

## FEATURES

- Handles 10,000pF Capacitive Load
- 450 $\mu$ V Max Offset Voltage
- 1200 $\mu$ V Max Offset Voltage in S8 Package
- 50pA Bias Current at 70°C
- 13nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  Voltage Noise
- 4V/ $\mu$ s Slew Rate
- 4 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C Drift
- 130dB Channel Separation

## APPLICATIONS

- Sample-and-Hold (Drives Large Hold Capacitors)
- A/D and D/A Converters
- Photodiode Amplifiers
- Voltage-to-Frequency Converters

## DESCRIPTION

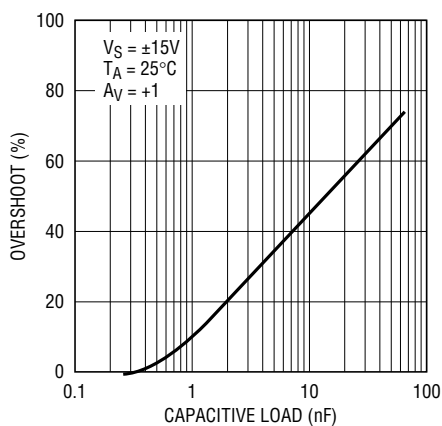
The LT1457 is a dual, JFET input op amp optimized for handling large capacitive loads in combination with precision performance.

Precision specifications include 220 $\mu$ V offset voltage in plastic and surface mount packages. At 70°C input bias current is 50pA, input offset current is 20pA. Channel separation is 130dB.

Other dual JFET input op amps from Linear Technology include the LT1057, which is three times faster than the LT1457 but at the expense of significantly lower capacitive load handling capability; and the LT1113 with 4.5nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  voltage noise.

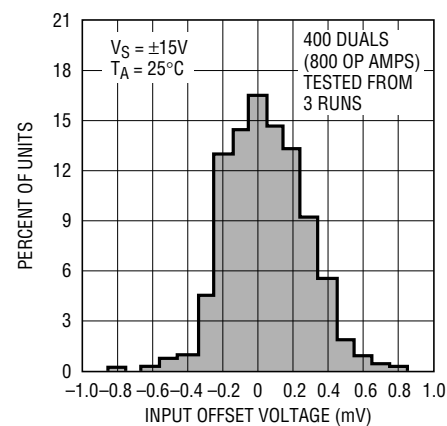
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Capacitive Load Handling



LT1457-TA01

Input Offset Voltage Distribution  
 S8 Package



LT1457-TA02

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage .....	$\pm 20V$
Differential Input Voltage .....	$\pm 40V$
Input Voltage .....	Equal to Supply Voltages
Output Short-Circuit Duration .....	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range .....	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature Range .....	$-65^{\circ}C$ to $150^{\circ}C$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) .....	$300^{\circ}C$

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

<p>N8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC DIP <math>T_{JMAX} = 115^{\circ}C</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 130^{\circ}C/W</math></p>	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LT1457ACN8 LT1457CN8
<p>S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC SOIC NOTE: THIS PIN CONFIGURATION DIFFERS FROM THE 8-LEAD DIP PIN LOCATIONS. INSTEAD, IT FOLLOWS THE INDUSTRY STANDARD LT1013DS8 SO PACKAGE CONFIGURATION. <math>T_{JMAX} = 130^{\circ}C</math>, <math>\theta_{JA} = 190^{\circ}C/W</math></p>	LT1457S8
	S8 PART MARKING
	1457

