

# CX25870/871

## *Video Encoder with Adaptive Flicker Filtering and HDTV Output*

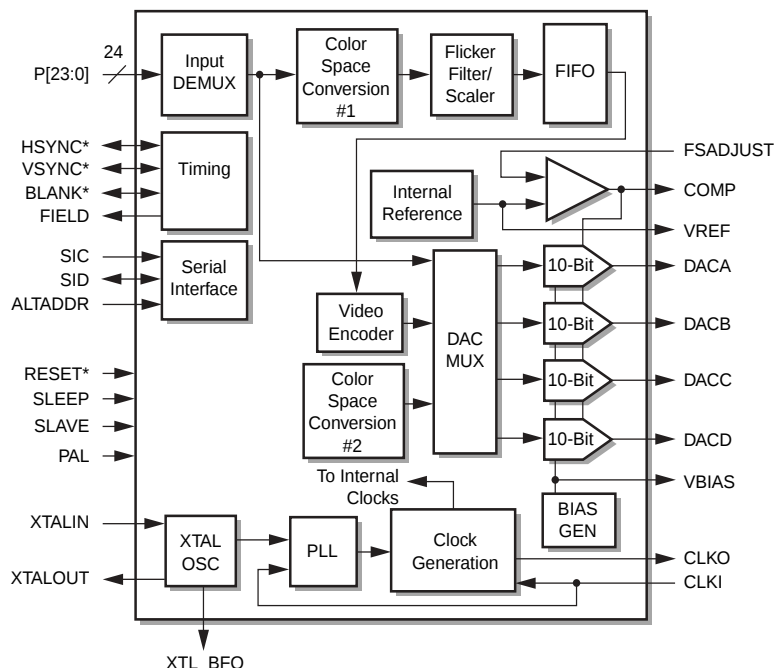
Conexant's CX25870/871 is specifically designed to meet TV out system requirements for the next-generation desktop PCs, notebook PCs, game consoles and set-top boxes. With pin and software-forward compatibility to the Bt868/869, manufacturers can quickly bring to market new solutions that support adaptive flicker filtering, ATSC High-Definition Television (HDTV) output, and resolutions from 320 x 200 (minimum) to 1024 x 768 (maximum).

Adaptive flicker filtering is a Conexant technology in which the encoder looks at the characteristics of the video content on a pixel-by-pixel basis and automatically determines the optimal amount of flicker filtering required. If an end-user wants to work on a spreadsheet while watching a DVD movie in a window, both the text-intensive application requiring a lot of flicker filtering and the DVD movie requiring very little flicker filtering can look their best. The amount of flicker filtering and overscan compensation is entirely flexible.

The CX25870/871 also provides a 3-wire analog RGB or YP<sub>R</sub>P<sub>B</sub> HDTV output. While the encoder is in HDTV output mode, the device will automatically insert horizontal tri-level synchronization pulses and vertical synchronization broad pulses. The CX25870/871 is compliant with the EIA770-3, SMPTE 274M/293M/296M standards and supports ATSC HDTV resolutions including 480p, 720p, and 1080i.

All worldwide standard definition outputs are supported, including NTSC-M (N. America, Taiwan), NTSC-J (Japan), PAL-B,D,G,H,I (Europe, Asia), PAL-M (Brazil), PAL-N (Uruguay, Paraguay), PAL-Nc (Argentina), PAL-60 (China) and SECAM. The CX25870 and CX25871 are functionally identical, except the CX25871 can output standard definition video with Macrovision Level 7.1.L1 copy protection capability.

### Functional Block Diagram



### Distinguishing Features

- HDTV Output Mode (patents pending)
  - Compliant with EIA770-3 and SMPTE274M/293M/296M standards
  - Automatic tri-level sync generation
  - Component (YP<sub>R</sub>P<sub>B</sub>) or RGB HDTV outputs
  - Direct YP<sub>R</sub>P<sub>B</sub> or RGB output from progressive RGB graphics video in 1080i, 720p, 480p ATSC resolutions
- Software and register forward-compatibility with the Bt868/869
- Ability to accept many different input data formats:
  - 15/16/24-bit RGB multiplexed or nonmultiplexed
  - 16-bit 4:2:2 and 24-bit 4:4:4 YCrCb multiplexed or nonmultiplexed
  - Flexible pixel ordering with various alternate formats
- Worldwide video output support: NTSC-M, J, 4.43, PAL-B, D, G, H, I, M, N, Nc, 60, and SECAM
- Interlaced and noninterlaced outputs
- S-Video output (simultaneous with composite NTSC, PAL, or SECAM)
- SCART RGB or Y/C output for Europe
  - 4th DAC is composite video
  - EN50-049 and IEC 933-1 compliant
- 5-Line vertical filtering scaling for overscan compensation and flicker reduction
- Adaptive Flicker Filtering for enhanced image and peaking filters for text sharpness (patents pending)
- CCIR601/ITU-RBT.601 (i.e., 480i) and CCIR656 compatible input modes
- Luma and chroma comb filtering
- 4 x 10-bit DACs
- Programmable power management
- Master, pseudo-master or slave timing operation
- Auto detection of TV
- 44 autoconfiguration modes
- Wide-Screen Signaling (WSS) support for variable clock rates
  - Adheres to EIAJ CPR-1024 and ITU-R TST.1119-1 standards
- Full register set readback capability
- 3.3 V operation with scalable low voltage graphic controller interface from 1.8 V to 1.1 V
- Buffered crystal clock output pin
- Component YUV analog output
- Colorstream™ (EIA 770.2) and Super Colorstream™ component video outputs
- Macrovision 7.1.L1 copy protection (CX25871)
- Compact 80-pin PQFP package



## Ordering Information

| Model Number                                                                                                        | Package     | Ambient Temperature Range |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| CX25870                                                                                                             | 80-pin PQFP | 0 °C – 70 °C              |
| CX25871 <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                              | 80-pin PQFP | 0 °C – 70 °C              |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>1. Macrovision 7.1.L1 compliant (customer must possess Macrovision license to purchase CX25871). |             |                           |

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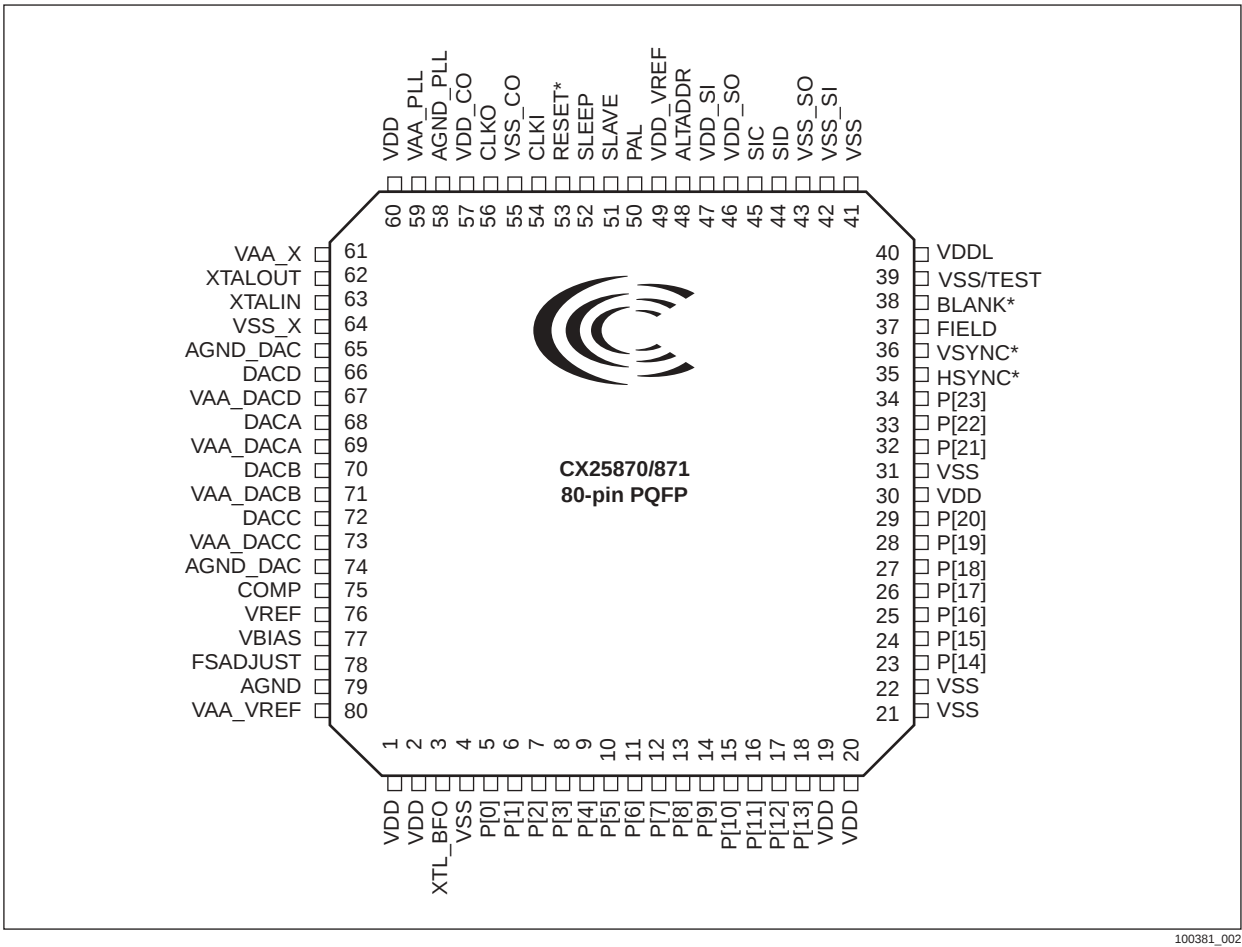


# 1.0 Functional Description

## 1.1 Pin Descriptions

The pinout diagram is illustrated in [Figure 1-1](#). Pin names, input/output assignments, numbers, and descriptions are listed in [Tables 1-1](#), [1-2](#), and [1-3](#).

Figure 1-1. Pinout Diagram for CX25870/871



Aside from pins 2, 3, 65, 66, and 67, which are no connects within the Bt868/869, the CX25870/871 is completely pin-to-pin compatible with Conexant's first generation VGA encoder.

Table 1-1. Pin Assignments (1 of 3)

| Pin Name | I/O | Pin #  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------|-----|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VAA_VREF | —   | 80     | Analog power. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| AGND     | —   | 79     | Analog ground. All AGND and VSS pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| FSADJUST | I   | 78     | Full-scale adjust control pin. A resistor (RSET) connected between this pin and GND controls the full-scale output current on the analog outputs.                                                                                                                              |
| VBIAS    | 0   | 77     | DAC bias voltage. A 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor must be used to bypass this pin to GND. The capacitor must be as close to the device as possible to keep lead lengths to an absolute minimum.                                                                                |
| VREF     | 0   | 76     | Voltage reference pin. A 1.0 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor must be used to decouple this pin to GND. The decoupling capacitor must be as close to the device as possible to keep lead lengths to an absolute minimum.                                                              |
| COMP     | 0   | 75     | Compensation pin. A 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor must be used to bypass this pin to VAA. The capacitor must be as close to the device as possible to keep lead lengths to an absolute minimum.                                                                                |
| VAA_DACC | —   | 73     | DACC Analog power. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DACC     | 0   | 72     | DACC Analog output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| VAA_DACB | —   | 71     | DACB Analog power. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DACB     | 0   | 70     | DACB Analog output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| VAA_DACA | —   | 69     | DACA Analog power. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DACA     | 0   | 68     | DACA Analog output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| VAA_DACD | —   | 67     | DACD analog power. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DACD     | 0   | 66     | DACD analog output. If unused, DACD should be left as a no connect.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| AGND_DAC | —   | 65, 74 | Common DAC Analog ground return. All AGND and VSS pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                    |
| VSS_X    | —   | 64     | Crystal oscillator ground pin. This pin should be tied to the ground plane.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| XTALIN   | I   | 63     | A crystal can be connected to these pins. The pixel clock output (CLKO) is derived from these pins with a PLL. XTALIN can be driven as a CMOS input pin. Internally, this is a CMOS inverter tying XTALOUT to XTALIN. If XTALOUT is unused, it should be left as a no connect. |
| XTALOUT  | 0   | 62     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| VDD_X    | —   | 61     | Crystal oscillator supply pin. This pin should be tied to the power supply.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| VAA_PLL  | —   | 59     | Analog power for PLL. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                |
| AGND_PLL | —   | 58     | Analog ground for PLL. All AGND and VSS pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                              |

Table 1-1. Pin Assignments (2 of 3)

| Pin Name | I/O | Pin # | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------|-----|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| VDD_CO   | —   | 57    | Clock output supply pin. This pin should be tied to the power supply. For low voltage interfacing this pin should be tied to the low voltage supply.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| CLKO     | 0   | 56    | Pixel clock output (TTL compatible). This pin is three-state if the CLKI pin provides the encoder clock.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| VSS_CO   | —   | 55    | Clock output ground pin. This pin should be tied to the ground plane.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| CLKI     | I   | 54    | Pixel clock input (TTL compatible). This may be used as either the encoder clock or a delayed version of the CLKO pin synchronized with the pixel data input.                                                                                                                                                             |
| RESET*   | I   | 53    | Reset control input (TTL compatible). A logical 0 applied for a minimum of 20 CLKI clock cycles resets and disables video timing (horizontal, vertical, subcarrier counters) to the start of VSYNC of the first field and resets the serial interface registers. RESET* must be a logical 1(3.3 V) for normal operation.  |
| SLEEP    | I   | 52    | Power-down control input (TTL compatible). A logical 1 configures the device for power-down mode. A logical 0 configures the device for normal operation.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| SLAVE    | I   | 51    | Slave/master mode select input (TTL compatible). A logical 1 configures the device for slave video timing operation. A logical 0 configures the device for master video timing operation.                                                                                                                                 |
| PAL      | I   | 50    | PAL/NTSC mode select input (TTL compatible). A logical 1 configures the device for PAL video format and Autoconfiguration Mode 1. A logical 0 configures the device for NTSC video format and Autoconfiguration Mode 0.                                                                                                   |
| VDD_VREF | I   | 49    | Input threshold adjustment. This pin should be tied to VDD for 3.3 V input swings or VDDL/2 for low voltage input swings.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| ALTADDR  | I   | 48    | Alternate slave address input (TTL compatible). A logical 0 configures the device to respond to a serial write address of 0x88. A logical 1 configures the device to respond to a serial write address of 0x8A. In addition, serial reads to address 0x89 (ALTADDR = 0) or 0x8B (ALTADDR = 1) are possible with this pin. |
| VDD_SI   | —   | 47    | Serial interface input supply pin. This pin should be tied to VDD (3.3 V).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| VDD_SO   | —   | 46    | Serial interface output supply pin. This pin should be tied to VDD (3.3 V).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| SIC      | I   | 45    | Serial interface clock input (TTL compatible).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| SID      | I/O | 44    | Serial interface data input/output (TTL compatible). Data is written to and read from the device via this serial bus.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| VSS_SO   | —   | 43    | Serial interface input ground pin. This pin should be tied to the ground plane.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| VSS_SI   | —   | 42    | Serial interface input ground pin. This pin should be tied to the ground plane.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| VDDL     | —   | 40    | Digital power for low voltage interface. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup. For a low voltage interface, this pin should be tied to the low voltage supply.                                                                                                        |
| VSS/TEST | I   | 39    | Test pin. Should be tied to VSS for normal operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| BLANK*   | I/O | 38    | Composite blanking control (TTL compatible). This can be generated by the encoder or supplied from the graphics controller. If internal blanking is used, this pin can be used to indicate the control character clock edge. If unused, BLANK* should be tied high through a 10 k $\Omega$ pullup resistor.               |

## 1.1 Pin Descriptions

*Flicker-Free Video Encoder with Ultrascale Technology***Table 1-1. Pin Assignments (3 of 3)**

| Pin Name | I/O | Pin #                | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------|-----|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FIELD    | 0   | 37                   | Field control output (TTL compatible). FIELD transitions after the rising edge of CLK, two clock cycles following falling HSYNC*. It is a logical 0 during odd fields and is a logical 1 during even fields. If unused, FIELD should be left as a no connect.                                     |
| VSYNC*   | I/O | 36                   | Vertical sync input/output (TTL compatible). As an output (timing master operation), VSYNC* is output following the rising edge of CLK. As an input (timing slave operation), VSYNC* is clocked on the rising edge of CLK.                                                                        |
| HSYNC*   | I/O | 35                   | Horizontal sync input/output (TTL compatible). As an output (timing master operation), HSYNC* is output following the rising edge of CLK. As an input (timing slave operation), HSYNC* is clocked on the rising edge of CLK.                                                                      |
| P[23:21] | I   | 34-32                | Pixel inputs. See <a href="#">Table 1-2</a> . The input data is sampled on both the rising and falling edge of CLK for multiplexed modes, and on the rising edge of CLK in nonmultiplexed modes. A higher bit index corresponds to a greater bit significance.                                    |
| P[20:14] | I   | 29-23                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| P[13:0]  | I   | 18-5                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| VSS      | —   | 4, 21, 22, 31, 41    | Digital ground for core logic. All AGND and VSS pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                         |
| XTL_BFO  | 0   | 3                    | Buffered crystal clock output. On power-up, the encoder will transmit a 0 to 3.3 V signal at a frequency equal to the frequency of the crystal found between the XTALIN/XTALOUT ports. Normally the XTL_BFO output is at a rate of 13.500 MHz. If unused, XTL_BFO should be left as a no connect. |
| VDD      | —   | 1, 2, 19, 20, 30, 60 | Digital power for core logic. All VAA and VDD pins must be connected together on the same PCB plane to prevent latchup.                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 1-2. Data Pin Assignments for Multiplexed Input Formats

| Falling Edge of CLKI                                                                  |                 |                    |                   |                   |                           |                             |                             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| IN_MODE[3:0]                                                                          | 0000            | 0010/0001          | 0101              | 0100              | 1000                      | 0110                        | 1100                        |
| Pin                                                                                   | 24-bit RGB Mode | 15/16-bit RGB Mode | 16-bit YCrCb Mode | 24-bit YCrCb Mode | Alternate 24-bit RGB Mode | Alternate 16-bit YCrCb Mode | Alternate 24-bit YCrCb Mode |
| P[11]                                                                                 | R7              | R4                 | Y7                | Y7                | R7                        | —                           | Cr7                         |
| P[10]                                                                                 | R6              | R3                 | Y6                | Y6                | R6                        | —                           | Cr6                         |
| P[9]                                                                                  | R5              | R2                 | Y5                | Y5                | R5                        | —                           | Cr5                         |
| P[8]                                                                                  | R4              | R1                 | Y4                | Y4                | R4                        | —                           | Cr4                         |
| P[7]                                                                                  | R3              | R0                 | Y3                | Y3                | R3                        | Y7                          | Cr3                         |
| P[6]                                                                                  | G7              | G5 <sup>(1)</sup>  | Y2                | Y2                | R2                        | Y6                          | Cr2                         |
| P[5]                                                                                  | G6              | G4                 | Y1                | Y1                | R1                        | Y5                          | Cr1                         |
| P[4]                                                                                  | G5              | G3                 | Y0                | Y0                | R0                        | Y4                          | Cr0                         |
| P[3]                                                                                  | R2              | —                  | —                 | Cb3               | G7                        | Y3                          | Y7                          |
| P[2]                                                                                  | R1              | —                  | —                 | Cb2               | G6                        | Y2                          | Y6                          |
| P[1]                                                                                  | R0              | —                  | —                 | Cb1               | G5                        | Y1                          | Y5                          |
| P[0]                                                                                  | G1              | —                  | —                 | Cb0               | G4                        | Y0                          | Y4                          |
| Rising Edge of CLKI                                                                   |                 |                    |                   |                   |                           |                             |                             |
| P[11]                                                                                 | G4              | G2                 | Cr/Cb7            | Cr7               | G3                        | —                           | Y3                          |
| P[10]                                                                                 | G3              | G1                 | Cr/Cb6            | Cr6               | G2                        | —                           | Y2                          |
| P[9]                                                                                  | G2              | G0                 | Cr/Cb5            | Cr5               | G1                        | —                           | Y1                          |
| P[8]                                                                                  | B7              | B4                 | Cr/Cb4            | Cr4               | G0                        | —                           | Y0                          |
| P[7]                                                                                  | B6              | B3                 | Cr/Cb3            | Cr3               | B7                        | Cr/Cb7                      | Cb7                         |
| P[6]                                                                                  | B5              | B2                 | Cr/Cb2            | Cr2               | B6                        | Cr/Cb6                      | Cb6                         |
| P[5]                                                                                  | B4              | B1                 | Cr/Cb1            | Cr1               | B5                        | Cr/Cb5                      | Cb5                         |
| P[4]                                                                                  | B3              | B0                 | Cr/Cb0            | Cr0               | B4                        | Cr/Cb4                      | Cb4                         |
| P[3]                                                                                  | G0              | —                  | —                 | Cb7               | B3                        | Cr/Cb3                      | Cb3                         |
| P[2]                                                                                  | B2              | —                  | —                 | Cb6               | B2                        | Cr/Cb2                      | Cb2                         |
| P[1]                                                                                  | B1              | —                  | —                 | Cb5               | B1                        | Cr/Cb1                      | Cb1                         |
| P[0]                                                                                  | B0              | —                  | —                 | Cb4               | B0                        | Cr/Cb0                      | Cb0                         |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br><sup>(1)</sup> G5 is ignored in 15-bit RGB Multiplexed Input Mode. |                 |                    |                   |                   |                           |                             |                             |

## 1.1 Pin Descriptions

*Flicker-Free Video Encoder with Ultrascale Technology***Table 1-3. Data Pin Assignments for Nonmultiplexed Input Formats**

| IN_MODE[3:0] | 1010              | 1110                | 0011              | 0111                | 1011                        | 1111                          |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Pin          | 16-bit nonmux RGB | 16-bit nonmux YCrCb | 24-bit nonmux RGB | 24-bit nonmux YCrCb | Alternate 16-bit nonmux RGB | Alternate 24-bit nonmux YCrCb |
| P[23]        | —                 | —                   | B7                | Cb7                 | R7                          | Cr7                           |
| P[22]        | —                 | —                   | B6                | Cb6                 | R6                          | Cr6                           |
| P[21]        | —                 | —                   | B5                | Cb5                 | R5                          | Cr5                           |
| P[20]        | —                 | —                   | B4                | Cb4                 | R4                          | Cr4                           |
| P[19]        | R4                | Y7                  | B3                | Cb2                 | R3                          | Cr3                           |
| P[18]        | R3                | Y6                  | B2                | Cb2                 | R2                          | Cr2                           |
| P[17]        | R2                | Y5                  | B1                | Cb1                 | R1                          | Cr1                           |
| P[16]        | R1                | Y4                  | B0                | Cb0                 | R0                          | Cr0                           |
| P[15]        | R0                | Y3                  | G7                | Cr7                 | G7                          | Y7                            |
| P[14]        | G5                | Y2                  | G6                | Cr6                 | G6                          | Y6                            |
| P[13]        | G4                | Y1                  | G5                | Cr5                 | G5                          | Y5                            |
| P[12]        | G3                | Y0                  | G4                | Cr4                 | G4                          | Y4                            |
| P[11]        | G2                | Cr/Cb7              | G3                | Cr3                 | G3                          | Y3                            |
| P[10]        | G1                | Cr/Cb6              | G2                | Cr2                 | G2                          | Y2                            |
| P[9]         | G0                | Cr/Cb5              | G1                | Cr1                 | G1                          | Y1                            |
| P[8]         | B4                | Cr/Cb4              | G0                | Cr0                 | G0                          | Y0                            |
| P[7]         | B3                | Cr/Cb3              | R7                | Y7                  | B7                          | Cb7                           |
| P[6]         | B2                | Cr/Cb2              | R6                | Y6                  | B6                          | Cb6                           |
| P[5]         | B1                | Cr/Cb1              | R5                | Y5                  | B5                          | Cb5                           |
| P[4]         | B0                | Cr/Cb0              | R4                | Y4                  | B4                          | Cb4                           |
| P[3]         | —                 | —                   | R3                | Y3                  | B3                          | Cb3                           |
| P[2]         | —                 | —                   | R2                | Y2                  | B2                          | Cb2                           |
| P[1]         | —                 | —                   | R1                | Y1                  | B1                          | Cb1                           |
| P[0]         | —                 | —                   | R0                | Y0                  | B0                          | Cb0                           |

## 1.2 GUI Controller Programmability and Frequency Requirement

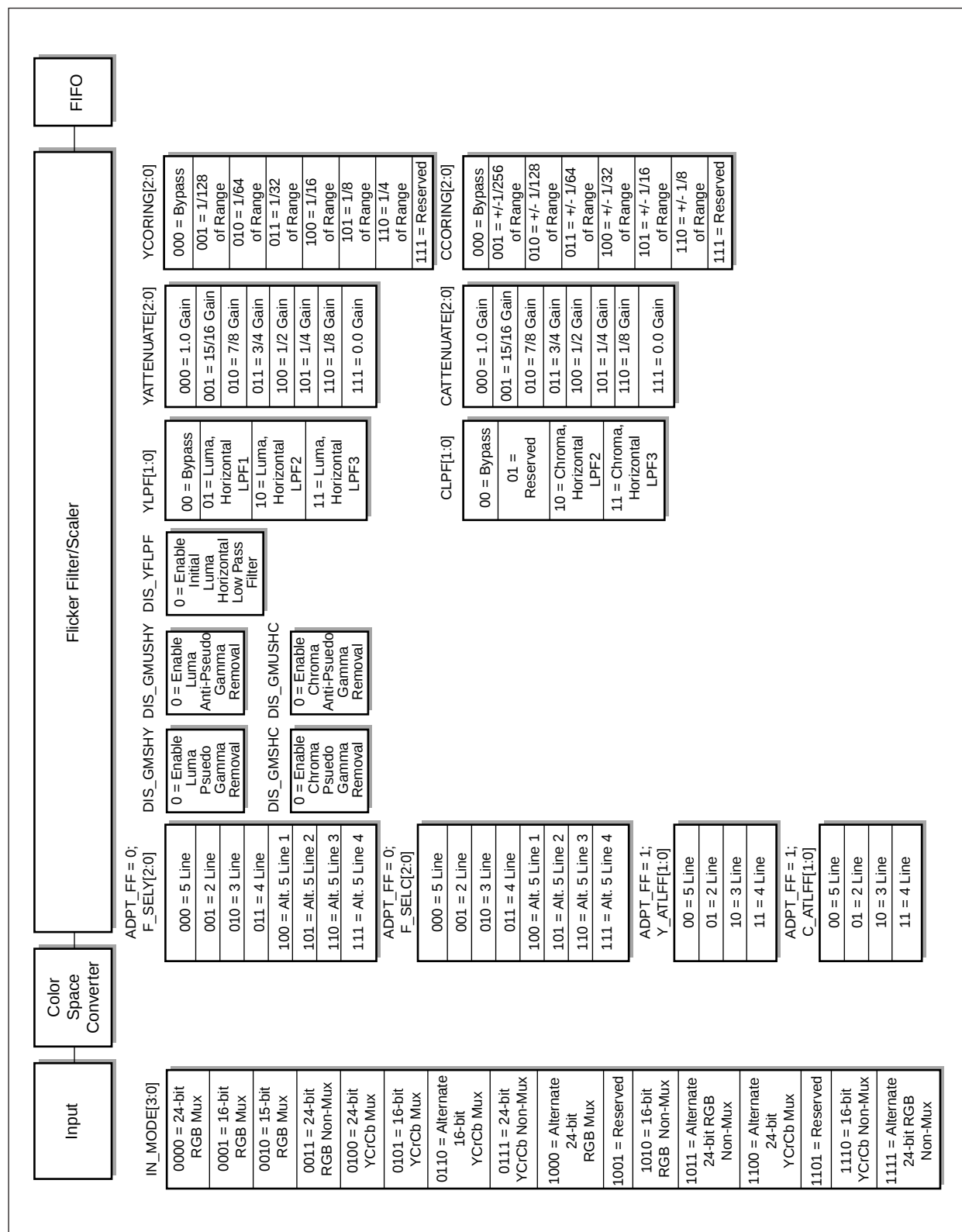
Programmability and frequency requirements for the Graphics Controller/Data Master device are defined in [Table 1-4](#) for the most common input resolutions.

**Table 1-4. Maximum Programmability and Frequency Requirements**

| Desktop Input Mode        | Maximum Total |              | Maximum End of Active to Vsync | Maximum Frequencies |             |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|                           | Pixels/HTOTAL | Lines/VTOTAL | Lines                          | Line (kHz)          | Pixel (MHz) |
| 640 x 480                 | 1075          | 665          | 76                             | 39.860              | 31.563      |
| 800 x 600                 | 1075          | 835          | 91                             | 49.450              | 39.997      |
| 800 x 600 (3:2 CLK mode)  | 1625          | 834          | 92                             | 49.630              | 59.063      |
| 1024 x 768 (3:2 CLK mode) | 1625          | 1068         | 122                            | 63.776              | 75.750      |

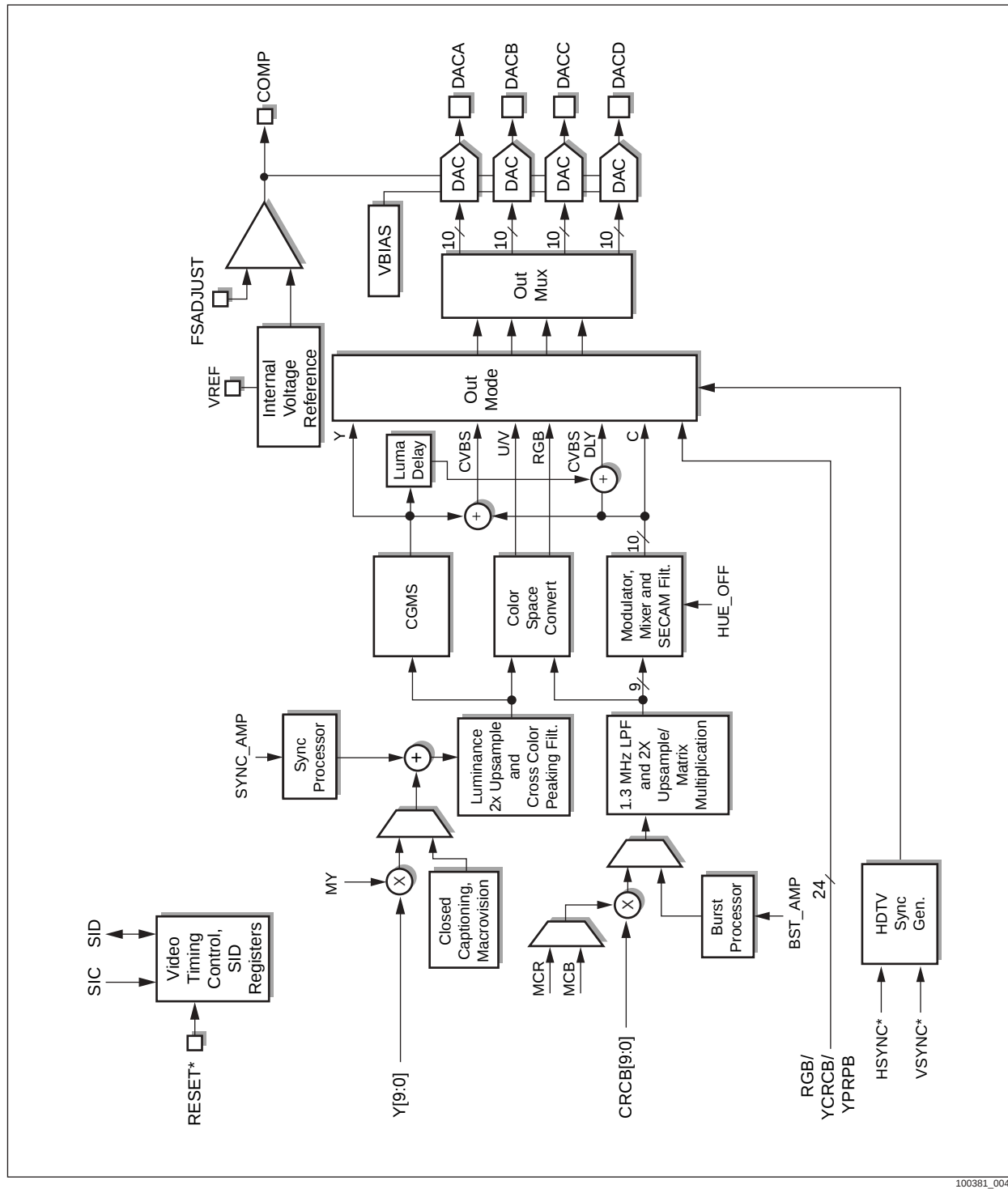
[Table 1-4](#) contains maximum values for the dual display solutions that provide 8 percent to 32 percent horizontal and vertical overscan compensation. For larger overscan compensation percentages, the values would be larger. The maximum pixel frequency supported is 53.333 MHz for standard clocking mode and 80.000 MHz for 3:2 clocking mode.

Figure 1-2. Flicker Filter Control Diagram



100381\_003

Figure 1-3. CX25870/871 Encoder Core Block Diagram



## 1.3 Device Description

### 1.3.1 Overview

The CX25870/871 is a video encoder designed for TV output of interlaced and noninterlaced graphics data. Common applications requiring flicker-filtered TV output include:

- desktop/portable PCs with TV Out
- high definition TVs
- DVD players and set top boxes
- graphic cards with TV Out
- game consoles
- set-top boxes

It incorporates normal and adaptive filtering technology for flicker removal and flexible amounts of overscan compensation for high-quality display of noninterlaced images on an interlaced TV. The CX25870/871 accomplishes this by minimizing the flicker and controlling the amount of overscan so that the entire image is viewable.

The CX25870/871 consists of a Color Space Converter/Flicker Filter engine followed by a digital video encoder. The Color Space Converter/Flicker Filter contains:

- A timing converter
- Various horizontal video processing functions
- Flicker filter and vertical scaler for overscan compensation

The output of this engine feeds into a FIFO for synchronization with the digital video encoder.

The CX25870/871 provides Composite, S-Video, or 3-signal analog RGB or YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> HDTV output. While the encoder is in HDTV output mode, the device will automatically insert trilevel synchronization pulses (when necessary) and vertical synchronizing “broad pulses.” The CX25870/871 is compliant with EIA770-3, SMPTE 274M/293M/296M and supports ATSC HDTV resolutions including 480p, 720p, and 1080i.

### 1.3.2 Serial Interface

The device includes a 2-wire read and write serial interface for programming the registers in the device. The interface is designed to operate with 3.3 V levels. To ensure that valid serial data is received and transmitted, make sure the VDD\_SI pin is connected to a stable 3.3 V supply. Review [Chapter 2.2](#), [Chapter 2.3](#) and [Chapter 2.4](#) for more details of the encoder’s serial interface.

### 1.3.3 Low Voltage Graphics Interface

The CX25870/871 can receive or transmit signals from/to a graphics controller at any of five different voltage levels. The allowable voltage levels are 3.3 V, 1.8 V, 1.5 V, 1.3 V, and 1.1 V. Default input/output voltage amplitude for the interface signals (defined as P[23:0], HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, CLKI, CLKO, BLANK\*, and FIELD) is 3.3 V and matches the Bt868/869 to ensure backwards compatibility.

For a 3.3 V digital interface, no special configuration steps are necessary. Simply follow “Recommended Layout for Connection with a 3.3 V Master Device” in [Chapter 3.3](#) and on power-up, the encoder will automatically expect 3.3 V signal transitions.

For a 1.8 V or lower digital interface, several special configuration steps are necessary. First, the layout must adhere to [Chapter 3.3](#)’s “3.3 V/1.8 V Recommended Layout for Connection with a 1.8 V Master Device.” Second, program the DRV[1:0] field (bits[6:5] of register (0x32)) to 01 (or an alternate value for 1.5 V, 1.3 V or 1.1 V interface). This forces the encoder to increase its drive strength on each interface signal used as an output in the interface. Third, connect the VDDL (pin 40) and VDD\_CO (pin 57) power supply pins to the correct lower supply voltage (1.8 V or other). Fourth, using a voltage divider circuit or some other method, tie the CX25870/871’s VDD\_VREF input (pin 49) to a level equal to  $(VDDL / 2)$ . Make sure this voltage source is stable since the VDDL pin controls the output signal levels. The VDD\_VREF pin dictates the encoder threshold voltage received for the appropriate input signals. The third and fourth steps are illustrated in [Figure 3-5](#). Make sure the graphics controller is configured to send and accept signals at the lower supply voltage.

Adjusting VDD\_CO, VDDL and VDD\_VREF appropriately controls the input voltage levels for the digital input pins P[23:0], CLKI, and HSYNC\*/VSYNC\*/BLANK\* (in slave interface; EN\_BLANKO = 0). Using the DRV[1:0] bits control the output voltage levels for the digital output pins CLKO, FIELD, and HSYNC\*/VSYNC\*/BLANK\* (in master or pseudo-master interface; EN\_BLANKO = 1). In this way, the digital input pins can operate at different input voltage levels than the digital output voltage levels.

**Table 1-5. Digital Pins that Comprise the Low Voltage Graphics Interface**

| Pin # | Pin Name  | Direction of Pin |
|-------|-----------|------------------|
| 5     | Pixel[0]  | Input            |
| 6     | Pixel[1]  | Input            |
| 7     | Pixel[2]  | Input            |
| 8     | Pixel[3]  | Input            |
| 9     | Pixel[4]  | Input            |
| 10    | Pixel[5]  | Input            |
| 11    | Pixel[6]  | Input            |
| 12    | Pixel[7]  | Input            |
| 13    | Pixel[8]  | Input            |
| 14    | Pixel[9]  | Input            |
| 15    | Pixel[10] | Input            |
| 16    | Pixel[11] | Input            |
| 17    | Pixel[12] | Input            |
| 18    | Pixel[13] | Input            |
| 23    | Pixel[14] | Input            |
| 24    | Pixel[15] | Input            |
| 25    | Pixel[16] | Input            |
| 26    | Pixel[17] | Input            |
| 27    | Pixel[18] | Input            |
| 28    | Pixel[19] | Input            |
| 29    | Pixel[20] | Input            |
| 32    | Pixel[21] | Input            |
| 33    | Pixel[22] | Input            |
| 34    | Pixel[23] | Input            |
| 35    | HSYNC*    | Input or Output  |
| 36    | VSYNC*    | Input or Output  |
| 37    | FIELD     | Output           |
| 38    | BLANK*    | Input or Output  |
| 54    | CLKI      | Input            |
| 56    | CLKO      | Output           |

### 1.3.4 Reset

If the RESET\* pin is held low (between 0.8 V and GND –0.5 V) for a minimum of 20 clock cycles, a timing reset and a software reset is performed and the serial interface is held in the reset condition. A timing reset, which can be generated by setting the TIMING\_RST register bit, will set the subcarrier phase to zero, and configure the horizontal and vertical counters to the beginning of VSYNC\* of Field 1 (both counters equal to zero).

If the CX25870/871 is in the master interface (i.e., CX25870 sends the syncs to the data master) then after a power-on or pin reset the encoder and the flicker filter starts a line 1, pixel 1 of their respective timing generation. For the encoder this means the odd field is always the first field after a power-on reset, pin reset, or timing reset.

In timing the slave interface (CX25870 is either pseudo-master or pure slave), even though the input is receiving progressive frames that have no field associated with it, the input timing generator keeps track of the frames received. As a result, after every second frame received, a frame sync is sent to the encoder section so that the input and encoder remain synchronized. The frame sync forces the encoder to the beginning of the odd field.

Conexant recommends that after every overscan compensation or video output type change, the TIMING\_RST bit be enabled. The setting of the TIMING\_RST bit should occur after waiting a minimum of 1 ms between the last CX25870 register write for the new overscan compensation ratio. The TIMING\_RST register bit clears itself and reinitializes the internal timing generators.

A software reset, which can be generated by setting the SRESET register bit, initializes all the serial interface registers to their default state. As a result, all digital output control pins are three-stated. Registers 0x38 and 0x76 to 0xB4 inclusive are then initialized to auto-configuration mode 0 (see the Auto Configuration section values) or mode 1 depending on the state of the PAL pin. The EN\_OUT bit must be set to enable the digital outputs.

A power-on reset, pin reset, or timing reset (register 0x6C, bit 7) causes the input timing generator to send the encoder a frame synchronization pulse setting the encoder to the beginning of the odd field. The first HSYNC\*/VSYNC\* combination then corresponds to the encoder even field and then the second HSYNC\*/VSYNC\* combination again causes a frame synchronization pulse and the encoder will start the odd field, and so on and so forth.

A power-on reset is generated on power-up. The power-on reset generates the same type of reset as the RESET\* pin. A time delay circuit triggered after the supply voltage reaches a value sufficiently high enough for the circuit to operate and then generate the power-on reset. As such, the device may not initialize to the default state unless the power supply ramp rate is sufficiently fast enough. A hardware/pin reset is recommended if the default state is required.

### 1.3.5 Device Initialization

After a reset condition, the device must be programmed through the serial interface to activate a video output and enable the CLKO, HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and FIELD outputs. The easiest method for accomplishing the initialization phase is to use one of the auto configuration modes in [Appendix C](#), and program the interface bits appropriately. (Refer to [Section 1.3.8](#).)

### 1.3.6 Clocking and Timing Generation

Two timing generators control the operation of the encoder. The output encoder timing block generates the signals for the proper encoding of the video into NTSC, PAL, or SECAM and extracts the processed input pixels from the internal FIFO. The encoding timing generator can receive its clock from either an external crystal oscillator and internal PLL (master and pseudo-master interface), or from the CLKI pin (slave interface). Conexant recommends that the encoding clock be generated by the PLL. Register bit EX\_XCLK selects the clock source. If EN\_XCLK is set to a logical 0, the internal clock source is selected via the crystal attached to XTALIN/XTALOUT. When the EN\_XCLK bit is set, the clock source received at the CLKI pin is utilized as the main pixel/encoder clock. Conexant recommends that the encoding clock be generated by the PLL.

A crystal must be present between XTALIN and XTALOUT pins if the internal clock source is selected. In this case, the CX25870/871's CLK frequency is synthesized by its PLL such that the pixel clock frequency equals

$$\begin{aligned} \text{For PLL DIV10}=0: & F_{clk} = F_{xtal} * \{PLL\_INT(5:0) + [PLL\_FRACT(15:0)/2^{16}]\}/6 \\ \text{For PLL DIV10}=1: & F_{clk} = F_{xtal} * \{PLL\_INT(5:0) + [PLL\_FRACT(15:0)/2^{16}]\}/10 \end{aligned}$$

where:

$$F_{clk} = CLKO \text{ Output Frequency} = CLKI \text{ Input Frequency}$$

**NOTE:** In some special modes,  $CLKO = F_{clk} / 2$ .

The crystal must be chosen so that the precise line rate for the video standards required can be achieved. This is done to maintain the subcarrier relationship to the line rate and thereby achieve the precise subcarrier frequency required. The crystal oscillator is designed to oscillate from 5 MHz through 25 MHz. A 13.5000 MHz crystal meets the requirements for NTSC, PAL, and SECAM video standards. The crystal must be within 50 ppm of the maximum desired clock rate for NTSC operation, and 25 ppm for PAL or SECAM operation, across the temperature range (0° to 70° C). If the CX25870/871 is to provide all video outputs selectable through software, the customer must use a crystal with a maximum tolerance across the temperature range of 25 ppm. [Appendix B](#) contains a list of previously tested and recommended crystal vendors.

The crystal oscillator is disabled by the XTAL\_PAD\_DIS register bit. Sufficient time (20 μs) must be allowed after coming out of sleep mode to allow the oscillator to stabilize. The PLL\_LOCK bit is set when the PLL is stable. In addition, if the PLL\_INPUT register bit is set to a logical 1, CLKI is selected as the reference for PLL. In this special mode (slave interface with the PLL\_32CLK high), the above  $F_{clk}$  formulas replace  $F_{xtal}$  with  $F_{CLKI}/2$  (i.e., input clock frequency is divided by 2).

If the external clock source is selected (EN\_XCLK=1), a clock signal of the desired pixel clock rate must be present at the CLKI pin. The CLKO pin is three-stated, and the crystal oscillator disabled. The clock must meet the same requirements as above. It is highly recommended that the internal clock be used in order to ensure the output video remains within the specifications defined by the relevant video standard. Any aberration in the source clock is reflected in the color subcarrier frequency of the output video and detracts from the quality of the image on the television.

The BY\_PLL bit bypasses the PLL, and the encoder clock will be at the crystal frequency. This bit takes precedence over the EN\_XCLK bit.

The second timing generator controls the generation of the HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and BLANK\* signals, and pixel input clocking. This is normally the same clock as the encoding clock. The EN\_ASYNC register bit, if set, allows this clock to be driven directly by the CLKI pin. If the DIV2 register bit is set, this internal clock is divided by two before driving the second timing generator. This is required for interlaced input to interlaced output mode (i.e., CCIR601/DVD and CCIR656 applications).

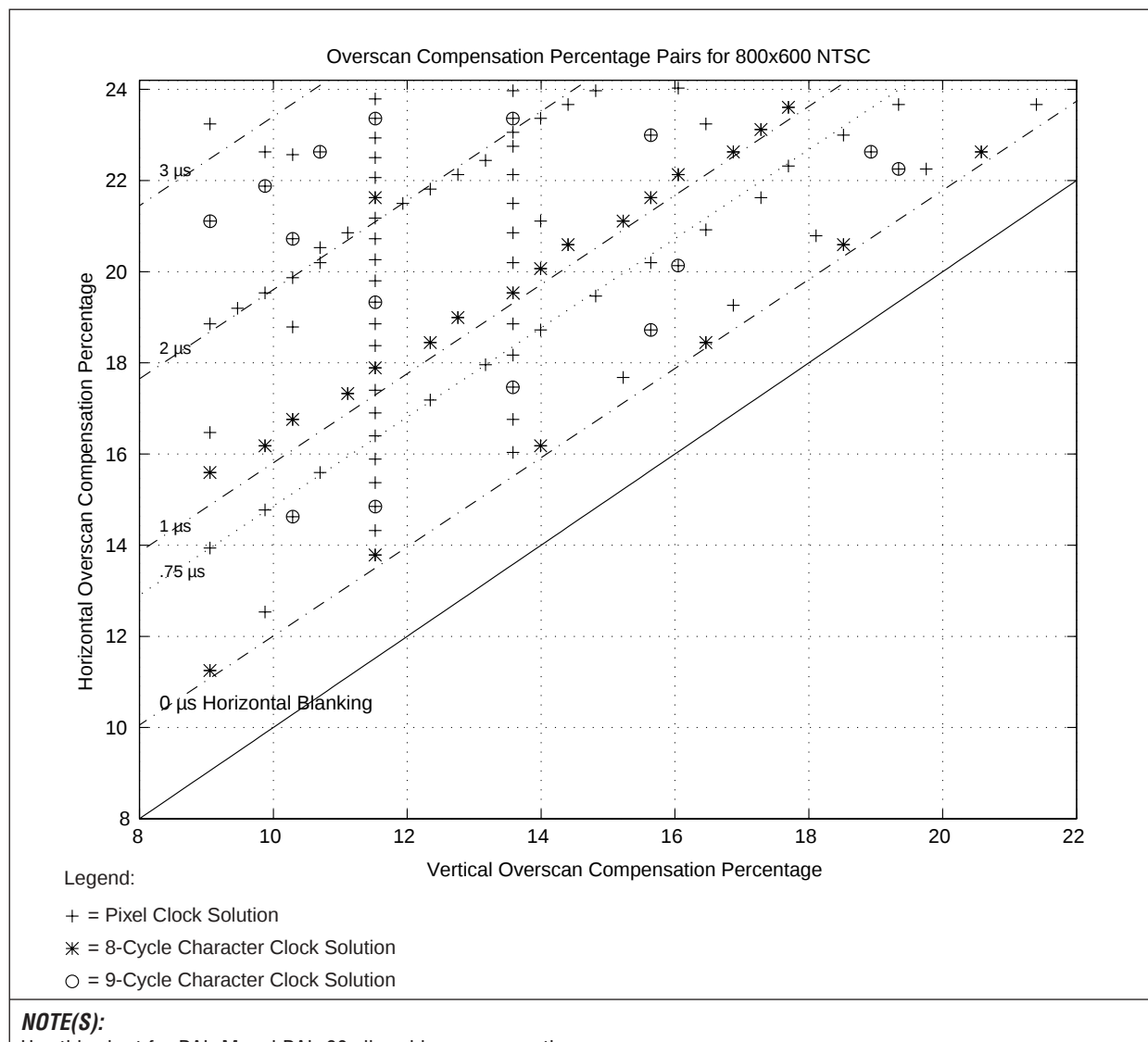
The CLKI pin is the clock used for synchronizing pixel inputs (P[23:0]) with the timing input signals (HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and BLANK\*) and normally is a delayed version of the CLKO pin. It can be directly connected to CLKO if desired. Data is registered with this input and re-synchronized to the internal clock. In a multiplexed input mode, both edges of the CLKI input are used. If the MODE2X register bit is set, the internal clock is divided by two, allowing a 2x external clock, and data to be provided on the rising edge only.

#### 1.3.6.1 3:2 Clocking Mode

All graphics controllers require some finite time for resetting their internal counters to zero, clearing register flags, and any other event that needs to be performed on a line-by-line basis. The sum of time these incidents take are the graphics controller's Horizontal Blanking Time. The amount of Horizontal Blanking time varies from one master device to another but it can never be less than 0  $\mu$ s and usually does not exceed 4  $\mu$ s per digital line.

Figure 1-4 illustrates higher resolutions (i.e., 800x600 or greater), for some data master devices that require more Horizontal Blanking Time than the CX25870/871 provides in standard clocking mode, for dual display of certain overscan compensation percentage pairs. For example, a graphics controller may require a minimum total of 1.25  $\mu\text{s}$  of Horizontal Blanking time per line while clocking a frame with an active resolution of 800x600 to the encoder. If this were the case, the entire set of overscan compensation solutions charted at the 1  $\mu\text{s}$  diagonal plot line (denoted with a dot-dash-dot) and below are made unavailable to the designer. The result is a more limited set of overscan pairs to choose from, and correspondingly less size control for the picture when displayed on a television.

Figure 1-4. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 800x600 Input/NTSC Output



Since the CX25870/871 contains this new 3:2 Clocking Mode, the designer does not face this constraint any longer. By choosing an appropriate autoconfiguration mode, setting the PLL\_32CLK bit to 1, and altering the values for various timing registers within the controller and encoder (e.g., H\_CLKI = HTOTAL, V\_LINES\_I = VTOTAL, H\_BLANKI, V\_BLANKI, etc.), the encoder switches into the 3:2 Clock mode. While in this operational state, additional solutions in the overscan-compensation-pairs domain for higher resolutions now exist. In addition, the encoder now allows the data master (e.g., graphics controller) to send digital data to it at a faster rate than is clocked out of the encoder. Specifically, the CX25870/871 begins to transfer pixels out at a rate of  $[2/3]$  that of the CLKI input frequency. In other words, the pixel input frequency clocks in data at a ratio of  $[3:2]$  or  $1\frac{1}{2}$  times faster than the CX25870/871 outputs the analog pixel data. In this mode, the encoder's expansive on-chip FIFO bridges the frequency difference that now exists between the digital-timing input and mixed-signal encoder output blocks of the CX25870/871. The result is a much closer match in the available overscan percentages in the horizontal and vertical direction for the higher resolutions. This ensures the TV Out picture appears more orthogonal where the amount of blanking is nearly equal on all sides of the image.

Since the Horizontal Blanking Time only becomes a critical issue at higher resolutions, the user should use a 3:2 Clocking Mode only when necessary at 800x600, and always at 1024x768. For software programming ease, some of the autoconfiguration modes for 800x600 and all for the 1024x768 resolution are 3:2 solutions already. The specific modes that use the 3:2 clock feature are contained in [Appendix C](#) and summarized in [Table 1-6](#) below.

**Table 1-6. Autoconfiguration Solutions that Utilize 3:2 Clocking Mode**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | Active Resolution | Type of Digital Input | Overscan Ratio | Video Output Type |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 10                       | 1024x768          | RGB                   | Standard       | NTSC              |
| 11                       | 1024x768          | RGB                   | Standard       | PAL-BDGIH         |
| 14                       | 1024x768          | YCrCb                 | Standard       | NTSC              |
| 15                       | 1024x768          | YCrCb                 | Standard       | PAL-BDGIH         |
| 18                       | 800x600           | RGB                   | Lower          | NTSC              |
| 22                       | 800x600           | YCrCb                 | Lower          | NTSC              |
| 26                       | 1024x768          | RGB                   | Lower          | NTSC              |
| 30                       | 1024x768          | YCrCb                 | Lower          | NTSC              |
| 34                       | 800x600           | RGB                   | Higher         | NTSC              |
| 40                       | 800x600           | RGB                   | Alternate      | NTSC              |
| 42                       | 1024x768          | RGB                   | Higher         | NTSC              |
| 43                       | 1024x768          | RGB                   | Higher         | PAL-BDGIH         |

If the desired overscan ratio is not available via a particular autoconfiguration mode, you should derive another 3:2 Solution via Super Cockpit (i.e., CX25870 register programming tool), or contact your local FAE directly. If done correctly, this CX25870/871 register set will have PLL\_32CLK (bit 5 of register 0x38) set and adjust the timing registers appropriately.

### 1.3.7 Master, Pseudo-Master, and Slave Interfaces

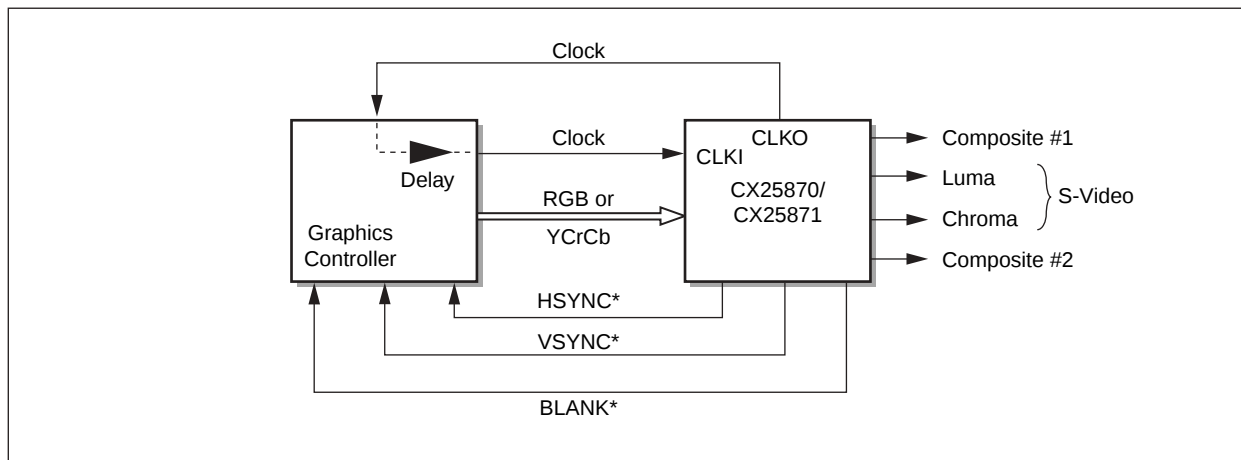
Like its predecessor, the Bt868/869, the CX25870/871 encoder can be operated in three possible interfaces. These connection types are named master, pseudo-master, and slave. The clocking ability of the master device and direction of the timing signals dictate what particular interface is used between the Conexant encoder and graphics controller/data master device.

#### 1.3.7.1 Master Interface

In master interface, CLKO, HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and BLANK\*, are generated by the encoder as outputs. These signals' leading edges denote when a new clock period, new line, and new frame starts respectively. Because the encoder transmits the clock and timing signals, this interface is also referred to as clocking master/timing master.

An illustration of the master interface is shown below using the graphics controller as the master device and S-Video and two Composite ports as the video outputs.

**Figure 1-5. Operating the CX25870/871 in Master Interface**



100381\_054

A minimum of 9 inputs (CLKI and 8 lines for pixel data- P[7:0]) and 3 outputs (HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and CLKO) are required for this configuration. The amount of inputs could grow as high as 25 if 24-bit RGB nonmultiplexed mode is chosen as the Input Pixel Mode (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0011) by the designer.

Master interface can only exist if the graphics controller can accept the encoder's reference clock and send back a version of that clock at the same frequency with the pixel data transitions synchronized to CLKI's rising and falling edges. This is accomplished via the VGA encoder's clock output (CLKO) and clock input (CLKI) ports.

### 1.3.7.2 Reason for BLANK\*

If the graphics controller possesses pixel-based resolution (i.e., pixels are only a single pixel clock wide) then the encoder does not have to transmit or receive the BLANK\* signal. However, for graphics controllers that are character clock based, a BLANK\* signal is necessary.

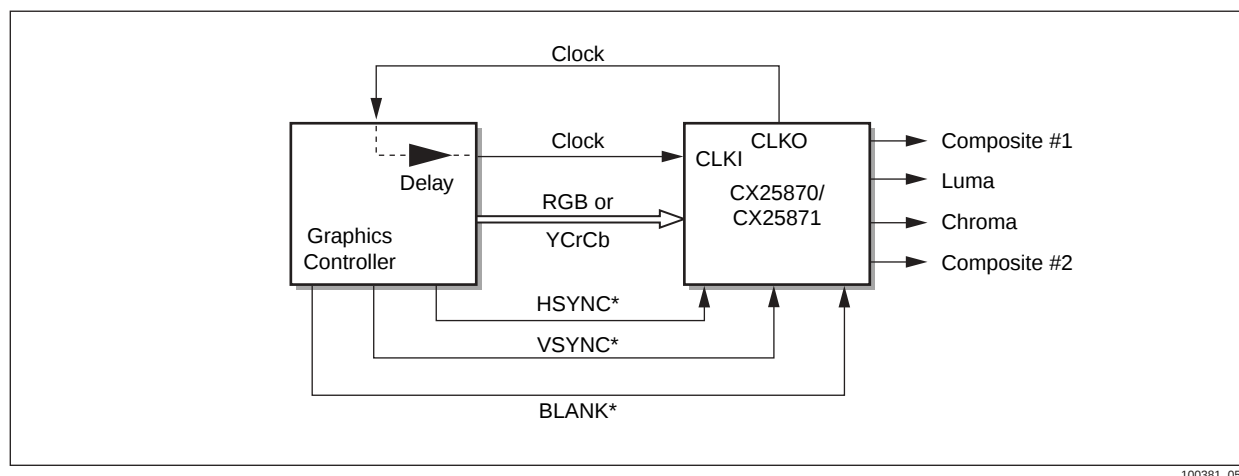
The BLANK line is necessary because a character clock is actually 8 or 9 pixel clocks in duration. This causes several pixel clocks to elapse, resulting in an erroneous delay prior to the next HSYNC\* being observed by the encoder and the next line starting. The only method of compensating for this delay is for character clock based controllers to use the BLANK\* signal. This signal is required in the physical interface to indicate the exact location of the first active pixel on each line.

### 1.3.7.3 Pseudo-Master Interface

In pseudo-master interface, the CX25870/871 generates clock reference signal, CLKO as an output. This signal's purpose is to inform the graphics controller the exact frequency at which the data must be sent to the encoder. Timing signals, HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and BLANK\*, are received by the encoder as inputs. The leading edges of these signals denote when a new clock period, new line, and new frame starts, respectively. Because this connection scheme shares mastering responsibilities, the interface is also named clocking master/timing slave.

An illustration of the pseudo-master interface is illustrated below using the graphics controller as the timing master device.

**Figure 1-6. Operating the CX25870/871 in Pseudo-Master Interface**



A minimum of 11 inputs (CLKI, HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and 8 lines for pixel data- P[7:0]) and 1 output (CLKO) are required for this configuration. The amount of inputs could grow as high as 28 if 24-bit RGB nonmultiplexed mode is chosen as the Input Pixel Mode (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0111) by the designer.

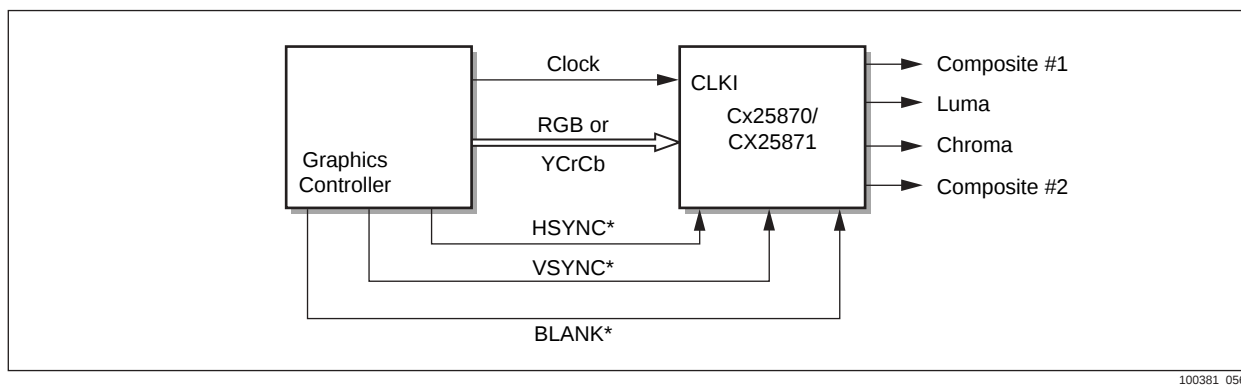
Pseudo-Master interface can only exist if the graphics controller can accept the encoder's reference clock and send back a version of that clock at the same frequency with the pixel data transitions synchronized to CLKI's rising and falling edges. This is accomplished via the VGA encoder's clock output (CLKO) and clock input (CLKI) ports.

**1.3.7.4 Slave Interface**

In slave interface, no output signals are generated by the encoder. The CX25870/871 relies strictly on the graphics controller to send clock and timing signals to trigger when a new clock period, new line, and new frame starts. Because no frequency reference signal is used (CLKO), the master device must pre-program the encoder with an appropriate register set so the CX25870/871 expects data at the specific digital pixel rate prior to actually receiving the data. In addition, the timing signals must be shaped so they adhere to the appropriate slave interface timing diagrams illustrated in [Chapter 4.0](#). Due to the added complexity of this interface, Conexant recommends its use only as a final option.

The slave interface is illustrated in [Figure 1-7](#) below using the graphics controller as the master device and S-Video and 2 Composite ports as the video outputs.

**Figure 1-7. Operating the CX25870/871 in Slave Interface**



100381\_056

A minimum of 11 inputs (CLKI, HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, and P[7:0]) are required for this configuration. The amount of inputs will increase to 15 (without BLANK\*) or 16 (with BLANK\*) if 24-bit multiplexed RGB mode is chosen as the Input Pixel Mode (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000) by the designer.

It is highly recommended that the device operate in master or pseudo-master interface to ensure that the input and output video streams remain synchronized. If either the master device, supplying the HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* inputs, or the encoder, which receives the data, is not correctly programmed, the output image will lose lock with the input. By running the CX25870/871 in either clock master interface, any timing errors that occur can be absorbed to some extent by the expansive on-board FIFO.

### 1.3.7.5 Slave Interface Without a Crystal

For price-sensitive applications, it is possible to remove the crystal found between the XTALIN and XTALOUT ports and strictly utilize the incoming CLKI signal as both the data transfer mechanism and internal main clock source for the encoder. To complete this architecture, the data master must also program the CX25870's EN\_XCLK bit to 1. This will trigger CLKI to be used for all operations requiring a clock source and force the encoder to ignore any oscillations received via its XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. The flicker filter and timing blocks will utilize this asynchronous clock on the input side for data processing, and the encoder will combine its internal PLL and CLKI in conjunction with the DACs to transmit video from the device.

Since CLKI will be the only incoming frequency reference, the encoder uses this signal to run its internal PLL for derivation of the video color subcarrier (Fsc). Since PAL and SECAM televisions are not lenient in accepting color subcarrier frequencies with more than 25 ppm error (i.e.,  $F_{sc} \pm 330$  Hz), it is critical the data master maintain a very high level of accuracy for the incoming clock. In numerical terms, this means that the incoming clock should always remain within a window of {ideal CLKI}  $\pm 25$  ppm. As an example, for autoconfiguration mode #1, CLKI would have to reside in the range [29.499270 MHz < ideal CLKI = 29.500008 MHz < 29.500746 MHz.]

Tight control of the incoming digital clock ensures that the CX25870 generates an analog Fsc of 4.433618 MHz  $\pm$  338 Hz for PAL-BGHI or 4.250000 / 4.406250 MHz  $\pm$  338 Hz for SECAM. Actual testing has found that excursions outside this range result in loss of color for PAL and SECAM televisions and sometimes affect NTSC sets in the same manner.

When the CX25870 is receiving an external clock, its serial bus is also dependent on this incoming signal. As a result, the data master should never disable the input clock. If this happens, even momentarily, the only way the encoder can recover is for the data master to pin RESET\* the CX25870. The encoder will then be re-enabled as a timing master and respond again to serial commands transmitted by the data master.

Several other registers must be reprogrammed to make this special type of interface work properly. Consult your local Conexant representative for technical assistance.

### 1.3.8 Autoconfiguration and Interface Bits

The default operation of the CX25870/871 is tied into its 44 autoconfiguration modes. Autoconfiguring the device occurs when bits CONFIG[5:3] and CONFIG[2:0] in register 0xB8 are programmed to any state from 000000 to 101111. At the conclusion of this serial write, default values are copied from the CX25870/871's internal ROM into the most important timing registers that have the indices 0x38 and 0x76 to 0xB4, inclusive. All other registers are not changed at the conclusion of an autoconfiguration mode.

After an autoconfiguration command, the CX25870/871 device remains in the same interface it was in before the command execution. Depending on which autoconfiguration mode# was initiated, the CX25870/871 will expect to receive either a 320x200, 320x240, 640x400, 640x480, 720x400, 720x480, 720x576, 800x600, or 1024x768 active digital input frame and output a NTSC or a PAL composite and/or S-video signal. See [Table 2-5](#) of this data sheet for a description of CONFIG[5:0] and [Appendix C](#) for more detail on each autoconfiguration mode.

Using an autoconfiguration mode is the easiest method for bringing up the most popular desktop, game/Direct X, DOS boot-up screen, and DVD resolutions with the encoder as both the timing and clock master. This is true even if the graphics controller cannot utilize the CX25870/871 in master mode but must use pseudo-master mode. To turn the direction of the SYNCs around so they are transmitted by the graphics controller and received by the CX25870/871 simply requires reprogramming the encoder via several serial writes.

The Interface bits that need to be changed are SLAVER, EN\_BLANKO, EN\_DOT, and EN\_OUT. Since the abilities of graphics controllers vary greatly, [Tables 1-7](#) through [1-12](#) have been compiled below to explain the relationship between the Interface bits and the actual interface itself. Even more permutations of the following interfaces below are possible but [Tables 1-7](#) to [1-12](#) capture the six most popular architectures.

**Table 1-7. Master Interface without a BLANK\* Signal (Default Immediately after any Autoconfiguration Command)**

| Interfaced Used                                                                                                         | SLAVER (Bit 5 of 0xBA) ORed with Slave Pin | EN_BLANKO (MSb of Register 0xC6) | EN_DOT (Bit 6 of Register 0xC6) | EN_OUT (LSb of Register 0xC4) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>MASTER</b> (default)<br>BLANK* is an output from the CX25870/871 or BLANK* is NOT included as part of the interface. | 0                                          | 1                                | 0                               | 1                             |

- If the SLAVE pin is tied to GND, the state of the SLAVER bit dictates whether the CX25870/871 is the timing master or timing slave by controlling the direction of the HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* ports. In other words, SLAVER will determine whether the overall interface is master or pseudo-master. The SLAVER bit allows the graphics controller vendor to switch between master video timing and slave video timing through software so long as the SLAVE pin (#51) is low.
- EN\_BLANKO is high (=1), signifying the CX25870/871's BLANK\* port is an output or that NO BLANK\* signal is used as part of the system.
- EN\_DOT = 0 telling the CX25870/871 to use its internal counters to determine the active versus the blanking regions.
- EN\_OUT = 1 ensures there is a clock output (CLKO) from the CX25870/871 and also enables HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* outputs.

**Table 1-8. Master Interface with a BLANK\* Input to the CX25870/871**

| Interfaced Used                                                                         | SLAVER (Bit 5 of 0xBA) ORed with Slave Pin | EN_BLANKO (MSb of Register 0xC6) | EN_DOT (Bit 6 of Register 0xC6) | EN_OUT (LSb of Register 0xC4) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>MASTER</b><br>BLANK* SIGNAL transmitted to the CX25870/871 and received as an input. | 0                                          | 0                                | 1                               | 1                             |

- If the SLAVE pin is tied to GND, the state of the SLAVER bit dictates whether the CX25870/871 is the timing master or timing slave by controlling the direction of the HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* ports. In other words, SLAVER determines whether the overall interface is master or pseudo-master. The SLAVER bit allows the graphics controller vendor to switch between master video timing and slave video timing through software so long as SLAVE pin (#51) is low.
- EN\_BLANKO is low (= 0), signifying the CX25870/871's BLANK\* port is an input.
- EN\_DOT = 1 telling the CX25870/871 to use the BLANK\* signal it is receiving to determine where active video starts (rising edge of BLANK\*) and uses HACTIVE register to determine the start of the blanking region.
- EN\_OUT = 1 ensures there is a clock output (CLKO) from the CX25870/871 and also enables HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* outputs.

**Table 1-9. Pseudo-Master Interface without a BLANK\* Signal**

| Interfaced Used                                                          | SLAVER (Bit 5 of 0xBA) ORed with Slave Pin | EN_BLANKO (MSb of Register 0xC6) | EN_DOT (Bit 6 of Register 0xC6) | EN_OUT (LSb of Register 0xC4) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>PSEUDO MASTER</b><br>BLANK* is NOT included as part of the interface. | 1                                          | 1                                | 0                               | 1                             |

## 1.3 Device Description

*Flicker-Free Video Encoder with Ultrascale Technology*

- SLAVER bit = 1 so the CX25870/871 is the video timing slave. It expects to receive the syncs from the graphics controller.
- EN\_BLANKO is high(=1), signifying the CX25870/871's BLANK\* port is an output or that NO BLANK\* signal is used as part of the system.
- EN\_DOT = 0 telling the CX25870/871 to use its internal counters to determine the active versus the blanking regions.
- EN\_OUT = 1 ensures there is a clock output (CLKO) from the CX25870/871.

**Table 1-10. Pseudo-Master Interface with a BLANK\* Input to the CX25870/871**

| Interfaced Used                                                                                | SLAVER (Bit 5 of 0xBA) ORed with Slave Pin | EN_BLANKO (MSb of Register 0xC6) | EN_DOT (Bit 6 of Register 0xC6) | EN_OUT (LSb of Register 0xC4) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>PSEUDO MASTER</b><br>BLANK* SIGNAL transmitted to the CX25870/871 and received as an input. | 1                                          | 0                                | 1                               | 1                             |

- SLAVER bit = 1 so the CX25870/871 is the video timing slave. It expects to receive the syncs from the graphics controller.
- EN\_BLANKO is low (= 0), signifying the CX25870/871's BLANK\* port is an input.
- EN\_DOT = 1 telling the CX25870/871 to use the BLANK\* signal it is receiving to determine where active video starts (rising edge of BLANK\*) and where the blanking region starts (falling edge).
- EN\_OUT = 1 ensures there is a clock output (CLKO) from the CX25870/871.

**Table 1-11. Slave Interface without a BLANK\* Signal**

| Interfaced Used                                                  | SLAVER (Bit 5 of 0xBA) ORed with Slave Pin | EN_BLANKO (MSb of Register 0xC6) | EN_DOT (Bit 6 of Register 0xC6) | EN_OUT (LSb of Register 0xC4) | EN_XCLK (MSb of Register 0xA0) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>SLAVE</b><br>BLANK* is NOT included as part of the interface. | 1                                          | 1                                | 0                               | 0                             | 1                              |

- After an autoconfiguration command, the CX25870/871 expects active low VSYNC\* and HSYNC\* signals from the controller. The format of pixels at input of encoder needs to be 24-bit RGB multiplexed unless modifications are made to the IN\_MODE[3:0] 4-bit sequence.
- In addition to [Table 1-11](#), another bit must be programmed manually with this interface. The most significant bit of CX25870/871 register 0xA0 must be set. This guarantees that EN\_XCLK is high (=1) which will allow the CX25870/871 to accept CLKI as the pixel clock source.

- SLAVER bit = 1 the CX25870/871 is the video timing slave. It expects to receive the syncs from the graphics controller. Since the CX25870 is in slave mode, the HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* outputs will be three-stated and the CX25870/871 will be set up to receive these timing signals from the graphics controller.
- EN\_BLANKO is high (=1), signifying the CX25870/871's BLANK\* port is an output or that NO BLANK\* signal is used as part of the system.
- EN\_DOT = 0 telling the CX25870/871 to use its internal counters to determine the active versus the blanking regions.
- EN\_OUT = 0: This ensures the clock output port (CLKO) is three-stated from the encoder.

**Table 1-12. Slave Interface with a BLANK\* Input to the CX25870/871**

| Interfaced Used                                                                        | SLAVER (Bit 5 of 0xBA) ORed with Slave Pin | EN_BLANKO (MSb of Register 0xC6) | EN_DOT (Bit 6 of Register 0xC6) | EN_OUT (LSb of Register 0xC4) | EN_XCLK (MSb of Register 0xA0) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>SLAVE</b><br>BLANK* SIGNAL transmitted to the CX25870/871 and received as an input. | 1                                          | 0                                | 1                               | 0                             | 1                              |

- After an autoconfiguration command, the CX25870/871 expects active low VSYNC\* and HSYNC\* signals from the controller. The format of pixels at input of encoder needs to be 24-bit RGB multiplexed unless modifications are made to the IN\_MODE[3:0] 4-bit sequence.
- In addition to [Table 1-11](#), another bit must be programmed manually with this interface. The most significant bit of CX25870/871 register 0xA0 must be set. This guarantees that EN\_XCLK will be high (=1) which will allow the CX25870/871 to accept CLKI as the pixel clock source.
- SLAVER bit = 1 so the CX25870/871 is the video timing slave. It will expect to receive the syncs from the graphics controller. Since the CX25870 is in slave mode, then the HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* outputs will be three-stated and the CX25870/871 will be set up to receive these timing signals from the graphics controller.
- EN\_BLANKO is low (= 0), signifying the CX25870/871's BLANK\* port is an input.
- EN\_DOT = 1, telling the CX25870/871 to use the BLANK\* signal it is receiving to determine where active video starts (rising edge of BLANK\*) and the HACTIVE register to denote where the blanking region starts.
- EN\_OUT = 0: This will ensure the clock output port (CLKO) is three-stated from the encoder.

**NOTE:** Autoconfiguration Mode #28 and #29 for NTSC and PAL DVD Playback place the encoder into slave interface where it expects a BLANK\* input ([Table 1-11](#)).

### 1.3.9 Adaptations for Clock-Limited Master Devices

Ideally, the graphics controller or proprietary ASIC, in combination with the CX25870/871, operates in either master or pseudo-master interface. Occasionally, using either of the clock master configurations is not possible because the master device does not have the capabilities of receiving a clock from the encoder nor can it synchronize the digital data with this clock on its return. If either limitation exists, only slave interface can be used for the system configuration. Often, within the slave interface, the data master can only generate certain discrete clock frequencies. This means the encoder has to make extra accommodations for normal TV Out to occur.

Fortunately, the encoder does have the flexibility to adapt to almost any incoming clock frequency in the range from 20 MHz to 80 MHz. All that is required is to follow the procedure in [Table 1-13](#) which forces the encoder to accept a frequency through CLKI that does not match any CX25870/871 autoconfiguration frequency. Once the CX25870/871's 4-byte wide MSC register is reprogrammed accordingly, the result is the generation of the correct color subcarrier frequency for NTSC or PAL and corresponding proper S-Video or Composite TV output.

[Table 1-13](#) and [Table 1-14](#) contain the procedures required for the encoder to accept a frequency through CLKI that is not equal but is close to the chosen CX25870/871 autoconfiguration mode clock frequency. Completion of the steps contained in the two tables will modify the MSC register and PLL\_INT and PLL\_FRACT registers correctly and thus produce an accurate NTSC or PAL analog output.

**Table 1-13. Adjustment to the CX25870/871 MSC Registers**

1. What is input frequency to CX25870/871's CLKI input from data master?
2. Depending on answer to step 1, find an autoconfiguration mode that has a frequency close to the incoming input frequency (within 1 MHz is preferred).
3. Look up the clock frequency for the chosen autoconfiguration mode in [Appendix C](#) of the CX25870/871 data sheet.
4. Determine the scaling factor 'x' where
 
$$x = \frac{\text{input frequency to CLKI input (usually from data master)}}{\text{autoconfiguration mode frequency as specified in [Appendix C](#)}}$$
5. Determine the autoconfiguration mode's MSC[31:0] value in hex by reading back the CX25870/871's registers; 0xB4(=MSB), 0xB2, 0xB0, 0xAE(=LSB). These register values can also be found by looking them up in Register C. The values determined will have to be cascaded together.
6. Convert the MSC[31:0] 4-byte hexadecimal value to decimal.
7. Divide the total found from step 6 by the scaling factor 'x' found from step 4.
8. Convert the answer from step 7 to the hexadecimal format. This value should be comprised of a total of 4 bytes. The most significant byte will likely not change from the previous value in register MSC[31:24]. Other MSC values may not change either but the least significant bytes should have definitely been modified.
9. Program the bytes determined from step 8 into the CX25870/871's MSC[31:0] registers. Write these bytes in order to registers 0xB4 (most significant byte = MSC[31:24]), 0xB2, 0xB0, and 0xAE (least significant byte = MSC[7:0]).

**Table 1-14. Adjustment to the PLL\_INT and PLL\_FRACT Registers**

1. What is input frequency to CX25870/871's CLKI input from data master?
2. Depending on answer to step 1, find an autoconfiguration mode that has a clock frequency close to the incoming CLKI frequency (within 1 MHz is preferred).
3. Look up the desired clock frequency for the chosen autoconfiguration mode in [Appendix C](#) of the CX25870/871 data sheet.
4. Determine the scaling factor 'x' where:
 
$$x = \frac{\text{input frequency to CLKI input (usually from data master)}}{\text{autoconfiguration mode frequency as specified in [Appendix C](#)}}$$
5. Determine the PLL\_INT value in hex by reading back the CX25870/871's register 0xA0 for that autoconfiguration mode. This register value can also be found by looking it up in [Appendix C](#).
6. Convert the PLL\_INT register value to decimal.
7. Multiply the answer found in step 6 by  $2^{16} = 65536$ .
8. Determine the PLL\_FRACT value in hex by reading back the CX25870/871's register 0x9E and 0x9C. These two registers cascade to form the PLL\_FRACT[15:0] 2-byte value. These register values can also be found by looking them up in [Appendix C](#).
9. Convert the 2-byte PLL\_FRACT register value to decimal.
10. From steps 7 and 9, add the PLL\_INT and PLL\_FRACT decimal values.
11. Multiply the total found from step 10 by the scaling factor 'x' found from step 4.
12. Convert the answer from step 11 to the hexadecimal format. The value should be comprised of a total of three bytes. The most significant byte will likely be the original PLL\_INT[7:0] byte from step 2.
13. Program the bytes determined from step 12 into the CX25870/871's PLL\_INT[7:0] and PLL\_FRACT[15:0] registers. The most significant byte from step 12 is the new PLL\_INT value. Write this to register 0xA0. The 2 least significant bytes from step 12 is the new PLL\_FRACT value. Write these bytes in order to registers 0xBE and 0xBC respectively.

### 1.3.10 Input Formats

The device can convert a wide range of input formats to analog standard or HDTV television video formats. The input can be either noninterlaced or interlaced digital data from 320 x 200 to a maximum of 1024 x 768 pixels per frame for standard TV outputs. While generating HDTV outputs the device can accept greater than 1024 x 768 input frames. Many other nonstandard input formats can be encoded as well. For detailed information on the CCIR601 mode, please refer to the *DVD Movie Playback Architecture and Solutions Application Note*. This application note can be obtained from your local Conexant Systems sales office.

For instructions on how to display nonstandard resolutions on the TV, request the "Supporting TV Out with Non-Standard Graphics Input Resolutions" Application Note from your local Conexant Systems sales office.

### 1.3.11 Input Pixel Timing

The device can accept the input data in either RGB or YCrCb color spaces. Data can be input either a full pixel at a time clocked in on the rising edge of CLKI only, or in various multiplexed modes, using both edges of CLKI.

In YCrCb format, either 24-bit 4:4:4 data or 16-bit 4:2:2 data can be input. In RGB format, either 15-bit 5:5:5, 16-bit 5:6:5, or 24-bit RGB can be input. In 16-bit 4:2:2 YCrCb input format, multiplexed Y, Cr, and Cb data is input through the P[11:4] or P[7:0] input pins. The Y data is input on the falling edge of CLKI. The Cr/Cb data is input on the rising edge of CLKI. The Cb/Y/Cr/Y sequence begins at the first active pixel. An additional 4:2:2 YCrCb input format maps Y to P[19:12] and Cr/Cb multiplexed on P[11:4]. In 24-bit 4:4:4 YCrCb input format, multiplexed Y, Cr, and Cb data is input through the P[11:0] inputs. Both the rising and falling edge of CLKI sample the input data.

In RGB input format, input data is sampled as 12 bits at a time in 24-bit RGB format or 8 bits at a time in 15/16-bit RGB format on both the rising and falling edge of CLKI. [Table 1-2](#) shows the data pin assignments for all available multiplexed input formats.

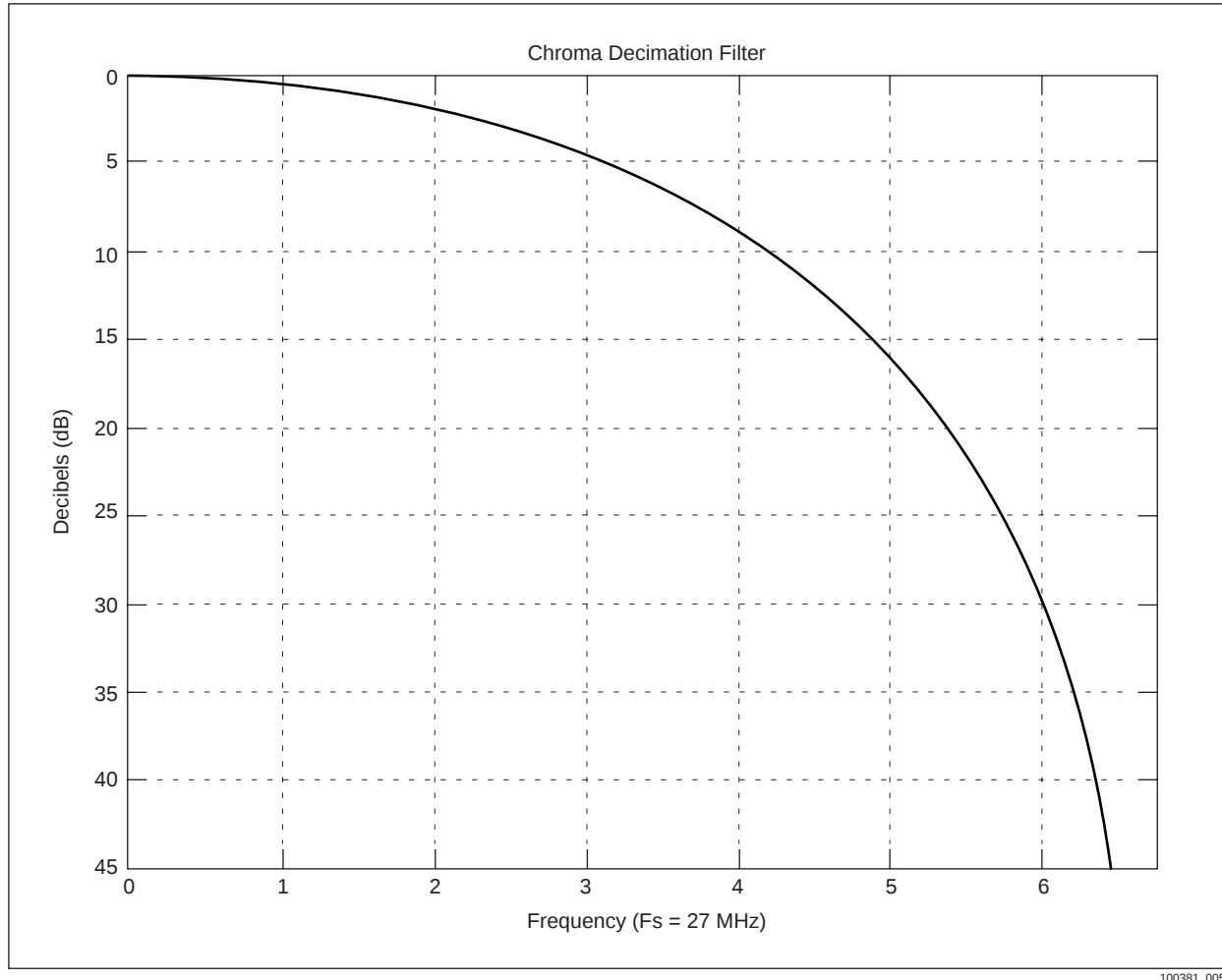
In addition, all 24-bit formats, a 16-bit RGB format, and a 16-bit YCrCb format can utilize the nonmultiplexed clocking method. See [Table 1-3](#) for these pin-to-bit assignments.

### 1.3.12 YCrCb Inputs (For Standard TV Outputs)

Y has a nominal range of 16–235; Cr and Cb have a nominal range of 16–240, with 128 (80 hex) equal to zero. Values of 0 and 255 are interpreted as 1 and 254, respectively. Y values of 1–15 and 236–254, and CrCb values of 1–15 and 241–254, are interpreted as valid linear values.

Figure 1-8 illustrates the frequency response of the sub-sampling process. If 4:4:4 data is input, it is subsampled to 4:2:2 prior to overscan compensation and flicker filtering.

**Figure 1-8. Decimation Filter at  $F_s=27$  MHz**



The resulting 4:2:2 output must then be converted to YUV values and then scaled for the output range of the DACs. The MY, MCR, and MCB registers must be programmed to perform this conversion. The scaling equations are as follows:

$$MY = (\text{int}) [V_{100}/(219.0 * V_{FS}) * 2^6 + 0.5]$$

$$MCR = (\text{int}) [(128.0/127.0) * V_{100} * 0.877/(224.0 * V_{FS} * 0.713 * \sin x) * 2^6 + 0.5]$$

$$MCB = (\text{int}) [(128.0/127.0) * V_{100} * 0.493/(224.0 * V_{FS} * 0.564 * \sin x) * 2^6 + 0.5]$$

where:  $V_{100}$  = 100% white voltage (0.661 V for NTSC, 0.7 V for PAL/SECAM)

$V_{FS}$  = Full scale output voltage (1.28 V)

$F_{sc}$  = color subcarrier frequency (see Table A-2)

$F_{clk}$  = Analog pixel rate

$$\sin x = \sin (\pi \cdot F_{SC}/F_{CLK})/(\pi \cdot F_{SC}/F_{CLK})$$

### 1.3.13 RGB Inputs (For Standard TV Outputs)

With IN\_MODE[3:0] set to a RGB mode, the encoder must receive digital gamma-corrected RGB data as an input. If this occurs, the RGB data will be converted to Y/R-Y/B-Y as follows:

$$Y[9:0] = [INT(0.299 * 2^{10}) * R[7:0]] + INT(0.587 * 2^{10} * G[7:0] + INT(0.114 * 2^{10}) * B[7:0] + 2^7) * 2^{-8}$$

$$0 \leq Y[9:0] \leq 1024$$

For 15 and 16 bit RGB input formats, individual R, G, and B values are left justified to eight bit numbers.

After the initial conversion, the Y/R-Y/B-Y values are sub-sampled to 4:2:2 data prior to overscan compensation and flicker filtering.

The resulting 4:2:2 output must then be converted to YUV values and then scaled for the output range of the DACs. The MY, MCR, and MCB registers must be programmed to perform this conversion. The scaling equations are:

$$MY = (int)[V_{100}/(255 * V_{FS}) * 2^6 + 0.5]$$

$$MCR = (int)[(128.0/127.0) * V_{100} * 0.877/(127 * V_{FS} * \sin x) * 2^5 + 0.5]$$

$$MCB = (int)[(128.0/127.0) * V_{100} * 0.493/(127 * V_{FS} * \sin x) * 2^5 + 0.5]$$

where:  $V_{100}$  = 100% white voltage (0.661 V for NTSC, 0.7 V for PAL)

$V_{FS}$  = Full scale output voltage (1.28 V)

$F_{sc}$  = color subcarrier frequency (see Table A-2)

$F_{clk}$  = CLKI input frequency

$\sin x = \sin [(2\pi F_{SC}/F_{CLK})/(2\pi F_{SC}/F_{CLK})]$

For SECAM formulas see the SECAM section.

### 1.3.14 Input Pixel Horizontal Sync

The HSYNC\* pin provides line synchronization for the pixel input data. It is an output in master interface and an input in slave and pseudo-master interface. In the master interface, it is a pulse two CLKI cycles in duration whose leading edge indicates the beginning of a new line of pixel data. The period between two consecutive HSYNC\* pulses is H\_CLKI CLK cycles. The first active pixel should be presented to the device H\_BLANKI minus the internal pipelined clock (5 CLK cycles) after the leading edge of HSYNC\*. The next H\_ACTIVE pixels are accepted as active pixels and used in the construction of the output video. In the slave interface the exact number of clocks per line (H\_CLKI) must be provided as calculated for the desired overscan ratio. Only the leading edge of HSYNC\* is used, low times must be at least two CLKI cycles in duration. HSYNC\* is clocked into the encoder by the rising edge of CLKI.

The polarity of the HSYNC\* signal is changed by the HSYNCI register bit. The default convention is active low.

