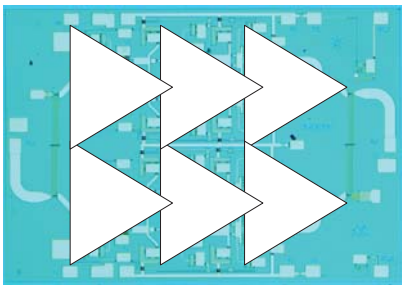
# AMMC-6440

37 - 42 GHz Power Amplifier

## Data Sheet



**Chip Size: 2500 x 1750 µm (100 x 69 mils)**
**Chip Size Tolerance: ± 10 µm (±0.4 mils)**
**Chip Thickness: 100 ± 10 µm (4 ± 0.4 mils)**
**Pad Dimensions: 100 x 100 µm (4 ± 0.4 mils)**

### Description

The AMMC-6440 MMIC is a broadband 1W power amplifier designed for use in transmitters that operate in various frequency bands between 37GHz and 42GHz. This MMIC optimized for linear operation with an output third order intercept point (OIP3) of 38dBm. At 42GHz it provides 28dBm of output power (P-1dB) and 14dB of gain. The device has input and output matching circuitry for use in 50 Ω environments. The AMMC-6440 also integrates a temperature compensated RF power detection circuit that enables power detection of 0.25V/W. DC bias is simple and the device operates on widely available 5.5V for current supply (negative voltage only needed for Vg). It is fabricated in a PHEMT process for exceptional power and gain performance. For improved reliability and moisture protection, the die is passivated at the active areas.

### Features

- Wide frequency range: 37 - 42 GHz
- High gain: 14 dB
- Power: @42 GHz, P-1dB=28 dBm
- Highly linear: OIP3=39dBm
- Integrated RF power detector
- 5.5 Volt, -0.7 Volt, 950mA operation

### Applications

- Microwave Radio systems
- LMDS & Pt-Pt mmW Long Haul
- 802.16 & 802.20 WiMax BWA
- WLL and MMDS loops
- Can be driven by AMMC-6345, increasing overall gain



*Note: These devices are ESD sensitive. The following precautions are strongly recommended. Ensure that an ESD approved carrier is used when dice are transported from one destination to another. Personal grounding is to be worn at all times when handling these devices*

## Absolute Maximum Ratings [AMMC-6440]

| Symbols | Parameters | Units | Min. | Max. | Notes |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Vd-Vg | Drain to Gate Voltage | V | | 8 | |
| Vd | Positive Supply Voltage | V | | 5.5 | |
| Vg | Gate Supply Voltage | V | -2.5 | 0.5 | |
| Id | Drain Current | mA | | TBD | 2 |
| PD | Power Dissipation | W | | 5.5 | 2, 3 |
| Pin | CW Input Power | dBm | | 20 | 2 |
| Tch | Operating Channel Temp | °C | | +150 | 4 |
| Tstg | Storage Case Temp. | °C | | -65 to +155 | |
| Tmax | Maximum Assembly Temp (30 sec max) | °C | | +320 | |

Notes:
1. Operation in excess of any one of these conditions may result in permanent damage to this device. Functional operation at or near these limitations will significantly reduce the lifetime of the device.
2. Dissipated power PD is in any combination of DC voltage, Drain Current, input power and power delivered to the load.
3. When operated at maximum PD with a base plate temperature of 85 °C, the median time to failure (MTTF) is significantly reduced.
4. These ratings apply to each individual FET. The operating channel temperature will directly affect the device MTTF. For maximum life, it is recommended that junction temperatures (Tj) be maintained at the lowest possible levels. See MTTF vs. Channel temperature Table

## AMMC-6440 DC Specifications/Physical Properties [1]

| Symbol | Parameters and Test Conditions | Units | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $I_d$ | Drain Supply Current<br>(under any RF power drive and temperature)<br>($V_d$=5.5 V, $V_g$ set for $I_d$ Typical) | mA | | 950 | 1050 |
| $V_g$ | Gate Supply Operating Voltage<br>($I_{d(Q)}$ = 950 (mA)) | V | -0.85 | -0.7 | -0.65 |
| $q_{ch-b}$ | Thermal Resistance [2]<br>(Backside temperature, $T_b$ = 25°C) | °C/W | | 6.4 | |

Notes:
1. Ambient operational temperature $T_A$=25°C unless otherwise noted.
2. Channel-to-backside Thermal Resistance ($\theta_{ch-b}$) = 9.0°C/W at $T_{channel}$ ($T_C$) = 70°C as measured using infrared microscopy. Thermal Resistance at backside temperature ($T_b$) = 25°C calculated from measured data.

