Not Recommended For New Designs

8 k × 8 NONVOLATILE SRAM (5 V, 3.3 V)

FEATURES

- **Data Retention for at least 10 Years Without Power**
- **Automatic Write-Protection During Power-up/Power-down Cycles**
- **Conventional SRAM Operation, Including Unlimited Write Cycles**
- **Internal Isolation of Battery before Power Application**
- **5-V or 3.3-V Operation**
- **Industry Standard 28-Pin DIP Pinout**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The CMOS bq4010/Y/LY is a nonvolatile 65,536-bit static RAM organized as 8,192 words by 8 bits. The integral control circuitry and lithium energy source provide reliable nonvolatility coupled with the unlimited write cycles of standard SRAM.

The control circuitry constantly monitors the single supply for an out-of-tolerance condition. When V_{CC} falls out of tolerance, the SRAM is unconditionally write-protected to prevent an inadvertent write operation.

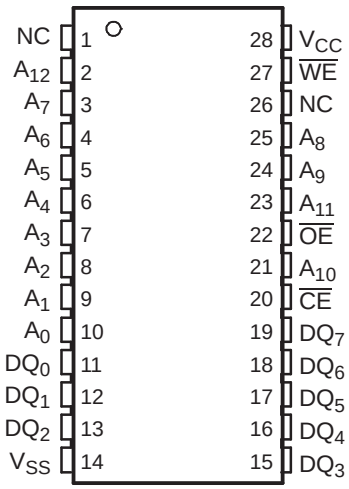
At this time the integral energy source is switched on to sustain the memory until after V_{CC} returns valid.

The bq4010/Y/LY uses extremely low standby current CMOS SRAMs, coupled with small lithium coin cells to provide nonvolatility without long write-cycle times and the write-cycle limitations associated with EEPROM.

The bq4010/Y/LY requires no external circuitry and is compatible with the industry-standard 64-Kb SRAM pinout.

PIN CONNECTIONS

28−Pin DIP Module
(TOP VIEW)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of the Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

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DEVICE INFORMATION

Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMINAL		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NUMBER		
A_0	10	I	Address inputs
A_1	9	I	
A_2	8	I	
A_3	7	I	
A_4	6	I	
A_5	5	I	
A_6	4	I	
A_7	3	I	
A_8	25	I	
A_9	24	I	
A_{10}	21	I	
A_{11}	23	I	
A_{12}	2	I	
$\overline{CE}$	20	I	Chip-enable input
DQ_0	11	I/O	Data input/output
DQ_1	12	I/O	
DQ_2	13	I/O	
DQ_3	15	I/O	
DQ_4	16	I/O	
DQ_5	17	I/O	
DQ_6	18	I/O	
DQ_7	19	I/O	
NC	1	-	No connect
	26		
$\overline{OE}$	22	I	Output enable input
V_{CC}	28	I	Supply voltage input
V_{SS}	14	-	Ground
$\overline{WE}$	27	I	Write enable input

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

When power is valid, the bq4010/Y/LY operates as a standard CMOS SRAM. During power-down and power-up cycles, the bq4010/Y/LY acts as a nonvolatile memory, automatically protecting and preserving the memory contents.

Power-down/power-up control circuitry constantly monitors the V_{CC} supply for a power-fail-detect threshold V_{PFD}. The bq4010 monitors for V_{PFD} = 4.62 V typical for use in 5-V systems with 5% supply tolerance. The bq4010Y monitors for V_{PFD} = 4.37 V typical for use in 5-V systems with 10% supply tolerance. The bq4010LY monitors for V_{PFD} = 2.90 V (typ) for use in 3.3-V systems.

When V_{CC} falls below the V_{PFD} threshold, the SRAM automatically write-protects the data. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as *don't care*. If a valid access is in process at the time of power-fail detection, the memory cycle continues to completion. If the memory cycle fails to terminate within time t_{WPT}, write-protection takes place.

