

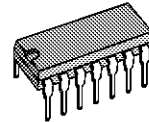
LOW VOLTAGE TELEPHONE SPEECH CIRCUITS

PRELIMINARY DATA

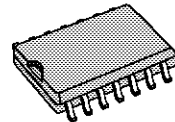
- OPERATION DOWN TO 1.6V / 6.5mA
- DTMF & BEEP TONE INPUTS
- EXTERNAL MUTING FOR EARPHONE AND MICROPHONE
- SUITABLE FOR DYNAMIC EARPHONE AND DYNAMIC OR ELECTRET MICROPHONE
- AGC CONTROL ON BOTH SENDING AND RECEIVING

DESCRIPTION

The L3281 is an electronic speech circuit developed to replace hybrid circuits in telephone sets that can be operated in parallel with other phones.



DIP14



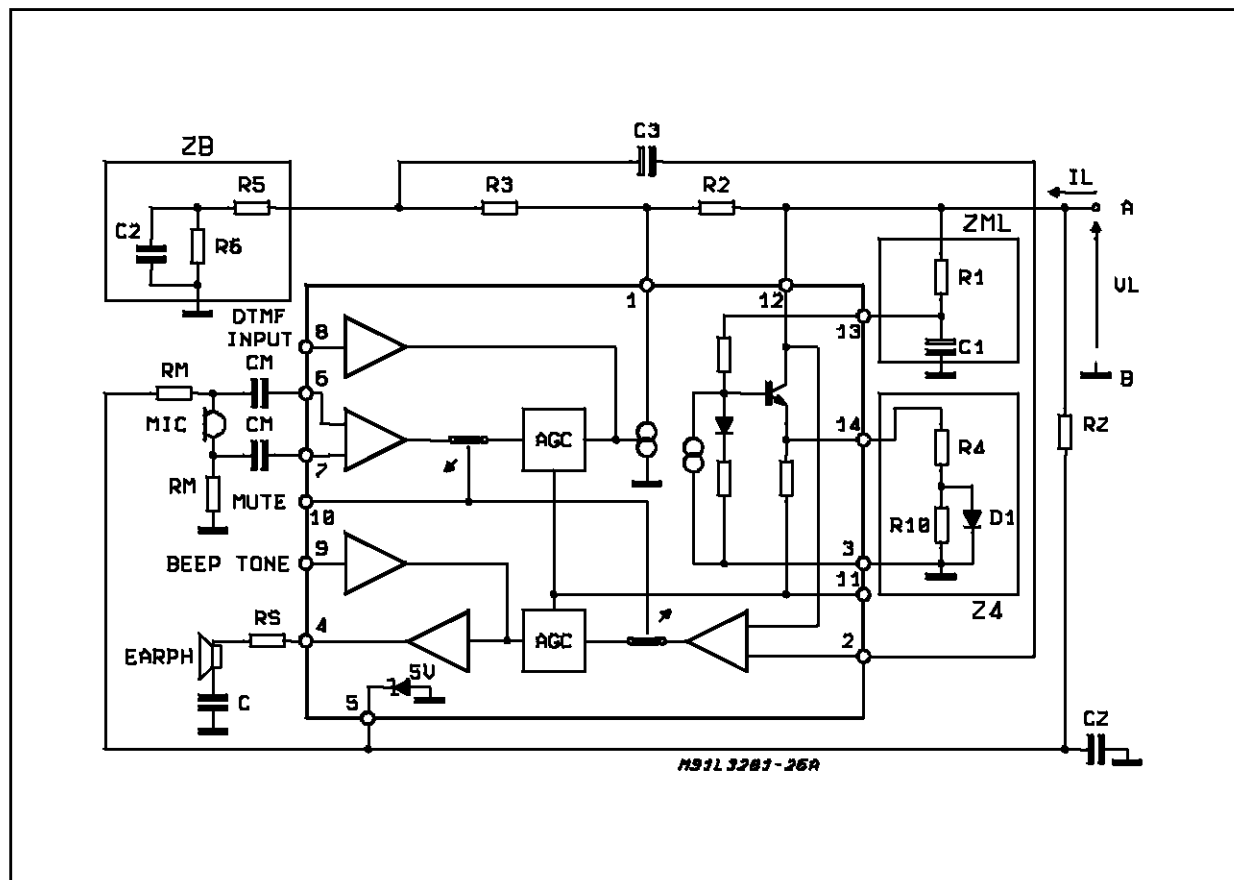
SO14

ORDERING NUMBERS:

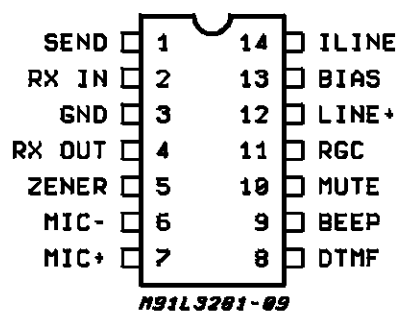
L3281AB

L3281AD1

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONNECTION (top view)



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		DIP-14	SO-14	
V_L	Line Voltage (3 ms pulse)	15		V
I_L	Line Current	150		mA
P_{tot}	Total Power Dissipation, $T_{amb} = 55^\circ\text{C}$	1.0	0.6	W
T_{op}	Operating Temperature	– 20 to 55		$^\circ\text{C}$
T_j	Junction Temperature	– 65 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		DIP-14	SO-14	
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction Ambient Max	90	130	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

TEST CIRCUITS

Figure 1.

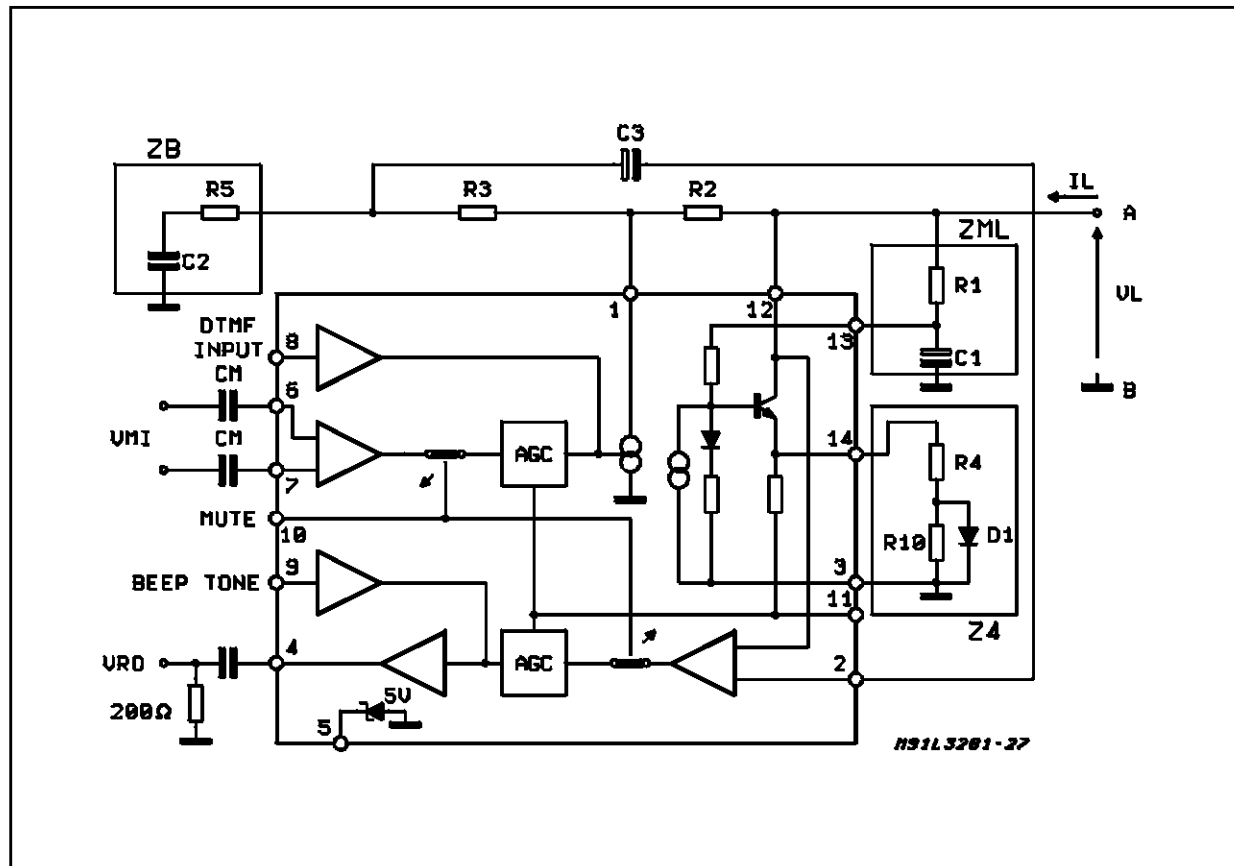


Figure 2.

