LB8503V

Monolithic Digital IC

DC Fan Motor Speed Control IC



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Overview

The LB8503V is an improved functionality version of the LB8500 and LB8502 products that features the added functions listed below. The LB8503V supports both single-phase and three-phase applications.

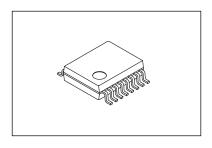
Added Functions

- Supports origin shifting in the speed control function
- Adds a dedicated pin for setting the soft start time

 This allows a longer start time to be set without reducing the response time when changing speed.
- FG output pin added

Functions and Features

- Achieves linear speed control
 Applications can set the slope of the change in motor speed with change in the input duty.
- Minimized speed fluctuations in the presence of line or load variations
- Allows a minimum speed to be set
- Soft start function
- Settings using external capacitors and resistors (to support easier mass production of end products)
- Supports both PWM duty and analog voltage control inputs



SSOP16 (225 mil)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 21 of this data sheet.

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC} max	V _{CC} pin	18	V
Output current	I _O max	E0 pin	3	mA
FG output pin output voltage	V _{FG} max	FG _{OUT} pin	18	V
FG output pin output current	I _{FG} max	FG _{OUT} pin	10	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	When mounted on a circuit board *1	0.8	W
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to +95	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +150	°C

^{*1} Specified circuit board : 114.3 \times 76.1 \times 1.6mm³, glass epoxy.

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Allowable Operating Range at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage range 1	V _{CC} 1	V _{CC} pin	7.5 to 17	V
Supply voltage range 2	V _{CC} 2	V _{CC} pin, with V _{CC} shorted to 6VREG	5.5 to 6.5	V
Output current	I _O	E0 pin	2.5	mA
6V constant voltage output	I _{REG}		-5	mA
current				
CTL pin voltage	V _{CTL}		0 to 6VREG	V
LIM pin voltage	V_{LIM}		0 to 6VREG	٧
VC1 pin voltage	V _{CI}		0 to 6VREG	V

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, $V_{CC} = 12V$

Danamatan	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		
Parameter			min	typ	max	Unit
Supply current	Icc			5.5	6.5	mA
6V constant voltage output (VR	EG pin)					
Output voltage	VREG		5.8	6.0	6.2	V
Line regulation	ΔVREG1	V _{CC} = 8 to 17V		40	100	mV
Load regulation	∆VREG2	I _O = -5 to 5mA		10	100	mV
Temperature coefficient	ΔVREG3	Design target*		0		mV/°C
Integrating Amplifier Block (E0	1)					
Common-mode input voltage range	VICM		2.0		VREG	V
High-level output voltage	V _{OH} (E01)	IEO1 = -0.2mA	VREG - 1.2	VREG - 0.8		V
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL} (E01)	IEO1 = 0.2mA		0.8	1.0	V
Integrating Amplifier Block (E03	3)					
High-level output voltage	V _{OH} (E03)	IEO1 = -0.2mA	VREG - 1.2	VREG - 0.8		V
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL} (E03)	IEO1 = 0.2mA		0.8	1.0	V
FGIN pin						
High-level input voltage	VFGH		3.0		VREG	V
Low-level input voltage	VFGL		0		1.5	V
Input open voltage	VFGO		VREG - 0.5		VREG	V
Hysteresis	VFGS		0.2	0.3	0.4	V
High-level input current	IFGH	VFGIN = 6VREG	-10	0	10	μА
Low-level input current	IFGL	VFGIN = 0V	-140	-110		μА
FGOUT pin			<u>.</u>			
Output low saturation voltage	VFG			0.2	0.3	٧
Output leakage current	IFGL				10	μА

Continued on next page.

