

1. INTRODUCTION

The CERTI-CRIMP II Straight Action Hand Tools are designed to crimp a variety of loose piece terminals.

NOTE

Refer to <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> "Documentation" - "Data Sheets" for a list of loose piece terminals that may be crimped by the CERTI-CRIMP II Straight Action Hand Tool. **The website also contains instructions in various languages.**

CAUTION

The wire crimper bottoms against the anvil before the ratchet releases. This is a design feature that assures maximum electrical and tensile performance of the crimp. Do NOT re-adjust the ratchet.

简介

CERTI-CRIMP II 直动式手工具用于压接多种散装端子。

注意：请登陆 <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> "Documentation" - "Data Sheets" 网站以获取可由 CERTI-CRIMP II 直动式手工具压接的端子列表。

注意：在 CERTI-CRIMP 棘轮释放前，其压线刀下行至贴住底刀的位置。此设计用于确保压接后能得到最大的电气及拉力性能。棘轮位置不允许调整。

1. INTRODUCTION

Les pinces à action directe CERTI-CRIMP II permettent de sertir différents types de cosses en vrac.

REMARQUE

La liste complète des cosses en vrac sertissables à l'aide de la pince à action directe CERTI-CRIMP II est consultable sur le site <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> "Documentation" - "Data Sheets" Ce site comporte également des instructions dans différentes langues.

ATTENTION

Le poinçon du fil vient en butée contre l'enclume avant le déblocage de la crémaillère CERTI-CRIMP. Cette fonctionnalité permet d'assurer des performances de sertissage optimales tant sur le plan électrique que sur celui de la tenue en traction du fil. NE PAS retoucher au réglage de la crémaillère.

1. はじめに

CERTI-CRIMP II ストレートアクション・ハンドツールは、様々なバラ状端子の圧着用に設計されています。

注 記

それぞれの CERTI-CRIMP II ストレートアクション・ハンドツールで圧着できる端子のリストは、<http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> "Documentation" - "Data Sheets" でご覧になれます。また、このウェブサイトでは各国の言語に翻訳されているこの取扱説明書をご覧になれます。

注 意

ツールのラチェットが解除される前に、ワイヤークリッパーがアンビルに突き当たります。この方式により、圧着の電気的および機械的性能を最大限に引き出します。お客様でのラチェットの再調整は、絶対にしないでください。

1. EINFÜHRUNG

Die CERTI-CRIMP II Handzange ist dazu vorgesehen, unterschiedliche Klemmen zu crimpen.

ANMERKUNG

Siehe <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> "Documentation" - "Data Sheets" für eine Aufstellung von LP-Kontakte, die mit der CERTI-CRIMP Handzange gecrimpt werden können. Die Website enthält auch Anleitungen in verschiedenen Sprachen.

VORSICHT

Das Werkzeugoberteil fährt immer auf Block mit den Amboß, bevor die CERTI-CRIMP Handzange die Ratsche freigibt. Dies ist ein Konstruktionsmerkmal, welches maximale Verpressung und Zugfestigkeit des Crimp-Kontaktes gewährleistet. Die Ratsche darf nicht verstellt werden.

1. INTRODUZIONE

Gli attrezzi manuali CERTI-CRIMP II Straight Action sono progettati per aggaffare vari tipi di terminali sciolti.

NOTA

Per la lista dei terminali sciolti che possono essere aggaffati con l'attrezzo manuale CERTI-CRIMP II Straight Action, consultare il sito multilingua <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> "Documentation" - "Data Sheets".

ATTENZIONE

Prima del rilascio del cricchetto, la matrice di aggaffatura è appoggiata sull'incudine. Tale condizione garantisce prestazioni ottimali dell'aggaffatura in termini di elettricità e tensione. NON modificare la regolazione del cricchetto.

PROPER USE GUIDELINES

Cumulative Trauma Disorders can result from the prolonged use of manually powered hand tools. Hand tools are intended for occasional use and low volume applications. A wide selection of powered application equipment for extended-use, production operations is available.

