## Features

- Fast Read Access Time 120 ns
- Automatic Page Write Operation
  - Internal Address and Data Latches for 128 Bytes
  - Internal Control Timer
- Fast Write Cycle Time
  - Page Write Cycle Time 10 ms Maximum
  - 1 to 128-byte Page Write Operation
- Low Power Dissipation
  - 40 mA Active Current
  - 200 µA CMOS Standby Current
- Hardware and Software Data Protection
- DATA Polling for End of Write Detection
- High Reliability CMOS Technology
  - Endurance: 10<sup>4</sup> or 10<sup>5</sup> Cycles
    - Data Retention: 10 Years
- Single 5V  $\pm 10\%$  Supply
- CMOS and TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- JEDEC Approved Byte-wide Pinout
- Industrial Temperature Ranges
- Green (Pb/Halide-free) Packaging Option Only

## 1. Description

The AT28C010 is a high-performance electrically-erasable and programmable readonly memory. Its 1 megabit of memory is organized as 131,072 words by 8 bits. Manufactured with Atmel's advanced nonvolatile CMOS technology, the device offers access times to 120 ns with power dissipation of just 220 mW. When the device is deselected, the CMOS standby current is less than 200  $\mu$ A.

The AT28C010 is accessed like a Static RAM for the read or write cycle without the need for external components. The device contains a 128-byte page register to allow writing of up to 128 bytes simultaneously. During a write cycle, the address and 1 to 128 bytes of data are internally latched, freeing the address and data bus for other operations. Following the initiation of a write cycle, the device will automatically write the latched data using an internal control timer. The end of a write cycle can be detected by DATA polling of I/O7. Once the end of a write cycle has been detected a new access for a read or write can begin.

Atmel's AT28C010 has additional features to ensure high quality and manufacturability. The device utilizes internal error correction for extended endurance and improved data retention characteristics. An optional software data protection mechanism is available to guard against inadvertent writes. The device also includes an extra 128 bytes of EEPROM for device identification or tracking.



1-megabit (128K x 8) Paged Parallel EEPROM

# AT28C010

0353I-PEEPR-08/09



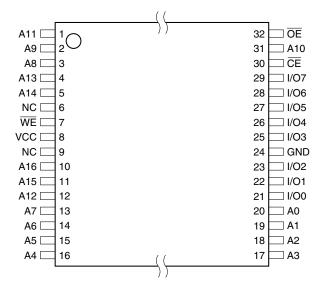
## 2. Pin Configurations

Pin Name	Function
A0 - A16	Addresses
CE	Chip Enable
ŌĒ	Output Enable
WE	Write Enable
I/O0 - I/O7	Data Inputs/Outputs
NC	No Connect
DC	Don't Connect

### 2.2 32-lead PLCC Top View

		□ A15		ВС	$\square$	$\square$		1
A7 🗆	5	t က	N	0	32	ω	ଳ 29	
A6 🗆	6			Ŭ			28	
A5 🗆	7						27	🗆 A8
A4 🗆	8						26	🗆 A9
АЗ 🗆	9						25	🗆 A11
A2 🗆	10						24	
A1 🗆	11						23	A10
A0 🗆	12						22	
I/O0 🗆	13	н ю	9	~	8	19	<sup>21</sup>	1/07
	-		÷	÷	÷	<del>-</del>	50	
	Ę	00		/03 [	04□	/05 □	∪ 9O/	
	-		Q	_	_	_	_	

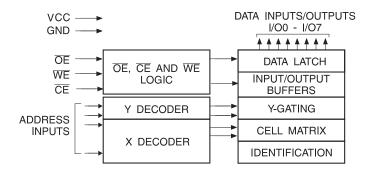
Note: PLCC package pin 1 is Don't Connect.



