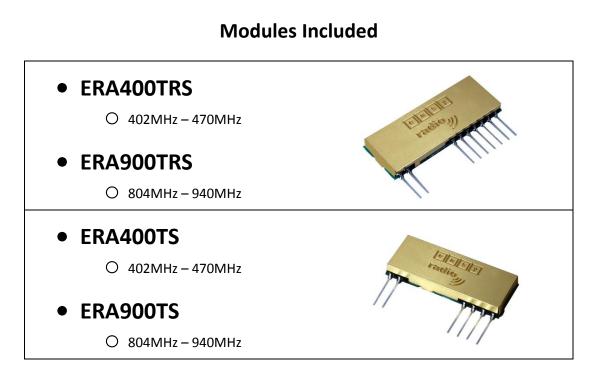


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# easyRadio Advanced

# **Data Sheet**





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# Changes to this document

This data sheet has been updated to reflect firmware changes throughout the range of modules. Specific alterations are recorded in the documentation history later in the document.

#### **Terms and Conditions of Use**

*Low Power Radio Solutions Ltd* has an on-going policy to improve the performance and reliability of their products; we therefore reserve the right to make changes without notice. The information contained in this data sheet is believed to be accurate however we do not assume any responsibility for errors or any liability arising from the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. This data sheet neither states nor implies warranty of any kind, including fitness for any particular application.

easyRadio modules are a component part of an end system product and should be treated as such. Testing to fitness is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the device into which easyRadio products are fitted, and is expected BEFORE deployment into the field.

Any liability from defect or malfunction is limited to the replacement of product ONLY, and does not include labour or other incurred corrective expenses.

Using or continuing to use these devices hereby binds the user to these terms.



#### Introduction to easyRadio Advanced



easyRadio Advanced (ERA) modules extend on the simplicity of previous easyRadio(02) modules by incorporating truly innovative features, including the ability to change bandwidth of the radio from 150KHz down to 12.5KHz, which means narrowband performance on a wide-band budget. Internal temperature measurement ensures less than 1.5KHz frequency drift from ambient 20°C, over a range of -40°C to +85°C, as well as providing a usable thermometer for the connected application accurate to within 1°C.

Modes of transmission include an enhanced easyRadio protocol with 16-bit encryption and anti-cross talk software, plus raw data modes where users can now use self-coding system which can be set to interface to any other raw data module on ISM bands in both FSK (FM) and ASK (AM) modulation.

With the addition of three (total 4) separate data buffers, data throughput has been massively improved by around 25% (Using equivalent BAUD rate).

#### New features:

- A new digital RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indication) now reduces the requirement for the host to handle A-D measurement and can be called via a simple command for either the current RSSI level or the signal strength of the last received data packet. This value can also be delivered as the first BYTE in the delivered packet.
- Temporary channel/power level selection: This new command allows the user to scan other channels on the fly without storing the settings in internal EEPROM, therefore not reducing the life of the EEPROM through repetitive modification.
- Free flash firmware upgrades. Using the tools from LPRS, new updates/features can be quickly programmed making a truly future proof solution. Custom firmware can also be used (Contact LPRS for details)
- Back compatibility with easyRadio 02 series modules.
- Temperature compensation plus crystal controlled synthesiser for frequency accuracy less than +/- 1KHz over full temperature range
- Temperature sensor usable by host

#### **Basic Specifications**

High sensitivity receiver -107dBm @ 19.2 Kbps -112dBm @ 4.8 Kbps -117dBm @ 2.4 Kbps Current Receiver: 21mA (Max) Transmitter: 32mA (Max) **User Programmable:** Frequency (Up to 132 channels) Bandwidth (Down to 12.5KHz) RS232 Data Rate 2.4Kbps – 115.2Kbps Output Power (Up to 10dBm) 10mW (ERA400TRS & ERA400TS) 5mW (ERA900TRS & ERA900TS)



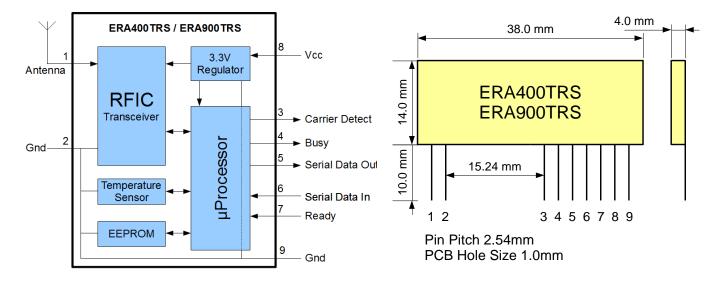
# **ERA400TRS/ERA900TRS Transceiver Description**

The easyRadio Transceiver is a complete sub-system that combines a high performance very low power RF transceiver, a microcontroller and a voltage regulator.

