

CURRENT SENSING SINGLE CHANNEL DRIVER

Features

- Floating channel designed for bootstrap operation
 Fully operational to +600V
 Tolerant to negative transient voltage dV/dt immune
- Application- specific gate drive range:
 Motor Drive: 12 to 20V (IR2127/IR2128)
 Automotive: 9 to 20V (IR21271)
- Undervoltage lockout
- 3.3V, 5V and 15V input logic compatible
- FAULT lead indicates shutdown has occurred
- Output in phase with input (IR2127/IR21271)
- Output out of phase with input (IR2128)
- Available in Lead-Free

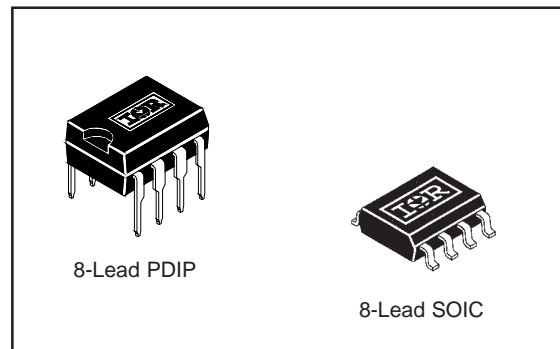
Description

The IR2127/IR2128/IR21271(S) is a high voltage, high speed power MOSFET and IGBT driver. Proprietary HVIC and latch immune CMOS technologies enable ruggedized monolithic construction. The logic input is compatible with standard CMOS or LSTTL outputs, down to 3.3V. The protection circuitry detects over-current in the driven power transistor and terminates the gate drive voltage. An open drain FAULT signal is provided to indicate that an over-current shutdown has occurred. The output driver features a high pulse current buffer stage designed for minimum cross-conduction. The floating channel can be used to drive an N-channel power MOSFET or IGBT in the high side or low side configuration which operates up to 600 volts.

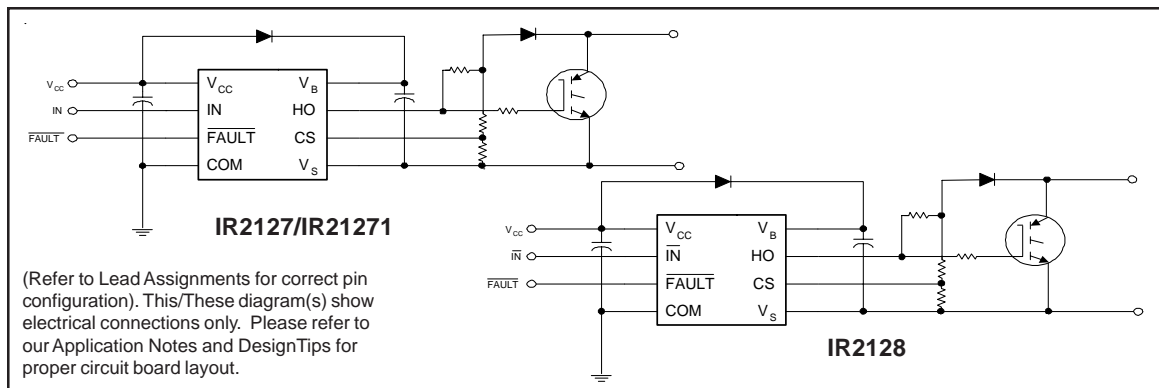
Product Summary

| | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| V_{OFFSET} | 600V max. | |
| I_{O+/-} | 200 mA / 420 mA | |
| V_{OUT} | 12 - 20V (IR2127/IR2128) | 9 - 20V (IR21271) |
| V_{csth} | 250 mV or 1.8V | |
| t_{on/off} (typ.) | 200 & 150 ns | |

Packages



Typical Connection



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM. The Thermal Resistance and Power Dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

| Symbol | Definition | Min. | Max. | Units |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| V _B | High Side Floating Supply Voltage | -0.3 | 625 | V |
| V _S | High Side Floating Offset Voltage | V _B - 25 | V _B + 0.3 | |
| V _{HO} | High Side Floating Output Voltage | V _S - 0.3 | V _B + 0.3 | |
| V _{CC} | Logic Supply Voltage | -0.3 | 25 | |
| V _{IN} | Logic Input Voltage | -0.3 | V _{CC} + 0.3 | |
| V _{FLT} | $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Output Voltage | -0.3 | V _{CC} + 0.3 | |
| V _{CS} | Current Sense Voltage | V _S - 0.3 | V _B + 0.3 | |
| dV _S /dt | Allowable Offset Supply Voltage Transient | — | 50 | V/ns |
| P _D | Package Power Dissipation @ T _A ≤ +25°C (8 Lead DIP) | — | 1.0 | W |
| | (8 Lead SOIC) | — | 0.625 | |
| R _{thJA} | Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (8 Lead DIP) | — | 125 | °C/W |
| | (8 Lead SOIC) | — | 200 | |
| T _J | Junction Temperature | — | 150 | °C |
| T _S | Storage Temperature | -55 | 150 | |
| T _L | Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds) | — | 300 | |

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Input/Output logic timing diagram is shown in Figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions. The V_S offset rating is tested with all supplies biased at 15V differential.

| Symbol | Definition | Min. | Max. | Units |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|
| V _B | High Side Floating Supply Voltage (IR2127/IR2128) | V _S + 12 | V _S + 20 | V |
| | (IR21271) | V _S + 9 | V _S + 20 | |
| V _S | High Side Floating Offset Voltage | Note 1 | 600 | |
| V _{HO} | High Side Floating Output Voltage | V _S | V _B | |
| V _{CC} | Logic Supply Voltage | 10 | 20 | |
| V _{IN} | Logic Input Voltage | 0 | V _{CC} | |
| V _{FLT} | $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ Output Voltage | 0 | V _{CC} | |
| V _{CS} | Current Sense Signal Voltage | V _S | V _S + 5 | |
| T _A | Ambient Temperature | -40 | 125 | °C |

Note 1: Logic operational for V_S of -5 to +600V. Logic state held for V_S of -5V to -V_{BS}. (Please refer to the Design Tip DT97-3 for more details).

Dynamic Electrical Characteristics

V_{BIAS} (V_{CC} , V_{BS}) = 15V, C_L = 1000 pF and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified. The dynamic electrical characteristics are measured using the test circuit shown in Figure 3.

