



FPD-Link Demonstration Kit User Manual

P/N: FLINK3V10BT-TX/RX

Rev 0.6

Flat Panel Displays

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
INTRODUCTION:	3
CONTENTS OF THE EVALUATION KIT:	4
FPD-LINK TYPICAL APPLICATION:	4
HOW TO SET UP THE EVALUATION KIT:	6
POWER CONNECTION:	6
FPD-LINK TRANSMITTER BOARD DESCRIPTION:	7
CONFIGURATION SETTINGS FOR THE TX BOARD.....	8
TX LVTTTL/LVCMOS AND LVDS PINOUT BY IDC CONNECTOR.....	9
BOM (BILL OF MATERIALS) TRANSMITTER PCB:.....	10
RX FPD-LINK RECEIVER BOARD:	12
CONFIGURATION SETTINGS FOR THE RX BOARD.....	13
RX LVDS PINOUT AND LVTTTL/LVCMOS BY IDC CONNECTOR.....	14
BOM (BILL OF MATERIALS) RECEIVER PCB:.....	15
TYPICAL CONNECTION AND TEST EQUIPMENT	17
TWO-WIRE SERIAL COMMUNICATION INTERFACE DESCRIPTION.....	19
LVDS DATA MAPPING.....	19
LVDS DATA MAPPING (CONT'D).....	20
LVDS DATA MAPPING (CONT'D).....	21
6-BIT, 8-BIT, 10-BIT APPLICATION.....	22
TROUBLESHOOTING	24
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	25
EQUIPMENT REFERENCES.....	25
APPENDIX	26

Introduction:

National Semiconductor's Flat Panel Displays FPD-Link evaluation kit contains a Transmitter (Tx) board, a Receiver (Rx) board along with interfacing cables. This kit will demonstrate the chipsets interfacing from test equipment or a graphics controller using Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) to a receiver board. The DS90C3201 and DS90C3202 are a 10-bit color Transmitter and Receiver chipset designed to transmit data at clocks speeds from 8 to 135 MHz. Using a 10-bit color depth system, the 30-bit RGB color produces over 1.07 billion colors to represent high definition displays in their most natural color. The dual high speed LVDS channels supports single pixel in-single pixel out and dual pixel in-dual pixel out transmission modes.

The Transmitter board accepts LVTTTL/LVCMOS RGB signals from the graphics controller along with the clock signal. The LVDS Transmitter converts the LVTTTL/LVCMOS parallel lines into ten serialized LVDS data pairs plus a LVDS clock. The serial data streams toggle at 3.5 times the clock rate. With an input clock at 135 MHz, the maximum transmission rate of each LVDS line is 945Mbps, for an aggregate throughput rate of 9.45Gbps. This allows the 10-bit color LVDS Receiver to support resolutions up to HDTV.

The Receiver board accepts the LVDS serialized data streams plus clock and converts the data back into parallel LVTTTL/LVCMOS RGB signals and clock for the panel timing controller.

The user needs to provide the proper RGB inputs and clock to the Transmitter and also provide a proper interface from the Receiver output to the LCD panel or test equipment. The transmitter and receiver boards can be used to evaluate device parameters. A cable conversion board or harness scramble may be necessary depending on type of cable/connector interface used. A power down feature is also provided that reduces current draw when the link is not required. Other device features and configurations can be programmed via 2-wire serial interface

Contents of the Evaluation Kit:

- 1) One Transmitter board with the DS90C3201
- 2) One Receiver board with the DS90C3202
- 3) One 50-pin IDC Flat Ribbon Cable
- 4) Evaluation Kit Documentation (this manual)
- 5) DS90C3201/3202 Datasheet

FPD-Link Typical Application:

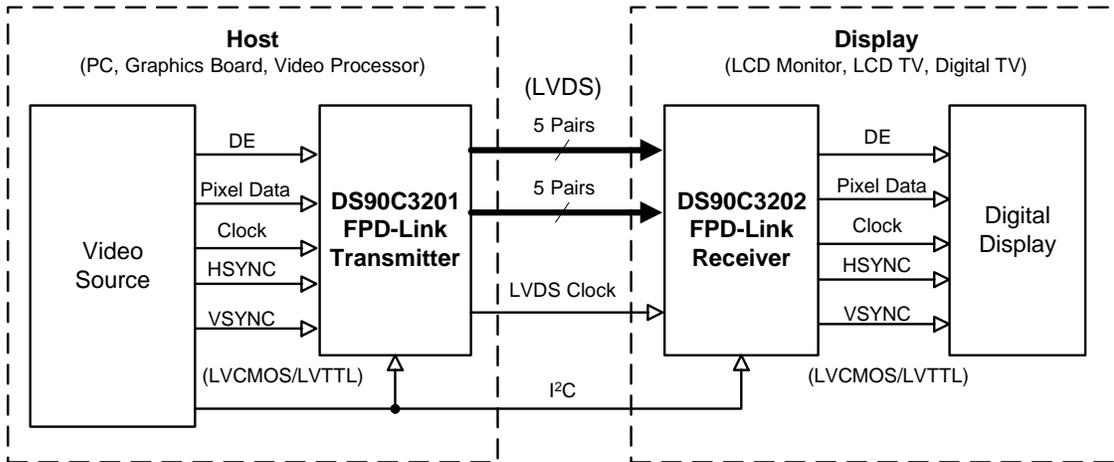


Figure 1a. Typical FPD-Link Application (Dual 30-bit RGB Color)

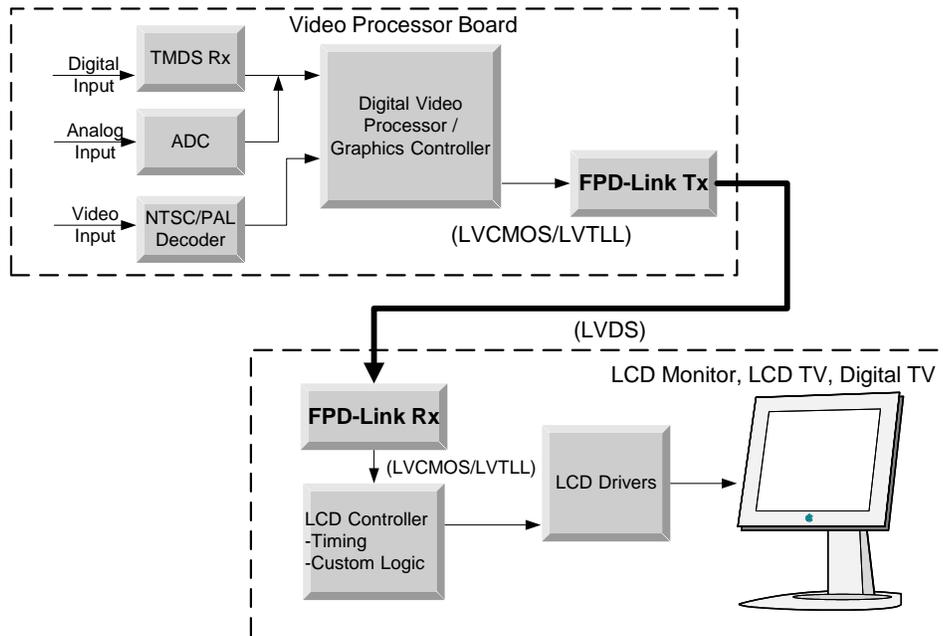


Figure 1b. Typical FPD-Link System Diagram

The diagrams above illustrate the use of the Chipset (Tx/Rx) in a Host to Flat Panel Interface.

Chipsets support up to 18-bit, 24-bit, and 30-bit color depth TFT LCD Panels for any VGA (640X480), SVGA (800X600), XGA (1024X768), WXGA (1280X768) SXGA (1280X1024), SXGA+ (1400X1050), HDTV (1920X1080) resolutions.

Refer to the proper datasheet information on Chipsets (Tx/Rx) provided on each board for more detailed information.

How to set up the Evaluation Kit:

The PCB routing for the Tx input pins (TxIN) have been laid out to accept incoming data from IDC connectors. The TxOUT/RxIN interface uses a 50-pin IDC connector through a IDC ribbon cable. Please follow these steps to set up the evaluation kit for bench testing and performance measurements:

- 1) Connect one end of the 50-pin IDC cable to the transmitter board and the other end to the receiver board. Longer lengths can be used.
- 2) Jumpers and switches have been configured at the factory; they should not require any changes for operation of the chipset. See text on Configuration settings for more details.
- 3) From the Video Decoder board, connect a flat cable (not supplied) to the transmitter board and connect another flat cable (not supplied) from the receiver board to the panel (Note: Refer Page 19 for suggested mapping schemes). A scramble cable may be required.
- 4) Power for the Tx and Rx boards must be supplied externally through Power Jack (VDD). Grounds for both boards are connected through Power Jack (VSS) (see section below).
- 5) 2-wire serial interface for external EEPROM circuitry power is supplied through Power jack (VDDE) and Ground for Power Jack (VSSE).

Power Connection:

The Transmitter and Receiver boards must be powered by supplying power externally through J2 (VDD) and J3 (VSS) on Transmitter Board and J4 (VDD) and J5 (VSS) on Receiver board. The maximum voltage that should ever be applied to the FPD-Link Transmitter (DS90C3201) or Receiver (DS90C3202) VDD terminal is +4V MAXIMUM. Optional EEPROM circuitry power is supplied through J4 (VDDE), J5 (VSSE) or JP79 on Transmitter Board and J2 (VDDE), J3 (VSSE) or JP74 on Receiver Board.

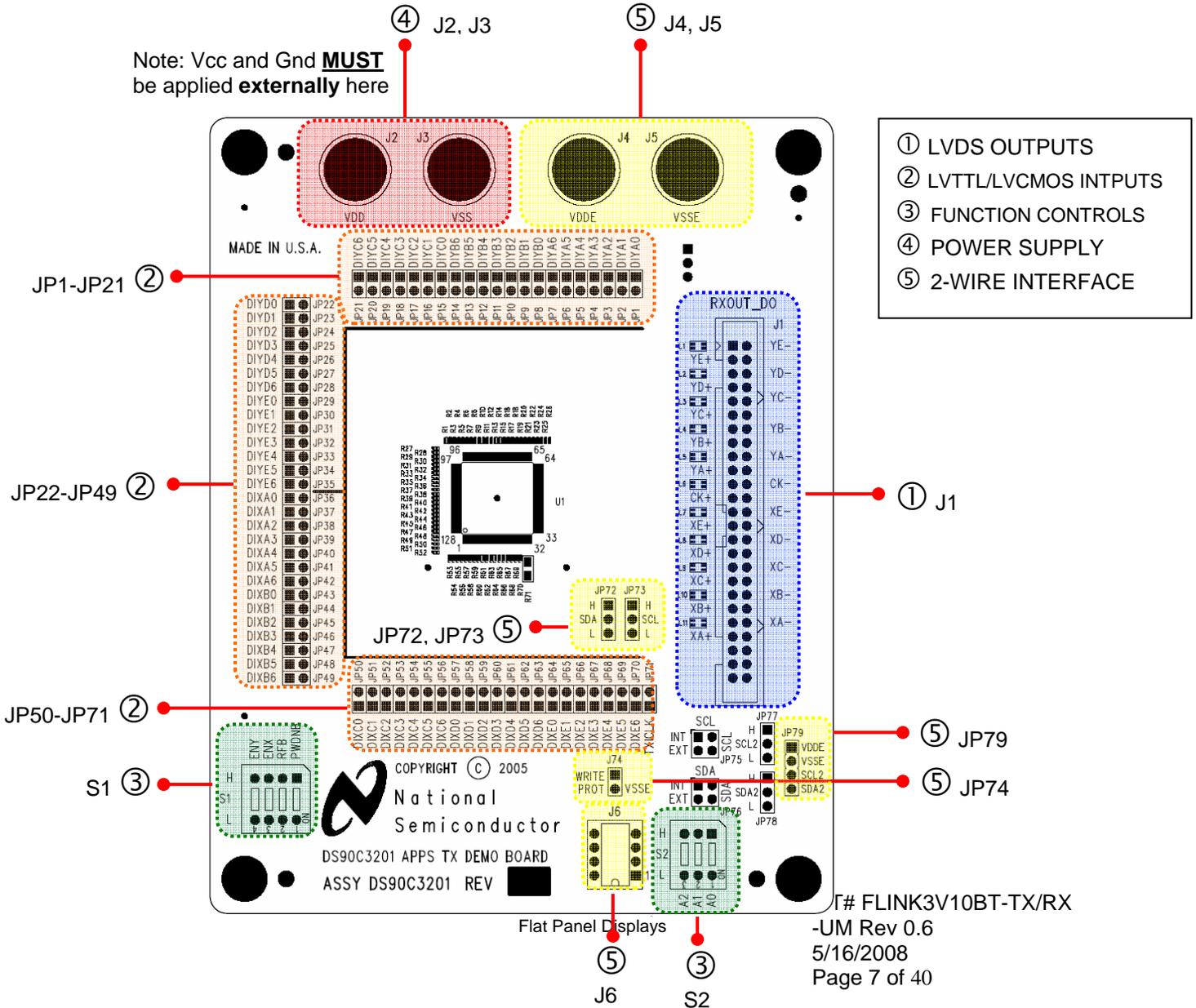
FPD-Link Transmitter Board Description:

JP1 to JP71 IDC connectors accepts 70 bits of LVTTTL/LVCMOS RGB data along with the clock input.

The FPD-Link Transmitter board is powered externally from the J2 and J3 connectors shown below. For the transmitter to be operational, the Power Down (PWDN) switch on S2 must be set HIGH. Rising or falling edge reference clock is also selected by S2 tied to HIGH (rising) or LOW (falling). Other device features and configurations can be programmed via 2-wire serial interface through JP79.

The 50-pin IDC connector (J1) provides the interface for LVDS signals for the Receiver board.

TDK EMC common-mode filters have been added in series on the LVDS signals for high-frequency noise suppression.

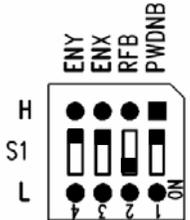


Configuration Settings for the Tx Board

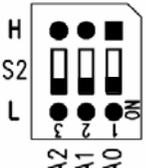
Reference	Description	Open	Closed
WRITE PORT (J74)	2-wire Serial Interface Write Protect	Write Enabled 	Write-Protected 

Default setting for J74 is set Open (to VSS), Write Enabled.

