

# CLOCKBUILDERPRO<sup>™</sup> FIELD PROGRAMMER KIT

## 1. Introduction and Scope

This document describes how to use the Si538x/4x ClockBuilder Field Programmer Kit ("CBPROG-DONGLE") with <u>ClockBuilder Pro</u> ("CBPro") to support four programming models. Refer to the text and table below for supported uses:

- 1. **In-socket NVM Programming**: NVM programming of "**base**" Si538x/4x devices (e.g., Si5341A-A-GM), or any other factory "**pre-programmed**" Si538x/4x device (e.g., Si5341A-A12345-GM) which has unused NVM banks. Silicon Labs provides 44-pin and 64-pin QFN socket adapter boards for this purpose.
- 2. **In-system NVM Programming**: NVM programming of Si538x/4x devices already mounted on a system PCB. Users are encouraged to include a standard 10-pin header on their PCB to allow the Si538x4x Field Programmer board and ribbon cable to easily connect to the USB to SPI/I2C adapter.
- 3. **In-system Volatile Register Programming:** of devices mounted on a PCB (e.g., use the Wizard and EVB GUIs to inspect status registers, make volatile configuration updates, debug system firmware, etc.).
- 4. **In-socket Volatile Register Programming:** of devices mounted in the socket (e.g., use the Wizard and EVB GUIs to inspect status registers, make volatile configuration updates, debug system firmware, etc.).

Location of Target Si538x/4x Device	Software Utility and Programming Model Supported		
SI538X/4X Device	NVM Burn Tool	EVB GUI / Wizard	
In-socket	<b>√</b> (1)	✓ (4)	
In-system	✓ (2)	✓ (3)	

Figure 1. Supported Programming Models

## 2. Kit Contents

Shown below is a diagram of how the various components in the Field Programmer kit are connected to one of the QFN socket adapter boards, or to a PCB for in-system programming.





Figure 3 shows the kit contents for the CBPROG-DONGLE kit. Note that the 44-pin and 64-pin sockets are sold separately as part numbers "Si538X4X-44SKT" and "Si538X4X-64SKT", respectively. The Clock Builder Pro Field Programmer resources including schematics, layout files, and BOM can be found at www.silabs.com/CBProgrammer. Note that the sockets are sold as separate kits.



Figure 3. CBPROG-DONGLE Kit Contents



Figure 4. Si538x4x-44SKT-DK (I) and Si538x4x-64SKT-DK (r) Sockets Sold Separately



## 3. Software Download and Installation

To install the CBPro software on any Windows 7 (or above) PC, go:

http://www.silabs.com/CBPro and download the ZIP file to install the software on your host PC.

## 4. Hardware Configuration

The Field Programmer Dongle acts as an interface between the CBPro GUI and the target device (any supported Si534x or Si538x IC). Connect the provided USB cable to your PC and the CBPROG-DONGLE. The CBPROG-DONLGE is then connected to the target device using the provided cables or a programming socket, depending upon the four ways you may use the programmer as detailed in "5. Ways You can Use the Programmer".

## 5. Ways You can Use the Programmer

The following four sections describe four ways you can use the CBPROG-DONGLE.

### 5.1. In-Socket NVM Programming

This workflow describes the process of programming or "burning" the non-volatile memory (NVM) of loose devices using the Si538X4X-44SKT or Si538X4X-64SKT boards that feature a programming socket. Once completed, this flow will "burn" a complete configuration from CBPro into one of the banks of NVM on the device. Devices shipped from Silicon Labs have two NVM banks available to program ("burn").

The steps needed to program a device's NVM are as follows:

1. Assuming the CBPro software installs without error, connect the CBPROG-DONGLE adapter with the USB cable to the PC on which CBPro was installed. Use the USB extender cable (provided with the kit) if your host PC is located far from the CBPROG-DONGLE.



Figure 5. PC to CBPROG-DONGLE Connection

2. Insert a base or previously pre-programmed (e.g. OPN) Si538x/4x device into the QFN socket.

Socket and DUT Orientation: It is important to ensure the DUT is in the correct orientation before powering up the board. If not orientated correctly the software has a feature to auto-detect it is not able to read the part. Likely the reason is there is no part in the socket or it is oriented incorrectly. The part will not be damaged if oriented incorrectly. The DUT has two circles on the part. The smaller circle is the pin 1 indicator. Pin 1 on the socket is lined up with the U1 and dot symbol on the silk screen.





Figure 6. Correct Orientation of a DUT in the QFN Socket

- Note: Power is not applied to the socket's VDD and VDDA pins unless explicit action by you within CBPro. It is safe to:
  - Insert or remove a DUT in the socket before or after the socket has been connected to the main board.
     Insert or remove a DUT in the socket before or after power has been applied to the main board by connecting the USB cable to your PC.

