

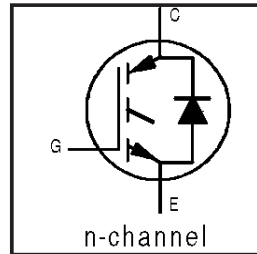
IRG4PH30KDPbF

INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

Short Circuit Rated UltraFast IGBT

Features

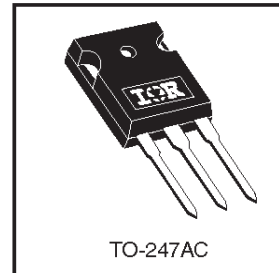
- High short circuit rating optimized for motor control, $t_{sc} = 10\mu s$, $V_{CC} = 720V$, $T_J = 125^\circ C$, $V_{GE} = 15V$
- Combines low conduction losses with high switching speed
- Tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generations
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultrasoft recovery antiparallel diodes



$V_{CES} = 1200V$
 $V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 3.10V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V$, $I_C = 10A$

Benefits

- Latest generation 4 IGBT's offer highest power density motor controls possible
- HEXFRED™ diodes optimized for performance with IGBTs. Minimized recovery characteristics reduce noise, EMI and switching losses
- This part replaces IRGPH30MD2 products
- For hints see design tip 97003
- Lead-Free



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	1200	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	20	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	10	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	40	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	40	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	10	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	40	
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	μs
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	100	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	42	
T_J	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}			
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw.	10 lbf•in (1.1 N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	---	---	1.2	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	---	---	2.5	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	---	0.24	---	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	---	---	40	
Wt	Weight	---	6 (0.21)	---	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ^③	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.19	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	3.10	4.2	V	$I_C = 10A$ $I_C = 20A$ $I_C = 10A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 2, 5
		—	3.90	—		
		—	3.01	—		
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-12	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ^④	4.3	6.5	—	S	$V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 10A$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$ $V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
		—	—	3500		
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	3.4	3.8	V	$I_C = 10A$ $I_C = 10A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 13
		—	3.3	3.7		
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	53	80	nC	$I_C = 10A$ $V_{CC} = 400V$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ See Fig. 8
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	9.0	14		
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	21	32		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	39	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 10A, V_{CC} = 800V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery See Fig. 9, 10, 18
t_r	Rise Time	—	84	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	220	340		
t_f	Fall Time	—	90	140		
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	0.95	—		
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1.15	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 18
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	2.10	2.6		
t_{sc}	Short Circuit Withstand Time	10	—	—	μs	$V_{CC} = 720V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	42	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, See Fig. 10, 11, 18 $I_C = 10A, V_{CC} = 800V$ $V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 23\Omega$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery
t_r	Rise Time	—	79	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	540	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	97	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	3.5	—	mJ	and diode reverse recovery
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	800	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$ $V_{CC} = 30V$ $f = 1.0MHz$ See Fig. 7
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	60	—		
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	14	—		
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	50	76	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 14 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
		—	72	110		
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.4	7.0	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 15 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
		—	5.9	8.8		
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	130	200	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 16 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
		—	250	380		
$di_{(rec)M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b	—	210	—	A/ μs	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 17 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
		—	180	—		