Consult factory for Industrial and Military grade parts.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_S = \pm 15V$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{CM} = 0V$ unless otherwise noted. (Note 1)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LT1457AC			LT1457C/LT1457S8			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{OS}$	Input Offset Voltage	LT1457AC/C LT1457S8		150	450		200	800	$\mu V$ $\mu V$
$I_{OS}$	Input Offset Current	Fully Warmed Up		3	40		4	50	pA
$I_B$	Input Bias Current	Fully Warmed Up		$\pm 5$	$\pm 50$		$\pm 7$	$\pm 75$	pA
	Input Resistance-Differential -Common-Mode	$V_{CM} = -11V$ to $8V$ $V_{CM} = 8V$ to $11V$		$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
				$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
				$10^{11}$			$10^{11}$		$\Omega$
	Input Capacitance			4			4		pF
$e_n$	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz		2.0			2.1		$\mu V_{P-P}$
$e_n$	Input Noise Voltage Density	$f_0 = 10Hz$		26			28		$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
		$f_0 = 1kHz$ (Note 2)		13	22		14	24	$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
$i_n$	Input Noise Current Density	$f_0 = 10Hz, 1kHz$ (Note 3)		1.5	4		1.8	6	$fA/\sqrt{Hz}$
$A_{VOL}$	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_0 = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 2k$	150	350		100	300		V/mV
		$V_0 = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 1k$	120	250		80	220		V/mV
	Input Voltage Range		$\pm 10.5$	14.3		$\pm 10.5$	14.3		V
					-11.5			-11.5	
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = \pm 10.5V$	86	100		82	98		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 18V$	88	103		86	102		dB
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 2k$	$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 13$		V
SR	Slew Rate		2	4		2	4		V/ $\mu s$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$  unless otherwise noted. (Note 1)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LT1457AC			LT1457C/LT1457S8			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	(Note 5)	1.0	1.7		1.0	1.7		MHz
$I_S$	Supply Current Per Amplifier			1.8	3.0		1.8	3.0	mA
	Channel Separation	DC to 5kHz, $V_{IN} = \pm 10V$		132			130		dB

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$ ,  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LT1457AC			LT1457C/LT1457S8			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{OS}$	Input Offset Voltage	LT1457AC/C LT1457S8	●	250	900		330	1500	$\mu V$
			●				400	1900	$\mu V$
	Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage (Note 4)		●	3	10		4	16	$\mu V/^\circ C$
$I_{OS}$	Input Offset Current	Warmed Up, $T_A = 70^\circ C$		18	150		20	250	pA
$I_B$	Input Bias Current	Warmed Up, $T_A = 70^\circ C$		$\pm 50$	$\pm 250$		$\pm 60$	$\pm 350$	pA
$A_{VOL}$	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_O = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 2k$	●	70	220		50	200	V/mV
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = \pm 10.4V$	●	85	98		80	96	dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 4.5V$ to $\pm 18V$	●	87	102		84	100	dB
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 2k$	●	$\pm 12$	$\pm 12.8$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 12.8$	V
$I_S$	Supply Current Per Amplifier	$T_A = 70^\circ C$	●		3.2			3.2	mA
				1.7			1.7		mA

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  $V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$ ,  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. (Note 6)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LT1457AC			LT1457C/LT1457S8			UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{OS}$	Input Offset Voltage	LT1457AC/C LT1457S8	●	350	1100		400	1800	$\mu V$
			●				500	2300	$\mu V$
	Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage		●	3	10		4	16	$\mu V/^\circ C$
$I_{OS}$	Input Offset Current	Warmed Up, $T_A = 85^\circ C$		0.1	0.5		0.1	0.6	nA
$I_B$	Input Bias Current	Warmed Up, $T_A = 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.2$	$\pm 0.7$		$\pm 0.2$	$\pm 0.9$	nA
$A_{VOL}$	Large-Signal Voltage Gain	$V_O = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 2k$	●	40	120		30	110	V/mV
CMRR	Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = \pm 10.4V$	●	84	97		80	95	dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 5V$ to $\pm 17V$	●	86	100		83	98	dB
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 2k$	●	$\pm 12$	$\pm 12.7$		$\pm 12$	$\pm 12.6$	V
$I_S$	Supply Current Per Amplifier	$T_A = -40^\circ C$			3.8			3.8	mA
		$T_A = 85^\circ C$		1.7			1.7		mA

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

**Note 1:** Typical parameters are defined as the 60% yield of distributions of individual amplifiers; i.e., out of 100 LT1457s (200 op amps) typically 120 will be better than the indicated specification.

**Note 2:** This parameter is tested on a sample basis only.

**Note 3:** Current noise is calculated from the formula:  $i_n = (2qI_b)^{1/2}$ , where  $q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$  coulomb. The noise of source resistors up to 1G $\Omega$  swamps the contribution of current noise.