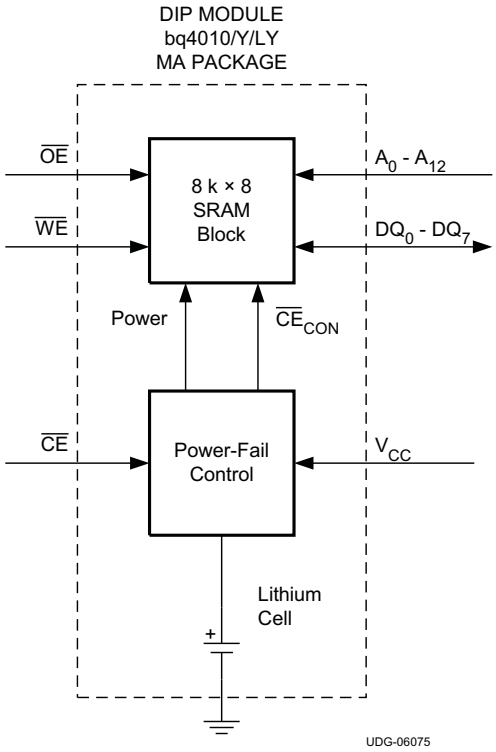
As V_{CC} falls past V_{PFD} and approaches V_{SO}, the control circuitry switches to the internal lithium backup supply, which provides data retention until valid V_{CC} is applied.

When V_{CC} returns to a level above the internal backup cell voltage, the supply is switched back to V_{CC}. After V_{CC} ramps above the V_{PFD} threshold, write-protection continues for a time t_{CER} (120 ms maximum in 5-V system, 85 ms maximum in 3.3-V system) to allow for processor stabilization. Normal memory operation may resume after this time.

The internal coin cells used by the bq4010/Y/LY have an extremely long shelf life and provide data retention for more than 10 years in the absence of system power.

As shipped from TI, the integral lithium cells of the MT-type module are electrically isolated from the memory. (Self-discharge in this condition is approximately 0.5% per year.) Following the first application of V_{CC}, this isolation is broken, and the lithium backup provides data retention on subsequent power-downs.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

MODE	$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	I/O OPERATION	POWER
Not selected	H	X	X	High-Z	Standby
Output disable	L	H	H	High-Z	Active
Read	L	H	L	D_{OUT}	Active
Write	L	L	X	D_{IN}	Active

ORDERING INFORMATION

For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of the datasheet, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

SELECTION GUIDE

DEVICE NUMBER	MAXIMUM ACCESS TIME (ns)	NEGATIVE SUPPLY TOLERANCE (%)	NOMINAL INPUT VOLTAGE V_{CC} (V)	TEMPERATURE (°C)
bq4010MA-70	70	-5	5	0 to 70
bq4010MA-85	85			
bq4010MA-150	150			
bq4010MA-200	200			
bq4010YMA-70	70	-10		
bq4010YMA-85	85			
bq4010YMA-150	150			
bq4010YMA-200	200			
bq4010YMA-70N	70			-40 to 85
bq4010YMA-85N	85			
bq4010YMA-150N	150			
bq4010LYMA-70N	70		3.3	

PART NUMBERING

PRODUCT LINE	MEMORY DENSITY	INPUT VOLTAGE (V)	NEGATIVE SUPPLY TOLERANCE	PACKAGE	SPEED (ns)	TEMPERATURE (°C)
bq40	**10**	**L**	**Y**	**MA**	**70**	**N**
	10 = 8 k × 8	Blank = 5	Blank = 5%	MA = DIP	70	Blank = Commercial
	11 = 32 k × 8	L= 3.3	Y = 10%		85	(0 to 70)
	13 = 128 k × 8				100	
	14 = 256 k × 8				120	N = Industrial
	15 = 512 k × 8				150	(-40 to 85)
	16 = 1024 k × 8				200	
	17 = 2048 k × 8					

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

PARAMETER		CONDITION		VALUE	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC voltage applied on VCC relative to VSS		bq4010Y	–0.3 to 7.0	V
			bq4010	–0.3 to 7.0	
			bq4010LY	–0.3 to 6.0	
V_T	DC voltage applied on any pin excluding VCC relative to VSS	$V_{VT} \leq V_{CC}$ +0.3 V	bq4010Y	–0.3 to 7.0	V
			bq4010	–0.3 to 7.0	
			bq4010LY	–0.3 to (V_{CC} + 0.3)	
T_{OPR}	Operating temperature	Commercial		0 to 70	°C
		Industrial		–40 to 85	
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	Commercial		–10 to 70	
		Industrial		–40 to 85	
T_{BIAS}	Temperature under bias	Commercial		–10 to 70	
		Industrial		–40 to 85	
T_{SOLDER}	Soldering temperature	For 10 seconds		260	

(1) Permanent device damage may occur if **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be limited to the Recommended DC Operating Conditions detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to conditions beyond the operational limits for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS ($T_A = T_{OPR}$)

			MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	bq4010Y	4.50	5.00	5.50	V
		bq4010	4.75	5.00	5.50	
		bq4010LY	3.00	3.30	3.60	
V_{SS}	Supply voltage		0	0	0	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		–0.3		0.8	
V_{IH}	High-level Input voltage		2.2		V_{CC} + 0.3	

(1) Typical values indicate operation at T_A = 25°C.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = T_{OPR}$, $V_{CC(min)} \leq V_{CC} \leq V_{CC(max)}$

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
I_{LI}	Input leakage current		$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC}			±1	µA
I_{LO}	Output leakage current		$\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$			±1	
V_{OH}	Output high voltage		I_{OH} = –1.0 mA	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage		I_{OL} = 2.1 mA			0.4	
I_{SB1}	Standby supply current		$\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$		1	2	µA
I_{SB2}	Standby supply current		$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2 V, 0V ≤ $V_{IN} \leq$ 0.2 V, or $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC}$ – 0.2		0.1	1	mA
I_{CC}	Operating supply current	bq4010	Minimum cycle, duty = 100%, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $I_{I/O}$ = 0 mA			50	mA
		bq4010Y					
		bq4010LY				30	
V_{PFD}	Power-fail-detect voltage	bq4010		4.55	4.62	4.75	V
		bq4010Y		4.30	4.37	4.50	
		bq4010LY		2.85	2.90	2.95	
V_{SO}	Supply switch-over voltage	bq4010			3		
		bq4010Y			3		
		bq4010LY			2.9		

(1) Typical values indicate operation at T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V or V_{CC} = 3.3 V.

CAPACITANCE (T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 5.0 V or V_{CC} = 3.3 V)

PARAMETER[1]		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{I/O}$	Input/output capacitance	Output voltage = 0 V			8	pF
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	Input voltage = 0 V			10	

(1) Ensured by design. Not production tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	
	5 V	3.3 V
Input pulse levels	0 V to 3.0 V	0 V to V_{CC}
Input rise and fall times	5 ns	5 ns
Input and output timing reference levels	1.5 V (unless otherwise specified)	50 %
Output load (including scope and jig)	See Figure 1 and Figure 2	See Figure 3 and Figure 4