### 1.3.15 Input Pixel Vertical Sync

The VSYNC\* pin provides field synchronization for the pixel input data. It is an output in master interface, and an input in the slave and the pseudo-master interface.

For noninterlaced input timing in master interface, VSYNC\* is a pulse one horizontal line time in duration whose leading edge indicates the beginning of a frame of input pixel data. The leading edge coincides with the leading edge of HSYNC\*. The period of the pulses is V\_LINES horizontal lines. The first line of active data should be presented to the device V\_BLANKI lines after the leading edge of VSYNC\*. The next V\_ACTIVEI lines are accepted as active lines and used in the construction of the output video.

The CX25870/871 disregards lines after the leading edge of VSYNC\* but before VSYNC\* + V\_BLANKI lines by not encoding them. In slave interface, the period must be exactly the frame rate of the desired video format. Only the leading edge is used, and the high and low duration must be at least two CLKI cycles. The beginning of the frame of data is indicated by the next leading edge of HSYNC\* coincident with or after the leading edge of VSYNC\*.

For interlaced input timing, only the slave interface is supported. The period must be exactly the frame rate of the desired video format. If the leading edge of HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* are coincident, that indicates the input is in odd field, the internal line counter is reset to line 1 at the leading edge of VSYNC\*. If the leading edges of HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* are not coincident, and separated by a minimum of two CLKI cycles, this indicates the input is an even field. In this case, the internal line counter is reset to line 2 at the beginning of the next line. Only the leading edge of VSYNC\* is used, and the high and low VSYNC\* width must be at least two CLKI cycles. VSYNC\* is clocked in by the rising edge of CLKI.

The polarity of the VSYNC\* input and output can be programmed by the VSYNCl register bit. The default convention is active low. The FLD\_MODE bits allow further flexibility in HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* timing relationship.

### 1.3.16 Input Pixel Blanking

Input pixel blanking can be controlled by either the BLANK\* pin or by the internal registers. Blanking can be programmed independently of master or slave interface using the EN\_BLANKO register bit. As an output (EN\_BLANKO = 1), pixel blanking is generated based on the active area defined by H\_BLANKI, H\_ACTIVE, V\_BLANKI, and V\_ACTIVEI registers. With EN\_BLANKO = 1, the BLANK\* pin is output in the proper relationship to the syncs to indicate the location of active pixels. As an input (EN\_BLANKO = 0), when the BLANK\* pin goes high, it indicates the start of active pixels at the pixel input pins. In addition, the H\_BLANKI register must be programmed properly. The duration of active data is still determined by the H\_ACTIVE register. BLANK\* is clocked by the rising edge of CLKI.

An additional function for the BLANK\* pin is used if the EN\_DOT register bit is set. If EN\_DOT = 1, the BLANK\* pin becomes an input whose rising edge defines the graphics controller character clock boundary. This is used internally by the encoder to keep track of the exact pixel count for controllers that cannot operate at pixel clock rates but instead operate at VGA character clock rates.

The polarity of the BLANK\* input/output can be programmed by the BLANKI register bit. The default convention is active low.

Table 1-15 summarizes the direction of the BLANK\* encoder in each interface. For more information refer to Section 1.3.8.

**Table 1-15. Summary of Allowable BLANK\* Signal Directions by Interface**

| Interface     | Allowable Direction of BLANK* |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Master        | Input or Output               |
| Pseudo-master | Input                         |
| Slave         | Input                         |

### 1.3.17 Overscan Compensation

Overscan compensation is the process by which the encoder converts the digital input lines to the appropriate number of output lines for producing a full-screen image on the television receiver. This conversion is done in accordance with the Vertical Scaling Ratio (VSR). VSR is the ratio of the number of input lines received to number of output lines generated by the CX25870 (i.e., 262.5 lines/field for NTSC and 312.5 lines/field for PAL-BDGI and SECAM). Using the correct amount of compensation in both the horizontal and vertical dimensions (at least 10 percent) will ensure that the entire digital image normally seen on the PC monitor is satisfactorily mapped to the analog television without any pixels or lines hidden in unviewable areas.

Increasing the Horizontal Overscan Compensation (HOC) percentage while keeping the Vertical Overscan Compensation (VOC) percentage the same will have several effects on the VGA Encoder. First, the number of output clocks per line (H\_CLKO) will increase. Correspondingly, the clock frequencies shared between the data master and CX25870 (i.e.,  $CLKO = CLKI$ ) will increase. Therefore, the original number of active pixels will be squeezed into a smaller analog video display region because the frequency at which input data is clocked into the CX25870 has increased. Since the CX25870 now processes active data at a faster rate than CCIR601-only compatible encoders, the graphics controller will need to transmit more blank pixels per line (i.e., HTOTAL must increase to match CX25870's H\_CLKI) to make up the difference.

Increasing the (VOC) percentage while keeping the Horizontal Overscan Compensation percentage the same will have several different effects on the VGA Encoder. First, the H\_CLKO total will stay the same as will the pixel rate (i.e.,  $CLKI = CLKO$ ). These parameters are dictated by the HOC value only. Second, the number of total vertical input lines ( $V\_LINESI = \text{data master's } VTOTAL$ ) will increase, which will increase the internal VSR. The net result is that more active pixels and more active lines will be used to generate each output line. The only way for the graphics controller to transmit these additional input lines with the same clock frequency as before is to decrease the amount of blanked pixels per line.

To support a custom overscan ratio, an entire set of overscan compensation calculations is required. This results in as many as 25 new register values for the CX25870. For ease of use, these equations are embedded into Conexant's programming application called Super Cockpit. Each computation is somewhat interdependent on the others but the basic overscan equations are as follows:

$$(*) \text{ VSR} = (\text{V\_LINESI}) / (\# \text{ of total output lines per field})$$

and

$$(**) \# \text{ Blanked Pixels} = \{[\text{H\_CLKO} / \text{VSR}] - \text{H\_ACTIVE}\}$$

For illustrative purposes, the calculations used to generate the 13.785 percent HOC percentage for Autoconfiguration Mode 0–640x480 RGB in, H\_CLKO = 1792, NTSC output, are shown below:

From [Appendix C](#) (CX25870/871 Data Sheet):

Number of clocks necessary to latch in the V.S.R. # of input lines for every 1 analog output line = 1792 CLKs [i.e., H\_CLKO]

CX25870 must ensure input is 2X upsampled.

Therefore:

$$\# \text{ active CLKs per analog line} = 2 * (\text{H\_ACTIVE})$$

$$\# \text{ active CLKs per analog line} = 1280 \text{ active CLKs per analog line}$$

$$\text{percent of input used to create active video area} = \{1280 \text{ active CLKs} / 1792 \text{ total CLKs}\} = 71.4286 \text{ percent}$$

Therefore:

$$(x) = \text{active region percent of analog output line} = 71.4286 \text{ percent}$$

$$(y) = \text{active region percent of typical analog video for NTSC} = 52.65556 \mu\text{s} / 63.55556 \mu\text{s} = (y) = 82.4945 \text{ percent of line is active}$$

$$\text{Ratio of } [x/y] = \{71.4286 \text{ percent} / 82.4945 \text{ percent}\} = 0.862147$$

$$\text{HOC percentage} = 1 - \{\text{Ratio of } [x/y]\}$$

$$\text{HOC percent} = 1 - 0.862147 = 13.785 \text{ percent} = \text{HOC percentage for Autoconfiguration Mode 0}$$

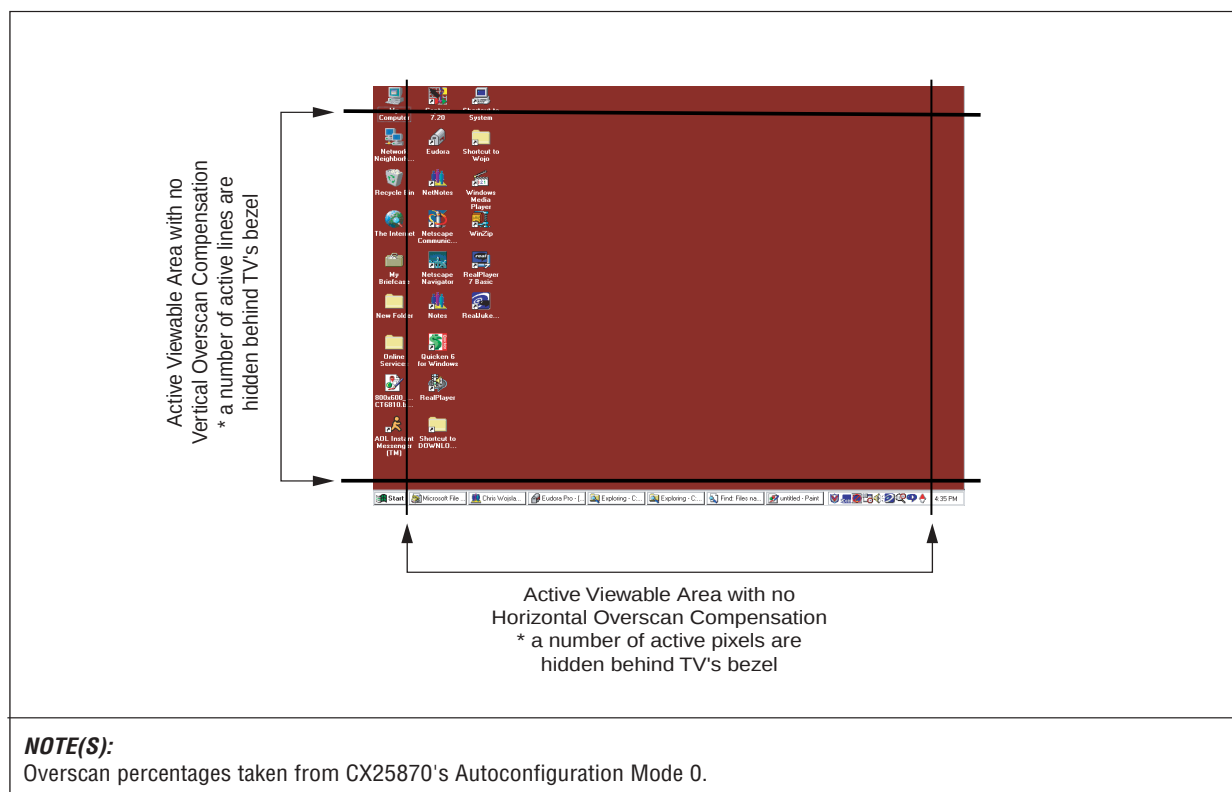
As a result, 13.785 percent of the horizontal active region within each line of an NTSC signal will be forcibly blanked by the CX25870. For most TVs, this will resize the upsampled digital image properly so all of the pixels fit horizontally within the beveled area of North American or Japanese TVs. The 13.785 percent overscan percentage is equally distributed on either side of the horizontal active region (i.e.,  $13.785 \text{ percent} / 2 = 6.89 \text{ percent}$  extra blanking for the beginning and end of the line). The original 640 active pixels (i.e., H\_ACTIVE) will then be 'squeezed' into the remaining analog active region due to the faster pixel rate.

The explanation of the vertical overscan percentage value is similar. For autoconfiguration mode #0, V\_ACTIVEO is 212, which means there are 210 full active lines per field. The first and last lines are filtered lines that assist in smoothing the transitions into and out of the active region to avoid flickering and are not counted. Any NTSC standard calls for 243 active lines per field, so  $210/243 = 0.864198$  of the vertical active region is used. This calculation yields a vertical overscan compensation percentage of  $100 - 86.4198 = 13.5802 \text{ percent}$ .

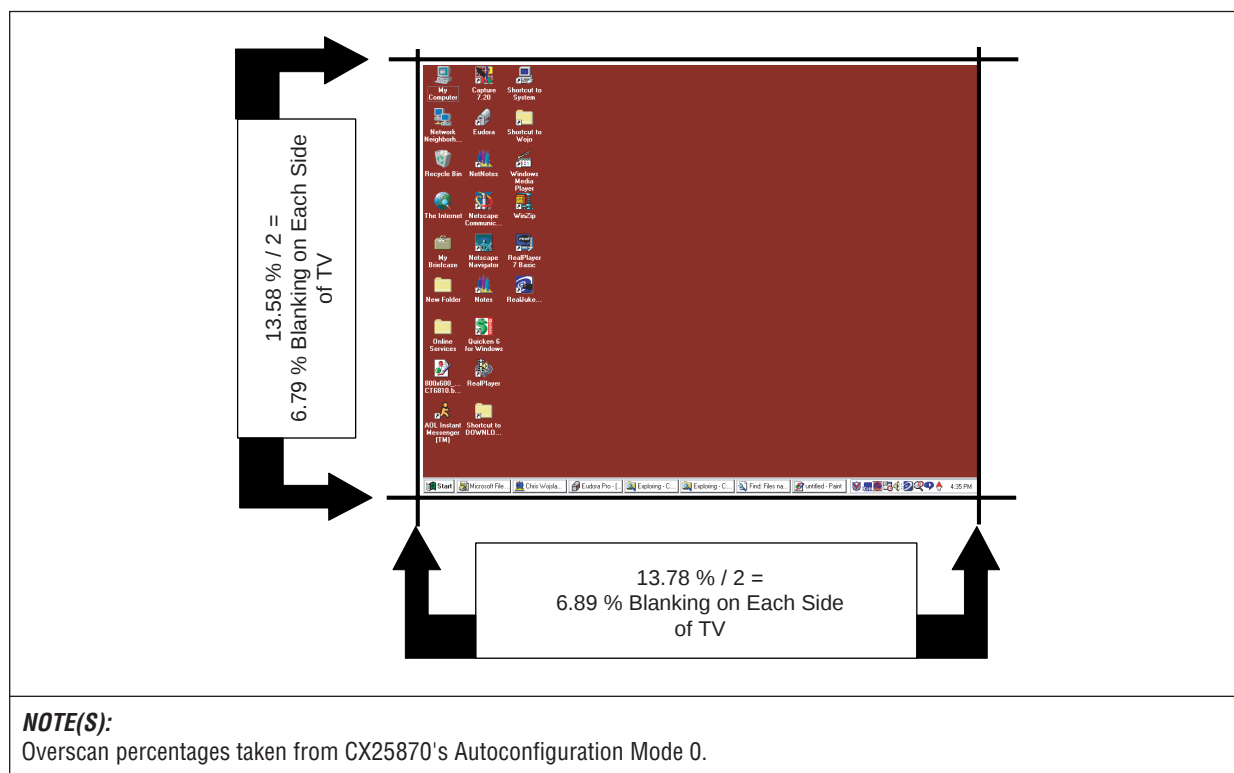
Flicker filtering and vertical and horizontal overscan compensation are NOT SUPPORTED in any interlaced RGB or YCrCb input format sent to the CX25870. Interlaced input data is commonly used for DVD Out from a MPEG2 Decoder chip. Because of the data and image content types, flicker filtering and overscan compensation are not necessary in this case.

Illustrations showing the before and after effects of overscan compensation can be found in [Figures 1-9](#) and [1-10](#).

**Figure 1-9. Windows Desktop Image From Encoder Without Overscan Compensation**



100381\_072

**Figure 1-10. Windows Desktop Image From CX25870 With Overscan Compensation**

In [Figure 1-10](#), the CX25870 overscan compensated the 640 horizontal active pixels of data to fit within the viewable video region. With 13.78 percent HOC, the active data is contained within a 45.397  $\mu$ s. portion of time within each active line while the remaining 7.26  $\mu$ s (52.65556  $\mu$ s.–45.397  $\mu$ s.) part of the active region is blanked by the encoder.

The net result of overscan compensation will be an interlaced NTSC, PAL, or SECAM video image that fits within the bezel area of a TV Monitor. Correct choice of the HOC and Vertical Overscan Compensation (VOC) percentages is important so that no regions of the active input image will be hidden behind the plastic of the TV unit. Various TVs require different HOC and VOC values to fully utilize the entire viewable area of the TV. For the user's convenience, Conexant has generated [Appendix A](#) in the CX25870/871 datasheet which lists many of the possible overscan ratios for the 3 major desktop resolutions (640x480, 800x600, and 1024x768) and the 2 most popular video outputs (NTSC and PAL-BDGI). Varying amounts of blanking would be required depending on the HOC and VOC percentages and active input resolutions.

Ultimately, the blanked regions would be dictated by the BLANK\* signal itself and/or the internal pixel counter for the CX25870/871. Actual transmission of null or blanked pixels is not necessary since the encoder ignores any data sent to it via the pixel input port within the blanked regions. Only the active pixels need to be sent to the encoder from the controller during the digital active period.

Figures A-1 through A-8 illustrate many of the allowable overscan compensation percentage pairs for the major desktop resolutions and the most popular video outputs. These figures illustrate the minimum horizontal blanking times the data master must possess along with overscan compensation plots for pixel based data masters as well as 8-and 9-cycle character clock based graphics controllers.

### 1.3.18 Standard Flicker Filtering

To understand what flicker filtering is, one must understand two of the primary differences between the analog video standards used by TVs and the technology used in today's computer monitors.

First of all, computer monitors receive their video signal in a more basic, pristine form than TVs do. As discussed earlier, the video signal sent by a computer to its monitor is broken into multiple electrical components (red, green, blue and sync) while a TV signal has all necessary information combined into a single composite signal or separate Luma and Chroma analog channels (S-Video). In order to process this composite signal, a TV must break it up into its original components, inevitably degrading the picture quality and creating distortions.

A second factor contributing to the decreased quality of images displayed on TV monitors is interlacing, a technique by which a complete TV picture is drawn in two passes from top to bottom on the picture tube. In interlacing, the first pass paints all the "odd" lines and the second pass paints the "even" lines. Noticeable flicker occurs when the images in the odd lines are very different from the images in the even lines. As the odd and even lines are alternately displayed, the eye perceives the quick appearing and disappearing of visual information. This results in the irritation called flicker. Flicker is especially noticeable when viewing thin horizontal lines that only take up a single row within the odd or even field. If, for example, the line happens to be on an odd row, it totally disappears every time the even rows are displayed resulting in that item appearing and disappearing at the field rate on the TV.

Unlike TV monitors, computer monitors paint an entire image in one pass from top to bottom, in a display format called noninterlaced or progressive. Images displayed in a noninterlaced format do not suffer from the same flicker problems.

For improved image quality and reduced flickering, the CX25870 contains a 5-tap or 5-line flicker filter for both the Luma (F\_SELY[2:0]) channel and Chroma (F\_SELCL[2:0]) channel. The Conexant standard flicker-filter works by applying a mathematically weighted averaging algorithm to the incoming pixels of data from different lines. This slightly alters the digital information that is processed and eventually converted to the odd and even lines of a TV picture so that the alternating lines are more similar to each other. This way, when they appear and disappear in the interlacing process, the flicker is less noticeable. The more similar the lines are made to appear, the less flicker is visible.

However, the trade-off is that as flicker is reduced, more and more information is being altered by the encoder and potentially lost from the original picture. Vertical resolution is therefore sacrificed and text clarity suffers especially for small fonts below 10 points in size. For this reason, the amount of flicker filtering is programmable and should be controllable by the end user. Finding an optimal standard flicker filter setting for Luma and Chroma is somewhat subjective in nature and ensures that a pleasing image is seen on the television.

Unlike other encoders, the CX25870 integrates both a standard flicker filter and additional adaptive flicker filter. This implementation allows for the preservation of small font text clarity and other challenging video images lost with only one filtering step. The adaptive feature eliminates more flicker with less loss of resolution because it is able to selectively apply more aggressive flicker reduction only to those portions of an image where the effect will be beneficial. Encoders lacking this adaptive filter apply the standard flicker filtering process to the entire screen. Small text and icons often become unreadable and thin, horizontal lines may completely disappear. The CX25870's adaptive flicker filter prevents this from happening and is described in its own section within this document.

So long as progressive RGB or YCrCb data is received, the CX25870's flicker filter is effective with any active resolution from 320x200 to a maximum of 1024 x 768. The flicker reduction is present on any interlaced video output such as NTSC, PAL, or SECAM. The DIS\_FFILT register bit turns off the standard flicker filter. The vertical scaling can be disabled by setting the internal V\_SCALE register to 4096 for a noninterlaced input. Finally, the CX25870 supports up to 24-bit color processing, meaning that the converted image will feature the same depth of color as the original computer picture.

### 1.3.19 Adaptive Flicker Filter

Adaptive Flicker Filtering is a new feature included with the CX25870/871. It allows the encoder to automatically alter the amount of flicker filtering based on the image being processed. The result is a high-quality optimized image because the perfect balance between vertical resolution and flicker reduction has been achieved. The adaptive flicker filter is enabled via the ADPT\_FF bit. There are four possible settings ranging from 2-line (most observable flicker, greatest vertical resolution) to 5-line (minimal observable flicker, moderate vertical resolution). The luminance and chrominance outputs are independent in terms of the level of adaptive flicker filtering. When the adaptive flicker filter is on, the manual flicker filter is off and vice versa.

Vertical filtering in the CX25870/871 serves three purposes:

- Vertical polyphase interpolation filtering to upsample the image data vertically. This increases the resolution and accuracy of the subsequent vertical downsampling required to fit the entire image into the visible region of the television.
- Anti-alias filtering to reduce aliasing artifacts when downsampling vertically.
- Flicker filtering to reduce the flicker produced when vertical high frequency content is displayed on an interlaced device.

The vertical interpolation filtering and vertical anti-alias filtering requirements are driven by the amount of vertical down scaling required, and do not vary substantially with image content. The flicker filtering requirement, however, is dependent upon the image content.

Regions of the image with vertical high frequency content will flicker in proportion to the amplitude of that high frequency content. Regions with high amplitude vertical high frequency content require substantial flicker filtering, but regions with low amplitude or no vertical high frequency content require little or no flicker filtering.

For this reason, the CX25870/871 provides adaptive flicker filtering. It analyzes the image content to detect areas that require strong flicker filtering, and adjusts its vertical filtering to apply stronger flicker filtering to those regions. This analysis and adjustment occurs on a pixel by pixel basis, so each pixel in the output line has the optimal amount of flicker filtering applied to it.

The Adaptive\_FF1 and Adaptive\_FF2 registers (0x34 and 0x36) configure the adaptive algorithm. The Y\_ALTFF[1:0] and C\_ALTFF[1:0] fields allow the selection of the alternative (i.e., stronger) flicker filter to combine with the standard flicker filter selected by fields F\_SELY[1:0] and F\_SELCL[1:0] (register 0xC8). This creates an array of flicker filters for the Y channel and C channel respectively. The actual flicker filter applied for a given pixel output depends on the detection and location of any high amplitude vertical high frequency content within the input samples that creates that output pixel.

The amplitude of the high frequency content that triggers an adaptation of the flicker filter can be adjusted via the Y\_THRESH[2:0] and C\_THRESH[2:0] bit fields. The FFRTN bit offers two ways to combine the standard and alternate flicker filters to generate an array of flicker filters. The YSELECT bit allows the Chroma channel flicker filter to be adapted based on the Chroma channel or the Y (i.e., Luminance) channel content.

**NOTE:** Neither standard nor adaptive flicker filtering is supported by the CX25870/871 in noninterlaced video output formats (VGA style RGB, HDTV 480p, 720p).

Table 1-16 summarizes recommended configurations of the adaptive flicker filter for various types of image content and resolutions.

Table 1-16. Optimal Adaptive and Standard Flicker Filter Settings for Common PC Applications and Resolutions

|                                                                          | Standard FF settings |        | CX25870 Adaptive FF settings |         |         |          |          |          |       |      |           | Register 0x34   | Register 0x36   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|-------|------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                                                          | FSEL_Y               | FSEL_C | ADPT_FF                      | Y_ALTFF | C_ALTFF | Y_THRESH | C_THRESH | Y_SELECT | FFRTN | BYCR | CHROMA_BW | Final Hex Value | Final Hex Value |
| Desktop Resolution/<br>Video Output Type                                 | 3-line               | 3-line | On=Checked                   | 4-line  | 4-line  | 000      | 000      | On       | On    | 1    | 0         | 9B              | C0              |
|                                                                          | 3-line               | 3-line | On=Checked                   | 4-line  | 4-line  | 100      | 100      | On       | On    | 1    | 0         | 9B              | E4              |
|                                                                          | 4-line               | 4-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 010      | 010      | Off      | On    | 1    | 0         | 80              | 92              |
|                                                                          | 4-line               | 4-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 010      | 010      | On       | On    | 1    | 0         | 80              | D2              |
| 1024x768 in, NTSC out                                                    | 5-line               | 5-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 110      | 110      | On       | Off   | 1    | 0         | 80              | F6              |
| 1024x768 in, PAL-BDGIH out                                               | 5-line               | 5-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 110      | 110      | On       | Off   | 1    | 0         | 80              | F6              |
| Web Page Resolution/<br>Video Output Type                                | FSEL_Y               | FSEL_C | ADPT_FF                      | Y_ALTFF | C_ALTFF | Y_THRESH | C_THRESH | Y_SELECT | FFRTN | BYCR | CHROMA_BW | Final Hex Value | Final Hex Value |
| 640x480 in, NTSC out                                                     | 4-line               | 3-line | On=Checked                   | 4-line  | 4-line  | 100      | 100      | Off      | Off   | 1    | 0         | 9B              | 24              |
| 800x600 in, NTSC out                                                     | 4-line               | 4-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 010      | 010      | Off      | Off   | 1    | 0         | 80              | 12              |
| 1024x768 in, NTSC out                                                    | 5-line               | 5-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 110      | 110      | On       | Off   | 1    | 0         | 80              | F6              |
| Word Processing<br>Resolution/Video Output Type                          | FSEL_Y               | FSEL_C | ADPT_FF                      | Y_ALTFF | C_ALTFF | Y_THRESH | C_THRESH | Y_SELECT | FFRTN | BYCR | CHROMA_BW | Final Hex Value | Final Hex Value |
| 640x480 in, NTSC out                                                     | 3-line               | 3-line | On=Checked                   | 4-line  | 4-line  | 010      | 010      | Off      | On    | 1    | 0         | 9B              | 92              |
| 800x600 in, NTSC out                                                     | 4-line               | 4-line | On=Checked                   | 5-line  | 5-line  | 100      | 100      | On       | Off   | 1    | 0         | 80              | 64              |
| NOTE(S): Off means a '0' bit setting while On denotes a '1' bit setting. |                      |        |                              |         |         |          |          |          |       |      |           |                 |                 |

### 1.3.20 VGA Registers Involved in the TV Out Process

Timing constraints for the CX25870/871 are driven by the timing requirements of the analog video output (NTSC, PAL, or SECAM) together with the active resolution and overscan compensation ratio (i.e., amount of blanking in the active region) of the television image. To explain what specific CRTC or VGA registers within the graphics controller need to be involved in displaying a nonstandard or desktop format on both a TV and CRT, one can work backwards from those output signal timing requirements to determine the input timing requirements.

Each output field has a vertical blanking region and an active region. These regions are defined relative to the vertical sync pulse, horizontal sync pulse, given format (i.e., number of lines per field), and a given pixel clock frequency (i.e., number of pixel clocks per line). Within each line of the active region there is a horizontal blanking period (that includes a horizontal sync pulse) and an active period (where the image data is located). Given those parameters, at least six registers within every generic graphics controller need to be changed for each active/total resolution.

Table 1-17 lists VGA/CRTC Registers Involved in TV Out Process.

**Table 1-17. VGA/CRTC Registers Involved in TV Out Process**

| Register Name                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Start VBLANK/VSYNC* and End VBLANK/VSYNC* | These VGA registers work in combination with each other to control the scan line at which the vertical blanking period begins and the point at which it ends.                                                                                                                                                                |
| VACTIVE                                   | Dictates the specific number of active lines for the present digital frame.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| VTOTAL                                    | Specifies the number of scan lines from one VSYNC* active to the next VSYNC* active pulse. The difference between Vtotal and Vactive is the amount of blanked lines.                                                                                                                                                         |
| HBLANK/HSYNC* Start and HBLANK/HSYNC* End | This VGA register set works in combination with each other to control the value of the pixel or character clock counter where the HSYNC* signal becomes active and the position at which HSYNC* becomes inactive.                                                                                                            |
| HACTIVE                                   | Dictates the specific number of active pixels per line.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| HTOTAL                                    | Specifies the number of pixel clocks or character clocks from one HSYNC* active to the next HSYNC* active pulse. In other words, this is the total time required for both the displayed and nondisplayed portions of a single scan line. The difference between Htotal and Hactive is the amount of blanked pixels per line. |

To achieve VGA compatibility, the controller must manipulate some of its own VGA register settings in order to produce a hi-quality dual display on both the computer monitor and TV. It should be noted that the encoder has no way of knowing that a different VGA mode has been selected. As a result, it relies on the I<sup>2</sup>C®-compatible master device to reconfigure it via an autoconfiguration mode or complete register rewrite to make adjustments in its timing.

When the two devices are programmed correctly, regardless of the interface, the required input HSYNC\*/VSYNC\* to first input active pixel or line spacing “matches” the output HSYNC\*/VSYNC\* to first output active pixel or line spacing. When this occurs, the graphics controller always transmits active data at the time the CX25870/871 expects to receive it. Superior TV Out quality is achieved only when this type of timing symmetry exists.

### 1.3.21 Output Modes

The encoder can generate output video as Composite/Y-C(S-Video), YUV component, VGA-style RGB, SCART, Component ( $Y_P R_P B_P$ ) for HDTV, or RGB for HDTV. These outputs are selected by the OUT\_MODE[1:0] register bits in combination with the HDTV\_EN and EN\_SCART bits.

While the encoder is in VGA style RGB, no color space conversion is possible from input to output. Analog RGB is transmitted from a digital RGB input and analog YCrCb is output from a digital YCrCb input.

When outputting RGB with HDTV\_EN = 0, the device outputs VGA/SVGA analog RGB with a bilevel sync. In this mode, the R, G, and B input data is fed to the DACs after the addition of the horizontal sync and, if the SETUP bit is one, the setup pedestal is added. The output currents are scaled so that the DACs output the proper 1 V full-scale (sync tip to peak white) levels for driving a CRT monitor. The graphics controller must provide all the timing control (HSYNC and VSYNC signals) for the monitor, which results in the encoder operating as a slave in this case. Only the P[23:0], BLANK\*, HSYNC\*, and VSYNC\* input pins and the RGB analog output pins are active. The BLANK\*, HSYNC\*, and VSYNC\* pins are automatically enabled as inputs in this mode.

Each of the four video signals generated by the OUT\_MODE[1:0] field can be multiplexed to any DAC using the OUT\_MUXA[1:0], OUT\_MUXB[1:0], OUT\_MUXC[1:0], and OUT\_MUXD[1:0] register bits. To do this, program the 2-bit value representing the desired type of output into the appropriate OUT\_MUXx[1:0] register. As an example, suppose a system requires composite video (i.e., 00) to be output from DAC\_A, chroma (10) on DAC\_B, luma (01) on DAC\_C, and composite video (00) on DAC\_D. This scheme could be accomplished by programming register 0xC6 with 0001 1000 binary or 18 hex.

The LUMADLY[1:0] register bits control the amount of delay for the Y\_DLY analog output. The allowable delay ranges from 0 (no delay) to 3 pixel clocks.

All digital-to-analog converters are designed to drive standard video levels into a combined RLOAD of 37.5  $\Omega$  (doubly-terminated 75  $\Omega$  loads). Unused outputs should be disabled by setting the corresponding DACDISx bit to minimize the supply current or left as a no connect. Disabling unused DAC outputs reduces cross chroma distortion and improves picture quality.

### 1.3.22 Analog Horizontal Sync

The HSYNC\_WIDTH[7:0] register determines the duration of the horizontal sync pulse. The beginning of the horizontal sync pulse corresponds to the reset of the internal horizontal pixel counter. The horizontal line rate is determined by H\_CLKO[11:0]. The internal horizontal counter is reset to 1 at the beginning of the horizontal sync and counts up to H\_CLKO.

The sync rise and fall times are automatically controlled. The sync amplitude is programmable over a range of values by SYNC\_AMP[7:0]. Incrementing the sync amp by 1 increases the sync amplitude of the analog sync pulse by 30 millivolts.

### 1.3.23 Analog Vertical Sync

The analog vertical sync duration is selectable as either 2.5 or 3 lines by register bit VSYNC\_DUR. If VSYNC\_DUR = 1, 3 lines are selected; if VSYNC\_DUR = 0, 2.5 lines are selected.

The device automatically blanks the video from the start of the horizontal sync interval through the end of the burst, as well as the vertical sync to prevent erroneous video timing generation.

### 1.3.24 Analog Video Blanking

Analog video blanking is controlled by the H\_BLANKO, V\_BLANKO, and V\_ACTIVEO registers. Together they define an active region where pixels are displayed. V\_BLANKO defines the number of lines from the leading edge of the analog vertical sync to the first active output line per field. V\_ACTIVEO defines the number of active output lines. H\_BLANKO defines the number of output pixels from the leading edge of horizontal sync to the first active output pixel. H\_ACTIVE defines the number of active output pixels.

The device automatically blanks video from the start of the horizontal sync interval through the end of the burst, as well as the vertical sync interval to prevent erroneous video timing generation.

### 1.3.25 Video Output Standards Supported

There are several bits (625LINE, SETUP, VSYNC\_DUR, PAL\_MD, FM, DIS\_SCRST), a PAL pin, and various autoconfiguration modes, that control the generation of various video standards. (These are summarized in [Table 1-18](#).) They allow the generation of all the different NTSC, PAL, and SECAM video standards. The aforementioned bits control the specific encoding process parameters. It is likely other registers may need to be modified to meet all the video parameters of the particular video standard. Video timing diagrams are illustrated in [Figures 1-11](#) through [1-22](#). These show typical events that occur for each type of video format.

**Table 1-18. Important Bit Settings for Various Video Outputs**

| Video Output Bit | NTSC-M | NTSC-Japan | PAL-BDGIH | PAL-N | PAL-Nc | PAL-M | PAL-60 | SECAM-B, G, H <sup>(3)</sup> | SECAM-D, K, K1 <sup>(2)</sup> | SECAM-L <sup>(1)</sup> |
|------------------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------|--------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| VSYNC_DUR        | 1      | 1          | 0         | 1     | 0      | 1     | 1      | 0                            | 0                             | 0                      |
| 625LINE          | 0      | 0          | 1         | 1     | 1      | 0     | 0      | 1                            | 1                             | 1                      |
| SETUP            | 1      | 0          | 0         | 1     | 0      | 1     | 0      | 0                            | 0                             | 0                      |
| PAL_MD           | 0      | 0          | 1         | 1     | 1      | 1     | 1      | 0                            | 0                             | 0                      |
| DIS_SCRST        | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      | 1                            | 1                             | 1                      |
| FM               | 0      | 0          | 0         | 0     | 0      | 0     | 0      | 1                            | 1                             | 1                      |

**NOTE(S):**

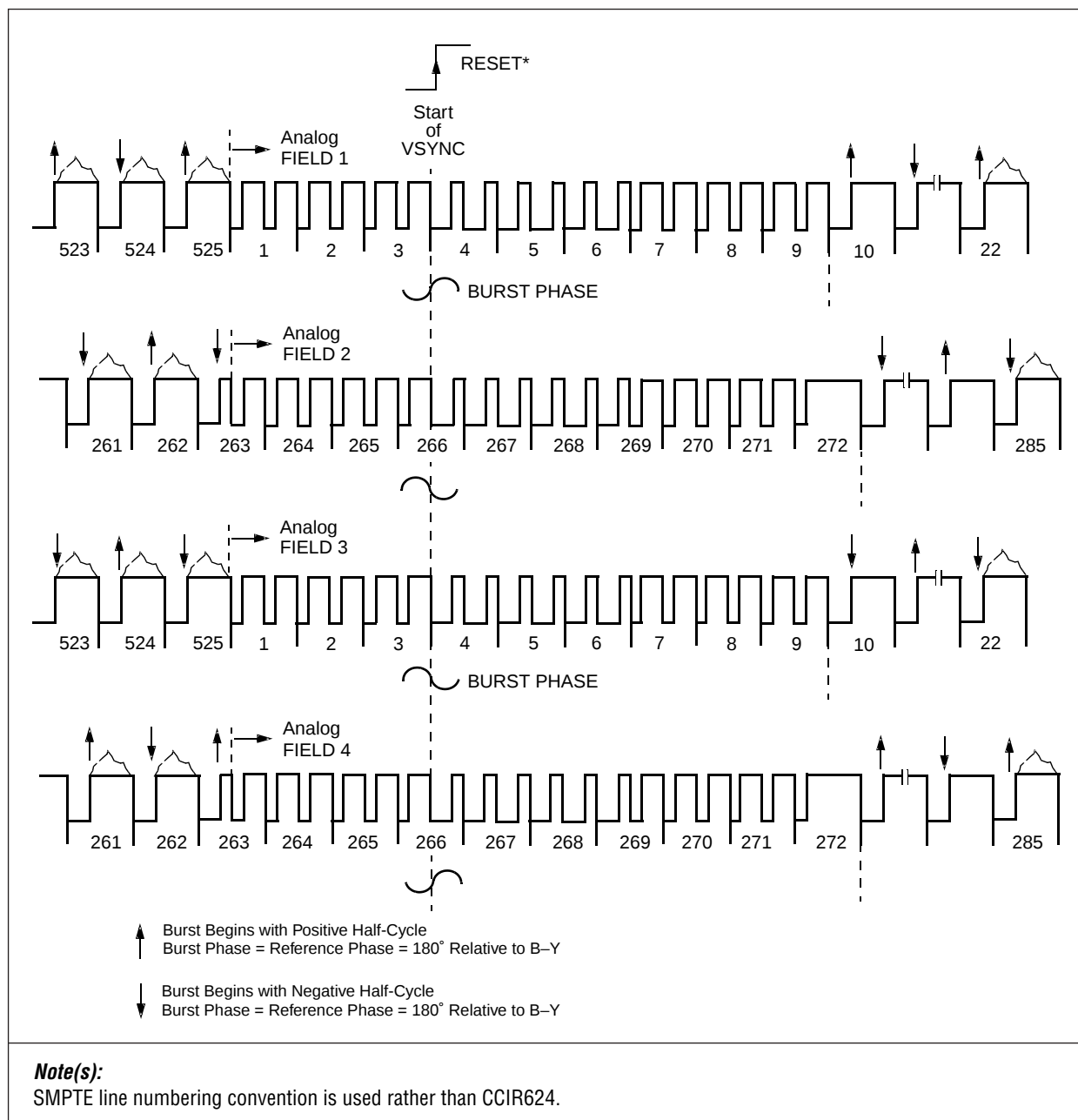
(1) SECAM-L used primarily in France.

(2) SECAM-D, K, K1 used primarily in Russia and Eastern European nations.

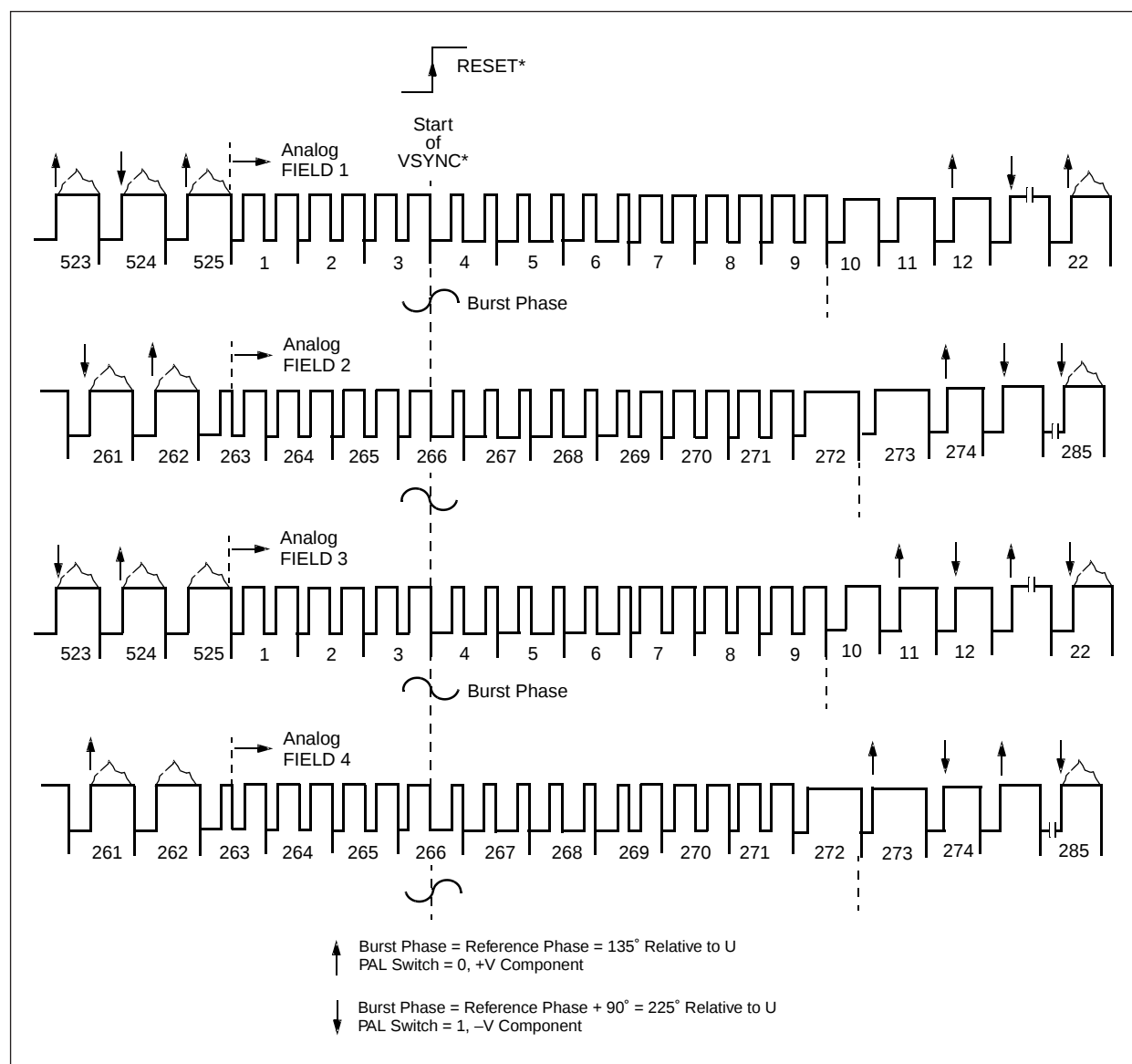
(3) SECAM-B, G, M used primarily in the Middle East.

(4) Other CX25870 registers and bits must be reprogrammed to generate different video outputs. The bits in [Table 1-18](#) are the most important settings.

Figure 1-11. Interlaced 525-Line (NTSC) Video Timing

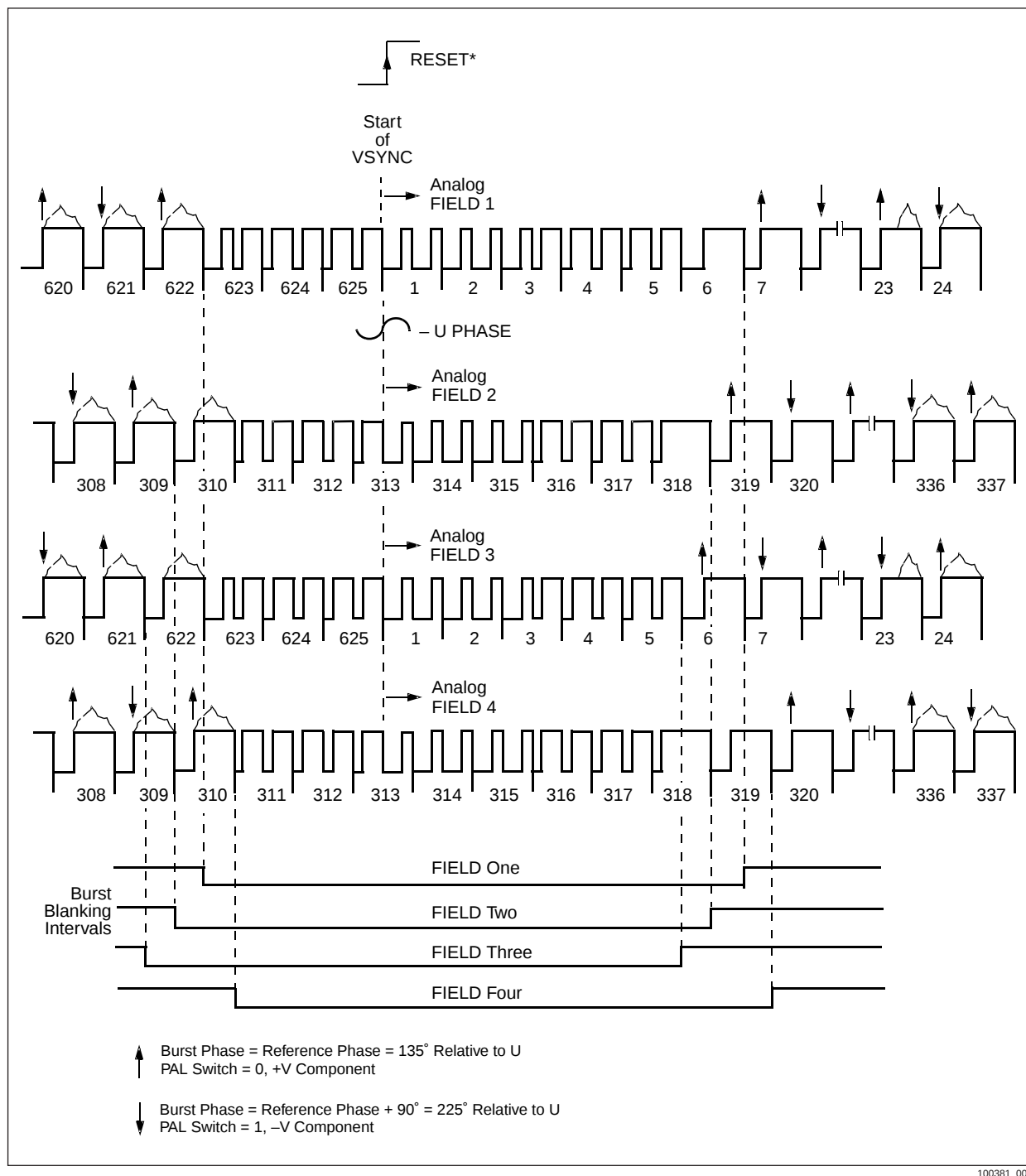


100381\_006

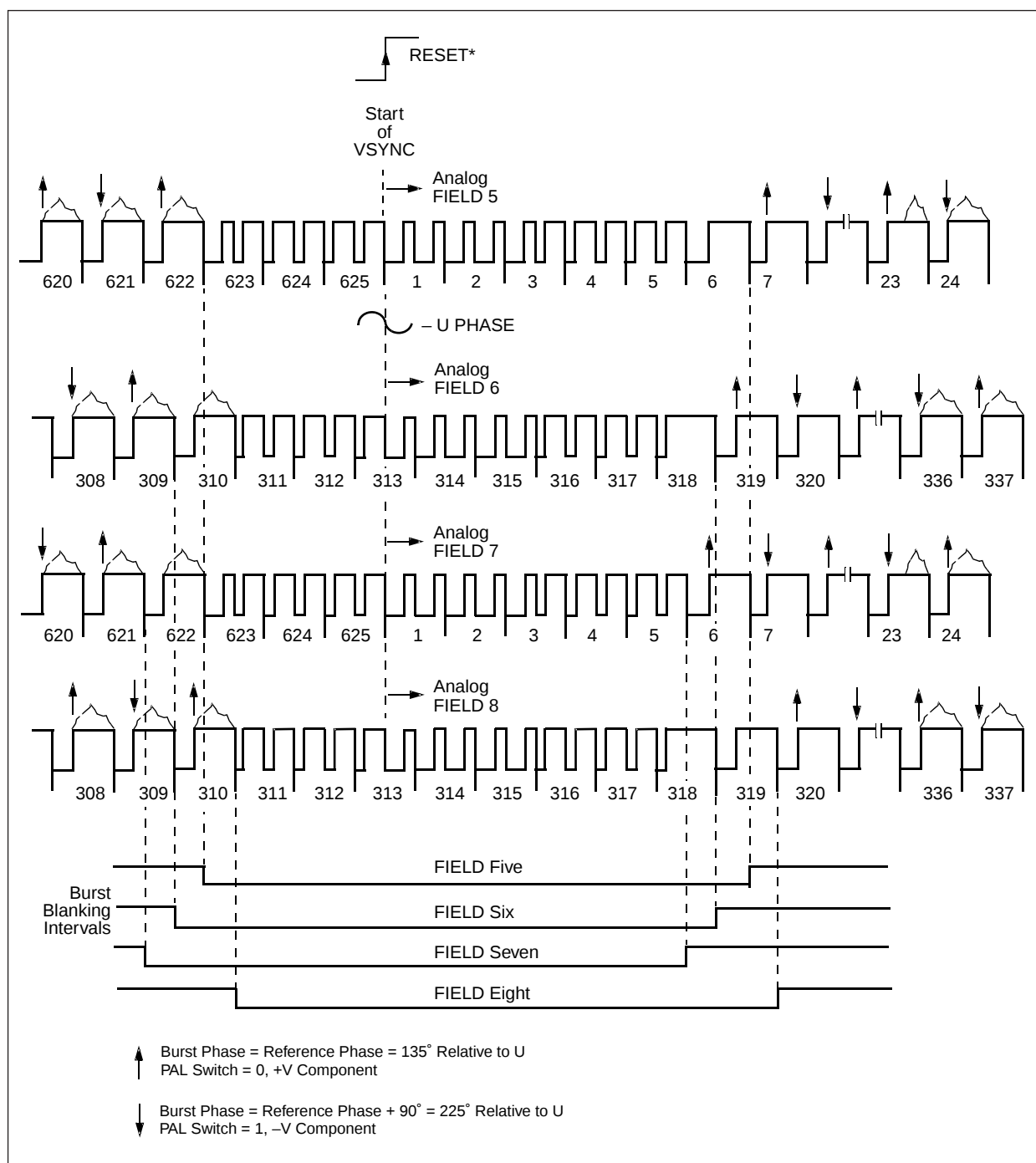
**Figure 1-12. Interlaced 525-Line (PAL-M) Video Timing**

100381\_007

Figure 1-13. Interlaced 625-Line (PAL-B, D, G, H, I, Nc) Video Timing (Fields 1–4)

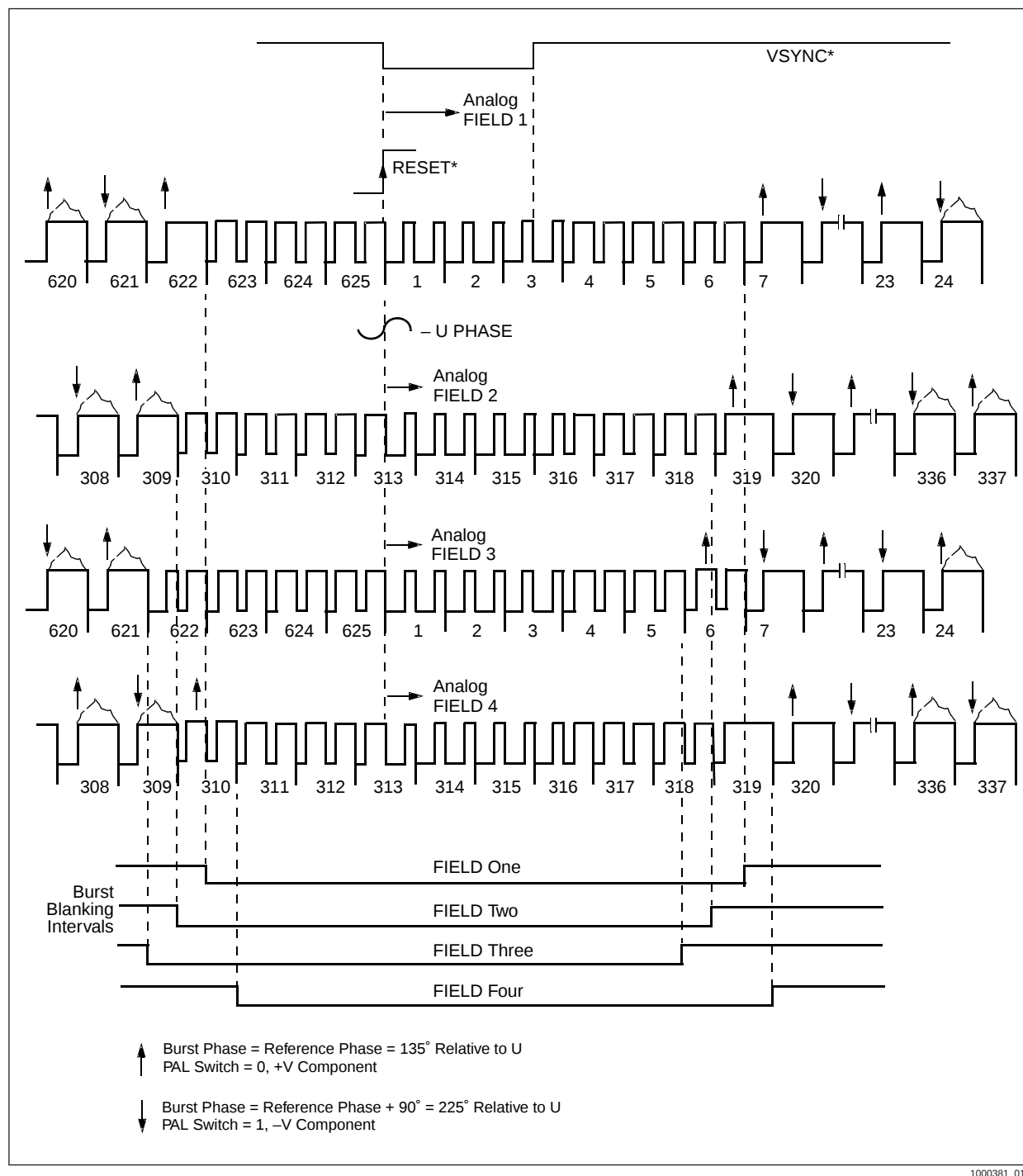


100381\_008

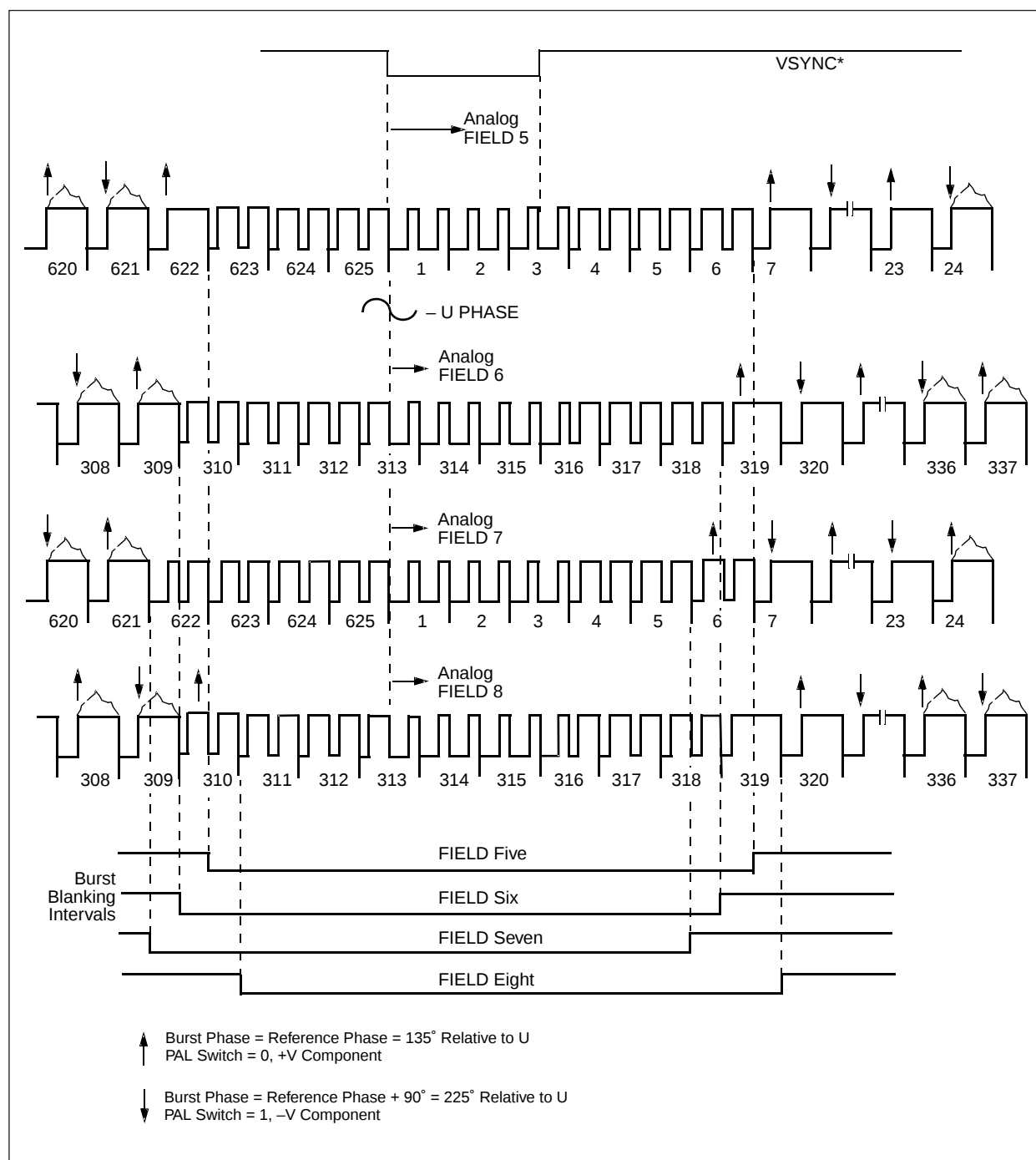
**Figure 1-14. Interlaced 625-Line (PAL-B, D, G, H, I, Nc) Video Timing (Fields 5–8)**

100381\_009

Figure 1-15. Interlaced 625-Line (PAL-N) Video Timing (Fields 1–4)



1000381\_010

**Figure 1-16. Interlaced 625-Line (PAL-N) Video Timing (Fields 5–8)**

100381\_011

Figure 1-17. Noninterlaced 262-Line (NTSC) Video Timing

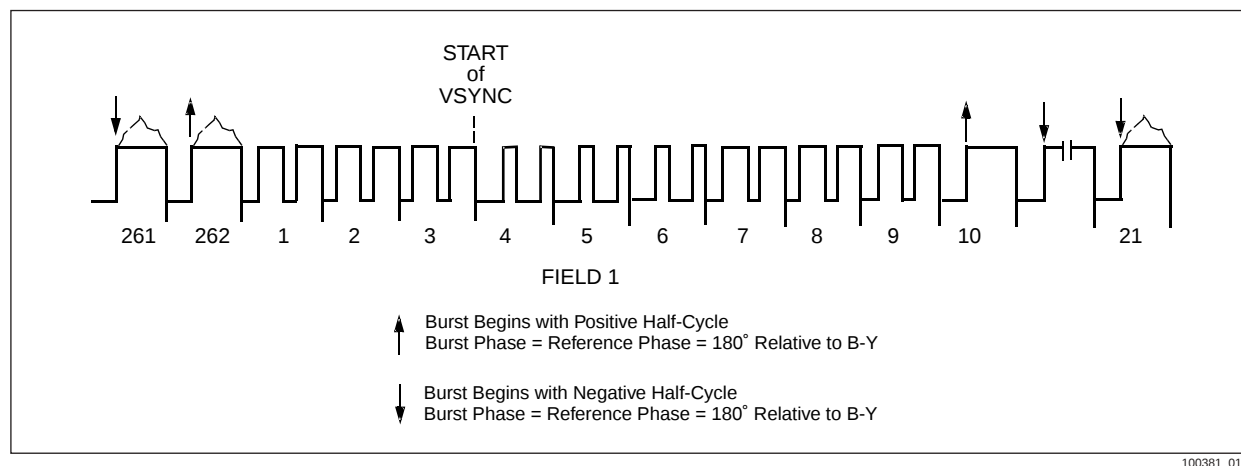


Figure 1-18. Noninterlaced 262-Line (PAL-M) Video Timing

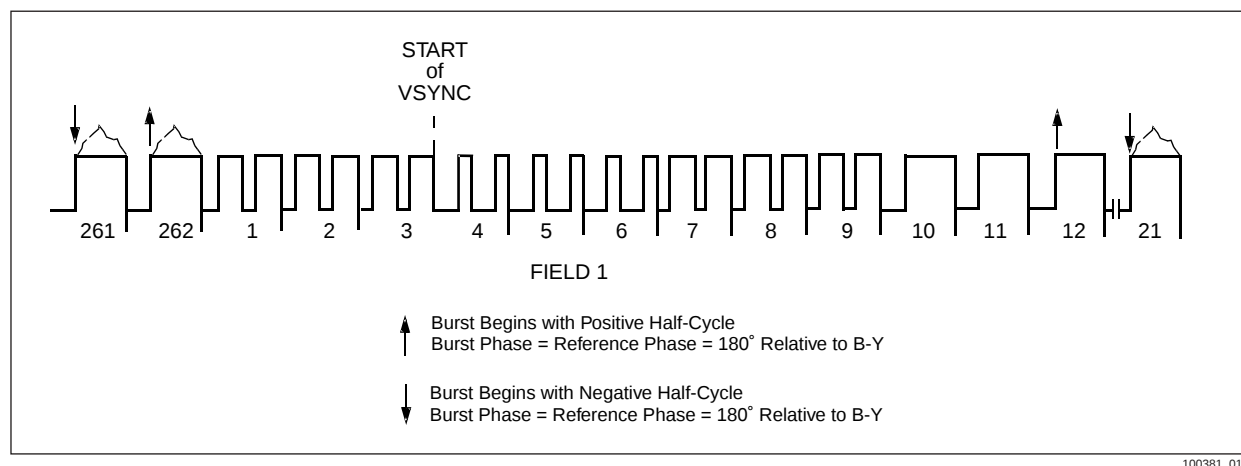
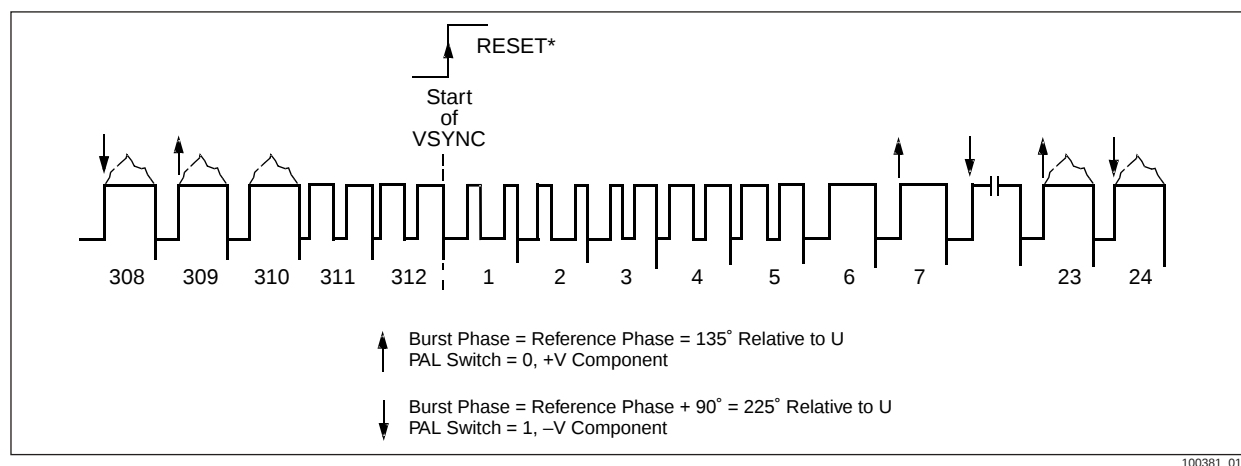
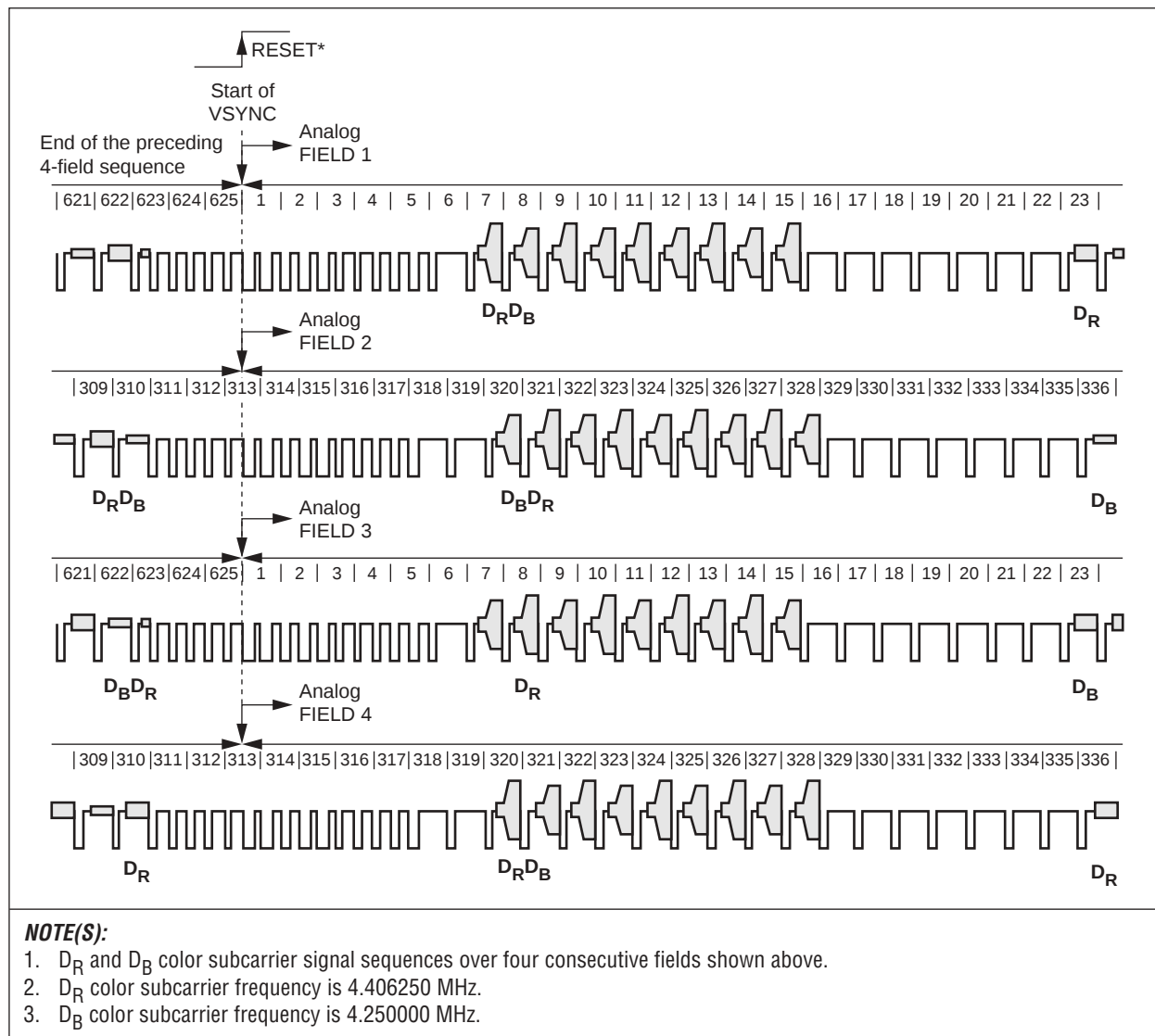


Figure 1-19. Noninterlaced 312-Line (PAL-B, D, G, H, I, N, Nc) Video Timing



**Figure 1-20. Interlaced 625-Line (SECAM-B, D, G, K, K1, L, M) Video Timing (Fields 1-4)**

100381\_091

### 1.3.26 Subcarrier Generation

The device uses a 32-bit-word to synthesize the subcarrier. The value of the subcarrier increment required to generate the desired subcarrier frequency is found with the following equations:

NTSC:

$$MSC[31:0] = \text{int}((455/(2 \cdot H\_CLKO)) \cdot 2^{32} + 0.5)$$

PAL:

$$MSC[31:0] = \text{int}((1135 + 1/625)/H\_CLKO) \cdot 2^{32} + 0.5$$

SECAM:

$$MSC\_DB[31:0] = \text{int}((272/(2 \cdot H\_CLKO)) \cdot 2^{32} + 0.5)$$

$$MSC\_DR[31:0] = \text{int}((272/(2 \cdot H\_CLKO)) \cdot 2^{32} + 0.5)$$

where:  $H\_CLKO$  is the number of output clocks/line (this is register 0x76 and the low nibble of 0x86).

This allows the generation of any desired subcarrier for any desired video standard. The 32-bit subcarrier increment must be loaded by the serial interface before the subcarrier is enabled. The device is reset to disable chroma until the last byte of the 32-bit increment loads, at which time the chroma is enabled, unless the DCHROMA bit is set.

In order to prevent any residual errors from accumulating, the subcarrier DTO (Discrete Time Oscillator) is reset every four fields for NTSC formats and every eight fields for PAL formats. For best quality in SECAM, the DIS\_SCRST bit should be set preventing a subcarrier phase reset at the beginning of each color field sequence. Furthermore, the SECAM subcarrier is generated on lines 23-310 and 336-623 automatically unless disabled by the PROG\_SC bit.

### 1.3.27 Subcarrier Phase Reset/Offset

In order to maintain correct SC-H phasing, the subcarrier phase is set to 0 degrees on the leading edge of the analog vertical sync every four (NTSC) or eight (PAL) fields, unless the DIS\_SCRST (bit four of register 0xA2) is set to a logical 1. This is true for both interlaced and noninterlaced outputs. The subcarrier phase can be adjusted from the nominal 0 degrees phase by the PHASE\_OFF[7:0] register, where each LSB change corresponds to a  $360/256 = 1.406$  degrees change in the phase.

Setting DIS\_SCRST to 1 may be useful in situations where the ratio of CLK/2 to HSYNC\* edges in a color frame is noninteger, which could produce a significant phase impulse by resetting to 0.

### 1.3.28 Burst Generation

The subcarrier burst generation is a function of the video standard (e.g., NTSC, PAL, or SECAM), the subcarrier frequency increment (MSC[31:0]), and the burst horizontal begin and end register settings (HBURST\_BEGIN[7:0] and HBURST\_END[7:0]). To calculate the value of HBURST\_END[7:0] subtract 128 from the desired location in clock cycles. The burst will automatically be blanked during the horizontal sync preventing invalid sync pulses from being generated. Burst blanking is automatically controlled by the selected video format. Burst rise and fall times are automatically generated by the device. The burst amplitude is programmed by the BST\_AMP[5:0] field.

### 1.3.29 Video Amplitude Scaling and SINX/X Compensation

Both the luminance and chrominance video amplitudes can be scaled by the MCR, MCB, and MY registers. This allows various colormetry standards to be achieved, and can also be used to boost the chroma to compensate for the sin x/x loss of the DACs. [Appendix A](#) show the range of values achievable and values for various video formats.

The DAC output response is a typical sinx/x response. For the composite video output, this results in a slightly lower than desired burst and chroma amplitude value. This is compensated for, to some extent, by choosing an output filter that boosts the frequency response slightly. Another method which can be used effectively, and is used by default in the auto configuration modes, is to boost the burst and chroma gain as programmed by the BST\_AMP and MCR/MCB register values by a factor of (x/sinx). The amount of sinx/x amplitude reduction is calculated by:

$$\sin x/x = \sin(\pi * F_{sc}/F_{clk}) / (\pi * F_{sc}/F_{clk})$$

$F_{sc}$  = desired subcarrier burst frequency

$F_{clk}$  = present input clock frequency

### 1.3.30 Chrominance Disable

The chrominance subcarrier can be turned off by setting the DCHROMA bit to a logical 1. This disables the subcarrier burst as well, providing luminance-only signals on the CVBS output and a static blank level on the chrominance output.

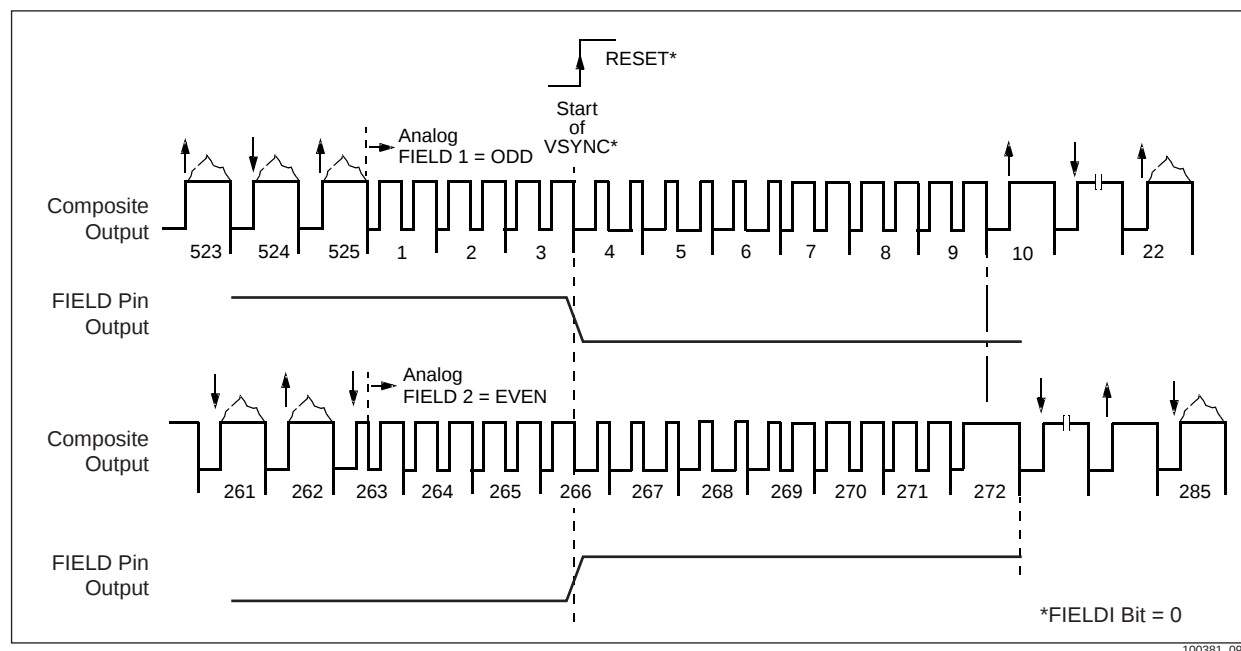
### 1.3.31 FIELD Pin Output

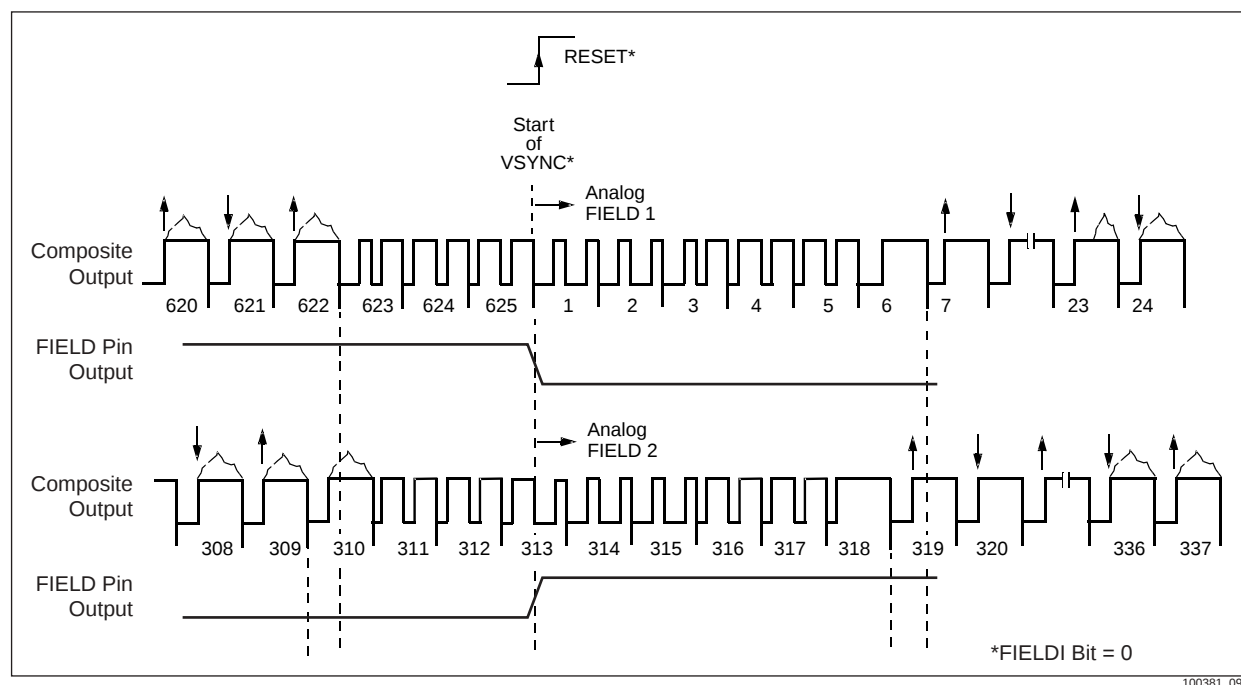
Like its predecessor, the Bt868/869, the CX25870/871 includes a FIELD pin output. This signal is output only and is accessed through pin #37. The frequency of the FIELD pin is 30 Hz during an NTSC video output, and 25 Hz throughout a PAL or SECAM video output. The only programming step required to obtain the FIELD output is to serially write the EN\_OUT bit to 1.

The purpose of this signal is to provide a digital TTL compatible output which tracks the analog interlaced field presently being transmitted by the CX25870/871 DACs. The peak-to-peak amplitude of this output will be from 0 V to the level present on the VDD\_CO and VDDL pins. If these pins are tied to 3.3 V, then the FIELD high state is transmitted at a 3.3 V level. If these pins are tied to 1.8 V or lower voltage, then the FIELD high state is transmitted at a 1.8 V or lower level. The logical 0 level from FIELD will always be GND/VSS regardless of the logical 1 voltage.

The FIELD output transitions after the rising edge of CLKI, two clock cycles following the leading edge of the digital HSYNC\* input or output. [Figure 1-21](#) shows the relationship between the FIELD and Composite (CVBS) outputs and VSYNC\* input for NTSC. [Figure 1-22](#) illustrates this same relationship for PAL.

**Figure 1-21. FIELD Pin Output Timing Diagram (NTSC-M, J, 4.43)**



**Figure 1-22. FIELD Pin Output Timing Diagram (PAL-B, D, G, H, I, N, Nc)**

By default, the internal FIELDI bit will be 0 which forces the CX25870 to transmit a logical 1 during transmission of an EVEN field and logical 0 for the period of an ODD field. To change the FIELD polarity, reprogram the FIELDI bit.

If the CX25870/871 is the timing master and sends out HSYNC\* and VSYNC\*, then after a power-on, pin, or timing reset (setting of bit 7, register 0x6C), the encoder and the flicker filter portions of the device start at line 1, pixel 1 of their respective timing generation. For the CX25870/871, this means the ODD field is always the first field conveyed after a power-on reset, pin reset, or timing reset.

When the CX25870 receives an interlaced data format, its FIELD pin represents only the output field presently being generated by the on-chip DACs. When the CX25870 receives progressive (i.e., noninterlaced) frames which have no field associated with it, the CX25870's input timing generator still keeps track of frames received. As a result, after the entire second frame has been received, the input and encoder sections become resynchronized. This re-synchronization is done through an internal frame sync signal. This action, in turn, forces the CX25870 to the beginning of the odd field and changes the FIELD pin back to its odd state.

If the CX25870/871 is the timing slave (i.e., it accepts HSYNC\* and VSYNC\*) receiving a power-on reset, pin reset, or timing reset (register 0x6C, bit 7) causes the input timing generator to send the encoder the aforementioned frame sync. This sets the encoder to the beginning of the odd field which is denoted through the FIELD pin. The first digital HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* combination then corresponds to the encoder's EVEN output field. The second digital HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* combination will again cause a frame sync and the encoder will start sending the ODD field both from its DACs and FIELD pin. This ODD–EVEN–ODD–EVEN ... field sequence continues indefinitely.

### 1.3.32 Buffered Crystal Clock Output

The buffered crystal clock output (XTL\_BFO) pin provides a buffered output (0 V to 3.3 V peak-peak) of whatever frequency is found between the CX25870's XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. This signal can then be used as a much more accurate input clock to the graphics controller because controllers typically utilize clock sources with errors between 75–150 ppm. This implementation ultimately results in better VGA picture quality because the clock driving the data master is within the same tolerance (i.e., 25 ppm) as the TV Out encoder. This can also lead to a considerable savings in cost, component count, and PC board space because the crystal attached to the data master has been completely eliminated.

On power-up, the encoder will transmit a 0 to 3.3 V signal at a frequency equal to the frequency of the crystal found between the XTALIN and XTALOUT ports. The tolerance of the XTL\_BFO signal will match the tolerance found within the encoder's crystal. The CX25870 was designed to expect a 13.500 MHz  $\pm$  25 ppm crystal. As a result, all the PLL\_INT and PLL\_FRACT register values found within each CX25870 autoconfiguration mode possess this set of default values.

The CX25870 does have the flexibility to support an alternate 14.31818 MHz crystal with a tolerance of  $\pm$  25 ppm. To switch the encoder to operate with this crystal frequency, install an appropriate crystal and crystal circuit between the XTALIN and XTALOUT ports and set the 14318\_XTAL bit to 1. Enabling this bit translates the 13.500 MHz-dependent auto configuration registers to their new 14.31818 MHz settings.

For CX25870 designs, a small (e.g., 33  $\Omega$ ) series resistor should be added to XTL\_BFO, as close as possible to the signal source device. This reduces overshoot and undershoot on this signal as it changes states. The buffered crystal clock output pin should be floated if not used. Disabling the XTL\_BFO pin is possible through the XTL\_BFO\_DIS bit.

### 1.3.33 Noninterlaced Output

When the CX25870/871 is programmed for noninterlaced video out via the NI\_OUT bit, it always transmits the odd field. The FIELD pin will continue to change state on the leading edge of the analog vertical sync. A 30 Hz offset should be subtracted from the color subcarrier frequency while in NTSC mode so that the color subcarrier phase is inverted from field to field. The transition from interlaced to noninterlaced in master interface occurs during odd fields to prevent synchronization disturbance.

**NOTE:** Consumer VCRs can record noninterlaced video with minor noise artifacts, but special effects (e.g., scan >2x) may not function properly.

### 1.3.34 Closed Captioning (CC)

The CX25870/871 encodes NTSC/PAL–M closed captioning on scan line 21, and NTSC/PAL–M extended data services on scan line 284. Four 8-bit registers (CCF1B1, CCF1B2, CCF2B1, and CCF2B2) provide the data while bits ECCF1 and ECCF2 enable display of the data. A logical 0 corresponds to the blanking level of 0 IRE, while a logical 1 corresponds to 50 IRE above the blanking level.

Closed captioning for PAL–B, D, G, H, I, N, Nc is similar to that for NTSC. Closed-caption (CC) encoding is performed for 625-line systems according to the system proposed by the National Captioning Institute; clock and data timing is identical to that of NTSC system, except that encoding is provided on lines 22 and 335, for closed captioning and extended data services, respectively.

The CX25870/871 generates the clock run-in and appropriate timing automatically. Pixel inputs are ignored during CC encoding. See FCC Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 47 Section 15.119 (10/91 edition or later) for programming information. The EIA608 standard describes ancillary data applications for Field 2 Line 21 (line 284).

When CCF1B2 is written, CCSTAT\_O is set; when CCF2B2 is written, CCSTAT\_E is set. After the CC bytes for the odd field are encoded, CCSTAT\_O is cleared; after the CC bytes for the even field are encoded, CCSTAT\_E is cleared. If the ECCGATE bit is set, no further encoding is performed until the appropriate registers are written again; a null is transmitted on the appropriate CC line in that case. If the ECCGATE bit is not set, the user must rewrite the CC registers prior to reaching the CC line; otherwise the last bytes are re-encoded. The CC data bytes are double-buffered to prevent loss of data during the encoding process.

Pseudo-code that can be used to create a software function for Closed Caption Encoding is included as [Appendix D](#).

### 1.3.35 Wide Screen Signaling (WSS)

The CX25870/871 supports the WSS methods outlined in the EIAJ CPR-1204 and ITU-R BT.1119 standards. Three serial interface registers control WSS data insertion. For 525 line NTSC systems, two bits enable the insertion of the WSS bit data on lines 20 and 283. The EWSSF1 register bit controls line 20 and EWSSF2 controls line 283. Twenty bits are used to insert the 14 bits of payload, plus six bits of CRC data. CRC data is not computed and must be inserted by the user.

For 625 line PAL and SECAM systems, WSS data insertion is only specified for line 23. In this case, the EWSSF1 register enables WSS data insertion on line 23 and EWSSF2 is ignored. Only 14 bits of payload are specified for 625 line PAL and SECAM systems. No CRC is generated, therefore bits WSSDAT[20:15] are ignored in these systems.

WSSINC[19:0] specifies the incremental value of the PQ ratio counter to generate the desired WSS waveform. The increment value is found by:

525 line:

$$\text{WSSINC}[19:0] = 2^{20} / (2.234 \times 10^{-6} \times F_{\text{clk}})$$

625 line:

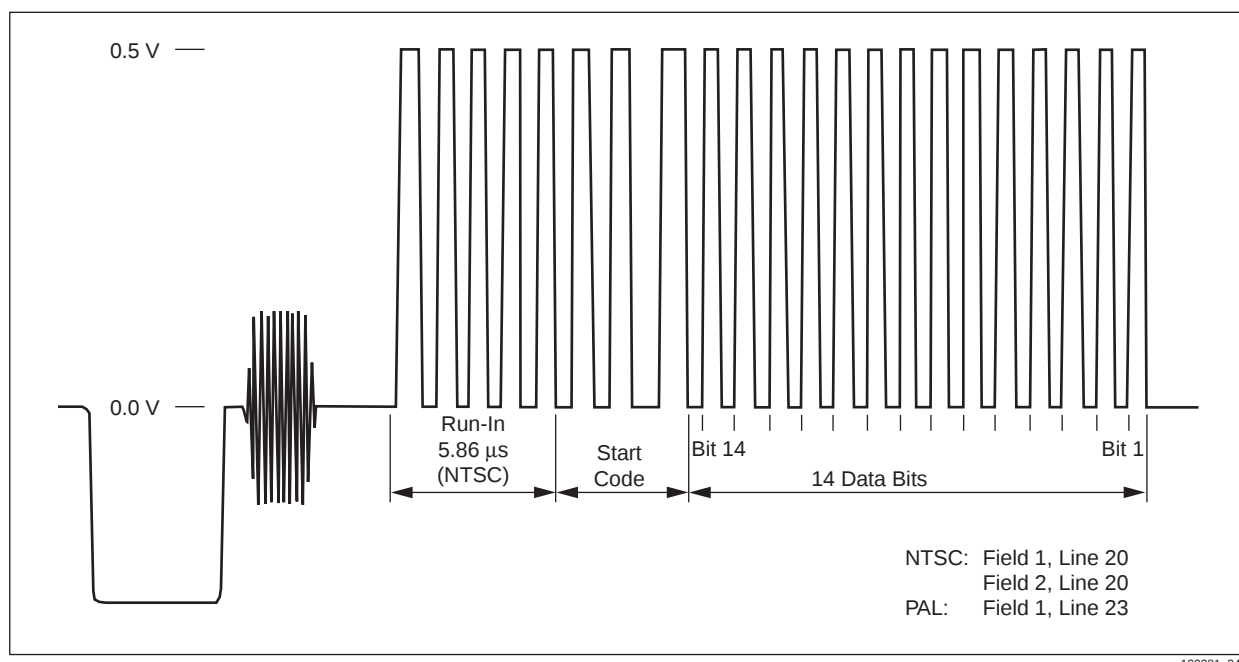
$$\text{WSSINC}[19:0] = 2^{20} / (200 \times 10^{-9} \times F_{\text{clk}})$$

where:  $F_{\text{clk}}$  = CLKI frequency = CLKO frequency.

Figure 1-23 illustrates a typical WSS signal, where WSSDAT[14:1] = 0x00.

**NOTE:** WSS uses biphas coding of its data bits. The amplitude of the WSS pulses is 500 mV above black when high and black when low. For further WSS details, see specification *ETS 300294* or *ITU-R BT.1119*.

Figure 1-23. Typical WSS Analog Waveform (NTSC)



The CX25870 does not support the CGMS/A standard for analog PAL or analog NTSC video systems. CGMS stands for Copy Generation Management System whereby scan line 23 of PAL Field 1 or lines 20 and 283 of NTSC video outputs contains a data burst which details the signal format. The burst also specifies the aspect ratio, type of enhanced services, and subtitle location for the TV to use during the broadcasted show.

In addition to the details about the signal format, the CGMS bits can indicate whether a recording device can make no copies, one copy, or unlimited copies. If no copies are allowed, the recording device will not make a copy. If a single copy is allowed, the recording device will make one copy and change the CGMS data to indicate that no future copies can be made from the native content.

The major reasons the CX25870 does not support the analog method of CGMS/A are as follows:

- No movie studio even considers the notion of allowing the user to make a single copy. All DVDs released from the movie industry now enable the Macrovision copy protection system so it is impossible to make any copies of DVDs in the analog domain.
- There are no plans for DVD content providers to allow users to make limited copies of their intellectually copyrighted material.
- Some aspects of the CGMS/A system are not pirate-proof and can be disabled remotely.
- The CGMS/A standard appears to be a vendor rather than a DVD consortium mandate. Only a few DVD players have this feature now, and it is expected that they will abandon this as newer versions of the Macrovision standard are released or a tamper-proof version of CGMS exists.