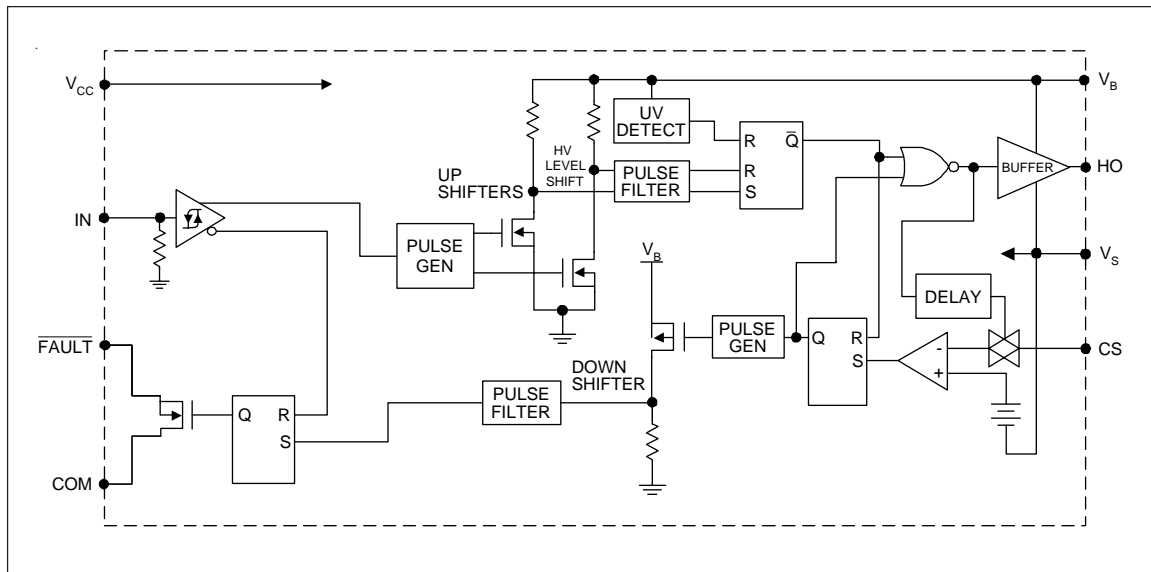
| Symbol | Definition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-----------------|
| t_{on} | Turn-On Propagation Delay | — | 200 | 250 | ns | $V_S = 0V$ |
| t_{off} | Turn-Off Propagation Delay | — | 150 | 200 | | $V_S = 600V$ |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | — | 80 | 130 | | |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | — | 40 | 65 | | |
| t_{bl} | Start-Up Blanking Time | 500 | 700 | 900 | | |
| t_{cs} | CS Shutdown Propagation Delay | — | 240 | 360 | | |
| t_{fit} | CS to FAULT Pull-Up Propagation Delay | — | 340 | 510 | | |

Static Electrical Characteristics

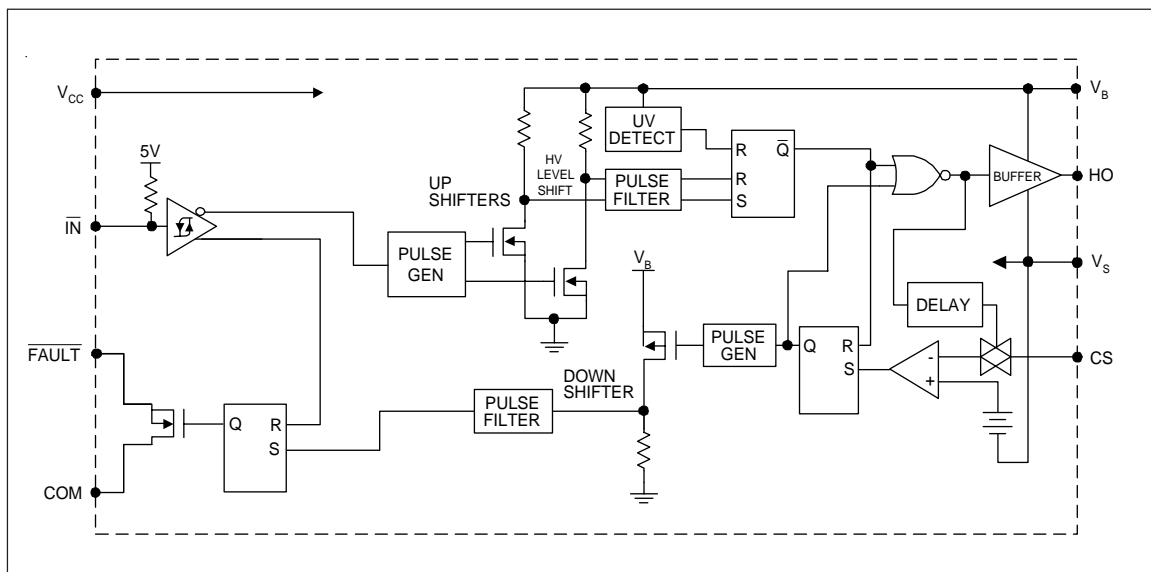
V_{BIAS} (V_{CC} , V_{BS}) = 15V and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified. The V_{IN} , V_{TH} and I_{IN} parameters are referenced to COM. The V_O and I_O parameters are referenced to V_S .

| Symbol | Definition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|----------|---------------------------------------------------|
| V_{IH} | Logic "1" Input Voltage (IR2127/IR21271) Logic "0" Input Voltage (IR2128) | 3.0 | — | — | V | $V_{CC} = 10V$ to 20V |
| V_{IL} | Logic "0" Input Voltage (IR2127/IR21271) Logic "1" Input Voltage (IR2128) | — | — | 0.8 | | |
| V_{CSTH+} | CS Input Positive Going Threshold (IR2127/IR2128) (IR21271) | 180 | 250 | 320 | mV | |
| V_{OH} | High Level Output Voltage, $V_{BIAS} - V_O$ | — | — | 100 | mV | |
| V_{OL} | Low Level Output Voltage, V_O | — | — | 100 | | $I_O = 0A$ |
| I_{LK} | Offset Supply Leakage Current | — | — | 50 | μA | $V_B = V_S = 600V$ |
| I_{QBS} | Quiescent V_{BS} Supply Current | — | 200 | 400 | | $V_{IN} = 0V$ or 5V |
| I_{QCC} | Quiescent V_{CC} Supply Current | — | 60 | 120 | | $V_{IN} = 5V$ |
| I_{IN+} | Logic "1" Input Bias Current | — | 7.0 | 15 | | $V_{IN} = 0V$ |
| I_{IN-} | Logic "0" Input Bias Current | — | — | 1.0 | | $V_{CS} = 3V$ |
| I_{CS+} | "High" CS Bias Current | — | — | 1.0 | | $V_{CS} = 0V$ |
| I_{CS-} | "High" CS Bias Current | — | — | 1.0 | | |
| V_{BSUV+} | V_{BS} Supply Undervoltage Positive Going Threshold (IR2127/IR2128) (IR21271) | 8.8 | 10.3 | 11.8 | V | |
| V_{BSUV-} | V_{BS} Supply Undervoltage Negative Going Threshold (IR2127/IR2128) (IR21271) | 7.5 | 9.0 | 10.6 | | |
| I_{O+} | Output High Short Circuit Pulsed Current | 200 | 250 | — | mA | $V_O = 0V$, $V_{IN} = 5V$ $PW \leq 10 \mu s$ |
| I_{O-} | Output Low Short Circuit Pulsed Current | 420 | 500 | — | | $V_O = 15V$, $V_{IN} = 0V$ $PW \leq 10 \mu s$ |
| Ron, FLT | FAULT - Low on Resistance | — | 125 | — | Ω | |

