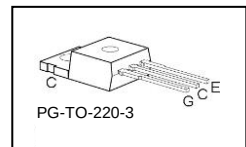
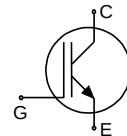


Low Loss IGBT : IGBT in TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology



Features:

- Very low $V_{CE(sat)}$ 1.5V (typ.)
- Maximum Junction Temperature 175°C
- Short circuit withstand time 5μs
- Designed for :
 - Variable Speed Drive for washing machines and air conditioners
 - induction cooking
 - Uninterrupted Power Supply
- TRENCHSTOP™ and Fieldstop technology for 600V applications offers :
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
- NPT technology offers easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Low EMI
- Low Gate Charge
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : <http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(sat)}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_{j,max}$	Marking Code	Package
IGP10N60T	600V	10A	1.5V	175°C	G10T60	PG-TO-220-3

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage, $T_j \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{j,max}$	I_C	24	A
$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		18	
$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$	I_{Cpuls}	30	
Turn off safe operating area, $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$, $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p = 1\mu\text{s}$	-	30	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time ²⁾	t_{SC}	5	μs
$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$			
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	110	W
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40...+175	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+150	
Soldering temperature, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s		260	

¹ J-STD-020 and JEDEC-022

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		1.35	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R_{thJA}		62	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=0.2mA$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=10A$				
		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$	-	1.5	2.05	
		$T_j=175^{\circ}C$	-	1.8	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=0.3mA, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	4.1	4.6	5.7	μA
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600V,$ $V_{GE}=0V$				
		$T_j=25^{\circ}C$	-	-	40	
		$T_j=175^{\circ}C$	-	-	1000	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=10A$	-	6	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	R_{Gint}		none			Ω

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1MHz$	-	551	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	40	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	17	-	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=10A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	62	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E	TO-220-3-1	-	7	-	nH
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 5\mu s$ $V_{CC} = 400V,$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	100	-	A

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic ³⁾, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=10\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}=60\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}=40\text{pF}$	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	8	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	215	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	38	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	L_{σ} , C_{σ} from Fig. E Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.16	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.27	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		Diode from IKP10N60T	-	0.43	

Switching Characteristic ³⁾, Inductive Load, at $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC}=400\text{V}$, $I_C=10\text{A}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $r_G=23\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}=60\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}=40\text{pF}$	-	10	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	11	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	233	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	63	-	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}	L_{σ} , C_{σ} from Fig. E Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	0.26	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.35	-	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		Diode from IKP10N60T	-	0.61	

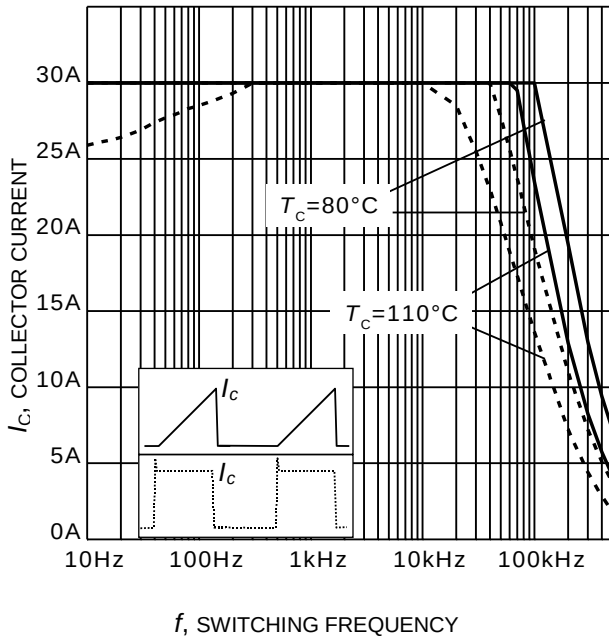


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, D = 0.5, V_{CE} = 400\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}, r_G = 23\Omega)$

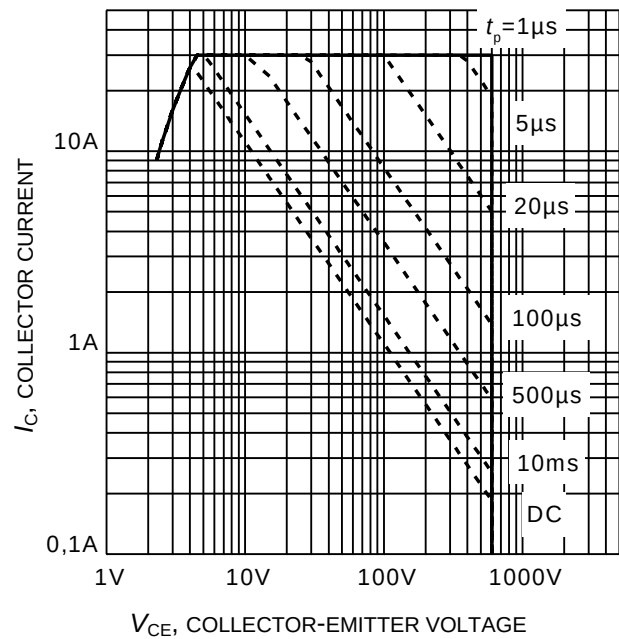


Figure 2. Safe operating area
 $(D = 0, T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V})$