As will be discussed in the walk-through that follows, power is only applied to the DUT when you explicitly scan for a DUT or initiate a burn. Power is automatically off at all other times.

3. Connect the QFN Field Programmer Socket Board with the DUT into the CBPROG-DONGLE. Use the male-to-female ribbon cable if needed.



Figure 7. System from PC to Programming CBPROG-DONGLE Board to QFN Field Programmer Socket Board



4. Start ClockBuilder Pro by locating the icon (see Figure 8) on your desktop or Windows Start Menu.



Figure 8. ClockBuilder Pro Icon

5. The ClockBuilder Pro Wizard main menu should now appear as shown in Figure 9.

Select the "NVM Burn Tool" as shown. Do not select EVB GUI.



Figure 9. ClockBuilder Pro Wizard



- 6. In the Burn NVM tool window:
  - a. Step 1: Make sure "Kit Field Programmer Socket Board" is selected.
  - b. Step 2: Select "Scan".

If the device is properly orientated in the socket, the middle section of the window will show information about the detected device, including how many NVM banks are available to burn. In socket mode, the CBPROG-DONGLE always communicates in 4-wire SPI host interface mode.

c. Step 3: Click on "Select Project File".

	ocket board I-Wire © 12 MHz, 3.3V Used	Help
	d to your own board	OPN Lookup
1	4-Wire: 12 MHz; 3.3V	Debug Options
Socket Board:	Present, QFN44	
DUT:	Present, Si5346	
DUT: Design ID (on DL		
		Select Project

### Figure 10. Field Programmer Screen

d. Step 4: Navigate to and select your CBPro project file in the Windows file browser:



Figure 11. Navigating to CBPro Project File



e. Step 5: After selecting the project file, select "Burn NVM" as shown in Figure 12.

Mode: 🛞 Kit so	ocket board	Help
O Wire	d to your own board	OPN Lookup
SPI	4-Wire 3.3V	Debug Options
Socket Board:	Present, QFN44	
DUT:	Present, Si5346	
Design ID (on DU	T): 5346BP1	
NVM:	1 bank used, 2 banks available for burn	
Project File:	\\silabs.com\timing\shared\Products\Si538x-4x \Customers\QuantumSI\Si5346B-100Mhz_Planned	Select Project

Figure 12. Click on Burn NVM



f. A series of status windows will appear as shown if the target DUT in the socket is successfully "burned".

🔀 Field Programmer - Burn NVM 🗢	0 23
Mode:      Kit socket board     Hel	P
NVM Burn Progress	×
Writing configuration to non-volatile memory	- FI
Soc	(d)
DU Der	
NV	
Pro	
Scan Burn NVM	
Field Programmer - Burn NVM	
Mode:      Kit socket board     Hel	P
NVM Burn Progress	×
Validing NVM via read-back	_ 61
Soc	ed)
Du	
NV	
Scan Burn NVM	
🔀 Field Programmer - Burn NVM 🥏	• *
Mode: (1) Kit socket board He	p
NVM Burn Progress	X
Configuration burned to NVM and verified via read-back.	E.
Soc	ed)
DU Des	
NV	
Scan Burn NVM	

#### Figure 13. Status Windows

When you click OK, the DUT will be rescanned and you should see the number of banks available to burn decrease by 1.

Note that you may remove the newly programmed DUT at any time: power to the DUT is turned off immediately after scan and burn operations complete.



### 5.2. In-System NVM Programming

This workflow describes the process of programming or "burning" the non-volatile memory (NVMN) of a device mounted on a PCB, and your goal is to reprogram a device's NVM with a different configuration from a CBPro project file. Once completed, this flow will "burn" a complete configuration from CBPro into one of the banks of NVM on the device, assuming an open NVM bank is available. Devices shipped from Silicon Labs always have to 2 NVM banks available to program ("burn"). If you don't know how many banks are still open to burn on your target device, have no fear, as the kit's software automatically detects and reports the number of remaining NVM banks.

The steps needed to program an "in-system" device's NVM are as follows:

 Assuming the CBPro software installs without error (see "3. Software Download and Installation" on page 3), connect the adapter (CBPROG-DONGLE) board with the USB cable to the PC on which CBPro was installed. Use the USB extender cable (provided with the kit) if your host PC is located far from the CBPROG-DONGLE.



Figure 14. PC to CBPROG-DONGLE Connection

2. Lookup and verify the host I/O mode (I2C or SPI), the I2C address, and the interface I/O voltage level compatibility of your host's I/O voltage (for I2C or SPI) and the DUT's.

The value set at the DUT's register address of 0x09043 determines how the I/O supply voltages must be configured to communicate reliably with the CBPROG-DONGLE. You can look up your DUT's host I/O voltage using the "**OPN Lookup**" option in the NVM Burn tool as shown in Figure 15.