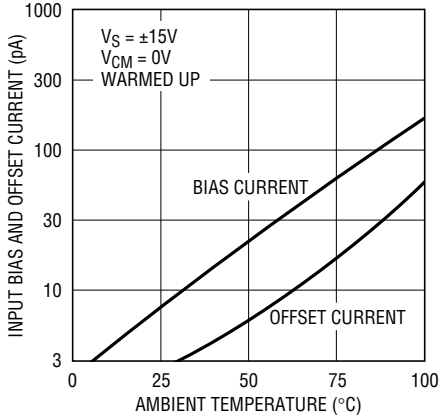
**Note 4:** This parameter is not 100% tested.

**Note 5:** Gain-Bandwidth product is not tested. It is guaranteed by design and by inference from the slew rate measurement.

**Note 6:** The LT1457 is not tested and not quality-assurance-sampled at  $-40^\circ C$  and at  $85^\circ C$ . These specifications are guaranteed by design, correlation, and/or inference from  $0^\circ C$ ,  $25^\circ C$ , and  $70^\circ C$  tests.

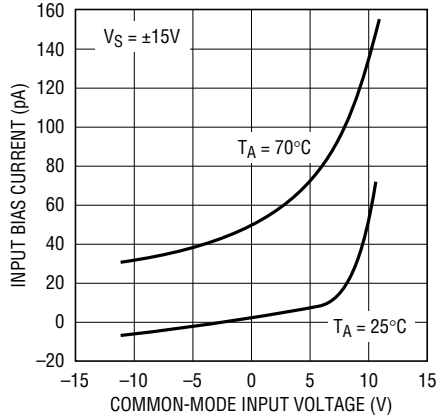
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Input Bias and Offset Current vs Temperature**



