TOSHIBA CDMOS Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC62D748AFG,TC62D748AFNAG, TC62D748BFNAG

16-Output Constant Current LED Driver (Output switching standard-speed version)

TC62D748 series are an LED driver with a sink type constant current output.

It is the best for lighting the LED module and the LED display.

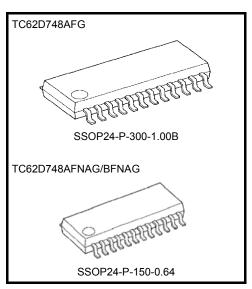
This IC consists of a constant current output circuit of 16 outputs, a shift register of 16 bits, a latch of 16 bits, and 16 AND gates.

The output current of 16 outputs can be set by one external resistance.

Moreover, high-speed data transfer is possible by adoption of a CMOS process.

This IC can operate with the power supply voltage of a 3.3 V system and a 5 V system.

The TC62D748 series are RoHS compatible.



Weight SSOP24-P-300-1.00B: 0.29 g (typ.) SSOP24-P-150-0.64: 0.14 g (typ.)

Features

- Power supply voltages
- 16-output built-in
- Output current setting range : IOUT = 1.5 to 90 mA
- Current accuracy (@ $REXT = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$, VOUT = 1.0 V, VDD = 3.3 V, 5.0 V)
 - : Between outputs ± 1.5 % (max)
 - : Between devices: ± 1.5 % (max)
 - : VOUT = 17 V (max)
- High-speed output switching
- Control data format

Output voltage

- Input signal voltage level
- Serial data transfer rate
- Operation temperature range
- Power-on-reset function built-in
- Package

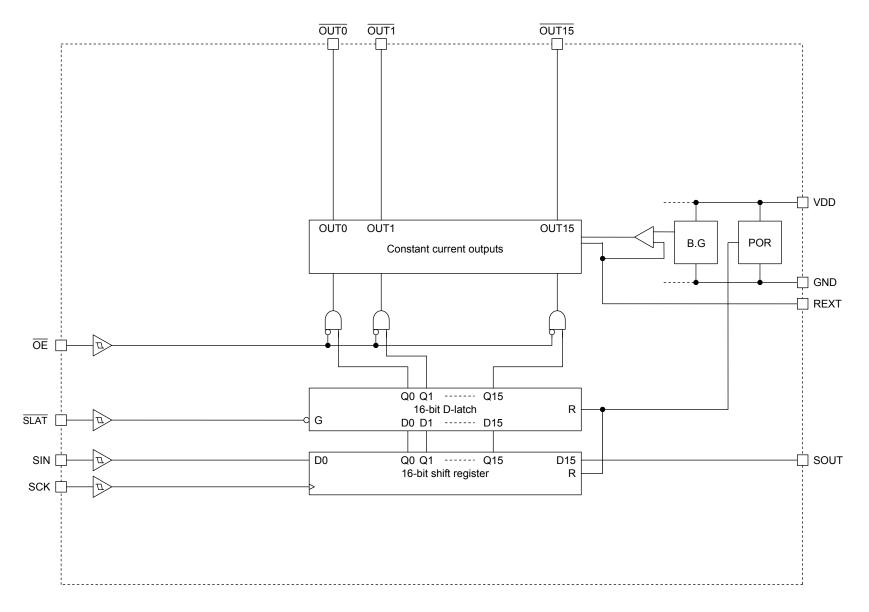
 $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V to } 5.0 \text{ V}$

: $t_{wOE(L)} = 25 \text{ ns (min)}, t_{or} = 30 \text{ ns (typ.)}, t_{of} = 10 \text{ ns (typ.)}$

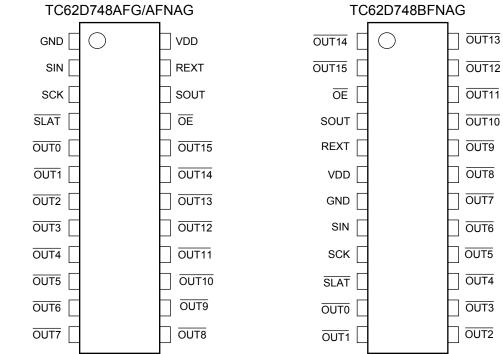
There is TC62D749 as an output switching high-speed version of this product.