The Serial Data Input and Serial Data Output operate at the standard 19,200 Baud and the two handshake lines provide optional flow control to and from the host. The easyRadio Transceiver can accept and transmit up to 180 bytes of data, which it buffers internally before transmitting in an efficient over-air code format.

Any other easyRadio Transceiver within range and on the same channel that 'hears' the transmission will decode the message and place the recovered data within a receive buffer that can then be downloaded to the receiving host for processing and interpretation. Radio transmission and reception is bi-directional (half duplex) i.e. transmit OR receive but not simultaneously.

Increased internal buffers however, allow the user to upload while a download is in progress giving an appearance of fully duplex data flow.



#### easyRadio Transceiver

#### **Block Diagram**

#### **Physical Dimensions**



#### Pin Description (easyRadio mode)

Pin No	Name	Description	Notes
1	Antenna	50Ω RF input/output.	
		Connect to suitable antenna.	
2	RF Ground	RF ground. Connect to antenna	
		ground (coaxial cable screen	
		braid) and local ground plane.	
		Internally connected to other	
		Ground pins.	
3	CD	Carrier Detect	From V3.6.24
4	Busy Output	Digital Output to indicate that	CTS function
		transceiver is ready to receive	
		serial data from host.	
5	Serial Data Out	Digital output for received data	
		to host	
6	Serial Data In	Digital input for serial data to be	
		transmitted	
7	Host Ready Input	Digital Input to indicate that	RTS function
		Host is Ready to receive serial	
		data from transceiver	
8	Vcc	Positive supply pin. +2.5 to +5.5	
		Volts. This should be a 'clean'	
		noise free supply with less than	
		25mV of ripple.	
9	Ground	Connect to supply 0 Volt and	
		ground plane	

#### Checklist

- The module operates internally from an on board 3.3 Volt low drop regulator. The logic levels of the input/output pins are therefore between 0 Volt and 3.3 Volts. (See specifications/performance data).
- The serial inputs and outputs are intended for connection to a UART or similar low voltage logic device. Do not connect any of the inputs or outputs directly to an RS232 port. The transceiver module may be permanently damaged by the voltages (+/- 12V) present on RS232 signal lines. See Application Circuit (Figure 11) for typical connection to an RS232 port via MAX232 interface IC.
- The 'Host Ready Input' should be tied to 0 Volt (Ground) if not used, <u>only</u> when handshaking is enabled.
- Outputs will drive logic operating at 3.3 Volts and inputs will be correctly driven by logic operating at 5 Volts.
- Fit 1K resistors in series with data lines if connecting to 5V logic.

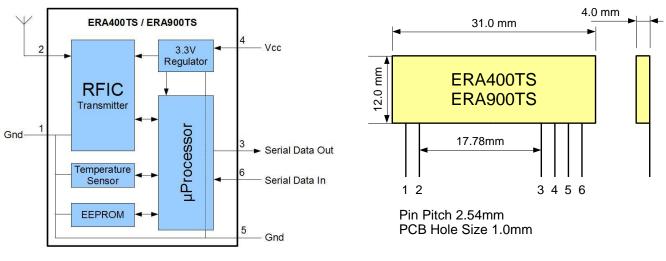


# Pin Description (RAW RF Data mode)

Pin No	Name	Description	Notes
1	Antenna	50Ω RF input/output.	
		Connect to suitable an-	
		tenna.	
2	RF Ground	RF ground. Connect to	
		antenna ground (coaxial	
		cable screen braid) and	
		local ground plane. Inter-	
		nally connected to other	
		Ground pins.	
3	CD/Config	Carrier Detect	Carrier Detect/Config
			mode select pin
4	RX Select	RX mode select pin	Active Low
5	RX Data	Raw RF data output	
6	TS Data	Raw RF data Input (Tog-	
		gling this pin modulates	
		the carrier)	
7	TX Select	Enables the transmitter	Active Low
		carrier.	
8	Vcc	Positive supply pin. +2.5	
		to +5.5 Volts. This should	
		be a 'clean' noise free	
		supply with less than	
		25mV of ripple.	
9	Ground	Connect to supply 0 Volt	
		and ground plane	