Functional Block Diagram IR2127/IR21271



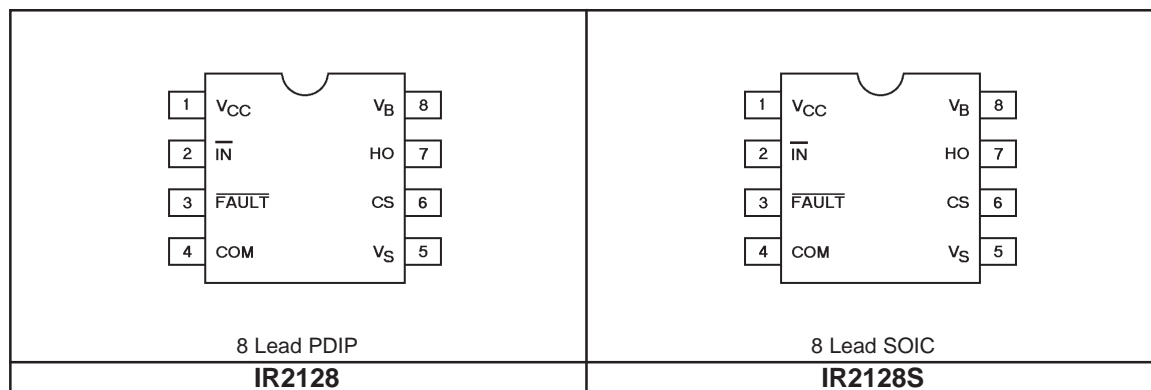
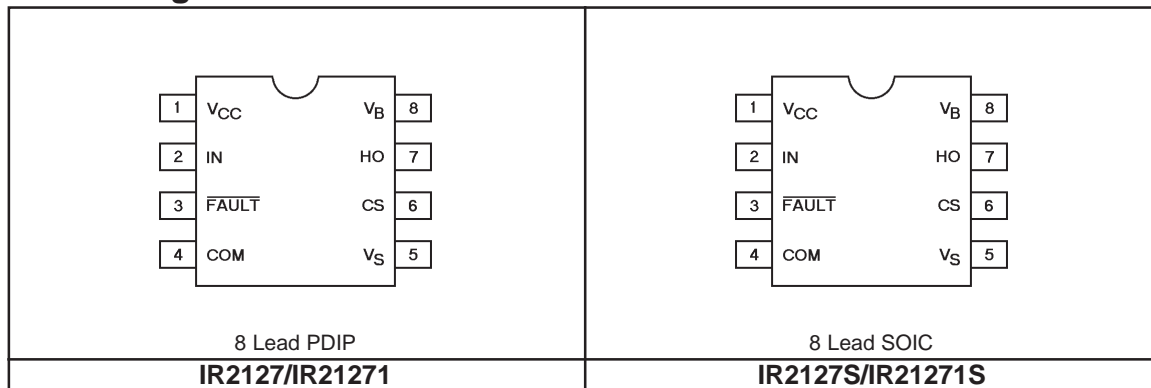
Functional Block Diagram IR2128



Lead Definitions

| Symbol | Description |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| V _{CC} | Logic and gate drive supply |
| IN | Logic input for gate driver output (HO), in phase with HO (IR2127/IR21271) out of phase with HO (IR2128) |
| $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ | Indicates over-current shutdown has occurred, negative logic |
| COM | Logic ground |
| V _B | High side floating supply |
| HO | High side gate drive output |
| V _S | High side floating supply return |
| CS | Current sense input to current sense comparator |

