# QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 788A SINGLE CELL LI-ION BATTERY CHARGER WITH NTC

LTC4061

#### DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 788A is a complete constant-current, constant-voltage battery charger for one Lithium-Ion cell. The LTC4061EDD used on this demo circuit features an internal P-Channel power MOSFET with a unique thermal feedback loop that reduces the output current under high ambient temperature and/or high power dissipation conditions. This feature allows the charger to provide higher charge currents under normal conditions and still provide safe charging under abnormal conditions such as high ambient temperature, high input voltage or low battery voltage.

Jumpers on the board allow charge currents from 50mA to 1A to be programmed and several charge termination methods to be used. Terminals are pro-

vided for adding a thermistor for sensing battery temperature, shutting down the charger, monitoring charge current and programming the minimum charge current level for termination (IDETECT). An LED indicates when the charge current has dropped below the minimum charge current termination level.

The IC is available in a 10-Pin 3mm x 3mm DFN thermally enhanced package featuring an exposed bottom-side metal pad for soldering to the PC board.

# Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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#### Table 1. Typical Specifications (25°C)

Input Voltage Range VIN	4.3 to 8V (upper range limited by PC board power dissipation)
Input UnderVoltage Lockout	3.8V
Output Float Voltage VBAT (constant voltage mode)	4.2V ±0.5%
Output Current IBAT (constant current mode)	From 50mA to 1A ± 8% (selected by jumpers)
Current Monitor Output	1V ±5% @ Full Current
Charge Termination Timer	3 Hours ±10%
Charge Termination Threshold Current (IDETECT)	25mA, 50mA, 100mA ± 10%



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### **OPERATION**

Demonstration circuit 788A allows three methods of charge termination which are selected using jumper JP1. In the lower "Timer" position, the charge cycle terminates at the end of the timer period as set by capacitor C2. The 3 hour timer is sufficient time to fully charge a depleted battery when charging at a current level ranging from C/2 to 1C.

The upper "ITERM" position selects minimum charge current termination (IDETECT). This method

terminates the charge cycle when the charge current drops to a programmed threshold level after the battery has reached the constant voltage portion of the charge cycle. Placing the jumper (JP1) in the middle position defeats the on board termination thus allowing external user termination.

The charge current and the termination current are selected using a combination of jumpers JP2, JP3 and JP4. (See table 2)

Table 2. Jumper Positions for Charge Current and Termination Current.

		IDET JUMPER (JP4)				
		100MA		C / 10		
ICHG-1 (JP3)	ICHG-2 (JP2)	Charge Current	Idetect Current	Charge Current	Idetect Current	
	С	1A	100mA	500mA	50mA	
HIGH	C / 5	200mA	100mA	100mA	50mA	
	С	500mA	100mA	250mA	25mA	
LOW	C/5	100mA	100mA	50mA	25mA	

The CHRG LED always indicates the presence of charge current that is greater than the IDETECT current level that is selected by the IDET jumper (JP4). The LED is on for charge current greater than IDET, regardless of the termination method used as set by jumper JP1.

When minimum charge current termination (IDETECT) is used, the charge cycle ends when the charge current drops below the IDETECT level. The CHRG LED also goes off.

The current monitor terminal can be used to indicate charge current level at all times during the charge cycle with 1 Volt indicating 100% of the programmed current. This terminal can also be used to program other charge currents by removing jumper JP3 and connecting an external programming resistor from the current monitor terminal to ground. See data sheet for details.



## **QUICK START PROCEDURE**

The charger can be evaluated using an actual Lithium Ion battery or a battery simulator. The battery simulator is faster because all battery state-of-charge conditions can be quickly simulated.

A battery simulator consists of an adjustable power supply with a load resistor across the power supply output. The resistor value is selected that will provide approximately 1A when the power supply is set for 2.5V and the power supply must provide at least 1.7A when adjusted for 4.2V. For this battery simulator, a 2.5 Ohm, 10 Watt power resistor connected to the output of a 5V, 2A bench supply will work fine. The power supply can now sink and source current, similar to a battery, and by changing the power supply voltage, any battery state-of-charge condition can be quickly simulated.

Begin circuit evaluation by moving the jumpers to the appropriate positions. Move the Termination Method jumper (JP1) to the ITERM (upper) position to select minimum charge current termination. Move the IDET jumper (JP4) to the 100mA (lower) position, the ICHG-2 jumper (JP2) to the "C" (upper) position and the ICHG-1 jumper (JP3) to the HIGH (upper) position. For this evaluation, disable the NTC feature by placing the NTC jumper (JP5) in the lower position. The charger is now set to charge at 1A and use minimum charge current (IDET = 100mA) for charge termination.

With the input power supply and battery simulator power supply adjusted to 0V, connect the input power supply output to the VIN and GND, and the battery simulator power supply output to the BAT and GND terminals as shown in Figure 1. An ammeter or  $100m\Omega$  current sense resistor can be placed between the BAT terminal and the positive terminal

of the battery simulator to measure charge current. Connect a 4½ digit DVM to the BAT and GND terminals to measure battery voltage. Begin increasing the input supply voltage, up to 5V. At approximately 3.8V (the undervoltage lockout threshold), the CHRG LED will turn on and the preconditioning trickle charge of 100mA will begin flowing. Adjust the battery simulator power supply to 3V. At approximately 2.9V, the charge current will abruptly increase to the programmed constant current of 1A. Continue slowly increasing the battery simulator power supply, thus simulating the Li-Ion battery accepting charge. As the battery simulator approaches the float voltage of 4.200V, the charge current will begin to drop as the charger begins the constant voltage portion of the charge cycle. It is important to keep the DC resistance between the charger output and the battery to a minimum, otherwise the charge current will begin dropping much sooner. When the charger is in the constant voltage portion of the charge cycle, small changes in the simulator power supply voltage will result in relatively large changes in charge current. When the charge current drops below the IDET threshold of 100mA, the charge current will drop to 0, the CHRG LED will go OFF and the charge cycle will end. When timer termination is selected (using JP1), the CHRG LED will go off when the charge current drops below 100mA, but the charge cycle will continue until the 3 hour timer ends.