Mode: 🔘 Kit s	ocket board	Help
() Wine	d to your own board	OPN Lookup
120	Address 0x6F / 111d; 100 kHz; 3.3V	Debug Options
Socket Board:		
DUT:		
Design ID (on DI	ייין דר.	
NVM:		
Project File:	\\silabs.com\timing\shared\Products\Si538x-4x \Customers\QuantumSI\Si5346B-100Mhz_Planned	Select Project

Figure 15. OPN Lookup Option



If you have a custom OPN mounted on your board (a part number with a 5 digit code in the middle of the part number, such as Si5346B-A03260-GM), you should look up the host I/O setting (located at address of 0x09043) by selecting the **OPN Lookup** option. A browser will open and you will then enter in your custom OPN, as shown below.

- a. Select "Clock or Buffer".
- b. Enter in your full ordering part number (OPN). E.g., Si5346B-A03260-GM.
- c. Click the blue arrow to lookup your OPN to verify the host I/O voltage setting of your DUT.

SILICON LABS		Lo	g in   Register
roducts - Applications	Support & Training      Buy or Sample	Q Enter keyword	•
Silicon Labs > Products > Clocks (	and Oscillators > Clock and Oscillator Design Services		
Part Number Searc	ch Results		
You searched for:	mer 👉 🛈		
9 Si5346B-A03260-0	GM S A		
9 Si5346B-A03260-	GM 🔥 🔶 🚳		
	GM >		
	0		
Ex 503354-401343-041	0		
Ex S03364-401245-044	0		
Ex 303364-001248-0M	a 1 result		
Ex S03364-A01248-0M	2 1 resut 72/2014		
Ex 303354-401245-044 Existing Custom Parts SI5346B-403260-0M Request Date Part Number	2 1 result 7/2/2014 Bi6346B-A03260-GM		
Ex 303354-401243-041 Existing Custom Parts SI5346B-A03260-GM Request Date Part Number Part Number Part Number Revision	2 1 result 7/2/2014 8/63458-A03260-GM 0		

Figure 16. OPN Lookup



3. When the utility displays the OPN's files, click on Addendum to verify the I/O Power Supply setting of your DUT in the Data Sheet Addendum.

"VDD Core" indicates the I/O supply for the I2C/SPI interface will operate from a 1.8 V supply. "VDDA 3.3 V" indicates the I/O supply for the I2C/SPI interface will operate from a 3.3 V supply.



Si5346B Datasheet Addendum Device Configuration Summary for Si5346B-A03260-GM Page 1 of 2

4-Output Dual DSPLL Any-Frequency Jitter Attenuating Clock Multiplier

Overview	
Part:	Si 5346
Created By:	에는 이번 것 같은 것 같
Timestamp:	02-Jul-14 5:46 PM
Design Rule	
Errors:	
- No errors	1
Warnings: - OUTO is d	disabled; consider setting to Unused to conserve power
Device Grad	
Frequency s Minimum Bas	
Actual Base	2 OPN: S153468
Base OPN Grade	Output Clock Frequency Range
	100 112 12 200 1112
S15346A S15346B	100 Hz to 800 MHz 100 Hz to 350 MHz
Design	
Host Interf	
	r Supply: VDD (Core) : 4-Wire
	ress Range: 108d to 111d / 0x6C to 0x6F (selected via A0/A1 pins)
	NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY. THE PARTY OF

### Figure 17. Finding the I/O Power Supply Type

Figure 18 shows an example data sheet addendum showing VDDA (3.3 V).

Design							
====== Host Interface:							
I/O Power Supply: VD SPI Mode: 4-Wire							
I2C Address Range: 1	16d to	119d	/ 0x74	to 0x77	(selected	via A0/A1	pins)

#### Figure 18. Finding VDDA Value

4. Connect/wire the pins of the CBPROG-DONGLE to your host system with the target Si538x4x device. Use the male-to-female ribbon cable to connect to your host board fitted with a standard 10-pin header. This assumes you included the 10-pin header on your PCB and followed the recommended pinout and connections to the target Si438x/4x on your PCB. Note the pinout diagram and descriptions in the table below.