## Thermal Properties

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Value |
|---|---|---|
| Maximum Power Dissipation | Tbaseplate = 85°C | PD = 5.5W<br>Tchannel = 150°C |
| Thermal Resistance (θjc) | Vd = 5.5V<br>Id = 950mA<br>PD = 5.23W<br>Tbaseplate = 85°C | θjc = 6.4°C/W<br>Tchannel = 118°C |
| Thermal Resistance (θjc)<br>Under RF Drive | Vd = 5.5V<br>Id = 1095mA<br>Pout = 28dBm<br>Pd = 5.43W<br>Tbaseplate = 85°C | θjc = 6.4°C/W<br>Tchannel = 120°C |

## MTTF vs. Tchannel Temperature

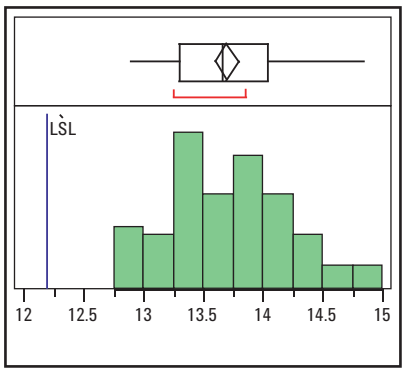
| Operation | 60% Confidence Level | | 90% Confidence Level | | Point Data R= | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tj | λ (ΦIT) | MTTF (hrs) | λ (ΦIT) | MTTF (hrs) | λ (ΦIT) | MTTF (Yrs) |
| 150 | 3511 | 2.8E+05 | 8822 | 1.1E+05 | 3831 | 2.6E+05 |
| 140 | 1298 | 7.7E+05 | 3260 | 3.1E+05 | 1416 | 7.1E+05 |
| 130 | 456 | 2.2E+06 | 1147 | 8.7E+05 | 498 | 2.0E+05 |
| 120 | 152 | 6.6E+06 | 382 | 2.6E+06 | 166 | 6.0E+06 |
| 110 | 48 | 2.1E+07 | 120 | 8.3E+06 | 52 | 1.9E+06 |
| 100 | 14 | 7.0E+07 | 36 | 2.8E+07 | 15 | 6.5E+07 |
| 90 | 4 | 2.5E+08 | 10 | 1.0E+08 | 4 | 2.3E+08 |
| 80 | 1 | 9.9E+08 | 3 | 3.9E+08 | 1 | 9.1E+08 |
| 70 | 0 | 4.2E+09 | 1 | 1.7E+09 | 0 | 3.8E+09 |
| 60 | 0 | 1.9E+10 | 0 | 7.6E+09 | 0 | 1.7E+10 |
| 50 | 0 | 9.6E+10 | 0 | 3.8E+10 | 0 | 8.8E+10 |

## AMMC-6440 RF Specifications [1, 2, 3]

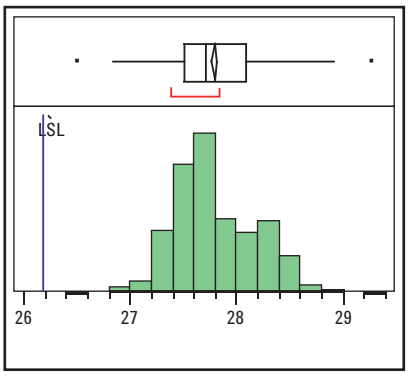
$T_A$= 25°C, $V_d$=5.5V, $I_{d(Q)=}$950 mA, $Z_o$=50 Ω

| Symbol | Parameters and Test Conditions | Units | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Sigma |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gain | Small-signal Gain[2] | dB | 12 | 14 | | 0.5 |
| $P_{-1dB}$ | Output Power at 1dB Gain Compression | dBm | 26 | 28 | | 0.39 |
| $P_{-3dB}$ | Output Power at 3dB Gain Compression | dBm | | 28.5 | | 0.36 |
| OIP3 | Third Order Intercept Point; Δf=10MHz; Pin=-20dBm | dBm | | 38 | | 0.86 |
| RLin | Input Return Loss[2] | dB | | -16 | | 0.70 |
| RLout | Output Return Loss[2] | dB | | -18 | | 0.71 |
| Isolation | Min. Reverse Isolation | dB | | -47 | | 3.00 |

