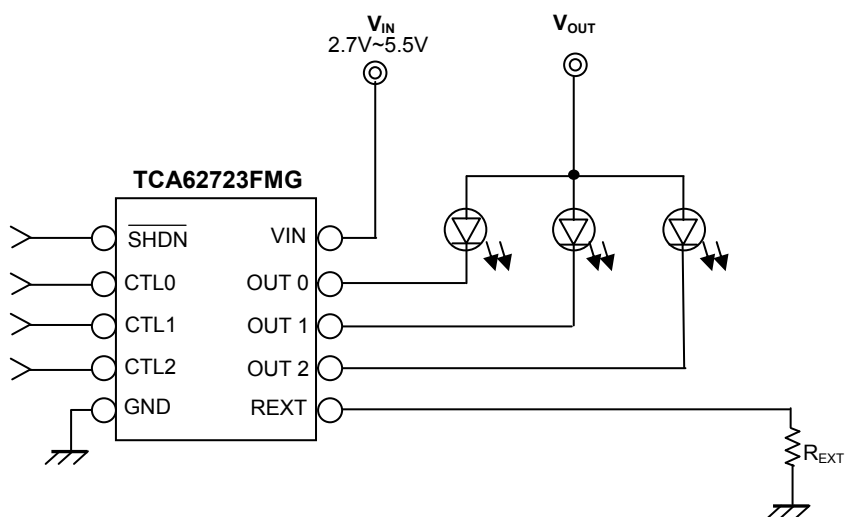
## Terminal Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function
1	SHDN	The shutdown signal input terminal. In the case of "L" level input, the IC becomes the power-saving mode. In the case of "H" level input, the IC becomes the operation mode.
2	CTL0	The ON/OFF control signal of OUT0 Input terminal. In the case of "L" level input, OUT0 is turned OFF. In the case of "H" level input, OUT0 is turned ON.
3	CTL1	The ON/OFF control signal of OUT1 Input terminal. In the case of "L" level input, OUT1 is turned OFF. In the case of "H" level input, OUT1 is turned ON.
4	CTL2	The ON/OFF control signal of OUT2 Input terminal. In the case of "L" level input, OUT2 is turned OFF. In the case of "H" level input, OUT2 is turned ON.
5	GND	Grand terminal.
6	REXT	The output current setting resistor connection terminal. Resistance is connected with this terminal between GND. The output current does not flow when this terminal is opened. Excessive output current will destroy the IC if this terminal is connected to GND.
7	OUT2	Constant current output terminal.
8	OUT1	
9	OUT0	
10	VIN	Supply voltage input terminal.