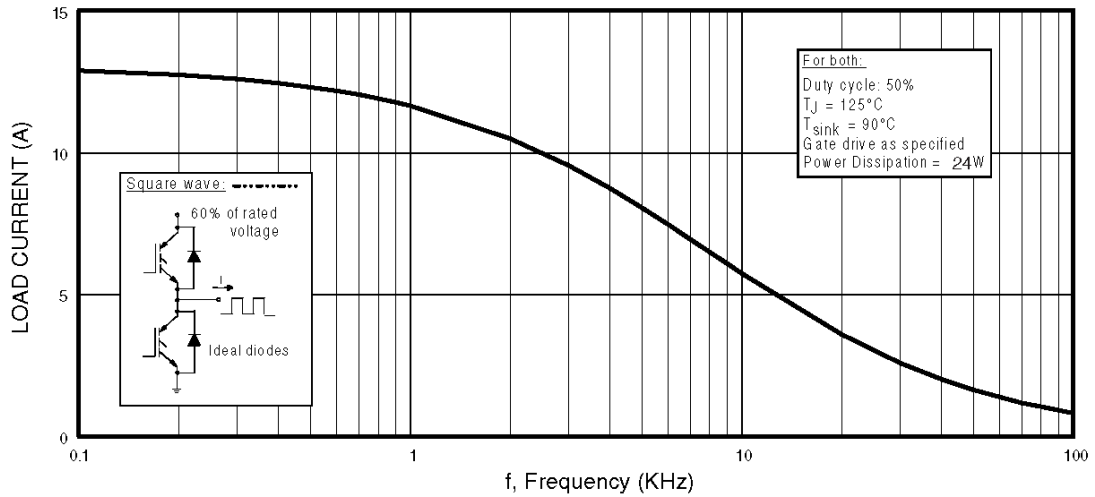


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
 (Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

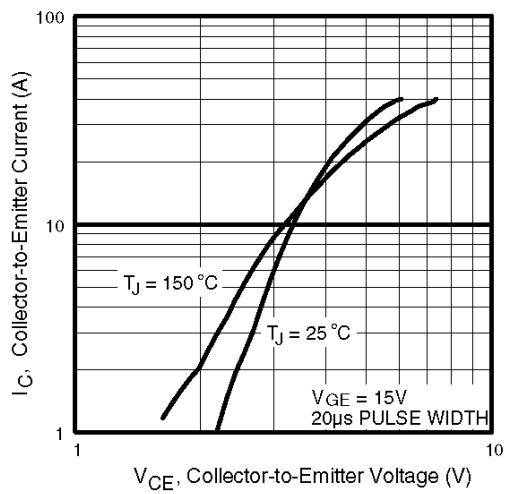


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

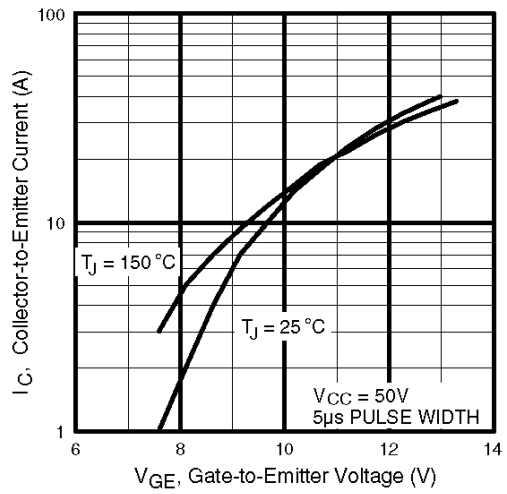


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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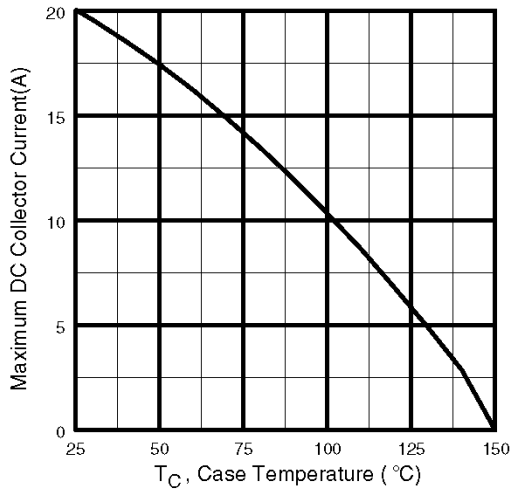


