

FEATURES

- ## Graphics Features

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10 SMRS cycle.
 - Load mask register
 - Load color register
10 Write Per Bit(Old Mask)
10 Block Write(8 Columns)

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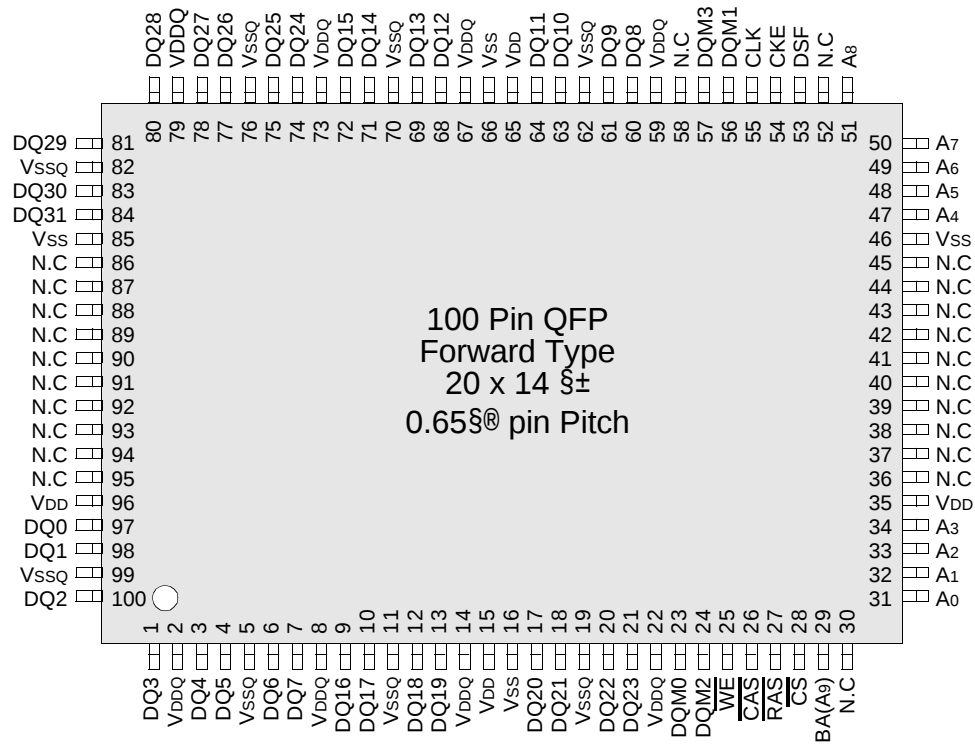
The KM4132G271A is 8,388,608 bits synchronous high data rate Dynamic RAM organized as 2 x 131,072 words by 32 bits, fabricated with SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology. Synchronous design allows precise cycle control with the use of system clock. I/O transactions are possible on every clock cycle. Range of operating frequencies, programmable burst length, and programmable latencies allows the same device to be useful for a variety of high bandwidth, high performance memory system applications.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

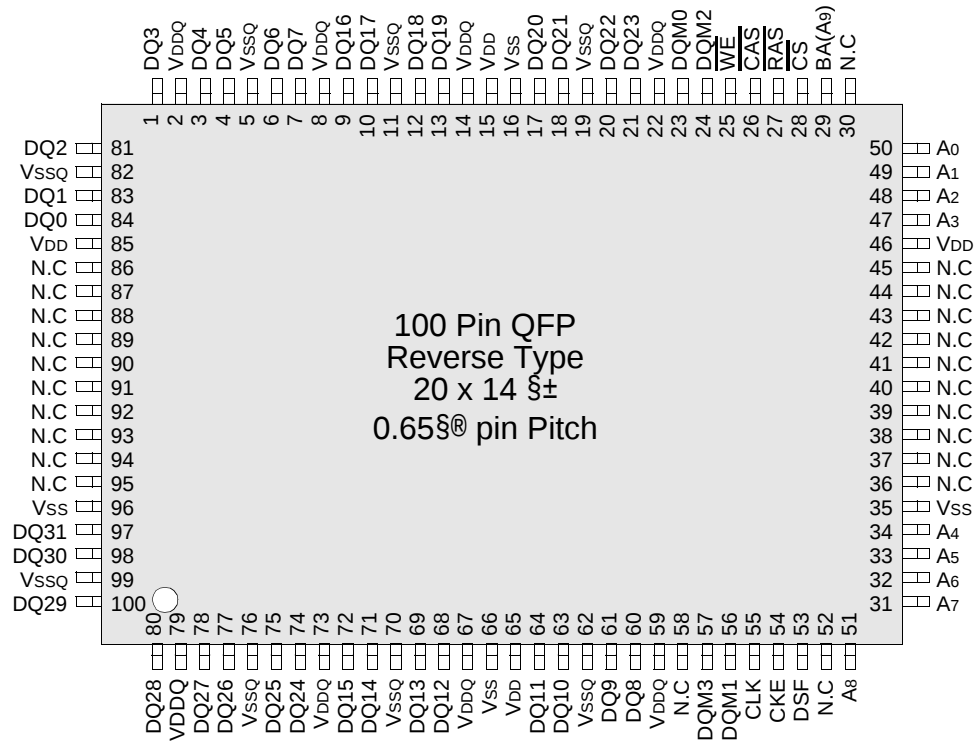
| Part NO.       | Cycle time | Clock f | Access time@CL=3 |
|----------------|------------|---------|------------------|
| KM4132G271A-8  | 8ns        | 125MHz  | 7.0ns            |
| KM4132G271A-10 | 10ns       | 100MHz  | 7.0ns            |
| KM4132G271A-12 | 12ns       | 83MHz   | 9.0ns            |

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

Forward Type



Reverse Type



## PIN CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTION

| PIN                     | NAME                            | INPUT FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CLK                     | <i>System Clock</i>             | Active on the positive going edge to sample all inputs.                                                                                                                                      |
| $\overline{\text{CS}}$  | <i>Chip Select</i>              | Disables or enables device operation by masking or enabling all inputs except CLK, CKE and DQMi                                                                                              |
| CKE                     | <i>Clock Enable</i>             | Masks system clock to freeze operation from the next clock cycle.<br>CKE should be enabled at least one clock +tss prior to new command.<br>Disable input buffers for power down in standby. |
| A0 ~ A8                 | <i>Address</i>                  | Row / Column addresses are multiplexed on the same pins.<br>Row address : RA0 ~ RA8, Column address : CA0 ~ CA7                                                                              |
| A9(BA)                  | <i>Bank Select Address</i>      | Selects bank to be activated during row address latch time.<br>Selects bank for read/write during column address latch time.                                                                 |
| $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ | <i>Row Address Strobe</i>       | Latches row addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ low.<br>Enables row access & precharge.                                                             |
| $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ | <i>Column Address Strobe</i>    | Latches column addresses on the positive going edge of the CLK with $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ low.<br>Enables column access.                                                                   |
| $\overline{\text{WE}}$  | <i>Write Enable</i>             | Enables write operation and Row precharge.                                                                                                                                                   |
| DQMi                    | <i>Data Input/Output Mask</i>   | Makes data output Hi-Z, tshz after the clock and masks the output.<br>Blocks data input when DQM active.(Byte Masking)                                                                       |
| DQi                     | <i>Data Input/Output</i>        | Data inputs/outputs are multiplexed on the same pins.                                                                                                                                        |
| DSF                     | <i>Define Special Function</i>  | Enables write per bit, block write and special mode register set.                                                                                                                            |
| VDD/VSS                 | <i>Power Supply/Ground</i>      |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| VDDQ/VSSQ               | <i>Data Output Power/Ground</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                              |

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**(Voltage referenced to Vss)

| Parameter                                         | Symbol                             | Value      | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|------|
| Voltage on any pin relative to Vss                | V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> | -1.0 ~ 4.6 | V    |
| Voltage on V <sub>DD</sub> supply relative to Vss | V <sub>DD</sub> , V <sub>DDQ</sub> | -1.0 ~ 4.6 | V    |
| Storage temperature                               | T <sub>STG</sub>                   | -55 ~ +150 | °C   |
| Power dissipation                                 | P <sub>D</sub>                     | 1          | W    |
| Short circuit current                             | I <sub>OS</sub>                    | 50         | mA   |

**Note** : Permanent device damage may occur if "ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS" are exceeded.  
 Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operating condition.  
 Exposure to higher than recommended voltage for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

**DC OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Recommended operating conditions (Voltage referenced to Vss = 0V)

| Parameter                | Symbol                             | Min  | Typ | Max                  | Unit | Note                   |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------|-----|----------------------|------|------------------------|
| Supply voltage           | V <sub>DD</sub> , V <sub>DDQ</sub> | 3.0  | 3.3 | 3.6                  | V    |                        |
| Input high voltage       | V <sub>IH</sub>                    | 2.0  | 3.0 | V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3 | V    |                        |
| Input low voltage        | V <sub>IL</sub>                    | -0.3 | 0   | 0.8                  | V    | Note 1                 |
| Output high voltage      | V <sub>OH</sub>                    | 2.4  | -   | -                    | V    | I <sub>OH</sub> = -2mA |
| Output low voltage       | V <sub>OL</sub>                    | -    | -   | 0.4                  | V    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2mA  |
| Input leakage current    | I <sub>IL</sub>                    | -5   | -   | 5                    | μA   | Note 2                 |
| Output leakage current   | I <sub>OL</sub>                    | -5   | -   | 5                    | μA   | Note 3                 |
| Output Loading Condition | see figure 1                       |      |     |                      |      |                        |

**Note** : 1. V<sub>IL</sub> (min) = -1.5V AC(pulse width ≤ 5ns).  
 2. Any input 0V ≤ V<sub>IN</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V, all other pins are not under test = 0V.  
 3. Dout is disabled, 0V ≤ V<sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V<sub>DD</sub>.

**CAPACITANCE** (V<sub>DD</sub>/V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1MHz)

| Parameter                                                                                                                                        | Symbol           | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Input capacitance (A <sub>0</sub> ~ A <sub>9</sub> )                                                                                             | C <sub>IN1</sub> | -   | 4   | pF   |
| Input capacitance<br>(CLK, CKE, $\overline{\text{CS}}$ , $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ , $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ , $\overline{\text{WE}}$ , DSF & DQM) | C <sub>IN2</sub> | -   | 4   | pF   |
| Data input/output capacitance (DQ <sub>0</sub> ~ DQ <sub>31</sub> )                                                                              | C <sub>OUT</sub> | -   | 5   | pF   |

**DECOUPLING CAPACITANCE GUIDE LINE**

Recommended decoupling capacitance added to power line at board.

| Parameter                                                | Symbol           | Value      | Unit |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------|------|
| Decoupling Capacitance between V <sub>DD</sub> and Vss   | C <sub>DC1</sub> | 0.1 + 0.01 | μF   |
| Decoupling Capacitance between V <sub>DDQ</sub> and Vssq | C <sub>DC2</sub> | 0.1 + 0.01 | μF   |

**Note** : 1. V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>DDQ</sub> pins are separated each other.  
 All V<sub>DD</sub> pins are connected in chip. All V<sub>DDQ</sub> pins are connected in chip.  
 2. Vss and Vssq pins are separated each other  
 All Vss pins are connected in chip. All Vssq pins are connected in chip.

## DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating condition unless otherwise noted,  $T_A = 0$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IH(\min)}/V_{IL(\max)}=2.0\text{V}/0.8\text{V}$ )

| Parameter                                                          | Symbol             | Test Condition                                                                                                                                       | CAS Latency | Speed |     |     | Unit | Note |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-----|-----|------|------|
|                                                                    |                    |                                                                                                                                                      |             | -8    | -10 | -12 |      |      |
| Operating Current<br>(One Bank Active)                             | I <sub>CC1</sub>   | Burst Length =1<br>$t_{RC} \leq t_{RC(\min)}$ , $t_{CC} \leq t_{CC(\min)}$<br>$I_{OL} = 0 \text{ mA}$                                                | 3           | 180   | 160 | 140 | mA   | 1    |
|                                                                    |                    |                                                                                                                                                      | 2           | 160   | 140 | 120 |      |      |
| Precharge Standby Current in power-down mode                       | I <sub>CC2P</sub>  | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $t_{CC} = 15\text{ns}$                                                                                              |             | 2     | 2   | 2   | mA   |      |
|                                                                    | I <sub>CC2PS</sub> | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $\text{CLK} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $t_{CC} = 1\mu\text{s}$                                                            |             | 2     | 2   | 2   |      |      |
| Precharge Standby Current in non power-down mode                   | I <sub>CC2N</sub>  | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IH(\min)}$ , $\overline{\text{CS}} \leq V_{IH(\min)}$ , $t_{CC} = 15\text{ns}$<br>Input signals are changed one time during 30ns |             | 45    | 45  | 45  | mA   |      |
|                                                                    | I <sub>CC2NS</sub> | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IH(\min)}$ , $\text{CLK} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $t_{CC} = 1\mu\text{s}$<br>Input signals are stable                                |             | 20    | 20  | 20  |      |      |
| Active Standby Current in power-down mode                          | I <sub>CC3P</sub>  | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $t_{CC} = 15\text{ns}$                                                                                              |             | 4     | 4   | 4   | mA   |      |
|                                                                    | I <sub>CC3PS</sub> | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $\text{CLK} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $t_{CC} = 1\mu\text{s}$                                                            |             | 3.5   | 3.5 | 3.5 |      |      |
| Active Standby Current in non power-down mode<br>(One Bank Active) | I <sub>CC3N</sub>  | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IH(\min)}$ , $\overline{\text{CS}} \leq V_{IH(\min)}$ , $t_{CC} = 15\text{ns}$<br>Input signals are changed one time during 30ns |             | 55    | 55  | 55  | mA   |      |
|                                                                    | I <sub>CC3NS</sub> | $\text{CKE} \leq V_{IH(\min)}$ , $\text{CLK} \leq V_{IL(\max)}$ , $t_{CC} = 1\mu\text{s}$<br>Input signals are stable                                |             | 35    | 35  | 35  |      |      |
| Operating Current<br>(Burst Mode)                                  | I <sub>CC4</sub>   | $I_{OL} = 0 \text{ mA}$ , Page Burst<br>All bank Activated, $t_{CCD} = t_{CCD(\min)}$                                                                | 3           | 200   | 180 | 160 | mA   | 1, 2 |
|                                                                    |                    |                                                                                                                                                      | 2           | 180   | 160 | 140 |      |      |
| Refresh Current                                                    | I <sub>CC5</sub>   | $t_{RC} \leq t_{RC(\min)}$                                                                                                                           | 3           | 140   | 120 | 100 | mA   | 3    |
|                                                                    |                    |                                                                                                                                                      | 2           | 130   | 110 | 90  |      |      |
| Self Refresh Current                                               | I <sub>CC6</sub>   | $\text{CKE} \leq 0.2\text{V}$                                                                                                                        |             | 1     | 1   | 1   | mA   |      |
| Operating Current<br>(One Bank Block Write)                        | I <sub>CC7</sub>   | $t_{CC} \leq t_{CC(\min)}$ , $I_{OL}=0\text{mA}$ , $t_{BWC(\min)}$                                                                                   |             | 170   | 150 | 130 | mA   | 4    |

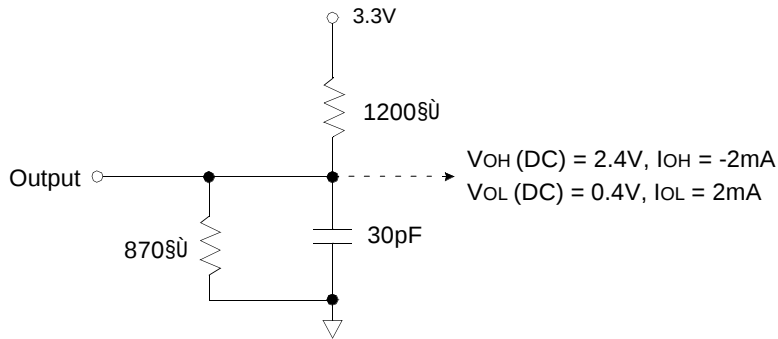
**Note :** 1. Measured with outputs open.2. Assumes minimum column address update cycle  $t_{CCD(\min)}$ .

3. Refresh period is 16ms.

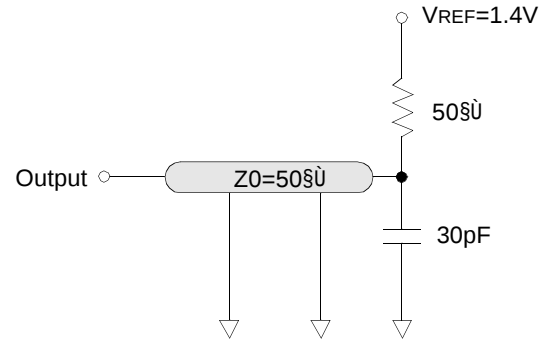
4. Assumes minimum column address update cycle  $t_{BWC(\min)}$ .

**AC OPERATING TEST CONDITIONS** ( $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 0.3V$ ,  $T_A = 0$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                                 | Value                               |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| AC input levels                           | $V_{IH}/V_{IL} = 2.4V / 0.4V$       |
| Input timing measurement reference level  | 1.4V                                |
| Input rise and fall time(See note 3)      | $t_r/t_f = 1\text{ns} / 1\text{ns}$ |
| Output timing measurement reference level | 1.4V                                |
| Output load condition                     | See Fig. 2                          |



(Fig. 1) DC Output Load Circuit



(Fig. 2) AC Output Load Circuit

**AC CHARACTERISTICS** (AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter                 |               | Symbol | -8  |      | -10 |      | -12 |      | Unit | Note |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|------|------|------|
|                           |               |        | Min | Max  | Min | Max  | Min | Max  |      |      |
| CLK cycle time            | CAS Latency=3 | tcc    | 8   | 1000 | 10  | 1000 | 12  | 1000 | ns   | 1    |
|                           | CAS Latency=2 |        | 12  |      | 13  |      | 15  |      |      |      |
| CLK to valid output delay | CAS Latency=3 | tsac   | -   | 7    | -   | 7    | -   | 9    | ns   | 1, 2 |
|                           | CAS Latency=2 |        | -   | 10   | -   | 11   | -   | 12   |      |      |
| Output data hold time     | CAS Latency=3 | toH    | 3   |      | 3   |      | 3   |      | ns   | 2    |
|                           | CAS Latency=2 |        | 3   |      | 3   |      | 3   |      | ns   |      |
| CLK high pulse width      |               | tCH    | 3   |      | 3.5 |      | 4   |      | ns   | 3    |
| CLK low pulse width       |               | tCL    | 3   |      | 3.5 |      | 4   |      | ns   | 3    |
| Input setup time          |               | tSS    | 2.5 |      | 3   |      | 3   |      | ns   | 3    |
| Input hold time           |               | tSH    | 1   |      | 1   |      | 1.5 |      | ns   | 3    |
| CLK to output in Low-Z    |               | tSLZ   | 1   |      | 1   |      | 1   |      | ns   | 2    |
| CLK to output in Hi-Z     | CAS latency=3 | tSHZ   | -   | 7    | -   | 7    | -   | 9    | ns   |      |
|                           | CAS latency=2 |        | -   | 10   | -   | 11   | -   | 12   |      |      |

\* All AC parameters are measured from half to half.

**Note :** 1. Parameters depend on programmed CAS latency.2. If clock rising time is longer than 1ns,  $(t_r/2-0.5)\text{ns}$  should be added to the parameter.3. Assumed input rise and fall time ( $t_r$  &  $t_f$ )=1ns.If  $t_r$  &  $t_f$  is longer than 1ns, transient time compensation should be considered,i.e.,  $[(t_r + t_f)/2-1]\text{ns}$  should be added to the parameter.

## OPERATING AC PARAMETER

(AC operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter                                                         |                                   | Symbol    | Version |     |     | Unit | Note |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----|-----|------|------|
|                                                                   |                                   |           | -8      | -10 | -12 |      |      |
| Row active to row active delay                                    |                                   | tRRD(min) | 16      | 20  | 24  | ns   | 1    |
| $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ delay          |                                   | tRCD(min) | 16      | 20  | 24  | ns   | 1    |
| Row precharge time                                                |                                   | tRP(min)  | 24      | 26  | 30  | ns   | 1    |
| Row active time                                                   |                                   | tRAS(min) | 48      | 50  | 60  | ns   | 1    |
|                                                                   |                                   | tRAS(max) | 100     |     |     | us   |      |
| Row cycle time                                                    |                                   | tRC(min)  | 80      | 80  | 90  | ns   | 1    |
| Last data in to new col. address delay                            |                                   | tCDL(min) | 1       |     |     | CLK  | 2    |
| Last data in to row precharge                                     |                                   | tRDL(min) | 1       |     |     | CLK  | 2    |
| Block write data-in to PRE command delay                          |                                   | tBPL(min) | 16      | 20  | 24  | ns   |      |
| Block write data-in to Active(REF) command period(Auto precharge) |                                   | tBAL(min) | 40      | 46  | 54  | ns   |      |
| Last data in to burst stop                                        |                                   | tBDL(min) | 1       |     |     | CLK  | 2    |
| Col. address to col. address delay                                |                                   | tCCD(min) | 1       |     |     | CLK  | 3    |
| Block write cycle time                                            |                                   | tBWC(min) | 16      | 20  | 24  | ns   | 1, 4 |
| Number of valid output data                                       | $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Latency=3 | 2         |         |     |     | CLK  | 5    |
|                                                                   | $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Latency=2 | 1         |         |     |     |      |      |

- Note :**
1. The minimum number of clock cycles is determined by dividing the minimum time required with clock cycle time and then rounding off to the next higher integer.
  2. Minimum delay is required to complete write.
  3. All parts allow every cycle column address change except block write cycle.
  4. This parameter means minimum  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  to  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  delay at block write cycle only.
  5. In case of row precharge interrupt, auto precharge and read burst stop.

