

### Features

- 150mA Low Dropout Regulator with EN
- Very low  $I_Q$  over full load: 65 $\mu$ A
- Wide input voltage range: 2V to 6V
- Wide adjustable output: 0.8V to 5.0V
- Fixed output options: 1.0V to 3.3V
- PSRR: 65dB at 100Hz
- Fast start-up time: 80 $\mu$ s
- Stable with low ESR, 1 $\mu$ F ceramic output capacitor
- Excellent Load/Line Transient Response
- Low dropout: 150mV typical at 150mA
- Current limit protection
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Ambient temperature range: -40°C to 85°C
- SOT25: Available in "Green" Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- Lead Free Finish/RoHS Compliant (Note 1)

### Description

The AP7311 is a 150mA, adjustable and fixed output voltage, low dropout linear regulator. The device includes pass element, error amplifier, band-gap, current limit and thermal shutdown circuitry. The device is turned on when EN pin is set to logic high level.

The characteristics of low dropout voltage and low quiescent current make it suitable for low power applications, for example, battery powered devices. The typical quiescent current is approximately 65 $\mu$ A.

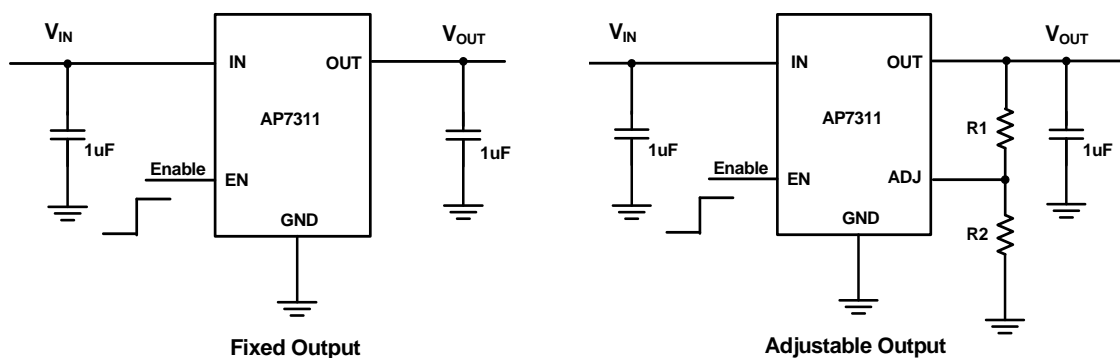
Built-in current-limit and thermal-shutdown functions prevent IC from damage in fault conditions.

The AP7311 is available in SOT25 package.

### Applications

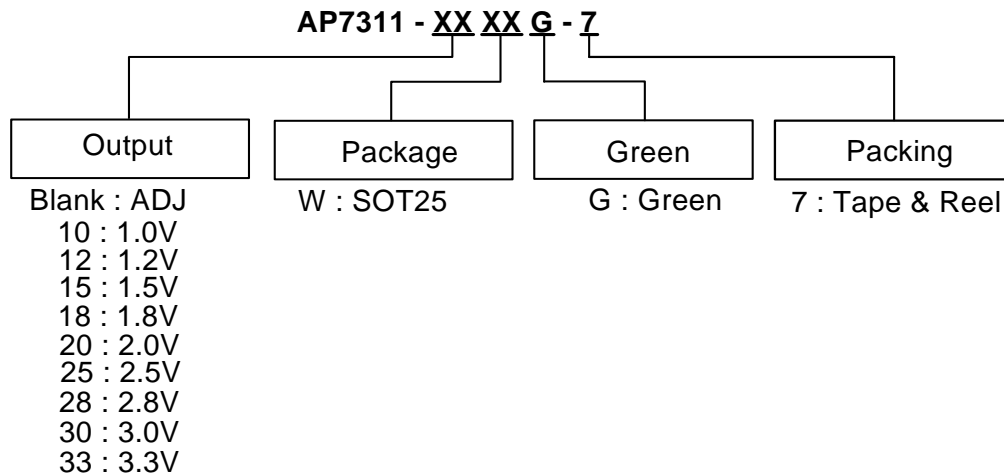
- Notebook and Desktop Computers and Pheripherals
- Portable Devices
- Battery Powered Devices
- CD-ROM, DVD and LAN Cards