LB8503V

Continued from preceding page.						
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		
r arameter			min	typ	max	Unit
RC pin						
High-level output voltage	V _{OH} (RC)		3.2	3.45	3.7	V
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL} (RC)		0.8	0.95	1.05	V
Clamp voltage	V _{CLP} (RC)		1.5	1.65	1.8	V
CTL pin						
High-level input voltage	VCTH		2.0		VREG	V
Low-level input voltage	VCTL		0		1.0	V
Input open voltage	VCTO		VREG - 0.5		VREG	V
High-level input current	ICTH	VFGIN = 6VREG	-10	0	10	μΑ
Low-level input current	ICTL	VFGIN = 0V	-140	-110		μΑ
C pin	•					
High-level input voltage	V _{OH} (C)		VREG - 0.3	VREG - 0.1		V
Low-level input voltage	V _{OL} (C)		1.8	2.0	2.2	V
LIM pin						
Input bias current	IB(LIM)		-1		1	μА
Common-mode input voltage	VILIM		2.0		VREG	V
range			2.0		VILLO	· ·
SOFT pin	T	T	T	1		
Charge current	IC(SOFT)			1.4		μΑ
Operation voltage range	VISOFT		2.0		VREG	V
VCI pin						
Input bias current	IB(VCI)		-1		1	μА
Common-mode input voltage	VIVCI		2.0		VREG	V
range			2.0		VILLO	v
VCO pin			T			
High-level output voltage	V _{OH} (VCO)			VREG - 0.2		V
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL} (VCO)			2.0		V

^{*} The design specification items are design guarantees and are not measured.

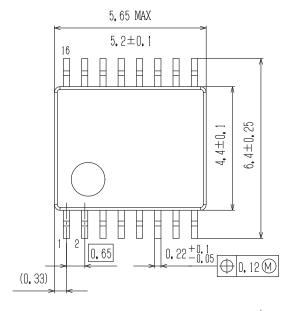
Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

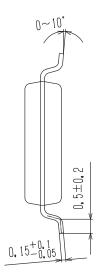
Package Dimensions

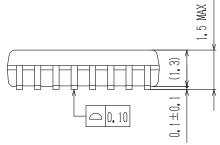
unit: mm (typ)

SSOP16 (225mil)

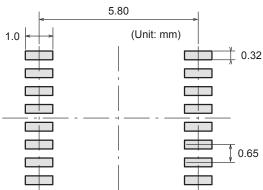
CASE 565AM ISSUE A







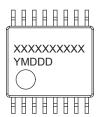
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



NOTE: The measurements are not to guarantee but for reference only.

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



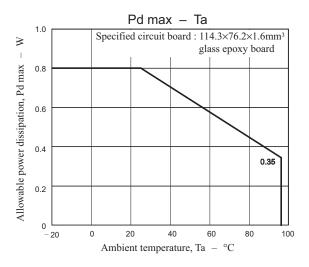
XXXXX = Specific Device Code

Y = Year

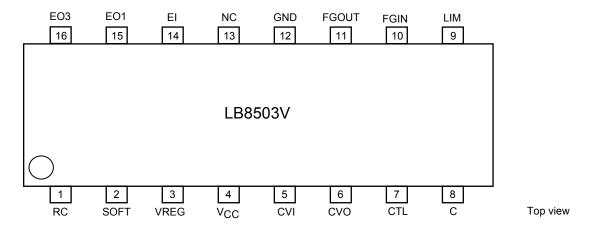
M = Month

DDD = Additional Traceability Data

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot " ■", may or may not be present.



