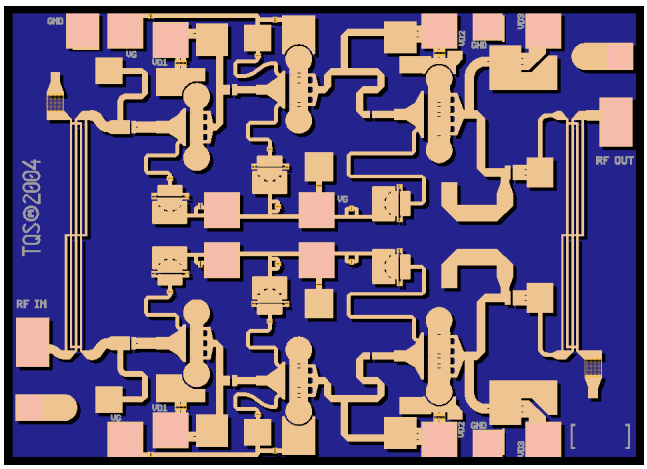
TriQuint SEMICONDUCTOR

TGA4522

33 – 47 GHz Wide Band Driver Amplifier



Key Features

- Frequency Range: 33 - 47 GHz
- 27.5 dBm Nominal Psat @ 38GHz
- 27 dBm P1dB @ 38 GHz
- 36 dBm OTOI @ Pin = 19 dBm/Tone
- 18 dB Nominal Gain @ 38GHz
- 15 dB Nominal Return Loss @ 38GHz
- Bias: 6 V @ 400 mA Idq
- 0.15 um 3MI pHEMT Technology
- Chip Dimensions 2.00 x 1.45 x 0.10 mm (0.079 x 0.057 x 0.004 in)

Primary Applications

- Digital Radio
- Point-to-Point Radio
- Point-to-Multipoint Communications
- Military SAT-COM

Product Description

The TriQuint TGA4522 is a compact Driver Amplifier MMIC for Ka-band and Q-band applications. The part is designed using TriQuint's 0.15um power pHEMT production process.

The TGA4522 nominally provides 27.5 dBm saturated output power, and 27 dBm output power at 1dB Gain compression @ 38 GHz. It also has typical gain of 18 dB, and return loss of 15 dB.

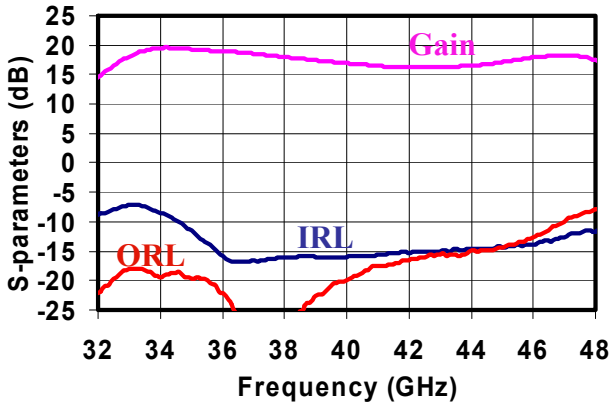
The part is ideally suited for low cost emerging markets such as Digital Radio, Point-to-Point Radio and Point-to-Multi Point Communications.

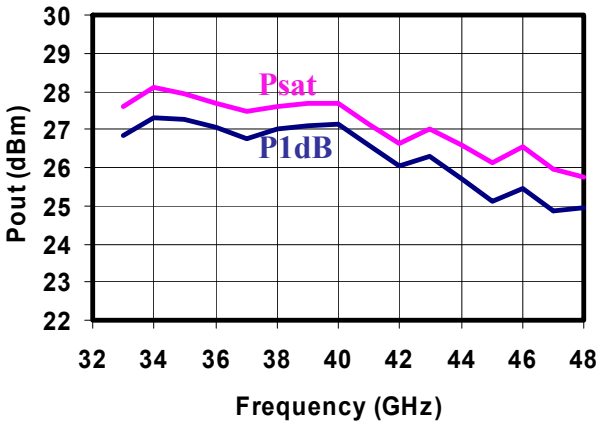
The TGA4522 is 100% DC and RF tested on-wafer to ensure performance compliance.

Lead-Free & RoHS compliant.

Measured Fixtured Data

Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V, Idq = 400 mA





Datasheet subject to change without notice

TriQuint Semiconductor: www. triquint.com (972)994-8465 Fax (972)994-8504 Info-mmw@tqs.com

TABLE I
MAXIMUM RATINGS 1/

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	NOTES
Vd	Drain Voltage	8 V	2/
Vg	Gate Voltage Range	-2 TO 0 V	
Id	Drain Current	700 mA	2/ 3/
$\|Ig\|$	Gate Current	16 mA	3/
P_{IN}	Input Continuous Wave Power	23 dBm	
P_D	Power Dissipation	4.2 W	2/
T_{CH}	Operating Channel Temperature	200 °C	5/ 6/
	Mounting Temperature (30 Seconds)	320 °C	
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150 °C	

1/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for this device.

2/ Combinations of supply voltage, supply current, input power, and output power shall not exceed P_D.

3/ Total current for the entire MMIC.

4/ When operated at this bias condition (with RF applied) at a base plate temperature of 70 °C, the median life is 7.3E+3 hrs.

5/ Junction operating temperature will directly affect the device median time to failure (Tm). For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.

6/ These ratings apply to each individual FET.

