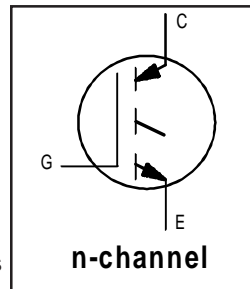


# IRG4BC30W-S

## INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR

### Features

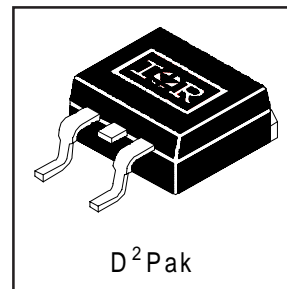
- Designed expressly for Switch-Mode Power Supply and PFC (power factor correction) applications
- Industry-benchmark switching losses improve efficiency of all power supply topologies
- 50% reduction of Eoff parameter
- Low IGBT conduction losses
- Latest-generation IGBT design and construction offers tighter parameters distribution, exceptional reliability



|                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| $V_{CES} = 600V$                  |
| $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.10V$ |
| @ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 12A$       |

### Benefits

- Lower switching losses allow more cost-effective operation than power MOSFETs up to 150 kHz ("hard switched" mode)
- Of particular benefit to single-ended converters and boost PFC topologies 150W and higher
- Low conduction losses and minimal minority-carrier recombination make these an excellent option for resonant mode switching as well (up to >>300 kHz)



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

|                           | Parameter                              | Max.                              | Units |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-------|
| $V_{CES}$                 | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage | 600                               | V     |
| $I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$  | Continuous Collector Current           | 23                                | A     |
| $I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Continuous Collector Current           | 12                                |       |
| $I_{CM}$                  | Pulsed Collector Current ①             | 92                                |       |
| $I_{LM}$                  | Clamped Inductive Load Current ②       | 92                                |       |
| $V_{GE}$                  | Gate-to-Emitter Voltage                | $\pm 20$                          | V     |
| $E_{ARV}$                 | Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy ③     | 180                               | mJ    |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$  | Maximum Power Dissipation              | 100                               | W     |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$ | Maximum Power Dissipation              | 42                                |       |
| $T_J$                     | Operating Junction and                 | -55 to + 150                      | °C    |
| $T_{STG}$                 | Storage Temperature Range              |                                   |       |
|                           | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds  | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm from case ) |       |

### Thermal Resistance

|                 | Parameter  | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|--|------|------|-------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case                                   | —    | 1.2  | °C/W  |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient, ( PCB Mounted, steady-state)* | —    | 40   |       |

\* When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material ). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