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

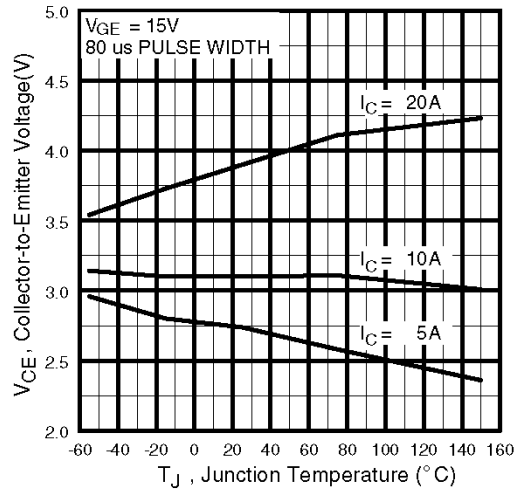


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

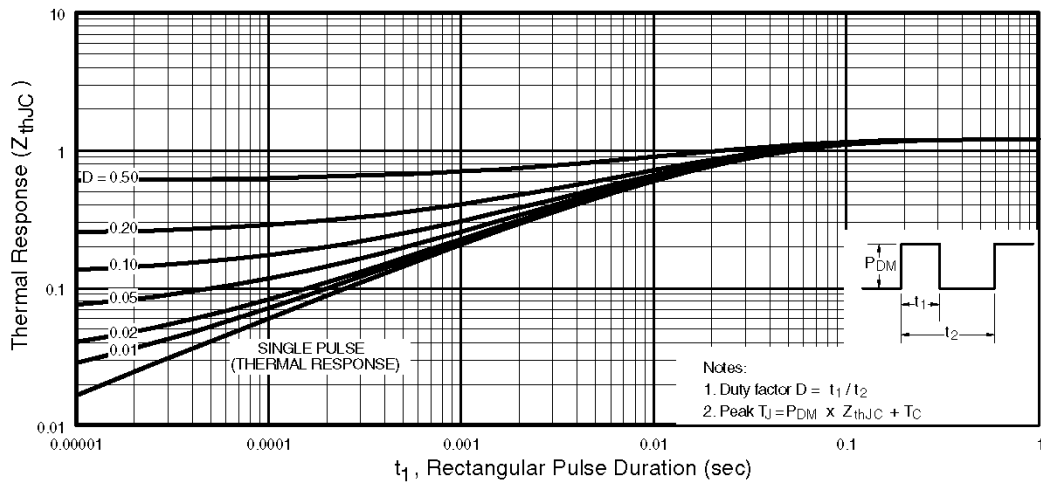


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

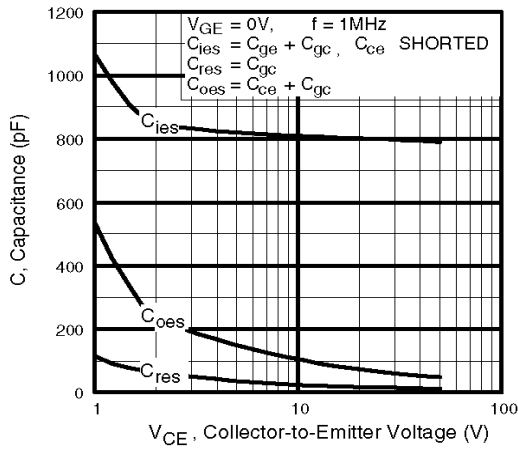


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

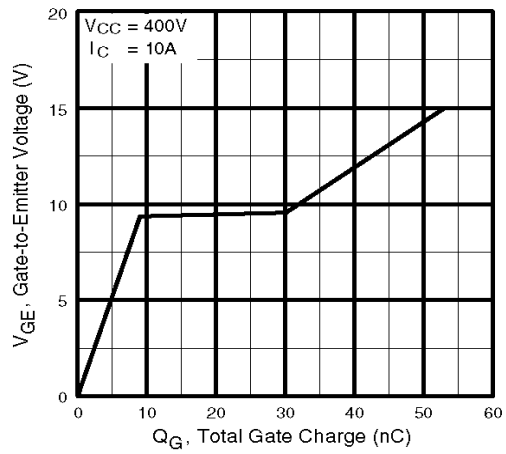


