ECP-E...

Electronic circuit breaker

CLIPLINE

Data sheet 102898_en_03

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1 Description

The **ECP-E**... electronic circuit breaker can be used in applications that cover all aspects of the switched-mode power supply unit.

In the event of an overload, switched-mode power supply units reduce their output voltage, which means that all the connected loads are no longer sufficiently supplied, e.g., in the event of a short circuit at the load.

The solution here is the ECP-E... electronic circuit breaker, which selectively protects all 24 V DC load circuits. The ECP-E... constantly limits the residual current to 1.8 times (or 1.5/1.3 times) the protected nominal current. Capacitive loads can thus be switched on and loads are only switched off in the event of an overload or short circuit.

After detecting an overload or short circuit in the load circuit, the load output of the ECP-E... is disabled. The current flow in the faulty circuit is interrupted. The ECP-E... and therefore the circuit can be activated again via the electronic reset input (13;14) or manually on the device via the slide switch.

A multi-color LED and the integrated status output (12) indicate the operating or error state.

The ECP-E... offers quick and space-saving assembly, as it can be plugged onto the TMCP SOCKET M and has a low design width of just 12.5 mm.

1.1 Properties

- Selective load protection, electronic shutdown characteristic curve
- Active current limitation when switching on capacitive loads up to 20,000 μF and in the event of overload/short circuit
- Nominal current can be selected in fixed current strengths from 1 A ... 12 A
- Safe overload shutdown from 1.1 x ${\sf I}_{\sf N},$ even for long load cables or low cable cross-sections

INSPIRING INNOVATIONS

- Manual on/off switch (S1)
- Indication by means of LED, status output SF
- Electronic reset input RE
- Integrated failsafe element
- Design width of just 12.5 mm per channel
- Can be plugged into a modular base

	NOTE: Make sure that the cable cross-section of the relevant load circuit is adapted to the nominal current of the ECP-E used.
	In the system or machine, take special precautionary measures to prevent system parts from restarting (according to Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and EN 60204-1). In the event of an error (short circuit/overload), the load circuit is electronically shut down by the ECP-E
()	NOTE: Make sure that the cable cross-section of the relevant load circuit is adapted to the nominal current of the ECP-E used.
1	Make sure you always use the latest documentation. It can be downloaded at <u>www.phoenixcontact.net/catalog</u> .
1	This data sheet is valid for all products listed on the following page:



2 Ordering data

Electronic circuit breaker

Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Electronic circuit breaker, standard version with status output and reset input, can be plugged into a TMCP base, indication by means of 3-color LED			
1 A nominal current	ECP-E 1A	0900113	5
2 A nominal current	ECP-E 2A	0900210	5
3 A nominal current	ECP-E 3A	0900317	5
4 A nominal current	ECP-E 4A	0900414	5
6 A nominal current	ECP-E 6A	0900618	5
8 A nominal current	ECP-E 8A	0900812	5
10 A nominal current	ECP-E 10A	0901002	5
12 A nominal current	ECP-E 12A	0900126	5
Accessories			
Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs./Pkt.
Modular base, 2-pos., designed to accommodate two 1-pos. circuit breakers, width of 12.5 mm per position	TMCP SOCKET M	0916589	10
Base termination elements can be plugged into both the left and right-hand	TMCP CONNECT LB	0916592	3

Base termination elements, can be plugged into both the left and right-hand side, contain the connections for the reset inputs/group query

Spring lock, for mechanical locking if mounted overhead, 1-pos.

Zack marker strip, 10-section, for labeling the center of the terminal block

Fixed bridge, plug-in, not insulated, 500 mm long, can be cut to length, for distribution of the supply potential in the base, $\rm I_{max}$ = 50 A

Continuous plug-in bridge, 500 m long, can be cut to length, for potential distribution, I_{max} = 32 A, red

Continuous plug-in bridge, 500 m long, can be cut to length, for potential distribution, I_{max} = 32 A, blue

Signal bridge, plug-in, for bridging group indication when there is a free slot on the TMCP SOCKET M base, $I_{max} = 1 \text{ A}$

ed into both the left and right-hand nputs/group query	TMCP CONNE
nted overhead,	ECP-LOCK
the center of the terminal block	ZB 6

g, can be cut to length, for potential FBST 500-PLC g, can be cut to length, for potential FBST 500-PLC