TABLE II

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

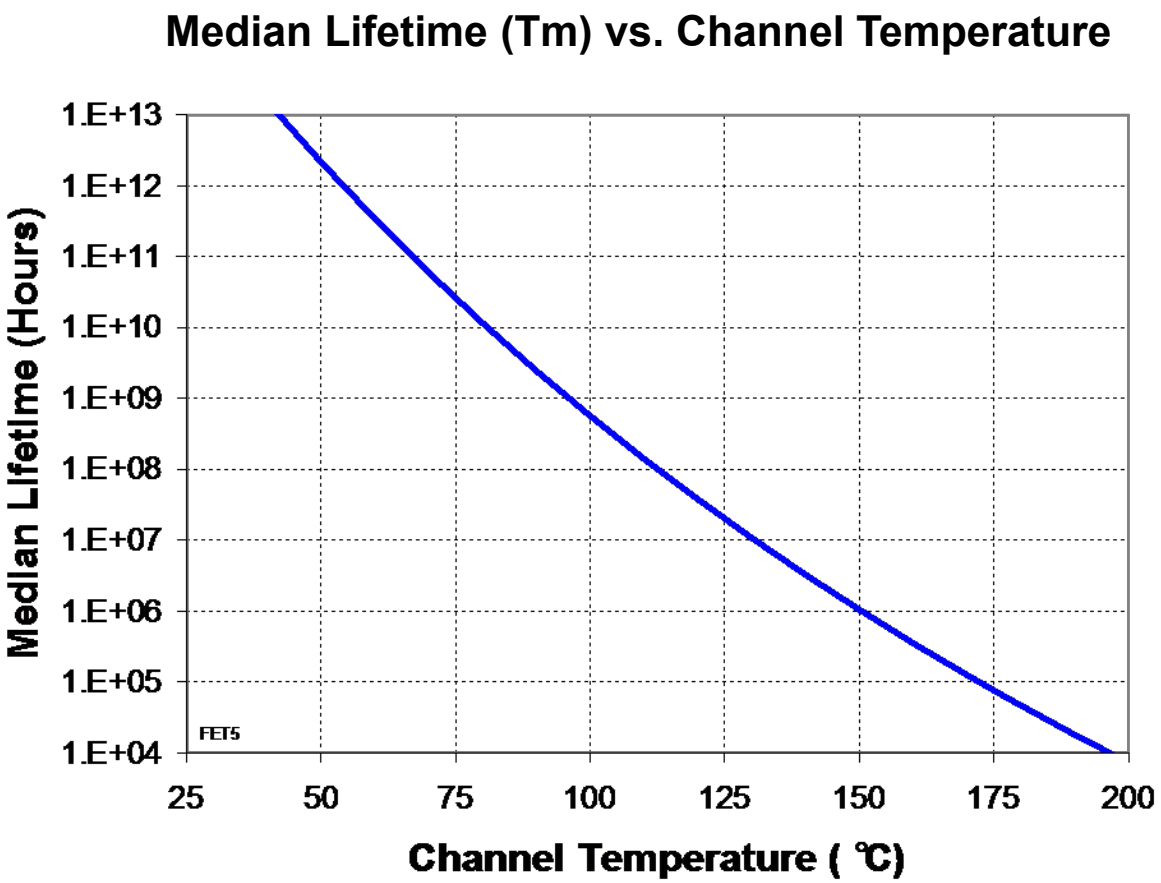
(Ta = 25 ^{0}C Nominal)

PARAMETER	TYPICAL	UNITS
Frequency Range	33 - 47	GHz
Drain Voltage, Vd	6.0	V
Drain Current, Id	400	mA
Gate Voltage, Vg	-0.6	V
Small Signal Gain, S21	18	dB
Input Return Loss, S11	15	dB
Output Return Loss, S22	15	dB
Output Power @ 1dB Gain Compression, P1dB	26	dBm
Saturated Power, Psat	27	dBm
OTOI @ 19dBm/Tone	36	dBm

TABLE III
THERMAL INFORMATION

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_{CH} (°C)	$R_{\theta JC}$ (°C/W)	Tm (HRS)
$R_{\theta JC}$ Thermal Resistance (channel to Case)	Vd = 6 V Idq = 400 mA Pdiss = 2.4 W	144	30.8	1.7E+6

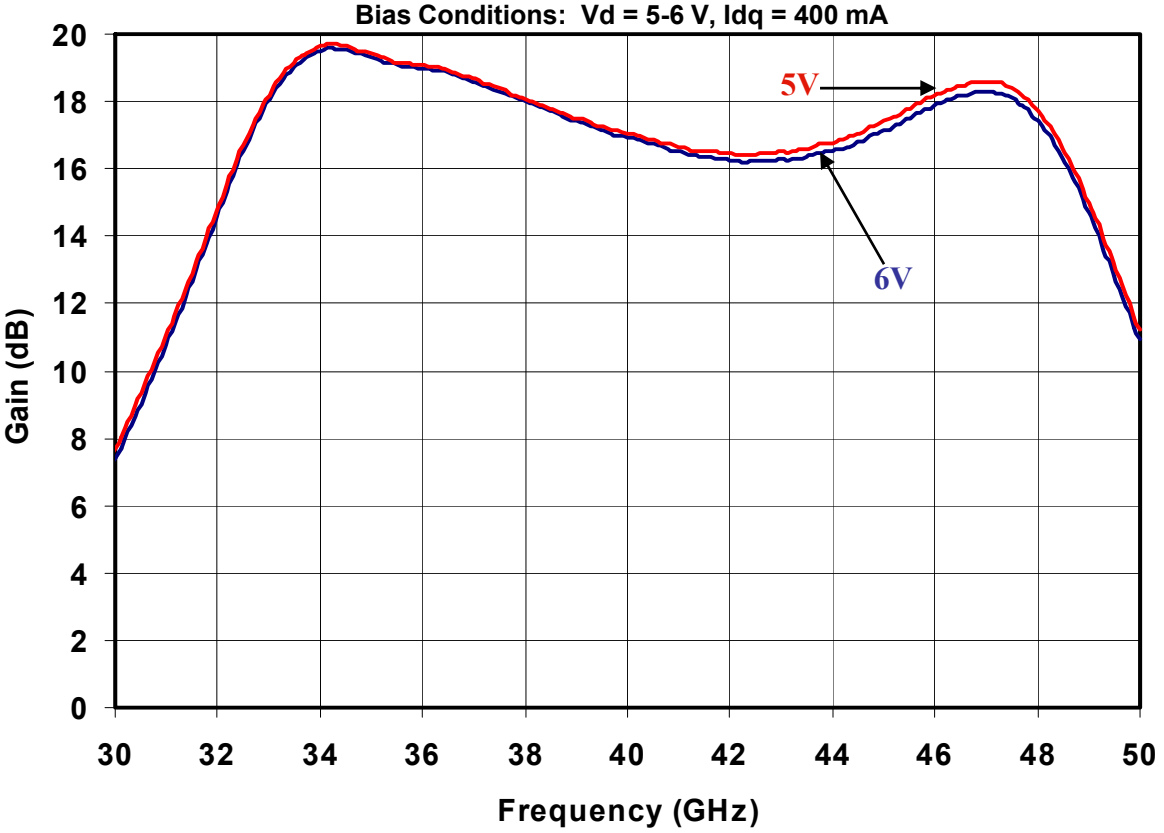
Note: Assumes eutectic attach using 1.5 mil 80/20 AuSn mounted to a 20 mil CuMo Carrier at 70 °C baseplate temperature. Worst case condition with no RF applied, 100% of DC power is dissipated.



