

Sample &

Buv





SLVSD11A – JUNE 2015–REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015

TPS82084 2-A High Efficiency Step-Down Converter MicroSiP™ with Integrated Inductor

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- 2-A, Low Profile MicroSiP[™] Power Module
- DCS-Control[™] Topology
- Up to 95% Efficiency
- 17-µA Operating Quiescent Current
- -40°C to 125°C Operating Temperature Range
- Hiccup Short Circuit Protection
- 2.5-V to 6-V Input Voltage Range
- 0.8-V to V_{IN} Adjustable Output Voltage
- Power Save Mode for Light Load Efficiency
- 100% Duty Cycle for Lowest Dropout
- Output Discharge Function
- Power Good Output
- Integrated Soft Startup
- Over Temperature Protection
- 3.0-mm x 2.8-mm x 1.3-mm 8-Pin µSiL Package

1.8 V Output Application

R1

200 kΩ

<499 kΩ

160 kΩ

R2

2 Applications

• Battery Powered Applications

Simplified Schematic

VIN

ΕN

GND

TPS82084

VOUT

FE

PG

- Solid State Drives
- Processor Supply
- Mobile Phones

4

2.5 V to 6 V C1

10 µF

3 Description

Tools &

Software

The TPS82084 device is a 2-A step-down converter MicroSiP[™] module optimized for small solution size and high efficiency. The power module integrates a synchronous step-down converter and an inductor to simplify design, reduce external components and save PCB area. The low profile and compact solution is suitable for automated assembly by standard surface mount equipment.

Support &

Community

29

To maximize efficiency, the converter operates in PWM mode with a nominal switching frequency of 2.4MHz and automatically enters Power Save Mode operation at light load currents. In Power Save Mode, the device operates with typically 17-µA quiescent current. Using the DCS-Control[™] topology, the device achieves excellent load transient performance and accurate output voltage regulation. The EN and PG pins, which support sequencing configurations, bring a flexible system design. An integrated soft startup reduces the inrush current required from the input supply. Over temperature protection and Hiccup short circuit protection deliver a robust and reliable solution.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS82084	μSiL (8)	3.00 mm x 2.80 mm

 For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.



1.8 V Output Efficiency

1.8 V/2 A

 $R3 \stackrel{C2}{\leq} 22 \mu F$

POWER GOOD

Table of Contents

1	Feat	tures 1							
2	Арр	lications 1							
3	Description1								
4	Sim	plified Schematic 1							
5	Rev	ision History 2							
6	Pin Configuration and Functions								
7	Spe	cifications 4							
	7.1	Absolute Maximum Ratings 4							
	7.2	ESD Ratings 4							
	7.3	Recommend Operating Conditions 4							
	7.4	Thermal Information 4							
	7.5	Electrical Characteristics5							
	7.6	Timing Requirements 5							
	7.7	Typical Characteristics 6							
8	Deta	ailed Description7							
	8.1	Overview7							
	8.2	Functional Block Diagram 7							

	8.3	Feature Description	7
		Device Functional Modes	
9	Appl	lication and Implementation	10
	9.1	Application Information	10
	9.2	Typical Applications	10
10	Pow	ver Supply Recommendations	15
11	Layo	out	15
		Layout Guidelines	
	11.2	Layout Example	15
	11.3	Thermal Consideration	16
12	Devi	ice and Documentation Support	17
	12.1	Device Support	17
	12.2	Community Resources	17
	12.3	Trademarks	17
	12.4	Electrostatic Discharge Caution	17
	12.5	Glossary	17
13		hanical, Packaging, and Orderable mation	17

5 Revision History

CI	Changes from Original (June 2015) to Revision A			
•	Changed Product Status to Production Data	1		
•	Changed ESD rating for CDM spec from "±500 V" to "±1000 V"	4		
•	Added Community Resources section	17		

Texas STRUMENTS

www.ti.com



TPS82084 SLVSD11A – JUNE 2015–REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015

6 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION		
EN	1	I	Enable pin. Pull High to enable the device. Pull Low to disable the device. This pin has an internal pull-down resistor of typically 400 k Ω when the device is disabled.		
PG	2	Ο	Power good open drain output pin. A pull-up resistor can be connected to any voltage less than 6V. Leave it open if it is not used.		
VIN	3,4	PWR	Input voltage pin.		
GND	5,6		Ground pin.		
FB	7	I	Feedback reference pin. An external resistor divider connected to this pin programs the output voltage.		
VOUT	8	PWR	Output voltage pin.		
Exposed Thermal Pad			The exposed thermal pad must be connected to the GND pin. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate power dissipation and mechanical reliability.		

