

Axial Lead Battery Strap PTC

OZSA Series

HF **Pb** OZSA Series Fuse

RoHS 2 Compliant & Halogen-Free

Application

Rechargeable battery packs, Lithium cell and battery packs

Product Features

Low profile, Solid state

Operating (Hold Current) Range

1.2A - 4.2A

Maximum Voltage

15V - 30VDC

Temperature Range

-40°C to 85°C

Agency Approval

TUV (Std. EN62319-1-1, Cert. R50102187)

UL Component (Std. UL1434, File E305051)

UL Conditions of Acceptability:

1. These devices have been investigated for use in safety circuits and are suitable as a limiting device.
2. These devices have been calibrated to limit the current to 8 amps within 5 seconds, per ANSI/NFPA 70, "National Electrical Code".



LEAD FREE = **Pb**

HALOGEN FREE = **HF**

Electrical Characteristics (23°C)

| Part Number (Bulk) | Hold Current | Trip Current | Max Time to Trip @ 5xIH | Rated Voltage | Max. Current | Typical Power | Resistance Tolerance | | | Agency Approvals | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-----|
| | | | | | | | Rmin | Rmax | R1max | UL US | TUV |
| | IH, A | IT, A | Seconds | Vmax, Vdc | Imax, A | Pd, W | Ohms | Ohms | Ohms | | |
| A OZSA0120FF1E | 1.20 | 2.70 | 5.0 | 15 | 100 | 1.2 | 0.085 | 0.160 | 0.220 | Y | Y |
| B OZSA0175FF1E | 1.75 | 3.80 | 5.0 | 15 | 100 | 1.5 | 0.050 | 0.090 | 0.120 | Y | Y |
| C OZSA0200FF1E | 2.00 | 4.40 | 4.0 | 30 | 100 | 1.9 | 0.030 | 0.060 | 0.100 | Y | Y |
| D OZSA0350FF1E | 3.50 | 6.30 | 3.0 | 30 | 100 | 2.5 | 0.017 | 0.031 | 0.050 | Y | Y |
| E OZSA0420FF1E | 4.20 | 7.60 | 6.0 | 30 | 100 | 2.9 | 0.012 | 0.024 | 0.040 | Y | Y |

IH Hold Current-maximum current at which the device will not trip in still air at 23°C.

IT Trip current-minimum current at which the device will always trip in still air at 23°C.

Imax Maximum fault current device can withstand without damage at rated voltage (Vmax).

Vmax Maximum voltage device can withstand without damage at its rated current.

Pd Typical power dissipated by device when in tripped state in 23°C still air environment.

Rmin Minimum device resistance at 23°C.

Rmax Maximum device resistance at 23°C.

R1max Maximum device resistance at 23°C, 1 hour after initial device trip, or after being soldered to PCB in end application.

Specifications subject to change without notice



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PTC's – Basic Theory of Operation / "Tripped" Resistance Explanation

Fundamentally, a Bel PTC consists of a block of polymeric material containing conductive filler and bonded between two conductive, planar terminations.

At currents below the device I_{HOLD} rating, AND at temperatures below 100C, the PTC maintains a resistance value below its R₁ MAX rating.

As the device's temperature approaches 130C, either due to an increase in ambient temperature or a current exceeding its I_{TRIP} rating, volumetric expansion of the filled polymer breaks apart the majority of conductive pathways across the terminals created by chain contact of adjacent filler particles or device resistance increases sharply by several orders of magnitude.

At the much higher "Tripped" resistance, there is just enough leakage current to allow internal heating to "hold" the device in its tripped state (around 125C) until power is interrupted. Once power is removed, the PTC's core cools and contracts allowing conductive chains to reform and return the device to its low resistance state.

The catalog data for each device specifies a "Typical Power" value. This is the power required to exactly match the heat lost by the tripped device to its ambient surroundings at 23C. By Ohm's Law, power can be stated as: $W = E^2/R$. Thus the approximate resistance of a "Tripped" PTC can be determined by: $R = E^2/W$, where "E" is the voltage appearing across the PTC (usually the supply's open circuit voltage), and "W" is the Typical Power value for the particular PTC. Since the PPTC acts to maintain a constant internal temperature, its apparent resistance will change based upon applied voltage and, to a lesser degree, ambient conditions. Consider the following example....