### 2.1 32-lead TSOP Top View



### 3. Block Diagram



### 4. Device Operation

### 4.1 Read

The AT28C010 is accessed like a Static RAM. When  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  are low and  $\overline{WE}$  is high, the data stored at the memory location determined by the address pins is asserted on the outputs. The outputs are put in the high impedance state when either  $\overline{CE}$  or  $\overline{OE}$  is high. This dual-line control gives designers flexibility in preventing bus contention in their system.

### 4.2 Byte Write

A low pulse on the  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CE}$  input with  $\overline{CE}$  or  $\overline{WE}$  low (respectively) and  $\overline{OE}$  high initiates a write cycle. The address is latched on the falling edge of  $\overline{CE}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ , whichever occurs last. The data is latched by the first rising edge of  $\overline{CE}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ . Once a byte write has been started it will automatically time itself to completion. Once a programming operation has been initiated and for the duration of  $t_{WC}$ , a read operation will effectively be a polling operation.

#### 4.3 Page Write

The page write operation of the AT28C010 allows 1 to 128 bytes of data to be written into the device during a single internal programming period. A page write operation is initiated in the same manner as a byte write; the first byte written can then be followed by 1 to 127 additional bytes. Each successive byte must be written within 150  $\mu$ s (t<sub>BLC</sub>) of the previous byte. If the t<sub>BLC</sub> limit is exceeded the AT28C010 will cease accepting data and commence the internal programming operation. All bytes during a page write operation must reside on the same page as defined by the state of the A7 - A16 inputs. For each WE high to low transition during the page write operation, A7 - A16 must be the same.

The A0 to A6 inputs are used to specify which bytes within the page are to be written. The bytes may be loaded in any order and may be altered within the same load period. Only bytes which are specified for writing will be written; unnecessary cycling of other bytes within the page does not occur.

### 4.4 DATA Polling

The AT28C010 features  $\overline{\text{DATA}}$  Polling to indicate the end of a write cycle. During a byte or page write cycle an attempted read of the last byte written will result in the complement of the written data to be presented on I/O<sub>7</sub>. Once the write cycle has been completed, true data is valid on all outputs, and the next write cycle may begin.  $\overline{\text{DATA}}$  Polling may begin at anytime during the write cycle.





### 4.5 Toggle Bit

In addition to DATA Polling the AT28C010 provides another method for determining the end of a write cycle. During the write operation, successive attempts to read data from the device will result in I/O6 toggling between one and zero. Once the write has completed, I/O6 will stop toggling and valid data will be read. Reading the toggle bit may begin at any time during the write cycle.

### 4.6 Data Protection

If precautions are not taken, inadvertent writes may occur during transitions of the host system power supply. Atmel<sup>®</sup> has incorporated both hardware and software features that will protect the memory against inadvertent writes.

#### 4.6.1 Hardware Protection

Hardware features protect against inadvertent writes to the AT28C010 in the following ways: (a)  $V_{CC}$  sense – if  $V_{CC}$  is below 3.8V (typical) the write function is inhibited; (b)  $V_{CC}$  power-on delay – once  $V_{CC}$  has reached 3.8V the device will automatically time out 5 ms (typical) before allowing a write; (c) write inhibit – holding any one of  $\overline{OE}$  low,  $\overline{CE}$  high or  $\overline{WE}$  high inhibits write cycles; and (d) noise filter—pulses of less than 15 ns (typical) on the  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CE}$  inputs will not initiate a write cycle.

#### 4.6.2 Software Data Protection

A software controlled data protection feature has been implemented on the AT28C010. When enabled, the software data protection (SDP), will prevent inadvertent writes. The SDP feature may be enabled or disabled by the user; the AT28C010 is shipped from Atmel with SDP disabled.

SDP is enabled by the host system issuing a series of three write commands; three specific bytes of data are written to three specific addresses (refer to Software Data Protection Algorithm). After writing the 3-byte command sequence and after  $t_{WC}$  the entire AT28C010 will be protected against inadvertent write operations. It should be noted, that once protected the host may still perform a byte or page write to the AT28C010. This is done by preceding the data to be written by the same 3-byte command sequence used to enable SDP.