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

See Note (1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage at pins ⁽²⁾ EN, PG, VIN, FB, VOUT		-0.3	7	V
Sink current	PG		1.0	mA
Module operating temperature			125	°C
T _{stg} Storage temperature		-40	125	°C

Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
 All voltage values are with respect to network ground pin.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾			
V _(ESD)	V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	e Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾		V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

7.3 Recommend Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted.

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage range	2.5	6	V
V _{PG}	Power good pull-up resistor voltage		6	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range	0.8	V _{IN}	V
I _{OUT}	Output current range ⁽¹⁾	0	2	А
TJ	Module operating temperature range ⁽¹⁾	-40	125	°C

(1) The module operating temperature range includes module self temperature rise and IC junction temperature rise. In applications where high power dissipation is present, the maximum operating temperature or maximum output current must be derated.

7.4 Thermal Information

		TPS82084	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	μSiL	UNIT
		8-Pin	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	68.7	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.4	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	30.0	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C and $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to 6V. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{IN} = 3.6V$, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPL	Y				u u	
V _{IN}	Input voltage range		2.5		6	V
l _Q	Quiescent current into VIN	No load, device not switching $T_J = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C, $V_{IN} = 2.5$ V to 5.5 V		17	25	μA
I _{SD}	Shutdown current into VIN	EN = Low, T _J = -40°C to 85°C, V _{IN} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V		0.7	5	μA
V _{UVLO}	Under voltage lock out threshold	V _{IN} falling	2.1	2.2	2.3	V
VUVLO	Chack voltage lock out threshold	V _{IN} rising	2.3	2.4	2.5	V
T _{JSD}	Thermal shutdown threshold	T _J rising		150		°C
JSD	Thermal shutdown hysteresis	T _J falling		20		°C
LOGIC	INTERFACE EN					
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		1.0	0.8		V
VIL	Low-level input voltage			0.7	0.4	V
I _{lkg(EN)}	Input leakage current into EN pin	EN = High		0.01	0.16	μA
R _{PD}				400		kΩ
SOFT S	START, POWER GOOD	I				
V _{PG}	Power good threshold	V _{OUT} rising, referenced to V _{OUT} nominal	93%	95%	98%	
		V _{OUT} falling, referenced to V _{OUT} nominal	88%	90%	93%	
V _{PG,OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _{sink} = 1mA			0.4	V
I _{lkg(PG)}	Input leakage current into PG pin	V _{PG} = 5V		0.01	0.16	μA
OUTPU	Т	I				
V _{OUT}	Output voltage range		0.8		V _{IN}	V
		PWM mode	792	800	808	
V_{FB}	Feedback regulation voltage	PSM mode, C _{OUT} = 22 μF	792	800	817	mV
I _{lkg(FB)}	Feedback input leakage current	V _{FB} = 0.8 V		0.01	0.1	μA
R _{DIS}	Output discharge resistor	EN = Low, V _{OUT} = 1.8 V		260		Ω
-	Line regulation	I _{OUT} = 1 A, V _{IN} = 2.5 V to 6 V		0.02		%/V
	Load regulation	$I_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ A to 2 A}$		0.16		%/A
POWER	RSWITCH	+ ***	Į			
	High-side FET on-resistance	I _{SW} = 500 mA		31	56	mΩ
R _{DS(on)}	Low-side FET on-resistance	I _{SW} = 500 mA		23	45	mΩ
R _{DP}	Dropout resistance	100% mode		69		mΩ
I _{LIMF}	High-side FET switch current limit			3.6		А
f _{SW}	PWM switching frequency	I _{OUT} = 1 A		2.4		MHz

7.6 Timing Requirements

 $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C and $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to 6V. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ and $V_{IN} = 3.6V$, unless otherwise noted.