- : serial-in, parallel-out
 - : 3.3 V and 5.0 V CMOS interfaces
 - (Schmitt trigger input)
 - : 25 MHz (max) @cascade connection
 - $: T_{opr} = -40$ to 85 °C
 - : When the power supply is turned on, internal data is reset.
 - SSOP24-P-300-1.00B : AFG type
 - : AFNAG type SSOP24-P-150-0.64
 - : BFNAG type SSOP24-P-150-0.64

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment (top view)



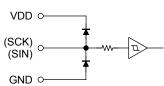
Note1: Short circuiting an output pin to a power supply pin (Power-supply voltage V_{DD} and LED anode power supply), or short-circuiting the REXT pin to the GND pin will likely exceed the rating, which in turn may result in smoldering and/or permanent damage. Please keep this in mind when determining the wiring layout for the power supply and GND pins.

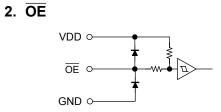
Pin Functions

Pin No		Pin Name	I/O	Function		
AFG, AFNAG	BFNAG		1/0			
1	7	GND	_	The ground pin.		
2	8	SIN	I	The serial data input pin.		
3	9	SCK	I	The serial data transfer clock input pin.		
4	10	SLAT	I	The latch signal input pin. Data is saved at L level.		
5	11	OUT0	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
6	12	OUT1	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
7	13	OUT2	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
8	14	OUT3	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
9	15	OUT4	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
10	16	OUT5	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
11	17	OUT6	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
12	18	OUT7	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
13	19	OUT8	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
14	20	OUT9	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
15	21	OUT10	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
16	22	OUT11	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
17	23	OUT12	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
18	24	OUT13	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
19	1	OUT14	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
20	2	OUT15	0	A sink type constant current output pin.		
24	2	ŌĒ		The constant current output enable signal input pin.		
21	3	UE	1	During the "H" level, the output will be forced off.		
22	4	SOUT	0	The serial data output pin.		
23	5	REXT	—	The constant current value setting resistor connection pin.		
24	6	VDD		The power supply input pin.		

I/O Equivalent Circuits

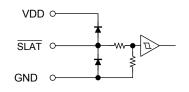
1. SCK, SIN

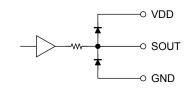




3. SLAT

4. SOUT





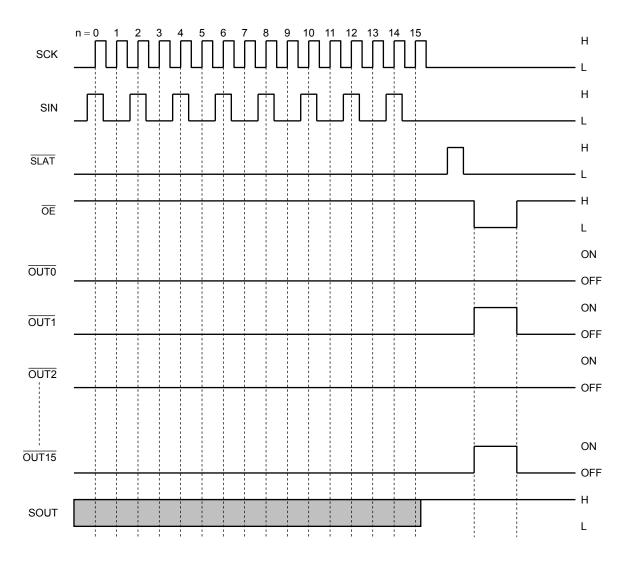
Truth Table

SCK	SLAT	ŌĒ	SIN	OUT0 OUT7 OUT15 *1	SOUT
	Н	L	Dn Dn Dn – 7 Dn – 15		Dn – 15
	L	L	Dn + 1	Dn + 1 No Change	
	Н	L	Dn + 2	Dn + 2 Dn – 5 Dn – 13	Dn – 13
$\overline{}$	-*2	L	Dn + 3	Dn + 2 Dn – 5 Dn – 13	Dn – 13
$\overline{}$	-*2	Н	Dn + 3	OFF	Dn – 13

Note1: When $\overline{OUT0}$ to $\overline{OUT15}$ output pins are set to "H" the respective output will be ON and when set to "L" the respective output will be OFF.