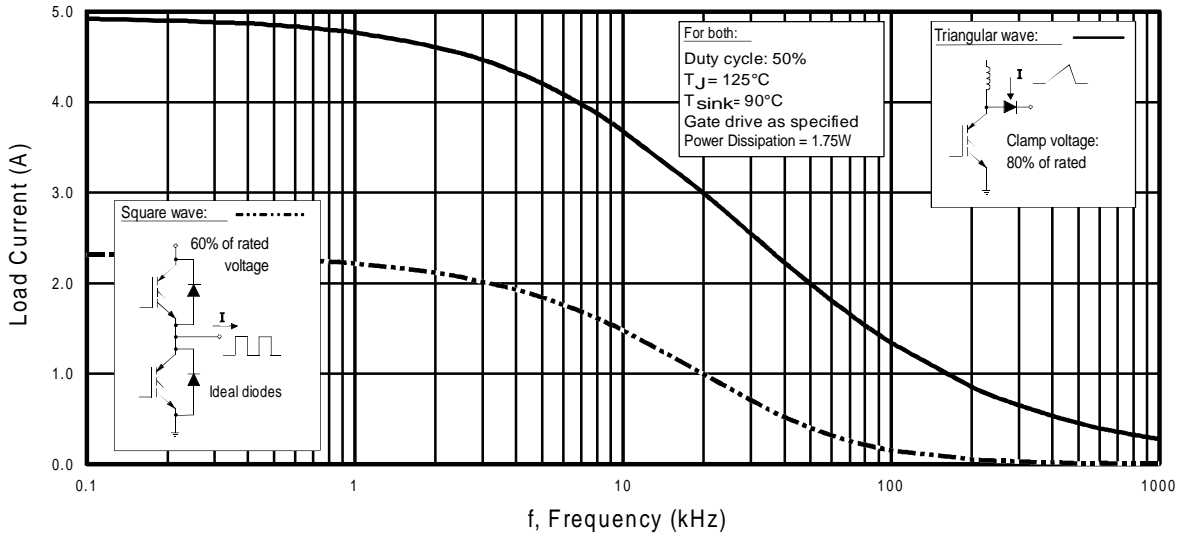
|                                 | Parameter                                | Min. | Typ. | Max.      | Units   | Conditions  |
|---------------------------------|--|------|------|-----------|---------|---|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$                   | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage   | 600  | —    | —         | V       | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$                         |
| $V_{(BR)ECS}$                   | Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ④ | 18   | —    | —         | V       | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$                             |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage  | —    | 0.34 | —         | V/°C    | $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$                            |
| $V_{CE(ON)}$                    | Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage  | —    | 2.1  | 2.7       | V       | $I_C = 12A, V_{GE} = 15V$<br>See Fig.2, 5             |
|                                 |  | —    | 2.45 | —         |         |   |
|                                 |  | —    | 1.95 | —         |         |   |
| $V_{GE(th)}$                    | Gate Threshold Voltage                   | 3.0  | —    | 6.0       |         | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$                     |
| $\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$  | Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage  | —    | -11  | —         | mV/°C   | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$                     |
| $g_{fe}$                        | Forward Transconductance ⑤               | 11   | 16   | —         | S       | $V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 12A$                            |
| $I_{CES}$                       | Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current      | —    | —    | 250       | $\mu A$ | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$                          |
|                                 |  | —    | —    | 2.0       |         | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 10V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$   |
|                                 |  | —    | —    | 1000      |         | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{GES}$                       | Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current          | —    | —    | $\pm 100$ | nA      | $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$                                    |

## Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

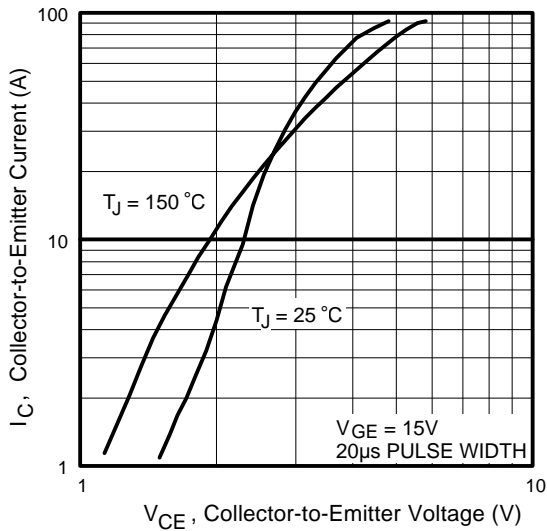
|              | Parameter                         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions   |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|--|
| $Q_g$        | Total Gate Charge (turn-on)       | —    | 51   | 76   | nC    | $I_C = 12A, V_{CC} = 400V, V_{GE} = 15V$<br>See Fig.8  |
| $Q_{ge}$     | Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)   | —    | 7.6  | 11   |       |  |
| $Q_{gc}$     | Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on) | —    | 18   | 27   |       |  |
| $t_{d(on)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time                | —    | 25   | —    | ns    | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 12A, V_{CC} = 480V, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$<br>Energy losses include "tail"<br>See Fig. 9, 10, 13, 14 |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time                         | —    | 16   | —    |       |  |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time               | —    | 99   | 150  |       |  |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time                         | —    | 67   | 100  |       |  |
| $E_{on}$     | Turn-On Switching Loss            | —    | 0.13 | —    | mJ    | See Fig. 9, 10, 13, 14   |
| $E_{off}$    | Turn-Off Switching Loss           | —    | 0.13 | —    |       |  |
| $E_{ts}$     | Total Switching Loss              | —    | 0.26 | 0.35 |       |  |
| $t_{d(on)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time                | —    | 24   | —    | ns    | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 12A, V_{CC} = 480V, V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$<br>Energy losses include "tail"<br>See Fig. 11,13, 14    |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time                         | —    | 17   | —    |       |  |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time               | —    | 150  | —    |       |  |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time                         | —    | 150  | —    |       |  |
| $E_{ts}$     | Total Switching Loss              | —    | 0.55 | —    | mJ    |  |
| $L_E$        | Internal Emitter Inductance       | —    | 7.5  | —    | nH    | Measured 5mm from package  |
| $C_{ies}$    | Input Capacitance                 | —    | 980  | —    | pF    | $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CC} = 30V, f = 1.0MHz$<br>See Fig. 7  |
| $C_{oes}$    | Output Capacitance                | —    | 71   | —    |       |  |
| $C_{res}$    | Reverse Transfer Capacitance      | —    | 18   | —    |       |  |