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SOFT ST	TART					
t _{SS}	Soft start time Time from EN high to 95% of V _{OUT} nominal			0.8		ms

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

7.7 Typical Characteristics





TPS82084 SLVSD11A - JUNE 2015 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015

Detailed Description 8

Overview 8.1

The TPS82084 synchronous step-down converter power module is based on DCS-Control[™] (Direct Control with Seamless transition into Power Save Mode). This is an advanced regulation topology that combines the advantages of hysteretic, voltage and current mode control.

The DCS-Control[™] topology operates in PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) mode for medium to heavy load conditions and in PSM (Power Save Mode) at light load currents. In PWM, the converter operates with its nominal switching frequency of 2.4 MHz having a controlled frequency variation over the input voltage range. As the load current decreases, the converter enters Power Save Mode, reducing the switching frequency and minimizing the IC's quiescent current to achieve high efficiency over the entire load current range. DCS-Control™ supports both operation modes using a single building block and therefore has a seamless transition from PWM to PSM without effects on the output voltage. The TPS82084 offers excellent DC voltage regulation and load transient regulation, combined with low output voltage ripple, minimizing interference with RF circuits.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 PWM and PSM Operation

The TPS82084 includes a fixed on-time (t_{ON}) circuitry. This t_{ON}, in steady-state operation in PWM and PSM modes, is estimated as:

$$t_{ON} = 420 \text{ns} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$
(1)

In PWM mode, the TPS82084 operates with pulse width modulation in continuous conduction mode (CCM) with a t_{ON} shown in Equation 1 at medium and heavy load currents. A PWM switching frequency of typically 2.4 MHz is achieved by this ton circuitry. The device operates in PWM mode as long as the output current is higher than half the inductor's ripple current estimated by Equation 2.

$$\Delta I_{L} = t_{ON} \times \frac{V_{IN} - V_{OUT}}{L}$$
⁽²⁾

To maintain high efficiency at light loads, the device enters Power Save Mode seamlessly when the load current decreases. This happens when the load current becomes smaller than half the inductor's ripple current. In PSM, the converter operates with a reduced switching frequency and with a minimum quiescent current to maintain high efficiency. The on time in PSM is also based on the same t_{ON} circuitry. The switching frequency in PSM is estimated as:

Copyright © 2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Feature Description (continued)

$$f_{PFM} = \frac{\frac{2 \times I_{OUT}}{t_{ON}^2 \times \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \times \frac{V_{IN} - V_{OUT}}{L}}$$

In PSM, the output voltage rises slightly above the nominal output voltage in PWM mode. This effect is reduced by increasing the output capacitance. The output voltage accuracy in PSM operation is reflected in the electrical specification table and given for a 22-µF output capacitor.

8.3.2 Low Dropout Operation (100% Duty Cycle)

The device offers a low input to output voltage differential by entering 100% duty cycle mode. In this mode, the high-side MOSFET switch is constantly turned on. This is particularly useful in battery powered applications to achieve longest operation time by taking full advantage of the whole battery voltage range. The minimum input voltage to maintain a minimum output voltage is given by:

$$V_{IN(min)} = V_{OUT(min)} + I_{OUT} \times R_{DP}$$

where

- R_{DP} = Resistance from V_{IN} to V_{OUT}, including high-side FET on-resistance and DC resistance of the inductor.
- V_{OUT(min)} = Minimum output voltage the load can accept.

8.3.3 Soft Startup

The TPS82084 has an internal soft start circuit which ramps up the output voltage to the nominal voltage during a soft start time of typically 0.8ms. This avoids excessive inrush current and creates a smooth output voltage slope. It also prevents excessive voltage drops of primary cells and rechargeable batteries with high internal impedance. The device is able to monotonically start into a pre-biased output capacitor. The device starts with the applied bias voltage and ramps the output voltage to its nominal value.

8.3.4 Switch Current Limit and Short Circuit Protection (Hiccup-Mode)

The switch current limit prevents the device from high inductor current and from drawing excessive current from the battery or input voltage rail. Excessive current might occur with a heavy load/shorted output circuit condition. If the inductor peak current reaches the switch current limit, the high-side FET is turned off and the low-side FET is turned on to ramp down the inductor current. Once this switch current limits is triggered 32 times, the devices stop switching and enables the output discharge. The devices then automatically start a new startup after a typical delay time of 66µs has passed. This is named HICCUP short circuit protection. The devices repeat this mode until the high load condition disappears.