## Block Diagram



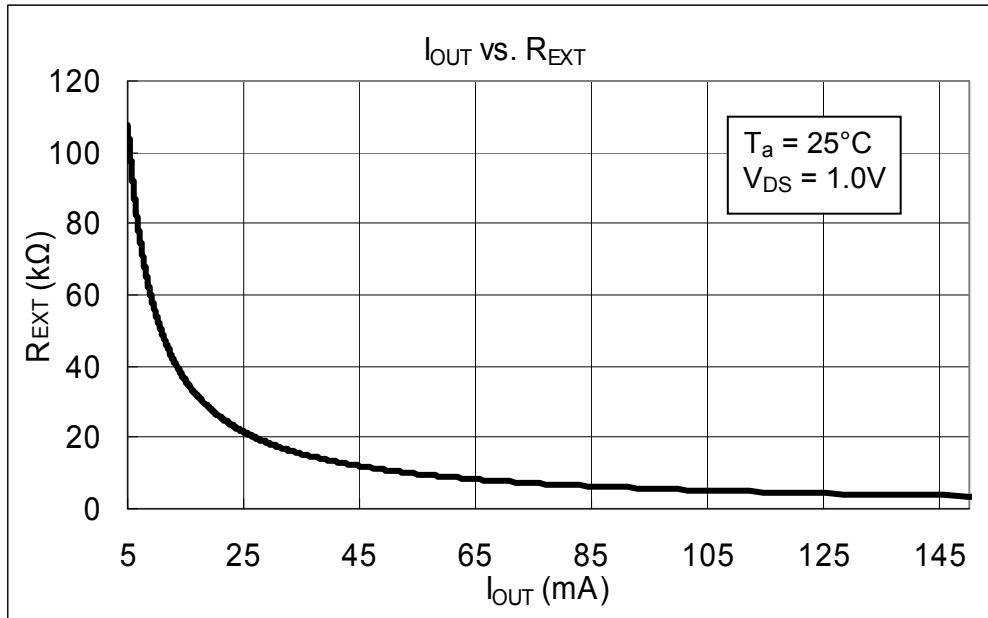
## Application Circuit Example



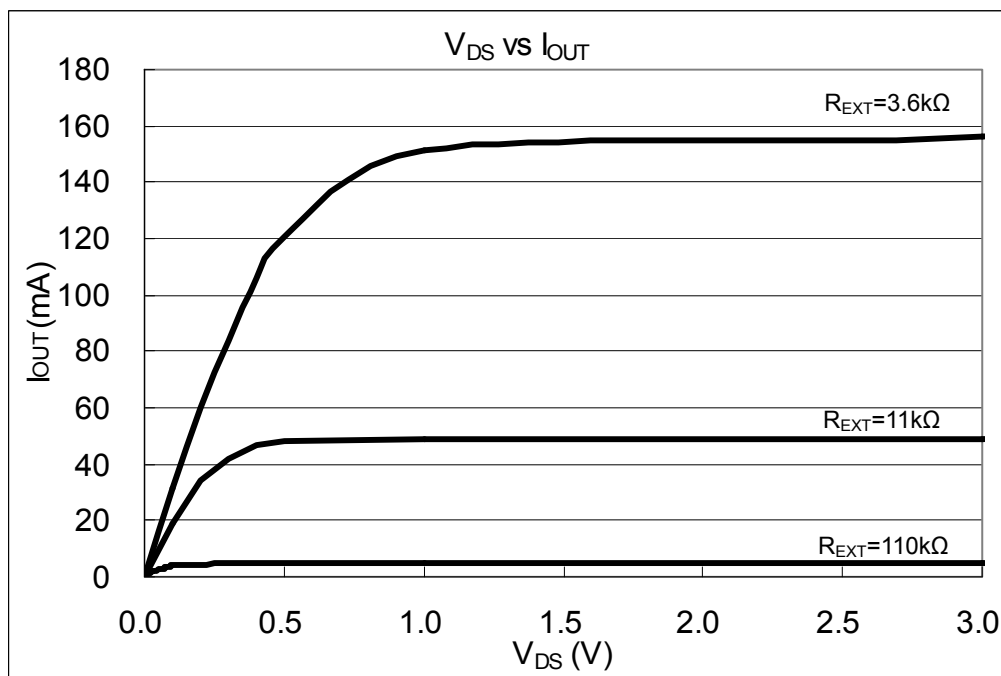
## Method of setting output current (Reference data)

The output current is set by  $R_{EXT}$  connected with the terminal  $REXT$ .

$$I_{OUT} \text{ (mA)} = \frac{1.17 \text{ (V)}}{R_{EXT} \text{ (k}\Omega\text{)}} \times 460$$



## Output Voltage – Output Current (Reference data)



Note: These application examples are provided for reference only. Thorough evaluation and testing should be implemented when designing your application's mass production design.

## Output Current Dimming Control

### 1) Method of inputting analog voltage to terminal REXT

#### 1. Precondition

Please set the range of the analog voltage input by 0 to 1.17V.

