

High-Precision Buffered Voltage Reference

Features

- Maximum Temperature Coefficient: 50 ppm/°C from -40°C to +125°C
- Initial Accuracy: 0.1%
- Operating Temperature Range: -40 to +125°C
- Low Typical Operating Current: 140 μ A
- Line Regulation: 50 ppm/V Maximum
- Load Regulation: 40 ppm/mA Maximum
- 8 Voltage Variants Available:
 - 1.024V
 - 1.250V
 - 1.800V
 - 2.048V
 - 2.500V
 - 3.000V
 - 3.300V
 - 4.096V
- Output Noise: 27 μ VRMS, 10 Hz to 10 kHz (1.024V)

Applications

- Precision Data Acquisition Systems
- High-Resolution Data Converters
- Medical Equipment Applications
- Industrial Controls
- Battery-Powered Devices

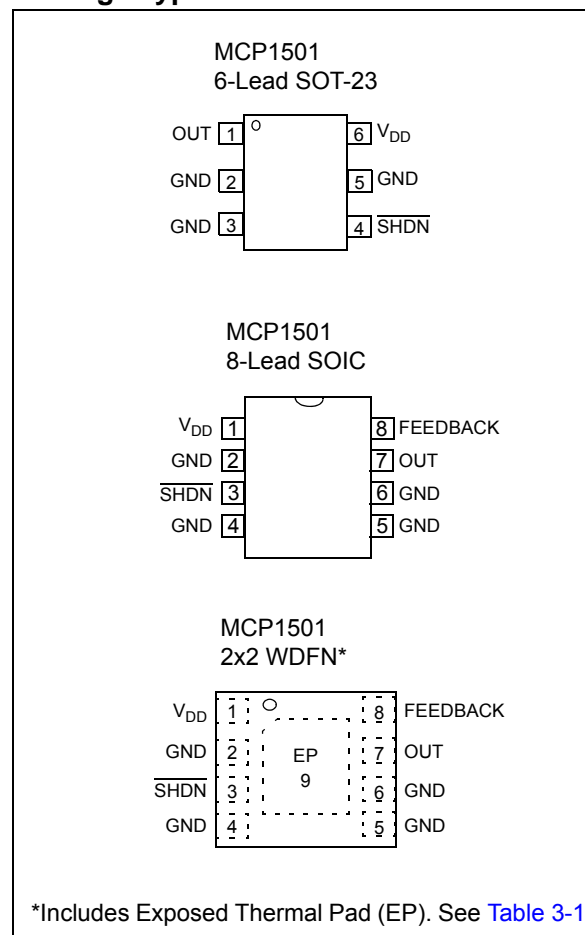
General Description

The MCP1501 is a buffered voltage reference capable of sinking and sourcing 20 mA of current. The voltage reference is a low-drift bandgap-based reference. The bandgap uses chopper-based amplifiers, effectively reducing the drift to zero.

The MCP1501 is available in the following packages:

- 6-Lead SOT-23
- 8-Lead SOIC
- 8-Lead 2 mm x 2 mm WDFN

Package Types



MCP1501

BLOCK DIAGRAM



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| V_{DD} | 5.5V |
| Maximum current into V_{DD} pin | 30 mA |
| Clamp current, I_K ($V_{PIN} < 0$ or $V_{PIN} > V_{DD}$)..... | ± 20 mA |
| Maximum output current sunk by OUTPUT pin | 30 mA |
| Maximum output current sourced by OUTPUT pin | 30 mA |
| (HBM:CDM:MM)..... | (2 kV: ± 1.5 kV:200V) |

† **Notice:** Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure above maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

| Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD(MIN)} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$ at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}C$. | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Characteristic | Sym. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions | |
| Supply Voltage | V_{DD} | 1.65 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-10 | |
| | V_{DD} | 1.65 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-12 | |
| | V_{DD} | 2.0 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-18 | |
| | V_{DD} | 2.25 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-20 | |
| | V_{DD} | 2.70 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-25 | |
| | V_{DD} | 3.2 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-30 | |
| | V_{DD} | 3.5 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-33 | |
| | V_{DD} | 4.3 | — | 5.5 | V | MCP1501-40 | |
| Power-on-Reset Release Voltage | V_{POR} | — | 1.45 | — | V | | |
| Power-on-Reset Rearm Voltage | — | — | 0.8 | — | V | | |
| Output Voltage | MCP1501-10 | V_{OUT} | 1.0230 | 1.0240 | 1.0250 | V | |
| | MCP1501-12 | | 1.2488 | 1.2500 | 1.2513 | V | |
| | MCP1501-18 | | 1.7982 | 1.800 | 1.8018 | V | |
| | MCP1501-20 | | 2.0460 | 2.0480 | 2.0500 | V | |
| | MCP1501-25 | | 2.4975 | 2.500 | 2.5025 | V | |
| | MCP1501-30 | | 2.9970 | 3.000 | 3.0030 | V | |
| | MCP1501-33 | | 3.2967 | 3.300 | 3.3033 | V | |
| | MCP1501-40 | | 4.0919 | 4.0960 | 4.1001 | V | |
| Temperature Coefficient | MCP1501-XX | T_C | — | 10 | 50 | ppm/ $^{\circ}C$ | |
| Line Regulation | | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}}$ | — | 5 | 50 | ppm/V | |
| Load Regulation | | $\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_{OUT}}$ | — | 10 ppm – sink 15 ppm – source | 40 ppm – sink 70 ppm – source | ppm/mA | $-5 \text{ mA} < I_{LOAD} < +5 \text{ mA}$ |
| Dropout Voltage | | V_{DO} | — | — | 200 | mV | $-5 \text{ mA} < I_{LOAD} < +2 \text{ mA}$ |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | | PSRR | | 94 dB | | | 1.024V option, $V_{IN} = 5.5V$, 60 Hz at 100 mV _{P-P} |