Pin Assignment

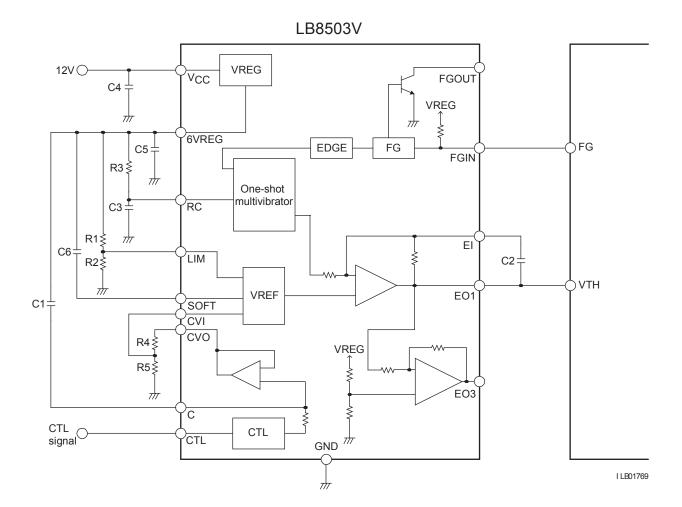


Pin Functions

Pin No.	Pin	Description
RC	1	One-shot multivibrator pulse width setting. Connect a resistor between this pin and VREG, and a capacitor between this pin and ground.
SOFT	2	Soft start time setting. Connect a capacitor between this pin and VREG.
VREG	3	6V regulator output. Connect a capacitor between this pin and ground for stabilization.
V _{CC}	4	Power supply. Connect a capacitor between this pin and ground for stabilization.
CVI	5	Control voltage input
CVO	6	Duty pulse signal smoothed voltage output
CTL	7	Duty pulse signal input. The speed is controlled by the duty of this pulse signal.
С	8	Duty pulse signal smoothing. Connect a capacitor between this pin and VREG.
LIM	9	Minimum speed setting. Normally, the 6V regulator level is resistor divided to set this pin's input level.
FGIN	10	FG pulse input
FGOUT	11	FG pulse output
GND	12	Grand pin
NC	13	NC pin
EI	14	One-shot multivibrator output and integrating amplifier input. A capacitor must be connected between this pin and EO for this integration.
EO1	15	Integrating amplifier output. (For use with an accelerating driver IC if the command voltage becomes low (single-phase systems).)
EO3	16	Integrating amplifier inverting output. (For use with an accelerating driver IC if the command voltage becomes high (three-phase systems).)

Block Diagrams and Application Examples

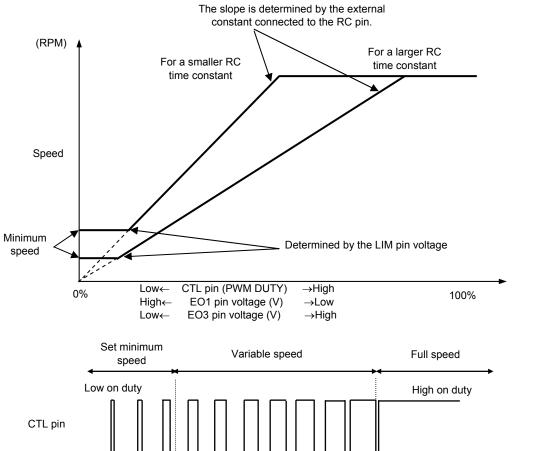
Combination with an accelerating driver IC when the command voltage goes low (single-phase systems)

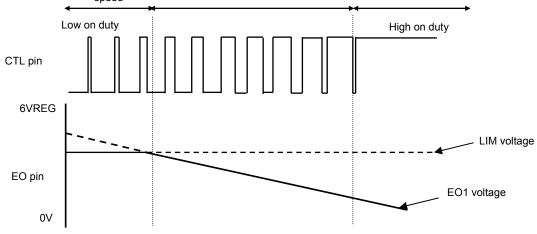


Combination with an accelerating driver IC when the command voltage goes high (three-phase systems)

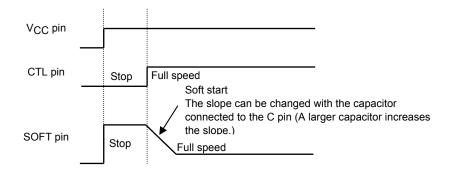
LB8503V VREG 12V 🔿 Vcc FGOUT C4 + VREG 6VREG EDGE C5 ± FG FG FGIN R3 \$ One-shot multivibrator RC C3 ¹/₊ R1 R2 R2 EI C6= LIM C2 EO1 **VREF** ‡С1 SOFT CVI R4 \{ R5 \{ cvo VREG ÇVCTL EO3 C CTL O CTL CTL GND # I LB01770