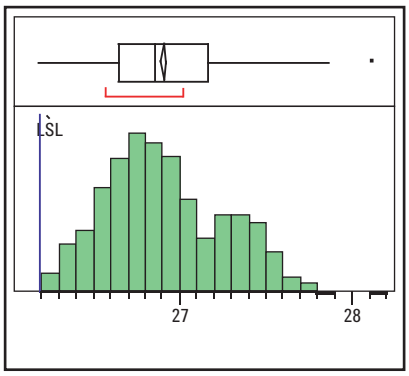
Notes:
3. Small/Large -signal data measured in wafer form $T_A$ = 25°C.
4. 100% on-wafer RF test is done at frequency = 38, 40, and 42 GHz. Statistics based on 1500 part sample
5. Specifications are derived from measurements in a 50 Ω test environment. Aspects of the amplifier performance may be improved over a more narrow bandwidth by application of additional conjugate, linearity, or power matching.




**Gain at 40 GHz**




**P-1dB at 40 GHz**




**P-1dB at 42 GHz**

Typical distribution of Small Signal Gain and Output Power @P-1dB. Based on 1500 part sampled over several production lots.

## AMMC-6440 Typical Performances ($T_A$ = 25°C, $V_d$ =5.5 V, $I_D$ = 950 mA, $Z_{in}$ = $Z_{out}$ = 50 Ω)

NOTE: These measurements are in a 50 Ω test environment. Aspects of the amplifier performance may be improved over a more narrow bandwidth by application of additional conjugate, linearity, or power matching