Note2: "-" is irrelevant to the truth table.

Timing Diagram



Note 1: The latch circuit is a leveled-latch circuit. Please exercise precaution as it is not triggered-latch circuit.
Note 2: Keep the SLAT pin is set to "L" to enable the latch circuit to hold data. In addition, when the SLAT pin is set to "H" the latch circuit does not hold data. The data will instead pass onto output. When the OE pin is set to "L" the OUTO to OUT15 output pins will go ON and OFF in response to the data. In addition, when the OE pin is set to "H" all the output pins will be forced OFF regardless of the data.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_a = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating *1	Unit
Power supply voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Output current	IOUT	95	mA
Logic input voltage	VIN	-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 *2	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT}	–0.3 to 17	V
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-40 to 85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	–55 to 150	°C
Thermal resistance	Rth(j-a)	94 (AFG) *3, 80.07(AFNAG/BFNAG) When mounted PCB	°C/W
Power dissipation	P _D *4	1.32 (AFG) *3, 1.56(AFNAG/BFNAG) When mounted PCB	W

Note1: Voltage is ground referenced.

Note2: Do not exceed 6.0V.

Note3: PCB condition 76.2 x 114.3 x 1.6 mm, Cu 30% (SEMI conforming)

Note4: The power dissipation decreases the reciprocal of the saturated thermal resistance (1/ Rth(j-a)) for each

degree (1°C) that the ambient temperature is exceeded (Ta = 25° C).

Operating Conditions

DC Items (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD} = 3.0$ to 5.5 V, $T_a = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	V _{DD}	—	3.0	_	5.5	V
High level logic input voltage	V _{IH}	SIN,SCK, SLAT, OE	$0.7 imes V_{DD}$		V _{DD}	V
Low level logic input voltage	VIL	SIN,SCK, SLAT, OE	GND		$0.3 imes V_{DD}$	V
High level SOUT output current	I _{OH}		_	_	-1	mA
Low level SOUT output current	I _{OL}		_	_	1	mA
Constant current output	IOUT	OUTn	1.5		90	mA

AC Items (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD} = 3.0$ to 5.5 V, $T_a = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuits	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Serial data transfer frequency	fsck	6	_		_	25	MHz
Hold time	t _{HOLD1}	6	_	5			ns
Hold time	t _{HOLD2}	6	_	5		_	ns
Setuptime	tSETUP1	6	_	5	_		ns
Setup time	tSETUP2	6	_	5			ns
Maximum clock rise time	t _r	6	*1	_	_	500	ns
Maximum clock fall time	t _f	6	*1		_	500	ns

Note1: If the device is connected in a cascade and the tr/tf of the clock waveform increases due to deceleration of the clock waveform, it may not be possible to achieve the timing required for data transfer. Please keep these timing conditions in mind when designing your application.

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_a = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuits	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
High level logic output voltage	V _{OH}	1	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{DD} - 0.4		_	V
Low level logic output voltage	V _{OL}	1	I _{OL} = +1 mA	_	_	0.4	V
High level logic input current	I _{IH}	2	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}, \overline{OE}$, SIN, SCK	_	_	1	μA
Low level logic input current	IIL	3	$V_{IN} = GND, \overline{SLAT}$, SIN, SCK	_	_	-1	μA
Power supply current	I _{DD}	4	R_{EXT} = 1.2 k Ω , All output on	_	_	8.0	mA
Output current	IOUT	5	V_{DD} = 3.3 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on		14.4	_	mA
Constant current error(Ch to Ch)	$\Delta I_{OUT(Ch)}$	5	V_{DD} = 3.3 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on		±1	±1.5	%
Constant current error(IC to IC)	$\Delta I_{OUT(IC)}$	5	V_{DD} = 3.3 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on		±1	±1.5	%
Output OFF leak current	I _{OK}	5	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, V _{OUT} = 17 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ			0.5	μΑ
Constant current power supply voltage r e g u l a t i o n	%V _{DD}	5	V_{DD} = 3.0 to 3.6 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 k Ω , 1 output on		±1	±5	%/V
Constant current output voltage r e g u l a t i o n	%V _{OUT}	5	V_{DD} = 3.3 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 to 3.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 k Ω , 1 output on		±0.1	±0.5	%/V
Pull-up resistor	R _{UP}	3	ŌĒ	400	500	600	kΩ
Pull-down resistor	R _{DOWN}	2	SLAT	400	500	600	kΩ

