

Nano Energy™

# Ultra Low Iq Buck Converter For Low Power Applications

**BD70522GUL**

## General Description

The BD70522GUL is a Buck Converter featuring 180nA quiescent current and supports output current up to 500mA. The Constant ON-Time (COT) control with ULP (Ultra Low Power) mode provides superior transient response and extends battery life by providing excellent light load efficiency below 10µA load range. The output voltage can be selected from 9 pre-set voltages by VSEL pins. When the input voltage gets close to the output voltage, the IC enters 100%ON mode where the switching operation stops.

## Key Specifications

|                                |                |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| ■ Input Voltage Range:         | 2.5V to 5.5V   |
| ■ Output Voltage Range:        | 1.2V to 3.3V   |
| ■ Maximum Output Current:      | 500mA          |
| ■ Operating Quiescent Current: | 180nA (Typ)    |
| ■ Standby Current:             | 50nA (Typ)     |
| ■ Operating Temperature Range: | -40°C to +85°C |

## Package

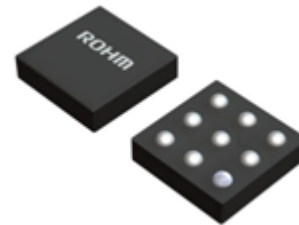
VCSP50L1C

**W(Typ) x D(Typ) x H(Max)**

1.76mm x 1.56mm x 0.57mm

## Features

- Nano Energy™
- 180nA (Typ) Quiescent Current
- Up to 90% Efficiency at 10µA Output Current
- Up to 500mA Output Current
- 9 Selectable Output Voltages  
(1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.0V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V, 3.2V, 3.3V)
- Power Good Output
- 100%ON Mode for Low Input Voltage
- Discharge Function on VOUT



## Applications

- Smoke Detector
- Thermostat
- Portable Devices
- Wearable Devices
- Low-Iq Applications without Standby Switcher
- Energy Harvesting

## Typical Application Circuit

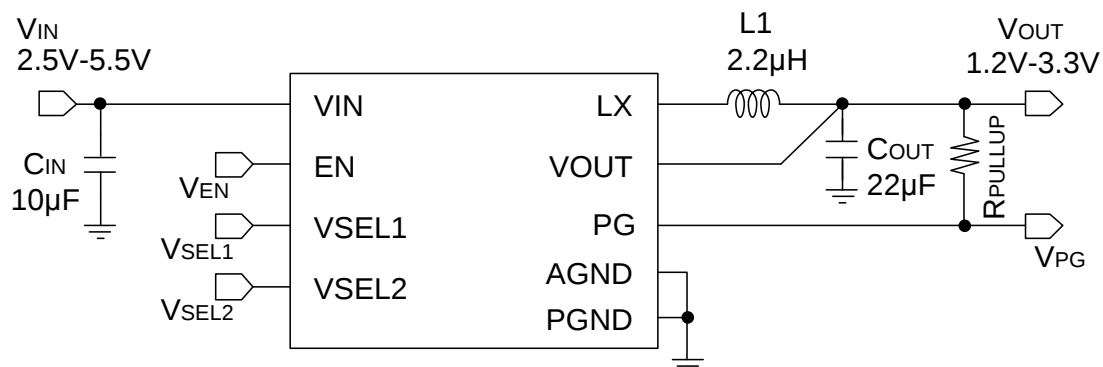


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

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○Product structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit ○This product has no designed protection against radioactive rays

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**TSZ02201-0Q1Q0AJ00400-1-2**  
**21.Aug.2017 Rev.002**

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Pin Configuration

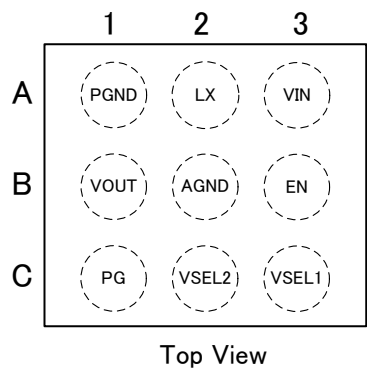


Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description                                     |
|---------|----------|-------------------------------------------------|
| A1      | PGND     | Power Ground Pin                                |
| A2      | LX       | Switching Pin. Connect an inductor to this pin. |
| A3      | VIN      |                                                 |

**Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)**

| Parameter                    | Symbol            | Rating                        | Unit |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage               | V <sub>IN</sub>   | -0.3 to +6                    | V    |
| LX Voltage                   | V <sub>LX</sub>   | -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3V | V    |
| EN Voltage                   | V <sub>EN</sub>   | -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3V | V    |
| PG Voltage                   | V <sub>PG</sub>   | -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3V | V    |
| VSEL1, 2 Voltage             | V <sub>SEL</sub>  | -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3V | V    |
| PG Sink Current              | I <sub>PG</sub>   | 10                            | mA   |
| Power Dissipation            | P <sub>d</sub>    | 0.592 (Note 1)                | W    |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | T <sub>jmax</sub> | 150                           | °C   |
| Storage Temperature Range    | T <sub>st</sub>   |                               |      |