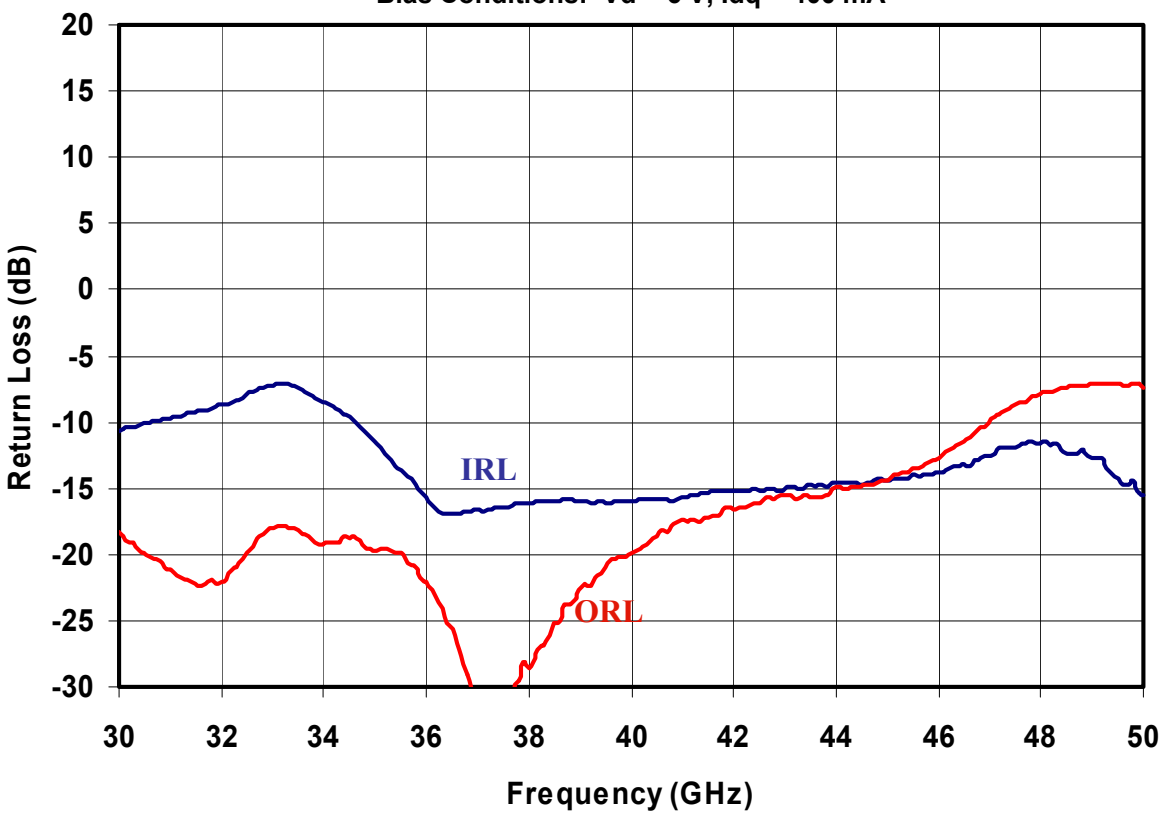
TriQuint Semiconductor: www. triquint.com (972)994-8465 Fax (972)994-8504 Info-mmw@tqs.com

Measured Data

Bias Conditions: Vd = 5-6 V, Idq = 400 mA



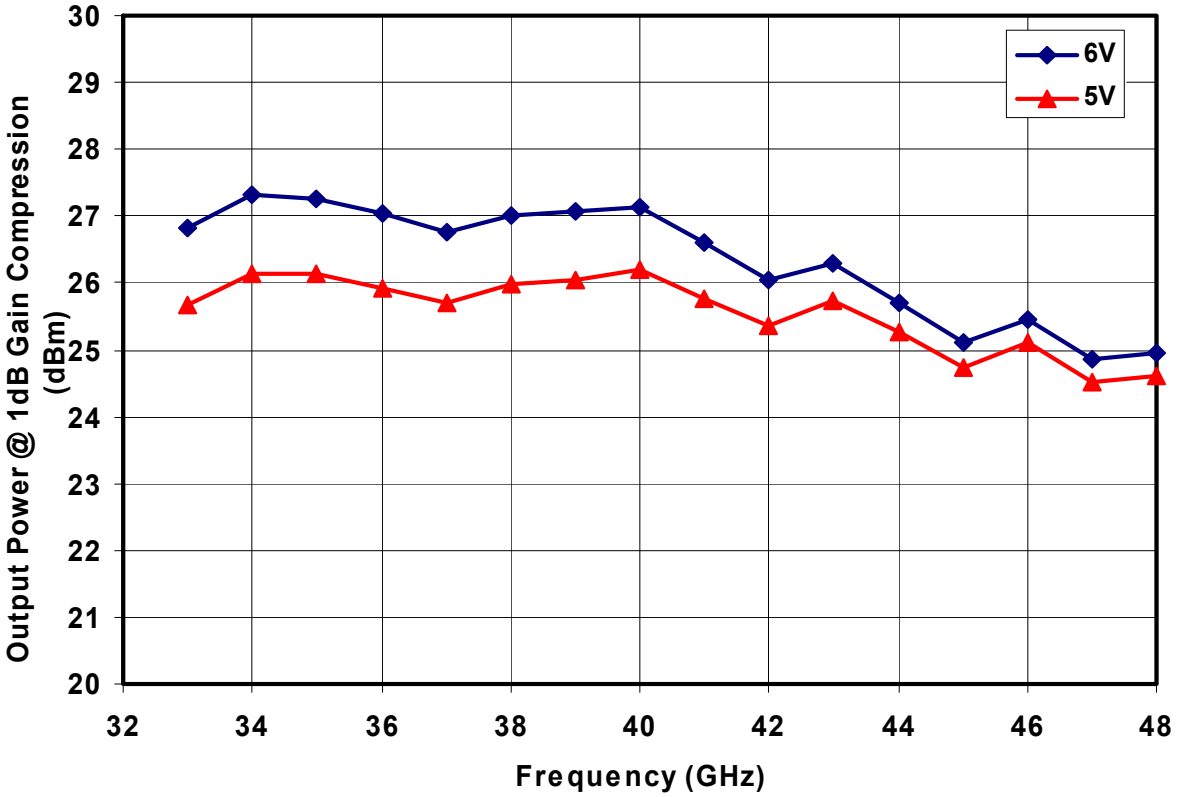
Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V, Idq = 400 mA