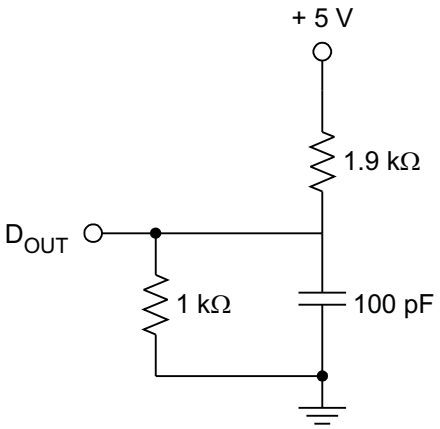


Figure 1. 5-V Output Load A

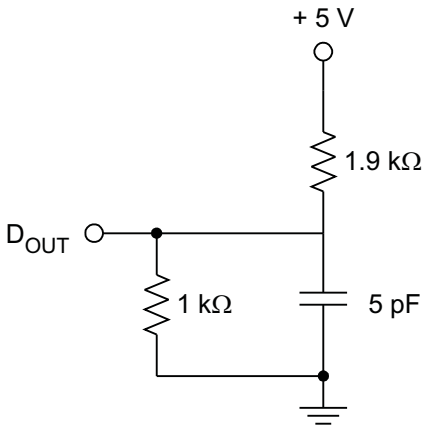


Figure 2. 5-V Output Load B

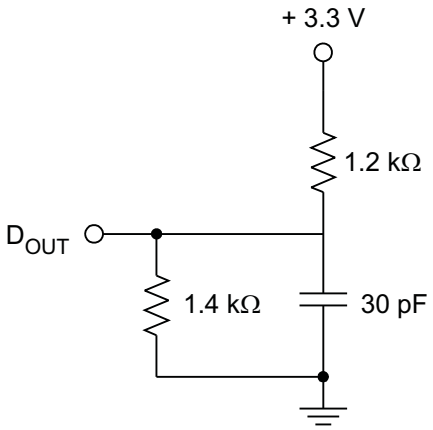


Figure 3. 3.3-V Output Load A

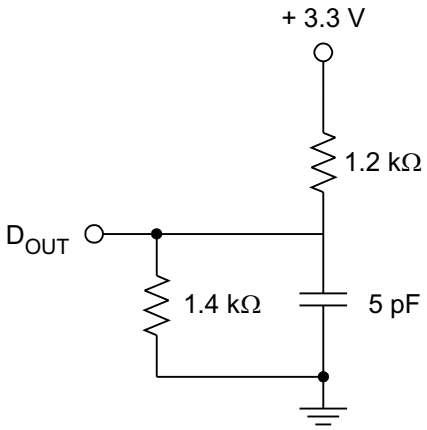
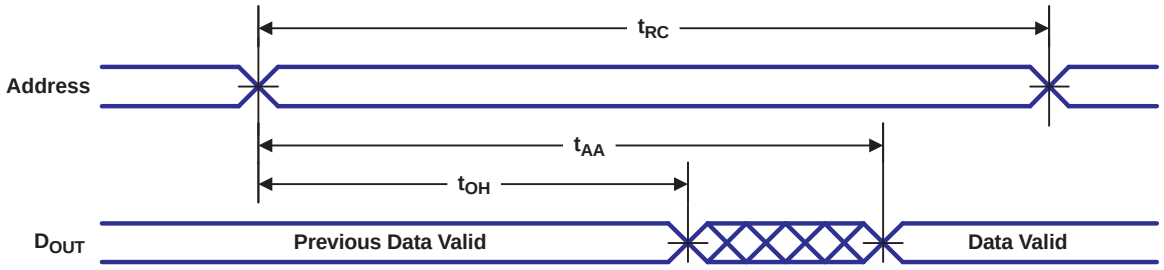


Figure 4. 3.3-V Output Load B

Table 2. READ CYCLE ($T_A = T_{OPR}$, $V_{CC(min)} \leq V_{CC} \leq V_{CC(max)}$)

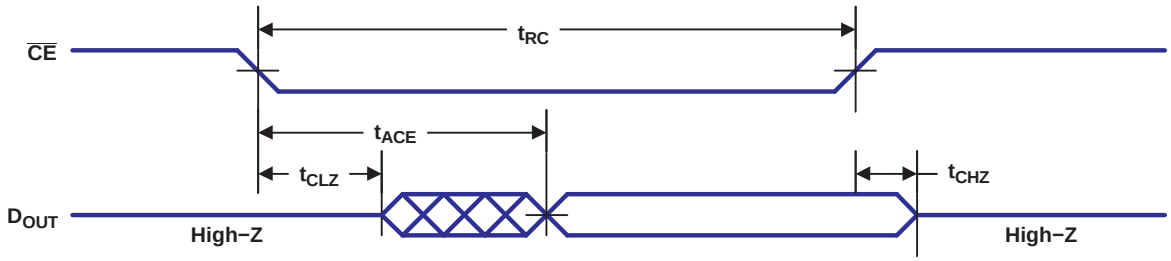
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	-70		-85		-150		-200		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{RC}	Read cycle time		70		85		150		200		ns
t_{AA}	Address access time	Output load A		70		85		150		200	
t_{ACE}	Chip enable access time			70		85		150		200	
t_{OE}	Output enable to output valid			35		45		70		90	
t_{CLZ}	Chip enable to output in low Z	Output load B	5		5		5		5		
t_{OLZ}	Output enable to output in low Z		0		0		0		0		
t_{CHZ}	Chip disable to output in high Z		0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	
t_{OHZ}	Output disable to output in high Z		0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	
t_{OH}	Output hold from address change	Output load A	10		10		10		10		



(1) $\overline{WE}$ is held high for a read cycle.

(2) Device is continuously selected: $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.

Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Access) (1)(2)