### Typical Application Circuit



$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right)$$

## Ordering Information



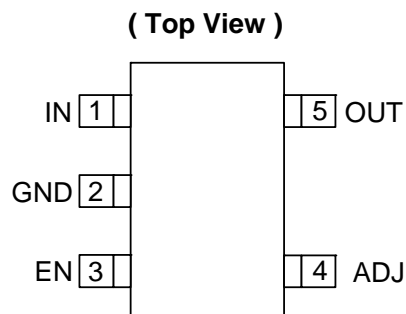
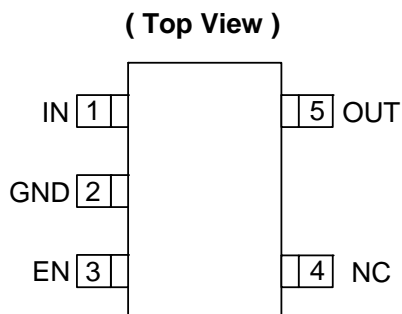
Device	Package Code	Packaging (Note 2)	7" Tape and Reel	
			Quantity	Part Number Suffix
 AP7311-XXWG-7	W	SOT25	3000/Tape & Reel	-7

- Notes:
1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS). All applicable RoHS exemptions applied. Please visit our website at [http://www.diodes.com/products/lead\\_free.html](http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free.html)
  2. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf>.

## Pin Assignment

(1) SOT25 (Fixed Output)

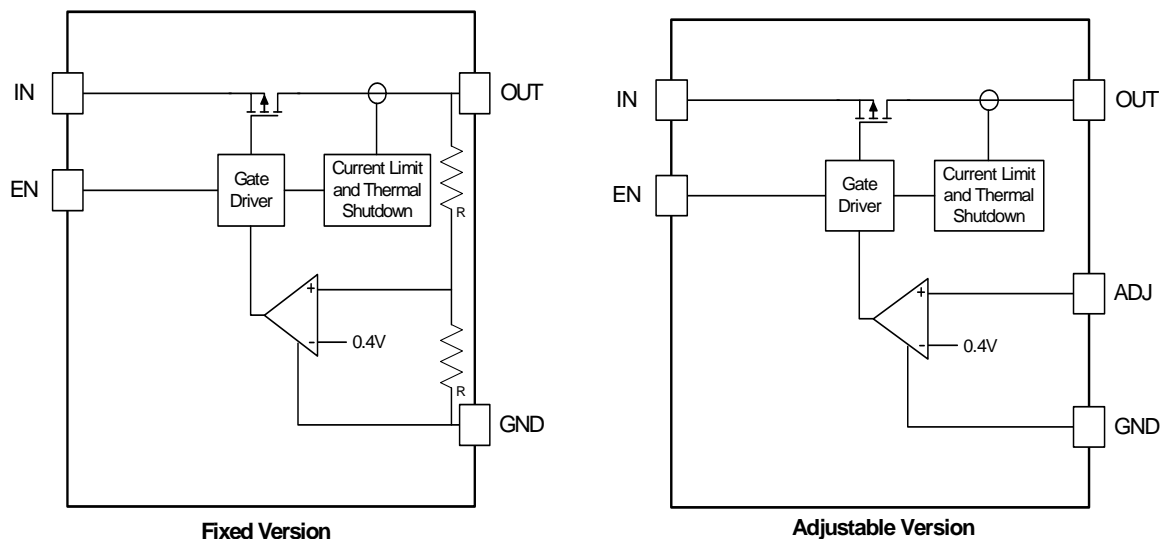
(2) SOT25 (Adj Output)



## Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Number		Description
	SOT25 (fixed)	SOT25 (adj)	
IN	1	1	Voltage input pin. Bypass to ground through at least 1 $\mu$ F capacitor
GND	2	2	Ground
EN	3	3	Enable input, active high
ADJ	-	4	Output feedback pin
NC	4	-	No connection
OUT	5	5	Voltage output pin. Bypass to ground through 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor

### Functional Block Diagram



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
ESD HBM	Human Body Model ESD Protection	6	kV
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	400	V
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	7	V
	EN Voltage	$V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
	Continuous Load Current	Internal Limited	
$T_{OP}$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 ~ 125	°C
$T_{ST}$	Storage Temperature Range	-65 ~ 150	°C
$P_D$	Power Dissipation (Note 3)	SOT25	640
$T_J$	Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C

### Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	2	6	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current (Note 4)	0	150	mA
$T_A$	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	85	°C

Notes: 3. Ratings apply to ambient temperature at 25°C  
 4. The device maintains a stable, regulated output voltage without a load current.