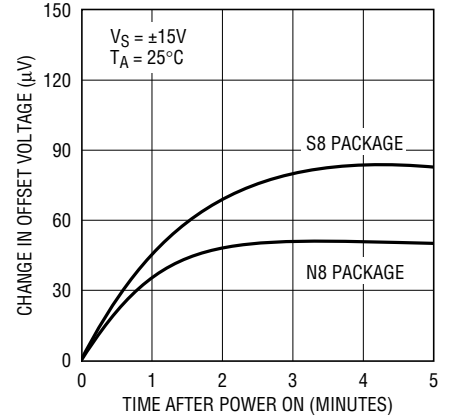
LT1457 • TPC01

**Input Bias Current Over the Common-Mode Range**



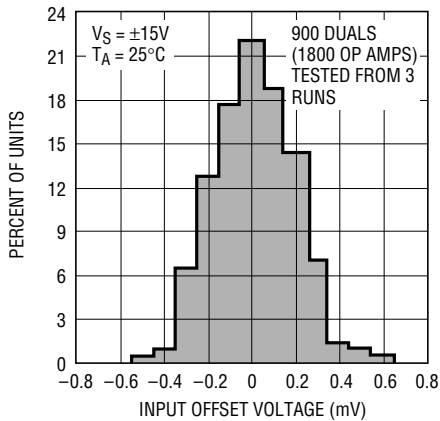
LT1457 • TPC02

**Warm-Up Drift**



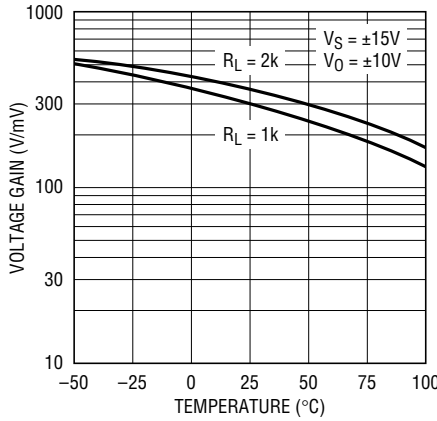
LT1457 • TPC03

**Input Offset Voltage Distribution N8 Package**



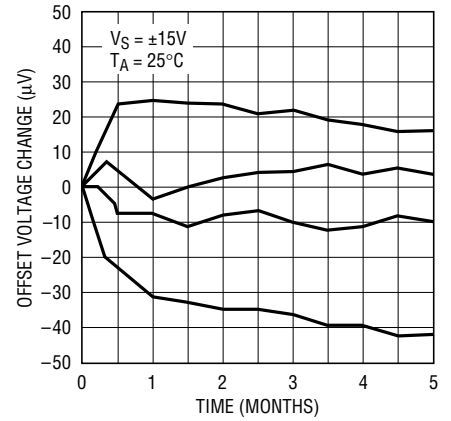
LT1457 • TPC04

**Voltage Gain vs Temperature**



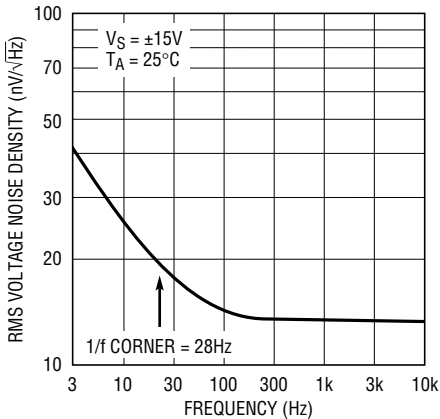
LT1457 • TPC05

**Long Term Drift of Representative Units**



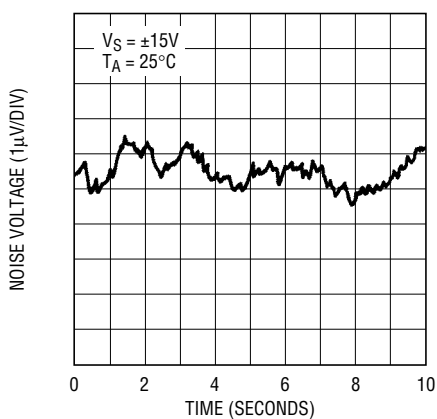
LT1457 • TPC06

**Voltage Noise vs Frequency**



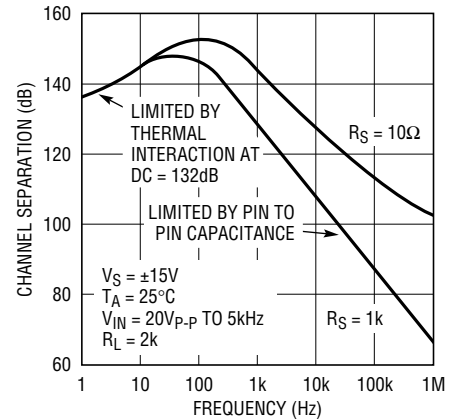
LT1457 • TPC07

**0.1Hz to 10Hz Noise**



LT1457 • TPC08

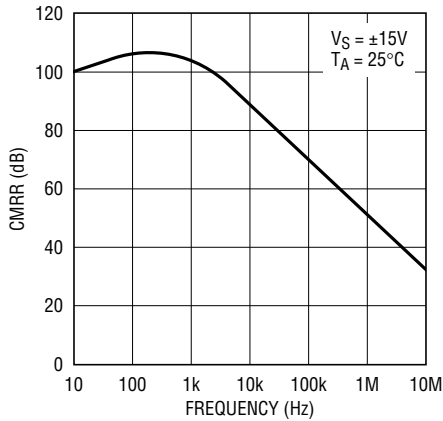
**Channel Separation vs Frequency**



LT1457 • TPC09

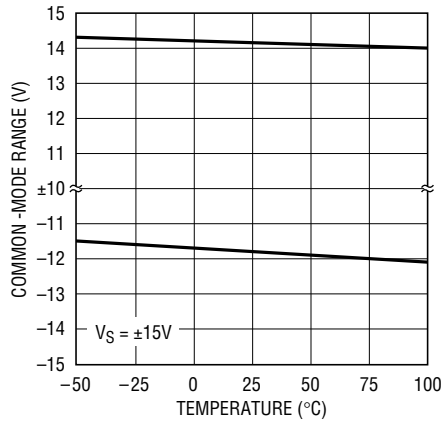
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Common-Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