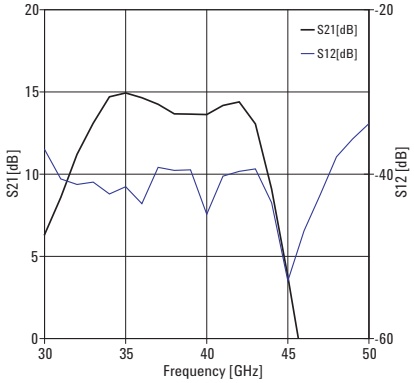



**Figure 1. Typical Gain and Reverse Isolation**

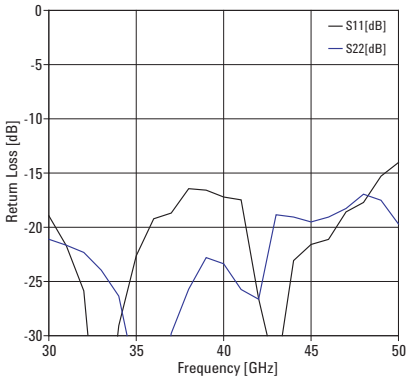



**Figure 2. Typical Return Loss (Input and Output)**

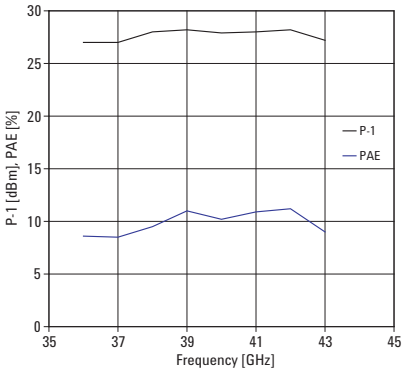



**Figure 3. Typical Output Power (@P-1dB) and PAE**

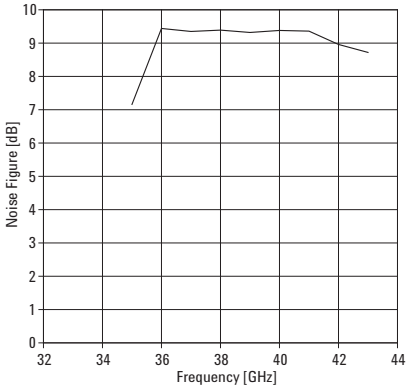



**Figure 4. Typical Noise Figure**

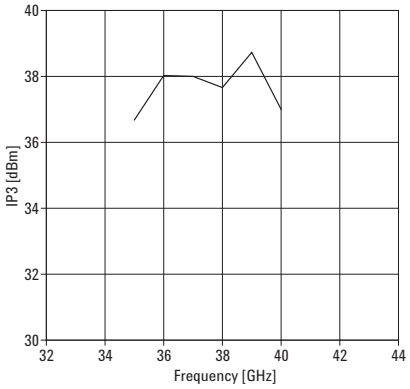



**Figure 5. Typical Output 3rd Order Intercept Pt.**

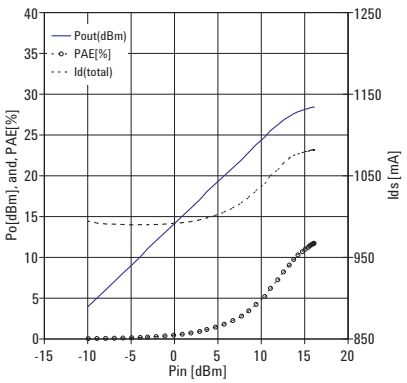



**Figure 6. Typical Output Power, PAE, and Total Drain Current versus Input Power at40GHz**

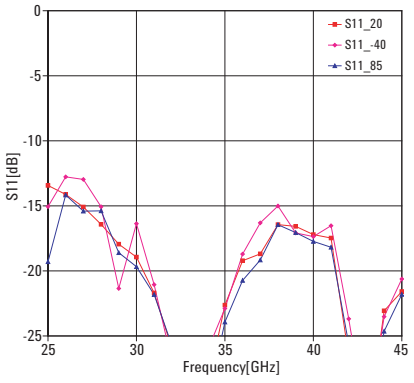



**Figure 7. Typical S11 over temperature**

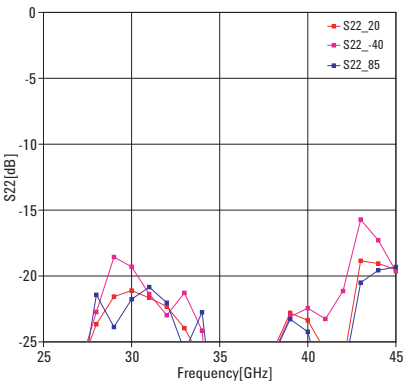



**Figure 8. Typical S22 over temperature**

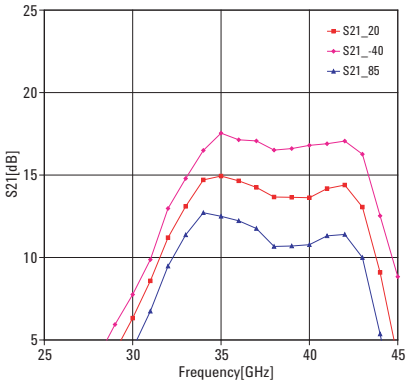



**Figure 9. Typical Gain over temperature**

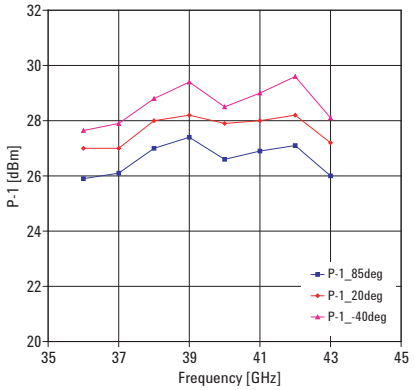



**Figure 10. Typical One dB Compression over temperature**

## Typical Scattering Parameters [1], ($T_A = 25°C$, $V_d = 5.5$ V, $I_D = 950$ mA, $Z_{in} = Z_{out} = 50\ \Omega$)

| Freq | S11 | | | S21 | | | S12 | | | S22 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| GHz | dB | Mag | Phase | dB | Mag | Phase | dB | Mag | Phase | dB | Mag | Phase |
| 20 | -8.26 | 0.39 | 35.28 | -3.39 | 0.68 | 53.88 | -51.52 | 2.66E-03 | 82.15 | -10.41 | 0.30 | -39.51 |
| 21 | -9.55 | 0.33 | 18.31 | -0.13 | 0.99 | -32.46 | -53.07 | 2.22E-03 | 58.35 | -11.90 | 0.25 | -54.15 |
| 22 | -10.68 | 0.29 | 6.50 | 0.05 | 1.01 | -98.82 | -49.74 | 3.26E-03 | 107.10 | -13.84 | 0.20 | -67.90 |
| 23 | -11.77 | 0.26 | -4.14 | -0.14 | 0.98 | -151.54 | -48.39 | 3.81E-03 | 136.45 | -16.35 | 0.15 | -82.69 |
| 24 | -12.77 | 0.23 | -11.52 | -0.49 | 0.95 | 163.34 | -43.49 | 6.69E-03 | 113.79 | -20.06 | 0.10 | -92.28 |
| 25 | -13.43 | 0.21 | -21.81 | -0.41 | 0.95 | 125.97 | -42.58 | 7.43E-03 | 103.95 | -25.31 | 0.05 | -93.95 |
| 26 | -14.12 | 0.20 | -31.29 | 0.24 | 1.03 | 90.59 | -39.45 | 1.07E-02 | 92.03 | -30.03 | 0.03 | -54.19 |
| 27 | -15.09 | 0.18 | -41.60 | 1.14 | 1.14 | 56.21 | -39.32 | 1.08E-02 | 84.03 | -27.22 | 0.04 | -20.99 |
| 28 | -16.42 | 0.15 | -51.56 | 2.48 | 1.33 | 21.78 | -38.53 | 1.18E-02 | 61.72 | -23.66 | 0.07 | -16.14 |
| 29 | -17.94 | 0.13 | -62.21 | 4.32 | 1.64 | -13.91 | -40.36 | 9.60E-03 | 53.79 | -21.56 | 0.08 | -29.95 |