### Notes:

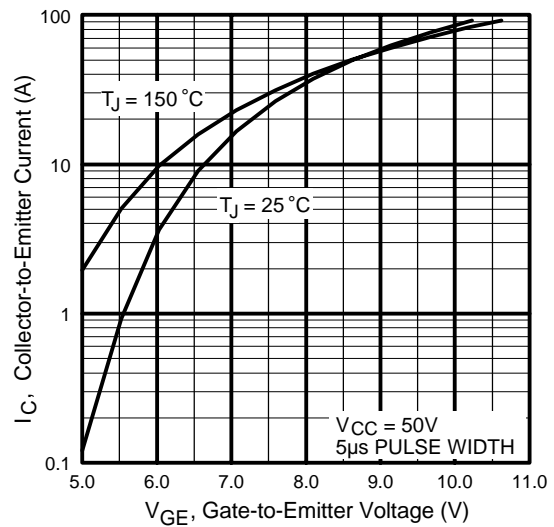
- ① Repetitive rating;  $V_{GE} = 20V$ , pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. ( See fig. 13b )
- ②  $V_{CC} = 80\%(V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, L = 10\mu H, R_G = 23\Omega$ , (See fig. 13a)
- ③ Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 80\mu s$ ; duty factor  $\leq 0.1\%$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $5.0\mu s$ , single shot.



**Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(For square wave,  $I = I_{RMS}$  of fundamental; for triangular wave,  $I = I_{PK}$ )