MCP1501

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

| Electrical Characteristics: Unless otherwise specified, $V_{DD(MIN)} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$ at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}C$. | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|-------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Characteristic | Sym. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions | | |
| Shutdown | V_{IL} | | 1.35 | | | $V_{IN} = 5.5V$ | | |
| | V_{IH} | | 3.80 | | | | | |
| Output Voltage Hysteresis | ΔV_{OUT_HYST} | | 300 μV | | | Refer to Section 1.1.10 "Output Voltage Hysteresis" for additional details on testing conditions. | | |
| Output Noise | MCP1501-10 | e_N | — | 14 | — | $\mu VRMS$ | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ | |
| | | | — | 27 | — | | 10 Hz to 10 kHz, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ | |
| | MCP1501-40 | e_N | — | 20 | — | $\mu VRMS$ | 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ | |
| | | | — | 110 | — | | 10 Hz to 10 kHz, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ | |
| Maximum Load Current | | I_{LOAD} | — | ± 20 | — | mA | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ 2.048V option | |
| Supply Current | | I_{DD} | — | 140 | 550 | | μA | No Load |
| | | | — | — | 350 | | | No Load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ |
| Shutdown Current | MCP1501-10 | I_{SHDN} | | 205 | | | nA | $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ |
| | MCP1501-20 | | | 185 | | | | |
| | MCP1501-40 | | | 185 | | | | |

TABLE 1-2: TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS

| Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise indicated, all parameters apply at $AV_{DD}, DV_{DD} = 2.7$ to $3.6V$. | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|------|--------|------|---------------|------------|
| Parameters | Sym. | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
| Temperature Ranges | | | | | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | T_A | -40 | — | +125 | $^{\circ}C$ | |
| Storage Temperature Range | T_A | -65 | — | +150 | $^{\circ}C$ | |
| Thermal Package Resistance | | | | | | |
| Thermal Resistance for SOT-23-6 | θ_{JA} | — | +190.5 | — | $^{\circ}C/W$ | |
| Thermal Resistance for SOIC-8 | θ_{JA} | — | +149.5 | — | $^{\circ}C/W$ | |
| Thermal Resistance for DFN-8 | θ_{JA} | — | +141.3 | — | $^{\circ}C/W$ | |

1.1 Terminology

1.1.1 OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Output voltage is the reference voltage that is available on the OUT pin.

1.1.2 INPUT VOLTAGE

The input voltage (V_{IN}) is the range of voltage that can be applied to the V_{DD} pin and still have the device produce the designated output voltage on the OUT pin.

1.1.3 TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT (TC_{OUT})

The output temperature coefficient or voltage drift is a measure of how much the output voltage will vary from its initial value with changes in ambient temperature. The value specified in the electrical specifications is measured as shown in [Equation 1-1](#).

EQUATION 1-1: TC_{OUTPUT} CALCULATION

$$TC_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT(MAX)} - V_{OUT(MIN)}}{\Delta T \times V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times 10^6 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{C}$$

Where:

- $V_{OUT(MAX)}$ = Maximum output voltage over the temperature range
- $V_{OUT(MIN)}$ = Minimum output voltage over the temperature range
- $V_{OUT(NOM)}$ = Average output voltage over the temperature range
- ΔT = Temperature range over which the data was collected

1.1.4 DROPOUT VOLTAGE

The dropout voltage is defined as the voltage difference between V_{DD} and V_{OUT} under load. [Equation 1-2](#) is used to calculate the dropout voltage.

EQUATION 1-2:

$$V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT} / I_{OUT} = \text{Constant}$$

1.1.5 LINE REGULATION

An ideal voltage reference will maintain a constant output voltage regardless of any changes to the input voltage. However, when real devices are considered, a small error may be measured on the output when an input voltage change occurs.

Line regulation is defined as the change in output voltage (ΔV_{OUT}) as a function of a change in input voltage (ΔV_{IN}), and expressed as a percentage, as shown in [Equation 1-3](#).

EQUATION 1-3:

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 100\% = \% \text{ Line Regulation}$$

Line regulation may also be expressed as %/V or in ppm/V, as shown in [Equation 1-4](#) and [Equation 1-5](#), respectively.

EQUATION 1-4:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \times 100\% = \frac{\%}{V} \text{ Line Regulation}$$

EQUATION 1-5:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \times 10^6 = \frac{\text{ppm}}{V} \text{ Line Regulation}$$

As an example, if the MCP1501-20 is implemented in a design and a 2 μV change in output voltage is measured from a 250 mV change on the input, then the error in percent, ppm, percent/volt, and ppm/volt, as shown in [Equation 1-6](#) – [Equation 1-9](#).

EQUATION 1-6:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 100\% \right) \times \left(\frac{2 \mu\text{V}}{250 \text{ mV}} \times 100\% \right) = .0008\%$$

EQUATION 1-7:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 10^6 \right) \times \left(\frac{2 \mu\text{V}}{250 \text{ mV}} \times 10^6 \right) = 8 \text{ ppm}$$

EQUATION 1-8:

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 100\% = \left(\frac{2 \mu\text{V}}{2.048 \text{ V}} \right) \times 100\% = 0.000390625 \frac{\%}{V}$$

EQUATION 1-9:

$$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times 10^6 = \left(\frac{2 \mu\text{V}}{2.048 \text{ V}} \right) \times 10^6 = 3.90625 \frac{\text{ppm}}{V}$$

MCP1501

1.1.6 LOAD REGULATION

An ideal voltage reference will maintain the specified output voltage regardless of the load's current demand. However, real devices experience a small error voltage that deviates from the specified output voltage when a load is present.

Load regulation is defined as the voltage difference when under no load ($V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|0}$) and under maximum load ($V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|MAX}$), and is expressed as a percentage, as shown in [Equation 1-10](#).