## Electrical Characteristics - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $V_{IN}=3.6V$   $T_a=25^{\circ}C$ )

| Parameter        | Symbol     | Min          | Typ | Max          | Unit    | Conditions |
|------------------|------------|--------------|-----|--------------|---------|------------|
| <b>Control</b>   |            |              |     |              |         |            |
| EN High Level    | $V_{ENH}$  | 1.1          | -   | -            | V       |            |
| EN Low Level     | $V_{ENL}$  | -            | -   | 0.3          | V       |            |
| EN Input Current | $I_{EN}$   | -            | 0   | 1            | $\mu A$ |            |
| VSEL High Level  | $V_{SELH}$ | $V_{IN}-0.3$ | -   | $V_{IN}+0.3$ | V       |            |
| VSEL Low Level   | $V_{SELL$  |              |     |              |         |            |

Detailed Descriptions

1. Constant ON-Time (COT) Control

The COT control topology supports CCM (Continuous Current Mode) for medium and high load conditions and DCM (Discontinuous Current Mode) for light load conditions. The ON-Time is set in proportion to the output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ), and in inverse proportion to power supply voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ). Therefore, when in CCM, even if  $V_{IN}$  or  $V_{OUT}$  settings changes, the IC always operates in a constant frequency 1MHz (Typ) approximately. If the load current decreases, the IC enters DCM seamlessly to maintain high efficiency down to very light loads, and the switching frequency varies approximately linearly with the load current.

2. 100%ON Mode

When  $V_{IN}$  gets close to  $V_{OUT}$ , the IC stops switching and starts 100% duty cycle operation. It connects the output to the input via the inductor and the internal high side MOSFET switch, when  $V_{IN}$  falls below the 100%ON Mode Enter Threshold ( $V_{100THM}$ ). And when  $V_{IN}$  increases and exceeds the 100%ON Mode

#### 4. On-Time Extension

The On-Time is extended automatically to get the best transient response in the case of high duty cycle operation. If the Main Comp Output does not return to high level within Constant On-Time, the On-Time is extended until the Main Comp Output returns to high, and the maximum On-Time is limited to 16μs.

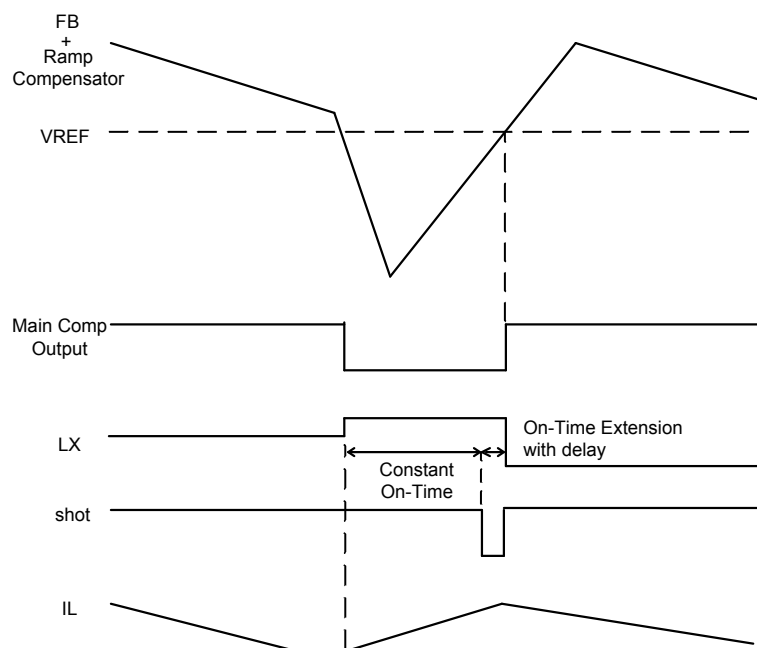
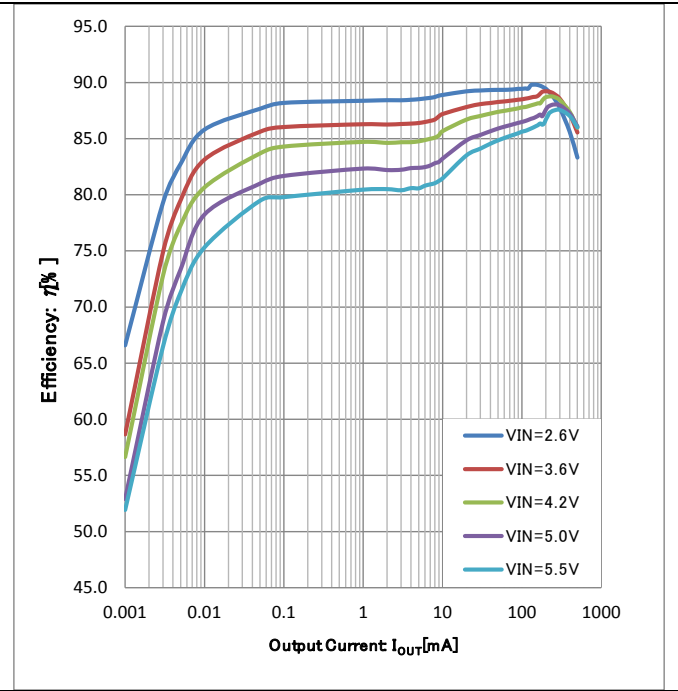


Figure 6.