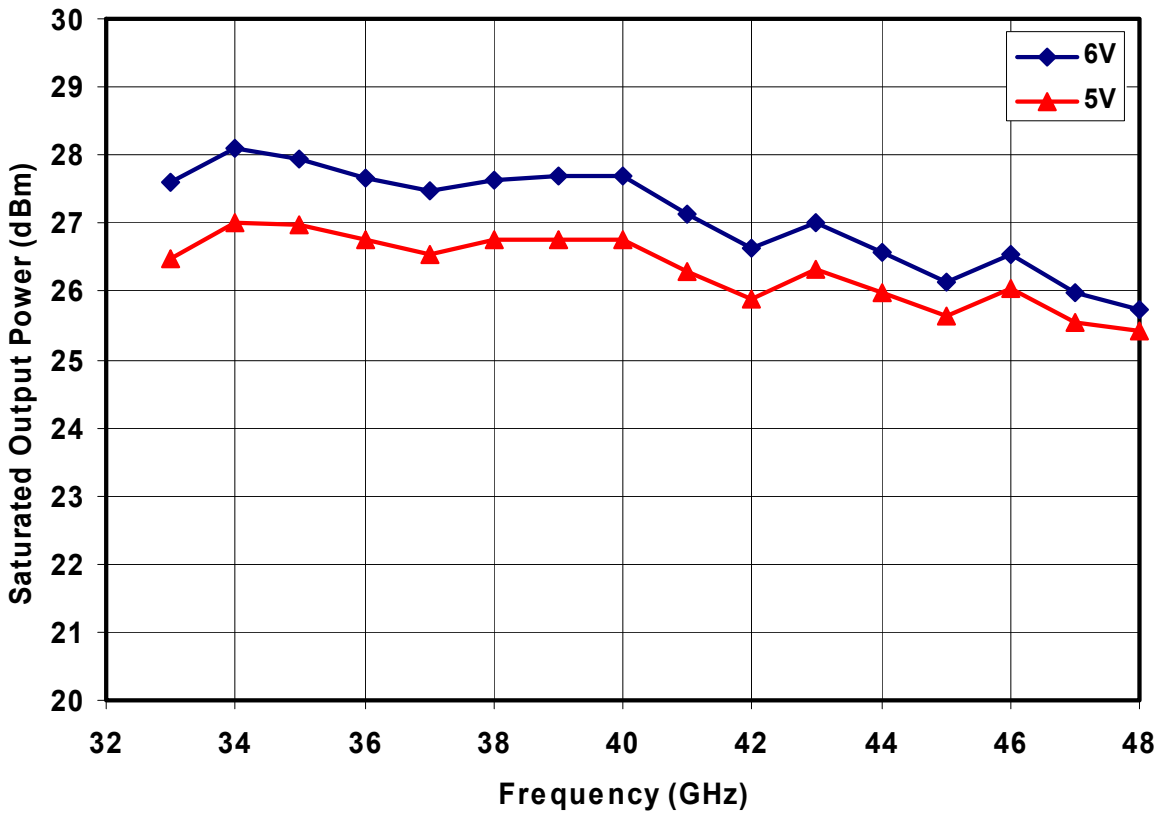


TriQuint Semiconductor: www. triquint.com (972)994-8465 Fax (972)994-8504 Info-mmw@tqs.com

Measured Data

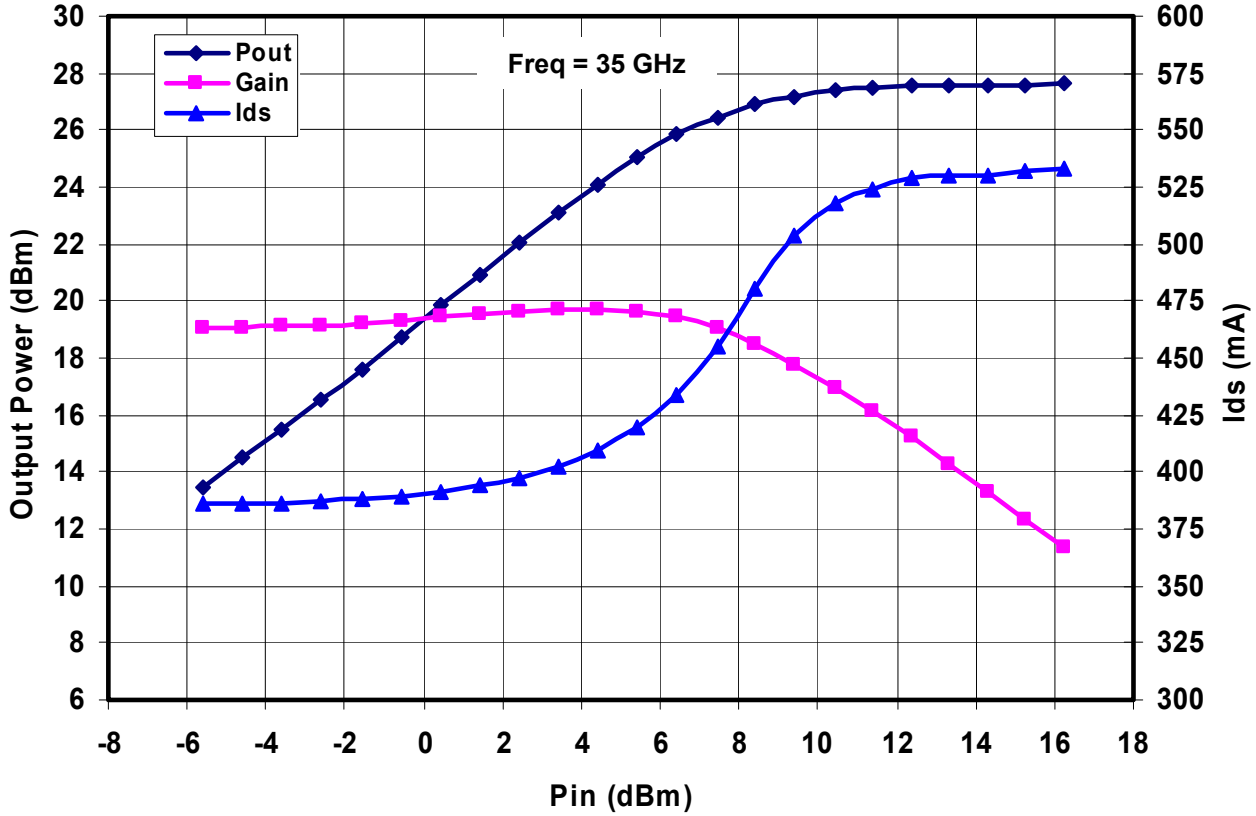
Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V, Idq = 400 mA