Figure 19. Interface Pins on Header (Front View of CBPROG-DONGLE)

Pin #	Description	Wire to Your PCB?	l <sup>2</sup> C	4-wire SPI	3-wire SPI
9	A0_CSB	3- or 4-Wire SPI	Can be used to set I <sup>2</sup> C address bit A0 high or low. Routed to A0 DUT pin on the programming Field Programmer Socket Boards.	Drives the chip select signal during SPI transactions	Drives the chip select signal during SPI transactions
10	VDD	Never	Supplies the Core VDD voltage to the DUT when using a programming Field Programmer Socket Board. Do not use this pin for in-system programming.	Supplies the Core VDD voltage to the DUT when using a programming Field Programmer Socket Board. Do not use this pin for in-system programming.	Supplies the core VDD voltage to the DUT when using a programming Field Programmer Socket Board. Do not use this pin for in-system programming.
7	SDA_SDIO	Always	Serial data signal for I <sup>2</sup> C transactions.	Serial data out to DUT for 4-wire SPI transactions (MOSI).	Bidirectional Serial data for 3-wire SPI transactions (SDIO).
8	I2C_SEL1	Never	Used to set I2C_SEL signal high to set the DUT for I <sup>2</sup> C commu- nication. (Refer to specific part pinout and the programming Field Programmer Socket Board to determine whether to use I2C_SEL1 or I2C_SEL2)	Used to put I2C SEL signal low for SPI communication. (Refer to specific part pinout and the pro- gramming Field Pro- grammer Socket Board to determine whether to use I2C SEL1 or I2C_SEL2)	Used to put I2C SEL signal low for SPI communication. (Refer to specific part pinout and the pro- gramming Field Pro- grammer Socket Board to determine whether to use I2C SEL1 or I2C_SEL2)



Pin #	Description	Wire to Your PCB?	l <sup>2</sup> C	4-wire SPI	3-wire SPI
5	A1_SDO	4-Wire SPI Only	Can be used to set I2C address bit A1 high or low. Routed to A1 DUT pin on the programming Field Programmer Socket Boards.	Serial data from DUT for 4-wire SPI trans- actions (MISO).	Not used
6	I2C_SEL2	Never	Used to set I2C_SEL signal high to set the DUT for I2C commu- nication. (Refer to specific part pinout and the programming Field Programmer Socket Board to determine whether to use I2C_SEL1 or I2C_SEL2)	Used to put I2C SEL signal low for SPI communication. (Refer to specific part pinout and the pro- gramming Field Pro- grammer Socket Board to determine whether to use I2C SEL1 or I2C_SEL2)	Used to put I2C SEL signal low for SPI communication. (Refer to specific part pinout and the pro- gramming Field Pro- grammer Socket Board to determine whether to use I2C SEL1 or I2C_SEL2)
3	SCLK	Always	Serial clock signal for I2C transactions.	Serial clock signal for SPI transactions.	Serial clock signal for SPI transactions.
4	VDDA VDDS	Never	Supplies the VDDA and VDDS voltages to the DUT when using a program- ming Field Program- mer Socket Board. Do not use this pin for in-system pro- gramming.	Supplies the VDDA and VDDS voltages to the DUT when using a program- ming Field Program- mer Socket Board. Do not use this pin for in-system pro- gramming.	Supplies the VDDA and VDDS voltages to the DUT when using a program- ming Field Program- mer Socket Board. Do not use this pin for in-system pro- gramming.
1	GND	Always	GND	GND	GND
2	ID	Never	The programming Field Programmer Socket Boards pro- vide a voltage on this pin to identify the board. For in-sys- tem programming, this pin should be grounded or not con- nected to any signal.	The programming Field Programmer Socket Boards pro- vide a voltage on this pin to identify the board. For in-sys- tem programming, this pin should be grounded or not con- nected to any signal.	The programming Field Programmer Socket Boards pro- vide a voltage on this pin to identify the board. For in-sys- tem programming, this pin should be grounded or not con- nected to any signal.

## Table 1. Interface Pin Connections from CBPROG-DONGLE (Continued)



### 5.2.1. I<sup>2</sup>C Hardware Configuration

For I<sup>2</sup>C Communication connecting to an <u>external</u> DUT board, the following pins should be used from the:

CBPROG-DONGLE pins

- Pin 3: Serial Clock SCLK
- Pin 7: Serial Data SDA
- Pin 1: Ground

DUT pins

- A0/CS: Drive this pin high or low to set the I<sup>2</sup>C Address.
- A1/SDO: Drive this pin high or low to set the I<sup>2</sup>C Address.
- VDDA: The DUT should be externally powered. VDDA must be set to 3.3 V.
- VDD: The core voltage must be set to 1.8 V.



Figure 20. Example I2C Connection to External System Target Board Using Jumper Wires (Si5346-EVB)

When using SPI Communication with long wires as shown above it is advisable to use 6 Mb/s bus speed or less.



#### 5.2.2. SPI 3-Wire Hardware Configuration

For 3-wire SPI communication, when connecting to an <u>external</u> DUT board, the following pins should be used from the MCU CBPROG-DONGLE.

CBPROG-DONGLE pins

- Pin 3: Serial Clock SCLK
- Pin 7: Serial Data SDIO for Data In and Out
- Pin 9: A0\_CSB for Chip Select
- Pin 1: Ground

DUT PINS

- VDDA: The DUT should be externally powered. VDDA must be set to 3.3 V.
- VDD: The core voltage must be set to 1.8 V.