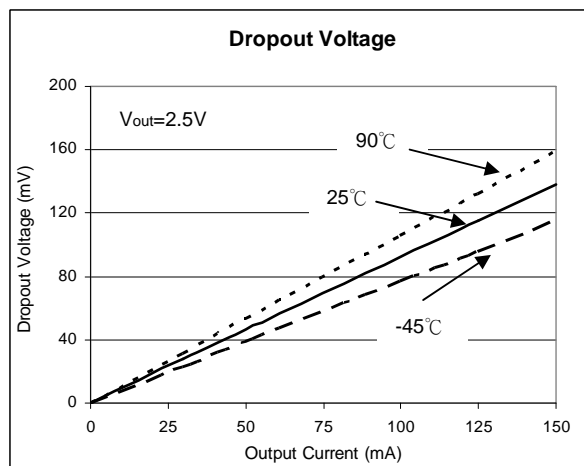
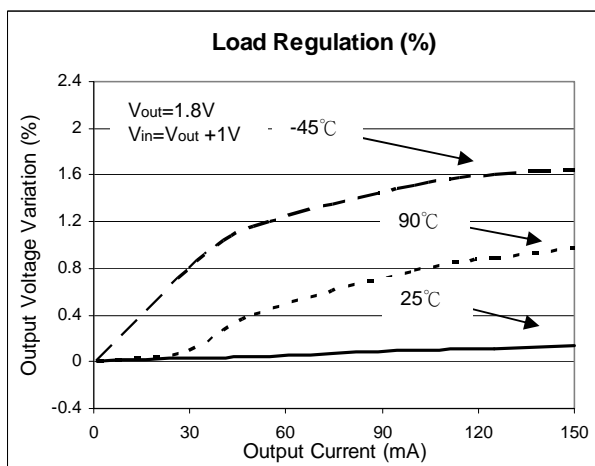
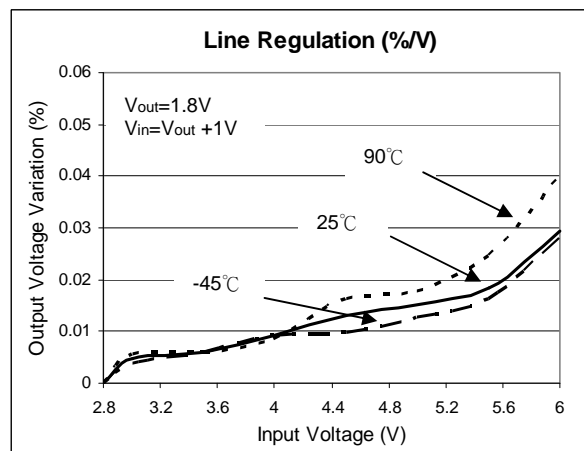
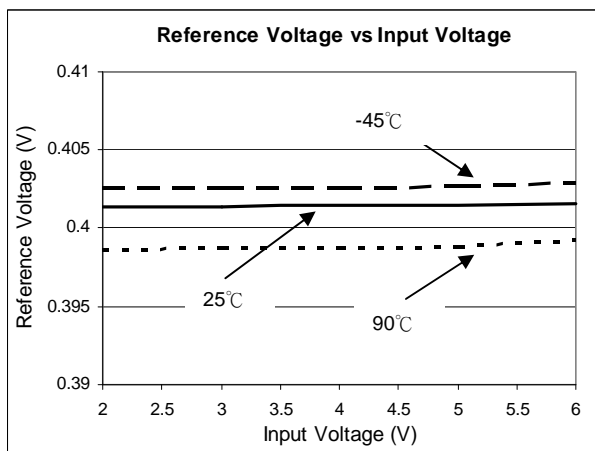
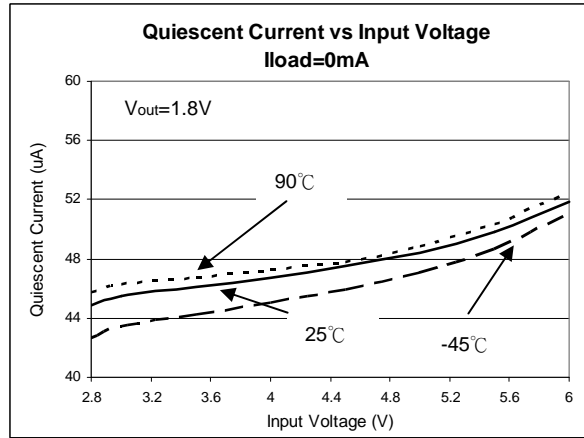
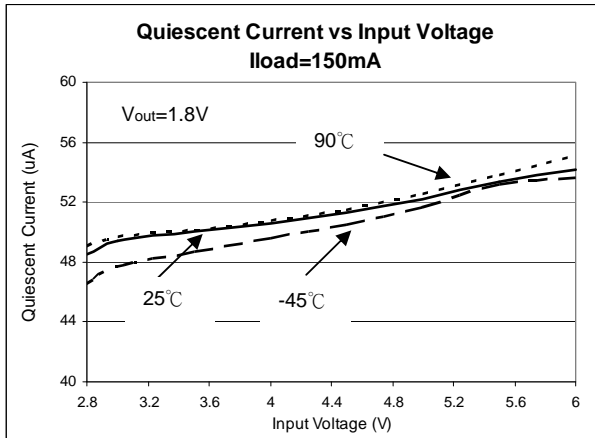
### Electrical Characteristics