| 30 | -18.94 | 0.11 | -73.50 | 6.33 | 2.07 | -51.69 | -36.99 | 1.41E-02 | 44.78 | -21.11 | 0.09 | -42.93 |
| 31 | -21.70 | 0.08 | -82.94 | 8.58 | 2.69 | -93.11 | -40.58 | 9.35E-03 | 23.71 | -21.65 | 0.08 | -53.78 |
| 32 | -25.86 | 0.05 | -113.23 | 11.20 | 3.63 | -140.25 | -41.25 | 8.66E-03 | 27.01 | -22.32 | 0.08 | -67.31 |
| 33 | -42.75 | 0.01 | 162.22 | 13.10 | 4.52 | 168.62 | -40.97 | 8.95E-03 | 35.99 | -23.96 | 0.06 | -77.52 |
| 34 | -29.08 | 0.04 | 80.83 | 14.71 | 5.44 | 113.57 | -42.41 | 7.58E-03 | 18.07 | -26.35 | 0.05 | -118.70 |
| 35 | -22.63 | 0.07 | 33.21 | 14.94 | 5.58 | 57.12 | -41.53 | 8.39E-03 | 22.34 | -34.08 | 0.02 | -129.29 |
| 36 | -19.22 | 0.11 | 21.46 | 14.65 | 5.40 | 4.18 | -43.59 | 6.62E-03 | 42.99 | -38.46 | 0.01 | 21.71 |
| 37 | -18.69 | 0.12 | 15.80 | 14.25 | 5.16 | -46.43 | -39.17 | 1.10E-02 | 32.85 | -29.79 | 0.03 | 95.54 |
| 38 | -16.44 | 0.15 | -2.06 | 13.67 | 4.82 | -95.24 | -39.54 | 1.05E-02 | 7.47 | -25.71 | 0.05 | 49.06 |
| 39 | -16.58 | 0.15 | -19.18 | 13.65 | 4.81 | -143.86 | -39.47 | 1.06E-02 | 0.37 | -22.80 | 0.07 | 32.40 |
| 40 | -17.21 | 0.14 | -37.99 | 13.63 | 4.80 | 167.35 | -44.88 | 5.70E-03 | 11.79 | -23.37 | 0.07 | 11.92 |
| 41 | -17.47 | 0.13 | -53.55 | 14.18 | 5.12 | 113.76 | -40.24 | 9.72E-03 | 30.26 | -25.74 | 0.05 | -4.19 |
| 42 | -26.58 | 0.05 | -91.15 | 14.40 | 5.25 | 49.11 | -39.66 | 1.04E-02 | -4.22 | -26.64 | 0.05 | 71.61 |
| 43 | -33.75 | 0.02 | 110.21 | 13.06 | 4.50 | -25.29 | -39.36 | 1.08E-02 | -12.55 | -18.85 | 0.11 | 55.31 |
| 44 | -23.07 | 0.07 | 40.34 | 9.09 | 2.85 | -96.84 | -43.48 | 6.70E-03 | -17.47 | -19.06 | 0.11 | 25.20 |
| 45 | -21.59 | 0.08 | 23.11 | 3.77 | 1.54 | -158.36 | -52.98 | 2.24E-03 | -26.13 | -19.51 | 0.11 | 21.00 |
| 46 | -21.12 | 0.09 | 22.94 | -2.00 | 0.79 | 149.17 | -46.88 | 4.53E-03 | 39.82 | -19.06 | 0.11 | 20.89 |
| 47 | -18.59 | 0.12 | 26.05 | -7.54 | 0.42 | 105.77 | -42.48 | 7.52E-03 | 69.08 | -18.27 | 0.12 | 12.16 |
| 48 | -17.71 | 0.13 | 23.21 | -12.29 | 0.24 | 69.14 | -37.89 | 1.27E-02 | 69.52 | -16.95 | 0.14 | 6.57 |
| 49 | -15.29 | 0.17 | 11.09 | -16.78 | 0.14 | 36.42 | -35.71 | 1.64E-02 | 14.63 | -17.51 | 0.13 | -11.50 |
| 50 | -14.03 | 0.20 | 8.90 | -20.84 | 0.09 | 8.48 | -33.85 | 2.03E-02 | 35.67 | -19.70 | 0.10 | -24.97 |