#### 5.2.3. SPI 4-Wire Hardware Configuration

For 4-wire SPI communication, when connecting to an <u>external</u> DUT board, the following pins should be used from the MCU CBPROG-DONGLE.

**CBPROG-DONGLE** pins

- Pin 3: Serial Clock SCLK
- Pin 7: Serial Data SDIO for Data In to DUT (MOSI)
- Pin 5: A1\_SDO for Data Out of DUT (MISO)
- Pin 9: A0\_CSB for Chip Select
- Pin 1: Ground

DUT PINS

- VDDA: The DUT should be externally powered. VDDA must be set to 3.3 V.
- VDD: The core voltage must be set to 1.8 V.
- After verifying the CBPROG-DONGLE to DUT connections as noted above, execute the following steps in the "Burn NVM" menu. This example assumes a DUT is configured with the host I<sup>2</sup>C interface operating in 3.3 V I/O mode with an I<sup>2</sup>C address of 0x6F, and an I<sup>2</sup>C bus speed of 100 kHz.



## Figure 21. Selecting the I<sup>2</sup>C Configuration Options

**Note:** 100 kHz I<sup>2</sup>C bus speed is recommended to avoid programming errors. The CBPro burn tool will always read back the programmed NVM to verify the DUT was programmed correctly.



- 6. After entering in the fields noted above, select "Scan" to initiate detection of your target DUT.
- 7. Assuming your DUT was properly detected, the **Burn NVM** window will appear again, showing the presence of the DUT, its DESIGN\_ID value, and the # of NVM banks available (in this case, there are no more NVM banks available to burn).

	cket board	Help
	i to your own board	OPN Lookup
12C .	Address 0x6F / 111d; 100 kHz; 3.3V 📓	Debug Options
Socket Board:	N/A	(debug options enabled
DUT:	Present, Si5346	
Design ID (on DU	T): 5746EV_2	
NVM:	3 banks used, 0 banks available for burn	
Project File:	\\silabs.com\timing\shared\Products\Si538x-4x \Customers\QuantumSI\Si5346B-100Mhz_Planned	Select Project

### Figure 22. Board Information and NVM Burn Banks Available

8. Navigate to and select your CBPro project file in the Windows file browser.



Figure 23. Navigating to CBPro Project File

9. After selecting the project file, select "Burn NVM" as shown:



Mode: O Kit so	ocket board	Help
Wire	d to your own board	OPN Lookup
12C	Address 0x6F / 111d; 100 kHz; 3.3V	Debug Options
Socket Board:	N/A	(debug options enable
DUT:	Present, Si5346	
Design ID (on DU	T): 53	
NVM:	3 banks used, 0 banks available for burn	
Project File:	\\silabs.com\timing\shared\Products\Si538x-4x \Customers\QuantumSI\Si5346B-100Mhz_Planned	Select Project

Figure 24. Select Burn NVM if Fewer than 3 Banks Burned

### 5.3. In-System Volatile Register Programming and Register Debug

This workflow allows users to use the full CBPro configuration Wizard and EVB GUI to make volatile changes to a device's configuration and inspect the state of various status registers. There are two ways you can interact with your PCB-based DUT using the field programmer:

- Use CBPro Wizard to edit your device configuration, and write out changes directly to your DUT.
- Launch the EVB GUI, to inspect registers

All of the relevant CBPro features available when working with a Silicon Labs EVB will be available to you, with these exceptions:

- There is no voltage regulator control or voltage/current readings of any kind
- You must configure the host interface settings so that CBPro can use the DUT correct communication scheme/wire out.
- If you write out your design/project file, all registers configured via the "Host Interface" section of the wizard are written to the DUT (these registers are skipped when writing a design to a Silicon Labs EVB).

#### 5.3.1. Using the CBPro Wizard with Your PCB-Based DUT

When you launch the CBPro wizard, instead of clicking the NVM Burn Tool, open your existing project file:

Work With a Design	
Create New Design	
E Open Design Project File	
ex Open Sample Design	
Field Programmer Detected	GUI

Figure 25. Open Design Project File, and see Field Programmer Detected



In the design dashboard, you will see a pulldown to configure the host interface between the CBPROG-DONGLE and your PCB:

Field Programmer	Dettetted
SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V	
Write Design to DUT	Open EVB GUI

### Figure 26. Pull Down Menu for Communication Options

Click the pulldown and configure the interface:

	SPI 4-Wire 3.3V		
	Protocol	O SPI 4-Wire	1
		O SPI 3-Wire	
		@ 12C	
'	I/O Voltage	3.3 V 💌	
	I2C Address	0x6F 111	
_		7-bit address, range 1-127	
	I2C Bus Speed	100 kHz	t