Lead Assignments



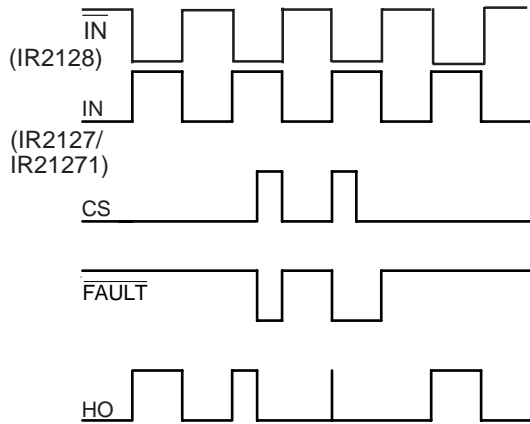


Figure 1. Input/Output Timing Diagram

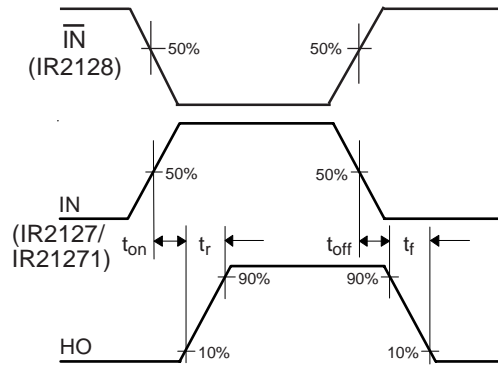


Figure 2. Switching Time Waveform Definition

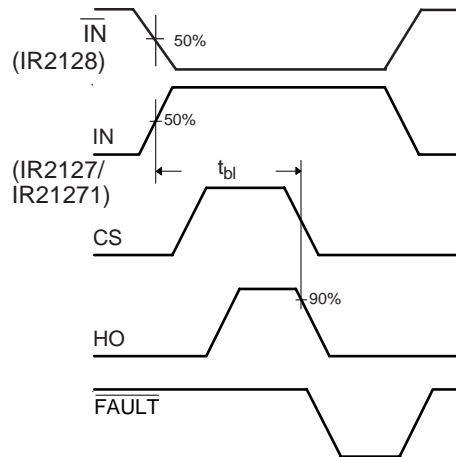


Figure 3. Start-up Blanking Time Waveform Definitions

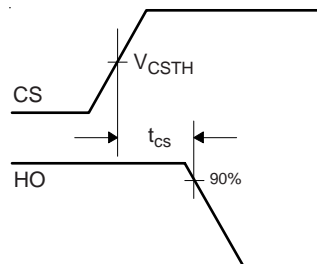


Figure 4. CS Shutdown Waveform Definitions

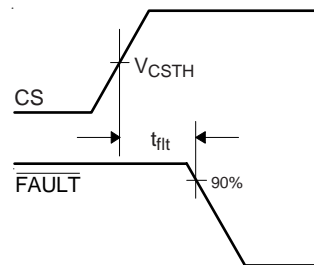


Figure 5. CS to FAULT Waveform Definitions

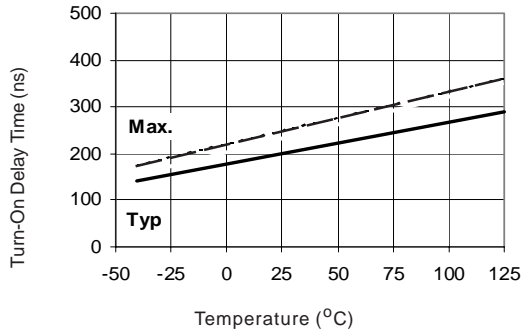


Figure 10A Turn-On Time vs. Temperature

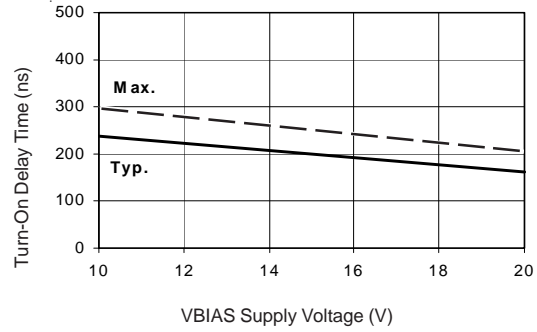


Figure 10B Turn-On Time vs. Supply Voltage

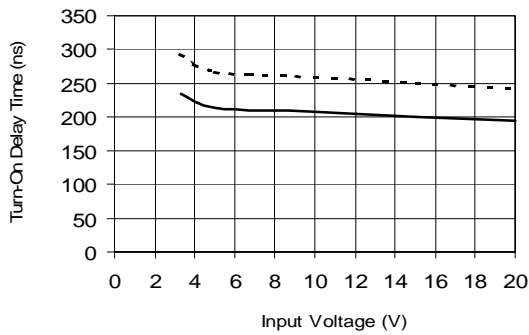


Figure 10C Turn-On Time vs. Input Voltage

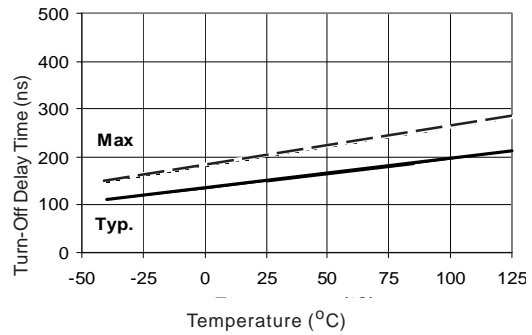


Figure 11A Turn-Off Time vs. Temperature



Figure 11B Turn-Off Time vs. Supply Voltage

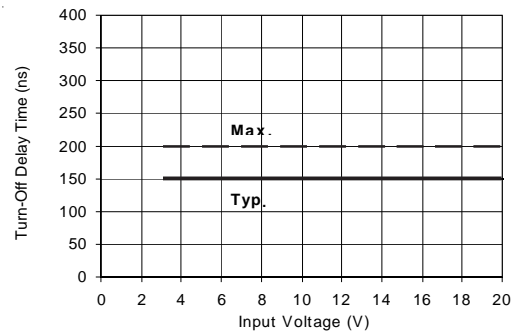


Figure 11C Turn-Off Time vs. Input Voltage



Figure 12A Turn-On Rise Time vs. Temperature

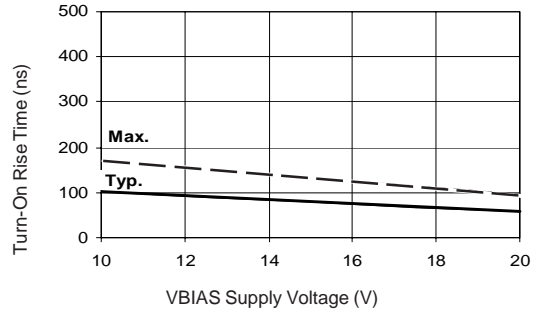


Figure 12B Turn-On Rise Time vs. Supply Voltage

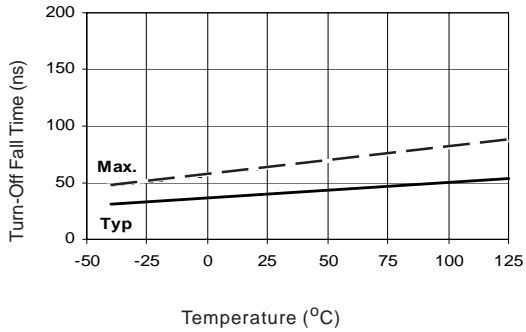


Figure 13A Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Temperature

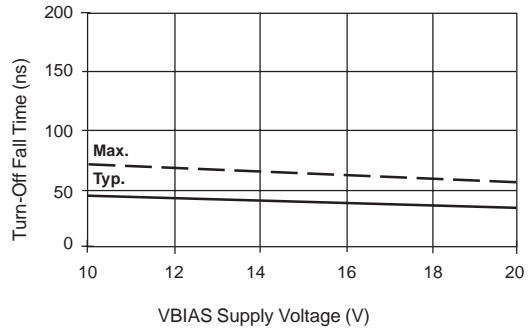


Figure 13B Turn-Off Fall Time vs. Voltage

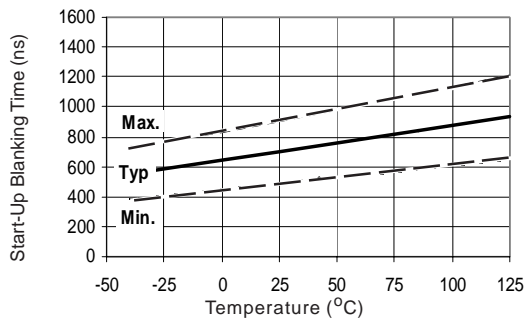


Figure 14A Start-Up Blanking Time vs. Temperature

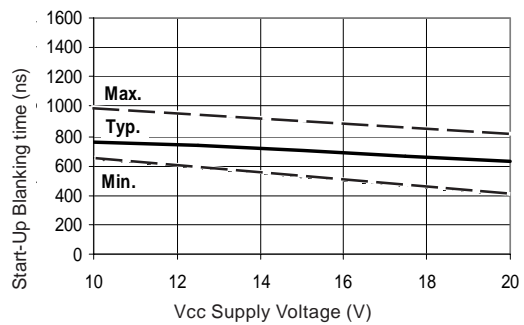


Figure 14B Start-Up Blanking Time vs Voltage

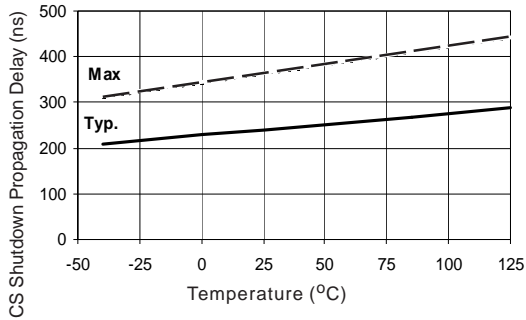


Figure 15A CS Shutdown Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

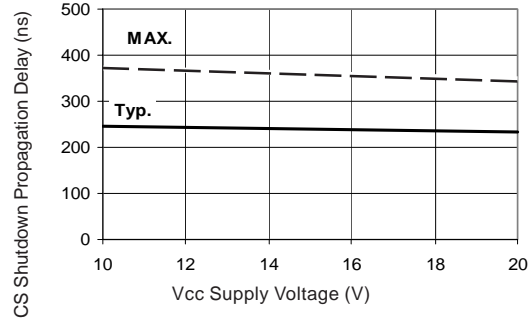


Figure 15B CS Shutdown Propagation Delay vs. Voltage

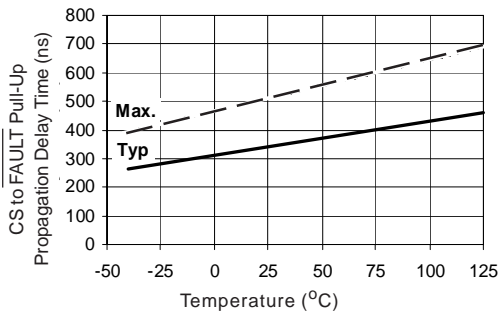


Figure 16A CS to FAULT Pull-Up Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