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

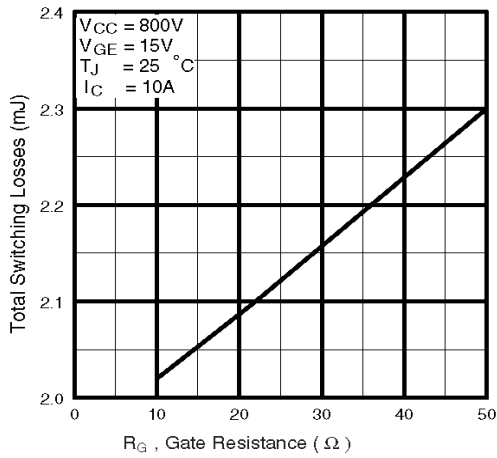


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

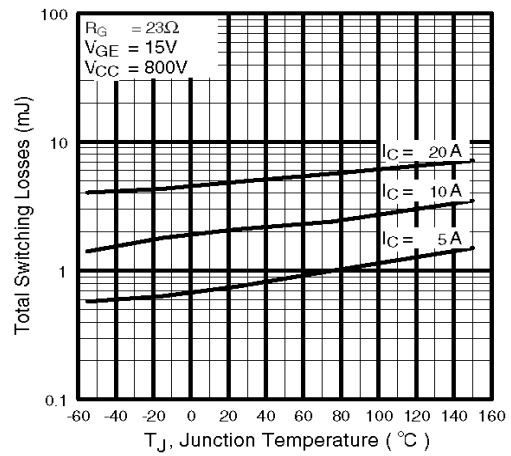


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Junction Temperature

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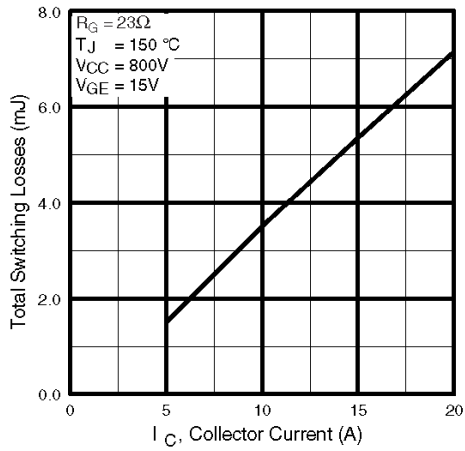