Typical Performance Curves  
(Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C)



### Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

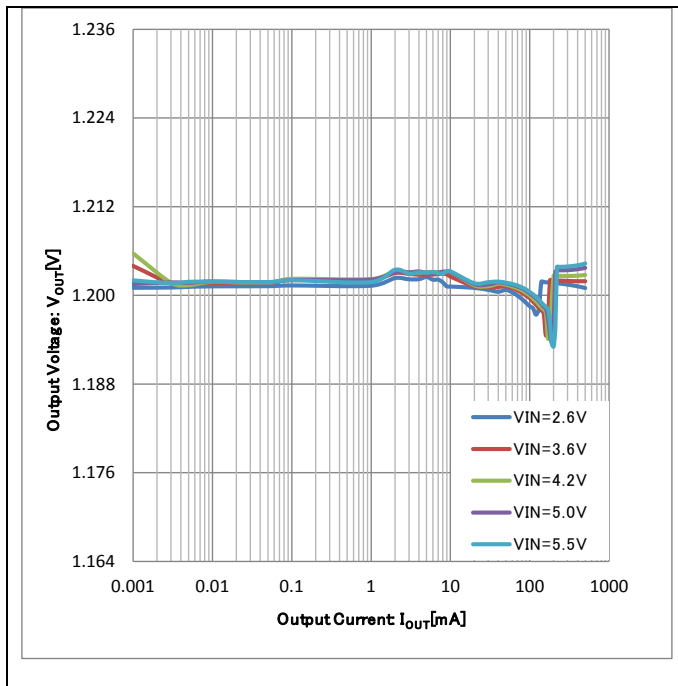
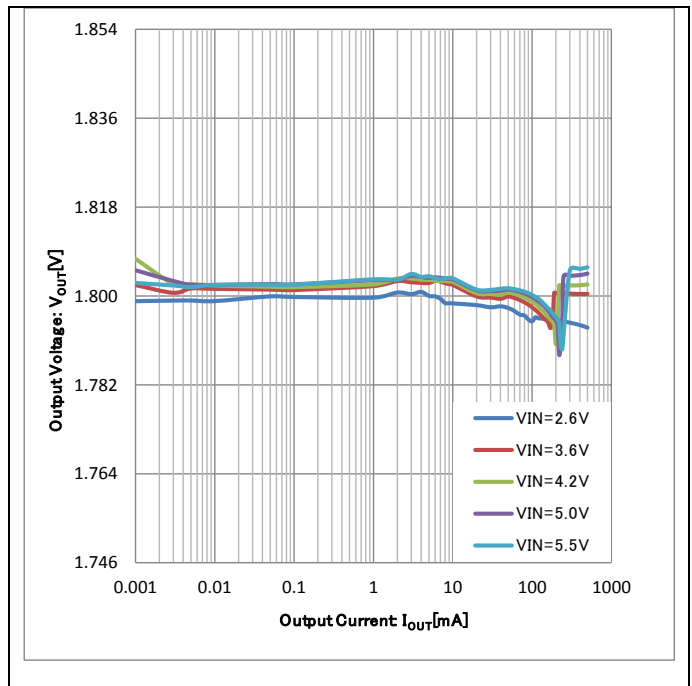


Figure 11. Output Voltage vs Output Current  
(Load Regulation,  $V_{OUT}=1.2\text{V}$ )



### Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

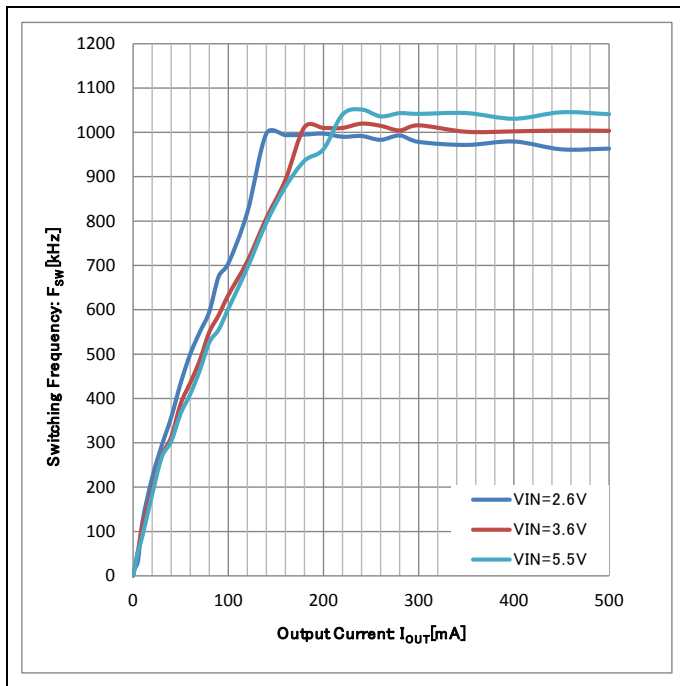
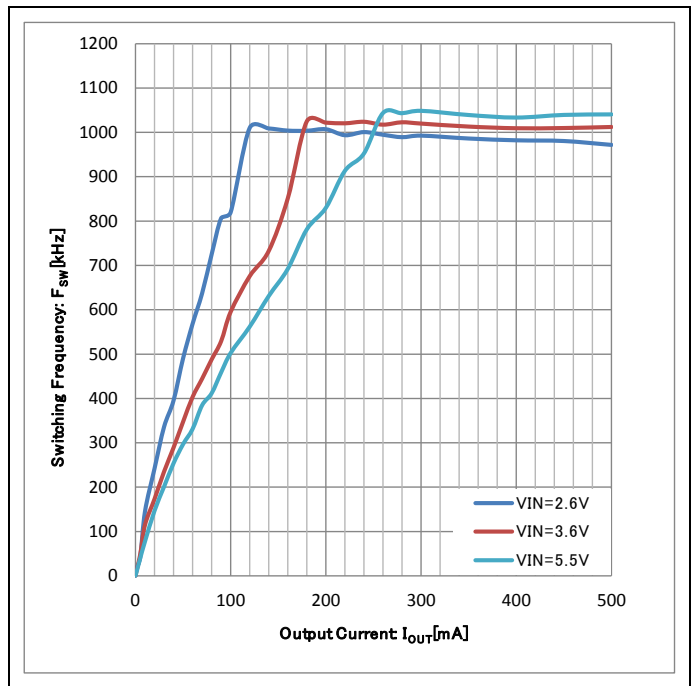
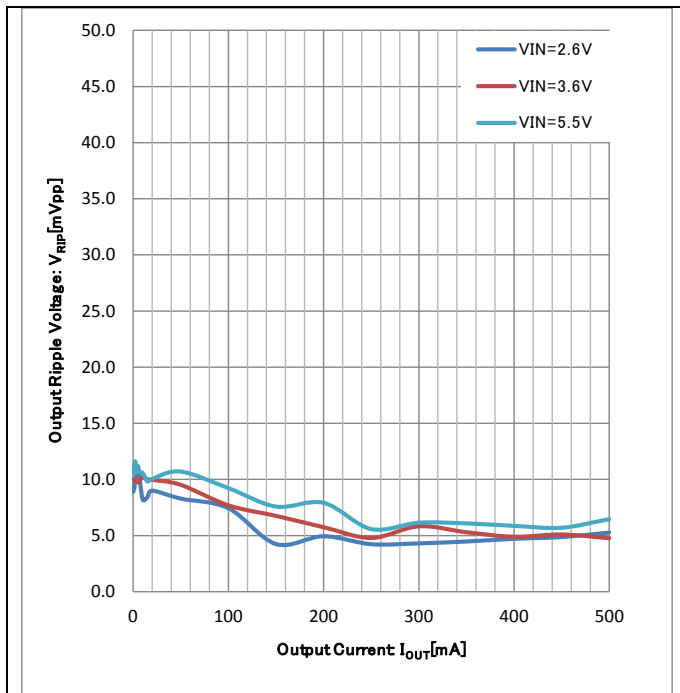
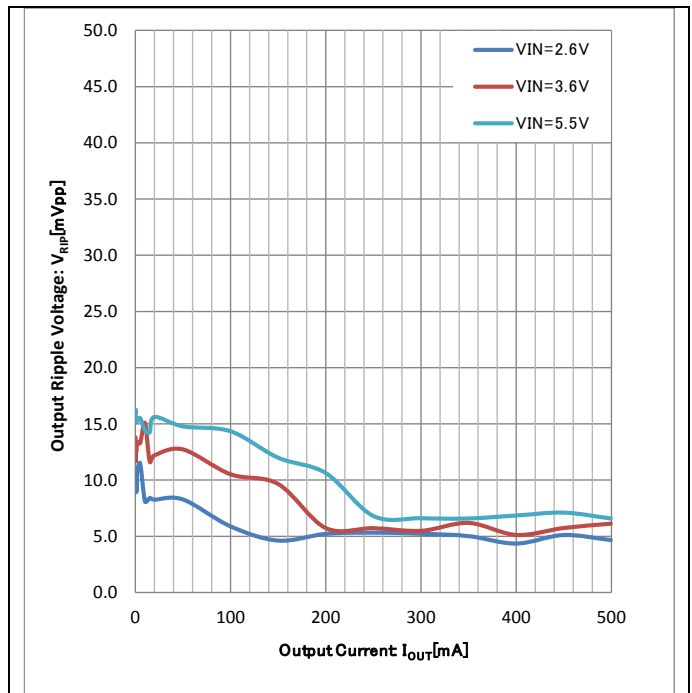