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, V_{DD} = 5.0V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuits	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
High level logic output voltage	V _{OH}	1	I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{DD} - 0.4	_	_	V
Low level logic output voltage	V _{OL}	1	I _{OL} = +1 mA	_	_	0.4	V
High level logic input current	I _{IH}	2	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}, \overline{OE}$, SIN, SCK	—	_	1	μA
Low level logic input current	IIL	3	$V_{IN} = GND, \overline{SLAT}$, SIN, SCK	_	_	-1	μA
Power supply current	I _{DD}	4	R_{EXT} = 1.2 k Ω , All output on	_	_	8.0	mA
Output current	IOUT	5	V_{DD} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on	_	14.4	_	mA
Constant current error(Ch to Ch)	$\Delta I_{OUT(Ch)}$	5	V_{DD} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on	_	±1	±1.5	%
Constant current error(IC to IC)	$\Delta I_{OUT(IC)}$	5	V_{DD} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on		±1	±1.5	%
Output OFF leak current	IOK	5	V _{DD} = 5.0 V, V _{OUT} = 17 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ	—	_	0.5	μA
Constant current power supply voltage r e g u l a t i o n	%V _{DD}	5	V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 kΩ, 1 output on	_	±1	±5	%/V
Constant current output voltage r e g u l a t i o n	%V _{OUT}	5	V_{DD} = 5.0 V, V_{OUT} = 1.0 to 3.0 V, R _{EXT} = 1.2 k Ω , 1 output on	—	±0.1	±0.5	%/V
Pull-up resistor	R _{UP}	3	ŌĒ	400	500	600	kΩ
Pull-down resistor	R _{DOWN}	2	SLAT	400	500	600	kΩ

Switching Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD}=3.3V,\,T_a=25^{\circ}C)$

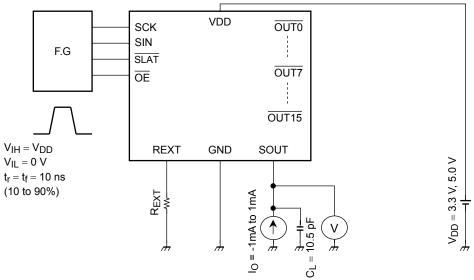
Character	ristics	Symbol	Test Circuits	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
	SCK- OUTO	t _{pLH1}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H", $\overline{\text{OE}}$ = "L"	_	50	65	ns
	SLAT - OUTO	t _{pLH2}	6	OE = "L"	_	50	65	ns
	OE - OUTO	t _{pLH3}	6	SLAT = "H"	_	50	65	ns
Propagation delay	SCK-SOUT	t _{pLH}	6	C _L =10.5 pF	10	20	35	ns
t i m e	SCK- OUTO	t _{pHL1}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H", $\overline{\text{OE}}$ = "L"	_	30	40	ns
	SLAT - OUTO	t _{pHL2}	6	OE = "L"	_	30	40	ns
	OE - OUTO	t _{pHL3}	6	SLAT = "H"	_	30	40	ns
	SCK-SOUT	t _{pHL}	6	C _L =10.5 pF	10	20	35	ns
Output ri	se time	t _{or}	6	10 to 90% of voltage waveform		30	45	ns
Output fa	all time	t _{of}	6	90 to 10% of voltage waveform		10	20	ns
Enable pul	se width	t _{wOE(L)}	6	OE = "L"	25			ns
Enable pui		t _{wOE(H)}	6	OE = "H"	50	—	—	115
Clock puls	se width	twSCK	6	SCK = "H" or "L"	20			ns
Latch puls	se width	t _{wSLAT}	6	SLAT = "H"	20	_	_	ns

Switching Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD} = 5.0V$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$)