# **ERAx00TS** Transmitter



**Block Diagram** 

#### **Physical Dimensions**

# Pin Description (easyRadio mode)

Pin No	Name	Description	Notes
1	RF Gnd	RF ground. Connect to antenna ground (coaxial cable screen	
		braid) and local ground plane. Internally connected to Pin 5	
2	RF Out	50Ω RF output. Connect to suitable antenna	
2	Serial Data	RS232 Output for Command use (SDO)	
3	Out		
4	Vcc	Positive supply pin. +2.5 to +5.5 Volts. This should be a	
		'clean' noise free supply with less than 25mV of ripple	
5	Gnd	Supply 0 Volt and Ground Plane	
6	TXD	RS232 Transmit Data Digital Input (SDI)	

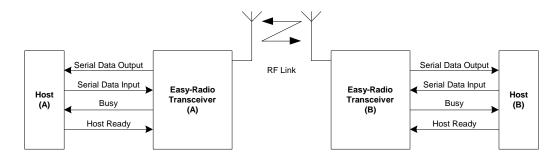
#### Notes:

- 1. The module operates internally from an on board 3.3 Volt low drop regulator.
- 2. TXD input will be correctly driven by logic operating at 2.5 5 Volts. Input should not be driven by an analogue source.



# **Application & Operation of a transceiver: ERAx00TRS**

The diagram below shows a typical system block diagram comprising hosts (user's application) connected to easyRadio Transceivers. The hosts (A & B) will be monitoring (collecting data) and/or controlling (sending data) to some real world application.



# **Typical System Block Diagram**

The hosts provide serial data input and output lines and two 'handshaking' lines that control the flow of data to and from the easyRadio Transceivers. The 'Busy' output line, when active, indicates that the transceiver is undertaking an internal task and is not ready to receive serial data. The 'Host Ready' input is used to indicate that the host is ready to receive the data held in the buffer of the easyRadio Transceiver.

The host should check before sending data that the 'Busy' line is not high, as this would indicate that the transceiver is unable to reliably receive further data. It should also pull the 'Host Ready' line low and check that no data appears on the Serial Data Output line.

The busy output is active all the time regardless of handshaking setting. The host ready is enabled by the handshaking setting.



#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range

Vcc All Other Pins (N.B.) Antenna -40° C to +85° C -40° C to +85° C

- 0.3 to + 6 Volts
- 0.3 to 3.3 Volts
50V p-p @ < 10MHz Must be insulated to prevent damage from ESD</li>

#### Performance Data: ERAxxxTRS Supply +5.0 Volt ± 5%, Temperature 20° C

DC Parameters	Pin	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Supply Voltage (Vcc)	8	2.5	3.3-5.0	5.5	Volts	
Transmit supply	0		22	33	m۸	
current	0		52	55	mA	
Receive supply cur-	0		21		mA	
rent	0		21		ША	
Sleep Mode current	8		800		μΑ	4

Interface Levels		Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Data Output Logic 1			3.1		Volts	10k load to +Vcc supply
Data Output Logic 0			0.1		Volts	10k load to +Vcc supply
Logic Output Cur- rent				25	mA	
Data Input Logic 1		2.0		3.6	Volts	
Data Input Logic 0				0.2	Volts	
Input Pull-ups			100		ΚΩ	1
RF Parameters	Pin	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Antenna Impedance	1		50		Ohms	
		402	434	470	MHz	Coo ED Configuration
RF Frequency		868	869.85	870	MHz	See ER Configuration Command set
		902	915 928 MHz Command set			

Transmitter	Pin	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
					dBm	
RF Power Output	1	-5	+9	+10	(434MHz)	50Ω load
RF POWEI Output	T	-5	+5	+5	dBm	Depends on Frequency
					(869MHz)	
Frequency accuracy			±2		ppm	Overall
FM deviation			9.9		Khz	100KHz Spacing
(FSK/GFSK)			2.4		Khz	25KHz Spacing
(FSK/GFSK)			2.025		Khz	12.5KHz Spacing
Harmonics/ Spuri-			-47	< -36	dBm	Meets EN 300 220-3
ous Emissions			-47	< -30	UDIT	WIEELS LIN 300 220-5
Over Air Data rate		1200	19200	38400	bps	Manchester Encoded