S1: Transmitter Features Selection

Reference	Description	L	H	S1
ENY <i>(MODE1)</i>	EN able “Y” Bank “ODD” Data Channels	Disabled	Enabled (Default)	
ENX <i>(MODE0)</i>	EN able “X” Bank “EVEN” Data Channels	Disabled	Enabled (Default)	
RFB	R ising or F alling Data Strobe	Falling (Default)	Rising	
PWDNB	Po W e r D o w n B ar	Powers Down	Operational (Default)	

S2: External EEPROM Slave Address

Reference	Description	S2
A2	Slave Address A2 (Default LOW)	
A1	Slave Address A1 (Default LOW)	
A0	Slave Address A0 (Default LOW)	

Default setting for S2 is set to all LOW, External EEPROM Slave Address A[2:0]=000

Tx LVTTTL/LVCMOS and LVDS Pinout by IDC Connector

The following two figures illustrate how the Tx inputs are mapped to the IDC connectors J1P to JP71 (Note – labels are also printed on the demo boards). The LVDS outputs for the 50-pin IDC (J1) connector pinout are also shown.

BANK X INPUTS EVEN Data Channels		BANK Y INPUTS ODD Data Channels	
Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)	Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)
JP36	DIXA0 (TXEE0)	JP1	DIYA0 (TXOE0)
JP37	DIXA1 (TXEE1)	JP2	DIYA1 (TXOE1)
JP38	DIXA2 (TXEE2)	JP3	DIYA2 (TXOE2)
JP39	DIXA3 (TXEE3)	JP4	DIYA3 (TXOE3)
JP40	DIXA4 (TXEE4)	JP5	DIYA4 (TXOE4)
JP41	DIXA5 (TXEE5)	JP6	DIYA5 (TXOE5)
JP42	DIXA6 (TXEE6)	JP7	DIYA6 (TXOE6)
JP43	DIXB0 (TXED0)	JP8	DIYB0 (TXOD0)
JP44	DIXB1 (TXED1)	JP9	DIYB1 (TXOD1)
JP45	DIXB2 (TXED2)	JP10	DIYB2 (TXOD2)
JP46	DIXB3 (TXED3)	JP11	DIYB3 (TXOD3)
JP47	DIXB4 (TXED4)	JP12	DIYB4 (TXOD4)
JP48	DIXB5 (TXED5)	JP13	DIYB5 (TXOD5)
JP49	DIXB6 (TXED6)	JP14	DIYB6 (TXOD6)
JP50	DIXC0 (TXEC0)	JP15	DIYC0 (TXOC0)
JP51	DIXC1 (TXEC1)	JP16	DIYC1 (TXOC1)
JP52	DIXC2 (TXEC2)	JP17	DIYC2 (TXOC2)
JP53	DIXC3 (TXEC3)	JP18	DIYC3 (TXOC3)
JP54	DIXC4 (TXEC4)	JP19	DIYC4 (TXOC4)
JP55	DIXC5 (TXEC5)	JP20	DIYC5 (TXOC5)
JP56	DIXC6 (TXEC6)	JP21	DIYC6 (TXOC6)
JP57	DIXD0 (TXEB0)	JP22	DIYD0 (TXOB0)
JP58	DIXD1 (TXEB1)	JP23	DIYD1 (TXOB1)
JP59	DIXD2 (TXEB2)	JP24	DIYD2 (TXOB2)
JP60	DIXD3 (TXEB3)	JP25	DIYD3 (TXOB3)
JP61	DIXD4 (TXEB4)	JP26	DIYD4 (TXOB4)
JP62	DIXD5 (TXEB5)	JP27	DIYD5 (TXOB5)
JP63	DIXD6 (TXEB6)	JP28	DIYD6 (TXOB6)
JP64	DIXE0 (TXEA0)	JP29	DIYE0 (TXOA0)
JP65	DIXE1 (TXEA1)	JP30	DIYE1 (TXOA1)
JP66	DIXE2 (TXEA2)	JP31	DIYE2 (TXOA2)
JP67	DIXE3 (TXEA3)	JP32	DIYE3 (TXOA3)
JP68	DIXE4 (TXEA4)	JP33	DIYE4 (TXOA4)
JP69	DIXE5 (TXEA5)	JP34	DIYE5 (TXOA5)
JP70	DIXE6 (TXEA6)	JP35	DIYE6 (TXOA6)
JP71		TXCLK (TCLKIN)	

LVDS OUTPUTS (J1)			
ODD Data Channels		EVEN Data Channels	
Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)	Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)
1	GND	26	XE - (TXEA-)
2	YE - (TXOA-)	27	XE+ (TXEA+)
3	YE+ (TXOA+)	28	GND
4	GND	29	GND
5	GND	30	XD - (TXEB-)
6	YD - (TXOB-)	31	XD+ (TXEB+)
7	YD+ (TXOB+)	32	GND
8	GND	33	GND
9	GND	34	XC - (TXEC-)
10	YC - (TXOC-)	35	XC+ (TXEC+)
11	YC+ (TXOC+)	36	GND
12	GND	37	GND
13	GND	38	XB - (TXED-)
14	YB - (TXOD-)	39	XB+ (TXED+)
15	YB+ (TXOD+)	40	GND
16	GND	41	GND
17	GND	42	XA - (TXEA-)
18	YA - (TXOE-)	43	XA+ (TXEA+)
19	YA+ (TXOE+)	44	GND
20	GND	45	GND
21	GND	46	GND
22	CK - (TCLKOUT-)	47	GND
23	CK+ (TCLKOUT+)	48	GND
24	GND	49	GND
25	GND	50	GND

BOM (Bill of Materials) Transmitter PCB:

DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board Revision: 0c
 Bill Of Materials February 18,2005 17:00:16

<u>Item</u>	<u>Qty</u>	<u>Reference</u>	<u>Part</u>	<u>PCB Footprint</u>
1	2	C1,C2	2.2uF	CAP/EIA-B
2	3	C3,C5,C40	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-1206
3	14	C4,C6,C7,C8,C9,C12,C21, C22,C25,C28,C29,C38,C39, C42	22uF	CAP/EIA-D
4	11	C10,C13,C16,C18,C19,C23, C26,C30,C34,C36,C37	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-0603
5	11	C11,C14,C15,C17,C20,C24, C27,C31,C32,C33,C35	0.01uF	CAP/HDC-0603
6	1	C41	0.01uF	CAP/HDC-0805
7	2	F1,F2	32VDC1A	Fuse/0603 (1608)
8	1	JP74	2-Pin Header	Header/2P
8a	1	JP1-JP21,	21X2-Pin Header	Header/42P
8b	1	JP22-JP49,	28X2-Pin Header	Header/56P
8c	1	JP50-JP71	22X2-Pin Header	Header/44P
9	4	JP72,JP73,JP77,JP78	3 pin Jumper	JUMP/3P
10	2	JP76,JP75	IDC2X2_Unshrouded	CON/HDR-4P-A
11	1	JP79	HEADER 4x1	HDR/4P
12	1	JP80	3 pin Jumper OPEN	JUMP/3P
13	1	J1	IDC25X2_Shrouded	IDC-50
14	4	J2,J3,J4,J5	BANANA	CON/BANANA-S
15	1	J6	DIP 4X2	DIP-8
16	11	L1,L2,L3,L4,L5,L6,L7,L8, L9,L10,L11	Z = 90 ohm	20mm x 12mm
17	70	R1,R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8, R9,R10,R11,R12,R13,R14,	49.9ohmOPEN	RES/HDC-0201

R15,R16,R17,R18,R19,R20,
 R21,R22,R23,R24,R25,R26,
 R27,R28,R29,R30,R31,R32,
 R33,R34,R35,R36,R37,R38,
 R39,R40,R41,R42,R43,R44,
 R45,R46,R47,R48,R49,R50,
 R51,R52,R53,R54,R55,R56,
 R57,R58,R59,R60,R61,R62,
 R63,R64,R65,R66,R67,R68,
 R69,R70

18	1	R71	49.9ohmOPEN	RES/HDC-0805
19	1	R72	10K OPEN	RES/HDC-0805
20	1	R73	0 Ohm,0805 OPEN	RES/HDC-0805
21	11	R74,R75,R76,R77,R78,R79, R80,R81,R82,R83,R84	100ohm,0805	RES/HDC-0805
22	11	R85,R86,R87,R88,R89,R90, R91,R92,R95,R96,R97	0 Ohm,0402	RES/HDC-0402
23	8	R93,R94,R98,R99,R100, R101,R102,R103	4.75K	RES/HDC-0805
24	7	R104,R105,R106,R107,R108, R109,R110	10K	RES/HDC-0805
25	1	S1	SW DIP-4	DIP-8
26	1	S2	SW DIP-3	DIP-6
27	1	U1	DS90C3201	128ldTQFP_VJX128A

Rx FPD-Link Receiver Board:

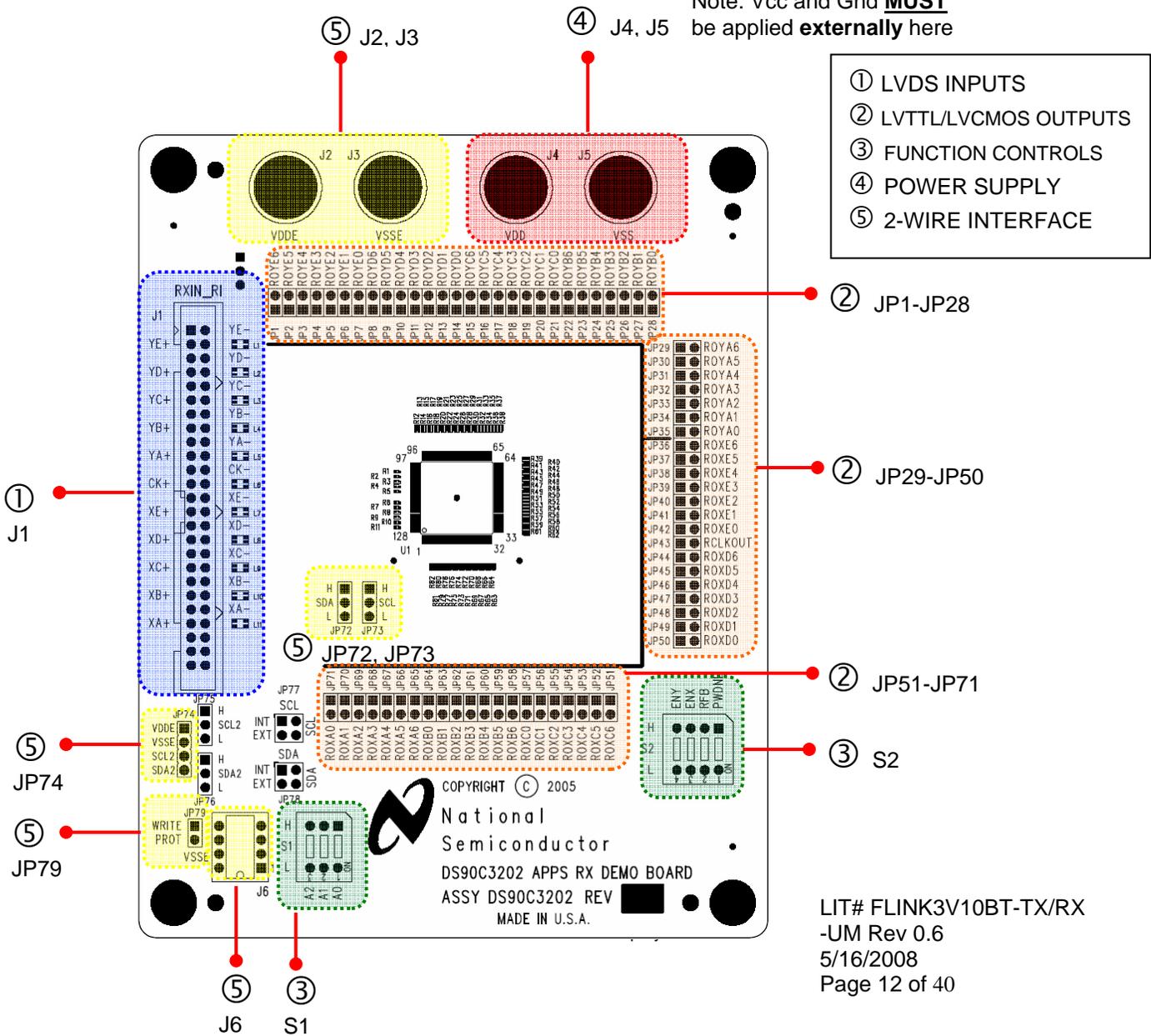
Reference JP1 to JP71 provides access to the 70 bit LVTTTL/LVCMOS and clock outputs.

The FPD-Link Receiver board is powered externally from the J4 and J5 connectors shown below. For the receiver to be operational, the Power Down (PWDN) switch on S2 must be set. Rising or falling edge reference clock is also selected by S2 tied to HIGH (rising) or LOW (falling). Other device features and configurations can be programmed via 2-wire serial interface through J74.

The 50-pin IDC connector (J1) provides the interface for LVDS signals for the Receiver board.

TDK EMC common-mode filters have been added in series on the LVDS signals for high-frequency noise suppression.

Note: Vcc and Gnd **MUST** be applied **externally** here

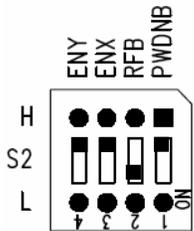


Configuration Settings for the Rx Board

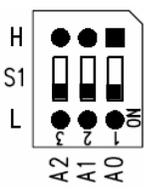
Reference	Description	Open	Closed
WRITE PORT (J79)	2-wire Serial Interface Write Protect	Write Enabled 	Write-Protected 

Default setting for J79 is set Open (to VSS), Write Enabled.