**FREQUENCY vs. AC PARAMETER RELATIONSHIP TABLE**
**KM4132G271A-8**

(Unit : number of clock)

| Frequency       | CAS Latency | tRC  | tRAS | tRP  | tRRD | tRCD | tCCD | tCDL | tRDL | tBWC |
|-----------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|                 |             | 80ns | 48ns | 24ns | 16ns | 16ns | 8ns  | 8ns  | 8ns  | 16ns |
| 125MHz (8.0ns)  | 3           | 10   | 6    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 100MHz (10.0ns) | 3           | 8    | 5    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 83MHz (12.0ns)  | 2           | 7    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 75MHz (13.4ns)  | 2           | 6    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 66MHz (15.0ns)  | 2           | 6    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 50MHz(20ns)     | 2           | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |

**KM4132G271A-10**

(Unit : number of clock)

| Frequency       | CAS Latency | tRC  | tRAS | tRP  | tRRD | tRCD | tCCD | tCDL | tRDL | tBWC |
|-----------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|                 |             | 80ns | 50ns | 26ns | 20ns | 20ns | 10ns | 10ns | 10ns | 20ns |
| 100MHz (10.0ns) | 3           | 8    | 5    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 83MHz (12.0ns)  | 3           | 7    | 5    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 71MHz (14.0ns)  | 2           | 6    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 66MHz (15.0ns)  | 2           | 6    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 50MHz (20.0ns)  | 2           | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| 40MHz(25ns)     | 2           | 4    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |

**KM4132G271A-12**

(Unit : number of clock)

| Frequency      | CAS Latency | tRC  | tRAS | tRP  | tRRD | tRCD | tCCD | tCDL | tRDL | tBWC |
|----------------|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
|                |             | 90ns | 60ns | 30ns | 24ns | 24ns | 12ns | 12ns | 12ns | 24ns |
| 83MHz (12.0ns) | 3           | 8    | 5    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 66MHz (15.0ns) | 2           | 6    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 55MHz (18.2ns) | 2           | 5    | 4    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 50MHz (20.0ns) | 2           | 5    | 3    | 2    | 2    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 2    |
| 40MHz (25.0ns) | 2           | 4    | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| 33MHz(30.0ns)  | 2           | 3    | 2    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    |

## SIMPLIFIED TRUTH TABLE

| COMMAND                            |                           |       | CKEn-1 | CKEn | $\overline{CS}$ | $\overline{RAS}$ | $\overline{CAS}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | DSF | DQM | A9      | A8          | A7~ A0         | Note    |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|-----|---------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| Register                           | Mode Register Set         |       | H      | X    | L               | L                | L                | L               | L   | X   | OP CODE |             |                | 1, 2    |
|                                    | Special Mode Register Set |       |        |      |                 |                  |                  |                 | H   |     |         |             |                | 1,2,7   |
| Refresh                            | Auto Refresh              |       | H      | H    | L               | L                | L                | H               | L   | X   | X       |             |                | 3       |
|                                    | Self Refresh              | Entry |        | L    |                 |                  |                  |                 |     |     |         |             |                | 3       |
|                                    |                           | Exit  | L      | H    | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X   | X       |             |                | 3       |
|                                    |                           |       |        |      | H               | X                | X                | X               |     |     |         |             |                | 3       |
| Bank Active & Row Addr.            | Write Per Bit Disable     |       | H      | X    | L               | L                | H                | H               | L   | X   | V       | Row Address |                | 4, 5    |
|                                    | Write Per Bit Enable      |       |        |      |                 |                  |                  |                 | H   |     |         |             |                | 4,5,9   |
| Read & Column Address              | Auto Precharge Disable    |       | H      | X    | L               | H                | L                | H               | L   | X   | V       | L           | Column Address | 4       |
|                                    | Auto Precharge Enable     |       |        |      |                 |                  |                  |                 |     |     |         | H           |                | 4, 6    |
| Write & Column Address             | Auto Precharge Disable    |       | H      | X    | L               | H                | L                | L               | L   | X   | V       | L           | Column Address | 4, 5    |
|                                    | Auto Precharge Enable     |       |        |      |                 |                  |                  |                 |     |     |         | H           |                | 4,5,6,9 |
| Block Write & Column Addr.         | Auto Precharge Disable    |       | H      | X    | L               | H                | L                | L               | H   | X   | V       | L           | Column Address | 4, 5    |
|                                    | Auto Precharge Enable     |       |        |      |                 |                  |                  |                 |     |     |         | H           |                | 4,5,6,9 |
| Burst Stop                         |                           |       | H      | X    | L               | H                | H                | L               | L   | X   | X       |             |                | 7       |
| Precharge                          | Bank Selection            |       | H      | X    | L               | L                | H                | L               | L   | X   | V       | L           | X              |         |
|                                    | Both Banks                |       |        |      |                 |                  |                  |                 |     |     | X       | H           |                |         |
| Clock Suspend or Active Power Down |                           | Entry | H      | L    | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X   | X       |             |                |         |
|                                    |                           |       |        |      | H               | X                | X                | X               |     |     |         |             |                |         |
|                                    |                           | Exit  | L      | H    | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X   |         |             |                |         |
| Precharge Power Down Mode          |                           | Entry | H      | L    | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X   | X       |             |                |         |
|                                    |                           |       |        |      | H               | X                | X                | X               |     |     |         |             |                |         |
|                                    |                           | Exit  | L      | H    | L               | V                | V                | V               | V   | X   |         |             |                |         |
|                                    |                           |       |        |      | H               | X                | X                | X               |     |     |         |             |                |         |
| DQM                                |                           |       | H      | X    |                 |                  |                  |                 |     | V   | X       |             |                | 8       |
| No Operation Command               |                           |       | H      | X    | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X   | X       |             |                |         |
|                                    |                           |       |        |      | H               | X                | X                | X               |     |     |         |             |                |         |

(V=Valid, X=Don't Care, H=Logic High, L=Logic Low)

**Note :** 1. OP Code : Operand Code

A0 ~ A9 : Program keys. (@MRS)

A5, A6 : LMR or LCR select. (@SMRS)

Color register exists only one per DQi which both banks share.

So dose Mask Register.

Color or mask is loaded into chip through DQ pin.

## 2. MRS can be issued only at both banks precharge state.

SMRS can be issued only if DQ's are idle.

A new command can be issued at the next clock of MRS/SMRS.

## SIMPLIFIED TRUTH TABLE

3. Auto refresh functions as same as CBR refresh of DRAM.  
The automatical precharge without Row precharge command is meant by "Auto".  
Auto/Self refresh can be issued only at both precharge state.
4. A<sub>9</sub> : Bank select address.  
If "Low" at read, (block) write, Row active and precharge, bank A is selected.  
If "High" at read, (block) write, Row active and precharge, bank B is selected.  
If A<sub>8</sub> is "High" at Row precharge, A<sub>9</sub> is ignored and both banks are selected.
5. It is determined at Row active cycle.  
whether Normal/Block write operates in write per bit mode or not.  
For A bank write, at A bank Row active, for B bank write, at B bank Row active.  
Terminology : Write per bit =I/O mask  
(Block) Write with write per bit mode=Masked(Block) Write
6. During burst read or write with auto precharge, new read/(block) write command cannot be issued.  
Another bank read/(block) write command can be issued at t<sub>RP</sub> after the end of burst.
7. Burst stop command is valid only at full page burst length.
8. DQM sampled at positive going edge of a CLK.  
masks the data-in at the very CLK(Write DQM latency is 0)  
but makes Hi-Z state the data-out of 2 CLK cycles after.(Read DQM latency is 2)
9. Graphic features added to SDRAM's original features.  
If DSF is tied to low, graphic functions are disabled and chip operates as a 8M SDRAM with 32 DQ's.

## SGRAM vs SDRAM

| SDRAM Function | MRS |      | Bank Active                            |                                       | Write        |             |
|----------------|-----|------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| DSF            | L   | H    | L                                      | H                                     | L            | H           |
| SGRAM Function | MRS | SMRS | Bank Active with Write per bit Disable | Bank Active with Write per bit Enable | Normal Write | Block Write |

If DSF is low, SGRAM functionality is identical to SDRAM functionality.

SGRAM can be used as an unified memory by the appropriate DSF control  
--> SGRAM=Graphic Memory + Main Memory

## MODE REGISTER FIELD TABLE TO PROGRAM MODES

### Register Programmed with MRS

| Address  | A9    | A8 | A7 | A6          | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2           | A1 | A0 |
|----------|-------|----|----|-------------|----|----|----|--------------|----|----|
| Function | W.B.L | TM |    | CAS Latency |    |    | BT | Burst Length |    |    |

(Note 1)

| Test Mode          |            |                   | CAS Latency |    |    |          | Burst Type |            | Burst Length |    |           |          |          |
|--------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|----|----|----------|------------|------------|--------------|----|-----------|----------|----------|
| A8                 | A7         | Type              | A6          | A5 | A4 | Latency  | A3         | Type       | A2           | A1 | A0        | BT=0     | BT=1     |
| 0                  | 0          | Mode Register Set | 0           | 0  | 0  | Reserved | 0          | Sequential | 0            | 0  | 0         | 1        | Reserved |
| 0                  | 1          | Vendor Use Only   | 0           | 0  | 1  | -        | 1          | Interleave | 0            | 0  | 1         | 2        | Reserved |
| 1                  | 0          |                   | 0           | 1  | 0  | 2        |            | 0          | 1            | 0  | 4         | 4        |          |
| 1                  | 1          |                   | 0           | 1  | 1  | 3        |            | 0          | 1            | 1  | 8         | 8        |          |
| Write Burst Length |            |                   | 1           | 0  | 0  | Reserved |            | 1          | 0            | 0  | Reserved  | Reserved |          |
| A9                 | Length     |                   | 1           | 0  | 1  | Reserved |            | 1          | 0            | 1  | Reserved  | Reserved |          |
| 0                  | Burst      |                   | 1           | 1  | 0  | Reserved |            | 1          | 1            | 0  | Reserved  | Reserved |          |
| 1                  | Single Bit |                   | 1           | 1  | 1  | Reserved |            | 1          | 1            | 1  | 256(Full) | Reserved |          |

(Note 2)

### Special Mode Register Programmed with SMRS

| Address  | A9 | A8 | A7 | A6 | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Function | X  |    |    | LC | LM | X  |    |    |    |    |

| Load Color |          | Load Mask |          |
|------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| A6         | Function | A5        | Function |
| 0          | Disable  | 0         | Disable  |
| 1          | Enable   | 1         | Enable   |

(Note 3)

## POWER UP SEQUENCE

1. Apply power and start clock, Attempt to maintain CKE= "H", DQM= "H" and the other pins are NOP condition at the inputs.
2. Maintain stable power, stable clock and NOP input condition for a minimum of 200 $\mu$ s.
3. Issue precharge commands for all banks of the devices.
4. Issue 2 or more auto-refresh commands.
5. Issue a mode register set command to initialize the mode register.  
cf.) Sequence of 4 & 5 may be changed.

The device is now ready for normal operation.

- Note :**
1. If A9 is high during MRS cycle, "Burst Read Single Bit Write" function will be enabled.
  2. The full column burst(256bit) is available only at Sequential mode of burst type.
  3. If LC and LM both high(1), data of mask and color register will be unknown.

**BURST SEQUENCE (BURST LENGTH = 4)**

| Initial address |    | Sequential |   |   |   | Interleave |   |   |   |
|-----------------|----|------------|---|---|---|------------|---|---|---|
| A1              | A0 |            |   |   |   |            |   |   |   |
| 0               | 0  | 0          | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0          | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 0               | 1  | 1          | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1          | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| 1               | 0  | 2          | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2          | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| 1               | 1  | 3          | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3          | 2 | 1 | 0 |

**BURST SEQUENCE (BURST LENGTH = 8)**

| Initial address |    |    | Sequential |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | Interleave |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-----------------|----|----|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A2              | A1 | A0 |            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |            |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 0               | 0  | 0  | 0          | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 0          | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 0               | 0  | 1  | 1          | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1          | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 6 |
| 0               | 1  | 0  | 2          | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2          | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| 0               | 1  | 1  | 3          | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3          | 2 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| 1               | 0  | 0  | 4          | 5 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4          | 5 | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 1               | 0  | 1  | 5          | 6 | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5          | 4 | 7 | 6 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| 1               | 1  | 0  | 6          | 7 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6          | 7 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
| 1               | 1  | 1  | 7          | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7          | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

**PIXEL to DQ MAPPING(at BLOCK WRITE)**

| Column address |    |    | 3 Byte        | 2 Byte        | 1 Byte       | 0 Byte      |
|----------------|----|----|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| A2             | A1 | A0 | I/O31 - I/O24 | I/O23 - I/O16 | I/O15 - I/O8 | I/O7 - I/O0 |
| 0              | 0  | 0  | DQ24          | DQ16          | DQ8          | DQ0         |
| 0              | 0  | 1  | DQ25          | DQ17          | DQ9          | DQ1         |
| 0              | 1  | 0  | DQ26          | DQ18          | DQ10         | DQ2         |
| 0              | 1  | 1  | DQ27          | DQ19          | DQ11         | DQ3         |
| 1              | 0  | 0  | DQ28          | DQ20          | DQ12         | DQ4         |
| 1              | 0  | 1  | DQ29          | DQ21          | DQ13         | DQ5         |
| 1              | 1  | 0  | DQ30          | DQ22          | DQ14         | DQ6         |
| 1              | 1  | 1  | DQ31          | DQ23          | DQ15         | DQ7         |

## DEVICE OPERATIONS

### CLOCK (CLK)

The clock input is used as the reference for all SGRAM operations. All operations are synchronized to the positive going edge of the clock. The clock transitions must be monotonic between  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$ . During operation with CKE high all inputs are assumed to be in valid state (low or high) for the duration of set-up and hold time around positive edge of the clock for proper functionality and  $I_{CC}$  specifications.

### CLOCK ENABLE (CKE)

The clock enable (CKE) gates the clock onto SGRAM. If CKE goes low synchronously with clock (set-up and hold time same as other inputs), the internal clock is suspended from the next clock cycle and the state of output and burst address is frozen as long as the CKE remains low. All other inputs are ignored from the next clock cycle after CKE goes low. When both banks are in the idle state and CKE goes low synchronously with clock, the SGRAM enters the power down mode from the next clock cycle. The SGRAM remains in the power down mode ignoring the other inputs as long as CKE remains low. The power down exit is synchronous as the internal clock is suspended. When CKE goes high at least " $t_{SS} + 1CLOCK$ " before the high going edge of the clock, then the SGRAM becomes active from the same clock edge accepting all the input commands.

### BANK SELECT (A9)

This SGRAM is organized as two independent banks of 131,072 words x 32 bits memory arrays. The A9 inputs is latched at the time of assertion of  $\overline{RAS}$  and  $\overline{CAS}$  to select the bank to be used for the operation. When A9 is asserted low, bank A is selected. When A9 is asserted high, bank B is selected. The bank select A9 is latched at bank activate, read, write mode register set and precharge operations.

### ADDRESS INPUT (A0 ~ A8)

The 17 address bits required to decode the 131,072 word locations are multiplexed into 9 address input pins (A0~A8). The 9 bit row address is latched along with  $\overline{RAS}$  and A9 during bank activate command. The 8 bit column address is latched along with  $\overline{CAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$  and A9 during read or write command.

### NOP and DEVICE DESELECT

When  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are high, the SGRAM performs no operation (NOP). NOP does not initiate any new operation, but is needed to complete operations which require more than single clock cycle like bank activate, burst read, auto refresh, etc. The device deselect is also a NOP and is entered by asserting  $\overline{CS}$  high.  $\overline{CS}$  high disables the command decoder so that  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$ , DSF and all the address inputs are ignored.

### POWER-UP

The following sequence is recommended for POWER UP

1. Power must be applied to either CKE and DQM inputs to pull them high and other pins are NOP condition at the inputs before or along with  $V_{DD}$  (and  $V_{DDQ}$ ) supply. The clock signal must also be asserted at the same time.
2. After  $V_{DD}$  reaches the desired voltage, a minimum pause of 200 microseconds is required with inputs in NOP condition.
3. Both banks must be precharged now.
4. Perform a minimum of 2 Auto refresh cycles to stabilize the internal circuitry.
5. Perform a MODE REGISTER SET cycle to program the CAS latency, burst length and burst type as the default value of mode register is undefined.

At the end of one clock cycle from the mode register set cycle, the device is ready for operation.

When the above sequence is used for Power-up, all the outputs will be in high impedance state. The high impedance of outputs is not guaranteed in any other power-up sequence.

cf.) Sequence of 4 & 5 may be changed.

### MODE REGISTER SET (MRS)

The mode register stores the data for controlling the various operating modes of SGRAM. It programs the CAS latency, addressing mode, burst length, test mode and various vendor specific options to make SGRAM useful for variety of different applications. The default value of the mode register is not defined, therefore the mode register must be written after power up to operate the SGRAM. The mode register is written by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$  and DSF (The SGRAM should be in active mode with CKE already high prior to writing the mode register). The state of address pins A0 ~ A8 and A9 in the same cycle as  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$ ,  $\overline{WE}$  and DSF going low is the data written in the mode register. One clock cycle is required to complete the write in the mode register. The mode register contents can be changed using the same command and clock cycle requirements during operation as long as both banks are in the idle state. The mode register is divided into various fields depending on functionality. The burst length field uses A0 ~ A2, burst type uses A3, addressing mode uses A4 ~ A6, A7 ~ A8 are used for vendor specific options or test mode. And the write burst length is programmed using A9. A7 ~ A8 must be set to low for normal SGRAM operation. Refer to table for specific codes for various burst length, addressing modes and  $\overline{CAS}$  latencies.

## DEVICE OPERATIONS

### BANK ACTIVATE

The bank activate command is used to select a random row in an idle bank. By asserting low on  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  with desired row and bank addresses, a row access is initiated. The read or write operation can occur after a time delay of  $\text{trCD}(\text{min})$  from the time of bank activation.  $\text{trCD}(\text{min})$  is an internal timing parameter of SGRAM, therefore it is dependent on operating clock frequency. The minimum number of clock cycles required between bank activate and read or write command should be calculated by dividing  $\text{trCD}(\text{min})$  with cycle time of the clock and then rounding off the result to the next higher integer. The SGRAM has two internal banks on the same chip and shares part of the internal circuitry to reduce chip area, therefore it restricts the activation of both banks immediately. Also the noise generated during sensing of each bank of SGRAM is high requiring some time for power supplies to recover before the other bank can be sensed reliably.  $\text{trRD}(\text{min})$  specifies the minimum time required between activating different banks. The number of clock cycles required between different bank activation must be calculated similar to  $\text{trCD}$  specification. The minimum time required for the bank to be active to initiate sensing and restoring the complete row of dynamic cells is determined by  $\text{trAS}(\text{min})$  specification before a precharge command to that active bank can be asserted. The maximum time any bank can be in the active state is determined by  $\text{trAS}(\text{max})$ . The number of cycles for both  $\text{trAS}(\text{min})$  and  $\text{trAS}(\text{max})$  can be calculated similar to  $\text{trCD}$  specification.

### BURST READ

The burst read command is used to access burst of data on consecutive clock cycles from an active row in an active bank. The burst read command is issued by asserting low on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  being high on the positive edge of the clock. The bank must be active for at least  $\text{trCD}(\text{min})$  before the burst read command is issued. The first output appears  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  latency number of clock cycles after the issue of burst read command. The burst length, burst sequence and latency from the burst read command is determined by the mode register which is already programmed. The burst read can be initiated on any column address of the active row. The address wraps around if the initial address does not start from a boundary such that number of outputs from each I/O are equal to the burst length programmed in the mode register. The output goes into high-impedance at the end of the burst, unless a new burst read was initiated to keep the data output gapless. The burst read can be terminated by issuing another burst read or burst write in the same bank or the other active bank or a precharge command to the same bank. The burst stop command is valid only at full page burst length where the output does not go into high impedance at the end of burst and the burst is wrap around..

### BURST WRITE

The burst write command is similar to burst read command, and is used to write data into the SGRAM on consecutive clock

cycles in adjacent addresses depending on burst length and burst sequence. By asserting low on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  with valid column address, a write burst is initiated. The data inputs are provided for the initial address in the same clock cycle as the burst write command. The input buffer is deselected at the end of the burst length, even though the internal writing may not have been completed yet. The writing can not complete to burst length. The burst write can be terminated by issuing a burst read and DQM for blocking data inputs or burst write in the same or the other active bank. The burst stop command is valid only at full page burst length where the writing continues at the end of burst and the burst is wrap around. The write burst can also be terminated by using DQM for blocking data and precharging the bank "  $\text{trDL}$  " after the last data input to be written into the active row. See DQM OPERATION also.

### DQM OPERATION

The DQM is used to mask input and output operations. It works similar to  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  during read operation and inhibits writing during write operation. The read latency is two cycles from DQM and zero cycle for write, which means DQM masking occurs two cycles later in the read cycle and occurs in the same cycle during write cycle. DQM operation is synchronous with the clock, therefore the masking occurs for a complete cycle. The DQM signal is important during burst interrupts of write with read or precharge in the SGRAM. Due to asynchronous nature of the internal write, the DQM operation is critical to avoid unwanted or incomplete writes when the complete burst write is not required. DQM is also used for device selection, byte selection and bus control in a memory system. DQM0 controls DQ0 to DQ7, DQM1 controls DQ8 to DQ15, DQM2 controls DQ16 to DQ23, DQM3 controls DQ24 to DQ31. DQM masks the DQ's by a byte regardless that the corresponding DQ's are in a state of WPB masking or Pixel masking. Please refer to DQM timing diagram also.

### PRECHARGE

The precharge operation is performed on an active bank by asserting low on  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  and A8 with valid A9 of the bank to be precharged. The precharge command can be asserted anytime after  $\text{trAS}(\text{min})$  is satisfied from the bank activate command in the desired bank. "  $\text{trP}$  " is defined as the minimum time required to precharge a bank. The minimum number of clock cycles required to complete row precharge is calculated by dividing "  $\text{trP}$  " with clock cycle time and rounding up to the next higher integer. Care should be taken to make sure that burst write is completed or DQM is used to inhibit writing before precharge command is asserted. The maximum time any bank can be active is specified by  $\text{trAS}(\text{max})$ . Therefore, each bank has to be precharged within  $\text{trAS}(\text{max})$  from the bank activate command. At the end of precharge, the bank enters the idle state and is ready to be activated again.

**DEVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)**

Entry to Power Down, Auto refresh, Self refresh and Mode register Set etc. is possible only when both banks are in idle state.

**AUTO PRECHARGE**

The precharge operation can also be performed by using auto precharge. The SGRAM internally generates the timing to satisfy  $t_{RAS}(min)$  and "trp" for the programmed burst length and  $\overline{CAS}$  latency. The auto precharge command is issued at the same time as burst read or burst write by asserting high on A8. If burst read or burst write command is issued with low on A8, the bank is left active until a new command is asserted. Once auto precharge command is given, no new commands are possible to that particular bank until the bank achieves idle state.