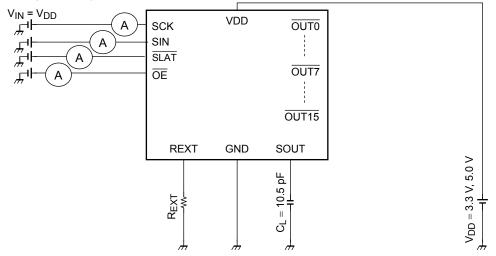
Character	ristics	Symbol	Test Circuits	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
	SCK- OUTO	t _{pLH1}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H", $\overline{\text{OE}}$ = "L"	_	50	65	ns
	SLAT - OUTO	t _{pLH2}	6	OE = "L"	_	50	65	ns
	OE - OUTO	t _{pLH3}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H"	_	50	65	ns
Propagation delay	SCK-SOUT	t _{pLH}	6	C _L =10.5 pF	10	20	35	ns
t i m e	SCK- OUTO	t _{pHL1}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H", $\overline{\text{OE}}$ = "L"	_	30	40	ns
	SLAT - OUTO	t _{pHL2}	6	OE = "L"	_	30	40	ns
	OE - OUTO	t _{pHL3}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H"	_	30	40	ns
	SCK-SOUT	t _{pHL}	6	C _L =10.5 pF	10	20	35	ns
Output ri	se time	t _{or}	6	10 to 90% of voltage waveform	_	30	45	ns
Output fa	all time	t _{of}	6	90 to 10% of voltage waveform		10	20	ns
Enable pul	se width	t _{wOE(L)}	6	\overline{OE} = "L"	25			ns
	se wruth	t _{wOE(H)}	6	OE = "H"	50	_		115
Clock puls	se width	twSCK	6	SCK = "H" or "L"	20	_	—	ns
Latch puls	se width	t _{wSLAT}	6	$\overline{\text{SLAT}}$ = "H"	20		_	ns

Test Circuits

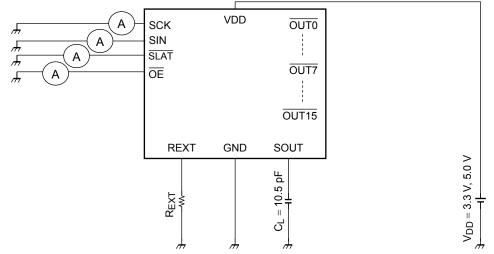
Test Circuit1: High level logic input voltage / Low level logic input voltage



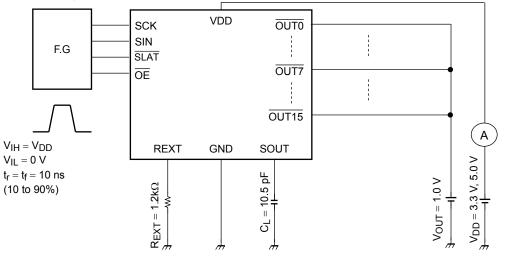
Test Circuit2: High level logic input current / Pull-down resistor



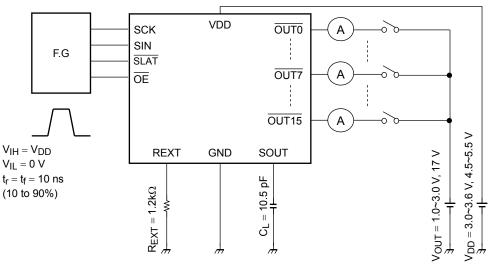
Test Circuit3: Low level logic input current / Pull-up resistor



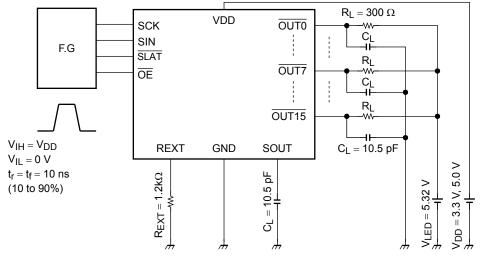
Test Circuit4: Power supply current



Test Circuit5: Constant current output / Output OFF leak current / Constant current error Constant current power supply voltage regulation / Constant current output voltage regulation

