

1 Channel Compact High Side Switch ICs Output OFF Latch High Side Switch ICs

BD6538G

General Description

BD6538G is a high-side switch IC using a single N-Channel MOSFET with low ON-Resistance. Moreover, safety functions such as Over-Current Detection (OCD), Thermal Shutdown (TSD), Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO) and soft start function which are required for the power supply port protection are integrated into 1chip.

Features

- Built in Single Low ON-Resistance (Typ= 150mΩ) N-Channel MOSFET
- Control Input Logic: Active-High
- Soft Start Function
- Over-Current Detection
 (Output Off-Latch Operating)
- Thermal Shutdown
- Open Drain Error Flag Output
- Under Voltage Lockout

Applications

USB hub in consumer appliances, PC, PC peripheral equipment, and so forth

Key Specifications

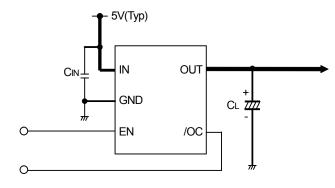
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	Input Voltage Range:	2.7V to 5.5V
	Continuous Load Current:	0.5A
	ON-Resistance:	150mΩ(Typ)
	Over-Current Threshold:	0.5A (Min), 1.0A (Max)
	Standby Current:	0.01µA (Typ)
	Operating Temperature Rang	ge: -40°C to +85°C

Package

W(Typ) D(Typ) H (Max)



Typical Application Circuit

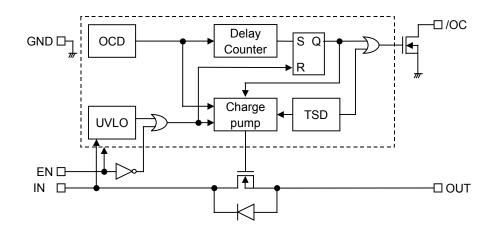


Lineup

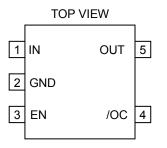
Ove	r-Current Thres	hold	Control Input Backage		Orderable Part Number		
Min	Тур	Max	Logic	Package		Orderable Part Number	
0.5A	-	1.0A	High	SSOP5 Reel of 3000		BD6538G-TR	

OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product has not designed protection against radioactive rays

Block Diagram



Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Γ	Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Pin Function
	1	IN		Power supply input terminal. Input terminal to the power switch and supply of the internal circuit.
	2	GND	-	Ground.
	3	EN	Ι	Power switch enable input (active high).
	4	/OC	0	Over-current output. Low level at over-current detection. Open drain output.
	5	OUT	0	Power switch output.

Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Enable Voltage	V _{EN}	-0.3 to +6.0	V
/OC Voltage	V _{/OC}	-0.3 to +6.0	V
/OC Current	I _{/OC}	5	mA
OUT Voltage	V _{OUT}	-0.3 to V _{IN} + 0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Power Dissipation	Pd	0.67 ^(Note 1)	W

(Note 1) Mounted on a 70mm x 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. Derate by 5.4mW/°C above Ta = 25°C Caution: Operating the IC over the absolute maximum ratings may damage the IC. The damage can either be a short circuit between pins or an open circuit between pins and the internal circuitry. Therefore, it is important to consider circuit protection measures, such as adding a fuse, in case the IC is operated over the absolute maximum ratings.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	
Falancici	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Operating Voltage	V _{IN}	2.7	-	5.5	V	
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40	-	+85	°C	
Continuous Output Current	I _{OUT}	0	-	0.5	А	

Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified V_{IN} = 5.0V, Ta = 25°C

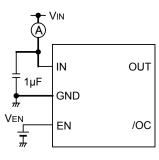
DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Limit			unit	Conditions	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	unit	Conditions	
Operating Current	I _{DD}	-	110	160	μA	V _{EN} = 5.0V, V _{OUT} = Open	
Standby Current	I _{STB}	-	0.01	5	μA	V _{EN} = 0V, V _{OUT} = Open	
EN Input Voltago	V_{ENH}	2.0	-	-	V	High Input	
EN Input Voltage	V_{ENL}	-	-	0.8	V	Low Input	
EN Input Current	I _{EN}	-1.0	+0.01	+1.0	μA	V _{EN} =0V or 5V	
ON-Resistance	Ron	-	150	200	mΩ	I _{OUT} = 50mA	
Over-Current Threshold	I _{TH}	0.5	-	1.0	А	-	
Output Current at Short	Isc	0.35	-	-	А	V _{OUT} = 0V (RMS)	
/OC Output Low Voltage	V _{/OC}	-	-	0.4	V	I _{/OC} = 0.5mA	
UVLO Threshold	V _{TUVH}	2.1	2.3	2.5	V	Increasing V _{IN}	
	V _{TUVL}	2.0	2.2	2.4	V	Decreasing V _{IN}	