Receiver	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
					At 100KHz Channel Spac-
Rocaiva Sancitivity		-107		dBm	ing
Receive Sensitivity		-117		dBm	At 12.5KHz Channel Spac-
					ing
Serial Data Rate	2.4	19.2	115.2	Kbps	Host interface. 6

Logic Timing	Pin	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Initial Power Up Time			5	75	mS	2,3

Mechanical			
Size	38 x 14 x 4	mm	
Pin Pitch	2.54	mm	(Standard 0.1 Inches)
Weight	3.5	grams	
Nataa.			

Notes:

- 1. The 'Host Ready Input' and the 'Serial Data Input' have 'weak' internal pull-ups enabled.
- 2. When power is first applied to the module the processor retrieves 'calibration' data for the RF section that compensates for temperature and power supply voltage variations. The transceiver will then be ready to receive (default) or transmit. It would normally be left in this powered state ready to receive data.
- 3. During power up the Busy Output line goes high and goes low once ready.
- 4. Applies to RAW data mode of transceiver when in idle state.

#### **ERA400TRS Channel Frequencies vs Bandwidth Settings**

Each channel frequency is calculated relative to the channel number, the channel width, and the start frequency of the channel. Three commands control the settings of each of these parameters:

Channel command:	ER_CMD#Cn - Where n is channel number (See command table)
Bandwidth Command:	ER_CMD#Bn - Where n is the Channel spacing
Band Plan Command:	ER_CMD#bn - Where n is the START frequency of the band plan being used

The centre frequency of each channel is calculated using the formula:

Centre Frequency (f) = b + cs +  $\frac{s}{2}$ 

- Where b = band plan start frequency
  - c = channel number



# easyRadio Configuration Command Set

The programming software sends 'Text Commands' to the modules and this action can be performed by terminal software or the host's Microcontroller using the following list of commands:

RS232 Communicat	tion Settings						
Command							
ER_CMD#U1	2400						
ER_CMD#U2	4800						
ER_CMD#U3	9600						
ER_CMD#U4	19200						
ER_CMD#U5	38400						
ER_CMD#U6	31250						
ER_CMD#U7	76800						
ER_CMD#U8	115200						
ER_CMD#U?	Get UART Valu	Je					The module replies echos with the UART value. Eg: ER_CMD#U2 No ACK is required.
ER_CMD#A70	PARITY DISAB	LE	DISABLED When ena		LT = 1 Start, 8	Data, 1 Pa	arity, 1 Stop
ER_CMD#A71	EVEN PARITY						
ER_CMD#A72	ODD PARITY						
ER_CMD#A41	FAST ACK Ena	FAST ACK Enable			OFF	(Upper o See note low.	case i) es on "FAST ACK" be-
ER_CMD#A40	FAST ACK Disa	ble					
RF POWER Settings							
			ER400Seri	es	ER900 Ser	ies	
			TRS	TS	TRS	TS	
		P0	1	1	-1	-2.5	dBm
		P1	2.5	2	0	-1	dBm
		P2	3.5	3	1	1	dBm
	RF Power	Р3	5	4	2	2	dBm
ER_CMD#P0~9		P4	6	5	3	3	dBm
	Output	Р5	6.5	6	4	4	dBm
		P6	7.5	7	5	4.5	dBm
		P7	8	8	6	5	dBm
		P8	9	9	6.5	6	dBm
		P9	10	10	7	7	dBm
ER_CMD#p0~9	Temporary RF Power adjustment.						s power adjustment he value for a Power
ER_CMD#P?	Get Power Va	ue				le replies	with the power value.
			<u> </u>				

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	eg:
	ER CMD#P9
	=
	No ACK is required.