EQUATION 1-10:

$$\frac{V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|0} - V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|MAX}}{V_{OUT} @ I_{OUT|0}} \times 100\% = \% \text{ Load Regulation}$$

Similar to line regulation, load regulation may also be expressed as %/mA or in ppm/mA as shown in [Equation 1-11](#) and [Equation 1-12](#), respectively.

EQUATION 1-11:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \times 100\% = \frac{\%}{\text{mA}} \text{ Load Regulation}$$

EQUATION 1-12:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \times 10^6 = \frac{\text{ppm}}{\text{mA}} \text{ Load Regulation}$$

As an example, if the MCP1501-20 is implemented in a design and a 10 μV change in output voltage is measured from a 2 mA change on the input, then the error in percent, ppm, percent/volt, ppm/volt, as shown in [Equation 1-13](#) – [Equation 1-16](#).

EQUATION 1-13:

$$\frac{2.048\text{V} - 2.04799\text{V}}{2.04799\text{V}} \times 100\% = .0004882\%$$

EQUATION 1-14:

$$\frac{2.048\text{V} - 2.04799\text{V}}{2.04799\text{V}} \times 10^6 = \left(\frac{2.048\text{V} - 2.04799\text{V}}{2.04799\text{V}} \times 10^6 \right) = 4.882 \text{ ppm}$$

EQUATION 1-15:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \times 100\% = \left(\frac{\left(\frac{10 \mu\text{V}}{2.048\text{V}} \right)}{2 \text{ mA}} \right) \times 100\% = 0.2441 \frac{\%}{\text{mA}}$$

EQUATION 1-16:

$$\left(\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \times 10^6 = \left(\frac{\left(\frac{10 \mu\text{V}}{2.048\text{V}} \right)}{2 \text{ mA}} \right) \times 10^6 = 2.441 \frac{\text{ppm}}{\text{mA}}$$

1.1.7 INPUT CURRENT

The input current (operating current) is the current that sinks from V_{IN} to GND without a load current on the output pin. This current is affected by temperature, input voltage, output voltage, and the load current.

1.1.8 POWER SUPPLY REJECTION RATIO

Power supply rejection ratio (PSRR) is a measure of the change in output voltage (ΔV_{OUT}) relative to the change in input voltage (ΔV_{IN}) over frequency.

1.1.9 LONG-TERM DRIFT

The long-term output stability is measured by exposing the devices to an ambient temperature of +125°C, as shown in [Figure 2-18](#) while configured in the circuit shown in [Figure 1-1](#). In this test, all electrical specifications of the devices are measured periodically at +25°C.



FIGURE 1-1: Long-Term Drift Test Circuit.

1.1.10 OUTPUT VOLTAGE HYSTERESIS

The output voltage hysteresis is a measure of the output voltage error after the powered devices are cycled over the entire operating temperature range. The amount of hysteresis can be quantified by measuring the change in the +25°C output voltage after temperature excursions from +25°C to +125°C to +25°C, and also from +25°C to -40°C to +25°C.

MCP1501

2.0 TYPICAL OPERATING CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise specified, maximum values are: $V_{DD(MIN)} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5V$ at $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +125^{\circ}C$.



FIGURE 2-1: V_{OUT} vs. Temperature, No Load, 4.096V Option.



FIGURE 2-4: Load Regulation vs. Temperature, I_{LOAD} 5mA Sink.



FIGURE 2-2: V_{OUT} vs. Temperature, No Load, 2.048V Option.



FIGURE 2-5: Load Regulation vs. Temperature, I_{LOAD} 5mA Source.



FIGURE 2-3: V_{OUT} vs. Temperature, No Load, 1.024V Option.



FIGURE 2-6: I_{DD} vs. Temperature, All Options.



FIGURE 2-7: I_{DD} vs. Temperature for V_{OUT} , 50 Units, No Load, 4.096V Option.



FIGURE 2-10: I_{DD} vs. V_{DD} , $V_{OUT} = 1.024V$, 50 Units, No Load.



FIGURE 2-8: I_{DD} vs. Temperature for V_{OUT} , 50 Units, No Load, 1.024V Option.



FIGURE 2-11: Line Regulation vs. Temperature.



FIGURE 2-9: I_{DD} vs. V_{DD} , $V_{OUT} = 4.096V$, 50 Units, No Load.



FIGURE 2-12: Noise vs. Frequency, No Load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

MCP1501



FIGURE 2-13: PSRR vs. Frequency, No Load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.



FIGURE 2-16: Tempco Distribution, No Load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$, 50 Units.



FIGURE 2-14: PSRR vs. Frequency, 1 k Ω Load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.



FIGURE 2-17: Tempco Distribution, No Load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, 50 Units.



FIGURE 2-15: Dropout Voltage vs. Load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, 2.048V Option.



FIGURE 2-18: V_{OUT} Drift vs. Time, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, No Load, 800 Units.



FIGURE 2-19: V_{OUT} vs. Load, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, 2.048V Option.



FIGURE 2-22: Turn On Transient, $V_{DD} = 5/5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = 2.048\text{V}$ Option, No Load.

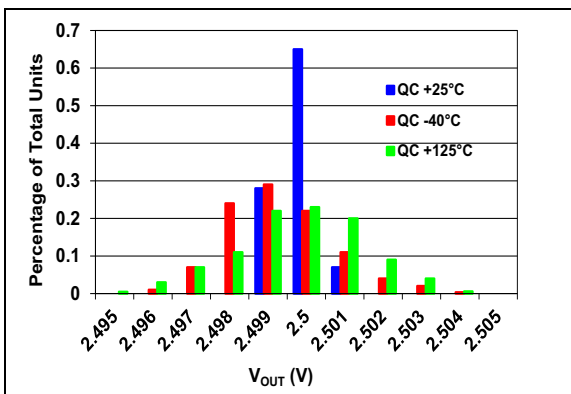


FIGURE 2-20: V_{OUT} at V_{DDMIN} , $V_{DD} = 2.7\text{V}$, 800 Units, 2.5V Option, No Load.