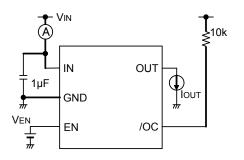
AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Limit			unit	Conditions
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	um	Conditions
Output Rise Time	t _{ON1}	-	1	6	ms	R_L = 20 Ω , Figure 2. Ref.
Output Rise Delay Time	t _{ON2}	-	1.5	10	ms	R_L = 20 Ω , Figure 2. Ref.
Output Fall Time	t _{OFF1}	-	1	20	μs	R_L = 20 Ω , Figure 2. Ref.
Output Fall Delay Time	t _{OFF2}	-	3	40	μs	R_L = 20 Ω , Figure 2. Ref.
Blanking Time	t _{BLANK}	10	15	20	ms	-

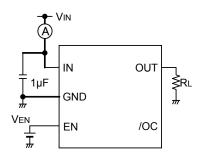
Measurement Circuit



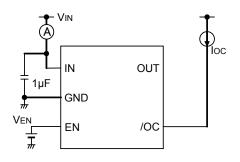
A. Operating Current



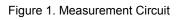
C. ON-Resistance, Over-Current Detection



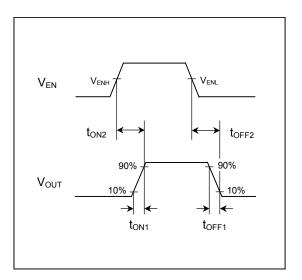
B. EN Input Voltage, Output Rise / Fall Time