Speed Control Diagrams



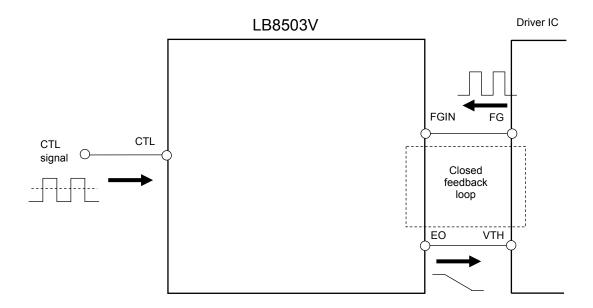


Startup Timing (soft start)



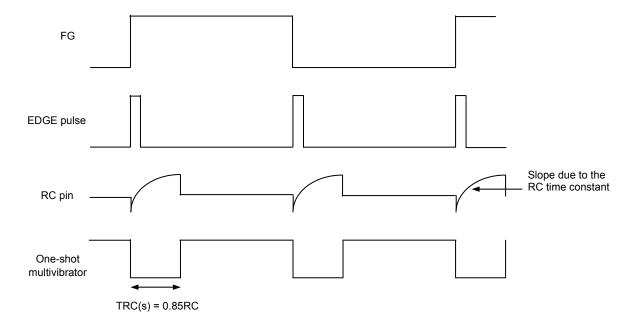
Supplementary Operational Descriptions

The LB8503V accepts a duty pulse input and an FG signal from the driver IC, and generates the driver IC control voltage so that the FG period (motor speed) becomes proportional to the control voltage.



As shown in the figure below, the LB8503V generates a pulse signal from edges on the FG signal and then generates a pulse width waveform determined by the RC time constant in a one-shot multivibrator.

The LB8503V then integrates that pulse waveform to create the output driver IC control voltage (a DC voltage).



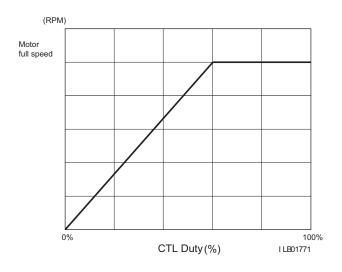
It is also possible to change the slope of the VCTL/speed relationship as shown in the speed control diagram in the previous section by changing the pulse width with the RC time constant.

Note, however, that since pulses determined by this RC time constant are used, variation in the RC components will appear as speed control errors.

Pin Setting Procedures (Provided for reference purposes)

[RC pin]

The slope in the speed control diagram is determined by the RC pin time constant.



1. Determine the FG signal frequency (f $_{FG}$ (Hz)) at the motor's highest speed.

(When 2 FG pulses are created on each motor revolution.)

2. Determine the time constant for the RC pin.

(Let DUTY be the control duty at the highest motor speed. For example, 100% = 1.0, 60% = 0.6)

$$R \times C = DUTY/(3 \times 0.85 \times f_{FG})$$
(2)

3. Determine the resistor and capacitor values

The range of capacitors that can be used is from 0.01 to 0.015 μF due to the charge capabilities of the RC pin circuit. Therefore, an appropriate resistor value can be determined from either (3) or (4) below from the result obtained in step 2 above.

$$R=(R\times C)/0.01\mu F...$$
 (3)

$$R=(R\times C)/0.015\mu F....(4)$$

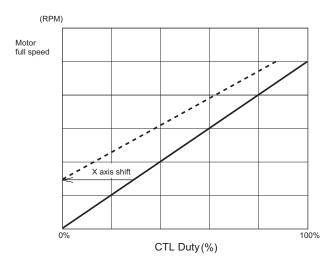
Note that the temperature characteristics of the curve are determined by the temperature characteristics of the capacitor connected to the RC pin.

A capacitor with excellent temperature characteristics must be used to minimize motor speed variation with temperature.

[CVO and CVI Pins]

These pins determine the origin of the slope. (To set the origin to 0% at 0 rpm, short CVO to CVI.)