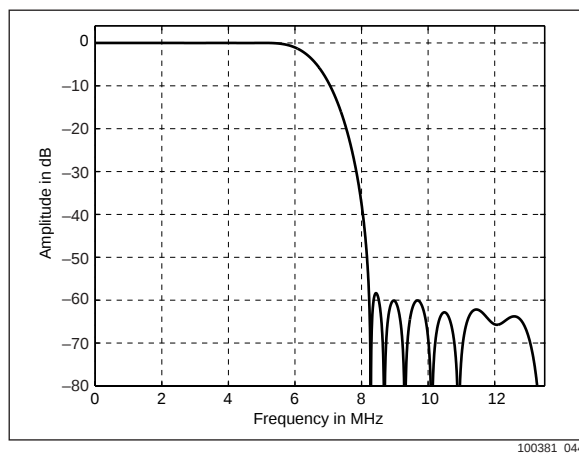
### 1.3.36 Chrominance and Luminance Processing

Once the input data is converted to internal YUV format, the Y and UV components are filtered and upsampled to the system clock frequency.

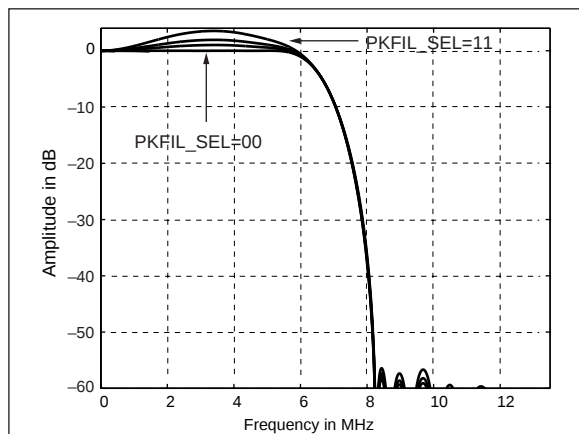
The luminance signal is always low-pass filtered using the upsampling filter response illustrated in [Figure 1-24](#). Additional peaking or reduction filters can be enabled (see [Figures 1-25](#), [1-26](#), and [1-27](#)), using the PKFIL\_SEL[1:0] register field. The peaking filters are optimized for high bandwidth frequency response, and optimal picture quality.

The default chrominance filter response is illustrated in [Figure 1-28](#), but an alternate wide bandwidth response can be selected using register bit CHROMA\_BW, as illustrated in [Figure 1-29](#).

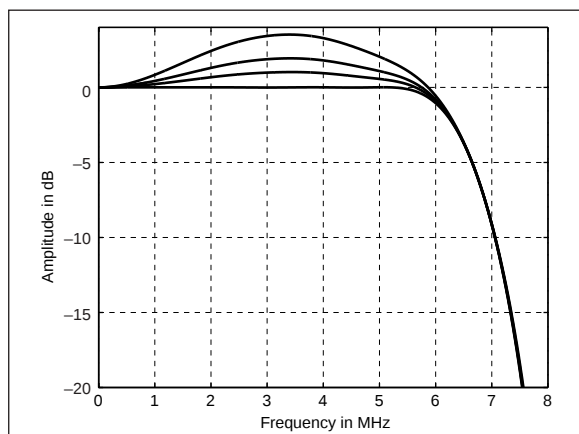
[Figure 1-30](#) illustrates the SECAM pre-emphasis filter response for the modulated chrominance signal.

**Figure 1-24. Luminance Upsampling Filter**

100381\_044

**Figure 1-25. Text Sharpness (Luminance Upsampling) Filter with Peaking Options**

100381\_045

**Figure 1-26. Close-Up of Text Sharpness (Luminance Upsampling) Filter with Peaking and Reduction Options**

100381\_046

Figure 1-27. Zoom-In of Text Sharpness (Luminance Peaking) Filter Options

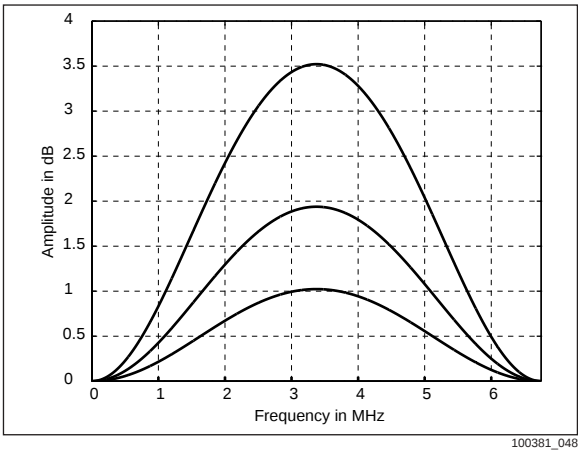


Figure 1-28. Chrominance Filter (CHROMA\_BW = 0) - default

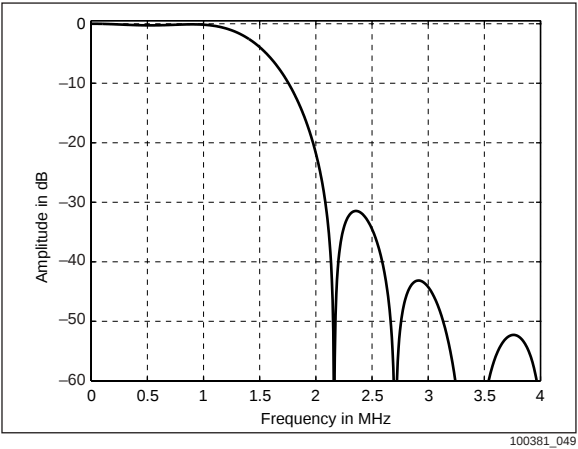
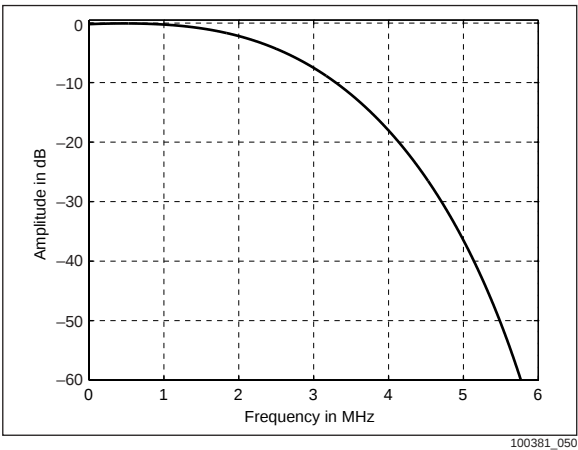
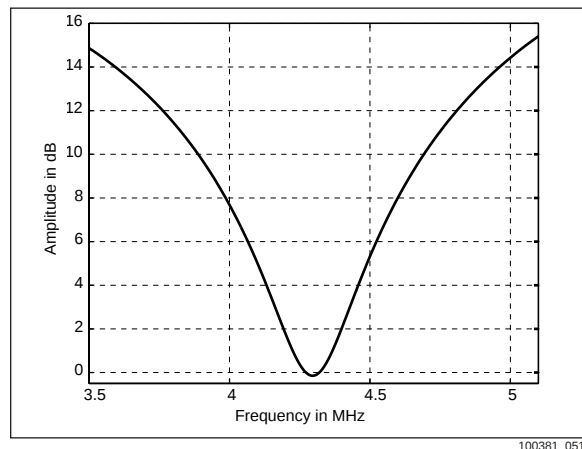


Figure 1-29. Chrominance Wide Bandwidth Filter (CHROMA\_BW = 1)



**Figure 1-30. SECAM High Frequency Pre-emphasis Filter**

### 1.3.37 Color Bar and Blue Field Generation

The CX25870/871 has two internal color bar generators. Preflicker filter color bars are enabled by setting the FFCBAR bit to a logical 1. Postflicker filter color bars are enabled by setting the ECBAR bit to a logical 1.

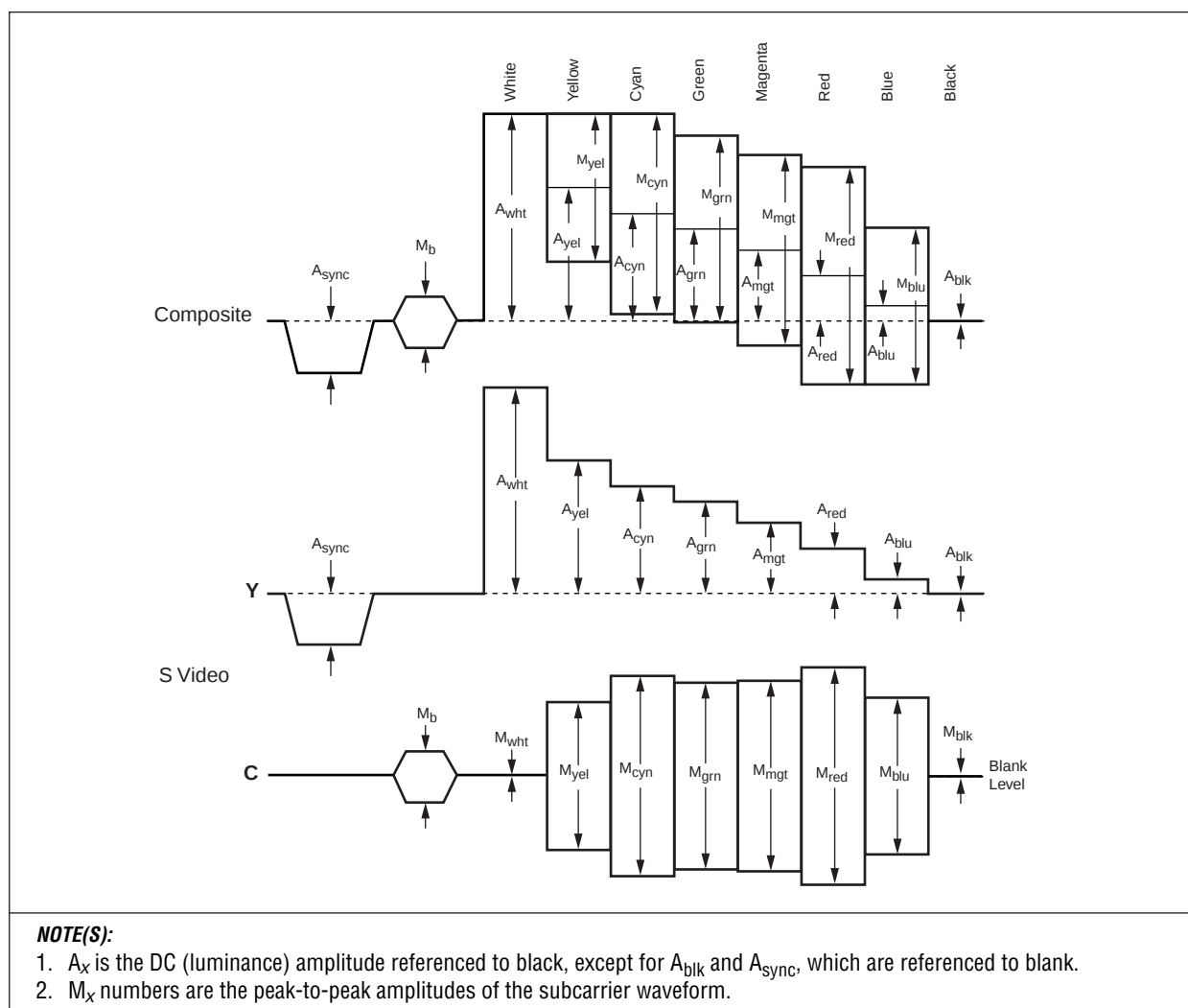
**NOTE:** FFCBAR color bars are optimized for RGB input mode and ECBAR color bars are optimized for YCrCb input mode.

The device uses the H\_BLANKO register value to determine the starting point of the color bars, and the H\_ACTIVE register value to determine the width. Eight bars are displayed, with the colors and amplitudes being generated internally. The pixel inputs (P23–P0) are ignored in color bar mode. The CX25870/871 must be programmed with the appropriate MY, MCR, and MCB register values for the desired input format, RGB or YCrCb.

The CX25870/871 also produces a blue field by setting register bit EBLUE to 1. Pixel inputs are ignored while any of the color generation wave forms are being produced.

Figure 1-31 and Tables 1-19 and 1-20 illustrate the voltage amplitudes for the different color bar outputs.

**Figure 1-31. Composite and S-Video Format (Internal Colorbars)**



100381\_043

**Table 1-19. Composite and Luminance Amplitude**

| Y and Composite Amplitudes | $A_{sync}$ | $A_{wht}$ | $A_{yel}$ | $A_{cyn}$ | $A_{grn}$ | $A_{mgt}$ | $A_{red}$ | $A_{blu}$ | $A_{blk}$ |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| NTSC-M (volts)             | -0.286     | 0.661     | 0.441     | 0.347     | 0.292     | 0.203     | 0.149     | 0.054     | 0.0536    |
| NTSC-J (volts)             | -0.286     | 0.714     | 0.477     | 0.375     | 0.316     | 0.220     | 0.161     | 0.059     | 0         |
| PAL-B (volts)              | -0.300     | 0.700     | 0.465     | 0.368     | 0.308     | 0.217     | 0.157     | 0.060     | 0         |

**NOTE(S):**  $A_x$  is the DC (luminance) amplitude referenced to black, except for  $A_{blk}$  and  $A_{sync}$ , which are referenced to blank.

Table 1-20. Composite and Chrominance Magnitude

| C and Composite Magnitudes | M <sub>b</sub> | M <sub>wht</sub> | M <sub>yel</sub> | M <sub>cyn</sub> | M <sub>grn</sub> | M <sub>mgt</sub> | M <sub>red</sub> | M <sub>blu</sub> | M <sub>blk</sub> |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| NTSC-M (volts)             | 0.286          | 0                | 0.444            | 0.630            | 0.589            | 0.589            | 0.629            | 0.444            | 0                |
| NTSC-J (volts)             | 0.286          | 0                | 0.480            | 0.681            | 0.636            | 0.636            | 0.681            | 0.480            | 0                |
| PAL-B (volts)              | 0.300          | 0                | 0.470            | 0.663            | 0.620            | 0.620            | 0.664            | 0.470            | 0                |

**NOTE(S):** M<sub>x</sub> numbers are the peak-to-peak amplitudes of the subcarrier waveform.

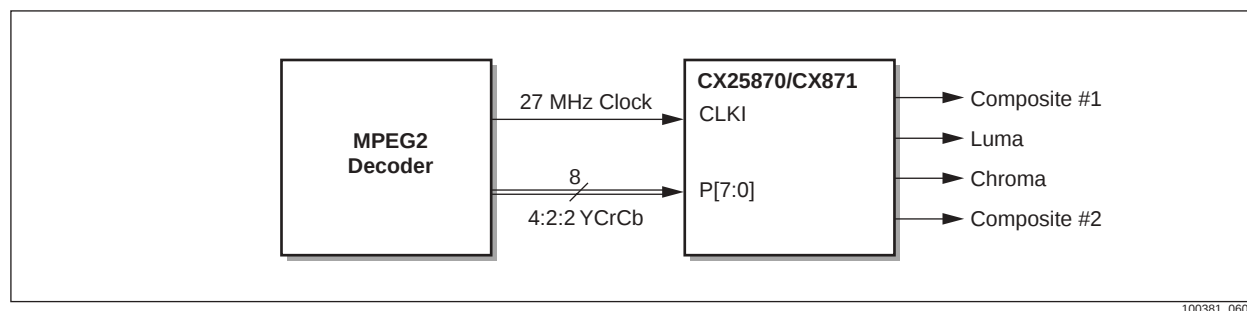
### 1.3.38 CCIR656 Mode Operation

Data transmitted from MPEG-2 video decoders or various Multimedia Processors is often done in a format called CCIR656. This format is similar to the CCIR601 in many ways but is unique in that the video sync information is embedded as codes in the data stream. As a result, no digital HSYNC or VSYNC signals are required as part of the physical interface between the timing master and slave devices. Applications for CCIR656 typically include consumer appliances such as Video CD players, DVD players, set-top boxes, and MPEG add-in cards where pin counts are limited.

The actual digital CCIR656 input data delivered to the CX25870/871 is interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb over eight physical lines. In addition, there are two timing reference codes, one at the beginning of each video data block (Start of Active Video, SAV) and one at the end of each video data block (End of Active Video, EAV). These timing reference values are digital words consisting of a unique 4-word sequence that conveys when the active video starts and ends. The CCIR656 compliant master device embeds both SAV and EAV codes into the stream where appropriate.

While in CCIR656 Mode, the CX25870/871 acts as the Slave device (both clocking and timing). An illustration of this correct connection scheme is shown in Figure 1-32.

Figure 1-32. CX25870/871 Connection to CCIR656-Compatible Master Device



100381\_060

While in CCIR656 Mode, the encoder adheres to all input guidelines specified in the ITU-R BT.656-3 standard. This specification was developed for the transmission of color video signals in YCrCb format at a pixel rate of 27.000 MHz without the use of dedicated timing reference signals.

To display a DVD movie on a TV and computer monitor simultaneously with high-quality MPEG2 image format, the CX25870/871 must be integrated into the hardware design. Next, actual CCIR656 data must be sent from a MPEG2 decoding master device directly to the CX25870/871 encoder. Finally, various software steps are necessary so the encoder switches to its Slave interface and is set up to accept the interlaced YCrCb data and video timing reference codes.

The first programming step is to configure the CX25870/871 to accept interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb data with an active resolution of 720x480 and output a standard NTSC video output. The pertinent set of conditions for this option are:

- Type of Digital Video Input: Interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb
- Active Resolution (HorizontalxVertical): 720 pixels x 480 lines
- Overscan Compensation: None. Horizontal = 0%; Vertical = 0%
- Interface: CX25870/871 is clock and timing slave
- Pixel Rate 27.000 MHz
- Type of Analog Video Output: Standard NTSC[NTSC-M]

Given this set of conditions, autoconfiguration mode 28 is a perfect fit. As a result, simply use the MPEG2 decoders serial bus mastering ability to program the CX25870/871s CONFIG[5:0] field with a binary value of 011100. This translates into writing a hexadecimal number of 0x34 to register 0xB8. Once the encoder acknowledges this write to its autoconfiguration register, it automatically loads the appropriate values for this type of DVD configuration into its register indices from 0x76 to 0xB4, including register 0x38. The exact data transferred into these registers is contained in [Appendix C](#).

After completion of the autoconfiguration command, the encoder expects to receive interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb data from the clock and timing master device at a rate of 27.000 MHz with blanking regions being defined by HSYNC\* and VSYNC\*. Since these external signals, by definition, do not exist in CCIR656 mode, a second and final programming step is required.

After enabling autoconfiguration mode 28, the programmer must make sure to set (=1) the E656 bit. This is bit 6 of register 0xD6 and enables a CCIR656 input to be received via the CX25870/871s P[7:0] port. Once this is done, the encoder deciphers digital blanking through the SAV and EAV codes and disregards the synchronization signals.

Only after the completion of these steps will a DVD stream be properly encoded and rendered onto the television by the VGA Encoder.

For CCIR Mode operation with a PAL Composite or S-Video output, use Autoconfiguration Mode 29 instead of autoconfiguration mode 28 and program the master device to send a digital frame with an active resolution of 720x576.

### 1.3.39 CCIR601 Mode Operation for DVD Playback

Data coming from a DVD is decoded by a MPEG2 decoder or graphics controller into a format called CCIR601. CCIR601 is the more common name for 4:2:2 YCrCb data at a 27 MHz pixel rate, as specified in the ITU-R BT.601 standard. This specification was developed specifically for the digitalization of color video signals.

To play a DVD movie on a television in addition to a CRT monitor, the CX25870/871, a CCIR601 compatible encoder, must be integrated into the hardware design. Actual CCIR601 data must be sent from a MPEG2 decoding master device directly to the CX25870/871 encoder. This can be either a dedicated MPEG2 decoder chip or a graphics controller with this functionality. Various software steps are necessary so the encoder enters slave or master interface and is set up to accept the interlaced YCrCb data or noninterlaced RGB digital format. After all of these steps have been executed properly, a DVD movie stream is properly encoded and rendered onto the television by the VGA encoder.

There are different capabilities among graphics controllers, MPEG2 decoders, and proprietary ASICs that impact the particular DVD implementation. This section seeks to cover all the possible hardware/software configurations and the trade-offs associated with each. If the reader has an interface idea about the routing of data from the CCIR601 source to encoder that is not discussed here, please contact your local Conexant Field Applications Engineer for further technical support.

#### 1.3.39.1 CCIR601 Data In/NTSC Out

The first option to playing a DVD movie via the CX25870/871 is to send the digital video CCIR601 data directly to the encoder from the MPEG2 decoder. In this case, the graphics controller does not have any effect on the CCIR601 digital stream arriving at the input of the encoder because it bypassed the data or the data was routed around the controller. In either case, the CX25870/871 must be configured to accept interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb data with an active resolution of 720x480 and output a standard NTSC video output. The pertinent set of conditions for this option are:

- Type of Digital Video Input: Interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb
- Active Resolution (HorizontalxVertical): 720 pixels x 480 lines
- Overscan Compensation: None. Horizontal = 0%; Vertical = 0%
- Interface: CX25870/871 is clock and timing slave
- Pixel Rate 27.000 MHz
- Type of Analog Video Output: Standard NTSC[NTSC-M]

Given this set of conditions, autoconfiguration mode 28 is a perfect fit for this architectural option. As a result, simply use the MPEG2 decoders serial bus mastering ability to program the CX25870/871s CONFIG[5:0] field with a binary value of 011100. This translates into writing a hexadecimal number of 0x34 to register 0xB8. Once the encoder acknowledges this write to its autoconfiguration register, it automatically loads the appropriate value for this type of DVD configuration into its register indices from 0x76 to 0xB4 including 0x38. The exact data transferred into these registers is contained in [Appendix C](#).

After completion of the autoconfiguration command, the encoder expects to receive interlaced CCIR601 data from the clock and timing master device at a rate of 27.000 MHz. If this occurs, approximately 40 clocks later (i.e., pipeline delay), the encoder begins transmitting a NTSC-compatible S-Video or Composite Video signal containing the DVD movie.

### 1.3.39.2 CCIR601 Data In/PAL Out

The second option is very similar to the first. In this scenario, the interlaced CCIR601 video data is transmitted directly to the encoder from the MPEG2 decoder. However, instead of generating a NTSC signal, the encoder produces a PAL-BDGI compatible DVD movie output. The active resolution changes as well for this alternative by increasing to 720x576.

To enable DVD playback in this scenario, the CX25870/871 must be configured to accept interlaced 4:2:2 YCrCb data with an active resolution of 720x576 and output a standard PAL video output. The pertinent set of conditions for this option are:

- Type of Digital Video Input: Interlaced, 4:2:2 YCrCb
- Active Resolution (HorizontalxVertical): 720 pixels x 576 lines
- Overscan Compensation: None. Horizontal = 0%; Vertical = 0%
- Interface: CX25870/871 is clock and timing slave
- Pixel Rate 27.000 MHz
- Type of Analog Video Output: Standard PAL[PAL-BDGI]

Given this set of conditions, autoconfiguration mode 29 is a perfect fit for this architectural option. As a result, simply use the MPEG2 decoder's serial bus mastering ability to program the CX25870/871s CONFIG[5:0] field with a binary value of 011101. This translates into writing a hexadecimal number of 0x35 to register 0xB8. Once the encoder acknowledges this write to its autoconfiguration register, it automatically loads the appropriate value for this type of DVD configuration into its register indices from 0x76 to 0xB4 including 0x38. The exact data transferred into these registers is contained in [Appendix C](#).

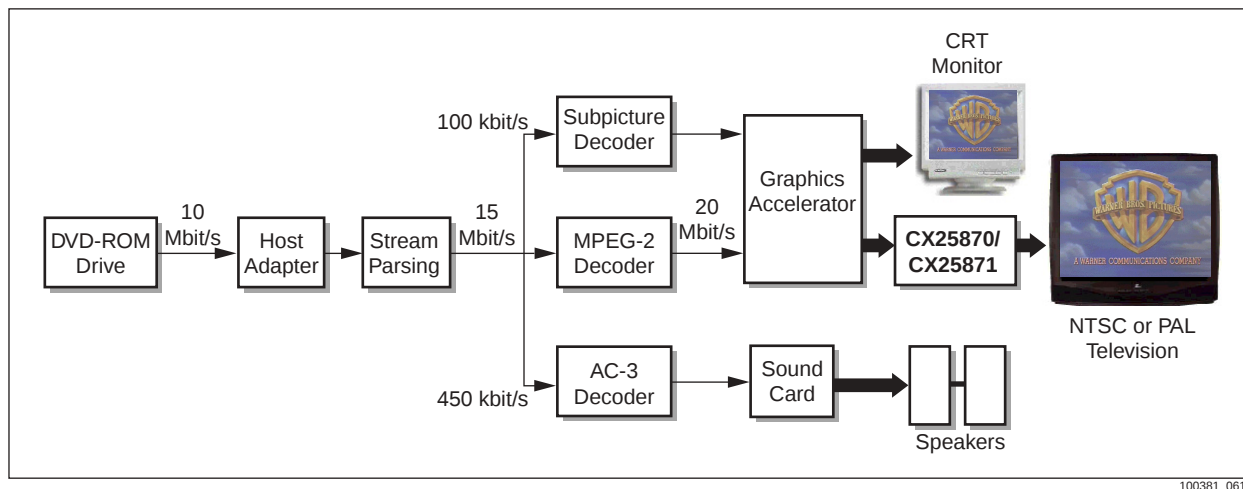
After completion of the autoconfiguration command, the encoder expects to receive interlaced CCIR601 data from the clock and timing master device at a rate of 27.000 MHz. If this occurs, approximately 40 clocks later (i.e., pipeline delay), the encoder will begin transmitting a PAL-compliant S-Video or Composite video signal containing the DVD Movie.

### 1.3.39.3 VGA-Compatible RGB Data In/NTSC Out

The third option for DVD playback is unlike the previous two methods. In this case, the MPEG2 decoder's 4:2:2 YCrCb interlaced data is sent as an input to the graphics controller. In turn, the controller deinterlaces and color space converts the CCIR601 data into a noninterlaced RGB format. The encoder finally ends up receiving this standard VGA digital data from the graphics controllers digital output port for generation into an analog TV signal.

This design is illustrated in [Figure 1-33](#).

**Figure 1-33. DVD Playback Utilizing Graphics Controller for Color-Space and Progressive Scan Conversion**



To enable DVD playback with this architecture, the graphics controller must be able to deinterlace and color space convert the CCIR601 input data from the MPEG2 decoding source. Furthermore, since the pixel clock frequency is not 27.000 MHz any longer, the graphics controller must have the ability to synchronize the pixel data to the clock rate dictated by the CX25870/871s CLK0 signal. Finally, the controller must be able to function as the clocking master and timing slave as described in [Section 1.3.7](#) of this data sheet.

The recommended interface for the CX25870/871 for this option is Master and the encoder must be programmed to accept noninterlaced RGB data and output a standard NTSC video output. The pertinent factors for this option are:

- Type of Digital Video Input: Progressive Scan/Noninterlaced; 24-bit RGB per pixel Multiplexed Input Format
- Active Resolution (HorizontalxVertical): 720x480
- Overscan Compensation Ratio: Minimal; Horizontal = 1.24%; Vertical = 1.23%
- Interface: CX25870/871 is clock and timing master
- Pixel Rate 27.6923 MHz
- Type of Analog Video Output: Standard NTSC[NTSC-M]

Given this set of conditions, autoconfiguration mode 44 is a perfect fit for this architectural option. As a result, simply use the graphics accelerator's serial bus mastering ability to program the CX25870/871s CONFIG[5:0] field with a binary value of 101100. This translates into writing a hexadecimal number of 0x54 to register 0xB8. Once the encoder acknowledges this write to its autoconfiguration register, it automatically loads the appropriate values for this type of DVD configuration into its register indices from 0x76 to 0xB4 including 0x38. The exact data transferred into these registers is contained in [Appendix C](#).

After completion of the autoconfiguration command, the encoder enters Master interface. In addition, the CX25870/871 will expect to receive digital frames with an active resolution of 720x480 comprised of noninterlaced RGB data at a pixel rate of 27.6923 MHz. If these events occur, approximately 40 clocks later (i.e., pipeline delay), the encoder will begin transmitting a NTSC-compliant S-Video or Composite video signal containing the DVD movie.

### 1.3.40 SECAM Output

Unlike its predecessor, the Bt868/869, the CX25870/871 now includes an encoder block for conversion of digital video data into a SECAM Composite (CVBS) and/or a SECAM S-Video signal.

Like other video outputs, any active resolution from 320x200 to 1024x768 can be supported with the SECAM encoder block. The circuit accepts RGB or YCrCb data in a variety of multiplexed or nonmultiplexed input formats, reformats the digital data, and finally routes the stream through the four on-chip Digital-to-Analog Converters (DACs). The encoder supports all variations of the SECAM analog video standard including those commonly used in France (SECAM-L), Eastern Europe/Russia (D, K, K1), and Greece/Middle East (B, G, H).

The SECAM specific processing is achieved in this block by a pre-emphasis of the color difference signals. Once data is received, it is converted to an internal YUV format. Next, the Y component is filtered and then upsampled to the system clock frequency while the UV components are used to frequency modulate the two subcarrier frequencies appropriately.

The luminance signal is always low-pass filtered using the upsampling filter response illustrated in [Figure 1-24](#). Additional peaking or reduction filters can be enabled (see [Figures 1-25 through 1-27](#)), using the PKFIL\_SEL[1:0] bit field. The peaking filters are optimized for a high bandwidth frequency response and optimal picture quality.

The default chrominance filter response is illustrated in [Figure 1-28](#), but an alternate wide bandwidth response can be selected by setting register bit CHROMA\_BW, as illustrated in [Figure 1-29](#). The color subcarrier frequencies, 4.25000 MHz for Db and 4.40625 MHz for Dr, are controlled by a number of registers, chiefly MSC\_DB[31:0] for Db and MSC[31:0] for Dr. [Figure 1-30](#) illustrates the SECAM pre-emphasis filter response at higher (>3 MHz) frequencies within the standard definition television passband.

[Table 1-21](#) lists three complete register sets for the most common desktop input resolutions with the SECAM output. This output adheres to the SECAM target video parameters included in [Table A-1](#). This occurs only if the Conexant encoder is programmed correctly with the register values listed in [Table 1-21](#), the master device provides the RGB data at the listed clock frequency (CLKI/CLKO), and the interface bits are modified to match the desired connection type.

Table 1-21. Register Values for 640x480 / 800x600 / 1024x768 RGB In, SECAM-L Out (1 of 4)

|                                | 640x480 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 16.55%,<br>VOC = 16.66% | 800x600 RGB in, SECAM-L<br>out HOC = 14.52%<br>VOC=13.19% | 1024x768 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 12.72%<br>VOC = 12.15% |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| CLKI/CLKO Frequency            | 29.500007 MHz                                                   | 36.000000 MHz                                             | 67.687489 MHz                                                   |
| State of PLL_32CLK bit         | 0                                                               | 0                                                         | 1                                                               |
| Internal Pixel Clock Frequency | 29.500007 MHz                                                   | 36.000000 MHz                                             | 45.124993 MHz                                                   |
| Register Address               | CX25870 Register Values                                         | CX25870 Register Values                                   | CX25870 Register Values                                         |
| 0x00                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x02                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x04                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x06                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x2E                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x30                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x32                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x34                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x36                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x38                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 20                                                              |
| 0x3A                           | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x3C                           | 80                                                              | 80                                                        | 80                                                              |
| 0x3E                           | 80                                                              | 80                                                        | 80                                                              |
| 0x40                           | 80                                                              | 80                                                        | 80                                                              |
| 0x42 <sup>(5)</sup>            | 8B                                                              | 8E                                                        | 9B                                                              |
| 0x44 <sup>(5)</sup>            | A0                                                              | E3                                                        | 5D                                                              |
| 0x46 <sup>(5)</sup>            | E1                                                              | 38                                                        | 1C                                                              |
| 0x48 <sup>(5)</sup>            | 24                                                              | 1E                                                        | 18                                                              |
| 0x4A <sup>(5)</sup>            | 28                                                              | 3A                                                        | 5F                                                              |
| 0x4C <sup>(5)</sup>            | 3B                                                              | 77                                                        | C4                                                              |
| 0x4E <sup>(5)</sup>            | 25                                                              | 1C                                                        | 13                                                              |
| 0x50 <sup>(5)</sup>            | 28                                                              | 3A                                                        | 5F                                                              |
| 0x52 <sup>(5)</sup>            | 3B                                                              | 77                                                        | C4                                                              |
| 0x54 <sup>(5)</sup>            | 25                                                              | 1C                                                        | 13                                                              |

**Table 1-21. Register Values for 640x480 / 800x600 / 1024x768 RGB In, SECAM-L Out (2 of 4)**

|                     | 640x480 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 16.55%,<br>VOC = 16.66% | 800x600 RGB in, SECAM-L<br>out HOC = 14.52%<br>VOC=13.19% | 1024x768 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 12.72%<br>VOC = 12.15% |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Register Address    | CX25870 Register Values                                         | CX25870 Register Values                                   | CX25870 Register Values                                         |
| 0x56 <sup>(5)</sup> | AC                                                              | 18                                                        | 7A                                                              |
| 0x58 <sup>(5)</sup> | 20                                                              | 27                                                        | 31                                                              |
| 0x5A                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x5C                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x5E                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x60                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x62                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x64                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x66                | 3C                                                              | E3                                                        | D9                                                              |
| 0x68                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x6A                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x6C <sup>(1)</sup> | 46                                                              | 46                                                        | 46                                                              |
| 0x6E                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x70                | 0F                                                              | 0F                                                        | 0F                                                              |
| 0x72                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x74                | 01                                                              | 01                                                        | 01                                                              |
| 0x76                | 60                                                              | 00                                                        | 48                                                              |
| 0x78                | 80                                                              | 20                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x7A                | 8A                                                              | AA                                                        | D4                                                              |
| 0x7C                | A6                                                              | CA                                                        | FC                                                              |
| 0x7E                | 68                                                              | 9A                                                        | E2                                                              |
| 0x80                | C1                                                              | 0D                                                        | 79                                                              |
| 0x82                | 2E                                                              | 29                                                        | 28                                                              |
| 0x84                | F2                                                              | FC                                                        | FE                                                              |
| 0x86                | 27                                                              | 39                                                        | 4B                                                              |
| 0x88                | 00                                                              | 00                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x8A                | B0                                                              | C0                                                        | 91                                                              |
| 0x8C                | 0A                                                              | 8C                                                        | 5E                                                              |
| 0x8E                | 0B                                                              | 03                                                        | 0D                                                              |
| 0x90                | 71                                                              | EE                                                        | B6                                                              |

Table 1-21. Register Values for 640x480 / 800x600 / 1024x768 RGB In, SECAM-L Out (3 of 4)

|                     | 640x480 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 16.55%,<br>VOC = 16.66% | 800x600 RGB in, SECAM-L<br>out HOC = 14.52%<br>VOC=13.19% | 1024x768 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 12.72%<br>VOC = 12.15% |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Register Address    | CX25870 Register<br>Values                                      | CX25870 Register Values                                   | CX25870 Register Values                                         |
| 0x92                | 5A                                                              | 5F                                                        | 76                                                              |
| 0x94                | E0                                                              | 58                                                        | 00                                                              |
| 0x96                | 06                                                              | 0A                                                        | 3F                                                              |
| 0x98                | 00                                                              | 66                                                        | A4                                                              |
| 0x9A                | 50                                                              | 96                                                        | A0                                                              |
| 0x9C                | 72                                                              | 0                                                         | 55                                                              |
| 0x9E                | 1C                                                              | 0                                                         | 15                                                              |
| 0xA0                | 0D                                                              | 10                                                        | 1E                                                              |
| 0xA2                | 8C                                                              | 8C                                                        | 24                                                              |
| 0xA4                | F0                                                              | F0                                                        | F0                                                              |
| 0xA6                | 58                                                              | 57                                                        | 56                                                              |
| 0xA8 <sup>(5)</sup> | 76                                                              | 5F                                                        | 4B                                                              |
| 0xAA <sup>(5)</sup> | 4D                                                              | 3E                                                        | 31                                                              |
| 0xAC                | 8C                                                              | 8C                                                        | 8C                                                              |
| 0xAE <sup>(5)</sup> | EA                                                              | 55                                                        | 76                                                              |
| 0xB0 <sup>(5)</sup> | BE                                                              | 55                                                        | 4A                                                              |
| 0xB2 <sup>(5)</sup> | 3C                                                              | 55                                                        | FF                                                              |
| 0xB4 <sup>(5)</sup> | 26                                                              | 1F                                                        | 18                                                              |
| 0xB6                | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xB8                | 01                                                              | 3                                                         | 33                                                              |
| 0xBA                | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xBC                | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xBE                | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xC0                | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xC2                | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xC4 <sup>(2)</sup> | 01                                                              | 1                                                         | 1                                                               |
| 0xC6 <sup>(3)</sup> | 03                                                              | 3                                                         | 3                                                               |
| 0xC8                | 1B                                                              | 1B                                                        | 1B                                                              |

**Table 1-21. Register Values for 640x480 / 800x600 / 1024x768 RGB In, SECAM-L Out (4 of 4)**

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 640x480 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 16.55%,<br>VOC = 16.66% | 800x600 RGB in, SECAM-L<br>out HOC = 14.52%<br>VOC=13.19% | 1024x768 RGB in,<br>SECAM-L out<br>HOC = 12.72%<br>VOC = 12.15% |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Register Address                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | CX25870 Register Values                                         | CX25870 Register Values                                   | CX25870 Register Values                                         |
| 0xCA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | C0                                                              | C0                                                        | C0                                                              |
| 0xCC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | C0                                                              | C0                                                        | C0                                                              |
| 0xCE <sup>(4)</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 24                                                              | 24                                                        | 24                                                              |
| 0xD0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xD2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xD4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xD6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 00                                                              | 0                                                         | 0                                                               |
| 0xD8                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 40                                                              | 40                                                        | 40                                                              |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>1. Register 0x6C contains the TIMING_RESET bit. Set this bit as your last programming step and the CX25870 will clear it automatically later.<br>2. Register 0xC4 contains the EN_OUT bit. Adjust according to your design's interface as necessary.<br>3. Register 0xC6 contains the EN_BLANKO, EN_DOT, and IN_MODE[2:0] bits. Adjust according to your design's interface as necessary.<br>4. Register 0xCE contains the OUT_MUXD[1:0], OUTMUXC[1:0], OUTMUXB[1:0], and OUTMUXA[1:0] bit fields for output routing. Adjust according to your design's interface as necessary.<br>5. This is a SECAM specific register. |                                                                 |                                                           |                                                                 |

The procedure required to obtain a SECAM output with an overscan compensation percentage that differs from those solutions in [Table 1-21](#) is fairly simple. First, configure the encoder so it generates a standard PAL-B output with the desired overscan compensation percentage. This can be done through the use of an autoconfiguration mode, a hand-generated, or a predefined register set. Second, perform a full register read-back from the CX25870. Carefully note the value for register 0xA2. Third, program only the bits found in [Table 1-22](#) to their new state within the CX25870.

**Table 1-22. Vital SECAM Bit Settings—Register 0xA2**

| Bit Name | Location               | State for PAL-BDGI | State for SECAM |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| FM       | Bit 7 of register 0xA2 | 0                  | 1               |
| PAL_MD   | Bit 5 of register 0xA2 | 1                  | 0               |
| VSNC_DUR | Bit 3 of register 0xA2 | 0                  | 0               |

Finally, calculate the values for the MSC\_DB[31:0], MCR[7:0], MCB[7:0], FILFSCONV[5:0], FIL4286INCR[7:0], and MSC[31:0] registers for the particular SECAM overscan solution. To accomplish this task, read back both values that comprise the HCLKO[11:0] register, convert it to decimal (base 10), and use it in the equations below. After solving each SECAM register equation, perform a conversion back to a hexadecimal number and program the appropriate registers with their new SECAM specific values.

The equations for generation of a SECAM output based on a RGB input only are:

$$\text{MSC\_DB}[31:0] = \text{int}((272 / \text{H\_CLKO}[11:0]) * 2^{32} + 0.5)$$

$$\text{DR\_LIMITP}[10:0] = ((4.756 \text{ MHz} / \text{Internal Pixel Clock Frequency}) * 2^{13})$$

$$\text{DR\_LIMITN}[10:0] = ((3.9 \text{ MHz} / \text{Internal Pixel Clock Frequency}) * 2^{13})$$

$$\text{DB\_LIMITP}[10:0] = ((4.756 \text{ MHz} / \text{Internal Pixel Clock Frequency}) * 2^{13})$$

$$\text{DB\_LIMITN}[10:0] = ((3.9 \text{ MHz} / \text{Internal Pixel Clock Frequency}) * 2^{13})$$

• If PLL\_CLK32 is 0, then Internal Pixel Clock Frequency = CLKI = CLKO.

• If PLL\_CLK32 is 1 (for some overscan ratios in 800x600 and all 1024x768 resolutions), then Internal Pixel Clock Frequency = (2/3) \* CLKI

FIL4286INCR[7:0]: Six equations required to find hex value

$$\text{SCINCR\_OFF} = \text{int}(8192 * 4.286 * 1728 / (27 * \text{H\_CLKO}[11:0]) + 0.5)$$

$$\text{SCINCR\_OFFh} = \text{dec2hex}(\text{SCINCR\_OFF})$$

$$\text{SCINCR\_OFFb} = \text{hex2bin}(\text{SCINCR\_OFFh})$$

$$\text{SCINCR\_INTb} = \text{SCINCR\_OFFb} \& (\text{bitwise AND operator}) \text{ with } 11111111 (\text{binary})$$

$$\text{SCINCR\_INTnot} = \text{NOT}[\text{SCINCR\_INTb}]$$

$$\text{FIL4286INCR}[7:0] = \frac{\text{BIN2DEC}\{\text{SCINCR\_INTnot}\}}{2}$$

$$\text{FILFSCONV}[5:0] = \text{int}((27 * \text{H\_CLKO}[11:0] * 1.087) / 1728 + 0.5)$$

For RGB input only:

$$\text{MCR}[7:0] = \text{int}((920.26) / (288036.0 * \text{H\_CLKO}[11:0] * \text{SINX}) * 2^{26} + 0.5)$$

where  $\text{SINX} = [\sin(p * \text{Fsc} / \text{CLKI})] / (p * \text{Fsc} / \text{CLKI})$

$$\text{MCB}[7:0] = \text{int}((598.15) / (288036.0 * \text{H\_CLKO}[11:0] * \text{SINX}) * 2^{26} + 0.5)$$

where  $\text{SINX} = [\sin(p * \text{Fsc} / \text{CLKI})] / (p * \text{Fsc} / \text{CLKI})$

$$\text{MSC}[31:0] = \text{int}((282 / \text{H\_CLKO}[11:0]) * 2^{32} + 0.5)$$

MY = same as PAL, no change required for SECAM

For YCrCb input only:

$$\text{MCR}[7:0] = \text{int}((1.902 / (224 * 0.713) * (0.28 / \text{Fclk}) / (84 * \text{SINX}) * 2^{27} + 0.5))$$

$$\text{MCB}[7:0] = \text{int}((1.505 / (224 * 0.564) * (0.28 / \text{Fclk}) / (84 * \text{SINX}) * 2^{27} + 0.5))$$

MY = same as PAL, no change required for SECAM

**Table 1-23. SECAM Specific Registers**

| Register Address | Description                          | Value for PAL-BDGI       | Value for SECAM                                              |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0x42             | MSC_DB[7:0]                          | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use MSC_DB[31:0] equation                                    |
| 0x44             | MSC_DB[15:8]                         | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use MSC_DB[31:0] equation                                    |
| 0x46             | MSC_DB[23:16]                        | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use MSC_DB[31:0] equation                                    |
| 0x48             | MSC_DB[31:24]                        | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use MSC_DB[31:0] equation                                    |
| 0x4A             | DR_LIMITP[7:0]                       | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use DR_LIMITP[10:0] equation                                 |
| 0x4C             | DR_LIMITN[7:0]                       | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use DR_LIMITN[10:0] equation                                 |
| 0x4E             | DR_LIMITN[10:8] &<br>DR_LIMITP[10:8] | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use DR_LIMITN[10:0] equation<br>Use DR_LIMITP[10:0] equation |
| 0x50             | DB_LIMITP[7:0]                       | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use DB_LIMITP[10:0] equation                                 |
| 0x52             | DB_LIMITN[7:0]                       | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use DB_LIMITN[10:0] equation                                 |
| 0x54             | DB_LIMITN[10:8] &<br>DB_LIMITP[10:8] | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use DB_LIMITN[10:0] equation<br>Use DB_LIMITP[10:0] equation |
| 0x56             | FIL4286INCR[7:0]                     | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use FIL4286INCR[7:0] equation                                |
| 0x58             | Bits 5-0 are<br>FILFSCONV[5:0]       | Not Used for PAL-BDGI    | Use FILFSCONV[5:0] equation                                  |
| 0xA8             | MCR[7:0]                             | Overscan Ratio Dependent | Use MCR[7:0] equation                                        |
| 0xAA             | MCB[7:0]                             | Overscan Ratio Dependent | Use MCB[7:0] equation                                        |
| 0xAE             | MSC[7:0]                             | Overscan Ratio Dependent | Use MSC[31:0] equation                                       |
| 0xB0             | MSC[15:8]                            | Overscan Ratio Dependent | Use MSC[31:0] equation                                       |
| 0xB2             | MSC[23:16]                           | Overscan Ratio Dependent | Use MSC[31:0] equation                                       |
| 0xB4             | MSC[31:24]                           | Overscan Ratio Dependent | Use MSC[31:0] equation                                       |

### 1.3.41 Macrovision Copy Protection

The CX25871 device supports Version 7.1.L1 of the Macrovision specification for copy protection for all NTSC, PAL, and SECAM video outputs. The CX25870 does not support the Macrovision feature whatsoever.

**NOTE:** The CX25871 will power-up with Macrovision copy protection enabled as required by Macrovision Version 7.1.L1.

For detailed instructions and lists of default register values for the CX25871 obtain a Macrovision license and then ask for the *Macrovision Process Supplement* application note from your local Conexant salesperson or field application engineer.

### 1.3.42 HDTV Output Mode

The CX25870/871 includes an HDTV Output Mode that generates the analog RGB or analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> component video outputs necessary for driving an HDTV's HD input port.

While generating HDTV outputs, the device accepts RGB or YP<sub>R</sub>P<sub>B</sub> digital data in a 480p, 720p, or 1080i ATSC resolution. After a pipeline delay, it outputs either analog RGB or analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> signals and automatically inserts trilevel synchronization pulses (when necessary) and vertical synchronizing 'broad pulses'. The output waveforms, input data requirements and all configuration details are explained in [Appendix E](#). The device complies with all major SMPTE and EIA standards governing the HDTV resolutions.

### 1.3.43 SCART Output

In this mode of operation, the CX25870/871 can be used successfully to provide one full Red/Green/Blue/Composite (or optionally, a 2-signal Luminance and Chrominance) SCART/Peritel output to drive SCART-compatible televisions or VCRs. Many PAL/European TVs being manufactured now have SCART compatible sockets, that allows the television and the set top box, graphics card, or game console driving it to work in RGB color instead of the standard composite. The picture quality for full SCART is significantly better due to the individual RGB Composite signals being sent directly to the TV color guns. This is opposed to the TV having to modulate and decode the RGB signals from another color format. This ultimately yields a crisper picture.

On power-up, the CX25870/871 will output NTSC or PAL standard-definition television outputs depending on the state of the PAL pin. To switch the device into SCART Output Mode with three sync-less Red/Green/Blue (RGB) analog outputs and a single Composite (CVBS) PAL video output from the fourth DAC, program the encoder into a satisfactory PAL output mode and then perform the sequence of serial writes found in [Table 1-24](#).

**Table 1-24. Serial Writes Required to Switch CX25870/871 into SCART Output Operation**

| Bit Name                                                         | Location             | Value | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EN_SCART                                                         | Bit 3—Register 0x6C  | 1     | Enables SCART Output mode. DACs will transmit Video[0-3] as SCART compatible RGB/CVBS outputs.<br><br>By default, in SCART Output mode, the CX25870 will transmit:<br>DAC_A = Video[0] = Red<br>DAC_B = Video[1] = Green<br>DAC_C = Video[2] = Blue<br>DAC_D = Video[3] = PAL Composite (CVBS) |
| OUT_MUXD[1:0]<br>OUT_MUXC[1:0]<br>OUT_MUXB[1:0]<br>OUT_MUXA[1:0] | Bits 7:0—Register CE | E4    | By configuring the DAC routing register, the CX25870 will now transmit:<br>DAC_A = Video[0] = 00 = Red<br>DAC_B = Video[1] = 01 = Green<br>DAC_C = Video[2] = 10 = Blue<br>DAC_D = Video[3] = 11 = PAL Composite (CVBS)                                                                        |
| OUT_MODE[1:0]                                                    | Bits 3:2—Register D6 | 11    | Forces CX25870 to generate SCART output mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

**NOTE:** No change to the incoming or outgoing HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* signal frequencies are necessary for SCART generation. The sync rates should continue to match those found with PAL-BDGHI transmission.

While the CX25870/871 is in SCART outmode, the composite video output (Video[3]) contains a standard bilevel analog sync along with all other components that comprise a standard PAL-BDGHI video signal. The sync pulse has an amplitude of 0 mV to 300 mV peak-to-peak and a duration of 4.70  $\mu$ s by default. The amplitude can only be adjusted through the use of external passives, but its width can be adjusted through serial writing of the CX25870 HSYNC\_WIDTH register.

The CX25870's Composite should be used by the subsystem to provide the positive-going Video output/sync output expected by SCART-compliant display devices. In other words, the PAL Composite output should be fed into the Video Input (Contact #20-CEI IEC 933-1) on the SCART connector. CVBS will possess the same bandwidth and time delays as the CX25870 RGB primary color signals. The inclusion of a full composite video signal as the 4<sup>th</sup> output exceeds the SCART capabilities of some non-Conexant Flicker Filter encoders which choose to output only Composite Sync as the 4<sup>th</sup> output. This implementation benefits the customer because some European Set-Top Boxes connect to TVs solely through the SCART connector. If the TV only receives Composite video via the SCART connector, and the Set Top Box is set to RGB output with sync for blanking (not CVBS) on pin 20, a picture will not be present at all on the TV. However, with the CX25870, if the TV only receives CVBS (not RGB) and the Set Top Box is set to RGB output with CVBS on pin 20 the customer will get a colorful picture on his TV.

The RGB primary color signals generated in SCART mode will not contain any embedded syncs. For each output, the difference between the peak value (pure white) and blanking level is 0.7 V ( $\pm 3$  dB). Therefore, the blanking level will reside at GND (0 mV) and the maximum level is 700 mV for RGB. The HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* digital inputs received by the CX25870/871 continue to act as a trigger to start a new line and new frame respectively as is the case with Composite and SVHS outputs. The RGB signals are blanked in accordance with the values contained in the H\_BLANKO and V\_BLANKO registers, with H\_CLKO and H\_ACTIVE playing a lesser role.

The primary color signals expect a 75  $\Omega$  load from the display device. Correct RGB amplitudes are generated when the CX25870's SCART outputs each 'see' an equivalent impedance of 37.5  $\Omega$  between the source and destination.

By default, the RGB positive-going signals are transmitted from the CX25870 in the following manner:

**Table 1-25. Default SCART Outgoing Signal Assignments**

| Pin # on CX25870/871 | SCART Output                   |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 68 = DACA            | Video[0] = Red Primary Color   |
| 70 = DACB            | Video[1] = Green Primary Color |
| 72 = DACC            | Video[2] = Blue Primary Color  |
| 66 = DACD            | Video[3] = PAL-BDGI Composite  |

**NOTE:** Video[0-3] can be routed out of any of the 4 on-chip DACs by adjusting the appropriate OUT\_MUXA/B/C/D[1:0] bits.

Other major characteristics of the CX25870/871 SCART Output Mode are:

- Acceptable digital RGB inputs include 24/16/or 15 bits per pixel multiplexed or nonmultiplexed, noninterlaced RGB.
- Acceptable digital YCrCb inputs include 24/16 bits per pixel multiplexed or nonmultiplexed, noninterlaced YCrCb.
- CX25870 can operate in master, pseudo-master, or slave interface.
- Pixel sampling rate in this mode is determined based on the incoming and outgoing clock frequencies (CLKI and CLKO).
- DAC resolution for all DACs = 10-bits.
- Red/Green/Blue/Composite SCART Output from CX25870/871 limited to a max active resolution of 800 x 600.
- Y/C SCART output OK to a maximum active resolution of 1024 x 768.
- Compliance with the European EN50-049 SCART connector standard. Blue should be received as Pin #7, Green as Pin #11, Red as Pin #15, and CVBS Out from the CX25870 as Composite Out at Pin #19 (Display Side of Connector).
- Compliance with the CEI IEC Publication 933-1 standard. Blue should be received as Pin #7, Green as Pin #11, Red as Pin #15, and CVBS Out from the CX25870 as Composite Out at Pin #19 (Display Side of Connector).

The CX25870 is compliant with the major standards and technical reports governing the SCART interface. [Table 1-26](#) summarizes the pins to be used for transmission of SCART RGB/CVBS video with this Conexant device.

**Table 1-26. CX25870 SCART Outputs for Different SCART Standards**

| RGB Standard                                                           | Red    | Green  | Blue   | Composite/Blanking                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| European EN50-049 SCART <sup>(1)</sup> connector                       | Pin 15 | Pin 11 | Pin 7  | Pin 19 -Composite Out (To Display)  |
| CEI IEC 933-1 : <sup>(1)</sup> BBC SCART Arrangement #1                | Pin 15 | Pin 11 | Pin 7  | Pin 19 - Composite Out (To Display) |
| Y- C Standard                                                          | Chroma | x      | Luma   | x                                   |
| Luminance - Chrominance <sup>(2)</sup> SCART: BBC SCART Arrangement #2 | Pin 15 | c      | Pin 20 | —                                   |

**NOTE(S):**  
<sup>(1)</sup> Red/Green/Blue signals levels are from 0 V + 0.7 V peak-to-peak with 75  $\Omega$  load impedance.  
<sup>(2)</sup> The Luminance – Chrominance Outputs for SCART are equivalent to PAL-BDGI S-Video. Therefore, OUTMODE[1:0] should be programmed to 00, the EN\_SCART bit should be reset to 0, and the OUTMUXA/B/C/D[1:0] bits adjusted according to which DACs must transmit Luminance(Video[1]) and Chrominance(Video[2]).

A specialized cable and connector are required to connect the CX25870's RGB/CVBS or Y/C outputs to the TV's SCART input. This cable can be procured from various European electronic stores and comes in at least two different arrangements. Consult the CEI IEC 933-1 specification (*Audio, Video, and Audiovisual systems-Interconnections and Matching Values*) for a precise illustration of their 21-contact SCART connector, video signal peak-peak values, and cordset types.

The most common types of SCART connectors are the so-called Type I and Type II variety. Figures 1-34 and 1-35 illustrate the recommended Type I and Type II SCART connector pinout arrangements.

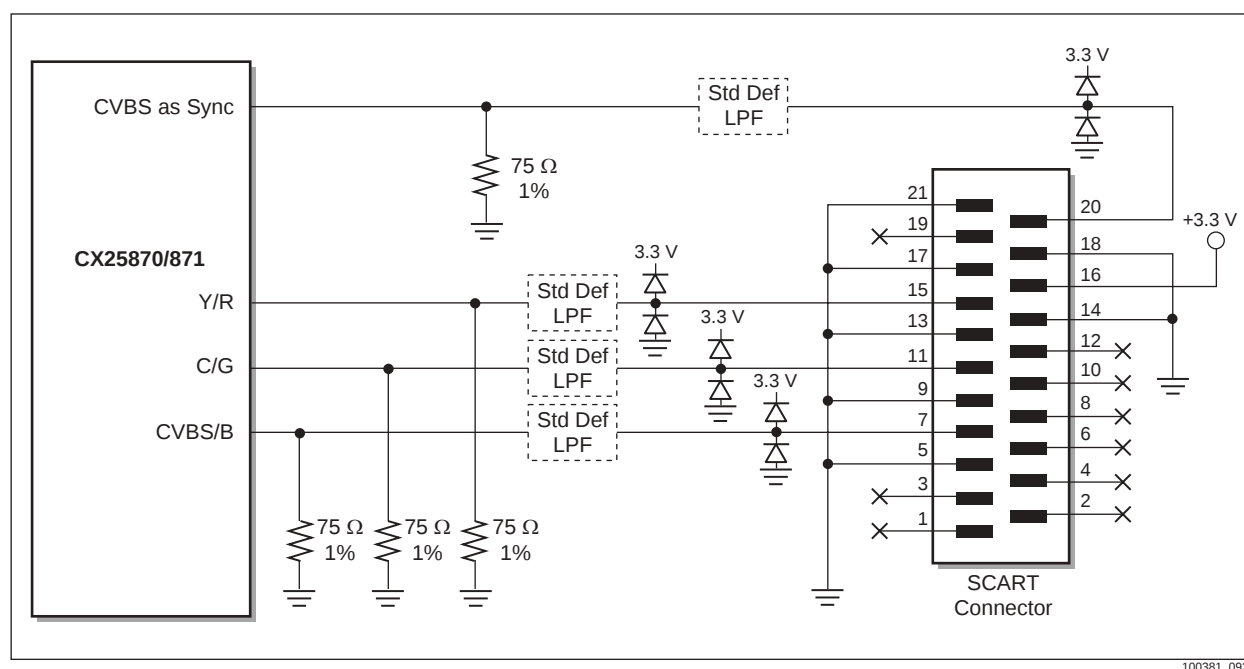
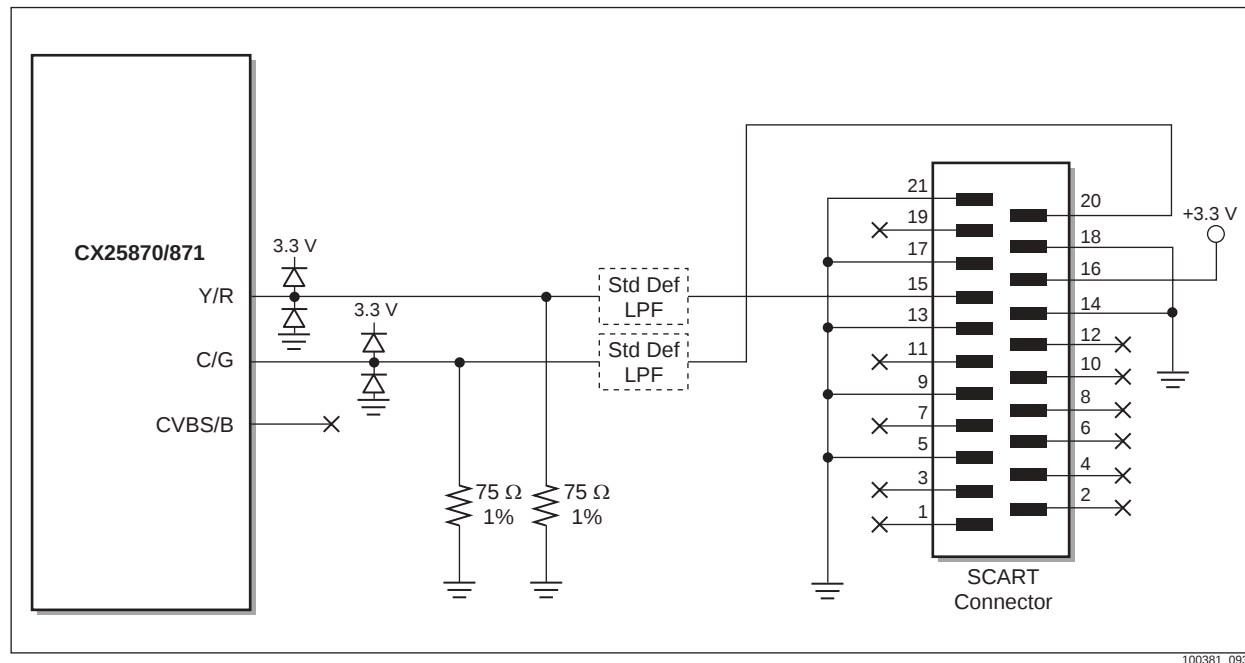
**Figure 1-34. CX25870 Driving a Type I SCART Connector (EN 50-049 and IEC 933-1 Compliant)**

Figure 1-35. CX25870 Driving a Type II SCART Connector (Y/C and BBC SCART Compliant)



Conexant recommends that any designer utilizing the CX25870 with either type of SCART output utilize the same DAC low-pass filters used for standard definition TV outputs listed in [Chapter 3.0](#) of this data sheet.

### 1.3.44 Interlaced Standard Definition Analog Component Video TV Outputs

In this mode of operation, the CX25870/25871 provides a set of Component Video Y, PB (B–Y), PR (R–Y) outputs based on a 480 line interlaced RGB or YCrCb digital input format. Some DVD Players, such as those made by Toshiba and Panasonic, call the Component Video Output format by their branded name, “ColorStream.” Others refer to the two EIA standards governing this video format—EIA-770.1 and EIA-770.2-A, and state this video type as Interlaced Component Video, 480i Component Video, or Component YUV. Regardless of the different names, the video format remains the same. For instructions on how to configure the CX25870/871 to generate progressive 480p Component Video (or ColorStream Pro), refer to that particular section in this data sheet.

The designer can enable ColorStream by using three of the CX25870’s DACs to generate two color difference signals ( $P_R$  and  $P_B$  sometimes referred to as  $C_R$  and  $C_B$ ) and a single luminance signal (Y). These three channels allow the video generating device to bypass the TV’s internal Y/C separator and color decoder circuits. The analog information therefore gets routed directly into the TV’s matrix decoder. By sending the pure component video signal directly to a Component Video or ColorStream input-equipped display media, the input signal forgoes the extra processing that normally would degrade the analog image.

The advantage of this type of video is increased image quality combined with more lifelike colors and crisper detail. Because the video information is transferred over three separate connecting cables instead of two (for S-Video) or one (for Coaxial or RCA/Composite), 480i Component Video yields the best standard definition TV quality available. However, because we are still dealing with standard 480 line interlaced resolutions, this format remains inferior to High-Definition TV.

Output devices used for generating this format include, but are not limited to, Digital TV set top boxes, Satellite DBS Receiver Decoders, and DVD players. Input media capable of decoding ColorStream include television receivers and/or monitors.

While in the Component Video mode, all 10-bits of the CX25870's D/A converters are available for encoding. This results in a D/A conversion more accurate than conventional 8-bit, 13.500 MHz systems. The end result is a more artifact-free and clear image.

Some major characteristics governing the interlaced standard definition television analog component video interface are as follows:

| Pixels per Active Line | Active Lines per Frame | Frame Rate (Hz) | Output Scanning Format | Total Samples per Line | Total Liens per Frame |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 720                    | 480                    | 30 / 1.001      | Interlaced             | 858                    | 525                   |

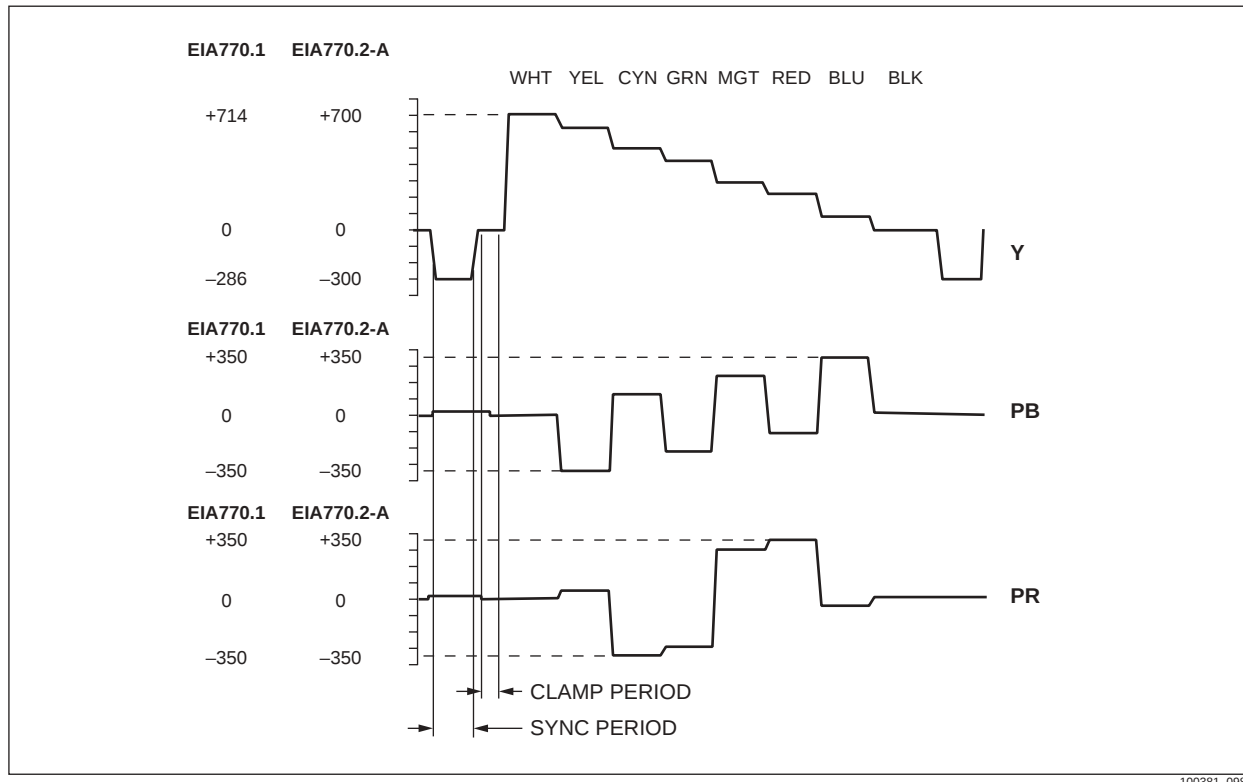
- The digital input stream can be received in a progressive (i.e., noninterlaced) format or interlaced format. Interlaced data must be transmitted as ODD–EVEN–ODD ... fields. The fields carry every other scan line in succession with succeeding fields carrying the lines not scanned by the previous field.
- Each field will be divided into an active picture area and a vertical blanking interval (VBI). Similarly, each line will be divided into an active pixel area and a horizontal blanking interval.
- The 480i video output will be capable of either a 4:3 or 16:9 aspect ratio through embedding of Wide Screen Signaling (WSS) bits into the appropriate lines in the VBI. Review the section 1.3.35 in the data sheet for more details.

If configured properly, the CX25870's EIA 770.2-A compliant Component Video luminance signal has a peak amplitude of 700 mV from the blanking level, with zero setup. A negative-going bilevel sync pulse of 300 mV, conforming to the timing requirements in Figure 1.3-a, is added to the Luma signal as the only timing reference for the complete  $Y P_R P_B$  set of signals.

Neither  $P_R$  nor  $P_B$  will contain an embedded sync pulse. Both will have a maximum peak amplitude of  $\pm 350$  mV. The DC level of  $P_R$  and  $P_B$  during the horizontal line shown in Figure 1-36 below will be at reference black with a voltage of 0 V. It will be generated in conformance with the EIA 770.2-A and EIA770.1 standards. The only differences between these standards are the presence of the 7.5 IRE setup pedestal and slightly different luminance levels. Check Tables 1-27 and 1-28 for complete programming instructions for either standard.

The three component video signals  $Y$ ,  $P_B$ , and  $P_R$  will be coincident with respect to each other within  $\pm 5.0$  ns. Any filtering that introduces group delay exceeding 5.0 ns should be redesigned.

**Figure 1-36.  $Y P_R P_B$  Component Video Signals using 100/0/100/0 Color Bars as the Digital Input Signal (Courtesy—EIA-770.2-A standard, page 8 and EIA-770.1 standard)**



100381\_098

To switch the device into 480i Component Video Output Mode with bilevel syncs embedded into each of the three  $Y P_R P_B$  analog outputs, first, program up the CX25870/871 into a fully functional NTSC over-scan solution where Composite and/or S-Video is being generated out of at least three of the encoder's outputs. Next, change the registers found in [Table 1-27](#) to the indicated values.

**Table 1-27. Common Registers Required to Switch CX25870/25871 into EIA-770.2-A- or EIA-770.1-Compliant Component Video Outputs**

| Register/Bit Name                                                | Location                                                                                             | Value                                                    | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MCOMPY[7:0]                                                      | Bits 7:0 – Register 3C                                                                               | 80 (hex)                                                 | Gain multiplication factor for Y analog output.                                                                                                                                                                |
| MCOMPV[7:0]                                                      | Bits 7:0 – Register 3E                                                                               | 90 (hex)                                                 | Gain multiplication factor for P <sub>B</sub> analog output.                                                                                                                                                   |
| MCOMPV[7:0]                                                      | Bits 7:0 – Register 40                                                                               | 66 (hex)                                                 | Gain multiplication factor for P <sub>R</sub> analog output.                                                                                                                                                   |
| SETUP                                                            | Bit 1 - Register A2                                                                                  | 1 (binary)                                               | Required for EIA770.1 compliance. Enables 7.5 IRE pedestal normally present within NTSC-M active video lines.                                                                                                  |
| OUT_MODE[1:0]                                                    | Bits 3:2 - Register D6                                                                               | 10 (binary)                                              | Enables Component Video output mode. CX25870 DACs will transmit Video[0-3] as EIA-770.2-A or 770.1 compliant P <sub>R</sub> / Y / P <sub>B</sub> / Y_DELAY outputs.                                            |
| OUT_MUXA[1:0]<br>OUT_MUXB[1:0]<br>OUT_MUXC[1:0]<br>OUT_MUXD[1:0] | Bits 1:0 - Register CE<br>Bits 3:2 - Register CE<br>Bits 5:4 - Register CE<br>Bits 7:6 - Register CE | 00 (binary)<br>01 (binary)<br>10 (binary)<br>11 (binary) | By default, in Component Video output mode, the CX25870 will transmit:<br>DAC_A = Video[0] = P <sub>R</sub> = V<br>DAC_B = Video[1] = Y<br>DAC_C = Video[2] = P <sub>B</sub> = U<br>DAC_D = Video[3] = Y_DELAY |

For EIA-770.1 compliant Component Video out, no other programming steps are required for the CX25870/871 beyond [Table 1-27](#).

For the more common EIA-770.2-A compliant Component Video out, a few additional programming steps are required. These are listed in [Table 1-28](#) below:

**Table 1-28. Unique Registers Required to Switch CX25870/25871 into EIA-770.2-A- Compliant Component Video Outputs**

| Register/Bit Name | Location             | Value      | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SETUP             | Bit 1–Register A2    | 0 (binary) | Required for EIA770.2-A compliance. Removes 7.5 IRE pedestal normally present within NTSC-M active video lines.                                                                                                                                                                           |
| SYNC_AMP[7:0]     | Bits 7:0–Register A4 | F0 (hex)   | Multiplication factor for adjusting the analog sync amplitude tip to –300 mV for EIA-770.2-A.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| MY[7:0]           | Bits 7:0–Register AC | 85 (hex)   | Additional gain multiplication factor for Y EIA-770.2-A analog output. This register needs to be increased by 6 percent of its nominal value.<br>For a NTSC output based on a RGB digital input, this register would be increased 6 percent to 8C (hex) from a nominal value of 85 (hex). |

The analog Y, PB, and PR - Video[0-3] outputs can be routed out of any of the four on-chip DACs by adjusting the appropriate OUT\_MUXA/B/C/D[1:0] bits. All of the OUT\_MUX bits are contained in register 0xCE.

Because the CX25870 device has four DACs and only three are needed for Component Video, the designer can choose to use the 4<sup>th</sup> output, usually from DAC\_D, for any purpose deemed necessary. This output can be configured to either the P<sub>R</sub>, Y, P<sub>B</sub>, or Y\_DELAY output via OUT\_MUXD. If the output is not going to be used whatsoever, Conexant recommends DAC\_D be disabled by setting DACDISD (bit 3, Register BA). This will save on power dissipation.

The Component Video output signals expect a 75  $\Omega$  load to ground from the display medium. Correct Y, P<sub>R</sub>, P<sub>B</sub> amplitudes will be generated only when each CX25870 output sees an equivalent impedance of 37.5  $\Omega$  between the source and destination.

The CX25870 is compliant with the major standards and technical reports governing the Standard Definition TV Analog Component Video interface. The name of these standards are as follows:

- EIA 770.2-A—Standard Definition TV Analog Component Video Interface
- EIA 770.1—Standard Definition TV Analog Component Video Interface
- ANSI/SMPTE Standard 170M (1994) (M/NTSC) for  
Television—Composite Analog Video Signal—NTSC for Studio  
Applications

To obtain any of these specifications, visit Global Engineering Documents at: <http://global.ihs.com/>

Conexant recommends that any designer utilizing the CX25870 with a Component Video output utilize the same DAC low-pass filters used for standard definition TV outputs listed in [Figure 3-2](#) of this data sheet.

### 1.3.45 VGA(RGB)—DAC Output Operation

In this mode of operation, the CX25870/871 acts as a general-purpose triple high-speed D/A converter used to drive video receivers, such as PC monitors. The encoder accomplishes this by bypassing most of the encoder blocks utilized for television outputs, such as the Flicker Filter and FIFO and routing the RGB or YCrCb digital data straight through to the on-chip 10-bit DACs. Once the data arrives at the DACs, it is quickly converted to a set of 700 mV peak-to-peak analog outputs, streamed through the respective DAC\_X output pins, and routed onto the rest of the graphics system according to the PCB layout.

Optimal performance is achieved when the CX25870/871's current controlled DACs are terminated into appropriate resistive loads to produce voltage outputs. The chip's DAC outputs are specifically designed to produce video output levels with a total peak-peak active-region amplitude of 700 mV when directly connected to a single-ended, doubly terminated ( $R_{eq} = 37.5 \Omega$ ) load. With the recommended loading of two  $75 \Omega \pm 1$  percent resistors (one each for the transmitting and receiving side), the full-scale video amplitude is from 286 mV (blanking) to 986 mV (maximum luminance) and synchronization pulses from 0 mV (negative sync tip) to 286 mV (blanking) respectively. The analog synchronization pulse is generated by the CX25870/871 every time it receives a falling edge on either the HSYNC\* or the VSYNC\* input by default. These sync pulses can be disabled for the RGB outputs by following the steps found in [Table 1-30](#).

On power-up, the CX25870/871 will output NTSC or PAL standard-definition television outputs depending on the state of the PAL pin. To switch the device into VGA-DAC Output Mode with bilevel syncs embedded on every Red/Green/Blue (RGB) analog output, perform the sequence of serial writes found in [Table 1-29](#) only.

**Table 1-29. Serial Writes Required to Switch CX25870/871 into VGA/DAC Output Operation**

| Bit Name      | Location             | Value | Comment                                                                                                              |
|---------------|----------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SLAVER        | Bit 5—Register 0xBA  | 1     | Ensures CX25871 in slave or pseudo-master interface                                                                  |
| EN_XCLK       | Bit 7—Register 0xA0  | 1     | CLKI used as pixel clock source.                                                                                     |
| SETUP         | Bit 1—Register 0xA2  | 0     | Setup off. The +56 mV pedestal setup is disabled for active video lines.                                             |
| OUT_MODE[1:0] | Bits 3:2—Register D6 | 11    | Video [0-3] = 11 = VGA Output Mode:<br>DAC_A = Video[0] = Red<br>DAC_B = Video[1] = Green<br>DAC_C = Video[2] = Blue |
| DAC_DISD      | Bit 3—Register 0xBA  | 1     | Disables DACD output. Current is set to 0 mA. Output voltage goes to 0 V.                                            |

Of course, the master device's timing signals (HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, CLKI) and the digital data sent to the CX25870/871 must also be adjusted to ensure the proper operation of this mode.

Some applications, such as VESA compliant PC Monitors, dictate that the embedded bilevel syncs be completely absent from the RGB analog outputs. Fortunately, the CX25870/871 can provide VESA's 'syncless' outputs so long as the additional set of bits found in [Table 1-30](#) are programmed as shown: Complete all steps in [Tables 1-29](#) plus [1-30](#).

**Table 1-30. Serial Writes Required to Remove Bilevel Syncs from all VGA/DAC Outputs**

| Bit Name                                                                                                                                                                      | Location                | Value | Comment                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| HDTV_EN                                                                                                                                                                       | Bit 7—Register 0x28     | 1     | DACs output HDTV compatible RGB      |
| RASTER_SEL[1:0]                                                                                                                                                               | Bits[1:0]—Register 0x28 | 00    | Default state. No need to reprogram. |
| RGB2PRPB                                                                                                                                                                      | Bit 6—Register 0x28     | 0     | Default state. No need to reprogram. |
| BPB_SYNC_DIS                                                                                                                                                                  | Bit 3—Register 0x28     | 1     | Disables sync on Blue output         |
| GY_SYNC_DIS                                                                                                                                                                   | Bit 4—Register 0x28     | 1     | Disables sync on Green output        |
| RPR_SYNC_DIS                                                                                                                                                                  | Bit 5—Register 0x28     | 1     | Disables sync on Red output          |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b> When all bits in <a href="#">Tables 1-29</a> and <a href="#">1-30</a> are programmed correctly, the active video level range will be from +286 mV to +986 mV. |                         |       |                                      |

The outputs generated from the combined steps listed in [Table 1-29](#) and [Table 1-30](#) will not contain any embedded syncs, but will contain a positive 286 mV DC offset because the encoder cannot generate negative voltage levels. Therefore, the blanking level will reside at 286 mV and the maximum luminance level is 986 mV for the 3 different outputs. The HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* digital inputs received by the CX25870/871 will continue to cause blanking, but this is irrelevant since the data itself is blanked at these times.

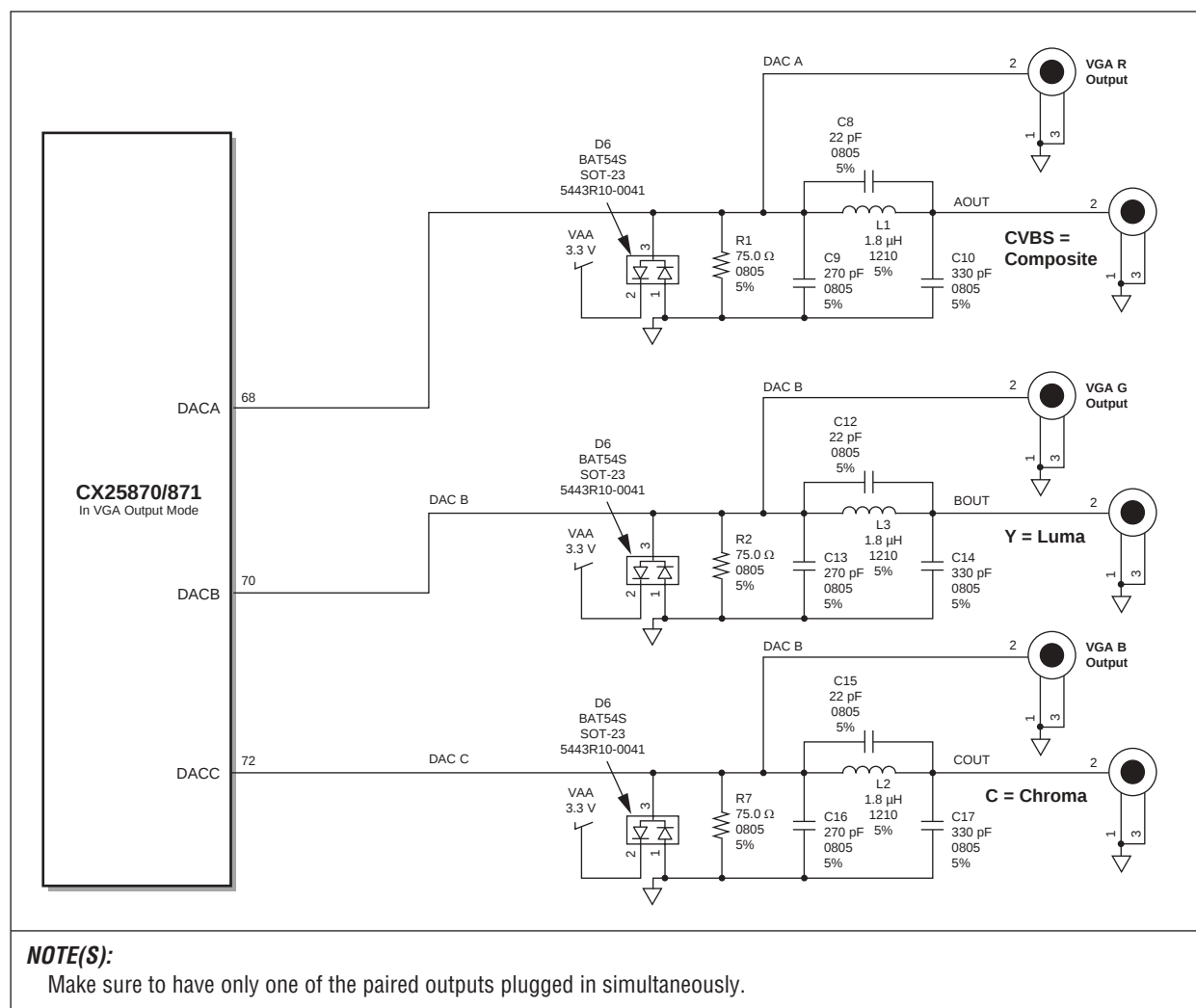
To reiterate, the VESA Video Signal Standard specification requires that the DAC analog output stay between 0.0 Vdc and 0.700 Vdc  $\pm$  .07 V (or  $\pm$  .03 V) with no excursions at all times. Clearly, the blank and maximum luminance levels for the CX25870/871 are in violation of this specification. To compensate for the DC offset, the CX25870/871 is reliant on the VGA Monitor's decode capabilities to remove this DC deviation. Through testing, Conexant has determined that most, if not all, present-day monitors have this function to filter out minor DC offsets.

Other major characteristics of the CX25870/871 VGA—DAC Output Mode are:

- Acceptable digital RGB inputs include 24/16/or 15 bits per pixel multiplexed or nonmultiplexed RGB
- Acceptable digital YCrCb inputs include 24/16 bits per pixel multiplexed or nonmultiplexed YCrCb
- CX25870 can only be a slave to the data master in this type of operation
- Sampling rate in this mode is determined based on the incoming clock frequency (CLKI)
- DAC resolution for all DACs = 10-bits

Finally, Conexant recommends that any designer utilizing the CX25870 in this mode circumvent the three capacitors and one inductor found in the DAC low-pass filters used for standard definition TV outputs. [Figure 1-37](#) illustrates one method of bypassing the capacitors and inductor. Note that an additional RCA (or other type) of connector is recommended in this case for the Red, Green, and Blue VGA Outputs.

**Figure 1-37. Filterless DAC Outputs for VGA (RGB)—DAC Output Operation**



100381\_083

### 1.3.46 TV Auto-Detection Procedures

The device can determine whether or not the DAC output is connected to a monitor by verifying that the output is doubly-terminated. The MONSTATx bit for the corresponding DAC is set to a 1 if the device senses a doubly-terminated load on a reset condition or if the CHECK\_STAT register bit is set. While CHECK\_STAT is set, the output is forced to 2/3 of VREF when terminated and 4/3 of VREF if unterminated. The MONSTATx bit reflects the condition when the DAC output is less than or equal to VREF. The CHECK\_STAT bit is automatically cleared after two clock cycles.

The CX25870/871 can be read from using 2 different methods. The first method is called **Standard** serial read-back. To perform a read, simply have the master device issue the CX25870/871's serial device address (0x89 or 0x8B depending on the state of the encoders ALTADDR pin), transmit the particular subaddress (encoder register index) to read from, and then wait for the CX25870/871 to transmit the appropriate 8-bits of data. Of course, START and STOP conditions and ACKs must exist at the pertinent times as well, but this summarizes the basic procedure.

The second method that can be used to read back from the encoder is called the **Legacy** method. This is because the procedure that follows was the only manner in which Conexant's first generation encoder (i.e., Bt868/869) could be read from. For compatibility purposes, this method was carried forward and exists in this second generation encoder.

The **Legacy** procedure to follow for serial read-back and TV detection purposes is:

1. Write 01 to the ESTATUS[1:0]{bits D7=msb and D6 of register 0xC4} bit field. This sets up the encoder to read the MONSTAT data and check if the DACs have a TV connected.
2. Write the CHECK\_STAT register bit to a one (bit D6 of register BA). This will latch the MONSTAT data internally and then clear itself.
3. Wait 600  $\mu$ s to allow the analog nodes to reach their operating point.
4. Read the MONSTAT data by issuing 0x89 or 0x8B for the CX25870/871's device address. This ensures the least significant bit of the device write portion of the transaction is 1, which indicates to the encoder that it must send a byte of data on the next serial transaction. Do not write a subaddress to the encoder (this is not necessary since the first generation encoder only had one read register) and then read the next byte after the ACK. The 8-bit read in Step 1 contains either the CX25870's ID&VERSION (if ESTATUS was written to 00) or the CX25870's Monitor Detection for DACs C, B, and A + Closed Caption Status info and the FIELD # (if ESTATUS = 01). If ESTATUS was written to 10 in Step 1, the read byte will contain the PLL\_LOCK, FIFO status bits, PAL bit, and BUSY bit.

Table 1-31 summarizes the meaning of the read-back bits when the agency procedure is used and ESTATUS[1:0] = 10, 01, or 00.

**Table 1-31. ESTATUS[1:0] Read-back Bit Map**

| ESTATUS<br>[1:0] | 7         | 6         | 5                 | 4            | 3         | 2              | 1   | 0        |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------|-----|----------|
| 00               | ID[2:0]   |           |                   | VERSION[4:0] |           |                |     |          |
| 01               | MONSTAT_A | MONSTAT_B | MONSTAT_C         | CCSTAT_E     | CCSTAT_O  | FIELD[2:0]     |     |          |
| 10               | Reserved  | SECAM     | PLL_RESET_0<br>UT | PLL_LOCK     | FIFO_OVER | FIFO_<br>UNDER | PAL | RESERVED |

**NOTE(S):** Descriptions of these bits are found in Table 2-4.

5. If ESTATUS = 01, the serial master should receive one byte of information telling it the following information in this order:
  - a. Monitor Connection Status for DACA output (MONSTAT\_A = most significant bit).
  - b. Monitor Connection Status for DACB output (MONSTAT\_B).
  - c. Monitor Connection Status for DACC output (MONSTAT\_C).
  - d. CCSTAT\_E, CCSTAT\_O.
  - e. FIELD2, FIELD1, FIELD0 (least significant bit). The FIELD[2:0] bits indicate the field number that was last encoded. 000 indicates the 1st field.
6. The serial master must issue a STOP condition to finish the Read transaction. An ACK is not necessary before closing the transaction because the CX25870 just ignores the ACK anyway. In reality, the CX25870/871 does not really care about ending a transaction properly as long as a proper START condition is used to start the next transaction. In the read mode when the CX25870 is driving the SDA port, ending the transaction cannot take place until the encoder releases control of the SID line. This happens during the transition from when the last bit of the register is output to the receiving of the ACK.
7. The graphics controller, acting as the serial master, should clear the CHECK\_STAT register bit back to 0 (bit D6 of register BA) by writing zero to the CHECK\_STAT register bit (bit D6 of register BA) to display standard video again from the CX25870/871 VGA encoder.

To reiterate, a START condition needs to be issued by the serial master to start the next transaction. In the read mode, when the CX25870/871 is driving the SID port, an end to the transaction cannot take place until the encoder releases control of the SID line. This event happens during the transition from when the last bit of the register is output to the receiving of the ACK.

### 1.3.47 Sleep/Power Management

There are a number of sleep/power down options for the CX25870/871. These options can be grouped into three different categories. The first category pertains to power management during normal operation.

- **DIS\_PLL bit:**  
In nonsleep mode, when an external clock is being used, and the PLL is not needed, this bit will disable the PLL function.
- **XTAL\_PAD\_DIS bit:**  
Setting this bit forces the crystal oscillator circuit to completely shut down. This requires the CX25870/871 to switch over to an external clock or the RESET\* pin needs to be pulsed low to recover.
- **XTL\_BFO\_DIS bit:**  
This disables the crystal buffer when it is not needed.
- **DIS\_CLKO bit:**  
This will disable the CLKO output pin when not needed, i.e., an external clock is used in slave interface or to reduce sleep current.
- **DACDISx/DACOFF bits:**  
Each individual DAC can be powered down by setting its corresponding DACDISx bit. This is useful only if some of the DACs are not being utilized by the graphics system. The entire analog subsection of the device can be powered-down with the DACOFF bit, allowing digital operations to continue while reducing the power in the analog circuitry. This will achieve a significant reduction in power while maintaining all digital functionality.

The second category pertains to software enabled sleep operation.

- **SLEEP\_EN bit:**  
Shuts down all internal clocks except the serial port interface clock. Disables all digital I/O pins except these: SLEEP, ALTADDR, CLKI, CLKO, and XTAL\_OUT. Disables the PLL. Turns off all DACs and VREF; SLEEP and RESET\* are never disabled.
- **PLL\_KEEP\_ALIVE bit:**  
When the PLL is used to provide a system clock, this bit keeps it functioning if the rest of the chip is slept through either the sleep pin or sleep bit. This bit has no affect if DIS\_PLL is set.
- **DIS\_CLKI bit:**  
The disable for the CLKI is separate from the sleep bit and sleep pin to accommodate using an external clock as the clock source for the CX25870/871 or as the PLL input.

The third category relates to the pin driven sleep operation.

- **SLEEP pin:**  
In addition to what the SLEEP\_EN bit does, the sleep pin shuts down the serial port interface and disables the ALTADDR pin. If the SLEEP pin = 1, the only way the encoder can return to normal operation is by resetting the SLEEP pin in 0.

To achieve additional power savings, all the power management options available in normal operation are also available in software or pin driven sleep operation.

For the lowest possible power consumption, set the XTL\_BFO\_DIS, DIS\_CLKO, DIS\_CLKI, and XTAL\_PAD\_DIS bits in order, then pull the SLEEP pin (#52) high.

## 2.0 Internal Registers

A complete register bit map CX25870/871 is displayed in [Table 2-1](#). All registers are read/write unless denoted otherwise. For bit descriptions and detailed programming information, follow the register bit map below. All registers are set to their default state following a software reset. A software reset is always performed at power-up. After power-up, a reset can be triggered by writing the SRESET register bit.