### Figure 27. Communication Configuration Window

Once configured, you can write out your design to DUT using the button on the dashboard:



Or on any configuration page in the wizard:

*		a		0.0
Write to FP	< Back	Next >	Finish	Cance



### 5.3.2. Using the EVB GUI with your PCB-Based DUT

You launch the EVB GUI that same way you would when working with a Silicon Labs EVB:

1. From the CBPro wizard home page:

Field Programm	er Detected	K
 Field Programmer	NVM Burn Tool	EVB GUI

2. From the CBPro wizard design dashboard (you have opened a project file):

1	Field Programmer D	etected	
	I2C Address 0x6F / 111d; 100 kHz; 3.3V		
	Write Design to DUT	Open EVB GUI	*

3. From the EVB GUI shortcut on the desktop or Windows Start Menu.

Similar to the dashboard and burn tool, you must configure the host interface options. These are available in a panel in the upper right hand corner of the EVB GUI window.

Mode:   Kit socket board  Wired to your own board  Socket Power:   Con  Socket:   QFN44  Part Number: Si5346  Design ID: Si5341  Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V  Config Rescan  Control Registers  Control Registers	O Wired to you own board Socket Power: On Socket: QFN44 Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 Mi 3.3V Config Rescan	Fiel	d Program	mer
own board Socket Power: On Socket: QFN44 Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V Config Rescan	own board Socket Power: On Socket: QFN44 Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 Mi 3.3V Config Rescan	Mo	de:	(i) Kit socket board
Socket: QFN44 Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V Config Rescan	Socket: QFN44 Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 Mi 3.3V Config Rescan			
Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V Config Rescan	Part Number: Si5346 Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 Mi 3.3V Config Rescan	Soc	ket Power:	On
Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V Config Rescan	Design ID: Si5341 Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 Mi 3.3V Config Rescan	Soc	:ket:	QFN44
Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V Config Rescan	Comms Mode: SPI 4-Wire; 12 M 3.3V Config Rescan	Par	t Number:	Si5346
3.3V Config Rescan	3.3V Config Rescan	De	sign ID:	Si5341
		Col	mms Mode	
Control Registers	Control Registers		Conf	fig Rescan
	2257 Add Contraction and Contraction	Cor	ntrol Regist	ters

Figure 28. Socket or In-System Programming Options



First select either the Kit socket board if the socket is attached. Otherwise select "Wired to your own board".

Click the Config button to modify the host interface options.

Once configured, you can then turn on the socket power to do the following:

- Write a project file to the device (File menu)
- Inspect DUT status registers
- Peek/poke arbitrary DUT registers

Click the "Rescan" button to update the configuration options to the last command selected.

#### 5.3.3. Socket Detection in EVB GUI

Putting the device into the socket in the wrong orientation will not ruin the device, and the software does detect an orientation error. The first two images on the left show wrong orientation. The image on the right shows the proper orientation. The software automatically keeps the power off if it detects that the device is in an orientation that could damage the chip and won't allow the socket power to be turned on.

	d Programi		Field Program	mer	Field Program	ner
Soc	de: ket Power:	Kit socket board     Wired to your     own board	Mode:	<ul> <li>Kit socket board</li> <li>Wired to your own board</li> </ul>	Mode:	<ul> <li>Kit socket board</li> <li>Wired to your own board</li> </ul>
Soc Part Des	ket: t Number: ign ID:	QFN44 socket present, but DUT orientation is not correct	Design ID:	QFN44		On QFN44 Si5346 Si5341 SPI 4-Wire: 12 MHz:
Cor	nms Mode:	SPI 4-Wire; 12 MHz; 3.3V g Rescan	Conf	3.3V	Confi	3.3V

Figure 29. Socket Detection Results with Part in Different Orientations

It is advised to review the socket orientation and chip to ensure everything is correct. Make sure that the smaller dot on the chip is lined up in the corner where the U1 is located on the socket as shown below.





Figure 30. Correct Orientation of Device in Socket

## 5.4. In-Socket Volatile Register Programming and Register Debug

This workflow allows users to use the full CBPro configuration Wizard and EVB GUI to make volatile changes to a device's configuration and inspect the state of various status registers. There are two ways you can interact with your PCB-based DUT using the field programmer:

- Use CBPro Wizard to edit your device configuration, and write out changes directly to your DUT.
- Launch the EVB GUI, to inspect registers

All of the relevant CBPro features available when working with a Silicon Labs EVB will be available to you, without any exceptions. The details of this workflow are the same as above. The IO voltage is set to 3.3 V within the hardware appropriately, and does not require any external configuration.