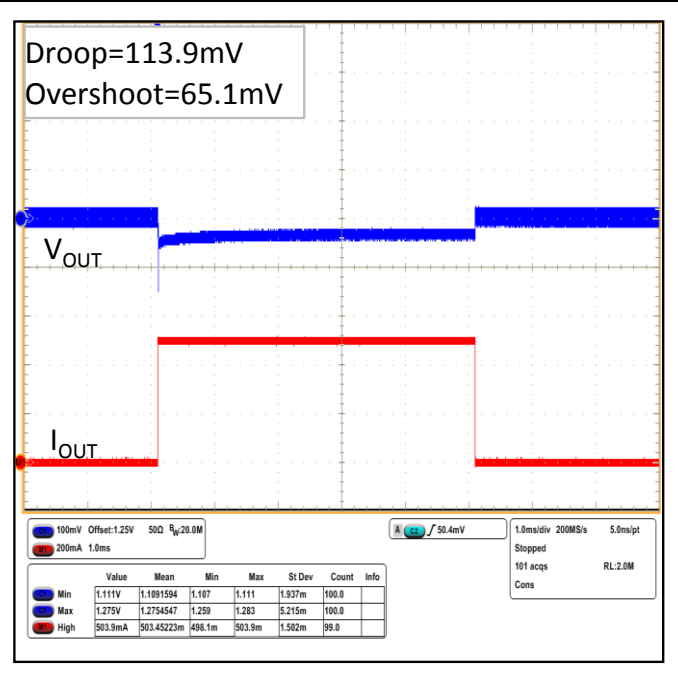
Figure 15. Switching Frequency vs Output Current  
( $V_{OUT}=1.2\text{V}$ )



## Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )Figure 19. Output Ripple Voltage vs Output Current (Peak to Peak Output Ripple Voltage,  $V_{OUT}=1.2\text{V}$ )

Typical Performance Curves - continued  
(Unless otherwise specified Ta=25°C)



# Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

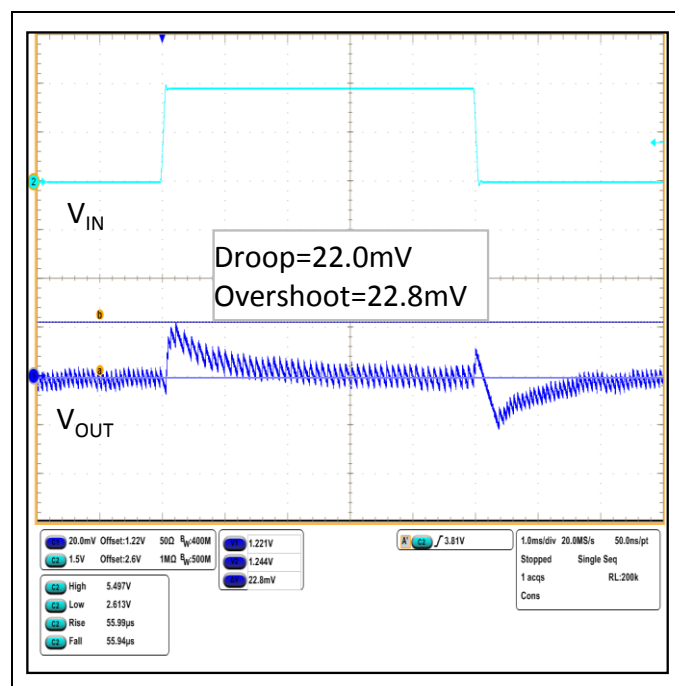


Figure 27. Line Transient Response  
( $V_{IN}=2.6\text{V}\leftrightarrow 5.5\$

### Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

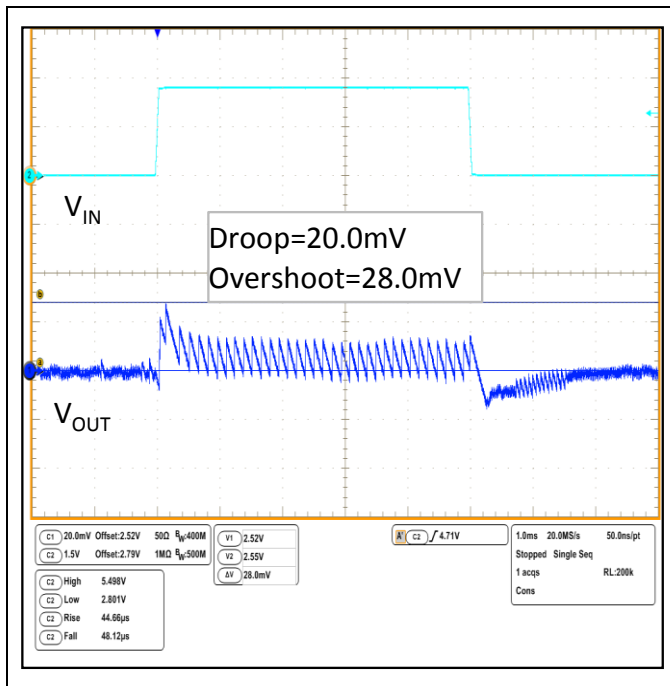


Figure 31. Line Transient Response  
( $V_{IN}=2.8\text{V} \leftrightarrow 5.5\text{V}$ ,  $t_r=t_f=45\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{OUT}=2.5\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ )

### Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

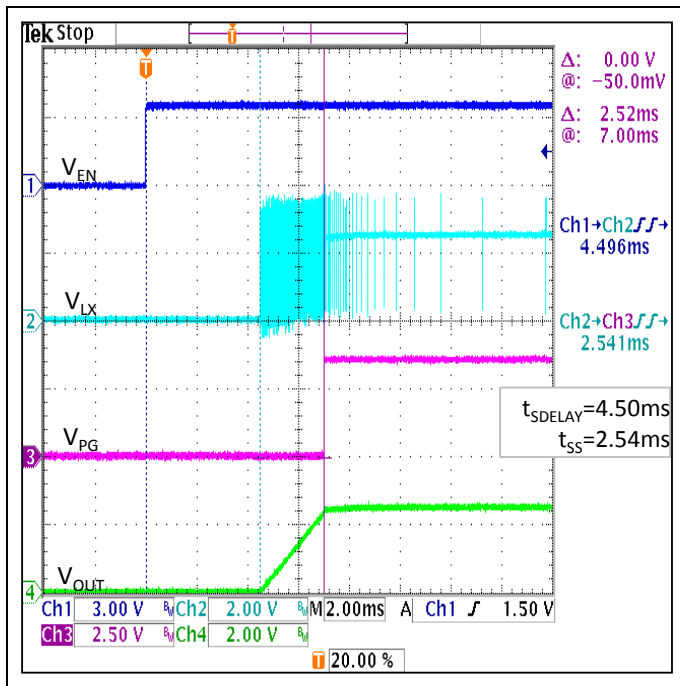


Figure 35

### Typical Performance Curves - continued

(Unless otherwise specified  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

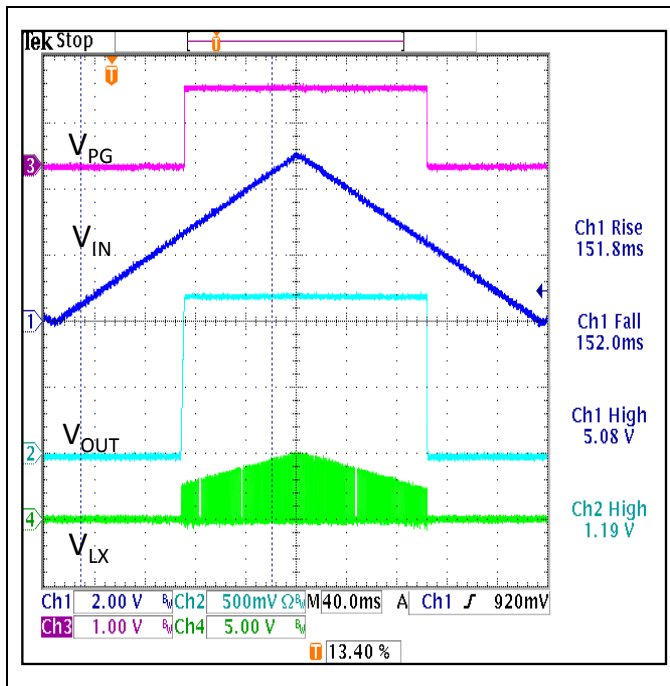
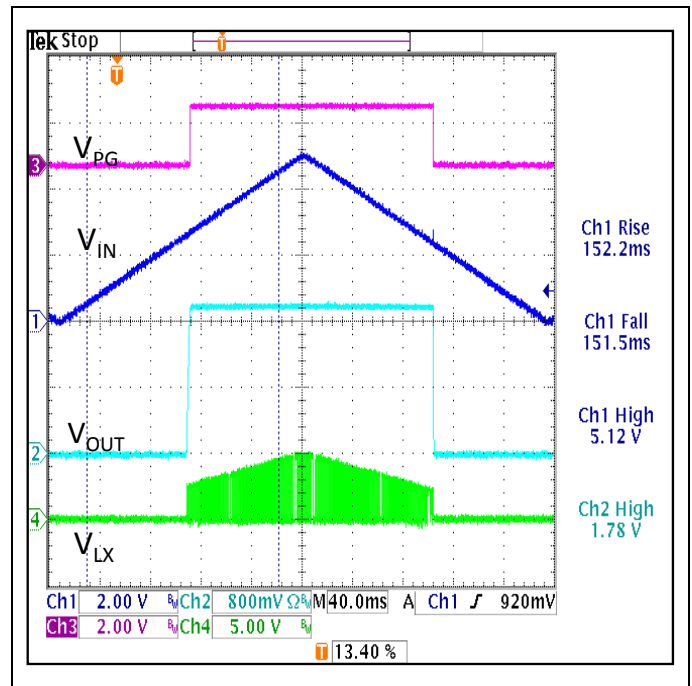