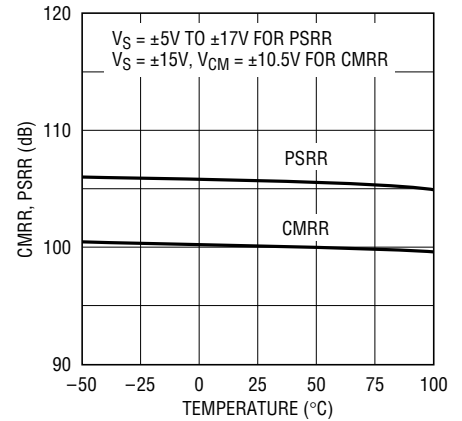
LT1457 • TPC10

**Common-Mode Range vs Temperature**



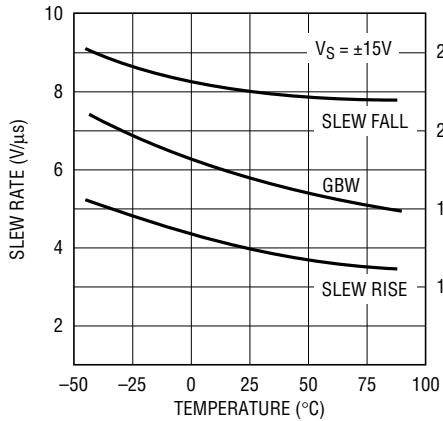
LT1457 • TPC11

**Common-Mode and Power Supply Rejections vs Temperature**



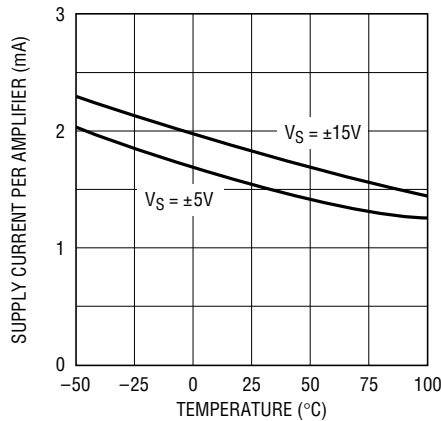
LT1457 • TPC12

**Slew Rate, Gain-Bandwidth Product vs Temperature**



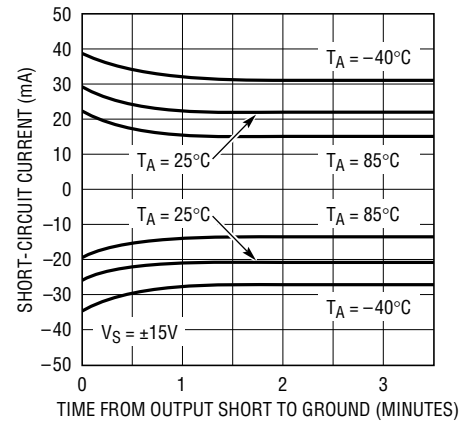
LT1457 • TPC13

**Supply Current vs Temperature**



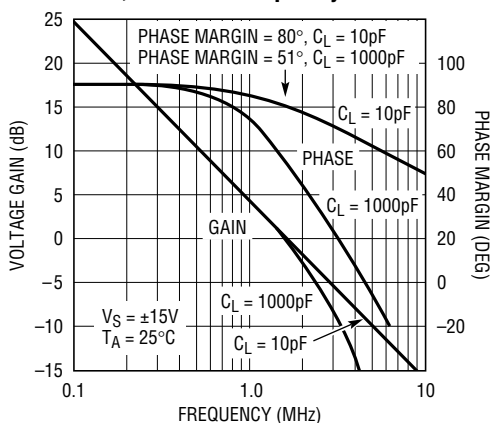
LT1457 • TPC14

**Short-Circuit Current vs Time (One Output Shorted to Ground)**



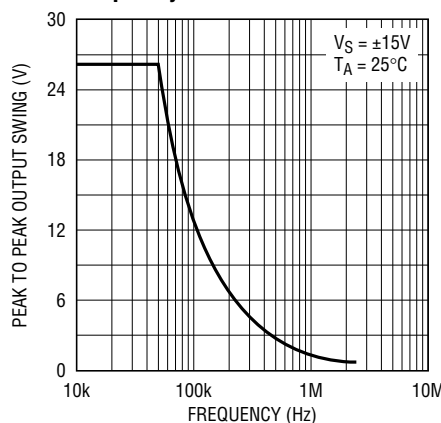
LT1457 • TPC15

**Gain, Phase vs Frequency**



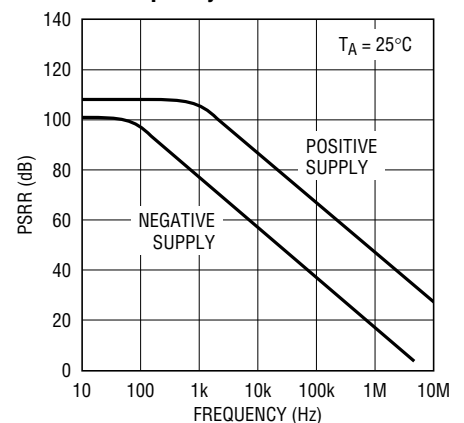
LT1457 • TPC16

**Undistorted Output Swing vs Frequency**



LT1457 • TPC17

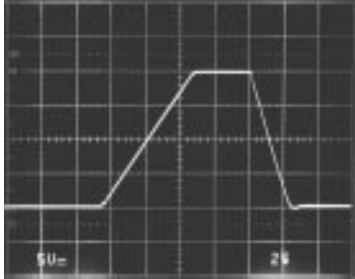
**Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



LT1457 • TPC18

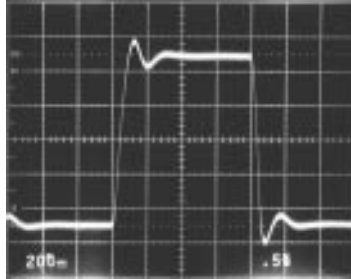
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Large-Signal Response  