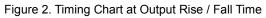


D. /OC Output Low Voltage

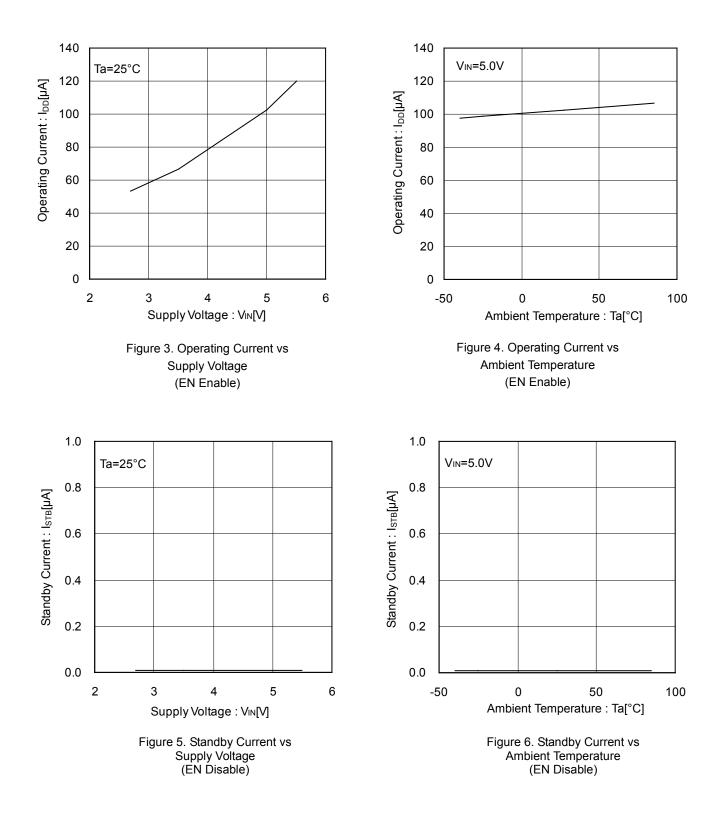


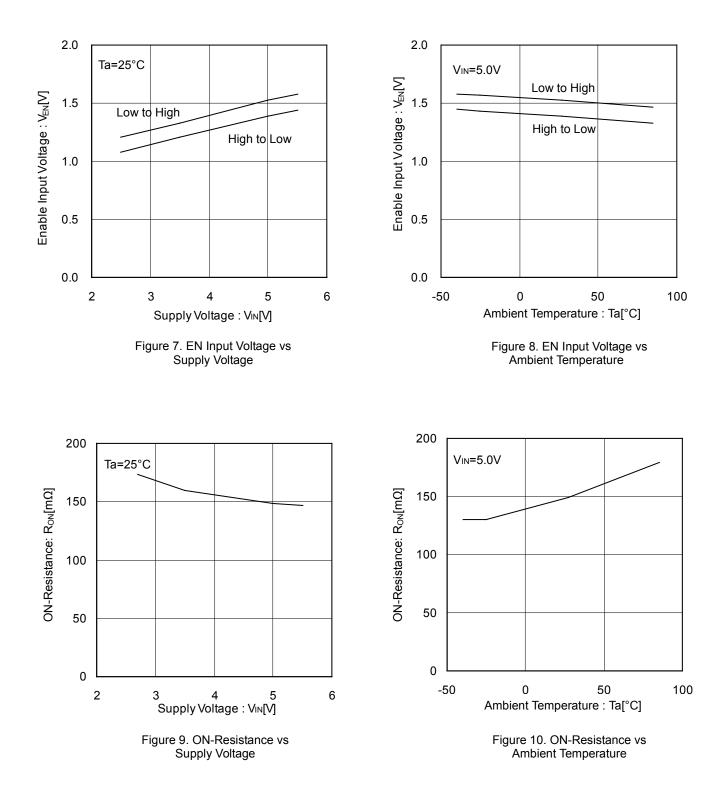
Timing Diagram

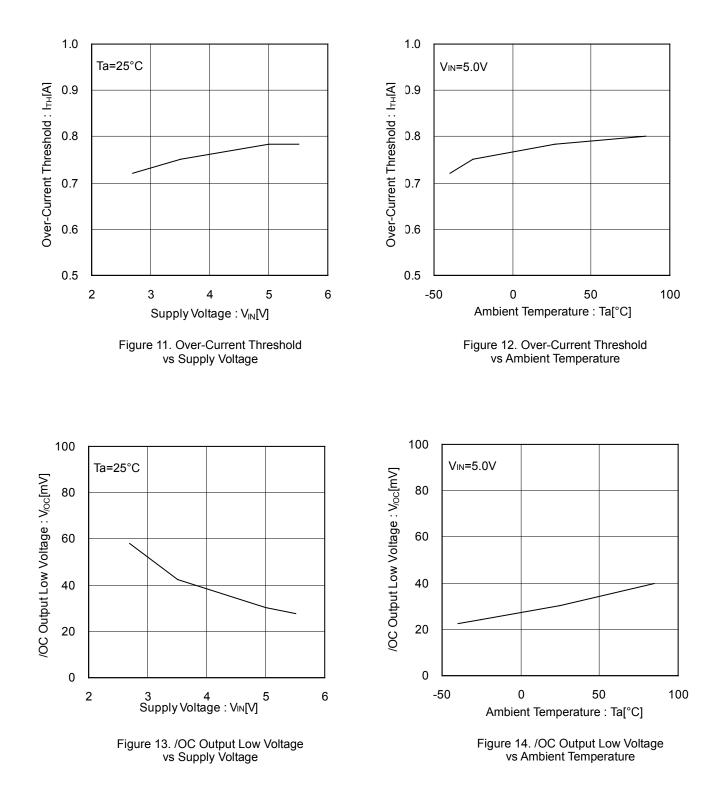


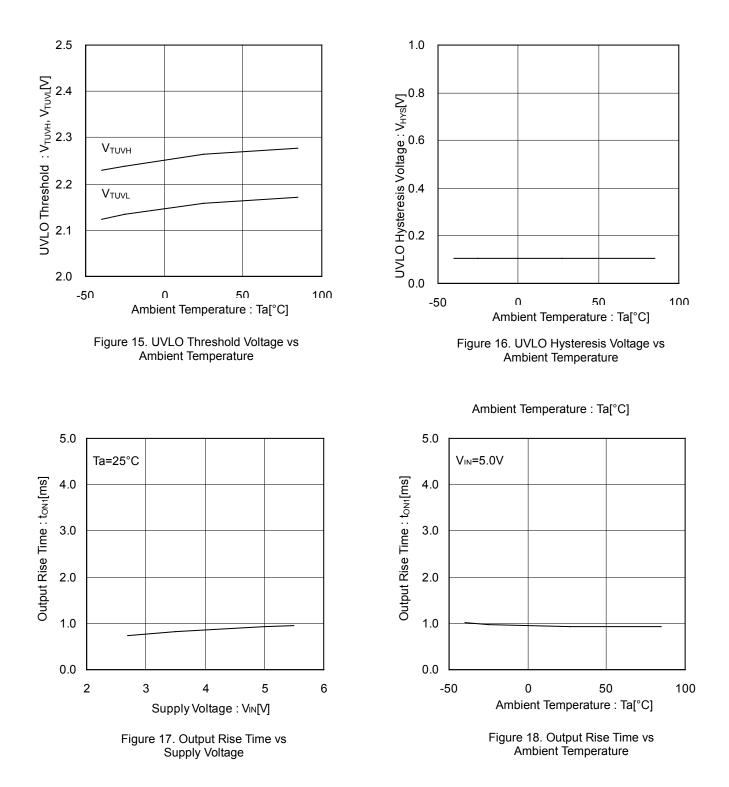