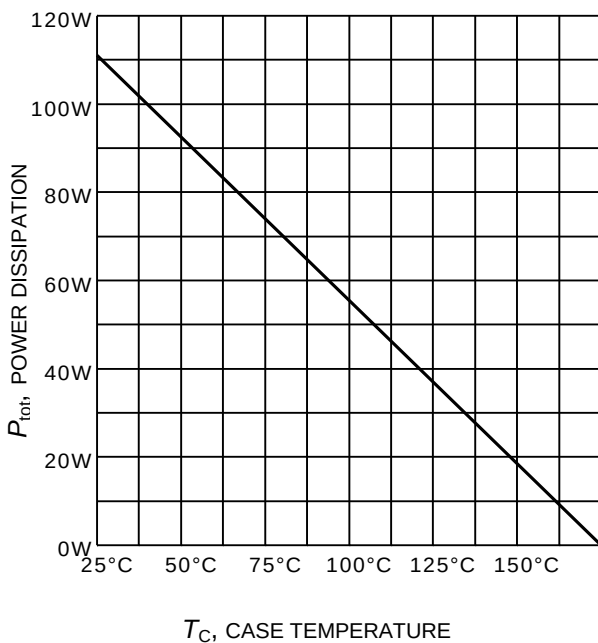


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

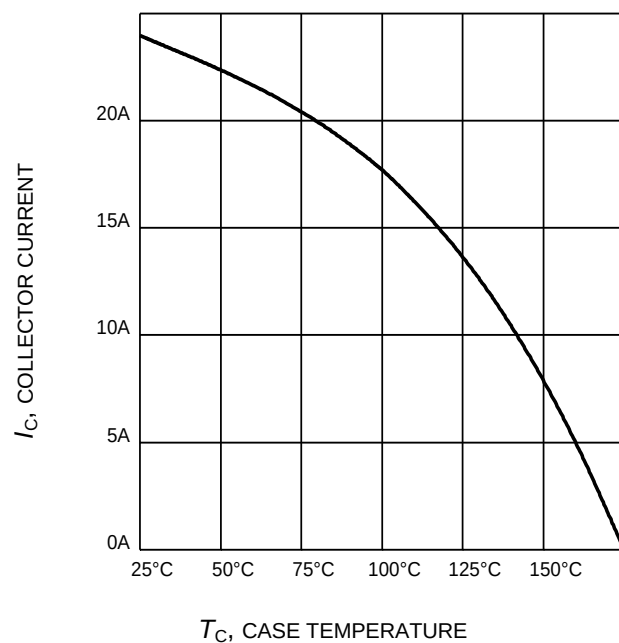


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

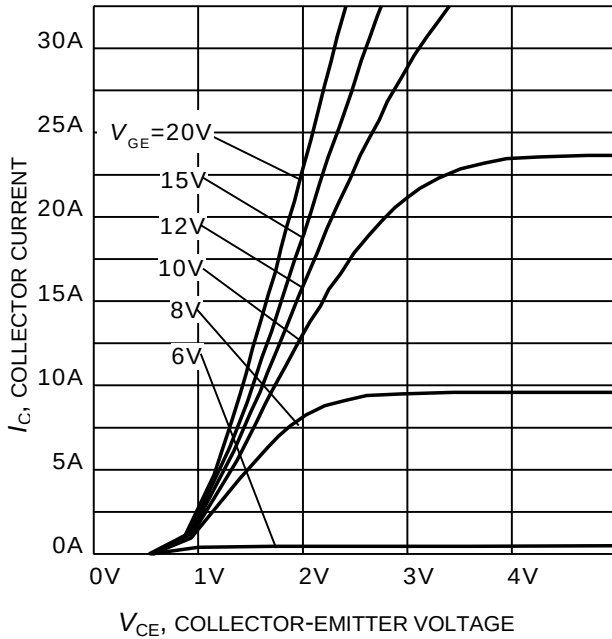


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

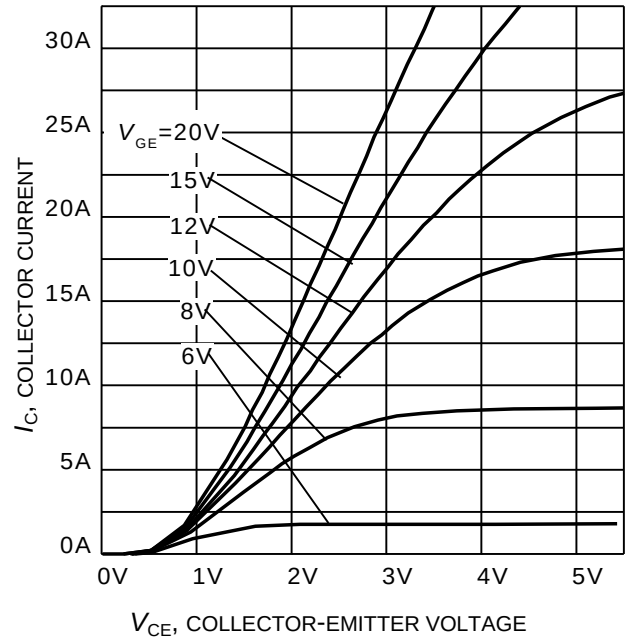


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic
($T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$)