 $A_V = 1, C_L = 100\text{pF}$



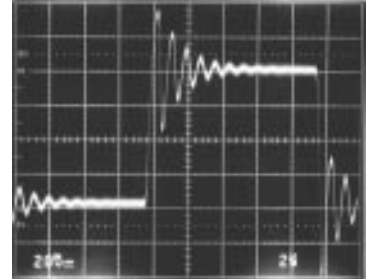
LT1457 TPC19

Small-Signal Response  
 $A_V = 1, C_L = 1000\text{pF}$



LT1457 TPC20

Small-Signal Response  
 $A_V = 1, C_L = 10,000\text{pF}$



LT1457 TPC21

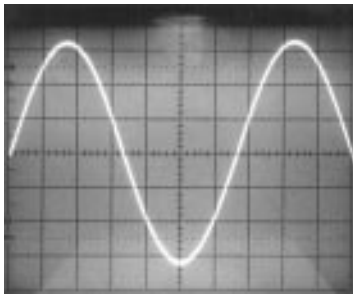
## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Phase Reversal Protection

Most industry standard JFET input single, dual, and quad op amps (e.g., LF156, LF351, LF353, LF411, LF412, OP-15, OP-16, OP-215, and TL084) exhibit phase reversal at the output when the negative common-mode limit at the input is exceeded (i.e., below  $-12\text{V}$  with  $\pm 15\text{V}$  supplies). The photos show a  $\pm 16\text{V}$  sine wave input (A), the response

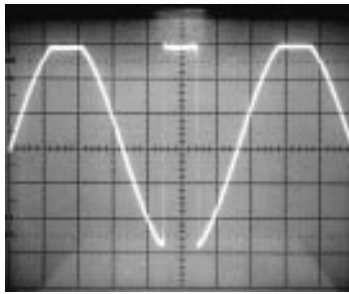
of an LF412A in the unity gain follower mode (B), and the response of the LT1457 (C).

The phase reversal of photo (B) can cause lock-up in servo systems. The LT1457 does not phase-reverse due to a unique phase reversal protection circuit.



