

# AXL E ETH DI16 M12 6P

**Axioline E Ethernet device,  
plastic housing, 16 inputs, 24 V DC,  
M12 fast connection technology**



Data sheet  
8551\_en\_03

© PHOENIX CONTACT 2016-02-08

## 1 Description

The Axioline E device is designed for use within an Ethernet network (Modbus/TCP).

It is used to acquire digital signals.

### Ethernet features

- 2 Ethernet ports (with integrated switch)
- Supported protocols:  
SNMP v1, HTTP, TFTP, FTP, BootP, DHCP
- Specification: Modbus application protocol V1.1b
- Firmware can be updated
- Integrated web server for web-based management

### Axioline E features

- Connection to Ethernet network (Modbus/TCP) using M12 connectors (D-coded)
- Transmission speed of 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps
- Connection of digital sensors using M12 connectors (A-coded)
- Diagnostic and status indicators
- Short-circuit and overload protection of the sensor supply
- IP65/67 degree of protection



This data sheet is only valid in association with the associated user manual.



Make sure you always use the latest documentation.  
It can be downloaded from the product at [phoenixcontact.net/products](http://phoenixcontact.net/products).

---

<b>2</b>	<b>Table of contents</b>	
1	Description .....	1
2	Table of contents .....	2
3	Ordering data .....	3
4	Technical data .....	4
5	Internal circuit diagram .....	7
6	Pin assignment .....	8
7	Connection example.....	10
8	Connection notes .....	10
9	Configuration via rotary encoding switch .....	11
10	Local status and diagnostic indicators .....	13
11	Modbus protocols and registers .....	15
12	Startup.....	17
13	SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol .....	18
14	WBM - Web-based management .....	18
15	Firmware update.....	18
16	Quick Connect.....	18
17	Endianness.....	18

### 3 Ordering data

Description	Type	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Axioline E-Ethernet device in a plastic housing with 16 digital inputs, 24 V DC, M12 fast connection technology	AXL E ETH DI16 M12 6P	2701533	1

Accessories	Type	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
An M12 screw plug for the unoccupied M12 sockets of the sensor/actuator cable, boxes and flush-type connectors (Protection and sealing elements)	PROT-M12	1680539	5
Snap-in markers, Sheet, white, unlabeled, can be labeled with: THERMOMARK CARD, BLUEMARK CLED, BLUEMARK LED, TOPMARK LASER, Mounting type: snapped into marker carrier, Lettering field: 7 x 10 mm (Marking)	UCT-EM (7X10)	0830765	10

Documentation	Type	Order No.	Pcs. / Pkt.
User manual, English, Axioline E: system and installation	UM EN AXL E SYS INST	-	-
Application note, English: Updating the firmware of AXL E devices using the Windows Explorer	AH EN FIRMWARE UPDATE AXL E	-	-
Application note, English: Startup of Axioline E Ethernet devices (Modbus/TCP) using the ModScan32 Modbus master tool	AH EN AXL E ETH MODSCAN32	-	-

#### Additional ordering data

For additional accessories, visit [phoenixcontact.net/products](http://phoenixcontact.net/products).

## 4 Technical data

### Dimensions (nominal sizes in mm)



Width	60 mm
Height	185 mm
Depth	30.5 mm
Note on dimensions	The height is 212 mm including fixing clips.

### General data

Housing material	Pocan®
Color	anthracite
Weight	480 g
Ambient temperature (operation)	-25 °C ... 60 °C



**CAUTION: Risk of burns**

If the device is used at an ambient temperature above 50°C, the contact temperature of metal surfaces may exceed 70°C.

Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	-25 °C ... 85 °C
Permissible humidity (operation)	5 % ... 95 %
Permissible humidity (storage/transport)	5 % ... 95 %
Air pressure (operation)	70 kPa ... 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above sea level)
Air pressure (storage/transport)	70 kPa ... 106 kPa (up to 3000 m above sea level)
Degree of protection	IP65/IP67
Protection class	III, IEC 61140, EN 61140, VDE 0140-1

### Connection data

Connection method	M12 connector
-------------------	---------------

### Interface Ethernet

Connection method	M12 connectors, D-coded
Designation connection point	Copper cable
Number of positions	4
Transmission speed	10/100 MBit/s (with auto negotiation)
Cycle Time	min. 1 ms