8.3.5 Undervoltage Lockout

To avoid mis-operation of the device at low input voltages, an under voltage lockout is implemented, which shuts down the devices at voltages lower than V_{UVLO} with a hysteresis of 200 mV.

8.3.6 Thermal Shutdown

The device goes into thermal shutdown and stops switching once the junction temperature exceeds T_{JSD} . Once the device temperature falls below the threshold by 20°C, the device returns to normal operation automatically.

(4)

www.ti.com



8



8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Enable and Disable

The device is enabled by setting the EN pin to a logic High. Accordingly, shutdown mode is forced if the EN pin is pulled Low with a shutdown current of typically 0.7 μ A. An internal resistor of 260 Ω discharges the output via the VOUT pin smoothly when the device is disabled. The output discharge function also works when thermal shutdown, undervoltage lockout or short circuit protection are triggered.

An internal pull-down resistor of 400 k Ω is connected to the EN pin when the EN pin is Low. The pull-down resistor is disconnected when the EN pin is High.

8.4.2 Power Good Output

The device has a power good (PG) output. The PG pin goes high impedance once the output is above 95% of the nominal voltage, and is driven low once the output voltage falls below typically 90% of the nominal voltage. The PG pin is an open drain output and is specified to sink up to 1 mA. The power good output requires a pull-up resistor connecting to any voltage rail less than 6 V.

The PG pin goes low when the device is disabled or in thermal shutdown. When the device is in UVLO, the PG pin is high impedance. The PG signal can be used for sequencing of multiple rails by connecting it to the EN pin of other converters. Leave the PG pin floating when it is not used.

TPS82084

SLVSD11A -JUNE 2015-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015



9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TPS82084 is a synchronous step-down converter power module whose output voltage is adjusted by component selection. The following section discusses the design of the external components to complete the power supply design for several input and output voltage options by using typical applications as a reference.

9.2 Typical Applications



Figure 4. 1.2-V Output Application

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the input parameters shown in Table 1.

at	ble	1.	Desig	n P	arame	eters	

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	2.5 V to 6 V
Output voltage	1.2 V
Output ripple voltage	< 20 mV
Output current rating	2 A

Table 2 lists the components used for the example.

Table 2. List of Components⁽¹⁾

REFERENCE	DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER
C1	1 0μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 10 V, X7R, size 0805, GRM21BR71A106KE51	Murata
C2	22 μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 6.3 V, X7R, size 0805, CL21B226MQQNNNE or 22 μF, Ceramic Capacitor, 6.3 V, X7S, size 0805, C2012X7S1A226M125AC	Samsung or TDK
R1	Depending on the output voltage, 1% accuracy	Std
R2	16 kΩ, 1% accuracy	Std
R3	499 kΩ, 1% accuracy	Std

(1) See Third-Party Products disclaimer



9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

9.2.2.1 Setting the Output Voltage

The output voltage is set by an external resistor divider according to the following equations:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) = 0.8 \text{ V} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$
(5)

R2 should not be higher than 180 k Ω to achieve high efficiency at light load while providing acceptable noise sensitivity. Larger currents through R2 improve noise sensitivity and output voltage accuracy. Figure 4 shows a recommended external resistor divider value for a 1.2-V output. Choose appropriate resistor values for other output voltages.

9.2.2.2 Input and Output Capacitor Selection

For best output and input voltage filtering, ceramic capacitors are required. The input capacitor minimizes input voltage ripple, suppresses input voltage spikes and provides a stable system rail for the device. A 10-µF or larger input capacitor is required. The output capacitor value can range from 22 µF up to more than 150 µF. The recommended typical output capacitor value is 22 µF. Values over 150 µF may be possible with a reduced load during startup in order to avoid triggering the Hiccup short circuit protection. A feed forward capacitor is not required for proper operation.

Ceramic capacitor has a DC-Bias effect, which has a strong influence on the final effective capacitance. Choose the right capacitor carefully in combination with considering its package size and voltage rating. Ensure that the input effective capacitance is at least 5 µF and the output effective capacitance is at least 8µF.

SLVSD11A -JUNE 2015-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015

www.ti.com

9.2.3 Application Performance Curves

 T_A = 25°C, V_{IN} = 5 V, V_{OUT} = 1.2 V, unless otherwise noted.