# 6. Schematics

## 6.1. CBPROG-DONGLE Schematic













Figure 34. 64-Pin Socket Board Schematic







Figure 35. 44-Pin Socket Board Schematic



SF1

# 7. Bill of Materials

## 7.1. CBPROG-DONGLE Bill of Materials

NI	Quantity									
	Quantity		Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB_Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
		C2 C3 C8 C11 C26								
	9	C28 C30 C31 C32	1uF		16V	±10%	X7R	C0603	C0603X7R160-105K	Venkel
	3	C24 C27 C29	0.01uF		16V	±20%	X7R	C0603	C0603X7R160-103M	Venkel
	1		33pF		25V	±10%	COG	C0402	C0402C0G250-330K	Venkel
	1	C4 C6 C12 C13	SSPE		250	10%	000	0402	C0402C0G250-550K	Venkei
		C14 C35 C36 C37								
	9		0.1uF		10V	±10%	X7R	C0402 C0402L	C0402X7R100-104K	Venkel
	2	C5 C25	4.7uF		10V	±20%	X7R	C1206	C1206X7R100-475M	Venkel
	1	. C9	10uF		10V	±20%	X7R	C1206	C1206X7R100-106M	Venkel
	2		LTL-14CHJ	20mA				LED-T1-KK	LTL-14CHJ	LITE-ON TECHNOLOGY CORP
	1		SP0503BAHT	300mW	20V		TVS	SOT143-AKKK SOT143	SP0503BAHTG	Littlefuse
	1	D6 D7 D8 D9 D10		30011100	200		103	501145-AKKK 501145	SF0503BAIIIG	Littleiuse
	7		GL05T-E3-08	5A	11V			SOT23-123	GL05T-E3-08	Vishay
	1		22 Ohm	6000mA			SMT	L0805	BLM21PG220SN1	MuRata
	1	. J2	USB Type B				USB	CONN-USB-B	61729-0010BLF	FCI
	1	J3	ENCLOSURE					N/A	Emulator7045	Shanghai Zhongxingda Electronics
	4			1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-1001F	Venkel
	4	NI NII NII NII NOS	IN	1/1000		±170	THICKI IIII	10402	CR0402-10W-10011	Venkei
		D40 D46 555 5								
		R13 R16 R26 R27								
		R40 R41 R42 R43								
	10	R59 R67	10K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402 R0402L	CR0402-16W-1002F	Venkel
	4	R14 R15 R24 R25	2.49K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-2491F	Venkel
	1		1.0	1/16W		±1%		R0402	CR0402-16W-1R00F	Venkel
	1	N20	1.0	1/10//		11%	THICKFIIM	NU4U2	CR0402-16W-1R00F	venkei
		R29 R30 R31 R32								
	8	R35 R37 R38 R68	0	1A			ThickFilm	R0402 R0402L	CR0402-16W-000	Venkel
	1	R3	100	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-1000F	Venkel
	1		4.42K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-4421F	Venkel
	1		9.53K	1/16W		±1%		R0402	CR0402-16W-9531F	Venkel
	1		5.9K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-5901F	Venkel
	2	R39 R66	1.0	3/4W		±1%		R1210	CRCW12101R00FKEAHP	Vishay Dale
	2	R44 R47	8.06K	1/16W		±0.1%	±25PPM	R0402	TFCR0402-16W-E-8061B	Venkel
	2	R45 R48	17.4K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-1742F	Venkel
	2		21.5K	1/16W		±1%		R0402	CR0402-16W-2152F	Venkel
	2		20K	1/10W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0603	CR0603-10W-2002F	Venkel
	2		201	1/1000		1170	THICKFIIIT	10003	CR0603-10W-2002F	venkei
	4			1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-4020F	Venkel
	1	. R62	499	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402 R0402L	CR0402-16W-4990F	Venkel
	2	R63 R64	470	1/16W		±5%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-471J	Venkel
	2	R9 R10	10.0K	1/10W		±0.1%	±25PPM	R0603	ERA-3AEB103V	Panasonic
	2		BUMPER	-,				RUBBER FOOT 0.250"	SJ5382	3M
	-	511512	DOWNER					NODDER_1001_0.250	555562	5141
NI	Quantity	Reference	Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB_Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
	2	2 SF3 SF4	SPACER					N/A	7363	Keystone Electronics
	1	L U1	DS2431					SOJ6N4.45P1.27	DS2431P+	Maxim
	1		TPS76201	100mA			LDO	SOT5N2.8P0.95	TPS76201DBV	TI
	2		TPS79501	500mA			LDO	DFN8N3.0P0.65E2.4X1.65	TPS79501DRBT	TI
	1		ADG719					SOT6N2.8P0.95	ADG719BRTZ	Analog Devices
	1	L U17	NLSV1T244		.9-4.5V		Buffer	UDFN6N1P0.4	NLSV1T244MUTBG	On Semi
	1	L U2	C8051F380				MCU	QFP48N9X9P0.5	CF380P1104AGQ	SiLabs
	2	2 U3 U8	ADG712					TSSOP16N6.4P0.65	ADG712BRU	Analog Devices
	1		LTC4311		5.5V			SC70-6N2.1P0.65	LTC4311CSC6#TRMPBF	Linear Technology
					5.54		120			NXP
	1		PCA9517D				12C	SO8N6.0P1.27	PCA9517D	
	1	L X1	2X5 Header				Shrouded	CONN2X5-RA-SBH11	SBH11-PBPC-D05-RA-BK	Sullins Connector Solutions
Not Installed (	-									
NI	Quantity	Reference	Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB_Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
NI	2	2 C10 C40	1uF		16V	±10%	X7R	C0603	C0603X7R160-105K	Venkel
NI	-	L C7	0.1uF		10V	±10%	X7R	C0402 C0402L	C0402X7R100-104K	Venkel
		L JP1	HEADER 4X1		1		Header	CONN-1X4	TSW-104-07-T-S	Samtec
NI				1.4						
NI	2	2 R60 R61	0	1A	-		ThickFilm	R0603	CR0603-16W-000	Venkel
NI NI		<b>TP1 TP2 TP3 TP9</b>								
	5	5 TP10	RED				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-207-RC	Kobiconn
	5		RED BLUE				Loop Loop	TESTPOINT TESTPOINT	151-207-RC 151-205-RC	Kobiconn Kobiconn
NI	1	5 TP10 L TP7					Loop	TESTPOINT	151-205-RC	Kobiconn
NI NI	1	5 TP10	BLUE		51/					