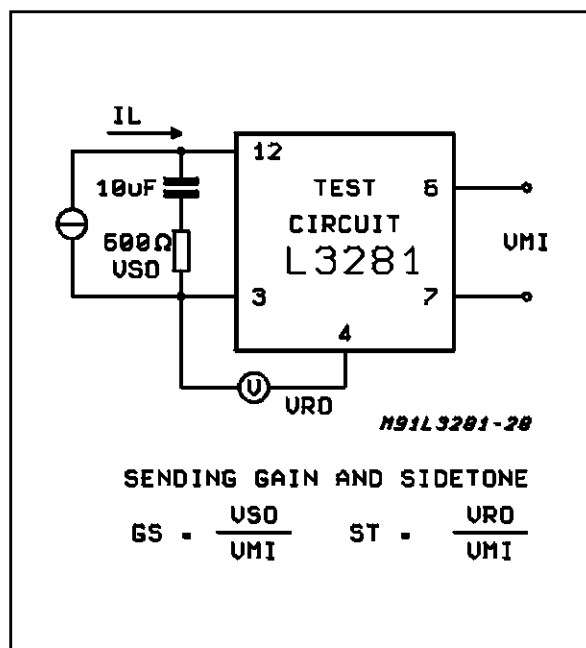
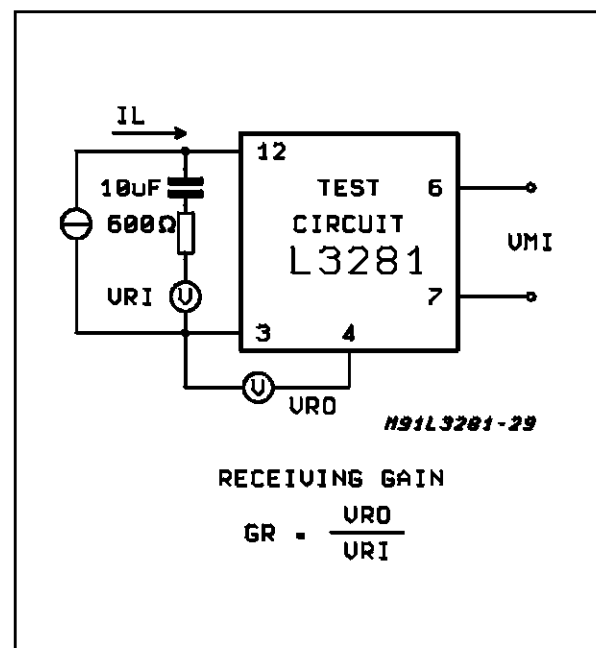