Once set, SDP will remain active unless the disable command sequence is issued. Power transitions do not disable SDP and SDP will protect the AT28C010 during power-up and power-down conditions. All command sequences must conform to the page write timing specifications. The data in the enable and disable command sequences is not written to the device and the memory addresses used in the sequence may be written with data in either a byte or page write operation.

After setting SDP, any attempt to write to the device without the 3-byte command sequence will start the internal write timers. No data will be written to the device; however, for the duration of  $t_{WC}$ , read operations will effectively be polling operations.

#### 4.7 Device Identification

An extra 128 bytes of EEPROM memory are available to the user for device identification. By raising A9 to 12V  $\pm$ 0.5V and using address locations 1FF80H to 1FFFFH the bytes may be written to or read from in the same manner as the regular memory array.

#### 4.8 Optional Chip Erase Mode

The entire device can be erased using a 6-byte software code. Please see Software Chip Erase application note for details.

# 4 **AT28C010**

## 5. DC and AC Operating Range

		AT28C010-12	AT28C010-15
Operating Temperature (Case)	Ind.	-40°C - 85°C	-40°C - 85°C
V <sub>CC</sub> Power Supply		5V ±10%	5V ±10%

### 6. Operating Modes

Mode	CE	ŌĒ	WE	I/O
Read	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	D <sub>OUT</sub>
Write <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	D <sub>IN</sub>
Standby/Write Inhibit	V <sub>IH</sub>	X <sup>(1)</sup>	Х	High Z
Write Inhibit	Х	Х	V <sub>IH</sub>	
Write Inhibit	Х	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	
Output Disable	Х	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	High Z

Notes: 1. X can be  $V_{IL}$  or  $V_{IH}$ .

2. Refer to AC Programming Waveforms.

## 7. Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Temperature Under Bias55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
All Input Voltages (including NC Pins) with Respect to Ground0.6V to +6.25V
All Output Voltages with Respect to Ground0.6V to $V_{CC}$ + 0.6V
Voltage on $\overline{OE}$ and A9 with Respect to Ground0.6V to +13.5V

\*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability

## 8. DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Units
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Load Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$ to $V_{CC} + 1V$		10	μA
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$V_{I/O} = 0V$ to $V_{CC}$		10	μA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Standby Current CMOS	$\overline{CE} = V_{CC} - 0.3V$ to $V_{CC} + 1V$		200	μA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Standby Current TTL	$\overline{CE} = 2.0V$ to $V_{CC} + 1V$		3	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Active Current	f = 5 MHz; I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA		40	mA
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage			0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		2.0		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA		0.45	V
V <sub>OH1</sub>	Output High Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA	2.4		V
V <sub>OH2</sub>	Output High Voltage CMOS	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5V	4.2		V

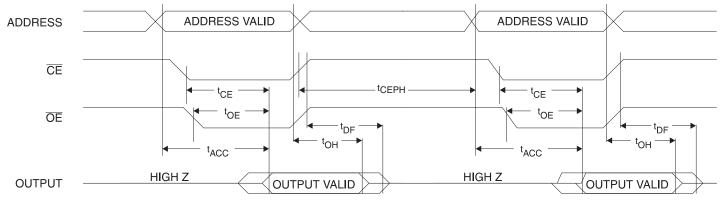




## 9. AC Read Characteristics

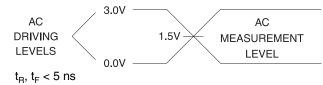
		AT28C010-		12 AT28C010-15		
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Address to Output Delay		120		150	ns
t <sub>CE</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	CE to Output Delay		120		150	ns
t <sub>OE</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	OE to Output Delay	0	50	0	55	ns
t <sub>DF</sub> <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$\overline{CE}$ or $\overline{OE}$ to Output Float	0	50	0	55	ns
t <sub>OH</sub>	Output Hold from $\overline{OE}$ , $\overline{CE}$ or Address, Whichever Occurred First	0		0		ns
t <sub>CEPH</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	CE Pulse High Time	50		50		ns