S2: Receiver Features Selection

Reference	Description	L	H	S2
ENY <i>(MODE1)</i>	EN able “ Y ” Bank “ ODD ” Data Channels	Disabled	Enabled (Default)	
ENX <i>(MODE0)</i>	EN able “ X ” Bank “ EVEN ” Data Channels	Disabled	Enabled (Default)	
RFB	R ising or F alling Data Strobe	Falling (Default)	Rising	
PWDNB	Po W e r D ow N B ar	Powers Down	Operational (Default)	

S2: External EEPROM Slave Address

Reference	Description	S1
A2	Slave Address A2 (Default LOW)	
A1	Slave Address A1 (Default LOW)	
A0	Slave Address A0 (Default LOW)	

Default setting for S1 is set to all LOW, External EEPROM Slave Address A[2:0]=000

Rx LVDS Pinout and LVTTTL/LVCMOS by IDC Connector

The following two figures illustrate how the Rx outputs are mapped to the IDC connectors JP1 to JP71 (Note – labels are also printed on the demo boards). The LVDS 50-pin IDC connector (J1) pinout is also shown.

LVDS INPUTS (J1)			
ODD Data Channels		EVEN Data Channels	
Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)	Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)
1	GND	26	XE - (RXEA-)
2	YE - (RXOA-)	27	XE+ (RXEA+)
3	YE+ (RXOA+)	28	GND
4	GND	29	GND
5	GND	30	XD - (RXEB-)
6	YD - (RXOB-)	31	XD+ (RXEB+)
7	YD+ (RXOB+)	32	GND
8	GND	33	GND
9	GND	34	XC - (RXEC-)
10	YC - (RXOC-)	35	XC+ (RXEC+)
11	YC+ (RXOC+)	36	GND
12	GND	37	GND
13	GND	38	XB - (RXED-)
14	YB - (RXOD-)	39	XB+ (RXED+)
15	YB+ (RXOD+)	40	GND
16	GND	41	GND
17	GND	42	XA - (RXEA-)
18	YA - (RXOE-)	43	XA+ (RXEA+)
19	YA+ (RXOE+)	44	GND
20	GND	45	GND
21	GND	46	GND
22	CK - (RCLKIN-)	47	GND
23	CK+ (RCLKIN+)	48	GND
24	GND	49	GND
25	GND	50	GND

BANK X OUTPUTS		BANK Y OUTPUTS	
EVEN Data Channels		ODD Data Channels	
Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)	Pin No.	Symbol REF (Pin Name)
JP71	ROXA0 (RXEE0)	JP35	ROYA0 (RXOE0)
JP70	ROXA1 (RXEE1)	JP34	ROYA1 (RXOE1)
JP69	ROXA2 (RXEE2)	JP33	ROYA2 (RXOE2)
JP68	ROXA3 (RXEE3)	JP32	ROYA3 (RXOE3)
JP67	ROXA4 (RXEE4)	JP31	ROYA4 (RXOE4)
JP66	ROXA5 (RXEE5)	JP30	ROYA5 (RXOE5)
JP65	ROXA6 (RXEE6)	JP29	ROYA6 (RXOE6)
JP64	ROXB0 (RXED0)	JP28	ROYB0 (RXOD0)
JP63	ROXB1 (RXED1)	JP27	ROYB1 (RXOD1)
JP62	ROXB2 (RXED2)	JP26	ROYB2 (RXOD2)
JP61	ROXB3 (RXED3)	JP25	ROYB3 (RXOD3)
JP60	ROXB4 (RXED4)	JP24	ROYB4 (RXOD4)
JP59	ROXB5 (RXED5)	JP23	ROYB5 (RXOD5)
JP58	ROXB6 (RXED6)	JP22	ROYB6 (RXOD6)
JP57	ROXC0 (RXEC0)	JP21	ROYC0 (RXOC0)
JP56	ROXC1 (RXEC1)	JP20	ROYC1 (RXOC1)
JP55	ROXC2 (RXEC2)	JP19	ROYC2 (RXOC2)
JP54	ROXC3 (RXEC3)	JP18	ROYC3 (RXOC3)
JP53	ROXC4 (RXEC4)	JP17	ROYC4 (RXOC4)
JP52	ROXC5 (RXEC5)	JP16	ROYC5 (RXOC5)
JP51	ROXC6 (RXEC6)	JP15	ROYC6 (RXOC6)
JP50	ROXD0 (RXEB0)	JP14	ROYD0 (RXOB0)
JP49	ROXD1 (RXEB1)	JP13	ROYD1 (RXOB1)
JP48	ROXD2 (RXEB2)	JP12	ROYD2 (RXOB2)
JP47	ROXD3 (RXEB3)	JP11	ROYD3 (RXOB3)
JP46	ROXD4 (RXEB4)	JP10	ROYD4 (RXOB4)
JP45	ROXD5 (RXEB5)	JP9	ROYD5 (RXOB5)
JP44	ROXD6 (RXEB6)	JP8	ROYD6 (RXOB6)
JP42	ROXE0 (RXEA0)	JP7	ROYE0 (RXOA0)
JP41	ROXE1 (RXEA1)	JP6	ROYE1 (RXOA1)
JP40	ROXE2 (RXEA2)	JP5	ROYE2 (RXOA2)
JP39	ROXE3 (RXEA3)	JP4	ROYE3 (RXOA3)
JP38	ROXE4 (RXEA4)	JP3	ROYE4 (RXOA4)
JP37	ROXE5 (RXEA5)	JP2	ROYE5 (RXOA5)
JP36	ROXE6 (RXEA6)	JP1	ROYE6 (RXOA6)
JP43		RCLKOUT (RCLKOUT)	

BOM (Bill of Materials) Receiver PCB:

DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board Revision: 1
 Bill Of Materials February 16,2005 13:19:22

<u>Item</u>	<u>Qty</u>	<u>Reference</u>	<u>Part</u>	<u>PCB Footprint</u>
1	2	C4,C1	2.2uF	CAP/EIA-B
2	3	C2,C5,C108	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-1206
3	13	C3,C6,C35,C36,C41,C42, C47,C52,C55,C62,C63,C64, C110	22uF	CAP/EIA-D
4	71	C7,C8,C9,C10,C11,C12,C13, C14,C15,C16,C17,C18,C19, C20,C21,C22,C23,C24,C25, C26,C27,C28,C29,C30,C31, C32,C33,C34,C65,C66,C67, C68,C69,C70,C71,C72,C73, C74,C75,C76,C77,C78,C79, C80,C81,C82,C83,C84,C85, C86,C87,C88,C89,C90,C91, C92,C93,C94,C95,C96,C97, C98,C99,C100,C101,C102, C103,C104,C105,C106,C107	open0402	CAP/HDC-0402
5	10	C37,C39,C43,C46,C48,C51, C53,C57,C59,C61	0.01uF	CAP/HDC-0603
6	10	C38,C40,C44,C45,C49,C50, C54,C56,C58,C60	0.1uF	CAP/HDC-0603
7	1	C109	0.01uF	CAP/HDC-0805
8	2	F2,F1	32VDC1A	Fuse/0603 (1608)
9	1	JP79	2-Pin Header	Header/2P
9a	1	JP1-JP28,	28X2-Pin Header	Header/56P
9b	1	JP29-JP50,	22X2-Pin Header	Header/44P
9c	1	JP51-JP71	21X2-Pin Header	Header/42P
10	4	JP72,JP73,JP75,JP76	3 pin Jumper	JUMP/3P
11	1	JP74	HEADER 4x1	HDR/4P

12	2	JP78,JP77	IDC2X2_Unshrouded	CON/HDR-4P-A
13	1	JP80	3 pin Jumper OPEN	JUMP/3P
14	1	J1	IDC25X2_Shrouded	IDC-50
15	4	J2,J3,J4,J5	BANANA	CON/BANANA-S
16	1	J6	DIP 4X2	DIP-8
17	11	L1,L2,L3,L4,L5,L6,L7,L8, L9,L10,L11	Z = 90 ohm	20mm x 12mm
18	11	R1,R2,R3,R4,R5,R6,R7,R8, R9,R10,R11	100ohm,0201	RES/HDC-0201
19	71	R12,R13,R14,R15,R16,R17, R18,R19,R20,R21,R22,R23, R24,R25,R26,R27,R28,R29, R30,R31,R32,R33,R34,R35, R36,R37,R38,R39,R40,R41, R42,R43,R44,R45,R46,R47, R48,R49,R50,R51,R52,R53, R54,R55,R56,R57,R58,R59, R60,R61,R62,R63,R64,R65, R66,R67,R68,R69,R70,R71, R72,R73,R74,R75,R76,R77, R78,R79,R80,R81,R82	open,0201	RES/HDC-0201
20	1	R83	10K OPEN	RES/HDC-0805
21	1	R84	0 Ohm,0805 OPEN	RES/HDC-0805
22	10	R85,R86,R87,R88,R89,R90, R91,R92,R95,R96	0 Ohm,0402	RES/HDC-0402
23	8	R93,R94,R97,R98,R103, R104,R105,R106	4.75K	RES/HDC-0805
24	7	R99,R100,R101,R102,R107, R108,R109	10K	RES/HDC-0805
25	1	S1	SW DIP-3	DIP-6
26	1	S2	SW DIP-4	DIP-8
27	1	U1	DS90C3202	128ldTQFP_VJX128A

Typical Connection and Test Equipment

The following is a list of typical test equipment that may be used to generate signals for the TX inputs:

- 1) Digital Video Source – for generation of specific display timing such as Digital Video Processor or Graphics Controller with digital RGB (LVTTTL) output.
- 2) Astro Systems VG-835 - This video generator may be used for both video signal sources for 10-bit Digital RGB and 10-bit LVDS.
- 3) Any other signal / video generator that generates the correct input levels as specified in the datasheet.
- 4) Optional – Logic Analyzer or Oscilloscope

The following is a list of typically test equipment that may be used to monitor the output signals from the RX:

- 1) LCD Display Panel which supports digital RGB (LVTTTL) inputs.
- 2) Astro Systems VG-835 - This video generator may be used for both video signal sources for 10-bit Digital RGB and 10-bit LVDS.
- 3) Optional – Logic Analyzer or Oscilloscope
- 4) Any SCOPE with 50 Ohm inputs or high impedance probes.

LVDS signals may be easily measured with high impedance / high bandwidth differential probes such as the TEK P6247 or P6248 differential probes.

EEPROM Programming:

- 1) Future Designs, Inc. PC-I2C-KIT – This kit interfaces with IBM PC Compatible and allows bi-directional communications with 2-wire serial interface peripherals.

The picture below shows a typical test set up using a Graphics Controller and LCD Panel.

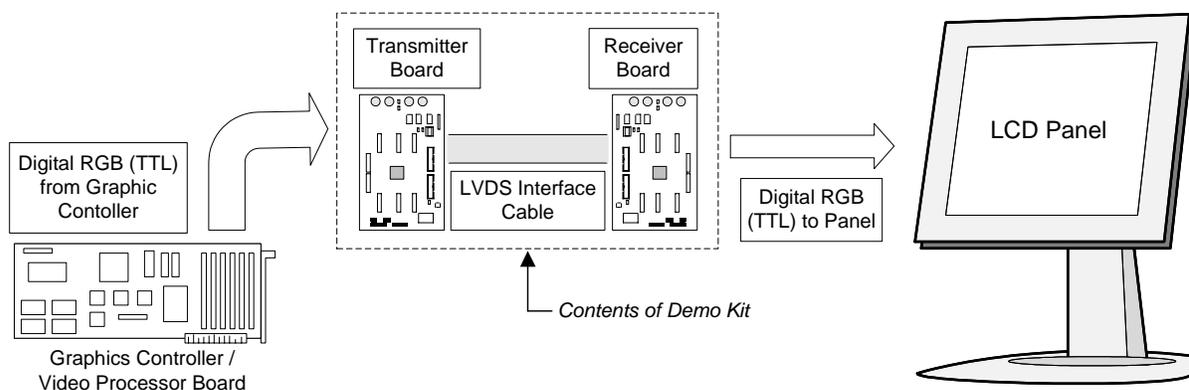


Figure 2. Typical FPD-Link Setup of LCD Panel Application

The picture below shows a typical test set up using a generator and scope.

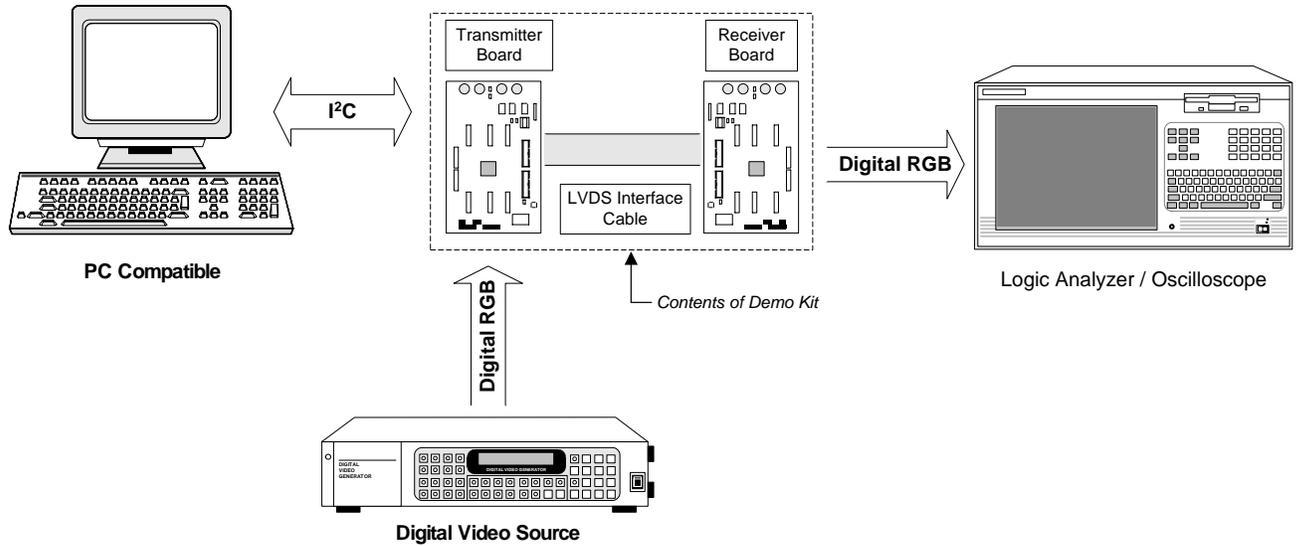


Figure 3. Typical FPD-Link Test Setup for Evaluation

Two-Wire Serial Communication Interface Description

Optional 2-wire serial interface programming allows fine tuning in development and production environments. The DS90C3201/3202 is programmed through a 2-wire serial interface. The 2-wire protocol features a serial clock (S2CLK) and a bi-directional serial data line (S2DATA). The DS90C3201/3202 operates as a slave on the Serial Bus, so the S2CLK line is an input (no clock is generated by the DS90C3201/3202). DS90C3201/3202 has a fixed 7-bit slave address, which is set to 7E'h (1111110'd) and 7C'h (1111100'd) for DS903201/3202 respectively. The PC interface connector JP79 (Tx) and JP74 (Rx) is a 4 pin connector pin header for interfacing with external EEPROM. J79 (Tx) / JP74 (Rx) is designed to interface with the FDI PC-I2C kit through connector or an equivalent type as described. Register values are programmed and stored in an onboard EEPROM via a two wire serial interface and a PC compatible system. Upon power-up, default control register values will be loaded into Tx/Rx. Otherwise, registers may be programmed directly from the EEPROM into the Tx/Rx control registers via this same two wire serial interface method.