A PTC with a Typical Power of 1 watt protecting a circuit using a 60V supply will demonstrate an apparent, tripped resistance "R" of:

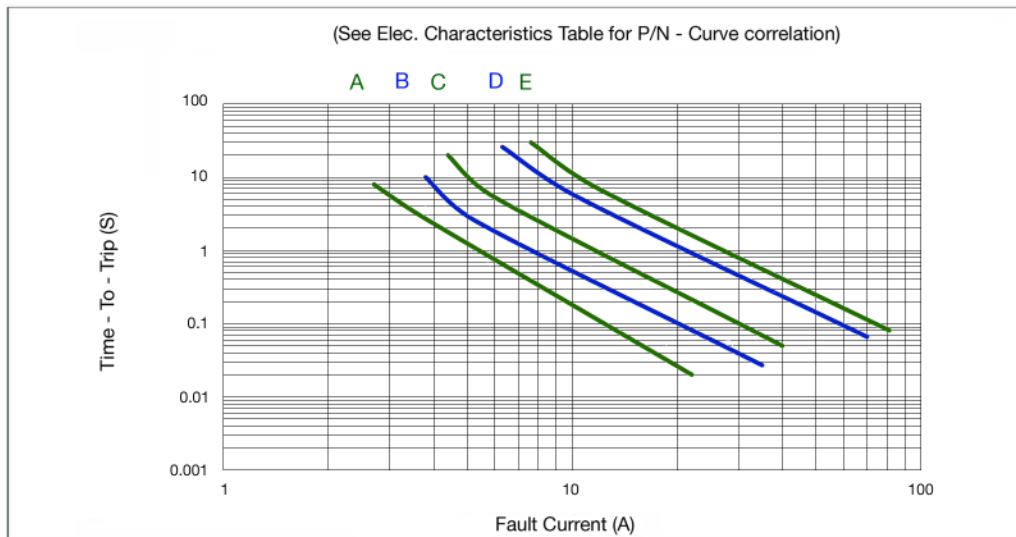
$$R = 60^2/1 = 3,600 \text{ ohms}$$

This same tripped device when used to protect a 12V circuit would now present an apparent resistance of:

$$R = 12^2/1 = 144 \text{ ohms}$$

The value for Typical Power is "typical" because any physical factors that affect heat loss (such as ambient temperature or air convection) will somewhat alter the level of power that the PTC needs to maintain its internal temperature. In short, PTCs do not exhibit a constant, quantifiable tripped resistance value.

Type Time - To - Trip at 23°C



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Physical Specifications

Lead material:

0.13mm nominal thickness, quarter-hard nickel.

Insulating material:

Polyester tape

PTC Marking

“bel” or “b”, , IH code and “SA” .

Product Dimensions

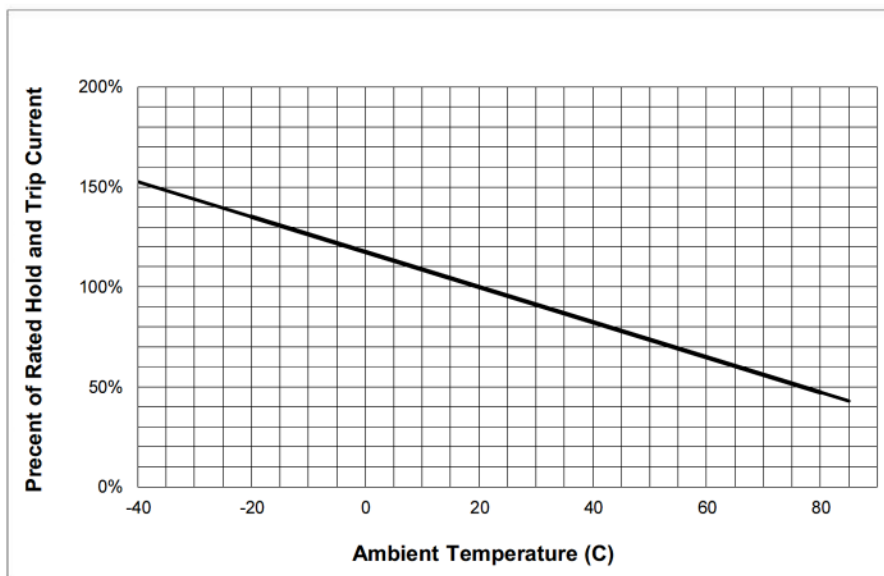
All dimensions in mm.