 TMCP SOCKET M
 0916589
 10

 TMCP CONNECT LR
 0916592
 3

 ECP-LOCK
 0912021
 10

 ZB 6
 See CLIPLINE catalog

 FBST 500 TMCP
 0916615
 20

 FBST 500-PLC RD
 2966786
 20

 FBST 500-PLC BU
 2966692
 20

0916602

6

3 Technical data

Operating data					
Nominal voltage	24 V DC				
DC supply voltage	18 V DC 32 V DC				
Nominal current I _N	Depending on the selected item version: 1 A, 2 A, 3 A, 4 A, 6 A, 8 A, 10 A, 12 A				
Closed circuit current I ₀	In the ON state: 20 mA 30 mA, typical (depending on the signal output)				
Tripping current (bimetal)	0.3 A, typical (only in the event of an error, until electrically shut down)				
Indication of the operating state	 Multi-color LED Status output SF On/off position of switch S1 				
Multi-color LED	Green = Device switched on (S1 = ON) or load circuit/Power MOSFET controlled				
	Orange = Overload or short circuit until electronically shut down				
	Red = Device electronically shut down, load circuit/Power MOSFET switched off, undervoltage ($U_B < 8 V$) or after switch-on until the end of the switch-on delay time				
	OFF: Manually switched off (S1 = OFF) or device power supply disconnected				
Protection against polarity reversal of UB	Internal bimetal (failsafe element) triggered, pushbutton moves to OFF position				
Auxiliary contacts	Pin 11 (GND)				
	Pin 12 (individual indication)				
	Pin 13/14 (group query)				
Switching capacity I _{CN}	Active current limitation of 180%				
Load circuit					
Load output	Power MOSFET output (positive switching)				
Overload shutdown	1.1 x I _N (1.05 1.35 x I _N), typical				
Short circuit current I _K	Active current limitation; 1.8 x I_N , maximum (see "Time-current characteristic" on page 6)				
Shutdown time	3 s at $I_L > 1.1 \times I_N$, typical				
	100 ms 3 s at $I_L > 1.8 \times I_N$ (or 1.5 x $I_N/1.3 \times I_N$), typical				
	See "Voltage drop, current limitation, maximum load current" on page 4				
R _i when plugged in	≙ 50 mΩ				
Temperature shutdown	Internal temperature monitoring with electronic shutdown				
Undervoltage monitoring of load output	With hysteresis, no reset required:				
	OFF at U _B < 8 V				
Switch-on delay t _{Start}	0.5 s, typical after each switch-on and after applying U_B				
Load circuit shutdown	Electronic shutdown after overload/short circuit				
Free running circuit	External free-wheeling diode recommended on inductive load				
Parallel connection of multiple load outputs	Not permitted				
Status output					
Electrical data	Positive switching signal output, switches U _B on pin 12 of TCMP SOCKET M base, nominal data: 24 V DC/0.2 A, maximum (short-circuit-proof)				
	The status output is internally terminated to ground using a 10 kOhm resistor.				
Status OUT	ECP-E (signal status OUT), at U _B = +24 V				
	+24 V = S1 is ON, load output switched through				
	0 V = S1 is ON, load output disabled and/or switch S1 is OFF				
	LED lights up red				
OFF state	 0 V level always present at status output if: Switch S1 is set to ON, but device is still in the switch-on delay phase Switch S1 is set to OFF or control signal is OFF, device is switched off Operating voltage U_B is not present 				

Reset input					
Electrical data	Maximum voltage +32 V DC High > 8 V DC \leq 32 V DC Low \leq 3 V DC > 0 V DC Current consumption 2.6 mA, typical (+24 V DC) Minimum pulse length 10 ms				
Reset signal RE (pin 12 of base) WARNING: Always fill empty slots with the signal bridge.	With the falling edge of a +24 V DC pulse, the electronically disabled ECP-E can be switched on again remotely via an external button. This reset signal is supplied in pin 12 of the base and is internally prewired. On the ECP-E, the reset simultaneously affects all disabled channels of the current distributor. Activated channels remain unaffected.				