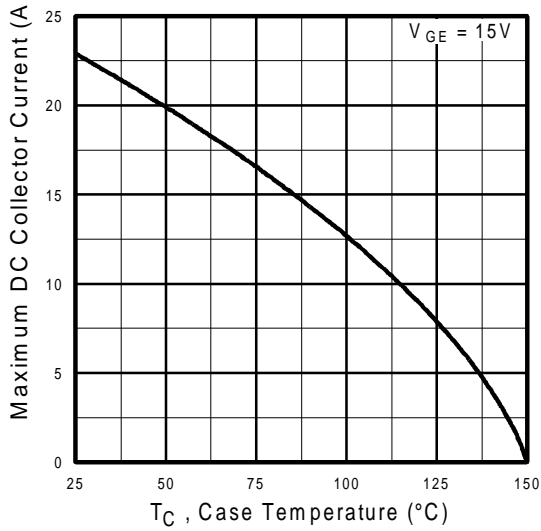


**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics**

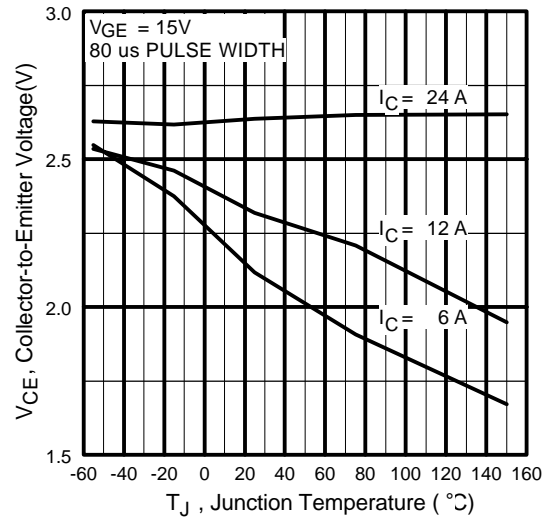


**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**

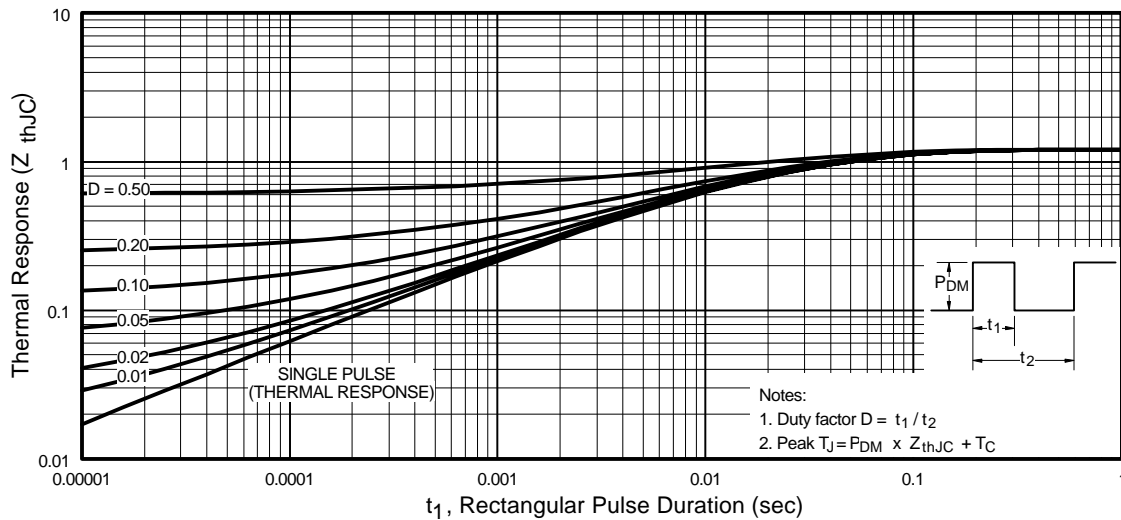
# IRG4BC30W-S



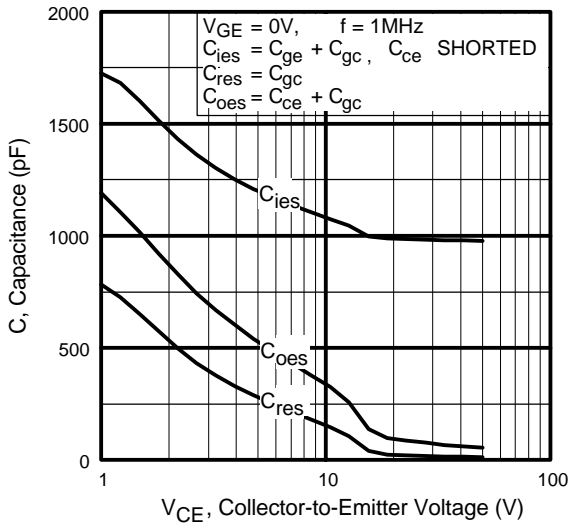
**Fig. 4** - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature



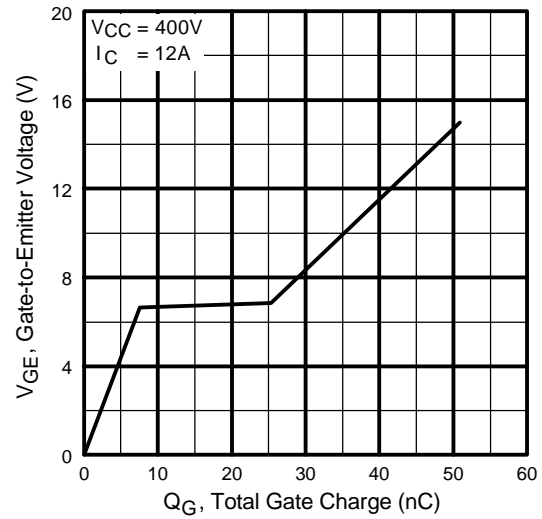
**Fig. 5** - Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



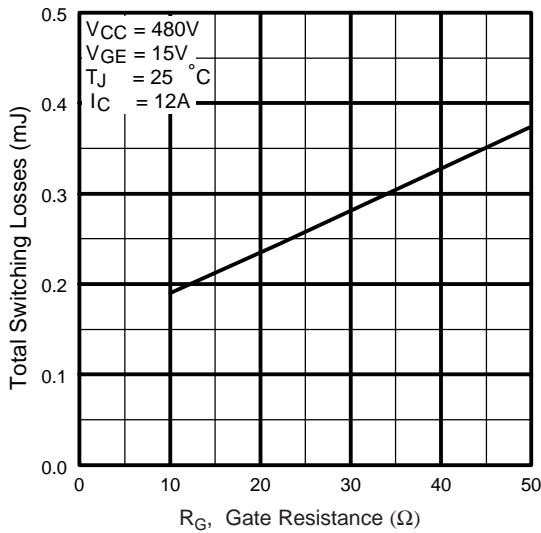
**Fig. 6** - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



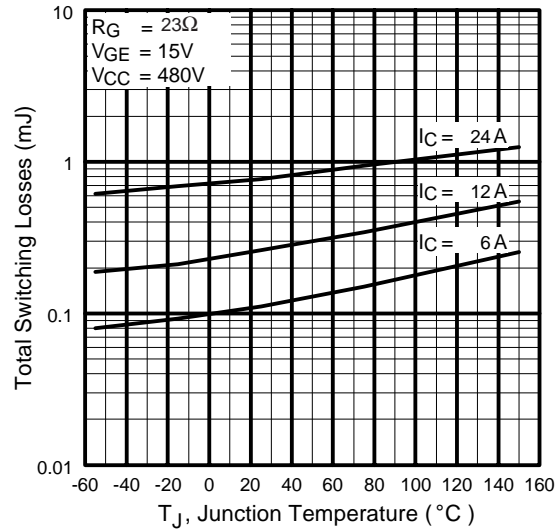
**Fig. 7** - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage



**Fig. 8** - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

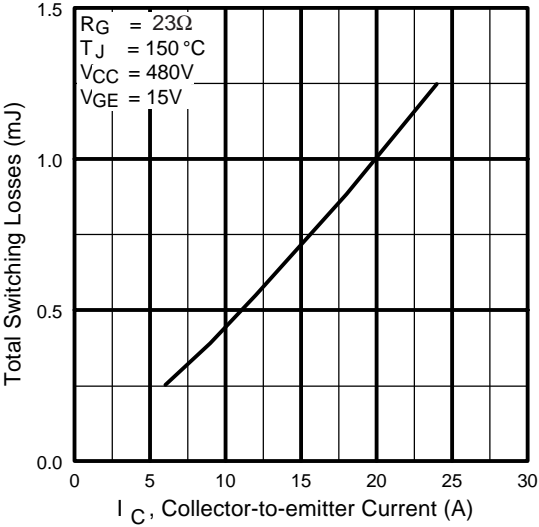


**Fig. 9** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

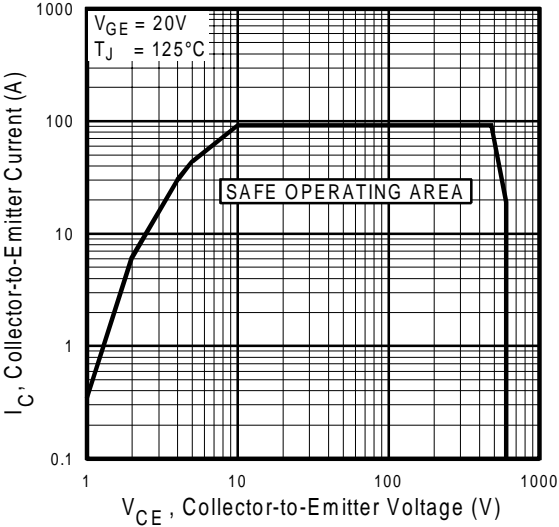


**Fig. 10** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

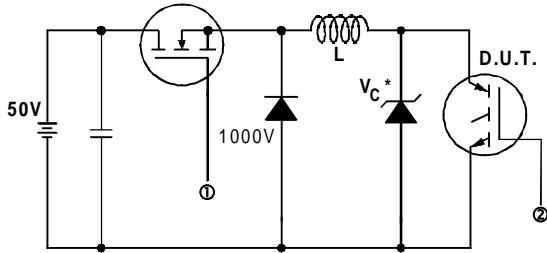
# IRG4BC30W-S



**Fig. 11** - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

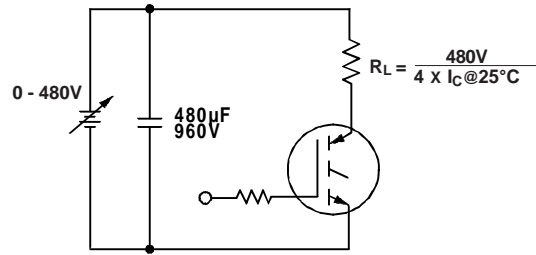


**Fig. 12** - Turn-Off SOA

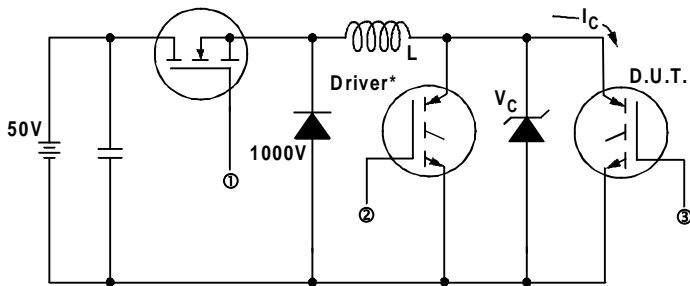


\* Driver same type as D.U.T.;  $V_c = 80\%$  of  $V_{ce(max)}$   
 \* Note: Due to the 50V power supply, pulse width and inductor will increase to obtain rated  $I_d$ .