## 7.2. Si538x4x-64SKT-DK Socket Board BOM

NI	Quantity	Reference	Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
	6	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6	0.1uF		10V	±10%	X7R	C0402 C0402L	C0402X7R100-104K	Venkel
	2	C7 C8	10uF		10V	±20%	X7R	C1206	C1206X7R100-106M	Venkel
	1	R2	0	1A			ThickFilm	R0402   R0402L	CR0402-16W-000	Venkel
	4	SF1 SF2 SF3 SF4	BUMPER					RUBBER_FOOT_SMALL	SJ61A6	3M
	1	U1	64QFN-SKT, 9x9x0.5mm				QFN	QFN64N9X9P0.5-SKT-WELLS-CTI	790-42064-101G	Sensata
	1	U2	DS2431					SOJ6N4.45P1.27	DS2431P+	Maxim
	1	X1	2X5 FEMALE				CONN	CONN2X5-FRA-SFH11	SFH11-PBPC-D05-RA-BK	Sullins Connector Solutions
Not Installed Cor	nponents									
NI	Quantity	Reference	Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB_Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
NI	1	R1	1K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-1001F	Venkel
NI	1	R3	20K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-2002F	Venkel
NI	3	TP1 TP2 TP3	RED				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-207-RC	Kobiconn
NI	2	TP4 TP5	BLUE				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-205-RC	Kobiconn
NI	1	TP6	BLACK				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-203-RC	Kobiconn

7.3. Si538x4x-44SKT-DK Socket Board Bill of Materials

NI	Quantity	Reference	Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB_Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
	5	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5	0.1uF		10V	±10%	X7R	C0402 C0402L	C0402X7R100-104K	Venkel
	2	C6 C7	10uF		10V	±20%	X7R	C1206	C1206X7R100-106M	Venkel
	1	R2	0	1A			ThickFilm	R0402 R0402L	CR0402-16W-000	Venkel
	4	SF1 SF2 SF3 SF4	BUMPER					RUBBER_FOOT_SMALL	SJ61A6	3M
	1	U1	44QFN-SKT, 7x7x0.5mm				QFN	QFN44N7X7P0.5-SKT-WELLS-CTI	790-41044-101G	Sensata
	1	U2	DS2431					SOJ6N4.45P1.27	DS2431P+	Maxim
	1	X2	2X5 FEMALE				CONN	CONN2X5-FRA-SFH11	SFH11-PBPC-D05-RA-BK	Sullins Connector Solutions
Not Installed Con	ponents									
NI	Quantity	Reference	Value	Rating	Voltage	Tolerance	Туре	PCB_Footprint	ManufacturerPN	Manufacturer
NI	1	R1	1K	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-1001F	Venkel
NI	1	R3	182	1/16W		±1%	ThickFilm	R0402	CR0402-16W-1820F	Venkel
NI	3	TP1 TP2 TP3	RED				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-207-RC	Kobiconn
NI	3	TP4 TP5 TP6	BLUE				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-205-RC	Kobiconn
NI	1	TP7	BLACK				Loop	TESTPOINT	151-203-RC	Kobiconn



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