LVDS Data Mapping

The FPD-Link Receiver which receives video data and timing through 10 pairs of LVDS channels plus 1 LVDS clock to provide 30-bit dual color depth. The Transmitter converts the LVTTTL/LVCMOS parallel lines into ten serialized LVDS data pairs plus a LVDS clock. The video data stream is then converted to LVTTTL/LVCMOS parallel data. The device accepts 10-bit / 8-bit / 6-bit single/dual input data mapping as shown and also supports the JEIDA standard for 10-bit LVDS.

	Red		Green		Blue	
	Single	Dual	Single	Dual	Single	Dual
10-bit MSB	R9	OR9 / ER9	G9	OG9 / EG9	B9	OB9 / EB9
	R8	OR8 / ER8	G8	OG8 / EG8	B8	OB8 / EB8
8-bit MSB*	R7	OR7 / ER7	G7	OG7 / EG7	B7	OB7 / EB7
	R6	OR6 / ER6	G6	OG6 / EG6	B6	OB6 / EB6
6-bit MSB	R5	OR5 / ER5	G5	OG5 / EG5	B5	OB5 / EB5
	R4	OR4 / ER4	G4	OG4 / EG4	B4	OB4 / EB4
	R3	OR3 / ER3	G3	OG3 / EG3	B3	OB3 / EB3
	R2	OR2 / ER2	G2	OG2 / EG2	B2	OB2 / EB2
	R1	OR1 / ER1	G1	OG1 / EG1	B1	OB1 / EB1
LSB	R0	OR0 / ER0	G0	OG0 / EG0	B0	OB0 / EB0

Note: OR0-OR9, OG0-OG9, OB0-OB9 represents ODD pixel data,
ER0-ER9, EG0-EG9, EB0-EB9 represents EVEN pixel data.

*8-bit conventional color mapping

LVDS Data Mapping (Cont'd)

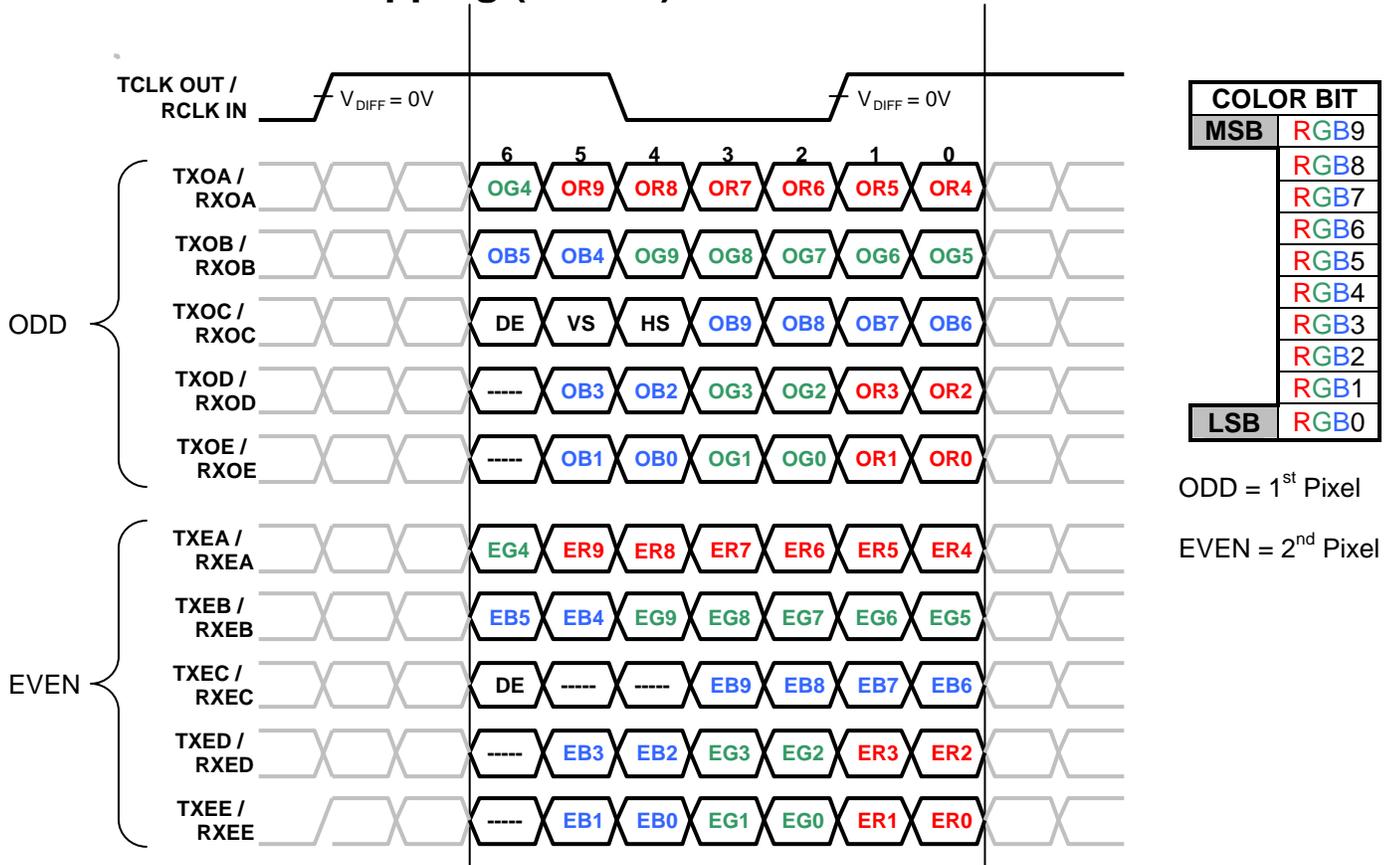


Figure 1. Dual 10-Bit Input Mapping - JEIDA Compatible

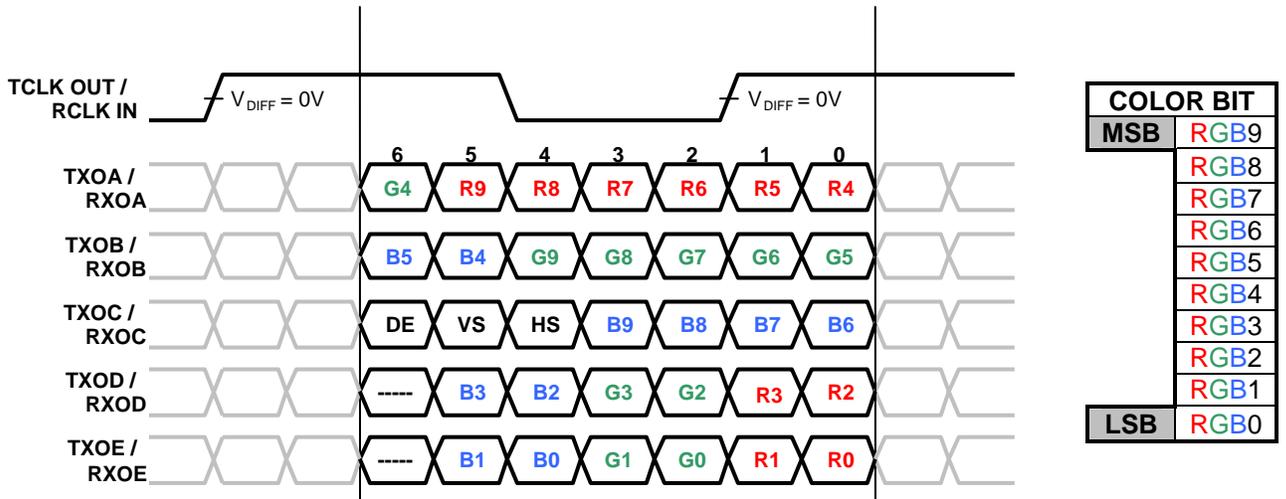


Figure 2. Single 10-Bit Input Mapping - JEIDA Compatible

LVDS Data Mapping (Cont'd)

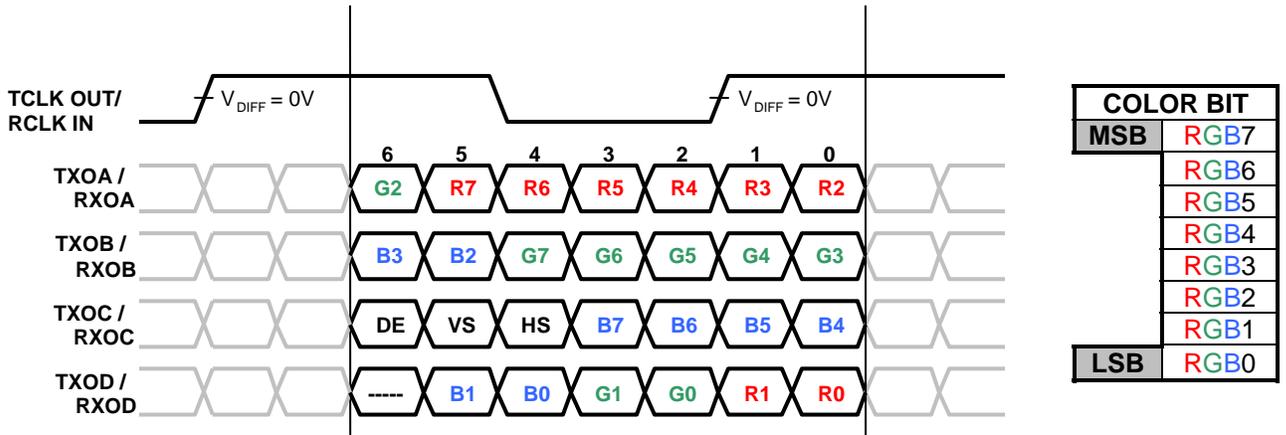


Figure 3a. Single 8-Bit Input Mapping – Conventional Color Mapping

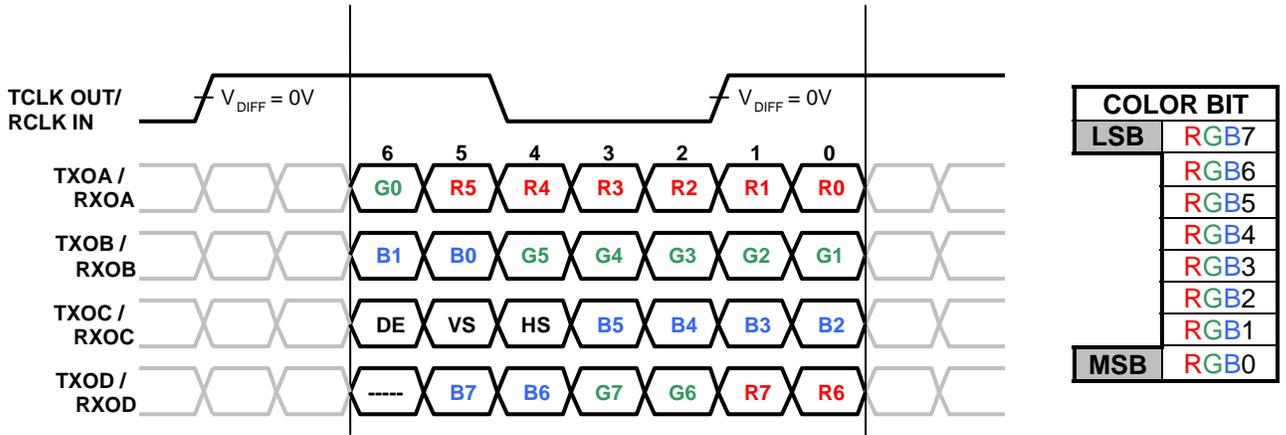


Figure 3b. Single 8-Bit Input Mapping – Alternative Color Mapping

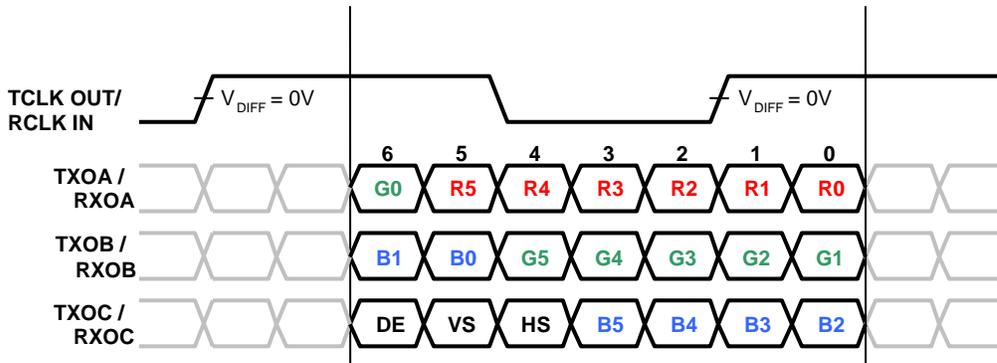
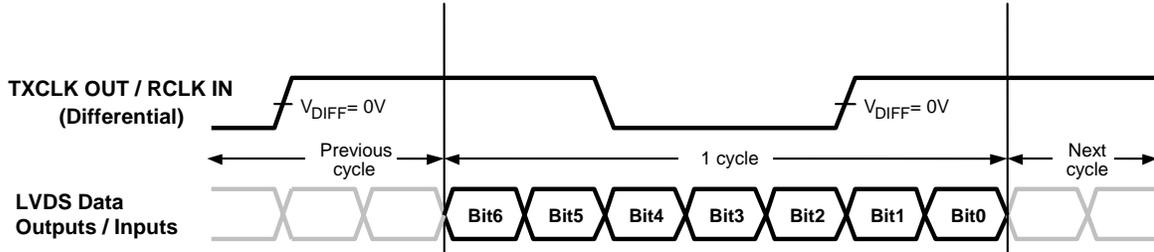