Figure 3.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $I_L = 20$ to 100mA ; $R_4 = (51\Omega // \text{diode}) + 33\Omega$;
 $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $f = 1\text{kHz}$; Unless Otherwise Specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_I	Line Voltage	$I_L = 6.5\text{mA}$ $I_L = 20\text{mA}$ $I_L = 50\text{mA}$ $I_L = 80\text{mA}$		1.65 3.4 6.0 8	3.7 6.5 9.5	V V V V
CMRR	Common Mode Rej. Ratio		50			dB
G_{tx}	Sending Gain	$V_{mi} = 10\text{mV}$; $I_L = 20\text{mA}$	30	31.5	33	dB
DG_{tx}	Delta Sending Gain	$V_{mi} = 10\text{mV}$; $I_L = 70\text{mA}$	- 7.2	-5.7	-4.2	dB
THD_{tx}	Sending Distortion	$V_{so} = 700\text{mV}$; $I_L = 20\text{mA}$			5	%
N_{tx}	Sending Noise	$V_{mi} = 0\text{V}$; $I_L = 50\text{mA}$		- 70		dB
Z_{mi}	Mic. Input Impedance	$V_{mi} = 10\text{mV}$	40			k Ω
G_{rx}	Receiving Gain	$I_L = 20\text{mA}$; $V_{ri} = 0.2\text{V}$	- 10.7	- 9.2	- 7.7	dB
DG_{rx}	Delta Receiving Gain	$I_L = 70\text{mA}$; $V_{ri} = 0.2\text{V}$	- 7.2	- 5.7	- 4.2	dB
THD_{rx}	Receiving Distortion	$V_{ro} = 350\text{mV}$; Load = 350Ω $V_{ro} = 300\text{mV}$; $I_L = 10\text{mA}$			5 5	% %
N_{rx}	Receiving Noise	$V_{ri} = 0\text{V}$		100		μV
Z_{ro}	Rec. Output Impedance	Load = 200Ω ; $V_{ro} = 50\text{V}$		10		Ω
	Sidetone	$V_{mi} = 10\text{mV}$		10	20	dB
Z_m	Line Match. Impedance	$V_{ri} = 0.2\text{V}$	500	600	700	Ω
V_{so}	Sending Output Voltage	$I_L = 6.5\text{mA}$; THD = 5%	100			mV
I_{ro}	Receiving Output Current	$I_L = 6.5\text{mA}$; THD = 5%	0.5			mA
MU_{lo}	Mute Input Low	Dialing Mode		50	100	μA
MU_{hi}	Mute Input Open	Speaking Mode			1	μA
G_{mf}	DTMF Gain	$V_{mf\text{ IN}} = 10\text{mV}$	14.5	16	17.5	dB
R_{mf}	DTMF Input Impedance		5	10		k Ω
THD_{mf}	DTMF Distortion	$V_{mf\text{ LN}} = 140\text{mV}$			5	%
G_{beep}	Beeptone Gain	$V_{beep\text{ IN}} = 25\text{mV}$		8.5		dB
R_{beep}	Beeptone Input Impedance		5.5	8		k Ω
THD_{beep}	Beeptone Distortion	$V_{beep\text{ IN}} = 100\text{mV}$; $I_L = 20\text{mA}$		0.5	5	%
V_z	Zener Voltage (Pin 5)	$I_z = 1\text{mA}$	4.2	5.1	6.2	V
I_{leak}	Leakage Current, $V_{pin5} = 3\text{V}$			20		μA

LOGIC OF MUTE SWITCHING

MUTE	DTMF	BEEP	MIC IMP	RX IMP
LOW (DIAL)	ACTIVE TO LINE OUTPUT	ACTIVE TO EARPHONE OUTPUT	MUTED	MUTED
OPEN (SPEECH)	ACTIVE TO LINE OUTPUT	ACTIVE TO EARPHONE OUTPUT	ACTIVE	ACTIVE

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

TWO TO FOUR WIRE CONVERSION

The L3281AB is based on a Wheatstone bridge configuration. To balance the bridge the following relation must be satisfied:

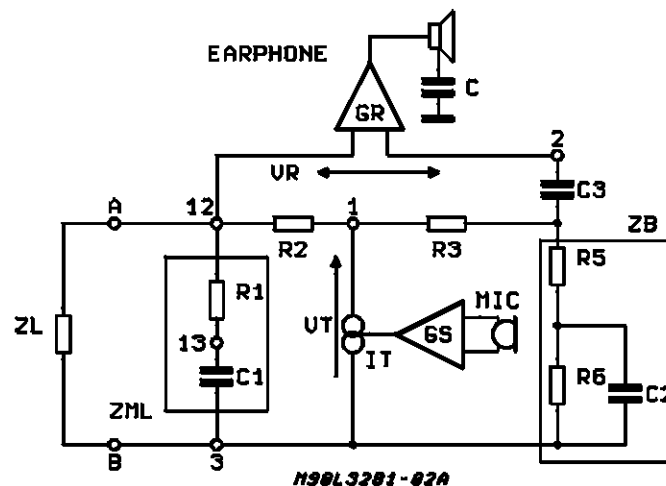
$$\frac{Z_L // Z_m}{Z_b} = \frac{R_2}{R_3}$$

The AC signal from the microphone is sent to one diagonal of the bridge (pins 1 and 3). A small percentage of the signal power is lost on Z_b (being $Z_b > (Z_m // Z_i)$); the main part is sent to the line via R_2 .