## 10. AC Read Waveforms<sup>(1)(2)(3)(4)</sup>

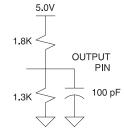


- Notes: 1.  $\overline{CE}$  may be delayed up to  $t_{ACC}$   $t_{CE}$  after the address transition without impact on  $t_{ACC}$ .
  - OE may be delayed up to t<sub>CE</sub> t<sub>OE</sub> after the falling edge of CE without impact on t<sub>CE</sub> or by t<sub>ACC</sub> t<sub>OE</sub> after an address change without impact on t<sub>ACC</sub>.
  - 3.  $t_{DF}$  is specified from  $\overline{OE}$  or  $\overline{CE}$  whichever occurs first (C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF).
  - 4. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.
  - 5. If CE is de-asserted, it must remain de-asserted for at least 50ns during read operations otherwise incorrect data may be read.

## **11. Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Level**



## 12. Output Test Load



## 13. Pin Capacitance

f = 1 MHz, T =  $25^{\circ}C^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Тур	Мах	Units	Conditions
C <sub>IN</sub>	4	10	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$
C <sub>OUT</sub>	8	12	pF	$V_{OUT} = 0V$

Note: 1. This parameter is characterized and is not 100% tested.



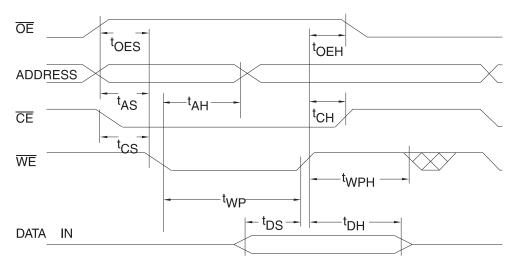


## 14. AC Write Characteristics

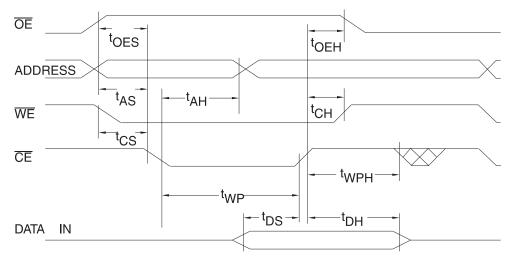
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Units
t <sub>AS</sub> , t <sub>OES</sub>	Address, OE Set-up Time	0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time	50		ns
t <sub>cs</sub>	Chip Select Set-up Time	0		ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Chip Select Hold Time	0		ns
t <sub>WP</sub>	Write Pulse Width ( $\overline{WE}$ or $\overline{CE}$ )	100		ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data Set-up Time	50		ns
t <sub>DH</sub> , t <sub>OEH</sub>	Data, OE Hold Time	0		ns

## 15. AC Write Waveforms

### 15.1 WE Controlled



### 15.2 CE Controlled

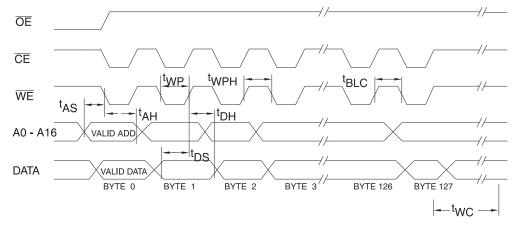


8 AT28C010

## 16. Page Mode Characteristics

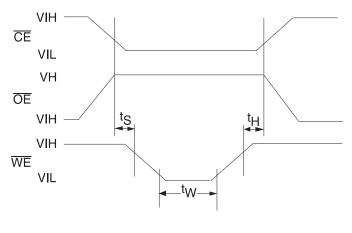
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
t <sub>wc</sub>	Write Cycle Time		10	ms
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Set-up Time	0		ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time	50		ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data Set-up Time	50		ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Hold Time	0		ns
t <sub>WP</sub>	Write Pulse Width	100		ns
t <sub>BLC</sub>	Byte Load Cycle Time		150	μs
t <sub>WPH</sub>	Write Pulse Width High	50		ns

## 17. Page Mode Write Waveforms<sup>(1)(2)</sup>



- Notes: 1. A7 through A16 must specify the same page address during each high to low transition of WE (or CE).
  2. OE must be high only when WE and CE are both low.