		Eg Channel 5:
		ER_CMD#C5 or
		ER_CMD#C05 or
		ER_CMD#C005
		Uppercase 'C' stores
		settings in EEPROM
		Lowercase 'c' does
		not store in EEPROM
		The module replies
		echoes with the cur-
		rent channel.
		Eg: ER_CMD#C9
		No ACK is required.
		After this command,
	•	the Channel number
	•	will set to Channel 0.
	•	
	869.7MHz	This setting chooses
	902MHz	the start frequency
	863MHz	of Channel 0
433.0000 MHz		
	ī	
		Power reset
	•	
See 02 Series docume	entation	
Encryption algorithm	is created and owne	d solely by LPRS. It
uses a 16-bit seed that	at can be set by the d	eveloper.
The CRC16 routines a	are more efficient and	secure than the old
CRC8. For new applic	ations it is recommer	nded.
All new Bandwidth se	ettings use CRC16. Th	is setting only applies
to 02 compatibility m	node.	
NOT YET IMPLEMENT	ſED	
NOT YET IMPLEMENT	red	
	See 02 Series docum Encryption algorithm uses a 16-bit seed the The CRC16 routines a CRC8. For new applic All new Bandwidth se to 02 compatibility m	25KHz       4800bps         50KHz       9600bps         100KHz       19200bps         150KHz       02 Compatibility         ERA400       ERA900         433.1000 MHz       869.7MHz         433.1125 MHz       902MHz         458.5125 MHz       863MHz

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ER_CMD#A72	Parity Odd	
ER_CMD#a00/01	RSSI In Packet	When enabled each packet is preceded by the 8 bit RSSI value
	a00 = OFF; a01 = ON	of the received packet



ER_CMD#a1pxx	Programmable Car-	p = polarity: 0 = rest at 0 (1 when carrier detect)
	rier Detect	1 = idle high, (0 when carrier detect)
		xx = RSSI value in ASCII HEX
		To disable, set xx = FF
		Choose RSSI values in conjunction with RSSI graphs later in this
		document

Test Modes		
ER_CMD#T0	Upper FSK Carrier	Test Mode 0
ER_CMD#T1	Modulated Carrier	Test Mode 1
		With Temperature compensation
ER_CMD#T2	Lower FSK Carrier	Test Mode 2
ER_CMD#T3	Get Firmware Revi-	Returns Firmware String: eg
	sion	ERA400TRS V3.6.23
ER_CMD#T4	RAW Data Test	Out of CTS pin
ER_CMD#T5	Modulated Carrier	Without Temperature compensation
ER_CMD#T7	Temperature Sensor	Reply example:
		-15'C or
		23.7'C
ER_CMD#T8	Last Packet RSSI	Returns the HEX value of the RSSI register measured on the last
		valid packet.
ER_CMD#T9	Current RSSI	Live RSSI Value

#### To successfully send commands do the following:

- 1. Send Command from host: e.g. ER\_CMD#U5 (Set UART BAUD to 38400)
- 2. In the case of a TRS/RS:
  - 0 Wait for echo of command from module. e.g. ER\_CMD#U5
- 3. Send the ASCII string from the host: ACK

The commands should be sent exactly as shown (case sensitive) with no spaces between characters. The ACK command is sent as three ASCII characters, ACK in sequence. 'A''C''K' .



#### **RAW Data Mode: TRS**

easyRadio Advanced modules have the added versatility of being used without the proprietary protocols from easyRadio and yet still being used as a multi-channel, multi-bandwidth module.

This allows the user to set precise frequencies to replace other raw data devices on exact frequencies.

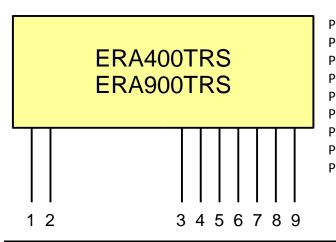
Both FSK (FM) and ASK (AM) modes are supported, and with the integration of a configuration mode, AM/FM modes, power levels, channels and bandwidth settings, can be changed on the fly with a very efficient command structure.

Enable RAW data mode:

- 1. When in easyRadio mode send the command ER\_CMD#L40202
- 2. Perform a power reset with Pin 3 left either floating or held high

Return to easyRadio mode:

- 3. Hold Pin 3 low while providing power (This will not change the default POR setting)
- 4. Once powered, send the command ER\_CMD#L40200. This will reset the default POR setting to easyRadio Mode



in 1	Antenna
in 2	RF Ground
in 3	Config Mode Pin
in 4	RX Select (Active Low)
in 5	RF RX Data Output
in 6	TX Data Input
in 7	TX Select (Active Low)
in 8	VCC
in 9	Data Ground

<b>Mode Selection</b>	1 = +V, 0 = 0V, x =		
Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 7	Mode
х	1	1	Sleep
х	0	1	RX Enabled (Output on Pin 5)
х	1	0	TX Enabled (Input Modulation on Pin 6)
1	0	0	Module asleep but higher current (Not recommended)
0	0	0	Configure mode

Once in configure mode, Pins 5 & 6 return to functional UART pins at the stored module BAUD rate (default 19200).