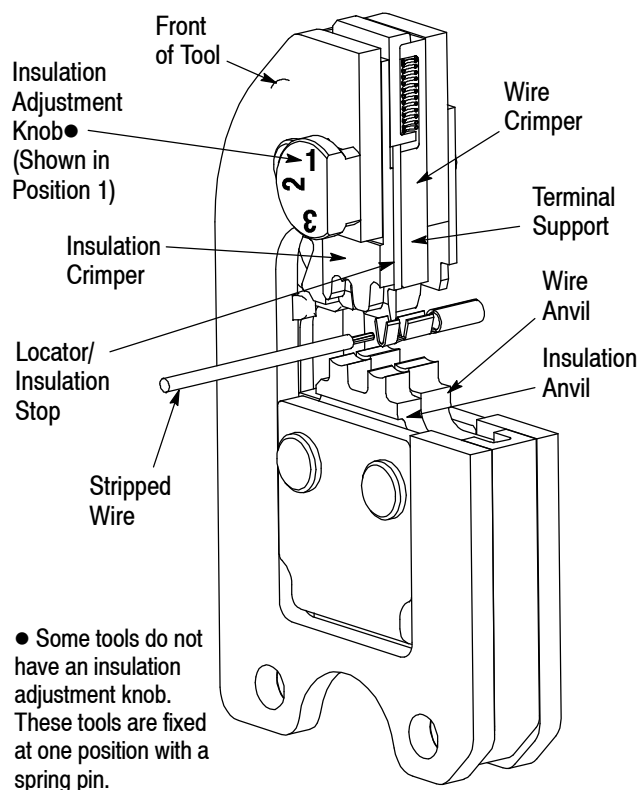


Figure 1

2. DESCRIPTION

The FRONT of the tool, is marked with the tool part number, wire size ranges, and crimp height specifications.

The tool features a fixed die (crimper), a movable die (anvil), a locator/insulation stop, and a ratchet. Many tools feature an insulation adjustment knob which is used to regulate the crimp height of the contact insulation barrel during the crimping operation. The locator/insulation stop positions the contact, and limits the insertion distance of the stripped wire into the contact. In use, the locator/insulation stop rests in the locator slot of the contact (See Figures 1 and 2). The ratchet assures full crimping of the contact. Once engaged, the ratchet will not release until the dies have been fully closed.

3. CRIMPING PROCEDURE

Refer to the table at <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp> to ensure that the wire intended for use is compatible with the wire size and insulation diameter specified in the table. Strip the wire to the length indicated in the table.



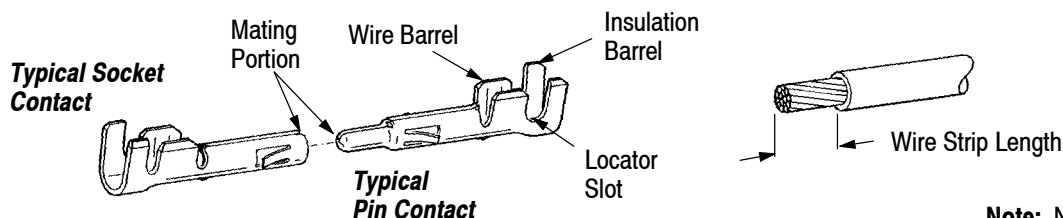
Do NOT cut or nick the wire strands during wire stripping.

Proceed as follows:

1. Hold the tool so that the FRONT side is facing you.
2. Ensure that the tool ratchet is released by squeezing the tool handles and allowing them to open FULLY.
3. Holding the contact by its mating portion and looking straight into the crimp section, insert the contact from the BACK of the tool into the appropriate crimp chamber.
4. Position the contact between the crimpers so that the locator/insulation stop enters the slot in the contact. The wire barrel should butt against the locator/insulation stop. Refer to Figures 1 and 2.
5. Holding the contact in this position, apply light inward pressure against the locator, and squeeze the tool handles together until the insulation anvil starts entry into the insulation crimper (usually two ratchet clicks). Do NOT deform the insulation barrel or wire barrel.
6. Insert a properly stripped wire through the locator slot and into the wire barrel of the contact until the insulation butts against the locator/insulation stop.
7. Holding wire in place, crimp contact to the wire by squeezing the tool handles together until the ratchet releases.
8. Allow tool handles to open FULLY and remove the crimped contact from the tool.