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{EN} = 2\text{V}$ , unless otherwise stated)

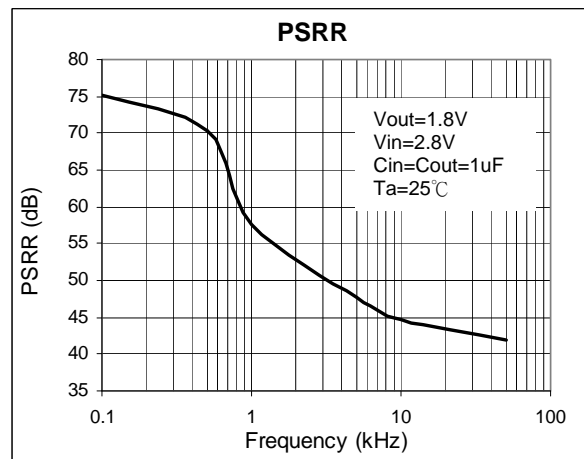
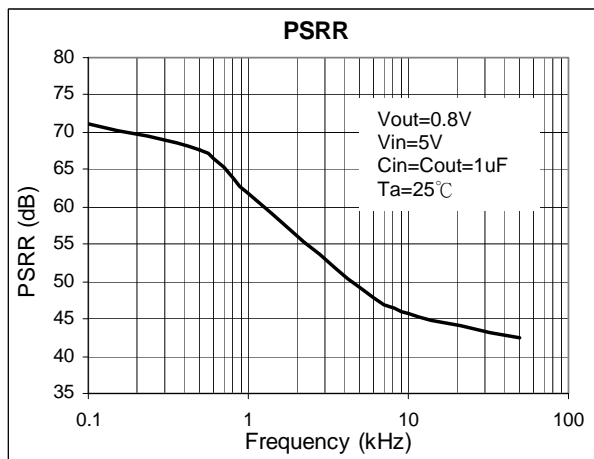
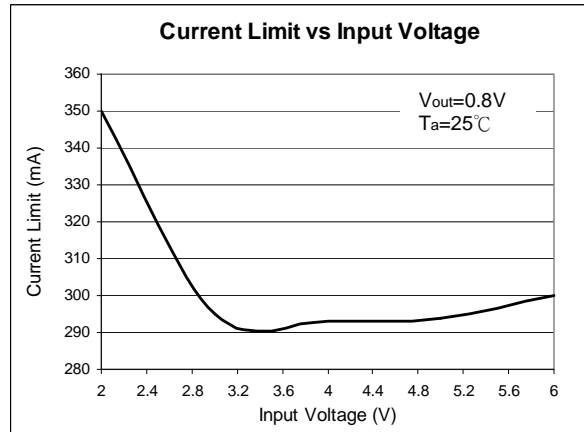
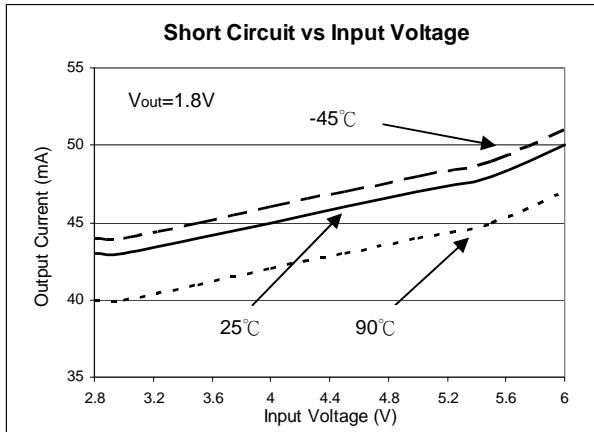
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
$I_Q$	Input Quiescent Current	$V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$	—	55	75	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT} = 150\text{mA}$		65	85	
$I_{SHDN}$	Input Shutdown Current	$V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$	—		1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{LEAK}$	Input Leakage Current	$V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT}$ grounded	—		1	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{DROPOUT}$	Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	$I_{OUT} = 150\text{mA}$		150	300	mV
$V_{REF}$	ADJ Reference Voltage (Adjustable version)	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$		0.4		V
$I_{ADJ}$	ADJ Leakage (Adjustable version)		—		1	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Accuracy	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{OUT} = 30\text{mA}$	-2		2	%
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}/V}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1\text{V})$ to $V_{IN-Max}$ , $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1\text{mA}$		0.01	0.20	%/V
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{I_{OUT}}$	Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1\text{V})$ to $V_{IN-Max}$ , $I_{OUT}$ from 1mA to 150mA	-0.6		0.6	%