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector Current

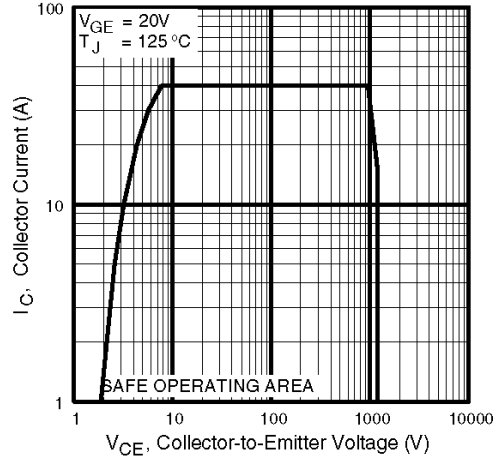


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

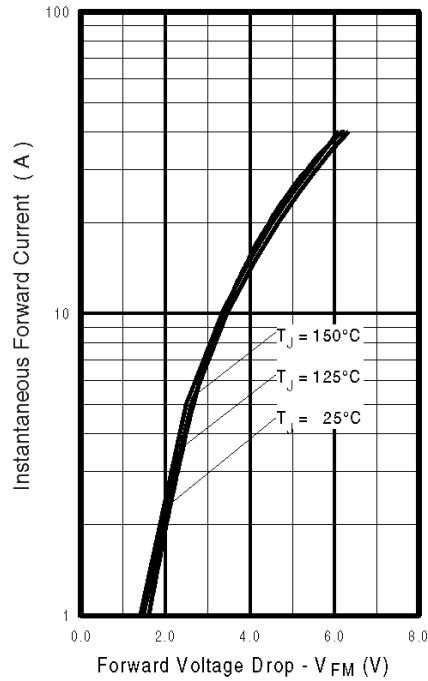


Fig. 13 - Typical Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

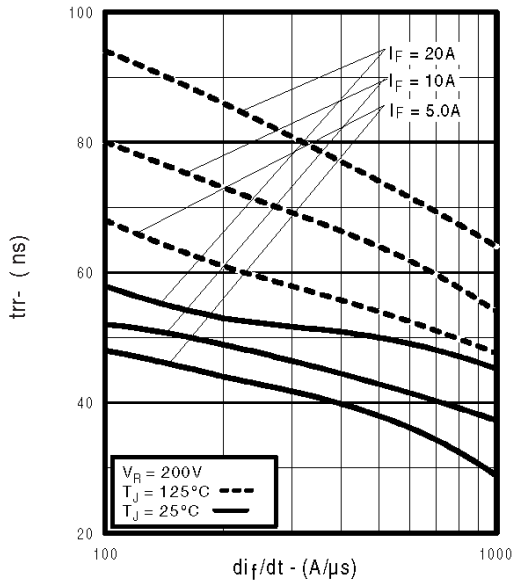


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di/dt

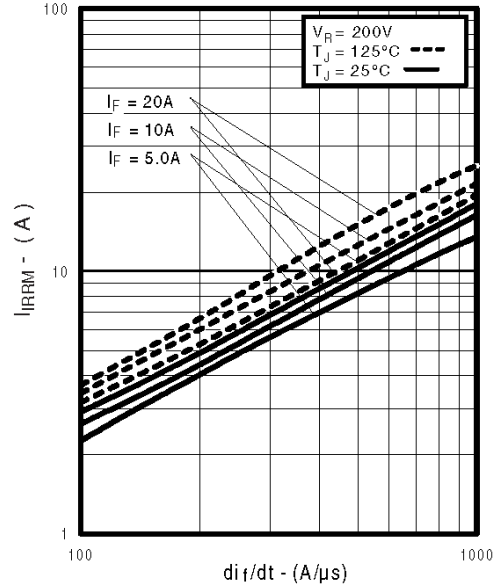


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di/dt

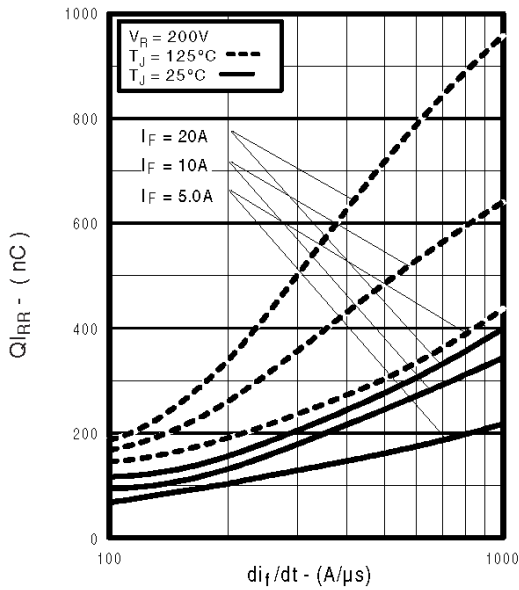


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di/dt

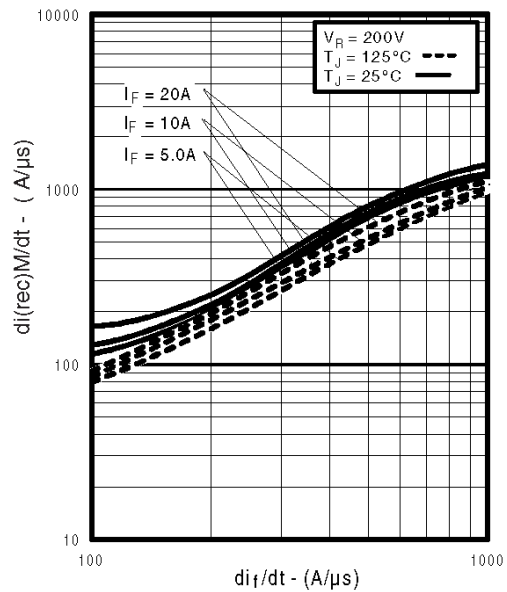


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)M}/dt$ vs. di/dt

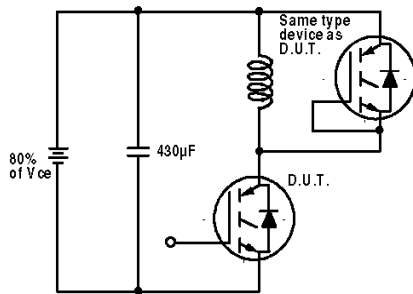


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off}(\text{diode})$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