12.5 mm x 60 mm x 70 mm
40 g
10,000
0°C +50°C (no condensation, see EN 60204-1)
-20°C +70°C
PA-F
V0
Not required, since a redundant failsafe element is integrated. If the failsafe element has been triggered, the pushbutton is in the OFF position.
Can be plugged into TMCP SOCKET M modular base
6.3 mm according to DIN 46244-A6.3-0.8
96 h/95% relative humidity/40°C according to IEC 60068-2-78, Test Cab climatic class 3K3 according to EN 60721
Housing: IP30, DIN 40050 Terminal blocks: IP00, DIN 40050

Tests/approvals	
Conformance with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC	Noise emission: EN 61000-6-3 Noise immunity: EN 61000-6-2
Isolation coordination (IEC 60934)	0.5 kV/pollution degree 2, increased isolation in the actuation area
Dielectric strength	32 V DC, maximum (load circuit)
Insulation resistance (OFF state)	None, electronic shutdown only
Vibration resistance	3g, test according to IEC 60068-2-6 Test Fc
Approvals	5 07 05
	UL 2367, File E317172 Solid State Overcurrent Protectors

Voltage drop, current limitation, maximum load current

ronage arop, carre				
Nominal current I _N	Typical voltage drop U _{ON} at I _N	Active current limitation (typical)	Maximum load current at 100% operating factor, $T_A = 40^{\circ}C$	Maximum load current at 100% operating factor, $T_A = 50^{\circ}C$
1 A	80 mV	1.8 x I _N	1 A	1 A
2 A	130 mV	1.8 x l _N	2 A	2 A
3 A	80 mV	1.8 x l _N	3 A	3 A
4 A	100 mV	1.8 x I _N	4 A	4 A
6 A	130 mV	1.8 x l _N	6 A	5 A
8 A	120 mV	1.5 x l _N	8 A	7 A
10 A	150 mV	1.5 x l _N	10 A	9 A
12 A	180 mV	1.3 x I _N	12 A	10.8 A

When mounted in rows without convection cooling, due to the thermal effect during continuous operation (100% operating factor) the nominal device current must only be led to a maximum of 80%.

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3.1 **Connection diagram**





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With reset input RE (+24 V DC♣), with status output SF (+24 V = Load output ON) Normal state: SF +24 V = OK Error state: SF 0 V





3.3 Dimensions



12,3

Figure 2 Dimensions (in mm)

N

6A

÷(



3.4 Time-current characteristic ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$)

Figure 3 Time-current characteristic

- In the 1.1 ... 1.8 x I_N^* range, the typical shutdown time is 3 s.
- The electronic current limitation is typically activated from 1.8 x I_N*.

This means that under all overload conditions (regardless of the current supply and load circuit resistance), 1.8 times the nominal current* typically flows until shutdown. The shutdown time ranges from 100 ms to 3 s depending on the multiple of the nominal current or in the event of short circuit (I_K).

- Without the current limitation typically activated at $1.8 \times I_N^*$, a significantly higher overcurrent would flow in the event of an overload or short circuit.
- * Typical current limitation $1.8 \times I_N$ at $I_N = 1 A \dots 6 A$ Typical current limitation $1.5 \times I_N$ at $I_N = 8 A$ or 10 ATypical current limitation $1.3 \times I_N$ at $I_N = 12 A$