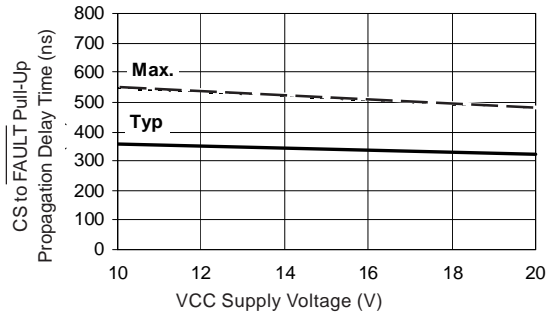


Figure 16B CS to FAULT Pull-Up Propagation Delay vs. Voltage

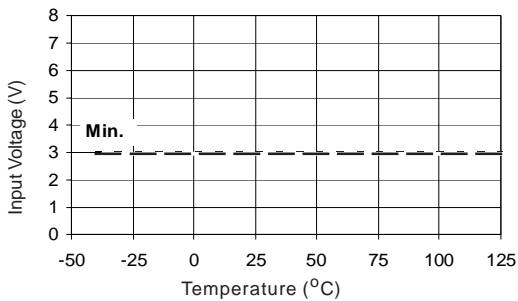


Figure 17A Logic "1" Input Voltage (IR2127)
 Logic "0" Input Voltage (IR2128)
 vs Temperature

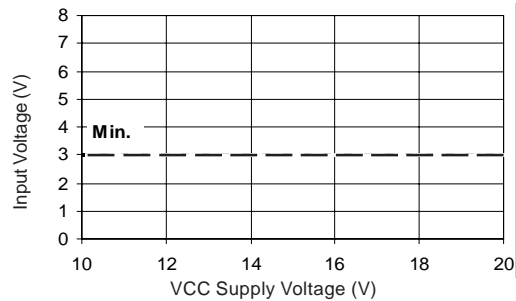
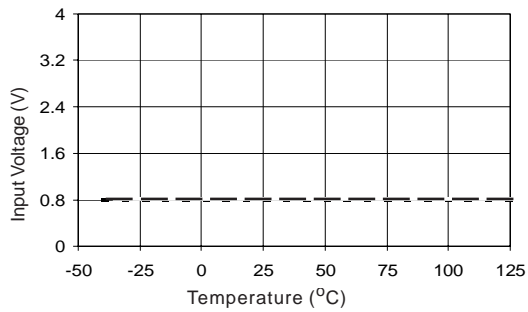
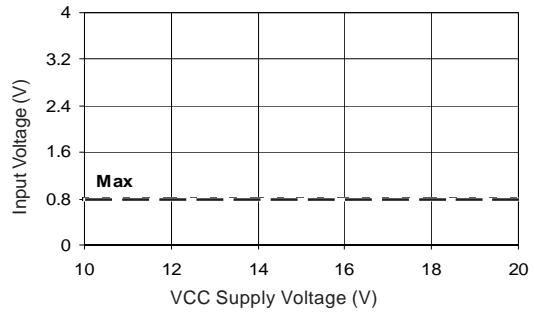


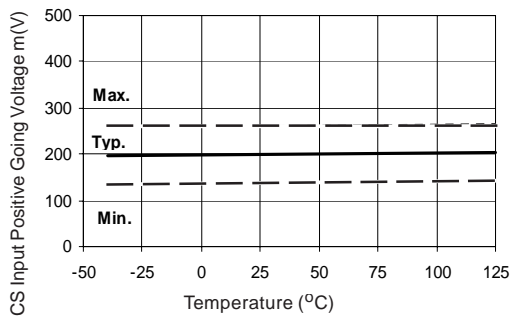
Figure 17B Logic "1" Input Voltage (IR2127)
 Logic "0" Input Voltage (IR2128)
 vs Voltage



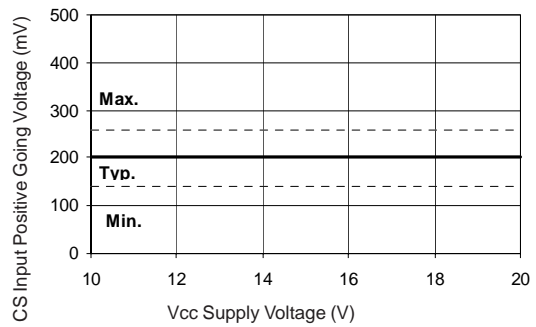
**Figure 18A Logic "0" Input Voltage (IR2127)
 Logic "1" Input Voltage (IR2128)
 vs Temperature**