Note:
Data obtained from on-wafer measurements.

## Biasing and Operation

The recommended quiescent DC bias condition for optimum efficiency, performance, and reliability is Vd=5.5 volts with Vg set for Id=950 mA. Minor improvements in performance are possible depending on the application. The drain bias voltage range is 3 to 5.5V. A single DC gate supply connected to Vg will bias all gain stages. Muting can be accomplished by setting Vg and /or Vg to the pinch-off voltage Vp.

An optional output power detector network is also provided. The differential voltage between the Det-Ref and Det-Out pads can be correlated with the RF power emerging from the RF output port. The detected voltage is given by :

$V = (V_{ref} - V_{det}) - V_{ofs}$

where $V_{ref}$ is the voltage at the *DET_R* port, $V_{det}$ is a voltage at the *DET_O* port, and $V_{ofs}$ is the zero-input-power offset voltage. There are three methods to calculate :

1. $V_{ofs}$ can be measured before each detector measurement (by removing or switching off the power source and measuring ). This method gives an error due to temperature drift of less than 0.01dB/50°C.
2. $V_{ofs}$ can be measured at a single reference temperature. The drift error will be less than 0.25dB.
3. $V_{ofs}$ can either be characterized over temperature and stored in a lookup table, or it can be measured at two temperatures and a linear fit used to calculate at any temperature. This method gives an error close to the method #1.

The RF ports are AC coupled at the RF input to the first stage and the RF output of the final stage. No ground wired are needed since ground connections are made with plated through-holes to the backside of the device.

## Assembly Techniques

The backside of the MMIC chip is RF ground. For microstrip applications the chip should be attached directly to the ground plane (e.g. circuit carrier or heatsink) using electrically conductive epoxy [1,2].

For best performance, the topside of the MMIC should be brought up to the same height as the circuit surrounding it. This can be accomplished by mounting a gold plate metal shim (same length and width as the MMIC) under the chip which is of correct thickness to make the chip and adjacent circuit the same height. The amount of epoxy used for the chip and/or shim attachment should be just enough to provide a thin fillet around the bottom perimeter of the chip or shim. The ground plain should be free of any residue that may jeopardize electrical or mechanical attachment.

The location of the RF bond pads is shown in Figure 12. Note that all the RF input and output ports are in a Ground-Signal configuration.

RF connections should be kept as short as reasonable to minimize performance degradation due to undesirable series inductance. A single bond wire is normally sufficient for signal connections, however double bonding with 0.7 mil gold wire or use of gold mesh is recommended for best performance, especially near the high end of the frequency band.

Thermosonic wedge bonding is preferred method for wire attachment to the bond pads. Gold mesh can be attached using a 2 mil round tracking tool and a tool force of approximately 22 grams and a ultrasonic power of roughly 55 dB for a duration of 76 +/- 8 mS. The guided wedge at an untrasonic power level of 64 dB can be used for 0.7 mil wire. The recommended wire bond stage temperature is 150 +/- 2°C.

Caution should be taken to not exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating for assembly temperature and time.

The chip is 100um thick and should be handled with care. This MMIC has exposed air bridges on the top surface and should be handled by the edges or with a custom collet (do not pick up the die with a vacuum on die center).

This MMIC is also static sensitive and ESD precautions should be taken.

Notes:
1. Ablebond 84-1 LM1 silver epoxy is recommended.
2. Eutectic attach is not recommended and may jeopardize reliability of the device.

