

## 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

### DESCRIPTION

IS31FL3194 is a 3-channel LED driver which features two-dimensional auto breathing mode. It has Pattern Mode and Current Level Mode for RGB lighting effects. The maximum output current can be adjusted in 4 levels (40mA Max.).

In Current Level Mode, the current level of each output can be independently programmed and controlled in 256 steps to simplify color mixing. In Pattern Mode, the timing characteristics for output current - current rising (T1), holding (T2), falling (T3) and off time (TS, TP, T4), can be adjusted individually so that each output can independently maintain a pre-established pattern achieving mixing color breathing or a single color breathing without requiring any additional interface activity, thus saving valuable system resources.

### FEATURES

- 2.7V to 5.5V supply voltage
- One group RGB/RG+W, or 3 single color LED breathing system-free pre-established pattern
- I2C interface, automatic address increment function
- 4 band programmable output current for each output, each band has 256 current levels
- Selectable gamma value for automatic breathing for each output
- Each pattern have 3 pre-established color

### QUICK START



Figure 1: Photo of IS31FL3194 Evaluation Board

### RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT

- 5.0V, 1A power supply

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

- ≤ 5.5V Micro USB DC power supply

**Caution:** Do not exceed the conditions listed above, otherwise the board will be damaged.

### PROCEDURE

The IS31FL3194 evaluation board is fully assembled and tested. Follow the steps listed below to verify board operation.

**Caution:** Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed.

- 1) Short last two pins (Bottom & Left) of TP1 to enable the control of board MCU (default status).
- 2) Connect the 5VDC power to VCC/GND of TP1, or plug in the USB power input to micro-USB.
- 3) Turn on the power supply, pay attention to the supply current. If the current exceeds 1A, please check for circuit fault.

### EVALUATION BOARD OPERATION

The IS31FL3194 evaluation board has five display modes. Press K1 to switch configurations:

**Note:** See Appendix for each mode's detail.

- 1) 3 lamps breath one by one
- 2) Single lamp breath and all lighting
- 3) RGB breath on high speed
- 4) RGB breath on medium speed
- 5) RGB breath on low speed

**Note:** IS31FL3194 solely controls the FxLED function on the evaluation board.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part No.           | Temperature Range          | Package           |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| IS31FL3194-CLS2-EB | -40°C to +85°C, Industrial | WCSP-8, Lead-free |

Table 1: Ordering Information

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contacts ISSI's analog marketing team at [analog@issi.com](mailto:analog@issi.com) or (408) 969-6600.

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### SOFTWARE CONTROL

Last two pins of TP1 default setting is closed (short). If it is set to open, the MCU's SDB, SCL and SDA pin will be high impedance (open-drain) and external control is allowed.

Follow the steps listed below for external control.

- 1) Open last two pins of TP1 to enable external control.
- 2) Pull-up the SDB to VCC or external IO control (H for normal operation).
- 3) Connect the 5VDC power to the connector.

- 4) Turn on the power supply/Plug in the Micro USB  
Pay attention to the supply current. If the current exceeds 1A, please check for circuit fault.
- 5) Start external IIC control.

**Caution:** If last two pins of TP1 is closed (shorted), user can't connect the user's MCU, otherwise the user's MCU (maybe 1.8V) will connect to evaluation board's MCU (3.0V) and maybe damaged.

Please refer to the datasheet to get more information about IS31FL3194.