### Modbus/TCP

Equipment type	Modbus slave (server)
Modbus protocols	Modbus/TCP
Additional protocols	SNMP v1, HTTP, TFTP, FTP, BootP, DHCP
Specification	Modbus application protocol V1.1b

### Supply: Module electronics and sensors (U<sub>S</sub>)

Connection method	M12 connector (T-coded)
Number of positions	4
Supply voltage	24 V DC
Nominal supply voltage range	18 V DC ... 31.2 V DC (including all tolerances, including ripple)
Typical current consumption	190 mA ±15 % (at 24 V DC)
Current consumption	max. 12 A

### Supply: Actuators (U<sub>A</sub>) for additional devices

Connection method	M12 connector (T-coded)
Number of positions	4
Supply voltage	24 V DC
Nominal supply voltage range	18 V DC ... 31.2 V DC (including all tolerances, including ripple)
Typical current consumption	3 mA ±15 % (at 24 V DC)
Current consumption	max. 12 A

### Digital inputs

Number of inputs	16 (EN 61131-2 types 1 and 3)
Connection method	M12 connector, double occupancy
Connection method	2, 3, 4-wire
Nominal input voltage	24 V DC
Nominal input current	typ. 3 mA
Sensor current per channel	typ. 0.75 mA (from U <sub>S</sub> )
Total sensor current	max. 1.2 A (per device)
Input voltage range "0" signal	-30 V DC ... 5 V DC
Input voltage range "1" signal	11 V DC ... 30 V DC
Input filter time	< 1000 µs
Permissible conductor length to the sensor	30 m
Overload protection, short-circuit protection of sensor supply	Yes

**Electrical isolation/isolation of the voltage areas**

Test section	Test voltage
24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)/ bus connection (Ethernet 1)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)/ bus connection (Ethernet 2)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
Bus connection (Ethernet 1)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
Bus connection (Ethernet 2)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
Bus connection (Ethernet 1)/bus connection (Ethernet 2)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
24 V supply (actuator supply)/ 24 V supply (communications power and sensor supply, digital inputs)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
24 V supply (actuator supply)/bus connection (Ethernet 1)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
24 V supply (actuator supply)/bus connection (Ethernet 2)	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min
24 V supply (actuator supply)/FE	500 V AC, 50 Hz, 1 min

**Mechanical tests**

Vibration resistance in acc. with EN 60068-2-6/IEC 60068-2-6	5g
Shock in acc. with EN 60068-2-27/IEC 60068-2-27	30g, 11 ms period, half-sine shock pulse
Continuous shock according to EN 60068-2-27/IEC 60068-2-27	10g

**Conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC**

**Noise immunity test in accordance with EN 61000-6-2**

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) EN 61000-4-2/IEC 61000-4-2	Criterion B; 6 kV contact discharge, 8 kV air discharge
Electromagnetic fields EN 61000-4-3/IEC 61000-4-3	Criterion A; Field intensity: 10 V/m
Fast transients (burst) EN 61000-4-4/IEC 61000-4-4	Criterion B, 2 kV
Transient surge voltage (surge) EN 61000-4-5/IEC 61000-4-5	Criterion B; DC supply lines: $\pm 0.5$ kV/ $\pm 0.5$ kV (symmetrical/asymmetrical)
Conducted interference EN 61000-4-6/IEC 61000-4-6	Criterion A; Test voltage 10 V

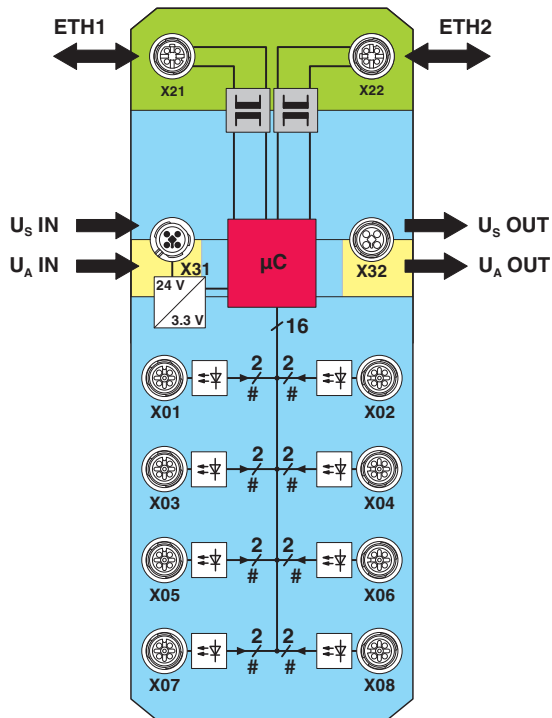
**Noise emission test as per EN 61000-6-4**

Radio interference properties EN 55022	Class A
--	---------

**Approvals**

For the latest approvals, please visit [phoenixcontact.net/products](http://phoenixcontact.net/products).