Top view

| Part Number | A | | B | | C | | D | | F | |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |
| OZSA0120FF | 19.9 | 22.1 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| OZSA0175FF | 20.9 | 23.1 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| OZSA0200FF | 21.3 | 23.4 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 7.6 | 4.8 | 5.4 |
| OZSA0350FF | 28.4 | 31.8 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 6.3 | 8.9 | 5.9 | 6.1 |
| OZSA0420FF | 30.6 | 32.4 | 12.9 | 13.6 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 6.1 |

Thermal Derating Curve



Cautionary Notes

1. Operation beyond the specified maximum ratings or improper use may result in damage and possible electrical arcing and/or flame.
2. These Polymer PTC (PPTC) devices are intended for protection against occasional overcurrent/ overtemperature fault conditions and may not be suitable for use in applications where repeated and/or prolonged fault conditions are anticipated.
3. Avoid contact of PTC device with chemical solvent. Prolonged contact may adversely impact the PTC performance.
4. These PTC devices may not be suitable for use in circuits with a large inductance, as the PTC trip can generate circuit voltage spikes above the PTC rated voltage.
5. These devices are intended for use in DC voltage applications only. Use in AC voltage applications should be first discussed with Bel Fuse engineering.
6. Not recommended for use on potted or conformal coated PCB's. Restriction of free air flow could affect electrical performance and/or result in device failure. Consult Bel Fuse engineering.
7. In the "Indeterminate Performance / grey zone", tripping may occur but cannot be relied upon. For special circumstances considering use within this region, consult Bel Fuse Engineering.

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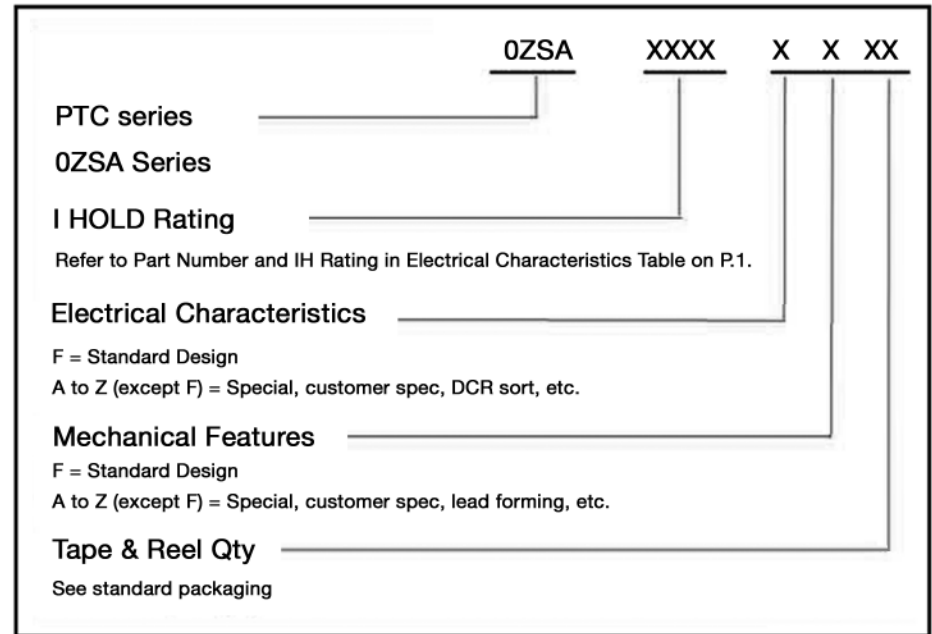
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P/N Explanation and Ordering Information



Standard Packaging

| Packaging Option | Packaging Quantity | Packaging Code |
|------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Bulk | 3000 | 1E |



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Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

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- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
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- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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