3.5 Safe shutdown

Safe shutdown of the ECP-E for various supply line lengths and cable cross-sections							
Specific electrical resistance of electrolytic	copper p0	= 0.0178 (2 x mm²)/m				
U _B = 19.2 V DC (80% of 24 V DC)					tolerance of ady been ta		
ECP-E nominal current setting	_N (in A) \rightarrow	3 A	6 A				
E.g., Shutdown current $I_{off} = 1.25 \text{ A x}$	_N (in A) \rightarrow	3.75 A	7.5 A	\rightarrow ECP-E	. shuts dowr	n after typica	ully 3 s 5 s
R _{max} in Ohm = (U _B /I _{off}) - 0.	050 $\Omega^1 \rightarrow$	<u>5.07 Ω</u>	<u>2.51 Ω</u>				
ECP-E safely tr		Ω up to matrix	aximum cii	rcuit resist	ance R _{max}		
Cable cross-section A in mm ² \rightarrow	0.14 mm ²	0.25 mm ²	0.34 mm ²	0.5 mm ²	0.75 mm ²	1 mm ²	1.5 mm ²
Distance L in meters		Total o	able resist	tance in Of	1m = (R ₀ x 2	2 x L)/A	•
(= single length)	ŧ	ŧ	¥	¥	ŧ	¥	¥
5 m	1.27 Ω	0.71 Ω	0.52 Ω	0.36 Ω	0.24 Ω	0.18 Ω	0.12 Ω
10 m	2.54 Ω	1.42 Ω	1.05 Ω	0.71 Ω	0.47 Ω	0.36 Ω	0.24 Ω
15 m	3.81 Ω	2.14 Ω	1.57 Ω	1.07 Ω	0.71 Ω	0.53 Ω	0.36 Ω
20 m	5.09 Ω	2.85 Ω	2.09 Ω	1.42 Ω	0.95 Ω	0.71 Ω	0.47 Ω
25 m	6.36 Ω	3.56 Ω	2.62 Ω	1.78 Ω	1.19 Ω	0.89 Ω	0.59 Ω
30 m	7.63 Ω	4.27 Ω	3.14 Ω	2.14 Ω	1.42 Ω	1.07 Ω	0.71 Ω
35 m	8.90 Ω	4.98 Ω	3.66 Ω	2.49 Ω	1.66 Ω	1.25 Ω	0.83 Ω
40 m	10.17 Ω	5.70 Ω	4.19 Ω	2.85 Ω	1.90 Ω	1.42 Ω	0.95 Ω
45 m	11.44 Ω	6.41 Ω	4.71 Ω	3.20 Ω	2.14 Ω	1.60 Ω	1.07 Ω
50 m	12.71 Ω	7.12 Ω	5.24 Ω	3.56 Ω	2.37 Ω	1.78 Ω	1.19 Ω
75 m	19.07 Ω	10.68 Ω	7.85 Ω	5.34 Ω	3.56 Ω	2.67 Ω	1.78 Ω
100 m	25.34 Ω	14.24 Ω	10.47 Ω	7.12 Ω	4.75 Ω	3.56 Ω	2.37 Ω
125 m	31.79 Ω	17.80 Ω	13.09 Ω	8.90 Ω	5.93 Ω	4.45 Ω	2.97 Ω
150 m	38 .14 Ω	21.36 Ω	15.71 Ω	10.68 Ω	7.12 Ω	5.34 Ω	3.56 Ω
175 m	44.50 Ω	24.92 Ω	18.32 Ω	12.46 Ω	8.31 Ω	6.23 Ω	4.15 Ω
200 m	50.86 Ω	28.48 Ω	20.94 Ω	14.24 Ω	9.49 Ω	7.12 Ω	4.75 Ω
225 m	57.21 Ω	32.04 Ω	23.56 Ω	16.02 Ω	10.68 Ω	8.01 Ω	5.34 Ω
250 m	63.57 Ω	35.60 Ω	26.18 Ω	17.80 Ω	11.87 Ω	8.90 Ω	5.93 Ω
Example 1: Maximum permissible distance	for 1.5 mm ²	² and 3 A \rightarrow	Approxim	ately 200 r	n ²		
Example 2: Maximum permissible distance	for 1.5 mm ²	² and 6 A \rightarrow					
Example 3: Mixed wiring:	unter lavel		R1 = 40 m	in 1.5 mm ²	and R2 = 5	m in 0.25 m	im ²
(Control cabinet sensor/act	uator level)		R1 = 0.95	Ohm, R2 =	0.71 Ohm		
			Total (R1	+ R2) = 1.6	6 Ohm		

¹ Internal resistance of miniature circuit breakers

² Shutdown current I_{off} = 3 A x 1.25 A = 3.75 A Maximum circuit resistance R_{max} = U_B/I_{off} - 0.050 Ω (internal resistance of miniature circuit breakers) R_{max} = (19.2 V/3.75 A) - 0.050 Ω = 5.07 Ω In the table, the calculated value of 5.07 Ω lies between 200 m and 225 m (4.75 Ω and 5.34 Ω). Therefore a distance of around 200 m can be covered.

4 Mounting on a modular base

The TMCP SOCKET M base is snapped onto a DIN rail and can accommodate two ECP-E... devices.

The two-channel bases are modular, which means that larger distribution systems can be created. A connection element is inserted at both the start and end of the system.