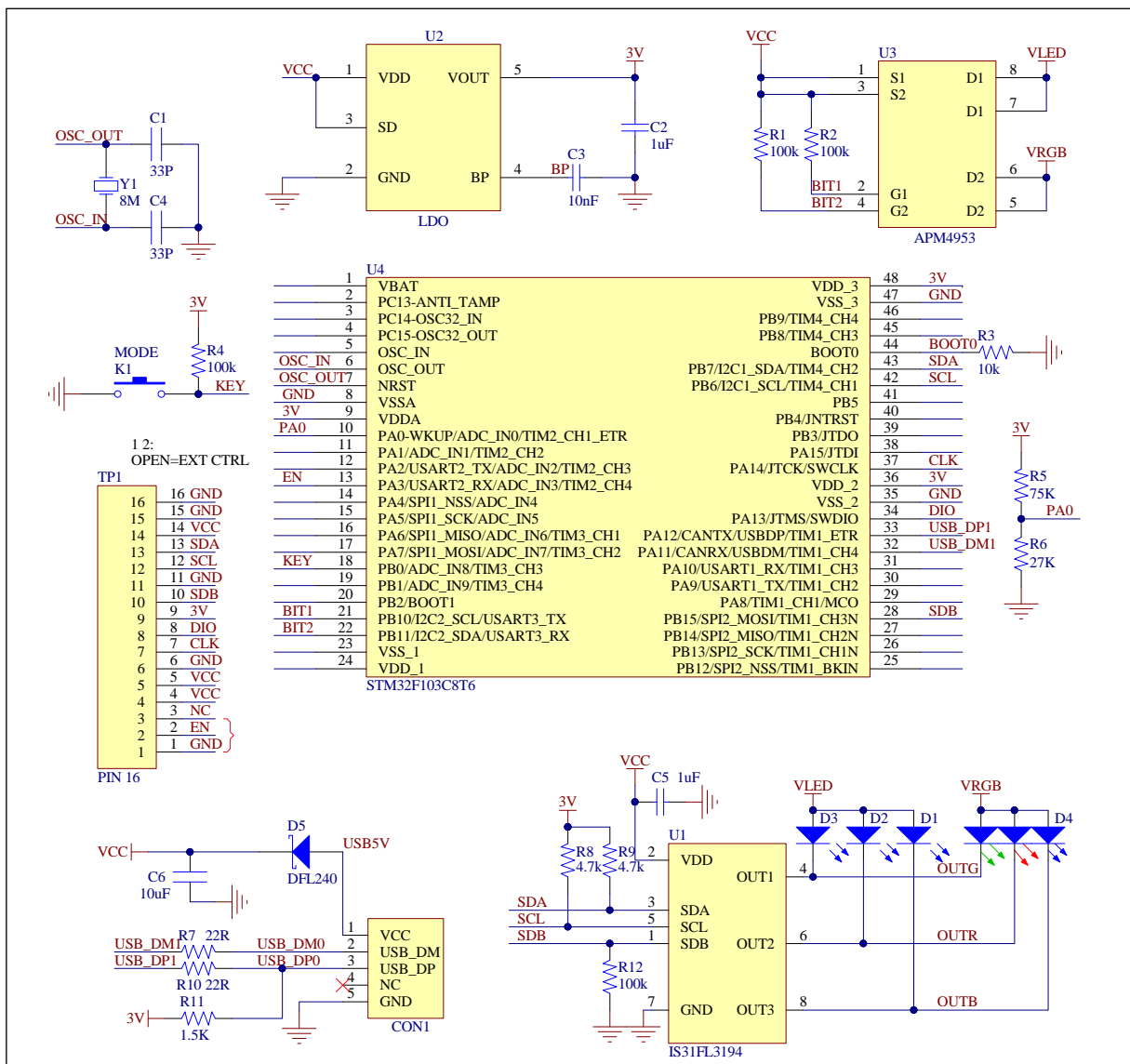


Figure 2: IS32FL3194 Application Schematic

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### BILL OF MATERIALS

| Name       | Symbol       | Description            | Qty | Supplier  | Part No.            |
|------------|--------------|------------------------|-----|-----------|---------------------|
| LED Driver | U1           | Matrix LED Driver      | 1   | ISSI      | IS31FL3194          |
| LDO        | U2           | 3.0V LDO               | 1   | SGMICRO   | SGM2019-3.0YN5G     |
| PMOS       | U3           | PMOS                   | 1   | ANPEC     | APM4953             |
| MCU        | U4           | Microcontroller        | 1   | STM       | STM32F103C8T6       |
| LED        | D1,D2,D3     | LED, SMD Blue          | 3   | EVERLIGHT | 19-217/BHC-AN1P2/3T |
| RGB LED    | D4           | RGB LED, SMD           | 1   | ROHM      | SMLV56RGB1W1        |
| Diode      | D5           | Diode, SMD             | 1   | DIODES    | DFLS240             |
| Crystal    | Y1           | Crystal, 8MHz          | 1   | HLX       | HC-49S              |
| Resistor   | R1,R2,R4,R12 | RES,100k,1/16W,±5%,SMD | 4   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-07100KL    |
| Resistor   | R3           | RES,10k,1/16W,±5%,SMD  | 1   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-0710KL     |
| Resistor   | R5           | RES,75k,1/16W,±5%,SMD  | 1   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-0775KL     |
| Resistor   | R6           | RES,27k,1/16W,±5%,SMD  | 1   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-0727KL     |
| Resistor   | R7,R10       | RES,22R,1/16W,±5%,SMD  | 2   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-0722RL     |
| Resistor   | R8,R9        | RES,4.7K,1/16W,±5%,SMD | 2   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-074K7L     |
| Resistor   | R11          | RES,1.5K,1/16W,±5%,SMD | 1   | Yageo     | RC0603JR-071K5L     |
| Capacitor  | C1,C4        | CAP,33pF,16V,±20%,SMD  | 2   | Yageo     | CC0603KKX7R9BB330   |
| Capacitor  | C2,C5        | CAP,1µF,16V,±20%,SMD   | 2   | Yageo     | CC0603KKX7R9BB105   |
| Capacitor  | C3           | CAP,10nF,16V,±20%,SMD  | 1   | Yageo     | CC0603KKX7R9BB103   |
| Capacitor  | C6           | CAP,10µF,16V,±20%,SMD  | 1   | Yageo     | CC0805KKX7R9BB106   |
| Button     | K1(Bottom)   | Button                 | 1   |           |                     |