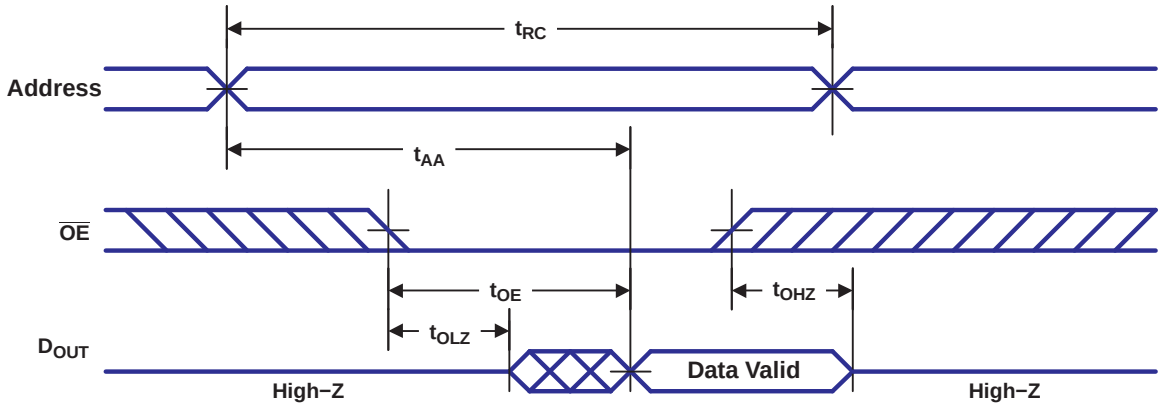


(1) $\overline{WE}$ is held high for a read cycle.

(2) Device is continuously selected: $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.

(3) Address is valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$ transition low.

Figure 6. Read Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{CE}$ Access) (1)(2)(3)



(1) $\overline{WE}$ is held high for a read cycle.

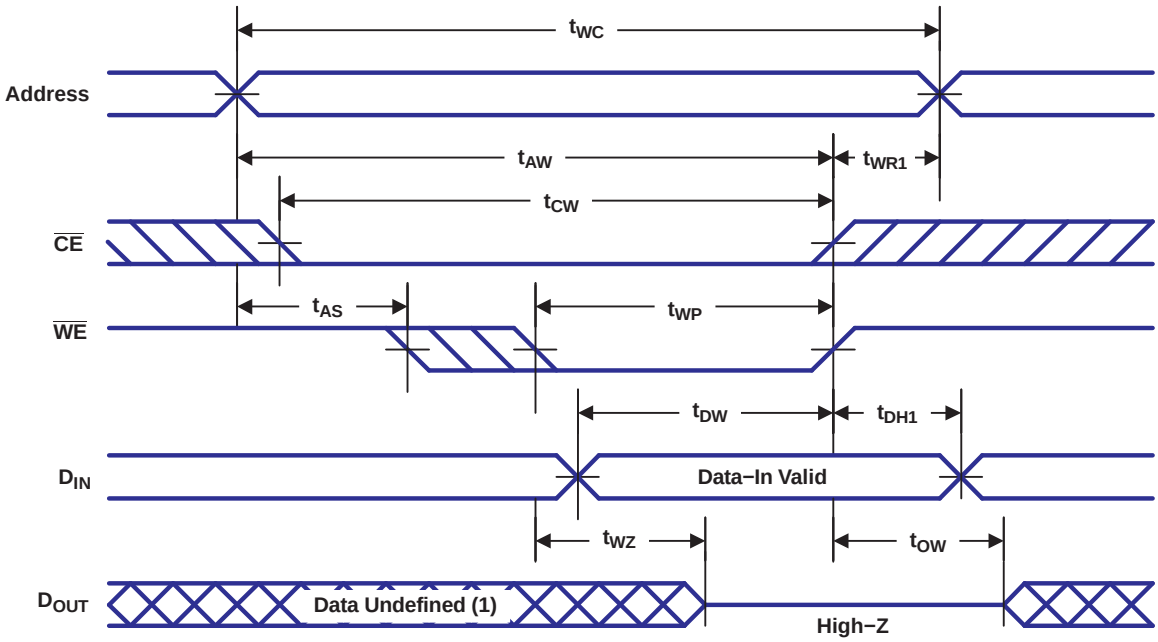
(2) Device is continuously selected: $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}.

Figure 7. Read Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{OE}$ Access) (1)(2)

Table 3. WRITE CYCLE ($T_A = T_{OPR}$, $V_{CC(min)} \leq V_{CC} \leq V_{CC(max)}$)