### 5 Internal circuit diagram



Key:






-  Transmitter with electrical isolation
-  Power supply unit with electrical isolation
-  Microcontroller
-  Digital input
-  LED

Figure 1 Internal wiring of connections

Key:

- Green area: Network
- Blue area:  $U_S$
- Yellow area:  $U_A$

## 6 Pin assignment

### 6.1 Ethernet and power supply connection

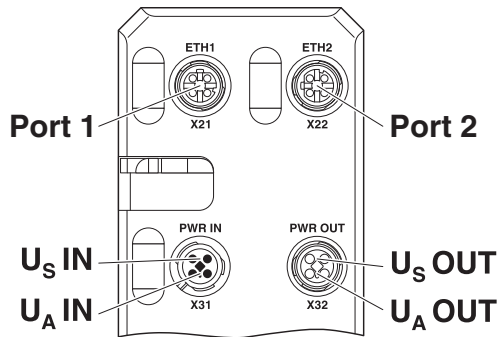


Figure 2 Connections for Ethernet and voltage supply

Designation	Meaning
Port 1 (X21)	Ethernet port 1
Port 2 (X22)	Ethernet port 2
U <sub>S</sub> IN (X31)	Power supply IN (logic and sensors)
U <sub>A</sub> IN (X31)	Power Supply IN (actuators) for additional devices
U <sub>S</sub> OUT (X32)	Power supply OUT for additional devices
U <sub>A</sub> OUT (X32)	Power supply OUT for additional devices



Ground the device by means of the mounting screws.

### 6.2 Ethernet pin assignment

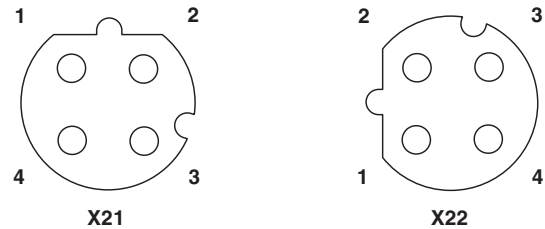


Figure 3 Ethernet pin assignment, D-coded

Pin	Ethernet port 1 (X21)	Ethernet port 2 (X22)
1	TX+	TX+
2	RX+	RX+
3	TX-	TX-
4	RX-	RX-



The shield is connected to FE in the device.



The thread is used for additional shielding.

### 6.3 Pin assignment of the power supply U<sub>S</sub>/U<sub>A</sub>

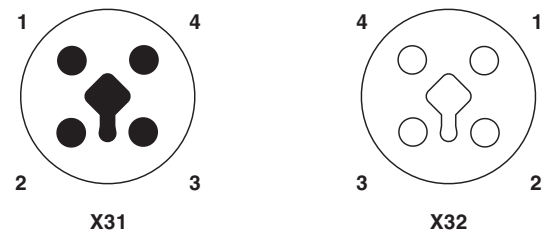


Figure 4 Pin assignment of the power supply, T-coded

Pin	IN	OUT	Conductor colors
1	+24 V DC (U <sub>S</sub> )	+24 V DC (U <sub>S</sub> )	Brown
2	GND (U <sub>A</sub> )	GND (U <sub>A</sub> )	White
3	GND (U <sub>S</sub> )	GND (U <sub>S</sub> )	Blue
4	+24 V DC (U <sub>A</sub> )	+24 V DC (U <sub>A</sub> )	Black