Figure 4. Single 6-Bit Input Mapping

6-bit, 8-bit, 10-bit Application



Single LVDS Data Mapping

LVDS Bit TXO/RXO	1 x 6-bit	1 x 8-bit	1 x 8-bit*	1 x 10-bit
A0	R0	R2	R0	R4
A1	R1	R3	R1	R5
A2	R2	R4	R2	R6
A3	R3	R5	R3	R7
A4	R4	R6	R4	R8
A5	R5	R7	R5	R9
A6	G0	G2	G0	G4
B0	G1	G3	G1	G5
B1	G2	G4	G2	G6
B2	G3	G5	G3	G7
B3	G4	G6	G4	G8
B4	G5	G7	G5	G9
B5	B0	B2	B0	B4
B6	B1	B3	B1	B5
C0	B2	B4	B2	B6
C1	B3	B5	B3	B7
C2	B4	B6	B4	B8
C3	B5	B7	B5	B9
C4	HS	HS	HS	HS
C5	VS	VS	VS	VS
C6	DE	DE	DE	DE
D0		R0	R6	R2
D1		R1	R7	R3
D2		G0	G6	G2
D3		G1	G7	G3
D4		B0	B6	B2
D5		B1	B7	B3
D6		N/A	N/A	N/A
E0				R0
E1				R1
E2				G0
E3				G1
E4				B0
E5				B1
E6				N/A

*Alternative Input Color Mapping

Dual LVDS Data Mapping

LVDS Bit	2 x 6-bit	2 x 8-bit	2 x 8-bit*	2 x 10-bit	LVDS Bit	2 x 6-bit	2 x 8-bit	2 x 8-bit*	2 x 10-bit
TXO/RXO	ODD Pixel Data				TXE/RXE	EVEN Pixel Data			
A0	R0	R2	R0	R4	A0	R0	R2	R0	R4
A1	R1	R3	R1	R5	A1	R1	R3	R1	R5
A2	R2	R4	R2	R6	A2	R2	R4	R2	R6
A3	R3	R5	R3	R7	A3	R3	R5	R3	R7
A4	R4	R6	R4	R8	A4	R4	R6	R4	R8
A5	R5	R7	R5	R9	A5	R5	R7	R5	R9
A6	G0	G2	G0	G4	A6	G0	G2	G0	G4
B0	G1	G3	G1	G5	B0	G1	G3	G1	G5
B1	G2	G4	G2	G6	B1	G2	G4	G2	G6
B2	G3	G5	G3	G7	B2	G3	G5	G3	G7
B3	G4	G6	G4	G8	B3	G4	G6	G4	G8
B4	G5	G7	G5	G9	B4	G5	G7	G5	G9
B5	B0	B2	B0	B4	B5	B0	B2	B0	B4
B6	B1	B3	B1	B5	B6	B1	B3	B1	B5
C0	B2	B4	B2	B6	C0	B2	B4	B2	B6
C1	B3	B5	B3	B7	C1	B3	B5	B3	B7
C2	B4	B6	B4	B8	C2	B4	B6	B4	B8
C3	B5	B7	B5	B9	C3	B5	B7	B5	B9
C4	HS	HS	HS	HS	C4	HS	HS	HS	HS
C5	VS	VS	VS	VS	C5	VS	VS	VS	VS
C6	DE	DE	DE	DE	C6	DE	DE	DE	DE
D0		R0	R6	R2	D0		R0	R6	R2
D1		R1	R7	R3	D1		R1	R7	R3
D2		G0	G6	G2	D2		G0	G6	G2
D3		G1	G7	G3	D3		G1	G7	G3
D4		B0	B6	B2	D4		B0	B6	B2
D5		B1	B7	B3	D5		B1	B7	B3
D6		N/A	N/A	N/A	D6		N/A	N/A	N/A
E0				R0	E0				R0
E1				R1	E1				R1
E2				G0	E2				G0
E3				G1	E3				G1
E4				B0	E4				B0
E5				B1	E5				B1
E6				N/A	E6				N/A

*Alternative Input Color Mapping

Troubleshooting

If the demo boards are not performing properly, use the following as a guide for quick solutions to potential problems. If the problem persists, please contact the local Sales Representative for assistance.

QUICK CHECKS:

1. Check that Power and Ground are connected to both Tx AND Rx boards.
2. Check the supply voltage (typical 3.3V) and also current draw with both Tx and Rx boards (should be about 100mA with clock and one data bit at 135MHz).
3. Verify input clock and input data signals meet requirements (VIL, VIH, tset, thold), Also verify that data is strobed on the selected rising/falling (RFB pin) edge of the clock.
4. Check that the Jumpers and Switches are set correctly.
5. Check that the cable is properly connected.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

Problem...	Solution...
There is only the output clock. There is no output data.	Make sure the data is applied to the correct input pin. Make sure data is valid at the input.
No output data and clock.	Make sure Power is on. Input data and clock are active and connected correctly. Make sure that the cable is secured to both demo boards.
Power, ground, input data and input clock are connected correctly, but no outputs.	Check the Power Down pins of both boards and make sure that the devices are enabled (/PD=Vcc) for operation.
The devices are pulling more than 1A of current.	Check for shorts in the cables connecting the TX and RX boards.
After powering up the demo boards, the power supply reads less than 3V when it is set to 3.3V.	Use a larger power supply that will provide enough current for the demo boards, a 500mA power supply is recommended.

Additional Information

For more information on FPD-Link Transmitters/Receivers, refer to the National's LVDS website at:

www.national.com/appinfo/fpd

Equipment References

Note: Please note that the following references are supplied only as a courtesy to our valued customers. It is not intended to be an endorsement of any particular equipment supplier.

Digital Video Pattern Generator – Astro Systems VG-835 (or equivalent):

Astro Systems
425 S. Victory Blvd. Suite A
Burbank, CA 91502
Phone: (818) 848-7722
Fax: (818) 848-7799
www.astro-systems.com

EEPROM Programming – FDI PC-I2C kit (or equivalent):

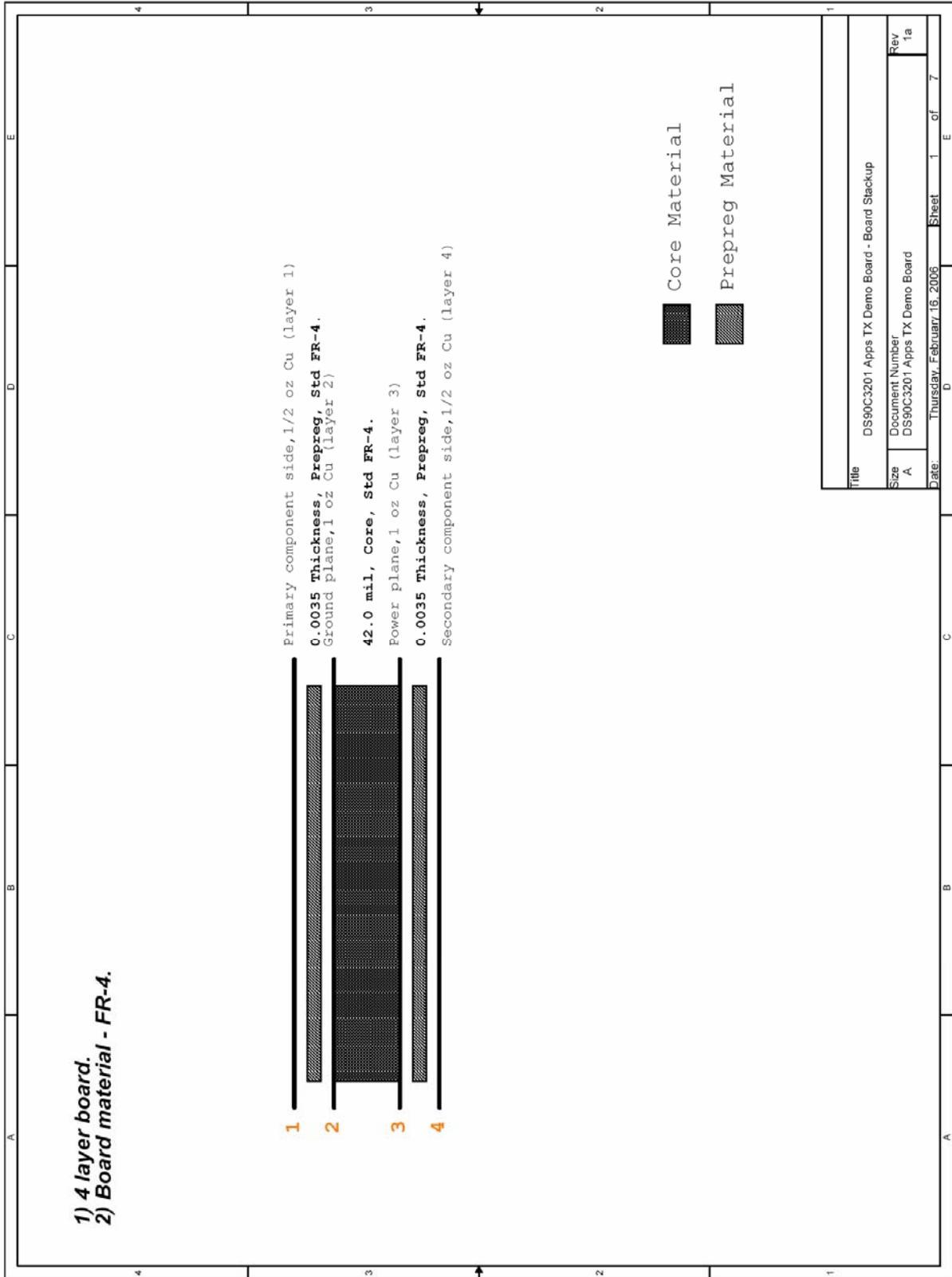
Future Designs, Inc.
2702 Triana Boulevard SW
Huntsville, AL 35805
Sales: (800) 278-0293
Information: (256) 883-1240
FAX: (256) 883-1241
www.teamfdi.com

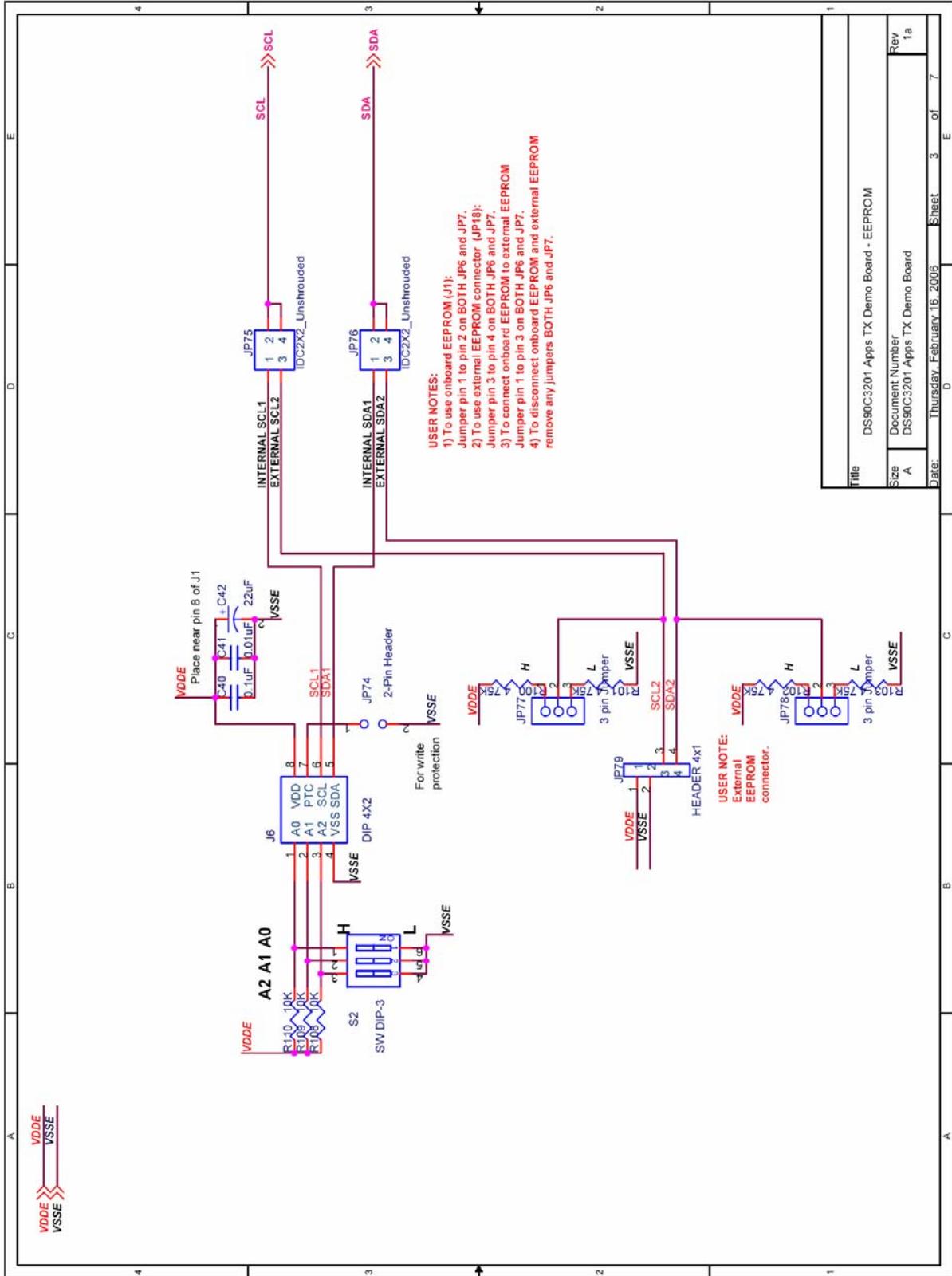
Optional EMI Filters – TDK Chip Beads (or equivalent)

TDK Corporation of America
1740 Technology Drive, Suite 510
San Jose, CA 95110
Phone: (408) 437-9585
Fax: (408) 437-9591
www.component.tdk.com
Local U.S.A. direct contact:
Kazuhiko (Kevin) Umeda
Phone: (408) 467-5222
Email: kumeda@tdktca.com