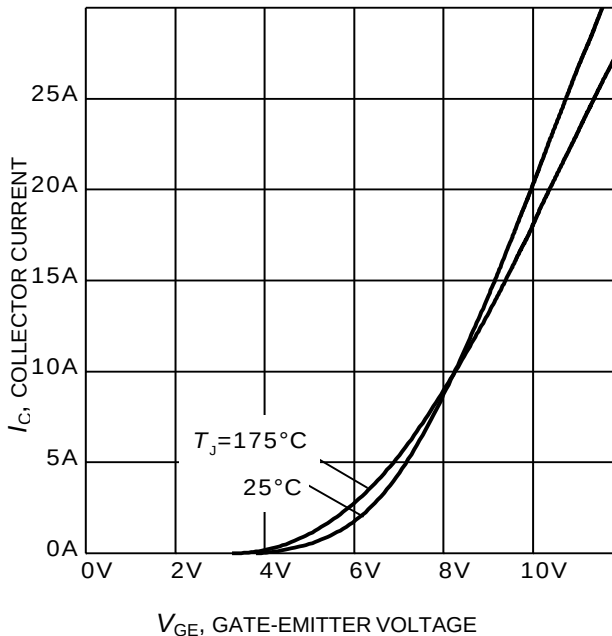


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic
($V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$)

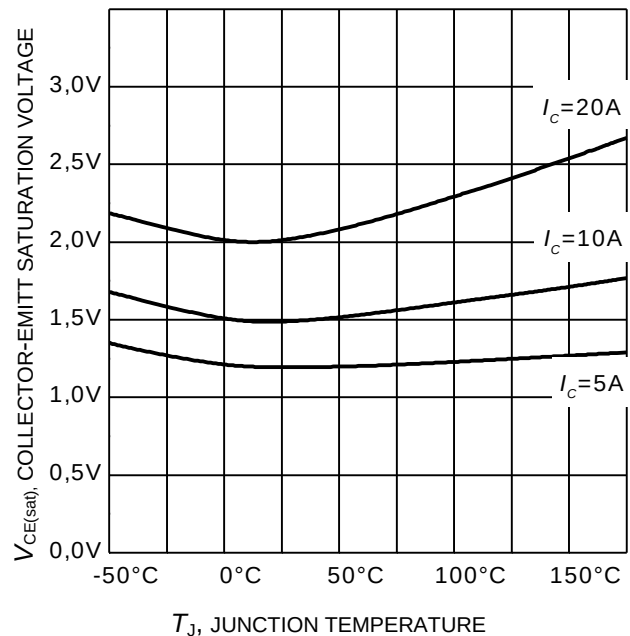
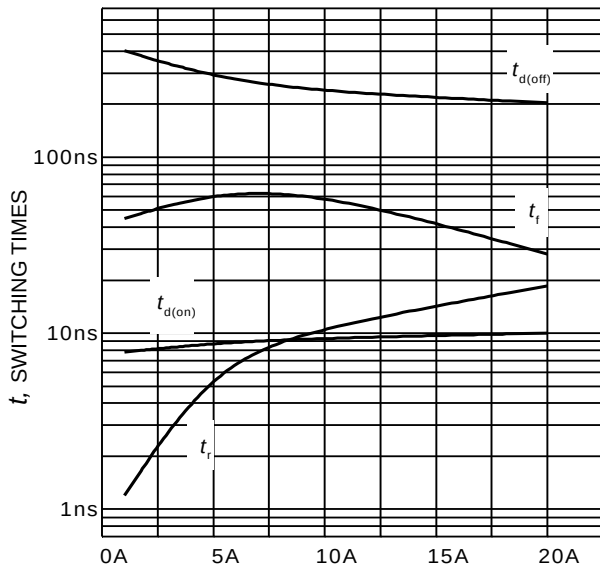
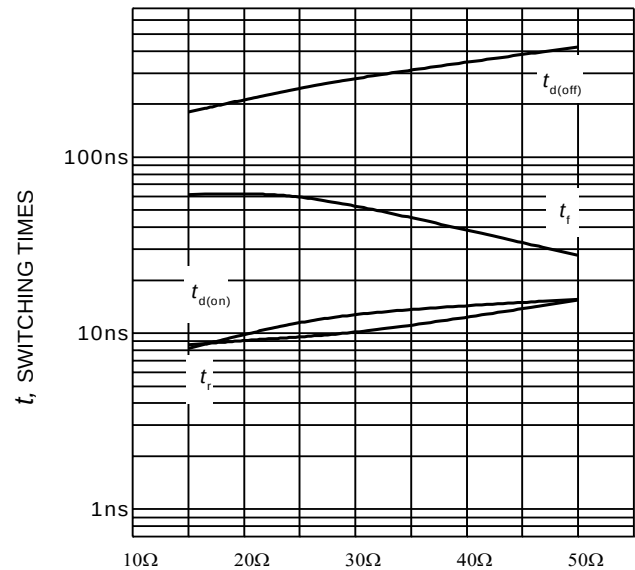