## 18. Chip Erase Waveforms



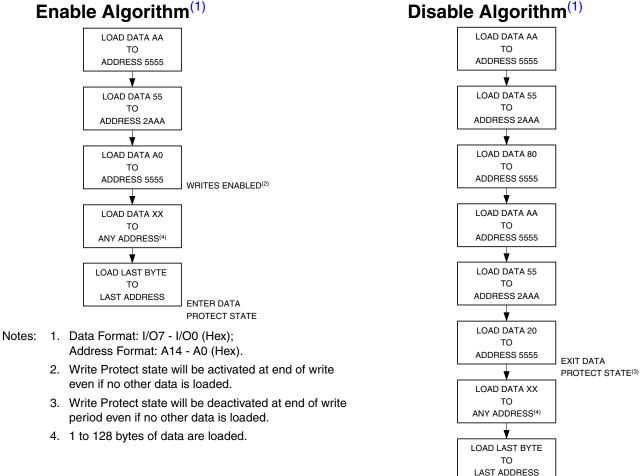
$$\begin{split} t_S &= 5 \; \mu \text{sec (min.)} \\ t_W &= t_H = 10 \; \text{msec (min.)} \\ V_H &= 12.0V \pm 0.5V \end{split}$$



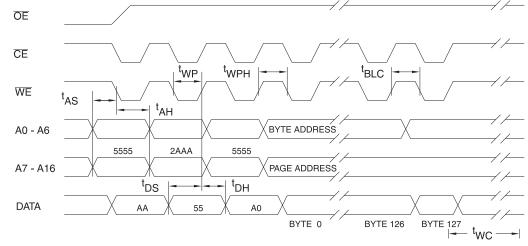


20. Software Data Protection

### 19. Software Data Protection Enable Algorithm<sup>(1)</sup>



## 21. Software Protected Write Cycle Waveforms<sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>



- Notes: 1. A0 through A14 must conform to the addressing sequence for the first 3 bytes as shown above.
  - 2. After the command sequence has been issued and a page write operation follows, the page address inputs (A7 A16) must be the same for each high to low transition of WE (or CE).
  - 3.  $\overline{OE}$  must be high only when  $\overline{WE}$  and  $\overline{CE}$  are both low.

# 10 AT28C010

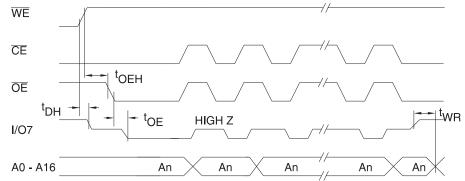
## 22. Data Polling Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Hold Time	10			ns
t <sub>OEH</sub>	OE Hold Time	10			ns
t <sub>OE</sub>	OE to Output Delay <sup>(2)</sup>				ns
t <sub>WR</sub>	Write Recovery Time	0			ns

Notes: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.

2. See AC Read Characteristics.

### 23. Data Polling Waveforms



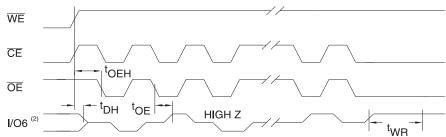
## 24. Toggle Bit Characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data Hold Time	10			ns
t <sub>OEH</sub>	OE Hold Time	10			ns
t <sub>OE</sub>	OE to Output Delay <sup>(2)</sup>				ns
t <sub>OEHP</sub>	OE High Pulse	150			ns
t <sub>WR</sub>	Write Recovery Time	0			ns

Notes: 1. These parameters are characterized and not 100% tested.