The configuration command set ALL setting in one command which is 5 bytes long:

BYTE 1	BYTE 2	BYTE 3	BYTE 4	BYTE 5
Bandwidth/AM-FM	Band Plan	Channel	Power Level	CSUM

Each byte uses Hex values in 8-bit format and corresponds to the settings used when selecting parameters in normal ER commands. Bit 7 of BYTE 1 is used to switch between AM/FM modes. 0 = FM, 1 = AM.

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Therefore, to set an FM channel 10 at 12.5KHz Spacing on Band-plan 0 and power level 9:

The configuration word would be: 01 00 0A 09 14 (Note CSUM at BYTE 5)

The module will ALWAYS respond with an ERROR Status Byte:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	PLL	BW	BP	С	Р	CSUM

A high in ANY of these positions indicates a failure in the Values used.

Bit 5 (PLL) indicates a failure to lock frequency using the settings requested and returns the module to the previously set mode.

Exit Configuration Mode:

Simply return Pin 3 to the High State and once all operations are completed (After delivery of ERROR Status BYTE) the Radio will return to RAW Data Mode with the new settings.

Notes:



# **RAW Data Mode: TS**

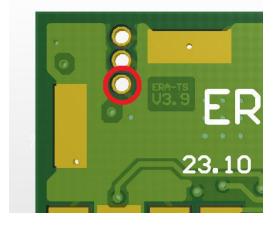
easyRadio Advanced TS modules can also be set to RAW data mode but have some limitations in the control due to the reduced number of pins.

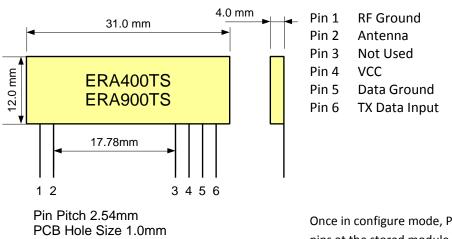
#### Enable RAW data mode:

- 1. When in easyRadio mode send the command ER\_CMD#L40202 for FM modulation at the current settings/frequency. ER\_CMD#L40205 for AM modulation at the current frequency setting.
- 2. Perform a power reset.

Return to easyRadio mode:

- 3. As viewed from the rear of the module, hole bottom programming pin low while providing power (This will not change the default POR setting).
- 4. Once powered, send the command ER\_CMD#L40200. This will reset the default POR setting to easyRadio Mode.





Once in configure mode, Pins 5 & 6 return to functional UART pins at the stored module BAUD rate (default 19200).

The configuration command set ALL setting in one command which is 5 bytes long:

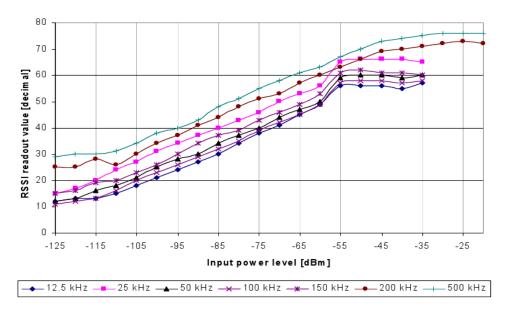
#### Notes:



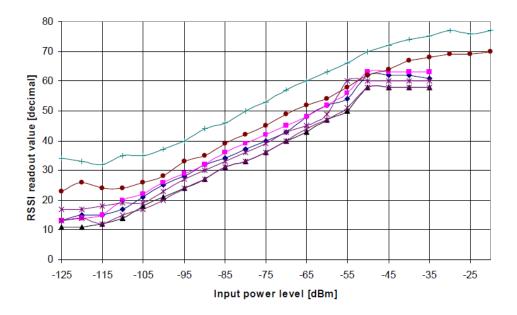
#### RSSI

The Receiver/Transceiver has a built in RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator) that provides a digital value relating to the power at the input. This value can be read back using the ER command "ER\_CMD#T8" or can be set to deliver the value as the first byte of each packet.