4. INSULATION ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

On many tools, the insulation barrel crimp height is regulated by the insulation adjustment knob (Figure 1). The insulation crimp should hold the insulation firmly without cutting into the insulation.



Note: Not to Scale

Figure 2

To determine the proper insulation crimp setting, test crimp a loose piece contact using the setting that corresponds to the insulation diameter: (1) small, (2) and (3) medium, or (4) large. If the crimped insulation barrel is too tight or loose, change the setting by pulling out and rotating the adjustment knob to the desired setting.

5. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

It is recommended that a maintenance and inspection program be performed periodically to ensure dependable and uniform terminations. Frequency of inspection depends on:

- The care, amount of use, and handling of the hand tool,
- The presence of abnormal amounts of dust and dirt,
- The degree of operator skill, and
- Your own established standards.

The hand tool is inspected before being shipped; however, it is recommended that the tool be inspected immediately upon its arrival at your facility to ensure that the tool has not been damaged during shipment.

5.1. Daily Maintenance

1. Remove dust, moisture, and other contaminants with a clean brush, or a soft, lint-free cloth. Do NOT use objects that could damage the tool.
2. Make certain that the retaining pins are in place and that they are secured with retaining rings. See Figure 4.
3. All pins, pivot points, and bearing surfaces should be protected with a thin coat of any good SAE 20 oil. Do not oil excessively.
4. When the tool is not in use, keep handles closed to prevent objects from becoming lodged in the crimping jaws. Store the tool in a clean, dry area.

5.2. Lubrication

Lubricate all pins, pivot points, and bearing surfaces with SAE 20 oil as follows:

Tools used in daily production — lubricate daily
Tools used daily (occasional) — lubricate weekly
Tools used weekly — lubricate monthly

Wipe excess oil from tool, particularly from crimping area. Oil transferred from the crimping area onto certain terminations may affect the electrical characteristics of an application.

5.3. Periodic Inspection

1. Hand tool may be immersed (handles partially closed) in a reliable commercial degreasing compound (suitable for plastics) to remove accumulated dirt, grease and foreign matter.

2. Close tool handles until ratchet releases and then allow them to open freely. If they do not open quickly and fully, the spring is defective and must be replaced. See the Section 5.

3. Inspect head assembly for worn, cracked, or broken jaws. If damage is evident, return it for evaluation and repair.

5.4. Crimp Height Inspection

This inspection requires the use of micrometer with a modified anvil (commonly referred to as a crimp height comparator) as shown in Figure 3. TE Connectivity does not market crimp height comparators. Refer to Instruction Sheet 408-7424 for detailed information on obtaining and using a crimp height comparator.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select a contact and a wire (maximum size) for each crimp section listed in the appropriate table at <http://tooling.te.com/data.asp>.
2. Refer to the Section 3, and crimp the contact(s).
3. Using a crimp height comparator, measure wire barrel crimp height as shown in Figure 3. If the crimp height conforms to that marked on the tool, the tool is considered dimensionally correct. If not, return tool to TE for evaluation and repair (refer to Section 6).

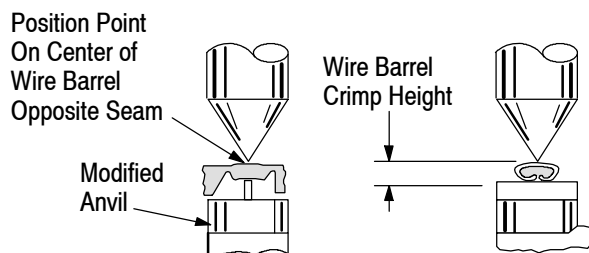


Figure 3

5.5. Ratchet Inspection

The ratchet feature on these hand tools should be checked to ensure that the ratchet does not release prematurely, allowing the crimping dies to open before they have fully bottomed. Obtain a 0.025-mm [.001-in.] shim that is suitable for checking the clearance between the bottoming surfaces of the crimping dies.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the maximum size wire and strip it according to dimensions listed in the drawing shipped with the tool.
2. Select contact and crimp section corresponding to the selected wire size (refer to the drawing shipped with the tool).
3. Position the contact and wire in the crimping dies, as described in the Section 3, CRIMPING PROCEDURE.