2. See AC Read Characteristics.

### 25. Toggle Bit Waveforms



Notes: 1. Toggling either  $\overline{OE}$  or  $\overline{CE}$  or both  $\overline{OE}$  and  $\overline{CE}$  will operate toggle bit.

- 2. Beginning and ending state of I/O6 will vary.
- 3. Any address location may be used but the address should not vary.





## 26. Ordering Information

### 26.1 Green Package Option (Pb/Halide-free)

### 26.1.1 AT28C010

t <sub>ACC</sub> (ns)	I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				
	Active	Standby	Ordering Code	Package	<b>Operation Range</b>
120 40	40	0.2	AT28C010-12JU	32J	
	40		AT28C010-12TU	32T	Industrial
150	40	0.2	AT28C010-15JU	32J	(-40° to 85°C)
			AT28C010-15TU	32T	

#### 26.1.2 AT28C010E

t <sub>ACC</sub>	l <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				
(ns)	Active	Standby	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
120 40	40	0.2	AT28C010E-12JU	32J	Industrial (-40° to 85°C)
	40		AT28C010E-12TU	32T	
150	40	0.2	AT28C010E-15JU	32J	
			AT28C010E-15TU	32T	

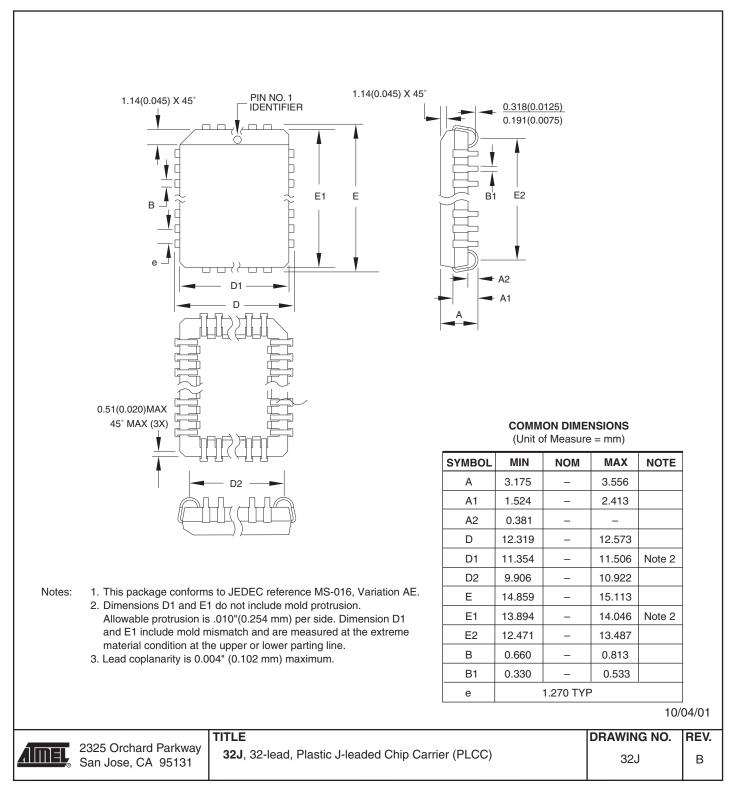
Package Type					
32J	32-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)				
32T	32-lead, Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP)				
Options					
Blank	Standard Device: Endurance = 10K Write Cycles; Write Time = 10 ms				
E	High-endurance Option: Endurance = 100K Write Cycles				

### 26.2 Die Products

Reference Section: Contact Atmel Sales for Parallel EEPROM Die Product availability.