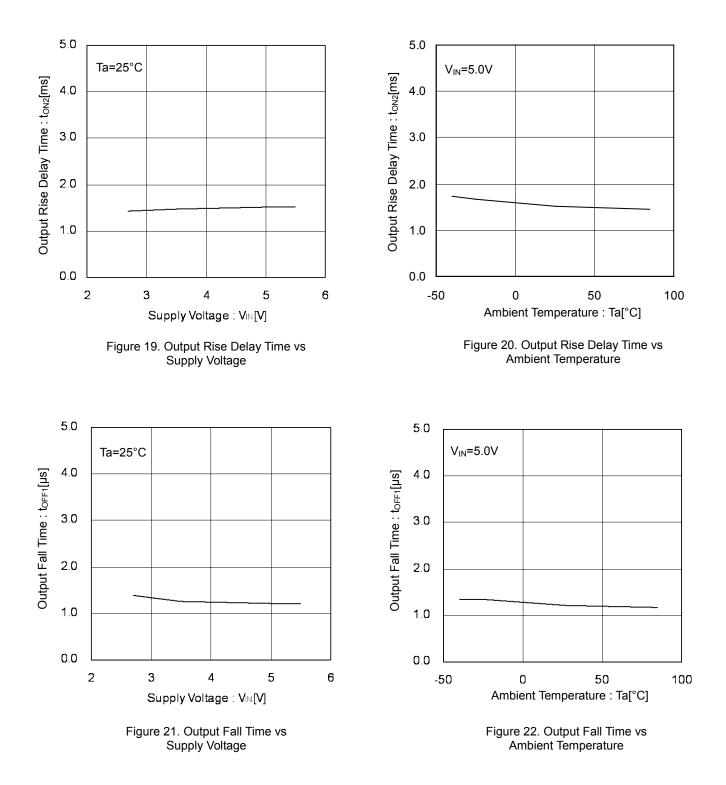
Typical Performance Curves











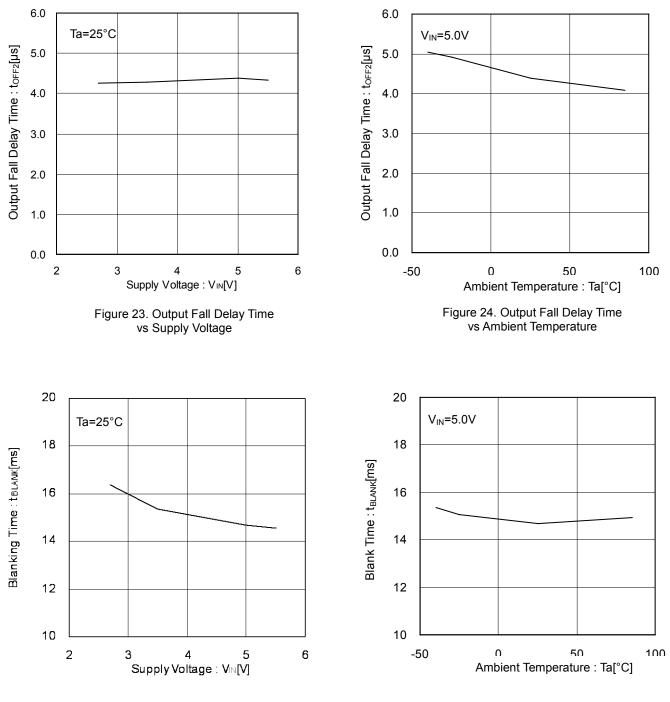
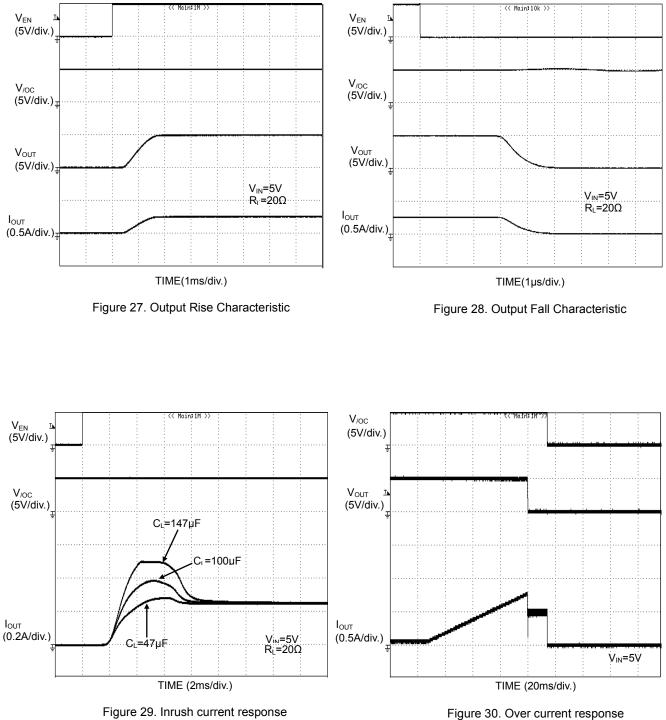


Figure 25. Blanking Time vs Supply Voltage