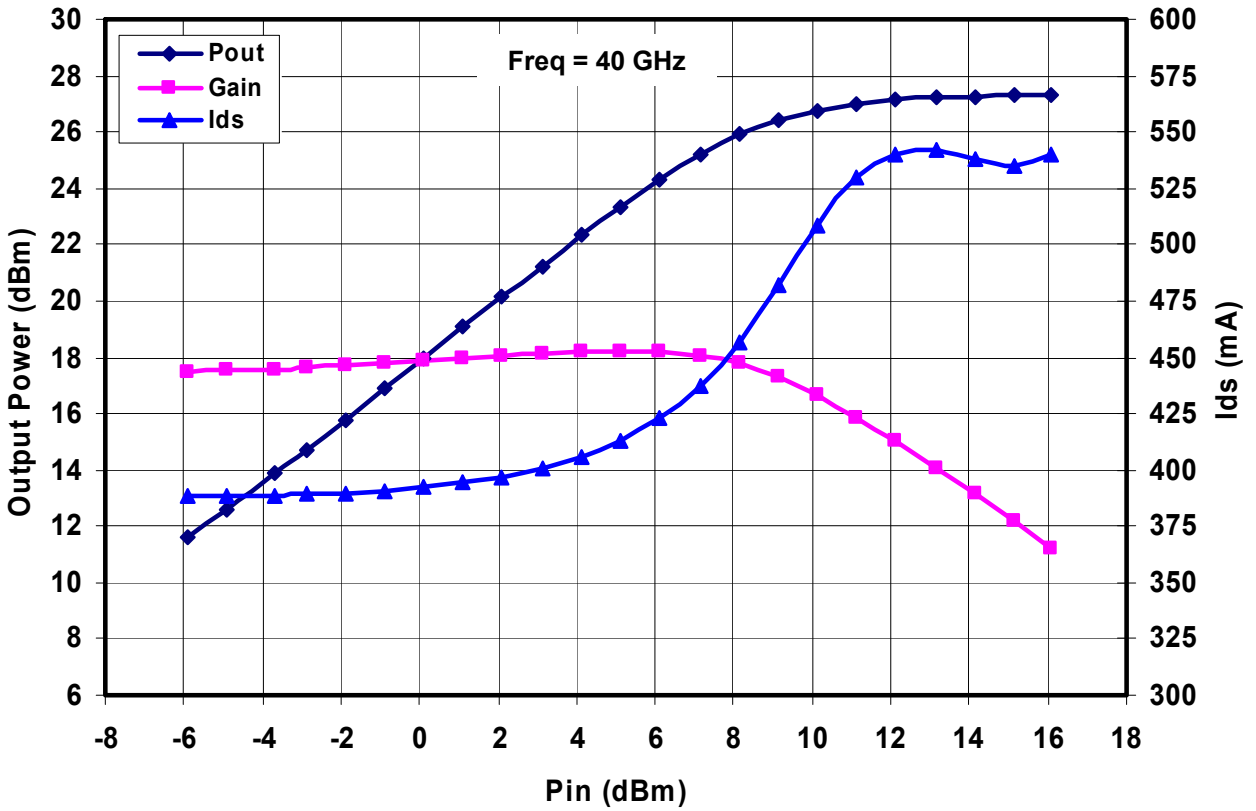




Measured Data

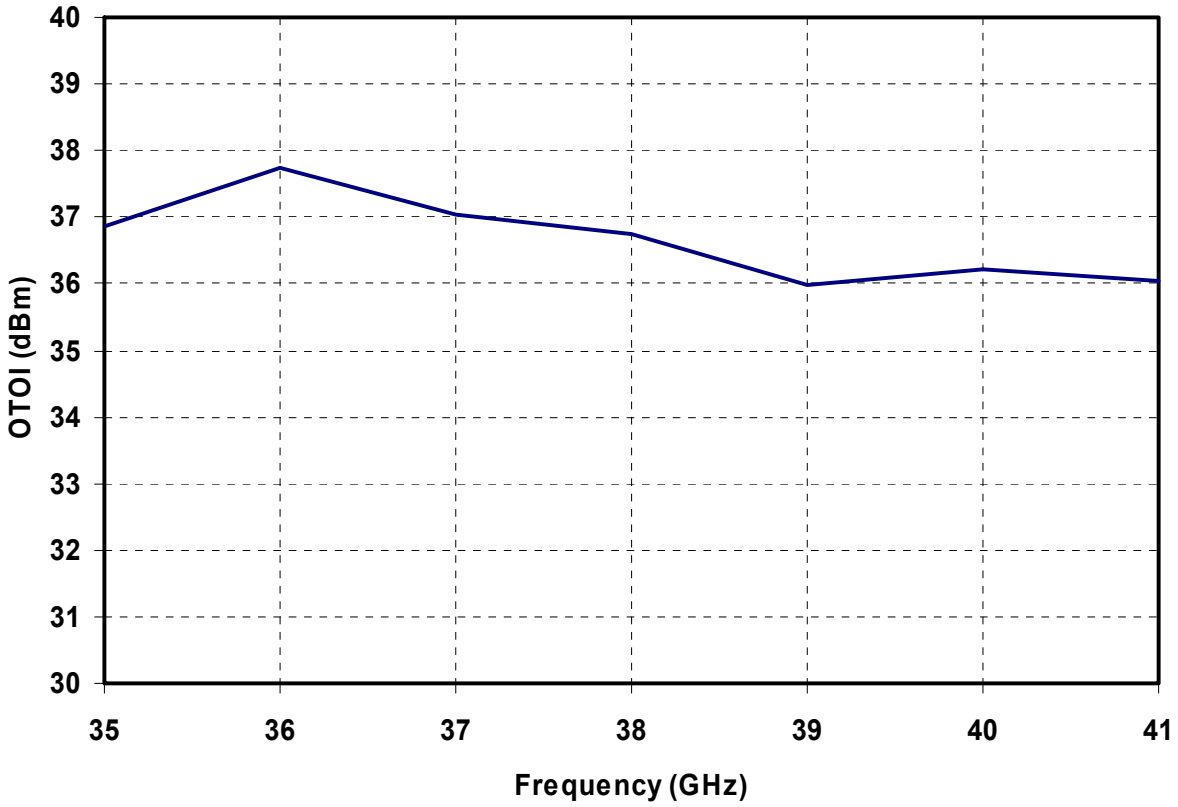
Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V, Idq = 400 mA