*Bill of Materials, refer to Figure 1 above.*

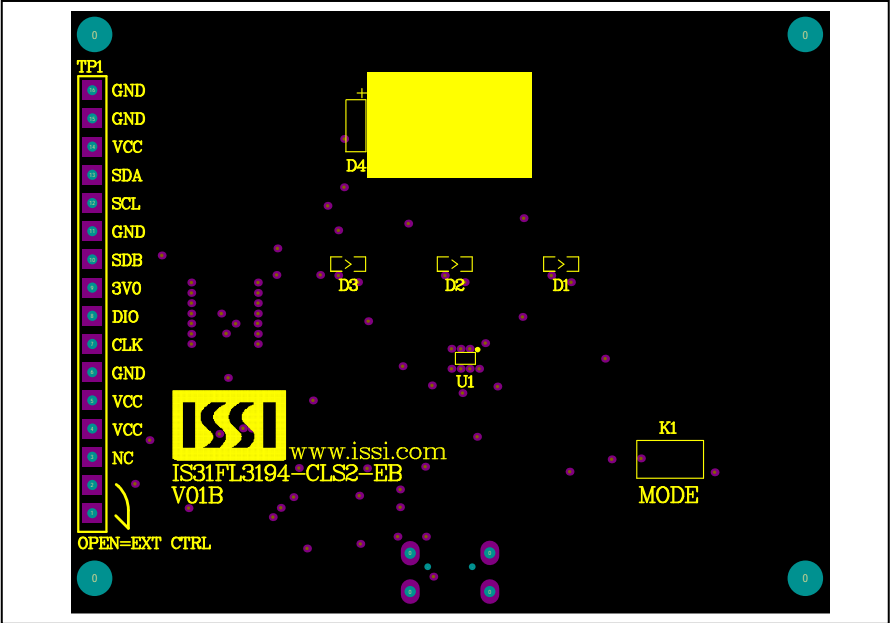


Figure 3: Board Component Placement Guide - Top Layer

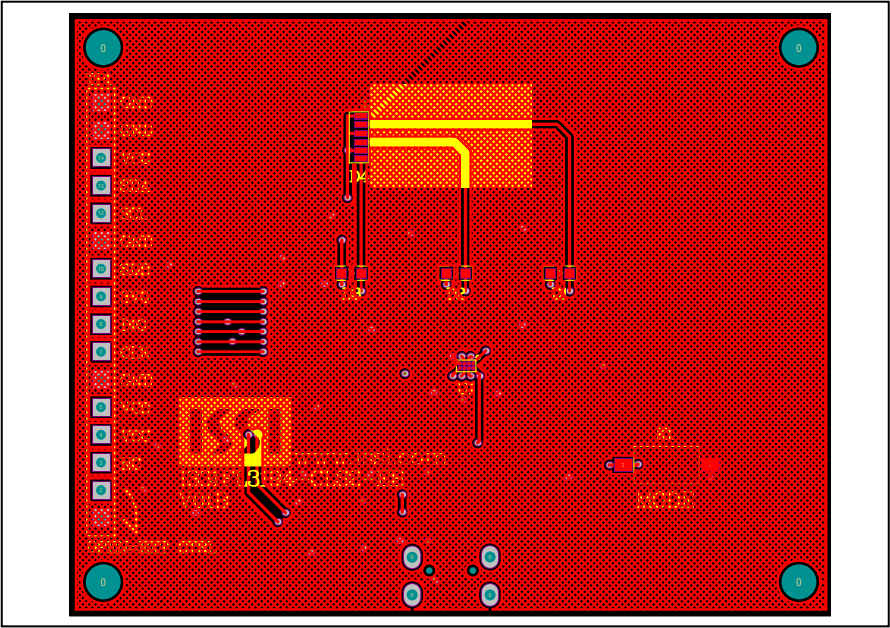
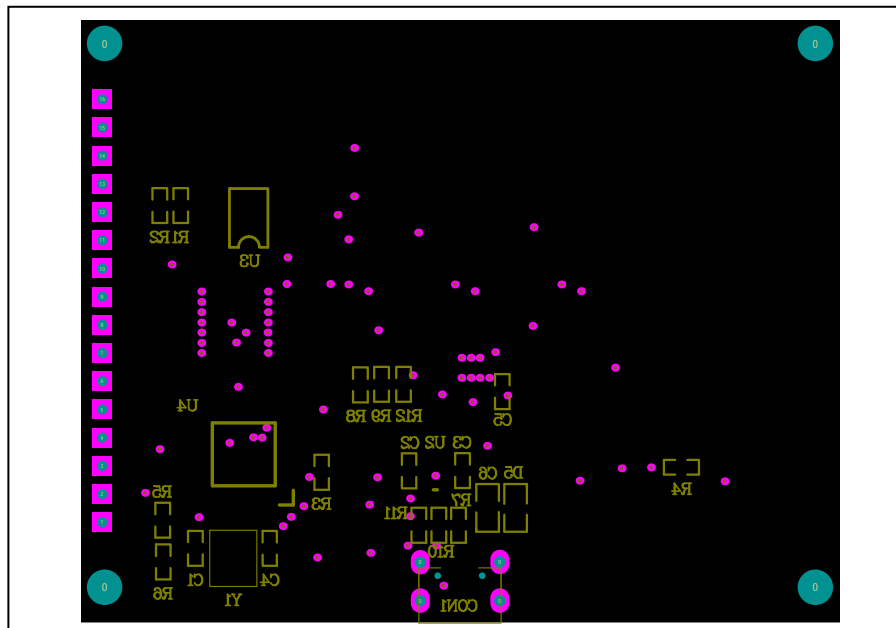
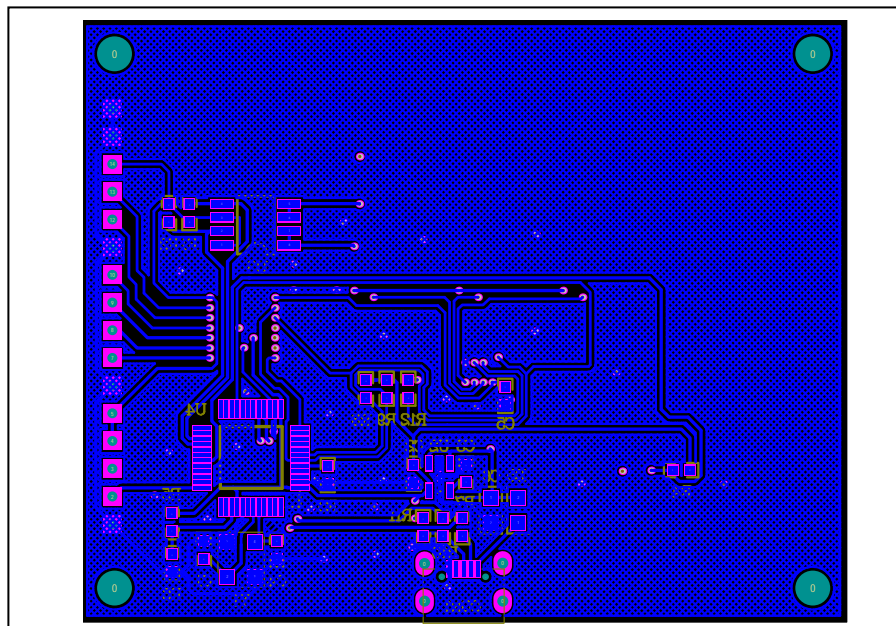


Figure 4: Board PCB Layout - Top Layer



**Figure 5: Board Component Placement Guide - Bottom Layer**



**Figure 6: Board PCB Layout - Bottom Layer**

Copyright © 2017 Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. All rights reserved. ISSI reserves the right to make changes to this specification and its products at any time without notice. ISSI assumes no liability arising out of the application or use of any information, products or services described herein. Customers are advised to obtain the latest version of this device specification before relying on any published information and before placing orders for products. Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. does not recommend the use of any of its products in life support applications where the failure or malfunction of the product can reasonably be expected to cause failure of the life support system or to significantly affect its safety or effectiveness. Products are not authorized for use in such applications unless Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc. receives written assurance to its satisfaction, that:

- a.) the risk of injury or damage has been minimized;
- b.) the user assume all such risks; and
- c.) potential liability of Integrated Silicon Solution, Inc is adequately protected under the circumstances



## 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

---

### REVISION HISTORY

---

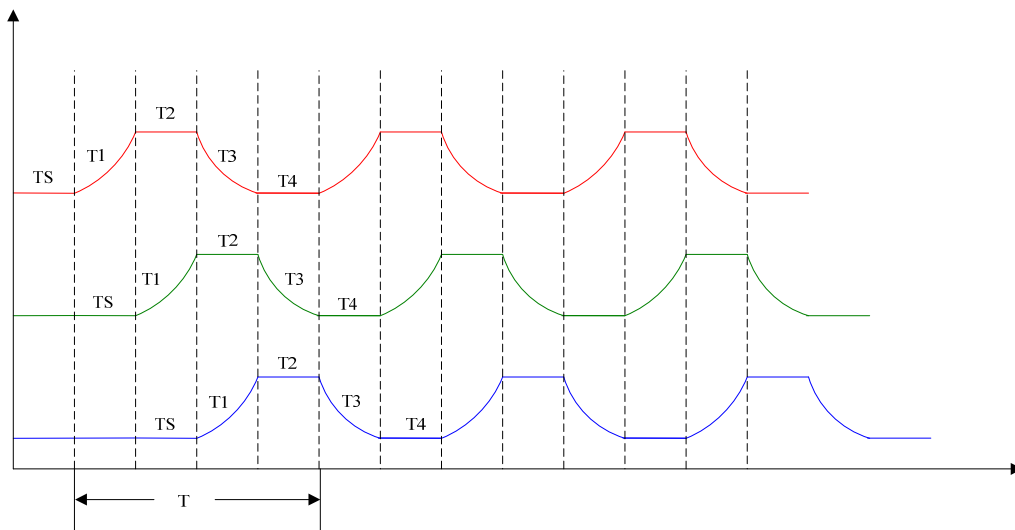
| Revision | Detail Information | Date       |
|----------|--------------------|------------|
| A        | Initial release    | 2017.03.23 |
| B        | Add appendix       | 2017.08.09 |

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### Appendix:

#### MODE 1

$$TS = T1 = T2 = T3 = T4 = 0.51S$$



```
//Init
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x01, 0x71);//current single mode, normal operation
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x02, 0x07);//channel enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x03, 0x3F);//chx max current 10mA 10mA 10mA
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x04, 0x00);// Hold function disable
//pattern 1 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x10, 0x7f);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x11, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x12, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x13, 0x7f);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x14, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x15, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x16, 0x7f);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x17, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x18, 0x7f);
//pattern 2 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x20, 0x7f);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x21, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x22, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x23, 0x7f);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x24, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x25, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x26, 0x7f);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x27, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x28, 0x7f);
//pattern 3 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x30, 0x7f);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x31, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x32, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x33, 0x7f);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x34, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x35, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x36, 0x7f);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x37, 0x7f);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x38, 0x7f);
//Pattern 1 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x19, 0x44);//T1&Ts = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194, 0x1A, 0x44);//T2&T3 = 0.51S
```



### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

```

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1B,0x44);//T4&TP = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1E,0x00);//Gamma=2.4
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1F,0x00);//Endless time
// Pattern 2 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x29,0x44);//T1&Ts = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2A,0x44);//T2&T3 = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2B,0x44);//T4&TP = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2E,0x00);//Gamma=2.4
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2F,0x00);//Endless time
// Pattern 3 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x39,0x44);//T1&Ts = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3A,0x44);//T2&T3 = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3B,0x44);//T4&TP = 0.51S
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3E,0x00);//Gamma=2.4
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3F,0x00);//Endless time

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x40,0xC5);//update color

while(G_Demo_NO==1)
{
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);//update p1
    while(G_Demo_NO==1)
    {
        if(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0D)==0x91)//P1 Running at T1
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);//update p2
    while(G_Demo_NO==1)
    {
        if(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0E)==0x91)//P2 Running at T1
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x43,0xC5);//update P3
    while(G_Demo_NO==1)
    {
        if(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0F)==0x91)//P3 Running at T1
        {
            break;
        }
    }
}
while(G_Demo_NO==1);
}

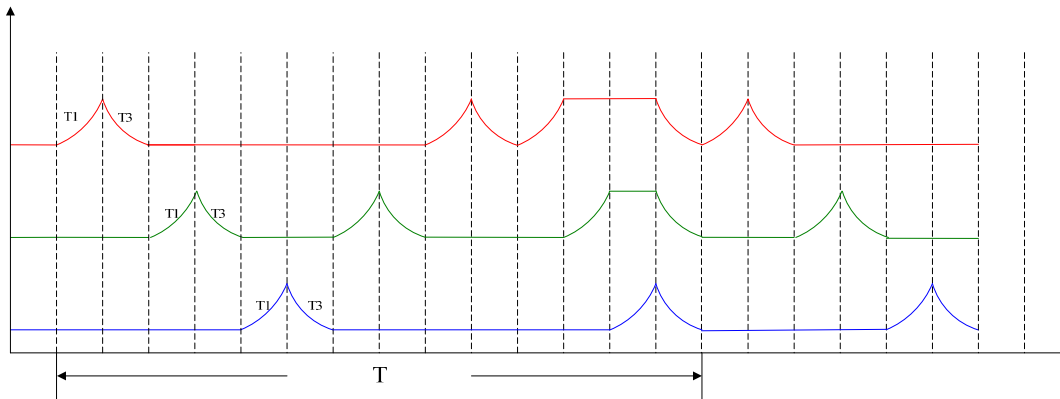
```



### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### MODE 2

$T_1 = T_3 = 1.04S$ ,  $T_2 = T_4 = 0.03S$



```
//Init
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x01,0x71);//current single mode, normal operation
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x02,0x07);//channel enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x03,0x3F);//chx max current 10mA 10mA 10mA
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x04,0x00);// Hold function disable
//pattern 1 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x10,0xff);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x11,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x12,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x13,0xff);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x14,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x15,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x16,0xff);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x17,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x18,0xff);
//pattern 2 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x20,0xff);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x21,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x22,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x23,0xff);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x24,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x25,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x26,0xff);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x27,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x28,0xff);
//pattern 3 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x30,0xff);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x31,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x32,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x33,0xff);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x34,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x35,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x36,0xff);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x37,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x38,0xff);
//Pattern 1 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x19,0x60);//T1 = 1.04, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1A,0x60);//T2 = 1.04s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1B,0x00);//T4&TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1E,0x10);//Gamma=2.4, multy-pulse 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1F,0x01);//pattern loop time
//Pattern 2 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x29,0x60);//T1 = 1.04, Ts = 0.03s
```

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

```

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2A,0x60);//T2 = 1.04s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2B,0x00);//T4&TP= 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2E,0x10);//Gamma=2.4, multy-pulse 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2F,0x01);//pattern loop time
// Pattern 3 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x39,0x60);//T1 = 1.04, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3A,0x60);//T2 = 1.04s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3B,0x00);//T4&TP= 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3E,0x10);//Gamma=2.4, multy-pulse 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3F,0x01);//pattern loop time

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3C,0x01);//1 color enable

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x40,0xC5);//update color

while(G_Demo_NO==2)
{
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);// update p1
    while(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0D)!=0x00)// waiting p1 end
    {
        if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);//update p2
    while(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0E)!=0x00)//waiting p2 end
    {
        if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x43,0xC5);// update p3
    while(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0F)!=0x00)//waiting p3 end
    {
        if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);// update p2
    while(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0E)!=0x00)// waiting p2 end
    {
        if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);// update p1
    while(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0D)!=0x00)//waiting p1 end
    {
        if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
        {
            break;
        }
    }
}

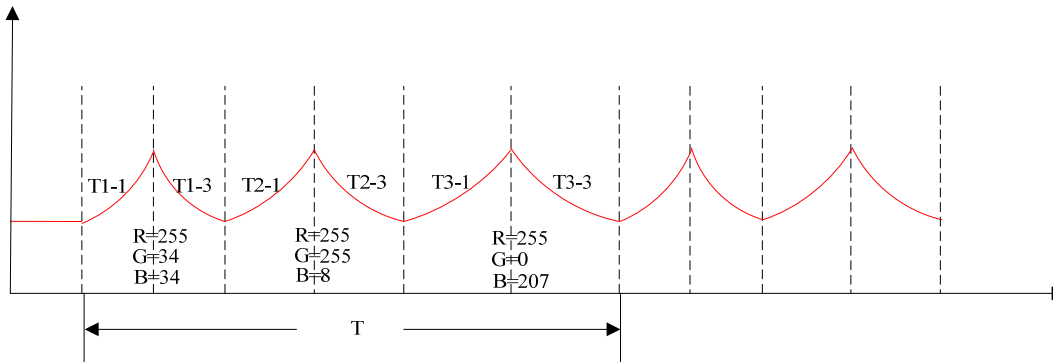
```

```
}
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x04,0x3F);// all hold on t2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);// update p1
while((I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0D)&0x02)!=0x02)//wait hold on t2
{
    if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
    {
        break;
    }
}
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);// update p2
while((I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0E)&0x02)!=0x02)// wait hold on t2
{
    if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
    {
        break;
    }
}
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x43,0xC5); // update p3
while((I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0F)&0x02)!=0x02)// wait hold on t2
{
    if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
    {
        break;
    }
}
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x04,0x00);//clear hold on
while(I2C_ReadByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x0D)!=0x00)//wait all off
{
    if(G_Demo_NO!=2)
    {
        break;
    }
}
}
```