6.4 Input connection

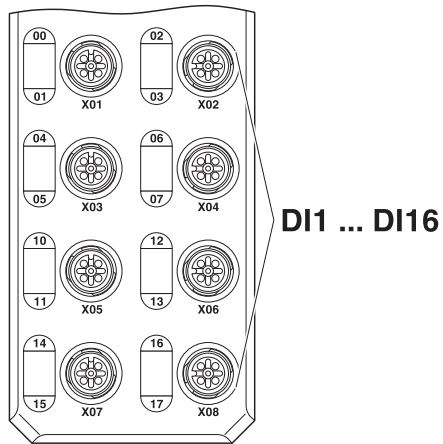


Figure 5 Input connections

Designation	Meaning
DI1 ... DI16 (X01 ... X08)	Inputs 1 ... 16

6.5 Pin assignment of the inputs

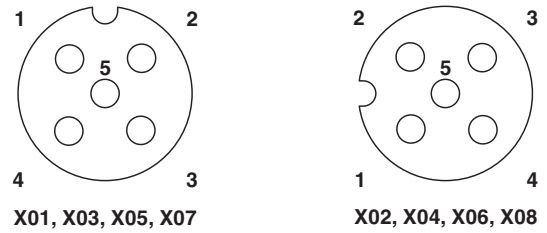


Figure 6 Pin assignment of the inputs, A-coded

Pin	Input socket
1	+24 V DC ( $U_S$ )
2	Input 2, 4, 6, ... 16
3	GND
4	Input 1, 3, 5, ... 15
5	FE

## 7 Connection example

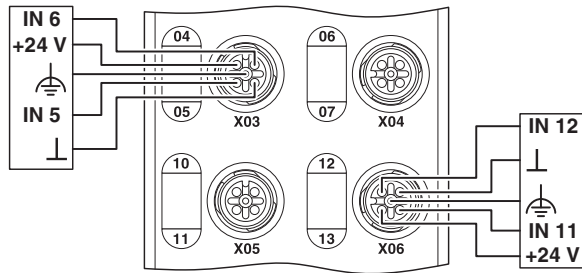


Figure 7 Typical connection of sensors

## 8 Connection notes



**Note: data corruption or loss**

Implement the FE connection using mounting screws, in order to ensure immunity to interference.



**NOTE: device damage**

To ensure IP65/IP67 protection, cover unused sockets with protective caps.



**NOTE: Damage to the electronics**

Only supply the sensors with the voltage  $U_S$  provided at the terminal points.



**NOTE: Damage to the electronics**

Observe the correct polarity of the supply voltages  $U_S$  and  $U_A$  in order to prevent damage to the device.



**NOTE: Malfunction**

When connecting the sensors, observe the assignment of the connections to the Ethernet input data.



Secure the device to a level surface or to a profile. Do not use this device to bridge gaps, in order to prevent forces being transmitted via the device.



Use standard M5 screws with toothed lock washer and self-locking nuts. Observe the maximum torque of the screws.

## 9 Configuration via rotary encoding switch

You can configure the address assignment and other functions using rotary encoding switches.

After modifying the switch position, restart the device, as the modification to the switch position does not take effect during operation.

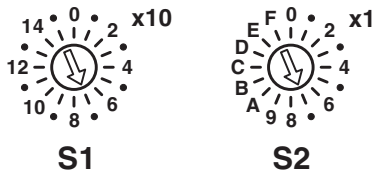


Figure 8 Rotary encoding switch

The code results from the sum of S1 x 10 plus S2 x 1. The image shows code 77 (7 x 10 + 7).

S1	S2	Code	Function
0	0	00	Remote access (default)
0 ... 5	1 ... 0	01 ... 50	Manual address assignment
5 ... 15	0 ... 9	51 ... 159	DHCP name assignment
0	A	0A	Static address
0	E	0E	Resetting IP parameters
0	F	0F	Resetting to the default settings
Other			Reserved

### 9.1 Remote access

#### Switch position 00

At this switch position, it is possible to remotely configure the device using corresponding tools (e.g., Startup+, web-based management (WBM)).

#### Behavior during initial startup, after resetting the IP parameters or after resetting to default settings

##### Default: BootP aktiviert, DHCP deaktiviert

A valid IP address is not assigned (0.0.0.0) and communication is therefore not possible.

The device transmits continuous BootP requests, until a valid IP address has been received.

Valid IP parameters are then automatically saved as configuration data on the device.

#### Each additional startup

##### BootP activated

BootP requests are transmitted even in the case of a valid configuration. If the device receives a BootP reply, the new IP parameters are applied. Otherwise the device starts with the last valid configuration.