### 27. Packaging Information

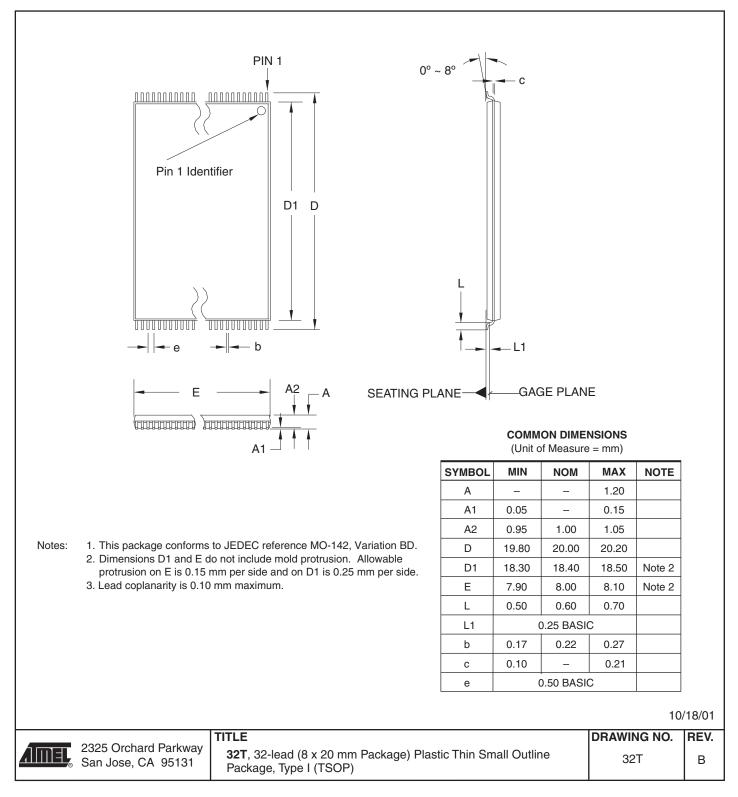
### 27.1 32J - PLCC







### 27.2 32T – TSOP



## **Revision History**

Doc. Rev.	Date	Comments
03531	08/2009	Updated AC Charcteristisitics and ordering information.
03531	07/2009	Add a revision history page and update this version 'I' with the changes (AC charactertistics and ordering info from the word file).





#### Headquarters

*Atmel Corporation* 2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 USA Tel: 1(408) 441-0311 Fax: 1(408) 487-2600

#### International

Atmel Asia Unit 1-5 & 16, 19/F BEA Tower, Millennium City 5 418 Kwun Tong Road Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2245-6100 Fax: (852) 2722-1369 Atmel Europe Le Krebs 8, Rue Jean-Pierre Timbaud BP 309 78054 Saint-Quentin-en-Yvelines Cedex France Tel: (33) 1-30-60-70-00 Fax: (33) 1-30-60-71-11

#### Atmel Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg. 1-24-8 Shinkawa Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033 Japan Tel: (81) 3-3523-3551 Fax: (81) 3-3523-7581

#### **Product Contact**

Web Site www.atmel.com *Technical Support* p\_eeprom@atmel.com Sales Contact www.atmel.com/contacts

Literature Requests www.atmel.com/literature

Disclaimer: The information in this document is provided in connection with Atmel products. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property right is granted by this document or in connection with the sale of Atmel products. EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN ATMEL'S TERMS AND CONDI-TIONS OF SALE LOCATED ON ATMEL'S WEB SITE, ATMEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTY RELATING TO ITS PRODUCTS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL ATMEL BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR INCIDEN-TAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, OR LOSS OF INFORMATION) ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS DOCUMENT, EVEN IF ATMEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Atmel makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document and reserves the right to make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time without notice. Atmel does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. Unless specifically provided otherwise, Atmel products are not suitable for, and shall not be used in, automotive applications. Atmel's products are not intended, authorized, or warranted for use as components in applications intended to support or sustain life.

© 2009 Atmel Corporation. All rights reserved. Atmel®, Atmel logo and combinations thereof, and others are registered trademarks or trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Other terms and product names may be trademarks of others.



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



#### Как с нами связаться

**Телефон:** 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный) **Факс:** 8 (812) 320-02-42 **Электронная почта:** <u>org@eplast1.ru</u> **Адрес:** 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.