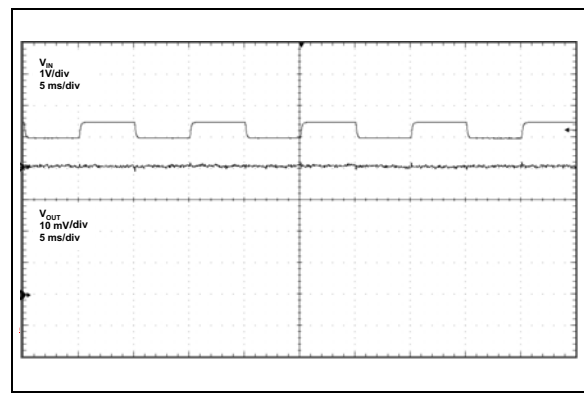


FIGURE 2-23: Line Transient, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = 500\text{mV}_{PP}$ @ 5V_{DC} , 2.048V Option, No Load.

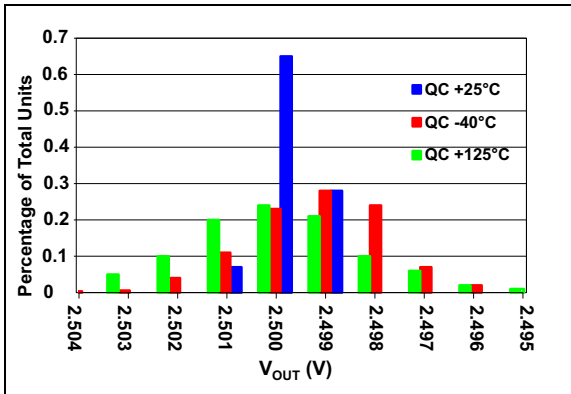


FIGURE 2-21: V_{OUT} Distribution at V_{DDMAX} , $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, 800 Units, 2.5V Option, No Load.



FIGURE 2-24: Load Transient, $V_{DD} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_{IN} = 2.5\text{V}$, 2.048V Option.

MCP1501



FIGURE 2-25: R_{ISO} vs. C_{LOAD} , 4.096V
Option Unloaded.



FIGURE 2-26: R_{ISO} vs. C_{LOAD} , 4.096V
Option Loaded.

3.0 PIN FUNCTION TABLE

The pin functions are described in [Table 3-1](#).

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

| SOT-23 | SOIC | 2 x 2 WDFN | Symbol | Function |
|---------|------------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 7 | 7 | OUT | Buffered V_{REF} Output |
| — | 8 | 8 | FEEDBACK | Buffered V_{REF} Feedback |
| 2, 3, 5 | 2, 4, 5, 6 | 2, 4, 5, 6 | GND | System Ground |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | $\overline{\text{SHDN}}$ | Shutdown Pin Active Low |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | V_{DD} | Power Supply Input |
| — | — | 9 | EP | Exposed Thermal Pad |

3.1 Buffered V_{REF} Output (OUT)

This is the Buffered Reference Output. On the WDFN and SOIC package, this should be connected to the FEEDBACK pin at the device. The output driver is tristated when in shutdown.

3.2 Buffered V_{REF} Feedback (FEEDBACK)

This is the buffer amplifier feedback pin. On the WDFN and SOIC package, this should be connected to the OUT pin at the device. This connection is internal on the SOT-23 package. Note that if there is routing impedance or IR-drop between the OUT and FEEDBACK pins, it is the FEEDBACK pin which accurately holds the output voltage. This can be used in an application to remove IR-drop effects on output voltage caused by the Printed Circuit Board (PCB) or interconnect resistance with a high-current load.

3.3 System Ground (GND)

This is the power supply return and should be connected to system ground.

3.4 Shutdown Pin ($\overline{\text{SHDN}}$)

This is a digital input that will place the device in Shutdown. The device should be allowed to power up before using this feature. This pin is active low.

3.5 Power Supply Input (V_{DD})

This power pin also serves as the input voltage for the voltage reference. Refer to the Electrical Tables to determine minimum voltage, based on the device.

3.6 Exposed Thermal Pad (EP)

Not internally connected, but recommend grounding.

MCP1501

4.0 THEORY OF OPERATION

The MCP1501 is a buffered voltage reference that is capable of operating over a wide input supply range while providing a stable output across the input supply range. The fundamental building block (see [Block Diagram](#)) of the MCP1501 is an internal bandgap reference circuit. As with all bandgap circuits, the internal reference sums together two voltages having an opposite temperature coefficient which allows a voltage reference that is practically independent from temperature.

The bandgap of the MCP1501 is based on a second order temperature coefficient (TC) compensated bandgap circuit that allows the MCP1501 to achieve high initial accuracy and low temperature coefficient operation across supply and ambient temperature. The bandgap curvature compensation is determined during device characterization and is trimmed for optimal accuracy.

The MCP1501 also includes a chopper-based amplifier architecture that ensures excellent low-noise operation, further reduces temperature dependent offsets that would otherwise increase the temperature coefficient of the MCP1501, and significantly improves long-term drift performance. Additional circuitry is included to eliminate the chopping frequency from the output of the device.

After the bandgap voltage is compensated, it is amplified, buffered, and provided to the output drive circuit which has excellent performance when sinking or sourcing load currents (± 5 mA).

5.0 APPLICATION CIRCUITS

5.1 Application Tips

5.1.1 BASIC APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Figure 5-1 illustrates a basic circuit configuration of the MCP1501.



FIGURE 5-1: Basic Circuit Configuration.

An output capacitor is not required for stability of the voltage reference, but may be optionally added to provide noise filtering or act as a charge-reservoir for switching loads, e.g., successive approximation register (SAR) analog-to-digital converter (ADC). As shown, the input voltage is connected to the device at the V_{IN} input, with an optional 2.2 μF ceramic capacitor. This capacitor would be required if the input voltage has excessive noise. A 2.2 μF capacitor would reject input voltage noise at approximately 1 to 2 MHz. Noise below this frequency will be amply rejected by the input voltage rejection of the voltage reference. Noise at frequencies above 2 MHz will be beyond the bandwidth of the voltage reference and, consequently, not transmitted from the input pin through the device to the output.