#### 2. The maximum current is defined as $\alpha$ mA. ( $V_{ADJ}=0V$ )

$$\alpha = 1.17 \times \frac{R_1 + R_{EXT}}{R_1 \times R_{EXT}} \times 460$$

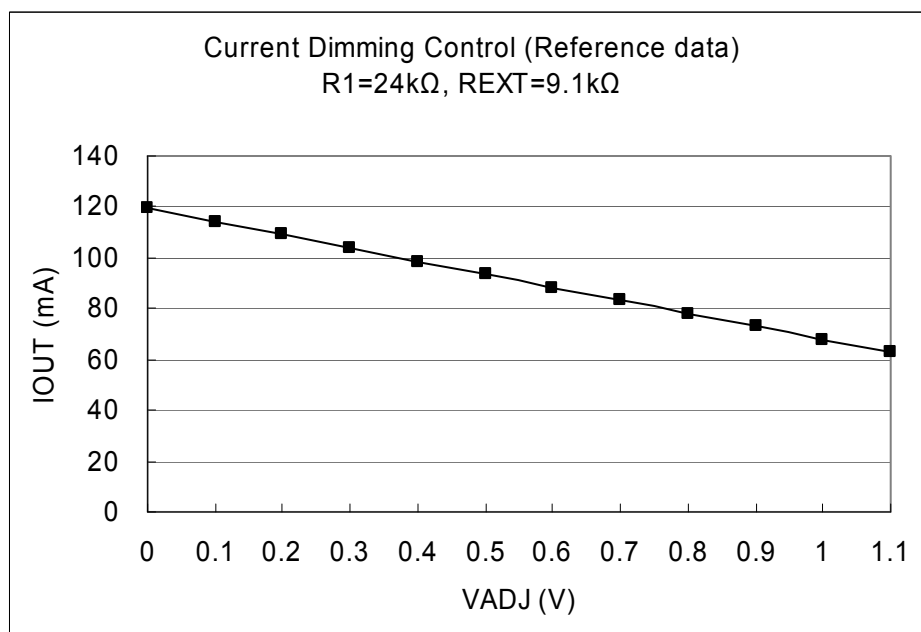
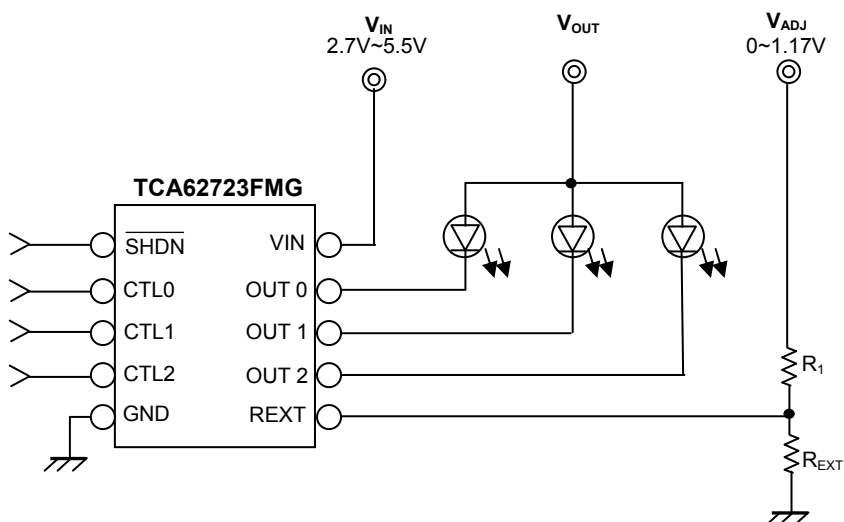
#### 3. The minimum current is defined as $\beta$ mA. ( $V_{ADJ}=1.17V$ )

$$\beta = 1.17 \times \frac{1}{R_{EXT}} \times 460$$

#### 4. $I_{OUT}$ can be set according to the next expression.

$$I_{OUT} = V_{ADJ} \times \frac{\beta - \alpha}{1.17} + \alpha$$

(Example) Current Dimming from  $I_{OUT}=120mA$  to  $60mA$  (Reference data)



Note: These application examples are provided for reference only. Thorough evaluation and testing should be implemented when designing your application's mass production design.

## 2) Method of inputting PMW signal to terminal REXT

$I_{OUT}$  can be set according to the next expression.

$$I_{OUT} = \left[ \frac{1.17V + \frac{(1.17V - V_{CONT}) \times R_{EXT}}{R_{CONT}}}{R_{EXT}} \right] \times 460$$