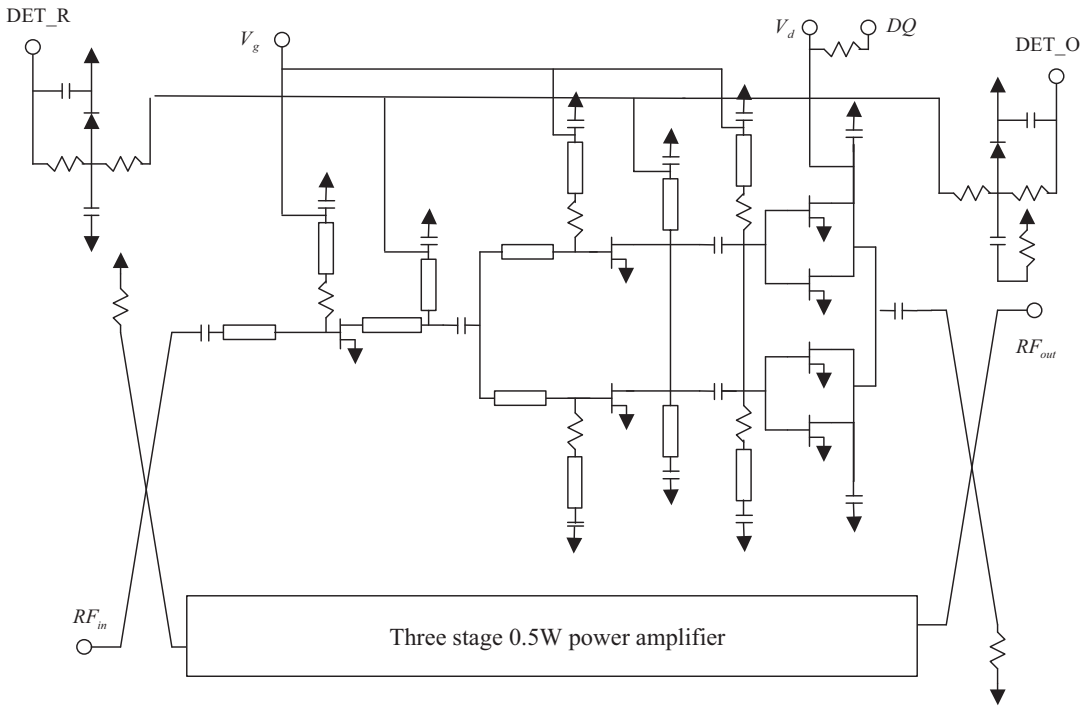



**Figure 11. AMMC-6440 Schematic**

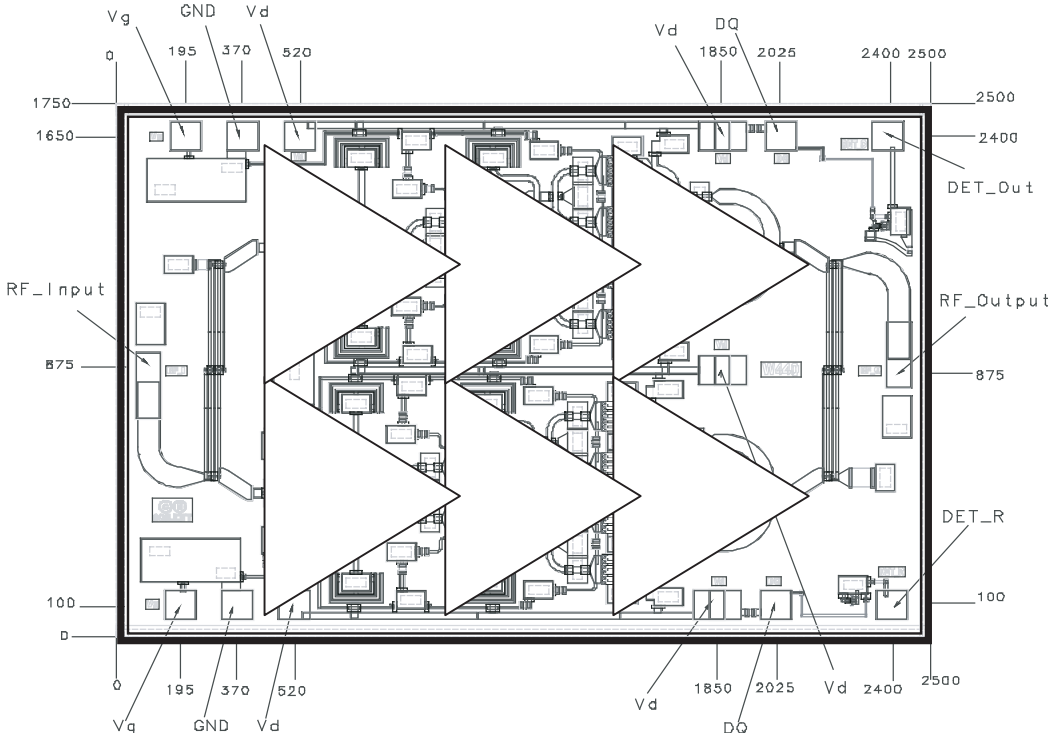
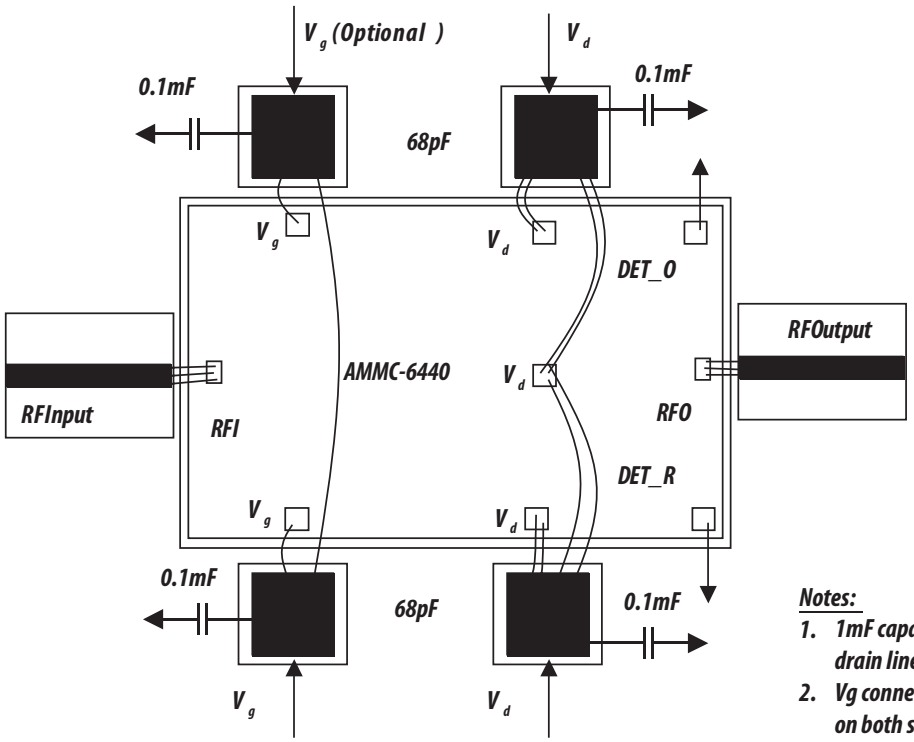



**Figure 12. AMMC-6440 Bonding pad locations**




***Notes:***

1. ***1mF capacitors on gate and drain lines not shown required.***
2. ***Vg connection is recommended on both sides for devices operating at or above P1dB.***

**Figure 13. AMMC-6440 Assembly diagram**

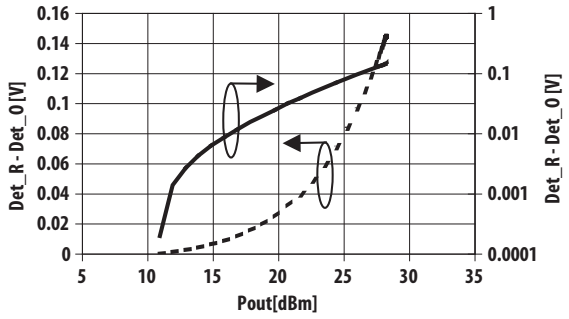



**Figure 14. AMMC-6440 Typical Detector Voltage and Output Power, Freq=40 GHz**

## Ordering Information:

AMMC-6440-W10 = 10 devices per tray

AMMC-6440-W50 = 50 devices per tray

For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our web site: **www.avagotech.com**

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AV02-1284EN - November 12, 2009

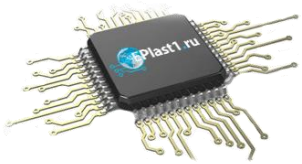
Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits,General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.




**Как с нами связаться**

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