1. X axis shift (Resistor dividing the CVO to ground potential)



To shift the characteristics from a 0% = 0 rpm origin to a situation where the speed at a duty of 30% is shifted to 0%: First, determine the required CVI pin input voltage at 0%.

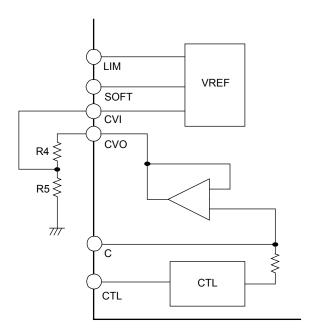
$$CVI = 6 - (4 \times DUTY) = 6 - (4 \times 0.3) = 6 - 1.2 = 4.8V$$

Next, when CVO is 6V, determine the resistor values for the resistor divider between CVO and ground such that the midpoint becomes 4.8V.

$$CVO - CVI : CVI - ground = 1.2V : 4.8V = a ratio of 1 : 4.$$

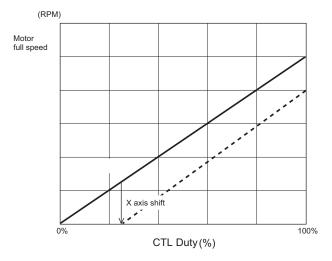
From the above, the desired resistor values will be $20k\Omega$ between CVO and CVI and $80k\Omega$ between CVI and ground. Note that the slope will change. (In this case, since the resistor ratio is 1:4, the result will be 4/5 of (or 0.8 times) the original slope.)

If required, the RC pin resistor value must be changed to correct the slope.



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2. Y axis shift (Resistor dividing the CVO to V_{CC} potential)



To shift the characteristics from a 0% = 0 rpm origin to a situation where the speed is 0 rpm at a duty of 30%: First, determine the required CVO pin input voltage at 0%.

$$CVO = 6 - (4 \times DUTY) = 6 - (4 \times 0.25) = 6 - 1 = 5V$$

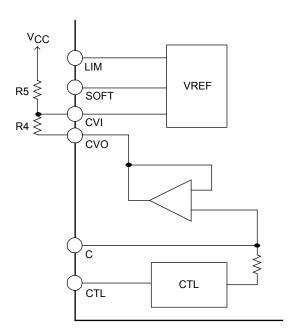
Determine the resistor values such that at CVO = 5 V, CVI becomes 6V.

$$CVO - CVI : CVI - V_{CC} = 1 V : 6V = a ratio of 1:6.$$

From the above, the desired resistor values will be $20k\Omega$ between CVO and CVI and $80k\Omega$ between CVI and ground. (Due to the current capability of the CVO pin, the total resistor value must exceed $100k\Omega$.)

Note that the slope will change. (In this case, since the resistor ratio is 1:6, the result will be 6/7 of (or 0.86 times) the original slope.)

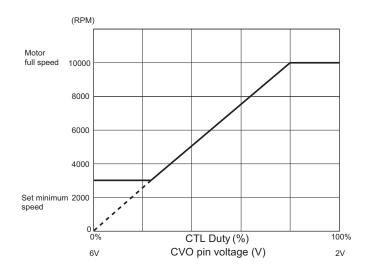
If required, the RC pin resistor value must be changed to correct the slope.



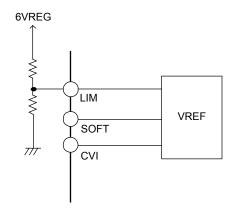
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[LIM Pin]

The minimum speed is determined by the LIM pin voltage.



- Determine the ratio of the required minimum speed and the maximum speed.
 Ra = minimum speed/maximum speed.......... (1)
 In the example in the figure above, Ra = minimum speed/maximum speed = 3000/10000 = 0.3
- 2. Determine the product of the duty that produces the maximum speed and the value from equation 1. Ca = maximum speed duty \times Ra(2) For example, Ca = maximum speed duty \times Ra = $0.8 \times 0.3 = 0.24$
- 4. Generate the LIM voltage by resistor dividing the 6 V regulator voltage. For example, the resistor ratio to create a 5V level will be 1:5. Thus the resistor values will be $10k\Omega$ between 6VREG and LIM and $51k\Omega$ between LIM and ground.