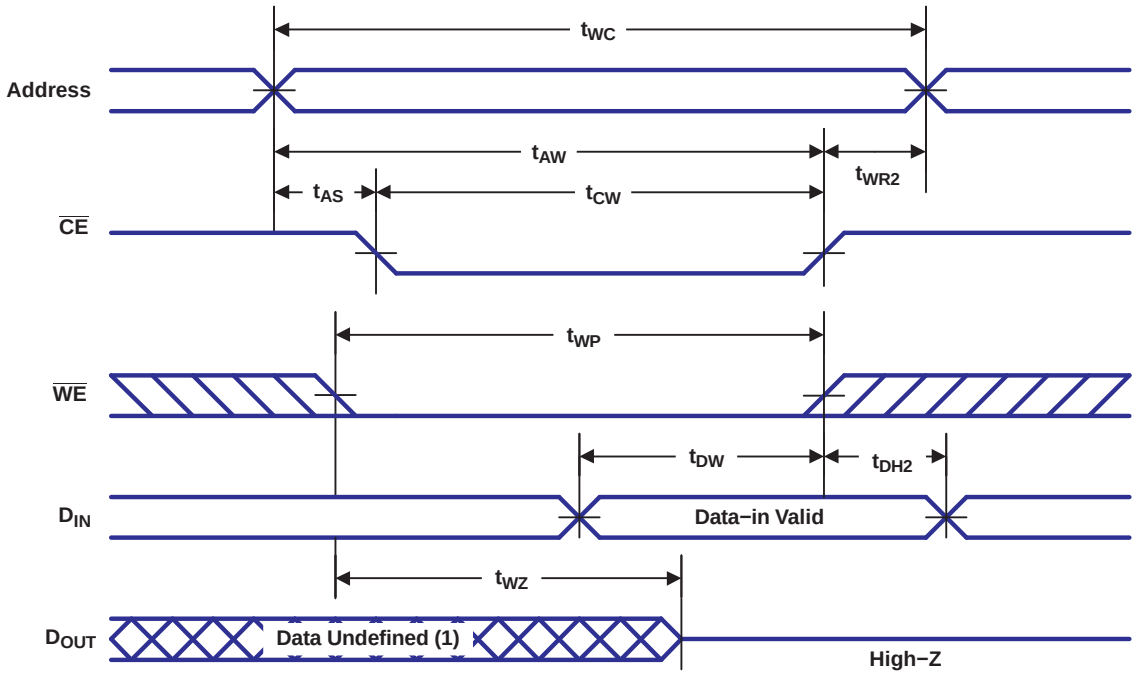
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	-70		-85		-150		-200		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{WC}	Write cycle time		70		85		150		200		ns
t_{CW}	Chip enable to end of write	See (1)	65		75		100		150		
t_{AW}	Address valid to end of write	See (1)	65		75		90		150		
t_{AS}	Address setup time	Measured from address valid to beginning of write. (2)	0		0		0		0		
t_{WP}	Write pulse width	Measured from beginning of write to end of write. (1)	55		65		90		130		
t_{WR1}	Write recovery time (write cycle 1)	Measured from $\overline{WE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (3)	5		5		5		5		
t_{WR2}	Write recovery time (write cycle 2)	Measured from $\overline{CE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (3)	15		15		15		15		
t_{DW}	Data valid to end of write	Measured to first low-to- high transition of either $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$.	30		35		50		70		
t_{DH1}	Data hold time (write cycle 1)	Measured from $\overline{WE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (4)	0		0		0		0		
t_{DH2}	Data hold time (write cycle 2)	Measured from $\overline{CE}$ going high to end of write cycle. (4)	0		0		0		0		
t_{WZ}	Write enbled to output in high Z	I/O pins are in output state. (5)	0	25	0	30	0	50	0	70	
t_{OW}	Output active from end of write	I/O pins are in output state. (5)	5		5		5		5		

(1) A write ends at the earlier transition of $\overline{CE}$ going high and $\overline{WE}$ going high.
(2) A write occurs during the overlap of a low $\overline{CE}$ and a low $\overline{WE}$. A write begins at the later transition of $\overline{CE}$ going low and $\overline{WE}$ going low.
(3) Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.
(4) Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met.
(5) If $\overline{CE}$ goes low simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ going low or after $\overline{WE}$ going low, the outputs remain in high-impedance state.



(1) $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$ must be high during address transition.
(2) Because I/O may be active ($\overline{OE}$ low) during this period, data input signals of opposite polarity to the outputs must not be applied.
(3) If $\overline{OE}$ is high, the I/O pins remain in a state of high impedance.

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{WE}$-Controlled) (1)(2)(3)



(1) $\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{WE}$ must be high during address transition.

(2) Because I/O may be active ($\overline{OE}$ low) during this period, data input signals of opposite polarity to the outputs must not be applied.

(3) If $\overline{OE}$ is high, the I/O pins remain in a state of high impedance.

(4) Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.

(5) Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met.

Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{CE}$-Controlled) (1)(2)(3)(4)(5)

Table 4. 5-V POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP ($T_A = T_{OPR}$)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
t_{PF}	V_{CC} slew, 4.75 to 4.25 V		300			µs
t_{FS}	V_{CC} slew, 4.25 to V_{SO}		10			µs
t_{PU}	V_{CC} slew, V_{SO} to $V_{PFD\ (max.)}$		0			µs
t_{CER}	Chip enable recovery time	Time during which SRAM is write-protected after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} on power-up.	40	80	120	ms
t_{DR}	Data-retention time in absence of V_{CC}	T_A = 25°C(2)	10			years
t_{WPT}	Write-protect time	Delay after V_{CC} slews down past V_{PFD} before SRAM is writeprotected.	40	100	150	µs

(1) Typical values indicate operation at T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5V.
(2) Batteries are disconnected from circuit until after V_{CC} is applied for the first time. t_{DR} is the accumulated time in absence of power beginning when power is first applied to the device.

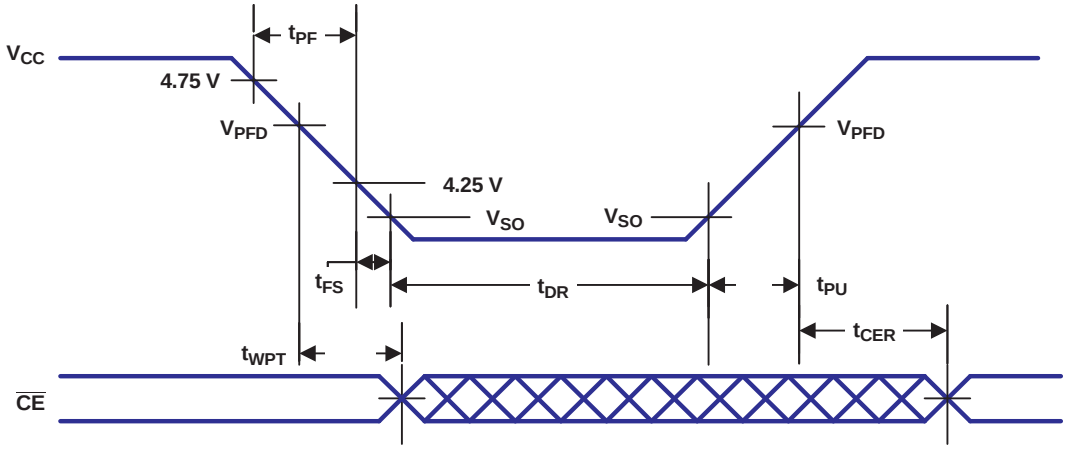


Figure 10. 5-V Power-Down/Power-Up Timing

Table 5. 3.3-V POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP ($T_A = T_{OPR}$)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
t_F	V_{CC} slew, 3 V to 0 V		300			µs
t_R	V_{CC} slew, V_{SO} to $V_{PFD\ (max)}$		100			µs
t_{CER}	Chip enable recovery time	Time during which SRAM is write-protected after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} on power-up.	10		85	ms
t_{DR}	Data-retention time in absence of V_{CC}	T_A = 25°C(2)	10			years

(1) Typical values indicate operation at T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 3.3 V.
(2) Batteries are disconnected from circuit until after V_{CC} is applied for the first time. Data retention time (t_{DR}) is the accumulated time in absence of power beginning when power is first applied to the device.