**Table 2-1. Register Bit Map (\* Indicates Read-Only Register) (1 of 4)**

| 8-Bit Address     | D7              | D6           | D5            | D4             | D3             | D2               | D1              | D0          |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|
| *00               | ID[2:0]         |              |               | VERSION[4:0]   |                |                  |                 |             |
| *02               | MONSTAT_A       | MONSTAT_B    | MONSTAT_C     | CCSTAT_E       | CCSTAT_0       | FIELD_CNT[2:0]   |                 |             |
| *04               | Reserved        | SECAM        | PLL_RESET_OUT | PLL_LOCK       | FIFO_OVER      | FIFO_UNDER       | PAL             | Reserved    |
| *06               | MONSTAT_A       | MONSTAT_B    | MONSTAT_C     | MONSTAT_D      | FIELD_CNT[3:0] |                  |                 |             |
| 28                | SERIALTEST[7:0] |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 2E                | HDTV_EN         | RGB2PRPB     | RPR_SYNC_DIS  | GY_SYNC_DIS    | BPB_SYNC_DIS   | HD_SYNC_EDGE     | RASTER_SEL[1:0] |             |
| 30                | SLEEP_EN        | XTAL_PAD_DIS | XTL_BFO_DIS   | PLL_KEEP_ALIVE | DIS_CLKI       | DIS_PLL          | DIS_CLKO        | Reserved    |
| 32                | AUTO_CHK        | DRVS[1:0]    |               | SETUP_HOLD_ADJ | IN_MODE[3]     | DATDLY_RE        | OFFSET_RGB      | CSC_SEL     |
| 34                | ADPT_FF         | Reserved     | Reserved      | C_ALTF[1:0]    |                | Reserved         | Y_ALTF[1:0]     |             |
| 36                | FFRTN           | YSELECT      | C_THRESH[2:0] |                |                | Y_THRESH[2:0]    |                 |             |
| 38 <sup>(1)</sup> | Reserved        | PIX_DOUBLE   | PLL_32CLK     | DIV2           | HBURST_END[8]  | HBURST_BEGINS[8] | V_LINES[10]     | H_BLANKI[9] |
| 3A                | Reserved        | Reserved     | Reserved      | 14318_XTAL     | HALF_CLKO      | PLL_DIV10        | PLL_INPUT       | DIV2_LATCH  |
| 3C                | MCOMPY[7:0]     |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 3E                | MCOMPU[7:0]     |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 40                | MCOMPV[7:0]     |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 42                | MSC_DB[7:0]     |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 44                | MSC_DB[15:8]    |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 46                | MSC_DB[23:16]   |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |
| 48                | MSC_DB[31:24]   |              |               |                |                |                  |                 |             |

Table 2-1. Register Bit Map (\* Indicates Read-Only Register) (2 of 4)

| 8-Bit Address     | D7                | D6             | D5              | D4          | D3            | D2              | D1            | D0 |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|----|
| 4A                | DR_LIMITP[7:0]    |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 4C                | DR_LIMITN[7:0]    |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 4E                | Reserved          | Reserved       | DR_LIMITN[10:8] |             |               | DR_LIMITP[10:8] |               |    |
| 50                | DB_LIMITP[7:0]    |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 52                | DB_LIMITN[7:0]    |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 54                | Reserved          | Reserved       | DB_LIMITN[10:8] |             |               | DB_LIMITP[10:8] |               |    |
| 56                | FIL4286INCR[7:0]  |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 58                | Reserved          | Reserved       | FILFSCONV[5:0]  |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 5A                | Y_OFF[7:0]        |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 5C                | HUE_ADJ[7:0]      |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 5E                | XDSSEL[3:0]       |                |                 |             | CCSEL[3:0]    |                 |               |    |
| 60                | EWSSF2            | EWSSF1         | Reserved        | Reserved    | WSDAT[4:1]    |                 |               |    |
| 62                | WSDAT[12:5]       |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 64                | WSDAT[20:13]      |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 66                | WSSINC[7:0]       |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 68                | WSSINC[15:8]      |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 6A                | Reserved          | Reserved       | Reserved        | Reserved    | WSSINC[19:16] |                 |               |    |
| 6C                | TIMING_RST        | EN_REG_RD      | FFCBAR          | BLNK_IGNORE | EN_SCART      | EACTIVE         | FLD_MODE[1:0] |    |
| 6E                | HSYNOFFSET[7:0]   |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 70                | HSYNOFFSET[9:8]   |                | HSYNWIDTH[5:0]  |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 72                | Reserved          |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 74                | DATDLY            | DATSWP         | Reserved        |             |               | VSYNWIDTH[2:0]  |               |    |
| 76 <sup>(1)</sup> | H_CLK0[7:0]       |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 78 <sup>(1)</sup> | H_ACTIVE[7:0]     |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 7A <sup>(1)</sup> | HSYNC_WIDTH[7:0]  |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 7C <sup>(1)</sup> | HBURST_BEGIN[7:0] |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 7E <sup>(1)</sup> | HBURST_END[7:0]   |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 80 <sup>(1)</sup> | H_BLANK0[7:0]     |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 82 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_BLANK0[7:0]     |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 84 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_ACTIVE0[7:0]    |                |                 |             |               |                 |               |    |
| 86 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_ACTIVE0[8]      | H_ACTIVE[10:8] |                 |             | H_CLK0[11:8]  |                 |               |    |

**Table 2-1. Register Bit Map (\* Indicates Read-Only Register) (3 of 4)**

| 8-Bit Address     | D7              | D6          | D5            | D4        | D3             | D2           | D1            | D0      |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------|
| 88 <sup>(1)</sup> | H_FRACT[7:0]    |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 8A <sup>(1)</sup> | H_CLKI[7:0]     |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 8C <sup>(1)</sup> | H_BLANKI[7:0]   |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 8E <sup>(1)</sup> | Reserved        | Reserved    | Reserved      | VBLANKDLY | H_BLANKI[8]    | H_CLKI[10:8] |               |         |
| 90 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_LINESI[7:0]   |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 92 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_BLANKI[7:0]   |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 94 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_ACTIVEI[7:0]  |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 96 <sup>(1)</sup> | CLPF[1:0]       |             | YLPF[1:0]     |           | V_ACTIVEI[9:8] |              | V_LINESI[9:8] |         |
| 98 <sup>(1)</sup> | V_SCALE[7:0]    |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 9A <sup>(1)</sup> | H_BLANKO[9:8]   |             | V_SCALE[13:8] |           |                |              |               |         |
| 9C <sup>(1)</sup> | PLL_FRACT[7:0]  |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| 9E <sup>(1)</sup> | PLL_FRACT[15:8] |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| A0 <sup>(1)</sup> | EN_XCLK         | BY_PLL      | PLL_INT[5:0]  |           |                |              |               |         |
| A2 <sup>(1)</sup> | FM              | ECLIP       | PAL_MD        | DIS_SCRST | VSYNC_DUR      | 625LINE      | SETUP         | NI_OUT  |
| A4 <sup>(1)</sup> | SYNC_AMP[7:0]   |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| A6 <sup>(1)</sup> | BST_AMP[7:0]    |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| A8 <sup>(1)</sup> | MCR[7:0]        |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| AA <sup>(1)</sup> | MCB[7:0]        |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| AC <sup>(1)</sup> | MY[7:0]         |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| AE <sup>(1)</sup> | MSC[7:0]        |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| B0 <sup>(1)</sup> | MSC[15:8]       |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| B2 <sup>(1)</sup> | MSC[23:16]      |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| B4 <sup>(1)</sup> | MSC[31:24]      |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| B6                | PHASE_OFF[7:0]  |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| B8 <sup>(2)</sup> | Reserved        | CONFIG[5:3] |               |           | Reserved       | CONFIG[2:0]  |               |         |
| BA                | SRESET          | CHECK_STAT  | SLAVER        | DACOFF    | DACDISD        | DACDISC      | DACDISB       | DACDISA |
| BC                | CCF2B1[7:0]     |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| BE                | CCF2B2[7:0]     |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| C0                | CCF1B1[7:0]     |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |
| C2                | CCF1B2[7:0]     |             |               |           |                |              |               |         |

**Table 2-1. Register Bit Map (\* Indicates Read-Only Register) (4 of 4)**

| 8-Bit Address | D7             | D6        | D5             | D4           | D3            | D2              | D1            | D0      |
|---------------|----------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------|
| C4            | ESTATUS[1:0]   |           | ECCF2(EXDS)    | ECCF1(ECC)   | ECCGATE       | ECBAR           | DCHROMA       | EN_OUT  |
| C6            | EN_BLANKO      | EN_DOT    | FIELDI         | VSYNCl       | HSYNCl        | IN_MODE[2:0]    |               |         |
| C8            | DIS_YLPF       | DIS_FFILT | F_SELc[2:0]    |              |               | F_SELY[2:0]     |               |         |
| CA            | DIS_GMUSHY     | DIS_GMSHY | YCORING[2:0]   |              |               | YATTENUATE[2:0] |               |         |
| CC            | DIS_GMUSHC     | DIS_GMSHC | CCORING[2:0]   |              |               | CATTENUATE[2:0] |               |         |
| CE            | OUT_MUXD[1:0]  |           | OUT_MUXC[1:0]  |              | OUT_MUXB[1:0] |                 | OUT_MUXA[1:0] |         |
| D0            | CCR_START[7:0] |           |                |              |               |                 |               |         |
| D2            | CC_ADD[7:0]    |           |                |              |               |                 |               |         |
| D4            | MODE2X         | DIV2      | EN_ASYNC       | CCR_START[8] | CC_ADD[11:8]  |                 |               |         |
| D6            | CCR_START[9]   | E656      | BLANKI         | EBLUE        | OUT_MODE[1:0] |                 | LUMADLY[1:0]  |         |
| D8            | CHROMA_BW      | BY_YCCR   | PKFIL_SEL[1:0] |              | FIELD_ID      | CVBSD_INV       | SC_PATTERN    | PROG_SC |

**NOTE(S):**

- (1) Denotes a register that is reprogrammed by the autoconfiguration process.
- (2) **When sequentially writing a new register set to the CX25870/871, make sure to skip register 0xB8.** This is the autoconfiguration register and writing to it will overwrite registers 0x76 through 0xB4 and 0x38 with autoconfiguration values.

## 2.1 Essential Registers

The power-up state will be either autoconfiguration mode 0 (640 x 480 RGB in NTSC out) or autoconfiguration mode 1 (640 x 480 RGB in, PAL\_BDGHI out) depending on the state of the PAL pin. By default, the CX25870/871 will be in master interface. To enable active video, the EACTIVE register bit must be set.

## 2.2 Device Address

The serial device address for the CX25870/871 is configurable by the state of the ALTADDR pin at reset. [Table 2-2](#) lists how the ALTADDR pin switches the devices serial address. The ALTADDR pins state should only be changed during power-up.

**Table 2-2. Serial Address Configuration**

| ALTADDR State | Device Address for Writing | Device Address for Reading |
|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0             | 0x88                       | 0x89                       |
| 1             | 0x8A                       | 0x8B                       |

## 2.3 Writing Registers

Following a start condition, writing 0x88 as the device ID initiates write access to the CX25870/871 registers when the ALTADDR pin is low. Alternative device ID 0x8A initiates write access when the ALTADDR pin is high. If the data is written sequentially in subaddress order, only the first subaddress needs to be written; the internal address counter will automatically increment after each write to the next register.

When writing an entirely new register set to the CX25870/871, make sure to skip register 0xB8. This is the autoconfiguration register, and writing any value to it after having loaded values into other registers will replace desired data with unwanted data.

## 2.4 Reading Registers

Following a start condition, writing 0x89 and then the desired subaddress initiates the read-back sequence. The next eight bits of information, returned by the CX25870/871, can be read from the SID pin, most significant bit first. Alternative address 0x8B is required if the ALTADDR pin is high. Registers 0x00 through 0x06 are read only. All other registers can be read from or written to.

The ID[2:0] bits of register 0x00 indicate the part type (CX25870/871 or Bt868/869). The lower five bits (VERSION[4:0]) indicate the version number of that particular encoder.

For software detection of a connected TV monitor on each DAC output, the MONSTAT\_x bits (found in 0x06 and 0x02 for legacy purposes) should be read accordingly after writing to CHECK\_STAT. For a description of this process follow the guidelines contained in the [Section 1.3.46](#).

To check the status of the monitor connections at the DAC output automatically once per frame during the vertical blanking interval, set the AUTO\_CHK bit.

The following pseudocode sample should be used for properly reading registers within the CX25870/871.

First, there are some basic action assignments:

|        |                                                                      |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| S_ACK  | The slave device generates the acknowledge (i.e., the CX25870/871)   |
| M_ACK  | The serial master generates the acknowledge.                         |
| NACK   | No acknowledge is generated by either device.                        |
| START  | Serial start condition; falling edge of SID occurs when SIC is high. |
| STOP   | Serial stop condition; rising edge of SID occurs when SIC is high.   |
| D_ADDR | The device address is 88 hex with ALTADDR = 0, 8A when it is a 1.    |

- Next, load 46 hex into register 6C. This will write the EN\_REG\_RD bit to 1. This enables the serial master to read back all encoder registers.

Perform the following transaction with the serial master:

– START/D\_ADDR/S\_ACK/6C/S\_ACK/46/S\_ACK/STOP

- Next, use the serial master to write the register address from which read-back will occur:

– START/D\_ADDR/S\_ACK/<read\_address>/S\_ACK/STOP

Finally, read the data starting at the read\_address previously issued:

– START/D\_ADDR+1/S\_ACK/<readdata(0)>/M\_ACK/<readdata(1)>/M\_ACK/  
<readdata(2)>/M\_ACK/.../.../<readdata(n-1)>/M\_ACK/<readdata(n)>/  
NACK/STOP

where:

readdata(0) is the data from CX25870/871 register <read\_address>  
readdata(1) is the data from CX25870/871 register <read\_address>+1  
readdata(2) is the data from CX25870/871 register <read\_address>+2

As long as the CX25870/871 detects an acknowledge from the serial master (M\_ACK) after providing the readdata, it will expect the read transaction to continue.

When no acknowledge is received, the encoder will end the read operation. Using this approach, consecutive register reads can be provided with less software overhead.

To read just one register location, every programming step remains the same up to the point where the read data transaction occurs.

In this case, the master should simply substitute a STOP in place of the M\_ACK. The final step of the transaction will therefore be:

- START/8B/S\_ACK/<readdata>/NACK/STOP

Table 2-3 contains the bitmap for the encoder's read-only registers. Table 2-4 contains the data details for these registers. As mentioned previously, to enable full register read back, the EN\_REG\_RD bit must be set to 1.

**Table 2-3. Bit Map for Read-Only Registers**

| Register Address | 7         | 6         | 5             | 4            | 3              | 2              | 1   | 0        |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|-----|----------|
| 00               | ID[2:0]   |           |               | VERSION[4:0] |                |                |     |          |
| 02               | MONSTAT_A | MONSTAT_B | MONSTAT_C     | CCSTAT_E     | CCSTAT_O       | FIELD_CNT[2:0] |     |          |
| 04               | Reserved  | SECAM     | PLL_RESET_OUT | PLL_LOCK     | FIFO_OVER      | FIFO_UNDER     | PAL | Reserved |
| 06               | MONSTAT_A | MONSTAT_B | MONSTAT_C     | MONSTAT_D    | FIELD_CNT[3:0] |                |     |          |

Table 2-4. Data Details Defined for Read-Only Registers

| Bit Names      | Data Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ID[2:0]        | Indicates the part number of the Conexant VGA Encoder: 000 is returned from the Bt868, 001 is returned from the Bt869, 010 is returned from the CX25870, and 011 is returned from the CX25871.                                                                                              |
| VERSION[4:0]   | Version number; for Revision A of the CX25870/871, these bits are all 00000.<br>Revision C (25870/871-13) is denoted by 00001 of the CX25870/871.<br>Revision D (25870/871-14) is denoted by 00010 of the CX25870/871.<br>Revision E (25870/871-15) is denoted by 00011 of the CX25870/871. |
| MONSTAT_A      | Monitor connection status for DACA output, 1 denotes monitor connected to DACA.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| MONSTAT_B      | Monitor connection status for DACB output, 1 denotes monitor connected to DACB.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| MONSTAT_C      | Monitor connection status for DACC output, 1 denotes monitor connected to DACC.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| MONSTAT_D      | Monitor connection status for DACD output, 1 denotes monitor connected to DACD.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| CCSTAT_E       | High if closed-caption data has been written for the even field; it is low immediately after the clock run-in on the extended service line for the even field.                                                                                                                              |
| CCSTAT_O       | High if closed-caption data has been written for the odd field; it is low immediately after the clock run-in on the closed caption line for the odd field.                                                                                                                                  |
| FIELD_CNT[3:0] | Field number, where 0000 indicates the first field, 1111 indicates the 15th field. An extra bit was added to accommodate the SECAM standard.                                                                                                                                                |
| SECAM          | Indicates status of SECAM mode. If the encoder is outputting SECAM, this bit will be set to 1.                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| PLL_RESET_OUT  | PLL reset state.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| PLL_LOCK       | High when PLL is locked. Will be low if PLL loses lock.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| FIFO_OVER      | Set to one if FIFO overflows. Reset on read.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| FIFO_UNDER     | Set to one if FIFO underflows. Reset on read.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| PAL            | Indicates status of PAL mode. If the encoder is outputting PAL, this bit will be set to 1. If the encoder is transmitting NTSC, this bit is set to 0.                                                                                                                                       |

Table 2-5 contains the data details for the CX25870/871 read/write registers.

**Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (1 of 16)**

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location  | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 14318_XTAL         | Bit 4–3A      | 0 = 13.500 crystal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = 14.318 MHz crystal operation. Adjusts autoconfiguration register values for the alternative crystal frequency.                                                                                                                                                  |
| 625LINE            | Bit 2–A2      | The default state of this bit will be 1 if the PAL pin is 1.<br>0 = 525-line format (NTSC-M, NTSC-J, PAL-M).<br>1 = 625-line format (PAL-BDGH, PAL-N, PAL-Nc, SECAM).                                                                                                                                          |
| ADPT_FF            | Bit 7–34      | 0 = Disable adaptive flicker filter. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable adaptive flicker filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| AUTO_CHK           | Bit 7–32      | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = The status of the monitor connections will be automatically checked once per frame during the VBI (vertical blanking interval).                                                                                                                                         |
| BLANKI             | Bit 5–D6      | 0 = Active low BLANK* pin. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Active high BLANK* pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| BLNK_IGNORE        | Bit 4–6C      | 0 = Use BLANK* pin to indicate the active pixel region in CCIR 656 mode. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Use registers H_BLANKI & V_BLANKI to determine the active pixel region in CCIR 656 mode.                                                                                                                             |
| BPB_SYNC_DIS       | Bit 3–2E      | This bit is only effective when OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, HDTV_EN = 1, and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.<br>0 = Enables trilevel sync on HDTV Blue or P <sub>B</sub> output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables trilevel sync on HDTV Blue or P <sub>B</sub> output. This bit will have to be set manually for EIA-770.3 compliance. |
| BST_AMP[7:0]       | Bits[7:0]–A6  | Color burst amplitude factor. Each bit adjustment represents 1.25 mV of burst amplitude.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| BY_PLL             | Bit 6–A0      | 0 = Use on chip PLL (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Bypass PLL (encoder clock is crystal frequency).                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| BY_YCCR            | Bit 6–D8      | 0 = Normal operation (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Bypass luma cross color reduction filter. Optimal standard definition quality most often realized with this setting.                                                                                                                                                     |
| C_ALTFF[1:0]       | Bits [4:3]–34 | Chroma alternate flicker filter selection. This bit will only have an effect when ADPT_FF is set. C_ALTFF should always be programmed to a value greater than or equal to F_SEL. 00 = 5 line (DEFAULT)<br>01 = 2 line<br>10 = 3 line<br>11 = 4 line                                                            |
| C_THRESH[2:0]      | Bits [5:3]–36 | Controls the sensitivity or limit of turning on the alternate flicker filter for chroma in adaptive mode. (DEFAULT = 000)                                                                                                                                                                                      |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (2 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                             | Bit Location                                   | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CATTENUATE[2:0]                                | Bits [2:0]—CC                                  | Chroma Attenuation. Used for saturation control.<br>000 = 1.0 gain No Attenuation (DEFAULT)<br>001 = 15/16 gain<br>010 = 7/8 gain<br>011 = 3/4 gain<br>100 = 1/2 gain<br>101 = 1/4 gain<br>110 = 1/8 gain<br>111 = 0 gain (Force Chroma to 0)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| CC_ADD[11:0]                                   | Bits [3:0]—D4 and bits [7:0]—D2                | Closed-captioning DTO increment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| CCF1B1[7:0]                                    | Bits [7:0]—C0                                  | This is the first byte of closed-caption information for the odd field, line 21 for NTSC or line 22 for PAL. Data is encoded LSB first.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| CCF1B2[7:0]                                    | Bits [7:0]—C2                                  | This is the second byte of closed-caption information for the odd field, line 21 for NTSC or line 22 for PAL. Data is encoded LSB first.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| CCF2B1[7:0]                                    | Bits [7:0]—BC                                  | This is the first byte of closed-caption information for the even field, line 284 for NTSC or line 335 for PAL. Data is encoded LSB first.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| CCF2B2[7:0]                                    | Bits [7:0]—BE                                  | This is the second byte of closed-caption information for the even field, line 284 for NTSC or line 335 for PAL. Data is encoded LSB first.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| CCORING[2:0]                                   | Bits [5:3]—CC                                  | Chroma Coring. Values below the CCORING[2:0] limit are automatically clamped to a saturation value of 0.<br><br>000 = Bypass (DEFAULT)<br>001 = 1/128 of range ( $\pm 1/256$ of range)<br>010 = 1/64 of range ( $\pm 1/128$ of range)<br>011 = 1/32 of range ( $\pm 1/64$ of range)<br>100 = 1/16 of range ( $\pm 1/32$ of range)<br>101 = 1/8 of range ( $\pm 1/16$ of range)<br>110 = 1/4 of range ( $\pm 1/8$ of range)<br>111 = Reserved                                           |
| CCR_START[9]<br>CCR_START[8]<br>CCR_START[7:0] | Bit 7 of D6, bit 4 of D4, and bits [7:0] of D0 | Closed-captioning clock run-in start in clock cycles from leading edge of HSYNC*.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| CCSEL[3:0]                                     | Bits [3:0]—5E                                  | Line position of Closed Captioning (CC) Content.<br>Controls which line Closed Captioning (CC) data is encoded. Each line enable is independent.<br><br>0001 = Closed Captioning (CC) on line 19 (525-line) and line 21 (625-line)<br>0010 = Closed Captioning (CC) on line 20 (525-line) and line 22 (625-line)<br>0100 = Closed Captioning (CC) on line 21 (525-line) and line 23 (625-line) (DEFAULT)<br>1000 = Closed Captioning (CC) on line 22 (525-line) and line 24 (625-line) |
| CHECK_STAT                                     | Bit 6—BA                                       | Writing a 1 to this bit checks the status of the monitor connections at the DAC output. This is also automatically performed on any reset condition, including a software reset. This bit must be cleared by the serial interface master.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| CHROMA_BW                                      | Bit7—D8                                        | 0 = Normal chroma bandwidth. See <a href="#">Figure 1-28</a> (DEFAULT).<br>1 = Wide chroma bandwidth. See <a href="#">Figure 1-29</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

**Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (3 of 16)**

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location  | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CLPF[1:0]          | Bits [7:6]–96 | Chroma Post-Flicker Filter/Scaler Horizontal Low Pass Filter:<br>00 = Bypass (DEFAULT)<br>01 = Reserved<br>10 = Chroma Horizontal LPF2 setting<br>11 = Chroma Horizontal LPF3 setting |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (4 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location                 | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CONFIG[5:0]        | Bits [6:4] and bits [2:0]–B8 | The combination of CONFIG[5:3] and CONFIG[2:0] determines the autoconfiguration mode entered by the CX25870/871 immediately after register 0xB8 is written. Check <a href="#">Appendix C</a> for a list of all register values by autoconfiguration mode. |
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|                    |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (5 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |              | <p>011101 = YCrCb 720x576 PAL-BDGI Interlaced Input, Slave Interface Overscan = 0% DIV2 set Mode 29</p> <p>011110 = YCrCb 1024x768 NTSC Overscan = Lower Mode 30</p> <p>011111 = Reserved Mode 31</p> <p>100000 = RGB 640x480 NTSC Overscan = Higher Mode 32</p> <p>100001 = RGB 640x480 PAL-BDGI Overscan = Higher Mode 33</p> <p>100010 = RGB 800x600 NTSC Overscan = Higher Mode 34</p> <p>100011 = RGB 800x600 PAL-BDGI Overscan = Higher Mode 35</p> <p>100100 = YCrCb 640x480 NTSC Overscan = Higher Mode 36</p> <p>100101 = YCrCb 640x480 PAL-BDGI Overscan = Higher Mode 37</p> <p>100110 = YCrCb 800x600 NTSC Overscan = Higher Mode 38</p> <p>100111 = YCrCb 800x600 PAL-BDGI Overscan = Higher Mode 39</p> <p>101000 = RGB 800x600 NTSC Overscan = Standard Mode 40</p> <p>101001 = RGB 320x200 PAL-BDGI Pix Double Set Overscan = Standard Mode 41</p> <p>101010 = RGB 1024x768 NTSC Overscan = Higher Mode 42</p> <p>101011 = RGB 1024x768 PAL-BDGI Overscan = Higher Mode 43</p> <p>101100 = RGB 720x480 NTSC Noninterlaced Input for DVD Overscan = Very Low Mode 44</p> <p>101101 = RGB 320x200 NTSC Pix Double Set Overscan = Standard Mode 45</p> <p>101110 = RGB 640x480 PAL-M (Brazil) Overscan = Standard Mode 46</p> <p>101111 = RGB 640x480 PAL-Nc (Argentina) Overscan = Standard Mode 47</p> |
| CSC_SEL            | Bit 0–32     | <p>This bit is only effective when OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, HDTV_EN = 1, and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.</p> <p>0 = Standard color space conversion for RGB to Y (R-Y) (B-Y) based on <math>Y = 0.299R + 0.587G + 0.114B</math> (DEFAULT)</p> <p>1 = HDTV color space conversion for RGB to Y (R-Y) (B-Y) based on <math>Y = 0.2126R + 0.7152G + 0.0722B</math></p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| CVBSD_INV          | Bit 2–D8     | <p>0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)</p> <p>1 = Invert CVBS_DLY output.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| DACDISA            | Bit 0–BA     | <p>No more than 1 DAC should be disabled at any time.</p> <p>0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)</p> <p>1 = Disables DACA output. Current is set to 0 mA; output will go to 0 V.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| DACDISB            | Bit 1–BA     | <p>No more than 1 DAC should be disabled at any time.</p> <p>0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)</p> <p>1 = Disables DACB output. Current is set to 0 mA; output will go to 0 V.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (6 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                | Bit Location                    | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DACDISC                           | Bit 2–BA                        | No more than 1 DAC should be disabled at any time.<br>0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables DACC output. Current is set to 0 mA; output will go to 0 V.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| DACDISD                           | Bit 3–BA                        | No more than 1 DAC should be disabled at any time.<br>0 = Normal Operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables DACD output. Current is set to 0 mA; output will go to 0 V.                                                                                                                                                                 |
| DACOFF                            | Bit 4–BA                        | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables DAC output current and internal voltage reference for all DACs. This will limit power consumption to just the internal digital circuitry.                                                                                                                                         |
| DATDLY                            | Bit 7–74                        | 0 = No delay in falling edge pixel data. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Delays the falling edge pixel data by 1 full clock period. This bit is used to correct a multiplexed input data sequence that delivers a pixel on a falling edge and the following rising edge (rather than a rising edge and the following falling edge, as expected). |
| DATDLY_RE                         | Bit 2–32                        | 0 = No delay in rising edge pixel data. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Delays the rising edge pixel data by 1 full clock period. This bit is used together with DATSWP to correct a multiplexed input data sequence that delivers a pixel on a falling edge and the following rising edge with the falling edge and rising edge data swapped.   |
| DATSWP                            | Bit 6–74                        | 0 = VGA Encoder expects an order of rising edge data/falling edge data coming from the graphics controller (DEFAULT).<br>1 = Swaps the falling edge pixel data with the rising edge pixel data at the input of the pixel port.                                                                                                    |
| DB_LIMITN[10:8]<br>DB_LIMITN[7:0] | Bits [5:3]–54 and bits [7:0]–52 | Lower bound limit for DB frequency deviation in SECAM. Review SECAM Output Section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| DB_LIMITP[10:8]<br>DB_LIMITP[7:0] | Bits [2:0]–54 and bits [7:0]–50 | Upper bound limit for DB frequency deviation in SECAM. Review SECAM Output Section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| DCHROMA                           | Bit 1–C4                        | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disable the chrominance portion of video output. Composite and S-Video outputs appear as gray scale.                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| DIS_CLKI                          | Bit 3–30                        | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disable CLKI input.<br>Disabling the CLKI input is separate from the sleep bit and SLEEP pin. This forces the CX25870/871 to use an external clock as the clock source for the CX25870/871 or as the PLL input.                                                                            |
| DIS_CLKO                          | Bit 1–30                        | 0 = Enable CLKO output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Three-state CLKO output.<br>This will disable the CLKO output when not needed, i.e., an external clock is used (Slave Interface). Disabling CLKO is also effective in reducing the current draw in SLEEP mode.                                                                           |
| DIS_FFILT                         | Bit 6–C8                        | 0 = Enables Standard Flicker Filter. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables Standard Flicker Filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| DIS_GMSHC                         | Bit 6–CC                        | 0 = Enables Chroma Pseudo Gamma Removal.<br>1 = Disables Chroma Pseudo Gamma Removal. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| DIS_GMSHY                         | Bit 6–CA                        | 0 = Enables Luma Pseudo Gamma Removal.<br>1 = Disables Luma Pseudo Gamma Removal. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| DIS_GMUSHC                        | Bit 7–CC                        | 0 = Enables Chroma Anti-Pseudo Gamma Removal.<br>1 = Disables Chroma Anti-Pseudo Gamma Removal. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (7 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                | Bit Location                    | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DIS_GMUSHY                        | Bit 7–CA                        | 0 = Enables Luma Anti-Pseudo Gamma Removal.<br>1 = Disables Luma Anti-Pseudo Gamma Removal. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| DIS_PLL                           | Bit 2–30                        | 0 = PLL enable. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = PLL disable.<br>In nonsleep mode, if an external clock is being used and the PLL is not needed, this bit will disable the PLL function.<br><b>NOTE(S):</b> Some of the special modes are not available when the PLL is disabled.                                                                                                                                                            |
| DIS_SCRST                         | Bit 4–A2                        | 0 = Normal operation. The subcarrier phase is reset to 0 at the beginning of each color field sequence. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables subcarrier reset event at beginning of field sequence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| DIS_YLPF                          | Bit 7–C8                        | 0 = Enable Luma Initial Horizontal Low Pass filter. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disable Luma Initial Horizontal Low Pass filter.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| DIV2                              | Bit 6–D4 and bit 4–38           | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Divides input pixel rate by two (for CCIR601 interlaced timing input). Useful for DVD playback resolutions. The DIV2 bit in register D4 was kept for Bt868/869 compatibility purposes. The DIV2 bit in register 38 is autoconfigurable. These bit values always mirror each other. Changing the state of one DIV2 register field automatically updates the other DIV2 register field. |
| DIV2_LATCH                        | Bit 0–3A                        | This bit only has an effect when DIV2 = 1.<br>0 = Data is clocked at rising edge of CLKI while encoder is in DIV2 mode. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Data is clocked at rising and falling edges of CLKI.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| DR_LIMITN[10:8]<br>DR_LIMITN[7:0] | Bits [5:3]–4E and bits [7:0]–4C | Lower bound limit for DR frequency deviation in SECAM. Review SECAM Output Section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| DR_LIMITP[10:8]<br>DR_LIMITP[7:0] | Bits [2:0]–4E and bits [7:0]–4A | Upper bound limit for DR frequency deviation in SECAM. Review SECAM Output Section.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| DRVS[1:0]                         | Bits [6:5]–32                   | Controls the low voltage pad drive strength. Review Low Voltage Graphics Interface section.<br>00 = 3.3 V peak-to-peak signal levels (DEFAULT)<br>01 = 1.8 V peak-to-peak signal levels<br>10 = 1.5 V and 1.3 V peak-to-peak signal levels<br>11 = 1.1 V peak-to-peak signal levels                                                                                                                                          |
| E656                              | Bit 6–D6                        | 0 = Input pixel format defined by IN_MODE[3:0] register. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = CCIR 656 input on P[7:0] port.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| EACTIVE                           | Bit 2–6C                        | 0 = Black burst.<br>1 = Enable normal video. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| EBLUE                             | Bit 4–D6                        | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Generate blue field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| ECBAR                             | Bit 2–C4                        | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable standard color bars.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| ECCF1(ECC)                        | Bit 4–C4                        | 0 = Disables closed-caption encoding on field 1. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enables closed-caption encoding on field 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| ECCF2(EXDS)                       | Bit 5–C4                        | 0 = Disables closed-caption encoding on field 2. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enables closed-caption encoding on field 2.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (8 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location  | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ECCGATE            | Bit 3–C4      | 0 = Normal closed-caption encoding. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enables closed-caption encoding constraints. After encoding, future encoding is disabled until a complete pair of new data bytes is received. This prevents encoding of redundant or incomplete data.                                                                                                                                           |
| ECLIP              | Bit 6–A2      | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable clipping; DAC values less than 31 hex are made 31 by the encoder.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| EN_ASYNC           | Bit 5–D4      | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable asynchronous flicker filter and encoder block timing operation. Use CLKI for flicker filter and input blocks and PLL for encoder block. Allows for additional clock ratios between flicker filter and encoder blocks to provide more overscan solutions similar to the 3:2 clocking mode.                                                              |
| EN_BLANKO          | Bit 7–C6      | Interface bit: Works in conjunction with EN_DOT, EN_OUT, and SLAVER. Controls direction of BLANK* signal.<br>0 = Enables BLANK* as an input.<br>1 = Enables BLANK* pin as an output, or no BLANK* signal is utilized in the system interface. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                              |
| EN_DOT             | Bit 6–C6      | Interface bit: Works in conjunction with EN_BLANKO, EN_OUT, and SLAVER. Controls blanking method.<br>0 = Encoder uses its internal counters to determine the active-versus-blanked regions of input data. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Encoder uses the BLANK* signal being received to determine where active video starts (rising edge by default) and where blanking region starts (falling edge by default). |
| EN_OUT             | Bit 0–C4      | Interface bit: Works in conjunction with EN_BLANKO, EN_DOT, and SLAVER. Turns timing outputs on or off.<br>0 = Three-state (CLKO, HSYNC*, VSYNC*, BLANK* and FIELD) timing outputs. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Allows CLKO and other outputs to be enabled (depending upon EN_BLANKO register bit and the OR combination of the SLAVE pin and the SLAVER bit).                                                 |
| EN_REG_RD          | Bit 6–6C      | 0 = Use ESTATUS[1:0] register to select read back status registers. Enable Bt869-like Legacy read-back method. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable Standard serial register read back of all registers.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| EN_SCART           | Bit 3–6C      | Enables SCART video output for Europe. OUT_MODE[1:0] field must be set to 11 (VGA Mode) and HDTV_EN bit must be set to 0.<br>0 = Enables VGA mode. DACs will output analog RGB with standard bilevel (-40 IRE) analog syncs (DEFAULT).<br>1 = Enables SCART output mode. DAC will transmit SCART compatible RGB outputs and a composite video output which includes an analog sync.                  |
| EN_XCLK            | Bit 7–A0      | 0 = Encoder generates pixel clock. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Use CLKI pin as pixel clock source. This bit must be set for slave interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| ESTATUS[1:0]       | Bits [7:6]–C4 | Bt868/869 Legacy serial read back status bit selection. Used in conjunction with EN_REG_RD, CHECK_STAT, and AUTO_CHK. Review <a href="#">Table 1-30</a> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| EWSSF1             | Bit 6–60      | 0 = Disable field 1 WSS data. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable field 1 WSS data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| EWSSF2             | Bit 7–60      | 0 = Disable field 2 WSS data. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable field 2 WSS data (525 line only).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (9 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location  | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| F_SEL[2:0]         | Bits [5:3]–C8 | Chroma Standard Flicker Filter:<br>000 = 5 Line (DEFAULT)<br>001 = 2 Line<br>010 = 3 Line<br>011 = 4 Line<br>100 = Alternate 5 Line<br>101 = Alternate 5 Line<br>110 = Alternate 5 Line<br>111 = Alternate 5 Line                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| F_SELY[2:0]        | Bits [2:0]–C8 | Luma Standard Flicker Filter:<br>000 = 5 Line (DEFAULT)<br>001 = 2 Line<br>010 = 3 Line<br>011 = 4 Line<br>100 = Alternate 5 Line<br>101 = Alternate 5 Line<br>110 = Alternate 5 Line<br>111 = Alternate 5 Line                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| FFCBAR             | Bit 5–6C      | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable flicker filtered color bars.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| FFRTN              | Bit 7–36      | Alternate flicker filter detect and select. This bit is effective only when ADPT_FF = 1.<br>0 = Once the adaptive algorithm selects the alternate filter, use that filter's coefficients for the rest of the samples for that line. For example, the sequence could be STD/STD/ALT/ALT/ALT; (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Once the adaptive algorithm selects the alternate filter, use the filter's coefficients for that sample only. For example, the sequence with FFRTN=1 could be STD/STD/ALT/STD/STD.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| FIELD_ID           | Bit 3–D8      | 0 = Suppress the SECAM field synchronization signal. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable the SECAM field synchronization signal (bottle-neck pulses).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| FIELDI             | Bit 5–C6      | 0 = Logical 1 from the FIELD pin indicates an even field. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Logical 1 from the FIELD pin indicates an odd field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| FILFSCONV[5:0]     | Bits [5:0]–58 | Adjust SECAM high frequency preemphasis filter according to the clock frequency. Review the SECAM Output section for the correct equations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| FIL4286INCR[7:0]   | Bits [7:0]–56 | Adds a phase offset to the UV digital components. Review the SECAM Output section for the correct equations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| FLD_MODE[1:0]      | Bits [1:0]–6C | CX25870/871 uses this bit to interpret HSYNC* and VSYNC* edges and field detection in slave mode.<br>00 = A leading edge of VSYNC* that occurs within $\pm 1/4$ of HCLKI from the leading edge of HSYNC* indicates the beginning of odd field. A leading edge of VSYNC* that occurs within $\pm 1/4$ of HCLKI from the center of the line indicates the beginning of even field.<br>01 = A leading edge of VSYNC* occurs during HSYNC* active indicates the beginning of odd field. A leading edge of VSYNC* occurs during HSYNC* inactive indicates the beginning of even field.<br>10 = A leading edge of VSYNC* coincides with the leading edge of HSYNC* indicates the beginning of odd field. A leading edge of VSYNC* does not coincide with the leading edge of HSYNC* indicated the beginning of even field. (DEFAULT)<br>11 = Reserved. |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (10 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                          | Bit Location                          | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FM                                          | Bit 7–A2                              | This bit must be enabled for a valid SECAM video output.<br>0 = QAM color encoding (NTSC/PAL). (DEFAULT)<br>1 = FM color encoding (SECAM).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| GY_SYNC_DIS                                 | Bit 4–2E                              | This bit is only effective when OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, HDTV_EN = 1, and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.<br>0 = Enables trilevel sync on HDTV Green or Y output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables trilevel sync on HDTV Green or Y output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| H_ACTIVE[10:8]<br>H_ACTIVE[7:0]             | Bits [6:4]–86 and bits [7:0]–78       | Number of active input and output pixels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| H_BLANKI[9]<br>H_BLANKI[8]<br>H_BLANKI[7:0] | Bit 0–38, bit 3–8E, and bits [7:0]–8C | Number of CLKI clock cycles between the digital HSYNC* leading edge and first active pixel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| H_BLANKO[9:8]<br>H_BLANKO[7:0]              | Bits [7:6]–9A and bits [7:0]–80       | Number of CLKO clock cycles between leading edge of analog horizontal sync and active video.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| H_CLKI[10:8]<br>H_CLKI[7:0]                 | Bits [2:0]–8E and bits [7:0]–8A       | Number of CLKI clock cycles between consecutive leading edges of the digital HSYNC* signal.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| H_CLKO[11:8]<br>H_CLKO[7:0]                 | Bits [3:0]–86 and bits [7:0]–76       | Number of CLKO clock cycles per analog line.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| H_FRACT[7:0]                                | Bits [7:0]–88                         | Fractional number of input clocks per line. No effect if 00.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| HALF_CLKO                                   | Bit 3–3A                              | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = CLKO (clock output) frequency divided by 2 while being transmitted.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| HBURST_BEGIN[8]<br>HBURST_BEGIN [7:0]       | Bit2–38 and bits [7:0]–7C             | This register contains the number of CLKO clock cycles between the analog horizontal sync falling edge and the 50% point of the first colorburst cycle.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| HBURST_END[8]<br>HBURST_END[7:0]            | Bit 3–38 and bits [7:0]–7E            | This register contains the number of CLKO clock cycles minus 128 between the analog horizontal sync falling edge and the 50% point of the last colorburst cycle. Make sure to subtract 128 CLKO clock cycles from the calculated 50% point of the last colorburst cycle value and load into this register.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| HD_SYNC_EDGE                                | Bit 2–2E                              | This bit is only effective when OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, HDTV_EN = 1 and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.<br>0 = Trilevel sync edges transition time is equal to 4 input clocks. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Trilevel sync edges transition time is equal to 2 input clocks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| HDTV_EN                                     | Bit 7–28                              | Enable HDTV output mode, OUT_MODE[1:0] register bits must be set to 11 (VGA mode) and EN_SCART must = 0.<br>0 = Enables VGA mode. DACs will output analog RGB with standard bilevel (-40 IRE) analog syncs. (DEFAULT) See <a href="#">Section 1.3.45</a> for details.<br>1 = Enables HDTV output mode. DACs will output HDTV compatible RGB or component video (Y/ P <sub>R</sub> / P <sub>B</sub> ) outputs. Trilevel syncs and vertical synchronizing/broad pulses will be inserted automatically if RASTER_SEL[1:0] = nonzero.<br><b>NOTE(S):</b> The EN_SCART bit must be 0 for HDTV Output Mode to be functional. |
| HSYNC_WIDTH [7:0]                           | Bits [7:0]–7A                         | Analog horizontal sync width in number of CLKO clock cycles.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (11 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                 | Bit Location                    | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HSYNCI                             | Bit 3–C6                        | 0 = Configures the encoder to send/receive an active low HSYNC* digital signal (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Configures the encoder to send/receive an active high HSYNC* digital signal.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| HSYNOFFSET[9:8]<br>HSYNOFFSET[7:0] | Bits [7:6]–70 and bits [7:0]–6E | A 2s-complement number. The values range from –512 pixels to +511 pixels. This register manipulates the falling edge position of the digital HSYNC* output from the CX25870/871. The default value is 0 and denotes the standard position of the HSYNC* leading edge. This register is only effective in master interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| HSYNWIDTH[5:0]                     | Bits [5:0]–70                   | Controls the duration/width of the digital HSYNC output pulse. Value will be hexadecimal and its units are in terms of pixels. A value of 0 is a disallowed condition. The acceptable range is 0x02 pixels to 0x3F pixels (=63 decimal). The default value is 0x02. Never set to 0. This register is only effective in master interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| HUE_ADJ[7:0]                       | Bits [7:0]–5C                   | Adjust the color subcarrier phase during the video active region. Increasing this value by 1 unit has the effect of increasing the phase by $(360/256) = 1.406$ degrees.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| IN_MODE[3] and IN_MODE[2:0]        | Bit 3–32 and bits [2:0]–C6      | This bit is used in conjunction with IN_MODE[2:0] to configure the encoder to receive a desired input pixel format. Format of input pixels when IN_MODE[3] = 0 (MSb of this 4-bit sequence):<br>0000 = 24-bit RGB multiplexed<br>0001 = 16-bit RGB multiplexed<br>0010 = 15-bit RGB multiplexed<br>0011 = 24-bit RGB nonmultiplexed<br>0100 = 24-bit YCrCb multiplexed<br>0101 = 16-bit YCrCb multiplexed<br>0110 = Alternate 16-bit YCrCb multiplexed<br>0111 = 24-bit YCrCb nonmultiplexed<br><br>Format of input pixels when IN_MODE[3] = 1 (MSb of this 4-bit sequence):<br>1000 = Alternate 24-bit RGB multiplexed<br>1001 = Reserved<br>1010 = Alternate 16-bit RGB nonmultiplexed<br>1011 = Alternate 24-bit RGB nonmultiplexed<br>1100 = Alternate 24-bit YCrCb multiplexed<br>1101 = Reserved<br>1110 = Alternate 16-bit YCrCb nonmultiplexed<br>1111 = Alternate 24-bit YCrCb nonmultiplexed |
| LUMADLY[1:0]                       | Bits [1:0]–D6                   | Used to program the luminance delay in pixels for the CVBS_DLY and Y_DLY output modes.<br>00 = No delay (DEFAULT)<br>01 = 1 pixel<br>10 = 2 pixels<br>11 = 3 pixels                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| MCB[7:0]                           | Bits [7:0]–AA                   | Multiplication factor for Cb (or B-Y) component prior to subcarrier modulation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| MCOMPU[7:0]                        | Bits [7:0]–3E                   | Multiplication factor for component video U output. Value 0x80 (DEFAULT) represents 1.0 scale factor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| MCOMPV[7:0]                        | Bits [7:0]–40                   | Multiplication factor for component video V output. Value 0x80 (DEFAULT) represents 1.0 scale factor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| MCOMPY[7:0]                        | Bits [7:0]–3C                   | Multiplication factor for component video Y output. Value 0x80 (DEFAULT) represents 1.0. scale factor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| MCR[7:0]                           | Bits [7:0]–A8                   | Multiplication factor for Cr (or R-Y) component prior to subcarrier modulation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (12 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location                 | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MODE2X             | Bit 7–D4                     | 0 = Normal operation (DEFAULT).<br>1 = Divides selected input clock by two (allows for single edge rather than double-edge clock input for pixel latching).                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| MSC[31:0]          | Bits [7:0]–B4, B2, B0, AE    | Subcarrier increment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| MSC_DB[31:0]       | Bits [7:0]–48, -46, -44, -42 | Subcarrier increment for Db component of SECAM.<br>$MSC\_DB = \text{int}((272/H\_CLKO) * 2^{32} + 0.5)$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| MY[7:0]            | Bits [7:0]–AC                | Multiplication factor for Luma component. Controls adjustment of contrast.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| NI_OUT             | Bit 0–A2                     | 0 = Interlaced analog video output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Noninterlaced analog video output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| OFFSET_RGB         | Bit 1–32                     | This bit is only effective when OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, HDTV_EN = 1, and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.<br>0 = Standard RGB digital input. Range is 0 – 255 decimal. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = HDTV OFFSET RGB digital input. Range is 16 – 235 decimal.                                                                                                                    |
| OUT_MODE[1:0]      | Bits [3:2]–D6                | 00 = Video[0] = Composite (CVBS), Video[1] = Luminance (Y), Video[2] = Chrominance (C), Video[3] = Luma_Delay (Y_DLY) (DEFAULT)<br>01 = Video[0-3] is CVBS_DLY/ Y/ C/ Y_DLY<br>10 = Video[0-3] is V/ Y/ U/ Y_DLY<br>11 = Video[0-3] is VGA (RGB/x), SCART, or HDTV output mode. See EN_SCART and HDTV_EN bit descriptions for more programming detail. |
| OUT_MUXA[1:0]      | Bits [1:0]–CE                | 00 = Output Video[0] on DACA (DEFAULT = Composite (CVBS))<br>01 = Output Video[1] on DACA<br>10 = Output Video[2] on DACA<br>11 = Output Video[3] on DACA                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| OUT_MUXB[1:0]      | Bits [3:2]–CE                | 00 = Output Video[0] on DACB<br>01 = Output Video[1] on DACB (DEFAULT = Luminance (Y))<br>10 = Output Video[2] on DACB<br>11 = Output Video[3] on DACB                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| OUT_MUXC[1:0]      | Bits [5:4]–CE                | 00 = Output Video[0] on DACC<br>01 = Output Video[1] on DACC<br>10 = Output Video[2] on DACC (DEFAULT = Chrominance)<br>11 = Output Video[3] on DACC                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| OUT_MUXD[1:0]      | Bits [7:6]–CE                | 00 = Output Video[0] on DACD<br>01 = Output Video[1] on DACD<br>10 = Output Video[2] on DACD<br>11 = Output Video[3] on DACD (DEFAULT = Luma Delay (Y_DLY))                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| PAL_MD             | Bit 5–A2                     | Video output switch bit after power-up.<br>0 = Disable phase alternation (NTSC and SECAM). (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable phase alternation (PAL).<br><br><b>NOTE(S):</b> The PAL pin (#50) determines the power-up standard definition video output. This bit overrides the PAL pin after power-up.                                                          |
| PHASE_OFF[7:0]     | Bits [7:0]–B6                | Subcarrier phase offset. Default value is 00. SCH Phase increased by 1.406 degrees per bit increment.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (13 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location       | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PIX_DOUBLE         | Bit 6–38           | Low resolution pixel doubling bit.<br>0 = Encoder accepts each pixel input individually and processes it. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Encoder replicates/copies each input pixel received. This bit is automatically set for autoconfiguration modes #12, #13, and #41.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| PKFIL_SEL[1:0]     | Bits [5:4]–D8      | Text sharpening filter. Also referred to as the luma peaking filter selection (Refer to <a href="#">Section 1.3.36</a> and <a href="#">Figure 1-27</a> for details).<br>00 = Bypass (DEFAULT)<br>01 = Filter 1 (1 dB gain)<br>10 = Filter 2 (2 dB gain)<br>11 = Filter 3 (3.5 dB gain)                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| PLL_32CLK          | Bit 5–38           | Use this bit primarily to support the 1024 x 768 resolution and additional 800 x 600 overscan options. For more details, review the 3:2 Clocking Mode section.<br>0 = Use PLL 3x pixel clock output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Use PLL generated 2x pixel clock to run the encoder and output timing section. Use PLL generated 3x pixel clock to run the flicker filter.<br><br><b>NOTE(S):</b> The 3x pixel clock will be output from the CLK0 pin during either state of this bit. |
| PLL_DIV10          | Bit 2–3A           | Scales the CLK0 frequency. (See <a href="#">Section 1.3.6</a> for details)<br>0 = PLL equation divided by 6. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = PLL equation divided by 10.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| PLL_FRACT[15:0]    | Bits [7:0]–9E, -9C | Fractional portion of PLL multiplier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| PLL_INPUT          | Bit 1–3A           | 0 = PLL uses the crystal between XTALIN and XTALOUT pins to generate the CLK0 programmed frequency. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = PLL uses CLKI/2 as the reference for the PLL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| PLL_INT[5:0]       | Bits [5:0]–A0      | Integer portion of PLL multiplier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| PLL_KEEP_ALIVE     | Bit 4–30           | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Keeps PLL enabled during the sleep mode. This bit is overwritten by DIS_PLL. If the PLL is used to provide a system clock, this bit keeps it functioning if the rest of the chip is slept through either the sleep pin or sleep bit. This bit has no affect if DIS_PLL is set.                                                                                                                                                        |
| PROG_SC            | Bit 0–D8           | SECAM subcarrier control bit. PROG_SC only has an effect when FM bit is set.<br>0 = SECAM subcarrier is generated on lines 23–310 and 336–623. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = SECAM subcarrier is generated on the active lines defined by V_BLANKO[7:0] and V_ACTIVEO[8:0].                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| RASTER_SEL[1:0]    | Bits [1:0]–28      | This bit is only effective when HDTV_EN = 1, and OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11<br>00 = Device does not generate trilevel sync automatically in HDTV output mode. Trilevel sync periods dictated by active HSYNC* input signal (as HIGHSYNC) and active VSYNC* input signal (as LOWSYNC). (DEFAULT)<br>01 = Trilevel sync generation for 480P format.<br>10 = Trilevel sync generation for 720P format.<br>11 = Trilevel sync generation for 1080I format.                               |
| REGFSCONV[5:0]     | Bits [5:0]–58      | Works in conjunction with FIL_4286INCR[7:0] to set gain on UV digital component. Review the SECAM output section for the correct equations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Reserved           | Various            | Reserved for future software compatibility; should be set to 0 for normal operation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (14 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                 | Bit Location                       | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RGB2YP <sub>R</sub> P <sub>B</sub> | Bit 6–28                           | HDTV output switching bit. This bit is only effective when HDTV_EN = 1, OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, RASTER_SEL[1:0] = nonzero, and IN_MODE[3:0] = a RGB input format.<br>0 = Digital RGB Input to HDTV RGB output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Digital RGB Input to HDTV YP <sub>R</sub> P <sub>B</sub> output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| RPR_SYNC_DIS                       | Bit 5–28                           | This bit is only effective when OUT_MODE[1:0] = 11, HDTV_EN = 1, and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.<br>0 = Enables trilevel sync on HDTV Red or P <sub>R</sub> output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables trilevel sync on HDTV Red or P <sub>R</sub> output. This bit will have to be set manually for EIA-770.3 compliance.                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| SC_PATTERN                         | Bit 1–D8                           | SECAM phase sequence. SC_PATTERN only has an effect when FM bit is set.<br>0 = 0° 0° 180° 0° 0° 180° SECAM subcarrier phase sequence. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = 0° 0° 0° 180° 180° 180° SECAM subcarrier phase sequence.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| SERIALTEST[7:0]                    | Bits [7:0]–28                      | Use this register for testing the write and read ability of the serial master. A consecutive write and read sequence will return the original value. The default value is 0x00.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| SETUP                              | Bit 1–A2                           | 0 = Setup off. The 7.5 IRE pedestal setup is disabled for active video lines (NTSC-J, PAL, and SECAM).<br>1 = Setup on. The 7.5 IRE pedestal setup is enabled for active video lines (NTSC-M). (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| SETUP_HOLD_ADJ                     | Bit 4–32                           | 0 = Graphic port inputs must have minimum setup = 3 ns, hold = 0 ns (DEFAULT). This setting is compatible with Bt868/869.<br>1 = Graphics port inputs must have minimum setup = 1.25 ns, hold = 1.5 ns. This is a new option for interfacing the CX25870/871 to other data master devices.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| SLAVER                             | Bit 5–BA                           | Interface bit: Works in conjunction with EN_BLANKO, EN_DOT, and EN_OUT Controls whether the interface will be timing Master or timing Slave.<br>0 = Configures encoder as the timing master. HSYNC* and VSYNC* will be transmitted as outputs when this bit or a combination of this bit and SLAVE pin is 0. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Configures encoder as the timing slave (pseudo-master or slave interface). HSYNC* and VSYNC* will be received as inputs when this bit or a combination of this bit and SLAVE pin is 1. |
| SLEEP_EN                           | Bit 7–30                           | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enables sleep state.<br>Shuts down all internal clocks except the serial port interface clock. Disables all digital I/O pins except: SLEEP, ALTADDR, CLKI, CLKO, and XTALOUT. Disables the PLL. Turns off all DACs and VREF. SLEEP and RESET* pins are never disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| SRESET                             | Bit 7–BA                           | 0 = Normal Operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Setting this bit performs a software reset. All registers are reset to their default state. This bit is automatically cleared.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| SYNC_AMP[7:0]                      | Bits [7:0]–A4                      | Multiplication factor for controlling the analog sync amplitude.<br>SYNC_AMP + 1 Lsb (least significant bit) = +1.25 mV increase in the analog sync amplitude.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| TIMING_RST                         | Bit 7–6C                           | 0 = Normal Operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enable timing reset. Resets timing and pixel counters to 1 This bit is automatically cleared. The designer should wait a minimum of 1 ms, after the last register write before enabling TIMING_RST.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| V_ACTIVEI[9:8]<br>V_ACTIVEI[7:0]   | Bits [3:2]–96 and<br>Bits [7:0]–94 | Number of active input lines.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (15 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names                             | Bit Location                           | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| V_ACTIVEO[8]<br>V_ACTIVEO[7:0]                 | Bit 7–86 and Bits [7:0]–84             | Number of active output lines/field.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| V_BLANKI[7:0]                                  | Bits [7:0]–92                          | Number of input lines between VSYNC* leading edge and first active line.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| V_BLANKO[7:0]                                  | Bits [7:0]–82                          | Line number of first active output line (number of blank lines + 1).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| V_LINESI[10]<br>V_LINESI[9:8]<br>V_LINESI[7:0] | Bit 1–38, Bits [1:0]–96, Bits [7:0]–90 | Number of vertical input lines. This register value must match the graphic controller's VTOTAL register for a new overscan ratio.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| V_SCALE[13:8]<br>V_SCALE[7:0]                  | Bits [5:0]–9A and Bits [7:0]–98        | Vertical scaling coefficient.<br>$VSR = V\_ACTIVEI / (ALO * (1 - VOC))$<br>$V\_SCALE[13:0] = (int) ((VSR - 1) * 2^{12})$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| VBLANKDLY                                      | Bit 4–8E                               | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = The effective vertical blanking value in the second field is V_BLANKI+1. Commonly used in CCIR601 input. No effect if 0.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| VSYNCDUR                                       | Bit 3–A2                               | 0 = Generates 2.5 line VSYNC analog output (found in equalization and serration pulse region). Common for most PAL and SECAM formats.<br>1 = Generates 3 line VSYNC analog output (found in equalization and serration pulse region). Common for all NTSC, PAL-N, PAL-M, and PAL-60 formats. (DEFAULT)                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| VSYNCI                                         | Bit 4–C6                               | 0 = CX25870/871 transmits or receives active digital low VSYNC*. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = CX25870/871 transmits or receives active digital high VSYNC*.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| VSYNWIDTH[2:0]                                 | Bits [2:0]–74                          | Controls the width of the VSYNC* output pulse. Denotes the number of lines the VSYNC* digital signal remains low on field transitions. Value will be hexadecimal and its units are in terms of lines. A value of 0 is a disallowed condition. The acceptable range is 1 line to $(2^3 - 1)$ lines. The default value is 1. Never set to 0. This register is only effective in master interface.                                                                                                                     |
| WSSDAT[20:1]                                   | Bits [7:0]–64, - 62, and bits [3:0]–60 | Wide screen signaling (WSS) data bits. Review WSS section for more details.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| WSSINC[19:0]                                   | Bits [3:0]–6A and bits [7:0]–68, - 66  | WSS DTO increment bits. Review WSS section for more details.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| XDSSEL[3:0]                                    | Bits [7:4]–5E                          | Line position of Extended Data Services (XDS) Content.<br>Controls which line contains Extended Data Services data. Each line enable is independent of the other.<br><br>0001 = Extended Data Services on line 282 (525-line) and line 333 (625-line).<br>0010 = Extended Data Services on line 283 (525-line) and line 334 (625-line).<br>0100 = Extended Data Services on line 284 (525-line) and line 335 (625-line). (DEFAULT)<br>1000 = Extended Data Services on line 285 (525-line) and line 336 (625-line). |
| XTL_BFO_DIS                                    | Bit 5–30                               | On power-up, a 50% duty cycle buffered output will be transmitted at the frequency found between the XTALIN and XTALOUT ports from the XTL_BFO pin #3.<br>0 = Enable buffer crystal clock output. [DEFAULT]<br>1 = Disable buffer crystal clock output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| XTAL_PAD_DIS                                   | Bit 6–30                               | 0 = Normal operation. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disable XTALIN and XTALOUT crystal pin. Encoder must receive main clock through CLKI pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

Table 2-5. Programming Detail For All Read/Write Registers (16 of 16)

| Bit/Register Names | Bit Location  | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Y_ALTF[1:0]        | Bits [1:0]–34 | Luma alternate flicker filter selection. This bit will only have an effect when ADPT_FF is set. Y_ALTF should always be programmed to a value greater than or equal to F_SELY.<br>00 = 5 line (DEFAULT)<br>01 = 2 line<br>10 = 3 line<br>11 = 4 line                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Y_OFF[7:0]         | Bits [7:0]–5A | Brightness control. This is the luminance level offset. Expressed as a 2's complement number. (DEFAULT = 0x00)<br>The luminance level offset is referenced from black, and can be adjusted from -22.31 IRE (below black) to +22.14 IRE (above black). Active video will be added to the offset level. Y_OFF is a two's complement number, such that 0x00 = 0 IRE offset 0x7 is +22.14 IRE offset and 0x8 is -22.31 IRE offset. 1 lsb = 1.25 mV or .175 IRE of adjustment.   |
| Y_THRESH[2:0]      | Bits [2:0]–36 | Controls the sensitivity or limit of turning on the alternate flicker filter for luma in adaptive flicker filter mode. (DEFAULT = 000)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| YATTENUATE[2:0]    | Bits [2:0]–CA | Works in conjunction with register MY for contrast control. This bit field is for Luma Attenuation in discrete steps.<br>000 = 1.0 gain (no attenuation) (DEFAULT)<br>001 = 15/16 gain<br>010 = 7/8 gain<br>011 = 3/4 gain<br>100 = 1/2 gain<br>101 = 1/4 gain<br>110 = 1/8 gain<br>111 = 0 gain (Force Luma to 0)                                                                                                                                                          |
| YCORING[2:0]       | Bits [5:3]–CA | Luma Coring. Values below the YCORING[2:0] limits that follow are automatically clamped to pure black by the encoder.<br>000 = Bypass (DEFAULT)<br>001 = 1/128 of range<br>010 = 1/64 of range<br>011 = 1/32 of range<br>100 = 1/16 of range<br>101 = 1/8 of range<br>110 = 1/4 of range<br>111 = Reserved                                                                                                                                                                  |
| YLPF[1:0]          | Bits [5:4]–96 | Luma Post-Flicker Filter/Scaler Horizontal Low Pass Filter:<br>00 = Bypass (DEFAULT)<br>01 = Luma Horizontal LPF1 setting<br>10 = Luma Horizontal LPF2 setting<br>11 = Luma Horizontal LPF3 setting                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| YSELECT            | Bit 6–36      | This bit will only have an effect when ADPT_FF is set.<br>0 = Use the C_THRESH value to determine the threshold for turning on the alternate flicker filter setting for chrominance. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Use the Y_THRESH value to determine the threshold for turning on the alternate flicker filter setting for chrominance. Both chroma and luma digital data is automatically processed with their alternate flicker filter settings when the Y_THRESH limit is exceeded. |

## 3.0 PC Board Considerations

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For optimum performance of the CX25870/871, proper CMOS layout techniques should be studied before PC board layout is begun.

The layout should be optimized for lowest noise on the power and ground planes by providing good decoupling. The trace length between groups of VAA (or VDD) and GND (or VSS) pins should be as short as possible to minimize inductive ringing.

A well-designed power distribution network is critical to eliminating digital switching noise. The ground plane must provide a low-impedance return path for the digital circuits. A PC board with a minimum of four layers is recommended, with layers 1 (top) and 4 (bottom) for signals, and layers 2 and 3 for ground and power, respectively.

### 3.1 Component Placement

Components should be placed as close as possible to the associated pin in order for traces to be connected point to point. The optimum layout places the CX25870/871 as close as possible to the power supply connector and the video output connector, as illustrated in [Figure 3-1](#).

Some other PC board layout tips to follow are:

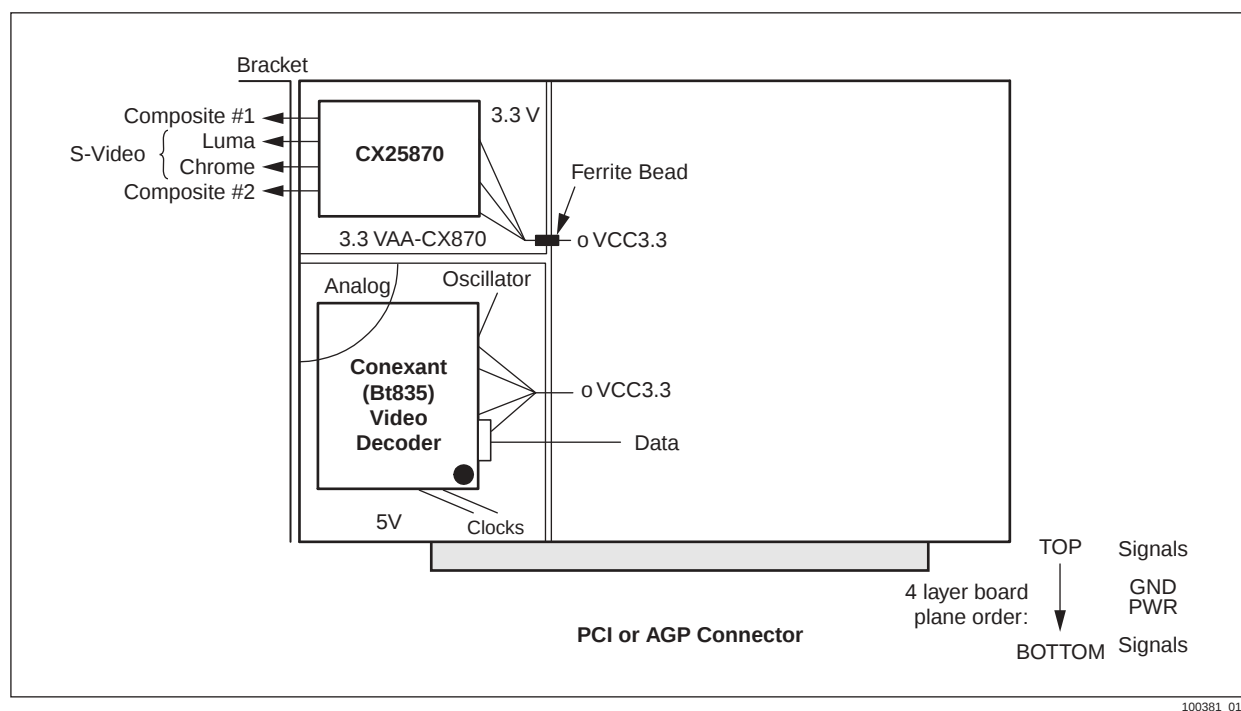
- Include a silk screen layer of labels in your layout artwork showing each component and its reference designation. Label numbered test nodes and the correct polarity of diodes and electrolytic capacitors.
- Leave adequate space around components so ESD transients only have minimally adverse effects on ICs.
- Make sure signals that need access for troubleshooting or analysis are easy to find and probe.

## 3.2 Power and Ground Planes

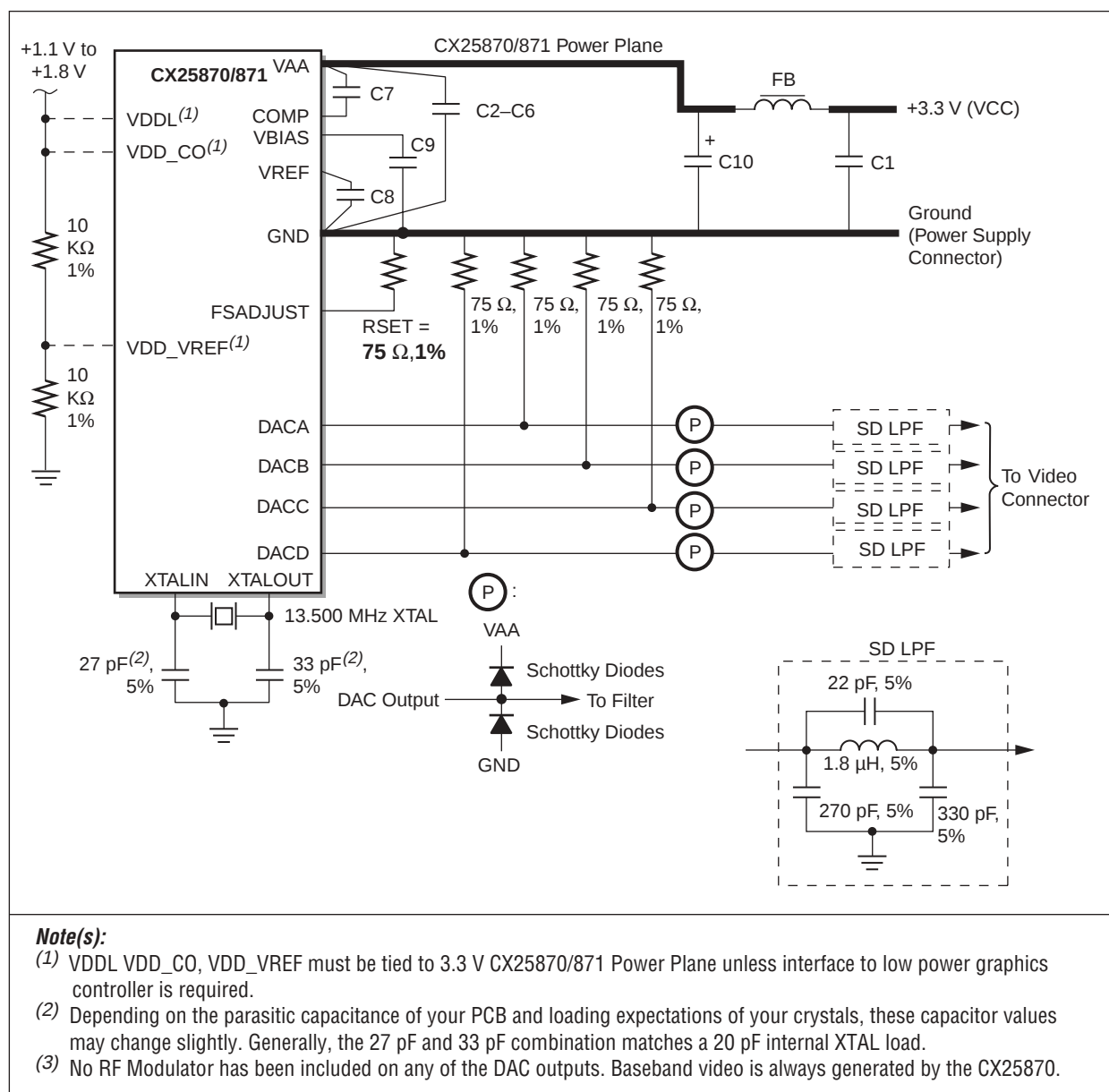
For optimum performance, a common digital and analog ground plane and a common digital and analog power plane are recommended. The power plane should provide power to all CX25870/871 power pins, reference voltage (VREF) circuitry, and COMP decoupling.

The CX25870/871 power plane should be connected to the graphics system power plane (VCC) at a single point through a ferrite bead, as illustrated in [Figures 3-1](#) and [3-2](#). This bead should be located within 3 inches of the CX25870/871. The bead provides resistance to switching currents by acting as a resistor at high frequencies. A low-resistance bead should be used, such as Ferroxcube 5659065-3B, Fair-Rite 2723021447, or TDK BF45-4001. See [Table 3-1](#) for a typical parts list for key passive components.

**Figure 3-1. Power Plane Illustration**

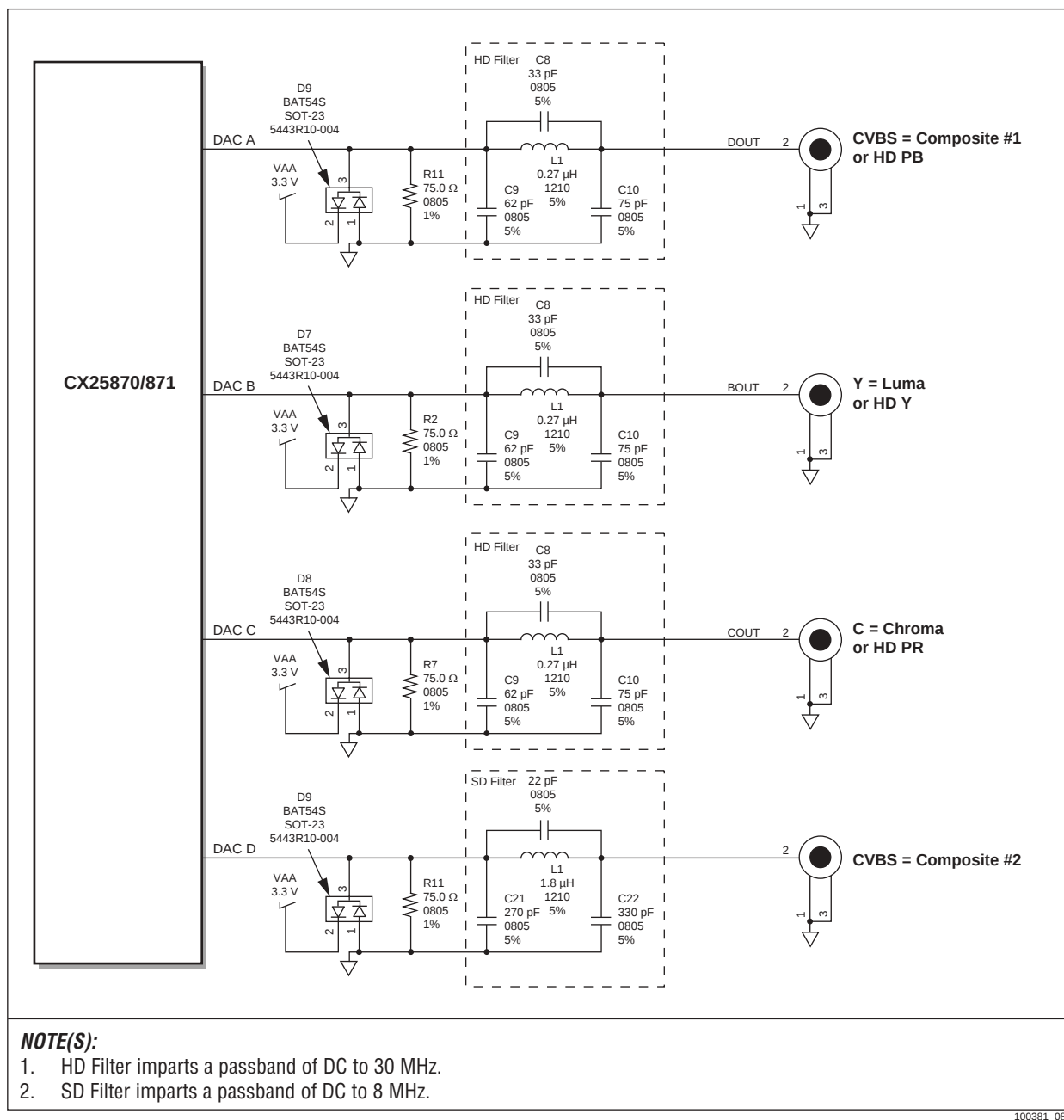


100381\_017

**Figure 3-2. Connection Diagram for Output Filters and Other Key Passive Components/Standard Definition TV Out Only**

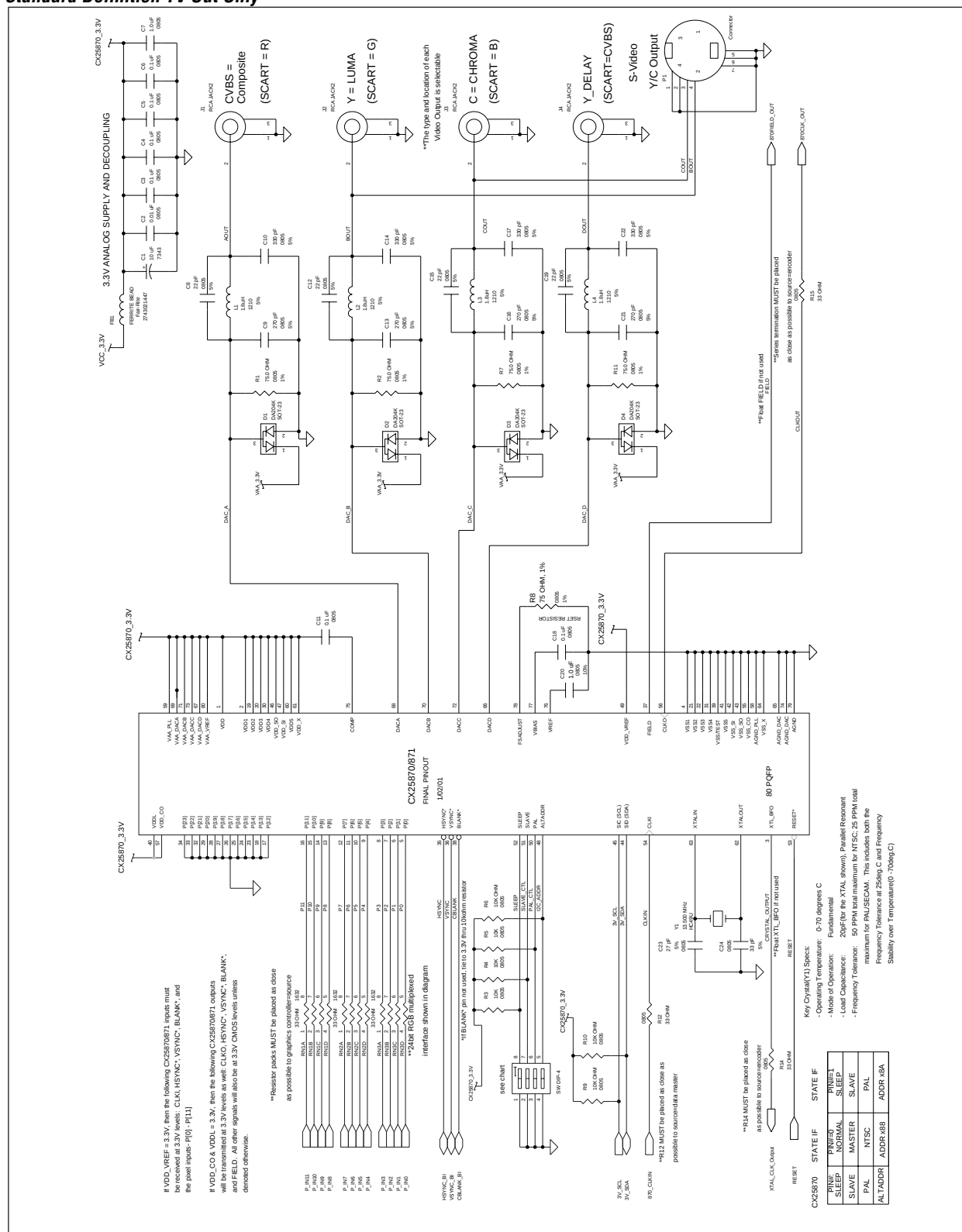
100381\_018a

Figure 3-3. Connection Diagram for Output Filters and Other Key Passive Components/Standard and HDTV Out

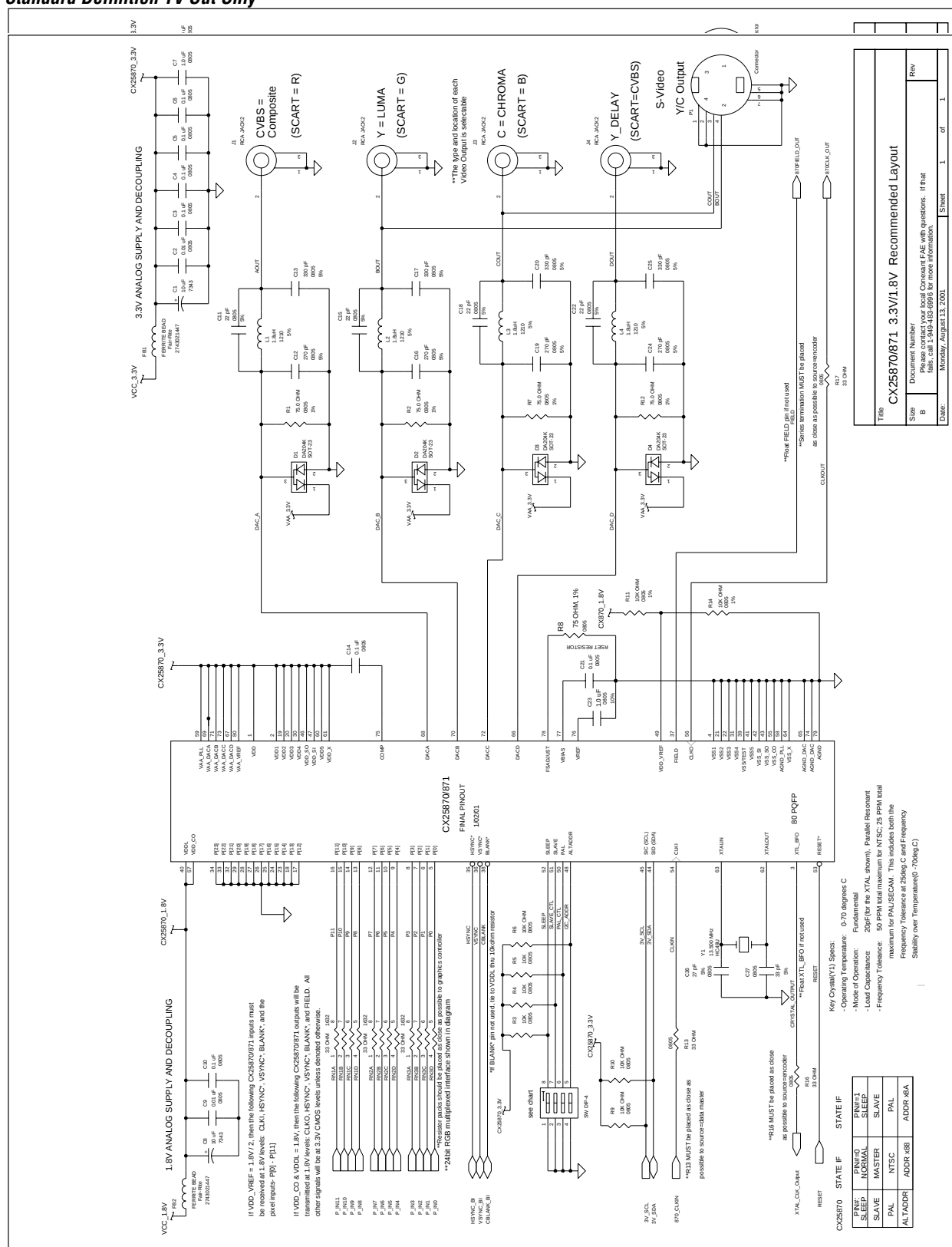


**Table 3-1. Typical Parts List for Key Passive Components**

| Location                                                                                                                                                 | Description                                                                                                                     | Vendor Part Number                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| C1–C7, C9                                                                                                                                                | 0.1 $\mu$ F Ceramic Capacitor                                                                                                   | Erie RPE112Z5U104M50V, or equivalent                                |
| C8                                                                                                                                                       | 1.0 $\mu$ F Ceramic Capacitor                                                                                                   | Erie RPE11224U104M5V, or equivalent                                 |
| C10                                                                                                                                                      | 47 $\mu$ F Capacitor                                                                                                            | Mallory CSR13F476KM, or equivalent                                  |
| FB                                                                                                                                                       | Ferrite Bead–Surface Mount                                                                                                      | Fair-Rite 2743021447                                                |
| RSET                                                                                                                                                     | 75 $\Omega$ , 1% Metal Film Resistor                                                                                            | Dale CMF-55C, Many others                                           |
| TRAP                                                                                                                                                     | Ceramic Resonator                                                                                                               | Murata TPSx.xMJ or MB2 (where x.x = sound carrier frequency in MHz) |
| —                                                                                                                                                        | Schottky Diodes                                                                                                                 | BAT85 (BAT54F Dual) HP 5082-2305 (1N6263) Siemens BAT 64-04 (Dual)  |
| XTAL                                                                                                                                                     | 13.5000 MHz Fundamental, Parallel Resonant, 20 pF load, Crystal Oscillator with 25 ppm Total Tolerance over 0 °C – 70 °C range. | See <a href="#">Appendix B</a>                                      |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b> Vendor numbers are listed only as a guide. Substitution of devices with similar characteristics will not affect CX25870/871 performance. |                                                                                                                                 |                                                                     |



**Figure 3-5. CX25870/871 3.3 V/1.8 V Recommended Layout for Connection with 1.8 V Master Device Standard Definition TV Out Only**



### **3.3 Recommended Schematics and Layout for CX25870/871**

For the CX25870/871 to operate at an optimal technical level, it is imperative to adopt the passive components, values, tolerances, and guidelines contained in the following figures.

Conexant has done extensive lab testing with these components, and found that they yield the best combination of performance and price.

The complete schematic diagram for a 3.3 V only design is illustrated in [Figure 3-4](#).

The complete schematic diagram for a mixed 3.3 V and 1.8 V design environment is illustrated in [Figure 3-5](#).

For a complete schematic diagram for a mixed 3.3V and lower voltage (1.5 V or 1.1 V) design environment, request assistance from your local FAE. The finished schematic for the 3.3 V/1.5 V or 3.3 V/1.1 V case will look similar to [Figure 3-5](#).

Substitution of resistors, capacitors, inductors, and crystals with nonrecommended values or greater than recommended tolerances may degrade the video output quality of the CX25870/871 encoder.

## 3.4 Decoupling

### 3.4.1 Device Decoupling

For optimum performance, all capacitors should be located as close as possible to the device, and the shortest possible leads (consistent with reliable operation) should be used to reduce the lead inductance. Chip capacitors are recommended for minimum lead inductance. Radial lead ceramic capacitors can be substituted for chip capacitors and are better than axial lead capacitors for self-resonance. Values are chosen to have self-resonance above the pixel clock.

### 3.4.2 Power Supply Decoupling

The best power supply performance is obtained with a 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor decoupling each group of VAA pins and each group of VDD pins to GND. The capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the device VAA/VDD pins and GND pins and connected with short, wide traces.

The 47  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor shown in [Figure 3-2](#) is for low-frequency power supply ripple; the 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors are for high-frequency power supply noise rejection. Inclusion of a 0.01  $\mu\text{F}$  and a 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor between the group of VAA/VDD pins and GND/VSS pins will improve power supply decoupling at intermediate frequencies as well.

When a linear regulator is used, the proper power-up sequence must be verified to prevent latchup. A linear regulator is recommended to filter the analog power supply if the power supply noise is greater than or equal to 200 mV. This is especially important when a switching power supply is used, or low voltage interface is implemented, and the switching frequency is close to the raster scan frequency. About 5 percent of the power supply hum and ripple noise less than 1 MHz will couple onto the analog outputs.

### 3.4.3 COMP Decoupling

The COMP pin must be decoupled to the closest VAA pin, typically with a 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor. Low-frequency supply noise will require a larger value. The COMP capacitor must be as close as possible to the COMP and VAA pins. A surface-mount ceramic chip capacitor is preferred for minimal lead inductance. Lead inductance degrades the noise rejection of the circuit. Short, wide traces will also reduce lead inductance.

### 3.4.4 VREF Decoupling

A 1.0  $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor should be used to decouple this input to GND.

### 3.4.5 VBIAS Decoupling

A 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor should be used to decouple this output to GND.

## 3.5 Signal Interconnect

### 3.5.1 Digital Signal Interconnect

The digital inputs to the CX25870/871 should be isolated as much as possible from the analog outputs and other analog circuitry. Also, these input signals should not overlay the analog power plane or analog output signals.

Most of the noise on the analog outputs will be caused by fast transitioning clock edges, data edges (less than 3 ns), and overshoot, undershoot, and ringing on the digital inputs.

The digital edge rates should not be faster than necessary because feedthrough noise is proportional to the digital edge rates. Lower-speed applications will benefit from using lower-speed logic (3–5 ns edge rates) to reduce data-related noise on the analog outputs.

Transmission lines will mismatch if the lines do not match the source and destination impedance. This will degrade signal fidelity if the line length reflection time is greater than one-fourth the signal edge time. Line termination or line-length reduction is the solution. For example, logic edge rates of 2 ns require line lengths of less than 4 inches without use of termination. Ringing can be reduced by damping the line with a series resistor (30–50  $\Omega$ ).

Radiation of digital signals can also be picked up by the analog circuitry. This is prevented by reducing the digital edge rates (rise/fall time), minimizing ringing with damping resistors, and minimizing coupling through PC board capacitance by routing the digital signals at a 90-degree angle to any analog signals.

The clock driver and all other digital devices must be adequately decoupled to prevent noise generated by the digital devices from coupling into the analog circuitry.

### 3.5.2 Analog Signal Interconnect

The CX25870/871 analog output traces should be located as close as possible to the output connectors and be of equal length to minimize noise pickup and reflections caused by impedance mismatch.

The analog outputs are susceptible to crosstalk from digital lines; therefore digital traces must not be routed under or adjacent to the analog output traces.

To maximize the high-frequency power supply rejection, the video output signals should overlay the ground plane.

For maximum performance, the analog video output impedance, cable impedance, and load impedance should be the same. The load resistor connection between the video outputs and GND should be as close as possible to the CX25870/871 to minimize reflections. Unused DAC analog outputs should be left floating.

## 3.6 Applications Information

### 3.6.1 Changes Required to Accommodate CX25870/871 in Bt868/869-Designs

- 3.6.1.1 Software** The CX25870/871 is software backward compatible with Conexant's first generation VGA Encoder, the Bt868/869. This means that all register indices for the Bt868/869 were carried forward to the exact same indices for the CX25870/871. For Conexant's second generation encoder, new registers were added, but the actual addresses used were outside of the 0x6C to 0xD6 range reserved for the Bt868/869 legacy functionality. Some reserved bits within the Bt868/869 did take on significance with the CX25870/871 where necessary.

**Table 3-2. Relative Register Map for CX25870/871**

|                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Shared CX25870/871 & Bt868/869 registers | Register Addresses 0x00 to 0x04 (Read Only)<br><br>(Must be accessed through 'Legacy' read procedure with ESTATUS[1:0] bits in Bt868/869)<br><br>( 'Standard' or 'Legacy' read-back procedure ok for CX25870/871) |
| CX25870/871 specific registers           | Register Address 0x06(Read Only)<br><br>and<br><br>Register Addresses 0x28E to 0x6A (Read/Write)                                                                                                                  |
| Shared CX25870/871 & Bt868/869 registers | Register Address 0x6C(Read/Write)<br><br>to<br><br>Register Address 0xD6(Read/Write)                                                                                                                              |
| CX25870/871 specific register            | Register Address 0xD8(Read/Write)                                                                                                                                                                                 |

The most significant difference in software between the two encoders is the fact that the CX25870/871 can be read from using the Standard serial method as well as the Legacy serial method. To use the Standard procedure, the master issues CX25870's device ID and subaddress in consecutive bytes, and the slave acknowledges with a pulse after each transaction. Upon completion of these 2 steps, the slave transmits the final byte which contains the 8 bits of data. The Bt868/869 cannot be read from in this manner and instead relies solely on the Legacy method. This process is explained step-by-step in the 'TV Auto-Detection Procedures' section of this specification.