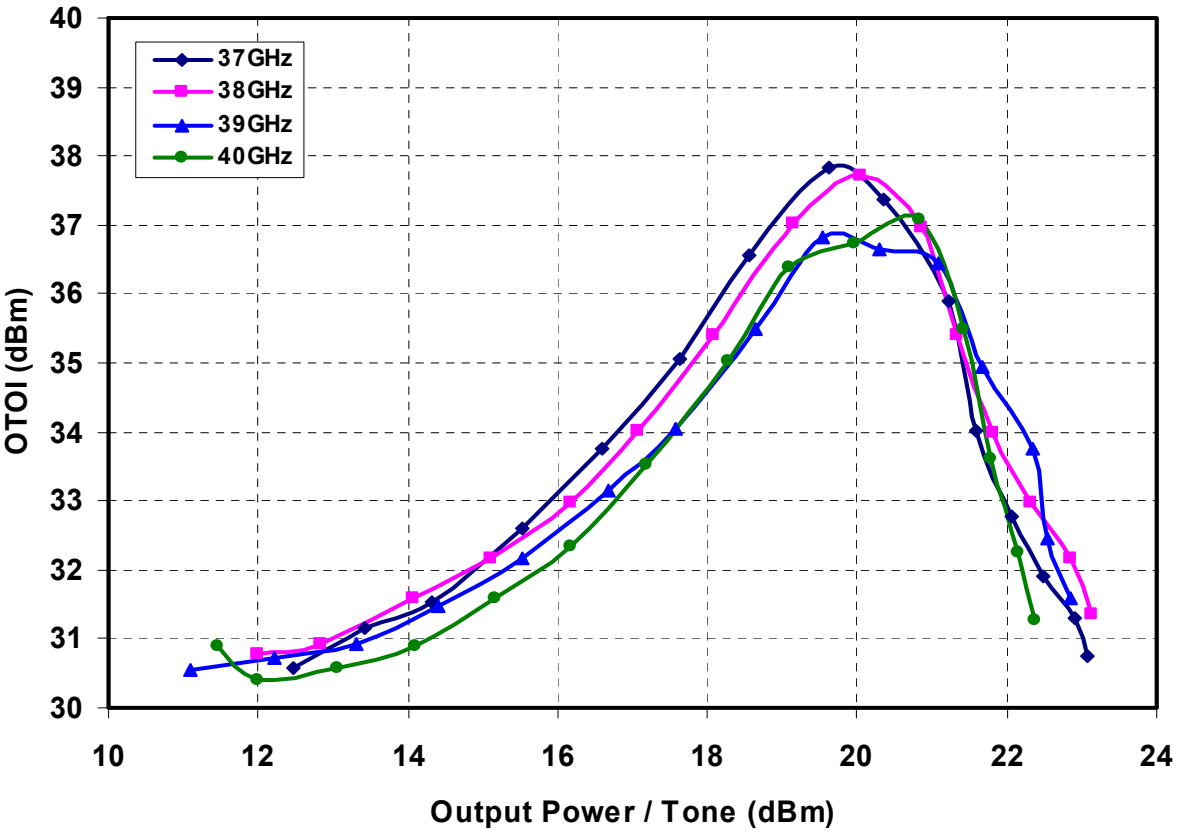




Measured Data

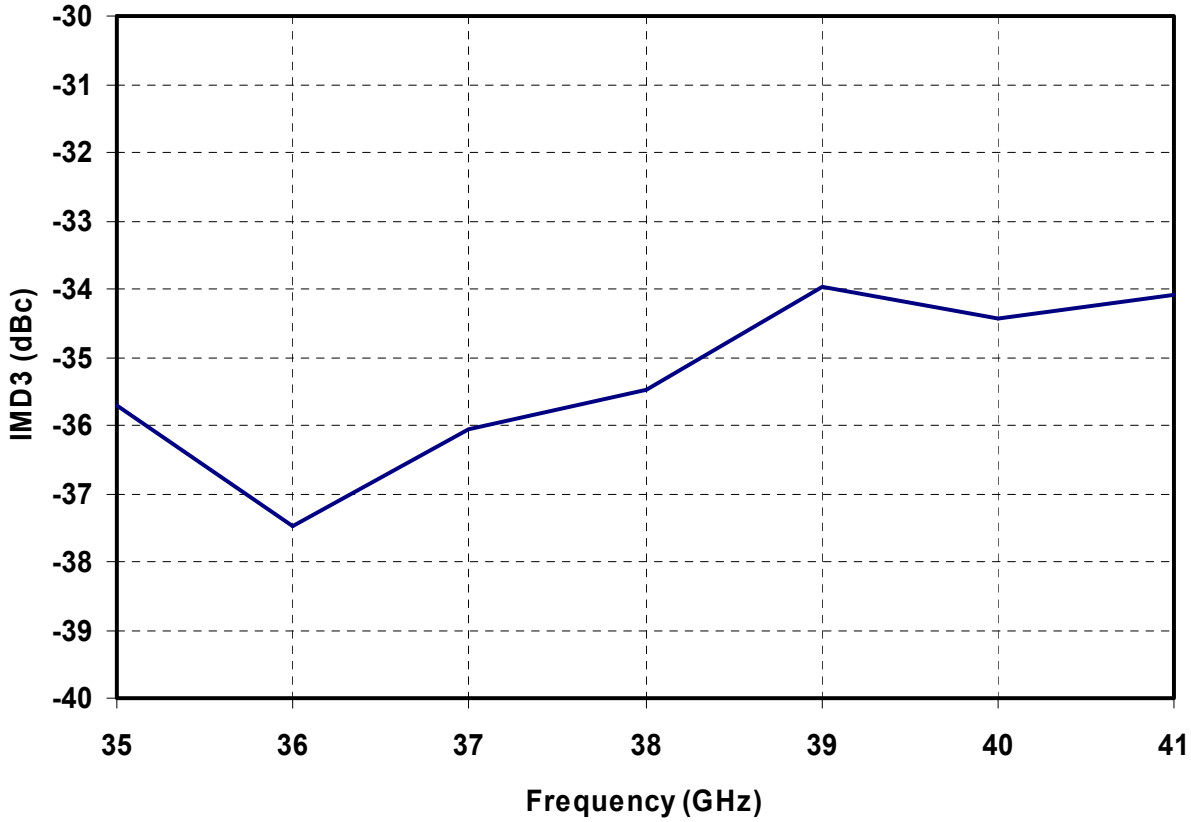
Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V, Idq = 400 mA, Δf=10MHz @ 19dBm/Tone