##### DHCP activated

For behavior, see switch position 51 ... 159. The station name can be selected in WBM, the default station name is the MAC address with "-" used as the separator.

##### Static (BootP and DHCP deactivated)

The device starts with the last valid assigned IP configuration.

### 9.2 Manual address assignment

#### Switch position 01 ... 50

##### Default: BootP deactivated, DHCP activated

The first three octets in the IP address are preset as 192.168.0.x.

The subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Specify the last byte with the switch position.

As such, you can select IP addresses between 192.168.0.1 and 192.168.0.50.

Prior to transferring the IP address, a test is performed to check for any potential IP address conflicts. If a conflict is detected, the device temporarily switches the IP address to 0.0.0.0 (no IP communication). In this case, the NET LED flashes red. Eliminate the conflict and restart the device.

### 9.3 DHCP name assignment

#### Switch position 51 ... 159

This switch position is used to easily specify the DHCP host name for the device.

The host name is provided to the DHCP server via DHCP options. This is therefore able to send a DNS update to the DNS server.

The DNS name consists of one set part, which is based on the order designation, and a variable part, which is determined by the switch position.

The first part of the station name is AXL-E-ETH-.

The set number is added.

This results in the following station names:  
AXL-E-ETH-051 ... AXL-E-ETH-159.

**Behavior during initial startup, after resetting the IP parameters or after resetting to default settings**

A valid IP address is not assigned (0.0.0.0) and communication is therefore not possible.

The device transmits continuous DHCP discover messages until a valid IP address has been received.

**Each additional startup**

The device transmits continuous DHCP requests.

There are two possible scenarios:

1. The DHCP server assigns a new IP address.  
⇒ The device applies the new IP parameters.
2. The DHCP server does not respond.  
⇒ The device transmits continuous DHCP Discover messages until new IP parameters have been received.

**9.4 Static address**

**Switch position 0A**

**Behavior during initial startup, after resetting the IP parameters or after resetting to default settings**

A valid IP address is not assigned (0.0.0.0) and communication is therefore not possible.

Assign an address initially with another switch position.

**Each additional startup**

After a voltage reset, the device maintains the IP address which was assigned last.



With this switch position, modifying the IP address via tools or web-based management is not possible.

**9.5 Resetting IP parameters**

**Switch position 0E**

The IP parameters stored on the device are reset.

All other settings made on the device are retained.

- BootP is activated for switch position 00.
- IP address, subnet mask: 0.0.0.0

As long as the switch position 0E remains selected, no connection to the device can be established.

IP communication is deactivated (LED NET static yellow).

**9.6 Resetting to the default settings**

**Switch position 0F**

All settings are reset to default settings, including IP parameters.



The device is ready for operation after powering up, as soon as the RDY LED lights up green.  
A connection to the device however cannot be established in this switch position.  
As soon as the RDY LED lights up green, a new switch position can be selected on the rotary encoding switch and the device can be restarted.

**9.7 Reserved/invalid switch position**

The device starts with the previous settings, e.g., with the settings that were valid before the device was restarted.

An invalid switch position is indicated by the RDY LED (red on).