If the noise at the output of these voltage references is too high for the particular application, it can be easily filtered with an external RC filter and op-amp buffer (see Figure 5-2).



FIGURE 5-2: Output Noise-Reducing Filter.

MCP1501

The RC filter values are selected for a desired cutoff frequency, as shown in [Equation 5-1](#).

EQUATION 5-1:

$$f_C = \frac{1}{2\pi(R_{FIL}C_{FIL})}$$

The values that are shown in [Figure 5-2](#) (10 kΩ and 1 μF) will create a first-order, low-pass filter at the output of the amplifier. The cutoff frequency of this filter is 15.9 Hz, and the attenuation slope is 20 dB/decade. The MCP6021 amplifier isolates the loading of this low-pass filter from the remainder of the application circuit. This amplifier also provides additional drive, with a faster response time than the voltage reference.

5.1.2 LOAD CAPACITOR

The maximum capacitive load is 300 pF. However, larger capacitors may be implemented if a resistor is used in series with a larger load capacitor. Refer to [Figure 2-25](#) and [Figure 2-26](#) to ensure adequate phase margin when selecting a resistor/capacitor combination.

5.1.3 PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

Mechanical stress due to Printed Circuit Board (PCB) mounting can cause the output voltage to shift from its initial value. Devices in the SOT-23-6 package are generally more prone to assembly stress than devices in the WDFN package. To reduce stress-related output voltage shifts, mount the reference on low-stress areas of the PCB (i.e., away from PCB edges, screw holes and large components).

5.2 Typical Applications Circuits

5.2.1 NEGATIVE VOLTAGE REFERENCE

A negative voltage reference can be generated using any of the devices in the MCP1501 family. A typical application is shown in Figure 5-3. In this circuit, the voltage inversion is implemented using the MCP6061 and two equal resistors. The voltage at the output of the MCP1501 voltage reference drives R1, which is connected to the inverting input of the MCP6061 amplifier.

Since the noninverting input of the amplifier is biased to ground, the inverting input will also be close to ground potential. The second 10 kΩ resistor is placed around the feedback loop of the amplifier. Since the inverting input of the amplifier is high-impedance, the current generated through R1 will also flow through R2. As a consequence, the output voltage of the amplifier is equal to $-2.5V$ for the MCP1501-25 and $-4.096V$ for the MCP1501-40.



FIGURE 5-3: Negative Voltage Reference.

5.2.2 A/D CONVERTER REFERENCE

The MCP1501 product family was carefully designed to provide a precision, low noise voltage reference for the Microchip families of ADCs. The circuit shown in Figure 5-4 shows a MCP1501-25 configured to provide the reference to the MCP3201, a 12-bit ADC.



FIGURE 5-4: ADC Example Circuit.

MCP1501



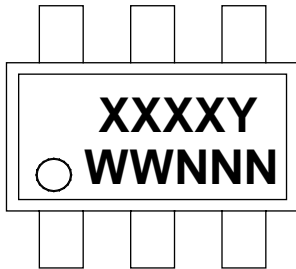
FIGURE 5-5: SAR ADC Example Circuit.

The circuit shown in [Figure 5-5](#) shows a MCP1501-25 configured to provide the reference to a 14-bit or 16-bit SAR ADC.

6.0 PACKAGE INFORMATION

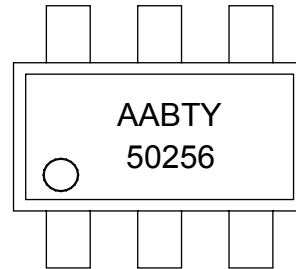
6.1 Package Markings

6-Lead SOT-23

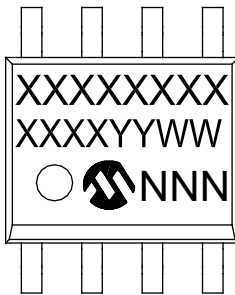


| Device | Code |
|------------------|-------|
| MCP1501T-10E/CHY | AABTY |
| MCP1501T-12E/CHY | AABUY |
| MCP1501T-18E/CHY | AABVY |
| MCP1501T-20E/CHY | AABWY |
| MCP1501T-25E/CHY | AABXY |
| MCP1501T-30E/CHY | AABYY |
| MCP1501T-33E/CHY | AABZY |
| MCP1501T-40E/CHY | AACAY |

Example

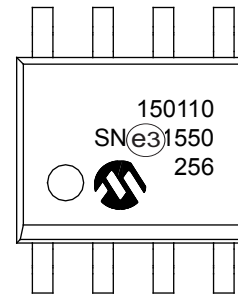


8-Lead SOIC

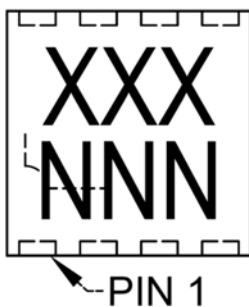


| Device | Code |
|-----------------|--------|
| MCP1501T-10E/SN | 150110 |
| MCP1501T-12E/SN | 150112 |
| MCP1501-18E/SN | 150118 |
| MCP1501-20E/SN | 150120 |
| MCP1501T-25E/SN | 150125 |
| MCP1501T-30E/SN | 150130 |
| MCP1501T-33E/SN | 150133 |
| MCP1501T-40E/SN | 150140 |

Example



8-Lead WDFN (2 x2 mm)



| Device | Code |
|-----------------|------|
| MCP1501T-10E/RW | AAQ |
| MCP1501T-12E/RW | AAR |
| MCP1501-18E/RW | AAS |
| MCP1501-20E/RW | AAT |
| MCP1501T-25E/RW | AAU |
| MCP1501T-30E/RW | AAV |
| MCP1501T-33E/RW | AAW |
| MCP1501T-40E/RW | AAX |