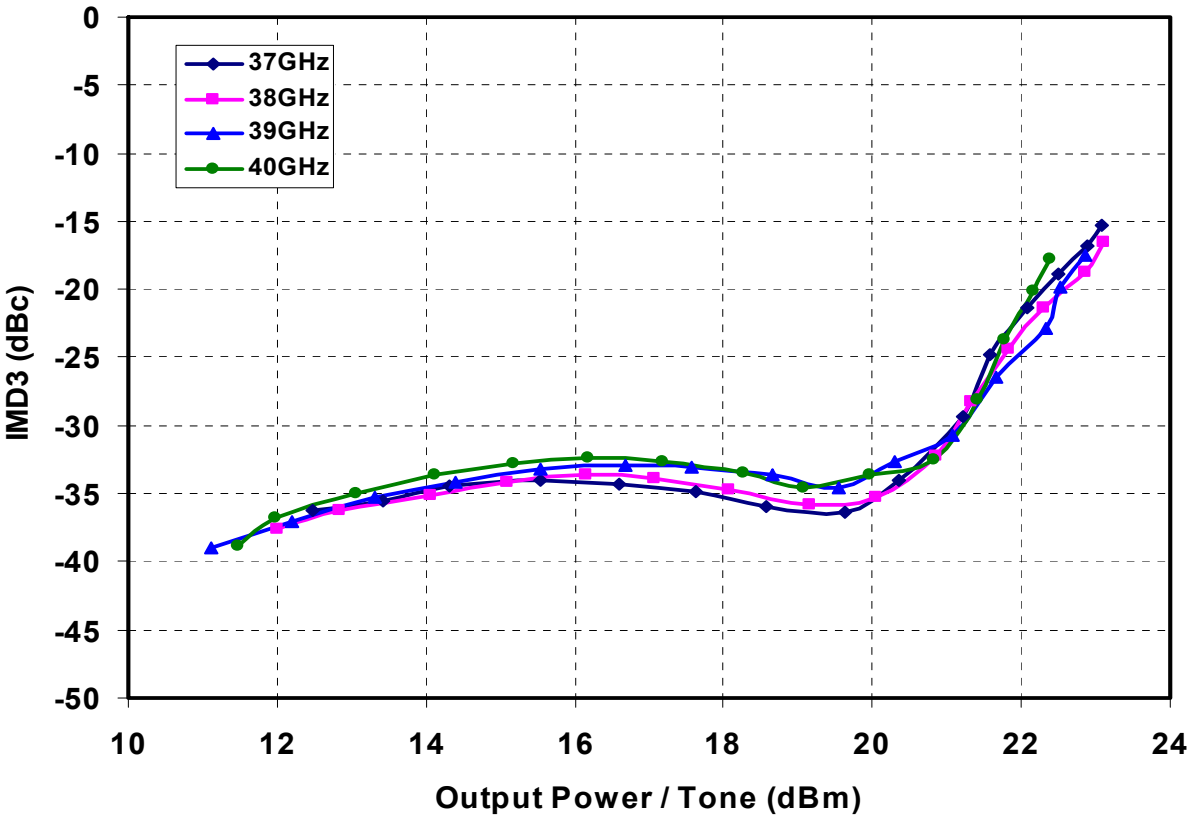




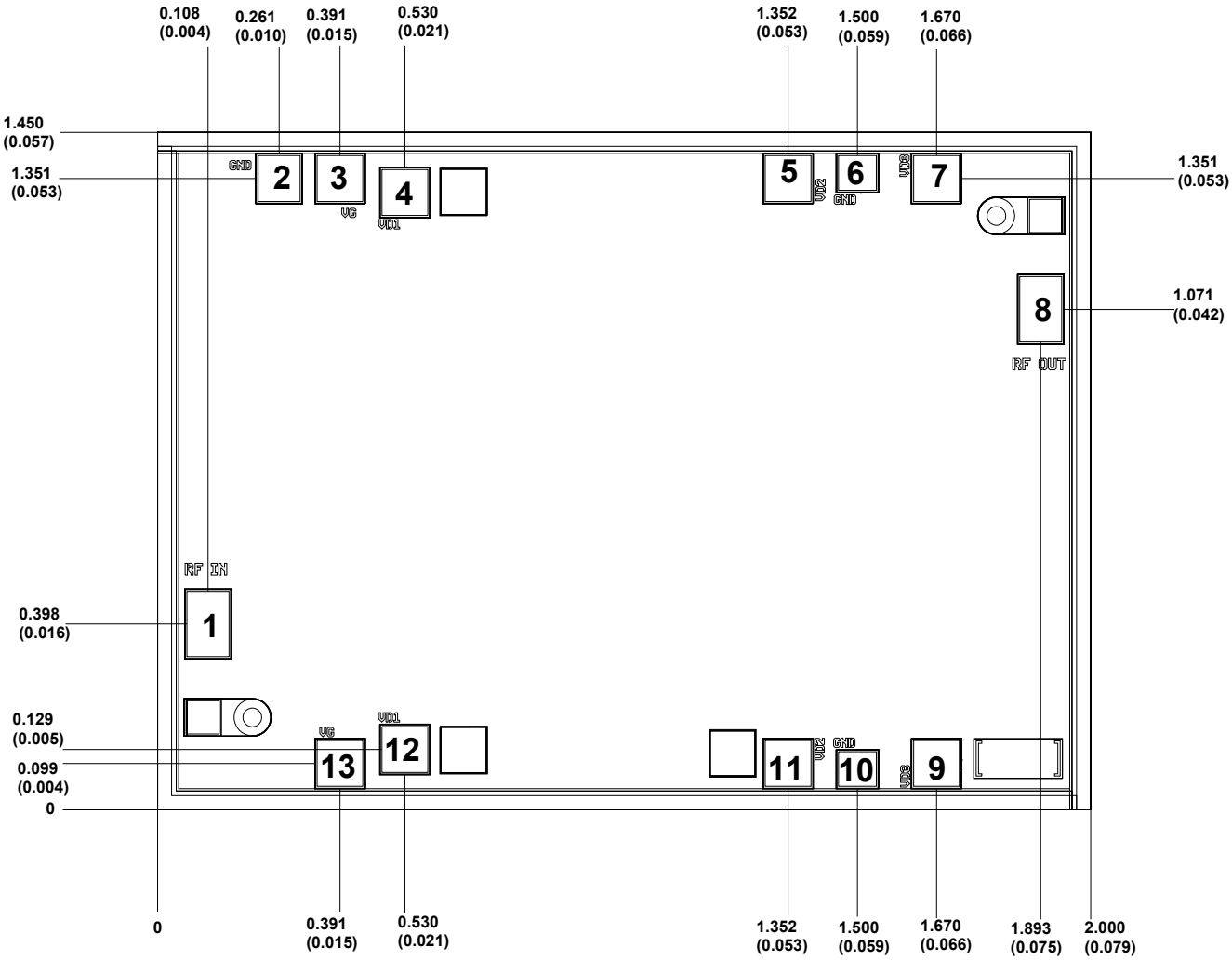
Measured Data

Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V, Idq = 400 mA, Δf=10MHz @ 19dBm/Tone