In receiving mode, the AC signal coming from the LINE is sensed across the second diagonal of the bridge (pins 12 and 2).

The impedance Z_m and Z_b can be complex.

Figure 4: 2/4 Wire Conversion



AC CHARACTERISTIC

The AC Impedance measured at line terminals is equal to:

$$Z_m = (R1 + \frac{1}{j\omega C1}) // (R2 + R3 + Z_b)$$

The value of the capacitor C1 must be in the range of 22 μ F to 100 μ F.

The external resistor R1 can be replaced by a resistor/capacitor network in order to realize a complex Impedance Z_m .

TRANSMITTING CIRCUIT

The first block of the TX stage is basically a differential amplifier which converts voltage to current. The inputs are internally polarized at 300 mVdc. The differential Input impedance is 60 K Ω to allow

a good matching to microphone. The AGC in TX is function of voltage at pin 14 in order to decrease to max gain of 5.5dB to 6.0dB when the line current increases.

RECEIVING CIRCUIT

Fig.9 shows the equivalent receiving circuit. The differential input of RX signal across R2+R3 is transferred to the AGC block when the mute signal (pin 10) is not active.

The AGC in RX is a function of the voltage at pin 14 and decreases the gain when the line current increases (5.5dB to 6.0dB).

The final stage is a single ended amplifier with low output impedance optimized to drive magnetic/dynamic transducers.

Figure 8: Equivalent Transmitting Circuit.