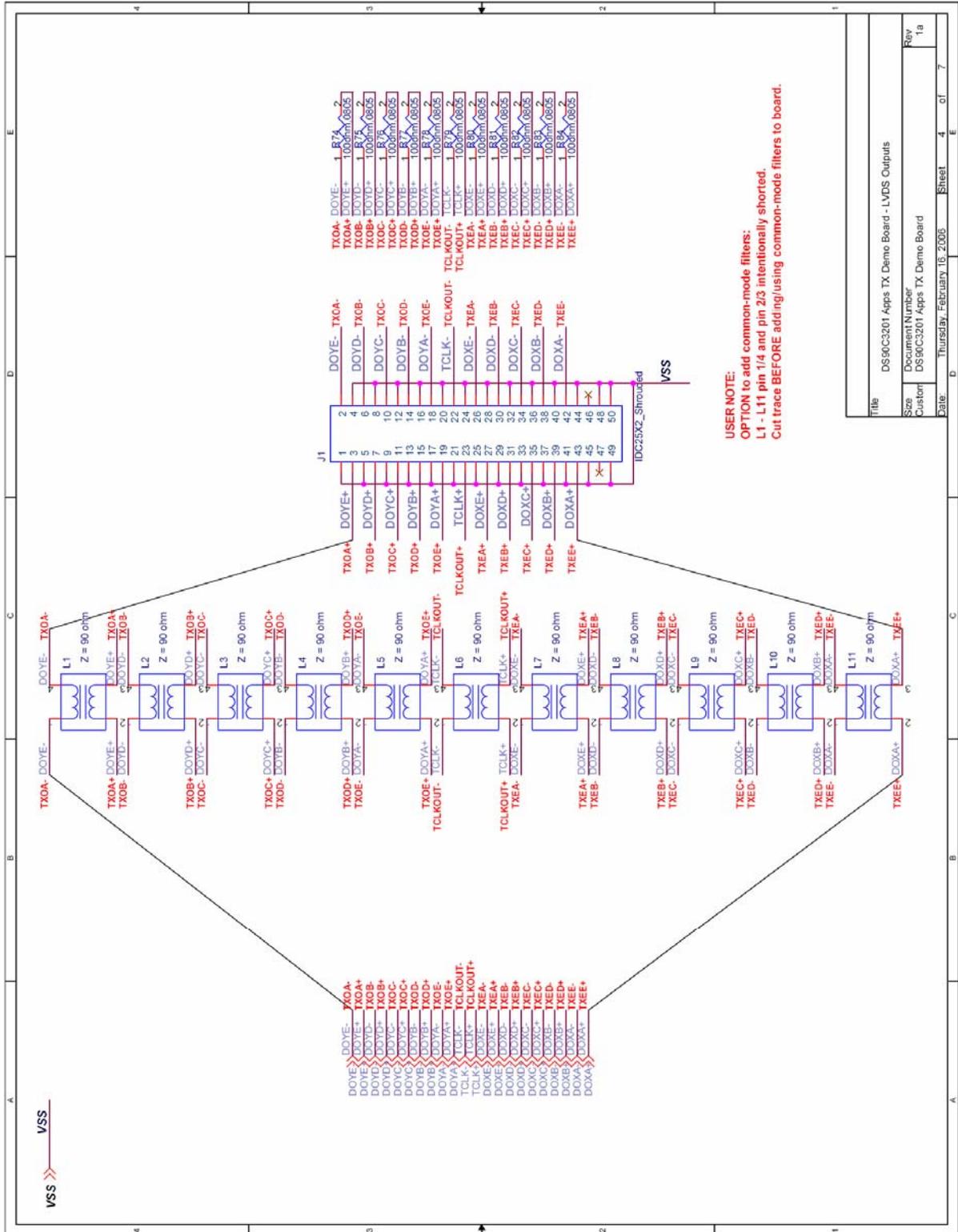
Appendix

Tx PCB Schematic:

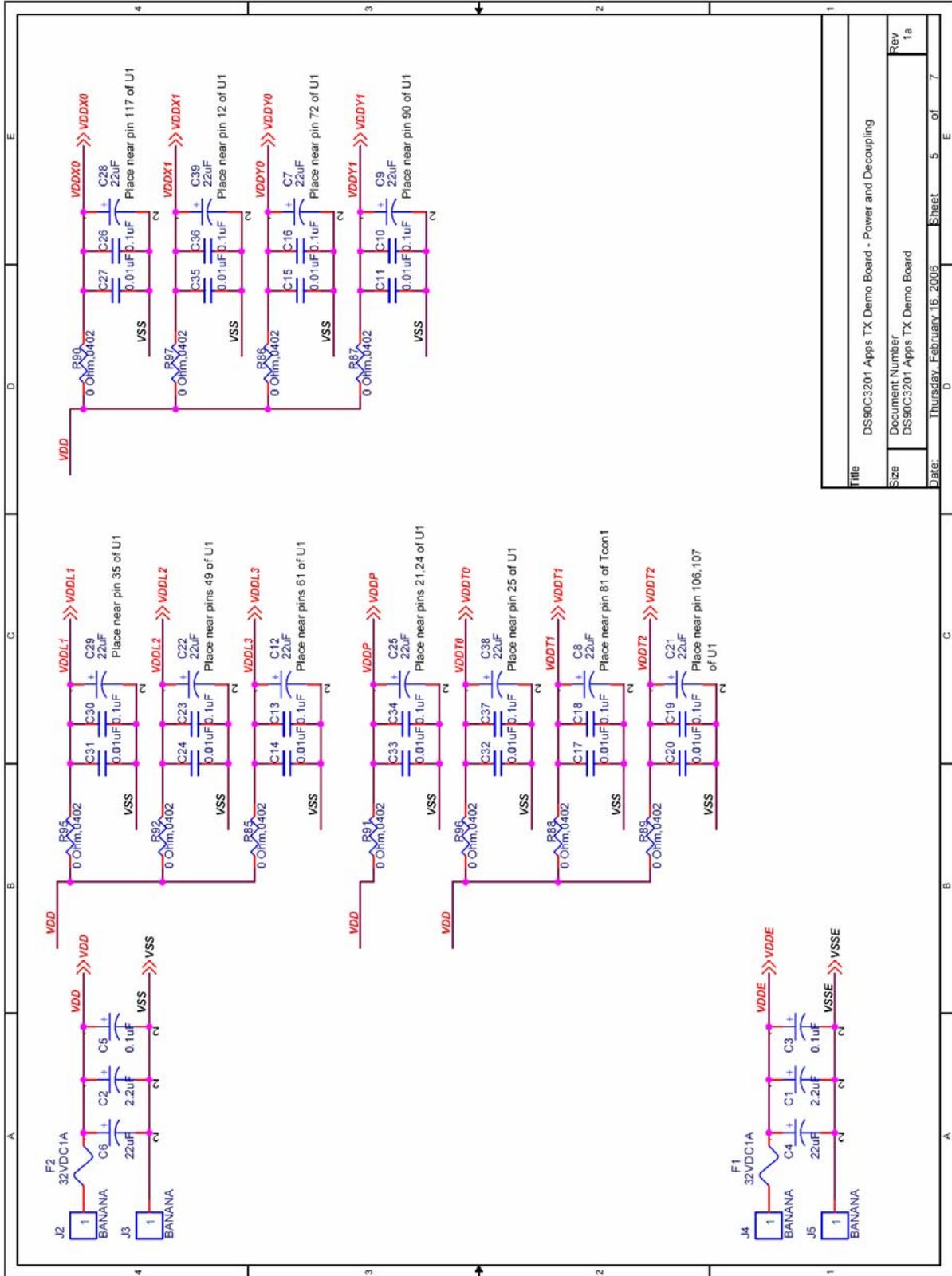




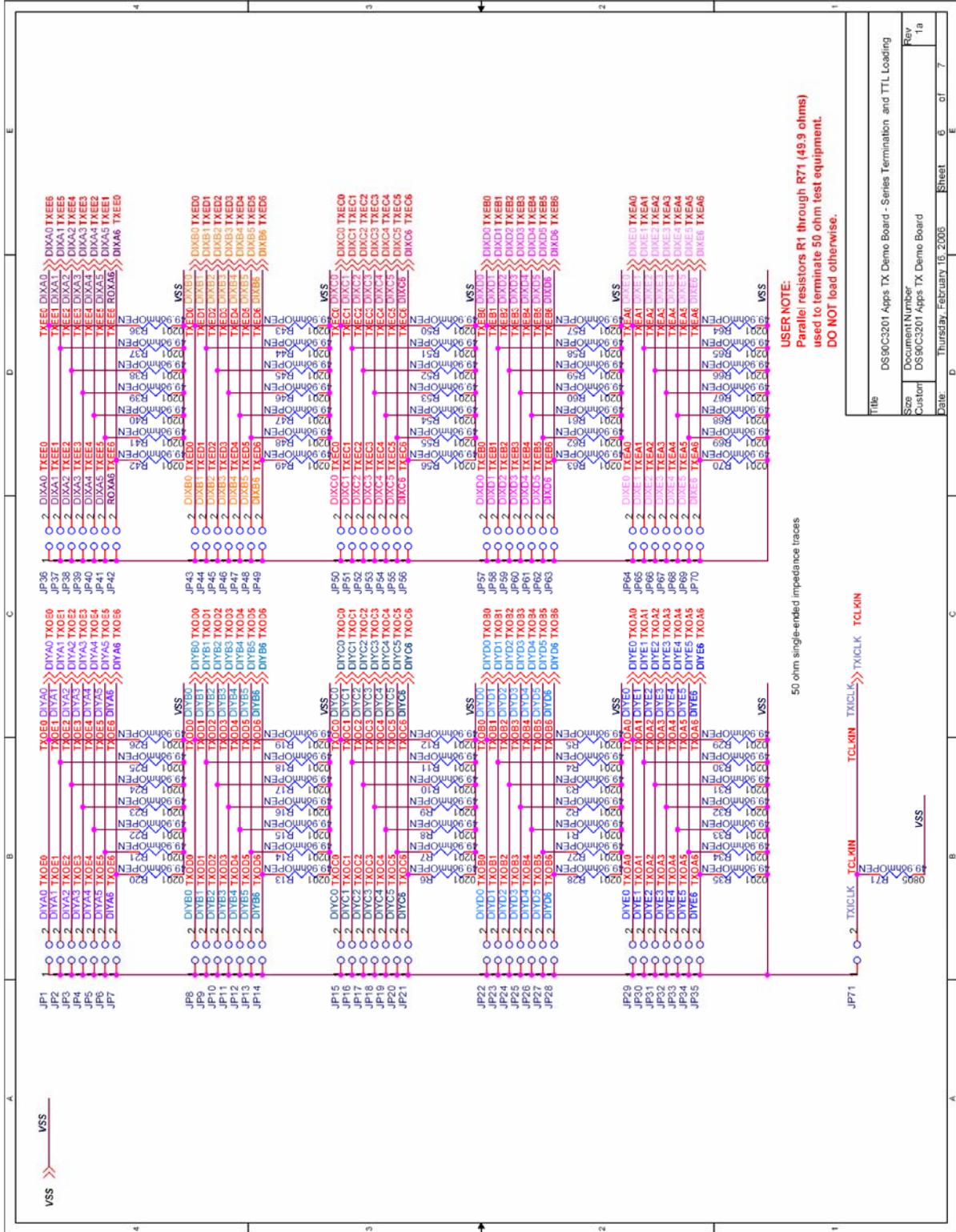
Title		DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board - EEPROM	
Size	A	Document Number	DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board
Date:	Thursday, February 16, 2008	Sheet	3 of 7
Rev	1a		



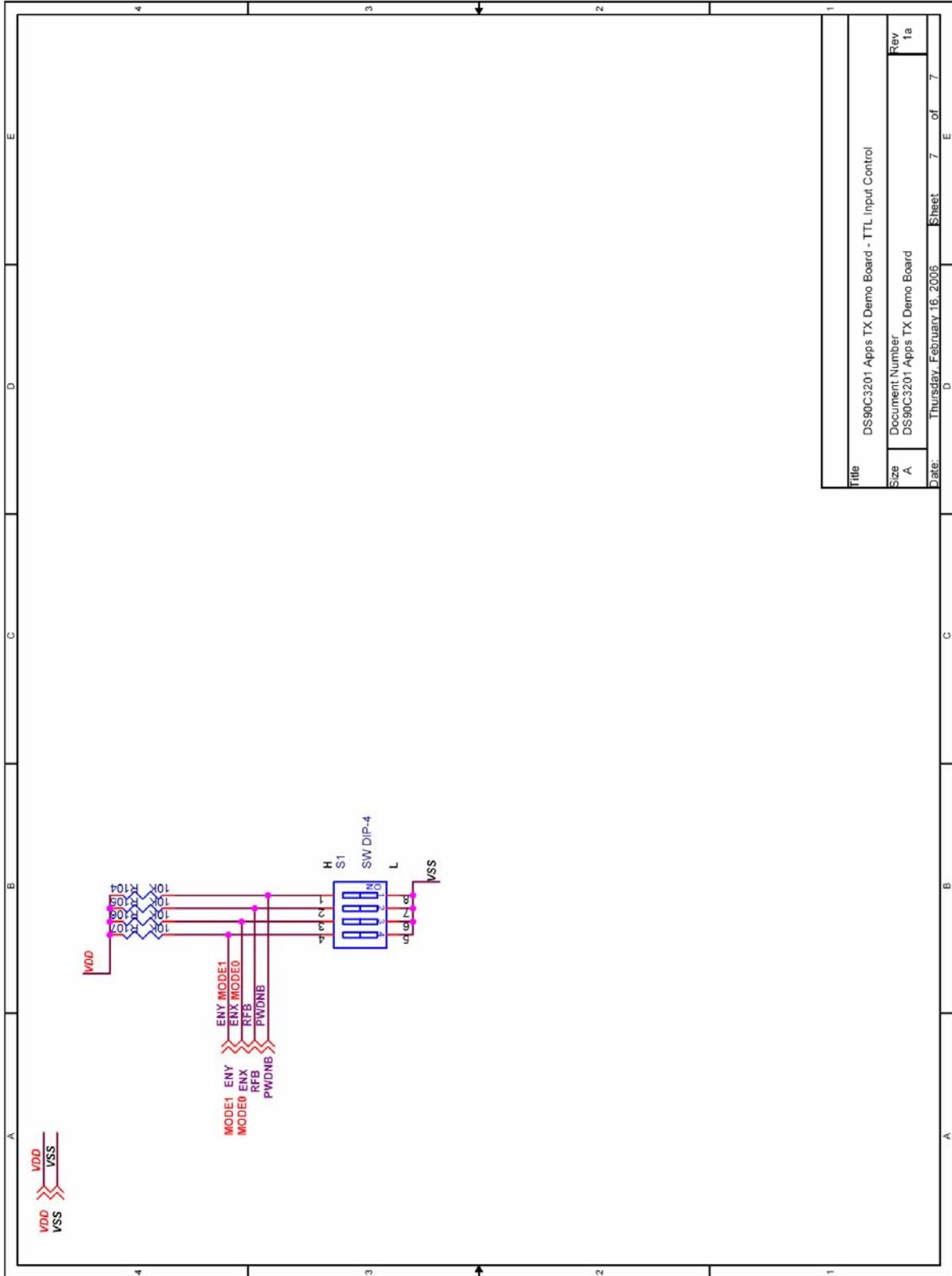
Title	DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board - LVDS Outputs
Docuement Number	DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board
Rev	1a
Date	Thursday, February 16, 2006
Sheet	4 of 7