Another difference in terms of software between the two encoders is the power-up video output routing. The CX25870 after power-up or a signal-driven reset transmits Video0 = composite on DAC\_A, Video1 = Luma (Y) on DAC\_B, Video2 = Chroma (C) on DAC\_C, and Video3 = Luma Delay on DAC\_D.

The Bt868 was different in this respect. On power-up, it sent out Video0 = composite from DAC\_A, DAC\_B, and DAC\_C. Reprogramming register 0xCE correctly ensures proper video output routing.

Another difference between the two encoders is the default video output routing through the on-chip DACs. On power-up, the Bt868 transmitted Video[0] = Composite from all three of its DACs. Due to the popularity of S-Video out, the CX25871, on power-up, broadcasts Video[0] = Composite from DAC\_A, Video[1] = Luminance from DAC\_B, Video[2] = Chrominance from DAC\_C, and Video[3] = Delayed Luminance from DAC\_D. For Bt868 drivers that did not program register 0xCE, this step may be necessary to re-route the Video outputs with the CX25870.

As a result of software register compatibility, no modifications to a customer's source code are required to enable the same features that exist within both Conexant VGA encoders. Of course, to exploit the new features within the CX25870/871, such as display of 1024x768 resolution on a TV, HDTV output, SECAM output, and others, some software changes and new register sets will be necessary. This usually equates to the release of a new driver and/or graphics BIOS for support of the CX25870.

### 3.6.1.2 Hardware

Similarly, the Bt868/869 is pin-for-pin backward compatible with the newest Conexant encoder. Both devices are housed in exactly the same compact 80-pin, [14 mm x 14 mm x 2.4 mm] plastic PQFP package. Furthermore, aside from pins 2, 3, 65, 66, and 67, which were no connects within the Bt868/869, the CX25870/871 is identical in its pinout to the previous generation.

Consequently, if the customer's Bt868-designed PCB actually has no connects for the pins listed as N/C on the Bt868/869, then no PC board changes are needed except for some passive component stuffing changes when upgrading to the CX25870/871. However, if the Bt868/869 N/C pins were actually grounded or utilization of the new external features within the CX25870/871 is desired, then a few changes to a customer's Bt868/869-based PC Board are definitely required to accommodate the new CX25870/871. [Table 3-3](#) summarizes all the likely alterations that need to be performed to existing designs.

**Table 3-3. Hardware Modifications to Bt868/869-based PCB Required to Accommodate the CX25870/871 (1 of 3)**

| Pin # | Bt868/9 Pin Name | CX25870/1 Pin Name | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1     | AGND             | VDD                | This pin should be tied to VDD (3.3V) for both the CX25870/1 and Bt868/9, so the encoder's output video levels match the IRE levels that it was designed to transmit. Conexant has seen 2-3 IRE excursions away from the correct color bar and other test pattern IRE levels and have verified that either encoder's pin #1 being tied to GND to be the root cause.<br>An output video difference of 2-3 IRE is a very small amplitude AND would only be noticeable if you used a VM700T from Tektronix or some other advanced piece of video measuring equipment. Visually, it is quite difficult to even detect a 2-3 IRE excursion. In conclusion, tie Pin #1 which was the Bt868/9's 'AGND' to VDD/VAA = 3.3V for both the CX25870/1 and Bt868/9 for best operation. Rename this pin (#1) on any schematics so it says 'VDD.' |
| 2     | N/C              | VDD                | The digital power pin needs to be tied to 3.3V. This was a no connect for the Bt868/9.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 3     | N/C              | XTL_BFO            | The buffered crystal clock output pin should be floated if not used. This was a no connect for the Bt868/9.<br>For CX25870/1-designs, a small (e.g. 33 ohm) series resistor should be added in series to XTL_BFO as close as possible to the signal source device. This reduces overshoot and undershoot on this signal as it changes states.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**Table 3-3. Hardware Modifications to Bt868/869-based PCB Required to Accommodate the CX25870/871 (2 of 3)**

|          |                   |                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 49       | VDDMAX            | VDD_VREF          | Pin 49 has been renamed for the CX25870/1. For 3.3V swings on the interface signals for CX25870/1-designs, this pin should be tied directly to 3.3V as was the case with Bt868/9-designs.<br>For lower voltage swings for the digital interface signals, using a voltage divider circuit or some other method, tie the CX25870/871's VDD_VREF input (pin 49) to (VDDL / 2). See Figure 3-5 for an illustration of this concept.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 50       | PAL               | PAL               | If the desired video output at power-up is PAL, then a 10 k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor is recommended for this pin for CX25870/1-designs. No pull-up resistor was advocated for Bt868/9-designs. If the desired video output at power-up is NTSC, then this pin should be tied directly to GND.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 51       | SLAVE             | SLAVE             | If desired interface at power-up is slave or pseudo-master (i.e. slave video timing), then a 10 k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor is recommended for this pin for CX25870/1-designs. No pull-up resistor was advocated for Bt868/9-designs. If desired interface at power-up is master (i.e. master video timing), then this pin should be tied directly to GND.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 52       | SLEEP             | SLEEP             | If desired power management state at power-up is Normal Operation, then this pin should be tied directly to GND. If desired power management state at power-up is Sleep, then a 10 k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor is recommended for this pin for CX25870/1-designs. No pull-up resistor was advocated for Bt868/9-designs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 62<br>63 | XTALOUT<br>XTALIN | XTALOUT<br>XTALIN | The recommended capacitor value from XTALIN to GND has been altered from 33 pF to 27 pF for a 20 pF load crystal. This ensures an output-to-input voltage gain sufficient to make up signal losses through the crystal since the ratio of $C_{XTALOUT} / C_{XTALIN} = 1.1$ to 1.5.<br>The buffered clock crystal output frequency, which can be measured from the CX25870/1's XTL_BFO output port, should be within 25 ppm = +/- 337 Hz. of 13.5000 MHz. at all times. The high amount of tolerance is necessary so the encoder can generate sufficient accuracy for the subcarrier frequencies for SECAM, PAL, and NTSC. If this type of accuracy does not exist when using $C_{XTALIN} = 27$ pF then $C_{XTALIN}$ should be increased to 30 pF or 33 pF and the frequency re-measured. Different PCBs exhibit different amounts of parasitic capacitance so one value for $C_{XTALIN}$ does not necessarily fit for all designs.<br>For Bt868/9-designs, $C_{XTALIN}$ and $C_{XTALOUT}$ were recommended to be equal (33 pF). The 1 M $\Omega$ resistor, a requirement of Bt868/9-designs as an external passive between these 2 pins, is no longer necessary with CX25870/1-designs. If it is present, then this has no adverse effects on the CX25870/1's overall video performance. |
| 65       | N/C               | AGND_DAC          | Whether or not DACD is actually used as a video output within the CX25870/1 design, this pin must be tied to GND.<br>For Bt868/9-based designs, this pin was a No Connect and for best performance should be tied to GND or left open.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 66       | N/C               | DACD              | Pin 66 for the CX25870/1 is the fourth DAC = DACD.<br>If DACD is used, connect this output to a video connector. If DACD is not used, leave this pin no connected for CX25870/1-designs. The circuitry for the low pass filter for DACD will also need to be added for CX25870/1 designs.<br>For Bt868/9-based designs, this pin was a No Connect and for best performance should be tied to GND or left open.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 67       | N/C               | VAA_DACD          | This is the power pin for DACD. Whether or not DACD is actually used within the design, this pin must be tied to VDD=VAA=3.3V for all CX25870/1-designs.<br>For Bt868/9-based designs, this pin was a No Connect and for best performance should be tied to GND or left open.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

**Table 3-3. Hardware Modifications to Bt868/869-based PCB Required to Accommodate the CX25870/871 (3 of 3)**

|                                     |          |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 75                                  | COMP     | COMP     | A 0-10 ohm resistor between COMP and 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor (which is connected to VAA) was originally recommended for Bt868/9-designs.<br>The 0-10 ohm resistor placed between the 0.1 $\mu$ F cap and the COMP pin was recommended to better tune the COMP circuit to prevent an internal op-amp from oscillating. Based on the Bt868/9's DAC performance over time and the CX25870/1's continued usage of these same DACs, this resistor was deemed to not be necessary and should be removed for all CX25870/1 designs. |
| 76                                  | VREF     | VREF     | Capacitor from VREF to GND must be <u>1.0 <math>\mu</math>F</u> for the CX25870/1. Capacitor from VREF to GND must be <u>0.1 <math>\mu</math>F</u> for the Bt868/9.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 78                                  | FSADJUST | FSADJUST | RSET, the resistor from FSADJUST pin to GND, must be 75 $\Omega$ , +/- 1% for all CX25870/1-based designs.<br>RSET must be <u>100 ohm</u> , +/- 1% for all Bt868/9-based designs.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>N/C = No connect |          |          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

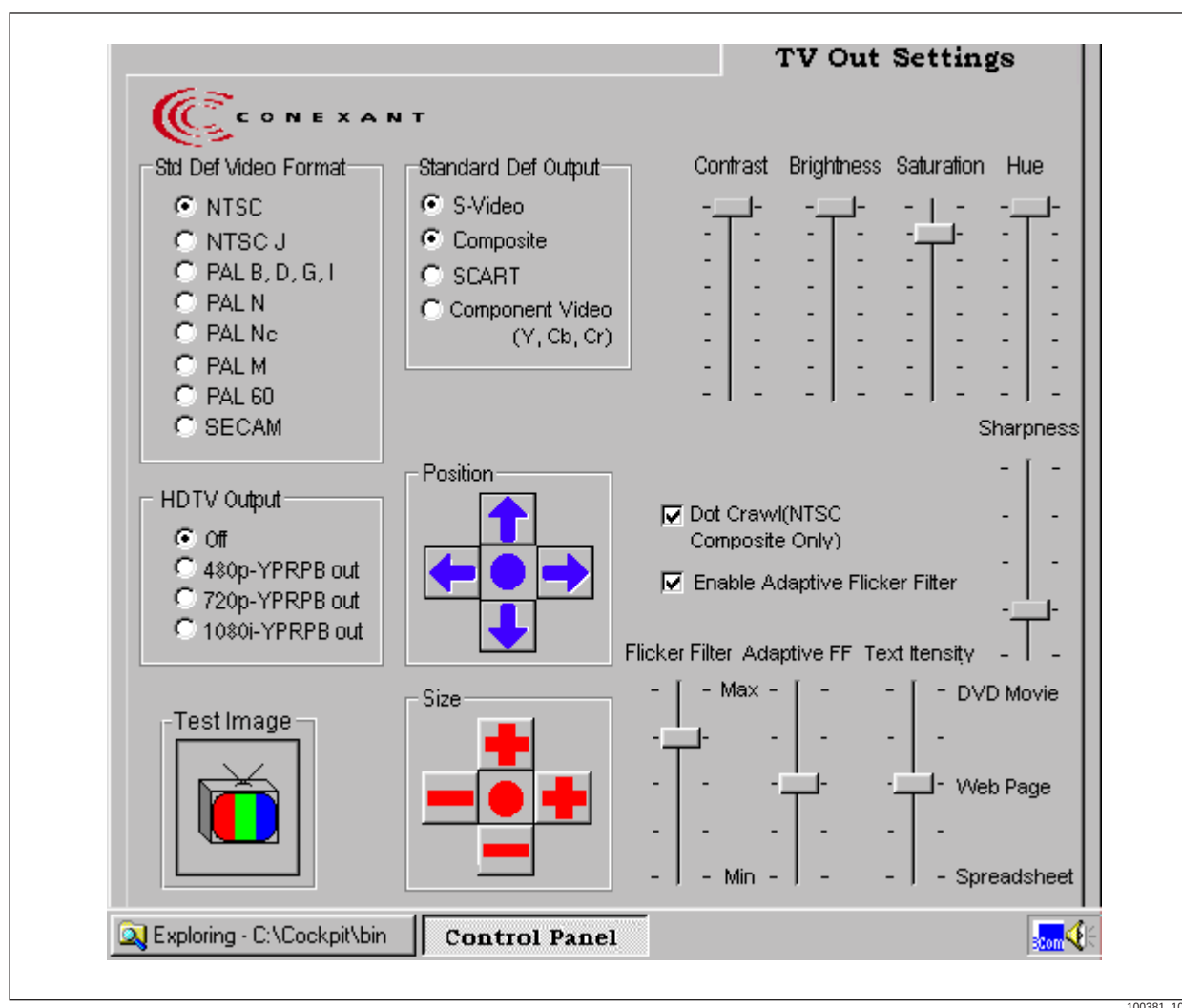
To ensure proper operation of the CX25870/871, the designer must adhere to each recommendation contained in [Table 3-3](#).

### 3.6.2 Programmable Video Adjustment Controls

The quality of the TV Out picture can be altered depending on the digital input content, the settings of various output video adjustment control registers, and the TV itself. The values of the CX25870/871's Y\_OFF, MY, Y\_ATTEN, MCB, MCR, C\_ATTEN, and PHASE\_OFF registers all definitely impact the perceived quality of the analog NTSC/PAL/SECAM video signal. For this reason, for graphics cards that utilize the encoder, Conexant recommends the inclusion of a Graphical User Interface (GUI) for TV Out. By designing this intelligent control panel, the end-user can improve his TV image quality by adjusting the proper slider or other controls at his disposal. Behind these controls, intelligence must be embedded in the TV Out source code and driver so the values of certain registers get adjusted depending on the status of the radio button, checkbox, slider, or pull-down menu.

An illustration of a sample GUI for TV Out is shown in [Figure 3-6](#).

**Figure 3-6. Conexant Recommended TV Out GUI for CX25870/871**



100381\_101

### 3.6.2.1 Contrast

Contrast is a video quality that refers to how far the whitest whites are from the blackest blacks in an analog video waveform. If the peak white is far away from the peak black, the image is said to have high contrast. With high contrast, the image is very pure like a black and white tile floor. If the two parameters are very close together, the image is said to have poor, or low, contrast. With low amounts of contrast, an image may be referred to as being washed-out. Instead of easily recognized black portions of the image versus white parts, the image with low contrast looks gray.

Register MY[7:0] in conjunction with register Y\_ATTENUATE[2:0] controls adjustment of contrast. Y\_ATTENUATE has 8 possible values ranging from 1.0 gain (No attenuation) to 0 gain (Force Luminance to 0). Conexant recommends inclusion of an 8-level slider to control the Contrast level. Each single movement of the slider should reprogram this bit field to a different fractional value. Lab testing has shown that values from  $\frac{3}{4}$  gain (Y\_ATTENUATE=011) to 15/16 gain (i.e., 001) yield the crispest TV picture.

Register MY modifies the luminance multiplier allowing for a larger or smaller luminance range. For more drastic changes in the Contrast, change MY. For more subtle changes, shifting the Y\_OFF register as the end-user moves the slider should be sufficient.

Since the difference between contrast and brightness is usually understood by video professionals only, Conexant recommends the designer increment or decrement the YATTENUATE[2:0] field for either brightness or contrast adjustments.

### 3.6.2.2 Saturation

Saturation is the amount of color present. For example, a lightly saturated green looks olive-green to gray while a fully saturated green looks like the color of a pine tree. Saturation does not mean the brightness of a color, just how much pigment is used to make the color itself. The less pigment, the less saturated the color is, effectively adding white to the pure color.

The amount of Saturation is controlled by the bit field named CATTENUATE[2:0]. CATTENUATE has eight possible values ranging from 1.0 gain (No attenuation) to 0 gain (Force Chrominance to 0). Conexant recommends inclusion of an 8-level slider to control Saturation level. Each single movement of the slider should reprogram this bit field to a different fractional value. Lab testing has shown that values from  $\frac{3}{4}$  gain (CATTENUATE=011) to 1.0 gain (i.e., 000) yield the crispest TV picture.

### 3.6.2.3 Brightness

Brightness is defined to be the intensity of the video level and refers to how much light is emitted from the display. The amount of Brightness is controlled by the register named Y\_OFF[7:0].

Y\_OFF[7:0] is a 2s complement number, such that a value of 0x00 is 0 IRE offset, a value of 0x7F is an increase of 22.14 IRE above black level. Active video will then be added to the offset level set by the Y\_OFF value.

Since the difference between contrast and brightness is usually understood by video professionals only, Conexant recommends the designer increment or decrement the YATTENUATE[2:0] field for either brightness or contrast adjustments.

**3.6.2.4 Hue** Hue refers to the wavelength of the color. That means that hue is the term used to represent the base color—red, green, magenta, yellow, and so forth. Hue is completely separate from the intensity or the saturation of the color. For example, a red hue could look brown at low saturation, fire-engine red at a higher level of saturation, or pink at a high brightness level. All three colors have the same hue however.

Occasionally, the end user may need to alter the hue. The method for adjusting this parameter with the CX25870/871 is to program a different value to the HUE\_ADJ register. This method changes the hue in the composite and S-Video signals for NTSC, PAL, and SECAM waveforms according to the following equation:

$$\text{Desired Phase Offset (in degrees)} = [360^\circ / 256] * (\text{HUE\_ADJ})$$

A slider labeled ‘HUE’ should be included in the GUI so minor alterations ( $\pm 20^\circ$ ) in this parameter are possible. Major alterations ( $> 20^\circ$ ) in the phase offset are not recommended since dramatic hue shifts will result in different colors than the original.

**3.6.2.5 Sharpness** Occasionally, drastic phase shifts occur at the borders of dialog boxes within applications programs and with certain combinations of text and background colors. This is due to the primary and secondary colors being at opposite ends of the UV hue spectrum. The result of these phase differences is that the edges or text look blurry to the observer.

The CX25870/871 has a bit field available named PKFIL\_SEL[1:0] to sharpen these edges so they look crisper on the television. Four choices are available, each of which enables a different type of peaking filter. The 0 dB (Bypass) filter is the defaulted level while gains of 1 dB, 2 dB, and 3.5 dB are also possible.

**3.6.2.6 Dot Crawl** Dot crawl refers to a specific image artifact that is the result of the NTSC standard. When some computer generated text shows up on top of a video clip being shown, close viewing of the TV will show some pixels or jaggies rolling up or down the picture in the area of a dialog box’s edges. Another term for this phenomenon is creepy-crawlies or the zipper effect.

Conexant has derived software code to minimize the dot crawl. This is not a register or bit within the CX25870/871 but rather a complicated software algorithm that modifies the 90-degree color subcarrier shift exhibited in four consecutive NTSC fields. To obtain this code, file a request with your local Conexant sales office. The algorithm/function for dot crawl should be enabled with the NTSC Composite output only. It will have no effect for PAL or SECAM outputs.

### 3.6.2.7 Standard and Adaptive Flicker Filter

Flicker occurs when the refresh rate of the video is too low. In digital encoders, flicker can also occur when processing an image that contains many fine vertical divisions such as lines that are only 1 or 2 lines wide. When the encoder stores, combines (by vertically interpolating data), and converts two consecutive incoming frames into 1 output field, portions of the image containing just a few lines can be placed on different analog output lines. Since the position of the output line is not equivalent from field to field, it appears to flicker at the vertical refresh rate.

This annoying artifact can be eliminated by selecting an appropriate flicker filter setting, one that trades off vertical resolution and text clarity against flicker reduction. The flicker filter slider shown in [Figure 3-6](#) modifies the F\_SELY[2:0] and F\_SELFC[2:0] bit fields together anytime the end-user changes the particular level. Internal testing has shown that certain application programs such as spreadsheets look best with more flicker filtering while others, such as games and DVD movies, look best with less. In addition, the active resolution also affects the amount of flicker filtering required. 640x480 and lower resolutions rarely require a maximum flicker filter setting, whereas the 1024x768 resolution often does.

With five standard flicker filter levels available, Conexant recommends programming the following bit values according to the slider level.

| Flicker Filter Slider Level | F_SELY[2:0]                  | F_SELFC[2:0]                 |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Level 5 = Maximum           | 000 = 5 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. | 011 = 4 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. |
| Level 4                     | 011 = 4 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. | 010 = 3 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. |
| Level 3                     | 010 = 3 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. | 001 = 2 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. |
| Level 2                     | 001 = 2 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. | 001 = 2 line. DIS_FFILT = 0. |
| Level 1 = Minimum           | Do not care. DIS_FFILT = 1.  | Do not care. DIS_FFILT = 1.  |

**NOTE:** The optimal performance for the Standard Flicker Filter is usually achieved by configuring F\_SELFC to 1 line less than F\_SELY.

The CX25870/871 also has an adaptive flicker filter (i.e., Adaptive FF). This feature is explained in section 1 of the data sheet. The recommended TV Out Graphical User Interface allows the usage of the adaptive flicker filter only if the box to enable it is checked. Once this is done, the ADPT\_FF bit should get set (=1).

Table 3-4. CX25870 Optimal Adaptive Flicker Filter Bit Settings by Active Resolution

|                                         | Adaptive Flicker Filter Bit/Bit Field Settings |         |         |          |          |          |       |       |              |                    | Register<br>0x34   | Register<br>0x36 |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Adaptive Flicker Filter<br>Slider Level | ADPT FF                                        | Y ALTFF | C ALTFF | Y THRESH | C THRESH | Y SELECT | FFRTN | BYYCR | CHROMA<br>BW | Final Hex<br>Value | Final Hex<br>Value |                  |
| Level 1=Min=640x480                     | On=Checked                                     | 4-line  | 4-line  | 000      | 000      | On       | On    | 1     | 0            | 9B                 | C0                 |                  |
| Level 2                                 | On=Checked                                     | 4-line  | 4-line  | 100      | 100      | Off      | Off   | 1     | 0            | 9B                 | 24                 |                  |
| Level 3 = 800x600                       | On=Checked                                     | 5-line  | 5-line  | 010      | 010      | Off      | On    | 1     | 0            | 80                 | 92                 |                  |
| Level 4                                 | On=Checked                                     | 5-line  | 5-line  | 100      | 100      | On       | Off   | 1     | 0            | 80                 | 64                 |                  |
| Level 5=Max=1024x768                    | On=Checked                                     | 5-line  | 5-line  | 110      | 110      | On       | On    | 1     | 0            | 80                 | F6                 |                  |

When the Adaptive Flicker Filter is on, the Standard Flicker Filter continues to work normally. Indeed, many of the lines and/or pixels will still be filtered at the more moderate standard flicker filter level. However, as the encoder analyzes and processes each pixel, it will periodically come across certain regions requiring a more aggressive filter setting. For these areas only, more forceful Adaptive Flicker Filter value is used. With the dynamic ability of the CX25870, the end-user can enjoy an optimal TV Out environment without having to manually adjust the amount of flicker filtering depending on his given application. The CX25870 provides this functionality so long as the Adaptive Flicker Filter slider and control boxes are included. When the adaptive element is turned on, an additional five flicker reduction settings can be applied by moving the control pad to another level.

Through testing, Conexant recommends the following bit settings get reprogrammed according to the state of the Adaptive Flicker Filter slider.

Integrating both flicker filter sliders and the correct intelligence behind them makes the CX25870/871 ideal for Internet browsing, DVD movie watching, or game playing by overcoming many of the quality problems like image flicker, illegible text, and low-definition graphics that plague other TV encoders.

#### 3.6.2.8 Position

There are many TV manufacturers, and most models display the active picture in a slightly different position relative to the bezel of the television itself. To allow the end-user the ability to position the TV picture directly in the middle of his screen, or any other reasonable location, Conexant recommends inclusion of several Position control buttons.

There should be four directional controls included; two for horizontal adjustment and two for vertical adjustment. For practical usage, the maximum or limit adjustment amounts should be 25 pixels horizontally and 10 lines vertically from the default position. Values greater than these cause a good portion of the active region to be hidden behind the bezel of the TV thus rendering this area useless.

From experience, Conexant recommends incrementing the graphics controller's HSYNC\_START register by 5 pixels every time the LEFT(= '-') or RIGHT(= '+') button is clicked within the GUI. Every mouse click will also require reprogramming the CX25870/871's H\_BLANKI register so the active data does not get chopped off on the opposite side.

Vertically, the software driver should add or subtract two lines from the prior vertical position every time the UP(= '+') or DOWN(= '-') button is clicked within the GUI. This means that the VSYNC\_START register should be increased or decreased by two lines for every vertical click by the end-user. The corresponding modification that needs to be made to the CX25870/871 is an add/subtract of two lines to the original value in its V\_BLANKI register.

As an illustration, assume the end user clicked on the Right button once. Internally, this action would mean that the graphics controller's new HSYNC\_START register value needs to be {HSYNC\_START<sub>default</sub> -5 pixels}. As the timing master, this would force the controller to issue its HSYNC\* digital signal's leading edge five pixel clock cycles earlier in time. The software engineer also must add five pixels to the controller's HSYNC\_END register to maintain the original HSYNC\* pulse duration (8-20 pixels is common). Finally, within the CX25870/871, the H\_BLANKI[9:0] register must be increased by five pixels so the encoder can accommodate the five extra pixels of blanking to start each line and still display the original active portion of the line.

Now, assume the end-user clicked on the Down button once. This action dictates that more blanking will exist before the active region is displayed. This operation requires decrementing the graphics controller's new VSYNC\_START register value to (VSYNC\_START<sub>default</sub> - 5 lines). As the timing master, this would force the controller to issue its VSYNC\* digital signal's leading edge five lines earlier in time than before. The software engineer must also subtract five lines to the controller's VSYNC\_END register to maintain the same VSYNC\* pulse duration (nominally two-to-six lines). Within the encoder, the V\_BLANKI[7:0] register must be incremented by 5 lines so the encoder can accommodate the five more lines of blanking required to start the field and still display the original active area of the frame.

For an explanation of the Left and Up buttons, simply apply the opposite offsets to the values explained for the Right and Down operations. Remember that SYNC\_START/END always works in the opposite direction of picture movement. If the Position control works correctly, the end user should see a gradual change to either the X and Y position of the active image after each corresponding mouse click.

### 3.6.2.9 Size

This control pad is used by the end-user to change the active X and Y dimensions of the TV Out picture. This is done by modifying the amount of horizontal (X dimension) and vertical (Y dimension) overscan compensation. Ideally, there should be four directional controls included: two for horizontal adjustment and two for vertical adjustment. For practical usage, the maximum amounts of Horizontal Overscan Compensation (HOC) and Vertical Overscan Compensation (VOC) should be limited to 25 percent (or three mouse clicks in any direction). The minimal amounts of HOC and VOC should be capped at 10 percent since percentages smaller than this often make the TV image so large that all edges are behind the bezel of the TV, rendering the outer regions of the Windows desktop useless.

Based on testing, Conexant recommends changing the HOC percentage by ~ 3 percent from its previous value for each '+' or – horizontal mouse click within the GUI. The + symbol denotes a larger picture size in that direction (and a decrease in the amount of horizontal blanking or HOC percent) and a - sign corresponds to smaller picture size.

In addition, TV Out software designers should vary the VOC percentage by ~ 3 percent from its previous value for each + or – vertical mouse click within the GUI. The + symbol denotes a larger picture size in that direction and a – sign corresponds to smaller picture size (and an increase in the amount of vertical blanking or VOC percent).

The overscan percentages horizontally and vertically are independent of each other. However, the TV Out picture looks best when HOC and VOC are equal or within 2 percent of each other. Having realized this fact, Conexant has incorporated many autoconfiguration modes that have a minimal difference (i.e., Delta) between the HOC and VOC ratios.

The autoconfiguration modes for the CX25870/871 that pertain to the desktop resolutions are summarized in Figures 3-5 through 3-12.

Figure 3-7. CX25870/871 Autoconfiguration Modes for 640x480 RGB In, NTSC Out Desktop Resolutions

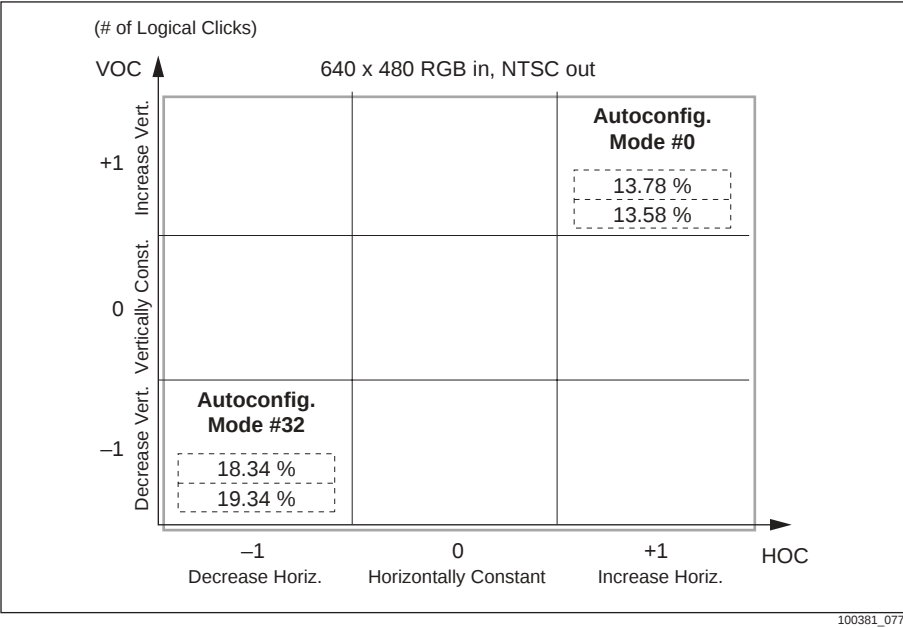
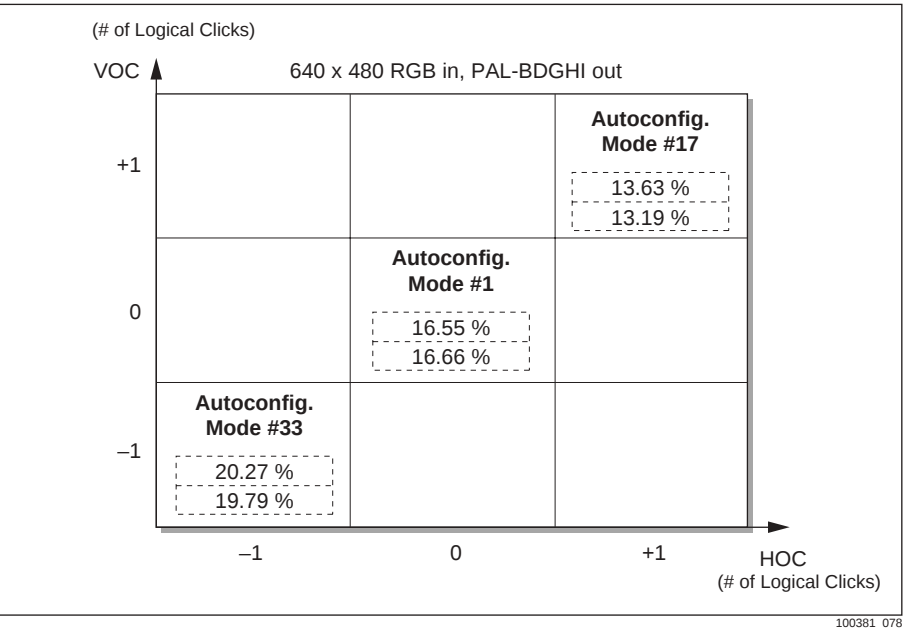
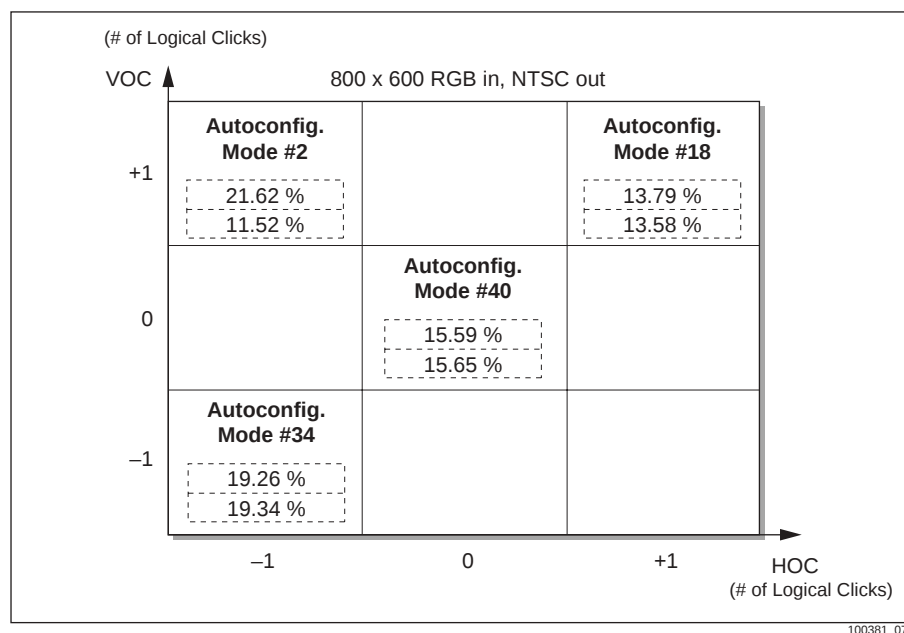


Figure 3-8. CX25870/871 Autoconfiguration Modes for 640x480 RGB In, PAL-BDGI Out Desktop Resolutions



**Figure 3-9. CX25870/871 Autoconfiguration Modes for 800 x 600 RGB In, NTSC Out Desktop Resolutions**



**Figure 3-10. CX25870/871 Autoconfiguration Modes for 800 x 600 RGB In, PAL-BDGI Out Desktop Resolutions**

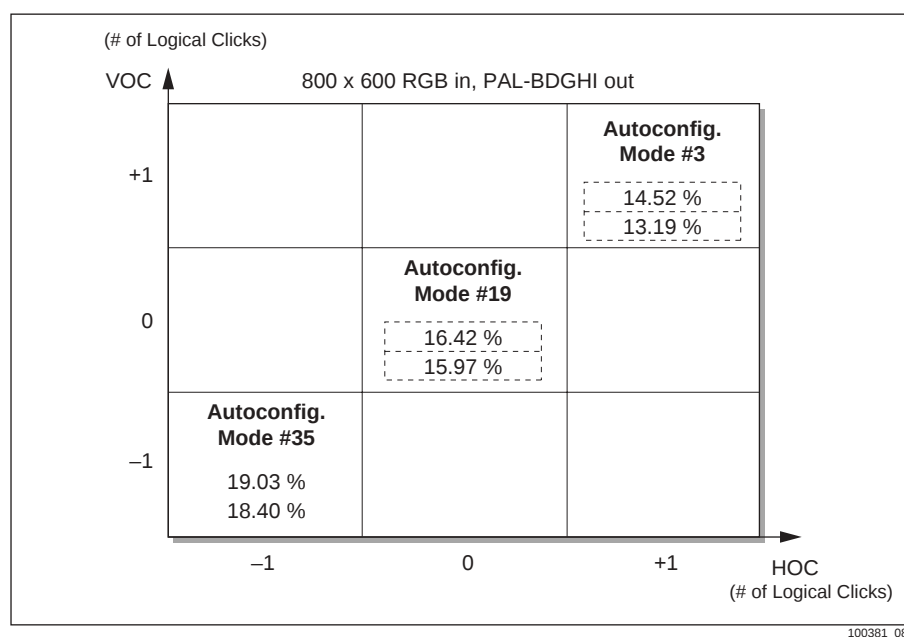


Figure 3-11. CX25870/871 Autoconfiguration Modes for 1024 x 768 RGB In, NTSC Out Desktop Resolutions

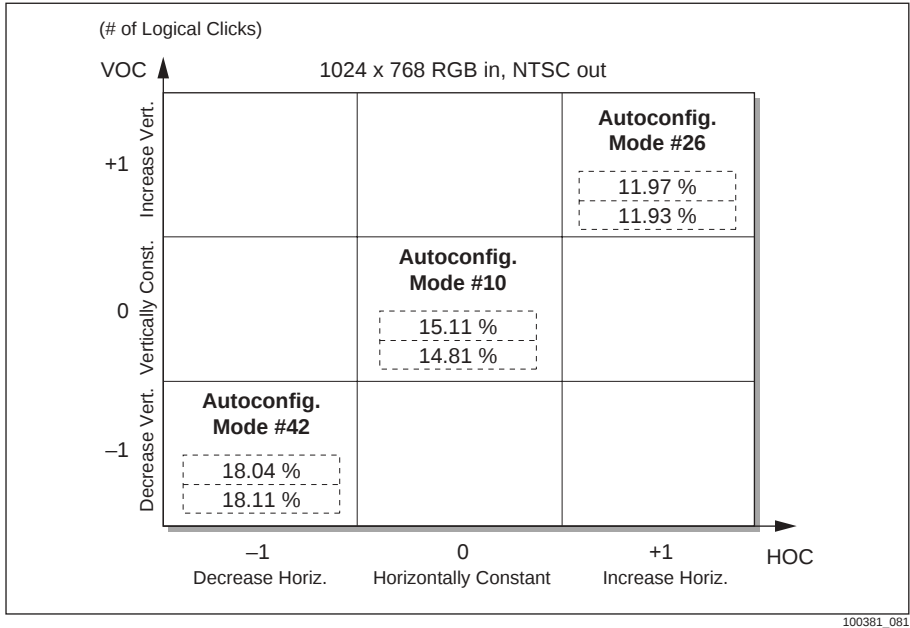
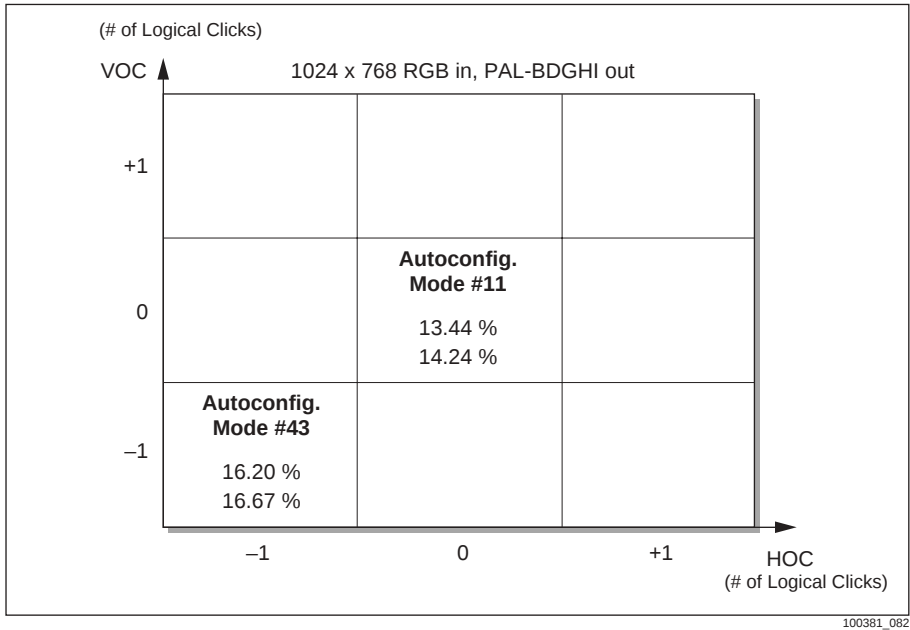


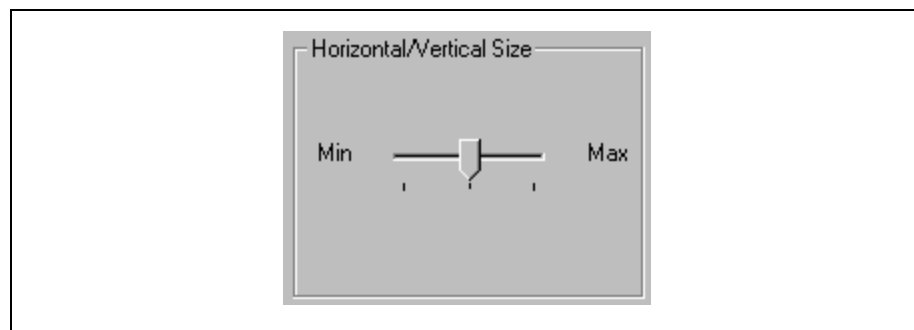
Figure 3-12. CX25870/871 Autoconfiguration Modes for 1024 x 768 RGB In, PAL-BDGI Out Desktop Resolutions



Customers are urged to enable the autoconfiguration mode that is in the middle of each chart as the default Size for each active resolution. To accomplish this, the encoder's CONFIG[5:0] bit field must be programmed to the desired mode. In addition, the graphics controller's HTOTAL register must be programmed to match the CX25870/871's H\_CLKI[10:0] value, and VTOTAL register must be programmed to match the CX25870/871's V\_LINESI[10:0] value. Other minor modifications may be necessary. The specific procedure to follow to enable different overscan ratios is explained in an application note titled *Supporting TV Out with Non-Standard Graphics Input Resolutions*. Request this document from your local Conexant Sales representative for help on the Size video adjustment.

A simpler alternative to independent horizontal and vertical size buttons is to replace the directional control pad with a slider. This slider would only have 3 tick marks and would cycle through the different sizes available based on the autoconfiguration modes that exist for the specific desktop resolution and video output type. This concept is illustrated in [Figure 3-13](#).

**Figure 3-13. Direction-less Size Control Pad**



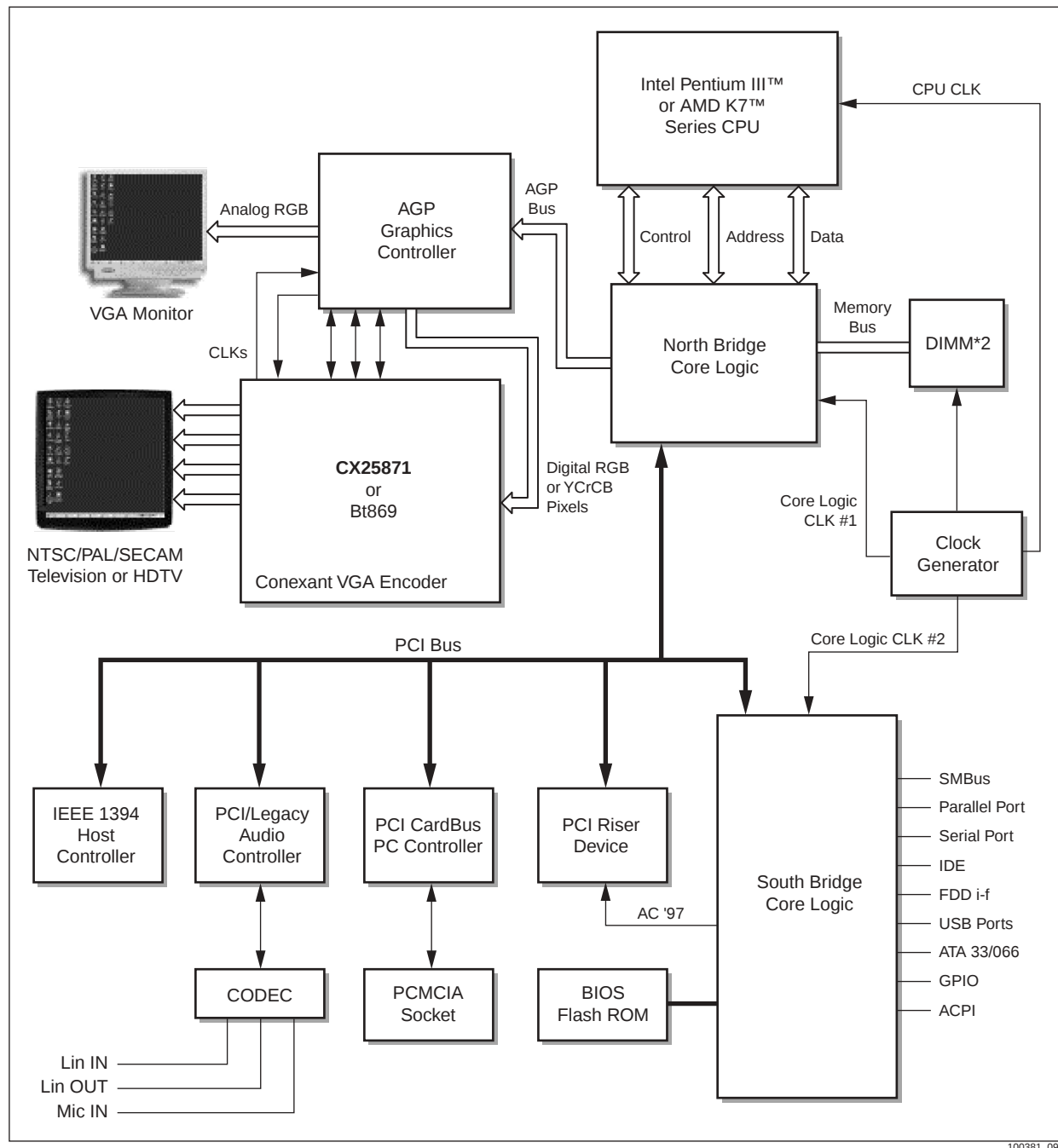
The slider would alter the horizontal and vertical size of the TV picture simultaneously by changing the overscan percentages by the same amount. Size control should only be effective for desktop resolutions such as 640x480, 800x600, and 1024x768. Nonstandard resolutions should choose a single size with a moderate amount of overscan compensation (HOC/VOC = 11 percent–16 percent) and not allow the end-user to deviate from this choice by graying out the Size slider.

### 3.6.3 System Block Diagrams

The CX25870/871 can be designed into any system that requires analog standard definition television outputs (NTSC/PAL/SECAM/SCART) or high definition television outputs (YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub>/HD RGB) based on a digital RGB or YCrCb set of inputs.

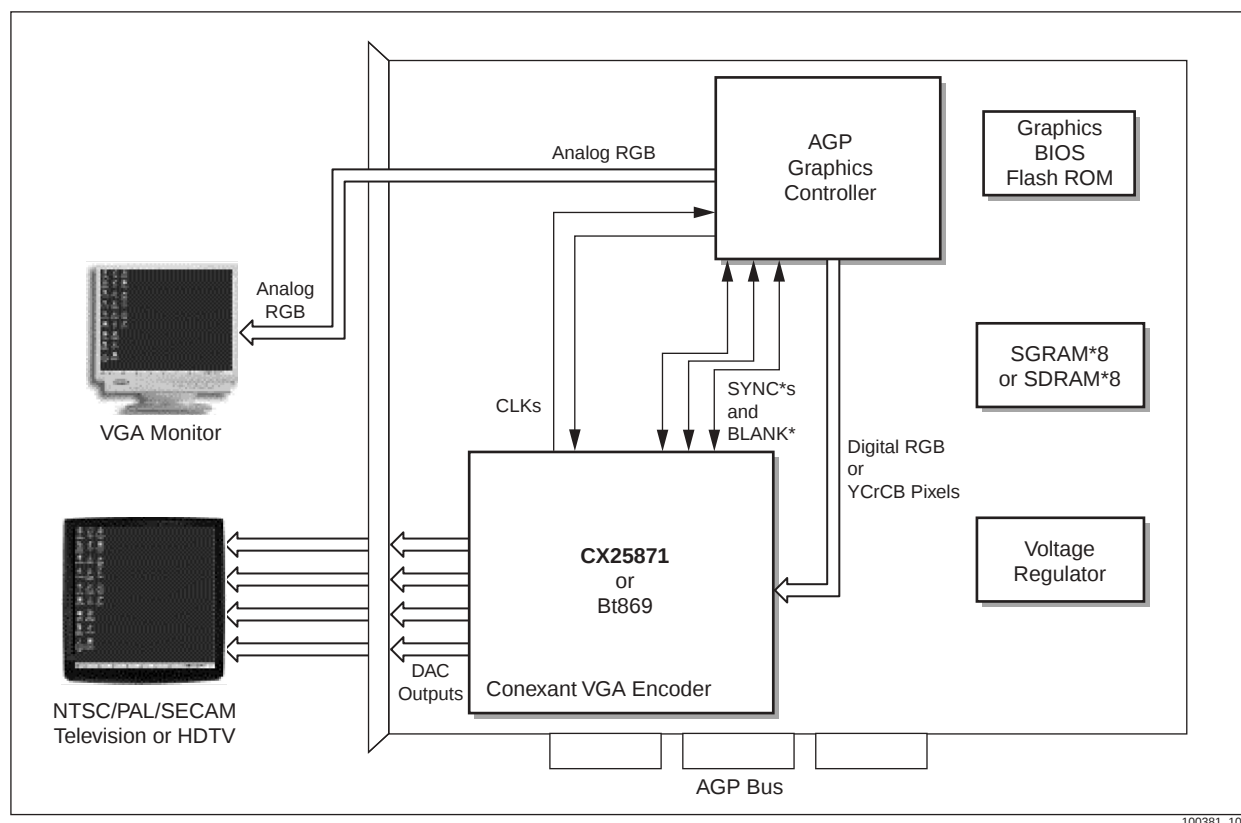
The following system block diagrams are meant to illustrate several common applications which presently utilize the CX25870/871 encoder.

**Figure 3-14. System Block Diagram for Desktop/Portable PC with TV Out**



100381\_099

Figure 3-15. System Block Diagram for Graphics Card with TV Out



100381\_100

### 3.6.4 Electrostatic Discharge and Latchup Considerations

Correct electrostatic discharge (ESD)-sensitive handling procedures are required to prevent device damage. Device damage can produce symptoms of catastrophic failure or erratic device behavior with leaky inputs.

All logic inputs should be held low until power to the device has settled to the specified tolerance. DAC power decoupling networks with large time constants should be avoided; they could delay VAA and VDD power to the device. Ferrite beads must be used only for analog power VAA decoupling. Inductors cause a time-constant delay that induces latchup, and should not be substituted for a ferrite bead.

Latchup can be prevented by ensuring that all VAA and VDD pins are at the same potential and by forcing all AGND and VSS pins to be at the same potential. The VAA and VDD supply voltage must be applied before the signal pin voltages. The correct power-up sequence ensures that any signal pin voltage will never exceed the power supply voltage.

### 3.6.5 Clock and Subcarrier Stability

The color subcarrier frequency is derived directly from the XTALIN/XTALOUT ports when EN\_XCLK=0. The color subcarrier frequency is derived directly from the main clock input, CLKI, when EN\_XCLK=1 (slave interface). In either case any jitter or frequency deviation from 13.500 MHz (XTALIN/XTALOUT) or the CLKI (slave interface) rate will be transferred directly to the color subcarrier. Jitter within the valid clock cycle interval will result in hue noise on the color subcarrier on the order of 0.9–1.6 degrees per nanosecond. Random hue noise can result in degradation in the AM/PM noise ratio (typically around 40 dB for consumer media such as Videodiscs and VCRs). Periodic or coherent hue noise can result in differential phase error (which is limited to 10 degrees by FCC cable TV standards).

Any frequency deviation of CLKI from the transmitted clock (i.e., CLKO) will challenge the subcarrier tracking capability of the destination receiver. This may range from a few parts-per-million (ppm) for broadcast equipment, to 100 ppm for industrial equipment and to >100 ppm for consumer equipment. Greater subcarrier tracking range generally results in poorer subcarrier decoding dynamic range. So, receivers that tolerate jitter and wide subcarrier frequency deviation will introduce more noise in the decoded image. Crystal-based clock sources with a maximum total deviation of 50 ppm (NTSC) or 25 ppm (PAL, SECAM) across the temperature range of 0 °C to 70 °C produce the best results for consumer and industrial applications. In rare cases, temperature-compensated clock sources with tighter tolerances may be warranted for broadcast or more stringent PAL (e.g., type I) applications.

Some applications call for maintaining correct Subcarrier-Horizontal (SC-H) phasing for correct color framing. This requires subcarrier coherence within specified tolerances over a four-field interval for 525-line systems or 8 fields for 625-line systems. Any clock interruption (even during vertical blanking interval) which results in mis-registration of the CLKI input or nonstandard pixel counts per line, can result in SC-H excursions outside the NTSC limit of  $\pm 40$  degrees (reference EIA RS170A) or the PAL limit of  $\pm 20$  degrees (reference EBU D23-1984).

In slave interface, any deviation exceeding the 50 ppm (NTSC) or 25 ppm (PAL, SECAM) limits of the number clock cycles between HSYNC\* falling edges may result in a switch to Master Mode.

A list of recommended crystals and crystal vendors is contained in [Appendix B](#).

### 3.6.6 Filtering Radio Frequency Modulator Connection

The CX25870/871 internal upsampling filter alleviates external filtering requirements by moving significant sampling alias components above 19 MHz and reducing the  $\sin x/x$  aperture loss up to the filter's passband cutoff of 5.75 MHz. While typical chrominance subcarrier decoders can handle the CX25870/871 output signals without analog filtering, the higher frequency alias products pose some EMI concerns and may create troublesome images when introduced to a radio frequency (RF) modulator. When the video is presented to an RF modulator, it should be free of energy in the region of the aural subcarrier (4.5 MHz for NTSC, 5.5–6.5 MHz for PAL). Hence some additional frequency traps may be necessary when the video signal contains fundamental or harmonic energy (as from unfiltered character generators) in that region. Where better frequency response flatness is required, some peaking in the analog filter is appropriate to compensate for residual digital filter losses with sufficient margin to tolerate 10 percent reactive components.

A three-pole elliptic filter (one inductor, three capacitors) with a 6.75 MHz passband can provide at least 45 dB attenuation (including  $\sin x/x$  loss) of frequency components above 20 MHz and provide some flexibility for mild peaking or special traps. An inductor value with a self-resonant frequency above 80 MHz is chosen so that its intrinsic capacitance contributes less than 10 percent of the total effective circuit value. The inductor itself may induce 1 percent (0.1 dB) loss. Any additional ferrites introduced for EMI control should have less than 5  $\Omega$  impedance below 5 MHz to minimize additional losses. The capacitor to ground at the CX25870/871 output pin is compensating for the parasitic capacitance of the chip plus any protection diodes and lumped circuit traces (about 22 pF + 5 pF/diode). Some filter peaking can be accomplished by splitting the 75  $\Omega$  source impedance across the reactive PI filter network. However, this will also introduce some chrominance-luminance delay distortion in the range of 10–20 ns for a maximum of 0.5 dB boost at the subcarrier frequency.

The filter network feeding an RF modulator may include the aforementioned trap, which could take two forms depending on the depth of attenuation and type of resonator device employed.

The trap circuitry can interact with the low-pass filter, compromising frequency response flatness. A simple PNP buffer can preserve the benefits of an oversampling encoder when simultaneous Composite Video Baseband Signals (CVBS) are required for driving external cables. In addition, an active video buffer, serves to isolate the RF modulator signal amplitude from anomalies in the external termination. This buffer can be implemented with a transistor array or video amplify IC which provides a gain of two (before series termination), capable of driving 740  $\mu$ A into the 75  $\Omega$  destination, and is biased within its input/output compliance range. When simultaneous Y/C (s-video) outputs are not required, a second CVBS signal can be created (with a 600 mV sync to tip offset) by tying these pins together with a single termination resistor (typically 75  $\Omega$ ) and driving the low-pass filter circuit.

The RF modulator typically has a high input impedance (about 1 k  $\Omega$   $\pm$ 30 percent) and loose tolerance. Consequently, the amplitude variation at the modulator input will be greater, especially when the trap is properly terminated at the modulator input for maximum effect. Some modulators, video or aural fidelity, degrade dramatically when overdriven, so the value of the effective termination (nominally 37.5  $\Omega$ ) may need to be adjusted downward to maintain sufficient linearity (or depth of modulation margin) in the RF signal.

A two-section trap (with associated inductor) may be warranted to achieve better than 20 dB attenuation when stereo, SAP, or AM aural carriers are generated, or when >40 dB audio dynamic range is desired. Some impedance isolation (e.g., buffer) may be required before the trap to obtain the flattest frequency response.

## 3.7 CX870EVK Evaluation Kit

A new reference design kit is available now to facilitate implementation of Conexant's VGA encoder into a graphics subsystem. This kit is called the **GeForce2 MX-400 CX870EVK** and can be obtained through your local Conexant Systems sales office.

The new CX25870 Evaluation Kit uses the NVidia P36 model reference design AGP card, containing the popular NVidia GeForce2 MX-400™ graphics-processing unit (GPU), as a high-performance data master to provide digital data to the CX25870 PC video encoder. The Conexant device has been mounted directly on this graphics card along with all necessary passive components (resistors, capacitors, inductors, video connectors, etc.) to ensure proper device operation. This two-chip combination is controlled by a set of drivers for the graphics accelerator written by NVidia and a separate Windows program called Super Cockpit created by Conexant that allows direct manipulation of the encoder device by circumventing the driver software. All the necessary documents and cables have been within the kit as well. The multipronged DV-H cable from JIC USA is included with the kit and will be necessary for viewing of HDTV, 480i Component Video Out, S-Video, Composite, and any other TV output from the CX25870 encoder.

To obtain the necessary CX870EVK software, find a PC with Internet access and visit the CX25870 <https://site>. For the site address, username, and password, contact your local Conexant Systems sales office. Once you have been given user identification information, you can download the GeForce2 MX-400 CX870EVK instruction manual, Super Cockpit, test images, and other pertinent software.

The CX870EVK was designed to be both a demonstration unit and development unit depending on a customer's needs. For demonstration purposes, many script files have been created and will be automatically extracted and placed into a /ScriptFiles subdirectory under the CX870EVK's main directory. To execute a script file, launch a DOS-BOX, type the desired script filename (without the extension) on the command line, and then press the <ENTER> key. After execution, the script file will have configured both the CX25870 encoder and the GeForce2 MX-400 graphics controller to a specific mode in terms of resolution and video output. This is the most effective method for achieving the optimal TV Out picture quickly.

For development purposes, several new pages have been added to Super Cockpit including the handy Clipboard pages which allow the end-user to try out register values and restore them if the result is not desirable. All registers can be read from as well—an improvement over the Bt868/9. Write access to all the new bits and registers found within the CX25870 are also possible. Note that the GeForce2 MX-400 controller supports the CX25870 in a pseudo-master interface. As a result, HDTV YP<sub>R</sub>P<sub>B</sub> Output is possible with the GeForce2 MX-400 CX870EVK kit.

In addition, the ability to switch between the most popular desktop resolutions (640x480, 800x600, and 1024x768) and video output types (NTSC/PAL/SECAM) is much simpler now than with the original Bt868EVK. Finally, sliders commonly found on TV Out Display Properties pages such as brightness, contrast, saturation, flicker filtering and hue have been integrated into the Super Cockpit application itself on the Display page. Users are encouraged to manipulate these controls to achieve their desired TV outputs and save the encoder settings for future usage.

## 3.8 Serial Interface

### 3.8.1 Data Transfer on the Serial Interface Bus

Figure 3-16 illustrates the relationship between SID (Serial Interface Data) and SIC (Serial Interface Clock) to be used when programming the internal registers via the Serial Interface bus. If the bus is not being used, both SID and SIC lines must be left high.

Every byte put onto the SID line should be 8 bits long (MSB first), followed by an acknowledge bit, which is generated by the receiving device. Each data transfer is initiated with a start condition and ended with a stop condition. The first byte after a start condition is always the slave device address byte. If this is the device's own address, the device will generate an acknowledge by pulling the SID line low during the ninth clock pulse, then accept the data in subsequent bytes (auto-incrementing the subaddress) until another stop condition is detected.

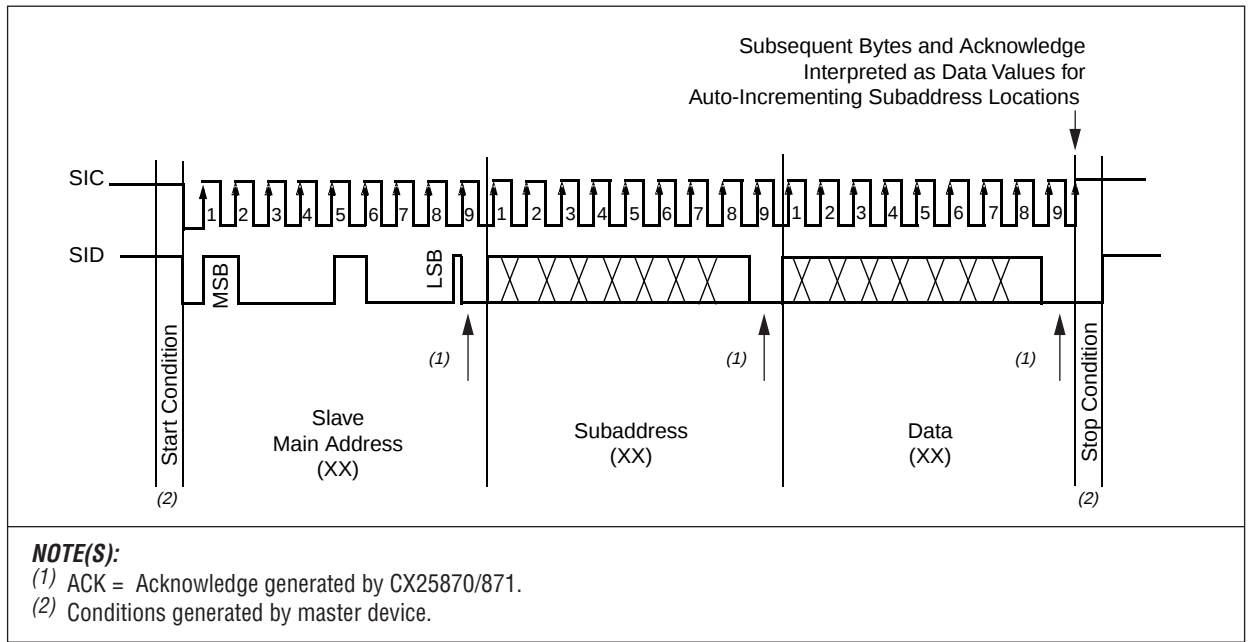
The eighth bit of the address byte is the read/write bit (high = read from addressed device; low = write to the addressed device). Data bytes are always acknowledged during the ninth clock pulse by the addressed device.

**NOTE:** During the acknowledge period, the transmitting device must leave the SID line high.

Premature termination of the data transfer is allowed by generating a stop condition at any time. When this happens, the CX25870/871 will remain in the state defined by the last complete data byte transmitted and any master acknowledge subsequent to reading the chip ID (subaddress 0x89 if ALTADDR pin is 0) is ignored.

The maximum serial interface speed for the CX25870/871 is 400 kHz.

Figure 3-16. SID/SIC Serial Programming Diagram



## 4.0 Parametric Information

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### 4.1 DC Electrical Parameters

DC electrical parameters are defined in [Tables 4-1](#) through [4-3](#). AC electrical parameters are defined in [Table 4-4](#). [Figures 4-1](#) through [4-10](#) provide timing diagrams.

**Table 4-1. Recommended Operating Condition**

| Parameter                                                                | Symbol            | Min   | Typical | Max   | Units |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Power Supply                                                             | VAA, VDD          | 3.15  | 3.30    | 3.45  | V     |
| Serial Input Supply (CX25870/871's serial bus always operates at 3.3 V.) | VDD_SI            | 3.15  | 3.30    | 3.45  | V     |
| Low Voltage Supply (For interface to 1.8 V master)                       | VDDL, VDD_CO      | 1.71  | 1.80    | 1.89  | V     |
| Low Voltage Supply (For interface to 1.5 V master)                       | VDDL, VDD_CO      | 1.425 | 1.50    | 1.575 | V     |
| Low Voltage Supply (For interface to 1.3 V master)                       | VDDL, VDD_CO      | 1.235 | 1.30    | 1.365 | V     |
| Low Voltage Supply (For interface to 1.1 V master)                       | VDDL, VDD_CO      | 1.045 | 1.10    | 1.155 | V     |
| Voltage Supply (For interface to 3.3 V master)                           | VDDL, VDD_CO      | 3.15  | 3.30    | 3.45  | V     |
| Ambient Operating Temperature                                            | T <sub>A</sub>    | 0     | —       | 70    | °C    |
| Total DAC Terminated Load                                                | R <sub>TERM</sub> | —     | 37.5    | —     | Ω     |
| Nominal RSET                                                             | R <sub>SET</sub>  | 74.25 | 75.0    | 75.75 | Ω     |

Table 4-2. Absolute Maximum Rating

| Parameter                                                                 | Symbol            | Min      | Typ  | Max         | Units |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|------|-------------|-------|
| VAA, VDD (measured to GND)                                                | —                 | —        | —    | 7.0         | V     |
| VDD_SI (measured to GND)                                                  | —                 | —        | —    | 7.0         | V     |
| Voltage on Any Signal Pin <sup>(1)</sup>                                  | —                 | GND –0.5 |      | VDD_SI+ 0.5 | V     |
| Analog Output Short Circuit Duration to Any Power Supply or Common Ground | I <sub>SC</sub>   | —        | —    | Unlimited   | Sec   |
| Storage Temperature                                                       | T <sub>S</sub>    | –65      | —    | +150        | °C    |
| Junction Temperature                                                      | T <sub>J</sub>    | —        | —    | +125        | °C    |
| Vapor Phase Soldering (1 Minute)                                          | T <sub>VSOL</sub> | —        | —    | 220         | °C    |
| Thermal Resistance of Package                                             | θ <sub>JA</sub>   | —        | 38.5 | —           | °C/W  |

**NOTE(S):**

1. This device employs high-impedance CMOS circuitry on all signal pins. It should be handled as an ESD-sensitive device. Voltage on any signal pin that exceeds the power supply or ground voltage by more than 0.5 V can cause destructive latchup.
2. Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” can cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods can affect device reliability.

Table 4-3. DC Characteristics for CX25870/871

| Parameter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Symbol | Min       | Typical | Max         | Units |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------|---------|-------------|-------|
| Video D/A Resolution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —      | 10        | 10      | 10          | Bits  |
| Output Current-DAC Code 1023 (Iout Full Scale)                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | —      | —         | 34.13   | —           | mA    |
| Output Voltage-DAC Code 1023                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | —      | —         | 1.28    | —           | V     |
| Video Level Error (Nominal Resistors)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —      | —         | —       | 5           | %     |
| Output Capacitance (of DAC output)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —      | —         | 22      | —           | pF    |
| Input High Voltage @ 3.3 V (Normal Operation)                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | VIH    | 2.0       | —       | VDD + 0.5   | V     |
| Input High Voltage @ 1.8 V (Low voltage pins only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | VIH    | 1.0       | —       | VDDL + 0.5  | V     |
| Input High Voltage @ 1.1 V (Low voltage pins only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | VIH    | 0.7       | —       | VDDL + 0.5  | V     |
| Input Low Voltage @ 3.3 V (Normal Operation)                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | VIL    | GND–0.5   | —       | 0.8         | V     |
| Input Low Voltage @ 1.8 V (Low voltage pins only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | VIL    | GND – 0.5 | —       | 0.45        | V     |
| Input Low Voltage @ 1.1 V (Low voltage pins only)                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | VIL    | GND – 0.5 | —       | 0.2         | V     |
| Input High Current (Vin = 2.4 V)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | IIH    | —         | —       | 1           | μA    |
| Input Low Current (Vin = 0.4 V)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | IIL    | —         | —       | –1          | μA    |
| Input Capacitance (f = 1 MHz, Vin = 2.4 V)                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | CIN    | —         | 7       | —           | pF    |
| Input High Voltage (SIC, SID)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | VIH    | 0.7 * VDD | —       | VDD + 0.5   | V     |
| Input Low Voltage (SIC, SID)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | VIL    | GND – 0.5 | —       | 0.3 * VDD   | V     |
| Input High Voltage (CLKI)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | VIH    | 2.4       | —       | VDD_I + 0.5 | V     |
| Input Low Voltage (CLKI)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | VIL    | GND – 0.5 | —       | 0.8         | V     |
| Output High Voltage (IOH = –400 μA)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | VOH    | 2.4       | —       | VDD         | V     |
| Output Low Voltage (IOL = 3.2 mA)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | VOL    | GND       | —       | 0.4         | V     |
| Three-State Current                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | IOZ    | —         | —       | 50          | μA    |
| Output Capacitance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | CDOUT  | —         | 10      | —           | pF    |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b> The above parameters are guaranteed over the full temperature range (0 °C to 70 °C), temperature coefficients are not specified or required. Typical values are based on nominal temperature, i.e., room temperature, and nominal voltage, i.e., 3.3 V. |        |           |         |             |       |

## 4.2 AC Electrical Parameters

**Table 4-4. AC Characteristics for CX25870/871 (1 of 3)**

| Parameter                                         | EIA/TIA 250C Ref | CCIR 567 | Symbol | Min    | Typical | Max    | Units   |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Hue Accuracy <sup>(2)</sup>                       | —                | —        | —      | 1.05   | 1.45    | 1.64   | deg p-p |
| Chroma Amplitude Accuracy <sup>(2)</sup>          | —                | —        | —      | 0.42   | 1.15    | 1.64   | % p-p   |
| Chroma AM Noise                                   | 1 MHz Red Field  | —        | —      | −65.70 | −64.90  | −62.40 | dB rms  |
| Chroma PM Noise                                   | 1 MHz Red Field  | —        | —      | −54.40 | −50.70  | −47.90 | dB rms  |
| Differential Gain                                 | 6.2.2.1          | C3.4.1.3 | —      | 0.26   | 0.5     | 0.7    | % p-p   |
| Differential Phase                                | 6.2.2.2          | C3.4.1.4 | —      | 0.64   | 0.71    | 1.19   | deg p-p |
| RMS SNR (Unweighted 100 IRE Y Ramp Tilt Correct)  | 6.3.1            | —        | —      | −53.70 | −51.04  | −46.9  | dB rms  |
| Peak Periodic SNR @ 3.58 MHz                      | 6.3.2            | —        | —      | −82.7  | −79.2   | −73.4  | dB p-p  |
| 100 IRE Multiburst                                | 6.1.1            | —        | —      | 101.9  | 103.5   | 105.4  | IRE     |
| Multiburst @ 0.50 MHz                             | —                | —        | —      | −0.15  | −0.1    | −0.06  | dB      |
| Multiburst @ 1.25 MHz                             | —                | —        | —      | −0.27  | −0.21   | −0.16  | dB      |
| Multiburst @ 2.00 MHz                             | —                | —        | —      | −0.45  | −0.36   | −0.31  | dB      |
| Multiburst @ 3.00 MHz                             | —                | —        | —      | −0.73  | −0.61   | −0.54  | dB      |
| Multiburst @ 3.58 MHz                             | —                | —        | —      | −0.88  | −0.74   | −0.66  | dB      |
| Multiburst @ 4.05 MHz                             | —                | —        | —      | −1.03  | −0.89   | −0.81  | dB      |
| Chroma/Luma Gain Ineq                             | 6.1.2.2          | C3.5.3.1 | —      | 94.8   | 96.2    | 97.1   | %       |
| Chroma/Luma Delay Ineq                            | 6.1.2            | C3.5.3.2 | —      | −7.00  | −3.04   | −0.20  | ns      |
| Short Time Distortion 100 IRE/PIXEL rising edge   | 6.1.6            | —        | —      | 1.70   | 1.79    | 2.0    | %       |
| Luminance Nonlinearity                            | 6.2.1            | —        | —      | 0.20   | 0.82    | 1.5    | % p-p   |
| Chroma/Luma Intermod                              | 6.2.3            | —        | —      | 0.00   | 0.28    | 0.5    | %       |
| Chroma Nonlinear Gain                             | 6.2.4.1          | —        | —      | −1.9   | −1.59   | −1.30  | %       |
| Chroma Nonlinear Phase                            | 6.2.4.2          | —        | —      | 0.10   | 0.53    | 1.30   | deg     |
| Pixel/Control Setup Time (SETUP_HOLD_ADJ bit = 0) | —                | —        | 1      | 3      | —       | —      | ns      |
| Pixel/Control Setup Time (SETUP_HOLD_ADJ bit = 1) | —                | —        | 1      | 1.25   | —       | —      | ns      |

Table 4-4. AC Characteristics for CX25870/871 (2 of 3)

| Parameter                                                       | EIA/TIA 250C Ref | CCIR 567 | Symbol | Min | Typical            | Max         | Units       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------|--------|-----|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Pixel/Control Hold Time (SETUP_HOLD_ADJ bit = 0)                | —                | —        | 2      | 0   | —                  | —           | ns          |
| Pixel/Control Hold Time (SETUP_HOLD_ADJ bit = 1)                | —                | —        | 2      | 1.5 | —                  | —           | ns          |
| Control Output Delay Time <sup>(4)</sup>                        | —                | —        | 3      | —   | —                  | 10.0        | ns          |
| Control Output Hold Time <sup>(4)</sup>                         | —                | —        | 4      | 2   | —                  | —           | ns          |
| CLKI/O Frequency (standard mode)                                | —                | —        | —      | —   | —                  | 53.333<br>3 | MHz         |
| CLKI/O Pulse Width Low Duty Cycle <sup>(3)</sup>                | —                | —        | —      | 40  | 50                 | 60          | %           |
| CLKI/O Pulse Width High Duty Cycle <sup>(3)</sup>               | —                | —        | —      | 40  | 50                 | 60          | %           |
| CLKO to CLKI Delay                                              | —                | —        | 7      | —   | —                  | 0.8         | CLKO cycles |
| SLAVE to HSYNC*/VSYNC* Three-state <sup>(3)</sup>               | —                | —        | 5      | 2   | —                  | —           | CLKI cycles |
| SLAVE to HSYNC*/VSYNC* Active <sup>(3)</sup>                    | —                | —        | 6      | —   | —                  | 2           | CLKI cycles |
| VAA Supply Current (minimum 3 DACS on) <sup>(8)</sup>           | —                | —        | —      | —   | 190                | —           | mA          |
| VDD Supply Current (minimum 3 DACS on) <sup>(8)</sup>           | —                | —        | —      | —   | 220                | —           | mA          |
| Total Supply Current (minimum 3 DACS on) <sup>(8)</sup>         | —                | —        | —      | —   | 410                | —           | mA          |
| Power-Down Current                                              | —                | —        | —      | —   | 3 <sup>(7)</sup>   | —           | mA          |
| Power-Down Current (need a Hardware RESET to bring the part up) | —                | —        | —      | —   | 1.5 <sup>(6)</sup> | —           | mA          |

Table 4-4. AC Characteristics for CX25870/871 (3 of 3)

| HDTV Output Timing Characteristics: 1080i (see Figure 4-9)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |               |     |         |     |         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----|---------|-----|---------|
| Parameter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Symbol        | Min | Typical | Max | Units   |
| Lowsync width                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | $\alpha$      | —   | 598.8   | —   | ns      |
| Start of line to end of active video                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | $\beta$       | —   | 28.385  | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Highsync width                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | $\chi$        | —   | 598.8   | —   | ns      |
| Rising edge of sync to start of broad pulse                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | $\delta$      | —   | 1.796   | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Start of line to start of active video                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | $\varepsilon$ | —   | 2.588   | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Sync rise time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | $\phi$        | —   | 54.5    | —   | ns      |
| Total line time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —             | —   | 29.685  | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Active line time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —             | —   | 25.778  | —   | $\mu$ s |
| HDTV Output Timing Characteristics: 720p (see Figure 4-10)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |               |     |         |     |         |
| Parameter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Symbol        | Min | Typical | Max | Units   |
| Lowsync width                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | a             | —   | 548     | —   | ns      |
| Start of line to end of active video                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | b             | —   | 20.54   | —   | $\mu$ s |
| High sync width                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | c             | —   | 548     | —   | ns      |
| Rising edge of sync to start of broad pulse                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | d             | —   | 3.53    | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Rising edge of sync to start of active video                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | e             | —   | 3.53    | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Sync rise time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | —             | —   | 54.7    | —   | ns      |
| Total line time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —             | —   | 22.2    | —   | $\mu$ s |
| Active line time                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | —             | —   | 17.16   | —   | $\mu$ s |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>1. Guaranteed by characterization; NTSC output, no vertical or horizontal scaling. Flicker Filter and other internal low-pass filters bypassed, and contrast, brightness, saturation levels set to full scale.<br>(2) 100/7.5/100/7.5 Color bars normalized to burst.<br>(3) Guaranteed by design.<br>(4) Control pins are defined as: BLANK*, HSYNC*, VSYNC*, FIELD, CLK0, CLKI, RESET*, PAL, and SLAVE.<br>(5) DAC output load $\leq 75$ pF. HSYNC*, VSYNC*, BLANK*, and FIELD output load $\leq 75$ pF. As the above parameters are guaranteed over the full temperature range, temperature coefficients are not specified or required. Typical values are based on nominal temperature, i.e., room temperature, and nominal voltage, i.e., 3.3 V.<br>(6) There are numerous power-down options. This value was determined by setting SLEEP_EN, DIS_CLKI, DIS_CLKO, BY_PLL, XTL_BFO_DIS, XTAL_PAD_DIS bits and pulling the SLEEP pin high.<br>(7) This value was determined by setting BY_PLL, SLEEP_ED, DIS_CLKI, DIS_CLKO, XTAL_BFO_DIS bits.<br>(8) To ensure that the encoder performance falls within DC and AC electrical limits, no more than one DAC should be disabled at any time. |               |     |         |     |         |

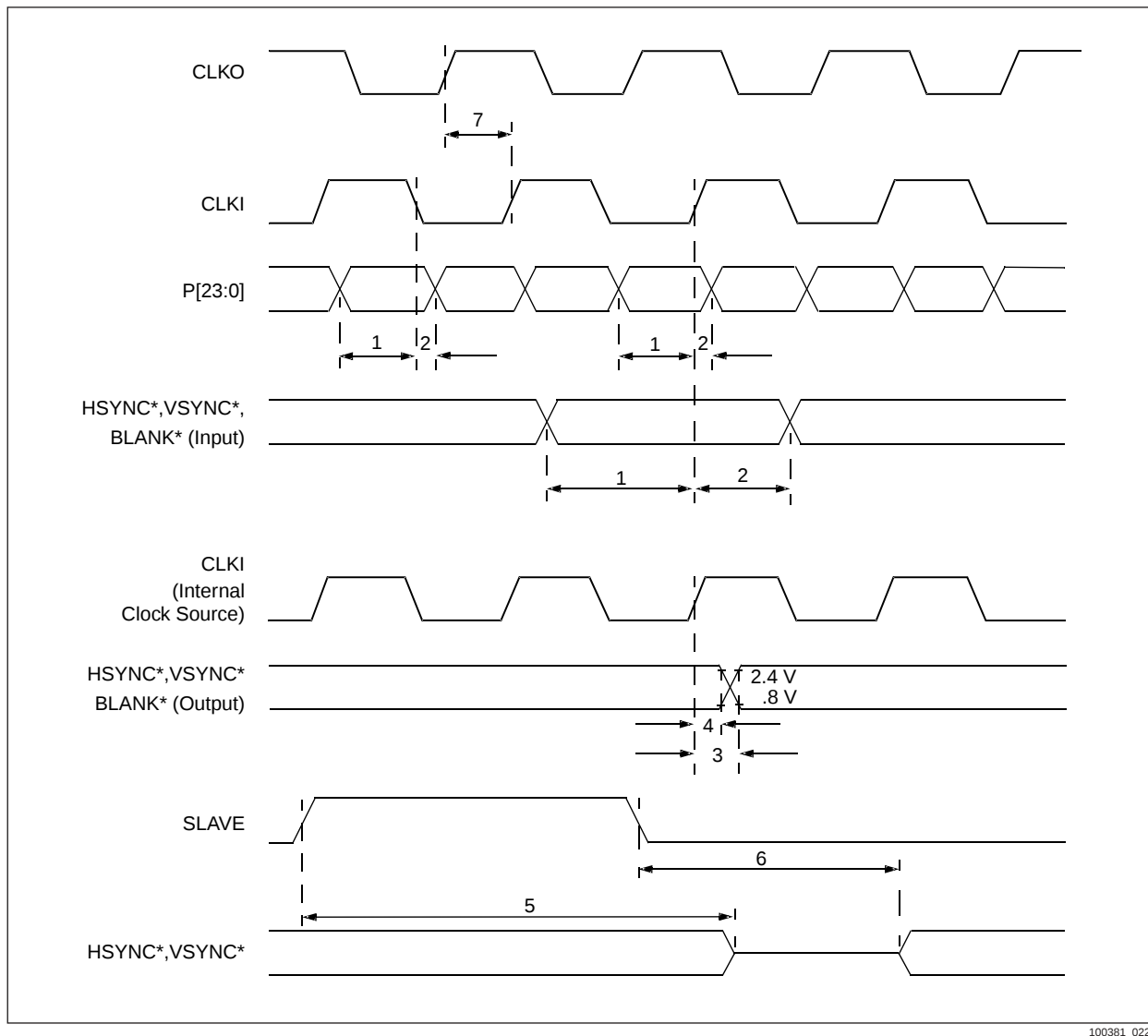
**Figure 4-1. Timing Details for All Interfaces**

Figure 4-2. Master Interface Timing Relationship/Noninterlaced RGB/YCrCb Input

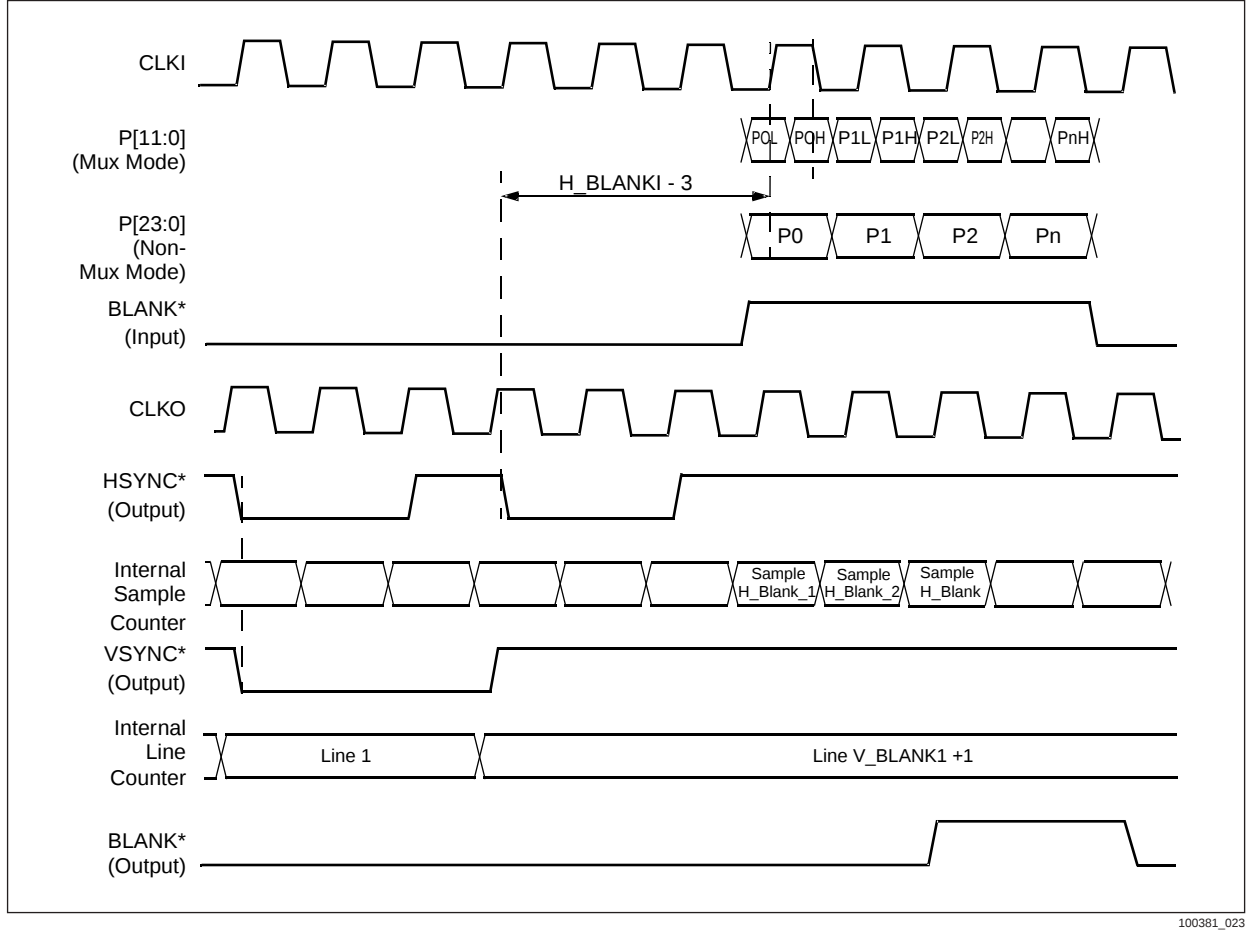
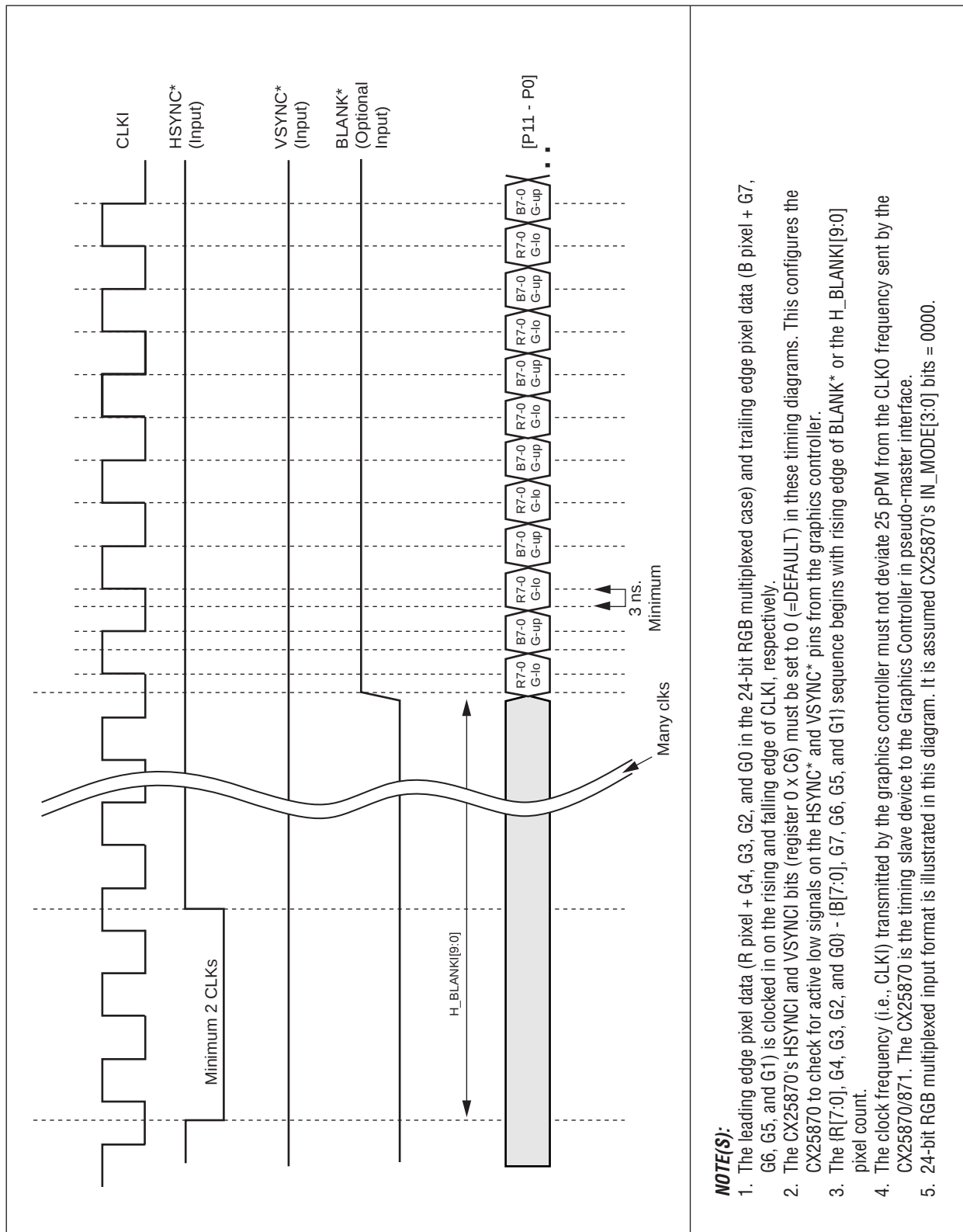
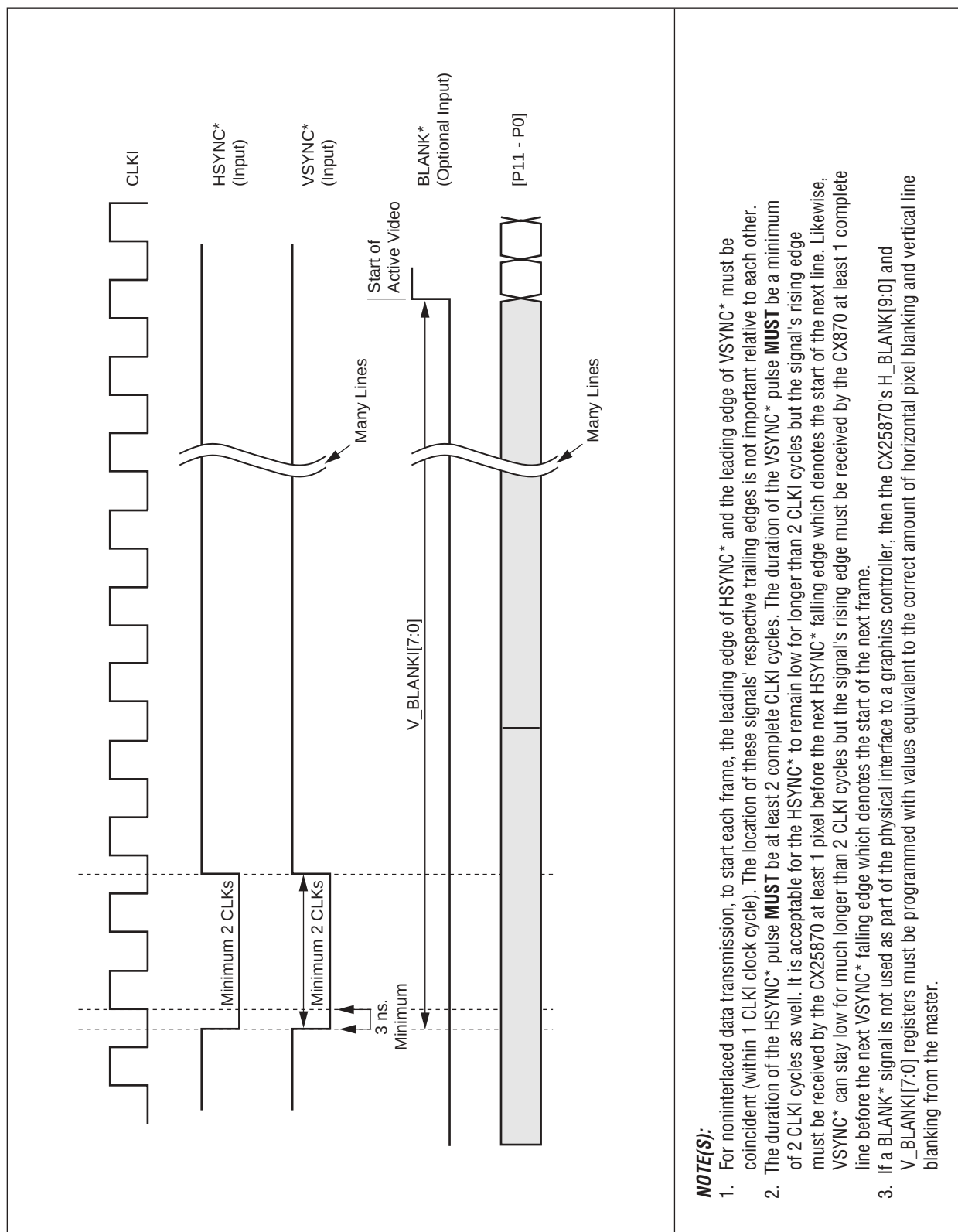