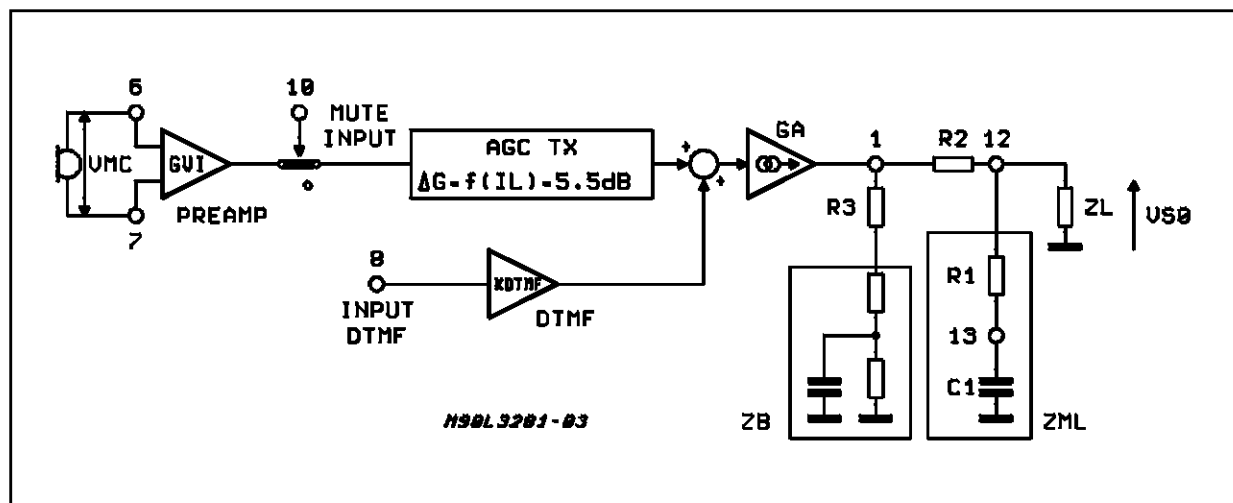
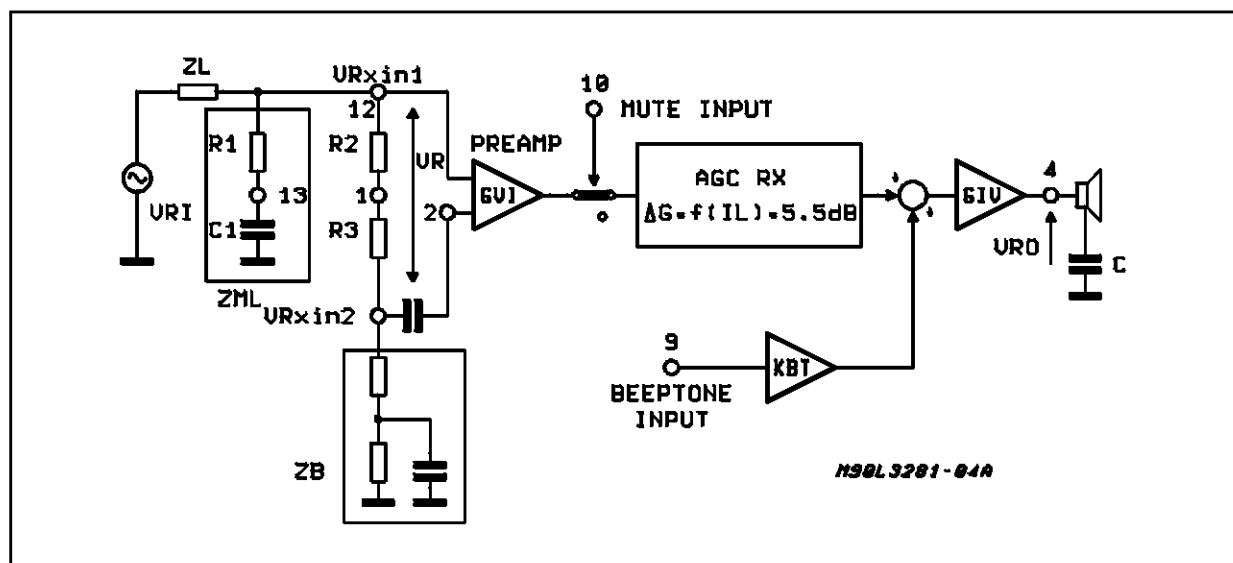
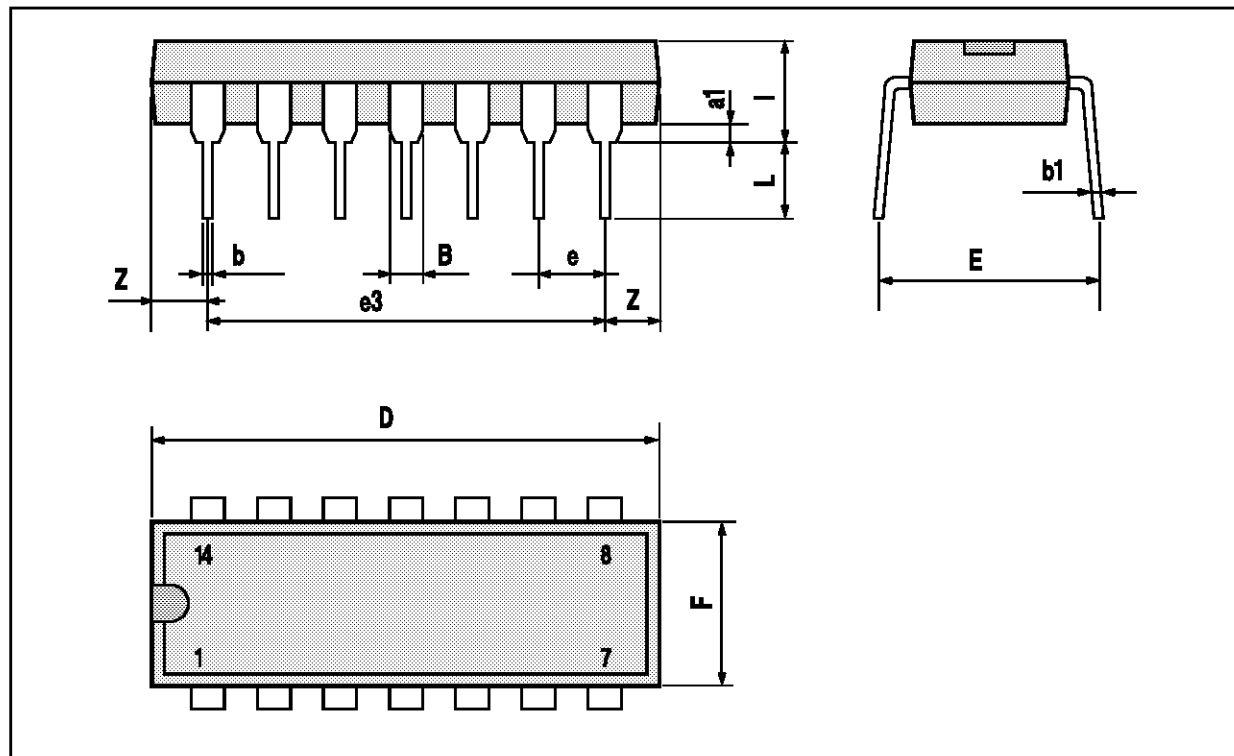


Figure 9: Equivalent Receiving Circuit.