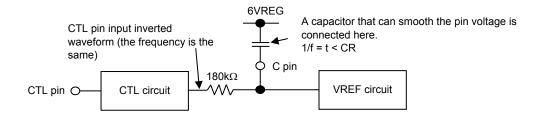
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LB8503V

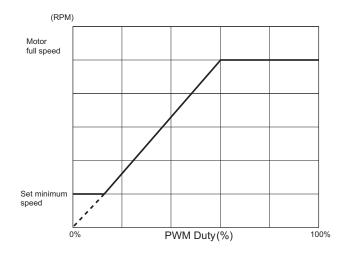
[C Pin]

Since a capacitor that can smooth the pin voltage is connected to the C pin, if the CTL pin input signal frequency is f (Hz), then the capacitor must meet the following condition. (Here, R is the IC internal resistance of 180Ω (typical).) 1/f = t < RC

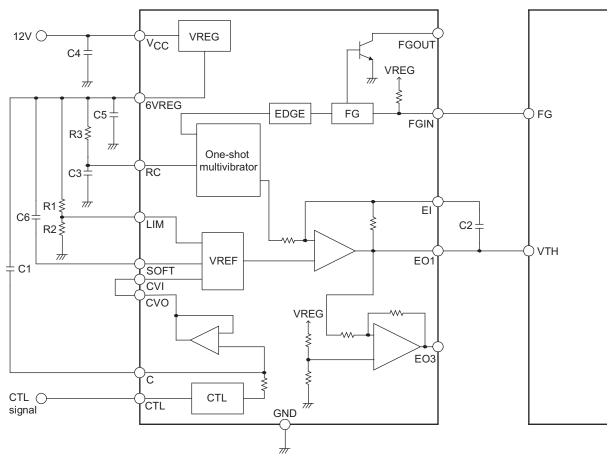
Note that the larger the capacitor, the slower its response to changes in the input signal will be.



[Setting the minimum speed for an origin of 0% = 0 rpm]

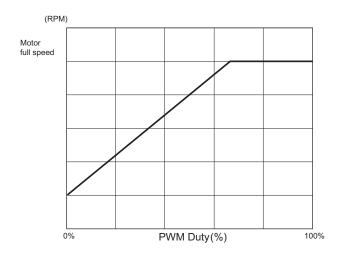


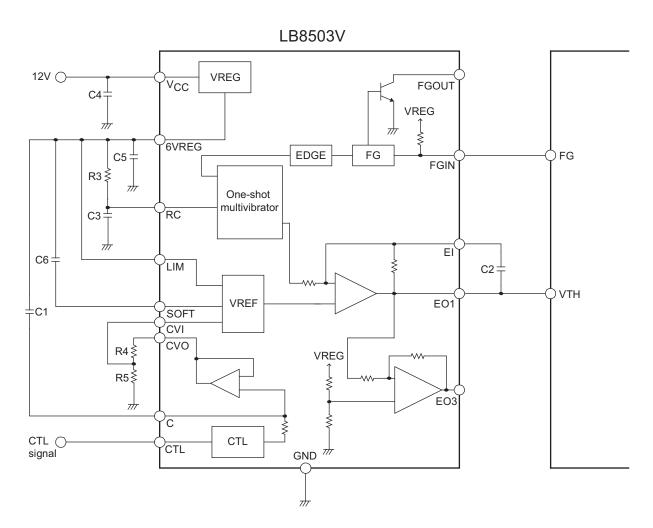
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When the speed control diagram origin is 0% = 0 rpm, the CVO pin is connected to the CVI pin. If the minimum speed is not set, connect the LIM pin to the 6VREG pin.