Title	DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board - Power and Decoupling
Size	Document Number DS90C3201 Apps TX Demo Board
Date	Thursday, February 16, 2008
Sheet	5 of 7
Rev	1a

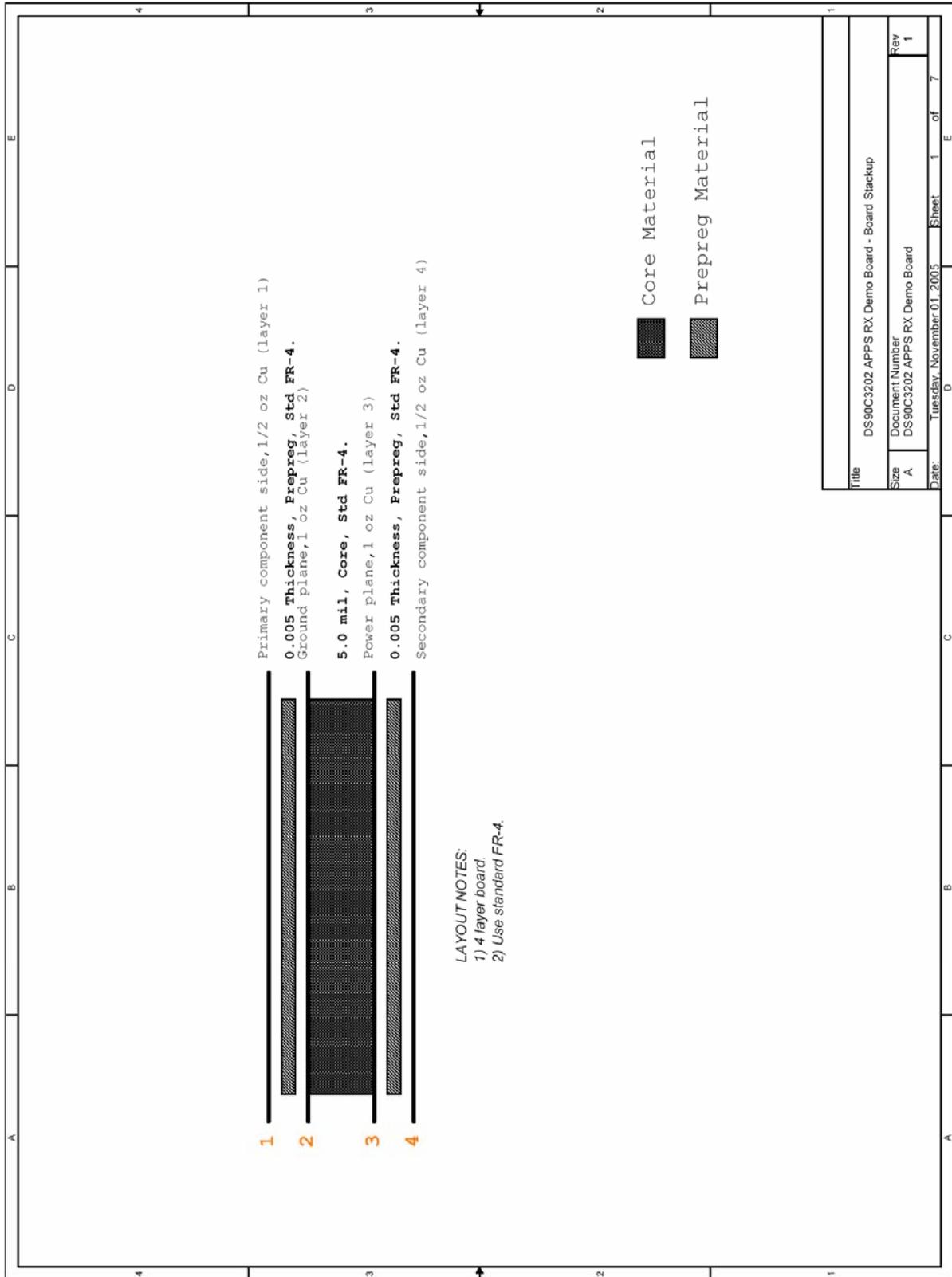


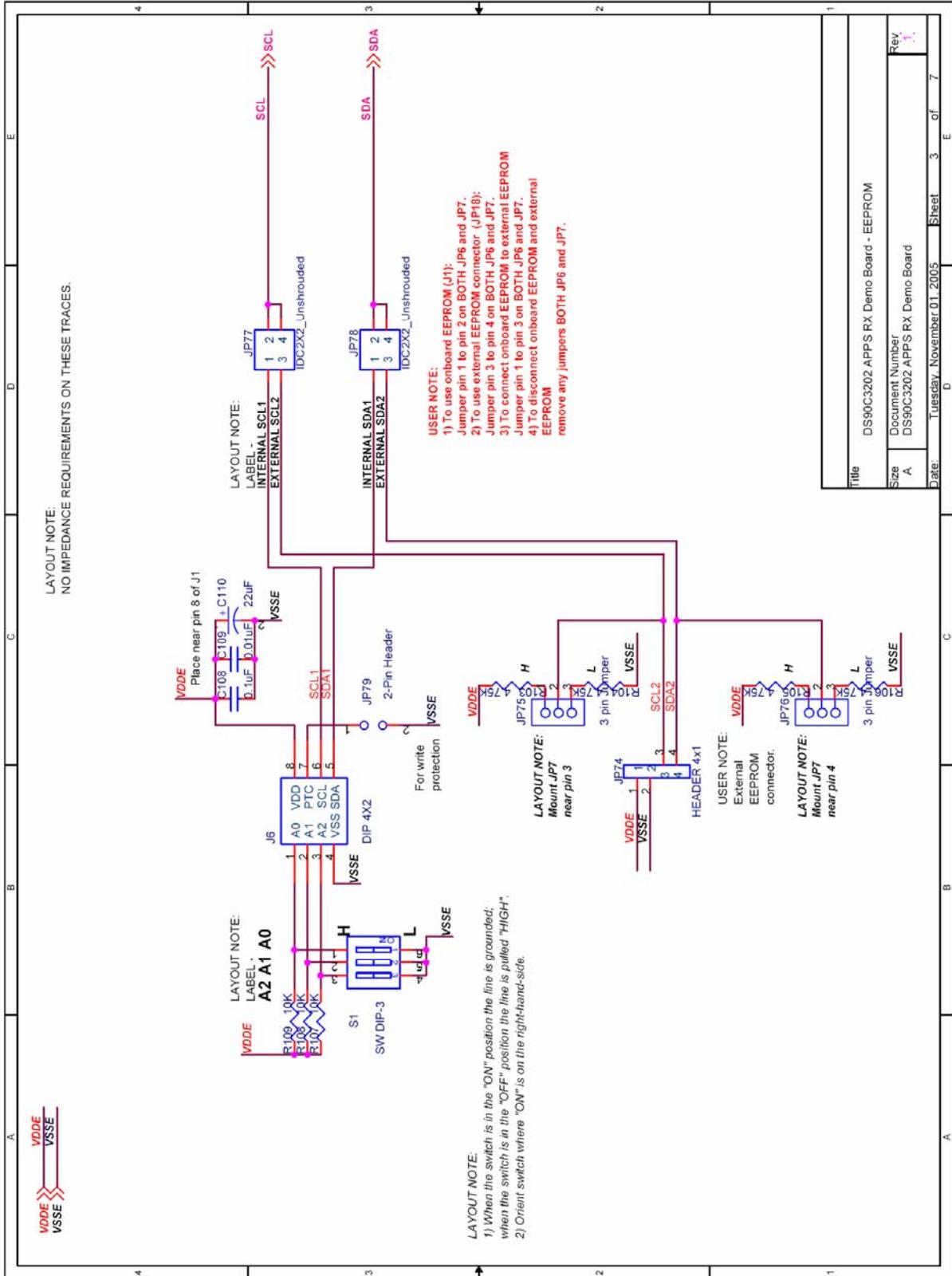
Title		DS90C301 Apps TX Demo Board - Series Termination and TTL Loading	
Size	Document Number	Sheet	Rev
Custom	DS90C301 Apps TX Demo Board	6 of 7	1a
Date:	Thursday, February 15, 2006	Sheet	6 of 7

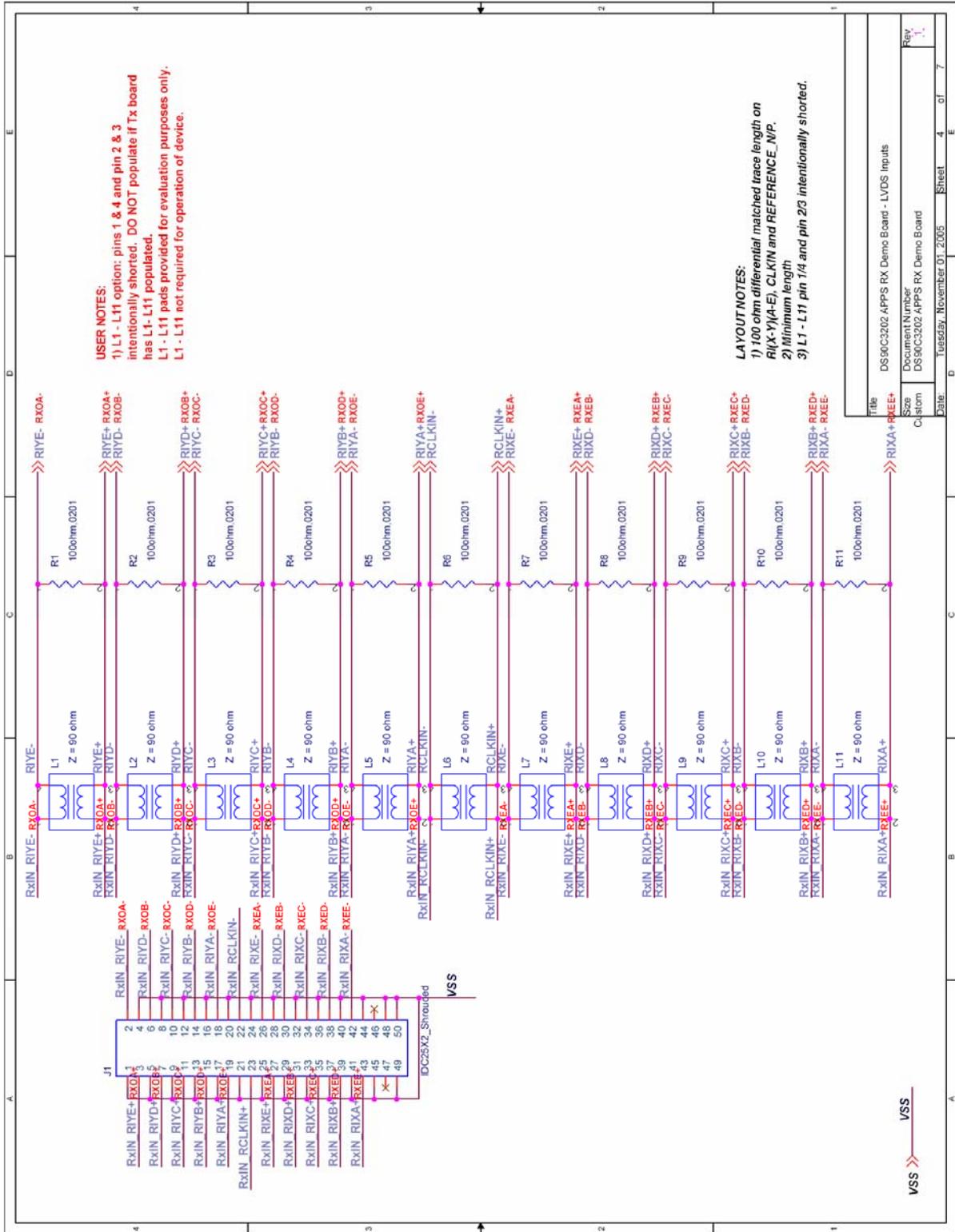


Title	DS90C3201 App's TX Demo Board - TTL Input Control		
Size	A	Document Number	DS90C3201 App's TX Demo Board
Date:	Thursday, February 16, 2006	Rev	1a
		Sheet	7 of 7

Rx PCB Schematic:



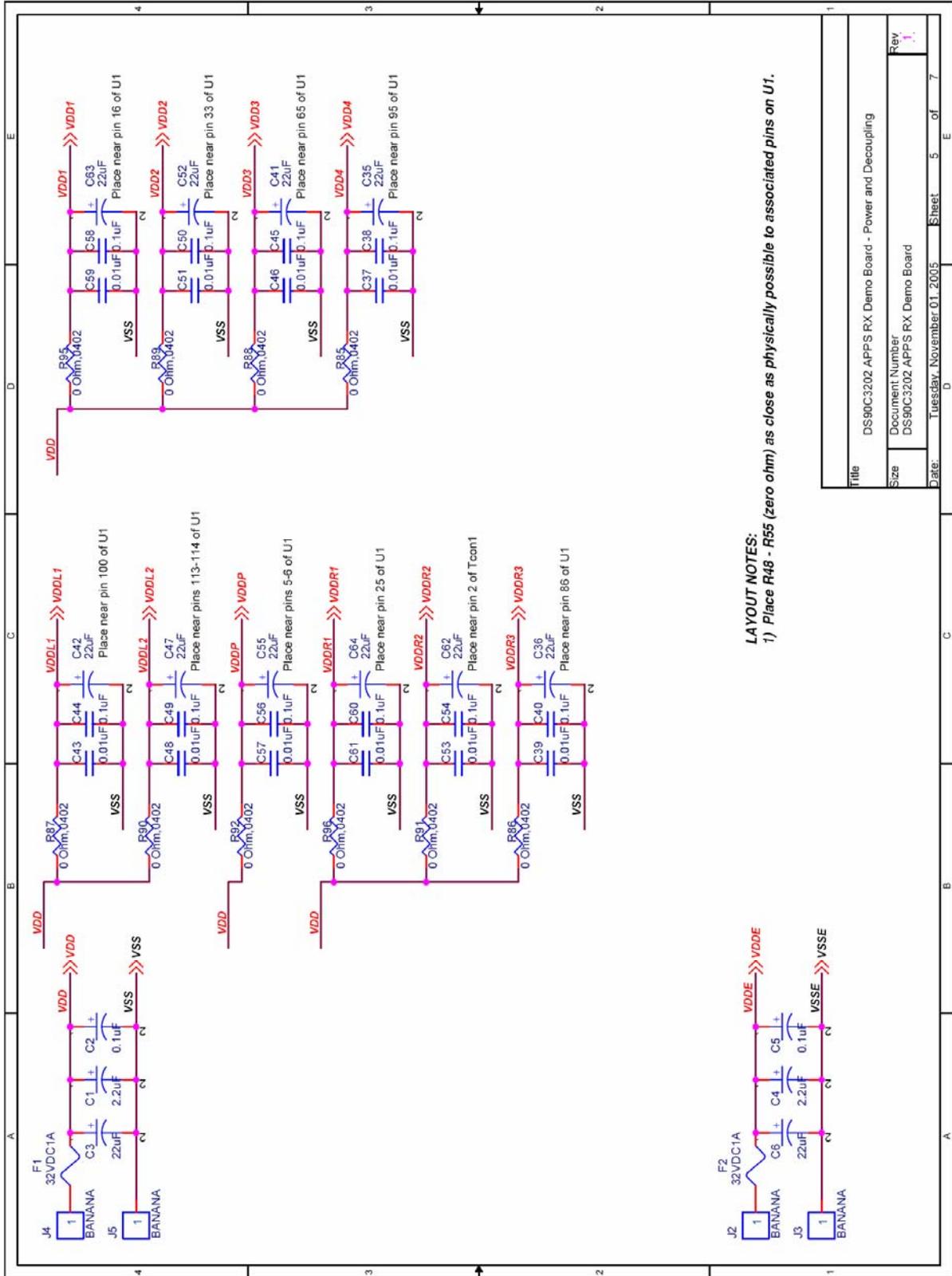




USER NOTES:
 1) L1 - L11 option: pins 1 & 4 and pin 2 & 3 intentionally shorted. DO NOT populate if Tx board has L1 - L11 populated.
 L1 - L11 pads provided for evaluation purposes only.
 L1 - L11 not required for operation of device.

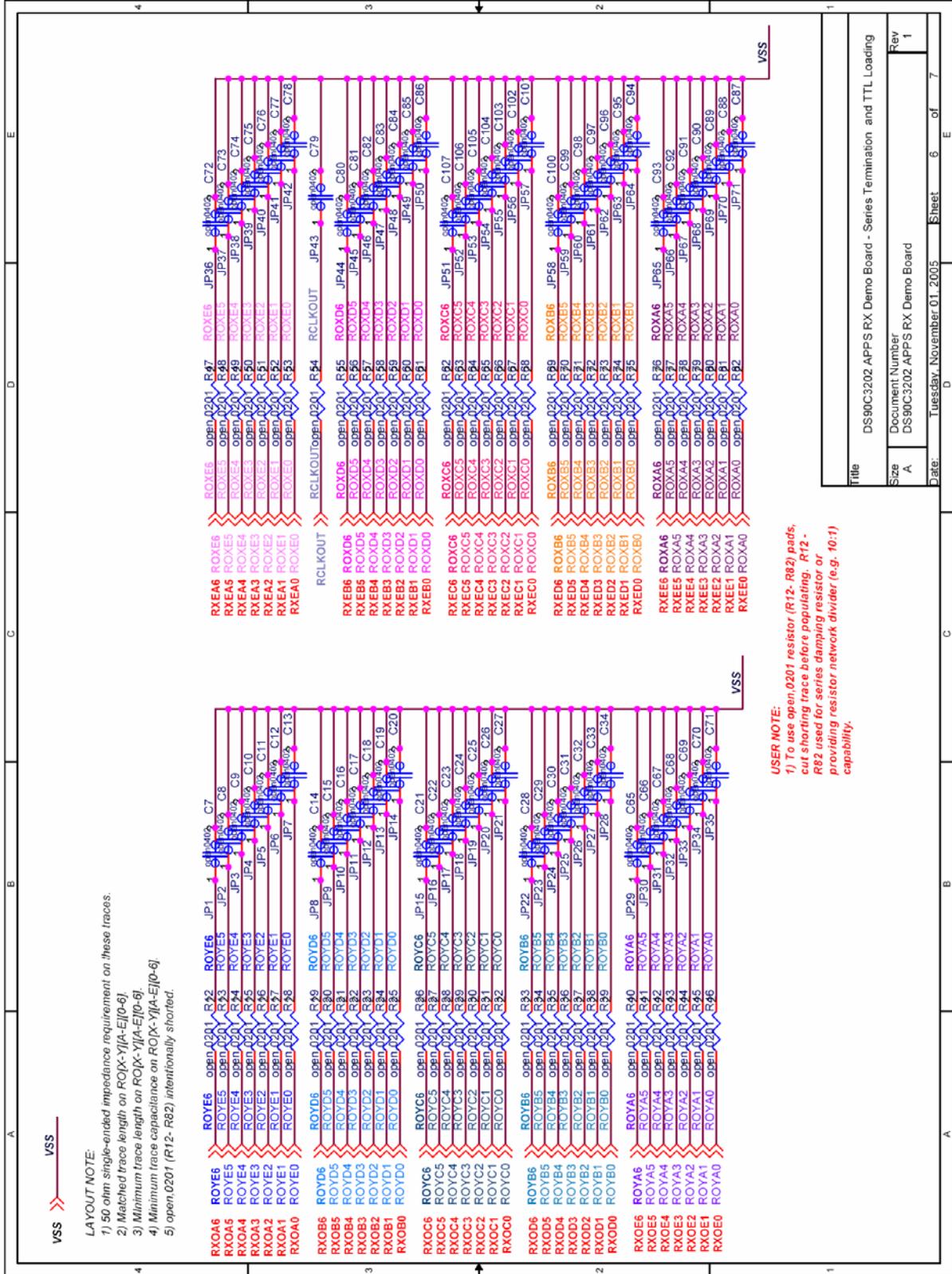
LAYOUT NOTES:
 1) 100 ohm differential matched trace length on R1(X-Y)[A-E], CLKIN and REFERENCE_N/P.
 2) Minimum length
 3) L1 - L11 pin 1/4 and pin 2/3 intentionally shorted.

Title	DS90C302 APPS RX Demo Board - LVDS Inputs
Document Number	DS90C302 APPS RX Demo Board
Size	Custom
Date	Tuesday, November 01, 2005
Sheet	4 of 7
Rev	1



LAYOUT NOTES:
 1) Place R48 - R55 (zero ohm) as close as physically possible to associated pins on U1.

Title	DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board - Power and Decoupling		
Size	Document Number	Rev	
	DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board	1	
Date:	Tuesday, November 01, 2005	Sheet	5 of 7



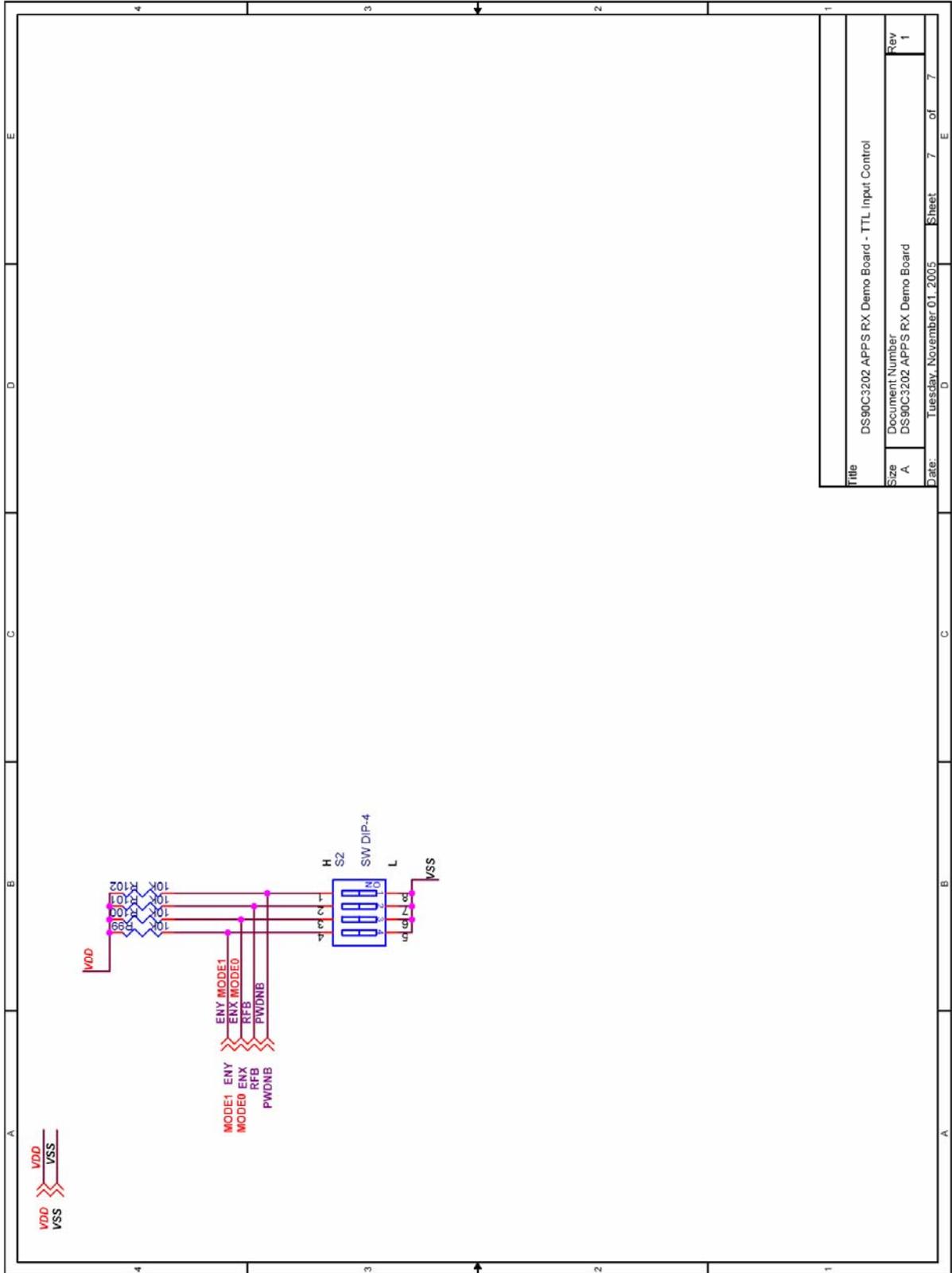
VSS

LAYOUT NOTE:

- 1) 50 ohm single-ended impedance requirement on these traces.
- 2) Matched trace length on RO[X-Y][A-E][0-6].
- 3) Minimum trace length on RO[X-Y][A-E][0-6].
- 4) Minimum trace capacitance on RO[X-Y][A-E][0-6].
- 5) open_0201 (R12 - R82) intentionally shorted.

USER NOTE:
 1) To use open_0201 resistor (R12 - R82) pads, cut shorting trace before populating. R12 - R82 used for series damping resistor or providing resistor network divider (e.g. 10:1) capability.

Title		DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board - Series Termination and TTL Loading				
Size	Document Number					Rev
A	DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board					1
Date:	Tuesday, November 01, 2005	Sheet	6	of	7	



Title	DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board - TTL Input Control		
Size	A	Document Number	DS90C3202 APPS RX Demo Board
Date:	Tuesday, November 01, 2005	Rev	1
		Sheet	7 of 7

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products

Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com
DLP® Products	www.dlp.com
DSP	dsp.ti.com
Clocks and Timers	www.ti.com/clocks
Interface	interface.ti.com
Logic	logic.ti.com
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com
RFID	www.ti-rfid.com
OMAP Mobile Processors	www.ti.com/omap
Wireless Connectivity	www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity

Applications

Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
Consumer Electronics	www.ti.com/consumer-apps
Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
Industrial	www.ti.com/industrial
Medical	www.ti.com/medical
Security	www.ti.com/security
Space, Avionics and Defense	www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense
Video and Imaging	www.ti.com/video

TI E2E Community Home Page

e2e.ti.com

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265
Copyright © 2012, Texas Instruments Incorporated



Компания «ЭлектроПласт» предлагает заключение долгосрочных отношений при поставках импортных электронных компонентов на взаимовыгодных условиях!

Наши преимущества:

- Оперативные поставки широкого спектра электронных компонентов отечественного и импортного производства напрямую от производителей и с крупнейших мировых складов;
- Поставка более 17-ти миллионов наименований электронных компонентов;
- Поставка сложных, дефицитных, либо снятых с производства позиций;
- Оперативные сроки поставки под заказ (от 5 рабочих дней);
- Экспресс доставка в любую точку России;
- Техническая поддержка проекта, помощь в подборе аналогов, поставка прототипов;
- Система менеджмента качества сертифицирована по Международному стандарту ISO 9001;
- Лицензия ФСБ на осуществление работ с использованием сведений, составляющих государственную тайну;
- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

Телефон: 8 (812) 309 58 32 (многоканальный)

Факс: 8 (812) 320-02-42

Электронная почта: org@eplast1.ru

Адрес: 198099, г. Санкт-Петербург, ул. Калинина, дом 2, корпус 4, литера А.