EXAS **ISTRUMENTS**

TPS82084







10 Power Supply Recommendations

The devices are designed to operate from an input supply voltage range between 2.5 V and 6 V. The average input current of the TPS82084 is calculated as:

$$I_{IN} = \frac{1}{\eta} \times \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}$$

Ensure that the power supply has a sufficient current rating for the application.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

- It is recommended to place all components as close as possible to the IC. Specially, the input capacitor placement must be closest to the VIN and GND pins of the device.
- Use wide and short traces for the main current paths to reduce the parasitic inductance and resistance.
- To enhance heat dissipation of the device, the exposed thermal pad should be connected to bottom or internal layer ground planes using vias.
- Refer to Figure 22 for an example of component placement, routing and thermal design.
- The recommended land pattern for the TPS82084 is shown at the end of this data sheet. For best manufacturing results, it is important to create the pads as solder mask defined (SMD). This keeps each pad the same size and avoids solder pulling the device during reflow.

11.2 Layout Example



Figure 22. TPS82084 PCB Layout

Copyright © 2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated

(6)

TPS82084

SLVSD11A -JUNE 2015-REVISED SEPTEMBER 2015



11.3 Thermal Consideration

The TPS82084's output current needs to be derating when the device operates in a high ambient temperature or deliver high output power. The amount of current derated is dependent upon the input voltage, output power, PCB layout design and environmental thermal condition. Care should especially be taken in applications where the localized PCB temperature exceeds 65°C.

The TPS82084 module temperature must be kept less than the maximum rating of 125°C. Three basic approaches for enhancing thermal performance are listed below:

- Improve the power dissipation capability of the PCB design.
- Improve the thermal coupling of the component to the PCB.
- Introduce airflow into the system.

To estimate approximate module temperature of TPS82084, apply the typical efficiency stated in this datasheet to the desired application condition for the module power dissipation, then calculate the module temperature rise by multiplying the power dissipation by its thermal resistance. For more details on how to use the thermal parameters in real applications, see the application notes: SZZA017 and SPRA953.

Figure 23 shows the thermal measurement on the TPS82084EVM-672. It gives a guideline on the temperature rise when the TPS82084 is operated in free air at 25°C ambient under certain application conditions. The temperatures are checked at Spot and Area as listed below:

- Spot: temperature of the EVM board
- Area: temperature of the TPS82084



 $V_{IN} = 5 V, V_{OUT} = 3.3 V, I_{OUT} = 2 A$

Figure 23. Thermal Measurement



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Device Support

12.1.1 Third-Party Products Disclaimer

TI'S PUBLICATION OF INFORMATION REGARDING THIRD-PARTY PRODUCTS OR SERVICES DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN ENDORSEMENT REGARDING THE SUITABILITY OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES OR A WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OR ENDORSEMENT OF SUCH PRODUCTS OR SERVICES, EITHER ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH ANY TI PRODUCT OR SERVICE.

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

MicroSiP, DCS-Control, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

SIL0008C



PACKAGE OUTLINE

MicroSiP[™] - 1.33 mm max height

MICRO SYSTEM IN PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. Pick and place nozzle \emptyset 1.3 mm or smaller recommended.
- 4. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



SIL0008C

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

MicroSiP[™] - 1.33 mm max height

MICRO SYSTEM IN PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

5. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



SIL0008C

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

MicroSiP[™] - 1.33 mm max height

MICRO SYSTEM IN PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





29-Sep-2015

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TPS82084SILR	ACTIVE	uSiP	SIL	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	1D TXI084*EC	Samples
TPS82084SILT	ACTIVE	uSiP	SIL	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	1D TXI084⁺EC	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

29-Sep-2015

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Texas Instruments

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS82084SILR	uSiP	SIL	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.0	3.2	1.45	4.0	12.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

30-Sep-2015



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS82084SILR	uSiP	SIL	8	3000	383.0	353.0	58.0

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products		Applications	
Audio	www.ti.com/audio	Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks	Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Interface	interface.ti.com	Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Logic	logic.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com		
OMAP Applications Processors	www.ti.com/omap	TI E2E Community	e2e.ti.com
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconne	ctivity	

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2015, Texas Instruments Incorporated



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный) **Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42 **Электронная почта:** <u>org@eplast1.ru</u> **Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.