Example



| | | |
|----------------|--------|--|
| Legend: | XX...X | Customer-specific information |
| | Y | Year code (last digit of calendar year) |
| | YY | Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) |
| | WW | Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') |
| | NNN | Alphanumeric traceability code |
| | (e3) | Pb-free JEDEC® designator for Matte Tin (Sn) |
| | * | This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package. |

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

MCP1501

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (CH, CHY) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-028C (CH) Sheet 1 of 2

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT, OTY) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Leads | N | 6 | | |
| Pitch | e | 0.95 BSC | | |
| Outside lead pitch | e1 | 1.90 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | 0.90 | - | 1.45 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.89 | 1.15 | 1.30 |
| Standoff | A1 | 0.00 | - | 0.15 |
| Overall Width | E | 2.80 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 1.60 BSC | | |
| Overall Length | D | 2.90 BSC | | |
| Foot Length | L | 0.30 | 0.45 | 0.60 |
| Footprint | L1 | 0.60 REF | | |
| Seating Plane to Gauge Plane | L1 | 0.25 BSC | | |
| Foot Angle | ϕ | 0° | - | 10° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.08 | - | 0.26 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.20 | - | 0.51 |

Notes:

- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
 BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
 REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-028C (OT) Sheet 2 of 2

MCP1501

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev D Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm (.150 In.) Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | N | 8 | | |
| Pitch | e | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | - | - | 1.75 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 1.25 | - | - |
| Standoff § | A1 | 0.10 | - | 0.25 |
| Overall Width | E | 6.00 BSC | | |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 3.90 BSC | | |
| Overall Length | D | 4.90 BSC | | |
| Chamfer (Optional) | h | 0.25 | - | 0.50 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.40 | - | 1.27 |
| Footprint | L1 | 1.04 REF | | |
| Foot Angle | φ | 0° | - | 8° |
| Lead Thickness | c | 0.17 | - | 0.25 |
| Lead Width | b | 0.31 | - | 0.51 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | α | 5° | - | 15° |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | β | 5° | - | 15° |

Notes:

- Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- § Significant Characteristic
- Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M
 - BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.
 - REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.
- Datums A & B to be determined at Datum H.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057-SN Rev D Sheet 2 of 2

MCP1501

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Contact Pitch | E | 1.27 BSC | | |
| Contact Pad Spacing | C | | 5.40 | |
| Contact Pad Width (X8) | X1 | | | 0.60 |
| Contact Pad Length (X8) | Y1 | | | 1.55 |

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2057-SN Rev B

8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (RW) - 2x2 mm Body [WDFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-261A Sheet 1 of 2

MCP1501

8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (RW) - 2x2 mm Body [WDFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|-------------------------|-------|-------------|------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Terminals | N | 8 | | |
| Pitch | e | 0.50 BSC | | |
| Overall Height | A | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.80 |
| Standoff | A1 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| Terminal Thickness | (A3) | 0.10 REF | | |
| Overall Width | E | 2.00 BSC | | |
| Exposed Pad Width | E2 | 0.70 | 0.80 | 0.90 |
| Overall Length | D | 2.00 BSC | | |
| Exposed Pad Length | D2 | 1.10 | 1.20 | 1.30 |
| Exposed Pad Chamfer | CH | - | 0.25 | - |
| Terminal Width | b | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.30 |
| Terminal Length | L | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.35 |
| Terminal-to-Exposed-Pad | (K) | 0.30 | - | - |

Notes:

1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
2. Package is saw singulated
3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

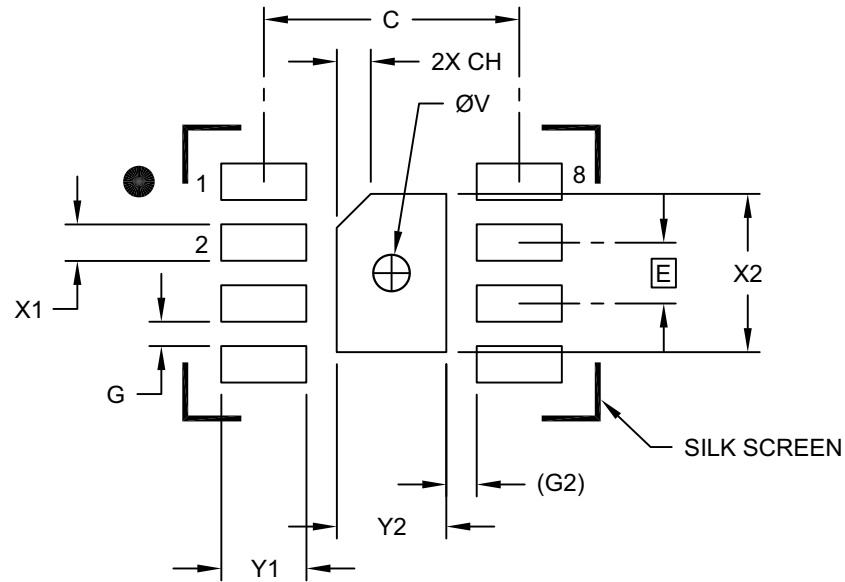
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-261A Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (RW) - 2x2 mm Body [WDFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

| Dimension Limits | Units | MILLIMETERS | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------------|----------|------|
| | | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Contact Pitch | E | 0.50 BSC | | |
| Optional Center Pad Width | Y2 | | | 0.90 |
| Optional Center Pad Length | X2 | | | 1.30 |
| Contact Pad Spacing | C | | 2.10 | |
| Center Pad Chamfer | CH | | 0.28 | |
| Contact Pad Width (X8) | X1 | | | 0.30 |
| Contact Pad Length (X8) | Y1 | | | 0.70 |
| Contact Pad to Contact Pad (X6) | G1 | 0.20 | | |
| Contact Pad to Center Pad (X8) | G1 | | 0.25 REF | |
| Thermal Via Diameter | V | | 0.30 | |

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerances, for reference only.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-2261A

MCP1501

NOTES:

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision E (August 2017)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated [Features](#).
- Updated [Package Types](#).
- Updated [Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics](#), [Table 1-1](#).
- Updated [Figure 2-12](#), [Figure 2-20](#) and [Figure 2-21](#).
- Updated [Table 3-1](#).
- Updated [Section 3.4, Shutdown Pin \(SHDN\)](#).
- Updated [Section 5.1.2, LOAD CAPACITOR](#).
- Corrected [Figure 5-3](#) and [Figure 5-4](#).
- Added [Figure 5-5](#).
- Minor typographical corrections.