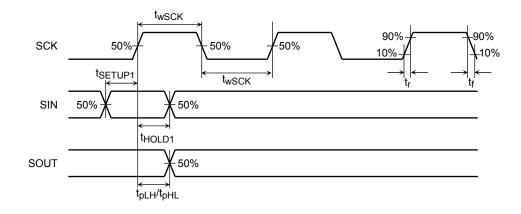


Test Circuit6: Switching Characteristics

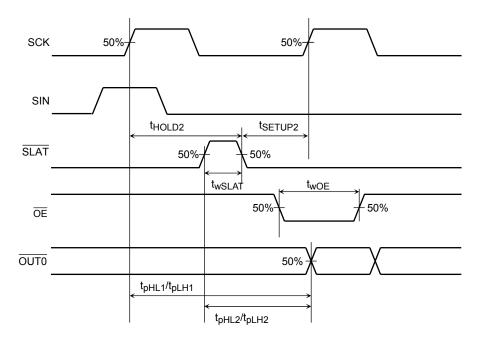


Timing Waveforms

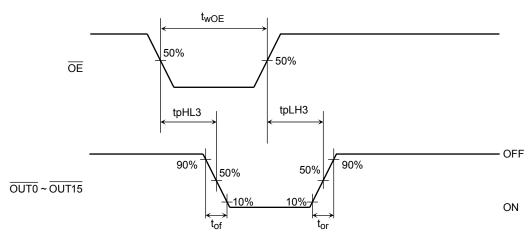
1. SCK, SIN, SOUT



2. SCK, SIN, $\overline{\text{SLAT}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{OUT0}}$

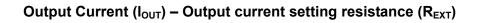


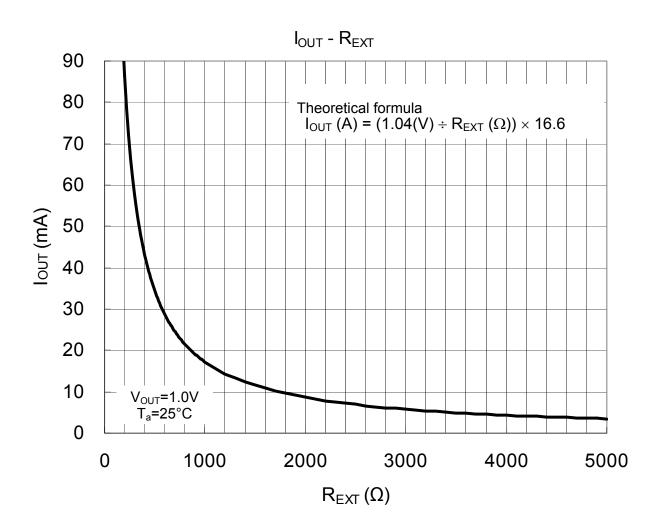
3. \overline{OE} , $\overline{OUT0} \sim \overline{OUT15}$



Reference data

*This data is provided for reference only. Thorough evaluation and testing should be implemented when designing your application's mass production design.

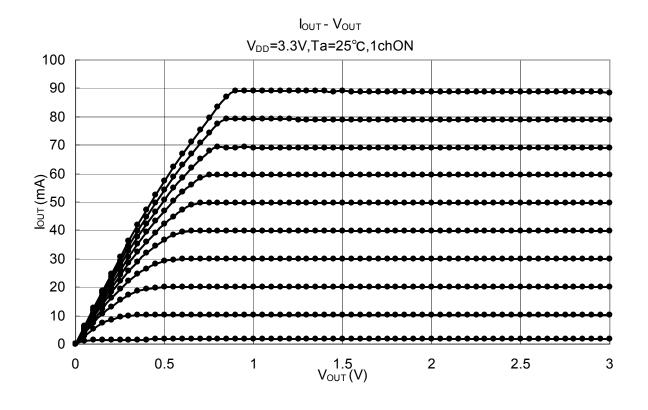


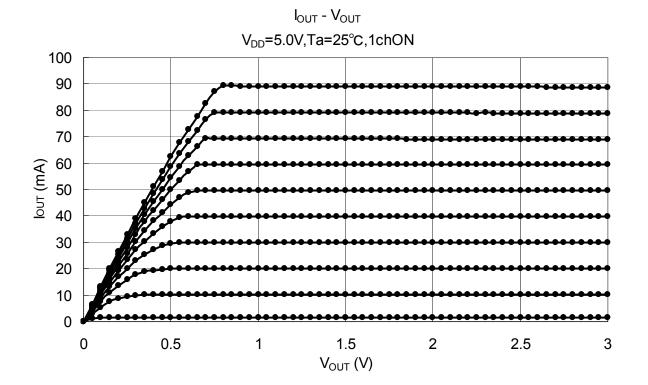


Reference data

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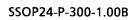
Output current (I_{OUT}) – Output voltage (V_{OUT})