**Figure 18B Logic "0" Input Voltage (IR2127)
 Logic "1" Input Voltage (IR2128)
 vs Voltage**



**Figure 19A CS Input Positive Going Voltage
 vs Temperature (IR2127/IR2128)**



**Figure 19B CS Input Positive Going Voltage
 vs Voltage (IR2127/IR2128)**

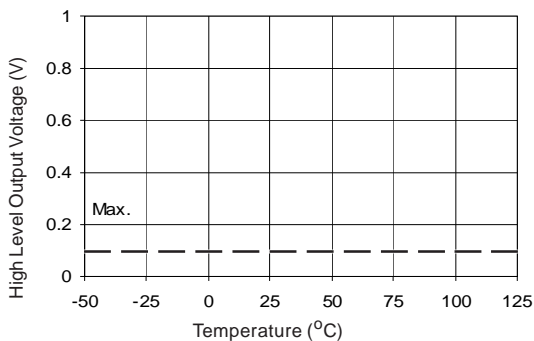


Figure 20A High Level Output vs Temperature

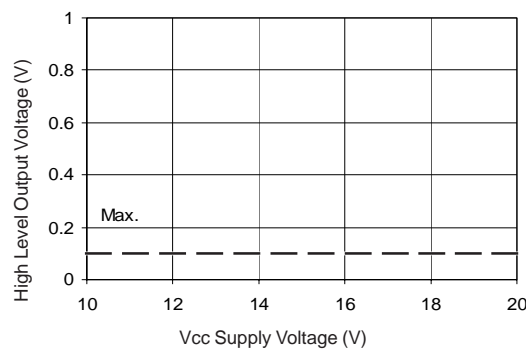


Figure 20B High Level Output vs Voltage



Figure 21A Low Level Output vs Temperature

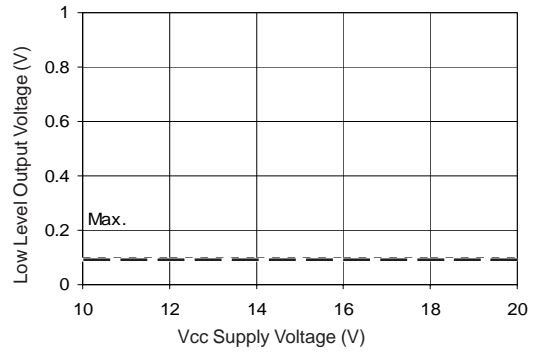


Figure 21B Low Level Output vs Voltage



Figure 22A Offset Supply Current vs Temperature

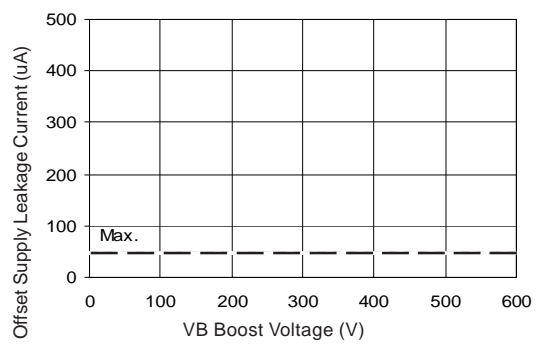


Figure 22B Offset Supply Current vs Voltage

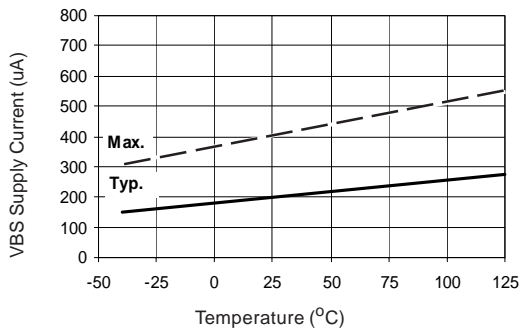


Figure 23A VBS Supply Current vs Temperature

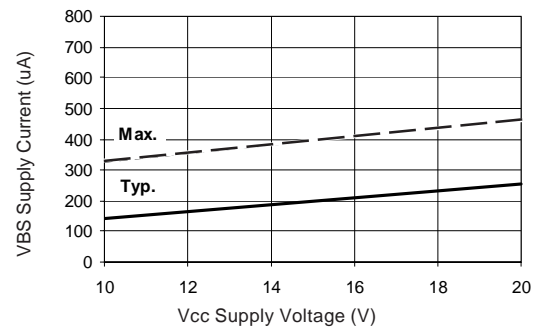


Figure 23B VBS Supply Current vs Voltage



Figure 24A Vcc Supply Current vs Temperature

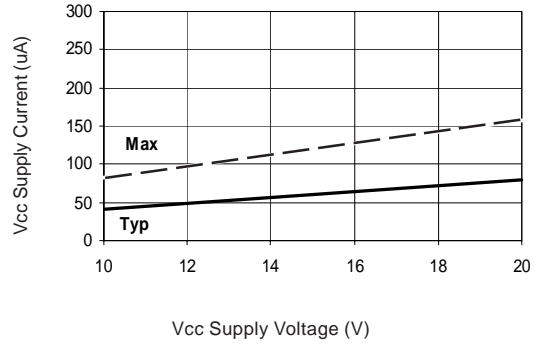


Figure 24B Vcc Supply Current vs Voltage

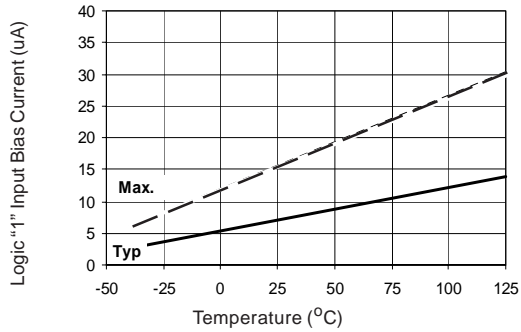


Figure 25A Logic "1" Input Current vs Temperature