$t_{ST}$	Start-up Time	$V_{EN} = 0\text{V}$ to $2.0\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 1.8\text{V}$ $I_{OUT} = 150\text{mA}$		80		$\mu\text{s}$
PSRR	PSRR	$V_{IN} = [V_{OUT} + 1\text{V}]V_{DC} + 0.5V_{ppAC}$ , $f = 100\text{Hz}$ , $I_{OUT} = 30\text{mA}$		65		dB
$I_{SHORT}$	Short-circuit Current	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-Min}$ to $V_{IN-Max}$ , $V_{OUT} < 0.2\text{V}$		50		mA
$I_{LIMIT}$	Current Limit	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1\text{V})$ to $V_{IN-Max}$ , $V_{OUT}/R_{OUT} = 0.5\text{A}$	200	300		mA
$V_{IL}$	EN Input Logic Low Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-Min}$ to $V_{IN-Max}$			0.4	V
$V_{IH}$	EN Input Logic High Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-Min}$ to $V_{IN-Max}$	1.4			V
$I_{EN}$	EN Input Current	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ or $V_{IN-Max}$	-1		1	$\mu\text{A}$
$T_{SHDN}$	Thermal Shutdown Threshold			140		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{HYS}$	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			15		$^\circ\text{C}$
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	SOT25 (Note 6)		190		$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Notes: 5. Dropout voltage is the voltage difference between the input and the output at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value. This parameter only applies to output voltages above 1.8V.  
6. Test conditions for SOT25: Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PCB, with minimum recommended pad layout, 2oz copper, single sided