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### MODE 3

$T_{1-1} = T_{1-3} = 0.26S$ ,  $T_{2-1} = T_{2-3} = 0.38S$ ,  $T_{3-1} = T_{3-3} = 0.51S$



//Init:

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x01,0x75);//RGB mode, normal operation
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x02,0x07);//channel enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x03,0x3F);//chx max current 10mA 10mA 10mA
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x04,0x00);// Hold function disable
```

//pattern 1 color

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x10,34);// color 1 Red
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x11,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x12,34);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x13,225);// color 2 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x14,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x15,8);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x16,0);// color 3 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x17,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x18,207);
```

//pattern 2 color

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x20,255);// color 1 Yellow
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x21,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x22,8);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x23,0xff);// color 2 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x24,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x25,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x26,0xff);// color 3 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x27,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x28,0xff);
```

//pattern 3 color

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x30,0);// color 1 purple
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x31,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x32,207);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x33,0xff);// color 2 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x34,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x35,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x36,0xff);// color 3 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x37,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x38,0xff);
```

//Pattern 1 timing

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x19,0x20);//T1 = 0.26s, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1A,0x20);//T2= 0.26s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1E,0x11);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1F,0x01);//pattern 1 time
```

// Pattern 2 timing

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x29,0x30);//T1 = 0.38 , Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2A,0x30);//T2= 0.38 , T4= 0.03s
```

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

---

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2E,0x12);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2F,0x01);//pattern 1 time
// Pattern 3 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x39,0x40);//T1 = 0.51s, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3A,0x40);//T2 = 0.51s, T4= 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3E,0x11);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3F,0x01);//pattern 1 time

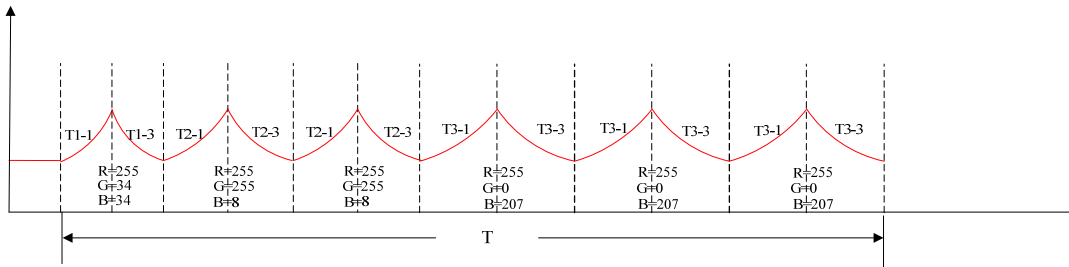
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3C,0x01);//1 color enable

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x40,0xC5);//update color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);//update P1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);//update P2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x43,0xC5);//update P3
while(G_Demo_NO==3);
```

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### MODE 4

$T1-1 = T1-3 = 0.26S$ ,  $T2-1 = T2-3 = 0.38S$ ,  $T3-1 = T3-3 = 0.51S$