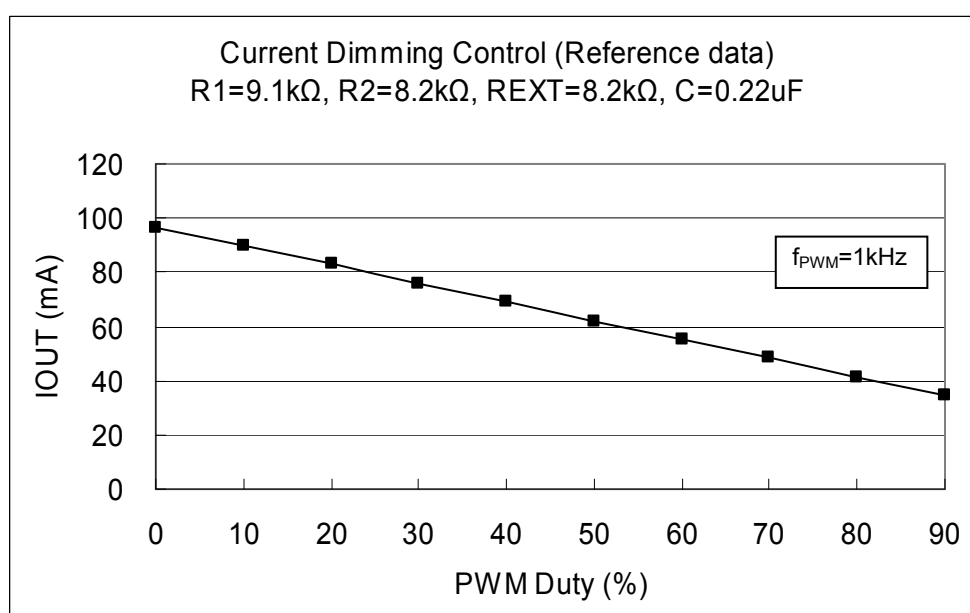
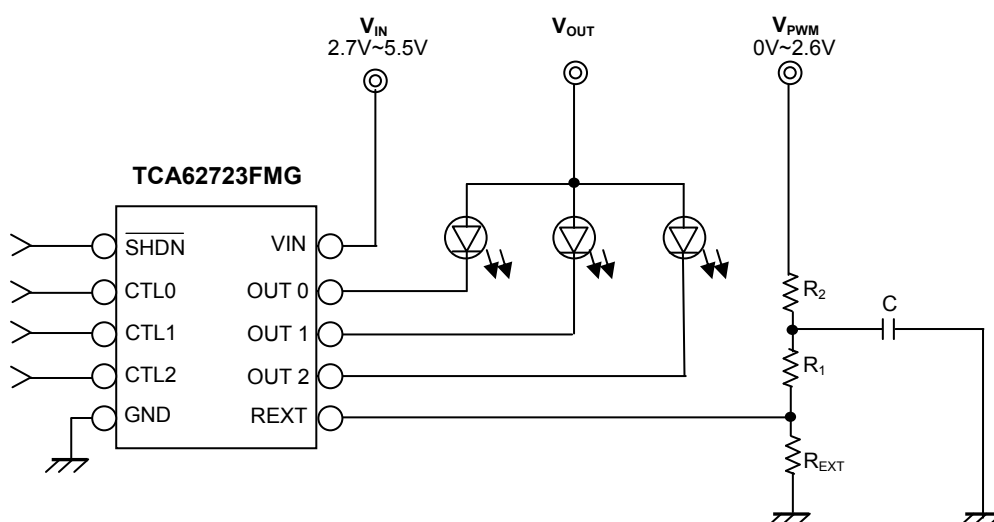
$$V_{CONT} = D \times V_{PWM} \quad D: \text{PWM Duty (\%)}$$

$$R_{CONT} = R_1 + R_2$$

Please define the cutoff frequency to the next expression. ( $f_C \leq f_{PWM}$ )

$$f_C = \frac{1}{2 \times \pi \times R \times C}$$

$$R = \frac{R_1 \times R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$



Note: These application examples are provided for reference only. Thorough evaluation and testing should be implemented when designing your application's mass production design.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Ratings *1	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 ~ +6.0	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3 ~ +6.0	V
Input voltage (CTL0/CTL1/CTL2/SHDN Terminal)	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 ~ V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3 *2	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	0.36 (free air)	W
		0.79 (on PCB) *3,4	
Thermal resistance	R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	340 (free air)	°C/W
		158 (on PCB) *3	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 ~ +150	°C
Maximum junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C

Note1: Voltage is ground referenced.

Note2: Do not exceed 6.0V.

Note3: PCB condition 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.6 mm, Cu = 10 %

Note4: The power dissipation decreases the reciprocal of the saturated thermal resistance (1/ R<sub>th(j-a)</sub>) for each degree (1°C) that the ambient temperature is exceeded (T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C).

## Operating Conditions

Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-	2.7	3.6	5.5	V
Constant current output	I <sub>OUT</sub>	OUT0 to OUT2	5	-	150	mA/ch
R <sub>EXT</sub> resistance	R <sub>EXT</sub>	-	3.6	-	110	kΩ
CTL terminal minimum pulse width	t <sub>CTL</sub>	R <sub>EXT</sub> =11kΩ	25	-	-	μs

## Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, V<sub>IN</sub> = 3.6 V, T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C)