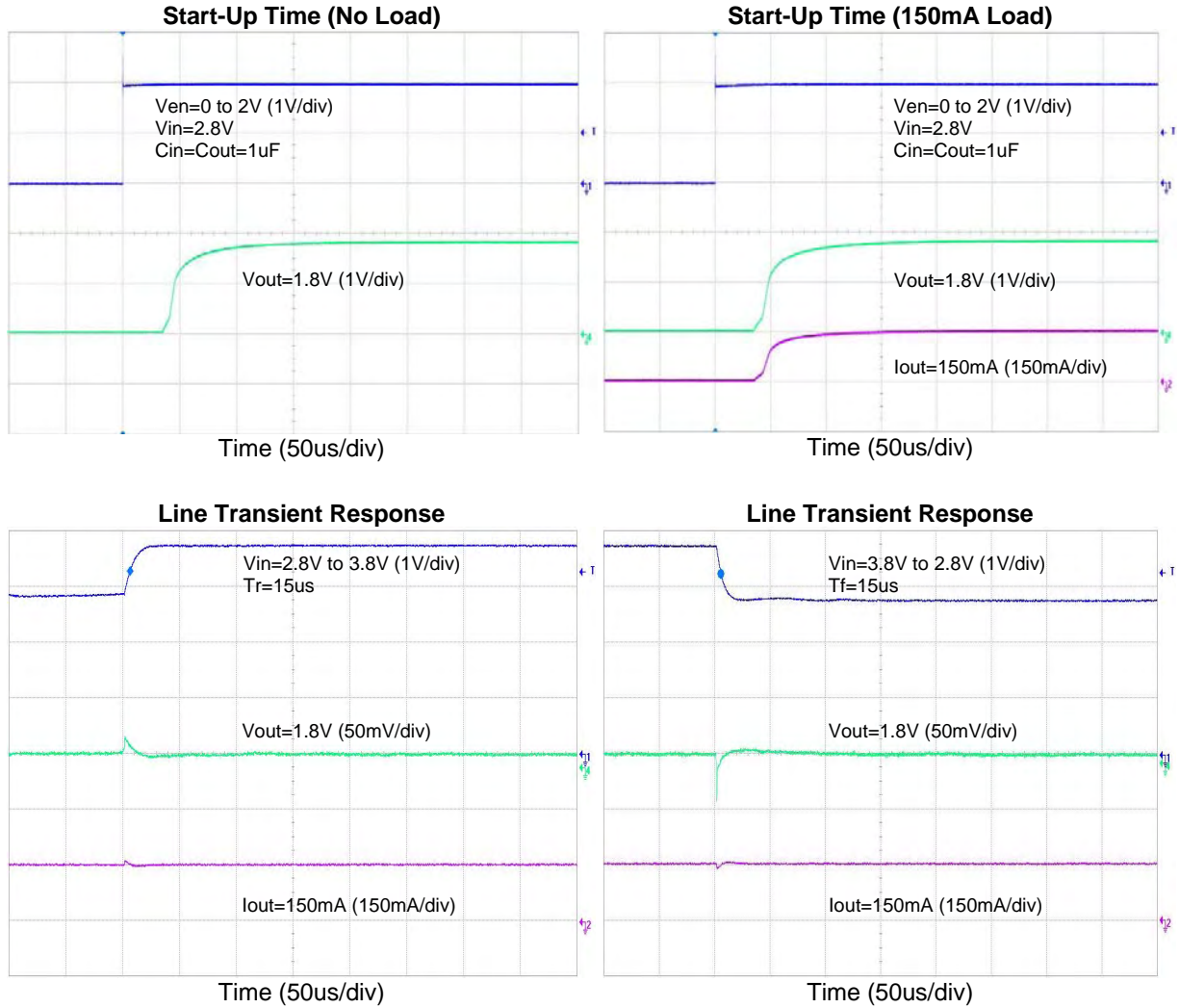
**Typical Performance Characteristics**



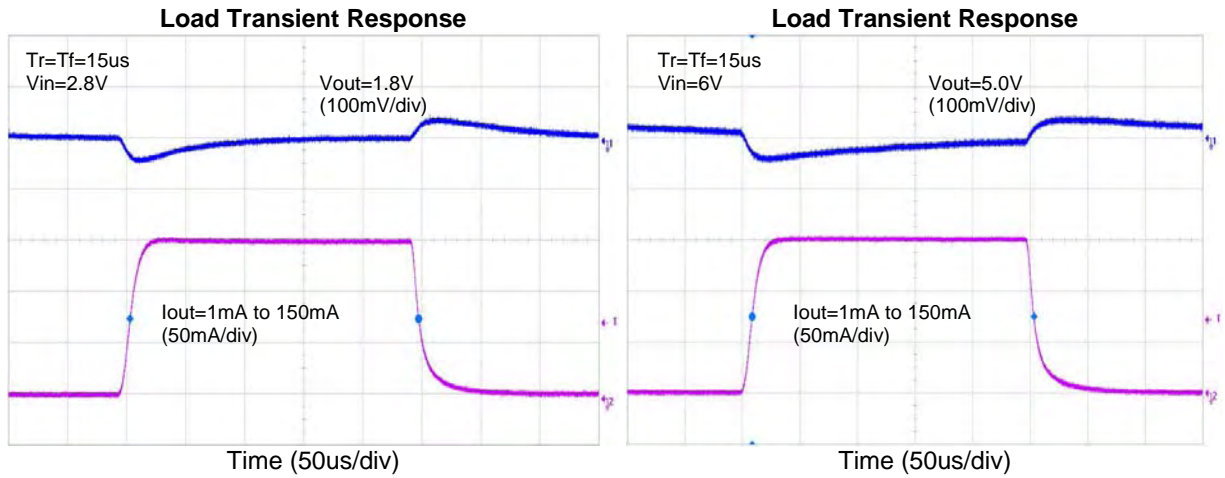
**Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)**



**Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)**



**Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)**



### Application Note

#### Input Capacitor

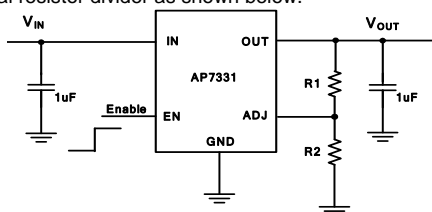
A 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor is recommended to connect between  $V_{IN}$  and GND pins to decouple input power supply glitch and noise. The amount of the capacitance may be increased without limit. This input capacitor must be located as close as possible to the device to assure input stability and less noise. For PCB layout, a wide copper trace is required for both  $V_{IN}$  and GND. A lower ESR capacitor allows the use of less capacitance, while higher ESR type requires more capacitance.

#### Output Capacitor

The output capacitor is required to stabilize and help transient response for LDO. The AP7311 is stable with very small ceramic output capacitors. The recommended capacitance is from 1 $\mu$ F to 4.7 $\mu$ F, Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) is from 10m $\Omega$  to 200m $\Omega$ , and temperature characteristic is X7R or X5R. Higher capacitance values help to improve load/line transient response. The output capacitance may be increased to keep low undershoot/overshoot. Place output capacitor as close as possible to OUT and GND pins, and keep the leads as short as possible.

#### Adjustable Operation

The AP7311 provides output voltage from 0.8V to 5.0V through external resistor divider as shown below.