```
//Init
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x01,0x75);//RGB mode, normal operation
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x02,0x07);//channel enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x03,0x3F);//chx max current 10mA 10mA 10mA
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x04,0x00);// Hold function disable
//pattern 1 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x10,34);// color 1 Red
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x11,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x12,34);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x13,225);// color 2 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x14,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x15,8);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x16,0);// color 3 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x17,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x18,207);
//pattern 2 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x20,255);// color 1 Yellow
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x21,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x22,8);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x23,0xff);// color 2 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x24,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x25,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x26,0xff);// color 3 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x27,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x28,0xff);
//pattern 3 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x30,0);// color 1 purple
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x31,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x32,207);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x33,0xff);// color 2 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x34,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x35,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x36,0xff);// color 3 no use
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x37,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x38,0xff);
//Pattern 1 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x19,0x30);//T1 = 0.26s, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1A,0x30);//T2 = 0.26s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1E,0x11);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1F,0x01);//pattern 1 time
//Pattern 2 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x29,0x50);//T1 = 0.38s, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2A,0x50);//T2 = 0.38s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2D,0x16);//color cycle 2 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2E,0x12);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 3
```

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

---

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2F,0x01);//pattern 1 time
//Pattern 3 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x39,0x60);//T1 = 0.51s, Ts = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3A,0x60);//T2 = 0.51s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3D,0x17);//color cycle 3 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3E,0x11);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3F,0x01);//pattern 1 time

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2C,0x01);//1 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3C,0x01);//1 color enable

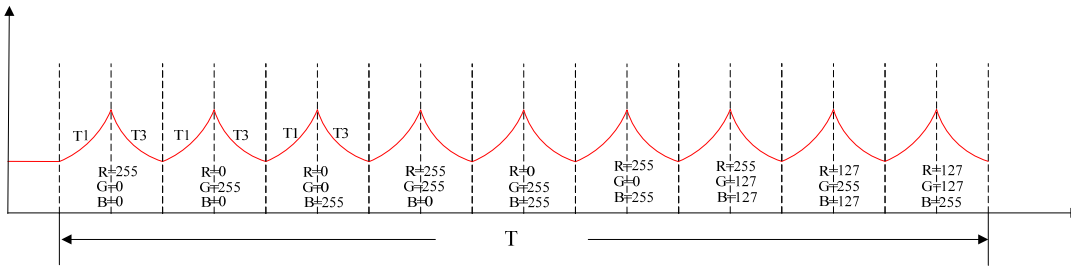
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x40,0xC5);//update color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);//update P1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);//update P2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x43,0xC5);//update P3
while(G_Demo_NO==4);
```



### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

#### MODE 5

$T_1 = T_3 = 0.77S$



```
//Init
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x01,0x75);//RGB mode, normal operation
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x02,0x07);//channel enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x03,0x3F);//chx max current 10mA 10mA 10mA
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x04,0x00);//Hold function disable
//pattern 1 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x10,00);// color 1 Red
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x11,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x12,00);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x13,225);// color 2 green
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x14,0);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x15,0);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x16,0);// color 3 blue
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x17,0);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x18,255);
//pattern 2 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x20,255);// color 1 yellow
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x21,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x22,0);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x23,0xff);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x24,0);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x25,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x26,0);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x27,0xff);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x28,0xff);
//pattern 3 color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x30,127);// color 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x31,255);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x32,127);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x33,0xff);// color 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x34,127);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x35,127);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x36,127);// color 3
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x37,127);
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x38,0xff);
//Pattern 1 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x19,0x50);//T1 = 0.77s, TS = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1A,0x50);//T2= 0.77s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1E,0x11);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1F,0x01);//pattern 1 time
//Pattern 2 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x29,0x50);//T1 = 0.77s, TS = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2A,0x50);//T2= 0.77s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2E,0x12);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 3
```

### 3-CHANNEL LED DRIVER

---

```
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2F,0x01);//pattern 1 time
//Pattern 3 timing
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x39,0x50);//T1 = 0.77s, TS = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3A,0x50);//T2= 0.77s, T3 = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3B,0x00);//T4 = TP = 0.03s
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3D,0x15);//color cycle 1 time
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3E,0x11);//multy-pulse 1time ,next go to pattern 1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3F,0x01);//pattern 1 time

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x1C,0x07);//3 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x2C,0x07);//3 color enable
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x3C,0x07);//3 color enable

I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x40,0xC5);//update color
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x41,0xC5);//update P1
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x42,0xC5);//update P2
I2C_WriteByte(Addr_VCC_3194,0x43,0xC5);//update P3
while(G_Demo_NO==5);
```



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

**Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42

**Электронная почта:** [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.