**BOTH BANKS PRECHARGE**

Both banks can be precharged at the same time by using Precharge all command. Asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ , and  $\overline{WE}$  with high on A8 after both banks have satisfied  $t_{RAS}(min)$  requirement, performs precharge on both banks. At the end of trp after performing precharge all, both banks are in idle state.

**AUTO REFRESH**

The storage cells of SGRAM need to be refreshed every 16ms to maintain data. An auto refresh cycle accomplishes refresh of a single row of storage cells. The internal counter increments automatically on every auto refresh cycle to refresh all the rows. An auto refresh command is issued by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$  and  $\overline{CAS}$  with high on CKE and  $\overline{WE}$ . The auto refresh command can only be asserted with both banks being in idle state and the device is not in power down mode (CKE is high in the previous cycle). The time required to complete the auto refresh operation is specified by "trc(min)". The minimum number of clock cycles required can be calculated by driving "trc" with clock cycle time and then rounding up to the next higher integer. The auto refresh command must be followed by NOP's until the auto refresh operation is completed. Both banks will be in the idle state at the end of auto refresh operation. The auto refresh is the preferred refresh mode when the SGRAM is being used for normal data transactions. The auto refresh cycle can be performed once in 15.6 $\mu$ s or a burst of 1024 auto refresh cycles once in 16ms.

**SELF REFRESH**

The self refresh is another refresh mode available in the SGRAM. The self refresh is the preferred refresh mode for data retention and low power operation of SGRAM. In self refresh mode, the SGRAM disables the internal clock and all the input buffers except CKE. The refresh addressing and timing is internally generated to reduce power consumption.

The self refresh mode is entered from all banks idle state by asserting low on  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and CKE with high on  $\overline{WE}$ . Once the self refresh mode is entered, only CKE state being low matters, all the other inputs including clock are ignored to remain in the self refresh.

The self refresh is exited by restarting the external clock and then asserting high on CKE. This must be followed by NOP's for a minimum time of "trc" before the SGRAM reaches idle state to begin normal operation. If the system uses burst auto refresh during normal operation, it is recommended to use burst 1024 auto refresh cycles immediately after exiting self refresh.

**DEFINE SPECIAL FUNCTION(DSF)**

The DSF controls the graphic applications of SGRAM. If DSF is tied to low, SGRAM functions as 128K x 32 x2 Bank SDRAM. SGRAM can be used as an unified memory by the appropriate DSF command. All the graphic function mode can be entered only by setting DSF high when issuing commands which otherwise would be normal SDRAM commands.

SDRAM functions such as  $\overline{RAS}$  Active, Write, and WCBR change to SGRAM functions such as  $\overline{RAS}$  Active with WPB, Block Write and SWCBR respectively. See the sessions below for the graphic functions that DSF controls.

**SPECIAL MODE REGISTER SET(SMRS)**

There are two kinds of special mode registers in SGRAM. One is color register and the other is mask register. Those usage will be explained at "WRITE PER BIT" and "BLOCK WRITE" session. When A5 and DSF goes high in the same cycle as  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  going low, load mask register(LMR) process is executed and the mask registers are filled with the masks for associated DQ's through DQ pins. And when A6 and DSF goes high in the same cycle as  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  going low, load color register(LCR) process is executed and the color register is filled with color data for associated DQ's through the DQ pins. If both A5 and A6 are high at SMRS, data of mask and color cycle is required to complete the write in the mask register and the color register at LMR and LCR respectively. The next clock of LMR or LCR, a new commands can be issued. SMRS, compared with MRS, can be issued at the active state under the condition that DQ's are idle. As in write operation, SMRS accepts the data needed through DQ pins. Therefore it should be attended not to induce bus contention. The more detailed materials can be obtained by referring corresponding timing diagram.

## DEVICE OPERATIONS (Continued)

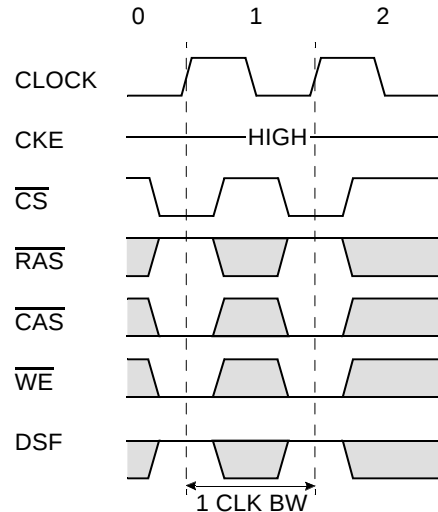
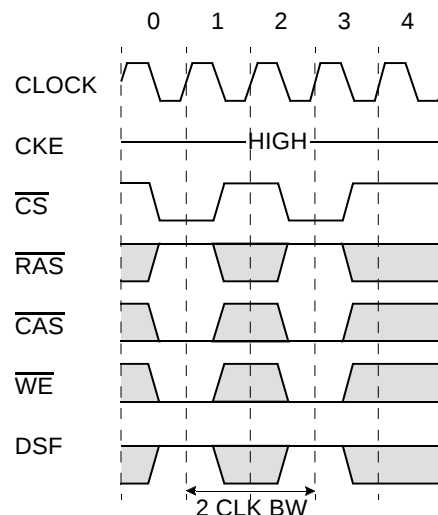
**WRITE PER BIT**

Write per bit (i.e. I/O mask mode) for SGRAM is a function that selectively masks bits of data being written to the devices. The mask is stored in an internal register and applied to each bit of data written when enabled. Bank active command with DSF=High enabled write per bit for associated bank. Bank active command with DSF=Low disables write per bit for the associated bank. The mask used for write per bit operations is stored in the mask register accessed by SWCBLR (Special Mode Register Set Command). When a mask bit=1, the associated data bit is written when a write command is executed and write per bit has been enabled for the bank being written. When a mask bit=0, the associated data bit is unaltered when a write command is executed and the write per bit has been enabled for the bank being written. No additional timing conditions are required for write per bit operations. Write per bit writes can be either single write, burst writes or block writes. DQM masking is the same for write per bit and non-WPB write.

**BLOCK WRITE**

Block write is a feature allowing the simultaneous writing of consecutive 8 columns of data within a RAM device during a single access cycle. During block write the data to be written comes from an internal "color" register and DQ I/O pins are used for independent column selection. The block of column to be written is aligned on 8 column boundaries and is defined by the column address with the 3 LSB's ignored. Write command with DSF=1 enables block write for the associated bank. A write command with DSF=0 enables normal write for the associated bank. The block width is 8 column where column="n" bits for by "n" part. The color register is the same width as the data port of the chip. It is written via a SWCBLR where data present on the DQ pin is to be coupled into the internal color register. The color register provides the data masked by the DQ column select, WPB mask (If enabled), and DQM byte mask. Column data masking (Pixel masking) is provided on an individual column basis for each byte of data. The column mask is driven on the DQ pins during a block write command. The DQ column mask function is segmented on a per bit basis (i.e. DQ[0:7] provides the column mask for data bits[0:7], DQ[8:15] provides the column mask for data bits[8:15], DQ0 masks column[0] for data bits[0:7], DQ9 masks column [1] for data bits [8:15], etc). Block writes are always non-burst, independent of the burst length that has been programmed into the mode register. Back to back block writes are allowed provided that the specified block write cycle time ( $t_{BWC}$ ) is satisfied. If write per bit was enabled by the bank active command with DSF=1, then write per bit masking of the color register data is enabled.

If write per bit was disabled by a bank active command with DSF=0, the write per bit masking of the color register data is disabled. DQM masking provides independent data byte masking during block write exactly the same as it does during normal write operations, except that the control is extended to the consecutive 8 columns of the block write.

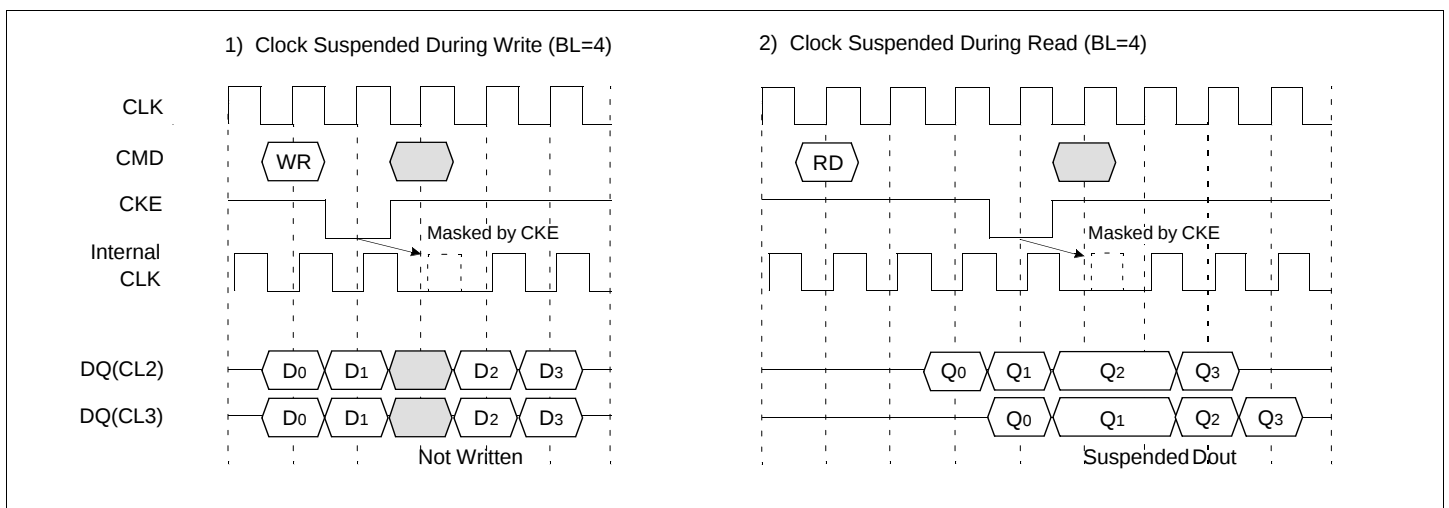
**Timing Diagram to Illustrate  $t_{BWC}$** 1. 1 CLK Cycle Block Write ( $t_{BWC} \leq t_{CC}$ )2. 2 CLK Cycle Block Write ( $t_{BWC} > t_{CC}$ )

## SUMMARY OF 1M Byte SGRAM BASIC FEATURES AND BENEFITS

| Features            | 128K x 32 x 2 SGRAM       | Benefits                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Interface           | Synchronous               | Better interaction between memory and system without wait-state of asynchronous DRAM.<br>High speed vertical and horizontal drawing.<br>High operating frequency allows performance gain for SCROLL, FILL, and BitBLT. |
| Bank                | 2 ea                      | Pseudo-infinite row length by on-chip interleaving operation.<br>Hidden row activation and precharge.                                                                                                                  |
| Page Depth / 1 Row  | 256 bit                   | High speed vertical and horizontal drawing.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Total Page Depth    | 1024 bytes                | High speed vertical and horizontal drawing.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Burst Length(Read)  | 1, 2, 4, 8 Full Page      | Programmable burst of 1, 2, ,4, 8 and full page transfer per column addresses.                                                                                                                                         |
| Burst Length(Write) | 1, 2, 4, 8 Full Page      | Programmable burst of 1, 2, ,4, 8 and full page transfer per column addresses.                                                                                                                                         |
|                     | BRSW                      | Switch to burst length of 1 at write without MRS.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Burst Type          | Sequential & Interleave   | Compatible with Intel and Motorola CPU based system.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| CAS Latency         | 2, 3                      | Programmable CAS latency.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Block Write         | 8 Columns                 | High speed FILL, CLEAR, Text with color registers.<br>Maximum 32 byte data transfers(e.g. for 8bpp : 32 pixels) with plane and byte masking functions.                                                                 |
| Color Register      | 1 ea.                     | A and B bank share.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Mask Register       | 1 ea.                     | Write-per-bit capability(bit plane masking). A and B banks share.                                                                                                                                                      |
| Mask function       | DQM0-3                    | Byte masking(pixel masking for 8bpp system) for data-out/in                                                                                                                                                            |
|                     | Write per bit             | Each bit of the mask register directly controls a corresponding bit plane.                                                                                                                                             |
|                     | Pixel Mask at Block Write | Byte masking(pixel masking for 8bpp system) for color by DQi                                                                                                                                                           |

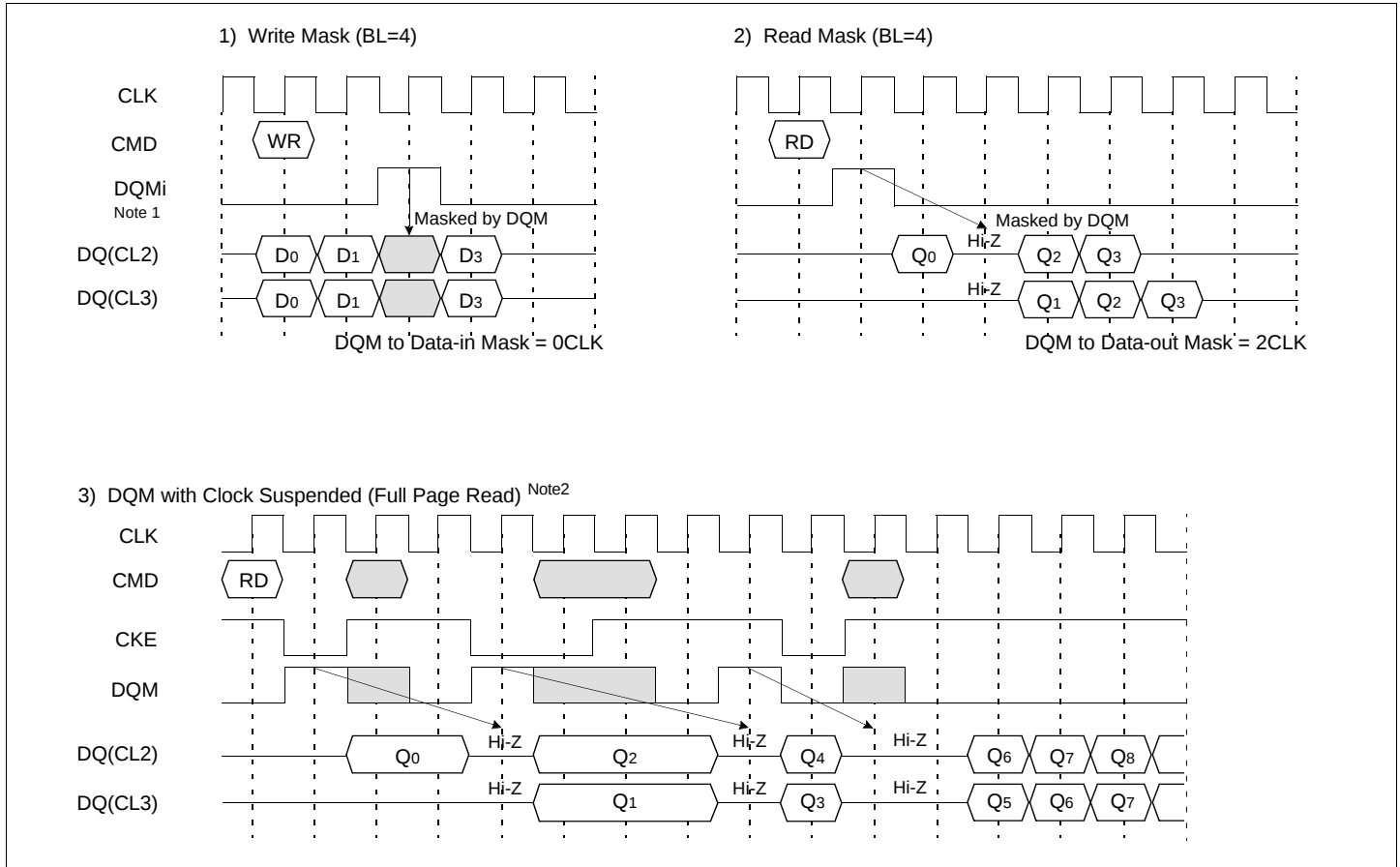
## BASIC FEATURE AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

## 1. CLOCK Suspend



Note : CKE to CLK disable/enable=1 clock

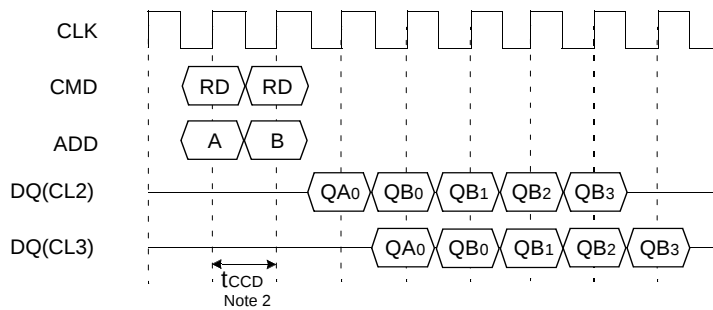
## 2. DQM Operation



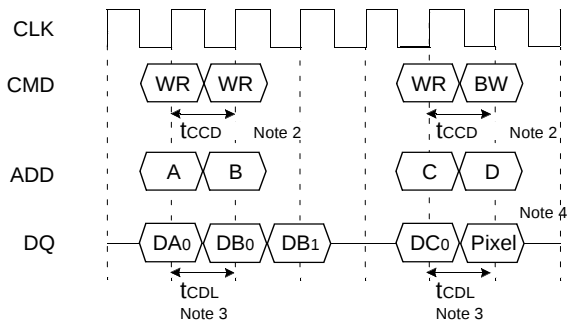
- \*Note :** 1. There are 4 DQM<sub>i</sub>(i=0~3).  
Each DQM<sub>i</sub> masks 8 DQ<sub>i</sub>'s.(1 Byte, 1 Pixel for 8 bpp)  
2. DQM makes data out Hi-Z after 2 clocks which should be masked by CKE " L".

### 3. $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Interrupt (I)

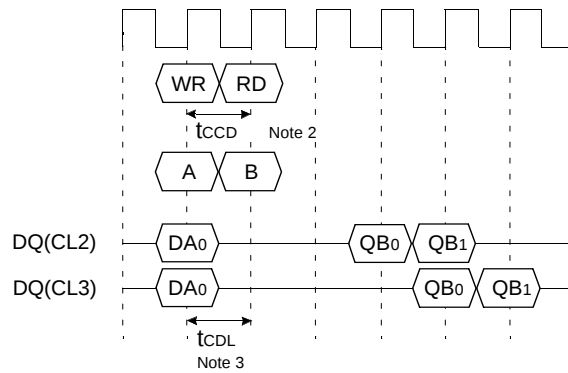
#### 1) Read interrupted by Read (BL=4) <sup>Note 1</sup>



#### 2) Write interrupted by (Block) Write (BL=2)

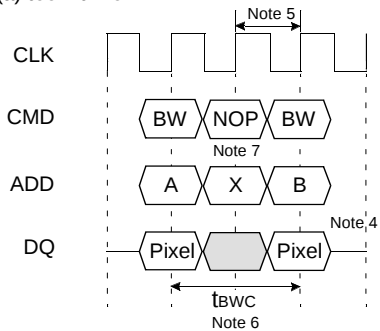


#### 3) Write interrupted by Read (BL=2)

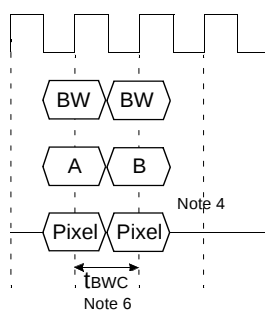


#### 4) Block Write to Block Write

##### (a) $t_{cc} < t_{BWC}$



##### (b) $t_{cc} \geq t_{BWC}$



**\*Note :** 1. By "Interrupt", It is possible to stop burst read/write by external command before the end of burst.

By " $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  Interrupt", to stop burst read/write by  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  access ; read, write and block write.

2. t<sub>CCD</sub> :  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  to  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  delay. (=1CLK)

3. t<sub>CDL</sub> : Last data in to new column address delay. (=1CLK)

4. Pixel : Pixel mask.

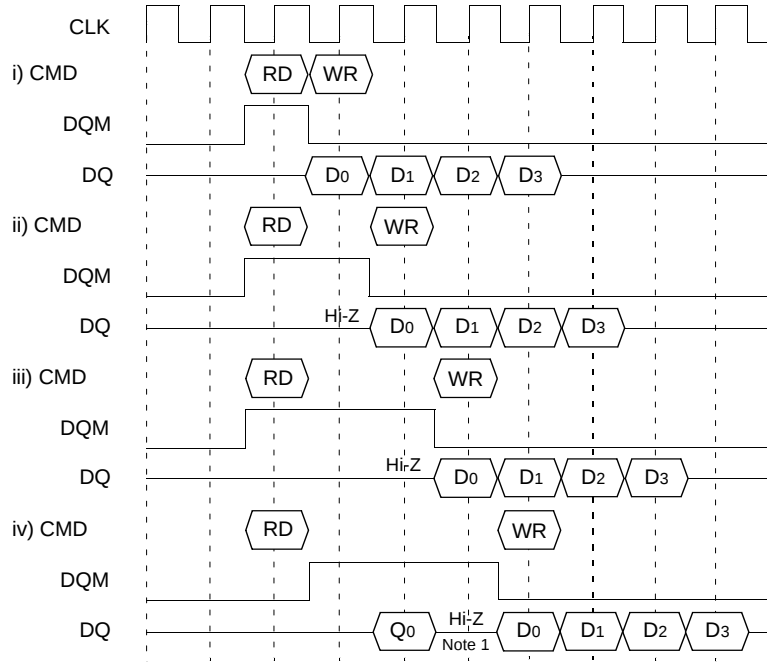
5. t<sub>CC</sub> : Clock cycle time.

6. t<sub>BWC</sub> : Block write minimum cycle time.