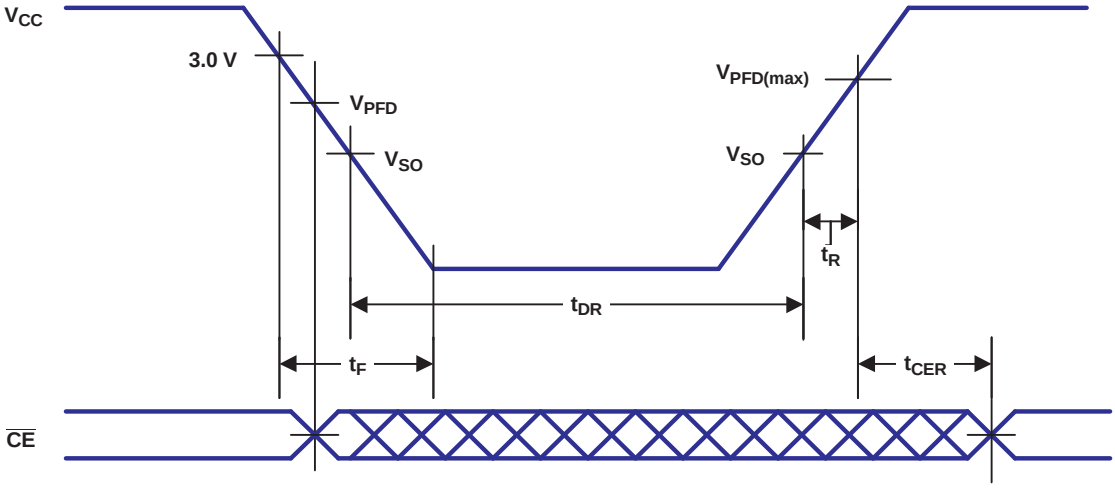


Figure 11. 3.3-V Power-Down/Power-Up Timing

CAUTION:

Negative undershoots below the absolute maximum rating of -0.3 V in battery-backup mode may affect data integrity.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Samples (Requires Login)
BQ4010LYMA-70N	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010MA-150	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010MA-200	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010MA-70	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010MA-85	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-150	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-150N	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-200	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-70	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-70N	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-85	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4010YMA-85N	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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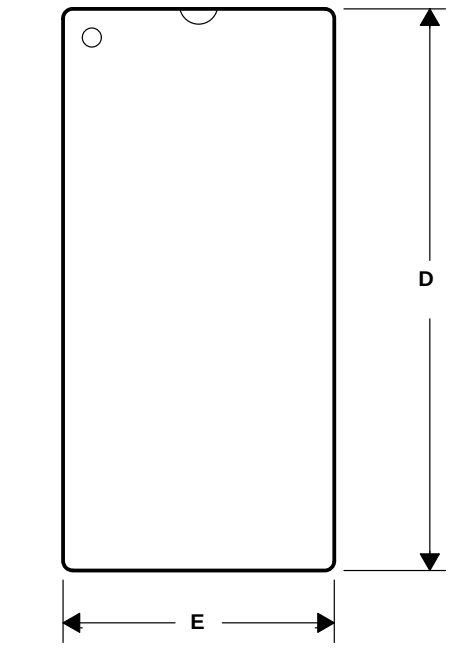
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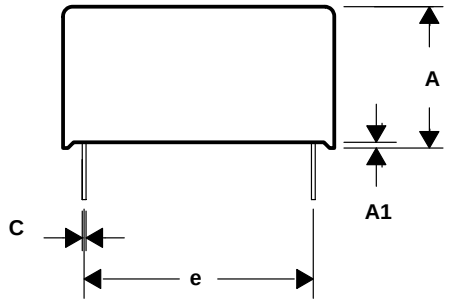
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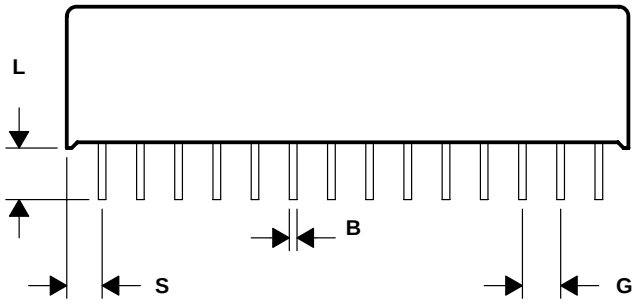
MPDI061 – MAY 2001

MA (R-PDIP-T)** **PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE**

28 PINS SHOWN







Dimension	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.53
A1	0.015	–	0.38	–
B	0.017	0.023	0.43	0.58
C	0.008	0.013	0.20	0.33
D/12 PIN	0.710	0.740	18.03	18.80
D/28 PIN	1.470	1.500	37.34	38.10
D/32 PIN	1.670	1.700	42.42	43.18
D/40 PIN	2.070	2.100	52.58	53.34
E	0.710	0.740	18.03	18.80
e	0.590	0.630	14.99	16.00
G	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79
L	0.120	0.150	3.05	3.81
S/12 PIN	0.105	0.130	2.67	3.30
S	0.075	0.110	1.91	2.79

4201975/A 03/01

NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (mm).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

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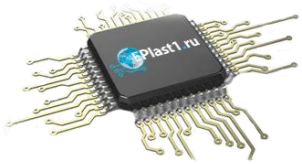
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