Revision D (March 2017)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated [Table 1-1](#).
- Updated [Equation 1-1](#), [Equation 1-4](#), [Equation 1-5](#), [Equation 1-10](#), [Equation 1-11](#), [Equation 1-12](#) and [Equation 1-16](#).
- Updated [Figure 2-11](#), [Figure 2-20](#), [Figure 2-21](#), [Figure 2-25](#) and [Figure 2-26](#).
- Updated [Figure 5-1](#) and [Figure 5-4](#).
- Updated **“Product Identification System”** section.
- Minor typographical corrections.

Revision C (May 2016)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated [Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics](#), [Section 4.0, Theory of Operation](#), [Section 5.0, Application Circuits](#).
- Updated [Features](#) section, [General Description](#) section, [Section 3.1, Buffered V_{REF} Output \(OUT\)](#).
- Updated **“Product Identification System”** section.
- Updated [Figure 2-12](#), [Figure 2-20](#), [Figure 2-21](#), [Figure 5-1](#) and [Figure 5-4](#).
- Updated [Equation 1-10](#) and [Equation 1-16](#).
- Minor typographical corrections.

Revision B (January 2016)

The following is the list of modifications:

- Updated [Section 6.0, Package Information](#).
- Updated **“Product Identification System”** section.
- Minor typographical corrections.

Revision A (December 2015)

Original Release of this Document.

MCP1501

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

| PART NO.- | [X] ⁽¹⁾ | X | /XX | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|--|
| Device | Tape and Reel | Output Voltage Option | Package | |
| <p>Device: MCP1501 – 50 ppm maximum thermal drift buffered reference</p> <p>Tape and Reel Option: Blank = Standard packaging (tube or tray) T = Tape and Reel ⁽¹⁾</p> <p>Output Voltage Option: 10 = 1.024V 12 = 1.200V 18 = 1.800V 20 = 2.048V 25 = 2.500V 30 = 3.000V 33 = 3.300V 40 = 4.096V</p> <p>Package: CHY* = 6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (SOT-23) SN = 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline – Narrow, 3.90 mm Body (SOIC) RW = 8-Lead Very, Very Thin Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package – 2 x 2 mm Body (WDFN) *Y = Nickel palladium gold manufacturing designator. Only available on the SOT-23 package.</p> | | | | |
| | | | | <p>Examples:</p> <p>a) MCP1501T-10E/CHY: 1.024V, 6-lead SOT-23 package, Tape and Reel</p> <p>b) MCP1501-12E/SN: 1.2V, 8-lead SOIC package</p> <p>c) MCP1501T-18E/SN: 1.8V, 8-lead SOIC package, Tape and Reel</p> <p>d) MCP1501T-20E/RW: 2.048V, 8-lead WDFN package, Tape and Reel</p> <p>Note 1: Tape and Reel identifier only appears in the catalog part number description. This identifier is used for ordering purposes and is not printed on the device package. Check with your Microchip sales office for package availability for the Tape and Reel option.</p> |

MCP1501

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as “unbreakable.”

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights unless otherwise stated.

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.

**QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
CERTIFIED BY DNV
= ISO/TS 16949 =**

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, AnyRate, AVR, AVR logo, AVR Freaks, BeaconThings, BitCloud, CryptoMemory, CryptoRF, dsPIC, FlashFlex, flexPWR, Helder, JukeBlox, KEELOQ, KEELOQ logo, Klear, LANCheck, LINK MD, maXStylus, maXTouch, MediaLB, megaAVR, MOST, MOST logo, MPLAB, OptoLyzer, PIC, picoPower, PICSTART, PIC32 logo, Prochip Designer, QTouch, RightTouch, SAM-BA, SpyNIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash, tinyAVR, UNI/O, and XMEGA are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

ClockWorks, The Embedded Control Solutions Company, EtherSynch, Hyper Speed Control, HyperLight Load, IntelliMOS, mTouch, Precision Edge, and Quiet-Wire are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Adjacent Key Suppression, AKS, Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Any Capacitor, AnyIn, AnyOut, BodyCom, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CodeGuard, CryptoAuthentication, CryptoCompanion, CryptoController, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, Dynamic Average Matching, DAM, ECAN, EtherGREEN, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, Inter-Chip Connectivity, JitterBlocker, KlearNet, KlearNet logo, Mindi, MiWi, motorBench, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, MultiTRAK, NetDetach, Omniscient Code Generation, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICKit, PICtail, PureSilicon, QMatrix, RightTouch logo, REAL ICE, Ripple Blocker, SAM-ICE, Serial Quad I/O, SMART-I.S., SQI, SuperSwitcher, SuperSwitcher II, Total Endurance, TSHARC, USBCheck, VariSense, ViewSpan, WiperLock, Wireless DNA, and ZENA are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

GestIC is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2015-2017, Microchip Technology Incorporated, All Rights Reserved.