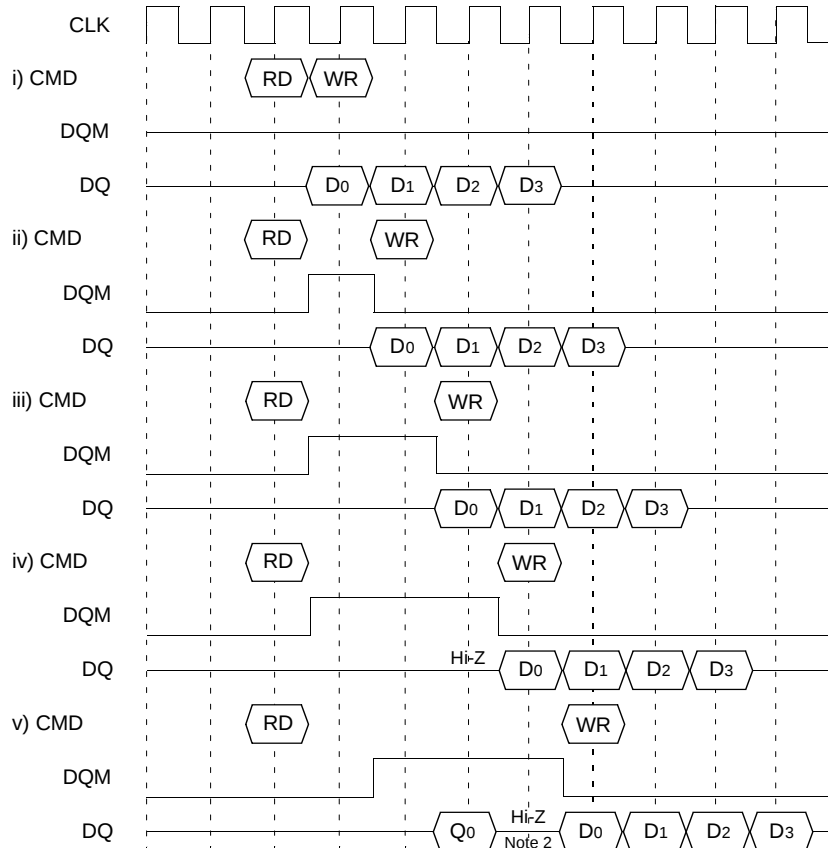
7. Other Bank can be active or precharge.

4.  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  Interrupt (II) : Read Interrupted by Write & DQM

(1) CL=2, BL=4



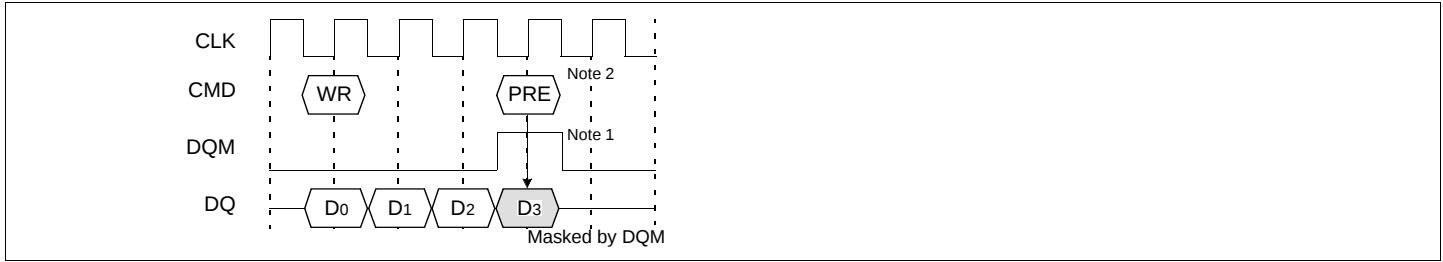
(2) CL=3, BL=4



\*Note : 1. To prevent bus contention, there should be at least one gap between data in and data out.

2. To prevent bus contention, DQM should be issued which makes at least one gap between data in and data out.

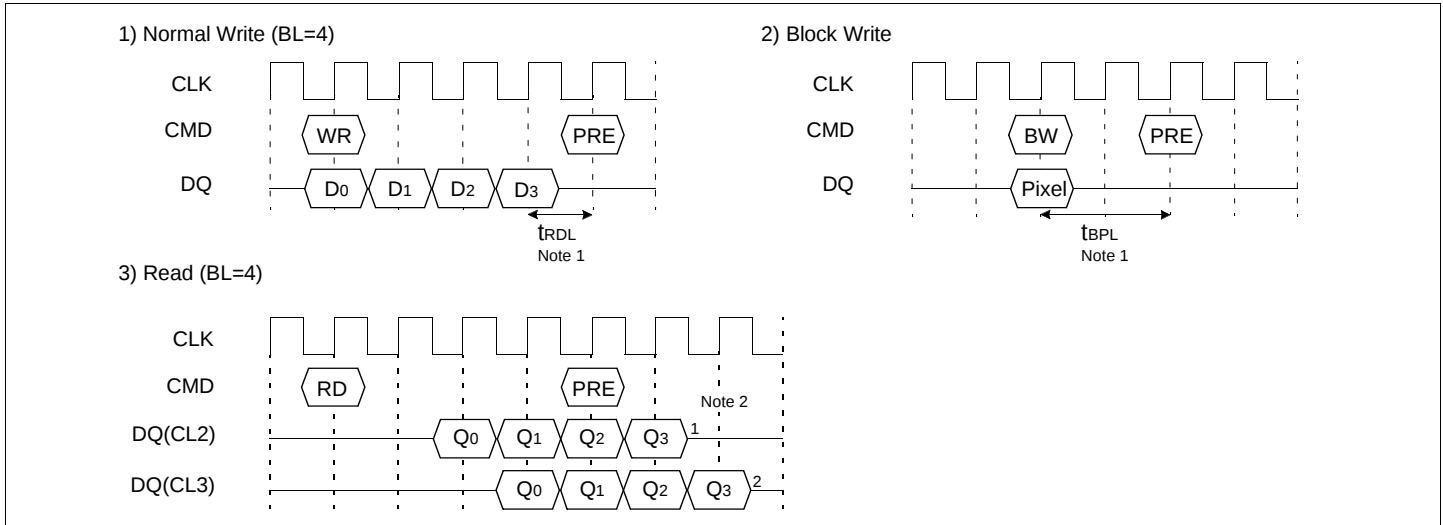
## 5. Write Interrupted by Precharge & DQM



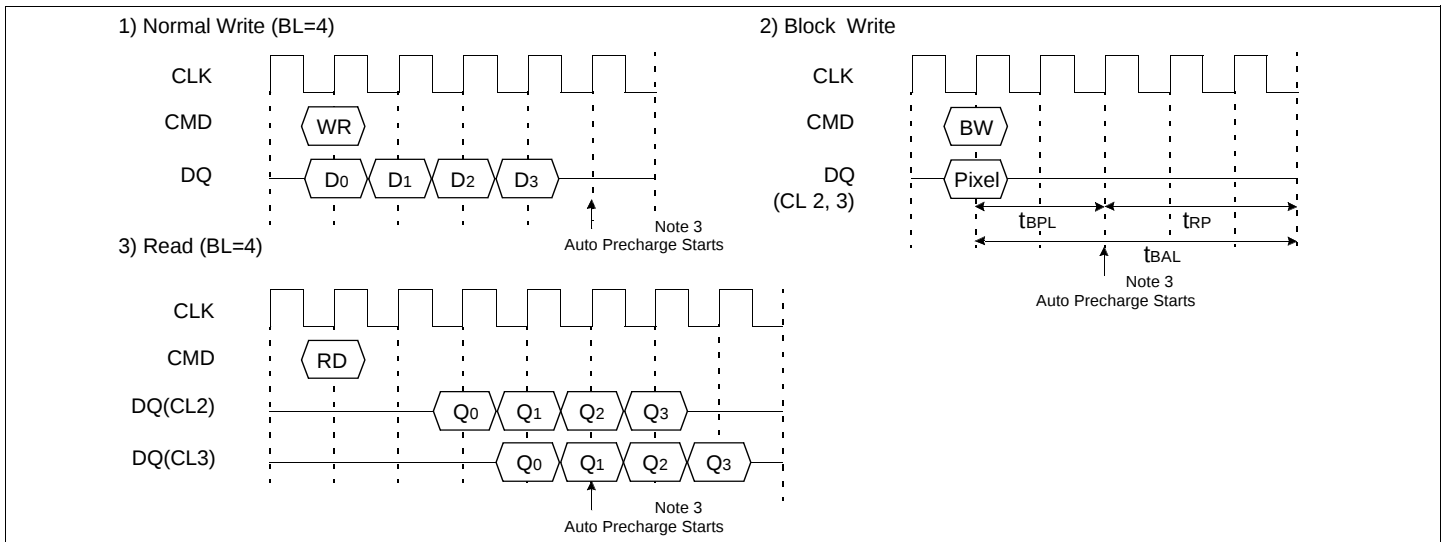
**\*Note :** 1. To inhibit invalid write, DQM should be issued.

2. This precharge command and burst write command should be of the same bank, otherwise it is not precharge interrupt but only another bank precharge of dual banks operation.

## 6. Precharge



## 7. Auto Precharge



**\*Note :** 1. tBPL : Block write data-in to PRE command delay

2. Number of valid output data after Row Precharge : 1, 2 for CAS Latency =2, 3 respectively.

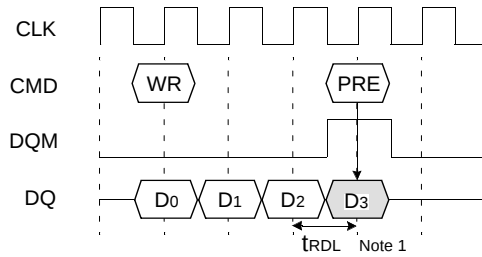
3. The row active command of the precharge bank can be issued after t<sub>RP</sub> from this point.

The new read/write command of other activated bank can be issued from this point.

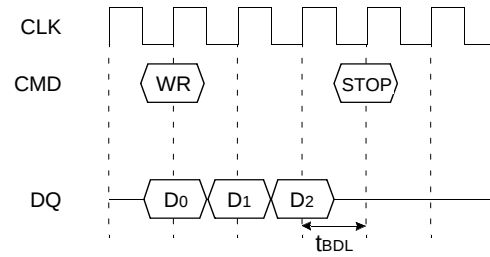
At burst read/write with auto precharge,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  interrupt of the same/another bank is illegal.

## 8. Burst Stop & Precharge Interrupt

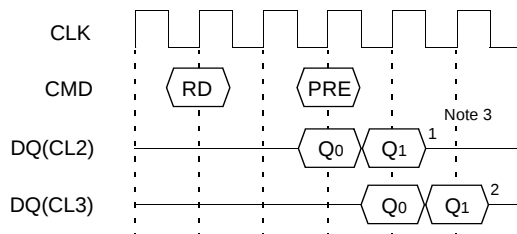
1) Write Interrupted by Precharge (BL=4)



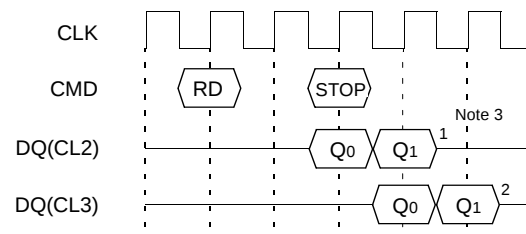
2) Write Burst Stop (Full Page Only)



3) Read Interrupted by Precharge (BL=4)

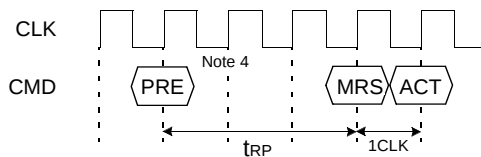


4) Read Burst Stop (Full Page Only)

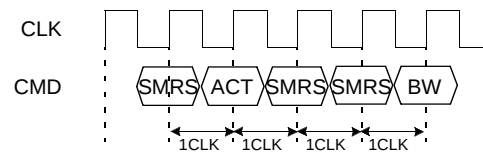


## 9. MRS & SMRS

1) Mode Register Set



2) Special Mode Register Set



\*Note : 1. tRDL : 1 CLK, Last Data in to Row Precharge.

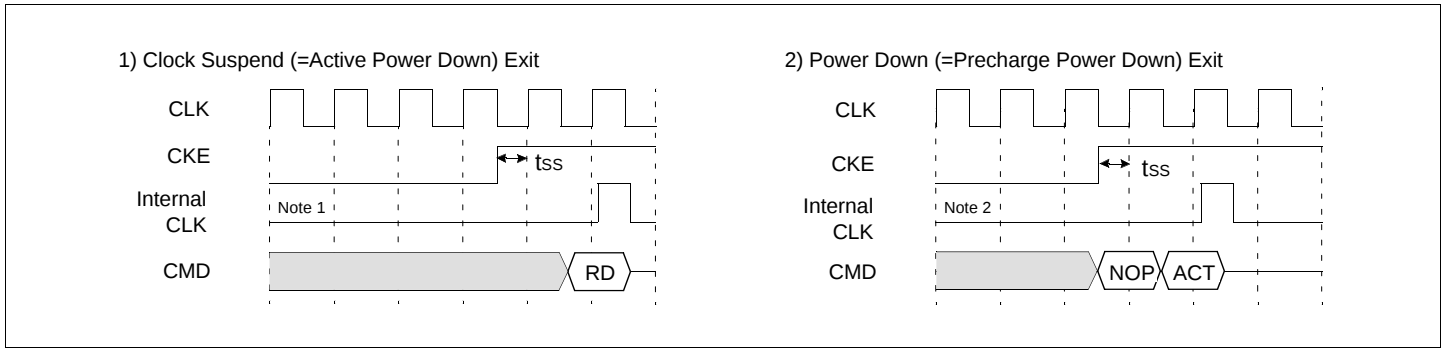
2. tBDL : 1 CLK, Last Data in to Burst Stop Delay.

3. Number of valid output data after Row precharge or burst stop : 1, 2 for CAS latency= 2, 3 respectively.

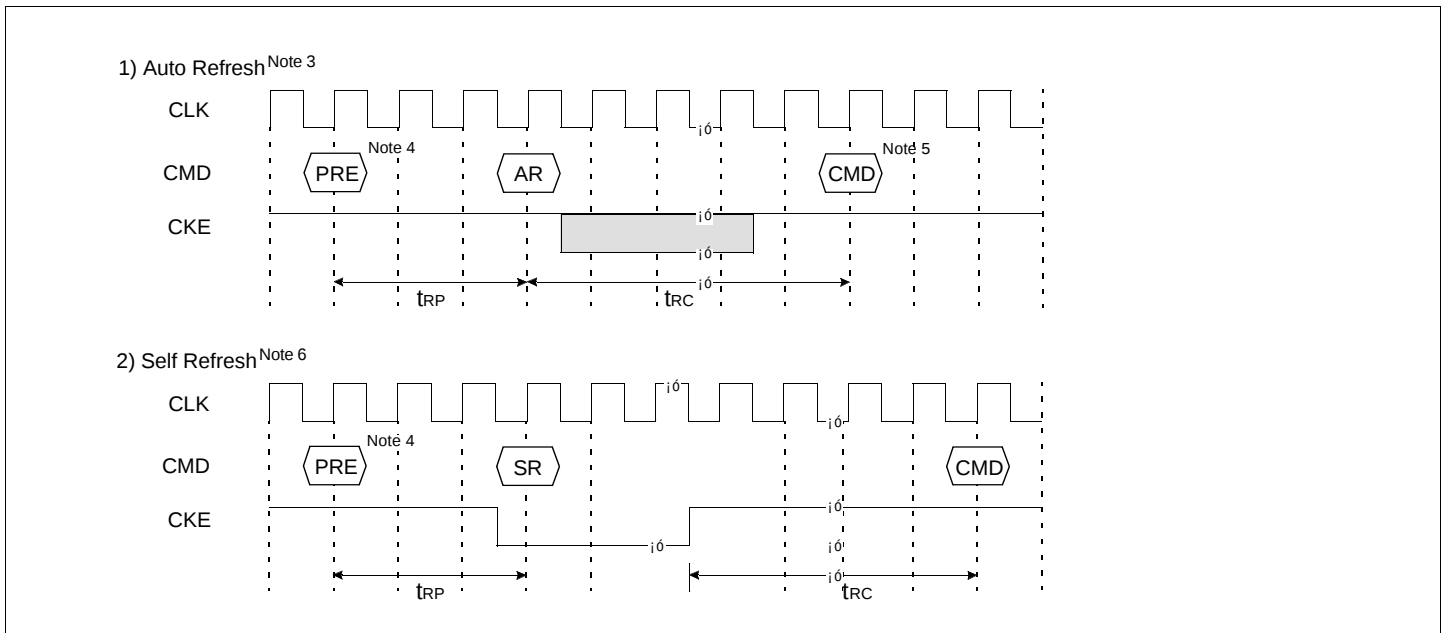
4. PRE : Both banks precharge if necessary.

MRS can be issued only at all bank precharge state.

## 10. Clock Suspend Exit & Power Down Exit



## 11. Auto Refresh & Self Refresh



**\*Note :** 1. Active power down : one or more bank active state.

2. Precharge power down : both bank precharge state.

3. The auto refresh is the same as CBR refresh of conventional DRAM.

No precharge commands are required after Auto Refresh command.

During  $t_{RC}$  from auto refresh command, any other command can not be accepted.

4. Before executing auto/self refresh command, both banks must be idle state.

5. (S)MRS, Bank Active, Auto/Self Refresh, Power Down Mode Entry.

6. During self refresh mode, refresh interval and refresh operation are performed internally.

After self refresh entry, self refresh mode is kept while CKE is LOW.

During self refresh mode, all inputs except CKE will be don't cared, and outputs will be in Hi-Z state.

During  $t_{RC}$  from self refresh exit command, any other command can not be accepted.

Before/After self refresh mode, burst auto refresh cycle (1K cycles) is recommended.

## 12. About Burst Type Control

|             |                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Basic MODE  | Sequential Counting                              | At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "0". See the BURST SEQUENCE TABLE. (BL=4,8)<br>BL=1, 2, 4, 8 and full page wrap around.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|             | Interleave Counting                              | At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "1". See the BURST SEQUENCE TABLE. (BL=4,8)<br>BL=4, 8. At BL=1, 2 Interleave Counting = Sequential Counting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Pseudo-MODE | Pseudo-Decrement Sequential Counting             | At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "1".(See to Interleave Counting Mode)<br>Starting Address LSB 3 bits A <sub>0-2</sub> should be "000" or "111".@BL=8.<br>-- if LSB="000" : Increment Counting.<br>-- if LSB="111" : Decrement Counting.<br>For Example,(Assume Addresses except LSB 3 bits are all 0, BL=8)<br>-- @ write, LSB="000", Accessed Column in order 0-1-2-3-4-5-6-7<br>-- @ read, LSB="111", Accessed Column in order 7-6-5-4-3-2-1-0<br>At BL=4, same applications are possible. As above example, at Interleave Counting mode, by confining starting address to some values, Pseudo-Decrement Counting Mode can be realized. See the BURST SEQUENCE TABLE carefully. |
|             | Pseudo-Binary Counting                           | At MRS A <sub>3</sub> = "0".(See to Sequential Counting Mode)<br>A <sub>0-2</sub> = "111".(See to Full Page Mode)<br>Using Full Page Mode and Burst Stop Command, Binary Counting Mode can be realized.<br>-- @ Sequential Counting, Accessed Column in order 3-4-5-6-7-1-2-3(BL=8)<br>-- @ Pseudo-Binary Counting, Accessed Column in order 3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10(Burst Stop command)<br>Note. The next column address of 256 is 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Random MODE | Random column Access<br>t <sub>CCD</sub> = 1 CLK | Every cycle Read/Write Command with random column address can realize Random Column Access.<br>That is similar to Extended Data Out (EDO) Operation of conventional DRAM.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## 13. About Burst Length Control

|                |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Basic MODE     | 1                                                               | At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "000".<br>At auto precharge, t <sub>RAS</sub> should not be violated.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                | 2                                                               | At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "001".<br>At auto precharge, t <sub>RAS</sub> should not be violated.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                | 4                                                               | At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "010".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                | 8                                                               | At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "011".                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                | Full Page                                                       | At MRS A <sub>2,1,0</sub> = "111".<br>Wrap around mode(Infinite burst length)should be stopped by burst stop, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ interrupt or $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ interrupt.                                                                                                                        |
| Special MODE   | BRSW                                                            | At MRS A <sub>9</sub> = "1".<br>Read burst =1, 2, 4, 8, full page/write Burst =1<br>At auto precharge of write, t <sub>RAS</sub> should not be violated.                                                                                                                                                     |
|                | Block Write                                                     | 8 Column Block Write. LSB A <sub>0-2</sub> are ignored. Burst length=1.<br>t <sub>BWC</sub> should not be violated.<br>At auto precharge, t <sub>RAS</sub> should not be violated.                                                                                                                           |
| Random MODE    | Burst Stop                                                      | t <sub>BDL</sub> = 1, Valid DQ after burst stop is 1, 2 for CL=2, 3 respectively<br>Using burst stop command, it is possible only at full page burst length.                                                                                                                                                 |
| Interrupt MODE | $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Interrupt<br>(Interrupted by Precharge) | Before the end of burst, Row precharge command of the same bank stops read/write burst with Row precharge.<br>t <sub>RD1</sub> = 1 with DQM, valid DQ after burst stop is 1, 2 for CL= 2, 3 respectively<br>During read/write burst with auto precharge, $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ interrupt cannot be issued. |
|                | CAS Interrupt                                                   | Before the end of burst, new read/write stops read/write burst and starts new read/write burst or block write.<br>During read/write burst with auto precharge, $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ interrupt can not be issued.                                                                                          |

## 14. Mask Functions

## 1) Normal Write

I/O masking : By Mask at Write Per Bit Mode, the selected bit planes keep the original data.

If bit plane 0, 3, 7, 9, 15, 22, 24, and 31 keep the original value.

## i) STEP

"ç SMRS(LMR) :Load mask[31-0]="0111, 1110, 1011, 0111, 1111, 1101, 0111, 0110"

"è Row Active with DSF "H" :Write Per Bit Mode Enable

"é Perform Normal Write.

## i) ILLUSTRATION

| I/O(=DQ)         | 31                  | 24 | 23                  | 16 | 15                  | 8 | 7                   | 0 |
|------------------|---------------------|----|---------------------|----|---------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| External Data-in | 1                   | 1  | 1                   | 1  | 1                   | 1 | 1                   | 1 |
| DQM <sub>i</sub> | DQM <sub>3</sub> =0 |    | DQM <sub>2</sub> =0 |    | DQM <sub>1</sub> =0 |   | DQM <sub>0</sub> =1 |   |
| Mask Register    | 0                   | 1  | 1                   | 1  | 1                   | 1 | 0                   | 1 |
| Before Write     | 0                   | 0  | 0                   | 0  | 0                   | 0 | 0                   | 0 |
| After Write      | 0                   | 1  | 1                   | 1  | 1                   | 1 | 0                   | 1 |

Note 1

## 2) Block Write

Pixel masking : By Pixel Data issued through DQ pin, the selected pixels keep the original data.