The output voltage is calculated by:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( 1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right)$$

Where  $V_{REF}=0.4V$  (the internal reference voltage)

Rearranging the equation will give the following that is used for adjusting the output to a particular voltage:

$$R_1 = R_2 \left( \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1 \right)$$

To maintain the stability of the internal reference voltage,  $R_2$  need to be kept smaller than 125k $\Omega$ .

#### No Load Stability

Other than external resistor divider, no minimum load is required to keep the device stable. The device will remain stable and regulated in no load condition.

#### ON/OFF Input Operation

The AP7311 is turned on by setting the EN pin high, and is turned off by pulling it low. If this feature is not used, the EN pin should be tied to IN pin to keep the regulator output on at all time. To ensure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the EN pin must be able to swing above and below the specified turn-on/off voltage thresholds listed in the Electrical

Characteristics section under  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$ .

#### Current Limit Protection

When output current at OUT pin is higher than current limit threshold, the current limit protection will be triggered and clamp the output current to approximately 300mA to prevent over-current and to protect the regulator from damage due to overheating.

#### Short Circuit Protection

When OUT pin is short-circuit to GND or OUT pin voltage is less than 200mV, short circuit protection will be triggered and clamp the output current to approximately 50mA. This feature protects the regulator from over-current and damage due to overheating.