Figure 4-3. Pseudo-Master Interface Timing Relationship – Active Line/Noninterlaced RGB Input

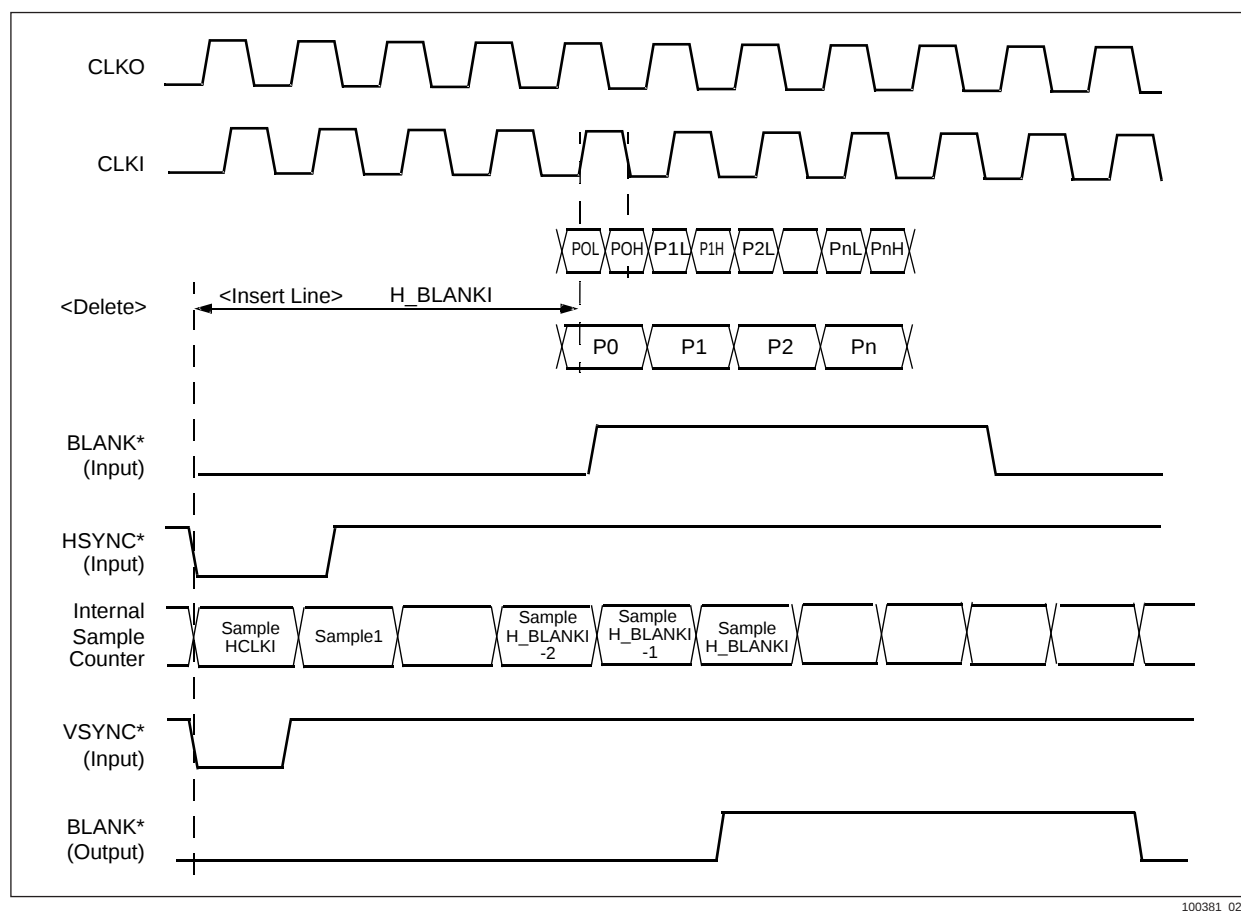


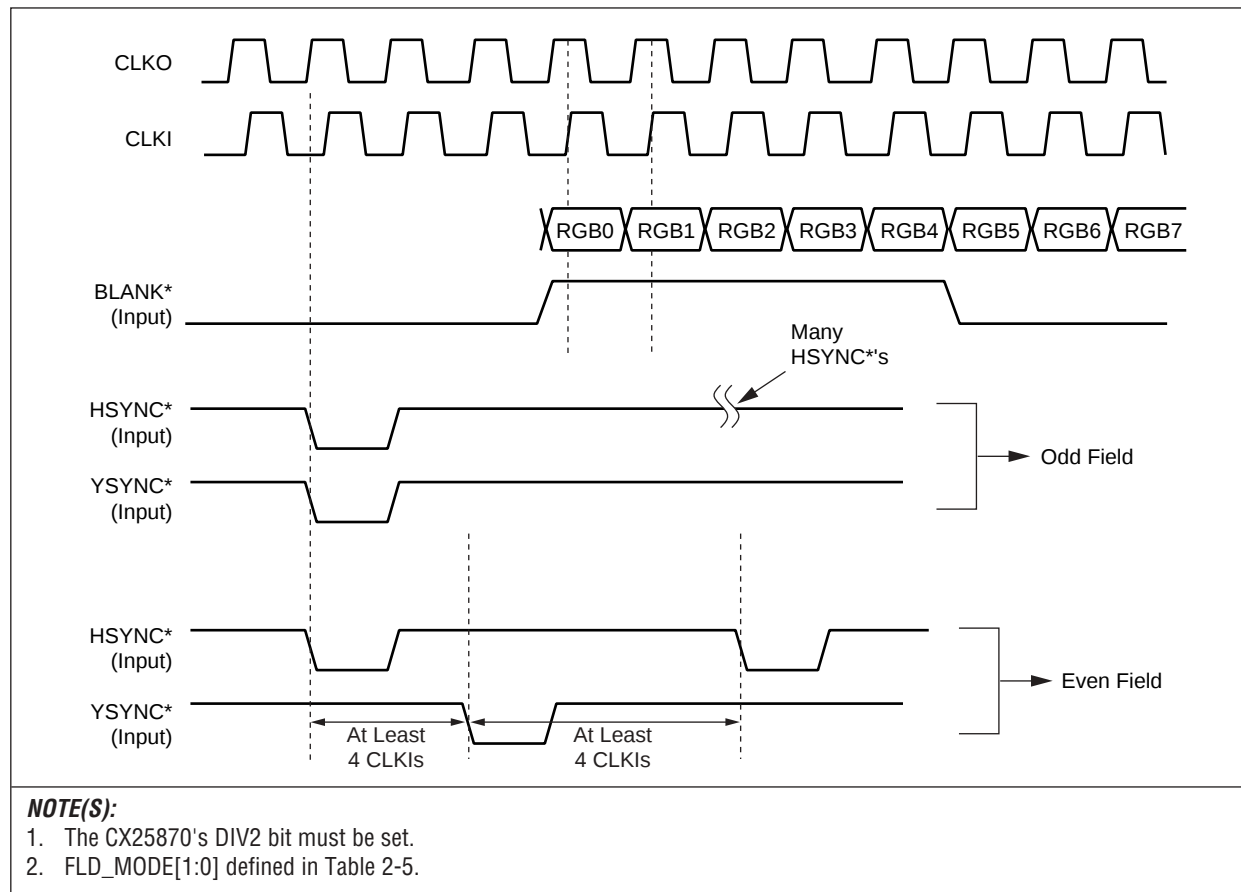
100381\_058

Figure 4-4. Pseudo-Master Timing Relationship Blank Line/Noninterlaced RGB/YCrCb Input

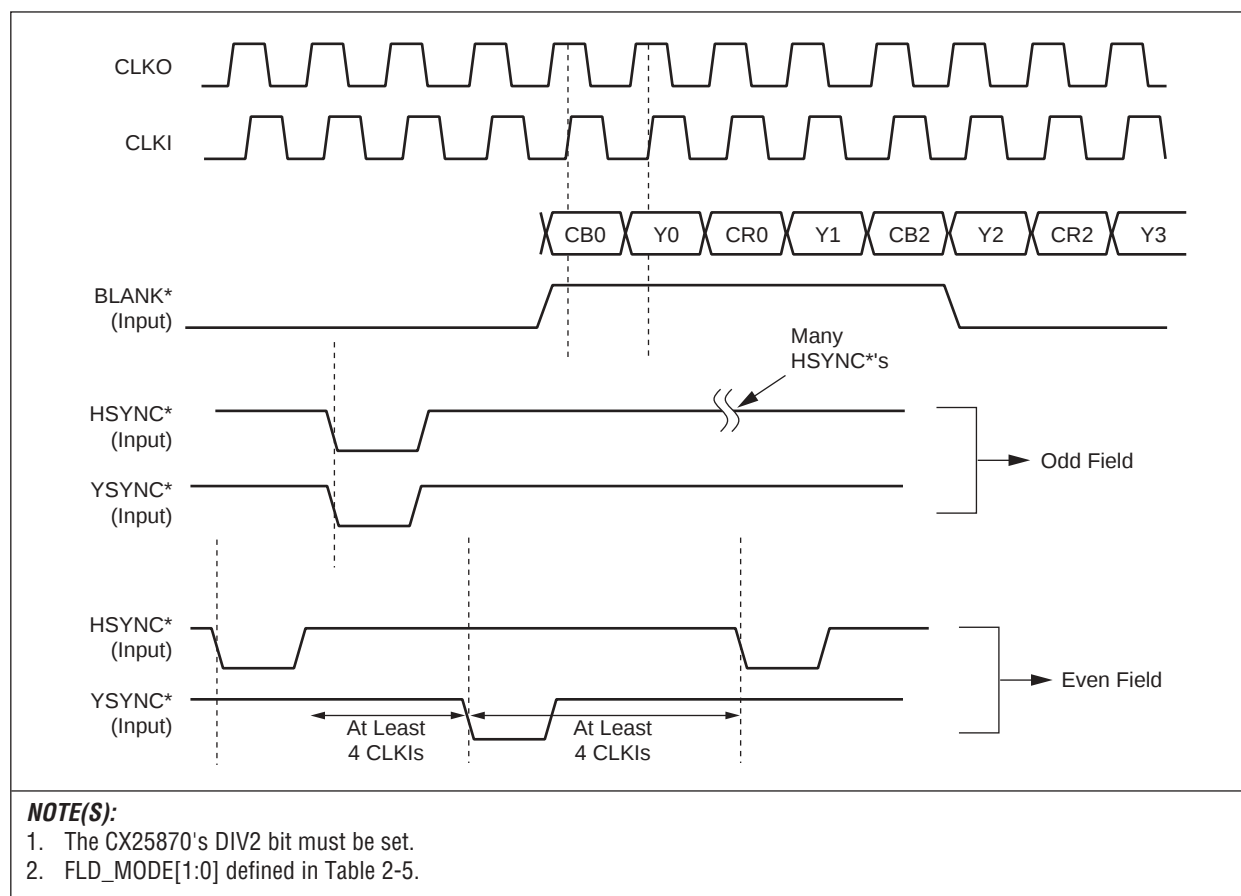


100381\_059

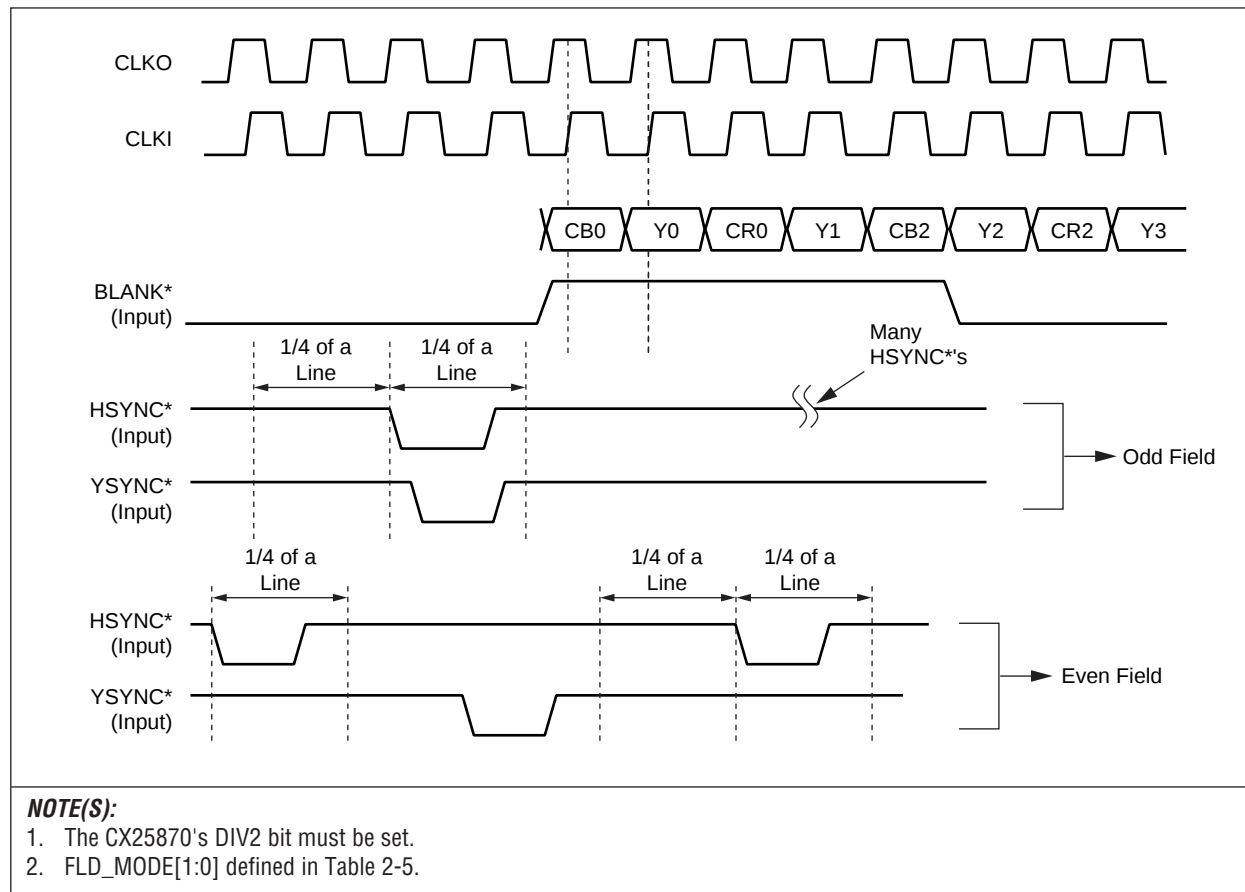
**Figure 4-5. Slave Interface Timing Relationship/Noninterlaced RGB/YCrCb Input**

**Figure 4-6. Slave Interface Timing Relationship/Interlaced Nonmultiplexed RGB Input (FLD\_MODE = 10 – Default)**

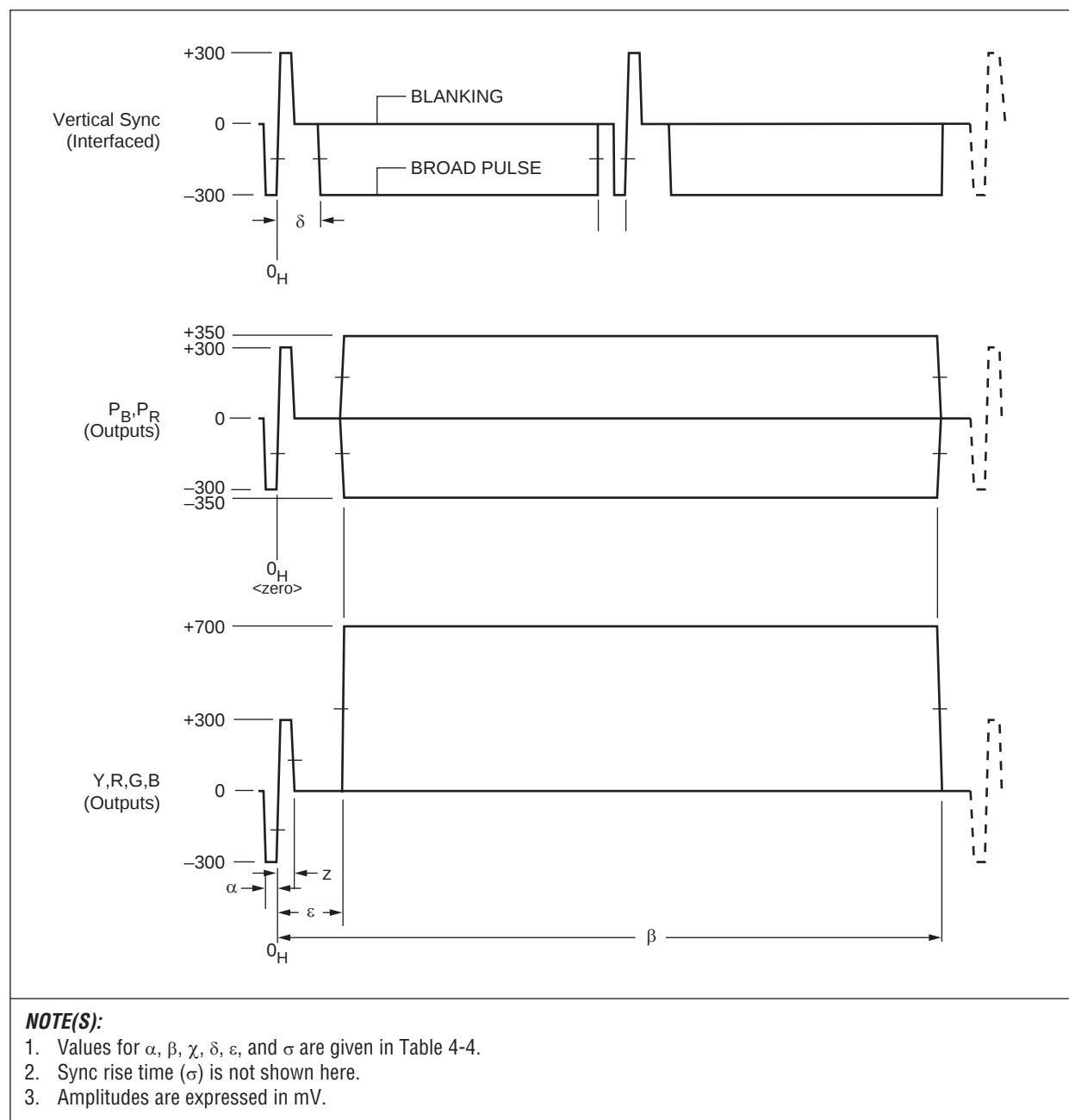
100381\_074

**Figure 4-7. Slave Interface Timing Relationship/Interlaced Nonmultiplexed YCrCb Input (FLD\_MODE = 01)**

100381\_075

**Figure 4-8. Slave Interface Timing Relationship/Interlaced Nonmultiplexed YCrCb Input (FLD\_MODE = 00)**

100381\_076

**Figure 4-9. HDTV Output Horizontal Timing Details: 1080i**

100381\_089

The diagram illustrates the timing and amplitude of video signals. It consists of three vertically stacked waveforms sharing a common horizontal time axis.

- Top waveform (Vertical Sync (Interfaced)):** Shows a sync pulse with a peak of +300 mV and a trough of -300 mV. The flat portion is labeled "BLANKING". A "BROAD PULSE" is indicated during the blanking interval. The horizontal distance from the start of the sync pulse to the end of the broad pulse is labeled "b". The horizontal distance from the start of the sync pulse to the start of the broad pulse is labeled "d". The horizontal axis is marked with  $0_H$ .
- Middle waveform ( $P_B, P_R$  (Outputs)):** Shows a sync pulse with a peak of +350 mV and a trough of -350 mV. The flat portion is at 0 mV. The horizontal distance from the start of the sync pulse to the end of the broad pulse is labeled "b". The horizontal axis is marked with  $0_H$ .
- Bottom waveform ( $Y, R, G, B$  (Outputs)):** Shows a sync pulse with a peak of +300 mV and a trough of -300 mV. The flat portion is at 0 mV. The horizontal distance from the start of the sync pulse to the end of the broad pulse is labeled "b". The horizontal distance from the start of the sync pulse to the start of the broad pulse is labeled "c". The horizontal distance from the start of the sync pulse to the end of the broad pulse is labeled "e". The horizontal axis is marked with  $0_H$ .

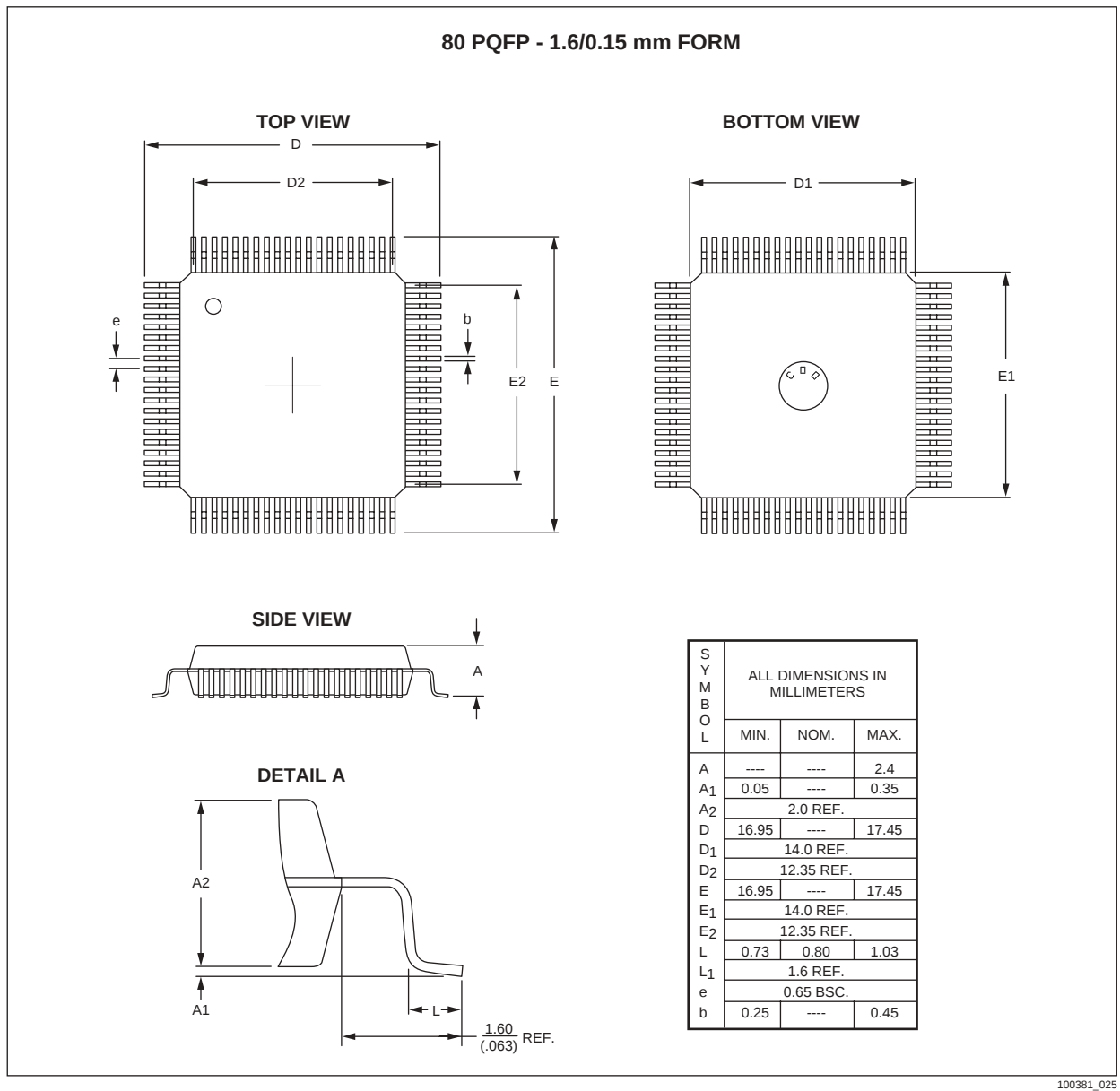
**NOTE(S):**

1. Values for a, b, c, d, and e are given in Table 4-4.
2. Sync rise time is not shown here.
3. Amplitudes are expressed in mV.

### 4.3 Mechanical Drawing for 80-Pin PQFP

A detailed mechanical diagram for the CX25870 and the CX25871 intergrated circuit is illustrated in [Figure 4-11](#).

Figure 4-11. 80-Pin PQFP Package Diagram



100381\_025



# Appendix A Scaling and I/O Timing Register Calculations

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The calculated values are used to program the registers controlling the total active pixels and lines in the input frame and the output field, as well as the vertical scaling register and the clock PLL registers. These calculations assume pixel resolution for synchronizing the graphics controller, master interface operation unless otherwise stated, and require the following input values:

MFP—Minimum Front Porch Blanking in the Input in Clocks = max (12, Controller\_Minimum\_Front\_Porch\_Blanking\_Clocks);

MBP—Minimum Back Porch Blanking in the Input in Clocks = max (4, Controller\_Minimum\_Back\_Porch\_Blanking\_Clocks);

VOC—desired Vertical Overscan Compensation (e.g., 0.15)

HOC—desired Horizontal Overscan Compensation (e.g., 0.15)

V\_ACTIVEI—Active Lines per Input Frame (e.g., 480 or 600 or 768)

H\_ACTIVE—Active Pixels per Input Line (e.g., 640 or 800 or 1024)

ALO—Target Active Lines per Output Field (See [Table A-3](#))

TLO—Total Lines per Output Field (See [Table A-3](#))

ATO—Active Time per Output Line (See [Table A-3](#))

TTO—Total Time per Output Line (See [Table A-3](#))

[Tables A-1](#) and [A-2](#) contain details of the supported video output formats. [Table A-3](#) details the constant software values depending on the video output. [Figures A-1](#) through [A-8](#) illustrate allowable overscan compensation pairs for the most common desktop active resolutions. [Tables A-3](#) through [A-27](#) list the most common overscan values for the 640 x 480, 800 x 600, and 1024 x 768 active resolutions that enable dual display on both the VGA monitor and TV.

Table A-1. Target Video Parameters for Standard Definition TV Output Formats (1 of 2)

| Parameter Description                    | NTSC-M              | NTSC-J              | PAL-M              | PAL-60              | PAL-B,D,G,H,I       | PAL-N               | PAL-Nc             | SECAM                      |
|------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| HSYNC Width ( $\mu$ s)                   | 4.7                 | 4.7                 | 4.7                | 4.7                 | 4.7                 | 4.7                 | 4.7                | 4.7                        |
| HSYNC and VSYNC Height (V)               | 0.286               | 0.286               | 0.287              | 0.3                 | 0.3                 | 0.2857              | 0.3                | 0.3                        |
| HSYNC Rise/Fall Time (10% to 90%) (ns)   | 150                 | 150                 | 150                | 150                 | 200 <sup>(1)</sup>  | 200                 | 200                | 200                        |
| Burst or Subcarrier Start ( $\mu$ s)     | 5.3                 | 5.3                 | 5.8                | 5.3                 | 5.6                 | 5.6                 | 5.6                | 5.6                        |
| Burst Width ( $\mu$ s)                   | 2.514<br>(9 cycles) | 2.514<br>(9 cycles) | 2.52<br>(9cycles)  | 2.25<br>(10 cycles) | 2.25<br>(10 cycles) | 2.25<br>(10 cycles) | 2.51<br>(9 cycles) | N/A                        |
| Subcarrier Frequency <sup>(5)</sup> (Hz) | 3579545             | 3579545             | 3579611.49         | 4433618.75          | 4433618.75          | 4433618.75          | 3582056.25         | for=4406250<br>fob=4250000 |
| Burst or Subcarrier Height (V)           | 0.2857              | 0.2857              | 0.306              | 0.3                 | 0.3                 | 0.3                 | 0.3                | 0.161                      |
| Phase Alternation                        | NO                  | NO                  | YES                | YES                 | YES                 | YES                 | YES                | NO                         |
| Number of Lines per Frame                | 525                 | 525                 | 525                | 525                 | 625                 | 625                 | 625                | 625                        |
| Line Frequency (Hz)                      | 15734.264           | 15734.264           | 15734.264          | 15734.264           | 15625               | 15625               | 15625              | 15625                      |
| Field Frequency (Hz)                     | 59.94               | 59.94               | 59.94              | 59.94               | 50                  | 50                  | 50                 | 50                         |
| Setup                                    | YES                 | NO                  | YES                | NO                  | NO                  | YES                 | NO                 | NO                         |
| First Active Line                        | 22 <sup>(3)</sup>   | 22 <sup>(3)</sup>   | 22 <sup>(3)</sup>  | 22 <sup>(3)</sup>   | 23 <sup>(4)</sup>   | 23 <sup>(4)</sup>   | 23 <sup>(4)</sup>  | 23 <sup>(4)</sup>          |
| Last Active Line                         | 262 <sup>(3)</sup>  | 262 <sup>(3)</sup>  | 262 <sup>(3)</sup> | 262 <sup>(3)</sup>  | 309 <sup>(4)</sup>  | 309 <sup>(4)</sup>  | 309 <sup>(4)</sup> | 309 <sup>(4)</sup>         |
| HSYNC to Blank End ( $\mu$ s)            | 9.2[9.037]          | 9.2                 | 9.2                | 9.2                 | 10.5[9.778]         | 9.2                 | 10.5               | 10.5                       |
| Blank Begin to HSYNC ( $\mu$ s)          | 1.5[1.185]          | 1.5                 | 1.5                | 1.5                 | 1.5[0.889]          | 1.5                 | 1.5                | 1.5                        |
| Black to 100% White (V)                  | 0.661               | 0.714               | 0.661              | 0.7                 | 0.7                 | 0.661               | 0.7                | 0.7                        |

**Table A-1. Target Video Parameters for Standard Definition TV Output Formats (2 of 2)**

| Parameter Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | NTSC-M | NTSC-J | PAL-M | PAL-60 | PAL-B, D, G, H, I | PAL-N | PAL-Nc | SECAM |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| Number of Lines each for Vertical Serration, Equalization                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 3      | 3      | 3     | 3      | 2.5               | 3     | 2.5    | 2.5   |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>(1) Value for PAL-I is 250 ns.<br>2. ITU-R BT.601 blanking values given in square brackets [].<br>(3) Using NTSC line numbering convention from ITU-R BT.470.<br>(4) Using PAL line numbering convention from ITU-R BT.470.<br>(5) When programming the subcarrier increment, use relationship of $F_{sc}$ to $F_H$ as given in ITU-R BT.470 instead of $F_{sc}$ to $F_{clk}$ . |        |        |       |        |                   |       |        |       |

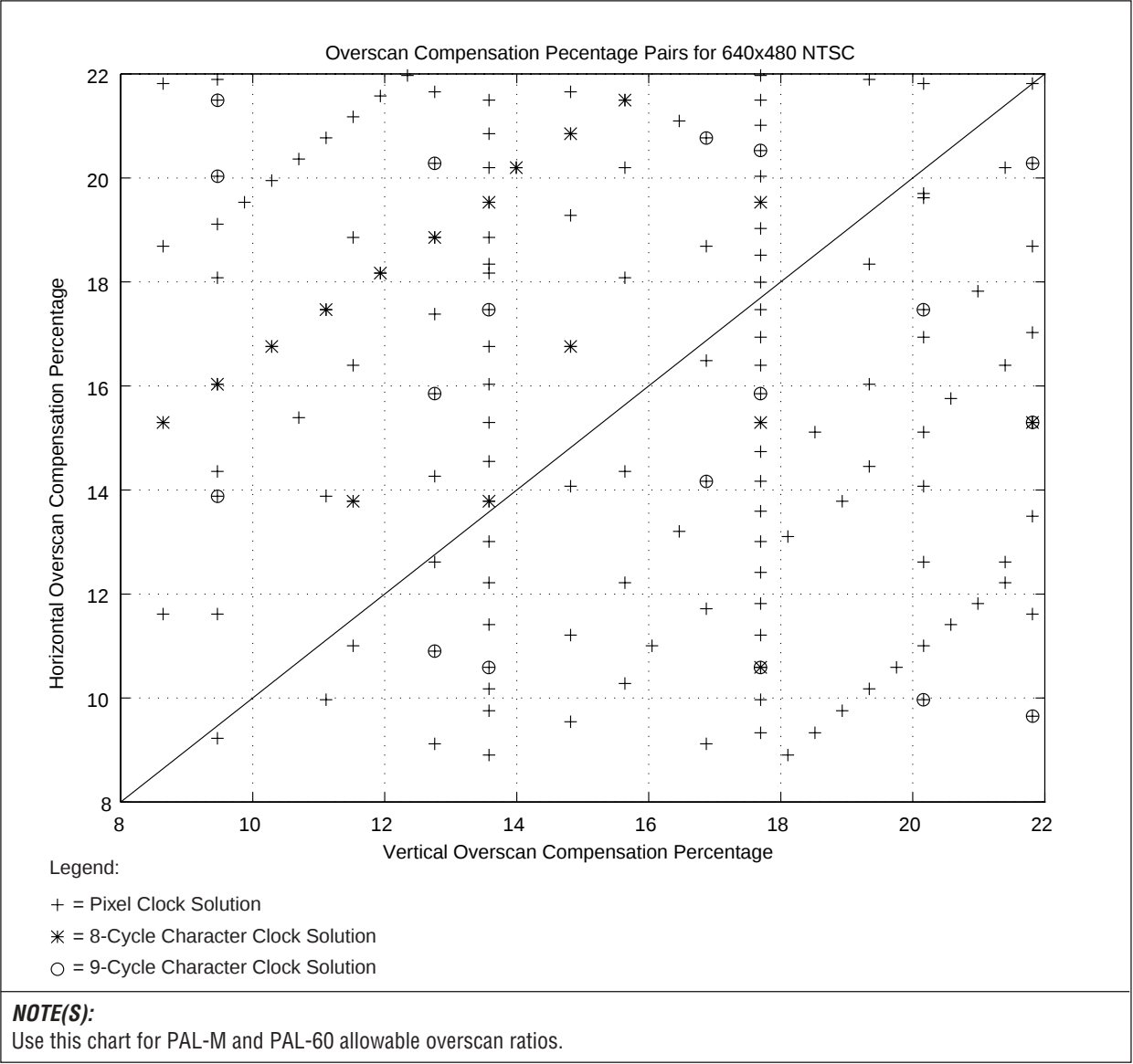
**Table A-2. Key Parameters for Supported Standard Definition Video Output Formats**

| Mode                                                                                                                          | NTSC           | NTSC-60Hz      | PAL-BDGI       | PAL-N          | PAL-Nc         | PAL-M          | PAL-60         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| FSC (Hz)                                                                                                                      | 3,579,545      | 3,579,545      | 4,433,618.75   | 4,433,618.75   | 3,582,056.25   | 3,575,611.88   | 4,433,619.49   |
| Burst Start                                                                                                                   | 5.3 $\mu$ s    | 5.3 $\mu$ s    | 5.60 $\mu$ s   | 5.60 $\mu$ s   | 5.60 $\mu$ s   | 5.80 $\mu$ s   | 5.60 $\mu$ s   |
| Burst End                                                                                                                     | 7.82 $\mu$ s   | 7.82 $\mu$ s   | 7.85 $\mu$ s   | 7.85 $\mu$ s   | 8.11 $\mu$ s   | 8.32 $\mu$ s   | 7.85 $\mu$ s   |
| HSYNC Width <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                    | 4.70 $\mu$ s   | 4.70 $\mu$ s   | 4.70 $\mu$ s   | 4.70 $\mu$ s   | 4.70 $\mu$ s   | 4.70 $\mu$ s   | 4.70 $\mu$ s   |
| HSYNC Frequency <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                                | 63.555 $\mu$ s | 64 $\mu$ s     | 64 $\mu$ s     | 64 $\mu$ s     | 64 $\mu$ s     | 63.555 $\mu$ s | 64 $\mu$ s     |
| Active Begin                                                                                                                  | 9.40 $\mu$ s   | 9.40 $\mu$ s   | 10.5 $\mu$ s   | 9.40 $\mu$ s   | 10.5 $\mu$ s   | 9.40 $\mu$ s   | 10.5 $\mu$ s   |
| Image Center                                                                                                                  | 35.667 $\mu$ s | 35.667 $\mu$ s | 36.407 $\mu$ s | 35.667 $\mu$ s | 36.407 $\mu$ s | 35.667 $\mu$ s | 36.407 $\mu$ s |
| Blank Begin to HSYNC <sup>(1)</sup>                                                                                           | 1.50 $\mu$ s   | 1.50 $\mu$ s   | 1.50 $\mu$ s   | 1.50 $\mu$ s   | 1.50 $\mu$ s   | 1.50 $\mu$ s   | 1.50 $\mu$ s   |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>(1) HSYNC in this table refers to the analog horizontal synchronization pulse that starts every scan line. |                |                |                |                |                |                |                |

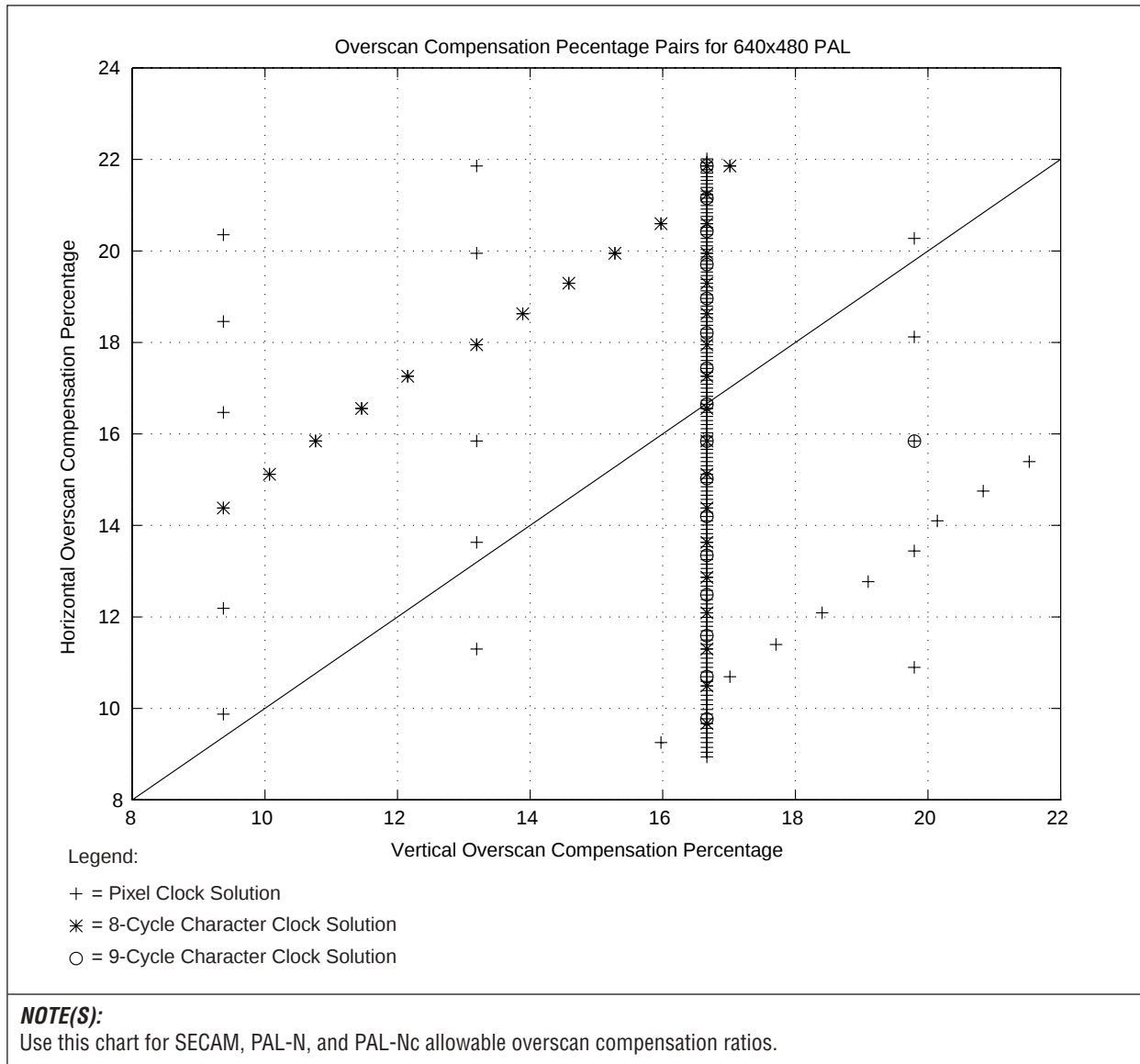
**Table A-3. Constant Values Dependent on Encoding Mode**

| Modes | Interlaced   |                  | NonInterlaced |                  |
|-------|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
|       | PAL          | NTSC             | PAL           | NTSC             |
| ALO   | 288          | 243              | 288           | 243              |
| TLO   | 312.5        | 262.5            | 312           | 262              |
| ATO   | 52.0 $\mu$ s | 52.65556 $\mu$ s | 52.0 $\mu$ s  | 52.65556 $\mu$ s |
| TTO   | 64.0 $\mu$ s | 63.55556 $\mu$ s | 64.0 $\mu$ s  | 63.55556 $\mu$ s |

Figure A-1. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 640x480 Input, NTSC Output with 20 Clock HBlank Period

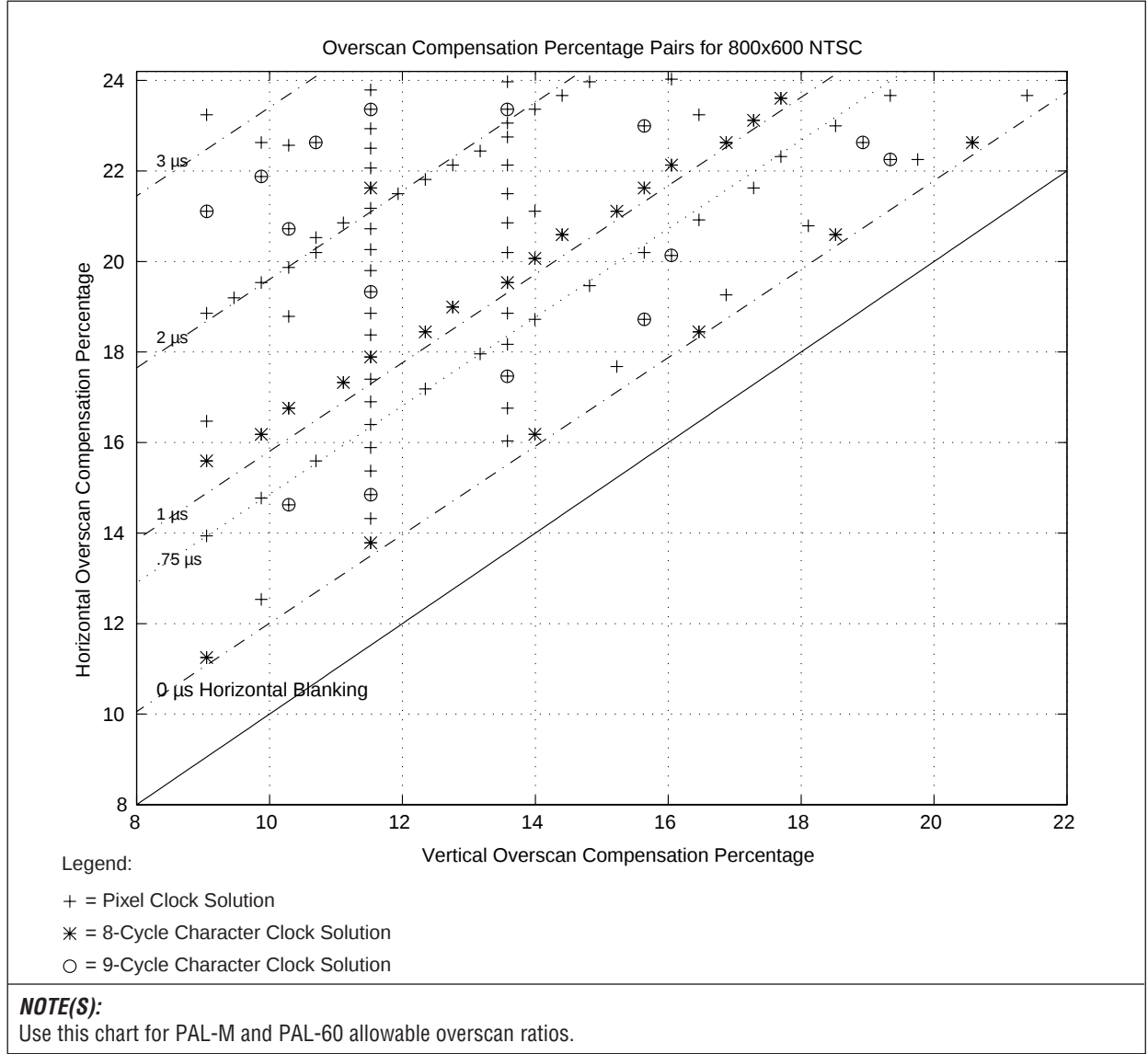


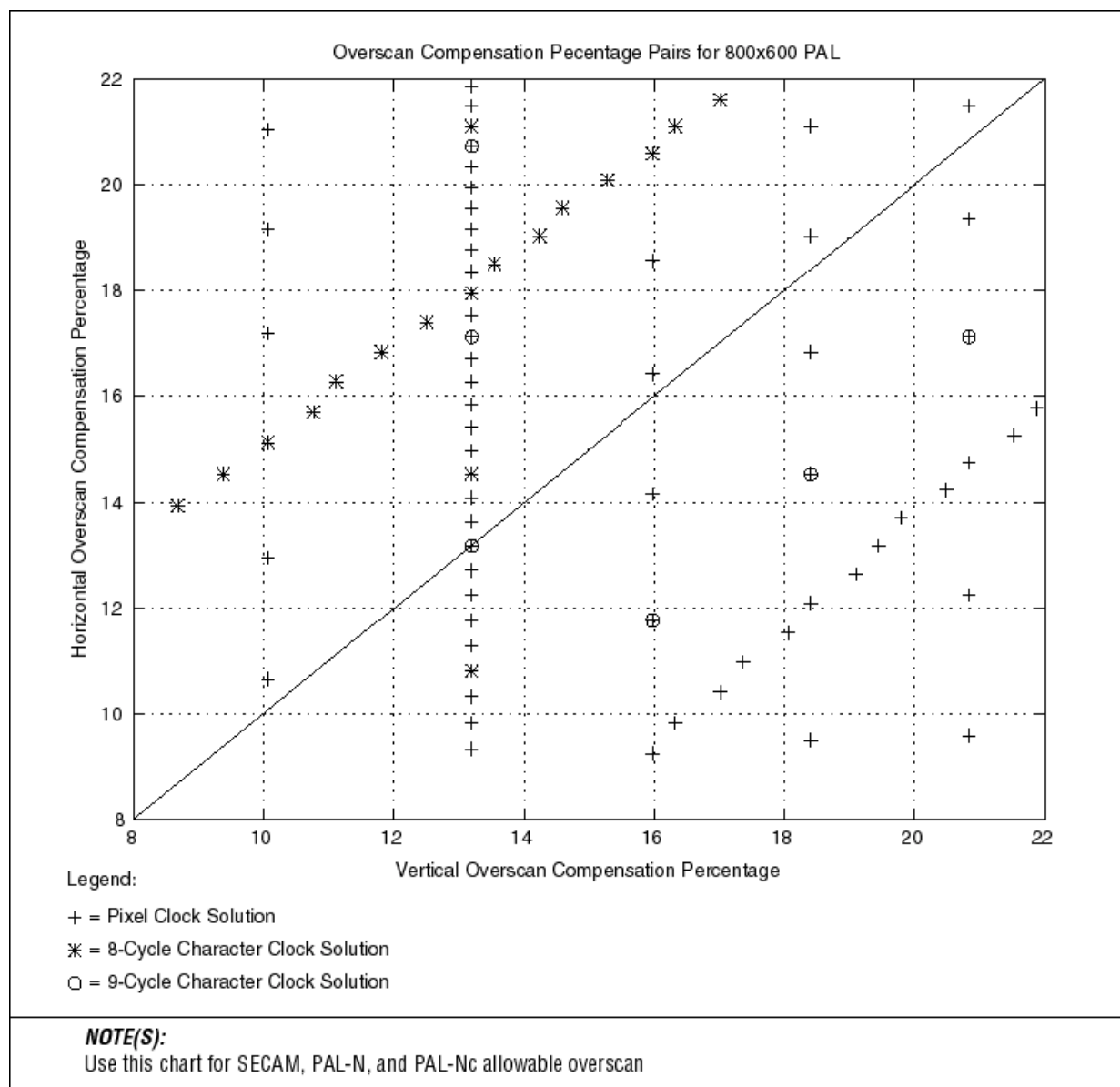
100381\_026

**Figure A-2. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 640x480 Input, PAL-BDGH1 Output with 20 Clock HBlank Period**

100381\_027

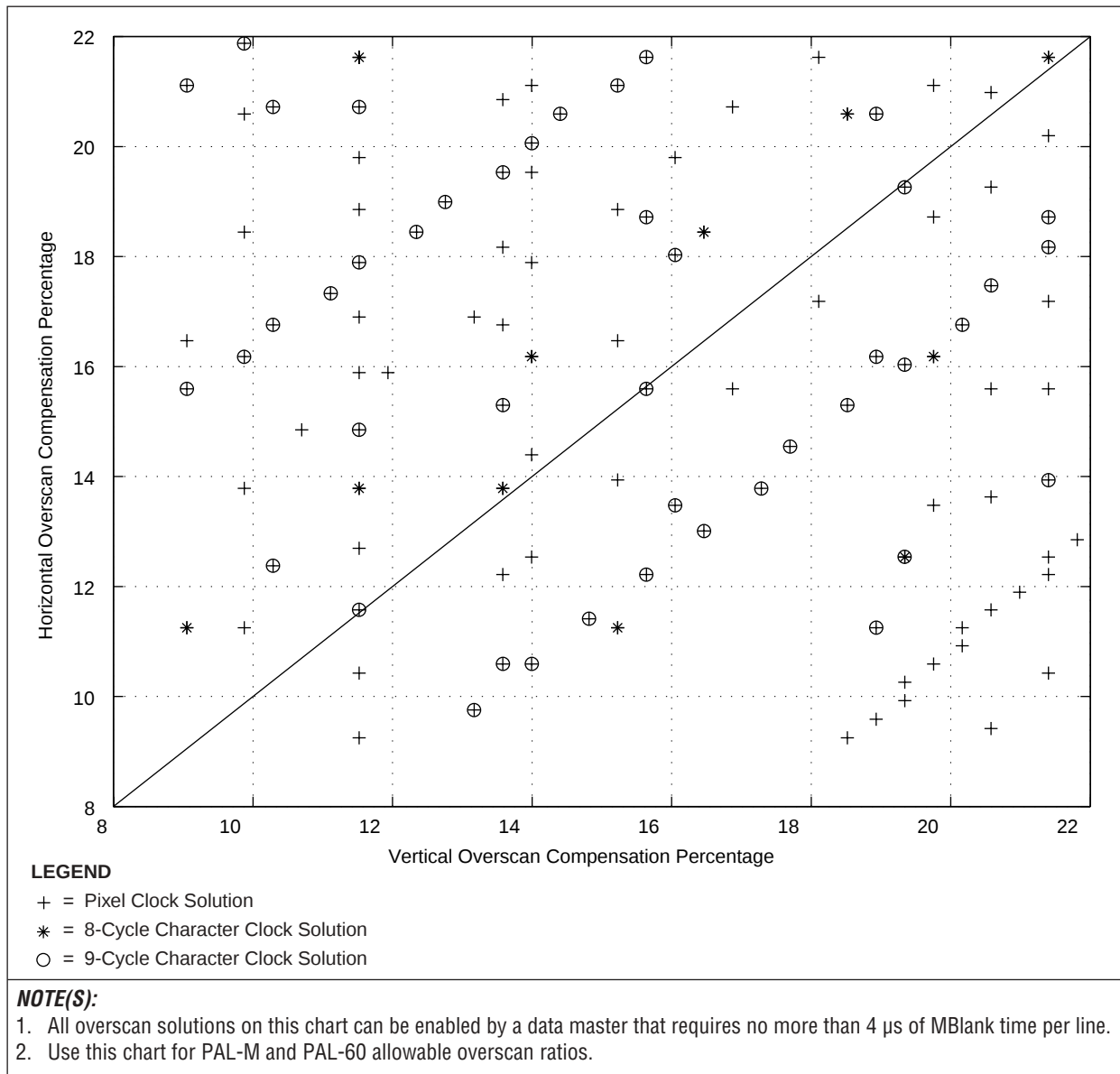
Figure A-3. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 800x600 Input, NTSC Output

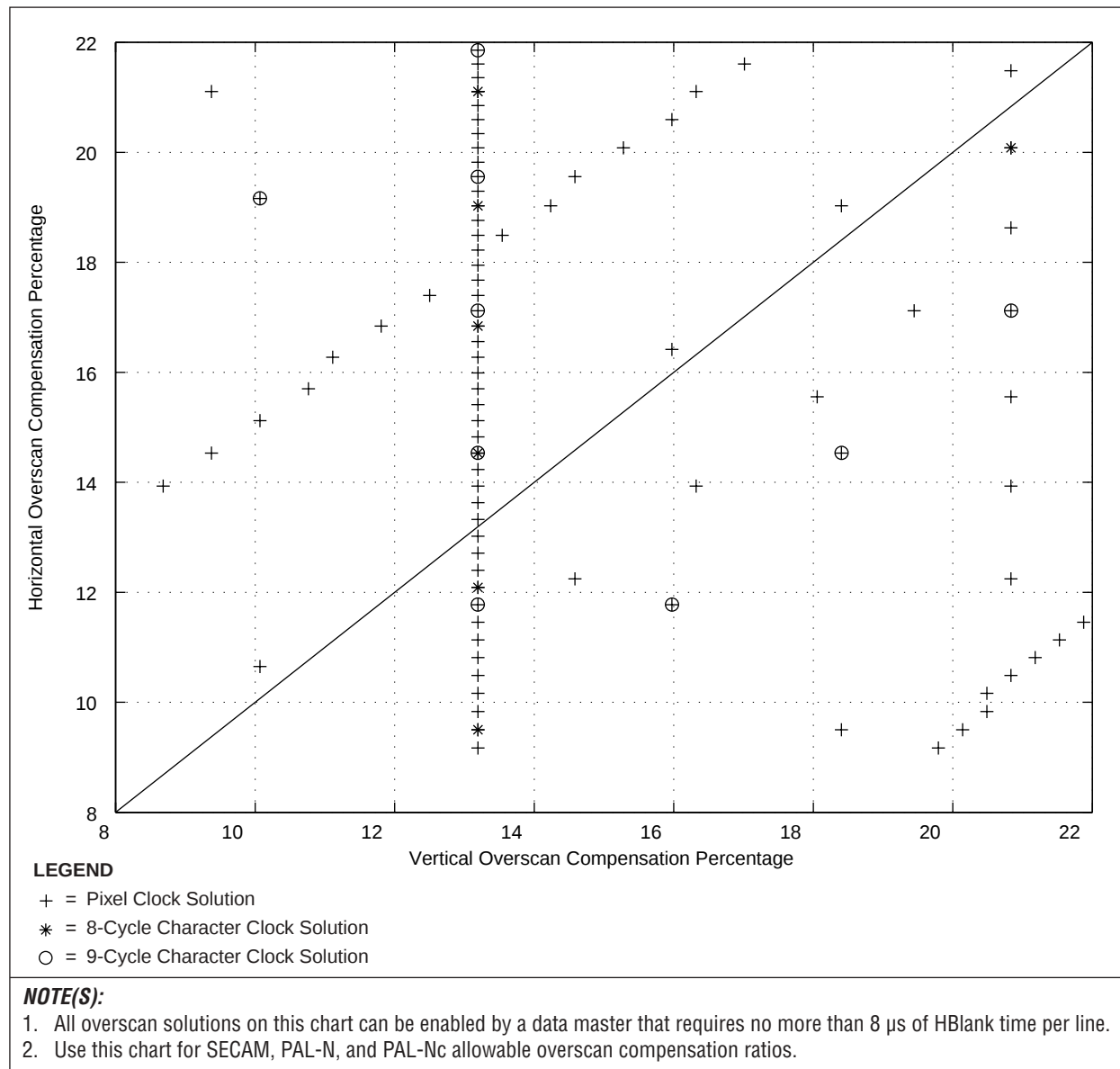


**Figure A-4. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 800x600 Input, PAL-BDGH1 Output, Standard Clocking Mode**

100381\_009

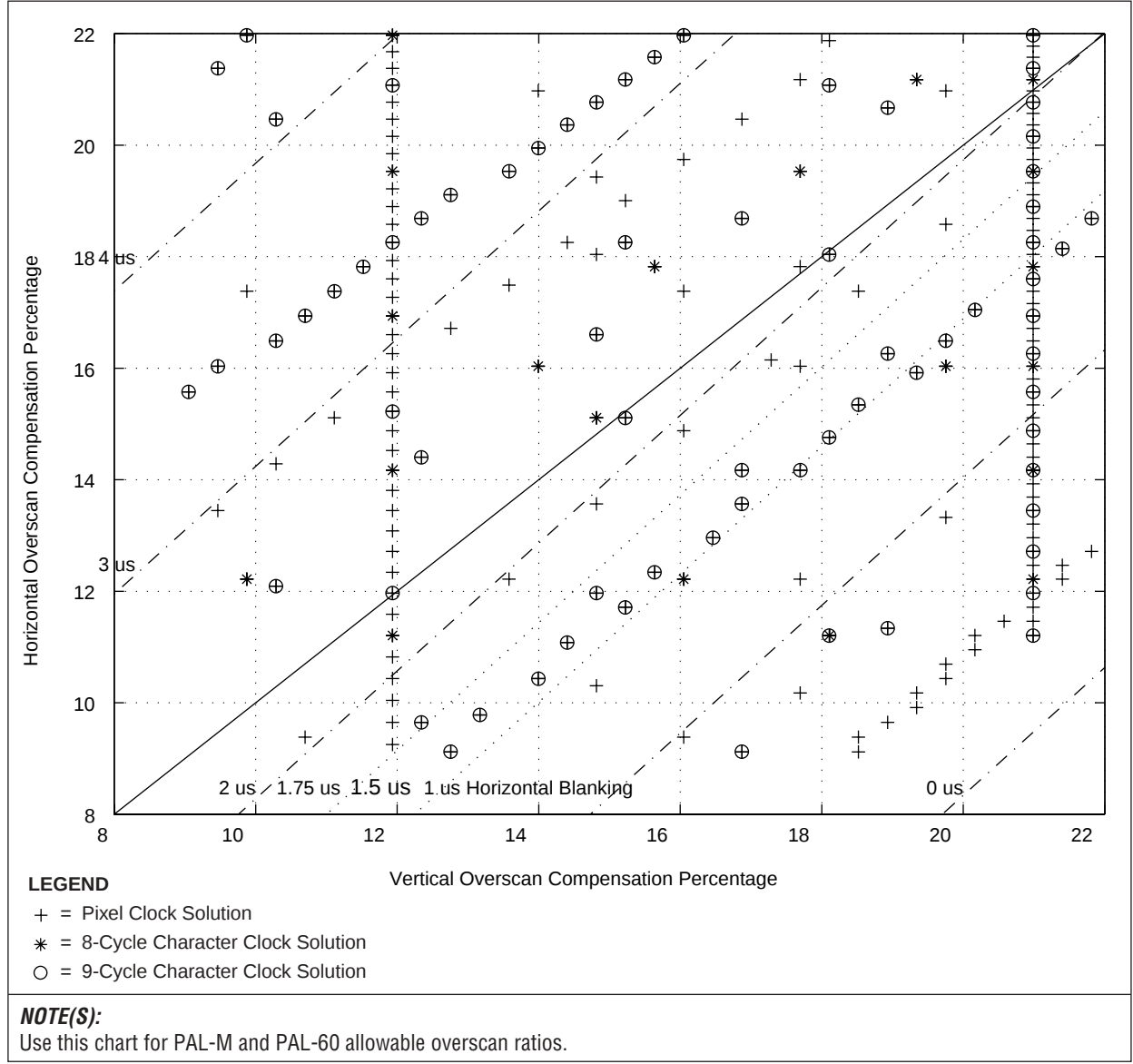
**Figure A-5. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 800x600 Input, NTSC Output in 3:2 Clocking Mode**



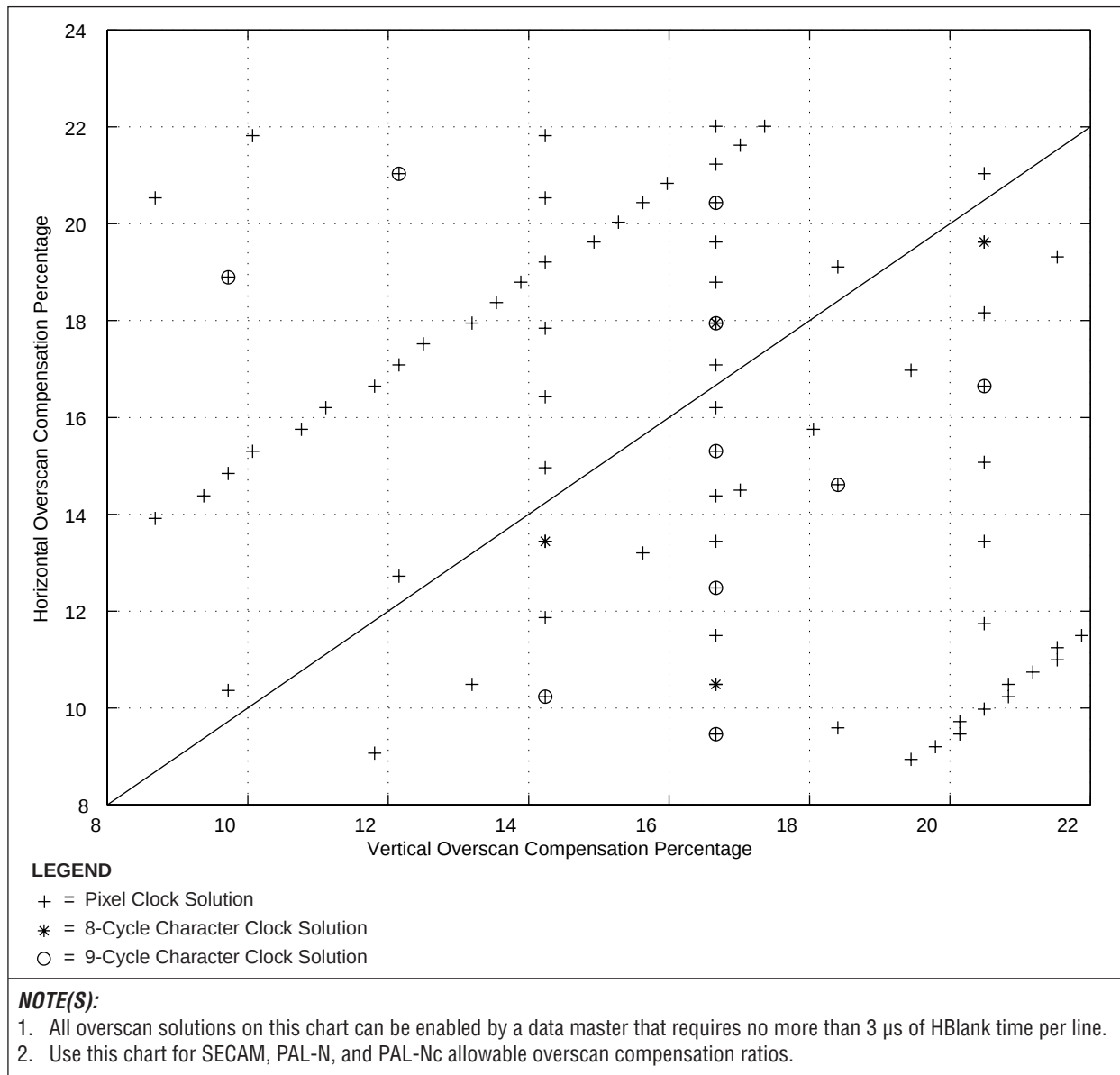
**Figure A-6. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 800x600 Input, PAL-BDGH1 Output in 3:2 Clocking Mode**

100381\_066

Figure A-7. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 1024x768 Input, NTSC Output



100381\_063

**Figure A-8. Allowable Overscan Compensation Ratios for Dual Display, 1024x768 Input, PAL-BDGHI Output**

100381\_065

**Table A-4. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (1 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 780               | 665      | 190            | 988    | 21.81              | 21.81    | 0.00       |
| 780               | 595      | 212            | 884    | 12.61              | 12.76    | -0.14      |
| 784               | 600      | 210            | 896    | 13.79              | 13.58    | 0.21       |
| 780               | 630      | 200            | 936    | 17.47              | 17.70    | -0.23      |
| 777               | 575      | 220            | 851    | 9.23               | 9.47     | -0.24      |
| 785               | 630      | 200            | 942    | 18.00              | 17.70    | 0.30       |
| 777               | 625      | 202            | 925    | 16.49              | 16.87    | -0.38      |
| 777               | 650      | 194            | 962    | 19.70              | 20.16    | -0.46      |
| 775               | 588      | 215            | 868    | 11.00              | 11.52    | -0.52      |
| 775               | 651      | 194            | 961    | 19.62              | 20.16    | -0.55      |
| 777               | 600      | 210            | 888    | 13.01              | 13.58    | -0.57      |
| 775               | 609      | 207            | 899    | 14.07              | 14.81    | -0.74      |
| 775               | 630      | 200            | 930    | 16.94              | 17.70    | -0.76      |
| 790               | 630      | 200            | 948    | 18.51              | 17.70    | 0.82       |
| 791               | 600      | 210            | 904    | 14.55              | 13.58    | 0.97       |
| 770               | 645      | 196            | 946    | 18.34              | 19.34    | -1.00      |
| 770               | 585      | 216            | 858    | 9.97               | 11.11    | -1.14      |
| 770               | 660      | 191            | 968    | 20.20              | 21.40    | -1.20      |
| 770               | 615      | 205            | 902    | 14.36              | 15.64    | -1.28      |
| 770               | 630      | 200            | 924    | 16.40              | 17.70    | -1.30      |
| 795               | 630      | 200            | 954    | 19.03              | 17.70    | 1.33       |
| 770               | 600      | 210            | 880    | 12.22              | 13.58    | -1.36      |
| 795               | 595      | 212            | 901    | 14.26              | 12.76    | 1.51       |
| 765               | 665      | 190            | 969    | 20.28              | 21.81    | -1.53      |
| 798               | 650      | 194            | 988    | 21.81              | 20.16    | 1.65       |
| 798               | 600      | 210            | 912    | 15.30              | 13.58    | 1.72       |
| 798               | 625      | 202            | 950    | 18.69              | 16.87    | 1.81       |
| 800               | 630      | 200            | 960    | 19.53              | 17.70    | 1.84       |
| 765               | 630      | 200            | 918    | 15.85              | 17.70    | -1.84      |
| 765               | 595      | 212            | 867    | 10.90              | 12.76    | -1.86      |
| 800               | 609      | 207            | 928    | 16.76              | 14.81    | 1.94       |

**Table A-4. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (2 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 798               | 575      | 220            | 874    | 11.62              | 9.47     | 2.15       |
| 763               | 600      | 210            | 872    | 11.41              | 13.58    | −2.17      |
| 800               | 588      | 215            | 896    | 13.79              | 11.52    | 2.26       |
| 805               | 630      | 200            | 966    | 20.03              | 17.70    | 2.34       |
| 760               | 630      | 200            | 912    | 15.30              | 17.70    | −2.40      |
| 805               | 615      | 205            | 943    | 18.08              | 15.64    | 2.44       |
| 805               | 600      | 210            | 920    | 16.03              | 13.58    | 2.45       |
| 805               | 645      | 196            | 989    | 21.89              | 19.34    | 2.55       |
| 756               | 650      | 194            | 936    | 17.47              | 20.16    | −2.69      |
| 756               | 625      | 202            | 900    | 14.17              | 16.87    | −2.70      |
| 805               | 585      | 216            | 897    | 13.88              | 11.11    | 2.77       |
| 810               | 630      | 200            | 972    | 20.53              | 17.70    | 2.83       |
| 755               | 630      | 200            | 906    | 14.74              | 17.70    | −2.96      |
| 805               | 570      | 222            | 874    | 11.62              | 8.64     | 2.97       |
| 756               | 600      | 210            | 864    | 10.59              | 13.58    | −2.99      |

**Table A-5. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVE0      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 784               | 600      | 210            | 896    | 13.79              | 13.58    | 0.21       |
| 800               | 630      | 200            | 960    | 19.53              | 17.70    | 1.84       |
| 800               | 609      | 207            | 928    | 16.76              | 14.81    | 1.94       |
| 800               | 588      | 215            | 896    | 13.79              | 11.52    | 2.26       |
| 760               | 630      | 200            | 912    | 15.30              | 17.70    | −2.40      |
| 840               | 615      | 205            | 984    | 21.50              | 15.64    | 5.86       |
| 840               | 600      | 210            | 960    | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95       |
| 840               | 610      | 207            | 976    | 20.85              | 14.81    | 6.04       |
| 840               | 595      | 212            | 952    | 18.86              | 12.76    | 6.10       |
| 840               | 605      | 209            | 968    | 20.20              | 13.99    | 6.21       |
| 840               | 590      | 214            | 944    | 18.17              | 11.93    | 6.23       |
| 840               | 585      | 216            | 936    | 17.47              | 11.11    | 6.36       |
| 840               | 580      | 218            | 928    | 16.76              | 10.29    | 6.47       |
| 720               | 665      | 190            | 912    | 15.30              | 21.81    | −6.51      |
| 840               | 575      | 220            | 920    | 16.03              | 9.47     | 6.57       |
| 840               | 570      | 222            | 912    | 15.30              | 8.64     | 6.66       |
| 720               | 630      | 200            | 864    | 10.59              | 17.70    | −7.10      |

**Table A-6. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 765               | 665      | 190            | 969    | 20.28              | 21.81    | -1.53      |
| 765               | 630      | 200            | 918    | 15.85              | 17.70    | -1.84      |
| 765               | 595      | 212            | 867    | 10.90              | 12.76    | -1.86      |
| 756               | 650      | 194            | 936    | 17.47              | 20.16    | -2.69      |
| 756               | 625      | 202            | 900    | 14.17              | 16.87    | -2.70      |
| 810               | 630      | 200            | 972    | 20.53              | 17.70    | 2.83       |
| 756               | 600      | 210            | 864    | 10.59              | 13.58    | -2.99      |
| 810               | 595      | 212            | 918    | 15.85              | 12.76    | 3.09       |
| 819               | 600      | 210            | 936    | 17.47              | 13.58    | 3.89       |
| 819               | 625      | 202            | 975    | 20.77              | 16.87    | 3.90       |
| 819               | 575      | 220            | 897    | 13.88              | 9.47     | 4.42       |
| 720               | 665      | 190            | 912    | 15.30              | 21.81    | -6.51      |
| 720               | 630      | 200            | 864    | 10.59              | 17.70    | -7.10      |
| 855               | 595      | 212            | 969    | 20.28              | 12.76    | 7.52       |
| 693               | 650      | 194            | 858    | 9.97               | 20.16    | -10.20     |
| 882               | 575      | 220            | 966    | 20.03              | 9.47     | 10.57      |
| 900               | 574      | 220            | 984    | 21.50              | 9.47     | 12.03      |
| 675               | 665      | 190            | 855    | 9.65               | 21.81    | -12.16     |

**Table A-7. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (1 of 3)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 945               | 625      | 240            | 945    | 16.65              | 16.67    | -0.02      |
| 946               | 625      | 240            | 946    | 16.73              | 16.67    | 0.07       |
| 944               | 625      | 240            | 944    | 16.56              | 16.67    | -0.11      |
| 947               | 625      | 240            | 947    | 16.82              | 16.67    | 0.16       |
| 943               | 625      | 240            | 943    | 16.47              | 16.67    | -0.20      |
| 948               | 625      | 240            | 948    | 16.91              | 16.67    | 0.24       |
| 942               | 625      | 240            | 942    | 16.38              | 16.67    | -0.29      |
| 949               | 625      | 240            | 949    | 17.00              | 16.67    | 0.33       |
| 941               | 625      | 240            | 941    | 16.29              | 16.67    | -0.37      |
| 950               | 625      | 240            | 950    | 17.09              | 16.67    | 0.42       |
| 950               | 600      | 250            | 912    | 13.63              | 13.19    | 0.44       |
| 940               | 625      | 240            | 940    | 16.20              | 16.67    | -0.46      |
| 950               | 650      | 231            | 988    | 20.27              | 19.79    | 0.48       |
| 950               | 575      | 261            | 874    | 9.88               | 9.38     | 0.50       |
| 951               | 625      | 240            | 951    | 17.17              | 16.67    | 0.51       |
| 939               | 625      | 240            | 939    | 16.11              | 16.67    | -0.55      |
| 952               | 625      | 240            | 952    | 17.26              | 16.67    | 0.59       |
| 938               | 625      | 240            | 938    | 16.02              | 16.67    | -0.64      |
| 953               | 625      | 240            | 953    | 17.35              | 16.67    | 0.68       |
| 937               | 625      | 240            | 937    | 15.93              | 16.67    | -0.73      |
| 954               | 625      | 240            | 954    | 17.43              | 16.67    | 0.77       |
| 936               | 625      | 240            | 936    | 15.84              | 16.67    | -0.82      |
| 955               | 625      | 240            | 955    | 17.52              | 16.67    | 0.85       |
| 935               | 625      | 240            | 935    | 15.75              | 16.67    | -0.91      |
| 956               | 625      | 240            | 956    | 17.61              | 16.67    | 0.94       |
| 934               | 625      | 240            | 934    | 15.66              | 16.67    | -1.00      |
| 957               | 625      | 240            | 957    | 17.69              | 16.67    | 1.02       |
| 933               | 625      | 240            | 933    | 15.57              | 16.67    | -1.09      |
| 958               | 625      | 240            | 958    | 17.78              | 16.67    | 1.11       |
| 932               | 625      | 240            | 932    | 15.48              | 16.67    | -1.18      |
| 959               | 625      | 240            | 959    | 17.86              | 16.67    | 1.20       |

**Table A-7. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (2 of 3)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 931               | 625      | 240            | 931    | 15.39              | 16.67    | -1.27      |
| 960               | 625      | 240            | 960    | 17.95              | 16.67    | 1.28       |
| 930               | 625      | 240            | 930    | 15.30              | 16.67    | -1.36      |
| 961               | 625      | 240            | 961    | 18.03              | 16.67    | 1.37       |
| 962               | 625      | 240            | 962    | 18.12              | 16.67    | 1.45       |
| 929               | 625      | 240            | 929    | 15.21              | 16.67    | -1.46      |
| 963               | 625      | 240            | 963    | 18.20              | 16.67    | 1.54       |
| 928               | 625      | 240            | 928    | 15.12              | 16.67    | -1.55      |
| 964               | 625      | 240            | 964    | 18.29              | 16.67    | 1.62       |
| 927               | 625      | 240            | 927    | 15.03              | 16.67    | -1.64      |
| 925               | 650      | 231            | 962    | 18.12              | 19.79    | -1.67      |
| 965               | 625      | 240            | 965    | 18.37              | 16.67    | 1.71       |
| 926               | 625      | 240            | 926    | 14.94              | 16.67    | -1.73      |
| 966               | 625      | 240            | 966    | 18.46              | 16.67    | 1.79       |
| 925               | 625      | 240            | 925    | 14.84              | 16.67    | -1.82      |
| 967               | 625      | 240            | 967    | 18.54              | 16.67    | 1.88       |
| 925               | 600      | 250            | 888    | 11.30              | 13.19    | -1.90      |
| 924               | 625      | 240            | 924    | 14.75              | 16.67    | -1.91      |
| 968               | 625      | 240            | 968    | 18.63              | 16.67    | 1.96       |
| 923               | 625      | 240            | 923    | 14.66              | 16.67    | -2.01      |
| 969               | 625      | 240            | 969    | 18.71              | 16.67    | 2.04       |
| 922               | 625      | 240            | 922    | 14.57              | 16.67    | -2.10      |
| 970               | 625      | 240            | 970    | 18.79              | 16.67    | 2.13       |
| 921               | 625      | 240            | 921    | 14.47              | 16.67    | -2.19      |
| 971               | 625      | 240            | 971    | 18.88              | 16.67    | 2.21       |
| 920               | 625      | 240            | 920    | 14.38              | 16.67    | -2.29      |
| 972               | 625      | 240            | 972    | 18.96              | 16.67    | 2.30       |
| 973               | 625      | 240            | 973    | 19.04              | 16.67    | 2.38       |
| 919               | 625      | 240            | 919    | 14.29              | 16.67    | -2.38      |
| 974               | 625      | 240            | 974    | 19.13              | 16.67    | 2.46       |
| 918               | 625      | 240            | 918    | 14.19              | 16.67    | -2.47      |

**Table A-7. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (3 of 3)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 975               | 625      | 240            | 975    | 19.21              | 16.67    | 2.54       |
| 917               | 625      | 240            | 917    | 14.10              | 16.67    | -2.57      |
| 976               | 625      | 240            | 976    | 19.29              | 16.67    | 2.63       |
| 975               | 600      | 250            | 936    | 15.84              | 13.19    | 2.65       |
| 916               | 625      | 240            | 916    | 14.01              | 16.67    | -2.66      |
| 977               | 625      | 240            | 977    | 19.38              | 16.67    | 2.71       |
| 915               | 625      | 240            | 915    | 13.91              | 16.67    | -2.75      |
| 978               | 625      | 240            | 978    | 19.46              | 16.67    | 2.79       |
| 975               | 575      | 261            | 897    | 12.19              | 9.38     | 2.81       |
| 914               | 625      | 240            | 914    | 13.82              | 16.67    | -2.85      |
| 979               | 625      | 240            | 979    | 19.54              | 16.67    | 2.87       |
| 913               | 625      | 240            | 913    | 13.72              | 16.67    | -2.94      |
| 980               | 625      | 240            | 980    | 19.62              | 16.67    | 2.96       |

**Table A-8. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 PAL-BDGI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 944               | 625      | 240            | 944    | 16.56              | 16.67    | -0.11      |
| 952               | 625      | 240            | 952    | 17.26              | 16.67    | 0.59       |
| 936               | 625      | 240            | 936    | 15.84              | 16.67    | -0.82      |
| 960               | 625      | 240            | 960    | 17.95              | 16.67    | 1.28       |
| 928               | 625      | 240            | 928    | 15.12              | 16.67    | -1.55      |
| 968               | 625      | 240            | 968    | 18.63              | 16.67    | 1.96       |
| 920               | 625      | 240            | 920    | 14.38              | 16.67    | -2.29      |
| 976               | 625      | 240            | 976    | 19.29              | 16.67    | 2.63       |
| 912               | 625      | 240            | 912    | 13.63              | 16.67    | -3.04      |
| 984               | 625      | 240            | 984    | 19.95              | 16.67    | 3.28       |
| 904               | 625      | 240            | 904    | 12.87              | 16.67    | -3.80      |
| 992               | 625      | 240            | 992    | 20.60              | 16.67    | 3.93       |
| 1000              | 625      | 240            | 1000   | 21.23              | 16.67    | 4.56       |
| 896               | 625      | 240            | 896    | 12.09              | 16.67    | -4.58      |
| 1000              | 620      | 242            | 992    | 20.60              | 15.97    | 4.62       |
| 1000              | 615      | 244            | 984    | 19.95              | 15.28    | 4.67       |
| 1000              | 610      | 246            | 976    | 19.29              | 14.58    | 4.71       |
| 1000              | 605      | 248            | 968    | 18.63              | 13.89    | 4.74       |
| 1000              | 600      | 250            | 960    | 17.95              | 13.19    | 4.75       |
| 1000              | 630      | 239            | 1008   | 21.86              | 17.01    | 4.84       |
| 1000              | 575      | 261            | 920    | 14.38              | 9.38     | 5.01       |
| 1000              | 580      | 259            | 928    | 15.12              | 10.07    | 5.05       |
| 1000              | 585      | 257            | 936    | 15.84              | 10.76    | 5.08       |
| 1000              | 590      | 255            | 944    | 16.56              | 11.46    | 5.10       |
| 1000              | 595      | 253            | 952    | 17.26              | 12.15    | 5.11       |
| 1008              | 625      | 240            | 1008   | 21.86              | 16.67    | 5.19       |
| 888               | 625      | 240            | 888    | 11.30              | 16.67    | -5.37      |
| 880               | 625      | 240            | 880    | 10.49              | 16.67    | -6.18      |
| 872               | 625      | 240            | 872    | 9.67               | 16.67    | -7.00      |

**Table A-9. Overscan Values, 640 x 480 PAL-BDGI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution, 2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 945               | 625      | 240            | 945    | 16.65              | 16.67    | −0.02      |
| 954               | 625      | 240            | 954    | 17.43              | 16.67    | 0.77       |
| 936               | 625      | 240            | 936    | 15.84              | 16.67    | −0.82      |
| 963               | 625      | 240            | 963    | 18.20              | 16.67    | 1.54       |
| 927               | 625      | 240            | 927    | 15.03              | 16.67    | −1.64      |
| 972               | 625      | 240            | 972    | 18.96              | 16.67    | 2.30       |
| 918               | 625      | 240            | 918    | 14.19              | 16.67    | −2.47      |
| 981               | 625      | 240            | 981    | 19.71              | 16.67    | 3.04       |
| 909               | 625      | 240            | 909    | 13.35              | 16.67    | −3.32      |
| 990               | 625      | 240            | 990    | 20.44              | 16.67    | 3.77       |
| 900               | 650      | 231            | 936    | 15.84              | 19.79    | −3.95      |
| 900               | 625      | 240            | 900    | 12.48              | 16.67    | −4.19      |
| 999               | 625      | 240            | 999    | 21.15              | 16.67    | 4.49       |
| 891               | 625      | 240            | 891    | 11.59              | 16.67    | −5.07      |
| 1008              | 625      | 240            | 1008   | 21.86              | 16.67    | 5.19       |
| 882               | 625      | 240            | 882    | 10.69              | 16.67    | −5.97      |
| 873               | 625      | 240            | 873    | 9.77               | 16.67    | −6.89      |

**Table A-10. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution (1 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 800               | 777      | 203            | 1184   | 18.45              | 16.46    | 1.98       |
| 800               | 819      | 193            | 1248   | 22.63              | 20.58    | 2.05       |
| 800               | 798      | 198            | 1216   | 20.59              | 18.52    | 2.07       |
| 800               | 756      | 209            | 1152   | 16.18              | 13.99    | 2.19       |
| 800               | 714      | 221            | 1088   | 11.25              | 9.05     | 2.20       |
| 800               | 735      | 215            | 1120   | 13.79              | 11.52    | 2.26       |
| 805               | 825      | 191            | 1265   | 23.67              | 21.40    | 2.27       |
| 805               | 780      | 202            | 1196   | 19.26              | 16.87    | 2.39       |
| 805               | 750      | 210            | 1150   | 16.03              | 13.58    | 2.45       |
| 805               | 765      | 206            | 1173   | 17.68              | 15.23    | 2.45       |
| 805               | 810      | 195            | 1242   | 22.25              | 19.75    | 2.50       |
| 805               | 720      | 219            | 1104   | 12.54              | 9.88     | 2.66       |
| 805               | 795      | 199            | 1219   | 20.79              | 18.11    | 2.68       |
| 805               | 735      | 215            | 1127   | 14.32              | 11.52    | 2.80       |
| 810               | 805      | 196            | 1242   | 22.25              | 19.34    | 2.91       |
| 810               | 770      | 205            | 1188   | 18.72              | 15.64    | 3.08       |
| 812               | 750      | 210            | 1160   | 16.76              | 13.58    | 3.18       |
| 810               | 735      | 215            | 1134   | 14.85              | 11.52    | 3.33       |
| 819               | 800      | 197            | 1248   | 22.63              | 18.93    | 3.70       |
| 815               | 735      | 215            | 1141   | 15.37              | 11.52    | 3.85       |
| 819               | 750      | 210            | 1170   | 17.47              | 13.58    | 3.89       |
| 819               | 775      | 204            | 1209   | 20.13              | 16.05    | 4.08       |
| 825               | 805      | 196            | 1265   | 23.67              | 19.34    | 4.33       |
| 819               | 725      | 218            | 1131   | 14.62              | 10.29    | 4.34       |
| 825               | 784      | 201            | 1232   | 21.62              | 17.28    | 4.34       |
| 820               | 735      | 215            | 1148   | 15.89              | 11.52    | 4.37       |
| 825               | 777      | 203            | 1221   | 20.92              | 16.46    | 4.46       |
| 825               | 798      | 198            | 1254   | 23.00              | 18.52    | 4.48       |
| 825               | 770      | 205            | 1210   | 20.20              | 15.64    | 4.56       |
| 826               | 750      | 210            | 1180   | 18.17              | 13.58    | 4.59       |
| 825               | 791      | 200            | 1243   | 22.32              | 17.70    | 4.62       |

**Table A-10. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution (2 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 825               | 763      | 207            | 1199   | 19.47              | 14.81    | 4.65       |
| 825               | 756      | 209            | 1188   | 18.72              | 13.99    | 4.73       |
| 825               | 749      | 211            | 1177   | 17.96              | 13.17    | 4.79       |
| 825               | 742      | 213            | 1166   | 17.19              | 12.35    | 4.84       |
| 825               | 735      | 215            | 1155   | 16.40              | 11.52    | 4.88       |
| 825               | 714      | 221            | 1122   | 13.94              | 9.05     | 4.89       |
| 825               | 728      | 217            | 1144   | 15.59              | 10.70    | 4.89       |
| 825               | 721      | 219            | 1133   | 14.77              | 9.88     | 4.90       |
| 833               | 750      | 210            | 1190   | 18.86              | 13.58    | 5.28       |
| 830               | 735      | 215            | 1162   | 16.90              | 11.52    | 5.38       |
| 840               | 780      | 202            | 1248   | 22.63              | 16.87    | 5.76       |
| 840               | 785      | 201            | 1256   | 23.12              | 17.28    | 5.84       |
| 835               | 735      | 215            | 1169   | 17.40              | 11.52    | 5.88       |
| 840               | 765      | 206            | 1224   | 21.11              | 15.23    | 5.88       |
| 840               | 790      | 200            | 1264   | 23.61              | 17.70    | 5.91       |
| 840               | 750      | 210            | 1200   | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95       |
| 840               | 770      | 205            | 1232   | 21.62              | 15.64    | 5.99       |
| 840               | 755      | 209            | 1208   | 20.07              | 13.99    | 6.07       |
| 840               | 775      | 204            | 1240   | 22.13              | 16.05    | 6.08       |
| 840               | 740      | 213            | 1184   | 18.45              | 12.35    | 6.10       |
| 840               | 760      | 208            | 1216   | 20.59              | 14.40    | 6.19       |
| 840               | 730      | 216            | 1168   | 17.33              | 11.11    | 6.22       |
| 840               | 745      | 212            | 1192   | 18.99              | 12.76    | 6.24       |
| 840               | 720      | 219            | 1152   | 16.18              | 9.88     | 6.30       |
| 840               | 735      | 215            | 1176   | 17.89              | 11.52    | 6.37       |
| 840               | 725      | 218            | 1160   | 16.76              | 10.29    | 6.47       |
| 840               | 715      | 221            | 1144   | 15.59              | 9.05     | 6.54       |
| 847               | 750      | 210            | 1210   | 20.20              | 13.58    | 6.62       |
| 850               | 777      | 203            | 1258   | 23.24              | 16.46    | 6.78       |
| 845               | 735      | 215            | 1183   | 18.38              | 11.52    | 6.85       |
| 850               | 756      | 209            | 1224   | 21.11              | 13.99    | 7.12       |