See PIXEL TO DQ MAPPING TABLE.

If Pixel 0, 4, 9, 13, 18, 22, 27 and 31 keep the original white color.

Assume 8bpp,

White = "0000,0000", Red="1010,0011", Green = "1110,0001", Yellow = "0000,1111", Blue = "1100,0011"

## i) STEP

"ç SMRS(LCR) :Load color(for 8bpp, through x32 DQ color0-3 are loaded into color registers)

Load(color3, color2, color1, color0) = (Blue, Green, Yellow, Red)

= "1100,0011, 1110, 0001, 0000, 1111, 1010, 0011"

"è Row Active with DSF "L" : I/O Mask by Write Per Bit Mode Disable

"é Block write with DQ[31-0] = "0111, 0111, 1011, 1011, 1101, 1101, 1110, 1110"

## i) ILLUSTRATION

| I/O(=DQ)                             | 31                  | 24                        | 23                        | 16 | 15                        | 8 | 7                        | 0 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| DQM <sub>i</sub>                     | DQM <sub>3</sub> =0 |                           | DQM <sub>2</sub> =0       |    | DQM <sub>1</sub> =0       |   | DQM <sub>0</sub> =1      |   |
| Color Register                       | Color3=Blue         |                           | Color2=Green              |    | Color1=Yellow             |   | Color0=Red               |   |
| Before Block Write & DQ (Pixel data) | 000                 | White DQ <sub>24</sub> =H | White DQ <sub>16</sub> =H |    | White DQ <sub>8</sub> =H  |   | White DQ <sub>0</sub> =L |   |
|                                      | 001                 | White DQ <sub>25</sub> =H | White DQ <sub>17</sub> =H |    | White DQ <sub>9</sub> =L  |   | White DQ <sub>1</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 010                 | White DQ <sub>26</sub> =H | White DQ <sub>18</sub> =L |    | White DQ <sub>10</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>2</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 011                 | White DQ <sub>27</sub> =L | White DQ <sub>19</sub> =H |    | White DQ <sub>11</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>3</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 100                 | White DQ <sub>28</sub> =H | White DQ <sub>20</sub> =H |    | White DQ <sub>12</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>4</sub> =L |   |
|                                      | 101                 | White DQ <sub>29</sub> =H | White DQ <sub>21</sub> =H |    | White DQ <sub>13</sub> =L |   | White DQ <sub>5</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 110                 | White DQ <sub>30</sub> =H | White DQ <sub>22</sub> =L |    | White DQ <sub>14</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>6</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 111                 | White DQ <sub>31</sub> =L | White DQ <sub>23</sub> =H |    | White DQ <sub>15</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>7</sub> =H |   |
| After Block Write                    | 000                 | Blue                      | Green                     |    | Yellow                    |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 001                 | Blue                      | Green                     |    | White                     |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 010                 | Blue                      | White                     |    | Yellow                    |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 011                 | White                     | Green                     |    | Yellow                    |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 100                 | Blue                      | Green                     |    | Yellow                    |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 101                 | Blue                      | Green                     |    | White                     |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 110                 | Blue                      | White                     |    | Yellow                    |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 111                 | White                     | Green                     |    | Yellow                    |   | White                    |   |

Note 2

\*Note : 1. DQM byte masking.

2. At normal write, ONE column is selected among columns decoded by A<sub>2-0</sub>(000-111).

At block write, instead of ignored address A<sub>2-0</sub>, DQ<sub>0-31</sub> control each pixel.

(Continued)

Pixel and I/O masking : By Mask at Write Per Bit Mode, the selected bit planes keep the original data.  
By Pixel Data issued through DQ pin, the selected pixels keep the original data.  
See PIXEL TO DQ MAPPING TABLE.

Assume 8bpp,

White = "0000,0000", Red="1010,0011", Green ="1110,0001", Yellow ="0000,1111", Blue ="1100,0011"

#### i) STEP

ç SMRS(LCR) : Load color(for 8bpp, through x 32 DQ color0-3 are loaded into color registers)

Load(color3, color2, color1, color0) = (Blue, Green, Yellow, Red)

= "1100,0011,1110,0001,0000,1111,1010,0011"

è SMRS(LMR) : Load mask. Mask[31-0] ="1111,1111,1101,1101, 0100,0010,0111,0110"

--> Byte 3 : No I/O Masking ; Byte 2 : I/O Masking ; Byte 1 : I/O and Pixel Masking ; Byte 0 : DQM Byte Masking

é Row Active with DSF "H" : I/O Mask by Write Per Bit Mode Enable

ê Block Write with DQ[31-0] = "0111,0111,1111,1111,0101,0101,1110,1110" (Pixel Mask)

#### i) ILLUSTRATION

| I/O(=DQ)         | 31                        | 24 | 23                        | 16 | 15                        | 8 | 7                        | 0 |
|------------------|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|----|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Color Register   | Blue<br>1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1   |    | Green<br>1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1  |    | Yellow<br>0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 |   | Red<br>1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1   |   |
| DQM <sub>i</sub> | DQM <sub>3</sub> =0       |    | DQM <sub>2</sub> =0       |    | DQM <sub>1</sub> =0       |   | DQM <sub>0</sub> =1      |   |
| Mask Register    | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1           |    | 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1           |    | 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0           |   | 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 0          |   |
| Before Write     | Yellow<br>0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 |    | Yellow<br>0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 |    | Green<br>1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1  |   | White<br>0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |   |
| After Write      | Blue<br>1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1   |    | Blue<br>1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1   |    | Red<br>1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1    |   | White<br>0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 |   |

| I/O(=DQ)                             | 31                  | 24                         | 23                         | 16 | 15                        | 8 | 7                        | 0 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----|---------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| DQM <sub>i</sub>                     | DQM <sub>3</sub> =0 |                            | DQM <sub>2</sub> =0        |    | DQM <sub>1</sub> =0       |   | DQM <sub>0</sub> =1      |   |
| Color Register                       | Color3=Blue         |                            | Color2=Green               |    | Color1=Yellow             |   | Color0=Red               |   |
| Before Block Write & DQ (Pixel data) | 000                 | Yellow DQ <sub>24</sub> =H | Yellow DQ <sub>16</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>8</sub> =H  |   | White DQ <sub>0</sub> =L |   |
|                                      | 001                 | Yellow DQ <sub>25</sub> =H | Yellow DQ <sub>17</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>9</sub> =L  |   | White DQ <sub>1</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 010                 | Yellow DQ <sub>26</sub> =H | Yellow DQ <sub>18</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>10</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>2</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 011                 | Yellow DQ <sub>27</sub> =L | Yellow DQ <sub>19</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>11</sub> =L |   | White DQ <sub>3</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 100                 | Yellow DQ <sub>28</sub> =H | Yellow DQ <sub>20</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>12</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>4</sub> =L |   |
|                                      | 101                 | Yellow DQ <sub>29</sub> =H | Yellow DQ <sub>21</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>13</sub> =L |   | White DQ <sub>5</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 110                 | Yellow DQ <sub>30</sub> =H | Yellow DQ <sub>22</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>14</sub> =H |   | White DQ <sub>6</sub> =H |   |
|                                      | 111                 | Yellow DQ <sub>31</sub> =L | Yellow DQ <sub>23</sub> =H |    | Green DQ <sub>15</sub> =L |   | White DQ <sub>7</sub> =H |   |
| After Block Write                    | 000                 | Blue                       | Blue                       |    | Red                       |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 001                 | Blue                       | Blue                       |    | Green                     |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 010                 | Blue                       | Blue                       |    | Red                       |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 011                 | Yellow                     | Blue                       |    | Green                     |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 100                 | Blue                       | Blue                       |    | Red                       |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 101                 | Blue                       | Blue                       |    | Green                     |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 110                 | Blue                       | Blue                       |    | Red                       |   | White                    |   |
|                                      | 111                 | Yellow                     | Blue                       |    | Green                     |   | White                    |   |

Note 2

PIXEL MASK      I/O MASK      PIXEL & I/O MASK      BYTE MASK

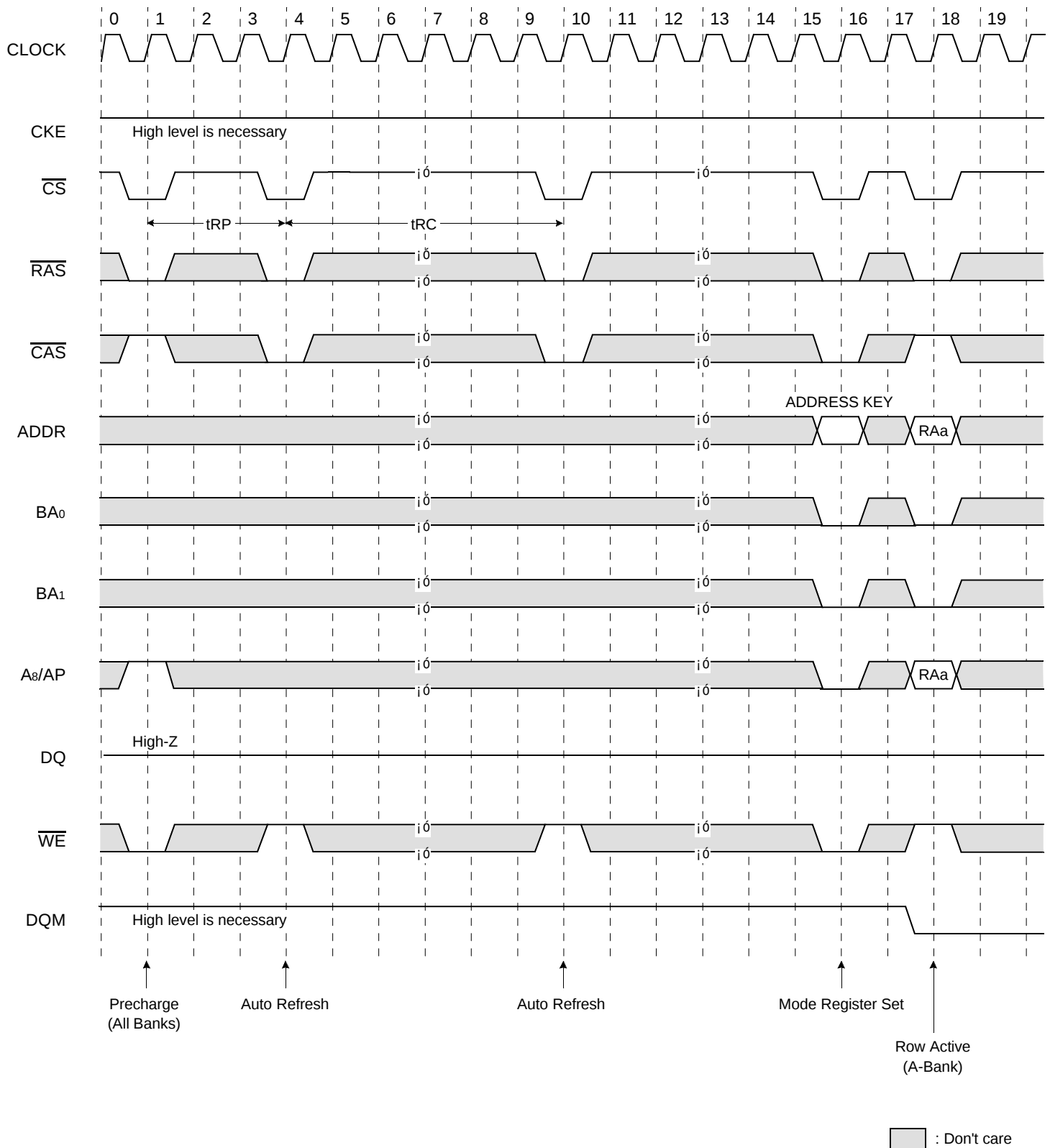
Note 1

\*Note : 1. DQM byte masking.

2. At normal write, ONE column is selected among columns decoded by A<sub>2-0</sub>(000-111).

At block write, instead of ignored address A<sub>2-0</sub>, DQ<sub>0-31</sub> control each pixel.

Power On Sequence & Auto Refresh



[illegible]

**SAMSUNG**

- \*Note :** 1. All input can be don't care when  $\overline{CS}$  is high at the CLK high going edge.  
 2. Bank active & read/write are controlled by A 9.

| A9 | Active & Read/Write |
|----|---------------------|
| 0  | Bank A              |
| 1  | Bank B              |

3. Enable and disable auto precharge function are controlled by A 8 in read/write command.

| A8 | A9 | Operation                                                    |
|----|----|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0  | 0  | Disable auto precharge, leave bank A active at end of burst. |
|    | 1  | Disable auto precharge, leave bank B active at end of burst. |
| 1  | 0  | Enable auto precharge, precharge bank A at end of burst.     |
|    | 1  | Enable auto precharge, precharge bank B at end of burst.     |

4. A8 and A9 control bank precharge when precharge command is asserted.

| A8 | A9 | Precharge |
|----|----|-----------|
| 0  | 0  | Bank A    |
| 0  | 1  | Bank B    |
| 1  | X  | Both Bank |

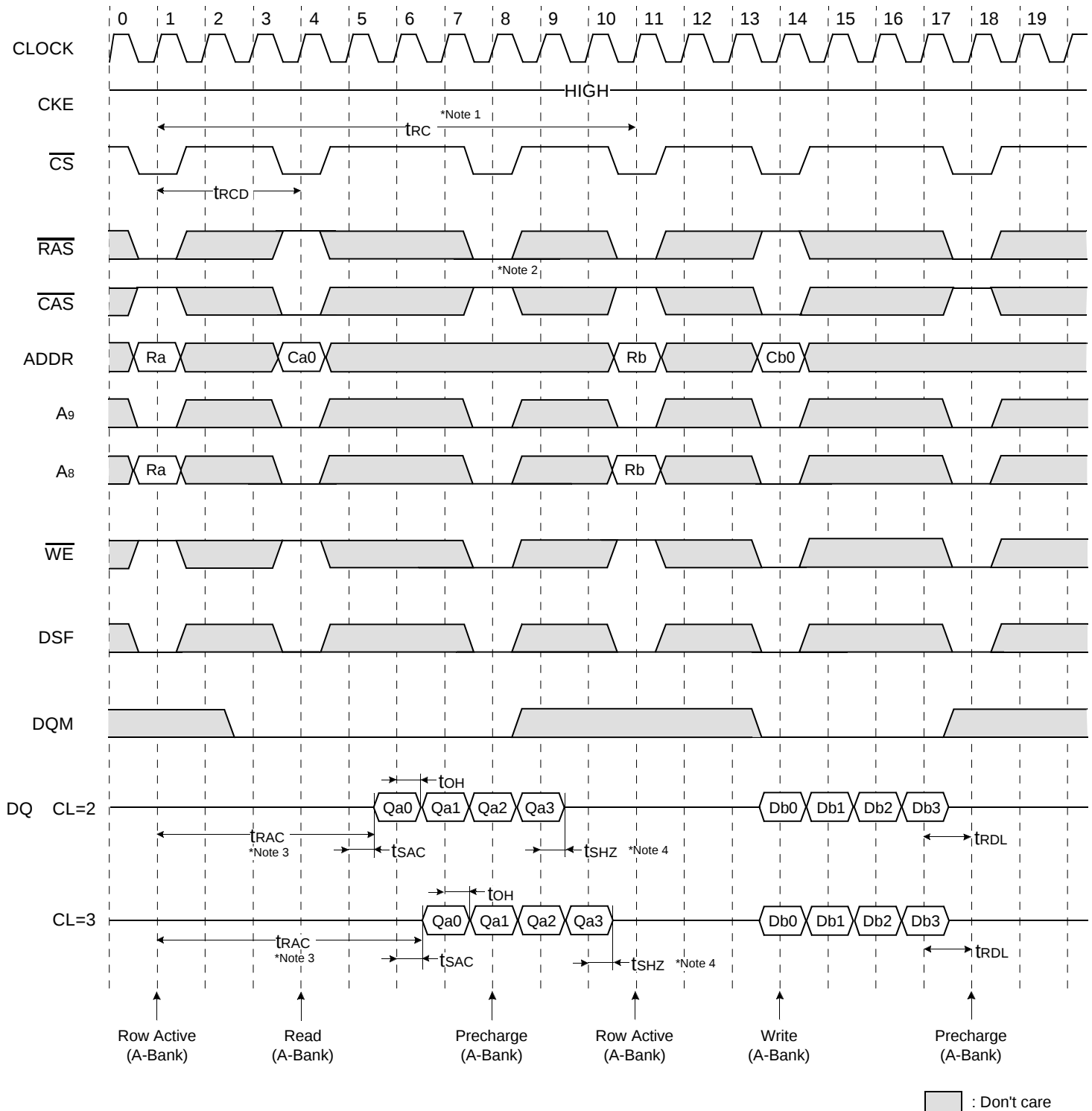
5. Enable and disable Write-per Bit function are controlled by DSF in Row Active command.

| A9 | DSF | Operation                                                    |
|----|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0  | L   | Bank A row active, disable write per bit function for bank A |
|    | H   | Bank A row active, enable write per bit function for bank A  |
| 1  | L   | Bank B row active, disable write per bit function for bank B |
|    | H   | Bank B row active, enable write per bit function for bank B  |

6. Block write/normal write is controlled by DSF.

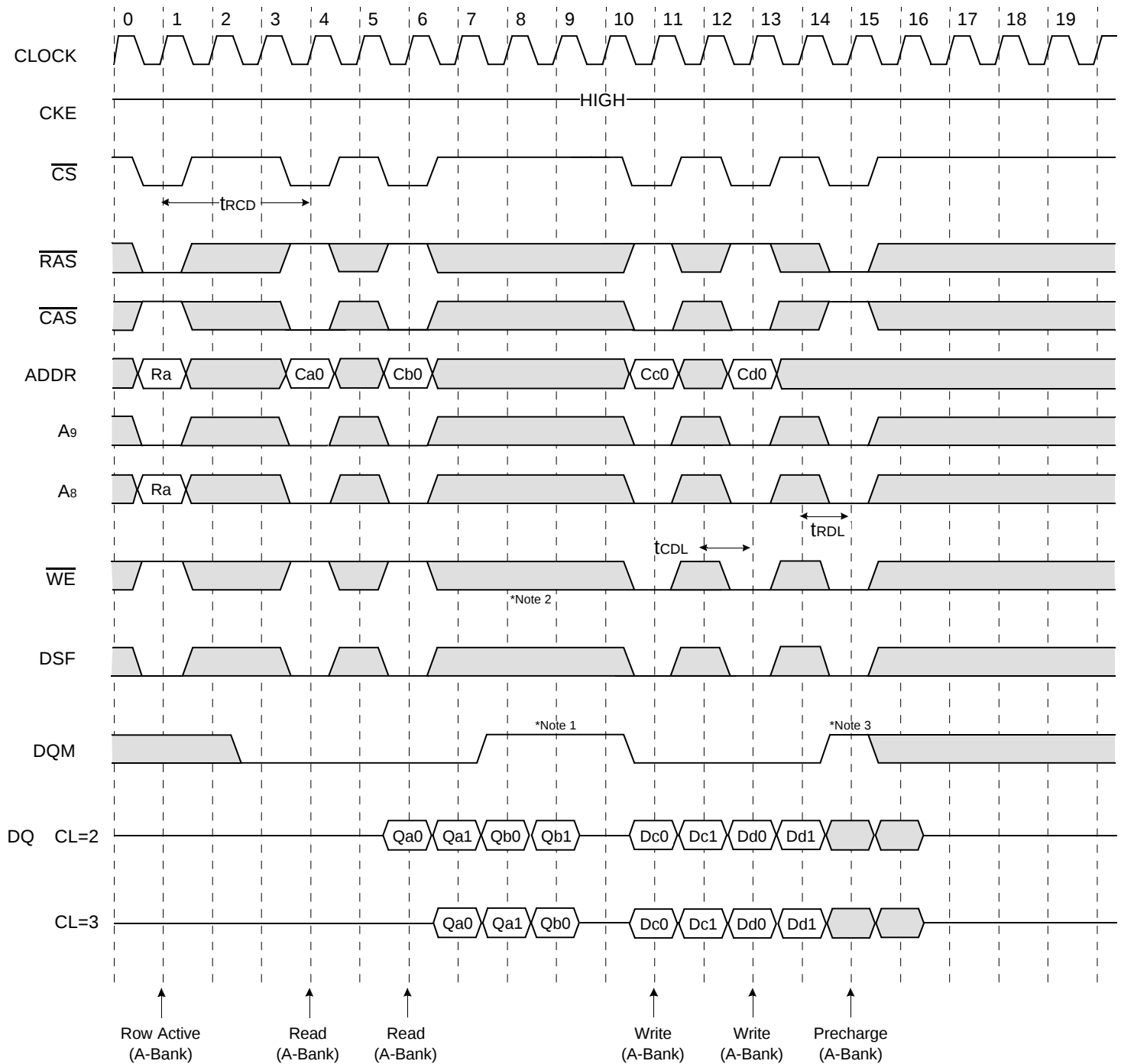
| DSF | Operation    | Minimum cycle time |
|-----|--------------|--------------------|
| L   | Normal write | t <sub>CCD</sub>   |
| H   | Block write  | t <sub>BWC</sub>   |

## Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @Burst Length=4



- \*Note :**
1. Minimum row cycle times is required to complete internal DRAM operation.
  2. Row precharge can interrupt burst on any cycle. [CAS Latency - 1] valid output data available after Row enters precharge. Last valid output will be Hi-Z after tSHZ from the clock.
  3. Access time from Row address.  $t_{CC} * (t_{RCD} + \text{CAS latency} - 1) + t_{SAC}$
  4. Output will be Hi-Z after the end of burst. (1, 2, 4, & 8)
- At Full page bit burst, burst is wrap-around.