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)



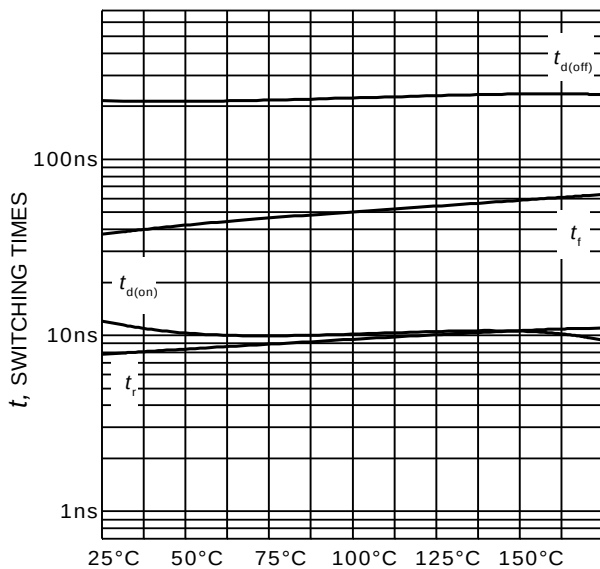
I_C, COLLECTOR CURRENT

Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, T_J=175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, r_G = 23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



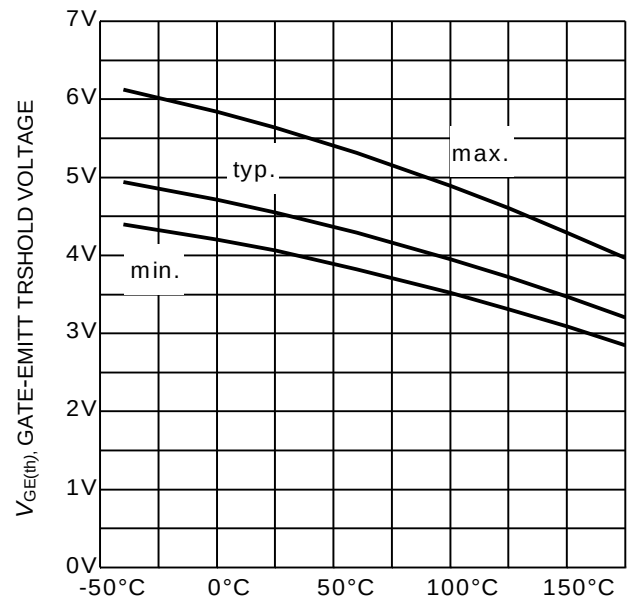
R_G, GATE RESISTOR

Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, T_J = 175°C, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 10A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



T_J, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, V_{CE} = 400V, V_{GE} = 0/15V, I_C = 10A, r_G=23Ω, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



T_J, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature
(I_C = 0.3mA)

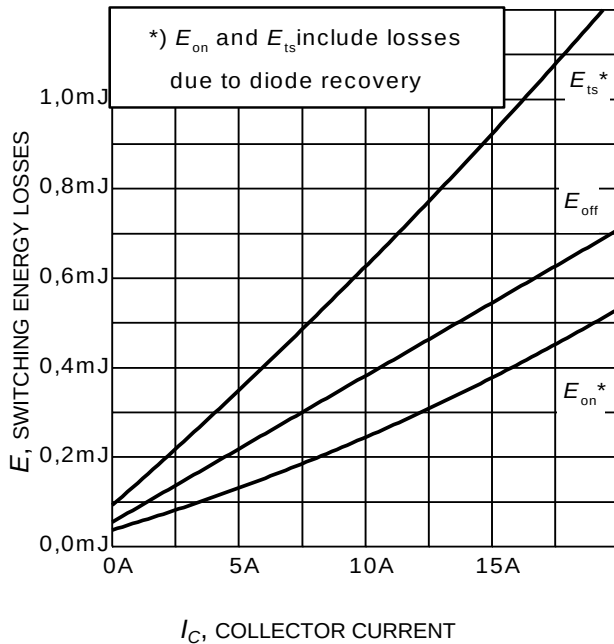


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$, $r_G = 23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