[Origin shift in the Y direction (the motor turns at 0%)]

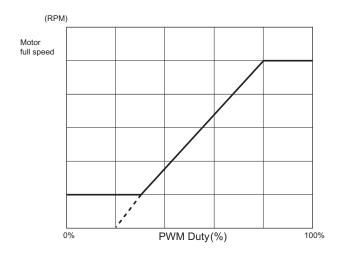




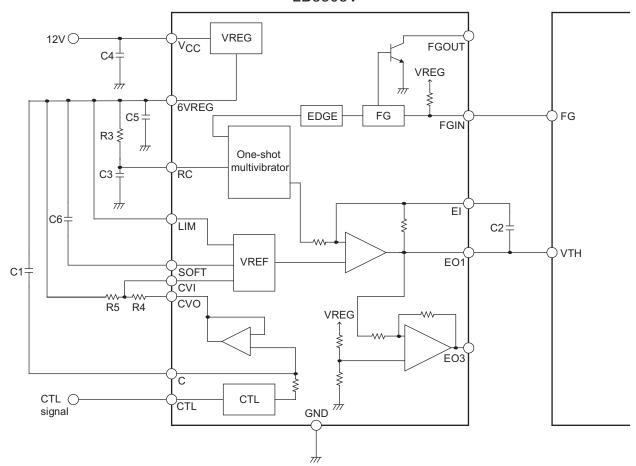
When the speed control diagram origin is set so the motor turns at 0%, the CVO pin to ground potential difference is resistor divided and the midpoint is input to the CVI pin.

The speed at 0% can be changed with the resistor ratio.

[Origin shift in the X axis direction (The motor turns at a duty of 10% or higher) plus a minimum speed setting]



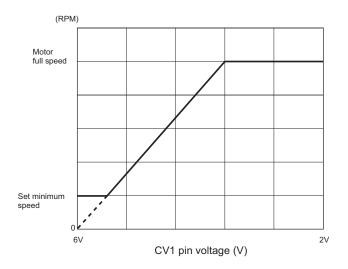
LB8503V

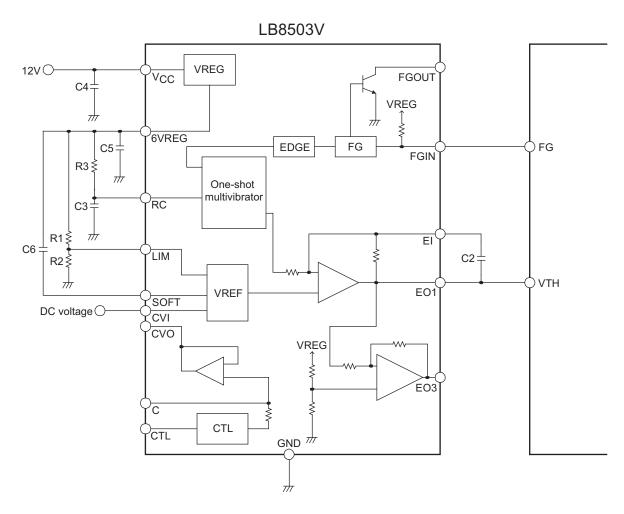


When the origin in the speed control diagram is set so that the motor starts turning when the duty is above 0%. the potential difference between the CVO pin and V_{CC} is resistor divided, and that divided level is input to the CVI pin. The duty at which rotation starts can be changed by changing the resistor ratio.

Note that the total value of the resistors R4 and R5 must exceed $100k\Omega$.