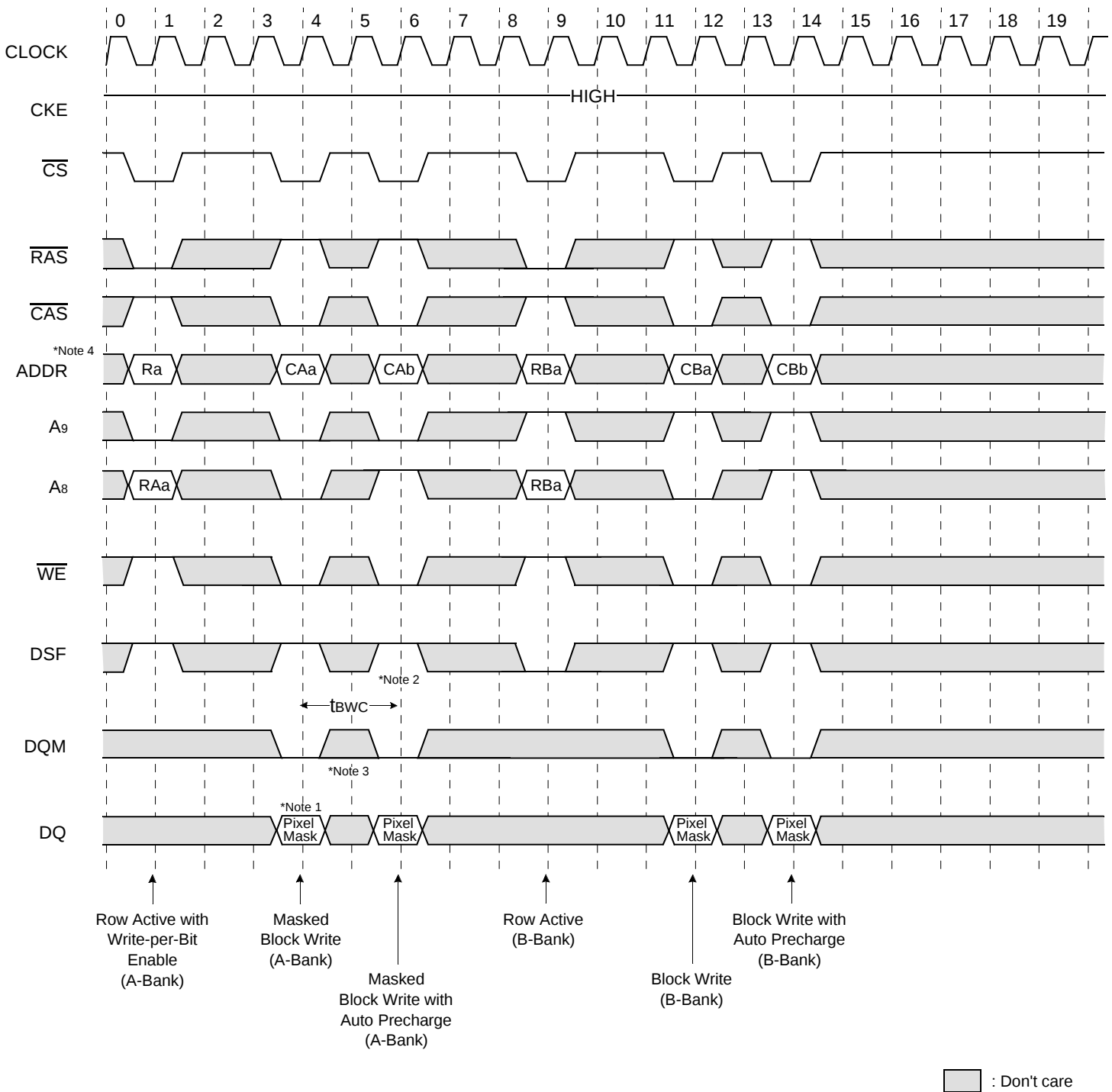
Page Read & Write Cycle at Same Bank @Burst Length=4



□ : Don't care

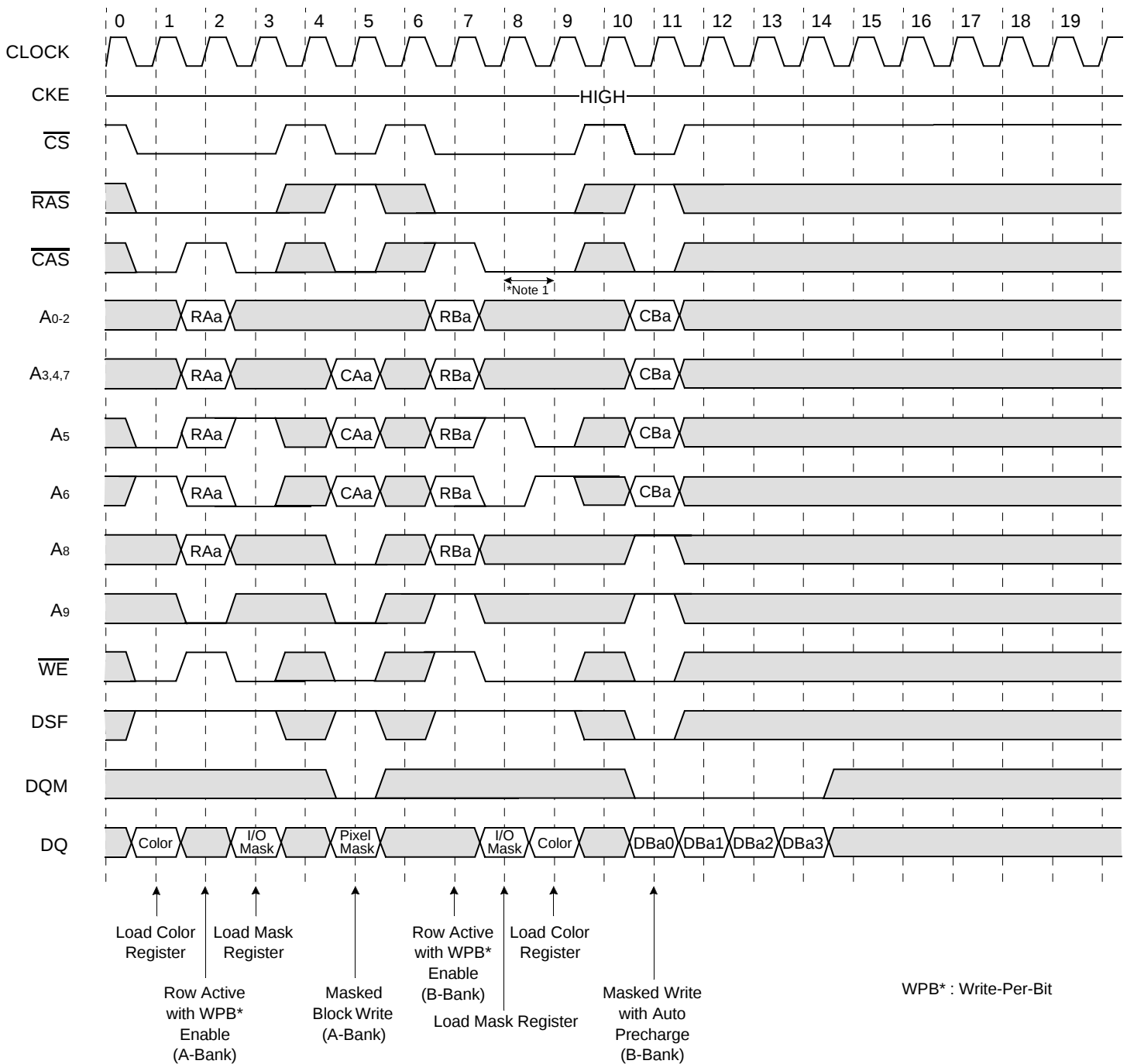
- \*Note :**
1. To write data before burst read ends, DQM should be asserted three cycle prior to write command to avoid bus contention.
  2. Row precharge will interrupt writing. Last data input,  $t_{RDL}$  before Row precharge, will be written.
  3. DQM should mask invalid input data on precharge command cycle when asserting precharge before end of burst. Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.

Block Write cycle(with Auto Precharge)



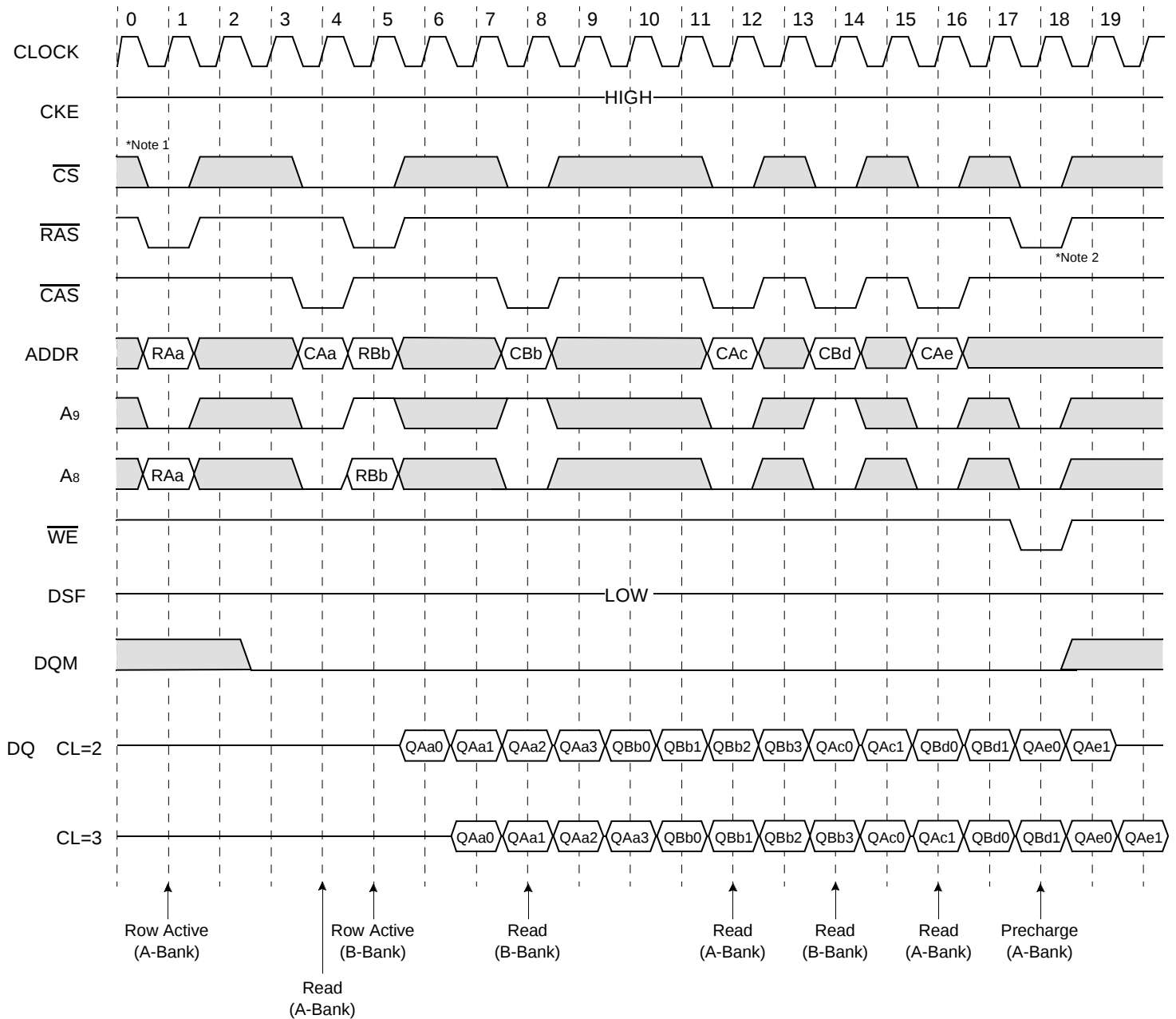
- \*Note :**
1. Column Mask(DQi=L : Mask, DQi=H : Non Mask)
  2. t<sub>BWC</sub> : Block Write Cycle time  
 t<sub>BWC</sub> > t<sub>CC</sub> : Two CLK Cycle Block Write  
 t<sub>BWC</sub> ≤ t<sub>CC</sub> : One CLK Cycle Block Write
  3. At two Cycle Block Write, second cycle should be in NOP.  
 Other Bank can be active or precharge.
  4. At Block Write, CA0-2 are ignored.

## SMRS and Block/Normal Write @ Burst Length=4



**\*Note** : 1. At the next clock of special mode set command, new command is possible.

Page Read Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length=4

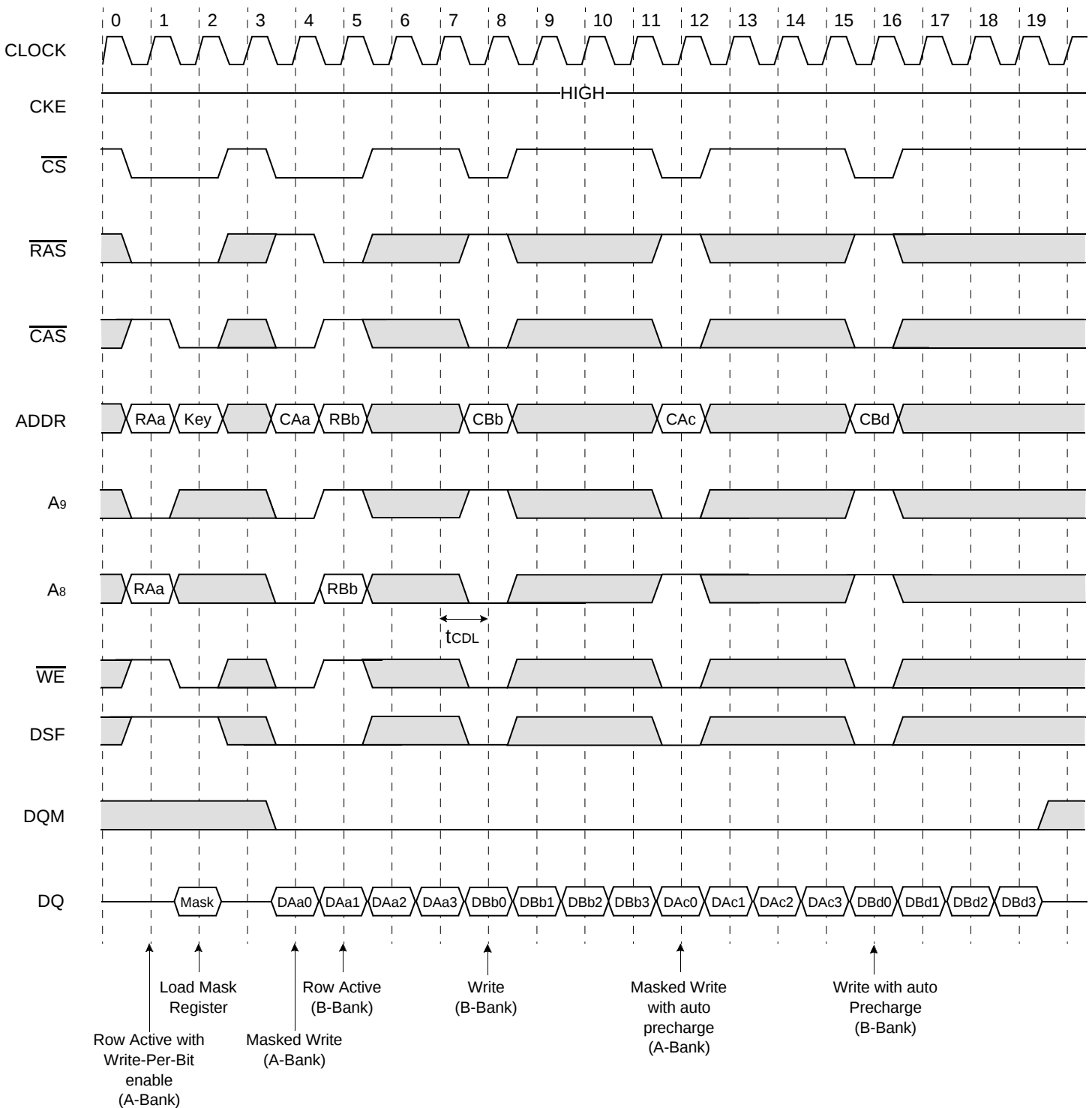


□ : Don't care

\*Note : 1.  $\overline{CS}$  can be don't care when  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are high at the clock high going edge.

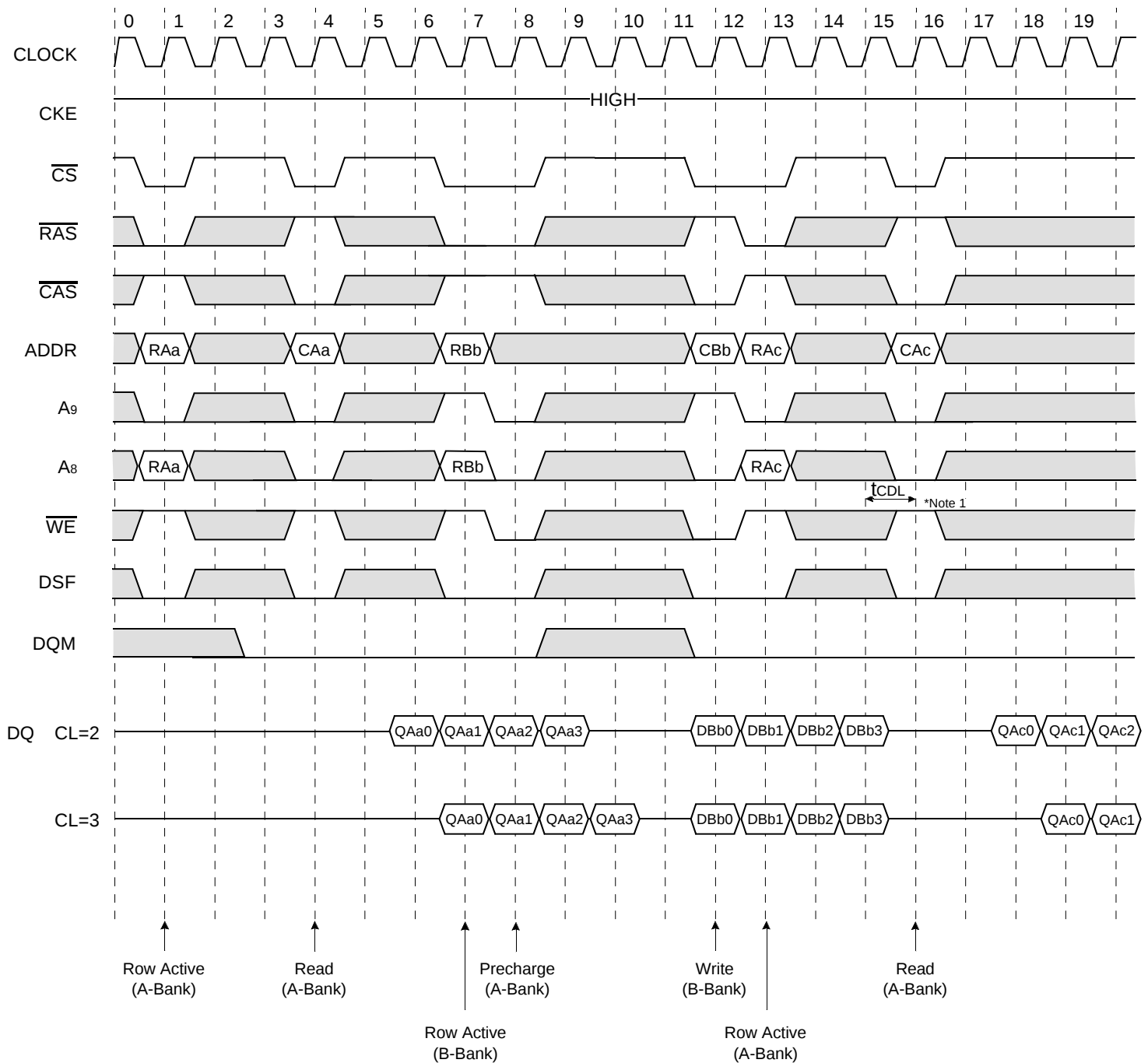
2. To interrupt a burst read by row precharge, both the read and the precharge banks must be the same.

## Page Write Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length=4



□ : Don't care

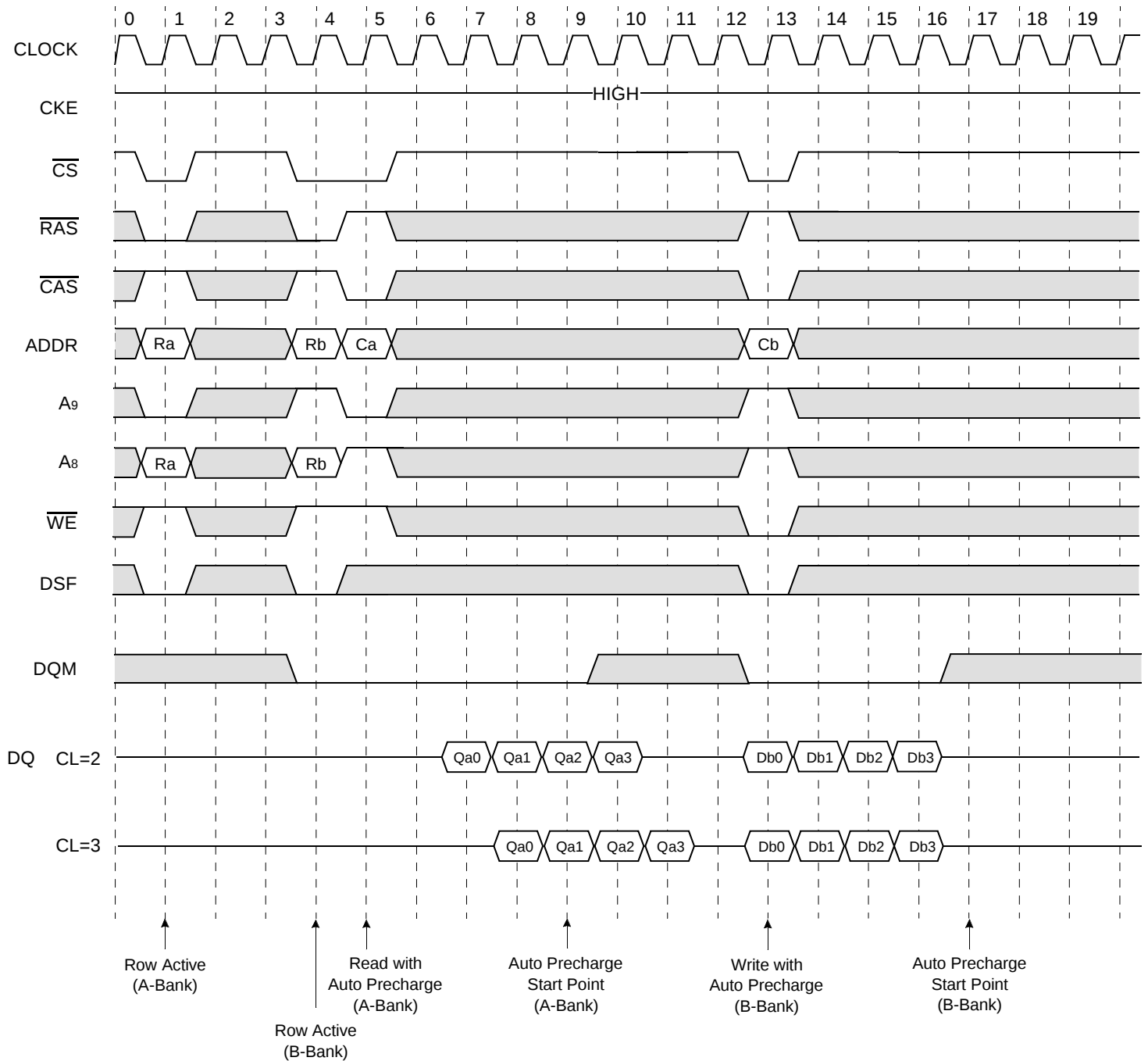
## Read & Write Cycle at Different Bank @Burst Length=4



□ : Don't care

\*Note : 1.  $t_{CDL}$  should be met to complete write.