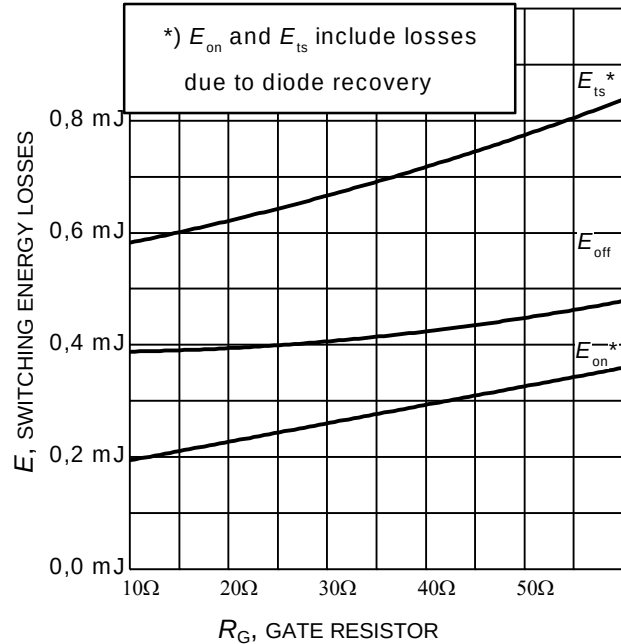


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
(inductive load, $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

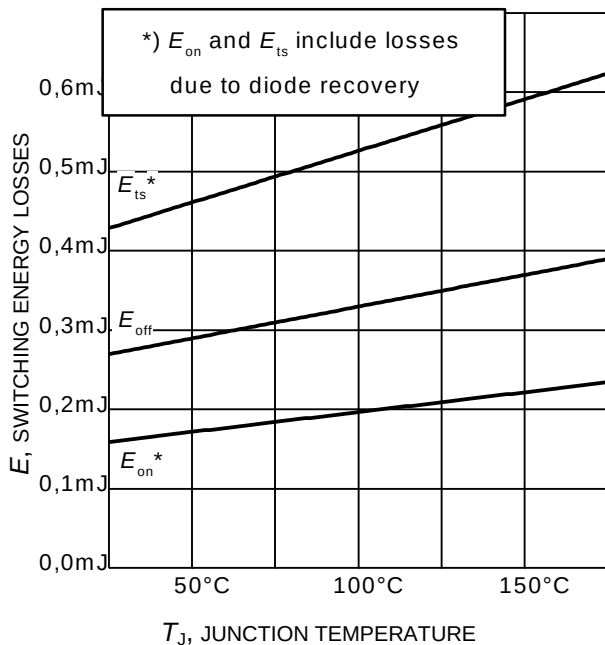


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, $r_G = 23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

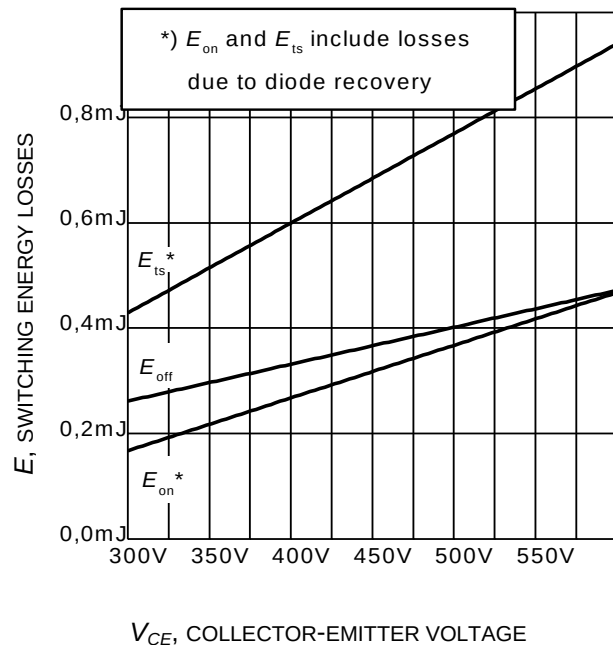


Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage
(inductive load, $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$, $I_C = 10\text{A}$, $r_G = 23\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

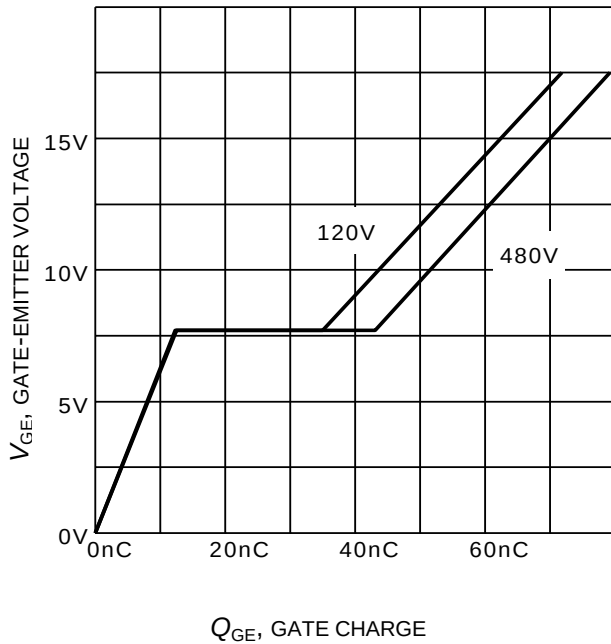


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C=10\text{ A}$)