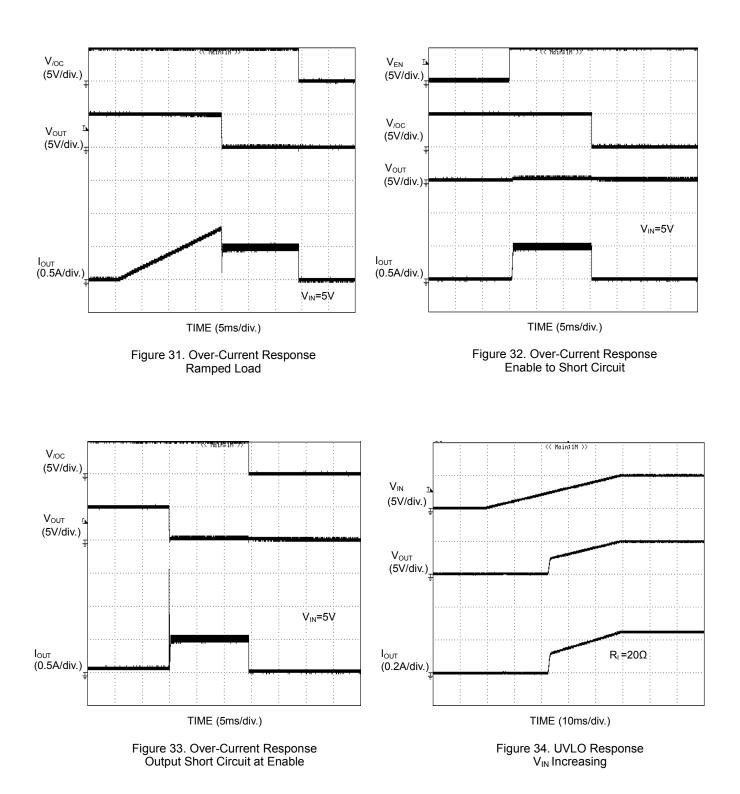
Figure 26. Blank Time vs Ambient Temperature

Typical Wave Forms



Ramped load

Typical Wave Forms - continued



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Typical Wave Forms - continued