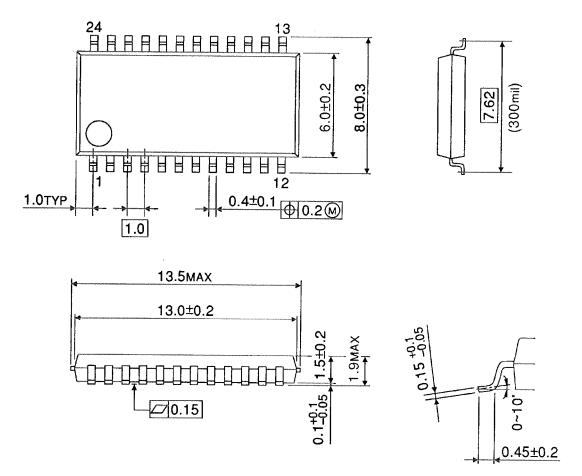


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Package Dimensions



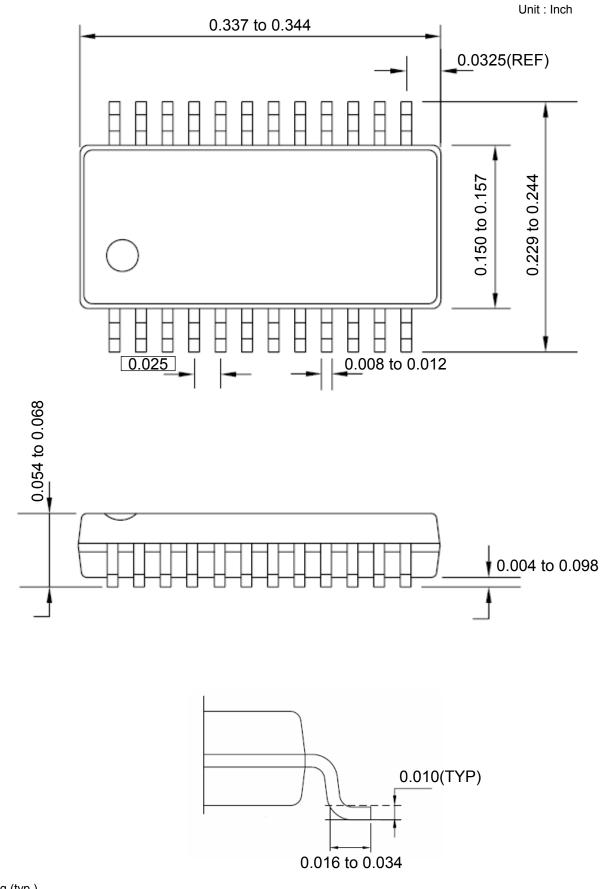
Unit : mm



Weight: 0.29 g (typ.)

Package Dimensions

SSOP24-P-150-0.64



Weight: 0.14 g (typ.)

<u>TOSHIBA</u>

Notes on Contents

1. Block Diagrams

Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purposes.

2. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

3. Timing Charts

Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purposes.

4. Application Circuits

The application circuits shown in this document are provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required, especially at the mass production design stage.

Toshiba does not grant any license to any industrial property rights by providing these examples of application circuits.

5. Test Circuits

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.

IC Usage Considerations

Notes on handling of ICs

- [1] The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings. Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- [2] Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- [3] If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.

Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.

[4] Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly.

Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly.

Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.

In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.

[5] Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator. If there is a large amount of leakage current such as input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure can cause smoke or ignition. (The over current can cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.

Points to remember on handling of ICs

(1) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature (T_J) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

(2) Back-EMF

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

Solderability

- (1) Use of Sn-37Pb solder Bath
- solder bath temperature: 230°C
- dipping time: 5 seconds
- the number of times: once
- · use of R-type flux
- (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath
- solder bath temperature: 245°C
- dipping time: 5 seconds
- the number of times: once
- · use of R-type flux

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

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