## 10 Local status and diagnostic indicators

### 10.1 Indicators for Ethernet ports and power supply

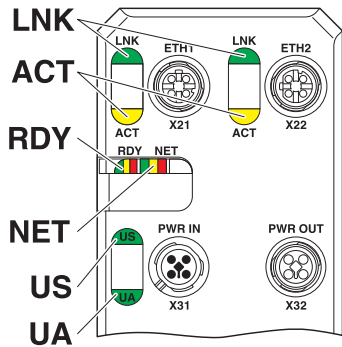


Figure 9 Indicators for Ethernet ports and power supply

Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description
LNK 1/2	Green	Link	Green ON	Connection present at port 1/2.
			OFF	Connection not present at port 1/2.
ACT 1/2	Yellow	Activity	Yellow ON	Data transmission present at port 1/2.
			OFF	Data transmission not present at port 1/2.
RDY	Green/ yellow/ red	Ready	Green ON	Device is ready for operation.
			Green flashing	Firmware update is being performed.
			Flashing green/ yellow	Over- or undervoltage at $U_S$ Temperature of the device is in the critical area. And red US LED: sensor supply overload
			Red ON	Rotary encoding switches are set to an invalid/reserved position.
			OFF	Device is not ready for operation.
NET	Green/ yellow/ red	Network status	Green flashing	A connection can be established to the device.
			Green ON	At least one connection has been established to the device.
			Yellow flashing	BootP request or DHCP requests/discover messages are being transmitted.
			Yellow ON	The IP configuration/IP address (0.0.0.0) is invalid.
			Red flashing	An IP address conflict has occurred during static configuration via rotary coding switches (IP address assigned twice).
			Red ON	A network error has occurred. The monitoring function detected an error or the process data watchdog was activated.
US	Green/ red	$U_{\text{Sensorik}}$	Green ON	Communications power/sensor voltage present
			OFF	Communications power/sensor voltage not present or too low.
			Red ON	Sensor voltage overload
UA	Green	$U_{\text{Aktorik}}$	ON	Actuator voltage present.
			OFF	Actuator voltage not present.

10.2 Input indicators

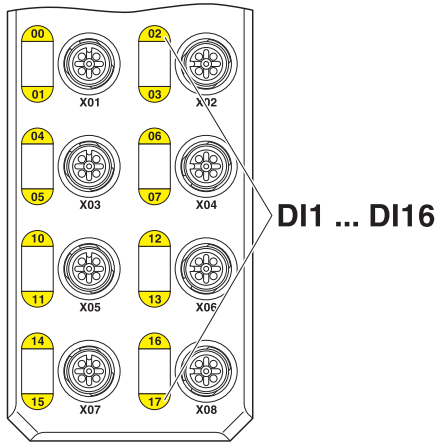


Figure 10 LEDs of the inputs

Designation	Color	Meaning	State	Description
00 ... 07, 10 ... 17	Yellow	Status of the inputs	ON	Input is set.
			OFF	Input is not set.



The numbering of the LEDs is as follows: the first number specifies the byte, the second number specifies the bit.

## 11 Modbus protocols and registers

The device supports a Modbus/TCP server.

As such, the Modbus protocol can be used in a connection-related (TCP) manner.

### 11.1 Modbus connections

The device supports up to eight Modbus/TCP connections at the same time.

The connection can access different addresses simultaneously.

Since eight connections are supported, a connection can quickly be restored. This means that the client can successfully restore an interrupted Modbus connection.

### 11.2 Modbus conformity classes

The device supports Modbus conformity classes 0 and parts of classes 1 and 2.

### 11.3 Modbus function codes

The following function codes are supported:

Function code	Function	Description
FC1	Read coils	Read output and input bits
FC2	Read input discretes	Read multiple input bits
FC3	Read holding registers	Read words from outputs and inputs
FC4	Read input registers	Read words from inputs
FC5	Write coil	Write an output bit
FC6	Write single registers	Write word for output data
FC15	Write multiple coils	Write multiple output bits
FC16	Write multiple registers	Write several output words
FC23	Read/write multiple registers	Read and write several process data for inputs and outputs

### 11.4 Modbus register

Modbus register (16-bit word)	Access	Function	Access with function code
<b>Special register</b>			
2006	W	Command register	FC6, FC16, FC23
<b>Diagnostics</b>			
7996	R	Status register	FC3, FC4, FC23
7997	R	Diagnostic status register	FC3, FC4, FC23
<b>Process data</b>			
8000	R	Input process data	FC1, FC2, FC3, FC4, FC23

R Read

W Write



In write access to the Modbus/TCP clients on the "Read only" register, the data is not transferred and is answered with exception code 02.

**11.5 Command register (2006)**

Only set one bit for the command register, otherwise an error message is output. Only write access is enabled for the register.