This value will be different, depending on the bandwidth currently in use. The graph below explains how to interpret the values:



RSSI Levels (402MHz – 470MHz)



RSSI Levels (804MHz – 940MHz)



#### **PCB Layout**

The Ground (0 Volt) pins of the receiver should be connected to a substantial ground plane (large area of PCB copper) connected to 0 Volt. It is suggested that a double sided PCB be used with one layer being the ground plane.

#### **Power Supply**

The supply used to power the receiver should be 'clean' and free from ripple and noise (<20mV p-p total). It is suggested that 100nF ceramic capacitors be used to de-couple the supply close to the power pins of the receiver. The use of 'switch mode' power supplies should be avoided as they can generate both conducted and radiated high frequency noise that can be very difficult to eliminate. This noise may considerably reduce the performance of any radio device that is connected or adjacent to the supply.

#### Antennas

The receiver can be used with the various common types of antenna that match the  $50\Omega$  RF Input/Output such as a monopole (whip), helical or PCB/Wire loop antennas.

Monopole antennas are resonant with a length corresponding to one quarter of the electrical wavelength ( $\mathbb{Z}/4$ ). They are very easy to implement and can simply be a 'piece of wire' or PCB track which at 434MHz should be 16.4cms in length. This should be straight, in 'free space' (kept well away from all other circuitry) and should be connected directly to the Antenna pin of the receiver. If the antenna is remote it should be connected via a 50 $\Omega$  coaxial feeder cable or transmission line. A 50 $\Omega$  transmission line can be constructed on FR4 board material by using a 3mm wide PCB track over a ground plane. This should be kept as short as possible.

Helical antennas are also resonant and generally chosen for their more compact dimensions. They are more difficult to optimise than monopole antennas and are critical with regard to surrounding objects that can easily 'de-tune' them. They operate most efficiently when there is a substantial ground plane for them to radiate against.

Wire or PCB Loop antennas are the most compact antennas but are less effective than the other types. They are also more difficult to design and must be carefully 'tuned' for best performance.

The Internet can provide much useful information on the design of Short Range Device (SRD) Antennas.

#### **Product Order Codes**

Name	Description	Order Code
ERA400TS	UK/European Transmitter Module on 433 MHz	ERA400TS
ERA400TRS	UK/European Transceiver Module on 433 MHz	ERA400TRS
ERA900TS	Europe/US Transmitter Module 869/915MHZ	ERA900TS
ERA900TRS	Europe/US Transceiver Module 869/915MHZ	ERA900TRS

Please contact the sales office for availability and other variants of the standard product. The software interface can be customised to specific requirements for high volume applications.



# easy-Radio Advanced Module Firmware Version

Version	Date	Revision	Known Issues
3.6.9	January 2010	Initial Release	None at time of print.
3.6.17	October 2010	Improved Calibration.	
3.6.23	March 2011	Numerous feature additions	<ol> <li>RS232 Parity not yet working.</li> <li>R_CMD#B? would lock up module on next channel reset.</li> </ol>
3.6.24	June 2011	Bug Fixes: All 3.6.23 Bugs addressed Carrier Detect Command add- ed	<ol> <li>O2 series compatibility poor</li> <li>UART commands above U5 not working</li> <li>Carrier detect buggy</li> </ol>
3.6.25	April 2012	ERA400RS-PEN Pendant re- ceiver routines.	
3.6.26	May 2012	Bug Fixes: 3.6.24 – 2	
3.6.27	June 2012	Bug Fixes: 3.6.24 – 1	

# **Document History**

Issue	Date	Revision
3.1	January 2010	First Provisional Datasheet for '03' series modules
3.4	April 2011	Module rebranded as ERA. Numerous corrections/additions
3.6	June 2012	Numerous corrections and feature additions



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easyRadio modules are a component part of an end system product and should be treated as such. Testing to fitness is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of the device into which easyRadio products are fitted, as is also the deployment into the field.

Any liability from defect or malfunction is limited to the replacement of product ONLY, and does not include labour or other incurred corrective expenses.

Using or continuing to use these devices hereby binds the user to these terms.

# **Contact Information**

For further information or technical assistance please contact:

Low Power Radio Solutions Ltd Two Rivers Industrial Estate Station Lane Witney Oxon OX28 4BH England

Tel: +44 (0)1993 709418 Fax: +44 (0)1993 708575 Web: http://www.lprs.co.uk Email: info@lprs.co.uk



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- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный) **Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42 **Электронная почта:** <u>org@eplast1.ru</u> **Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.