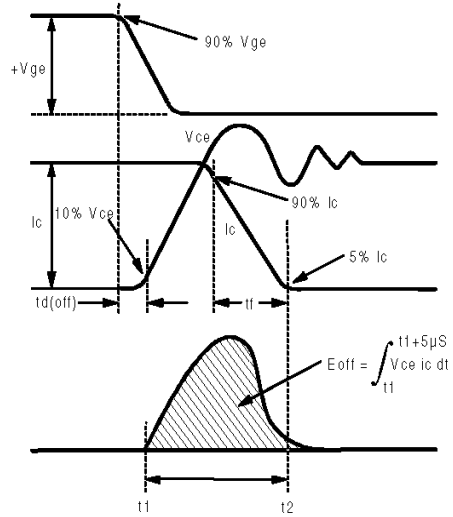


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_{d(off)}$, t_f

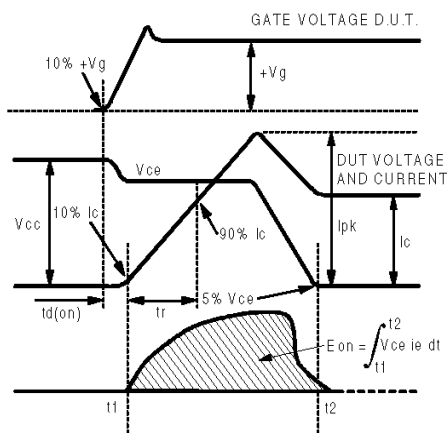


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

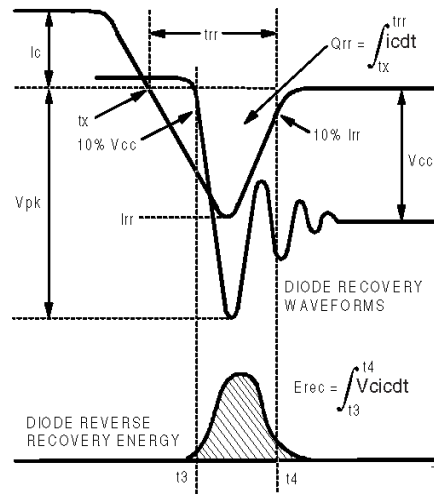


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

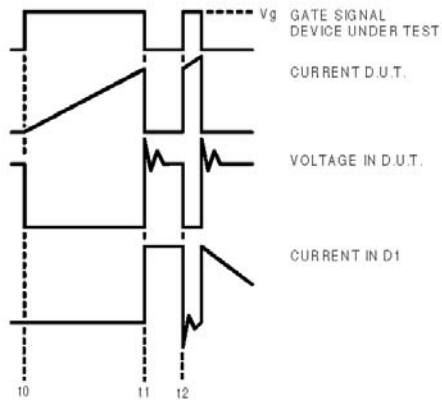


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

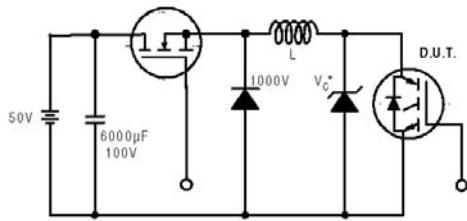


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

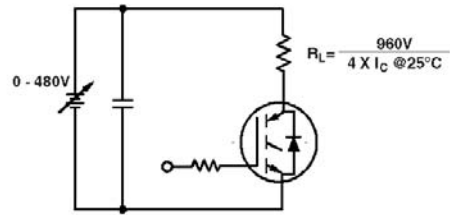


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

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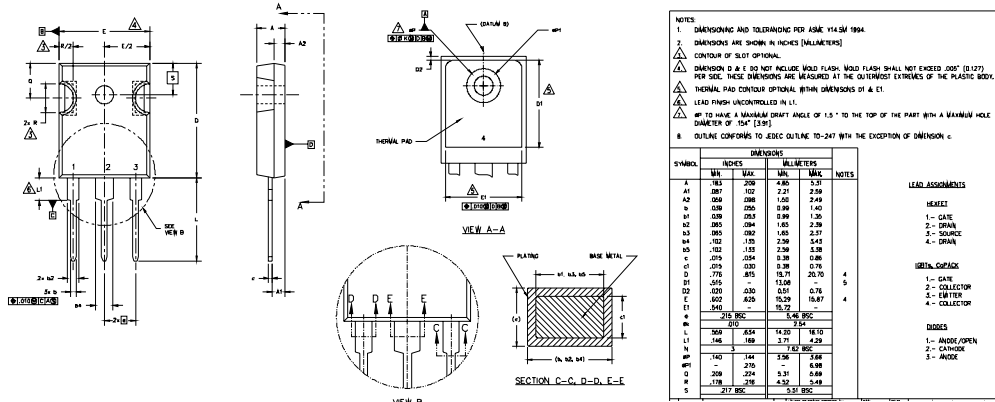
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Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating: $V_{GE}=20V$; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G=23\Omega$ (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ④ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

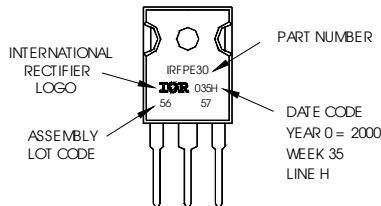
TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFP30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5667
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"
Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead-Free"



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

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IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
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Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>



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- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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