Current distribution on the individual channels with a common supply (positive pole) is achieved by inserting a power rail in the slot provided on the connection side of the modules.

All electrical connections are established using spring-cage terminal blocks. The reference potential for the ECP-E... (GND pin 11) is also looped through and led to the side connection elements.

By connecting together the individual bases, all the internal wiring is established for the ground potential and group error message.

The ECP-E... has an integrated signal contact (PDT). The SC-S0 contact is used for the group error message. The contacts for this indication are already connected in series in the bases and are connected to the side connection elements via two connections (13, 14).

In each base, the series circuit can be contacted using a test socket and any interruptions can thus be determined.

4.1 Technical data

Test contact for testing group indication on a cable interrupt	ø = 2 mm
Nominal voltage (without ECP-E)	433 V AC; 65 V DC
Nominal current (without ECP-E)	
LINE supply (1)	50 A
LOAD output (2)	25 A
Reference potential GND (11)	10 A
Individual indication (12)	1.0 A (with ECP-E: 0.5 A)
Group indication (13-14)	1.0 A (with ECP-E: 0.5 A)
Internal resistance (without ECP-E)	
LINE-LOAD (1-2)	5 mΩ
Indication (13-14) for each module	8 m $\Omega/each$ position plus each additional aligned module: +5 m Ω
Supply rail for current distribution	Uninsulated power rail I_{max} 50 A (the uninsulated power rail is inserted fully and is therefore safe to touch)
Dielectric strength of base (without ECP-E)	
Between main circuits (without power rail)	1500 V
Main circuit to signal circuit	1500 V
Signal circuit to signal circuit	1500 V
Weight	
Central part	85 g, approximately
Connection elements (pair)	30 g, approximately
Approval	Meets standard UL 60950

4.2 Dimensions with base



Figure 4 Dimensions in mm

4.3 Assembly



Figure 5 Assembly



WARNING: Always fill empty slots with the TMCP SB signal bridge.

To assemble, proceed as follows:

- Snap TMCP SOCKET M base onto an NS 35 DIN rail according to EN 60751.
- Push bases together.
- Snap on TMCP CONNECT LR base termination elements to the left and right-hand side.
- Cut FBST 500... power rail to length as required and insert in bases.
- Insert connecting cables in the spring-cage terminal blocks (see "Connecting spring-cage terminal blocks" on page 9 and "Pin assignment on base" on page 9).
- Insert ECP-E....
- If necessary, secure the ECP-E... and base using a clamp (see "Locking the base and ECP-E..." on page 10).

4.4 Connecting spring-cage terminal blocks

Spring-cage terminal blocks for solid wires and stranded cables with and without ferrules.

Use the specified screwdriver size (SD) to release the spring cage.

Connection	Spring-cage terminal blocks for	Screwdriver size (SD)
LINE supply (1)	1.5 10 mm ²	SD 2 (0.8 x 4.0 mm)
LOAD output (2)	0.25 4 mm ²	SD 1 (0.6 x 3.5 mm)
Reference potential GND or group indication connections (11 or 13, 14)	0.25 2.5 mm ²	SD 1 (0.6 x 3.5 mm)
Individual indication connection (12)	0.25 1.5 mm²	SD 0 (0.4 x 2.5 mm)

4.5 Pin assignment on base



Figure 6 Connection diagram

PIN Assignment

GND 11

12	Status message SF	+24 V = OK
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Reset input RE (group reset) +24 V falling edge 13, 14

WARNING: Always fill empty slots with the TMCP SB signal bridge.

- [2(k)] LINE (+)
- GND [12]
- [24] Reset IN+, +24 V
- Not used [2(i)]
- [23] Reset IN+, +24 V
- Status OUT, [11]
- +24 V = OK
- [1] LOAD (+)

Figure 7 Pin assignment

TMCP SOCKET M

ECP-E		
LINE (+)	[2(k)]	<u> </u>
Gnd	[12]	\rightarrow
RE	[24]	\rightarrow
	[2(i)]	\rightarrow
RE	[23]	\implies
SF	[11]	÷
LOAD (+)	[1]	

4.6 Locking the base and ECP-E...

If mounted overhead, the ECP-E... must be connected to the base using the ECP-LOCK clamp.



Figure 8 Mounting the ECP-LOCK



Figure 9 Removing the ECP-LOCK

ECP-E...



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