**Table A-10. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution (3 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 854               | 750      | 210            | 1220   | 20.85              | 13.58    | 7.27       |
| 850               | 735      | 215            | 1190   | 18.86              | 11.52    | 7.33       |
| 855               | 770      | 205            | 1254   | 23.00              | 15.64    | 7.36       |
| 850               | 714      | 221            | 1156   | 16.47              | 9.05     | 7.42       |
| 855               | 735      | 215            | 1197   | 19.33              | 11.52    | 7.81       |
| 861               | 750      | 210            | 1230   | 21.50              | 13.58    | 7.92       |
| 861               | 775      | 204            | 1271   | 24.03              | 16.05    | 7.98       |
| 860               | 735      | 215            | 1204   | 19.80              | 11.52    | 8.28       |
| 861               | 725      | 218            | 1189   | 18.79              | 10.29    | 8.50       |
| 868               | 750      | 210            | 1240   | 22.13              | 13.58    | 8.55       |
| 865               | 735      | 215            | 1211   | 20.26              | 11.52    | 8.74       |
| 875               | 762      | 207            | 1270   | 23.97              | 14.81    | 9.15       |
| 875               | 750      | 210            | 1250   | 22.75              | 13.58    | 9.17       |
| 870               | 735      | 215            | 1218   | 20.72              | 11.52    | 9.20       |
| 875               | 759      | 208            | 1265   | 23.67              | 14.40    | 9.26       |
| 875               | 747      | 211            | 1245   | 22.44              | 13.17    | 9.27       |
| 875               | 744      | 212            | 1240   | 22.13              | 12.76    | 9.37       |
| 875               | 756      | 209            | 1260   | 23.36              | 13.99    | 9.37       |
| 875               | 741      | 213            | 1235   | 21.81              | 12.35    | 9.47       |
| 875               | 753      | 210            | 1255   | 23.06              | 13.58    | 9.48       |
| 875               | 726      | 217            | 1210   | 20.20              | 10.70    | 9.50       |
| 875               | 738      | 214            | 1230   | 21.50              | 11.93    | 9.56       |
| 875               | 723      | 218            | 1205   | 19.87              | 10.29    | 9.58       |
| 875               | 735      | 215            | 1225   | 21.18              | 11.52    | 9.65       |
| 875               | 720      | 219            | 1200   | 19.53              | 9.88     | 9.66       |
| 875               | 717      | 220            | 1195   | 19.20              | 9.47     | 9.73       |
| 875               | 732      | 216            | 1220   | 20.85              | 11.11    | 9.74       |
| 882               | 750      | 210            | 1260   | 23.36              | 13.58    | 9.78       |
| 875               | 714      | 221            | 1190   | 18.86              | 9.05     | 9.80       |
| 875               | 729      | 217            | 1215   | 20.53              | 10.70    | 9.83       |
| 880               | 735      | 215            | 1232   | 21.62              | 11.52    | 10.10      |

**Table A-10. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution (4 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 889               | 750      | 210            | 1270   | 23.97              | 13.58    | 10.39      |
| 882               | 725      | 218            | 1218   | 20.72              | 10.29    | 10.43      |
| 885               | 735      | 215            | 1239   | 22.07              | 11.52    | 10.54      |
| 890               | 735      | 215            | 1246   | 22.50              | 11.52    | 10.98      |
| 895               | 735      | 215            | 1253   | 22.94              | 11.52    | 11.41      |
| 900               | 735      | 215            | 1260   | 23.36              | 11.52    | 11.84      |
| 900               | 728      | 217            | 1248   | 22.63              | 10.70    | 11.93      |
| 900               | 721      | 219            | 1236   | 21.88              | 9.88     | 12.00      |
| 900               | 714      | 221            | 1224   | 21.11              | 9.05     | 12.06      |
| 905               | 735      | 215            | 1267   | 23.79              | 11.52    | 12.27      |
| 903               | 725      | 218            | 1247   | 22.57              | 10.29    | 12.28      |
| 910               | 720      | 219            | 1248   | 22.63              | 9.88     | 12.75      |
| 925               | 714      | 221            | 1258   | 23.24              | 9.05     | 14.19      |

**Table A-11. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, 0–1.5  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 800               | 777      | 203            | 1184   | 18.45              | 16.46    | 1.98       |
| 800               | 819      | 193            | 1248   | 22.63              | 20.58    | 2.05       |
| 800               | 798      | 198            | 1216   | 20.59              | 18.52    | 2.07       |
| 800               | 756      | 209            | 1152   | 16.18              | 13.99    | 2.19       |
| 800               | 714      | 221            | 1088   | 11.25              | 9.05     | 2.20       |
| 800               | 735      | 215            | 1120   | 13.79              | 11.52    | 2.26       |
| 840               | 780      | 202            | 1248   | 22.63              | 16.87    | 5.76       |
| 840               | 785      | 201            | 1256   | 23.12              | 17.28    | 5.84       |
| 840               | 765      | 206            | 1224   | 21.11              | 15.23    | 5.88       |
| 840               | 790      | 200            | 1264   | 23.61              | 17.70    | 5.91       |
| 840               | 750      | 210            | 1200   | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95       |
| 840               | 770      | 205            | 1232   | 21.62              | 15.64    | 5.99       |
| 840               | 755      | 209            | 1208   | 20.07              | 13.99    | 6.07       |
| 840               | 775      | 204            | 1240   | 22.13              | 16.05    | 6.08       |
| 840               | 740      | 213            | 1184   | 18.45              | 12.35    | 6.10       |
| 840               | 760      | 208            | 1216   | 20.59              | 14.40    | 6.19       |
| 840               | 730      | 216            | 1168   | 17.33              | 11.11    | 6.22       |
| 840               | 745      | 212            | 1192   | 18.99              | 12.76    | 6.24       |
| 840               | 720      | 219            | 1152   | 16.18              | 9.88     | 6.30       |
| 840               | 735      | 215            | 1176   | 17.89              | 11.52    | 6.37       |
| 840               | 725      | 218            | 1160   | 16.76              | 10.29    | 6.47       |
| 840               | 715      | 221            | 1144   | 15.59              | 9.05     | 6.54       |
| 880               | 735      | 215            | 1232   | 21.62              | 11.52    | 10.10      |

**Table A-12. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution, 0–3.0  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 810               | 805      | 196            | 1242   | 22.25              | 19.34    | 2.91       |
| 810               | 770      | 205            | 1188   | 18.72              | 15.64    | 3.08       |
| 810               | 735      | 215            | 1134   | 14.85              | 11.52    | 3.33       |
| 819               | 800      | 197            | 1248   | 22.63              | 18.93    | 3.70       |
| 819               | 750      | 210            | 1170   | 17.47              | 13.58    | 3.89       |
| 819               | 775      | 204            | 1209   | 20.13              | 16.05    | 4.08       |
| 819               | 725      | 218            | 1131   | 14.62              | 10.29    | 4.34       |
| 855               | 770      | 205            | 1254   | 23.00              | 15.64    | 7.36       |
| 855               | 735      | 215            | 1197   | 19.33              | 11.52    | 7.81       |
| 882               | 750      | 210            | 1260   | 23.36              | 13.58    | 9.78       |
| 882               | 725      | 218            | 1218   | 20.72              | 10.29    | 10.43      |
| 900               | 735      | 215            | 1260   | 23.36              | 11.52    | 11.84      |
| 900               | 728      | 217            | 1248   | 22.63              | 10.70    | 11.93      |
| 900               | 721      | 219            | 1236   | 21.88              | 9.88     | 12.00      |
| 900               | 714      | 221            | 1224   | 21.11              | 9.05     | 12.06      |

**Table A-13. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (1 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1170              | 770      | 205            | 1144   | 15.59              | 15.64    | −0.04 |
| 1170              | 735      | 215            | 1092   | 11.57              | 11.52    | 0.05  |
| 1170              | 805      | 196            | 1196   | 19.26              | 19.34    | −0.08 |
| 1176              | 750      | 210            | 1120   | 13.79              | 13.58    | 0.21  |
| 1176              | 825      | 191            | 1232   | 21.62              | 21.40    | 0.22  |
| 1175              | 756      | 209            | 1128   | 14.40              | 13.99    | 0.40  |
| 1175              | 819      | 193            | 1222   | 20.98              | 20.58    | 0.41  |
| 1155              | 795      | 199            | 1166   | 17.19              | 18.11    | −0.92 |
| 1155              | 810      | 195            | 1188   | 18.72              | 19.75    | −1.03 |
| 1155              | 735      | 215            | 1078   | 10.43              | 11.52    | −1.10 |
| 1185              | 735      | 215            | 1106   | 12.69              | 11.52    | 1.17  |
| 1155              | 825      | 191            | 1210   | 20.20              | 21.40    | −1.20 |
| 1190              | 765      | 206            | 1156   | 16.47              | 15.23    | 1.24  |
| 1155              | 780      | 202            | 1144   | 15.59              | 16.87    | −1.28 |
| 1155              | 765      | 206            | 1122   | 13.94              | 15.23    | −1.29 |
| 1150              | 819      | 193            | 1196   | 19.26              | 20.58    | −1.31 |
| 1190              | 810      | 195            | 1224   | 21.11              | 19.75    | 1.36  |
| 1155              | 750      | 210            | 1100   | 12.22              | 13.58    | −1.36 |
| 1190              | 720      | 219            | 1088   | 11.25              | 9.88     | 1.37  |
| 1150              | 756      | 209            | 1104   | 12.54              | 13.99    | −1.46 |
| 1197              | 800      | 197            | 1216   | 20.59              | 18.93    | 1.66  |
| 1197              | 750      | 210            | 1140   | 15.30              | 13.58    | 1.72  |
| 1197              | 775      | 204            | 1178   | 18.03              | 16.05    | 1.98  |
| 1200              | 777      | 203            | 1184   | 18.45              | 16.46    | 1.98  |
| 1200              | 798      | 198            | 1216   | 20.59              | 18.52    | 2.07  |
| 1197              | 725      | 218            | 1102   | 12.38              | 10.29    | 2.09  |
| 1200              | 756      | 209            | 1152   | 16.18              | 13.99    | 2.19  |
| 1200              | 714      | 221            | 1088   | 11.25              | 9.05     | 2.20  |
| 1200              | 735      | 215            | 1120   | 13.79              | 11.52    | 2.26  |
| 1140              | 735      | 215            | 1064   | 9.25               | 11.52    | −2.27 |

**Table A-13. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (2 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1134              | 775      | 204            | 1116   | 13.48              | 16.05    | –2.57 |
| 1134              | 825      | 191            | 1188   | 18.72              | 21.40    | –2.68 |
| 1134              | 800      | 197            | 1152   | 16.18              | 18.93    | –2.75 |
| 1134              | 750      | 210            | 1080   | 10.59              | 13.58    | –2.99 |
| 1215              | 770      | 205            | 1188   | 18.72              | 15.64    | 3.08  |
| 1125              | 819      | 193            | 1170   | 17.47              | 20.58    | –3.11 |
| 1125              | 791      | 200            | 1130   | 14.55              | 17.70    | –3.15 |
| 1218              | 750      | 210            | 1160   | 16.76              | 13.58    | 3.18  |
| 1125              | 798      | 198            | 1140   | 15.30              | 18.52    | –3.22 |
| 1125              | 826      | 191            | 1180   | 18.17              | 21.40    | –3.23 |
| 1125              | 805      | 196            | 1150   | 16.03              | 19.34    | –3.31 |
| 1215              | 735      | 215            | 1134   | 14.85              | 11.52    | 3.33  |
| 1125              | 756      | 209            | 1080   | 10.59              | 13.99    | –3.40 |
| 1125              | 763      | 207            | 1090   | 11.41              | 14.81    | –3.40 |
| 1125              | 812      | 194            | 1160   | 16.76              | 20.16    | –3.41 |
| 1125              | 749      | 211            | 1070   | 9.76               | 13.17    | –3.41 |
| 1125              | 770      | 205            | 1100   | 12.22              | 15.64    | –3.42 |
| 1125              | 777      | 203            | 1110   | 13.01              | 16.46    | –3.45 |
| 1125              | 784      | 201            | 1120   | 13.79              | 17.28    | –3.50 |
| 1225              | 792      | 199            | 1232   | 21.62              | 18.11    | 3.52  |
| 1120              | 810      | 195            | 1152   | 16.18              | 19.75    | –3.57 |
| 1225              | 765      | 206            | 1190   | 18.86              | 15.23    | 3.63  |
| 1225              | 747      | 211            | 1162   | 16.90              | 13.17    | 3.73  |
| 1225              | 774      | 204            | 1204   | 19.80              | 16.05    | 3.75  |
| 1225              | 783      | 202            | 1218   | 20.72              | 16.87    | 3.85  |
| 1225              | 756      | 209            | 1176   | 17.89              | 13.99    | 3.90  |
| 1225              | 720      | 219            | 1120   | 13.79              | 9.88     | 3.91  |
| 1225              | 738      | 214            | 1148   | 15.89              | 11.93    | 3.95  |
| 1120              | 765      | 206            | 1088   | 11.25              | 15.23    | –3.98 |
| 1225              | 729      | 217            | 1134   | 14.85              | 10.70    | 4.15  |

**Table A-13. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (3 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1113              | 825      | 191            | 1166   | 17.19              | 21.40    | −4.21 |
| 1230              | 735      | 215            | 1148   | 15.89              | 11.52    | 4.37  |
| 1239              | 750      | 210            | 1180   | 18.17              | 13.58    | 4.59  |
| 1100              | 819      | 193            | 1144   | 15.59              | 20.58    | −4.98 |
| 1245              | 735      | 215            | 1162   | 16.90              | 11.52    | 5.38  |
| 1250              | 756      | 209            | 1200   | 19.53              | 13.99    | 5.54  |
| 1092              | 825      | 191            | 1144   | 15.59              | 21.40    | −5.81 |
| 1260              | 765      | 206            | 1224   | 21.11              | 15.23    | 5.88  |
| 1260              | 750      | 210            | 1200   | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95  |
| 1260              | 770      | 205            | 1232   | 21.62              | 15.64    | 5.99  |
| 1260              | 755      | 209            | 1208   | 20.07              | 13.99    | 6.07  |
| 1260              | 740      | 213            | 1184   | 18.45              | 12.35    | 6.10  |
| 1260              | 760      | 208            | 1216   | 20.59              | 14.40    | 6.19  |
| 1260              | 730      | 216            | 1168   | 17.33              | 11.11    | 6.22  |
| 1260              | 745      | 212            | 1192   | 18.99              | 12.76    | 6.24  |
| 1085              | 810      | 195            | 1116   | 13.48              | 19.75    | −6.28 |
| 1260              | 720      | 219            | 1152   | 16.18              | 9.88     | 6.30  |
| 1260              | 735      | 215            | 1176   | 17.89              | 11.52    | 6.37  |
| 1260              | 725      | 218            | 1160   | 16.76              | 10.29    | 6.47  |
| 1260              | 715      | 221            | 1144   | 15.59              | 9.05     | 6.54  |
| 1080              | 805      | 196            | 1104   | 12.54              | 19.34    | −6.81 |
| 1075              | 819      | 193            | 1118   | 13.63              | 20.58    | −6.95 |
| 1275              | 756      | 209            | 1224   | 21.11              | 13.99    | 7.12  |
| 1281              | 750      | 210            | 1220   | 20.85              | 13.58    | 7.27  |
| 1275              | 735      | 215            | 1190   | 18.86              | 11.52    | 7.33  |
| 1275              | 714      | 221            | 1156   | 16.47              | 9.05     | 7.42  |
| 1071              | 825      | 191            | 1122   | 13.94              | 21.40    | −7.46 |
| 1071              | 800      | 197            | 1088   | 11.25              | 18.93    | −7.68 |
| 1290              | 735      | 215            | 1204   | 19.80              | 11.52    | 8.28  |
| 1295              | 720      | 219            | 1184   | 18.45              | 9.88     | 8.57  |
| 1050              | 828      | 191            | 1104   | 12.54              | 21.40    | −8.86 |

**Table A-13. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (4 of 4)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |        |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|--------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |        |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta  |
| 1050              | 816      | 194            | 1088   | 11.25              | 20.16    | –8.92  |
| 1050              | 831      | 190            | 1108   | 12.85              | 21.81    | –8.96  |
| 1050              | 819      | 193            | 1092   | 11.57              | 20.58    | –9.00  |
| 1050              | 807      | 196            | 1076   | 10.26              | 19.34    | –9.08  |
| 1050              | 822      | 192            | 1096   | 11.90              | 20.99    | –9.09  |
| 1050              | 810      | 195            | 1080   | 10.59              | 19.75    | –9.16  |
| 1050              | 825      | 191            | 1100   | 12.22              | 21.40    | –9.18  |
| 1305              | 735      | 215            | 1218   | 20.72              | 11.52    | 9.20   |
| 1050              | 813      | 194            | 1084   | 10.92              | 20.16    | –9.24  |
| 1050              | 798      | 198            | 1064   | 9.25               | 18.52    | –9.27  |
| 1050              | 801      | 197            | 1068   | 9.59               | 18.93    | –9.34  |
| 1050              | 804      | 196            | 1072   | 9.92               | 19.34    | –9.42  |
| 1320              | 735      | 215            | 1232   | 21.62              | 11.52    | 10.10  |
| 1323              | 725      | 218            | 1218   | 20.72              | 10.29    | 10.43  |
| 1330              | 720      | 219            | 1216   | 20.59              | 9.88     | 10.72  |
| 1029              | 825      | 191            | 1078   | 10.43              | 21.40    | –10.97 |
| 1025              | 819      | 193            | 1066   | 9.42               | 20.58    | –11.16 |
| 1350              | 721      | 219            | 1236   | 21.88              | 9.88     | 12.00  |
| 1350              | 714      | 221            | 1224   | 21.11              | 9.05     | 12.06  |

**Table A-14. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Character Clocked-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1176              | 750      | 210            | 1120   | 13.79              | 13.58    | 0.21  |
| 1176              | 825      | 191            | 1232   | 21.62              | 21.40    | 0.22  |
| 1200              | 777      | 203            | 1184   | 18.45              | 16.46    | 1.98  |
| 1200              | 798      | 198            | 1216   | 20.59              | 18.52    | 2.07  |
| 1200              | 756      | 209            | 1152   | 16.18              | 13.99    | 2.19  |
| 1200              | 714      | 221            | 1088   | 11.25              | 9.05     | 2.20  |
| 1200              | 735      | 215            | 1120   | 13.79              | 11.52    | 2.26  |
| 1120              | 810      | 195            | 1152   | 16.18              | 19.75    | −3.57 |
| 1120              | 765      | 206            | 1088   | 11.25              | 15.23    | −3.98 |
| 1080              | 805      | 196            | 1104   | 12.54              | 19.34    | −6.81 |
| 1320              | 735      | 215            | 1232   | 21.62              | 11.52    | 10.10 |

**Table A-15. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Character Clocked-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (1 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1170              | 770      | 205            | 1144   | 15.59              | 15.64    | −0.04 |
| 1170              | 735      | 215            | 1092   | 11.57              | 11.52    | 0.05  |
| 1170              | 805      | 196            | 1196   | 19.26              | 19.34    | −0.08 |
| 1197              | 800      | 197            | 1216   | 20.59              | 18.93    | 1.66  |
| 1197              | 750      | 210            | 1140   | 15.30              | 13.58    | 1.72  |
| 1197              | 775      | 204            | 1178   | 18.03              | 16.05    | 1.98  |
| 1197              | 725      | 218            | 1102   | 12.38              | 10.29    | 2.09  |
| 1134              | 775      | 204            | 1116   | 13.48              | 16.05    | −2.57 |
| 1134              | 825      | 191            | 1188   | 18.72              | 21.40    | −2.68 |
| 1134              | 800      | 197            | 1152   | 16.18              | 18.93    | −2.75 |
| 1134              | 750      | 210            | 1080   | 10.59              | 13.58    | −2.99 |
| 1215              | 770      | 205            | 1188   | 18.72              | 15.64    | 3.08  |
| 1125              | 819      | 193            | 1170   | 17.47              | 20.58    | −3.11 |
| 1125              | 791      | 200            | 1130   | 14.55              | 17.70    | −3.15 |
| 1125              | 798      | 198            | 1140   | 15.30              | 18.52    | −3.22 |
| 1125              | 826      | 191            | 1180   | 18.17              | 21.40    | −3.23 |
| 1125              | 805      | 196            | 1150   | 16.03              | 19.34    | −3.31 |
| 1215              | 735      | 215            | 1134   | 14.85              | 11.52    | 3.33  |
| 1125              | 756      | 209            | 1080   | 10.59              | 13.99    | −3.40 |
| 1125              | 763      | 207            | 1090   | 11.41              | 14.81    | −3.40 |
| 1125              | 812      | 194            | 1160   | 16.76              | 20.16    | −3.41 |
| 1125              | 749      | 211            | 1070   | 9.76               | 13.17    | −3.41 |
| 1125              | 770      | 205            | 1100   | 12.22              | 15.64    | −3.42 |
| 1125              | 777      | 203            | 1110   | 13.01              | 16.46    | −3.45 |
| 1125              | 784      | 201            | 1120   | 13.79              | 17.28    | −3.50 |
| 1260              | 765      | 206            | 1224   | 21.11              | 15.23    | 5.88  |
| 1260              | 750      | 210            | 1200   | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95  |
| 1260              | 770      | 205            | 1232   | 21.62              | 15.64    | 5.99  |
| 1260              | 755      | 209            | 1208   | 20.07              | 13.99    | 6.07  |
| 1260              | 740      | 213            | 1184   | 18.45              | 12.35    | 6.10  |

*Flicker-Free Video Encoder with Ultrascale Technology***Table A-15. Overscan Values 800 x 600 NTSC, Character Clocked-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (2 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1260              | 760      | 208            | 1216   | 20.59              | 14.40    | 6.19  |
| 1260              | 730      | 216            | 1168   | 17.33              | 11.11    | 6.22  |
| 1260              | 745      | 212            | 1192   | 18.99              | 12.76    | 6.24  |
| 1260              | 720      | 219            | 1152   | 16.18              | 9.88     | 6.30  |
| 1260              | 735      | 215            | 1176   | 17.89              | 11.52    | 6.37  |
| 1260              | 725      | 218            | 1160   | 16.76              | 10.29    | 6.47  |
| 1260              | 715      | 221            | 1144   | 15.59              | 9.05     | 6.54  |
| 1080              | 805      | 196            | 1104   | 12.54              | 19.34    | −6.81 |
| 1071              | 825      | 191            | 1122   | 13.94              | 21.40    | −7.46 |
| 1071              | 800      | 197            | 1088   | 11.25              | 18.93    | −7.68 |
| 1305              | 735      | 215            | 1218   | 20.72              | 11.52    | 9.20  |
| 1323              | 725      | 218            | 1218   | 20.72              | 10.29    | 10.43 |
| 1350              | 721      | 219            | 1236   | 21.88              | 9.88     | 12.00 |
| 1350              | 714      | 221            | 1224   | 21.11              | 9.05     | 12.06 |

**Table A-16. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (1 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 945               | 750      | 250            | 1134   | 13.17              | 13.19    | -0.02      |
| 950               | 750      | 250            | 1140   | 13.63              | 13.19    | 0.44       |
| 950               | 775      | 242            | 1178   | 16.42              | 15.97    | 0.44       |
| 940               | 750      | 250            | 1128   | 12.71              | 13.19    | -0.48      |
| 950               | 725      | 259            | 1102   | 10.65              | 10.07    | 0.58       |
| 950               | 800      | 235            | 1216   | 19.03              | 18.40    | 0.63       |
| 950               | 825      | 228            | 1254   | 21.48              | 20.83    | 0.65       |
| 955               | 750      | 250            | 1146   | 14.08              | 13.19    | 0.89       |
| 935               | 750      | 250            | 1122   | 12.24              | 13.19    | -0.95      |
| 960               | 750      | 250            | 1152   | 14.53              | 13.19    | 1.34       |
| 930               | 750      | 250            | 1116   | 11.77              | 13.19    | -1.42      |
| 925               | 825      | 228            | 1221   | 19.36              | 20.83    | -1.47      |
| 925               | 800      | 235            | 1184   | 16.84              | 18.40    | -1.56      |
| 965               | 750      | 250            | 1158   | 14.97              | 13.19    | 1.78       |
| 925               | 775      | 242            | 1147   | 14.16              | 15.97    | -1.81      |
| 925               | 750      | 250            | 1110   | 11.30              | 13.19    | -1.90      |
| 970               | 750      | 250            | 1164   | 15.41              | 13.19    | 2.22       |
| 920               | 750      | 250            | 1104   | 10.81              | 13.19    | -2.38      |
| 975               | 775      | 242            | 1209   | 18.56              | 15.97    | 2.59       |
| 975               | 750      | 250            | 1170   | 15.84              | 13.19    | 2.65       |
| 975               | 800      | 235            | 1248   | 21.10              | 18.40    | 2.70       |
| 915               | 750      | 250            | 1098   | 10.33              | 13.19    | -2.87      |
| 975               | 725      | 259            | 1131   | 12.94              | 10.07    | 2.87       |
| 980               | 750      | 250            | 1176   | 16.27              | 13.19    | 3.08       |
| 910               | 750      | 250            | 1092   | 9.83               | 13.19    | -3.36      |
| 985               | 750      | 250            | 1182   | 16.70              | 13.19    | 3.50       |
| 900               | 825      | 228            | 1188   | 17.12              | 20.83    | -3.71      |
| 905               | 750      | 250            | 1086   | 9.34               | 13.19    | -3.86      |
| 900               | 800      | 235            | 1152   | 14.53              | 18.40    | -3.87      |
| 990               | 750      | 250            | 1188   | 17.12              | 13.19    | 3.93       |
| 900               | 775      | 242            | 1116   | 11.77              | 15.97    | -4.20      |

**Table A-16. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 PAL-BDGH1, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >2.5  $\mu$ s HBlank (2 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 995               | 750      | 250            | 1194   | 17.54              | 13.19    | 4.34       |
| 1000              | 785      | 239            | 1256   | 21.61              | 17.01    | 4.59       |
| 1000              | 775      | 242            | 1240   | 20.60              | 15.97    | 4.62       |
| 1000              | 750      | 250            | 1200   | 17.95              | 13.19    | 4.75       |
| 1000              | 780      | 241            | 1248   | 21.10              | 16.32    | 4.79       |
| 1000              | 760      | 247            | 1216   | 19.03              | 14.24    | 4.79       |
| 1000              | 770      | 244            | 1232   | 20.08              | 15.28    | 4.80       |
| 1000              | 745      | 252            | 1192   | 17.40              | 12.50    | 4.90       |
| 1000              | 730      | 257            | 1168   | 15.70              | 10.76    | 4.94       |
| 1000              | 755      | 249            | 1208   | 18.49              | 13.54    | 4.95       |
| 1000              | 765      | 246            | 1224   | 19.56              | 14.58    | 4.97       |

**Table A-17. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 960               | 750      | 250            | 1152   | 14.53              | 13.19    | 1.34       |
| 920               | 750      | 250            | 1104   | 10.81              | 13.19    | -2.38      |
| 1000              | 785      | 239            | 1256   | 21.61              | 17.01    | 4.59       |
| 1000              | 775      | 242            | 1240   | 20.60              | 15.97    | 4.62       |
| 1000              | 750      | 250            | 1200   | 17.95              | 13.19    | 4.75       |
| 1000              | 780      | 241            | 1248   | 21.10              | 16.32    | 4.79       |
| 1000              | 760      | 247            | 1216   | 19.03              | 14.24    | 4.79       |
| 1000              | 770      | 244            | 1232   | 20.08              | 15.28    | 4.80       |
| 1000              | 745      | 252            | 1192   | 17.40              | 12.50    | 4.90       |
| 1000              | 730      | 257            | 1168   | 15.70              | 10.76    | 4.94       |
| 1000              | 755      | 249            | 1208   | 18.49              | 13.54    | 4.95       |
| 1000              | 765      | 246            | 1224   | 19.56              | 14.58    | 4.97       |
| 1000              | 740      | 254            | 1184   | 16.84              | 11.81    | 5.03       |
| 1000              | 725      | 259            | 1160   | 15.12              | 10.07    | 5.05       |
| 1000              | 720      | 261            | 1152   | 14.53              | 9.38     | 5.15       |
| 1000              | 735      | 256            | 1176   | 16.27              | 11.11    | 5.16       |
| 1000              | 715      | 263            | 1144   | 13.93              | 8.68     | 5.25       |
| 1040              | 750      | 250            | 1248   | 21.10              | 13.19    | 7.91       |

**Table A-18. Overscan Values, 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |            |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |            |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Resolution |
| 945               | 750      | 250            | 1134   | 13.17              | 13.19    | −0.02      |
| 900               | 825      | 228            | 1188   | 17.12              | 20.83    | −3.71      |
| 900               | 800      | 235            | 1152   | 14.53              | 18.40    | −3.87      |
| 990               | 750      | 250            | 1188   | 17.12              | 13.19    | 3.93       |
| 900               | 775      | 242            | 1116   | 11.77              | 15.97    | −4.20      |
| 1035              | 750      | 250            | 1242   | 20.72              | 13.19    | 7.53       |

**Table A-19. Overscan Values 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (1 of 3)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1420              | 750      | 250            | 1136   | 13.33              | 13.19    | 0.13  |
| 1415              | 750      | 250            | 1132   | 13.02              | 13.19    | −0.17 |
| 1425              | 750      | 250            | 1140   | 13.63              | 13.19    | 0.44  |
| 1425              | 775      | 242            | 1178   | 16.42              | 15.97    | 0.44  |
| 1410              | 750      | 250            | 1128   | 12.71              | 13.19    | −0.48 |
| 1425              | 725      | 259            | 1102   | 10.65              | 10.07    | 0.58  |
| 1425              | 800      | 235            | 1216   | 19.03              | 18.40    | 0.63  |
| 1425              | 825      | 228            | 1254   | 21.48              | 20.83    | 0.65  |
| 1430              | 750      | 250            | 1144   | 13.93              | 13.19    | 0.74  |
| 1400              | 825      | 228            | 1232   | 20.08              | 20.83    | −0.75 |
| 1405              | 750      | 250            | 1124   | 12.40              | 13.19    | −0.79 |
| 1435              | 750      | 250            | 1148   | 14.23              | 13.19    | 1.04  |
| 1400              | 750      | 250            | 1120   | 12.09              | 13.19    | −1.11 |
| 1440              | 750      | 250            | 1152   | 14.53              | 13.19    | 1.34  |
| 1395              | 750      | 250            | 1116   | 11.77              | 13.19    | −1.42 |
| 1445              | 750      | 250            | 1156   | 14.83              | 13.19    | 1.63  |
| 1390              | 750      | 250            | 1112   | 11.46              | 13.19    | −1.74 |
| 1450              | 750      | 250            | 1160   | 15.12              | 13.19    | 1.92  |
| 1385              | 750      | 250            | 1108   | 11.14              | 13.19    | −2.06 |
| 1375              | 825      | 228            | 1210   | 18.63              | 20.83    | −2.21 |
| 1455              | 750      | 250            | 1164   | 15.41              | 13.19    | 2.22  |
| 1375              | 810      | 232            | 1188   | 17.12              | 19.44    | −2.32 |
| 1375              | 765      | 246            | 1122   | 12.24              | 14.58    | −2.34 |
| 1380              | 750      | 250            | 1104   | 10.81              | 13.19    | −2.38 |
| 1375              | 780      | 241            | 1144   | 13.93              | 16.32    | −2.39 |
| 1375              | 795      | 236            | 1166   | 15.56              | 18.06    | −2.50 |
| 1460              | 750      | 250            | 1168   | 15.70              | 13.19    | 2.51  |
| 1375              | 750      | 250            | 1100   | 10.49              | 13.19    | −2.70 |
| 1465              | 750      | 250            | 1172   | 15.99              | 13.19    | 2.79  |
| 1370              | 750      | 250            | 1096   | 10.16              | 13.19    | −3.03 |

**Table A-19. Overscan Values 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (2 of 3)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1470              | 750      | 250            | 1176   | 16.27              | 13.19    | 3.08  |
| 1365              | 750      | 250            | 1092   | 9.83               | 13.19    | −3.36 |
| 1475              | 750      | 250            | 1180   | 16.56              | 13.19    | 3.36  |
| 1480              | 750      | 250            | 1184   | 16.84              | 13.19    | 3.65  |
| 1360              | 750      | 250            | 1088   | 9.50               | 13.19    | −3.69 |
| 1350              | 825      | 228            | 1188   | 17.12              | 20.83    | −3.71 |
| 1350              | 800      | 235            | 1152   | 14.53              | 18.40    | −3.87 |
| 1485              | 750      | 250            | 1188   | 17.12              | 13.19    | 3.93  |
| 1355              | 750      | 250            | 1084   | 9.17               | 13.19    | −4.03 |
| 1350              | 775      | 242            | 1116   | 11.77              | 15.97    | −4.20 |
| 1490              | 750      | 250            | 1192   | 17.40              | 13.19    | 4.20  |
| 1495              | 750      | 250            | 1196   | 17.67              | 13.19    | 4.48  |
| 1500              | 785      | 239            | 1256   | 21.61              | 17.01    | 4.59  |
| 1500              | 775      | 242            | 1240   | 20.60              | 15.97    | 4.62  |
| 1500              | 750      | 250            | 1200   | 17.95              | 13.19    | 4.75  |
| 1500              | 780      | 241            | 1248   | 21.10              | 16.32    | 4.79  |
| 1500              | 760      | 247            | 1216   | 19.03              | 14.24    | 4.79  |
| 1500              | 770      | 244            | 1232   | 20.08              | 15.28    | 4.80  |
| 1500              | 745      | 252            | 1192   | 17.40              | 12.50    | 4.90  |
| 1500              | 730      | 257            | 1168   | 15.70              | 10.76    | 4.94  |
| 1500              | 755      | 249            | 1208   | 18.49              | 13.54    | 4.95  |
| 1500              | 765      | 246            | 1224   | 19.56              | 14.58    | 4.97  |
| 1505              | 750      | 250            | 1204   | 18.22              | 13.19    | 5.03  |
| 1500              | 740      | 254            | 1184   | 16.84              | 11.81    | 5.03  |
| 1500              | 725      | 259            | 1160   | 15.12              | 10.07    | 5.05  |
| 1500              | 720      | 261            | 1152   | 14.53              | 9.38     | 5.15  |
| 1500              | 735      | 256            | 1176   | 16.27              | 11.11    | 5.16  |
| 1500              | 715      | 263            | 1144   | 13.93              | 8.68     | 5.25  |
| 1325              | 825      | 228            | 1166   | 15.56              | 20.83    | −5.28 |
| 1510              | 750      | 250            | 1208   | 18.49              | 13.19    | 5.30  |

**Table A-19. Overscan Values 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode (3 of 3)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |        |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|--------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |        |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta  |
| 1515              | 750      | 250            | 1212   | 18.76              | 13.19    | 5.57   |
| 1520              | 750      | 250            | 1216   | 19.03              | 13.19    | 5.83   |
| 1525              | 750      | 250            | 1220   | 19.29              | 13.19    | 6.10   |
| 1530              | 750      | 250            | 1224   | 19.56              | 13.19    | 6.36   |
| 1535              | 750      | 250            | 1228   | 19.82              | 13.19    | 6.63   |
| 1540              | 750      | 250            | 1232   | 20.08              | 13.19    | 6.89   |
| 1300              | 825      | 228            | 1144   | 13.93              | 20.83    | −6.90  |
| 1545              | 750      | 250            | 1236   | 20.34              | 13.19    | 7.14   |
| 1550              | 750      | 250            | 1240   | 20.60              | 13.19    | 7.40   |
| 1555              | 750      | 250            | 1244   | 20.85              | 13.19    | 7.66   |
| 1560              | 750      | 250            | 1248   | 21.10              | 13.19    | 7.91   |
| 1565              | 750      | 250            | 1252   | 21.36              | 13.19    | 8.16   |
| 1570              | 750      | 250            | 1256   | 21.61              | 13.19    | 8.41   |
| 1275              | 825      | 228            | 1122   | 12.24              | 20.83    | −8.59  |
| 1575              | 750      | 250            | 1260   | 21.86              | 13.19    | 8.66   |
| 1275              | 800      | 235            | 1088   | 9.50               | 18.40    | −8.90  |
| 1575              | 725      | 259            | 1218   | 19.16              | 10.07    | 9.09   |
| 1250              | 822      | 229            | 1096   | 10.16              | 20.49    | −10.32 |
| 1250              | 825      | 228            | 1100   | 10.49              | 20.83    | −10.34 |
| 1250              | 828      | 227            | 1104   | 10.81              | 21.18    | −10.37 |
| 1250              | 831      | 226            | 1108   | 11.14              | 21.53    | −10.39 |
| 1250              | 834      | 225            | 1112   | 11.46              | 21.88    | −10.42 |
| 1250              | 813      | 231            | 1084   | 9.17               | 19.79    | −10.62 |
| 1250              | 816      | 230            | 1088   | 9.50               | 20.14    | −10.64 |
| 1250              | 819      | 229            | 1092   | 9.83               | 20.49    | −10.65 |
| 1625              | 720      | 261            | 1248   | 21.10              | 9.38     | 11.73  |

**Table A-20. Overscan Values 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1400              | 825      | 228            | 1232   | 20.08              | 20.83    | −0.75 |
| 1400              | 750      | 250            | 1120   | 12.09              | 13.19    | −1.11 |
| 1440              | 750      | 250            | 1152   | 14.53              | 13.19    | 1.34  |
| 1480              | 750      | 250            | 1184   | 16.84              | 13.19    | 3.65  |
| 1360              | 750      | 250            | 1088   | 9.50               | 13.19    | −3.69 |
| 1520              | 750      | 250            | 1216   | 19.03              | 13.19    | 5.83  |
| 1560              | 750      | 250            | 1248   | 21.10              | 13.19    | 7.91  |

**Table A-21. Overscan Values 800 x 600 PAL-BDGI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution, 3:2 Clocking Mode**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1440              | 750      | 250            | 1152   | 14.53              | 13.19    | 1.34  |
| 1395              | 750      | 250            | 1116   | 11.77              | 13.19    | −1.42 |
| 1350              | 825      | 228            | 1188   | 17.12              | 20.83    | −3.71 |
| 1350              | 800      | 235            | 1152   | 14.53              | 18.40    | −3.87 |
| 1485              | 750      | 250            | 1188   | 17.12              | 13.19    | 3.93  |
| 1350              | 775      | 242            | 1116   | 11.77              | 15.97    | −4.20 |
| 1530              | 750      | 250            | 1224   | 19.56              | 13.19    | 6.36  |
| 1575              | 750      | 250            | 1260   | 21.86              | 13.19    | 8.66  |
| 1575              | 725      | 259            | 1218   | 19.16              | 10.07    | 9.09  |

**Table A-22. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >1.50  $\mu$ s. Hblank (1 of 4)**

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1173                | 1050     | 192            | 1564   | 20.97              | 20.99    | -0.01 |
| 1170                | 945      | 214            | 1404   | 11.97              | 11.93    | 0.03  |
| 1170                | 1015     | 199            | 1508   | 18.04              | 18.11    | -0.07 |
| 1170                | 980      | 206            | 1456   | 15.11              | 15.23    | -0.11 |
| 1175                | 1008     | 200            | 1504   | 17.82              | 17.7     | 0.13  |
| 1176                | 1050     | 192            | 1568   | 21.18              | 20.99    | 0.19  |
| 1170                | 1050     | 192            | 1560   | 20.77              | 20.99    | -0.22 |
| 1176                | 975      | 207            | 1456   | 15.11              | 14.81    | 0.3   |
| 1165                | 945      | 214            | 1398   | 11.59              | 11.93    | -0.34 |
| 1179                | 1050     | 192            | 1572   | 21.38              | 20.99    | 0.39  |
| 1175                | 945      | 214            | 1410   | 12.34              | 11.93    | 0.41  |
| 1167                | 1050     | 192            | 1556   | 20.57              | 20.99    | -0.42 |
| 1182                | 1050     | 192            | 1576   | 21.58              | 20.99    | 0.59  |
| 1164                | 1050     | 192            | 1552   | 20.36              | 20.99    | -0.63 |
| 1160                | 945      | 214            | 1392   | 11.21              | 11.93    | -0.73 |
| 1180                | 945      | 214            | 1416   | 12.71              | 11.93    | 0.78  |
| 1185                | 1050     | 192            | 1580   | 21.77              | 20.99    | 0.79  |
| 1161                | 1050     | 192            | 1548   | 20.16              | 20.99    | -0.83 |
| 1188                | 1050     | 192            | 1584   | 21.97              | 20.99    | 0.98  |
| 1158                | 1050     | 192            | 1544   | 19.95              | 20.99    | -1.04 |
| 1155                | 945      | 214            | 1386   | 10.82              | 11.93    | -1.11 |
| 1155                | 1005     | 201            | 1474   | 16.15              | 17.28    | -1.14 |
| 1155                | 1020     | 198            | 1496   | 17.38              | 18.52    | -1.14 |
| 1185                | 945      | 214            | 1422   | 13.08              | 11.93    | 1.15  |
| 1155                | 990      | 204            | 1452   | 14.88              | 16.05    | -1.17 |
| 1155                | 1035     | 195            | 1518   | 18.58              | 19.75    | -1.17 |
| 1190                | 1035     | 195            | 1564   | 20.97              | 19.75    | 1.22  |
| 1155                | 1050     | 192            | 1540   | 19.74              | 20.99    | -1.25 |
| 1155                | 975      | 207            | 1430   | 13.57              | 14.81    | -1.25 |
| 1155                | 930      | 217            | 1364   | 9.39               | 10.7     | -1.31 |
| 1190                | 990      | 204            | 1496   | 17.38              | 16.05    | 1.33  |

**Table A-22. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >1.50  $\mu$ s. Hblank (2 of 4)**

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1155                | 960      | 210            | 1408   | 12.22              | 13.58    | -1.36 |
| 1152                | 1050     | 192            | 1536   | 19.53              | 20.99    | -1.45 |
| 1150                | 945      | 214            | 1380   | 10.44              | 11.93    | -1.5  |
| 1190                | 945      | 214            | 1428   | 13.45              | 11.93    | 1.51  |
| 1150                | 1008     | 200            | 1472   | 16.03              | 17.7     | -1.66 |
| 1149                | 1050     | 192            | 1532   | 19.32              | 20.99    | -1.66 |
| 1197                | 1025     | 197            | 1558   | 20.67              | 18.93    | 1.74  |
| 1197                | 975      | 207            | 1482   | 16.6               | 14.81    | 1.79  |
| 1197                | 925      | 218            | 1406   | 12.09              | 10.29    | 1.8   |
| 1197                | 1000     | 202            | 1520   | 18.69              | 16.87    | 1.81  |
| 1200                | 1029     | 196            | 1568   | 21.18              | 19.34    | 1.83  |
| 1200                | 1008     | 200            | 1536   | 19.53              | 17.7     | 1.84  |
| 1195                | 945      | 214            | 1434   | 13.81              | 11.93    | 1.88  |
| 1146                | 1050     | 192            | 1528   | 19.11              | 20.99    | -1.88 |
| 1145                | 945      | 214            | 1374   | 10.05              | 11.93    | -1.89 |
| 1200                | 966      | 209            | 1472   | 16.03              | 13.99    | 2.04  |
| 1197                | 950      | 213            | 1444   | 14.41              | 12.35    | 2.06  |
| 1143                | 1050     | 192            | 1524   | 18.9               | 20.99    | -2.09 |
| 1200                | 987      | 205            | 1504   | 17.82              | 15.64    | 2.18  |
| 1200                | 945      | 214            | 1440   | 14.17              | 11.93    | 2.23  |
| 1140                | 945      | 214            | 1368   | 9.65               | 11.93    | -2.28 |
| 1140                | 1050     | 192            | 1520   | 18.69              | 20.99    | -2.3  |
| 1200                | 924      | 219            | 1408   | 12.22              | 9.88     | 2.34  |
| 1137                | 1050     | 192            | 1516   | 18.47              | 20.99    | -2.52 |
| 1205                | 945      | 214            | 1446   | 14.52              | 11.93    | 2.59  |
| 1134                | 1025     | 197            | 1476   | 16.26              | 18.93    | -2.67 |
| 1135                | 945      | 214            | 1362   | 9.25               | 11.93    | -2.68 |
| 1134                | 950      | 213            | 1368   | 9.65               | 12.35    | -2.69 |
| 1134                | 1000     | 202            | 1440   | 14.17              | 16.87    | -2.7  |
| 1134                | 1050     | 192            | 1512   | 18.26              | 20.99    | -2.73 |
| 1134                | 975      | 207            | 1404   | 11.97              | 14.81    | -2.85 |

**Table A-22. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >1.50  $\mu$ s. Hblank (3 of 4)**

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1210                | 945      | 214            | 1452   | 14.88              | 11.93    | 2.94  |
| 1215                | 1015     | 199            | 1566   | 21.07              | 18.11    | 2.97  |
| 1215                | 980      | 206            | 1512   | 18.26              | 15.23    | 3.03  |
| 1218                | 975      | 207            | 1508   | 18.04              | 14.81    | 3.22  |
| 1215                | 945      | 214            | 1458   | 15.23              | 11.93    | 3.29  |
| 1125                | 987      | 205            | 1410   | 12.34              | 15.64    | -3.3  |
| 1125                | 973      | 208            | 1390   | 11.08              | 14.4     | -3.32 |
| 1125                | 959      | 211            | 1370   | 9.78               | 13.17    | -3.39 |
| 1225                | 1008     | 200            | 1568   | 21.18              | 17.7     | 3.48  |
| 1125                | 994      | 203            | 1420   | 12.96              | 16.46    | -3.5  |
| 1125                | 980      | 206            | 1400   | 11.72              | 15.23    | -3.51 |
| 1125                | 966      | 209            | 1380   | 10.44              | 13.99    | -3.56 |
| 1225                | 999      | 202            | 1554   | 20.47              | 16.87    | 3.59  |
| 1125                | 952      | 212            | 1360   | 9.12               | 12.76    | -3.64 |
| 1220                | 945      | 214            | 1464   | 15.58              | 11.93    | 3.64  |
| 1225                | 990      | 204            | 1540   | 19.74              | 16.05    | 3.69  |
| 1225                | 1017     | 199            | 1582   | 21.87              | 18.11    | 3.77  |
| 1225                | 981      | 206            | 1526   | 19.01              | 15.23    | 3.78  |
| 1225                | 972      | 208            | 1512   | 18.26              | 14.4     | 3.85  |
| 1225                | 963      | 210            | 1498   | 17.49              | 13.58    | 3.91  |
| 1225                | 954      | 212            | 1484   | 16.71              | 12.76    | 3.96  |
| 1225                | 918      | 220            | 1428   | 13.45              | 9.47     | 3.98  |
| 1225                | 945      | 214            | 1470   | 15.92              | 11.93    | 3.99  |
| 1225                | 927      | 218            | 1442   | 14.29              | 10.29    | 4     |
| 1225                | 936      | 216            | 1456   | 15.11              | 11.11    | 4     |
| 1230                | 945      | 214            | 1476   | 16.26              | 11.93    | 4.33  |
| 1239                | 975      | 207            | 1534   | 19.43              | 14.81    | 4.61  |
| 1235                | 945      | 214            | 1482   | 16.6               | 11.93    | 4.67  |
| 1240                | 945      | 214            | 1488   | 16.94              | 11.93    | 5     |
| 1245                | 945      | 214            | 1494   | 17.27              | 11.93    | 5.34  |
| 1250                | 945      | 214            | 1500   | 17.6               | 11.93    | 5.67  |

**Table A-22. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >1.50  $\mu$ s. Hblank (4 of 4)**

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1260                | 990      | 204            | 1584   | 21.97              | 16.05    | 5.92  |
| 1260                | 985      | 205            | 1576   | 21.58              | 15.64    | 5.94  |
| 1260                | 980      | 206            | 1568   | 21.18              | 15.23    | 5.95  |
| 1260                | 960      | 210            | 1536   | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95  |
| 1260                | 975      | 207            | 1560   | 20.77              | 14.81    | 5.96  |
| 1260                | 965      | 209            | 1544   | 19.95              | 13.99    | 5.96  |
| 1260                | 970      | 208            | 1552   | 20.36              | 14.4     | 5.96  |
| 1255                | 945      | 214            | 1506   | 17.93              | 11.93    | 6     |
| 1260                | 925      | 218            | 1480   | 16.49              | 10.29    | 6.2   |
| 1260                | 930      | 217            | 1488   | 16.94              | 10.7     | 6.24  |
| 1260                | 935      | 216            | 1496   | 17.38              | 11.11    | 6.27  |
| 1260                | 940      | 215            | 1504   | 17.82              | 11.52    | 6.3   |
| 1260                | 945      | 214            | 1512   | 18.26              | 11.93    | 6.32  |
| 1260                | 950      | 213            | 1520   | 18.69              | 12.35    | 6.34  |
| 1260                | 955      | 212            | 1528   | 19.11              | 12.76    | 6.35  |
| 1260                | 915      | 221            | 1464   | 15.58              | 9.05     | 6.52  |
| 1260                | 920      | 220            | 1472   | 16.03              | 9.47     | 6.57  |
| 1265                | 945      | 214            | 1518   | 18.58              | 11.93    | 6.64  |
| 1270                | 945      | 214            | 1524   | 18.9               | 11.93    | 6.97  |
| 1275                | 966      | 209            | 1564   | 20.97              | 13.99    | 6.98  |

**Table A-23. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, >1.50  $\mu$ s HBlank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1176              | 1050     | 192            | 1568   | 21.18              | 20.99    | 0.19  |
| 1176              | 975      | 207            | 1456   | 15.11              | 14.81    | 0.30  |
| 1160              | 945      | 214            | 1392   | 11.21              | 11.93    | −0.73 |
| 1152              | 1050     | 192            | 1536   | 19.53              | 20.99    | −1.45 |
| 1200              | 1029     | 196            | 1568   | 21.18              | 19.34    | 1.83  |
| 1200              | 1008     | 200            | 1536   | 19.53              | 17.70    | 1.84  |
| 1200              | 966      | 209            | 1472   | 16.03              | 13.99    | 2.04  |
| 1200              | 987      | 205            | 1504   | 17.82              | 15.64    | 2.18  |
| 1200              | 945      | 214            | 1440   | 14.17              | 11.93    | 2.23  |
| 1200              | 924      | 219            | 1408   | 12.22              | 9.88     | 2.34  |
| 1240              | 945      | 214            | 1488   | 16.94              | 11.93    | 5.00  |
| 1280              | 945      | 214            | 1536   | 19.53              | 11.93    | 7.60  |
| 1320              | 945      | 214            | 1584   | 21.97              | 11.93    | 10.04 |
| 1176              | 1050     | 192            | 1568   | 21.18              | 20.99    | 0.19  |
| 1176              | 975      | 207            | 1456   | 15.11              | 14.81    | 0.30  |
| 1160              | 945      | 214            | 1392   | 11.21              | 11.93    | −0.73 |
| 1152              | 1050     | 192            | 1536   | 19.53              | 20.99    | −1.45 |
| 1200              | 1029     | 196            | 1568   | 21.18              | 19.34    | 1.83  |
| 1200              | 1008     | 200            | 1536   | 19.53              | 17.70    | 1.84  |
| 1200              | 966      | 209            | 1472   | 16.03              | 13.99    | 2.04  |
| 1200              | 987      | 205            | 1504   | 17.82              | 15.64    | 2.18  |
| 1200              | 945      | 214            | 1440   | 14.17              | 11.93    | 2.23  |
| 1200              | 924      | 219            | 1408   | 12.22              | 9.88     | 2.34  |
| 1128              | 1050     | 192            | 1504   | 17.82              | 20.99    | −3.17 |
| 1240              | 945      | 214            | 1488   | 16.94              | 11.93    | 5.00  |
| 1280              | 945      | 214            | 1536   | 19.53              | 11.93    | 7.60  |

**Table A-24. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution (1 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1170              | 945      | 214            | 1404   | 11.97              | 11.93    | 0.03  |
| 1170              | 1015     | 199            | 1508   | 18.04              | 18.11    | −0.07 |
| 1170              | 980      | 206            | 1456   | 15.11              | 15.23    | −0.11 |
| 1170              | 1050     | 192            | 1560   | 20.77              | 20.99    | −0.22 |
| 1179              | 1050     | 192            | 1572   | 21.38              | 20.99    | 0.39  |
| 1161              | 1050     | 192            | 1548   | 20.16              | 20.99    | −0.83 |
| 1188              | 1050     | 192            | 1584   | 21.97              | 20.99    | 0.98  |
| 1152              | 1050     | 192            | 1536   | 19.53              | 20.99    | −1.45 |
| 1197              | 1025     | 197            | 1558   | 20.67              | 18.93    | 1.74  |
| 1197              | 975      | 207            | 1482   | 16.60              | 14.81    | 1.79  |
| 1197              | 925      | 218            | 1406   | 12.09              | 10.29    | 1.80  |
| 1197              | 1000     | 202            | 1520   | 18.69              | 16.87    | 1.81  |
| 1197              | 950      | 213            | 1444   | 14.41              | 12.35    | 2.06  |
| 1143              | 1050     | 192            | 1524   | 18.90              | 20.99    | −2.09 |
| 1134              | 1025     | 197            | 1476   | 16.26              | 18.93    | −2.67 |
| 1134              | 950      | 213            | 1368   | 9.65               | 12.35    | −2.69 |
| 1134              | 1000     | 202            | 1440   | 14.17              | 16.87    | −2.70 |
| 1134              | 1050     | 192            | 1512   | 18.26              | 20.99    | −2.73 |
| 1134              | 975      | 207            | 1404   | 11.97              | 14.81    | −2.85 |
| 1215              | 1015     | 199            | 1566   | 21.07              | 18.11    | 2.97  |
| 1215              | 980      | 206            | 1512   | 18.26              | 15.23    | 3.03  |
| 1215              | 945      | 214            | 1458   | 15.23              | 11.93    | 3.29  |
| 1125              | 987      | 205            | 1410   | 12.34              | 15.64    | −3.30 |
| 1125              | 1001     | 202            | 1430   | 13.57              | 16.87    | −3.30 |
| 1125              | 973      | 208            | 1390   | 11.08              | 14.40    | −3.32 |
| 1125              | 959      | 211            | 1370   | 9.78               | 13.17    | −3.39 |
| 1125              | 994      | 203            | 1420   | 12.96              | 16.46    | −3.50 |
| 1125              | 980      | 206            | 1400   | 11.72              | 15.23    | −3.51 |
| 1125              | 966      | 209            | 1380   | 10.44              | 13.99    | −3.56 |
| 1125              | 952      | 212            | 1360   | 9.12               | 12.76    | −3.64 |

**Table A-24. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 NTSC, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution (2 of 2)**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1260              | 990      | 204            | 1584   | 21.97              | 16.05    | 5.92  |
| 1260              | 985      | 205            | 1576   | 21.58              | 15.64    | 5.94  |
| 1260              | 980      | 206            | 1568   | 21.18              | 15.23    | 5.95  |
| 1260              | 960      | 210            | 1536   | 19.53              | 13.58    | 5.95  |
| 1260              | 975      | 207            | 1560   | 20.77              | 14.81    | 5.96  |
| 1260              | 965      | 209            | 1544   | 19.95              | 13.99    | 5.96  |
| 1260              | 970      | 208            | 1552   | 20.36              | 14.40    | 5.96  |
| 1260              | 925      | 218            | 1480   | 16.49              | 10.29    | 6.20  |
| 1260              | 930      | 217            | 1488   | 16.94              | 10.70    | 6.24  |
| 1260              | 935      | 216            | 1496   | 17.38              | 11.11    | 6.27  |
| 1260              | 940      | 215            | 1504   | 17.82              | 11.52    | 6.30  |
| 1260              | 945      | 214            | 1512   | 18.26              | 11.93    | 6.32  |
| 1260              | 950      | 213            | 1520   | 18.69              | 12.35    | 6.34  |
| 1260              | 955      | 212            | 1528   | 19.11              | 12.76    | 6.35  |
| 1260              | 915      | 221            | 1464   | 15.58              | 9.05     | 6.52  |
| 1260              | 920      | 220            | 1472   | 16.03              | 9.47     | 6.57  |

**Table A-25. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >3  $\mu$ s Hblank (1 of 3)**

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1425                | 1000     | 240            | 1520   | 17.09              | 16.67    | 0.42  |
| 1410                | 1000     | 240            | 1504   | 16.2               | 16.67    | -0.46 |
| 1425                | 1050     | 229            | 1596   | 21.03              | 20.49    | 0.55  |
| 1425                | 950      | 253            | 1444   | 12.72              | 12.15    | 0.57  |
| 1425                | 925      | 260            | 1406   | 10.36              | 9.72     | 0.64  |
| 1425                | 1025     | 235            | 1558   | 19.11              | 18.4     | 0.7   |
| 1425                | 975      | 247            | 1482   | 14.96              | 14.24    | 0.72  |
| 1400                | 975      | 247            | 1456   | 13.44              | 14.24    | -0.8  |
| 1400                | 1050     | 229            | 1568   | 19.62              | 20.49    | -0.86 |
| 1440                | 1000     | 240            | 1536   | 17.95              | 16.67    | 1.28  |
| 1395                | 1000     | 240            | 1488   | 15.3               | 16.67    | -1.36 |
| 1455                | 1000     | 240            | 1552   | 18.79              | 16.67    | 2.13  |
| 1450                | 975      | 247            | 1508   | 16.43              | 14.24    | 2.19  |
| 1375                | 1065     | 226            | 1562   | 19.31              | 21.53    | -2.21 |
| 1380                | 1000     | 240            | 1472   | 14.38              | 16.67    | -2.29 |
| 1375                | 1020     | 236            | 1496   | 15.75              | 18.06    | -2.3  |
| 1375                | 1050     | 229            | 1540   | 18.16              | 20.49    | -2.32 |
| 1375                | 975      | 247            | 1430   | 11.87              | 14.24    | -2.37 |
| 1375                | 990      | 243            | 1452   | 13.2               | 15.62    | -2.42 |
| 1375                | 1035     | 232            | 1518   | 16.98              | 19.44    | -2.47 |
| 1375                | 1005     | 239            | 1474   | 14.5               | 17.01    | -2.52 |
| 1375                | 960      | 250            | 1408   | 10.49              | 13.19    | -2.7  |
| 1375                | 945      | 254            | 1386   | 9.07               | 11.81    | -2.74 |
| 1470                | 1000     | 240            | 1568   | 19.62              | 16.67    | 2.96  |
| 1365                | 1000     | 240            | 1456   | 13.44              | 16.67    | -3.23 |
| 1475                | 975      | 247            | 1534   | 17.84              | 14.24    | 3.61  |
| 1485                | 1000     | 240            | 1584   | 20.44              | 16.67    | 3.77  |
| 1350                | 1025     | 235            | 1476   | 14.61              | 18.4     | -3.79 |
| 1350                | 1050     | 229            | 1512   | 16.65              | 20.49    | -3.84 |
| 1350                | 975      | 247            | 1404   | 10.23              | 14.24    | -4    |
| 1350                | 1000     | 240            | 1440   | 12.48              | 16.67    | -4.19 |

Table A-25. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >3  $\mu$ s Hblank (2 of 3)

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1500                | 1000     | 240            | 1600   | 21.23              | 16.67    | 4.56  |
| 1500                | 1005     | 239            | 1608   | 21.62              | 17.01    | 4.61  |
| 1500                | 1010     | 238            | 1616   | 22.01              | 17.36    | 4.65  |
| 1500                | 980      | 245            | 1568   | 19.62              | 14.93    | 4.69  |
| 1500                | 985      | 244            | 1576   | 20.03              | 15.28    | 4.75  |
| 1500                | 960      | 250            | 1536   | 17.95              | 13.19    | 4.75  |
| 1500                | 990      | 243            | 1584   | 20.44              | 15.62    | 4.81  |
| 1500                | 965      | 249            | 1544   | 18.37              | 13.54    | 4.83  |
| 1500                | 945      | 254            | 1512   | 16.65              | 11.81    | 4.84  |
| 1500                | 995      | 242            | 1592   | 20.83              | 15.97    | 4.86  |
| 1500                | 970      | 248            | 1552   | 18.79              | 13.89    | 4.91  |
| 1500                | 950      | 253            | 1520   | 17.09              | 12.15    | 4.93  |
| 1500                | 975      | 247            | 1560   | 19.21              | 14.24    | 4.97  |
| 1500                | 935      | 257            | 1496   | 15.75              | 10.76    | 4.99  |
| 1500                | 920      | 261            | 1472   | 14.38              | 9.38     | 5.01  |
| 1500                | 955      | 252            | 1528   | 17.52              | 12.5     | 5.02  |
| 1500                | 940      | 256            | 1504   | 16.2               | 11.11    | 5.09  |
| 1500                | 925      | 260            | 1480   | 14.84              | 9.72     | 5.12  |
| 1335                | 1000     | 240            | 1424   | 11.5               | 16.67    | -5.17 |
| 1500                | 930      | 259            | 1488   | 15.3               | 10.07    | 5.23  |
| 1500                | 915      | 263            | 1464   | 13.91              | 8.68     | 5.23  |
| 1515                | 1000     | 240            | 1616   | 22.01              | 16.67    | 5.34  |
| 1325                | 1050     | 229            | 1484   | 15.07              | 20.49    | -5.41 |
| 1320                | 1000     | 240            | 1408   | 10.49              | 16.67    | -6.18 |
| 1525                | 975      | 247            | 1586   | 20.54              | 14.24    | 6.3   |
| 1300                | 1050     | 229            | 1456   | 13.44              | 20.49    | -7.05 |
| 1305                | 1000     | 240            | 1392   | 9.46               | 16.67    | -7.21 |
| 1550                | 975      | 247            | 1612   | 21.82              | 14.24    | 7.58  |
| 1275                | 1050     | 229            | 1428   | 11.74              | 20.49    | -8.74 |
| 1275                | 1025     | 235            | 1394   | 9.59               | 18.4     | -8.81 |
| 1575                | 950      | 253            | 1596   | 21.03              | 12.15    | 8.88  |

**Table A-25. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 PAL-BDGI, Pixel-Based Controller, 1-Pixel Resolution, >3  $\mu$ s Hblank (3 of 3)**

| Graphics Controller |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total               |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI              | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1575                | 925      | 260            | 1554   | 18.9               | 9.72     | 9.18  |
| 1250                | 1065     | 226            | 1420   | 11.25              | 21.53    | -10.2 |
| 1250                | 1056     | 228            | 1408   | 10.49              | 20.83    | -10.3 |
| 1250                | 1068     | 225            | 1424   | 11.5               | 21.88    | -10.3 |
| 1250                | 1047     | 230            | 1396   | 9.72               | 20.14    | -10.4 |
| 1250                | 1059     | 227            | 1412   | 10.74              | 21.18    | -10.4 |
| 1250                | 1038     | 232            | 1384   | 8.94               | 19.44    | -10.5 |
| 1250                | 1050     | 229            | 1400   | 9.98               | 20.49    | -10.5 |
| 1250                | 1062     | 226            | 1416   | 11                 | 21.53    | -10.5 |
| 1250                | 1041     | 231            | 1388   | 9.2                | 19.79    | -10.5 |
| 1250                | 1053     | 228            | 1404   | 10.23              | 20.83    | -10.6 |
| 1250                | 1044     | 230            | 1392   | 9.46               | 20.14    | -10.6 |
| 1625                | 930      | 259            | 1612   | 21.82              | 10.07    | 11.75 |
| 1625                | 915      | 263            | 1586   | 20.54              | 8.68     | 11.85 |

**Table A-26. 1024 x 768 PAL-BDGHI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 8-Pixel Resolution, >4  $\mu$ s Hblank**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1400              | 975      | 247            | 1456   | 13.44              | 14.24    | -0.8  |
| 1400              | 1050     | 229            | 1568   | 19.62              | 20.49    | -0.86 |
| 1440              | 1000     | 240            | 1536   | 17.95              | 16.67    | 1.28  |
| 1320              | 1000     | 240            | 1408   | 10.49              | 16.67    | -6.18 |

**Table A-27. Overscan Values 1024 x 768 PAL-BDGHI, Character Clock-Based Controller, 9-Pixel Resolution**

| Controller Pixels |          | Encoder Pixels |        | Overscan (Percent) |          |       |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Total             |          | Active         | Total  |                    |          |       |
| H_CLKI            | V_LINESI | V_ACTIVEO      | H_CLKO | Horizontal         | Vertical | Delta |
| 1440              | 1000     | 240            | 1536   | 17.95              | 16.67    | 1.28  |
| 1395              | 1000     | 240            | 1488   | 15.3               | 16.67    | -1.36 |
| 1485              | 1000     | 240            | 1584   | 20.44              | 16.67    | 3.77  |
| 1350              | 1025     | 235            | 1476   | 14.61              | 18.4     | -3.79 |
| 1350              | 1050     | 229            | 1512   | 16.65              | 20.49    | -3.84 |
| 1350              | 975      | 247            | 1404   | 10.23              | 14.24    | -4    |
| 1350              | 1000     | 240            | 1440   | 12.48              | 16.67    | -4.19 |
| 1305              | 1000     | 240            | 1392   | 9.46               | 16.67    | -7.21 |
| 1575              | 950      | 253            | 1596   | 21.03              | 12.15    | 8.88  |
| 1575              | 925      | 260            | 1554   | 18.9               | 9.72     | 9.18  |

# Appendix B Approved Crystal Vendors

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Conexant conducted a series of internal tests and used the results to generate this list of approved crystal vendors for the CX25870/871. Manufacturers not appearing in this list may be acceptable, but verification testing on the target PCB with samples is recommended.

## Standard Crystal (El Monte, CA)

Phone Number: (626) 443-2121  
FAX Number: (626) 443-9049  
E-mail: stdxtl@pacbell.net

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: AAL13M500000GXE20A  
Half-Height/50 ppm: AAK13M500000GXE20A  
Full Height/25 ppm: Did Not Qualify

## MMD Components (Irvine, CA)

Phone Number: (949) 753-5888  
FAX Number: (949) 753-5889  
E-mail: info@mmdcomp.com  
Internet: www.mmdcomp.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
Type of Package:

Full Height/50ppm Total Tolerance: A20BA1-13.500 MHz  
Half-Height/50 ppm: B20BA1-13.500 MHz  
Full Height/25 ppm: MMC-135-13.500 MHz (not tested)  
Half Height/25 ppm: MMC-136-13.500 MHz (not tested)

## General Electronics Devices (San Marcos, CA)

Phone Number: (760) 591-4170  
FAX Number: (760) 591-4164  
E-mail: gedlm@4dcomm.com  
Internet: www.gedlm.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: PKHC49-13.500-.020-.005  
Half-Height/50 ppm: PKHC49/-13.500-.020-.005  
Full Height/25 ppm: PKHC49/-13.500-.020-.0025-15R  
Half-Height/25 ppm: PKHC49/-13.500-.020-.0025

**Fox Electronics (Fort Myers, FL)**

Phone Number: (941) 693-0099  
FAX Number: (941) 693-1554  
E-mail: sales@foxonline.com  
Internet: www.foxonline.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
Type of Package:

Full-Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: HC49U-13.500 /50/0/70/20 pF  
Half-Height/50 ppm: HC49S-13.500/50/0/70/20 pF  
Full-Height/25 ppm: HC49U-13.500 /25/0/70/20 pF  
Half-Height/25 ppm: HC49S-13.500 /25/0/70/20 pF (not tested)

**Bomar Crystal Co. (Middlesex, NJ)**

Phone Number: (732) 356-7787  
FAX Number: (732) 356-7362  
E-mail: sales@bomarcystal.com  
Internet: www.bomarcystal.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: BRC1C14F-13.50000 or  
(BC1DDA120-13.50000)  
Half Height/50 ppm: ACR-49S012025-13.50000 or  
(BC14DDA120-13.50000)  
Full Height/25 ppm: BRCIH14F-13.50000 or  
(BC1AAA120-13.50000)  
Half Height/25 ppm: BC14AAA120-13.50000 (not tested)

**ILSI America (Reno, NV)**

Phone Number: (775) 851-8880x103 / (888)355-4574  
FAX Number: (775) 851-8882  
E-mail: e-mail@ilsiamerica.com  
Internet: www.ilsiamerica.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: HC49U-25/25-13.500-20  
Half Height/50 ppm: HC49US-FB1F20-13.500  
Full Height/25 ppm: Did Not Qualify

**Cardinal Components (Wayne, NJ)**

Phone Number: (973) 785-1333  
 FAX Number: (973) 785-0053  
 E-mail: cardinal@cardinalxtal.com  
 Internet: www.cardinalxtal.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
 Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: C49-A4BRC7-50-13.5D20  
 Half Height/50 ppm: CLP-A4BRC7-70-13.5D20  
 Full Height/25 ppm: C49-A4B6C4-25-13.5D20  
 Half Height/25 ppm: CLP-A4B6C4-25-13.5D20

**Raltron Electronics Corp. (Miami, FL)**

Phone Number: (305) 593-6033  
 FAX Number: (305) 594-3973  
 E-mail: Sales@raltron.com  
 Internet: www.raltron.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
 Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: A-13.500-20-RS1  
 Half Height/50 ppm: AS-13.500-20-RS1  
 Full Height/25 ppm: A-13.500-20-RS1  
 Half Height/25 ppm: AS-13.500-20-SMD-NV

**Valpey-Fisher (Hopkinton, MA)**

Phone Number: (508) 435-6831  
 FAX Number: (508) 435-5289  
 Internet: www.valpeyfisher.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
 Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: M490013.500020RSVM  
 Half Height/50 ppm: M49K013.50002099VM  
 Full Height/25 ppm: M490013.50002099VM

**Corning Frequency Control (Mount Holly Springs, PA)**

Phone Number: (717) 486-3411  
 FAX Number: (717) 486-5920  
 E-mail: sales@ofc.come  
 Internet: www.corningfrequency.com

Part Numbers for 13.500 MHz, Fundamental, 20 pF Load Crystal with an HC49U  
 Type of Package:

Full Height/50 ppm Total Tolerance: TQ RSD 13.5FH50  
 Half Height/50 ppm: TQ RSD 13.5LP50  
 Full Height/25 ppm: TQ RSD 13.5FH25  
 Half Height/25 ppm: TQ RSD 13.5LP25 (not tested)



# Appendix C Autoconfiguration Mode Register Values and Details

**Table C-1. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 0–4 (1 of 3)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 0                  | 1                  | 2                  | 3                  | 4                  |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | 00                 | 01                 | 02                 | 03                 | 04                 |
| Purpose of mode:                                     | Desktop            | Desktop            | Desktop            | Desktop            | Desktop            |
| Type of Digital Input:                               | RGB                | RGB                | RGB                | RGB                | YCrCb              |
| Active Resolution:                                   | 640x480            | 640x480            | 800x600            | 800x600            | 640x480            |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      | Lower              | Standard           | Alternate          | Lower              | Lower              |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          | 13.79              | 16.56              | 21.62              | 14.53              | 13.79              |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            | 13.58              | 16.67              | 11.52              | 13.19              | 13.58              |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              | 0.21               | −0.11              | 10.10              | 1.34               | 0.21               |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      | 784                | 944                | 880                | 960                | 784                |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    | 600                | 625                | 735                | 750                | 600                |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                | 126                | 266                | 66                 | 140                | 126                |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  | 75                 | 90                 | 86                 | 95                 | 75                 |
| Type of Video Output:                                | NTSC               | PAL-BDGHI          | NTSC               | PAL-BDGHI          | NTSC               |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                | 28195793           | 29500008           | 38769241           | 36000000           | 28195793           |
| Type of Clock:                                       | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character |

**Table C-1. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 0–4 (2 of 3)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 0              | 1              | 2              | 3              | 4              |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Register Address         | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value |
| 0x38                     | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             |
| 0x76                     | 00             | 60             | A0             | 00             | 00             |
| 0x78                     | 80             | 80             | 20             | 20             | 80             |
| 0x7A                     | 84             | 8A             | B6             | AA             | 84             |
| 0x7C                     | 96             | A6             | CE             | CA             | 96             |
| 0x7E                     | 60             | 68             | B4             | 9A             | 60             |
| 0x80                     | 7D             | C1             | 55             | 0D             | 7D             |
| 0x82                     | 22             | 2E             | 20             | 29             | 22             |
| 0x84                     | D4             | F2             | D8             | FC             | D4             |
| 0x86                     | 27             | 27             | 39             | 39             | 27             |
| 0x88                     | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             |
| 0x8A                     | 10             | B0             | 70             | C0             | 10             |
| 0x8C                     | 7E             | 0A             | 42             | 8C             | 7E             |
| 0x8E                     | 03             | 0B             | 03             | 03             | 03             |
| 0x90                     | 58             | 71             | DF             | EE             | 58             |
| 0x92                     | 4B             | 5A             | 56             | 5F             | 4B             |
| 0x94                     | E0             | E0             | 58             | 58             | E0             |
| 0x96                     | 36             | 36             | 3A             | 3A             | 36             |
| 0x98                     | 92             | 00             | CD             | 66             | 92             |
| 0x9A                     | 54             | 50             | 9C             | 96             | 54             |
| 0x9C                     | 0E             | 72             | 14             | 00             | 0E             |
| 0x9E                     | 88             | 1C             | 3B             | 00             | 88             |
| 0xA0                     | 0C             | 0D             | 11             | 10             | 0C             |
| 0xA2                     | 0A             | 24             | 0A             | 24             | 0A             |
| 0xA4                     | E5             | F0             | E5             | F0             | E5             |
| 0xA6                     | 76             | 58             | 74             | 57             | 76             |
| 0xA8                     | 79             | 81             | 77             | 80             | 79             |
| 0xAA                     | 44             | 49             | 43             | 48             | 44             |
| 0xAC                     | 85             | 8C             | 85             | 8C             | 85             |
| 0xAE                     | 00             | 0C             | BA             | 18             | 00             |

**Table C-1. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 0–4 (3 of 3)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0xB0                     | 00 | 8C | E8 | 28 | 00 |
| 0xB2                     | 80 | 79 | A2 | 87 | 80 |
| 0xB4                     | 20 | 26 | 17 | 1F | 20 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB-multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-2. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 5–10 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 5                  | 6                  | 7                  | 8                  | 9                  | 10                 |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | 05                 | 06                 | 07                 | 10                 | 11                 | 12                 |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     | Desktop            | Desktop            | Desktop            | Boot-Up Screen     | Boot-Up Screen     | Desktop            |
| Type of Digital Input:                               | YCrCb              | YCrCb              | YCrCb              | RGB                | RGB                | RGB                |
| Active Resolution:                                   | 640x480            | 800x600            | 800x600            | 640x400            | 640x400            | 1024x768           |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      | Standard           | Alternate          | Lower              | Standard           | Standard           | Standard           |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          | 16.56              | 21.62              | 14.53              | 17.47              | 15.12              | 15.11              |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            | 16.67              | 11.52              | 13.19              | 17.70              | 13.19              | 14.81              |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              | −0.11              | 10.10              | 1.34               | −0.23              | 1.93               | 0.30               |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      | 944                | 880                | 960                | 936                | 1160               | 1176               |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    | 625                | 735                | 750                | 525                | 500                | 975                |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                | 266                | 66                 | 140                | 259                | 363                | 133                |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  | 90                 | 86                 | 95                 | 76                 | 64                 | 130                |
| Type of Video Output:                                | PAL-BDGIH          | NTSC               | PAL-BDGIH          | NTSC               | PAL-BDGIH          | NTSC               |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                | 29500008           | 38769241           | 36000000           | 29454552           | 28999992           | 68727276           |
| Type of Clock:                                       | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character |
| Register Address                                     | Register Value     | Register Value     | Register Value     | Register Value     | Register Value     | Register Value     |
| 0x38                                                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 | 20                 |
| 0x76                                                 | 60                 | A0                 | 00                 | 50                 | 40                 | 60                 |
| 0x78                                                 | 80                 | 20                 | 20                 | 80                 | 80                 | 00                 |
| 0x7A                                                 | 8A                 | B6                 | AA                 | 8A                 | 88                 | D8                 |
| 0x7C                                                 | A6                 | CE                 | CA                 | 9C                 | A2                 | F2                 |
| 0x7E                                                 | 68                 | B4                 | 9A                 | 6A                 | 64                 | EE                 |
| 0x80                                                 | C1                 | 55                 | 0D                 | A9                 | AF                 | 71                 |
| 0x82                                                 | 2E                 | 20                 | 29                 | 27                 | 29                 | 24                 |
| 0x84                                                 | F2                 | D8                 | FC                 | CA                 | FC                 | D0                 |
| 0x86                                                 | 27                 | 39                 | 39                 | 27                 | 27                 | 4B                 |
| 0x88                                                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 | 00                 |
| 0x8A                                                 | B0                 | 70                 | C0                 | A8                 | 88                 | 98                 |

Table C-2. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 5–10 (2 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8C                     | 0A | 42 | 8C | 03 | 6B | 85 |
| 0x8E                     | 0B | 03 | 03 | 0B | 0C | 04 |
| 0x90                     | 71 | DF | EE | 0D | F4 | CF |
| 0x92                     | 5A | 56 | 5F | 4C | 40 | 82 |
| 0x94                     | E0 | 58 | 58 | 90 | 90 | 00 |
| 0x96                     | 36 | 3A | 3A | 36 | 35 | 3F |
| 0x98                     | 00 | CD | 66 | 00 | 9A | 6E |
| 0x9A                     | 50 | 9C | 96 | 50 | 49 | AB |
| 0x9C                     | 72 | 14 | 00 | 46 | 8E | A3 |
| 0x9E                     | 1C | 3B | 00 | 17 | E3 | 8B |
| 0xA0                     | 0D | 11 | 10 | 0D | 0C | 1E |
| 0xA2                     | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A |
| 0xA4                     | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 |
| 0xA6                     | 58 | 74 | 57 | 75 | 58 | 74 |
| 0xA8                     | 81 | 77 | 80 | 79 | 82 | 77 |
| 0xAA                     | 49 | 43 | 48 | 44 | 49 | 43 |
| 0xAC                     | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 |
| 0xAE                     | 0C | BA | 18 | C7 | E9 | 00 |
| 0xB0                     | 8C | E8 | 28 | 71 | 5D | 00 |
| 0xB2                     | 79 | A2 | 87 | 1C | 23 | 00 |
| 0xB4                     | 26 | 17 | 1F | 1F | 27 | 14 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB-multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-3. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 11–15 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 11                 | 12                         | 13                         | 14                 | 15                 |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | 13                 | 14                         | 15                         | 16                 | 17                 |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     | Desktop            | Game                       | Game                       | Desktop            | Desktop            |
| Type of Digital Input:                               | RGB                | RGB                        | RGB                        | YCrCb              | YCrCb              |
| Active Resolution:                                   | 1024x768           | 320x240,<br>Pix_Double Set | 320x240,<br>Pix_Double Set | 1024x768           | 1024x768           |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      | Standard           | Standard                   | Standard                   | Higher             | Higher             |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          | 13.44              | 13.79                      | 15.84                      | 15.11              | 13.44              |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            | 14.24              | 13.58                      | 19.79                      | 14.81              | 14.24              |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              | −0.80              | 0.21                       | −3.95                      | 0.30               | −0.80              |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      | 1400               | 1568                       | 1800                       | 1176               | 1400               |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    | 975                | 300                        | 325                        | 975                | 975                |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                | 329                | 349                        | 385                        | 133                | 329                |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  | 131                | 37                         | 50                         | 130                | 131                |
| Type of Video Output:                                | PAL-BDGI           | NTSC                       | PAL-BDGI                   | NTSC               | PAL-BDGI           |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                | 68249989           | 28195793                   | 29250000                   | 68727276           | 68249989           |
| Type of Clock:                                       | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character         | Pixel or Character         | Pixel or Character | Pixel or Character |
| Register Address                                     | Register Value     | Register Value             | Register Value             | Register Value     | Register Value     |
| 0x38                                                 | 20                 | 40                         | 40                         | 20                 | 20                 |
| 0x76                                                 | 60                 | 00                         | 50                         | 60                 | 60                 |
| 0x78                                                 | 00                 | 80                         | 80                         | 00                 | 00                 |
| 0x7A                                                 | D6                 | 84                         | 8A                         | D8                 | D6                 |
| 0x7C                                                 | FE                 | 96                         | A4                         | F2                 | FE                 |
| 0x7E                                                 | E6                 | 60                         | 66                         | EE                 | E6                 |
| 0x80                                                 | 87                 | 7D                         | B7                         | 71                 | 87                 |
| 0x82                                                 | 2B                 | 22                         | 32                         | 24                 | 2B                 |
| 0x84                                                 | F8                 | D5                         | EA                         | D0                 | F8                 |
| 0x86                                                 | 4B                 | 27                         | 27                         | 4B                 | 4B                 |
| 0x88                                                 | 00                 | 00                         | 00                         | 00                 | 00                 |
| 0x8A                                                 | 78                 | 20                         | 08                         | 98                 | 78                 |

**Table C-3. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 11–15 (2 of 2)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8C                     | 49 | 5D | 81 | 85 | 49 |
| 0x8E                     | 0D | 1E | 1F | 04 | 0D |
| 0x90                     | CF | 2C | 45 | CF | CF |
| 0x92                     | 83 | 25 | 32 | 82 | 83 |
| 0x94                     | 00 | F0 | F0 | 00 | 00 |
| 0x96                     | 3F | 31 | 31 | 3F | 3F |
| 0x98                     | EC | 49 | A4 | 6E | EC |
| 0x9A                     | A1 | 42 | 40 | AB | A1 |
| 0x9C                     | 55 | 0E | 00 | A3 | 55 |
| 0x9E                     | 55 | 88 | 00 | 8B | 55 |
| 0xA0                     | 1E | 0C | 0D | 1E | 1E |
| 0xA2                     | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A | 24 |
| 0xA4                     | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 | F0 |
| 0xA6                     | 56 | 76 | 58 | 74 | 56 |
| 0xA8                     | 7F | 79 | 81 | 77 | 7F |
| 0xAA                     | 47 | 44 | 49 | 43 | 47 |
| 0xAC                     | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 | 8C |
| 0xAE                     | 57 | 00 | 32 | 00 | 57 |
| 0xB0                     | F8 | 00 | BB | 00 | F8 |
| 0xB2                     | F1 | 80 | CD | 00 | F1 |
| 0xB4                     | 18 | 20 | 26 | 14 | 18 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-4. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 16–21 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 16       | 17             | 18                 | 19             | 20       | 21             |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | Reserved | 21             | 22                 | 23             | Reserved | 25             |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     |          | Desktop        | Desktop            | Desktop        |          | Desktop        |
| Type of Digital Input:                               |          | RGB            | RGB                | RGB            |          | YCrCb          |
| Active Resolution:                                   |          | 640x480        | 800x600            | 800x600        |          | 640x480        |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      |          | Lower          | Lower              | Standard       |          | Lower          |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          |          | 13.63          | 13.79              | 16.42          |          | 13.63          |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            |          | 13.19          | 13.58              | 15.97          |          | 13.19          |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              |          | 0.44           | 0.21               | 0.45           |          | 0.44           |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      |          | 950            | 1176               | 950            |          | 950            |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    |          | 600            | 750                | 775            |          | 600            |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                |          | 271            | 329                | 131            |          | 271            |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  |          | 76             | 94                 | 109            |          | 76             |
| Type of Video Output:                                |          | PAL-BDGI       | NTSC               | PAL-BDGI       |          | PAL-BDGI       |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                |          | 28500011       | 52867138           | 36812508       |          | 28500011       |
| Type of Clock:                                       |          | Pixel Only     | Pixel or Character | Pixel Only     |          | Pixel Only     |
| Register Address                                     |          | Register Value | Register Value     | Register Value |          | Register Value |
| 0x38                                                 |          | 00             | 20                 | 00             |          | 00             |
| 0x76                                                 |          | 20             | C0                 | 34             |          | 20             |
| 0x78                                                 |          | 80             | 20                 | 20             |          | 80             |
| 0x7A                                                 |          | 86             | A6                 | AE             |          | 86             |
| 0x7C                                                 |          | A0             | BA                 | CE             |          | A0             |
| 0x7E                                                 |          | 60             | 98                 | A0             |          | 60             |
| 0x80                                                 |          | 9D             | D9                 | 2B             |          | 9D             |
| 0x82                                                 |          | 29             | 22                 | 2D             |          | 29             |
| 0x84                                                 |          | FC             | D4                 | F4             |          | FC             |
| 0x86                                                 |          | 27             | 38                 | 39             |          | 27             |
| 0x88                                                 |          | 00             | 00                 | 00             |          | 00             |
| 0x8A                                                 |          | B6             | 98                 | B6             |          | B6             |
| 0x8C                                                 |          | 0F             | 49                 | 83             |          | 0F             |

**Table C-4. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 16–21 (2 of 2)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8E                     |    | 0B | 0C | 03 |    | 0B |
| 0x90                     |    | 58 | EE | 07 |    | 58 |
| 0x92                     |    | 4C | 5E | 6D |    | 4C |
| 0x94                     |    | E0 | 58 | 58 |    | E0 |
| 0x96                     |    | 36 | 3A | 3B |    | 36 |
| 0x98                     |    | B8 | B7 | AE |    | B8 |
| 0x9A                     |    | 4E | 5D | 97 |    | 4E |
| 0x9C                     |    | AB | 1B | 72 |    | AB |
| 0x9E                     |    | AA | 7F | 5C |    | AA |
| 0xA0                     |    | 0C | 17 | 10 |    | 0C |
| 0xA2                     |    | 24 | 0A | 24 |    | 24 |
| 0xA4                     |    | F0 | E5 | F0 |    | F0 |
| 0xA6                     |    | 58 | 74 | 57 |    | 58 |
| 0xA8                     |    | 82 | 78 | 80 |    | 82 |
| 0xAA                     |    | 49 | 43 | 48 |    | 49 |
| 0xAC                     |    | 8C | 85 | 8C |    | 8C |
| 0xAE                     |    | 2C | 00 | 01 |    | 2C |
| 0xB0                     |    | 25 | 00 | 04 |    | 25 |
| 0xB2                     |    | D3 | 00 | D5 |    | D3 |
| 0xB4                     |    | 27 | 1A | 1E |    | 27 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB-multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this Table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-5. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 22–26 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 22                 | 23             | 24                        | 25                        | 26             |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | 26                 | 27             | 30                        | 31                        | 32             |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     | Desktop            | Desktop        | Boot-Up Screen            | Boot-Up Screen            | Desktop        |
| Type of Digital Input:                               | YCrCb              | YCrCb          | RGB                       | RGB                       | RGB            |
| Active Resolution:                                   | 800x600            | 800x600        | 720x400                   | 720x400                   | 1024x768       |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      | Lower              | Standard       | Standard                  | Standard                  | Lower          |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          | 13.79              | 16.42          | 17.47                     | 15.12                     | 11.97          |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            | 13.58              | 15.97          | 17.70                     | 13.19                     | 11.93          |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              | 0.21               | 0.45           | –0.23                     | 1.93                      | 0.04           |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      | 1176               | 950            | 1053                      | 1305                      | 1170           |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    | 750                | 775            | 525                       | 500                       | 945            |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                | 329                | 131            | 291                       | 411                       | 127            |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  | 94                 | 109            | 76                        | 64                        | 115            |
| Type of Video Output:                                | NTSC               | PAL-BDGHI      | NTSC                      | PAL-BDGHI                 | NTSC           |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                | 52867138           | 36812508       | 33136345                  | 32625000                  | 66272724       |
| Type of Clock:                                       | Pixel or Character | Pixel Only     | Pixel or 9-Character only | Pixel or 9-Character only | Pixel Only     |
| Register Address                                     | Register Value     | Register Value | Register Value            | Register Value            | Register Value |
| 0x38                                                 | 20                 | 00             | 00                        | 00                        | 20             |
| 0x76                                                 | C0                 | 34             | 3A                        | 28                        | F8             |
| 0x78                                                 | 20                 | 20             | D0                        | D0                        | 00             |
| 0x7A                                                 | A6                 | AE             | 9C                        | 9A                        | D0             |
| 0x7C                                                 | BA                 | CE             | B0                        | B6                        | EA             |
| 0x7E                                                 | 98                 | A0             | 88                        | 80                        | E0             |
| 0x80                                                 | D9                 | 2B             | DD                        | E3                        | 37             |
| 0x82                                                 | 22                 | 2D             | 27                        | 29                        | 21             |
| 0x84                                                 | D4                 | F4             | CA                        | FC                        | D7             |
| 0x86                                                 | 38                 | 39             | 28                        | 28                        | 4A             |
| 0x88                                                 | 00                 | 00             | 00                        | 00                        | 00             |

**Table C-5. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 22–26 (2 of 2)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8A                     | 98 | B6 | 1D | 19 | 92 |
| 0x8C                     | 49 | 83 | 23 | 9B | 7F |
| 0x8E                     | 0C | 03 | 0C | 0D | 04 |
| 0x90                     | EE | 07 | 0D | F4 | B1 |
| 0x92                     | 5E | 6D | 4C | 40 | 73 |
| 0x94                     | 58 | 58 | 90 | 90 | 00 |
| 0x96                     | 3A | 3B | 36 | 35 | 3F |
| 0x98                     | B7 | AE | 00 | 9A | 9A |
| 0x9A                     | 5D | 97 | 50 | 49 | A9 |
| 0x9C                     | 1B | 72 | 2E | 00 | 5D |
| 0x9E                     | 7F | 5C | BA | 80 | 74 |
| 0xA0                     | 17 | 10 | 0E | 0E | 1D |
| 0xA2                     | 0A | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A |
| 0xA4                     | E5 | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 |
| 0xA6                     | 74 | 57 | 75 | 57 | 74 |
| 0xA8                     | 78 | 80 | 78 | 80 | 77 |
| 0xAA                     | 43 | 48 | 43 | 48 | 43 |
| 0xAC                     | 85 | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 |
| 0xAE                     | 00 | 01 | 95 | 97 | 2F |
| 0xB0                     | 00 | 04 | 81 | 1A | A1 |
| 0xB2                     | 00 | D5 | A7 | CA | BD |
| 0xB4                     | 1A | 1E | 1B | 22 | 14 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-6. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 27–30 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 27       | 28 <sup>(5)</sup>                    | 29 <sup>(5)</sup>                    | 30             |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | Reserved | 34                                   | 35                                   | 36             |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     |          | "DVD/CCIR601 Input, Slave interface" | "DVD/CCIR601 Input, Slave interface" | Desktop        |
| Type of Digital Input:                               |          | YCrCb                                | YCrCb                                | YCrCb          |
| Active Resolution:                                   |          | 720x480                              | 720x576                              | 1024x768       |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      |          | None (DVD Playback)                  | None (DVD Playback)                  | Lower          |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          |          | 0.00                                 | 0.00                                 | 11.97          |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            |          | 0.00                                 | 0.00                                 | 11.93          |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              |          | 0.00                                 | 0.00                                 | 0.04           |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      |          | 858                                  | 864                                  | 1170           |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    |          | 262                                  | 312                                  | 945            |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                |          | 10                                   | 10                                   | 127            |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  |          | 19                                   | 22                                   | 115            |
| Type of Video Output:                                |          | NTSC                                 | PAL-BDGI                             | NTSC           |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                |          | 27000000                             | 27000000                             | 66272724       |
| Type of Clock:                                       |          | Pixel or Character                   | Pixel or Character                   | Pixel Only     |
| Register Address                                     |          | Register Value                       | Register Value                       | Register Value |
| 0x38                                                 |          | 10                                   | 10                                   | 20             |
| 0x76                                                 |          | B4                                   | C0                                   | F8             |
| 0x78                                                 |          | D0                                   | D0                                   | 00             |
| 0x7A                                                 |          | 7E                                   | 7E                                   | D0             |
| 0x7C                                                 |          | 90                                   | 98                                   | EA             |
| 0x7E                                                 |          | 58                                   | 54                                   | E0             |
| 0x80                                                 |          | 03                                   | 15                                   | 37             |
| 0x82                                                 |          | 14                                   | 17                                   | 21             |
| 0x84                                                 |          | F0                                   | 20                                   | D7             |
| 0x86                                                 |          | 26                                   | A6                                   | 4A             |
| 0x88                                                 |          | 15                                   | FA                                   | 00             |
| 0x8A                                                 |          | 5A                                   | 60                                   | 92             |
| 0x8C                                                 |          | 0A                                   | 0A                                   | 7F             |

**Table C-6. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 27–30 (2 of 2)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 27 | 28 <sup>(5)</sup> | 29 <sup>(5)</sup> | 30 |
|--------------------------|----|-------------------|-------------------|----|
| 0x8E                     |    | 13                | 13                | 04 |
| 0x90                     |    | 06                | 38                | B1 |
| 0x92                     |    | 13                | 16                | 73 |
| 0x94                     |    | F0                | 20                | 00 |
| 0x96                     |    | 31                | 35                | 3F |
| 0x98                     |    | 00                | 00                | 9A |
| 0x9A                     |    | 40                | 40                | A9 |
| 0x9C                     |    | 00                | 00                | 5D |
| 0x9E                     |    | 00                | 00                | 74 |
| 0xA0                     |    | 8C                | 8C                | 1D |
| 0xA2                     |    | 0A                | 24                | 0A |
| 0xA4                     |    | E5                | F0                | E5 |
| 0xA6                     |    | 76                | 59                | 74 |
| 0xA8                     |    | C1                | CF                | 77 |
| 0xAA                     |    | 89                | 93                | 43 |
| 0xAC                     |    | 9A                | A4                | 85 |
| 0xAE                     |    | 1F                | CB                | 2F |
| 0xB0                     |    | 7C                | 8A                | A1 |
| 0xB2                     |    | F0                | 09                | BD |
| 0xB4                     |    | 21                | 2A                | 14 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
- (5) The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-7. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 31–36 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 31       | 32             | 33             | 34             | 35             | 36             |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | Reserved | 40             | 41             | 42             | 43             | 44             |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     |          | Desktop        | Desktop        | Desktop        | Desktop        | Desktop        |
| Type of Digital Input:                               |          | RGB            | RGB            | RGB            | RGB            | YCrCb          |
| Active Resolution:                                   |          | 640x480        | 640x480        | 800x600        | 800x600        | 640x480        |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      |          | Higher         | Higher         | Higher         | Higher         | Higher         |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          |          | 18.34          | 20.27          | 19.26          | 19.03          | 18.34          |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            |          | 19.34          | 19.79          | 19.34          | 18.40          | 19.34          |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              |          | –1.00          | 0.48           | –0.08          | 0.63           | –1.00          |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      |          | 770            | 950            | 1170           | 950            | 770            |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    |          | 645            | 650            | 805            | 800            | 645            |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                |          | 113            | 271            | 323            | 131            | 113            |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  |          | 100            | 104            | 125            | 122            | 100            |
| Type of Video Output:                                |          | NTSC           | PAL-BDGI       | NTSC           | PAL-BDGI       | NTSC           |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                |          | 29769241       | 30875015       | 56454552       | 37999992       | 29769241       |
| Type of Clock:                                       |          | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     |
| Register Address                                     |          | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value |
| 0x38                                                 |          | 00             | 00             | 20             | 00             | 00             |
| 0x76                                                 |          | 64             | B8             | 58             | 80             | 64             |
| 0x78                                                 |          | 80             | 80             | 20             | 20             | 80             |
| 0x7A                                                 |          | 8C             | 92             | B0             | B2             | 8C             |
| 0x7C                                                 |          | 9E             | AC             | C8             | D4             | 9E             |
| 0x7E                                                 |          | 6E             | 72             | AC             | AA             | 6E             |
| 0x80                                                 |          | B5             | F3             | 2D             | 57             | B5             |
| 0x82                                                 |          | 2A             | 33             | 2A             | 31             | 2A             |
| 0x84                                                 |          | C5             | E9             | C5             | EC             | C5             |
| 0x86                                                 |          | 27             | 27             | 39             | 39             | 27             |
| 0x88                                                 |          | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             |
| 0x8A                                                 |          | 02             | B6             | 92             | B6             | 02             |
| 0x8C                                                 |          | 71             | 0F             | 43             | 83             | 71             |

Table C-7. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 31–36 (2 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8E                     |    | 03 | 0B | 0C | 03 | 03 |
| 0x90                     |    | 85 | 8A | 25 | 20 | 85 |
| 0x92                     |    | 64 | 68 | 7D | 7A | 64 |
| 0x94                     |    | E0 | E0 | 58 | 58 | E0 |
| 0x96                     |    | 36 | 36 | 3B | 3B | 36 |
| 0x98                     |    | 50 | 48 | 11 | F6 | 50 |
| 0x9A                     |    | 57 | 51 | A1 | 98 | 57 |
| 0x9C                     |    | 14 | E4 | 46 | 8E | 14 |
| 0x9E                     |    | 3B | B8 | 17 | E3 | 3B |
| 0xA0                     |    | 0D | 0D | 19 | 10 | 0D |
| 0xA2                     |    | 0A | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A |
| 0xA4                     |    | E5 | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 |
| 0xA6                     |    | 75 | 58 | 74 | 57 | 75 |
| 0xA8                     |    | 79 | 81 | 77 | 7F | 79 |
| 0xAA                     |    | 44 | 48 | 43 | 48 | 44 |
| 0xAC                     |    | 85 | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 |
| 0xAE                     |    | F2 | 3D | 21 | E1 | F2 |
| 0xB0                     |    | 40 | E7 | 0B | 5B | 40 |
| 0xB2                     |    | C8 | C2 | 59 | DE | C8 |
| 0xB4                     |    | 1E | 24 | 18 | 1D | 1E |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input' denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-8. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 37–42 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 37             | 38             | 39             | 40             | 41                         | 42             |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | 45             | 46             | 47             | 50             | 51                         | 52             |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     | Desktop        | Desktop        | Desktop        | Desktop        | Game                       | Desktop        |
| Type of Digital Input:                               | YCrCb          | YCrCb          | YCrCb          | RGB            | RGB                        | RGB            |
| Active Resolution:                                   | 640x480        | 800x600        | 800x600        | 800x600        | 320x200,<br>Pix_Double Set | 1024x768       |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      | Higher         | Higher         | Higher         | Standard       | Standard                   | Higher         |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          | 20.27          | 19.26          | 19.03          | 15.59          | 21.86                      | 18.04          |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            | 19.79          | 19.34          | 18.40          | 15.64          | 30.90                      | 18.11          |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              | 0.48           | −0.08          | 0.63           | −0.05          | −9.04                      | −0.07          |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      | 950            | 1170           | 950            | 1170           | 2000                       | 1170           |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    | 650            | 805            | 800            | 770            | 315                        | 1015           |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                | 271            | 323            | 131            | 323            | 453                        | 127            |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  | 104            | 125            | 122            | 105            | 65                         | 150            |
| Type of Video Output:                                | PAL-BDGI       | NTSC           | PAL-BDGI       | NTSC           | PAL-BDGI                   | NTSC           |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                | 30875015       | 56454552       | 37999992       | 54000000       | 31500000                   | 71181793       |
| Type of Clock:                                       | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     | Pixel Only     | Pixel or Character         | Pixel Only     |
| Register Address                                     | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value | Register Value             | Register Value |
| 0x38                                                 | 00             | 20             | 00             | 20             | 40                         | 20             |
| 0x76                                                 | B8             | 58             | 80             | F0             | E0                         | C8             |
| 0x78                                                 | 80             | 20             | 20             | 20             | 80                         | 00             |
| 0x7A                                                 | 92             | B0             | B2             | AA             | 94                         | E0             |
| 0x7C                                                 | AC             | C8             | D4             | BE             | B0                         | FC             |
| 0x7E                                                 | 72             | AC             | AA             | 9E             | 78                         | FA             |
| 0x80                                                 | F3             | 2D             | 57             | F3             | 09                         | AB             |
| 0x82                                                 | 33             | 2A             | 31             | 25             | 42                         | 28             |
| 0x84                                                 | E9             | C5             | EC             | CE             | CA                         | C8             |
| 0x86                                                 | 27             | 39             | 39             | 38             | 27                         | 4B             |
| 0x88                                                 | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00             | 00                         | 00             |
| 0x8A                                                 | B6             | 92             | B6             | 92             | D0                         | 92             |

**Table C-8. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 37–42 (2 of 2)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8C                     | 0F | 43 | 83 | 43 | C5 | 7F |
| 0x8E                     | 0B | 0C | 03 | 0C | 1F | 04 |
| 0x90                     | 8A | 25 | 20 | 02 | 3B | F7 |
| 0x92                     | 68 | 7D | 7A | 69 | 41 | 96 |
| 0x94                     | E0 | 58 | 58 | 58 | C8 | 00 |
| 0x96                     | 36 | 3B | 3B | 3B | 31 | 3F |
| 0x98                     | 48 | 11 | F6 | EF | 21 | DE |
| 0x9A                     | 51 | A1 | 98 | 5E | 80 | AD |
| 0x9C                     | E4 | 46 | 8E | 00 | 00 | E8 |
| 0x9E                     | B8 | 17 | E3 | 00 | 00 | A2 |
| 0xA0                     | 0D | 19 | 10 | 18 | 0E | 1F |
| 0xA2                     | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A | 24 | 0A |
| 0xA4                     | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 | F0 | E5 |
| 0xA6                     | 58 | 74 | 57 | 74 | 58 | 74 |
| 0xA8                     | 81 | 77 | 7F | 78 | 81 | 77 |
| 0xAA                     | 48 | 43 | 48 | 43 | 48 | 43 |
| 0xAC                     | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 | 8C | 85 |
| 0xAE                     | 3D | 21 | E1 | 17 | D3 | C2 |
| 0xB0                     | E7 | 0B | 5B | 5D | 2D | 72 |
| 0xB2                     | C2 | 59 | DE | 74 | 08 | 4F |
| 0xB4                     | 24 | 18 | 1D | 19 | 24 | 13 |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.