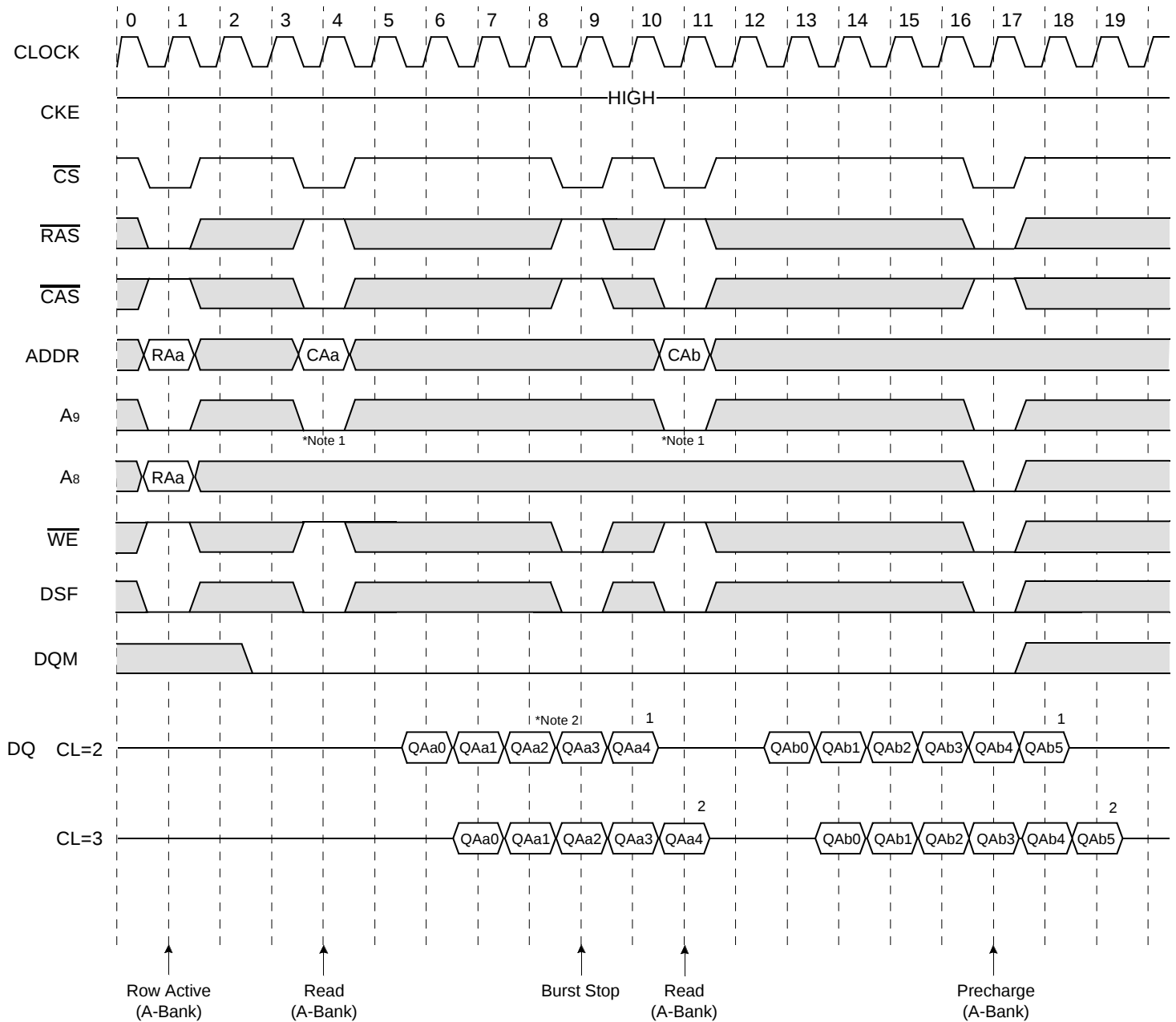
## Read & Write Cycle with Auto Precharge @Burst Length=4



□ : Don't care

**\*Note :** 1.  $t_{RCD}$  should be controlled to meet minimum  $t_{RAS}$  before internal precharge start.  
(In the case of Burst Length=1 & 2, BRSW mode and Block write)

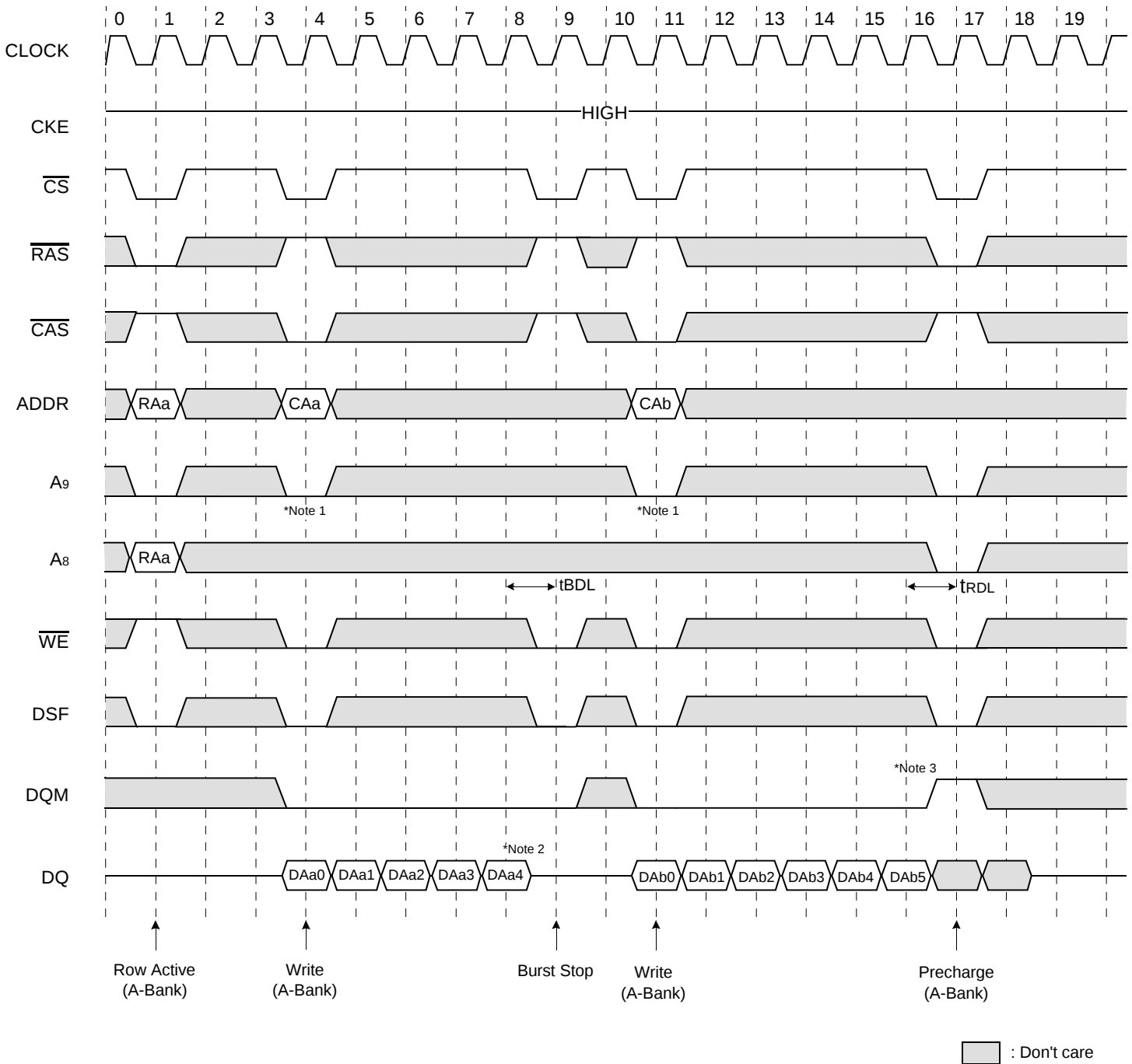
Read Interrupted by Precharge Command & Read Burst Stop Cycle (@Full page Only)



□ : Don't care

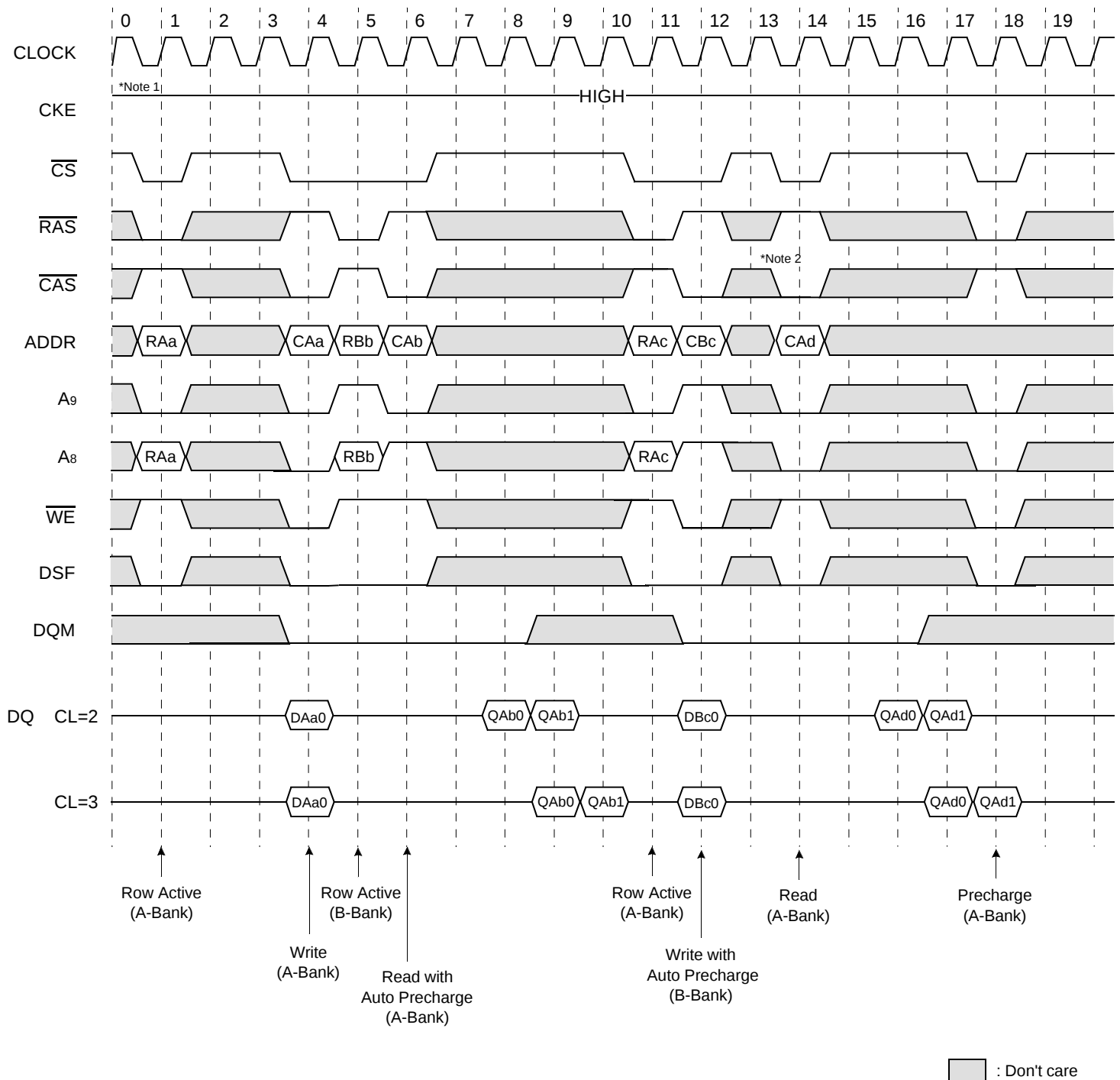
- \*Note :**
1. At full page mode, burst is wrap-around at the end of burst. So auto precharge is impossible.
  2. About the valid DQ's after burst stop, it is same as the case of  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  interrupt. Both cases are illustrated above timing diagram. See the label 1, 2 on them. But at burst write, Burst stop and  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  interrupt should be compared carefully. Refer the timing diagram of "Full page write burst stop cycle".
  3. Burst stop is valid at full page mode.

Write Interrupted by Precharge Command & Write Burst Stop Cycle (@ Full page Only)



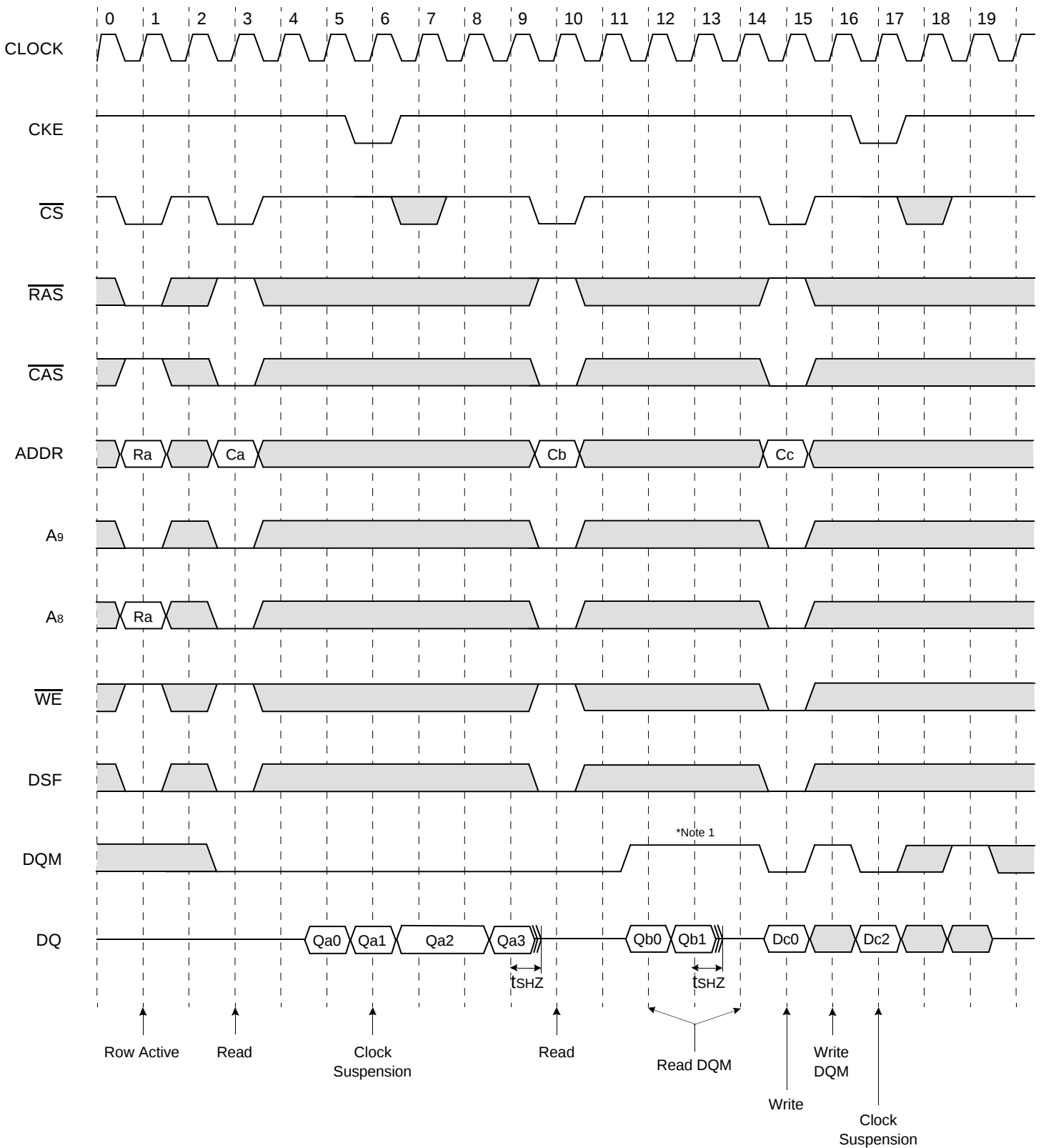
- \*Note :**
1. At full page mode, burst is wrap-around at the end of burst. So auto precharge is impossible.
  2. Data-in at the cycle of burst stop command cannot be written into the corresponding memory cell.  
It is defined by AC parameter of  $t_{BDL}(=1CLK)$ .
  3. Data-in at the cycle of interrupted by precharge cannot be written into the corresponding memory cell.  
It is defined by AC parameter of  $t_{RDL}(=1CLK)$ .  
DQM at write interrupted by precharge command is needed to ensure  $t_{RDL}$  of 1CLK.  
DQM should mask invalid input data on precharge command cycle when asserting precharge before end of burst.  
Input data after Row precharge cycle will be masked internally.
  4. Burst stop is valid only at full page burst length.

Burst Read Single bit Write Cycle @Burst Length=2, BRSW



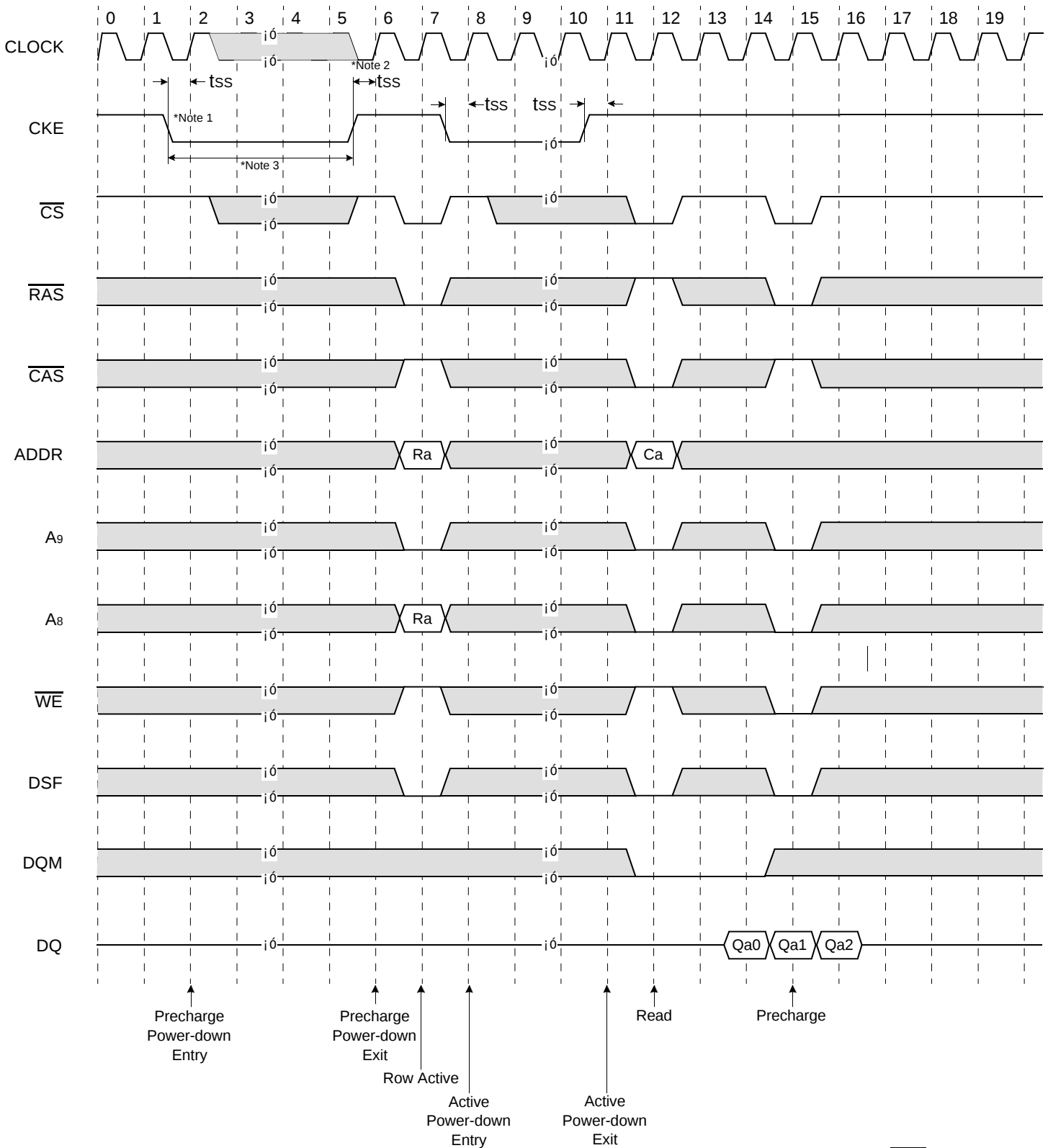
- \*Note :**
1. BRSW mode is enabled by setting A<sub>9</sub> "High" at MRS (Mode Register Set).  
At the BRSW Mode, the burst length at write is fixed to "1" regardless of programed burst length.
  2. When BRSW write command with auto precharge is executed, keep it in mind that t<sub>RAS</sub> should not be violated.  
Auto precharge is executed at the burst-end cycle, so in the case of BRSW write command, the next cycle starts the precharge.
  3. WPB function is also possible at BRSW mode.