Mechanical Drawing

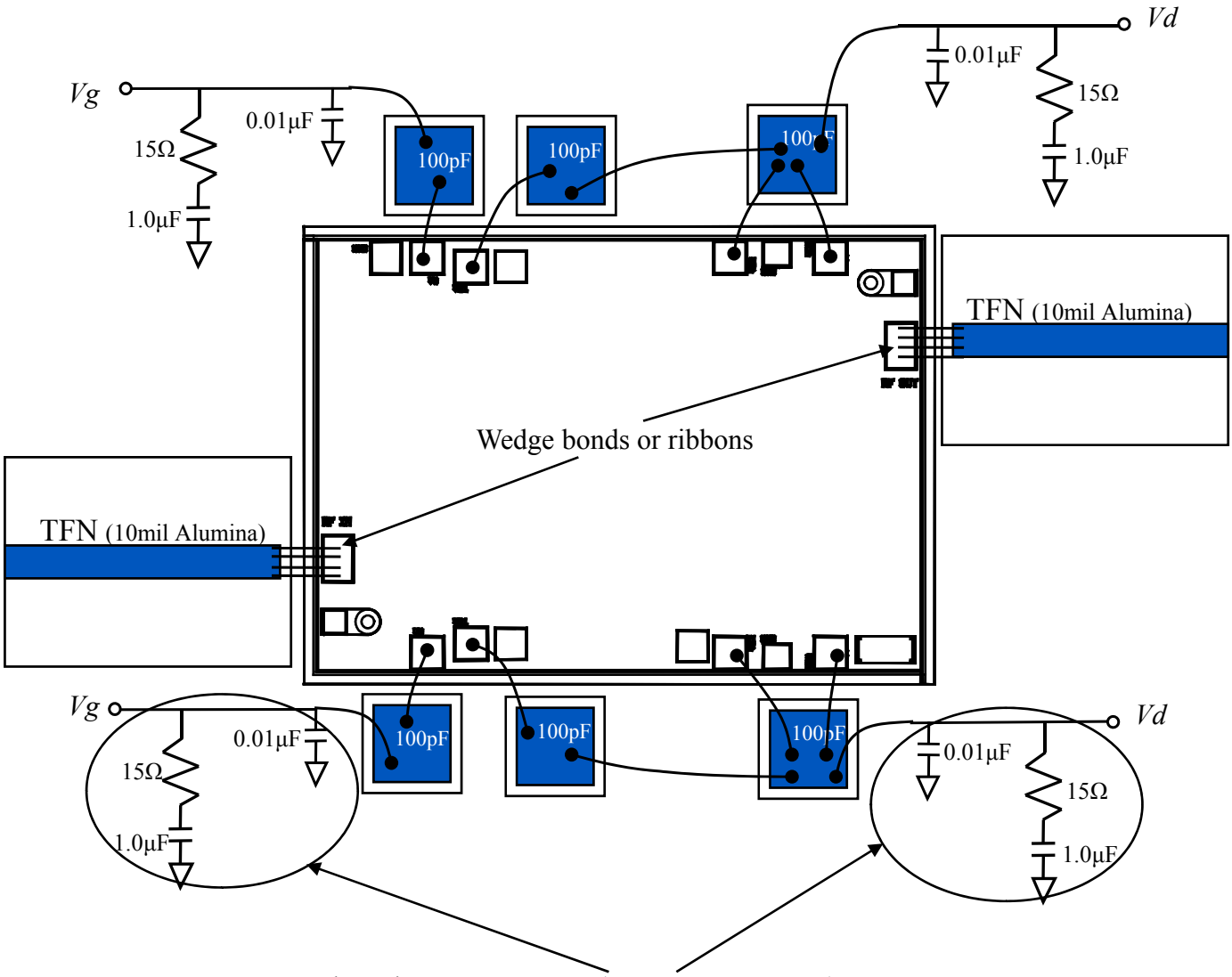


Units: millimeters (inches)
Thickness: 0.100 (0.004)
Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad
Chip size tolerance: +/- 0.051 (0.002)
GND is back side of MMIC

Bond pad #1	(RF In)	0.100 x 0.150	(0.004 x 0.006)
Bond pad #2	(N/C)	0.100 x 0.108	(0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #3, 13	(Vg)	0.108 x 0.108	(0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12	(Vd)	0.108 x 0.108	(0.004 x 0.004)
Bond pad #6, 10	(N/C)	0.091 x 0.084	(0.004 x 0.003)
Bond pad #8	(RF Out)	0.100 x 0.150	(0.004 x 0.006)

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

Recommended Chip Assembly Diagram



To reduce these components (0.01µF, 15Ω, 1.0µF) connect:
Vg @ bottom to *Vg* @ top
Vd @ bottom to *Vd* @ top

Bias Conditions: Vd = 6 V
Vg = ~ -0.6 V to get 400mA Id

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

Assembly Process Notes

Reflow process assembly notes:

- Use AuSn (80/20) solder with limited exposure to temperatures at or above 300^{0}C (30 seconds max).
- An alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere should be used.
- No fluxes should be utilized.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability.
- Devices must be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- Vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets are the preferred method of pick up.
- Air bridges must be avoided during placement.
- The force impact is critical during auto placement.
- Organic attachment can be used in low-power applications.
- Curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern.
- Microwave or radiant curing should not be used because of differential heating.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical.

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- Thermosonic ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique.
- Force, time, and ultrasonics are critical parameters.
- Aluminum wire should not be used.
- Maximum stage temperature is 200^{0}C.

GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.

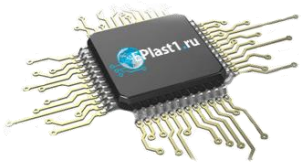
Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits,General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)
Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42
Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru
Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.