Table C-9. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 43–47 (1 of 2)

| Autoconfiguration Mode #                             | 43             | 44                      | 45                        | 46                 | 47                    |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Auto-Config Register (index 0xB8) Hexadecimal Value: | 53             | 54                      | 55                        | 56                 | 57                    |
| Purpose of Mode:                                     | Desktop        | DVD/noninterlaced input | Game                      | Desktop for Brazil | Desktop for Argentina |
| Type of Digital Input:                               | RGB            | RGB                     | RGB                       | RGB                | RGB                   |
| Active Resolution:                                   | 1024x768       | 720x480                 | 320x200, Pixel_Double Set | 640x480            | 640x480               |
| Overscan Ratio:                                      | Higher         | Very Low (DVD Playback) | Standard                  | Standard           | Standard              |
| Horizontal Overscan Ratio/Percentage (HOC):          | 16.20          | 1.24                    | 20.20                     | 13.79              | 16.56                 |
| Vertical Overscan Ratio/Percentage (VOC):            | 16.67          | 1.23                    | 21.40                     | 13.58              | 16.67                 |
| Overscan Percentages Delta (HOC - VOC):              | −0.47          | 0.01                    | −1.20                     | 0.21               | −0.11                 |
| H_CLKI = HTOTAL                                      | 1410           | 880                     | 1848                      | 784                | 944                   |
| VLINES_I = VTOTAL                                    | 1000           | 525                     | 275                       | 600                | 625                   |
| H_BLANKI = Horizontal Blanking Region                | 337            | 140                     | 429                       | 126                | 266                   |
| V_BLANKI = Vertical Blanking Region                  | 147            | 36                      | 43                        | 75                 | 90                    |
| Type of Video Output:                                | PAL-BDGI       | NTSC                    | NTSC                      | PAL-M (Brazil)     | PAL-Nc (Argentina)    |
| Frequency of CLK (Hz)                                | 70499989       | 27692310                | 30461552                  | 28195793           | 29500008              |
| Type of Clock:                                       | Pixel Only     | Pixel or Character      | Pixel or Character        | Pixel Only         | Pixel Only            |
| Register Address                                     | Register Value | Register Value          | Register Value            | Register Value     | Register Value        |
| 0x38                                                 | 24             | 00                      | 40                        | 00                 | 00                    |
| 0x76                                                 | C0             | E0                      | 90                        | 00                 | 60                    |
| 0x78                                                 | 00             | D0                      | 80                        | 80                 | 80                    |
| 0x7A                                                 | DC             | 82                      | 90                        | 84                 | 8A                    |
| 0x7C                                                 | 08             | 92                      | A2                        | A4                 | A6                    |
| 0x7E                                                 | F0             | 5C                      | 72                        | 6A                 | 70                    |
| 0x80                                                 | BF             | 1B                      | CD                        | 7D                 | C1                    |
| 0x82                                                 | 2F             | 13                      | 2B                        | 22                 | 2E                    |
| 0x84                                                 | F1             | F2                      | C2                        | D4                 | F2                    |
| 0x86                                                 | 4B             | 26                      | 27                        | 27                 | 27                    |
| 0x88                                                 | 00             | 00                      | 00                        | 00                 | 00                    |

**Table C-9. CX25870/871 Register Values for Autoconfiguration Modes 43–47 (2 of 2)**

| Autoconfiguration Mode # | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0x8A                     | 82 | 70 | 38 | 10 | B0 |
| 0x8C                     | 51 | 8C | AD | 7E | 0A |
| 0x8E                     | 0D | 03 | 1F | 03 | 0B |
| 0x90                     | E8 | 0D | 13 | 58 | 71 |
| 0x92                     | 93 | 24 | 2B | 4B | 5A |
| 0x94                     | 00 | E0 | C8 | E0 | E0 |
| 0x96                     | 3F | 36 | 31 | 36 | 36 |
| 0x98                     | 33 | 00 | C3 | 92 | 00 |
| 0x9A                     | A3 | 50 | 40 | 54 | 50 |
| 0x9C                     | 55 | C5 | D9 | 0E | 72 |
| 0x9E                     | 55 | 4E | 89 | 88 | 1C |
| 0xA0                     | 1F | 0C | 0D | 0C | 0D |
| 0xA2                     | 24 | 0A | 0A | 2A | 24 |
| 0xA4                     | F0 | E5 | E5 | F0 | F0 |
| 0xA6                     | 56 | 76 | 75 | 57 | 57 |
| 0xA8                     | 7E | 79 | 78 | 80 | 80 |
| 0xAA                     | 47 | 44 | 44 | 48 | 48 |
| 0xAC                     | 8C | 85 | 85 | 8C | 8C |
| 0xAE                     | 9B | D1 | 33 | 6E | 1E |
| 0xB0                     | 29 | 45 | 28 | DB | C0 |
| 0xB2                     | 26 | 17 | 15 | 76 | 15 |
| 0xB4                     | 18 | 21 | 1E | 20 | 1F |

**NOTE(S):**

1. RGB digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive the RGB default pixel input mode after an autoconfiguration command, which is 24-bit, RGB-multiplexed (i.e., IN\_MODE[3:0] = 0000). If the desired RGB pixel input mode is NOT 24-bit RGB multiplexed, the CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired RGB pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
2. YCrCb digital input denotes that the CX25870/871 will be configured to receive YCrCb pixel data after an autoconfiguration command. The CX25870/871's IN\_MODE[3:0] bits must be programmed to the desired YCrCb pixel input mode immediately before initiating a write to the CONFIG[5:0] bits.
3. CX25870/871 registers not listed in this table (including IN\_MODE[3:0]) do not get reprogrammed as a result of an autoconfiguration command.
4. Pixel or Character signifies that this overscan ratio is acceptable for 8-clock per character graphics controllers or pixel-clock controllers.
5. The CX25870/871 will be in master interface immediately after any autoconfiguration mode EXCEPT Mode 28 and Mode 29.
6. Mode 44 would ideally have 858 clocks per line. However, since 858 is not a multiple of 8, then 880 clocks per line was utilized instead.
7. These autoconfiguration values assume a 13.500 MHz crystal resides between the XTALIN and XTALOUT pins. If the 14318\_XTAL bit is set, then these autoconfiguration values will automatically change to reflect the presence of a 14.318 MHz crystal.



# Appendix D Closed Caption Pseudo Code

---

```
/* Filename: CC_870_Function.C */
//Causes CX870/871 encoder to encode 2 bytes of data on every
Odd Field=Field 1

#include stdio.h
#include conio.h
<#include other necessary header files>

char    CCdatabyte1, CCdatabyte2;           // Define global vari-
ables

//Any graphics controller/MPEG2 Decoder is assumed to be the I2C
master for this design
//Controller/Data Master sends the CX870/871 the digital CC
bytes necessary for encoding into the Composite Video signal or
Luma signal for S-Video output
//H_CLKO[11:0] value should exist in hex format. This register
equals bits3-0 //of register 0x86 and bits 7-0 of register 0x76

870_CCEncoding_onField1(int CCdatabyte1, int CCdatabyte2, int
H_CLKO)
{
    int CBITS, CC_PIPE1, CC_ADD_HEX, CCR_START_HEX, CCSEL,
ReadBit;
    int ReadBitArray[8] = {0}; //initializes all element of
ReadBitArray to 0
    float CC_ADD;
    float CCR_START;

    CBITS = 17;
    CC_PIPE1=60;
    CCSEL = 4;           //CCSEL[3:0] = 0100 so CC data is
encoded on line 21
                        //for 525-line systems and line 23 for
                        625-line systems

                        //Initialization Section
    Write ECCGATE to 1; //this is bit 3 of register C4 for
the CX870/871
                        //no further closed caption encoding
```

```

will be performed
    //until CCF1B1 & CCF1B2 registers are
    again written;
//null will be transmitted on appropriate CC line
in this case
    Write ECCF1 to 1; //this is bit 4 of register C4 for
the CX870/871
    //Enables CC encoding on Field 1
    Write ECCF2 to 0; //this is bit 5 of register C4 for
the CX870/871
    //Disables CC encoding for Field 2

if (625LINE == 0) // "625LINE" = bit 2 of register 0xA2
{
    // 525-line format=NTSC is
    being transmitted
    //by CX870/871. This assumes
    PAL-M = another //525 line
    format is not allowed

    [equation] CC_ADD = ($pow(2,
CBITS+5)/1716)*1716.0/H_CLKO;
    //equation to determine CC_ADD
    register for NTSC
    CC_ADD_hex =
DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION(float CC_ADD);
    //assumes
    DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION
    fxn //this should
    already exist //some-
    where in customer's
    code

    Write CC_ADD(CC_ADD_hex);
    //CC_ADD[11:0] register is
    //comprised of
    bits[3:0] of
    //register 0xD4
    and bits[7:0] of
    //CX870/871 reg-
    ister 0xD2

    [equation] CCR_START =
H_CLKO*10.003*27/1716 + CC_PIPE1;
    //eqn to determine CCR_START
    register for NTSC
    CCR_START_hex = DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION(float
CCR_START);
    //assumes
    DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION

```

```

        fxn //this should
        already exist //some-
        where in customer's
        code

    Write CCR_START(CCR_START_hex);
        //CCR_START[8:0] reg-
        ister is
        //comprised of bit[4]
        of regis-
        ter
        //0xD4 and bits[7:0]
        of
        CX870/871
        //register 0xD0
    }

else
    {
        // 625-line format = PAL is being transmitted by
        CX870/871
        //this assumes PAL-M with its' 525 line format is
        not allowed

        [equation] CC_ADD = ($pow(2,
        CBITS+5)/1716)*1728.0/H_CLKO;
        //eqn to determine CC_ADD
        register for PAL

        CC_ADD_hex =
        DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION(float CC_ADD);
        //assumes DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION fxn
        //this should already exist //some-
        where in customer's code
        Write CC_ADD(CC_ADD_hex);
        //CC_ADD[11:0] register is
        //comprised of
        bits[3:0] of
        //register 0xD4
        and bits[7:0] of
        //CX870/871 reg-
        ister 0xD2

        [equation] CCR_START =
        H_CLKO*10.003*27/1728 + CC_PIPE1;
        //eqn to determine CCR_START reg-
        ister for PAL
        CCR_START_hex = DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION(float
        CCR_START);
        //assumes DEC_TO_HEX_CONVERSION fxn
        //already exists somewhere in //cus-
        tomer's code
    }

```

```

        Write CCR_START(CCR_START_hex);
                                //CCR_START[8:0] reg-
                                ister is
                                //comprised of bit[4]
                                of regis-
                                ter
                                //0xD4 and bits[7:0]
                                of
                                CX870/871
                                //register 0xD0
    }

//Previous Initialization Code only needs to be performed once
by I2C master

    //Closed Caption Encoding Operation
    ReadBitArray[] = CX870ReadbackFxn(ESTATUS = 01);
    //CCSTAT_O will be ReadBitArray[3] after this
function executes
    Or
    ReadBit = ReadCCSTAT_O();
    //CX870/871 has full readback ability of all bits.
    //No longer is it necessary to use legacy Bt869
    method of reading //back status bits

    if (ReadBitArray[3] == 0)
    //alternative IF statement could be 'if (ReadBit
    == 0)'
    {
    //Closed Caption bytes for Field 1 = Odd Field
    have already been //encoded and CCSTAT_O has been
    cleared
    Write CCF1B1(CCdatabyte1); //assumes CCdatabyte1
                                is in hex format
                                //already. Encode new
                                CC data.
    Write CCF1B2(CCdatabyte2); //assumes CCdatabyte2
                                is in hex format
                                //already. Encode new
                                CC data.
    //data is not latched until second of the 2 byte data sequence
    is written
    //this prevents writing of partial data sequence
    //for this reason, data must be written in order of Byte 1 and
    then Byte 2

    //CCSTAT_O will be automatically be set by the CX870/871 until
    CC bytes for odd
    //field = Field 1 have been encoded
    }
else

```

*Flicker-Free Video Encoder with Ultrascale Technology*

```

//CCSTAT_O = 1 because CC data has already been written for
Field 1=ODD field //& has not yet been encoded onto analog video
output signal for the odd field
//CCSTAT_O will be reset immediately after the clock run-in
online 284 for NTSC //and line 335 for PAL
return 0;           //CCSTAT_O = 1 so CC bytes were not encoded
                      on this pass //through the
                      869_CCEncoding_onField1 procedure

return 0;
}
//*****
Bt869ReadbackFxn(int ESTATUS)
    //Unlike the previous Conexant VGA encoder, the CX870/871
    does have //registers than can be directly read-back. As a
    result this //Bt869ReadbackFxn should only be used IF the
    software engineer seeks to use //the legacy method of read-
    back found in the Bt868/869.
{
int ReadMONSTAT_CCArray[8] = {0}; //entire array now holds 0

Write ESTATUS;           //ESTATUS[1:0]= {bits 7(MSb) and 6
of register 0xC4}           //
ESTATUS[1:0]= 01 from function call.
                        //      00 and 10 possible for ESTATUS
                        as well
                        //      yielding different readback
                        information

Graphics controller issues 0x89 or 0x8B for the CX870/871's
device address;
                        //no subaddress required here since
the CX870/871
                        //only has 1 read register to check with the
                        legacy method
    //This step has the effect of reading a single byte
    //of data from the CX870/871
                        //Table 2-2 Readback bit map says
                        that MONSTAT_A,B,C //bits = bits 7-5
                        //while Bit 4 = CCSTAT_E, bit 3 =
                        CCSTAT_O,
                        // bits 2-0 = FIELD[2:0]
    // This ensures the least significant bit of the device
    write portion of //the transaction is '1' which indicates
    to the encoder that it must //send a byte of data on the
    next I2C transaction. Do not write a //subaddress to the
    CX870/871 (this is not necessary since the CX870/871
    //only appears to have 1 read register byte with the legacy
    method) and then //read the "next" byte after the ACK.

Controller_Transmits_I2C_STOP; //I2C Master must issue an
I2C STOP to

```

```
        //finish the Read transaction. An ACK is //not necessary before closing the //transaction because the CX870/871 just //ignores the ACK anyways  
  
    return (ReadMONSTAT_CCArray[]);  
}
```

# Appendix E HDTV Output Mode

---

**NOTE(S):** Warning: Conexant is Pursuing Multiple Patents surrounding this Function

## ***E.1 Introduction***

A high definition television system can display images that are better than existing standard definition TV formats such as NTSC, PAL, and SECAM. HDTV pictures are more true-to-life because the resolution of the TV image is much higher, and the colors are more accurate.

Many HDTVs are being equipped with a HD Input port that accepts analog Component YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> or analog RGB or both.

Recognizing this fact, Conexant has included an HDTV Output Mode within the CX25870/871 which generates the analog Component YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> or analog RGB outputs necessary for driving an HDTV's HD Input port(s).

While in HDTV mode, the device will output either analog RGB or analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> signals and automatically insert trilevel synchronization pulses (when necessary) and vertical synchronizing broad pulses. The output waveforms and requirements related to the input timing and data on the input side of the CX25870/871 are explained in this section and in the various SMPTE standards governing the HDTV resolutions as listed in [Table E-5](#).

## ***E.2 Allowable Interfaces for HDTV Output Mode***

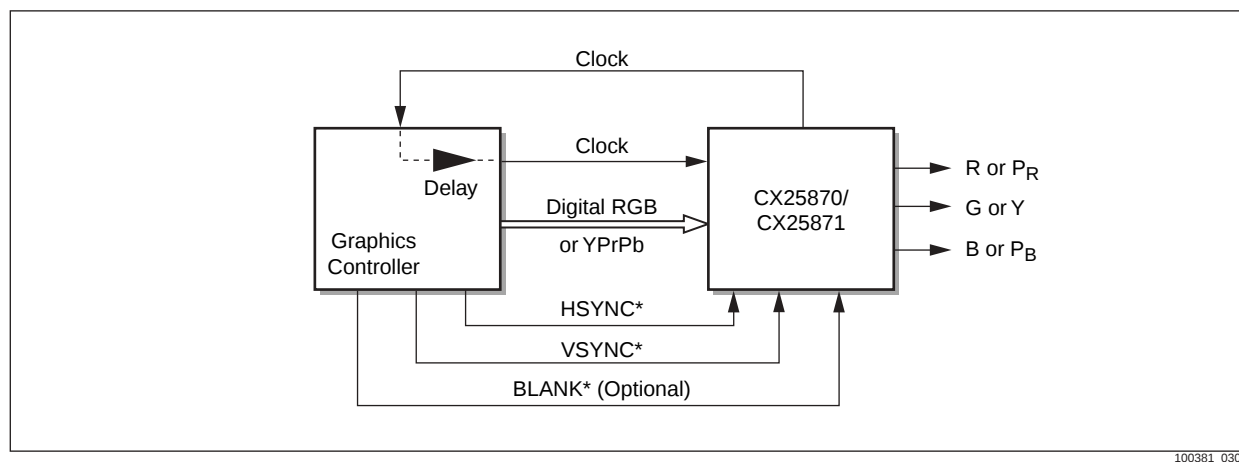
The interface that the CX25870/871 must use in HD Output Mode is either type of video timing slave interface. In this configuration, the HSYNC\* and VSYNC\* signals must be received as inputs while the BLANK\* signal's usage is optional. The encoder cannot transmit the timing signals that initiate the start of a line or the start of a frame in this mode at all. The CX25870/871 can provide a reference clock output—CLKO, or not transmit it, as needed. The EN\_OUT bit will control whether or not a CLKO signal is active.

The BLANK\* signal will not be required for the HDTV Output Mode interface if the graphics controller outputs the digital codes for the analog blanking level. For analog RGB component video outputs, the digital code for blanking is 00 hex for digital R, G, and B. For offset analog RGB component video outputs, the digital code for blanking is 10 hex for the digital R, G, and B pixel inputs. Finally, for analog Component YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> video outputs, the digital code for blanking is 10 hex for digital Y and 80 hex for digital Pr and Pb.

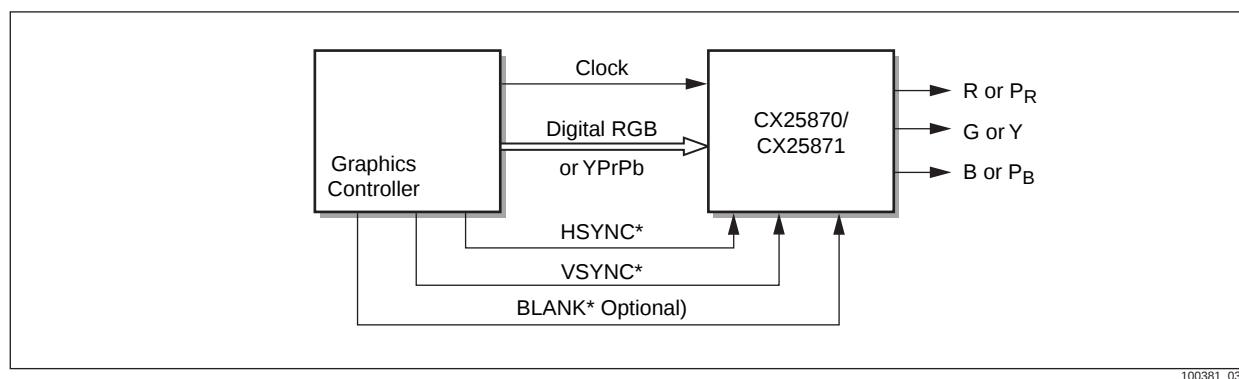
If the graphics controller does not possess the ability to output specific digital codes, then a BLANK\* signal is a necessary part of this interface.

The allowable interfaces for HDTV Output Mode are illustrated in Figures E-1 and E-2.

**Figure E-1. CX25870/871's Pseudo-Master interface with a Graphics Controller as the Timing Master**



**Figure E-2. CX25870/871's Slave interface with a Graphics Controller as the Timing Master**



## ***E.3 Interface Bit Functionality in HDTV Output Mode:***

When the CX25870 is transmitting High-Definition Outputs, several interface bits behave differently than their operation while broadcasting standard-definition television. These bits and their technical functionality are summarized in the following list:

- The BLANK\* pin must be an input regardless of the slave or pseudo-master interface. If the blank function is not enabled with the BLANK\* pin, then the BLANK\* pin (#38) should be tied high permanently.
- The EN\_BLANKO bit has no effect because the BLANK\* signal MUST be an input. The same rule holds for VGA(R/G/B) – DAC Output operation.
- The EN\_DOT bit has no effect. This bit is related to the standard flicker filter.
- The FLD\_MODE[1:0] bit field has no effect. For 1080i or any other HD-related interlaced input, VSYNC\*'s leading edge must be received within  $\pm 5$  clock cycles of the middle of the total line length. For 1080i, this means the VSYNC\* leading edge must be received on any clock period between the  $(2200 / 2) \pm 5$  clocks = 1095th and 1106<sup>th</sup> clock pulse.
- The polarity reversing bits (HSYNCI, VSYNCI, and BLANKI) perform the same operations as they do with standard definition outputs.

## ***E.4 Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/ CX25871(Timing Slave)***

While in HDTV Output Mode, the CX25870/871 encoder should receive interface signals from the MPEG2 decoder or display processor. The interface signals that should be shared between the two devices are the HSYNC\*, VSYNC\*, BLANK\*, CLKI, and Pixel Data lines (P[23:0]). The BLANK\* signal is optional. This signal is only necessary if the data master cannot transmit the digital codes representing the BLANK levels to the CX25870/871. To reiterate, the codes for the digital blanking levels of the R, G, B inputs are equal to 00 hex. The digital codes for blanking change to 10 hex for the R, G, and B pixel inputs if conversion to offset analog RGB component video outputs is desired. Finally, the values for digital Y must be 10 hex and for Pr and Pb, digital samples have to equal 80 hex for the BLANK period for Component Video Out (YPBPR). CLKO will only be necessary if Pseudo-Master is used as the chosen interface.

To switch the CX25870/871 encoder into HDTV Output mode, the serial master must program both the OUT\_MODE[1:0] bits to 11 (DAC Mode) and set the HDTV\_EN bit to 1 (bit 7 of the HDTV Register). Immediately after these and all other steps listed in [Table E-1](#) and [Table E-2](#), the encoder will be set up to properly generate a set of HDTV Outputs so long as the synchronization, clock, and data signals are transmitted in accordance with the timing diagrams found at the back of Appendix E by the master device.

**E.4 Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/ CX25871(Timing Slave)** *Flicker-Free Video***Table E-1. CX25870 Register Settings for Alternate 24-bit RGB Multiplexed In—HDTV YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> Out and HDTV RGB Out**

| ATSC Resolution                                                                                                                                                   |       |      |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CX25870 Register Address                                                                                                                                          | 1080i | 720p | 480p | Explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 0xD6                                                                                                                                                              | 0C    | 0C   | 0C   | OUT_MODE [1:0] field set to 11=DAC Mode to turn on HDTV outputs. Video[0-3] is HDTV Output Mode. HDTV_EN bit must be set as well. Video[0] = HD R or PR, Video[1] = HD G or Y, Video[2] = HD B or PB                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0x2E                                                                                                                                                              | C3    | C2   | C5   | HDTV_EN set. RGB2YPRPB set. RASTER_SEL[1:0] field adjusted for each ATSC resolution. HD_SYNC_EDGE set for 480p resolution only. For RGB out, RGB2YPRPB bit must be 0 so this register will be 83 / 82 / and 85. For EIA770.3 compliance, disable the trilevel sync on both the P <sub>R</sub> and P <sub>B</sub> outputs by setting the RPR_SYNC_DIS(bit 5) and BPB_SYNC_DIS(bit 3) bits. |
| 0x32                                                                                                                                                              | 01    | 01   | 00   | SETUP_HOLD_ADJ bit is bit 4. CSC_SEL bit set for hi-frequency ATSC resolutions only.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0x3C                                                                                                                                                              | 80    | 80   | 80   | MCOMPY stays the same for 480p/720p/1080i in, Y/PR/PB out. or RGB out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 0x3E                                                                                                                                                              | 45    | 45   | 48   | MCOMPV must be changed for 480p and 720p/1080i in, Y/PR/PB out. MCOMPV must be changed to <u>80hex</u> for 480p/720p/1080i in, RGB out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 0x40                                                                                                                                                              | 51    | 51   | 5B   | MCOMPV must be changed for 480p and 720p/1080i in, Y/PR/PB out. MCOMPV must be changed to <u>80hex</u> for 480p/720p/1080i in, RGB out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 0xC4                                                                                                                                                              | 01    | 01   | 01   | State of EN_OUT varies according to interface used with master device. Hex value of 01 for this register corresponds to Pseudo-Master without a BLANK* interface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 0xC6                                                                                                                                                              | 80    | 80   | 80   | State of EN_BLANKO & EN_DOT varies according to interface used with master device. Hex value of 80 for this register corresponds to Pseudo-Master without a BLANK* interface. IN_MODE[2:0] = 000 - defines input format as 24-bit RGB multiplexed.                                                                                                                                        |
| 0xCE                                                                                                                                                              | 24    | 24   | 24   | Adjust this register as necessary to route Y/PR/PB out from the CX25870's 4 DACs<br>OUT_MUXD[1:0] = 00 = Video[0] = PR = R {Disabled from DACDISD=1}<br>OUT_MUXC[1:0] = 10 = Video[2] = PB = B<br>OUT_MUXB[1:0] = 01 = Video[1] = Y = G<br>OUT_MUXA[1:0] = 00 = Video[0] = PR = R                                                                                                         |
| 0xA0                                                                                                                                                              | 21    | 21*  | 8C   | PLL_INT[5:0] = 21 for 720p @ 74.25 MHz<br>*PLL_INT[5:0] = 20 for 720p @ 74.16 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 0x9E                                                                                                                                                              | 00    | 00** | 00   | PLL_FRACT[15:8] = 00 for 720p @ 74.25 MHz<br>**PLL_FRACT[15:8] = F5 for 720p @ 74.16 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 0x9C                                                                                                                                                              | 00    | 00** | 00   | PLL_FRACT[7:0] = 00 for 720p @ 74.25 MHz<br>**PLL_FRACT[7:0] = C3 for 720p @ 74.16 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 0xBA                                                                                                                                                              | 28    | 28   | 28   | SLAVER set. Interface is slave timing (pseudo-master or slave)<br>HSYNC*/VSYNC* sent to CX25870.<br>DACD disabled. PR/Y/PB transmitted from DACA/DACB/DACC                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| WAIT state = 75 ms.                                                                                                                                               | Yes   | Yes  | Yes  | Ready encoder for timing reset operation. 75 ms = many factors of safety.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 0x6C                                                                                                                                                              | C6    | C6   | C6   | Set TIMING_RESET bit. Cleared automatically.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| (*) = If graphics controller is character based with 8 pixel clocks/character, PLL_INT should be modified to generate a 74.16000 MHz. CLK0 and CLKI frequency.    |       |      |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| (**) = If graphics controller is character based with 8 pixel clocks/character, PLL_FRACT should be modified to generate a 74.16000 MHz. CLK0 and CLKI frequency. |       |      |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

Table E-2. CX25870 Register Settings for 24-bit YPrPb Multiplexed In—HDTV YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> Out

| ATSC Resolution                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |       |       |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CX25870 Register Address                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 1080i | 720p  | 480p  | Explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 0xD6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0C    | 0C    | 0C    | OUT_MODE [1:0] field set to 11=DAC Mode to turn on HDTV Outputs. Video[0-3] is HDTV Output Mode. HDTV_EN bit must be set as well. Video[0] = HD PR, Video[1] = HD Y, Video[2] = HD PB                                                                                                       |
| 0x2E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | AB*** | AA*** | AD*** | HDTV_EN set. RGB2YPRPB off. RASTER_SEL[1:0] field adjusted for each ATSC resolution. HD_SYNC_EDGE set for 480p resolution only. For EIA770.3 compliance, the trilevel sync has been disabled on both the PR and PB outputs by setting the RPR_SYNC_DIS(bit 5) and BPB_SYNC_DIS(bit 3) bits. |
| 0x32                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 09    | 09    | 08    | DRVS[1:0] = 00 for 3.3V interfacing. Should be adjusted to nonzero value for low voltage interface. IN_MODE[3] = 1 = input format is Alternate 24bit YP <sub>R</sub> P <sub>B</sub> multiplexed<br>SETUP_HOLD_ADJ bit is bit 4.<br>CSC_SEL bit set for hi-frequency ATSC resolutions only.  |
| 0x3C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 80    | 80    | 80    | MCOMPY stays the same for 480p/720p/1080i in, Y/PR/PB out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 0x3E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 80    | 80    | 80    | MCOMPY stays the same for 480p/720p/1080i in, Y/PR/PB out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 0x40                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 80    | 80    | 80    | MCOMPV stays the same for 480p/720p/1080i in, Y/PR/PB out.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| 0xC4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 01    | 01    | 01    | State of EN_OUT varies according to interface used with master device. Hex value of 01 for this register corresponds to Pseudo-Master without a BLANK* interface.                                                                                                                           |
| 0xC6                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 84    | 84    | 84    | State of EN_BLANKO & EN_DOT varies according to interface used with master device. Hex value of 80 for this register corresponds to Pseudo-Master without a BLANK* interface. IN_MODE[2:0] = [1]100 - input format is Alternate 24bit YP <sub>R</sub> P <sub>B</sub> multiplexed            |
| 0xCE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 24    | 24    | 24    | Adjust this register as necessary to route Y PR PB out from the CX25870's 4 DACs<br>OUT_MUXD[1:0] = 00 =Video[0] = PR (Disabled from DACDISD=1)<br>OUT_MUXC[1:0] = 10 =Video[2] = PB<br>OUT_MUXB[1:0] = 01 =Video[1] = Y<br>OUT_MUXA[1:0] = 00 =Video[0] = PR                               |
| 0xA0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 21    | 21*   | 8C    | PLL_INT[5:0] = 21 for 720p @ 74.25 MHz<br>*PLL_INT[5:0] = 20 for 720p @ 74.16 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 0x9E                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 00    | 00**  | 00    | PLL_FRACT[15:8] = 00 for 720p @ 74.25 MHz<br>**PLL_FRACT[15:8] = F5 for 720p @ 74.16 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 0x9C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 00    | 00**  | 00    | PLL_FRACT[7:0] = 00 for 720p @ 74.25 MHz<br>**PLL_FRACT[7:0] = C3 for 720p @ 74.16 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 0xBA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 28    | 28    | 28    | SLAVER set. Interface is slave timing (pseudo-master or slave)<br>HSYNC* & VSYNC* sent to CX25870.<br>DACD disabled. PR transmitted from DACA, Y transmitted from DACB, and PB transmitted from DACC                                                                                        |
| WAIT state = 75 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Yes   | Yes   | Yes   | Ready encoder for timing reset operation. 75 ms = many factors of safety.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 0x6C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | C6    | C6    | C6    | Set TIMING_RESET bit. Cleared automatically.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>(*) = If graphics controller is character based with 8 pixel clocks/character, PLL_INT should be modified to generate a 74.16000 MHz CLK0 and CLKI frequency.<br>(**) = If graphics controller is character based with 8 pixel clocks/character, PLL_FRACT should be modified to generate a 74.16000 MHz CLK0 and CLKI frequency.<br>(***) = Conversion from YPrpb digital input to HDTV RGB Out not possible with CX25870/871. |       |       |       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**E.4 Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/ CX25871(Timing Slave)** *Flicker-Free Video*

In the default format, the HSYNC\* signal is active low and must always be received as an input in HDTV Output Mode. Its function is to allow the graphics controller to tell the encoder when the start of a line occurs. Check the timing diagrams that appear later in this section for proper HSYNC\* timing.

In the default format, the VSYNC\* signal is active low and must always be received as an input in HDTV Output Mode. Its function is to allow the graphics controller to tell the encoder when the start of a frame occurs. Check the timing diagrams that appear later in this section for proper VSYNC\* timing.

By default, the clock output signal will be transmitted via the CLK0 port. Therefore, the CX25870/871 will be in Pseudo-Master interface. To switch into Slave interface, the user must reset the EN\_OUT bit to turn off CLK0.

[Table E-2](#) summarizes the default Pseudo-Master HDTV interface.

**Table E-3. Default State of CX25870/871 Immediately After Switch into HDTV Output Mode**

| Input Signals |        |        | CLK0   | State of the CX25870/871                                                                                                           |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| BLANK*        | HSYNC* | VSYNC* |        | State of Encoder in HDTV Output Mode                                                                                               |
| Optional      | H      | H      | Active | Digital RGB—Analog HD RGB or<br>Digital YP <sub>R</sub> P <sub>B</sub> —Analog HD YP <sub>B</sub> P <sub>R</sub><br>DAC Conversion |
| Optional      | L      | H      | Active | Start of a New Line                                                                                                                |
| Optional      | L      | L      | Active | Start of a New Frame                                                                                                               |

The timing diagrams found at the end of this Appendix ([Figures E-5](#) through [E-9](#)) must be replicated with actual timing by the MPEG2 Decoder or Display Processor for the encoder to provide correct HDTV analog RGB or analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> component video outputs.

## E.5 Automatic Trilevel Sync Generation

The CX25870/871 will automatically generate an analog synchronization pulse with three distinct voltage levels for every leading edge it receives at its HSYNC\* input (so long as RASTER\_SEL[1:0] = 10 or 11). This trilevel pulse will be comprised of a -300 mV LOWSYNC level, a +300 mV HIGHSYNC level, and a 0 mV BLANKING level offset by +350 mVDC because the CX25870/871 cannot output negative voltages. Figure 3, "Analog and Digital Timing Relationships", of the SMPTE-274M specification, shows a very detailed diagram of the trilevel sync and start of a line in 1080i mode. Figure 11 of this same SMPTE standard illustrates the horizontal timing and trilevel sync in more detail.

For those formats which require trilevel syncs, such as 1080i and 720p, the timing for certain portions of the synchronization pulses differ slightly. For instance, the amount of time each pulse is at a voltage level of -300 mV (LOWSYNC) is not the same from one resolution (ATSC format) to another. For 1080i, the time for the LOWSYNC level each line is 44T (44 clock periods =  $44 * (1/74.25 \text{ MHz}) = 592.5 \text{ ns}$ ). For 720p, the same interval is 40T periods long which equates to  $40 * (1/74.25 \text{ MHz}) = 538.7 \text{ ns}$ .

In 480p resolution, in accordance with the SMPTE-293M specification, the CX25870/871 outputs only bilevel analog synchronization pulses.

As Figure 3 "Analog and Digital Timing Relationships" of the SMPTE-274M and -296M standards show, the period of time for the HIGHSYNC also varies when moving from 1080i mode to 720p mode. In this first case, the HIGHSYNC output level will be active for 44 clock periods. For 1080i, 44 clock periods \*  $(1/74.25 \text{ MHz}) = 592.6 \text{ ns}$ .

In 720p resolution, the HIGHSYNC output signal will be active for 40 clock periods per output line. For 720p, 40 clock periods \*  $(1/74.25 \text{ MHz}) = 538.7 \text{ ns}$ , so the HIGHSYNC signal will only be active for 538.7 ns per output line.

Due to these discrepancies, the data master will need to program the CX25870/871's RASTER\_SEL[1:0] bits properly so the encoder knows exactly which ATSC format it is going to encode. The encoder will then take care of outputting the proper analog voltage levels (see [Figures E-5 through E-9](#)) for the appropriate amounts of time depending on the resolution.

The table below summarizes the different permutations of the RASTER\_SEL[1:0] bits and the resolutions/modes supported with each option.

**Table E-4. CX25870/CX25871 RASTER\_SEL[1:0] Bit Functionality**

| RASTER_SEL<br>[1] | RASTER_SEL<br>[0] | HDTV/ATSC Mode                                                    | LOWSYNC period (ns)                       | HIGHSYNC period (ns)                       |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 1                 | 1                 | 1080i = SMPTE 274M <sup>(1)</sup>                                 | 44 clock periods =<br>592.6 ns            | 44 clock periods =<br>592.6 ns             |
| 1                 | 0                 | 720p = SMPTE 296M <sup>(2)</sup>                                  | 40 clock periods = 538.7ns                | 40 clock periods = 538.7ns                 |
| 0                 | 1                 | 480p = SMPTE 293M                                                 | 63 clock periods =<br>2.36 $\mu$ s.       | No HIGHSYNC period                         |
| 0                 | 0                 | Trilevel sync periods dictated by<br>HSYNC* & VSYNC* input levels | LOWSYNC period = width<br>of VSYNC* input | HIGHSYNC period = width<br>of HSYNC* input |

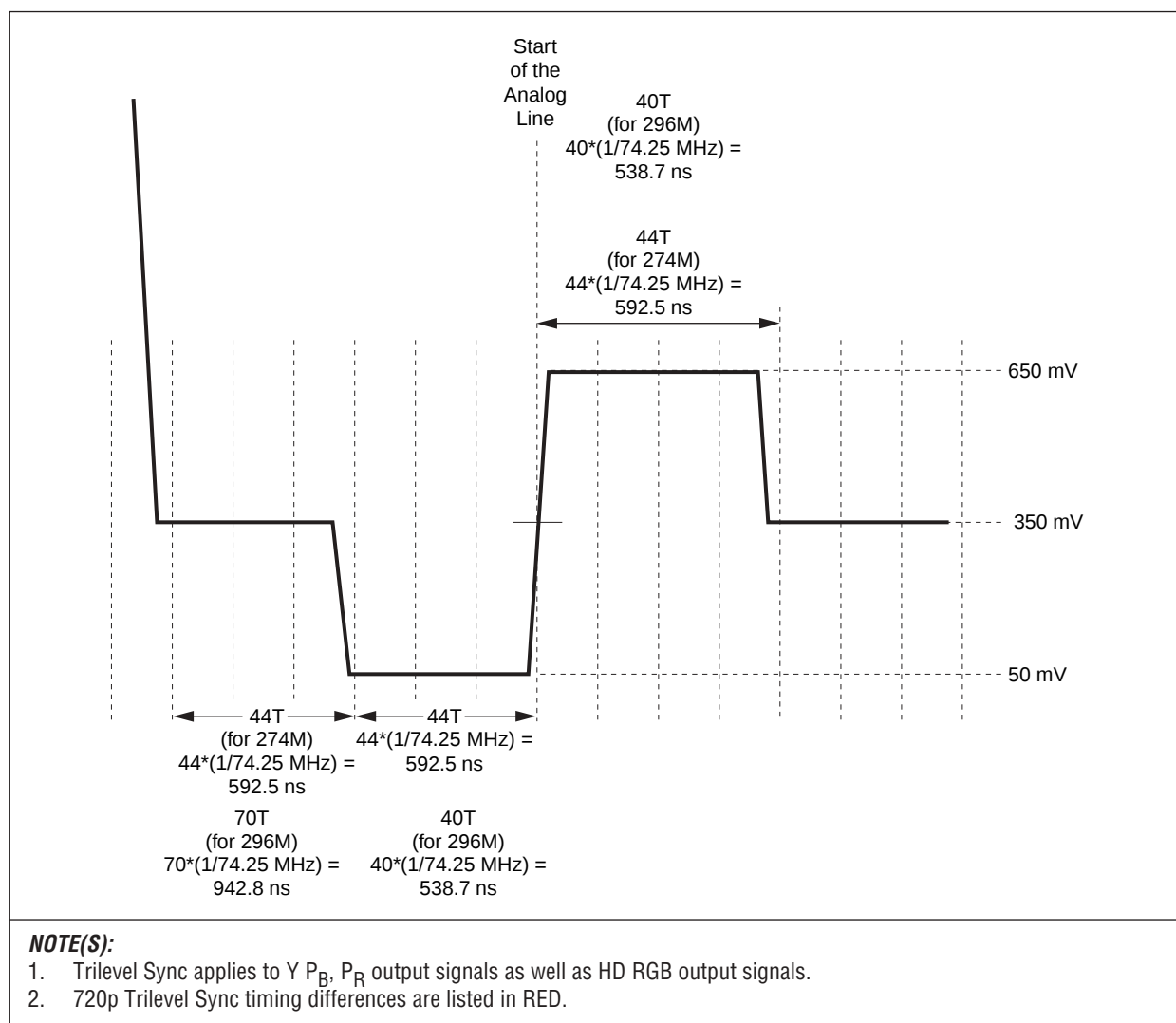
**NOTE(S):**

- <sup>(1)</sup> The CX25870/871 can also be programmed for EIA-770.3 1080i format compliance. To do so, set RASTER\_SEL[1:0] = 11 and set the BPB\_SYNC\_DIS and RPR\_SYNC\_DIS bits to 1 to disable the trilevel sync on the PB and PR signals.
- <sup>(2)</sup> The CX25870/871 can also be programmed for EIA-770.3 720p format compliance. To do so, set RASTER\_SEL[1:0] = 10 and set the BPB\_SYNC\_DIS and RPR\_SYNC\_DIS bits to 1 to disable the trilevel sync on the PB and PR signals.
- <sup>(3)</sup> To obtain any of these SMPTE specifications, visit Global Engineering Documents at: <http://global.ihs.com/>

The inserted syncs will adhere to Figure 3 and the analog and digital timing relationships found in the various SMPTE specifications. All lines of the First and Second Fields of an Interlaced System will contain the trilevel syncs. This includes lines #1-5 and #564-567 of the 1080i format. Line 563 is an extraordinary case and the reader should defer to the SMPTE 274M specification for more details on this topic.

An illustration of the typical trilevel sync output from the CX25870/871 is shown on the next page. Note that the CX25870/871 cannot transmit negative voltages. As a result, the video output is offset by +350mV to accommodate the negative sync levels listed in the governing specifications.

Figure E-3. 1080i and 720p Trilevel Sync provided by CX25870/871



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## E.6 Allowable Resolutions

Table E-5 summarizes the most popular HD resolutions or ATSC video formats supported by the CX25870/871.

**Table E-5. CX25870/CX25871 HDTV Supported Formats**

| Active Format<br>(H x V)                            | Governing Standards          | Input Data Format<br>(can be muxed or nonmuxed)                                 | OutputAspect Ratio | Frame Rate              |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1920x1080 = 1080i<br>(contains trilevel syncs)      | SMPTE-274M<br>&<br>EIA-770.3 | 15, 16, or 24 bit RGB or<br>16 or 24 bit Digital YP <sub>B</sub> P <sub>R</sub> | 16 : 9             | 30 Hz.<br>interlaced    |
| 1280x720 = 720p<br>(contains trilevel syncs)        | SMPTE-296M<br>&<br>EIA-770.3 | 15, 16, or 24 bit RGB or<br>16 or 24 bit Digital YP <sub>B</sub> P <sub>R</sub> | 16 : 9             | 60 Hz.<br>noninterlaced |
| 720x480 = 480p<br>(does not contain trilevel syncs) | SMPTE-293M                   | 15, 16, or 24 bit RGB or<br>16 or 24 bit Digital YP <sub>B</sub> P <sub>R</sub> | 16 : 9             | 60 Hz.<br>noninterlaced |

Conceivably, any HD format with a clock less than or equal to 80 MHz can be displayed with the RASTER\_SEL[1:0] = 00 option. This flexibility allows the CX25870/871 to receive resolutions not yet standardized. All HDTV Output Mode resolutions will generate the new WSS wide screen format that provides an aspect ratio of 16:9 yielding a movie-theatre like viewing experience.

When the encoder is in HDTV Output Mode, the internal FIFO and flicker filter blocks are bypassed. Therefore, the Y/P<sub>B</sub>/P<sub>R</sub> and R/G/B video outputs do not have any flickering filtering nor any overscan compensation applied to them. For 480p, 720p, and other progressive input formats, the lack of flicker filtering causes no degradation whatsoever in the video output quality as compared to the digital input. For 1080i and other interlaced input formats, the lack of flicker filtering sets off the appearance of minor flickering in screen regions with small vertical dimensions.

The lack of overscan compensation in HDTV Output Mode results in the outer horizontal and vertical edges of the active image to appear behind the bezel of the television. This annoyance can be overcome by the insertion of a solid colored border around the active image itself by the data master in the digital domain.

## ***E.7 720p Support with Character Clock Based Data Masters***

Character clock based graphics controllers with 8 pixel clocks per character will experience difficulty supporting the 720p ATSC resolution. The reason for this is because the total line length (i.e., Samples per Total Line = S/TL) of 1650 pixels for 720P is not evenly divisible by 8. Thus, each line is comprised of an amount of characters that contains a non-zero fraction ( $206 + \frac{1}{4}$  of a character or 206.25 total characters). To get around this shortcoming, the graphics controller must set its total line length to 1648 (HTOTAL) pixels and change the pixel clock frequency to 74.1600 MHz. instead of the values of 1650 pixels and 74.2500 MHz. respectively as specified in the SMPTE-296M standard that governs the 720p resolution.

All of the analog timing will then fall within the guidelines listed in the SMPTE-296M specification and the CX25870 will generate the desired analog representation of the 720p ATSC resolution.

Internal analysis of different portions of the 720p R/G/B and Y/P<sub>B</sub>/P<sub>R</sub> waveforms has revealed that this approach is valid. All of the analog timing falls within the tolerances of the SMPTE-296M standard including the length of the broad pulse. In terms of clock periods, using the 74.1600 MHz. clock yields a broad pulse length in time of 20.766  $\mu$ s in duration. Using a 74.2500 MHz. clock yields a broad pulse of 20.741  $\mu$ s in duration. This tiny deviation will not cause a problem for any High Definition television set.

To change the pixel clock frequency the encoder transmits and expects in return, the CX25870's PLL\_INT and PLL\_FRACT registers must be modified. For 720p support with Character Clock Based Data Masters, change the PLL\_INT[5:0] bit field from 21 hex (for 74.25 MHz.) to 20hex for 74.1600 MHz. operation. Furthermore, reduce the 2-byte wide PLL\_FRACT[15:0] from 0000 hex (for 74.25 MHz.) to F5C3 hex for 74.1600 MHz. operation. This reduction in the PLL\_INT and PLL\_FRACT registers will ensure the encoder transmits the modified 720p clock of 74.1600 MHz. to the data master through CLK0 and expects to receive data at this frequency coming back (via CLKI). This step must be done to render 720p via Character Clock Based Data Masters with the CX25870. Programming the data master's HTOTAL register to 1648 is vital as well. Modifying the CX25870's H\_CLKI register to 1648 decimal is optional because this register will have no effect while the encoder is outputting HDTV.

In summary, for data masters which are character clock based with 8 and 9 pixel clocks per character and wish to support the 720p resolution, slow down the pixel input clock frequency (CLKI) by 90 kHz. to 74.1600 MHz and compensate by reducing HTOTAL by 2 pixels per line to 1648 pixels.

## ***E.8 Automatic Insertion of Broad Pulses***

In HD televisions, a frame shall begin with five vertical sync lines each containing a broad pulse. Broad pulses are the HD equivalent to the vertical synchronizing Serration and Equalization pulses used with present-day analog TVs. In response to the correct timing provided through the VSYNC\* input which triggers the start of a new frame, the CX25870/871 will automatically insert broad pulses and trilevel syncs on the first 5 lines of the First Field(#1-#5) and the first 5 lines in the Second Field (563-568 for 1080i format). These broad pulses will adhere to the timing and voltage amplitudes found in various SMPTE specifications.

Figure E-6 illustrates the proper interface timing between the HDTV Source Device (master) and CX25870/ CX25871(timing slave) during lines that include a BROAD PULSE in 1080i format. Figure E-8 shows the relationship between the digital input signals and HDTV output for lines that include a broad pulse in 720p format.

## E.9 HDTV Output Mode Register and Bit Definitions

**Table E-6. Register Bitmap for HDTV-Specific Registers**

| 8-Bit Address                             | D7       | D6         | D5            | D4             | D3            | D2            | D1               | D0       |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|----------|
| 2E                                        | HDTV_EN* | RGB2YPRPB* | RPR_SYNC_DIS* | GY_SYNC_DIS*   | BPB_SYNC_DIS* | HD_SYNC_EDGE* | RASTER_SEL[1:0]* |          |
| 32                                        | AUTO_CHK | DRVS[1:0]  |               | SETUP_HOLD_ADJ | IN_MODE[3]    | DATDLY_RE     | OFFSET_RG_B*     | CSC_SEL* |
| <b>NOTE(S):</b><br>* = HDTV-specific bits |          |            |               |                |               |               |                  |          |

**Table E-7. CX25870/871 Registers 0x2E & 0x32–HDTV Output Mode Bit Descriptions (1 of 2)**

| Bit/Register Names | Bit/Register Definition                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HDTV_EN            | Enable HDTV Output Mode. OUT_MODE[1:0] register bits must be set to 11(VGA Mode).<br>0 = Enables VGA mode. DACs will output analog R, G, B with standard bilevel(–40 IRE) analog syncs. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Enables HDTV Output mode. DACs will output HDTV compatible R/G/B or component video (Y/PR/PB) outputs. Trilevel syncs and vertical synchronizing/broad pulses will be inserted automatically if RASTER_SEL[1:0] = nonzero.<br>Note: EN_SCART bit must be 0 for HDTV Output Mode to be functional. |
| RGB2YPRPB          | HDTV output switching bit. This bit is only effective when HDTV_EN = 1 and IN_MODE[3:0] = an RGB Input format.<br>0 = Digital RGB Input to Analog HDTV RGB Output (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Digital RGB Input to Analog HDTV YP <sub>R</sub> P <sub>B</sub> Output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| RPR_SYNC_DIS       | 0 = Enables trilevel sync on Red or PR output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables trilevel sync on Red or PR output. This bit will have to be set manually for EIA-770.3 compliance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| GY_SYNC_DIS        | 0 = Enables trilevel sync on Green or Y output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables trilevel sync on Green or Y output                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| BPB_SYNC_DIS       | 0 = Enables trilevel sync on Blue or PB output. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Disables trilevel sync on Blue or PB output. This bit will have to be set manually for EIA-770.3 compliance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| HD_SYNC_EDGE       | This bit is only effective when HDTV_EN = 1 and RASTER_SEL is nonzero.<br>0 = Trilevel sync edges transition time is equal to 4 input clocks. (DEFAULT)<br>1 = Trilevel sync edges transition time is equal to 2 input clocks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| RASTER_SEL[1:0]    | This bit is only effective when HDTV_EN = 1.<br>00 = Device does not generate trilevel sync automatically in HDTV output mode. Trilevel sync periods dictated by active HSYNC* input signal (as HIGHSYNC) and active VSYNC* input signal (as LOWSYNC). (DEFAULT)<br>01 = Bilevel sync generation for 480P format<br>10 = Trilevel sync generation for 720P format<br>11 = Trilevel sync generation for 1080i format                                                                                        |

**Table E-7. CX25870/871 Registers 0x2E & 0x32–HDTV Output Mode Bit Descriptions (2 of 2)**

|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OFFSET_RGB | 0 = Standard RGB graphic digital input. Range is 0–255 decimal (DEFAULT)<br>1 = HDTV OFFSET RGB graphic digital input. Range is 16–235 decimal.                                                                       |
| CSC_SEL    | 0 = Standard color space conversion for RGB to Y (R-Y) (B-Y) based on $Y = 0.299R + 0.587G + 0.114B$ (DEFAULT)<br>1 = HDTV color space conversion for RGB to Y (R-Y) (B-Y) based on $Y = 0.2126R + 0.7152G + 0.0722B$ |

## ***E.10 Color Space Conversion Functionality to Support Analog RGB or YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> Component Video Outputs***

The CX25870/871 has the ability to receive a digital RGB stream prevalent in graphics controllers or chipsets with integrated graphics with a width of 15/16/or 24-bits per pixel and transform it to a set of HDTV-compatible analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> component video outputs.

The option of not converting the digital RGB stream to analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> is available as well. In this case, the CX25870/871 would output a set of HDTV-compatible analog RGB component video outputs based on the same 15/16/or 24-bits per pixel RGB digital input.

The CX25870/871 can support the conversion from the HDTV color-difference digital YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> color space directly to analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> component video outputs seamlessly. No color space conversion nor register reprogramming is necessary for this case.

However, the HDTV color-difference digital YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> color space is slightly different from the standard digital 4:2:2 YCrCb (i.e., CCIR601) stream found within consumer applications such as set-top boxes. As a result, the CX25870/871 must be reprogrammed to new register values not found in [Table E-1](#) to accommodate for the differences in the two formats. For this complete register set, contact your local Conexant Field Applications Engineer. Once obtained, program up the CX25870 as specified and it will provide analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub> video outputs based on standard 4:2:2 YCrCb MPEG2 input data. The resulting outputs will be of high quality and viewable on SMPTE274M and SMPTE 296M standard HDTVs.

For design simplicity, Conexant recommends the data master just send digital YP<sub>R</sub>P<sub>B</sub> for consumer applications instead of YCrCb. For reference these matrix equations for conversion into digital Pb and digital Pr are listed below:

$$Pb = \{0.5 / (1 - 0.0722)\} (B' - Y')$$

$$\text{Where } (B' - Y') = Cb$$

$$Pr = \{0.5 / (1 - 0.2126)\} (R' - Y')$$

$$\text{Where } (R' - Y') = Cr$$

### **NOTE(S):**

1. The CX25870/871's MCOMPV register must contain a value of 45 hex prior to performing a color space conversion from digital RGB to analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub>. The CX25870/871's MCOMPV register must contain a value of 51 hex prior to performing a color space conversion from digital RGB to analog YP<sub>B</sub>P<sub>R</sub>.
2. Digital Pb and Digital Pr are expressed as P'B and P'R in the SMPTE specifications.

Finally, the CX25870/871 cannot provide analog RGB video outputs from either color-difference digital YPrPb or 4:2:2 YCrCb MPEG2 input data. The encoder will not perform this color space conversion whatsoever. For analog RGB component HD out, a digital RGB input stream must be sent by the data master.

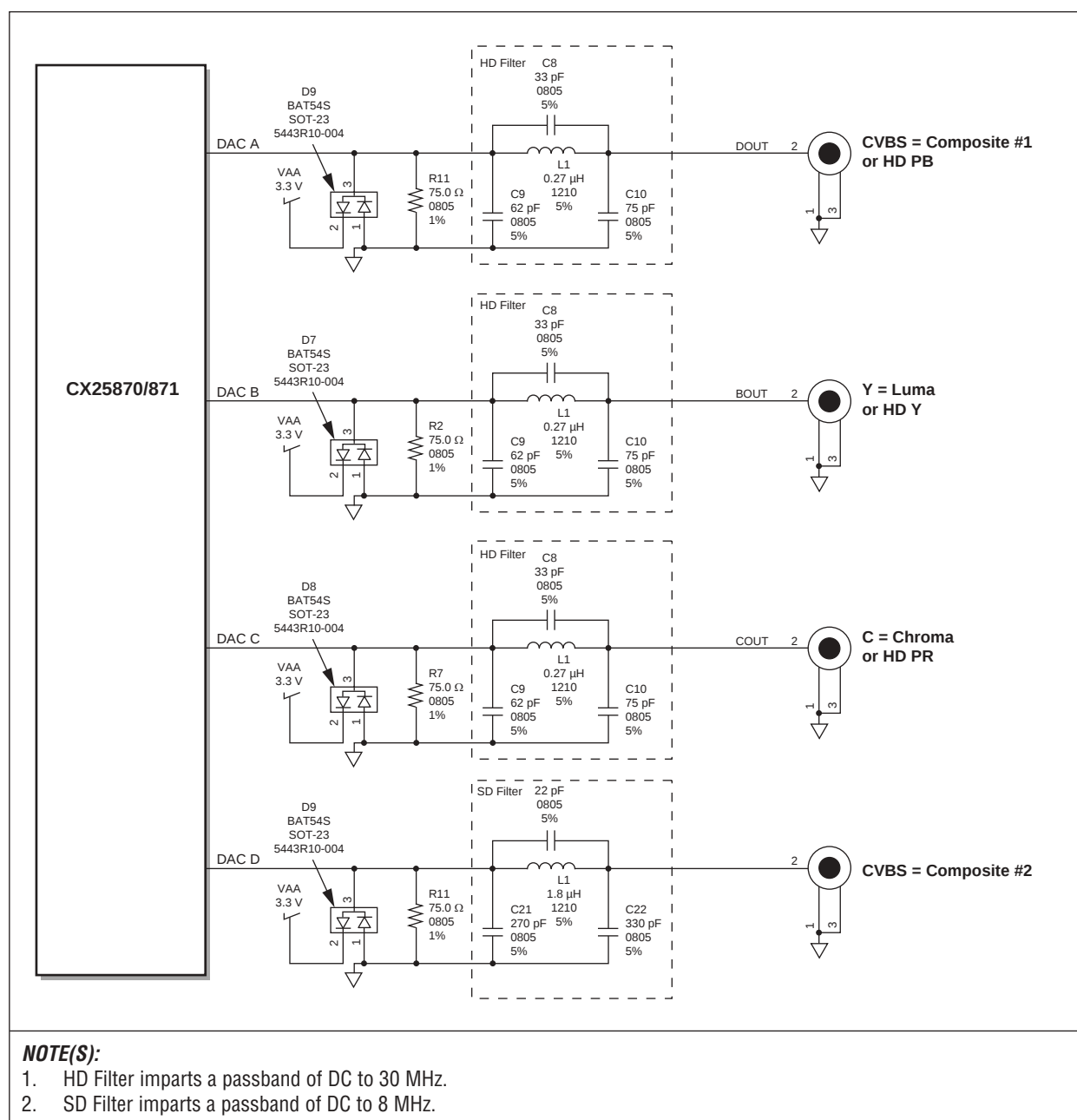
## ***E.11 Recommended Output Filters for HDTV & SDTV***

According to the SMPTE274M standard that governs the 1080i ATSC resolution, “the Y signal for Component HD video output shall have a bandwidth nominally of 30 MHz. In addition, the  $P_R$  and  $P_B$  signals shall have the same bandwidth as that of the associated Y signal at the analog originating equipment.” Other filter criteria found in the various SMPTE standards include the amplitude limit for ripple tolerance in the passband of  $\pm 0.5$  dB relative to insertion loss at 100 kHz. For Group-Delay, SMPTE states that the “group delay in the filters (should be) sufficiently tight to produce good performance while allowing the practical implementation of the filters themselves” (from SMPTE 274M and SMPTE293M(720p) standards).

As result of these criteria, during High Definition Output Mode, each CX25870 DAC output requires a low pass filter with a passband from DC to 30 MHz. while adhering to the aforementioned group delay and passband ripple tolerances. Unfortunately, the filtering requirements for standard definition television are quite different in several areas than filtering for HDTV. The most important difference is that standard definition standards such as NTSC, PAL, and SECAM require a much lower 8 MHz. passband starting at DC than HDTV.

This bandwidth difference coupled with the differing voltage amplitudes of the signals themselves forced Conexant to design a new low pass filter with a wider passband to accommodate the HD outputs. After extensive testing and cost/benefit trade-offs, the company recommends that any customer using the encoder for both its standard definition and high definition capabilities design-in the low pass filter found in [Figure E-4](#). This filter has been shown to exhibit many of the desired roll off, ripple, and passband characteristics defined in the aforementioned SMPTE standards.

**Figure E-4. Recommended Low Pass Filter Configuration for each CX25870 DAC for Generation of High Definition and NTSC/PAL/SECAM TV Outputs**

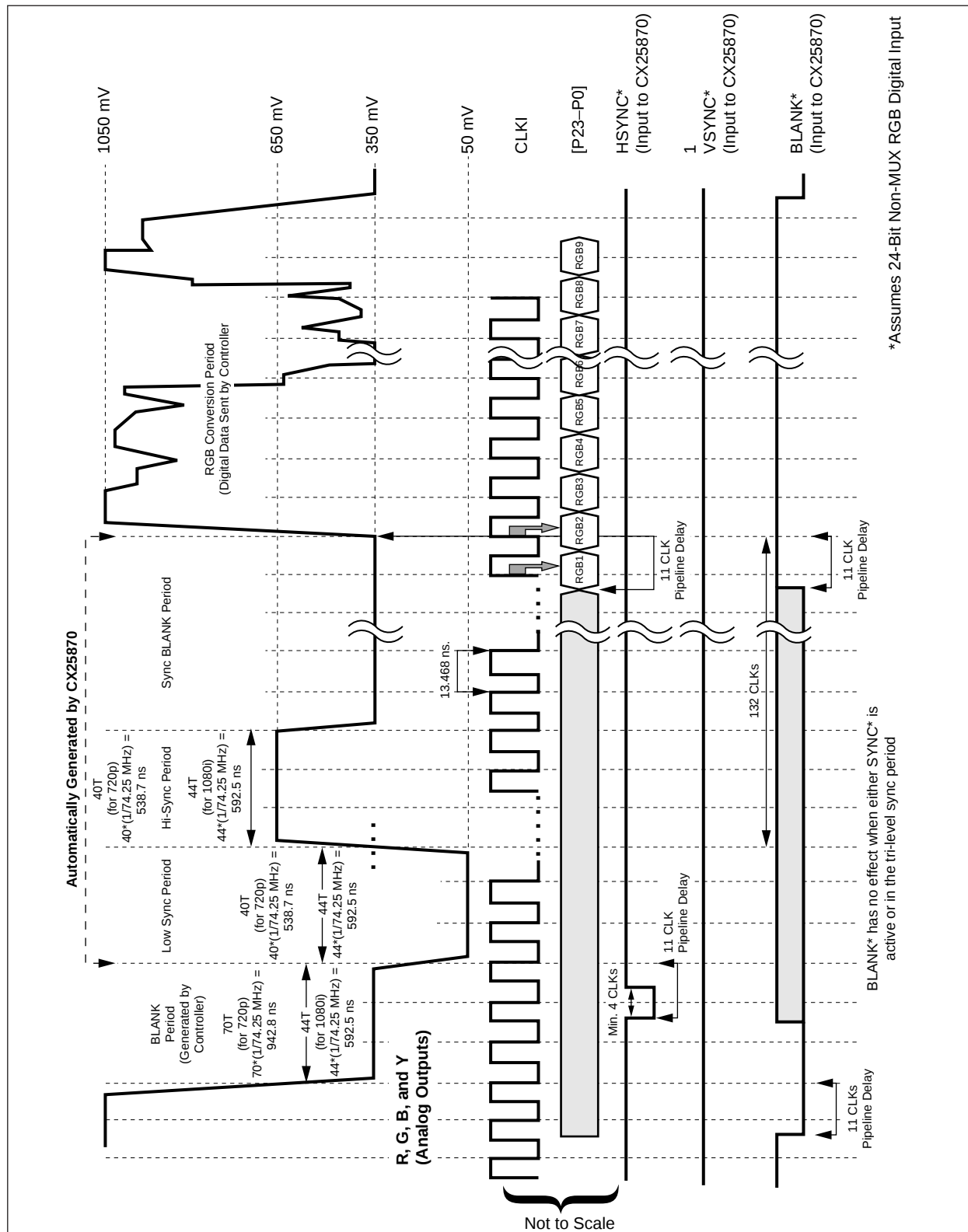


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## ***E.12 Timing Diagrams for HDTV Output Mode***

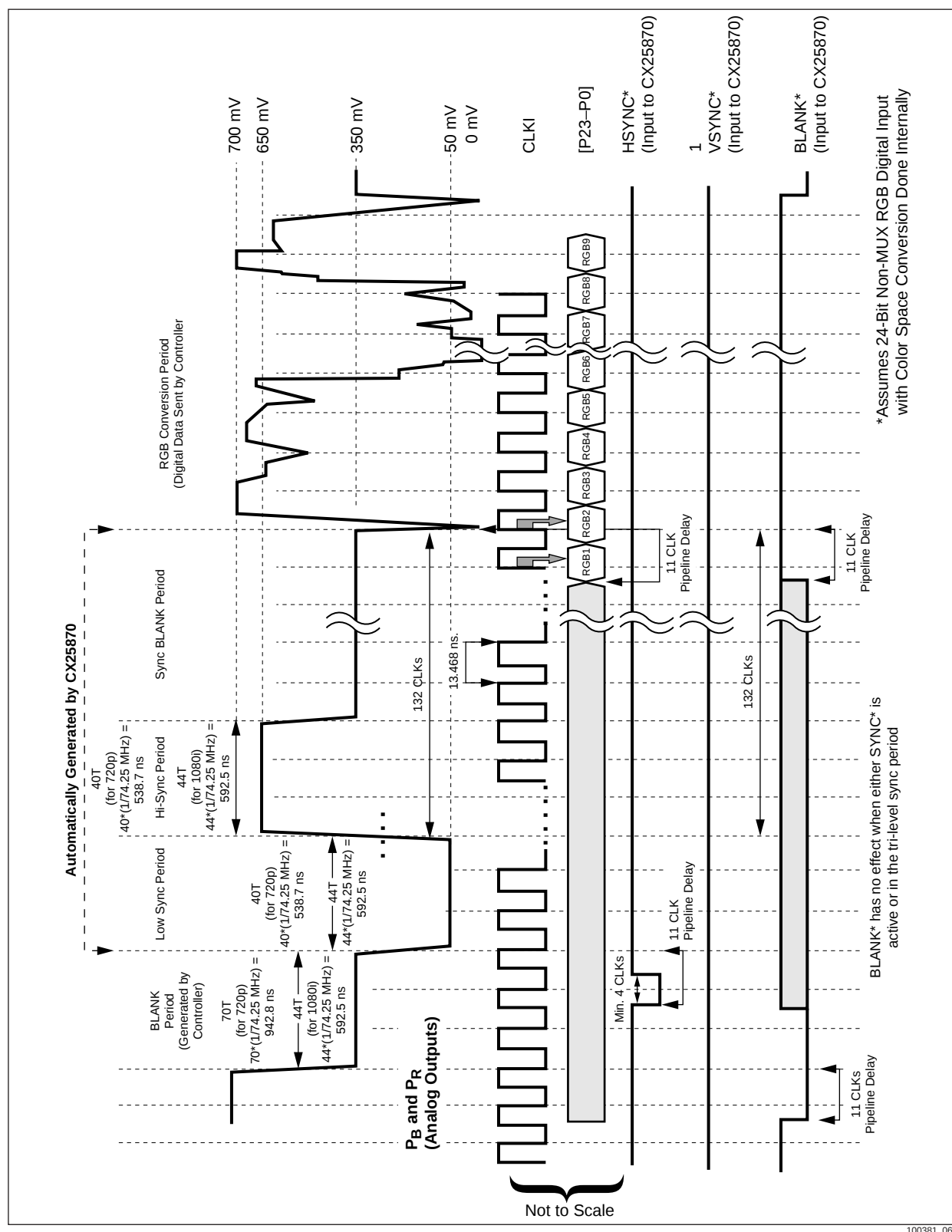
Review the next five pages ([Figures E-4](#) through [E-8](#)) for illustrations of the relationship between the digital inputs received by the CX25870/871 and the HDTV Output signals transmitted by the encoder while in HDTV Output Mode.

**Figure E-5. Proper Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/871 (Timing Slave): Active Line in 1080i and 720p ATSC Format (RASTER\_SEL[1:0] = 11 or 10) for R, G, B, and Y Analog Outputs**



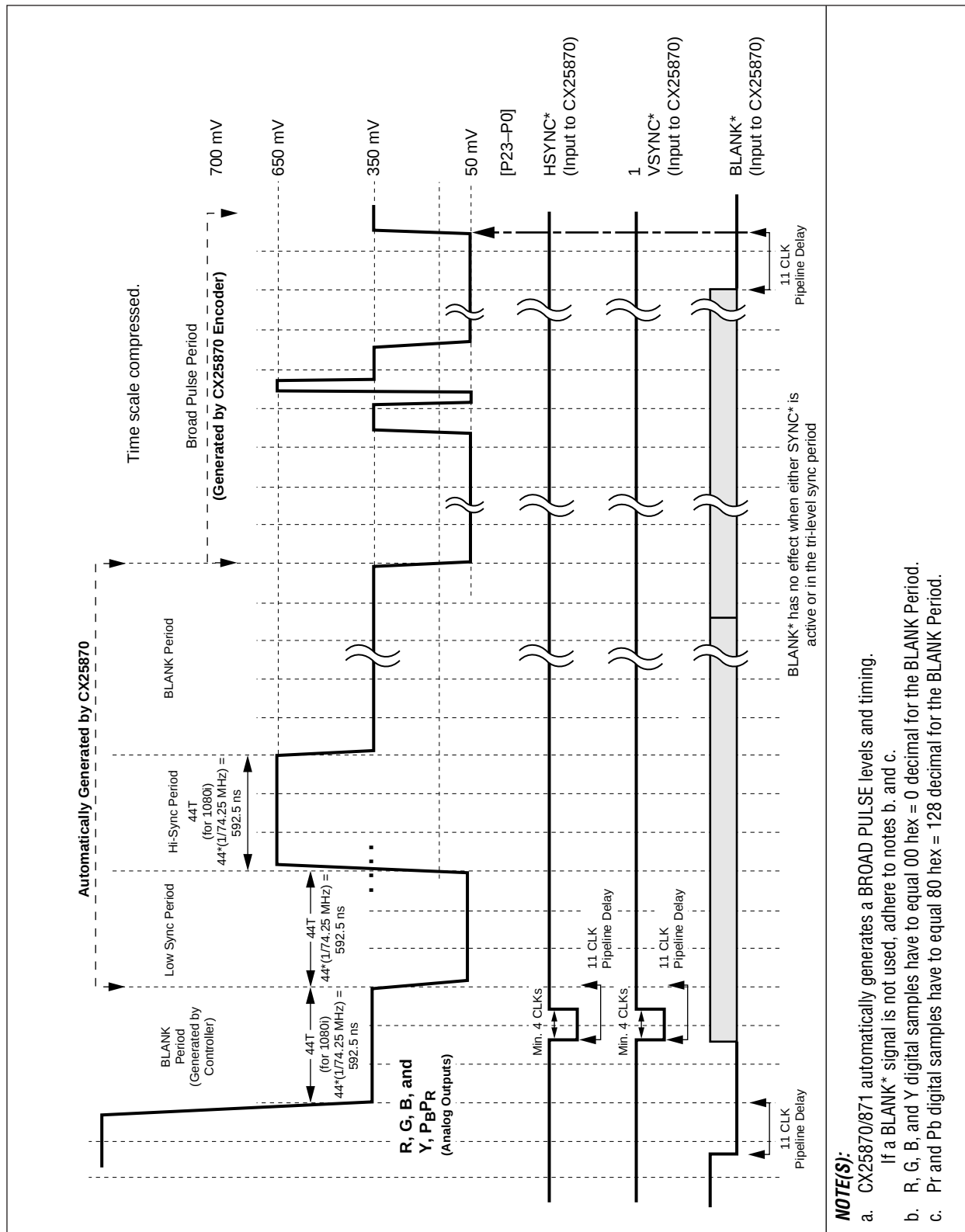
100381\_067

**Figure E-6. Proper Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/871 (Timing Slave): Active Line in 1080i and 720p ATSC Format (RASTER SEL[1:0] = 11 or 10) for  $P_B$  and  $P_R$  Analog Outputs**



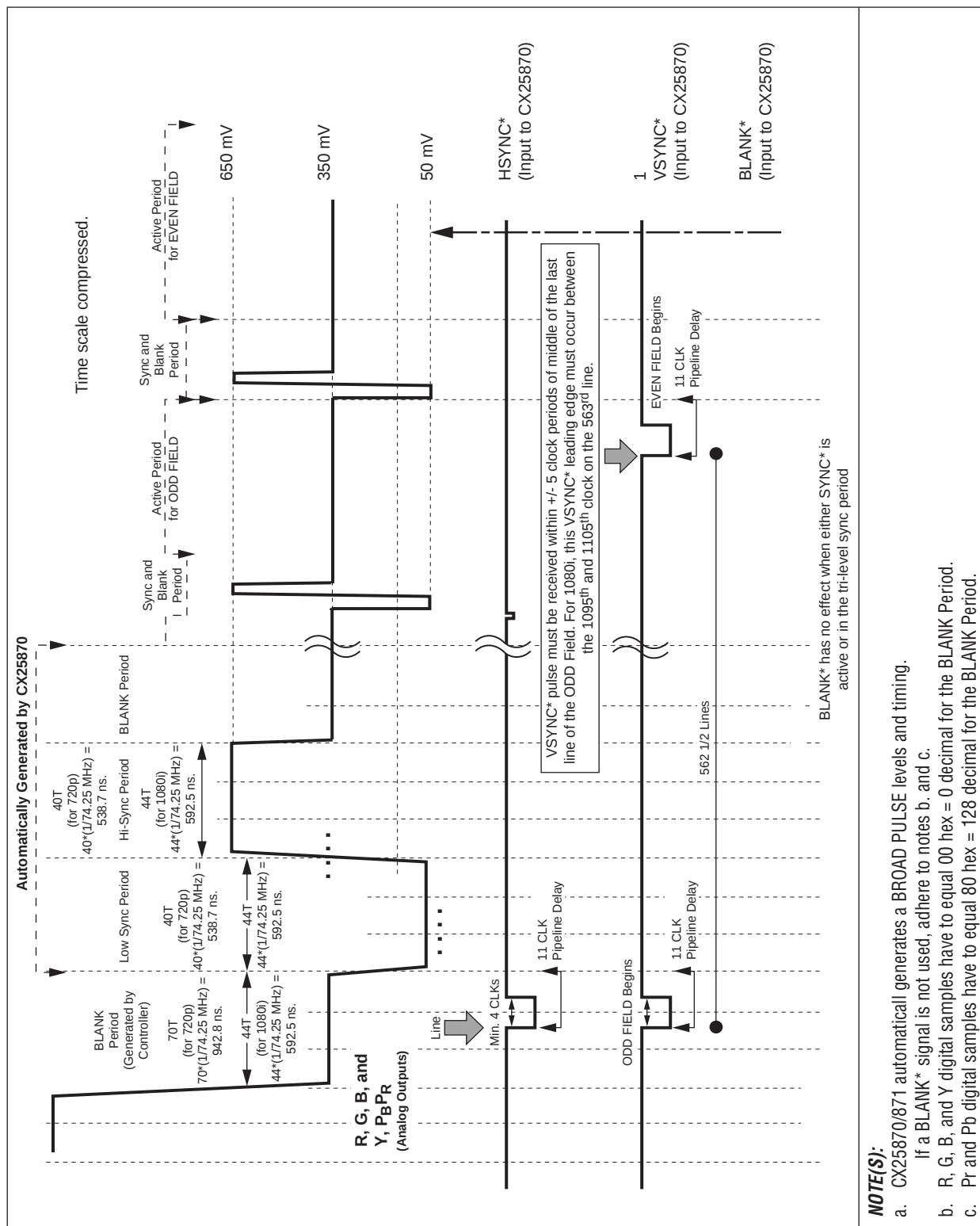
100381\_068

**Figure E-7. Proper Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/871 (Timing Slave): Broad Pulse Line in 1080i ATSC Format (RASTER SEL[1:0] = 11)—Odd Field**



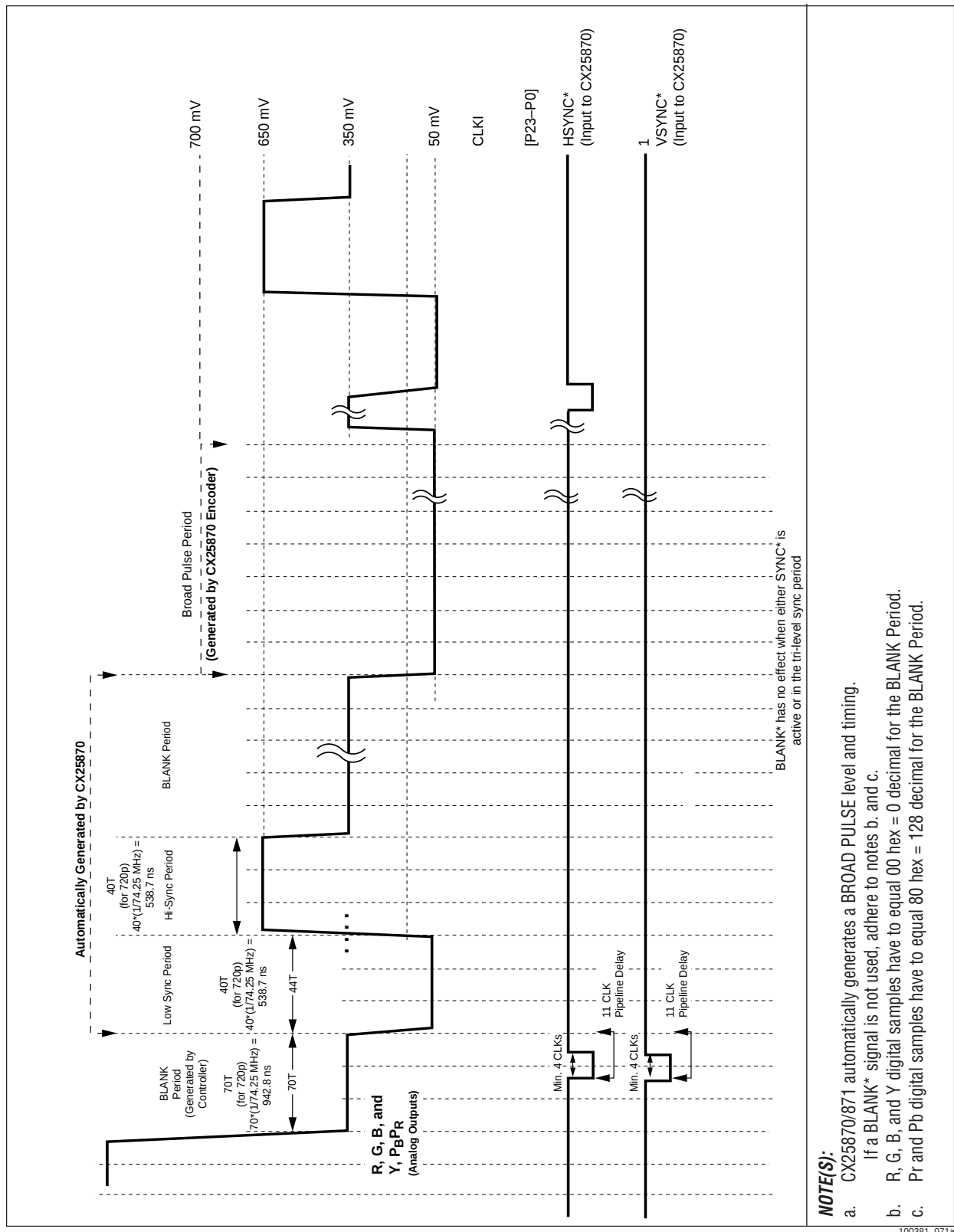
100381\_069

**Figure E-8. Proper Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/871 (Timing Slave): Two Successive Active Fields in 1080i ATSC Format (RASTER SEL[1:0] = 11)**



100381\_070

**Figure E-9. Proper Interface Timing between the HDTV Source Device (Master) and CX25870/871 (Timing Slave): Broad Pulse Line in 720p ATSC Format (RASTER SEL[1:0] = 10)**





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- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

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