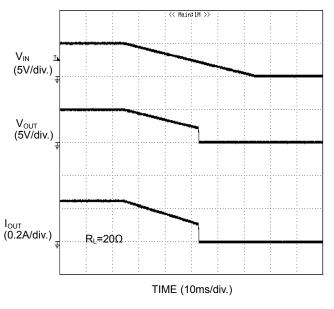
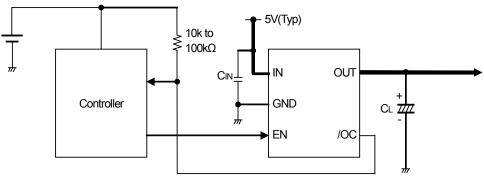


Figure 35. UVLO response V_{IN} Decreasing

Typical Application Circuit



Application Information

When excessive current flows due to output short circuit or so, ringing occurs by inductance of power source line and IC. This may cause bad effects on IC operations. In order to avoid this case, a bypass capacitor (C_{IN}) should be connected across the IN terminal and GND terminal of IC. A 1µF capacitor or higher value is recommended. Moreover, in order to decrease voltage fluctuations of power source line and IC, connect a low ESR capacitor in parallel with C_{IN} . A 10µF to 100µF capacitor or higher value is effective.

Use a $10k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$ Pull up resistor to /OC.

Set up values for C_L which satisfies the application.

This application circuit does not guarantee its operation. When using the circuit with changes to the external circuit constants, make sure to leave an adequate margin for external components including AC/DC characteristics as well as dispersion of the IC.

Functional Description

1. Over-Current Detection (OCD)

The over-current detection circuit limits current flowing in the MOSFET switch when it exceeds its limit threshold. The timer is reset when the state of the over-current is terminated before passing of T_{BLANK} . After a state of over-current is passed during dead time, the switch is shut down and the over-current signal (/OC) changes to Low level. The latch is reset when EN input is Low or when UVLO is detected. Normal operation is returned by EN signal set to High or UVLO is off. (Figure 36, Figure 37).

The over-current detection circuit works when the switch is on (EN signal is active). There are three types of response against over-current:

- (1) When the switch is turned on while the output is in short circuit status, the switch goes into current limit status immediately.
- (2) When the output short circuits or high-current load is connected while the switch is on, very large current flows until the over-current limit circuit reacts. When the current detection and limit circuit works, current limitation is carried out.
- (3) When the output current increases gradually, current limitation does not work until the output current exceeds the over-current detection value. When it exceeds the detection value, current limitation is carried out.

2. Thermal Shutdown Circuit (TSD)

Thermal shutdown circuit turns off the switch and the IC outputs an error flag (/OC) when the junction temperature exceeds 170°C (Typ). Therefore, when the junction temperature goes lower than 150°C (Typ), the switch turns ON and error flag (/OC) is cancelled. This operation is repeated until the cause of junction temperature increase is removed or EN signal is turned OFF.

The thermal shutdown circuit is in operation when the power switch is ON (when EN signal is active).

3. Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

UVLO keeps the power switch off until V_{IN} voltage exceeds 2.3V (Typ). On the other hand, if the power switch is ON and V_{IN} voltage drops to 2.2V (Typ), the power switch turns OFF. UVLO has hysteresis of a 100mV (Typ).

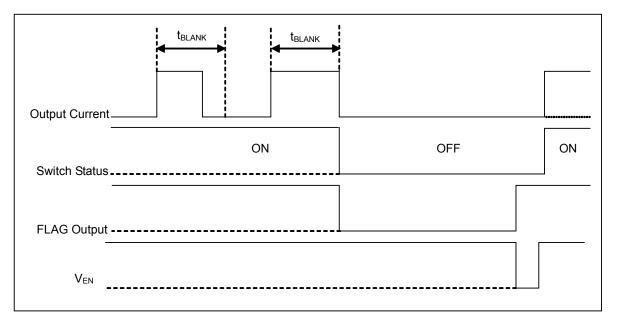
Under-voltage lockout circuit works when the switch is on (EN signal is active).

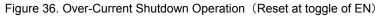
4. Error Flag (/OC) Output

Error flag output is an N-MOS open drain output. When over-current and thermal shutdown is detected, output becomes low.