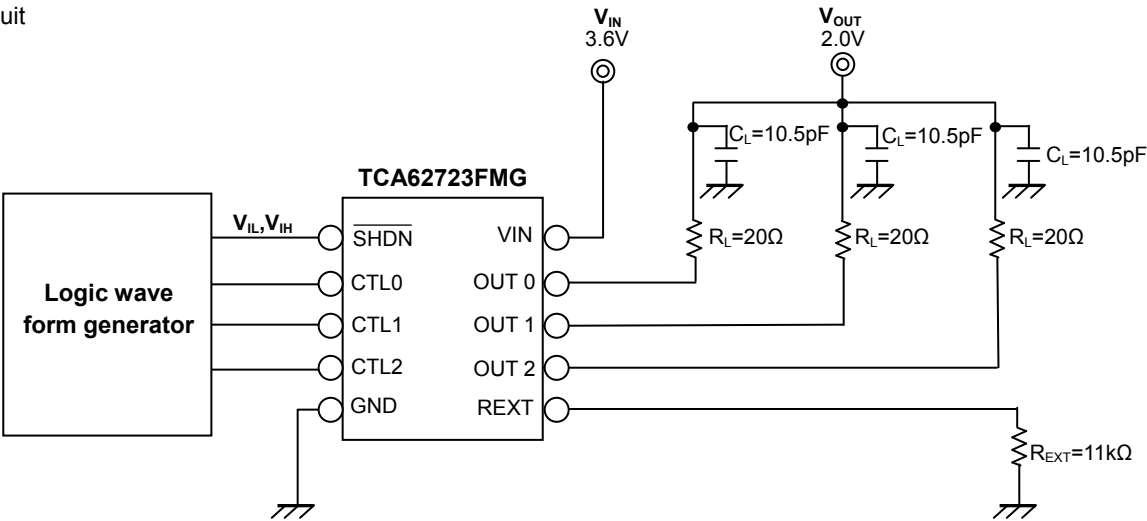
Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-	2.7	3.6	5.5	V
Supply current (IC operation)	I <sub>IN</sub> (On)	R <sub>EXT</sub> = 27.6kΩ	-	-	700	μA
Supply current (IC standby)	I <sub>IN</sub> (Off)	SHDN = L	-	-	10	μA
Input voltage	High level	Measuring terminal is CTL0, CTL1, CTL2, SHDN	0.7V <sub>IN</sub>	-	V <sub>IN</sub> +0.15V	V
	Low level		-0.15	-	0.3V <sub>IN</sub>	
Input current	I <sub>IH</sub>	Measuring terminal is CTL0, CTL1, CTL2, SHDN	-1.0	-	1.0	μA
	I <sub>IL</sub>		-1.0	-	1.0	
Gain (I <sub>OUT</sub> / I <sub>R<sub>EXT</sub></sub> )	GAIN	R <sub>EXT</sub> = 11 kΩ	359	460	560	A/A
R <sub>EXT</sub> terminal voltage	V <sub>REXT</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.6 V, R <sub>EXT</sub> = 11 kΩ	1.09	1.17	1.25	V
Output leakage current	I <sub>OZ</sub>	SHDN = "L", V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5 V	-	-	0.1	μA
Constant current accuracy	dI <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.6 V, R <sub>EXT</sub> = 11 kΩ	-	±1	±7.5	%
Time from SHDN release to start of operation	t <sub>RE</sub>	-	-	2	5	ms

Switching characteristics (unless otherwise specified,  $V_{IN} = 3.6\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Characteristic	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	MAX	Unit
Propagation delay	$t_{pLH}$	$R_{EXT}=11\text{k}\Omega$ , Voltage waveform	-	50	-	ns
	$t_{pHL}$	$R_{EXT}=11\text{k}\Omega$ , Voltage waveform	-	1	-	$\mu\text{s}$
Rise time	$t_R$	$R_{EXT}=11\text{k}\Omega$ , Voltage waveform	-	50	-	ns
Fall time	$t_F$	$R_{EXT}=11\text{k}\Omega$ , Voltage waveform	-	1	-	$\mu\text{s}$

Note:  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IH}=V_{IN}$ ,  $V_{IL}=0\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.0\text{V}$ ,  $R_L=20\Omega$ ,  $C_L=10.5\text{pF}$