ISBN: 978-1-5224-2100-9



MICROCHIP

Worldwide Sales and Service

AMERICAS

Corporate Office

2355 West Chandler Blvd.
Chandler, AZ 85224-6199

Tel: 480-792-7200

Fax: 480-792-7277

Technical Support:

[http://www.microchip.com/
support](http://www.microchip.com/support)

Web Address:

www.microchip.com

Atlanta

Duluth, GA

Tel: 678-957-9614

Fax: 678-957-1455

Austin, TX

Tel: 512-257-3370

Boston

Westborough, MA

Tel: 774-760-0087

Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago

Itasca, IL

Tel: 630-285-0071

Fax: 630-285-0075

Dallas

Addison, TX

Tel: 972-818-7423

Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit

Novi, MI

Tel: 248-848-4000

Houston, TX

Tel: 281-894-5983

Indianapolis

Noblesville, IN

Tel: 317-773-8323

Fax: 317-773-5453

Tel: 317-536-2380

Los Angeles

Mission Viejo, CA

Tel: 949-462-9523

Fax: 949-462-9608

Tel: 951-273-7800

Raleigh, NC

Tel: 919-844-7510

New York, NY

Tel: 631-435-6000

San Jose, CA

Tel: 408-735-9110

Tel: 408-436-4270

Canada - Toronto

Tel: 905-695-1980

Fax: 905-695-2078

ASIA/PACIFIC

Asia Pacific Office

Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor
Tower 6, The Gateway
Harbour City, Kowloon

Hong Kong

Tel: 852-2943-5100

Fax: 852-2401-3431

Australia - Sydney

Tel: 61-2-9868-6733

Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing

Tel: 86-10-8569-7000

Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu

Tel: 86-28-8665-5511

Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

China - Chongqing

Tel: 86-23-8980-9588

Fax: 86-23-8980-9500

China - Dongguan

Tel: 86-769-8702-9880

China - Guangzhou

Tel: 86-20-8755-8029

China - Hangzhou

Tel: 86-571-8792-8115

Fax: 86-571-8792-8116

China - Hong Kong SAR

Tel: 852-2943-5100

Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Nanjing

Tel: 86-25-8473-2460

Fax: 86-25-8473-2470

China - Qingdao

Tel: 86-532-8502-7355

Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

China - Shanghai

Tel: 86-21-3326-8000

Fax: 86-21-3326-8021

China - Shenyang

Tel: 86-24-2334-2829

Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen

Tel: 86-755-8864-2200

Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Wuhan

Tel: 86-27-5980-5300

Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

China - Xian

Tel: 86-29-8833-7252

Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

ASIA/PACIFIC

China - Xiamen

Tel: 86-592-2388138

Fax: 86-592-2388130

China - Zhuhai

Tel: 86-756-3210040

Fax: 86-756-3210049

India - Bangalore

Tel: 91-80-3090-4444

Fax: 91-80-3090-4123

India - New Delhi

Tel: 91-11-4160-8631

Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune

Tel: 91-20-3019-1500

Japan - Osaka

Tel: 81-6-6152-7160

Fax: 81-6-6152-9310

Japan - Tokyo

Tel: 81-3-6880-3770

Fax: 81-3-6880-3771

Korea - Daegu

Tel: 82-53-744-4301

Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul

Tel: 82-2-554-7200

Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or

82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur

Tel: 60-3-6201-9857

Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang

Tel: 60-4-227-8870

Fax: 60-4-227-4068

Philippines - Manila

Tel: 63-2-634-9065

Fax: 63-2-634-9069

Singapore

Tel: 65-6334-8870

Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan - Hsin Chu

Tel: 886-3-5778-366

Fax: 886-3-5770-955

Taiwan - Kaohsiung

Tel: 886-7-213-7830

Taiwan - Taipei

Tel: 886-2-2508-8600

Fax: 886-2-2508-0102

Thailand - Bangkok

Tel: 66-2-694-1351

Fax: 66-2-694-1350

EUROPE

Austria - Wels

Tel: 43-7242-2244-39

Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark - Copenhagen

Tel: 45-4450-2828

Fax: 45-4485-2829

Finland - Espoo

Tel: 358-9-4520-820

France - Paris

Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20

Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

France - Saint Cloud

Tel: 33-1-30-60-70-00

Germany - Garching

Tel: 49-8931-9700

Germany - Haan

Tel: 49-2129-3766400

Germany - Heilbronn

Tel: 49-7131-67-3636

Germany - Karlsruhe

Tel: 49-721-625370

Germany - Munich

Tel: 49-89-627-144-0

Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Germany - Rosenheim

Tel: 49-8031-354-560

Israel - Ra'anana

Tel: 972-9-744-7705

Italy - Milan

Tel: 39-0331-742611

Fax: 39-0331-466781

Italy - Padova

Tel: 39-049-7625286

Netherlands - Drunen

Tel: 31-416-690399

Fax: 31-416-690340

Norway - Trondheim

Tel: 47-7289-7561

Poland - Warsaw

Tel: 48-22-3325737

Romania - Bucharest

Tel: 40-21-407-87-50

Spain - Madrid

Tel: 34-91-708-08-90

Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

Sweden - Gothenberg

Tel: 46-31-704-60-40

Sweden - Stockholm

Tel: 46-8-5090-4654

UK - Wokingham

Tel: 44-118-921-5800

Fax: 44-118-921-5820

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Microchip:

[MCP1501-12E/SN](#) [MCP1501-33E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-12E/SN](#) [MCP1501-40E/SN](#) [MCP1501-10E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-33E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-18E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-40E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-10E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-18E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-20E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-40E/SN](#) [MCP1501-30E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-12E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-33E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-33E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-18E/SN](#) [MCP1501-25E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-10E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-25E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-40E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-20E/RW](#) [MCP1501-20E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-10E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-25E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-30E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-12E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-30E/CH](#) [MCP1501-18E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-20E/CH](#) [MCP1501T-25E/SN](#) [MCP1501T-30E/RW](#) [MCP1501T-33E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-20E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-25E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-12E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-30E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-18E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-40E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-10E/CHY](#) [MCP1501T-18E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-20E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-25E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-30E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-33E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-40E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-10E/CHYVAO](#) [MCP1501T-12E/CHYVAO](#)



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.