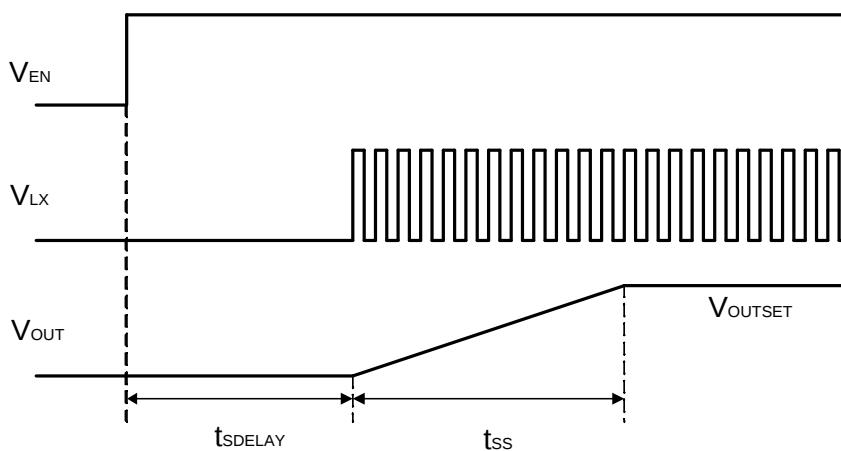
Figure 39. Input Voltage Ramp Up/Down  
( $V_{IN}=0\text{V}\leftrightarrow 5.0\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.2\text{V}$ ,  $I_{OUT}=500\text{mA}$ ,  $PG=V_{OUT}$ )



### Timing Chart

After BD70522GUL is enabled, the internal reference voltage is booted up.

When the startup delay time  $t_{\text{SDelay}}$  has expired, the switching is started by the soft-start operation, and the output voltage is ramped up to the set voltage ( $V_{\text{OUTSET}}$ ) which is determined by the states of VSEL1 and VSEL2 during the startup delay in normal operation.



## Application Examples

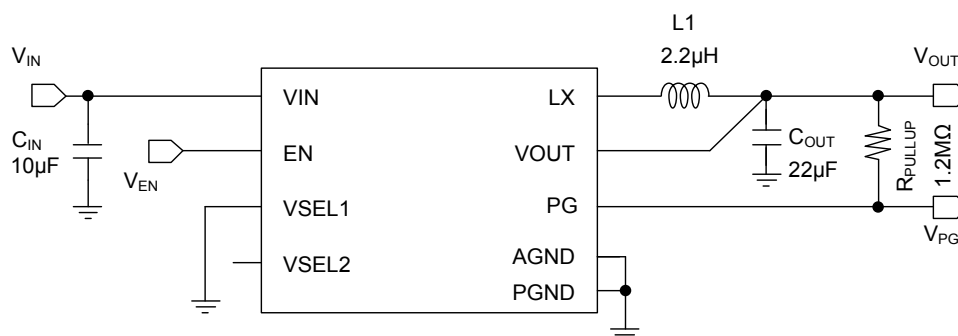
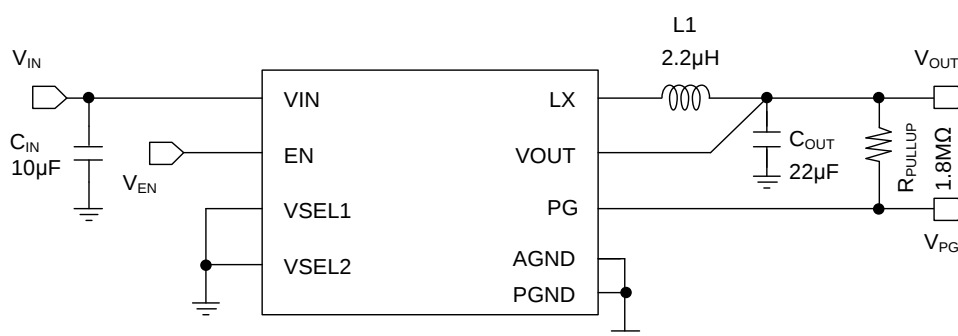
Figure 44. Application Example ( $V_{OUT}=1.2V$ )

Figure 45. Application Example (&lt;



## Operational Notes

### 1. Reverse Connection of Power Supply

Connecting the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions against reverse polarity when connecting the power supply, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply pins.