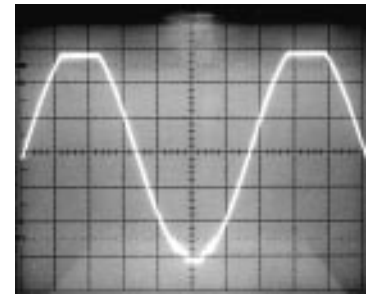
LT1457 AI01

(A)  $\pm 16\text{V}$  Sine Wave Input



LT1457 AI02

(B) LF412A Output



LT1457 AI03

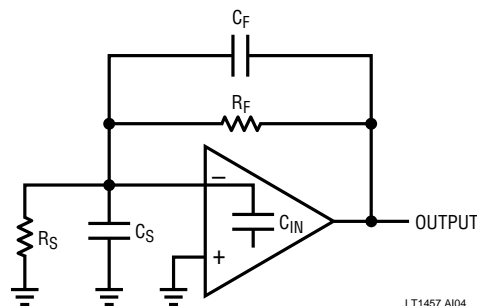
(C) LT1457 Output

All Photos 5V/Div Vertical Scale, 50 $\mu\text{s}$ /Div Horizontal Scale

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### High Speed Operation

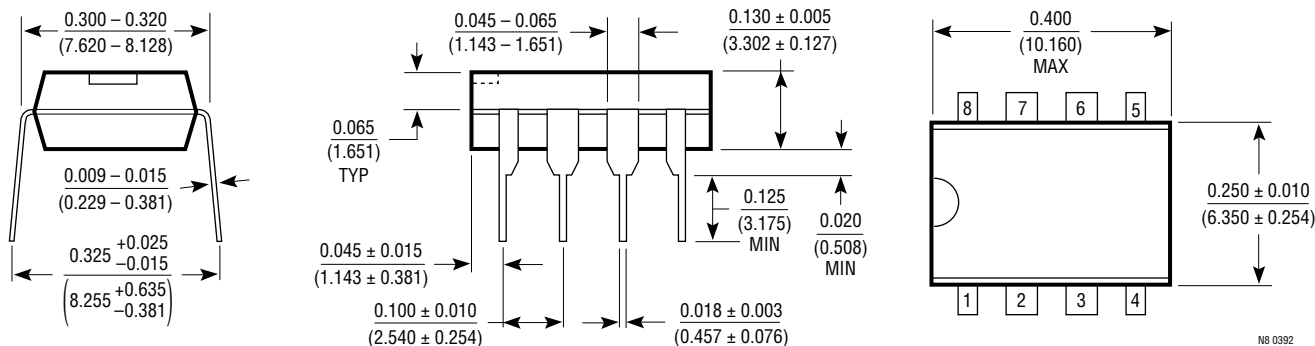
When the feedback around the op amp is resistive ( $R_F$ ), a pole will be created with  $R_F$ , the source resistance and capacitance ( $R_S$ ,  $C_S$ ), and the amplifier input capacitance ( $C_{IN} \approx 4\text{pF}$ ). In low closed loop gain configurations and with  $R_S$  and  $R_F$  in the kilohm range, this pole can create excess phase shift and even oscillation on high speed amplifiers. Because the LT1457's phase margin is very high, this problem is minimal. However, a small capacitor ( $C_F$ ) in parallel with  $R_F$  eliminates this problem. With  $R_S(C_S + C_{IN}) = R_F C_F$ , the effect of the feedback pole is completely removed.



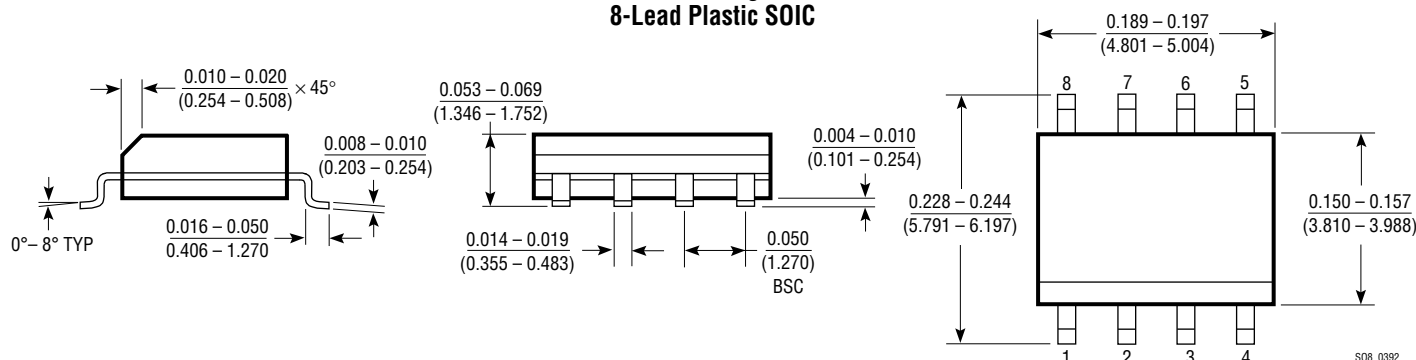
## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimension in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