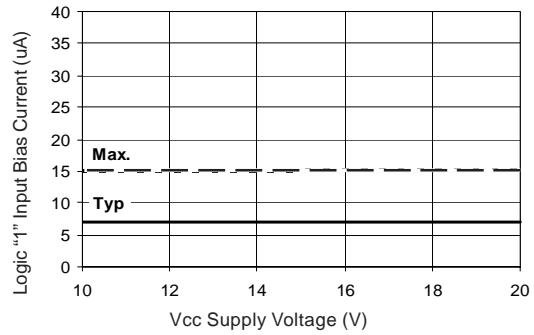


Figure 25B Logic "1" Input Current vs Voltage

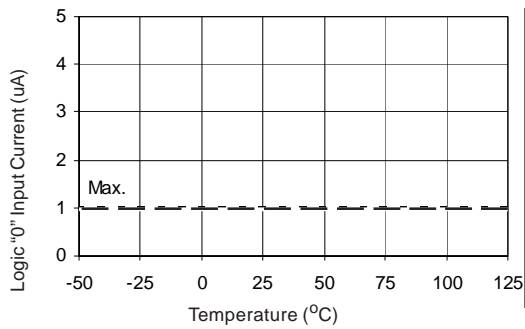


Figure 26A Logic "0" Input Current vs Temperature

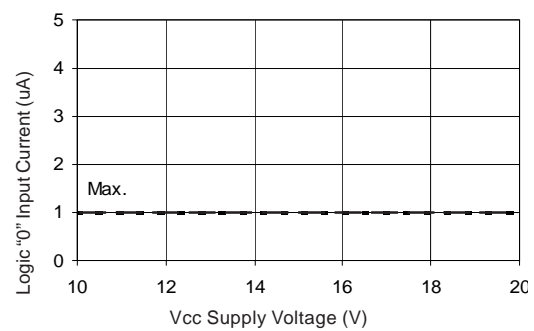


Figure 26B Logic "0" Input Current vs Voltage

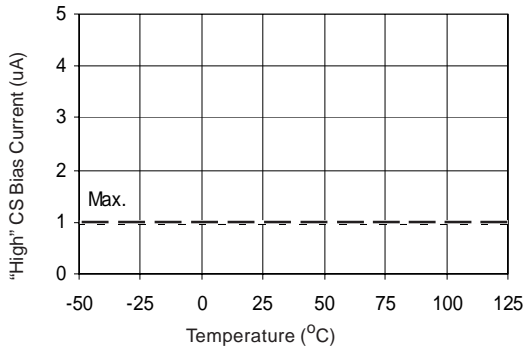


Figure 27A "High" CS Bias Current vs Temperature

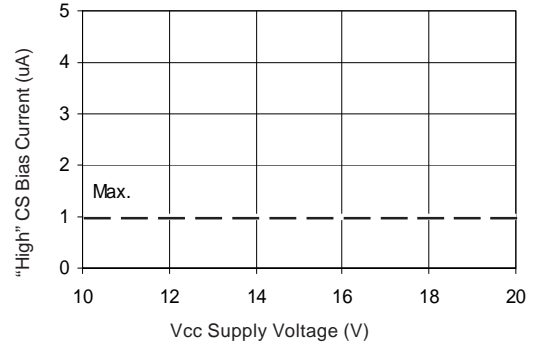


Figure 27B "High" CS Bias Current vs Voltage

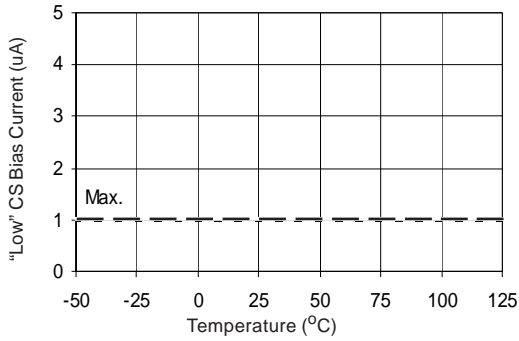


Figure 28A "Low" CS Bias Current vs Temperature

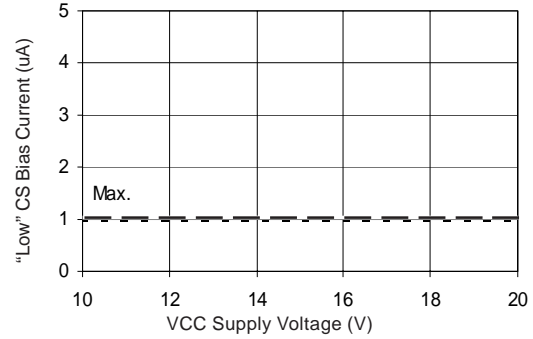


Figure 28B "Low" CS Bias Current vs Voltage

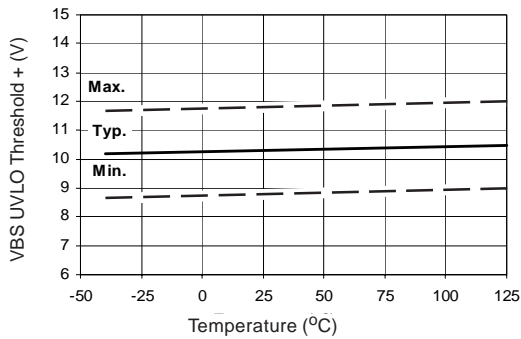


Figure 29A VBS Undervoltage Threshold (+) vs Temperature (IR2127/IR2128)

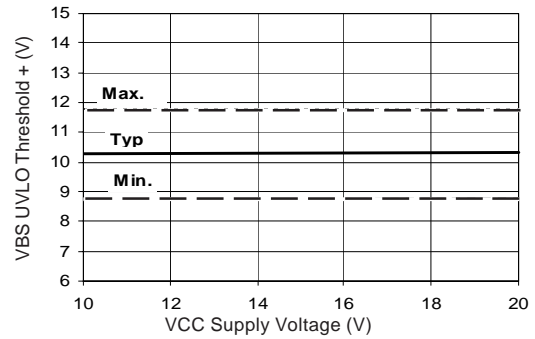


Figure 29B VBS Undervoltage Threshold (+) vs Voltage (IR2127/IR2128)

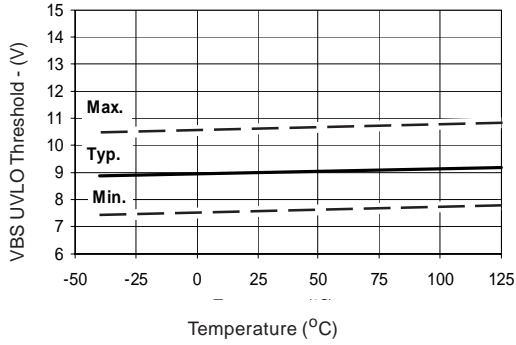


Figure 30A VBS Undervoltage Threshold (-) vs Temperature (IR2127/IR2128)

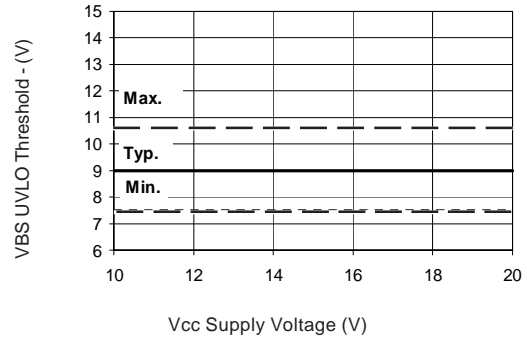


Figure 30B VBS Undervoltage Threshold (-) vs Voltage (IR2127/IR2128)