#### Thermal Shutdown Protection

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately +140 $^{\circ}$ C, allowing the device to cool down. When the junction temperature reduces to approximately +125 $^{\circ}$ C the output circuitry is enabled again. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the heat dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage due to overheating.

#### Ultra Fast Start-up

After enabled, the AP7311 is able to provide full power in as little as tens of microseconds, typically 80 $\mu$ s, without sacrificing low ground current. This feature will help load circuitry move in and out of standby mode in real time, eventually extend battery life for mobile phones and other portable devices.

#### Fast Transient Response

Fast transient response LDOs can extend battery life. TDMA-based cell phone protocols such as Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) have a transmit/receive duty factor of only 12.5 percent, enabling power savings by putting much of the baseband circuitry into standby mode in between transmit cycles. In baseband circuits, the load often transitions virtually instantaneously from 100 $\mu$ A to 100mA. To meet this load requirement, the LDO must react very quickly without a large voltage drop or overshoot — a requirement that cannot be met with conventional, general-purpose LDOs.

The AP7311's fast transient response from 0 to 150mA provides stable voltage supply for fast DSP and GSM chipset with fast changing load.

#### Small Overshoot and Undershoot

The AP7311 has small and controlled overshoot and undershoot in load and line transitions. This helps to protect supplied circuit from damage and operation error caused by glitches. This feature also permits the usage of small value output decoupling capacitor with AP7311.

#### Low Quiescent Current

The AP7311, consuming only around 65 $\mu$ A for all input range and output loading, provides great power saving in portable and low power applications.

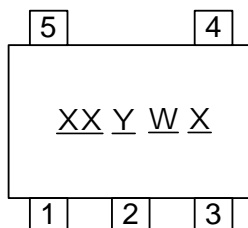
#### Wide Output Range

The AP7311, with a wide output range of 0.8V to 5.0V, provides a versatile LDO solution for many portable applications.

## Marking Information

(1) SOT25

( Top View )

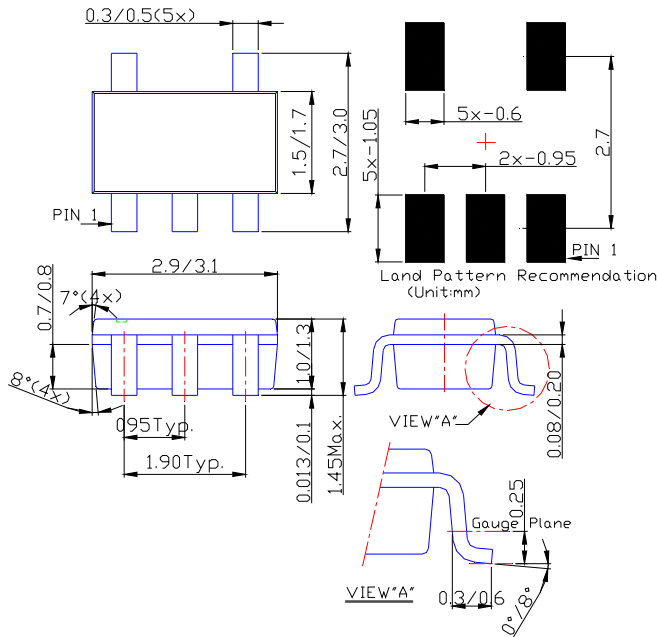


XX : Identification code  
Y : Year 0~9  
W : Week : A~Z : 1~26 week;  
a~z : 27~52 week; z represents  
52 and 53 week  
X : A~Z : Green

Device	Package	Identification Code
AP7311-ADJ	SOT25	RM
AP7311-10	SOT25	RN
AP7311-12	SOT25	RP
AP7311-15	SOT25	RR
AP7311-18	SOT25	RS
AP7311-20	SOT25	RT
AP7311-25	SOT25	RU
AP7311-28	SOT25	RV
AP7311-30	SOT25	RW
AP7311-33	SOT25	RX

**Package Information (All Dimensions in mm)**

**(1) Package Type: SOT25**



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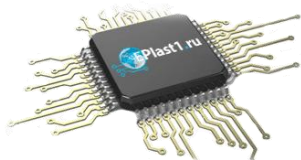
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#### Как с нами связаться

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