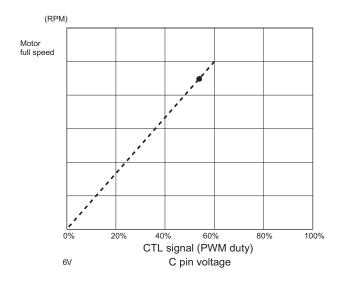
[DC Voltage Speed Control]



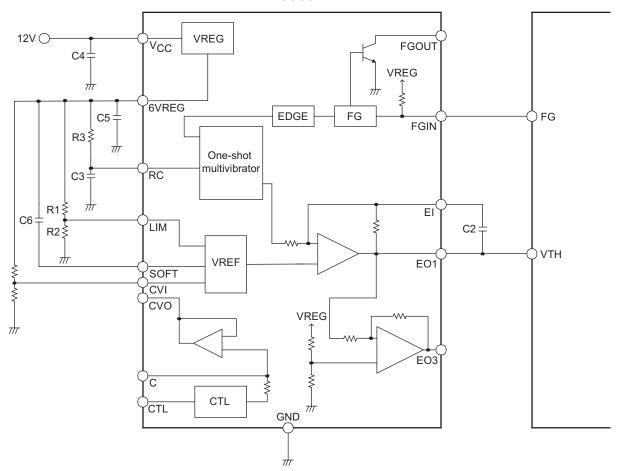


When the motor speed is controlled by a DC voltage, that voltage must be in the range from 2V to 6VREG. Note that the motor stops when the control voltage is at 6VREG, and the motor speed increases as the voltage falls.

[Fixed Speed + Soft Start]

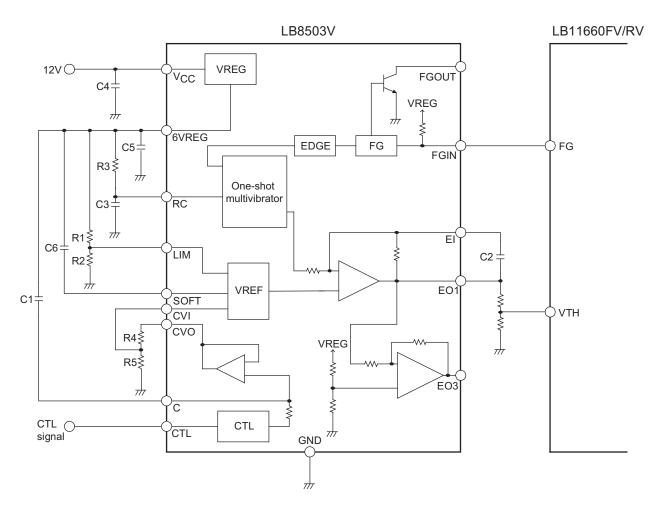


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With this circuit, the motor speed remains constant even if there are fluctuations in the supply voltage or static voltage. It is also possible to input a fixed-duty signal to the CTL pin signal input as an input signal for which soft start is enabled at startup.

[Used in Combination with the LB11660FV]



In this circuit, the dynamic range of the LB8503V EO pin (the range from the amplifier block output high to output low levels) must be wider than the dynamic range (from the high to low levels of the PWM signal) of VTH pin of driver IC with which this IC is combined.

However, since the LB11660FV PWM low-level voltage is lower than the LB8503V amplifier output low-level voltage, it must be resistor divided.

LB8503V

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping (Qty / Packing)
LB8503V-TLM-E	SSOP16 (225mil) (Pb-Free)	2000 / Tape & Reel
LB8503V-W-AH	SSOP16 (225mil) (Pb-Free / Halogen Free)	2000 / Tape & Reel

[†] For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D. http://www.onsemi.com/pub_link/Collateral/BRD8011-D.PDF

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- Поставка специализированных компонентов (Xilinx, Altera, Analog Devices, Intersil, Interpoint, Microsemi, Aeroflex, Peregrine, Syfer, Eurofarad, Texas Instrument, Miteq, Cobham, E2V, MA-COM, Hittite, Mini-Circuits, General Dynamics и др.);

Помимо этого, одним из направлений компании «ЭлектроПласт» является направление «Источники питания». Мы предлагаем Вам помощь Конструкторского отдела:

- Подбор оптимального решения, техническое обоснование при выборе компонента;
- Подбор аналогов;
- Консультации по применению компонента;
- Поставка образцов и прототипов;
- Техническая поддержка проекта;
- Защита от снятия компонента с производства.



Как с нами связаться

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