### 2. Power Supply Lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance supply lines. Furthermore, connect a capacitor to ground at all power supply pins. Consider the effect of temperature and aging on the capacitance value when using electrolytic capacitors.

### 3. Ground Voltage

Ensure that no pins are at a voltage below that of the ground pin at any time, even during transient condition.

### 4. Ground Wiring Pattern

When using both small-signal and large-current ground traces, the

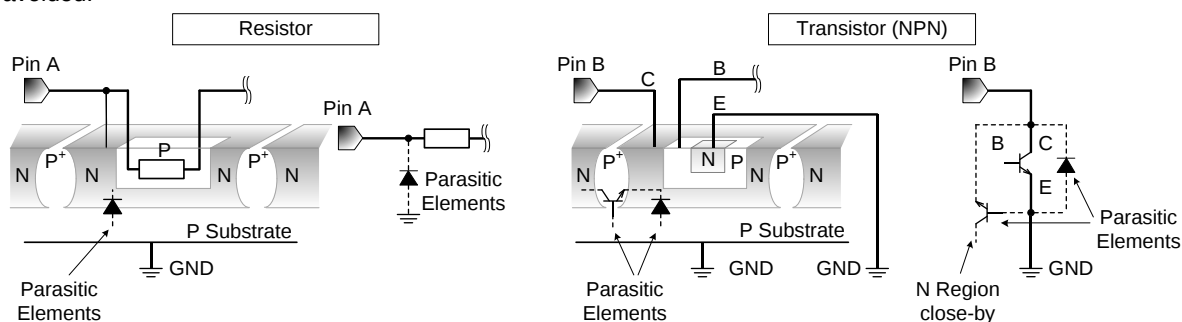
### 11. Regarding the Input Pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P<sup>+</sup> isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of the P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example (refer to figure below):

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes inevitably occur in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Therefore, conditions that cause these diodes to operate, such as applying a voltage lower than the GND voltage to an input pin (and thus to the P substrate) should be avoided.

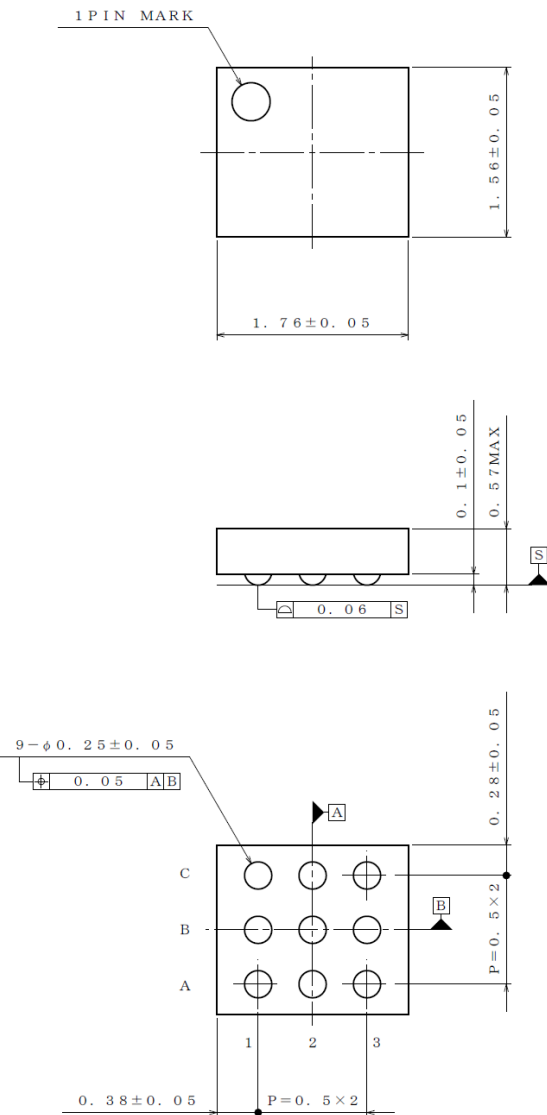


Ordering Information

|                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |                            |     |                                     |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| B D 7 0 5 2 2 G U L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -                          | E 2 |                                     |
| Part Number         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Package                    |     | Packaging and forming specification |
| GUL: VCSP50L1C      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | E2: Embossed tape and reel |     |                                     |

Physical Dimension and Packing Information

|              |           |
|--------------|-----------|
| Package Name | VCSP50L1C |
|--------------|-----------|



Drawing No : EX961-50

## Revision History

| Date        | Revision | Changes                                                                                                   |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10.Aug.2017 | 001      | New Release                                                                                               |
| 21.Aug.2017 | 002      | Corrected the limits of "I <sub>LIMITL</sub> " and "I <sub>LIMITH2</sub> " in Electrical Characteristics. |
|             |          | Improved the description of OCL.                                                                          |
|             |          | Improved Figure 5, Marking Diagram.                                                                       |

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| JAPAN     | USA       | EU         | CHINA     |
|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| CLASS III | CLASS III | CLASS II b | CLASS III |
| CLASS IV  |           |            |           |

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