### N8 Package 8-Lead Plastic DIP



### S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic SOIC



**U.S. Area Sales Offices**

**NORTHEAST REGION**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 One Oxford Valley  
 2300 E. Lincoln Hwy., Suite 306  
 Langhorne, PA 19047  
 Phone: (215) 757-8578  
 FAX: (215) 757-5631

**Linear Technology Corporation**

266 Lowell St., Suite B-8  
 Wilmington, MA 01887  
 Phone: (508) 658-3881  
 FAX: (508) 658-2701

**SOUTHEAST REGION**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 17060 Dallas Parkway  
 Suite 208  
 Dallas, TX 75248  
 Phone: (214) 733-3071  
 FAX: (214) 380-5138

**CENTRAL REGION**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 Chesapeake Square  
 229 Mitchell Court, Suite A-25  
 Addison, IL 60101  
 Phone: (708) 620-6910  
 FAX: (708) 620-6977

**SOUTHWEST REGION**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 22141 Ventura Blvd.  
 Suite 206  
 Woodland Hills, CA 91364  
 Phone: (818) 703-0835  
 FAX: (818) 703-0517

**NORTHWEST REGION**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 782 Sycamore Dr.  
 Milpitas, CA 95035  
 Phone: (408) 428-2050  
 FAX: (408) 432-6331

**International Sales Offices**

**FRANCE**

**Linear Technology S.A.R.L.**  
 Immeuble "Le Quartz"  
 58 Chemin de la Justice  
 92290 Chatenay Malabry  
 France  
 Phone: 33-1-41079555  
 FAX: 33-1-46314613

**KOREA**

**Linear Technology Korea Branch**  
 Namsong Building, #505  
 Itaewon-Dong 260-199  
 Yongsan-Ku, Seoul  
 Korea  
 Phone: 82-2-792-1617  
 FAX: 82-2-792-1619

**TAIWAN**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 Rm. 801, No. 46, Sec. 2  
 Chung Shan N. Rd.  
 Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.  
 Phone: 886-2-521-7575  
 FAX: 886-2-562-2285

**GERMANY**

**Linear Technolgy GmbH**  
 Untere Hauptstr. 9  
 D-85386 Eching  
 Germany  
 Phone: 49-89-3197410  
 FAX: 49-89-3194821

**SINGAPORE**

**Linear Technology Pte. Ltd.**  
 101 Boon Keng Road  
 #02-15 Kallang Ind. Estates  
 Singapore 1233  
 Phone: 65-293-5322  
 FAX: 65-292-0398

**UNITED KINGDOM**

**Linear Technology (UK) Ltd.**  
 The Coliseum, Riverside Way  
 Camberley, Surrey GU15 3YL  
 United Kingdom  
 Phone: 44-276-677676  
 FAX: 44-276-64851

**JAPAN**

**Linear Technology KK**  
 5F YZ Bldg.  
 4-4-12 Iidabashi, Chiyoda-Ku  
 Tokyo, 102 Japan  
 Phone: 81-3-3237-7891  
 FAX: 81-3-3237-8010

**World Headquarters**

**Linear Technology Corporation**  
 1630 McCarthy Blvd.  
 Milpitas, CA 95035-7487  
 Phone: (408) 432-1900  
 FAX: (408) 434-0507





Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

**Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42

**Электронная почта:** [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.