Over-current detection has delay filter. This delay filter prevents over-current detection flags from being sent during instantaneous events such as inrush current at switch on or during hot plug.

Over-Current Shutdown Operating





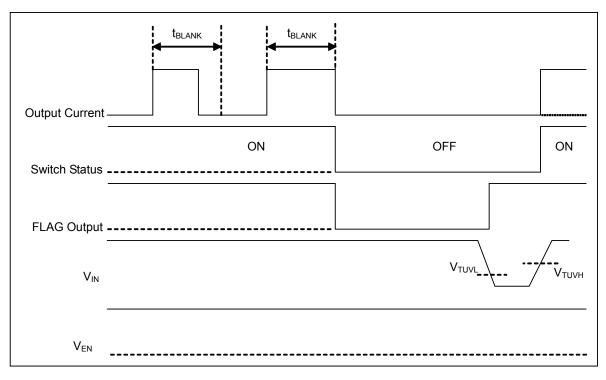
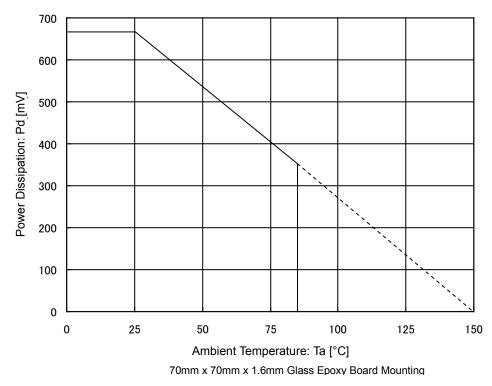


Figure 37. Over-Current Shutdown Operation (Reset at reclosing of power supply V_{IN})

Power Dissipation (SSOP5 package)





I/O Equivalence Circuit

Symbol	Pin No.	Equivalence Circuit
EN	3	
OUT	5	
/OC	4	

Operational Notes

1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Separate the ground and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks to prevent noise in the ground and supply lines of the digital block from affecting the analog block. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the two ground traces should be routed separately but connected to a single ground at the reference point of the application board to avoid fluctuations in the small-signal ground caused by large currents. Also ensure that the ground traces of external components do not cause variations on the ground voltage. The ground lines must be as short and thick as possible to reduce line impedance.

5. Thermal Consideration

Should by any chance the power dissipation rating be exceeded the rise in temperature of the chip may result in deterioration of the properties of the chip. The absolute maximum rating of the Pd stated in this specification is when the IC is mounted on a 70mm x 70mm x 1.6mm glass epoxy board. In case of exceeding this absolute maximum rating, increase the board size and copper area to prevent exceeding the Pd rating.

6. Recommended Operating Conditions

These conditions represent a range within which the expected characteristics of the IC can be approximately obtained. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

7. In rush Current

When power is first supplied to the IC, it is possible that the internal logic may be unstable and inrush current may flow instantaneously due to the internal powering sequence and delays, especially if the IC has more than one power supply. Therefore, give special consideration to power coupling capacitance, power wiring, width of ground wiring, and routing of connections.

8. Operation Under Strong Electromagnetic Field

Operating the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.

9. Testing on Application Boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor directly to a low-impedance output pin may subject the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors completely after each process or step. The IC's power supply should always be turned off completely before connecting or removing it from the test setup during the inspection process. To prevent damage from static discharge, ground the IC during assembly and use similar precautions during transport and storage.

10. Inter-pin Short and Mounting Errors

Ensure that the direction and position are correct when mounting the IC on the PCB. Incorrect mounting may result in damaging the IC. Avoid nearby pins being shorted to each other especially to ground, power supply and output pin. Inter-pin shorts could be due to many reasons such as metal particles, water droplets (in very humid environment) and unintentional solder bridge deposited in between pins during assembly to name a few.

Operational Notes - continued

11. Unused Input Pins

Input pins of an IC are often connected to the gate of a MOS transistor. The gate has extremely high impedance and extremely low capacitance. If left unconnected, the electric field from the outside can easily charge it. The small charge acquired in this way is enough to produce a significant effect on the conduction through the transistor and cause unexpected operation of the IC. So unless otherwise specified, unused input pins should be connected to the power supply or ground line.

12. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate lavers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode. When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

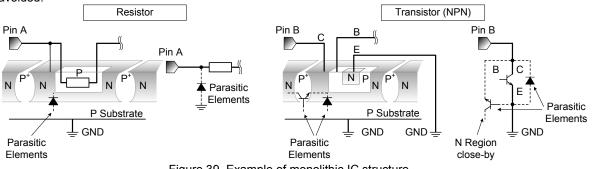


Figure 39. Example of monolithic IC structure

13. Ceramic Capacitor

When using a ceramic capacitor, determine the dielectric constant considering the change of capacitance with temperature and the decrease in nominal capacitance due to DC bias and others.

14. Thermal Shutdown Circuit(TSD)

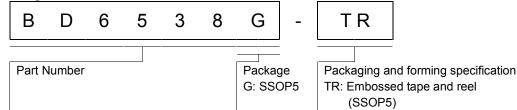
This IC has a built-in thermal shutdown circuit that prevents heat damage to the IC. Normal operation should always be within the IC's power dissipation rating. If however the rating is exceeded for a continued period, the junction temperature (Tj) will rise which will activate the TSD circuit that will turn OFF all output pins. When the Tj falls below the TSD threshold, the circuits are automatically restored to normal operation.

Note that the TSD circuit operates in a situation that exceeds the absolute maximum ratings and therefore, under no circumstances, should the TSD circuit be used in a set design or for any purpose other than protecting the IC from heat damage.

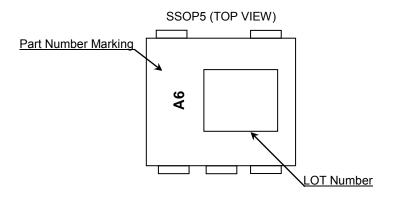
15. Thermal design

Perform thermal design in which there are adequate margins by taking into account the power dissipation (Pd) in actual states of use.

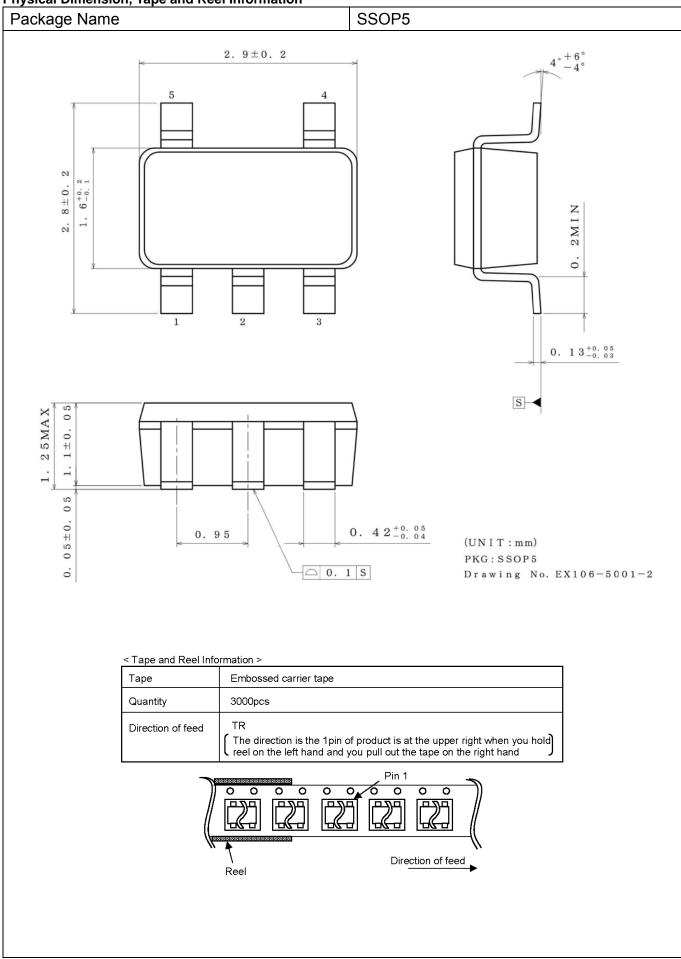
Ordering Information



Marking Diagram



Physical Dimension, Tape and Reel Information



Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes
08.Mar.2013	001	New Release
21.Aug.2014	002	Applied the ROHM Standard Style and improved understandability. Add applications. Revised I/O Equivalence Circuit of EN PIN.

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 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

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- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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