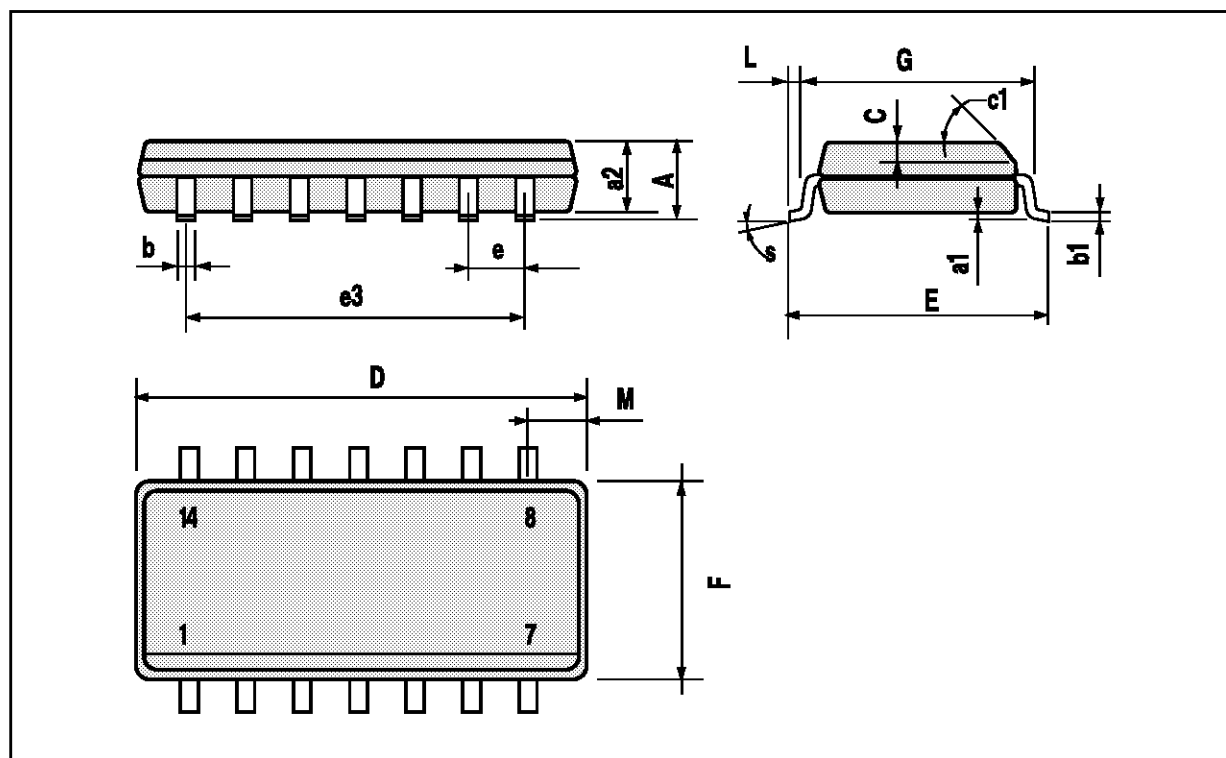
DIP14 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
b		0.5			0.020	
b1		0.25			0.010	
D			20			0.787
E		8.5			0.335	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		15.24			0.600	
F			7.1			0.280
I			5.1			0.201
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	1.27		2.54	0.050		0.100



SO14 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			1.75			0.069
a1	0.1		0.2	0.004		0.008
a2			1.6			0.063
b	0.35		0.46	0.014		0.018
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C		0.5			0.020	
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	8.55		8.75	0.336		0.344
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		7.62			0.300	
F	3.8		4.0	0.15		0.157
L	0.5		1.27	0.020		0.050
M			0.68			0.027
S	8° (max.)					



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