**Fig. 13a** - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

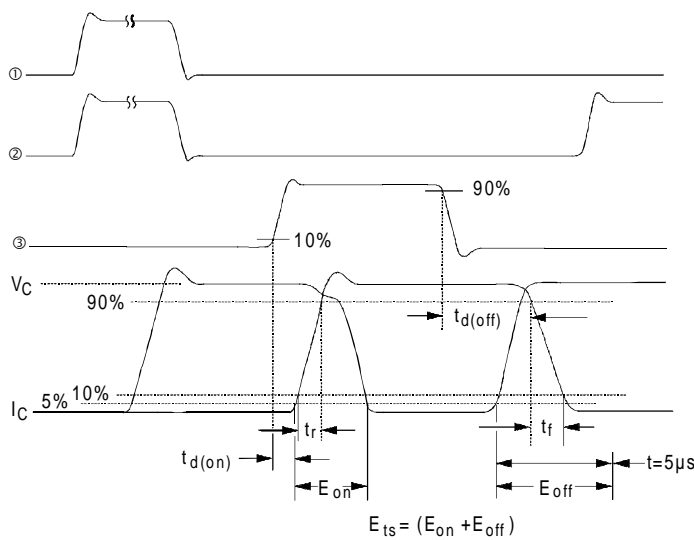


**Fig. 13b** - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit



**Fig. 14a** - Switching Loss Test Circuit

\* Driver same type as D.U.T.,  $V_C = 480V$

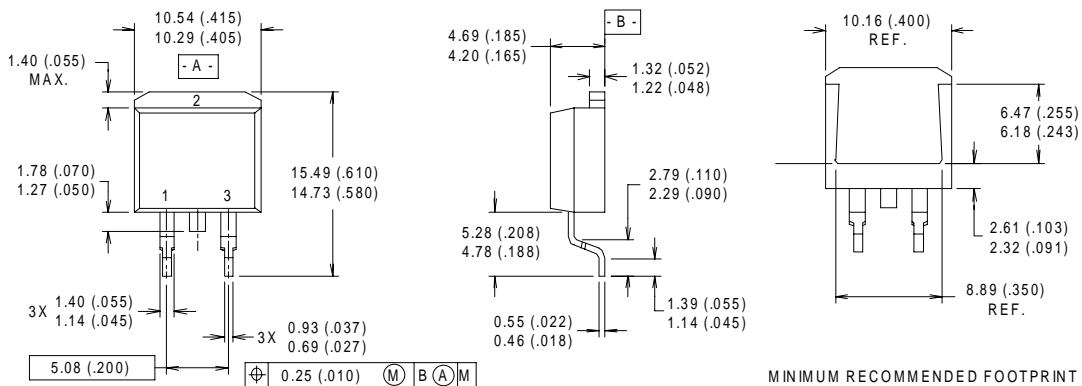


**Fig. 14b** - Switching Loss Waveforms

# IRG4BC30W-S

International  
**IR** Rectifier

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak Package Outline



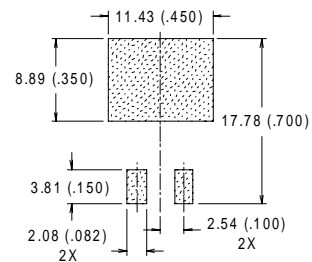
**NOTES:**

- 1 DIMENSIONS AFTER SOLDER DIP.
- 2 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- 3 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCH.
- 4 HEATSINK & LEAD DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS.

**LEAD ASSIGNMENTS**

- 1 - GATE
- 2 - DRAIN
- 3 - SOURCE

**MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT**



International  
**IR** Rectifier

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**EUROPEAN HEADQUARTERS:** Hurst Green, Oxted, Surrey RH8 9BB, UK Tel: ++ 44 1883 732020  
**IR CANADA:** 7321 Victoria Park Ave., Suite 201, Markham, Ontario L3R 2Z8, Tel: (905) 475 1897  
**IR GERMANY:** Saalburgstrasse 157, 61350 Bad Homburg Tel: ++ 49 6172 96590  
**IR ITALY:** Via Liguria 49, 10071 Borgaro, Torino Tel: ++ 39 11 451 0111  
**IR FAR EAST:** K&H Bldg., 2F, 30-4 Nishi-Ikebukuro 3-Chome, Toshima-Ku, Tokyo Japan 171 Tel: 81 3 3983 0086  
**IR SOUTHEAST ASIA:** 315 Outram Road, #10-02 Tan Boon Liat Building, Singapore 0316 Tel: 65 221 8371  
<http://www.irf.com/> Data and specifications subject to change without notice.8/98



Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:  
<http://www.irf.com/package/>



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- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

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- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



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