Clock suspension & DQM operation cycle @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4

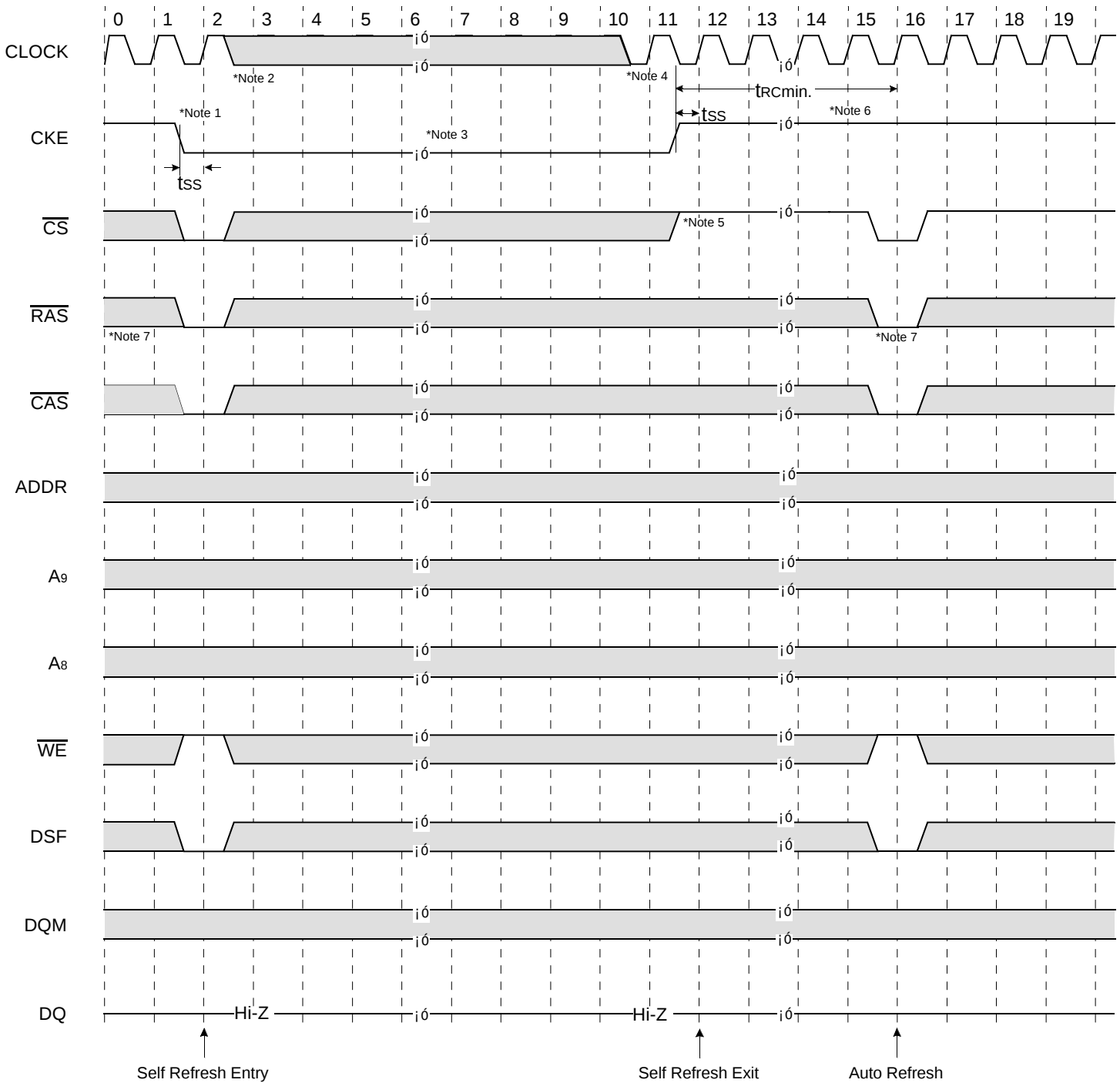


\*Note : 1. DQM needed to prevent bus contention.

Active/Precharge Power Down Mode @CAS Latency=2, Burst Length=4



Self Refresh Entry & Exit Cycle



**\*Note : TO ENTER SELF REFRESH MODE**

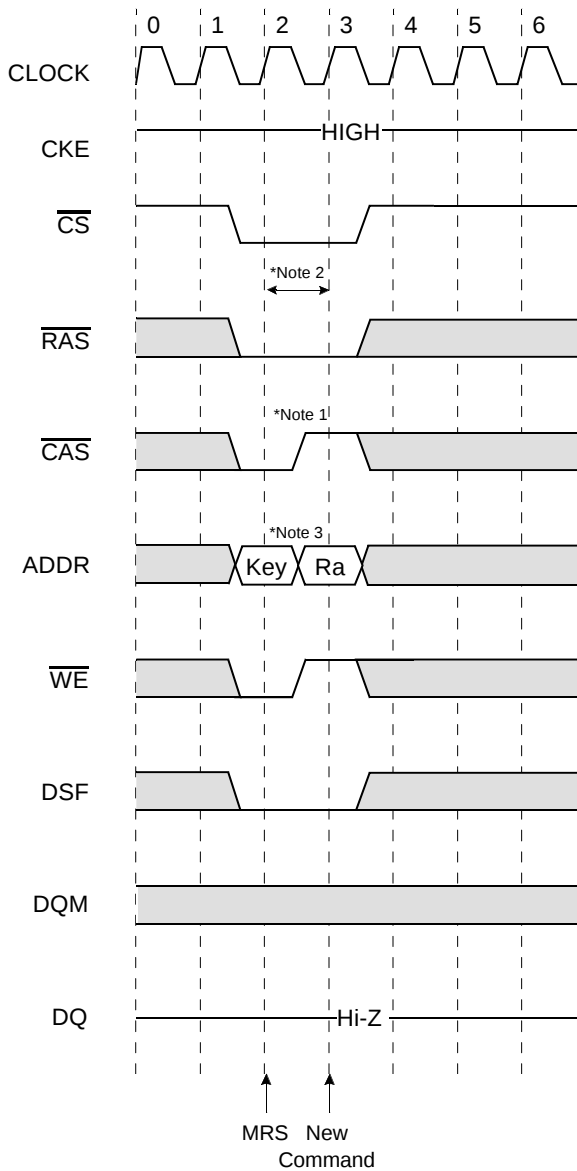
1.  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$  &  $\overline{CAS}$  with CKE should be low at the same clock cycle.
2. After 1 clock cycle, all the inputs including the system clock can be don't care except for CKE.
3. The device remains in self refresh mode as long as CKE stays "Low".  
cf.) Once the device enters self refresh mode, minimum  $t_{RAS}$  is required before exit from self refresh.

**TO EXIT SELF REFRESH MODE**

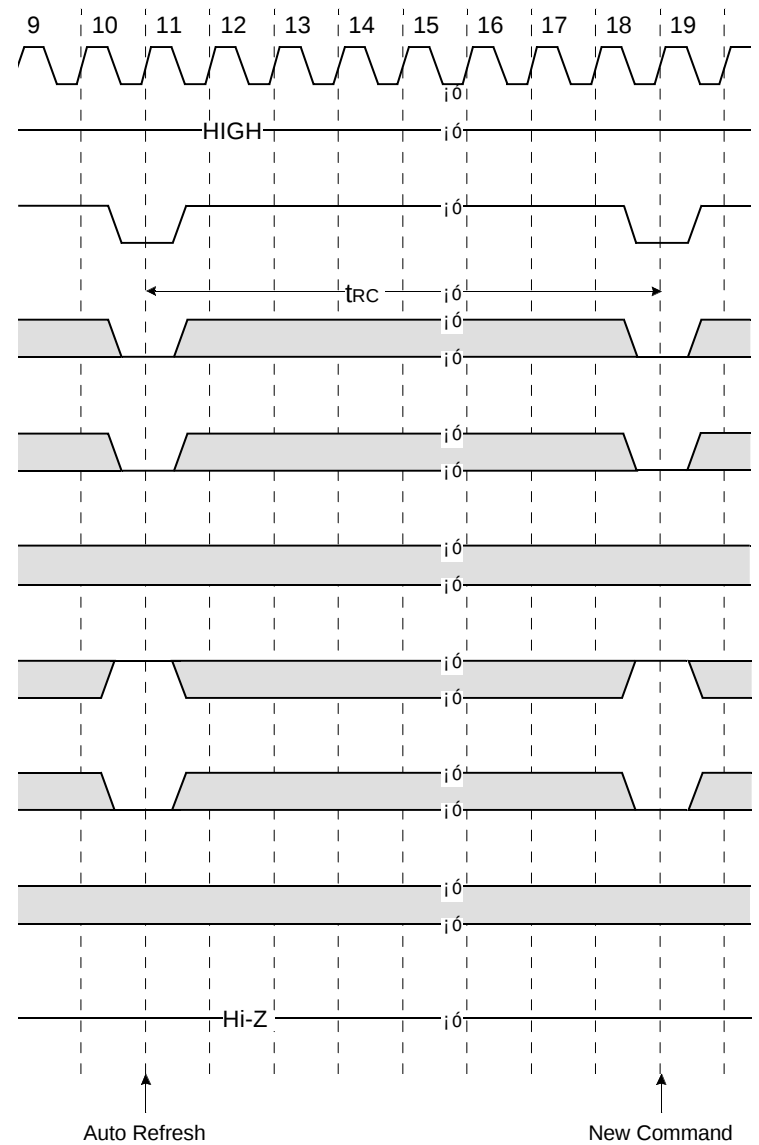
4. System clock restart and be stable before returning CKE high.
5.  $\overline{CS}$  starts from high.
6. Minimum  $t_{RC}$  is required after CKE going high to complete self refresh exit.
7. 1K cycle of burst auto refresh is required before self refresh entry and after self refresh exit if the system uses burst refresh.

□ : Don't care

Mode Register Set Cycle



Auto Refresh Cycle



□ : Don't care

\* Both banks precharge should be completed before Mode Register Set cycle and auto refresh cycle.

MODE REGISTER SET CYCLE

- \*Note :**
1.  $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{RAS}$ ,  $\overline{CAS}$ , &  $\overline{WE}$  activation and DSF of low at the same clock cycle with address key will set internal mode register.
  2. Minimum 1 clock cycles should be met before new  $\overline{RAS}$  activation.
  3. Please refer to Mode Register Set table.

FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(TABLE 1)

| Current State | $\overline{CS}$ | $\overline{RAS}$ | $\overline{CAS}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | DSF | BA (A <sub>9</sub> ) | ADDR  | ACTION                                             | NOTE |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|----------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------|------|
| IDLE          | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP                                                |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP                                                |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            | 2    |
|               | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | BA                   | CA    | ILLEGAL                                            | 2    |
|               | L               | L                | H                | H               | L   | BA                   | RA    | Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; Non-IO Mask       |      |
|               | L               | L                | H                | H               | H   | BA                   | RA    | Row Active ; Latch Row Address ; IO Mask           |      |
|               | L               | L                | H                | L               | L   | BA                   | PA    | NOP                                                | 4    |
|               | L               | L                | H                | L               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | L                | L                | H               | L   | X                    | X     | Auto Refresh or Self Refresh                       | 5    |
|               | L               | L                | L                | H               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | L                | L                | L               | L   | OP Code              |       | Mode Register Access                               | 5    |
|               | L               | L                | L                | L               | H   | OP Code              |       | Special Mode Register Access                       | 6    |
| Row Active    | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP                                                |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP                                                |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            | 2    |
|               | L               | H                | L                | H               | L   | BA                   | CA,AP | Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP               |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | H               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | L               | L   | BA                   | CA,AP | Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP              |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | L               | H   | BA                   | CA,AP | Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP              |      |
|               | L               | L                | H                | H               | X   | BA                   | RA    | ILLEGAL                                            | 2    |
|               | L               | L                | H                | L               | L   | BA                   | PA    | Precharge                                          |      |
|               | L               | L                | H                | L               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | L                | L                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | L                | L                | L               | L   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | L                | L                | L               | H   | OP Code              |       | Special Mode Register Access                       | 6    |
| Read          | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Row Active)          |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Row Active)          |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | L               | L   | X                    | X     | Term burst --> Row active                          |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | L               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | H               | L   | BA                   | CA,AP | Term burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP  | 3    |
|               | L               | H                | L                | H               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | L               | L   | BA                   | CA,AP | Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP | 3    |
|               | L               | H                | L                | L               | H   | BA                   | CA,AP | Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP | 3    |
|               | L               | L                | H                | H               | X   | BA                   | RA    | ILLEGAL                                            | 2    |
|               | L               | L                | H                | L               | L   | BA                   | PA    | Term Burst ; Precharge timing for Reads            | 3    |
|               | L               | L                | H                | L               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
| Write         | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Row Active)          |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Row Active)          |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | L               | L   | X                    | X     | Term burst --> Row active                          |      |
|               | L               | H                | H                | L               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | H               | L   | BA                   | CA,AP | Term burst ; Begin Read ; Latch CA ; Determine AP  | 3    |
|               | L               | H                | L                | H               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                            |      |
|               | L               | H                | L                | L               | L   | BA                   | CA,AP | Term burst ; Begin Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP | 3    |
|               | L               | H                | L                | L               | H   | BA                   | CA,AP | Term burst ; Block Write ; Latch CA ; Determine AP | 3    |

FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(TABLE 1, Continued)

| Current State             | $\overline{CS}$ | $\overline{RAS}$ | $\overline{CAS}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | DSF | BA (A <sub>9</sub> ) | ADDR  | ACTION                                              | NOTE |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------|------|
| Write                     | L               | L                | H                | H               | X   | BA                   | RA    | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | L               | L   | BA                   | PA    | Term Burst : Precharge timing for Writes            | 3    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | L               | H   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
| Read with Auto Precharge  | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Precharge)            |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Precharge)            |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | H               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | L               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | X               | X   | BA                   | RA,PA | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
| Write with Auto Precharge | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Precharge)            |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP(Continue Burst to End --> Precharge)            |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | H               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | L               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | X               | X   | BA                   | RA,PA | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
| Precharging               | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Idle after tRP                              |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Idle after tRP                              |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | H               | X   | BA                   | RA    | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | L               | X   | BA                   | PA    | NOP --> Idle after tRP                              | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             | 4    |
| Block Write Recovering    | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Row Active after tBWC                       |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Row Active after tBWC                       |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | H               | X   | BA                   | RA    | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | L               | X   | BA                   | PA    | Term Block Write : Precharge timing for Block Write | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
| Row Activating            | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Row Active after tRCD                       |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Row Active after tRCD                       |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | BA                   | CA,AP | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | H               | X   | BA                   | RA    | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | L               | X   | BA                   | PA    | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             | 2    |
| Refreshing                | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Idle after tRC                              |      |
|                           | L               | H                | H                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | NOP --> Idle after tRC                              |      |
|                           | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | L                | H                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |
|                           | L               | L                | L                | X               | X   | X                    | X     | ILLEGAL                                             |      |

## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE (TABLE 1, Continued)

## ABBREVIATIONS :

RA = Row Address(A<sub>0</sub>~A<sub>8</sub>)BA = Bank Address(A<sub>9</sub>)PA = Precharge All(A<sub>8</sub>)

NOP = No Operation Command

CA = Column Address(A<sub>0</sub>~A<sub>7</sub>)AP = Auto Precharge(A<sub>8</sub>)

- \*Note :** 1. All entries assume that CKE was active(High) during the preceding clock cycle and the current clock cycle.  
 2. Illegal to bank in specified state ; Function may be legal in the bank indicated by BA, depending on the state of that bank.  
 3. Must satisfy bus contention, bus turn around, and/or write recovery requirements.  
 4. NOP to bank precharging or in idle state. May precharge bank indicated by BA(and PA).  
 5. Illegal if any banks is not idle.  
 6. Legal only if all banks are in idle or row active state.

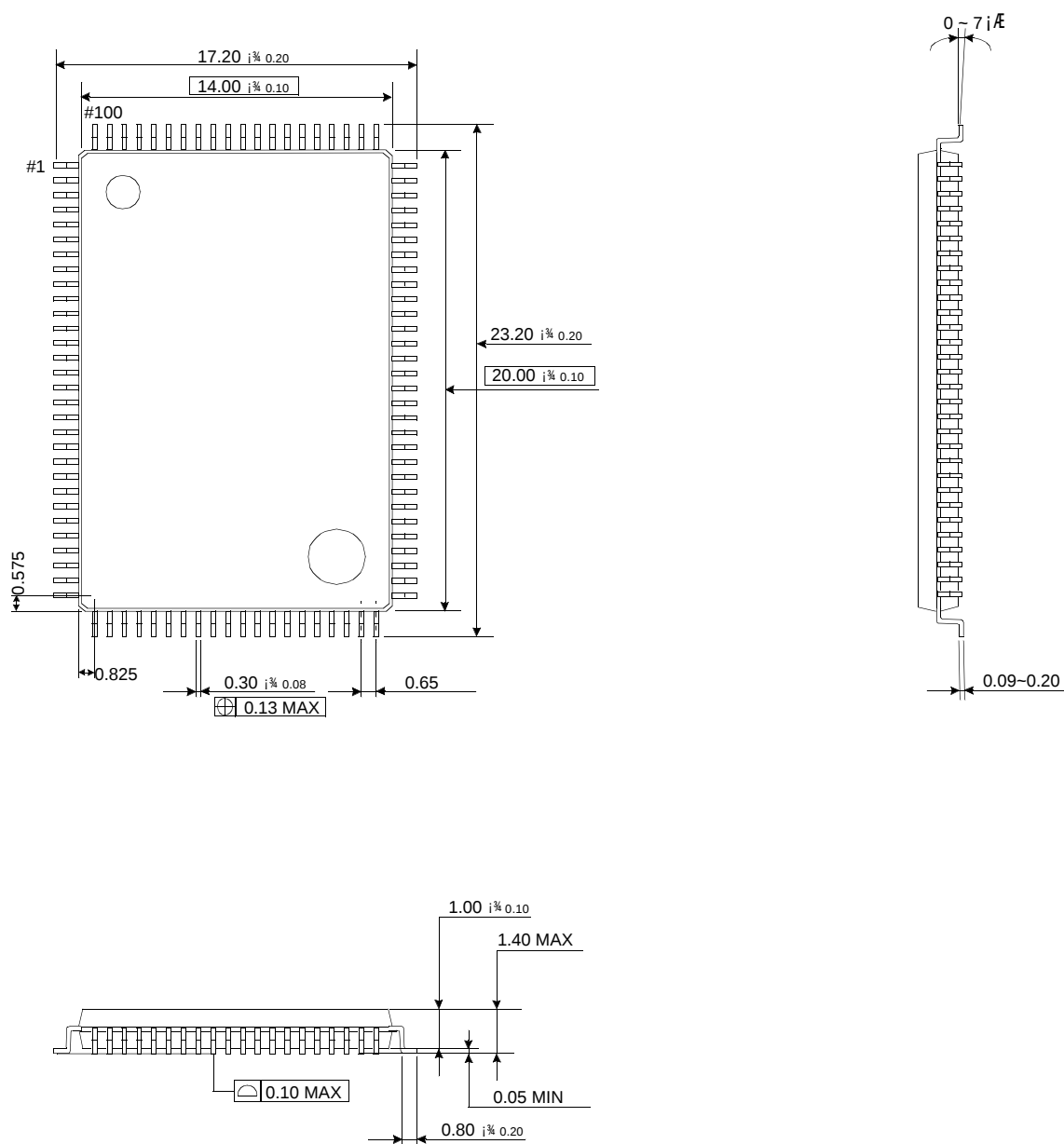
## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE for CKE(TABLE 2)

| Current State                     | CKE n-1 | CKE n | $\overline{CS}$ | $\overline{RAS}$ | $\overline{CAS}$ | $\overline{WE}$ | DSF | ADDR | ACTION                                   | NOTE |
|-----------------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----|------|------------------------------------------|------|
| Self Refresh                      | H       | X     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | INVALID                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | H     | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Exit Self Refresh --> ABI after $t_{rc}$ | 7    |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X    | Exit Self Refresh --> ABI after $t_{rc}$ | 7    |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | L                | X                | X               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | L     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | NOP(Maintain Self Refresh)               |      |
| Both Bank Precharge Power Down    | H       | X     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | INVALID                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | H     | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Exit Power Down --> ABI                  | 8    |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X    | Exit Power Down --> ABI                  | 8    |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | H     | L               | L                | X                | X               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | L     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | NOP(Maintain Power Down Mode)            |      |
| All Banks Idle                    | H       | H     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Refer to Table 1                         |      |
|                                   | H       | L     | H               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Enter Power Down                         | 9    |
|                                   | H       | L     | L               | H                | H                | H               | X   | X    | Enter Power Down                         | 9    |
|                                   | H       | L     | L               | H                | H                | L               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | H       | L     | L               | H                | L                | X               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | H       | L     | L               | L                | H                | X               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | H       | L     | L               | L                | L                | H               | L   | X    | Enter Self Refresh                       | 9    |
|                                   | H       | L     | L               | L                | L                | L               | X   | X    | ILLEGAL                                  |      |
|                                   | L       | L     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | NOP                                      |      |
| Any State other than Listed Above | H       | H     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Refer to Operations in Table 1           |      |
|                                   | H       | L     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Begin Clock Suspend next cycle           | 10   |
|                                   | L       | H     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Exit Clock Suspend next cycle            | 10   |
|                                   | L       | L     | X               | X                | X                | X               | X   | X    | Maintain clock Suspend                   |      |

ABBREVIATIONS : ABI = All Banks Idle

- \*Note :** 7. After CKE's low to high transition to exist self refresh mode. And a time of  $t_{rc}(\text{min})$  has to be elapse after CKE's low to high transition to issue a new command.  
 8. CKE low to high transition is asynchronous as if restarts internal clock.  
 A minimum setup time " $t_{ss} + \text{one clock}$ " must be satisfied before any command other than exit.  
 9. Power-down and self refresh can be entered only from the all banks idle state.  
 10. Must be a legal command.

### Dimensions in Millimeters





Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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