Test Circuit

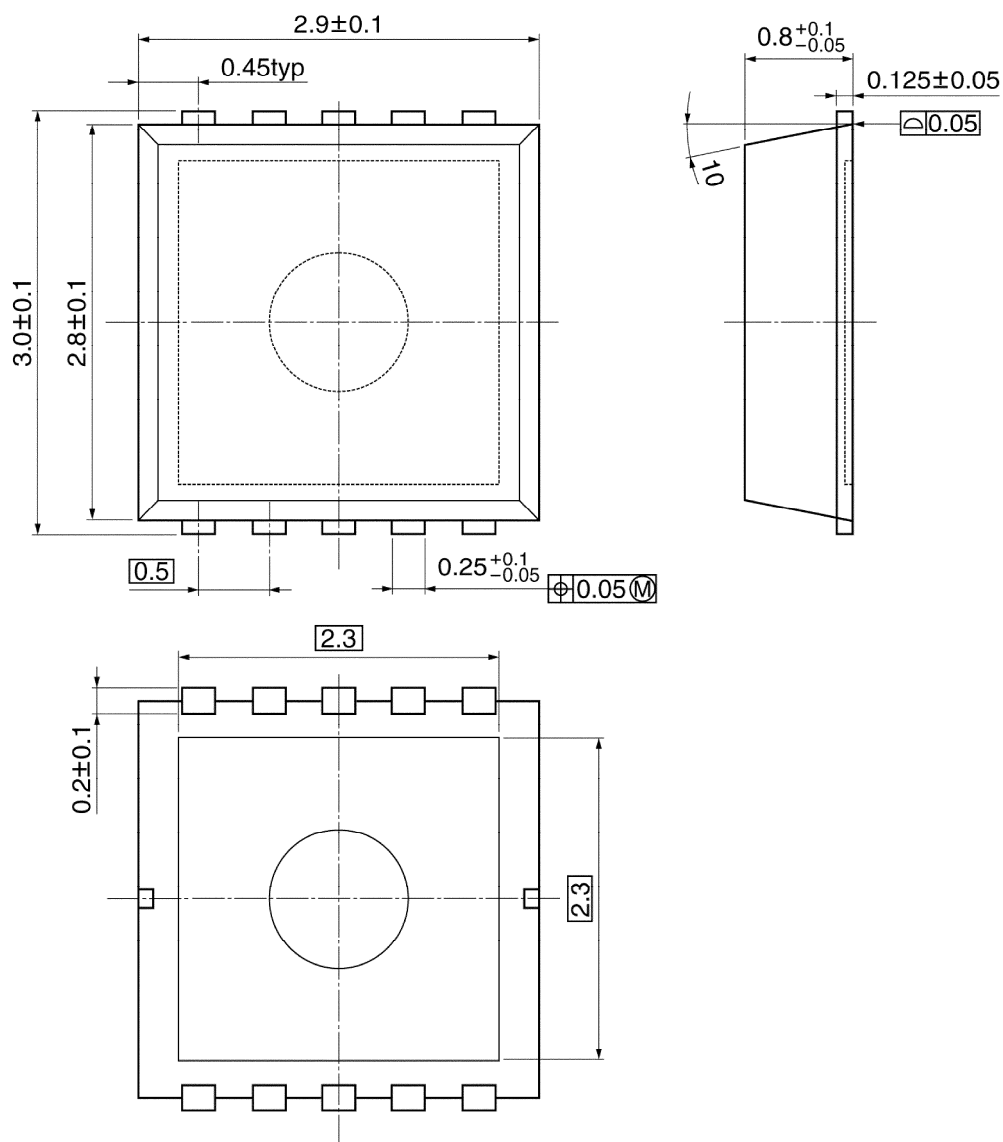




## Package Dimensions

SON10-P-0303-0.50

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.018 g (typ.)

**Notes on Contents****1. Block Diagrams**

Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purposes.

**2. Equivalent Circuits**

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

**3. Timing Charts**

Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purposes.

**4. Application Circuits**

The application circuits shown in this document are provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required, especially at the mass production design stage.

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**5. Test Circuits**

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.

**IC Usage Considerations****Notes on handling of ICs**

- [1] The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings.  
Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- [2] Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- [3] If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.  
Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- [4] Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly.  
Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly.  
Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.  
In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.
- [5] Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator.  
If there is a large amount of leakage current such as input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure can cause smoke or ignition. (The over current can cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.

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**Points to remember on handling of ICs****(1) Heat Radiation Design**

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature ( $T_J$ ) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into consideration the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

**(2) Back-EMF**

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flows back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.

**About solderability, following conditions were confirmed**  
**Solderability**

- (1) Use of Sn-37Pb solder Bath  
solder bath temperature: 230°C  
dipping time: 5 seconds  
the number of times: once  
use of R-type flux
- (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath  
solder bath temperature: 245°C  
dipping time: 5 seconds  
the number of times: once  
use of R-type flux

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