4. Hold the wire in place and squeeze the handles until the ratchet releases. Hold the handles in this position, maintaining just enough tension to keep the dies closed.

5. Check the clearance between the bottoming surfaces of the wire crimper and the wire anvil. See Figure 1. If the clearance is 0.025 mm [.001 in.] or less (on at least two of the bottoming surfaces), the ratchet is satisfactory. If clearance exceeds 0.025 mm [.001 in.], the ratchet is out of adjustment and must be repaired. See Section 5.

NOTE



The insulation crimper does not bottom on the insulation anvil.

6. REPLACEMENT AND REPAIR

The replaceable part is listed in Figure 4. Parts other than that listed in Figure 4 should be replaced by TE to ensure quality and reliability of the tool.

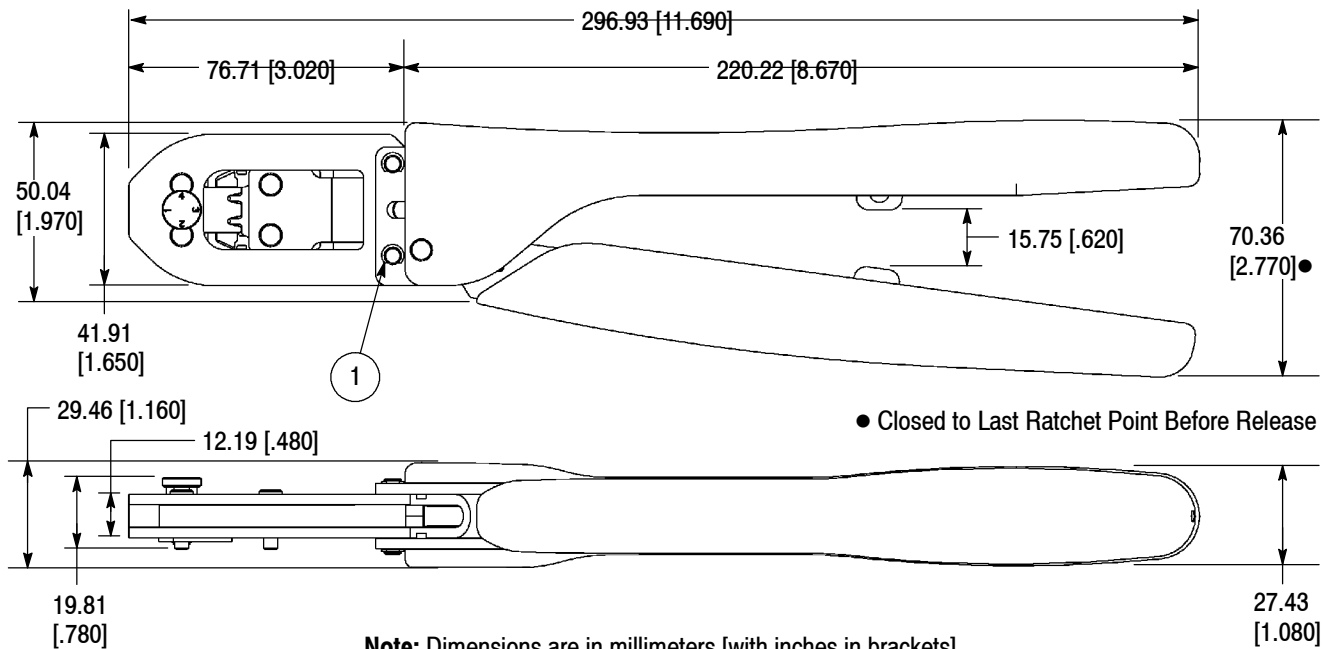
Order replacement parts through your local TE Representative, or call 1-800-526-5142.

Tools may also be returned for evaluation and repair. For tool repair service, call 1-800-526-5136.

7. REVISION SUMMARY

Revisions to this instruction sheet include:

- Deleted web addresses in Section 6



REPLACEABLE PART

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY PER TOOL
1	21045-3	RING, Retaining	4

Figure 4



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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