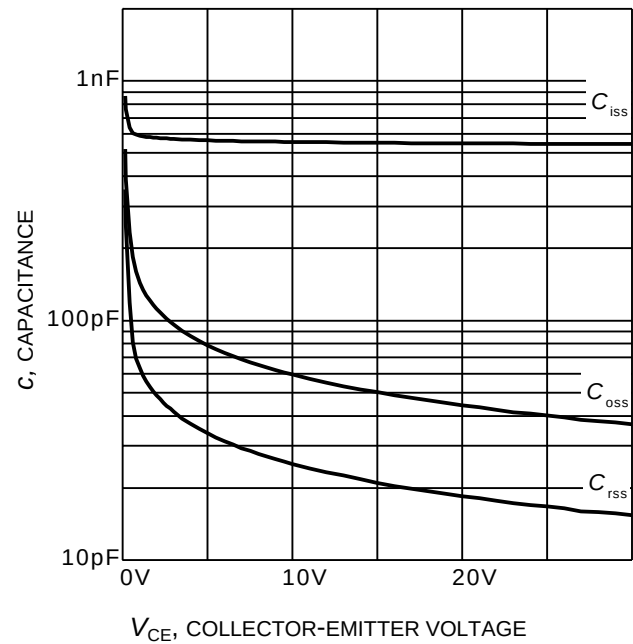


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE}=0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)

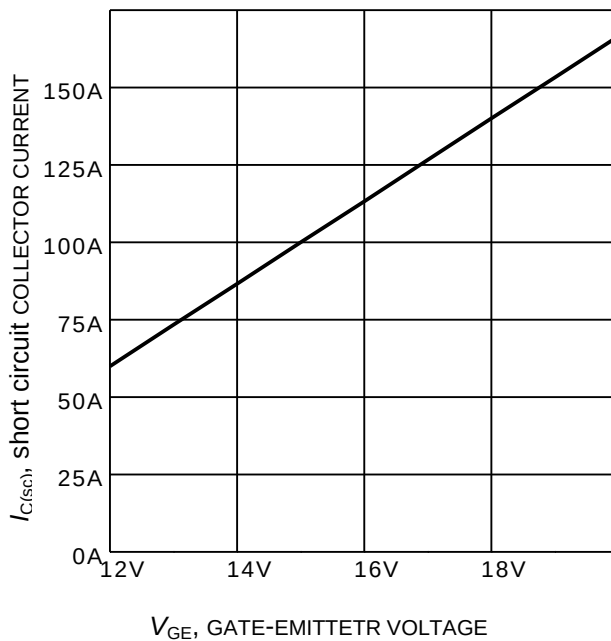


Figure 19. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 400\text{ V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

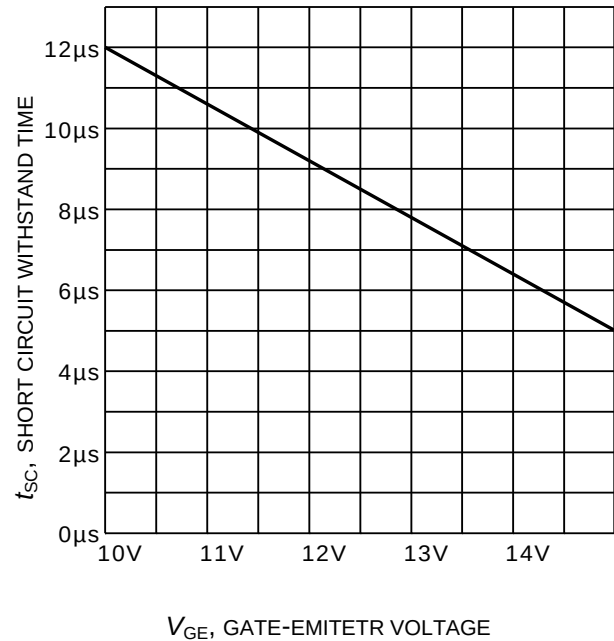


Figure 20. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE}=400\text{ V}$, start at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{Jmax}<150^\circ\text{C}$)