Bit	Code (hex)	Meaning
0	0001	Reserved
1	0002	Reserved
2	0004	Reserved
3	0008	Reserved
4	0010	Reserved
5	0020	Reserved
6	0040	Reserved
7	0080	Delete a detected I/O warning/malfunction
8	0100	Reserved
9	0200	Reserved
10	0400	Reserved
11	0800	Reserved
12	1000	Reserved
13	2000	Reserved
14	4000	Reserved
15	8000	Reserved

**11.6 Status register (7996)**

Bit	Code (hex)	Meaning	
0	0001	1	An error occurred (e.g., a bit in the diagnostic register is set). For additional information, please refer to register 2004.
		0	No error
1	0002	Reserved	
		0	No error
2	0004	Reserved	
3	0008	Reserved	
4	0010	Reserved	
5	0020	Reserved	
6	0040	Reserved	
7	0080	Reserved	
8	0100	Reserved	
9	0200	Reserved	
10	0400	Reserved	
11	0800	Reserved	
12	1000	Reserved	
13	2000	Reserved	
14	4000	Reserved	
15	8000	Reserved	

**11.7 Diagnostic status register (7997)**

Bit	Code (hex)	Meaning
0	0001	Reserved
1	0002	Reserved
2	0004	Undervoltage of sensor supply
3	0008	Surge voltage of sensor supply
4	0010	Short circuit or overload of the sensor supply
5	0020	Reserved
6	0040	Reserved
7	0080	Reserved
8	0100	Reserved
9	0200	Reserved
10	0400	Overtemperature of the device
11	0800	Reserved
12	1000	Reserved
13	2000	Reserved
14	4000	Reserved
15	8000	Reserved



**11.8 Figure of process data on Modbus register 8000**

Process data input word 8000																
Byte	Byte 0								Byte 1							
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IN	07	06	05	04	03	02	01	00	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Connection	X04		X03		X02		X01		X08		X07		X06		X05	
Pin	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4
DI	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9

Key:

- Bit: Process data assignment
- IN: LED marking
- DI: Device input

**12 Startup**

**12.1 Delivery state/default settings**

By default upon delivery, the following functions and features are available:

**IP settings**

- IP parameters: 0.0.0.0
- Subnet mask: 0.0.0.0
- Default Gateway: 0.0.0.0
- BootP: activated

**Firmware update**

- Firmware update on next re-start: deactivated
- TFTP server IP address: 192.168.210.211
- Firmware file name: FIRMWARE.NXF

**System identification**

- Device name: No name assigned
- Description: No description assigned
- Device location: No location assigned
- Contact: No contact assigned

**Web-based Management (WBM)**

- User name: admin
- Password: private

**12.2 Restoring the default settings**

There are two options for resetting the default settings:

- Via web-based management, go to the Administration web page > default settings and follow the instructions.
- Via the rotary coding switch, switch position 0F

**12.3 Starting the firmware**

Once you have connected the power, the firmware is started.

After completion of the firmware boot process, the NET LED either lights up or flashes green.

## 13 SNMP - Simple Network Management Protocol

The device supports SNMP v1.

### Management Information Base - MIB



The corresponding latest MIBs are available on the Internet at [phoenixcontact.net/products](http://phoenixcontact.net/products).

For the object descriptions, please refer to the ASN1 descriptions for this product.

The password for read access is “public” and cannot be changed.

By default upon delivery, the password for write/read access is “private” and can be modified at any time.

## 14 WBM - Web-based management

The device has a web server, which generates the required pages for web-based management and, depending on the requirements of the user, sends them to a standard web browser. Web-based management can be used to access static information (e.g., technical data, MAC address) or dynamic information (e.g., IP address, status information).

### Calling web-based management

The device web server can be addressed using the IP address if configured accordingly. The homepage (web page) of the device is accessed by entering the URL “http://ip-address”.

Example: http://172.16.113.38

The default user name is “admin”, the default password is “private”.



If you cannot access the WBM pages, check the connection settings in your browser and deactivate the proxy, if set.

## 15 Firmware update

In order to update the firmware of the device, the device must be provided with a firmware container via a TFTP server or it must be loaded onto the device via FTP. Any FTP client or TFTP server can be used for this. The update must always be initiated by the web-based management. When carrying out the firmware update, the RDY LED flashes yellow.

## 16 Quick Connect

The device supports Quick Connect Class A.

After switching on the mains voltage, it is ready to operate in under 350 ms in order to process a connection request.

A cyclic process data connection can be established in under 500 ms.

## 17 Endianness

The Modbus specification stipulates Big Endian format; words (16-bit) are mapped 1:1.

Individual bytes (modules with a process data width of 1 byte) are mapped to the lower byte (low byte) of a register. In the read direction, the upper byte (high byte) contains 00<sub>hex</sub> and is ignored in the write direction.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

**Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42

**Электронная почта:** [org@eplast1.ru](mailto:org@eplast1.ru)

**Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.