After the charge cycle has ended, if the battery voltage drops approximately 100mV, a recharge cycle will begin. A recharge cycle is 50% (1.5 hours) of the programmed time (provided timer termination is selected).



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#### ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

The charger can be put into a low quiescent current shutdown mode by pulling the ENABLE terminal high.

Jumpers JP2, JP3 and JP4 interact with each other when programming charge current.

Other charge currents can be programmed by removing Jumper JP3 and adding a suitable external resistor from the Current Monitor terminal to ground (Note that the position of JP4 will also determine charge current).

Likewise, other minimum charge current termination levels can be selected by selecting a suitable resistor for R5.

The internal termination can be defeated by moving jumper JP1 to the center position. Charge termination is then left to the user through the ENABLE terminal.

When the minimum charge current termination method is used and no battery is present, a sawtooth waveform of several hundred mV p-p will appear at the charger output. This is a function of the output capacitor and the charger output voltage cycling between the recharge threshold voltage and

the float voltage. The sawtooth frequency is dependant on the value of the output capacitor. With a 2.2µF output capacitor, the frequency is approximately 40Hz, which will cause the CHRG LED to appear dim. With a larger output capacitor, the LED will flash briefly.

To speed up the 3 hour timer when evaluating the charger circuit, replace the timing capacitor with a much smaller value. A 300pF capacitor will reduce the total time to approx 30 seconds.

The one Ohm resistor in series with the ceramic input capacitor is used to minimize transient voltages caused by the capacitor when the input voltage is quickly applied.

For batteries that have an internal thermistor to sense battery temperature, place the NTC jumper (JP5) in the EXT (upper) position and connect the thermistor wire to the NTC terminal on the PC board. Note, R6 must be the same value as the thermistor at 25°C.

See LTC4061 Data Sheet for additional information.

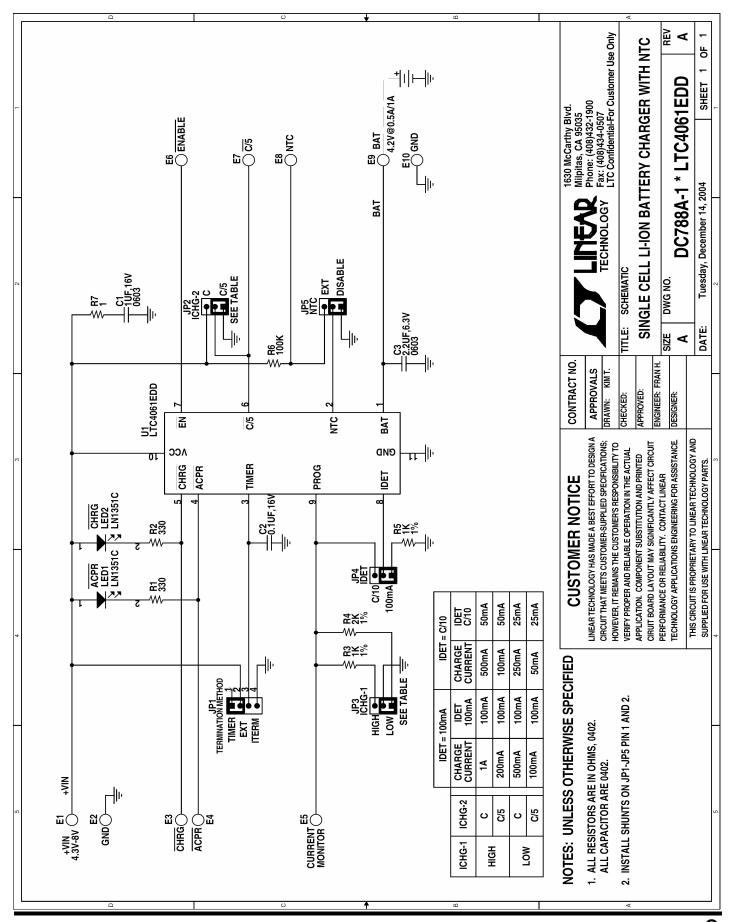


See table on lower section of demoboard for all pre-programmed charge and termination current levels. DEMO CIRCUIT 788A LTC4061EDD TLINEAR (408) 432-1900 Input Power OK Not OK Open Drain Outputs Battery Charging Charge < C/10 Monitor Charge Current \_+ 4.2V Li-Ion Battery & Program Other Charge Current if needed Input Power NTC Thermistor Source (5V) 100k Other thermistor values can be used. Make R6 the same value as the thermistor at 25°C LED Status Indicators Jumper selects charge termination method, IDET - Jumper determines charge current level for charge 1) minimum charge current termination termination (when charge current termination method is 2) No termination or external termination used). Also determines current level for CHRG LED to 3) Programmable timer termination turn off. This jumper also changes Charge current. ICHG-1 - Jumper selects different charge NTC - Jumper disables NTC currents. Charge current is also dependant thermistor function on IDET & ICHRG-2 jumper settings. ICHG-2 - Jumper drops charge current to 1/5 of programmed current, useful in USB powered applications. Charge current is also dependant on IDET & ICHRG-1 jumper settings.

Figure 1. Demo Circuit Hookup and Jumper Information



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