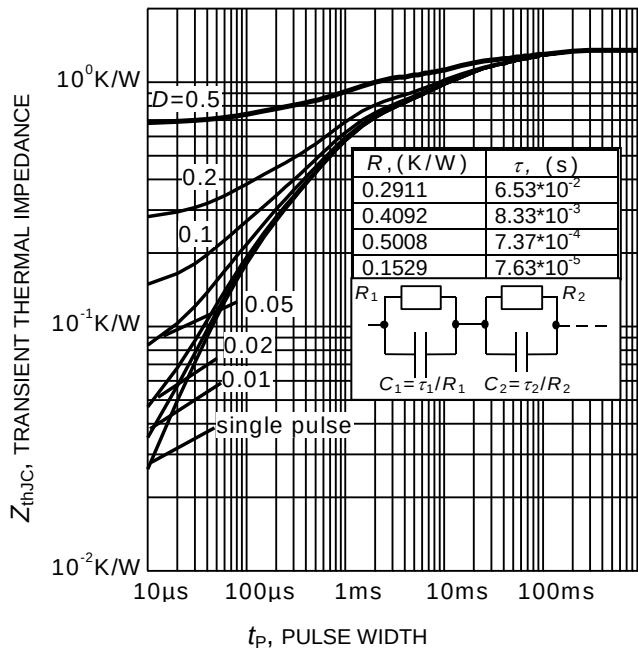
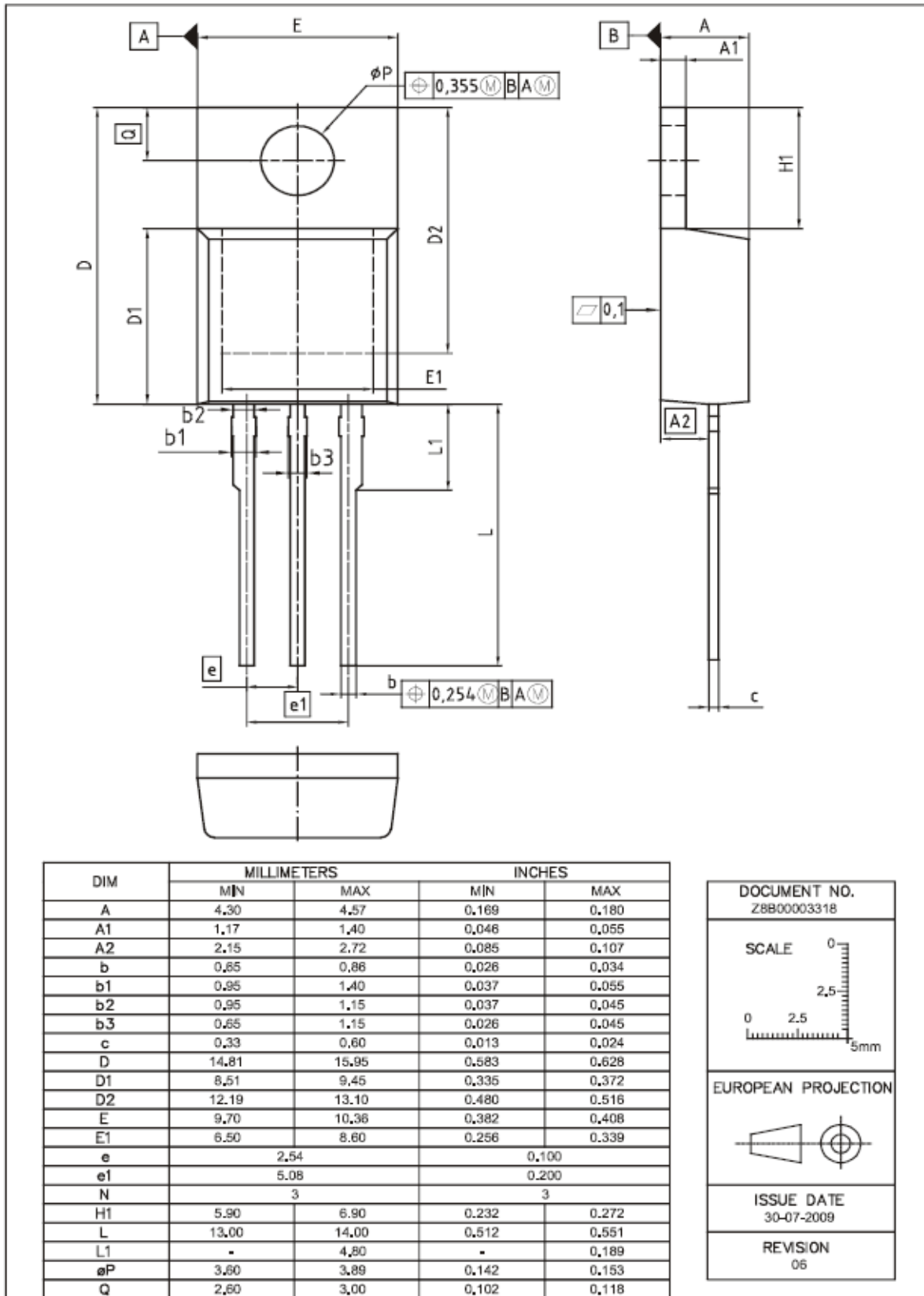