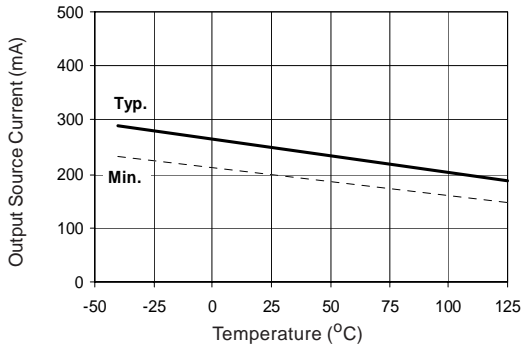


Figure 31A Output Source Current vs Temperature



Figure 31B Output Source Current vs Voltage

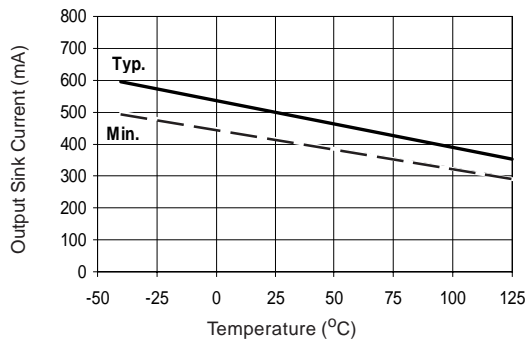


Figure 32A Output Sink Current vs Temperature

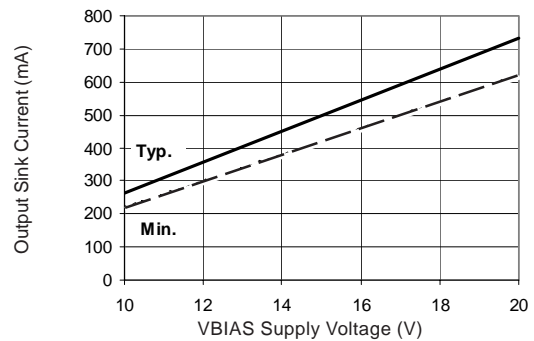
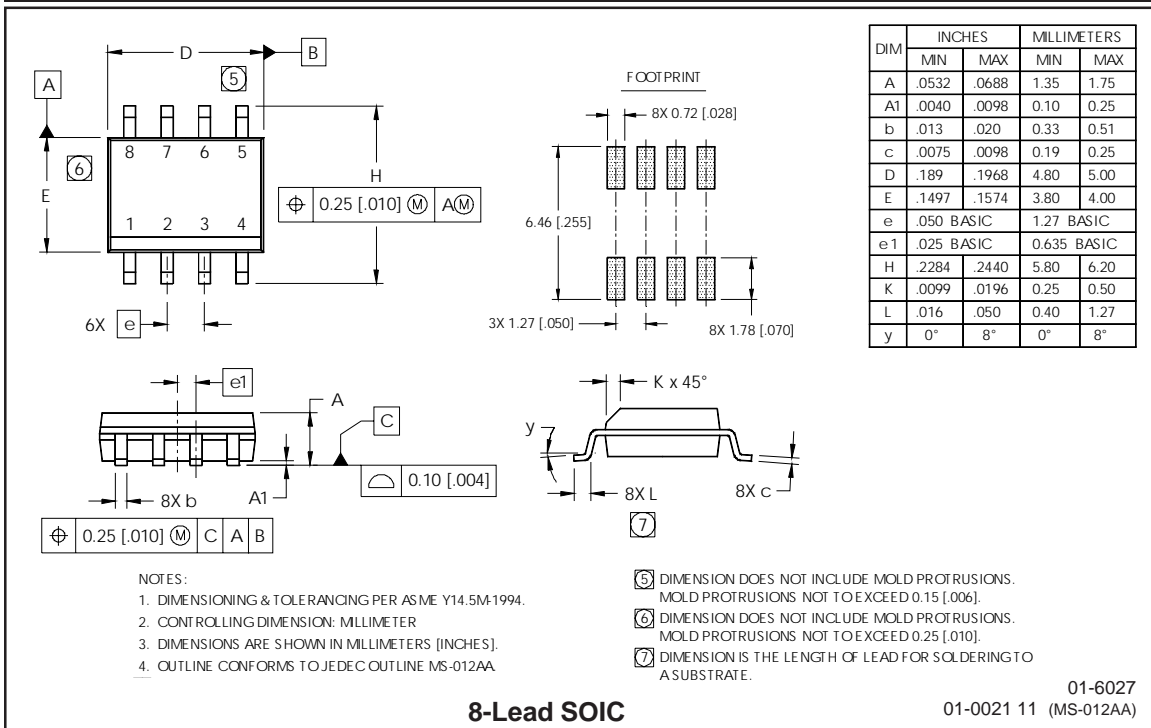
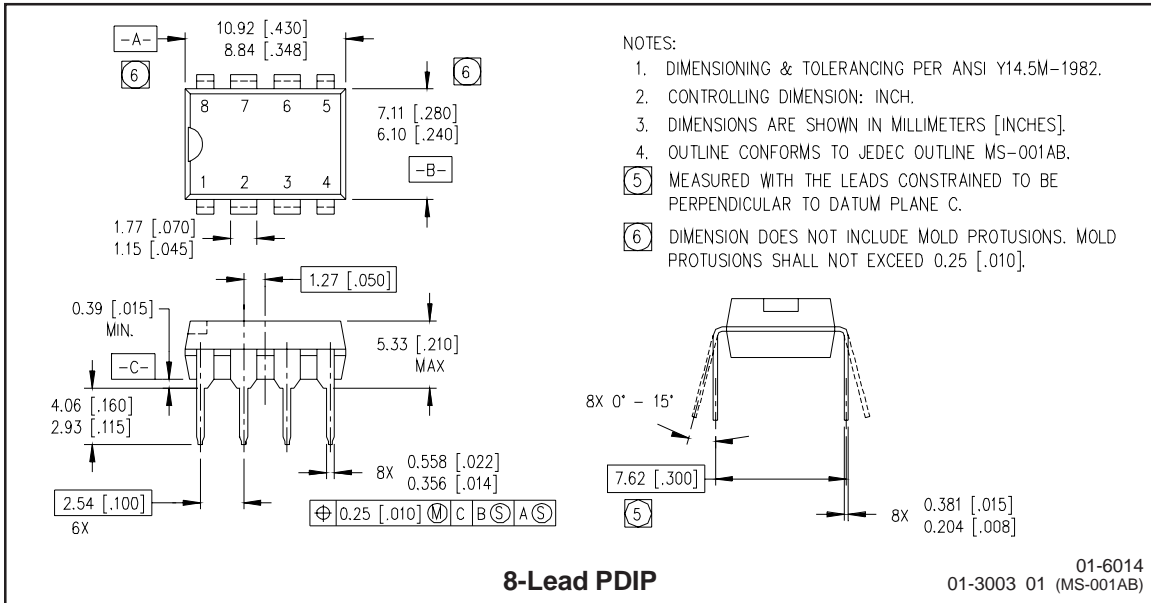
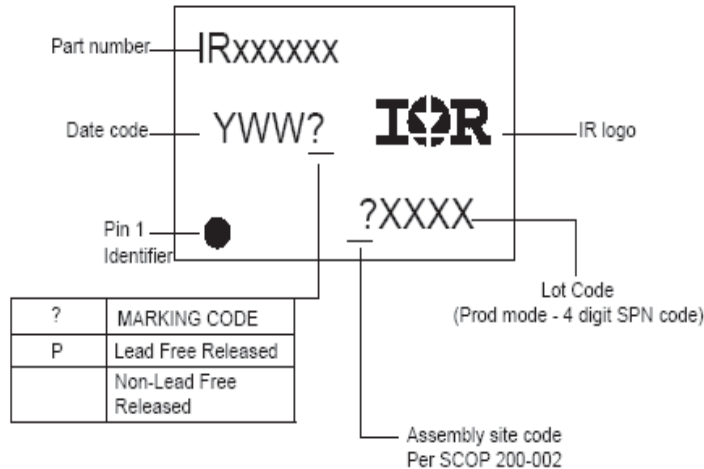


Figure 32B Output Sink Current vs Voltage

Case outlines



LEADFREE PART MARKING INFORMATION



ORDER INFORMATION

Basic Part (Non-Lead Free)

8-Lead PDIP IR2127 order IR2127
 8-Lead SOIC IR2127S order IR2127S
 8-Lead PDIP IR21271 order IR21271
 8-Lead SOIC IR21271S order IR21271S
 8-Lead PDIP IR2128 order IR2128
 8-Lead SOIC IR2128S order IR2128S

Lead-Free Part

8-Lead PDIP IR2127 order IR2127PbF
 8-Lead SOIC IR2127S order IR2127SPbF
 8-Lead PDIP IR21271 order IR21271PbF
 8-Lead SOIC IR21271S order IR21271SPbF
 8-Lead PDIP IR2128 order IR2128PbF
 8-Lead SOIC IR2128S order IR2128SPbF



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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