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance
 $(D = t_p / T)$

PG-TO220-3



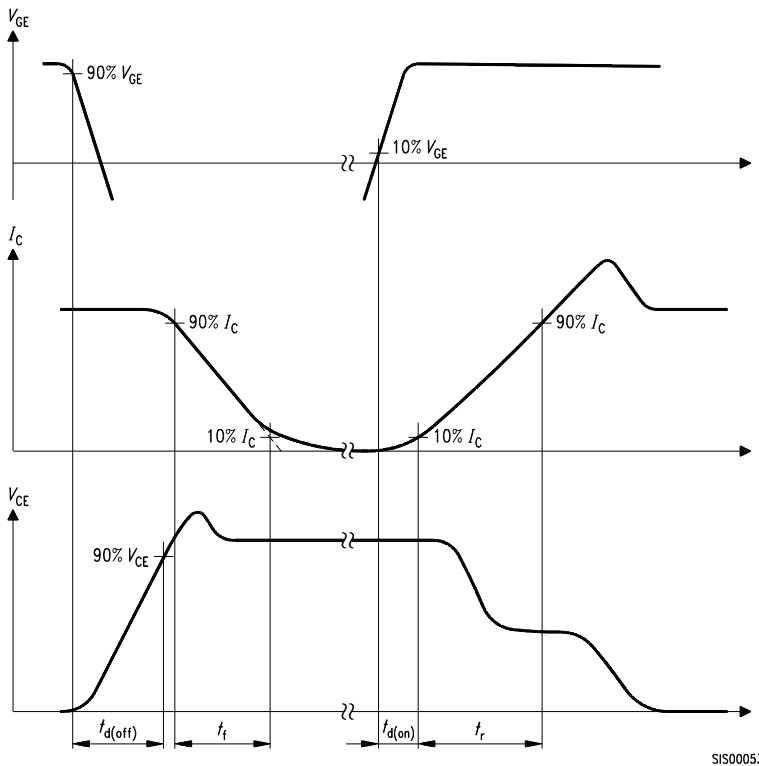


Figure A. Definition of switching times

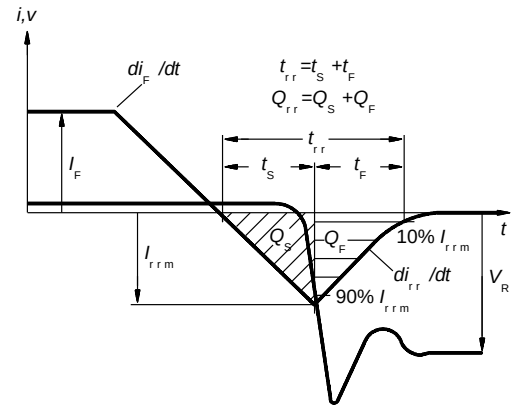


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

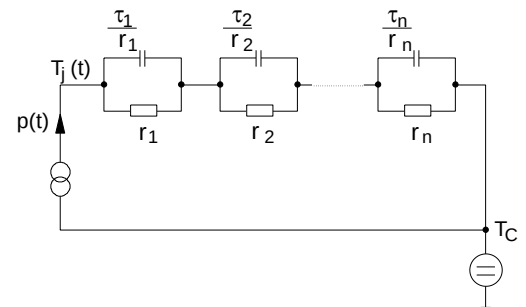


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

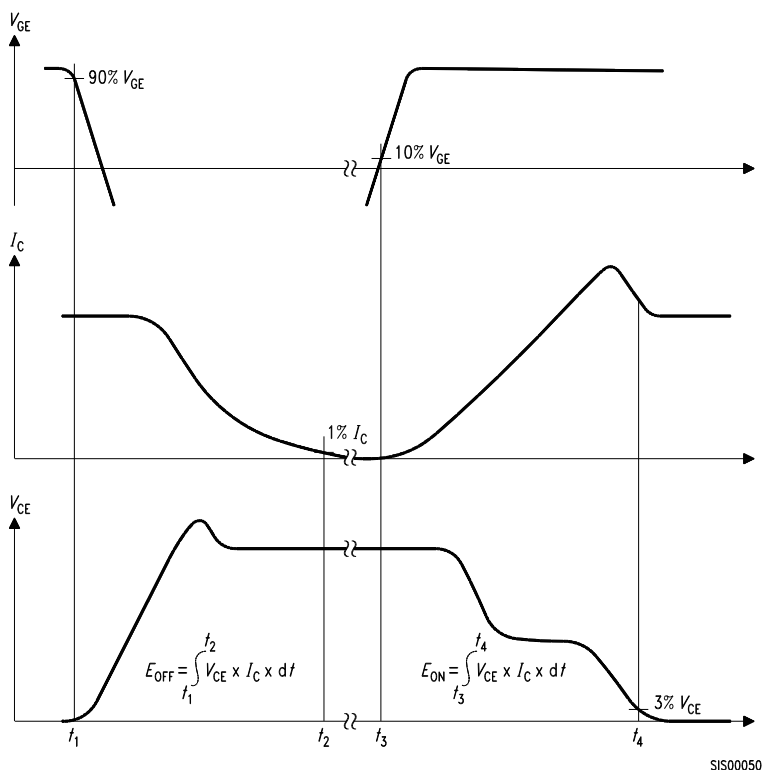


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

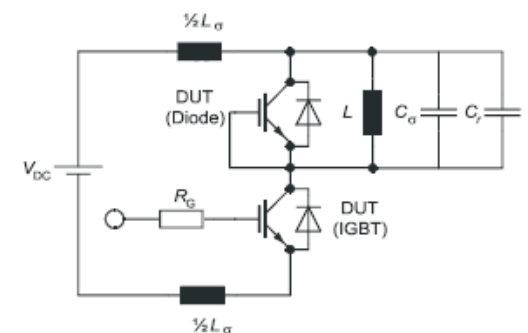


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
 Parasitic inductance L_{σ} ,
 Parasitic capacitor C_{σ} ,
 Relief capacitor C_r
 (only for ZVT switching)

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany
© 2015 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.